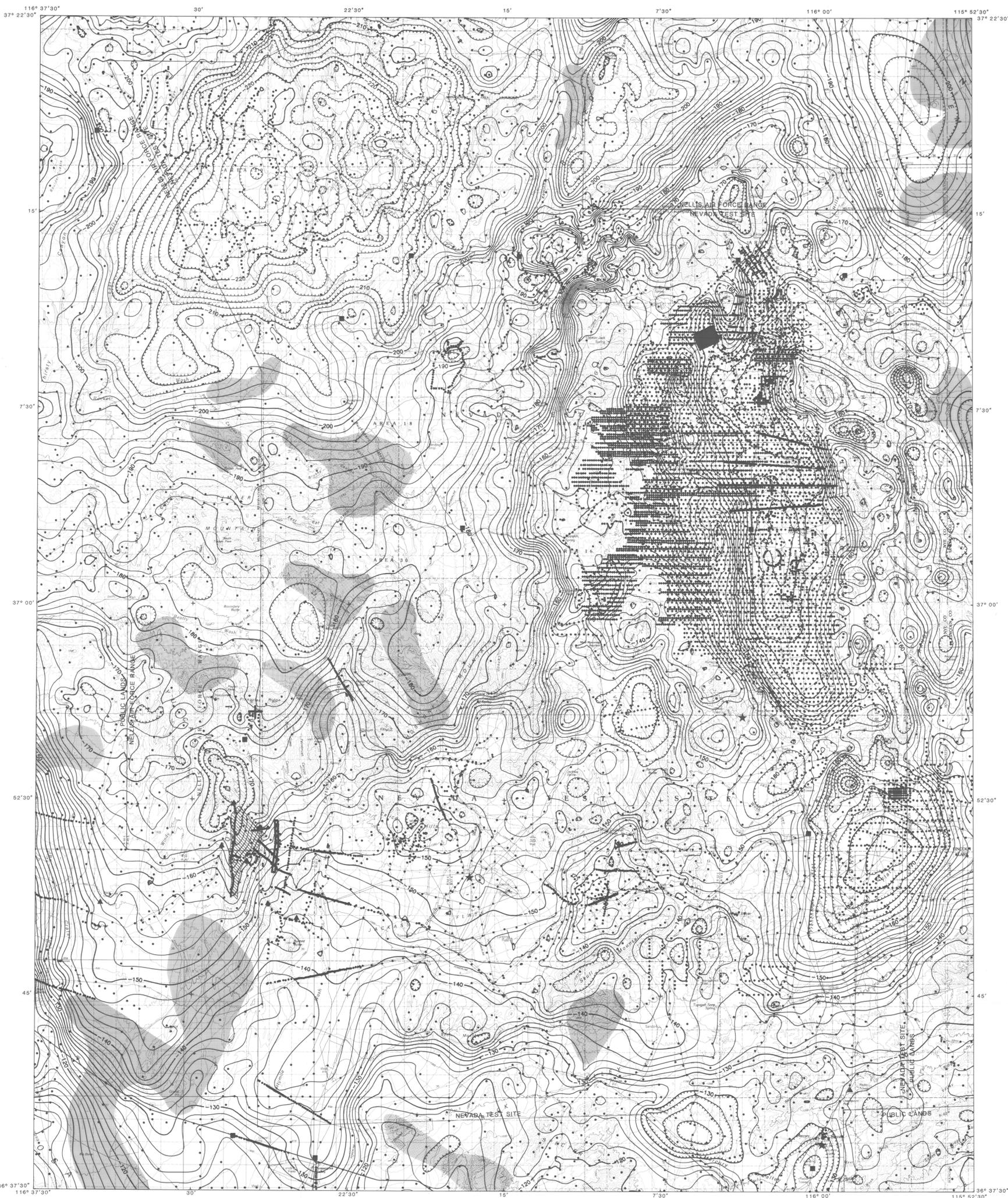


87-506
1 plate



EXPLANATION



GRAVITY ANOMALY CONTOURS
Contour interval 2 and 10 mgal. Hashures indicate gravity low. Contours were computer generated based on a 250-meter grid interpolated from scattered gravity data. Although the data have been edited, caution should be exercised when interpreting anomalies controlled by only a single data point.

- GRAVITY STATION
- GRAVITY BASE STATION
- HIGH PRECISION GRAVITY STATION
- ABSOLUTE GRAVITY STATION

PRELIMINARY AREA OF A POTENTIAL HIGH-LEVEL WASTE REPOSITORY AT YUCCA MOUNTAIN (U.S. Department of Energy, 1984, p. 3-18)

AREAS OF POOR GRAVITY STATION CONTROL
Areas where the station density is generally less than 1 station per 2 by 2 km and 2 stations per 3 by 3 km. Although not shaded, additional control may be needed in areas that are geophysically or geologically complex.

DISCUSSION

This map is based on about 15,000 gravity stations collected between 1950 and 1986 in conjunction with geologic studies at the Nevada Test Site (NTS). Principal facts of the gravity data are described by Harris and others (1983) and include detailed descriptions of gravity base stations, the methods used to compute complete Bouguer anomaly values, and a discussion of gravity anomalies used and their calibration factors. Observed gravity values are referred to the International Gravity Standardization Net 1971 gravity datum described by Morelli (1974). Free-air gravity anomalies were calculated by using the theoretical gravity based on the Geoidetic Reference System 1967 formula for the normal gravity on the ellipsoid (International Association of Geodesy, 1971, p. 60) and Swick's formula (1942, p. 60) for the free-air correction. Bouguer, curvature, and terrain corrections for a standard reduction density of 2.67 g/cm³ were added to the free-air anomaly to determine complete Bouguer anomalies. Terrain corrections were made to a radial distance of 160 km from each station using a digital elevation model and a computer procedure by Plooff (1977) and include manually estimated in-area terrain corrections where available.

Gravity studies at the NTS were undertaken to help locate geologically favorable areas for underground nuclear tests and to help geologically characterize potential high-level nuclear waste storage sites. Figure 1 is an index of NTS gravity maps and the references for these maps are listed in table 1. Table 2 is a geographical summary of interpretive gravity reports at the NTS. Detailed data were obtained during the 1960's in Yucca Valley and Frenchman Flats to help define the depth and configuration of the basement. The Silent Canyon caldera, approximately outlined by the 210-mgal contour in the northwest corner of the NTS was discovered under Pahre Mesa in the late 1960's based on gravity studies (Healey, 1968). Detailed gravity data near Syncline Ridge, Calico Hills, Wahmonie, and Yucca Mountain in the southwest quadrant of the NTS were collected to help assess these areas as potential high-level nuclear waste storage sites (Ponce and Hanna, 1982; Snyder and Oliver, 1981; Ponce, 1981; Snyder and Carr, 1982).

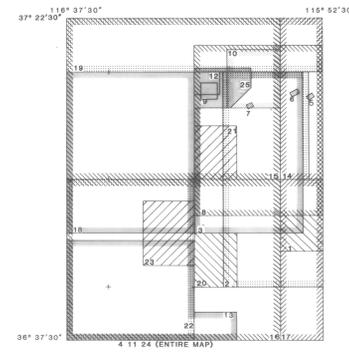


FIGURE 1. Index of NTS gravity maps (see table 1).

TABLE 1. List of NTS gravity maps for figure 1.

No. Reference	No. Reference
1. Carr and others, 1975	14. Healey and others, 1981a
2. Diment and others, 1969	15. Healey and others, 1981b
3. Healey, 1966	16. Healey and others, 1980
4. Healey, 1968	17. Kane and others, 1979
5. Healey, 1969	18. Reilly and others, 1974
6. Healey, 1970a	19. Kane and others, 1981
7. Healey, 1970b	20. Miller and others, 1974
8. Healey, 1976a	21. Ponce, 1981
9. Healey, 1979	22. Ponce and Hanna, 1982
10. Healey, 1981	23. Snyder and Carr, 1982
11. Healey and Miller, 1982	24. Snyder and Oliver, 1981
12. Healey and Miller, 1983	25. U.S. Geological Survey, 1968
13. Healey and Miller, 1971	26. Wahl, 1969

TABLE 2. Interpretive gravity reports of the Nevada Test Site and vicinity.

Geographic location	Reference
Calico Hills	Snyder and Oliver, 1981
Caliente 1° x 2° sheet	Snyder, 1983
Chimney Rock	Healey, 1985
Frenchman Flat	Miller and Healey, 1986
Pahre Mesa	Healey, 1968
Southern Nevada Regional	Evans and Oliver, 1987
	Anderson and others, 1965
Southwestern Nevada Test Site	Diment and others, 1969
Syncline Ridge	Snyder and Carr, 1982
Timber Mountain	Ponce and Hanna, 1982
	Kane and others, 1981
Yucca Flat	Healey, 1968; 1969
North End	Healey, 1970a; 1970b; 1976a
Yucca Mountain	Healey and others, 1984
Yucca Mountain and Vicinity	Snyder and Carr, 1982
Wahmonie	Ponce, 1981; 1984

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SCALE 1:100,000

ELEVATION CONTOUR INTERVAL 50 METERS

GRAVITY ANOMALY CONTOUR INTERVAL 2 MGAL

SOURCES OF GRAVITY DATA
Low Alabon National Laboratory (A. B. Coghill, written commun., 1986)
National Geophysical Data Center (1984), and U.S. Geological Survey:
Healey (1970a)
Healey and Curry (1977)
Healey and others (1979)
Healey, D. L. (written commun., 1985)
Jansma and others (1981)
Ponce (1981)
Ponce and Hanna (1982)
Reilly and others (1979)
Snyder and Oliver (1981)
Snyder and others (1981)

INDEX MAP SHOWING AREA OF STUDY

COMPLETE BOUGUER GRAVITY MAP OF THE NEVADA TEST SITE AND VICINITY, NEVADA

By
D. L. Healey, R. N. Harris, D. A. Ponce, and H. W. Oliver
1987

This map is preliminary and has not been reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey additional standards and stratigraphic nomenclature. Any use of trade names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the USGS.