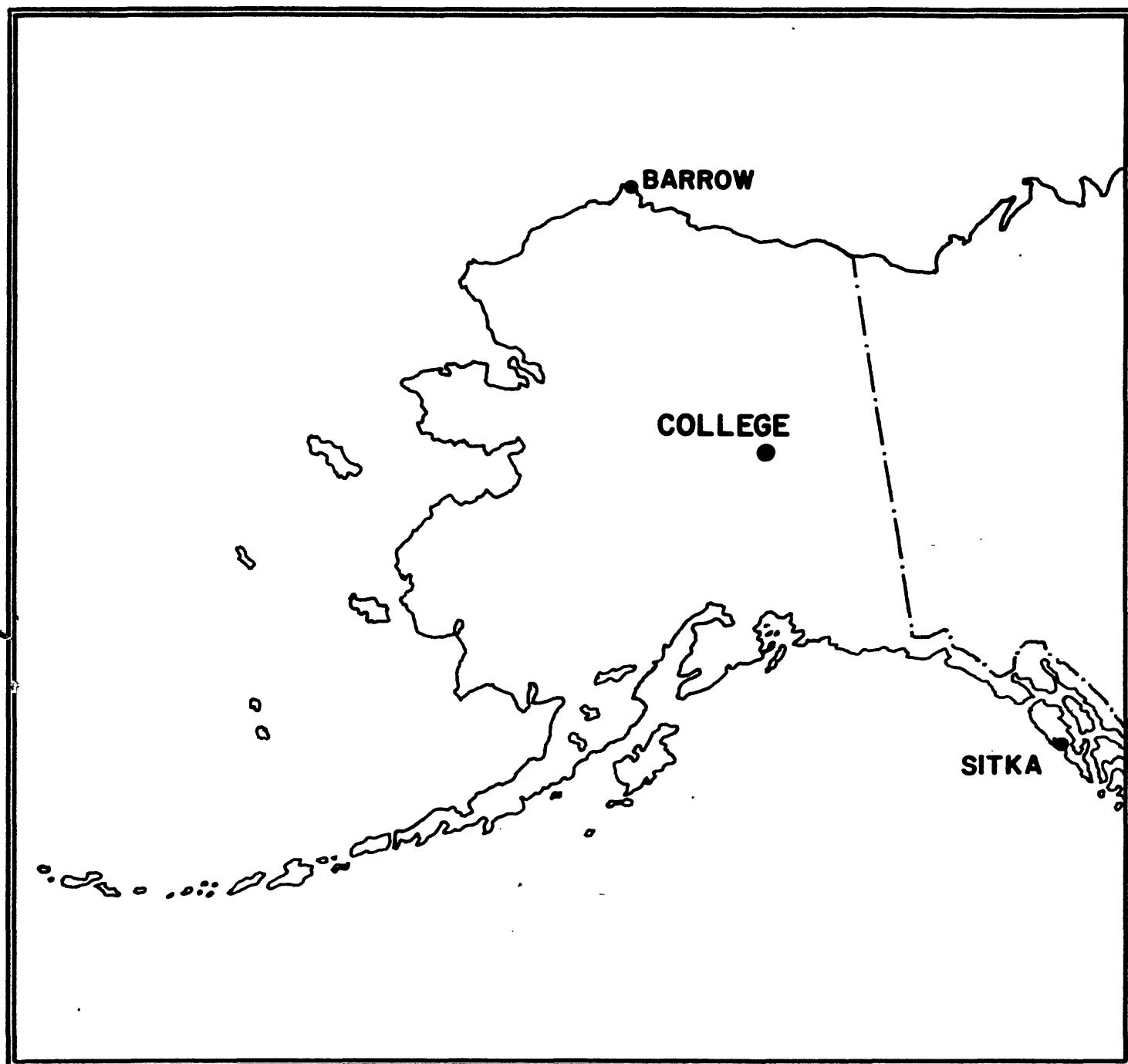


UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

PRELIMINARY GEOMAGNETIC DATA
COLLEGE OBSERVATORY
FAIRBANKS, ALASKA

FEBRUARY 1986

OPEN FILE REPORT 86-0300B



THIS REPORT WAS PREPARED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF JOHN B. TOWNSHEND, CHIEF OF THE COLLEGE OBSERVATORY, WITH THE ASSISTANCE OF THE OBSERVATORY STAFF MEMBERS: J.E. PAPP, H.K. REX, L.Y. TORRENCE, P.A. FRANKLIN AND IN COOPERATION WITH THE GEOPHYSICAL INSTITUTE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA. THE COLLEGE OBSERVATORY IS A PART OF THE BRANCH OF GLOBAL SEISMOLOGY AND GEOMAGNETISM OF THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Explanation of Data and Reports

Magnetic Activity Report

Outstanding Magnetic Effects

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Preliminary Calibration Data and Monthly Mean Absolute Values

Magnetogram Hourly Scalings

Sample Format for Normal and Storm Magnetograms

Normal Magnetograms

Storm Magnetograms (When Normal is too disturbed to read)

COLLEGE OBSERVATORY PRELIMINARY GEOMAGNETIC DATA

EXPLANATION OF DATA AND REPORTS

INTRODUCTION

The preliminary geomagnetic data included here is made available to scientific personnel and organizations as part of a cooperative effort and on a data exchange basis because of the early need by some users. To avoid delay, all of the data is copied from original forms processed at the observatory; therefore it should be regarded as preliminary. Inquiries about this report or about the College Observatory should be addressed to:

Chief, College Observatory
U.S. Geological Survey
800 Yukon Drive
Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

Requests for copies of the magnetograms except for the current month should be addressed to:

World Data Center A
NOAA D63, 325 Broadway
Boulder, Colorado 80303

OBSERVATORY LOCATION

The College Observatory, operated by the U.S. Geological Survey, is located at the University of Alaska, Fairbanks, Alaska. It is near the Auroral Zone and the northern limit of the world's greatest earthquake belt, the circum-Pacific Seismic belt. Although the observatory's basic operation is in geomagnetism and seismology, it cooperates with other scientists and organizations in areas where the facility and personnel can be of service.

The observatory is one of three operated by the USGS in Alaska. The others are located at Barrow and Sitka.

The position of the observatory site is:

Geographic latitude..... $64^{\circ}51.6'N$
Geographic longitude..... $147^{\circ}50.2'W$
Geomagnetic latitude..... $+64.6^{\circ}$
Geomagnetic longitude..... $+256.5^{\circ}$
Elevation.....200 meters

GEOMAGNETIC DATA

Normal, Storm and Rapid Run magnetograms and appropriate calibration data are processed daily at the observatory and are available for analysis or copying. Also available, are mean hourly scalings, K-Indices, selected magnetic phenomena reports and on a real-time basis are recordings from a 3-component fluxgate magnetometer and F-component proton magnetometer.

Magnetic Activity

The K-Index: The K-Index is a logarithmic measurement of the range of the most disturbed component (D or H) of the geomagnetic field for eight intervals beginning 0000-0300, 0300-0600...2100-2400 UT. It is a measure of the difference between the highest and lowest deviation from a smooth curve to be expected for a component on a magnetically quiet day, within a three hour interval.

The Equivalent Daily Amplitude, AK: The K-Index is converted into an equivalent range, ak, which is near the center of the limiting gamma ranges for a given K. The average of the eight values is called equivalent daily amplitude AK. The unit 10 γ has been chosen so as not to give the illusion of an accuracy not justified.

The schedule for converting gamma range to K, and K to ak is as follows:

Gamma Range	K - Index	ak
0 < 25	0	0
25 < 50	1	3
50 < 100	2	7
100 < 200	3	15
200 < 350	4	27
350 < 600	5	48
600 < 1000	6	80
1000 < 1650	7	140
1650 < 2500	8	240
2500+	9	400 (10 γ)

The Magnetic Daily Character Figure, C: To each Universal day a character is assigned on the basis C=0, if it is quiet; C=1, if it is moderately disturbed; C=2, if it is greatly disturbed. The method used to assign characters at the College Observatory is based on AK as follows:

AK Range	C
0 \approx 11	0
11 \approx 50	1
50+	2

Routine assignment of C was discontinued at College on January 1, 1976.

Selected Phenomena & Outstanding Magnetic Effects

Prior to January 1, 1976, the Normal and Rapid Run records were reviewed at the observatory for selected magnetic phenomena and the events identified were forwarded to the IUGG Commission on Magnetic Variations and Disturbances. This was discontinued on January 1, 1976, but a report on Outstanding Magnetic Effects is prepared monthly for this report.

Principal Magnetic Storms

Gradual and sudden commencement magnetic disturbances with at least one K-Index of 5 or greater, which are believed to be part of a world-wide disturbance, are classified as principal magnetic storms. The time of the storm beginning and ending; direction and amplitude of sudden commencements; period of maximum activity; and storm range are reported. Monthly reports of these data are forwarded to the World Data Center A in Boulder, Colorado.

Magnetogram Hourly Scalings

Magnetogram hourly scalings are averages for successive periods of one hour for the D, H and Z elements. The value in the column headed "01" is the average for the hour beginning 0000 and ending 0100. Note that the values on the scaling sheets are in tenths of mm with the decimal point omitted. The user of these scalings should keep in mind that the tabular values are hourly means and if he is interested in the detailed morphology of the magnetic field, he should refer directly to the magnetograms.

Magnetograms

The normal magnetograms in this report are reproduced at about one-third the size of the originals. Preliminary base-line values and scale values adopted for use with the original magnetograms are included. For days when the magnetic field is too disturbed for the Normal magnetogram to be readable, Storm magnetograms are reproduced.

Absolutes, Base-lines and Scale Values

To determine the absolute value of the magnetic field from the hourly means or from point scalings the following equations should be used:

$D = B_D + d \cdot S_D$; $H = B_H + h \cdot S_H$; $Z = B_Z + z \cdot S_Z$
where D, H and Z are absolute values;
 B_D , B_H and B_Z are base-line values;
 S_D , S_H and S_Z are scale values;
and d, h and z are scalings in millimeters.

NOAA FORM 76-133 (9-72) U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION										OBSERVATORY			
MAGNETIC ACTIVITY (Greenwich civil time, counted from midnight to midnight)										COLLEGE, ALASKA			
										MONTH AND YEAR FEBRUARY 1986			
DATE	K-INDICES								SUM	AK	TIME SCALE ON MAGNETOGRAMS		
	00-03	03-06	06-09	09-12	12-15	15-18	18-21	21-24			20 mm/hr		
1	0	0	0	2	2	4	1	2	11	06	SUDDEN COMMENCEMENTS d h m		
2	0	0	2	2	3	1	2	1	11	05			
3	0	1	0	2	1	2	1	2	09	04			
4	2	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	08	03			
5	1	0	0	2	2	3	1	1	10	05			
6	0	0	0	2	4	5	2	2	15	12			
7	2	3	2	7	7	8	7	7	43	104			
8	5	6	7	7	9	9	7	7	57	186			
9	6	5	4	3	4	6	6	4	38	48			
10	3	2	1	1	0	2	4	4	17	11			
11	2	1	1	5	6	7	4	3	29	40	POSSIBLE SOLAR-FLARE EFFECTS BASED ON INSPECTION OF GRAMS ALONE (WITHOUT REFERENCE TO DATA FROM OTHER SOURCES)		
12	4	3	4	5	5	4	2	3	30	27			
13	2	3	5	5	4	3	2	2	26	22			
14	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	20	11			
15	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	03	01			
16	1	1	1	0	0	1	2	2	08	03			
17	2	1	0	0	1	2	2	3	11	05			
18	3	2	2	4	4	3	1	2	21	14			
19	2	1	1	4	4	1	2	1	16	10			
20	2	3	2	4	5	5	3	2	26	22			
21	3	3	4	6	4	2	2	4	28	26	BEGIN d h m		
22	4	4	4	6	6	6	5	4	39	50			
23	4	4	5	6	7	7	4	3	40	63			
24	3	3	3	6	6	3	3	3	30	31			
25	3	3	5	6	5	4	3	3	32	33			
26	2	3	5	7	5	7	2	3	34	53	END d h m		
27	3	4	3	6	3	2	3	2	26	23			
28	3	3	3	6	4	6	5	3	33	37			
29													
30													
31													
K SCALE USED:					D	H	Z	(mm) (γ/mm) (to nearest 10γ)					
LOWER LIMIT FOR K = 9.....					675.7	322.2							
CURRENT SCALE VALUE.....					3.71	7.80							
LOWER LIMIT FOR K = 9					2510	2510							
SCALINGS AND COMPUTATIONS HAVE BEEN CHECKED.													
APPROVED <u>JOHN B. TOWNSHEND, CHIEF, COLLEGE OBSERVATORY</u>													
OBSERVER IN CHARGE													

OUTSTANDING MAGNETIC EFFECTS			OBSERVATORY	
			College Observatory	
			MONTH	YEAR
			February	1986
DATE	TIME U.T.	NATURE OF PHENOMENON ¹	REMARKS	
03	18xx	pc5		
17	13xx	pc3, pc4, pc5	Mixed	
<div> IDENTIFIED BY: JEP VERIFIED BY: JBT </div>				

1. NATURE OF PHENOMENON: ssc, ssc*, si, si*, b, bp, bs, bps, pc1, pc2 - - - pc5, pg, pi 1, pi 2, sfe.

PRINCIPAL MAGNETIC STORMS
COLLEGE OBSERVATORY, COLLEGE, ALASKA
19 86
FEBRUARY

WDC-A FOR SOLAR-TERRRESTRIAL PHYSICS
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SERVICE, NOAA
BOULDER, COLORADO 80502 U.S.A.

Data from Individual Observatories:

Obs. 2 letter IAGA code	Geomag. lat.	Commencement			SC - amplitudes			Max. 3 hr - index K			Ranges			UT End	
		day	hr min (UT)	type	D(')	H(Y)	Z(Y)	day	(3 hr - period)	K	D(')	H(Y)	Z(Y)	day	hr
CO	64.6 N	07	09XX	..	..	..	..	08	5, 6	9	1056	6110	3000	10	03
		21	23XX	..	..	..	..	23	5, 6	7	183	1350	890	23	23

FEBRUARY

1986

NORMAL MAGNETOGRAPH

COMPONENT	PERIOD		CALIBRATION		
	FROM	TO	SCALE VALUE		BASELINE
D	0000 U.T., 2-1-86	2400 U.T., 2-28-86	1.0/mm	3.78/mm	27° 16.5' E
H	0000 U.T., 2-1-86	2400 U.T., 2-28-86	7.88/mm		126718
Z	0000 U.T., 2-1-86	2400 U.T., 2-28-86	7.68/mm		551858

STORM MAGNETOGRAPH

COMPONENT	PERIOD		CALIBRATION		
	FROM	TO	SCALE VALUE		BASELINE
D	0000 U.T., 2-1-86	2400 U.T., 2-28-86	7.9/mm	29.58/mm	23° 46.0 E
H	0000 U.T., 2-1-86	2400 U.T., 2-28-86	43.88/mm		106938
Z	0000 U.T., 2-1-86	2400 U.T., 2-28-86	48.38/mm		541498

RAPID RUN MAGNETOGRAPH

COMPONENT	PERIOD		CALIBRATION	
	FROM	TO	SCALE	VALUE
D				
H				
Z				

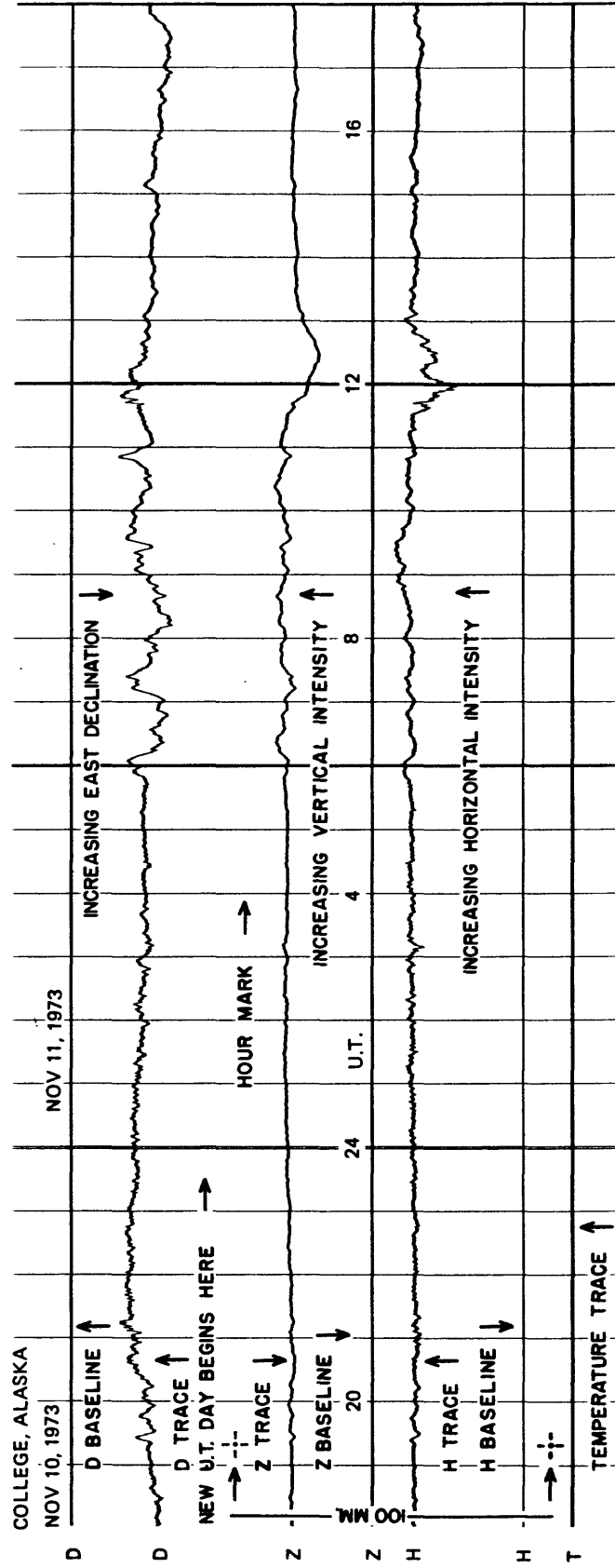
MONTHLY MEAN ABSOLUTE VALUES*

D	H	Z
27° 34.1 E	128858	553418

* COMPUTED FROM ^{FIVE}~~TEN~~ QUIETEST DAYS DURING MONTH.

DAYS USED: FEB 2, 3, 4, 15, 16, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____

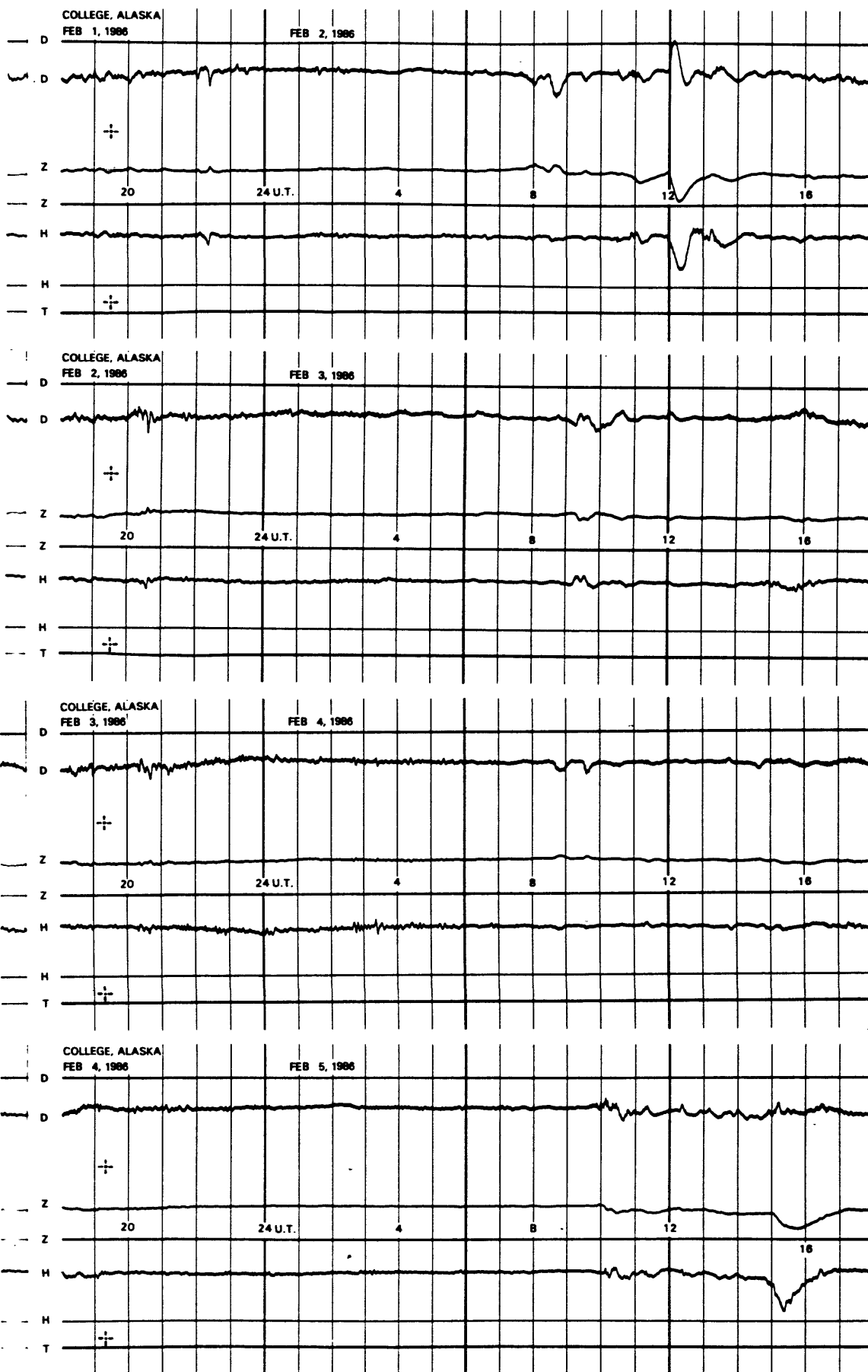
FORMAT FOR NORMAL & STORM MAGNETOGRAMS (SAMPLE ONLY)



SEE PRELIMINARY CALIBRATION DATA FOR SCALE VALUES & BASELINE VALUES

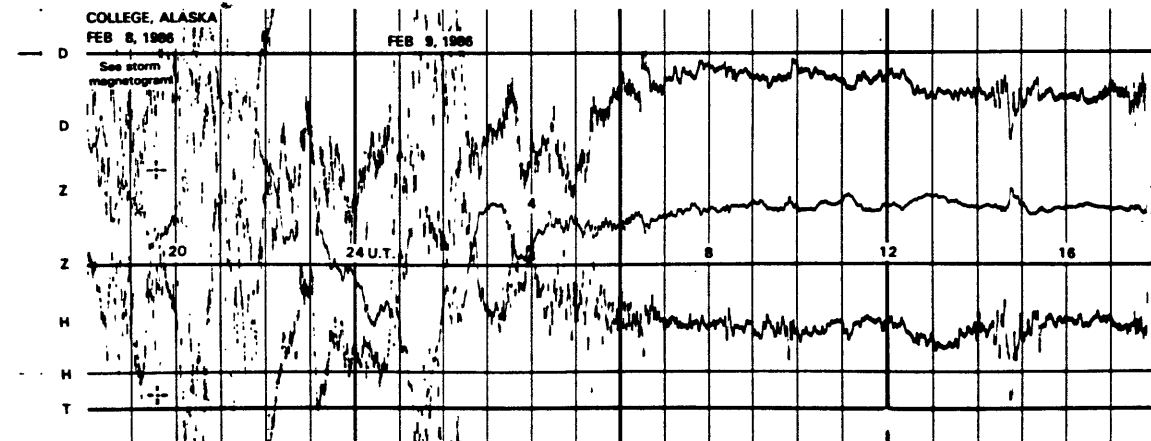
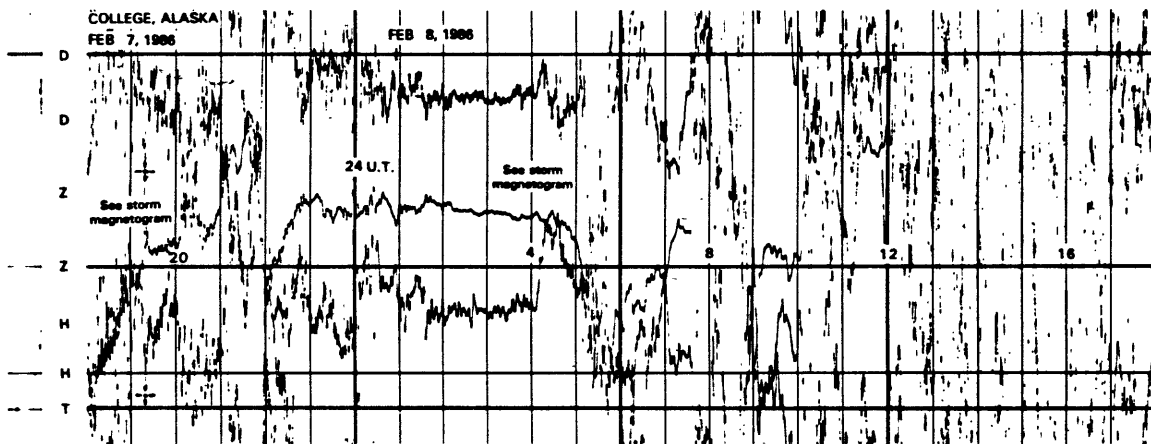
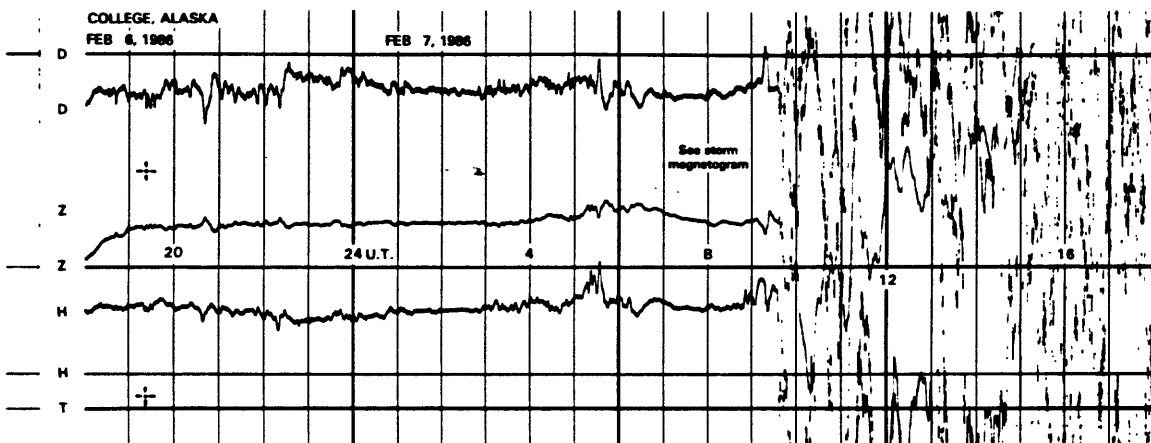
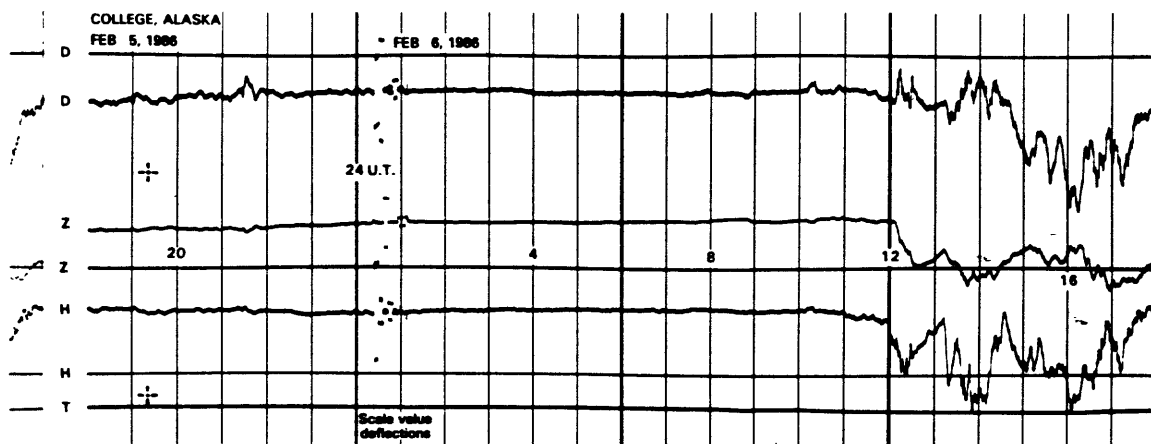
NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

200 mm
100 mm
0



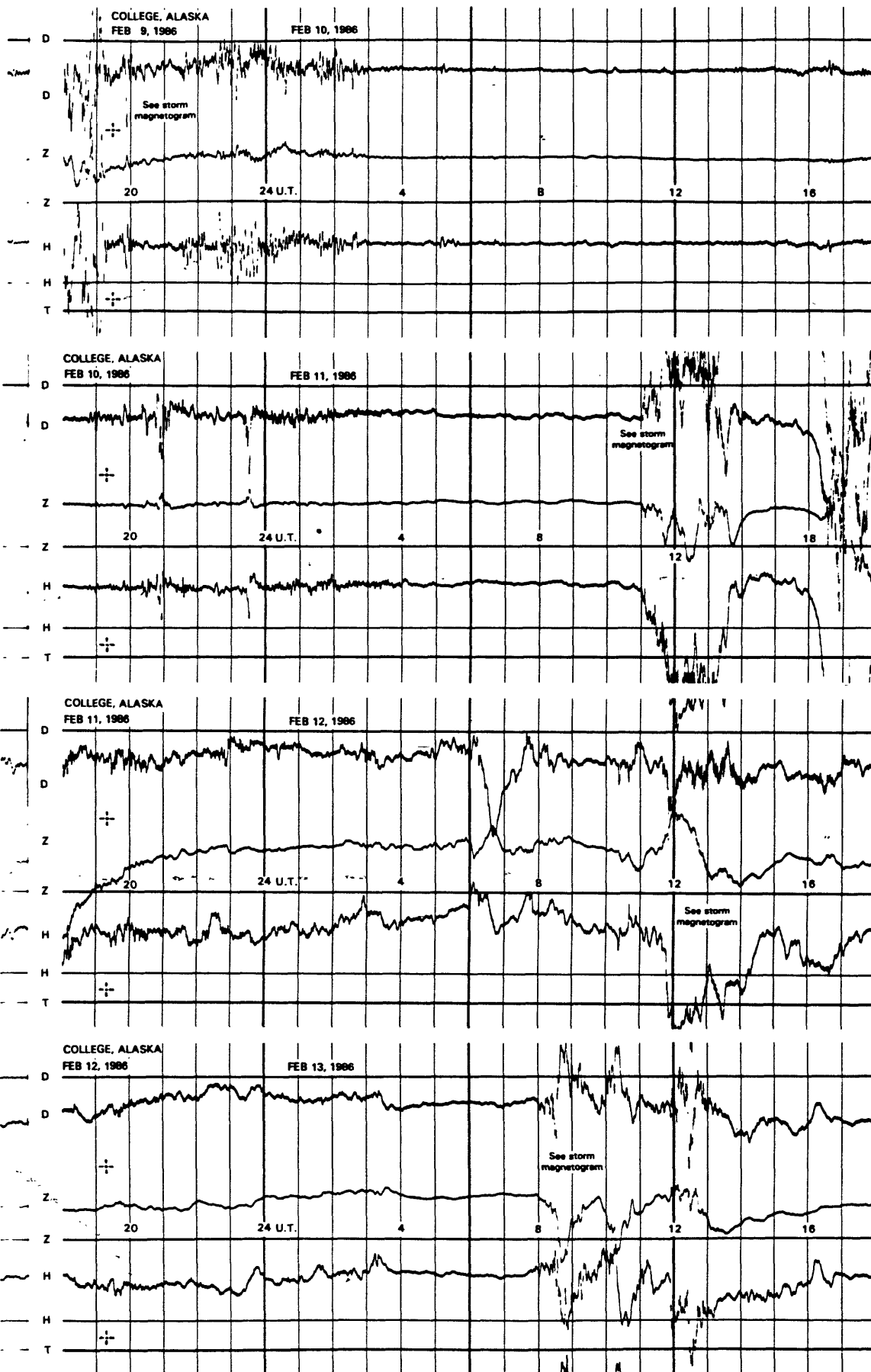
NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

200 mm
100 mm
0



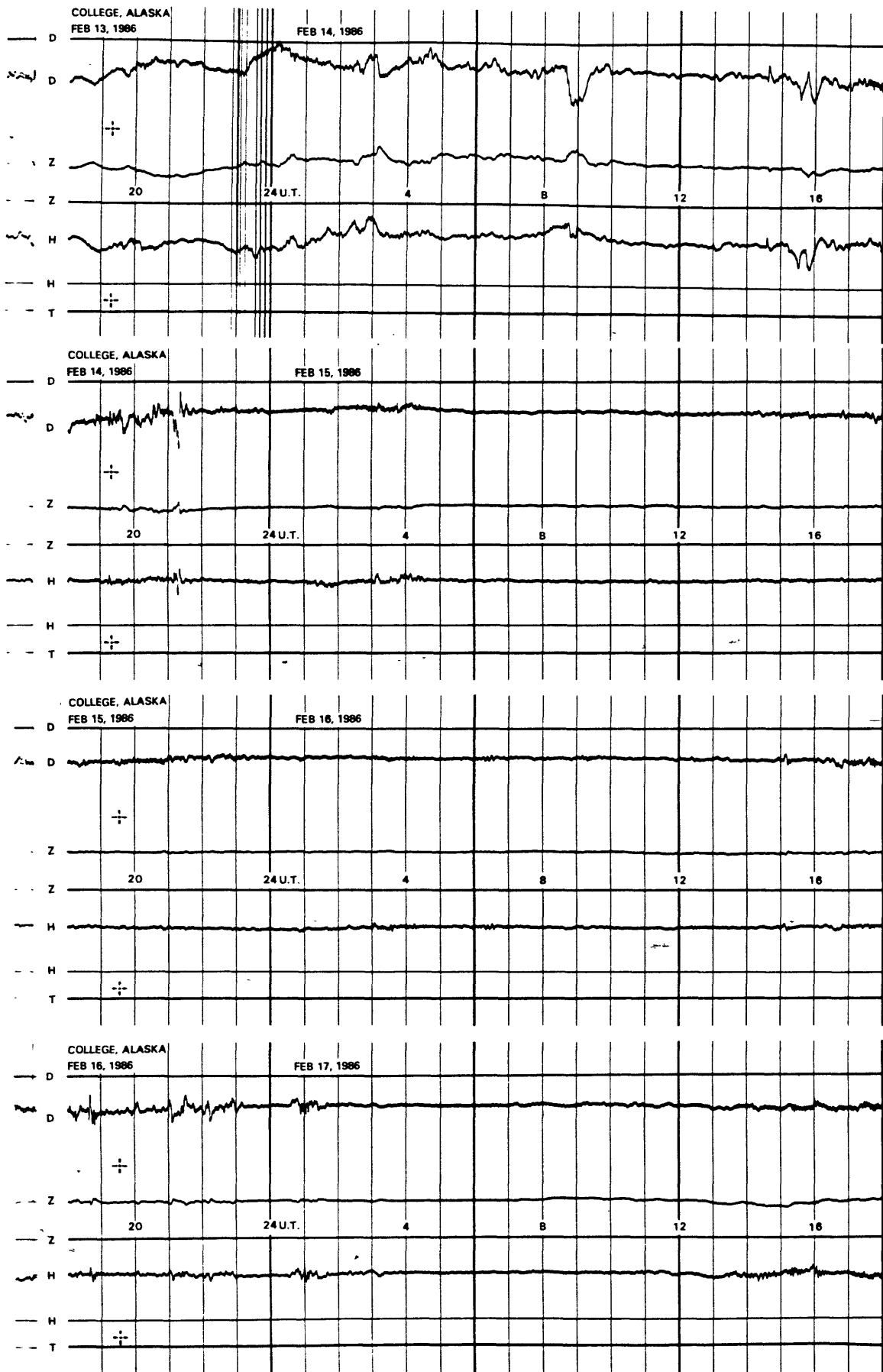
NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

200 mm
100 mm
0



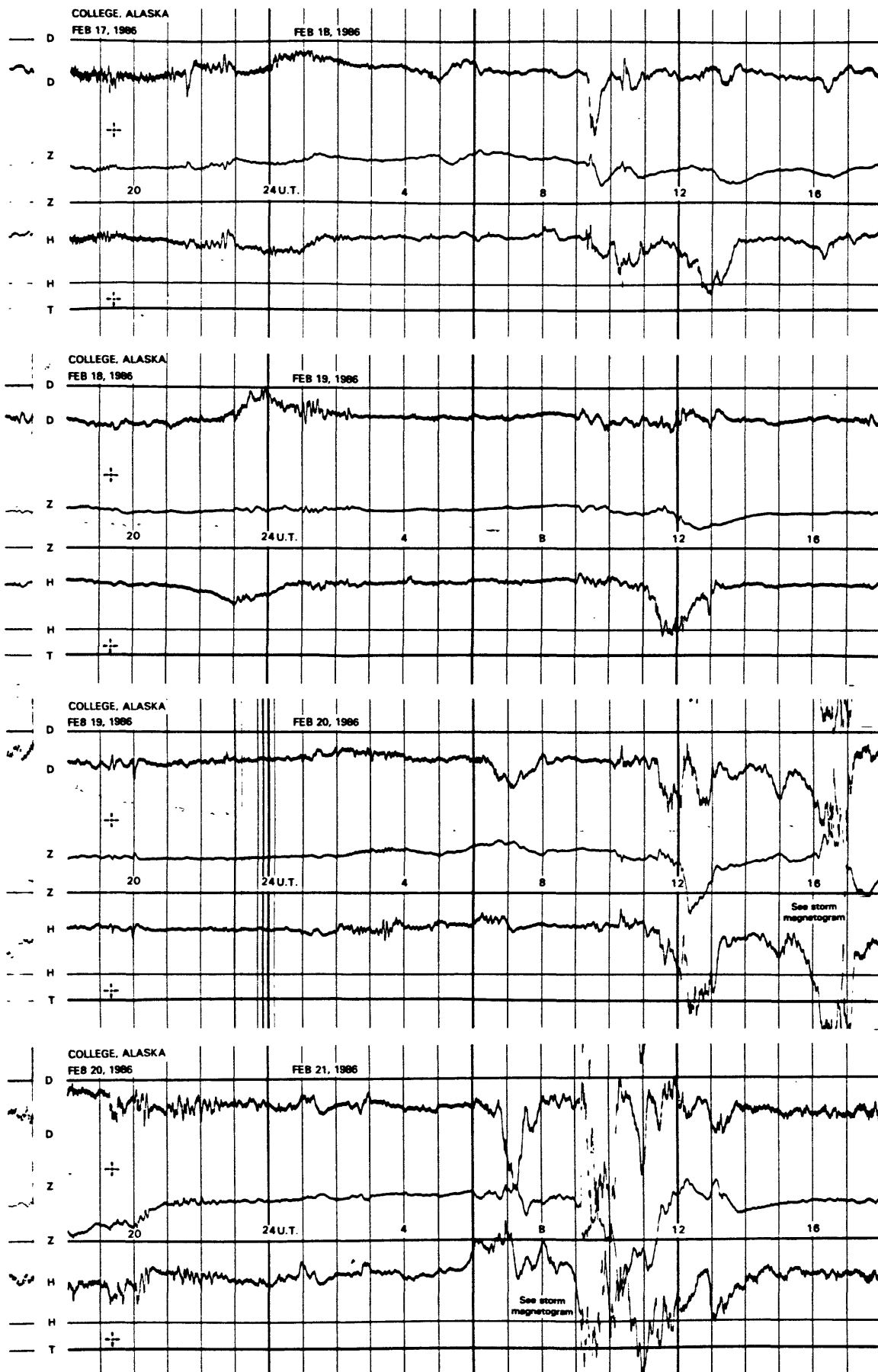
NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

200 mm
100 mm
0



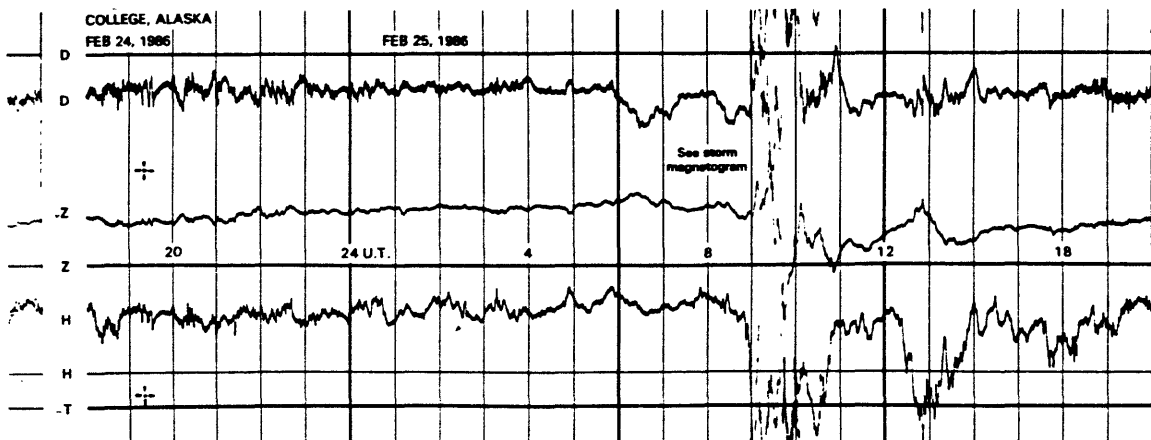
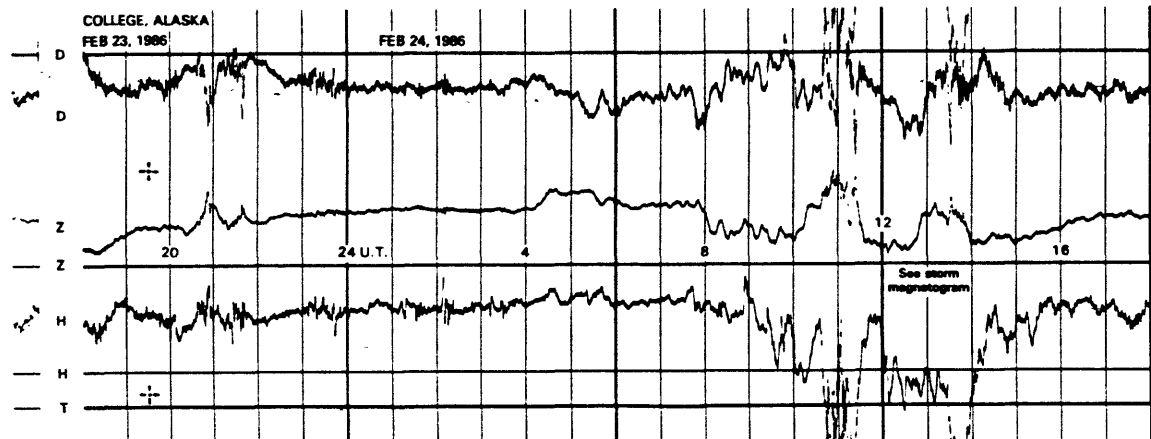
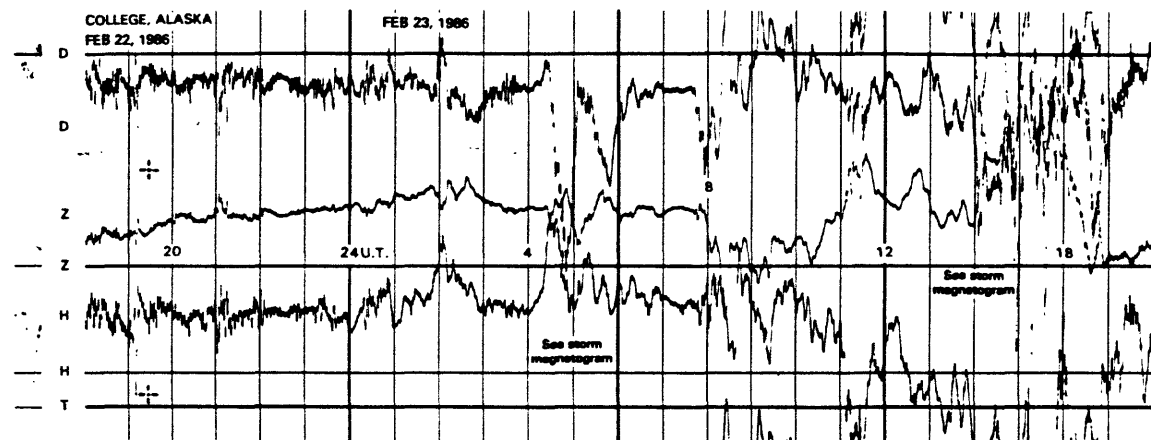
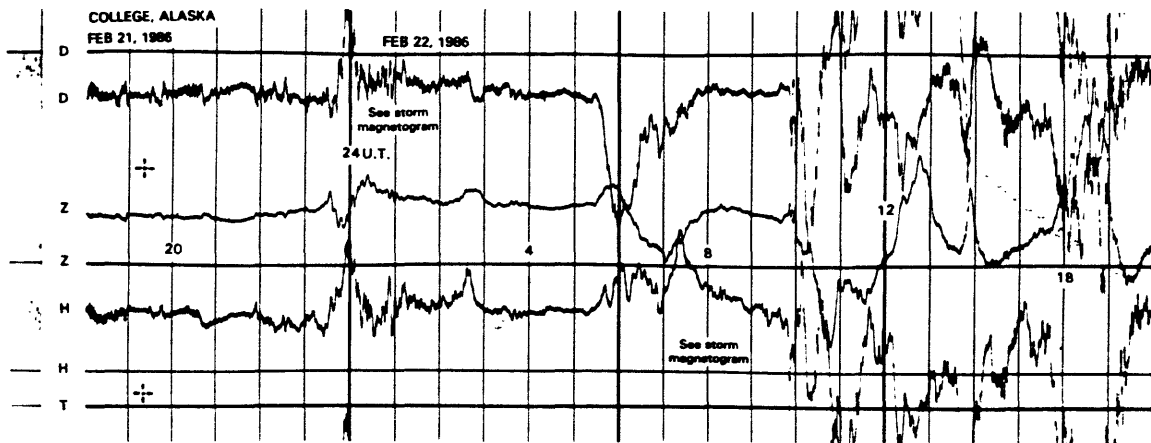
NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

200 mm
100 mm
0



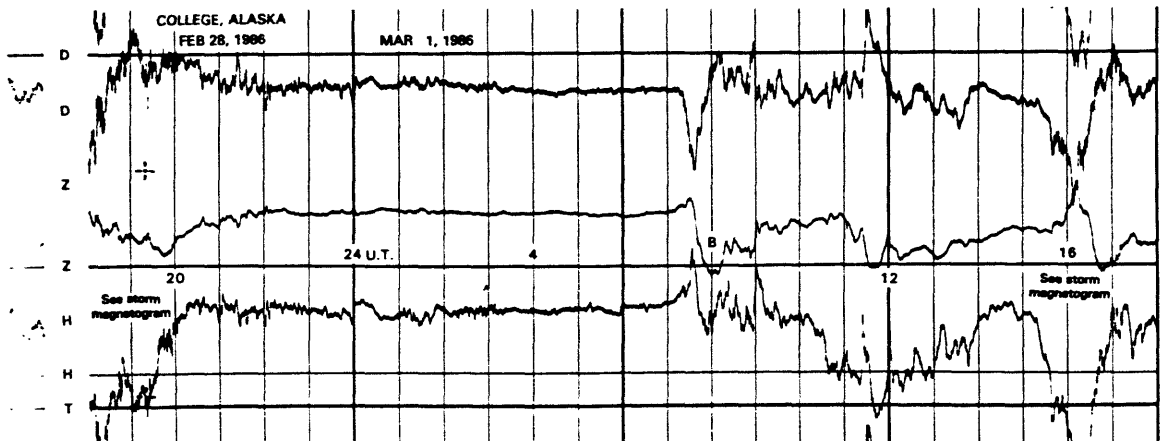
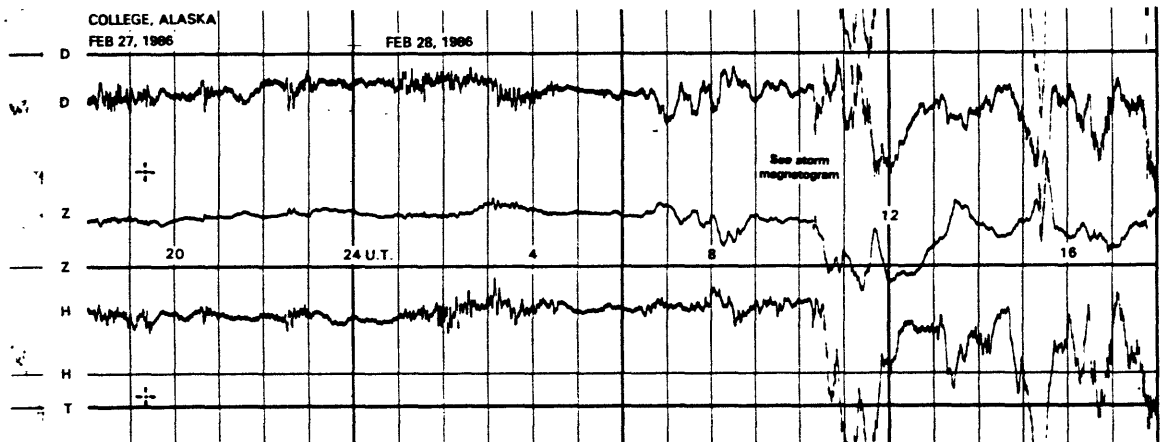
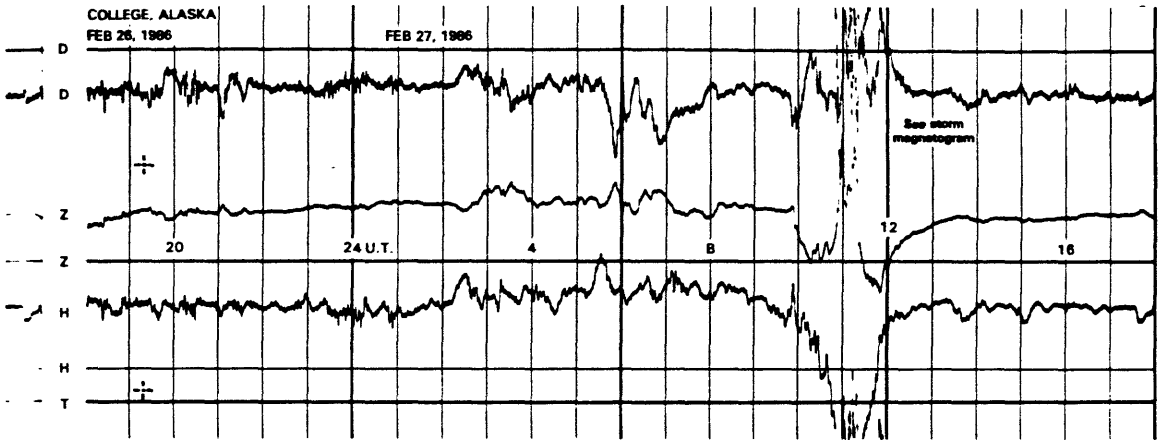
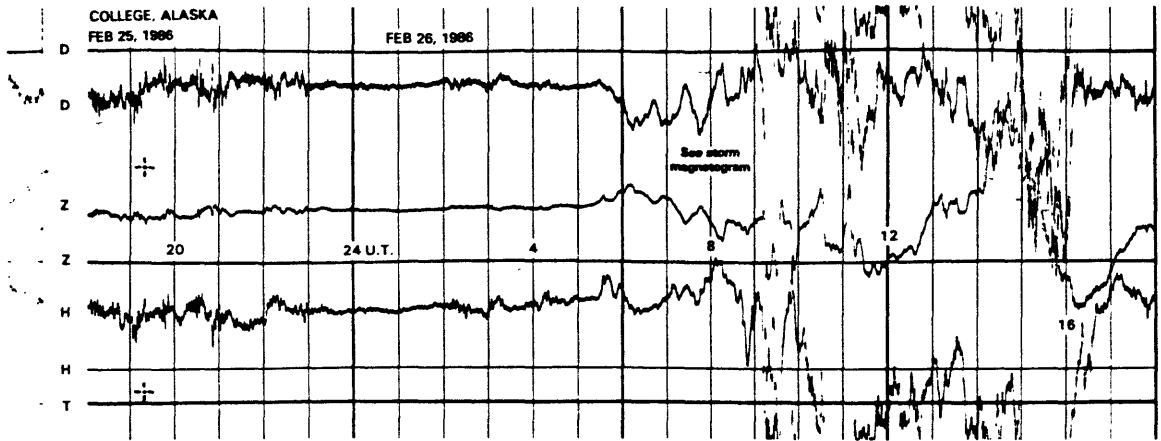
NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

200 mm
100 mm
0



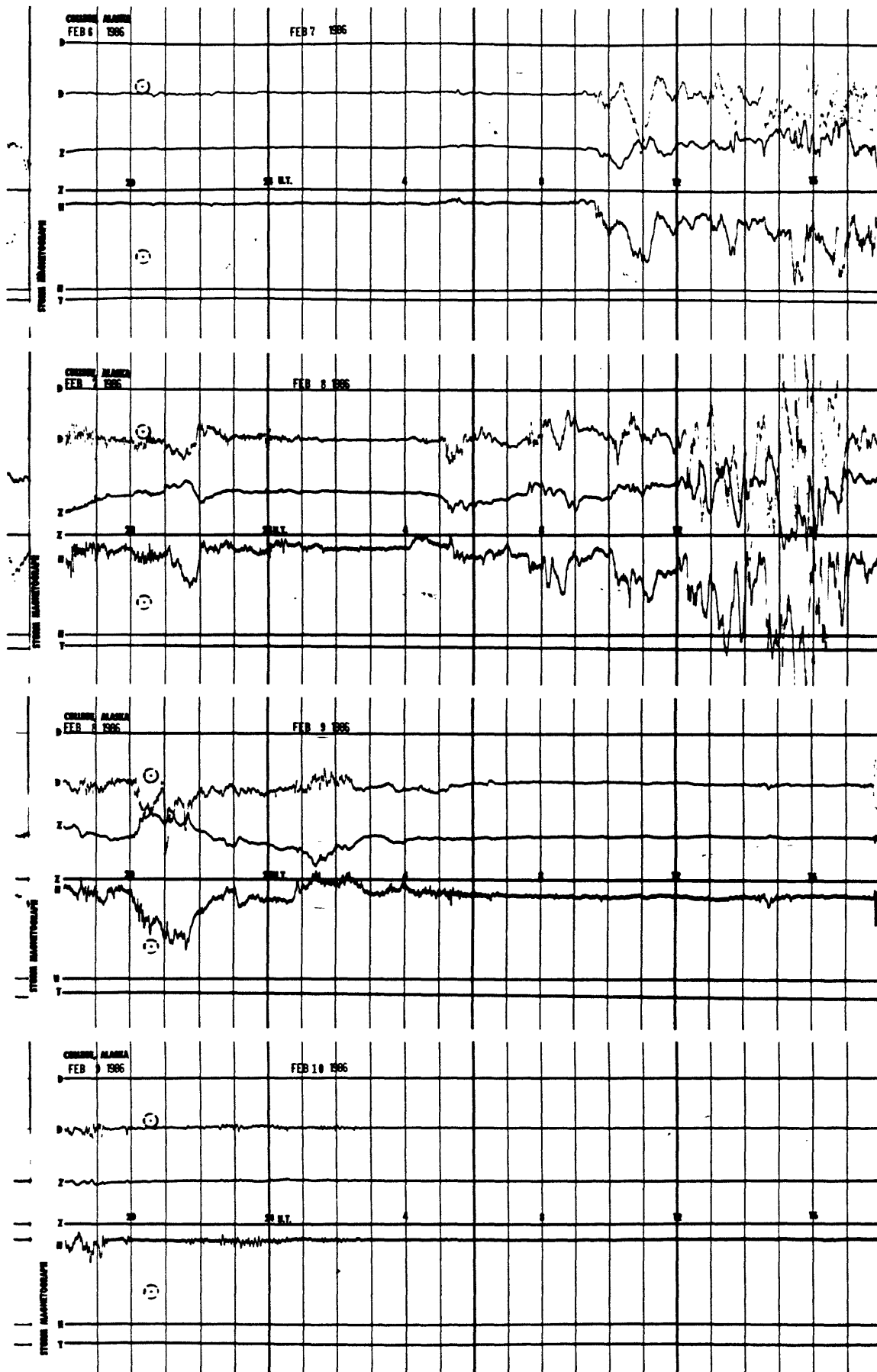
NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

200 mm
11.0 mm
0



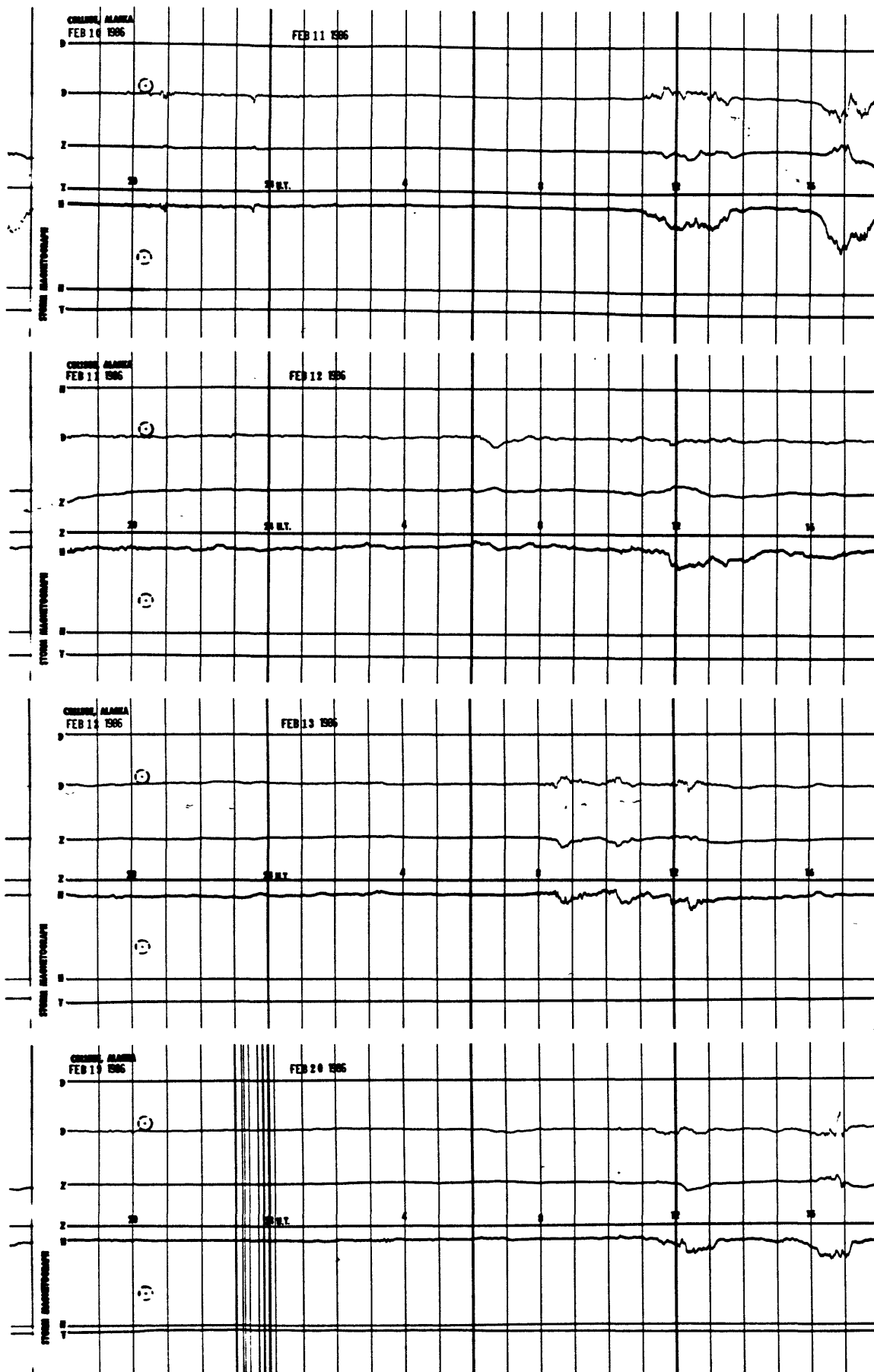
STORM MAGNETOGRAMS

0 100mm 200mm



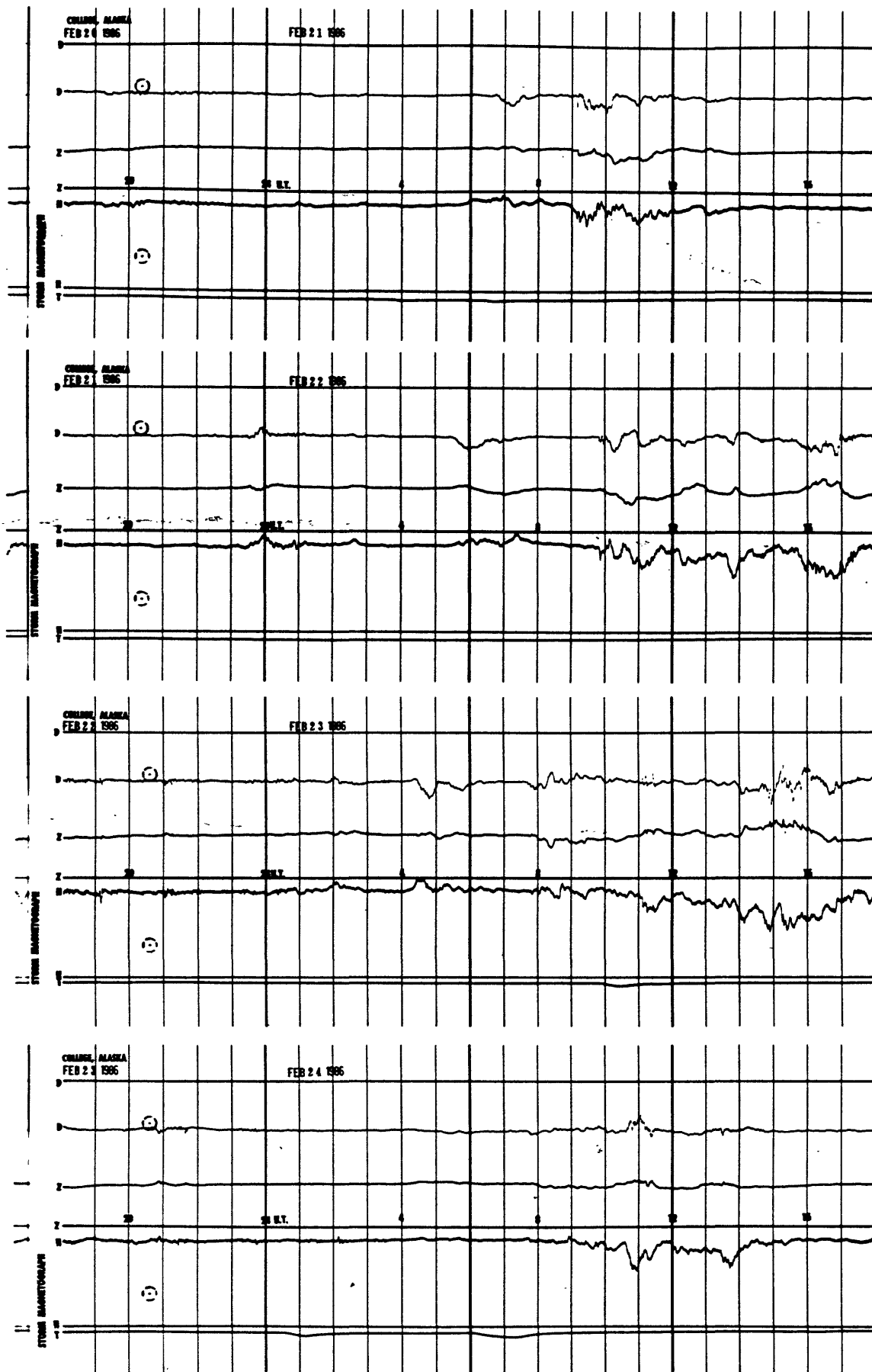
STORM MAGNETOGRAMS

0 100mm 200mm



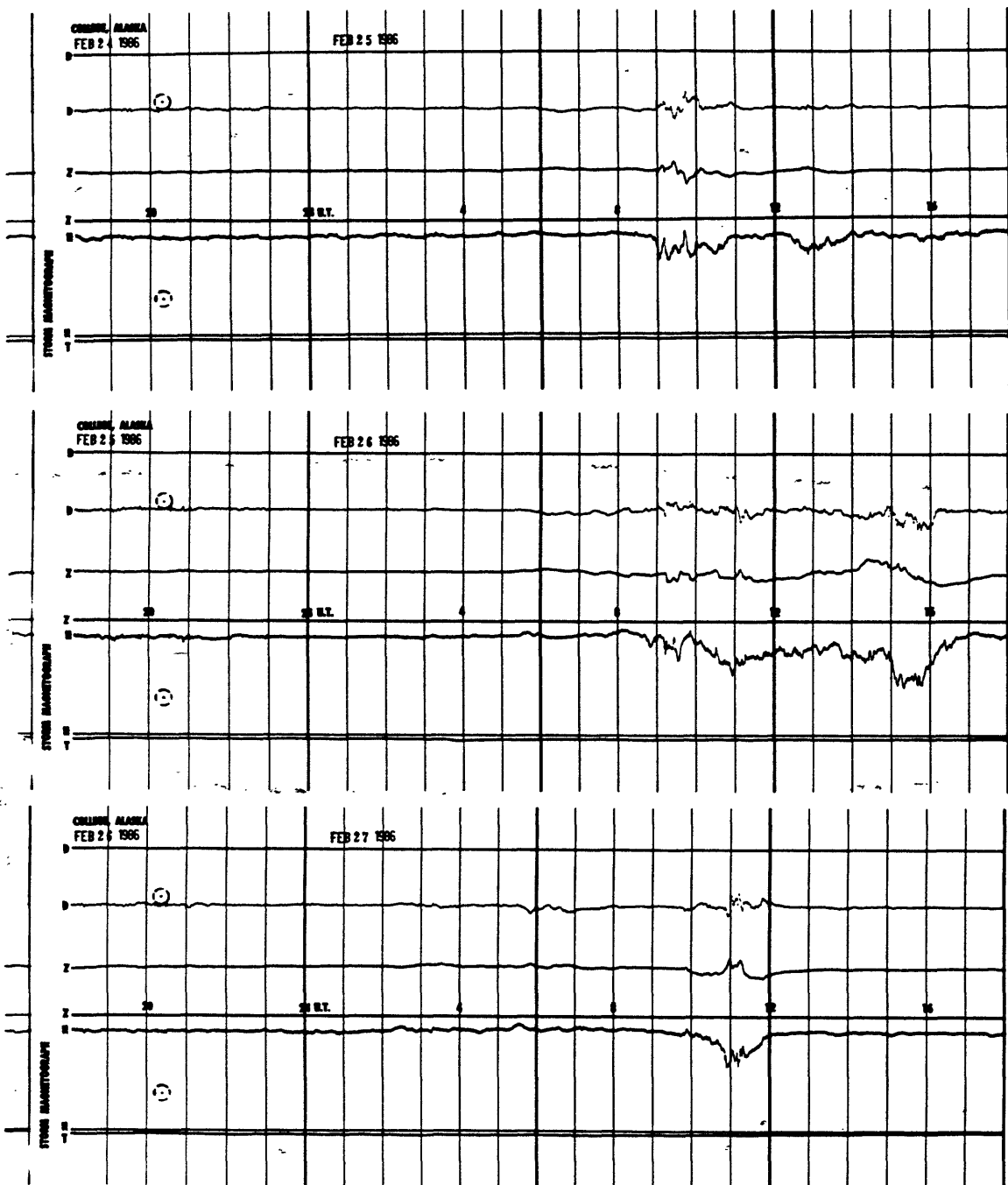
STORM MAGNETOGRAMS

200mm
100mm
0



STORM MAGNETOGRAMS

200mm
100mm
0



STORM MAGNETOGRAMS

0 100mm 200mm

