DISTRIBUTION AND VARIABILITY OF PRECIPITATION CHEMISTRY IN THE CONTERMINOUS UNITED STATES, JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 1983

BY JOSEPH F. RINELLA AND TIMOTHY L. MILLER

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OPEN-FILE REPORT 87-558



DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR DONALD PAUL HODEL, Secretary U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Dallas L. Peck, Director

For additional information write to:

Oregon Office Chief U.S. Geological Survey 847 N.E. 19th Ave., Suite 300 Portland, Oregon 97232 Copies of this report can be purchased from:

U.S. Geological Survey Books and Open-File Reports Section Box 25425 Federal Center, Building 810 Denver, CO 80225

CONTENTS

Page

Abstract	1
Introduction	2
Background	2
Purpose and scope	2
Methods of analysis	3
Data- and site-selection criteria	3
Precipitation-chemistry data	8
Data-collection sites	9
Regional distribution and variability of precipitation	
chemistry by individual constituents	14
Kriging interpolation technique	14
Results of analysis	16
Volume-weighted chemical concentrations	16
Chemical-constituent loads	23
Selected ionic ratios	25
Sensitivity of Kriging analysis	28
Regional distribution and variability of precipitation	
chemistry by chemical group	28
Chemical grouping techniques	29
Graphical procedure using trilinear diagrams	29
Cluster analysis	30
Results of analyses	30
Volume-weighted ionic percentages	33
Annual comparisons	33
Seasonal comparisons	35
Chemical concentrations	37
Weekly chemical concentrations	37
Summer and winter volume-weighted	20
concentrations	39
Selected lonic ratios	42
Cation-to-anion ratios	42
Sulfate-to-nitrate ratios	44
Acid-related chemical species	43
Keracions between quantity and chemistry of precipitation	47
techniques	.7
Pogulta of analyzia	47
Summery	49 54
Peferences sited	56
Appendix I Description of statistical computations tables	50
and figures for individual station summaries	58
Appendix II Statistical summaries for stations with	50
sufficient data for characterizing procipitation-chemistry	
data in 1983	61
Appendix III Statistical summaries for stations with partial	01
records of precipitation-chemistry data in 1983	173
records of precipitation-chemistry data in 1905	115

ILLUSTRATIONS

.

Figure	1.	Map showing location of National Trends Network sites, 1983	4
	2.	Maps showing volume-weighted constituent means in precipitation at National Trends Network sites and selected Canadian sites, 1983:	
		 a. Potassium concentrations b. Magnesium concentrations c. Hydrogen-ion concentrations in pH units d. Sulfate concentrations e. Nitrate concentrations f. Ammonium concentrations g. Specific conductance values h. Sodium concentrations i. Chloride concentrations j. Calcium concentrations 	16 17 18 19 19 21 21 22 22
	3.	Maps showing annual constituent loads in precipitation, 1983:	
		a. Hydrogen ion b. Sulfate c. Nitrate d. Ammonium	23 24 24 25
	4.	Maps showing volume-weighted ionic ratios in precipitation, 1983:	
		 a. Sulfate-to-nitrate values b. Sulfate-plus-nitrate to hydrogen-ion values c. Sulfate-plus-nitrate to hydrogen-ion-plus ammonium-plus-calcium values 	26 27 27
	5.	Map showing lines of equal volume-weighted hydrogen-ion concentrations in precipitation at National Trends Network sites, 1983	29
	6.	Trilinear diagram showing ionic percentages used to delineate National Trends Network precipitation into chemical groups	30
	7.	Map showing chemical groups that were delineated for precipitation collected in the National Trends Network, 1983	32
	8.	Trilinear diagrams showing annual volume-weighted ionic ratios for each chemical group	34

TABLES

.

Table	1.	National Trends Network stations included in 1983 calendar year annual summary report	5
	2.	Summary of statistics for determining which National Trends Network sites will be included in national maps	11
	3.	Selected precipitation-chemistry composition based on weekly concentrations, by chemical group, January through December, 1983	31
	4.	Selected precipitation-chemistry composition based on annual volume-weighted concentrations, by chemical group, January through December, 1983	35
	5.	Selected precipitation-chemistry composition based on seasonal volume-weighted concentrations, January through December, 1983	36
	6.	Comparison of summer and winter precipitation- chemistry concentrations	37
	7.	Ranking of the median weekly chemical concentrations and precipitation quantity for each chemical group	38
	8.	Computed Kendall-tau statistic between precipitation quantity and chemical chemical concentrations in weekly precipitation samples	48
	9.	Regression relations between selected chemical concentrations and precipitation quantities	51
	10.	Predicted precipitation chemistry for selected precipitation quantities	53

9.	Boxplots showing summer-winter comparison of volume-weighted mean concentrations for each chemical group:	
	a. Precipitation amount b. Sulfate	40 40
	 d. Specific conductance e. pH 	40 40 40
	f. Ammonia g. Calcium	40 41 41
	i. Chloride j. Potassium k Magnesium	41 41 41 41
10.	Boxplots showing the comparison of cation to	41
	samples, by chemical group	42
11.	Plot showing relation between annual volume- weighted mean pH values and the ionic ratio of cations to anions in precipitation	43
12.	Boxplots of summer and winter ionic ratios of cations to anions for each chemical group	43
13.	Box plots showing the ionic ratios of sulfate to nitrate in weekly precipitation samples, by chemical group	44
14.	Box plots showing summer-winter comparisons of ionic ratios of sulfate-to-nitrate concentrations, by chemical group	45
15.	Boxplots of annual volume-weighted ionic ratios, by chemical group:	
	a. Sulfate to hydrogen ion	46
	 b. Nitrate to hydrogen ion c. Sulfate plus nitrate to hydrogen ion d. Sulfate plus nitrate to hydrogen ion plus 	46 46
	ammonium e. Sulfate plus nitrate to hydrogen ion plus	46
16.	Plot showing sulfate concentrations as a	40
	function of precipitation amounts for chemical group 1 sites	49
17.	Plots showing the logarithmic relation between sulfate concentrations and precipitation amounts:	
	a. Chemical group 1 sites b. Chemical group 6 sites	50 50

CONVERSION FACTORS AND ABBREVIATIONS

For readers who may prefer to use inch-pound units rather than the metric units (International System) used in this report, values may be converted by using the following factors:

Multiply metric unit	Ву	To obtain inch-pound unit
	Length	
millimeter (mm) centimeter (cm) meter (m) kilometer (km)	0.03937 0.3937 3.281 0.6214	inch (in.) inch (in.) foot (ft) mile (mi)
	<u>Area</u>	
square meter (m²)	10.76	square foot (ft²)
	Volume	
liter (L)	1.057	quart (qt)
	Mass	
gram (g) milligram (mg)	0.03527 0.000003527	ounce, avoirdupois (oz) ounce, avoirdupois (oz)
Spec	ific Conductanc	: <u>e</u>
microsiemens per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius (μs/cm at 25°C)	1.0	micromhos per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius (umho/cm at 25°C)

By Joseph F. Rinella and Timothy L. Miller

- -

ABSTRACT

Analyses of atmospheric precipitation samples, collected during the 1983 calendar year from 109 National Trends Network sites in the United States, are presented in this report. The sites were grouped into six geographical regions based on the chemical composition of the samples. Precipitation chemistry in these regions was influenced by proximity to (1) oceans, (2) major industrial and fossil-fuel consuming areas, and (3) major agricultural and livestock areas.

Frequency distributions of ionic composition, determined on 10 chemical constituents and on precipitation quantities for each site, showed wide variations in chemical concentrations and precipitation quantities from site to site. Of the 109 sites, 55 had data coverage for the year sufficient to characterize precipitation-quality patterns on a nationwide basis. Except for ammonium and calcium, both of which showed largest concentrations in the agricultural midwest and plains states, the largest concentrations and loads generally were in areas that include the heavily industrialized population centers of the eastern United States.

Precipitation quantity was found to relate to chemical-ion concentrations. Except for hydrogen, all chemical ions are inversely related to the quantity of precipitation depth. Precipitation quantities generally account for less than 30 percent of chemical variation in precipitation samples. However, precipitation quantities account for 30 to 65 percent of the variations of calcium concentrations in precipitation. Calcium concentrations are affected by increased dilution and increased soil moisture as precipitation quantities increase. Increased soil moisture reduces the availability of windborne calcareous-soil particles in the atmosphere. For samples containing the largest precipitation quantities, baseline chemical concentrations in all six regions of the United States approached mean background concentrations observed in precipitation in remote areas of the world. Baseline concentrations at sites in the western coastal region of the United States were most similar to concentrations in remote areas, and baseline concentrations in other regions were generally greater than those concentrations in remote areas.

For purposes of comparison, selected ratios of equivalent chemical concentrations in precipitation were examined. In regions where precipitation has a large ionic proportion of hydrogen-ion equivalents, much of the hydrogen-ion concentration could be balanced by sulfate equivalents and partly balanced by nitrite-plus-nitrate equivalents. Furthermore, in the regions where hydrogen-ion equivalents in precipitation were smaller, ammonium- and calcium-ion equivalents were necessary, along with the hydrogen-ion equivalents, to balance the sulfate plus nitriteplus-nitrate equivalents. These two relations in precipitation samples indicate that in some regions the hydroxide ions or other basic anions associated with ammonium and calcium ions are neutralizing some of the hydrogen ions derived from sulfuric or nitric acids.

INTRODUCTION

Background

Over the last few decades, concern about acid precipitation has intensified, because effects of acid precipitation on natural and manmade systems can be detrimental. Precipitation that passes through an atmosphere contaminated by man-made emissions of sulfur and nitrogen oxides is chemically altered to a mixture of sulfuric and nitric acids. These acids, if present in sufficient quantity, adversely affect biological growth patterns in aquatic and terrestial systems and accelerate rates of corrosion and degradation of man-made materials. Industry, power production, residential heating, and transportation consume large amounts of fossil fuel and emit oxides of sulfur and nitrogen. These emissions now surpass those from natural processes, particularly in the northeastern United States (Likens and Butler, 1981). Atmospheric processes that control the formation and transport of acid-related pollutants are not well understood.

In 1980, Congress established the National Acid Precipitation Assessment Program to broaden support for research activities in causeand-effect atmospheric processes and to develop a comprehensive national data base for use by decision makers and resource managers. In response to the need for a national data base on acid precipitation, the National Trends Network (NTN) was established for collection of precipitationquality data to determine the spatial and temporal variations in precipitation chemistry.

Since 1978 and prior to establishment of NTN, atmosphericdeposition data were collected under the sponsorship of State Agricultural Experiment Stations as part of the National Atmospheric Deposition Program (NADP). In 1983, about 81 of the NADP sites were selected for inclusion in the NTN, and about 31 new NTN sites were established during the year. Operational coordination for NTN is provided by the NADP. NTN was designed to be fully operational with 150 sites, each located more than 10 km from cities or other area- or pointsource emissions (Bigelow, 1984). Data from the network represent broad regional characteristics of the quality and quantity of precipitation in 54 ecoregions throughout the United States (Robertson and Wilson, 1985). Different geographical areas have widely differing geochemical capacities for neutralizing acid precipitation; thus precipitation of similar quality in different areas may not necessarily have comparable effects on aquatic or terrestrial ecosystems.

Purpose and Scope

The purposes of this report are threefold. The first is to determine spatial and seasonal variations of chemical concentrations and loads in precipitation in the United States by using network sites with sufficient data to characterize 1983 precipitation quality. The second is to relate the precipitation quality to the corresponding quantity of precipitation collected weekly. The third purpose is to summarize for each NTN site the precipitation-chemistry data collected in the 1983 calendar year and to provide the range of values (constituent concentrations or quantities) and frequency distribution of values for each constituent in precipitation. Appendix I contains computations for the statistical summaries of the weekly composited chemical concentrations. The statistical summaries for each site are not individually discussed in this report. These summaries show wide variations in the frequency distributions of chemical concentrations and precipitation quantities from site to site. Summaries of the precipitation chemistry (10 measured chemicals and precipitation quantity) for each of the 109 NTN sites are shown in Appendices II and III. Those sites that have complete precipitationchemistry records in 1983 (as defined by criteria outlined later in this report) are summarized in Appendix II. Summary statistics for those sites that have partial records are included in Appendix III.

The spatial and seasonal variations of chemical concentrations discussed in this report were determined by grouping and analyzing the annual loads and volume-weighted means of constituent concentrations listed in Appendices II and III. Chemical concentrations of the weekly composited precipitation samples also were analyzed to help determine spatial and seasonal variations and to relate the quality of precipitation to the quantity of precipitation.

Methods of Analysis

The approach used to meet the report objectives is descriptive and uses tabular and graphical presentations of the data. Unlike data obtained under controlled laboratory conditions, atmospheric-deposition data commonly are affected by many different factors. For example, pollutant emissions rates and wind speed and direction each may have values that vary widely between consecutive observations. Because of this variability, these data reflect a complex mixture of daily, monthly, seasonal, and annual influences, commonly of varying intensity. Data-analysis techniques, including the Kriging interpolation technique, nonparametric correlation analysis (Kendall Tau), regression analysis, cluster analysis for grouping data, and graphical displays that include histograms, box plots, and trilinear plots, are used to examine precipitation-quality and -quantity characteristics. Though these techniques may be used to gain insight into atmospheric processes, they generally do not explain cause-effect relations between potential contaminant sources and the chemistry of precipitation. As with other kinds of monitoring networks, information may be derived about spatial and temporal variations in precipitation quality, but determining the cause of these differences requires a different method of study.

DATA- AND SITE-SELECTION CRITERIA

The wet-deposition data summarized in this report were obtained from the Acid Deposition System (ADS) in April, 1985. This system is a centralized data repository for atmospheric-deposition chemistry data collected by monitoring networks in North America (Watson and Olsen, 1984). About 109 NTN sites were operating during 1983 (fig. 1; table 1). Not all of these NTN stations had a complete year of record, and about one-fourth of them began operation after June 1983. The number of sites operating during most of 1983 represents slightly more than half the total of 150 sites that will eventually make up the NTN.



Figure 1.--National Trends Network sites, 1983.

Map ID number = numbers used to identify station locations in figure 1; CAL Number = Illinois State Water Survey central analytical laboratory number: the last two characters also identify station locations shown in figure 1.; ADS number = \underline{A} cid Deposition System number; NADP = National Atmospheric Deposition Program.

Map ID number	CAL number	ADS number	NADP network number	Station name	Latitude	Longitude	Starting operation date
1	AT.10	329=00	011000	Blackholt Alahama	32*27/30"	87/14/31"	Aug 31 1983
2	AR02	268a00	040260	Warran 2WSW Arkansas	33*36/15"	92'06'02"	May 25 1982
3	AR03	330a00	040380	Caddo Valley Arkansas	34°10'46"	93105155"	Dec 30 1983
4	AR27	004a00	042700	Favetteville, Arkansas	36*06'02"	94'10'24"	May 13, 1980
5	AZ03	068a00	030370	Grand Canyon Arizona	36"04'18"	112/09/11"	Aug 11 1981
6	AZ06	003a01	030620	Organ Pine Cactus	00 04 10		
Ū		000401	000020	National Monument, AZ	31°57'02"	112'48'00"	Apr 15, 1980
7	AZ99	054a00	030360	Oliver Knoll. Arizona	33°04'17"	109' 51' 53"	Aug 25, 1981
8	CA42	270a00	054200	Tanbark Flat, California	34°12'27"	117'45'39"	Jan 12, 1982
9	CA45	007a00	054540	Hopland (Ukiah), CA	39°00'17"	123'05'05"	Oct 3, 1979
10	CA75	008a00	057550	Seguoia National Park, CA	36°34'09"	118'46'40"	Jul 8, 1980
11	CA88	009a00	058840	Davis. California	38°32'07"	121'46'30"	Oct 17, 1978
12	CA98	332a00	058501	Chuchupate Ranger			,
				Station, California	34°48'22"	119'00'38"	Aug 2, 1983
13	CA99	157a00	058850	Yosemite National Park	37°47'49"	119'51'30"	Dec 8, 1981
14	CO00	160a	060060	Alamosa, CO (composited			·
				sites 160a02 and 160a03)	37°26'36"	105'51'55"	Apr 22, 1980
14	CO00	160a02	060060	Alamosa, Colorado	37 °2 6'36"	105'51'55"	Apr 22, 1980
14	CO00	160a03	060060	Alamosa, Colorado	37*26'36"	105'51'55"	Apr 22, 1980
15	CO01	333a00	060180	Las Animas. Colorado	38*07'04"	103'18'57"	Oct 4, 1983
16	C015	173a00	061560	Sand Spring, Colorado	40°30'27"	107'42'07"	Mar 20, 1979
17	C021	011a00	062120	Manitou, Colorado	39°06'04"	105'05'31"	Oct 17, 1978
18	C022	012a01	062220	Pawnee, Colorado	40°48'23"	104'45'15"	May 22, 1979
19	CO99	029a00	061530	Mesa Verde, Colorado	37°11'56"	108'29 '2 6"	Apr 28, 1981
20	FL03	015a00	100360	Bradford Forest, Florida	29°58'29"	82'11'53"	Oct 10, 1978
21	FL11	016a00	101190	Everglades National Park	25°23'40"	80'41'45"	Jun 17, 1980
22	FL41	338a00	109100	Verna Well Field, FL	27 °22' 48"	82'17'02"	Aug 25, 1983
23	GA41	017a00	114140	Georgia Station, Georgia	33°10'40"	84'24'22"	Oct 3, 1978
24	GA50	340a00	115000	Tifton, ARS, Georgia	31°28'25"	83'31'59"	Oct 4, 1983
25	ID03	019a00	130340	Craters of Moon, Idaho	43°27'48"	113'33'31"	Aug 22, 1980
26	ID04	271a00	130480	Headquarters, Idaho	47°37'40"	115'49'10"	Jul 20, 1982
27	IL11	020a00	141160	Bondville, Illinois	40°03'12"	88'22'19"	Feb 27, 1979
27	111L	020c00	141161	Bondville , Illinois	40*03'12"	88'22'19"	Sep 20, 1983
28	IL18	024a00	141800	NIARC, Illinois	41°50'29"	88'51'04"	May 26, 1981
29	IL19	021a01	141980	Argonne, Illinois	41°42'04"	87'59'43"	Mar 11, 1980
30	IL47	161a02	144740	Salem, Illinois	38*38'36"	88'5 8'01 "	Apr 15, 1980
31	IL63	023a00	146340	Dixon Springs, Illinois	37°26'08"	88'40'19"	Jan 30, 1979
32	IN20	343a00	152020	Huntington, Indiana	40°50'24"	85'27'50"	Aug 22, 1983
33	KS31	273a00	173120	Konza Prairie, Kansas	39 *06 *08"	96'36'33"	Aug 17, 1982
34	KY03	346a00	180360	Perryville, Kentucky	37°40'39"	84°57'25"	Nov 29, 1983
35	KY22	347a00	182260	Lilley Cornett Woods, KY	37°04'40"	82°59'37"	Sep 6, 1983
36	KY35	348a00	183560	Clark State Fish Hatchery	38°07'06"	83°32′49"	Aug 30, 1983
37	LA12	275a00	191260	Iberia, Louisiana	29°55'47"	91°42'54"	Nov 16, 1982
38	LA30	349a00	193060	Southeast Reasearch			
				Station, Louisiana	30°48'41"	90°10'51"	Jan 18, 1983

Table 1 <u>National</u>	Trends	Network	stations	included	in 1983
<u>calendar ye</u>	ar annua	al summa	ry report	Continu	ed

Map ID	CAL	ADS	NADP network				Si	art:	ing tion
number	number	number	number	Station name	Latitude	Longitude		late	
39	MA08	276a00	220815	Cadwell, Massachusetts	42°21'40"	72°23′27"	Mar	5,	1982
40	MA13	277a00	221325	East, Massachusetts	42°23'02"	71°12′53"	Feb	2,	1982
41	MD13	350a00	211320	Wye, Maryland	38°54'47"	76°09'09"	Mar	8,	1983
42	ME02	164a00	200277	Bridgton, Maine	44°06'27"	70°43'44"	Sep	30,	1980
43	ME09	030a01	200935	Greenville Station, Maine	45°29'23"	69°39′52''	Nov	20,	1979
44	ME 98	257a00	200011	Acadia National Park, ME	44°22'27"	68°15′39"	Nov	З,	1983
45	MI09	031a00	230920	Douglas Lake, Michigan	45°33'40"	84°40'42"	Jul	З,	1979
46	MI26	032a00	232660	Kellogg, Michigan	42°24'37"	85°23'34"	Jun	26,	1979
47	MI 53	033a00	235340	Wellston, Michigan	44°13'28"	85°49'07"	Oct	10,	1978
47	MI 53	033a01	235340	Wellston, Michigan	44°13'28"	85°49'07"	Oct	, 10.	1978
47	MI53	033a	235340	Wellston, MI (composited				.,	
				sites 033a00 and 033a01)	44°13'28"	85°49'07"	Oct	10.	1978
48	MN 16	034a00	241660	Marcell. Minnesota	47°31'52"	93°28'07"	Jul	6.	1978
49	MN18	166a02	241840	Fernberg, Minnesota	47°56'45"	91°29'43"	Nov	18.	1980
50	MN23	352a00	242360	Camp Ripley Minnesota	46°14'58"	94°29'50"	Oct	18	198:
51	MN27	035a00	242720	Lamberton, Minnesota	44°14'14"	95°18'02"	Jan	2.	1979
52	M003	252a00	260380	Ashland, Missouri	38°45'13"	92°11'55"	Oct	20	1981
53	M005	253a00	260560	University Forest MO	36°54'39"	90°19'06"	Oct	27.	198
54	MT05	037a00	270570	Glacier National Park MT	48°30'37"	113°59'44"	Jun	3.	1980
55	NC03	049a00	340320	Lewiston North Carolina	36°07'40"	77°10'30"	Oct.	31.	1978
56	NC25	050a00	342500	Coweeta North Carolina	35°03'38"	83°25′50"	Jul	5.	1978
57	NC34	051a00	343460	Piedmont Station NC	35°41′48"	80°37'22"	Oct	17.	1978
58	NC35	052a00	343560	Clipton Station NC	35°01'26"	78°16'45"	Oct	24	1978
59	NC36	360.200	343600	Jordan Creek NC	34°58'16"	79°31'41"	Oct	18	1983
60	NC41	053a02	344160	Finley (A) NC	35°43'43"	78°40'52"	Oct	3	1978
60	NC41	053a03	344160	Finley (A) NC	35°43'43"	78°40'52"	Oct	3.	1978
60	NC41	053a	344160	Finley (A) NC (composite	d			-,	
		0504	011200	sites 053a02+053a03)	- 35°43′43"	78°40'52"	Oct	3	1978
61	ND07	062200	350700	Teddy Roosevelt National		70 10 SE		-,	
01	ND07	002400	050700	Park North Dakota	47°36'09"	103°15'54"	Mav	5	1981
61	ND07	062.=01	350700	Teddy Roosevalt National		100 10 07	. suy	5,	2001
~.			550700	Park, North Dakota	47°36'09"	103°15'54"	Mav	5.	1981
61	ND07	062a	350700	Teddy Roosevelt NP ND		100 AJ JT	. July	э,	200.
		0024	000700	(composited 062a00 and					
				062a01)	47°36'09"	103°15′54″	Mav	5.	1981
62	NDOS	361a00	350880	Icelandic North Dakota	48°46'57"	97°45'15"	Oct	25	1983
63	ND11	362=00	351180	Woodworth North Dakota	47°07'22"	99°14'02"	Nov	29	198
64	NE15	038=00	281520	Mead Nebraska	41°09'11"	96°29'34"	J111	25	197
64	NE15	038-01	281520	Moad Nobraska	41°00'11"	96°29'34"	Ju1	25	197
64	NE15	038-	281520	Mead NF (composited from	41 03 II	30 23 04	Jul	23,	2070
04	CLUN	0008	201720	eitee 032a00 and 030a01	61°00/11"	96°20'34"	T 1	25	107
65	NH02	030-00	300240	Hubbard Brook NU	41 05 II.	30 23 34 71°49/19"	.1.1	2J, 25	107
65 66	NTOO	039a00	312001	Mubbaru Brook, Mn Washington Crossing NT	40°10'55"	76°51/17"	Jul Aur	ريم ار	109
67	NMOO	20JaUU	320080	CUBA New Merico	36°02'24"	106°58'17"	Fah	ч, Э	108'
69	NVOP	200a00	320860	Aurora New York	42° 1 1 1 2 2 1 "	76°30'35"	1 eD	3, 17	107
60	NV10	041-00	321000	Chautauma Now York	47° 171 50"	ננ פנ טי יידאי גרפ°סק	Jun	10	100
70	NV10	042200	331330	Unautauqua, New IOIK	42 1/ 30"	73°20110"	Jun	10, 2	100
70	NI 12	04Za00	331220	MODIL, NEW IORK	42 22.41"	73 30'10"	Jan	2, 26	107
11	LCIN	U438UU	333140	OLIIWEII LAKE, NEW IOTK	41 Z1.00.	74 02.22	Jun	<u>۲</u> 0,	Ta\;

 Table 1.--National Trends Network stations included in 1983

 calendar year annual summary report--Continued

Map ID	CAL	ADS	NADP network				Starting operation
number	number	number	number	Station name	Latitude	Longitude	date
72	NY52	046a00	335240	Bennett Bridge, New York	43°31'34"	75°56'50"	Jun 10, 1980
73	NY65	047a00	336500	Jasper, New York	42°06'22"	77°32'08"	Feb 19, 1980
74	NY68	359a00	336840	Biscuit Brook, New York	41°59'39"	74°30'13"	Oct 11, 1983
75	NY99	358a00	335141	West Point, New York	41°21'03"	74°02′54″	Sep 6, 1983
76	OH17	055a00	361760	Delaware, Ohio	40°21'19"	83°03′58"	Oct 3, 1978
77	OH49	056a00	364900	Caldwell, Ohio	39°47'34"	81 °31′ 52"	Sep 26, 1978
78	OH71	058a00	367160	Wooster, Ohio	40°46'48"	81°55'31"	Sep 26, 1978
79	OK00	363a00	370060	Salt Plains National			
				Wildlife Refuge, OK	36°48'08"	98°12'37"	Dec 13, 1983
80	OK17	364a00	371740	Great Plains Apiaries, OK	34°58′48"	97°31'16"	Mar 29, 1983
81	OR09	367a00	380980	Silver Lake Ranger			
				Station, Oregon	43°07'22"	12 1° 03′28″	Aug 23, 1983
82	OR10	061a00	381020	H.J. Andrews, Oregon	44°13'23"	122°14′32"	May 13, 1980
83	OR11	027a00	381120	Vines Hill, Oregon	43°53′57″	117°25'37"	Jul 15, 1980
84	OR97	366a00	380202	Hyslop, Oregon	44°38'04"	123 °11′ 24″	Apr 26, 1983
84	OR99	060a00	380201	Schmidt Farm, Oregon	44°37'35"	123°12′50″	Dec 26, 1979
84	OR97 pl	uS		Composited from sites			
	OR99			060a00 and 366a00	44°38'	123°12′	Dec 26, 1979
85	PA15	065b00	391520	Penn State NTN, PA	40°47'18"	77°56'47"	Jun 7, 1983
85	15PA	065c00	391521	Penn State NTN-2, PA	40°47'18"	77°56′47"	Oct 4, 1983
86	PA29	063a00	392940	Kane, Pennsylvania	41°35′52″	78°46′04″	Jul 18, 1978
87	PA42	064a00	394200	Leading Ridge, PA	40°39'32"	77°56′10"	Apr 25, 1979
88	PA72	371a00	397220	Milford, Penn sylva nia	41°19′39"	74°49'13"	Dec 27, 1983
89	SD00	067a00	430060	Huron, South D ak ota	44°23'02"	98°13′14"	Apr 30, 1980
90	SD08	373a00	430880	Cottonwood, South Dakota	43°56'57"	10 1°51′3 0"	Oct 11, 1983
91	SD99	372a00	430061	Huron Well Field, SD	44°21'18"	98°17'38"	Nov 29, 1983
92	TNOO	171a00	440040	Walker Branch Watershed,			
				Tennessee	35°57′41"	84°17'14"	Mar 11, 1980
93	TN11	028a00	441190	Elkmont, Tennessee	35°39'52"	83°35′25"	Aug 12, 1980
94	TX04	070a00	450425	K-Bar, Texas	29°18'07"	103°10'38"	Apr 10, 1980
95	TX38	254a00	453800	Forest Seed Center, Texas	31°33'38"	94°51'39"	Aug 18, 1981
96	TX 56	378a00	455640	LBJ National Grasslands,			
				Texas	33°23′30"	97°38'23''	Sep 20, 1983
97	UT01	357a00	460120	Logan, Utah	41°39'30"	111°53′49"	Dec 6, 1983
98	UT02	069a00	460280	Cedar Mountain, Utah	39°10′15″	110°37'05"	May 11, 1981
99	VA28	250a01	482890	Big Meadows, Virginia	38°30′51″	78°25′45"	May 12, 1981
100	VT01	249a00	470100	Bennington, Vermont	42°52'34"	73°09'48"	Apr 28, 1981
10 1	WA14	074a00	491410	Olympic National Park, WA	47 ° 51'36"	123°55'57"	May 20, 1980
102	WI28	283a00	512800	Lake Dubay, Wisconsin	44°39'53"	89°39'08"	Jun 29, 1982
103	WI36	076a00	513640	Trout Lake, Wisconsin	46°03'09"	89°39'11"	Jan 22, 1980
104	WI37	077a00	513700	Spooner, Wisconsin	45°49'21"	91°52'30"	Jun 3, 1980
105	WV04	379a00	500460	Babcock State Park, WV	37°58'47"	80°56′59"	Sep 6, 1983
106	WV18	075a00	501860	Parsons, West Virginia	39°05'23"	79 ° 39′44"	Jul 5, 1978
107	WY06	284a00	520680	Pinedale, Wyoming	42°55′44"	109°47′12"	Jan 26, 1982
108	WY08	078a00	520860	Yellowstone National Park,	,		
				Wyoming	44°55'02"	110°25′13"	Jun 5, 1980
109	WY99	255a00	520820	Newcastle, Wyoming	43°52′24"	104°11′32"	Aug 11, 1981

Criteria used to determine which data from ADS qualify for data base for this study are based on the following guidelines:

1. SAMPLE-START DATE AND SAMPLE-END DATE (beginning and ending dates for a composited sample)

Composited samples qualify if collected between 12/28/82 and 01/03/84. In a few instances, when either the beginning sampling period or the ending sampling period extended beyond 7 days, the period used in the 1983 summary could have had a SAMPLE-START DATE as early as 12/21/82 and a SAMPLE-END DATE as late as 1/10/84.

2. QC-FLAG (quality-control indicator)

Only those samples that have a blank quality-control indicator field qualify. A nonblank field such as a "Q" indicates that the sample is a quality- assurance sample and that the analytical results cannot be used to describe precipitation quality.

3. ACTUAL-SAMPLE-PERIOD (actual sampling interval)

Samples qualify if sampling intervals are less than 28 days. Most of the samples had 7-day intervals; less than 2 percent of the samples had sampling intervals longer than 8 days.

4. PRECIP-OCCUR (indicates whether precipitation occurred and whether the quantity of precipitation is available)

Precipitation data coded with a "M" or "Z" qualify. The code "M" indicates that precipitation occurred and quantity is available. The code "Z" indicates that no precipitation occurred during the sampling interval.

5. DEPOSITION-TYPE (indicates type of atmospheric-deposition sample)

Only those precipitation data coded with a "W" (indicating wet deposition) or those coded with a "N" (indicating no precipitation and no system blank) qualify. Bulk or undefined samples do not qualify.

6. SAMPLE-QUANTITY (indicates amount of precipitation)

Only those precipitation data coded with a non-missing RAIN-GAGE depth or a non-missing SAMPLE-VOLUME qualify. RAIN-GAGE depth is computed from the weight of precipitation that collects in the rain gage. If the rain gage is malfunctioning, SAMPLE-VOLUME (precipitation quantity) may be obtained from the weight of precipitation collected in the wet-deposition sampling bucket.

7. REASON-NO-COMPONENT

Precipitation data that have a blank field or are coded with an "N" qualify. A blank field indicates that at least one physical or chemical determination was reported; an "N" indicates that no precipitation occurred and that no analysis is available.

8. NOTE-CODES (indicating the performance of the site observer or equipment, or additional information concerning whether the sample or analysis qualify)

Chemical samples and analyses did not qualify for entry into the data base if they contained any of the following NOTE-CODES:

- A01 -- Trace precipitation and dilution was unwarranted.
- A07 -- No information was available for this collection period.
- AlO -- No sample or no data available. Data excluded from report for various reasons, including extreme contamination, lack of conformation to a definable sample, leakage, or loss in the mail.
- All -- Sampler malfunction.
- A36 -- Trace of precipitation; no analysis.
- A37 -- Quality control sample.
- B03 -- Sample contains floating matter
- B44 -- Bird droppings present.
- B45 -- Sample cloudy or discolored.
- B46 -- Unusual amounts of soot or dirt for this site.
- B48 -- Collector did not operate properly and did not sample all precipitation events during entire sample period.
- 9. RESULT-NOTE (contains information concerning results for each analysis)

Precipitation data qualify if the field is coded with a blank. If field is coded with an "S," the results are suspect; if coded with an "I," comment concerning this analysis is given in the sample record. All 1983 NTN data were coded with a blank.

10. RESULT-FLAG (contains additional information concerning reported values)

Precipitation data qualify if the fields were coded with a blank or "<" (indicating value below detection limit).

Data-collection Sites

As part of the approach for determining spatial variations in the chemical quality of precipitation, maps were prepared to show annual mean volume-weighted chemical concentrations and loads on a national basis. To provide a consistent portrayal of these annual concentrations and loads on a national basis, site data must be available throughout most of the year. A complete record of weekly data is not available at some sites for such reasons as equipment malfunction, sample contamination, and shipping problems. For this report, four criteria were used to determine whether there were sufficient data at a site to include the data in the maps. These criteria are applied to each site and are similar to criteria used in the National Atmospheric Deposition Program 1982 Annual Summary Report (National Atmospheric Deposition Program Subcommitte Number 3, Data Management and Analysis, 1985). The four criteria are:

- PERCENT OF SUMMARY PERIOD WITH PRECIPITATION-QUANTITY MEASUREMENTS -Precipitation quantity from either the rain gage or wet bucket of
 the wet/dry deposition collector must be available for at least 85
 percent of the 1983 calendar-year summary period.
- PERCENT OF SUMMARY PERIOD WITH SAMPLES THAT QUALIFY FOR THE DATA BASE -- Samples must be available for at least 65 percent of the summary period.
- 3. PERCENT OF TOTAL MEASURED PRECIPITATION QUANTITY WITH SAMPLES THAT QUALIFY FOR THE DATA BASE -- The total quantity of precipitation corresponding to the samples qualifying for the data base must be at least 65 percent of the measured precipitation quantity that occurred during the sampling period.
- 4. PERCENT OF TOTAL MEASURED PRECIPITATION IN RAINGAGE THAT WAS COLLECTED IN WET-DEPOSITION BUCKET -- When precipitation quantities are available for both the rain gage and the wet-sample bucket, the total precipitation quantity collected for qualifying samples in the wet bucket during the summary period must be at least 75 percent of the total precipitation quantity collected in the rain gage.

Each site that met all four of the above criteria was included in the data base. About 49 percent of the NTN sites (55 sites) met all four criteria. About 27 percent of the sites did not meet criterion 1, 48 percent did not meet criterion 2, 32 percent did not meet criterion 3, and 8 percent did not meet criterion 4. Percentages for each criterion are listed in table 2. NTN sites that met or exceeded the criteria are denoted by symbol "*" in the table.

In addition to the NTN sites, sites from the Canadian Network for Sampling Acid Precipitation (CANSAP) were used to supplement data for the maps of the United States. The CANSAP data were collected on a monthly basis instead of weekly, and the analyses were made for many of the same constituents analyzed by NTN. On the basis of the criteria listed above, 18 of the 28 CANSAP sites had sufficient data in 1983 to be included in the maps. The Canadian sites have site-selection protocol that differ from the protocol established for NTN sites. The CANSAP sites are commonly located at airports where upper-air meteorology stations are established, and they are also located near cities where spatial changes in precipitation chemistry are large over relatively short distances (D. S. Bigelow, National Atmospheric Deposition Program Coordinator's Office, oral commun., January 1986). The close proximity of area- or point-source emissions from airports and cities potentially influences the quality of wet deposition at CANSAP sites.

Table 2.--Summary of operating statistics for determining which National Trends Network sites will be included in national maps

[Map ID number = numbers used to identify station locations in figure 1; CAL number = National Atmospheric Deposition Program central analytical laboratory number; "*" indicates those sites meeting criteria for inclusion in maps; characters in parenthesis list the Atmospheric Deposition System number for those sites that had changes in site protocol during 1983 (for example, changing the brand of wet/dry deposition collector); "--" indicates no data; PPT = precipitation]

			F	ercent of	Per	cent of	Per t	cent of otal ured PPT	Perc me in t	ent of tota asured PPT he raingage	1
			su	mmary period	summa	ry period	W	ith	t	hat was	
				with PPT	with	chemical	ch	emical	coll	ected in th	e
Map			me	asurements	sa	mples	sa	mples	wet-	sample buck	et
ID		CAL	[0	riterion is	[Crit	erion is	[Cri	terion is	[Cr	iterion is	
number	n	umber	8	5 percent]	65 p	ercent]	65 :	percent]	75	percent]	
<u> </u>	··										
1		AL10		33.7	33	.7	1	00.0		99.6	
2	*	AR02		100.0	73	.6	-	79.0		98.5	
3		AR03		1.1	0			0			
4	*	AR27		98.1	83	.0		92.1		87.5	
5	*	AZ03		100.0	80	.9		90.9		90.3	
6	*	AZ06		100.0	83	.0		91.6		93.7	
7		AZ99		101.9	59	.8		70.1		97.8	
8	*	CA42		100.0	81	.1		94.5		91.5	
9	*	CA45		100.0	92	. 4		86.9		92.4	
10	*	CA75		98.1	73	.6		86.1		101.2	
11	*	CA88		100.0	77	.4		89.9		97.3	
12		CA98		41.5	28	.3		82.3		87.7	
13	*	CA99		100.0	81	.1		87.0		100.2	
14		CO00	(160a02)	79.2	54	.7		75.5		93.2	
14		CO00	(160a03)	20.8	7	.5	:	33.4		54.1	
14		CO00									
		(160a)	02+160a03)	100.0	62	.3	1	65.7		88.3	
15		CO01		24.5	13	.2		37.1		95.9	
16	*	CO15		100.0	77	.4		77.0		96.8	
17		CO21		100.0	60	.4		46.0		91.5	
18	*	CO22		100.0	75	.5		87.1		89.5	
19		CO99		100.0	58	.5		56.5		93.6	
20	*	FL03		98.1	74	.7		80.3		93.8	
21	*	FL11		100.0	71	.7		71.4		95.0	
22		FL41		35.8	8	.9	:	30.3		100.4	
23		GA41		100.0	64	.2		76.7		95.4	
24		GA50		24.5	20	.8		97.0		90.2	
25		ID03		100.0	50	.9		57.8		90.5	
26	*	ID04		100.3	69	.8		67.9		97.7	
27		IL11		100.0	47	.2		51.3		95.7	
27		11IL		28.3	13	.2		34.4		82.6	
28	*	IL18		100.0	73	.6		94.9		97.9	
29		IL19		101.9	43	.7		33.1		101.9	
30		IL47		100.0	69	. 8	1	61.7		105.2	
31	*	IL63		100.0	81	.1	:	91.7		88.8	
32		IN20		36.1	20	.8		74.6		65.6	
33	*	KS31		100.0	81	.1	1	98.0		97.3	
34		күоз		9.4	7	.5		99.0		98.3	

Table 2.--Summary of operating statistics for determining which National Trends Network sites will be included in national maps--Continued

Map Id number	n	r CAL umber	Percent of summary period with PPT measurements [Criterion is 85 percent]	Percent of summary period with chemical samples [Criterion is 65 percent]	Percent of total measured PPT with chemical samples [Criterion is 65 percent]	Percent of total measured PPT in the raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket [Criterion is 75 percent]
35		KY22	32.1	26.4	92.7	94.8
36		KY35	34.0	24.5	85.1	97.9
37		LA12	98.1	49.3	55.0	99.5
38		LA30	92.4	56.1	58.2	98.6
39		MA08	100.0	47.2	36.5	93.2
40	*	MA13	100.0	79.2	82.7	96.7
41		MD13	81.1	71.7	90.5	97.0
42	*	ME02	86.8	79.2	94.3	95.0
43		ME09	100.0	52.8	60.3	89.4
44		ME98	98.4	58.5	47.7	92.8
45		MIO9	100.0	60.6	65.6	98.0
46		MI26	101.3	60.4	66.3	84.5
47		MI53 (033a00)	73.6	66.0	92.6	91.1
47		MI53 (033a01)	26.4	24.5	91.4	79.6
47	*	MI 53				
		(033a00+033a0	1) 100.0	90.6	92.3	87 .8
48	*	MN16	100.0	66.0	71.7	93.6
49	*	MN18	100.0	79.2	74.2	82.9
50		MN23	20.8	1.9	17.5	91.2
51		MN27	99.5	60.4	63.9	94.5
52		MO03	100.0	62.3	55.0	95.4
53	*	MO05	100.0	75.5	91.3	96.1
54		MT05	98.1	47.2	34.9	85.7
55	*	NC03	100.0	73.9	67.2	98.5
56	*	NC25	100.0	73.6	86.5	99.5
57	*	NC34	100.0	77.4	76.3	96.3
58	*	NC35	98.1	77.4	88.4	97.6
59		NC36	20.8	17.0	96.9	99.1
60		NC41 (053a02)	37.7	22.6	41.2	86.3
60		NC41 (053a03)	64.2	56.6	84.2	95.1
60	*	NC41				
		(053a02+053a0	3) 100.0	79.2	66.1	93.1
61		ND07 (062a00)	66.0	47.4	90.7	96.3
61		ND07 (062a01)	34.0	18.9	54.8	85.6
61	*	ND07				
		(062a00+062a0	1) 100.0	66.3	85.3	95.6
62		ND08	18.9	5.7	9.7	38.9
63		ND11	9.4	0	0	
64		NE15 (038a00)	67.6	60.1	94.0	100.3
64		NE15 (038a01)	32.1	18.9	85.1	94.5
64	*	NE15				
		(038a00+038a0	99.7	79.0	91.3	98.7
65	*	NHOZ	100.0	69.8	65.5	97.1
66	*	99UN	100.0	70.4	80.2	97.1
67	*	NM09	100.0	75.5	83.0	90.9

Table 2.--<u>Summary of operating statistics for determining which National Trends</u> <u>Network sites will be included in national maps</u>--Continued

Man		Percent of summary period with PPT measurements	Percent of summary period with chemical samples	Percent of total measured PPT with chemical samples	Percent of total measured PPT in the raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket
тп	CAT	[Critorion is	(Critorion is	Critorion is	(Critorion is
10		[Criterion is		[Criterion is	[Criterion is
number	number	85 percent;	op percent]	b) percent]	/S percent]
68	* NY08	99.7	80.9	90.4	91.2
69	* NY10	100.0	75.5	82.2	97.0
70	* NY12	100.0	88.9	94.5	93.8
71	* NY51	100.0	81.1	86.5	93.7
72	* NY52	98.1	88.9	88.0	94.2
73	* NY65	100.0	86.8	96.2	95.8
74	NY68	22.6	13.5	70.8	81.4
75	NY99	30.2	30.2	100.0	96.2
76	* OH17	100.0	77.4	83.5	100.2
77	OH49	100.0	66.3	56.2	99.6
78	* OH71	100.0	67.9	70.5	98.9
79	OK00	5.7	3.8	50.0	
80	OK17	74.7	62.3	93.0	101.6
81	OR09	35.8	22.6	30.2	77.9
82	OR10	100.0	64.4	59.4	95.8
83	* OR11	100.0	74.4	81.0	95.9
84	OR97	67.9	56.6	94.9	91.8
84	OR99	32.1	28.3	95.2	
84	* OR97 plus				
	0R99	100.0	84 9	95.0	91.8
85	PA15	56.6	43 4	80.7	98.0
85	1 5 PA	24.5	20.8	78 9	94.6
86	PA29	100 0	54 7	50.3 61 3	94.8
87	* PA42	100.0	92 6	96.0	94.0
88	PA72	1 9	1 9	100 0	101 2
00	SD00	1.3	1.3	100.0	82 2
09	SDOO	73.J	12.2	51.2	80.9
90 01	5000	22.0	13.2	00.9	
91	3D99	9.4 100 0	83.0	80.0	102 0
92	- INCO	100.0	63.0	69.1	96.8
93	TNII	100.0	83.9	09.1	101 5
94	* 1804	100.0	03.0	00.2	101.5
93	~ IA30	100.0	01.1	/1.0	99.1
90	1230	20.3	22.0	39.9	30.4
97	U101 + Umon	7.5	76.2	0	 00 /
98	* 0102	100.0	15.2	14.2	100.2
99	VAZ8	100.0	45.3	50.0	100.2
100	* VI01	100.0	73.6	//.3	92.0
101	- WA14	100.0	8U.D	80.2	97.0
102	* WI28	99.5	84.4	90.0	95.5
103	* WI36	100.0	66.0	76.1	96.4
104	* WI37	100.0	66.0	74.3	92.8
105	WV04	32.1	18.9	48.2	87.4
106	* WV18	100.0	86.8	80.8	91.2
107	WY06	100.0	62.3	61.5	72.2
108	WY08	100.0	37.7	38.0	105.0
109	* WY99	100.0	86.5	81.9	84.8

REGIONAL DISTRIBUTION AND VARIABILITY OF PRECIPITATION CHEMISTRY BY INDIVIDUAL CONSTITUENT

Kriging Interpolation Technique

Maps that depict the spatial distribution of chemical concentrations and loads in precipitation across the United States show wide variations for most chemical concentrations and precipitation quantities. Lines of equal chemical concentrations and loads depicted on these maps may be used (1) to identify areas of large chemical concentrations or loads and (2) to compare the quality of precipitation to the geographic distributions of such variables as population density, energy consumption, and wind patterns in order to discover possible relations between sources and the resulting quality.

Locations for lines of equal concentration could be determined by two types of methods. With a subjective contouring method, the individual scribe interprets line placement on the basis of points of observed data. A different method would use an objective, mathematical approach, in which the lines are drawn on the basis of some feature of the observed data described mathematically. Shortcomings of the subjective method include (1) uncertainty over the amount of influence a single observed value should exert over adjacent observations of considerably different magnitude, (2) the tendency for convoluted or "bullseye" contours (that cannot be substantiated by the existing data) to result when equal influence is allowed for each data point, and (3) a lack of repeatability because of varying individual interpretations of the data in the subjective process.

After a consideration of the shortcomings of the subjective method, the objective mathematical approach was chosen because (1) an objective method could provide repeatable results, and (2) control could be exercised on the weight assigned to local observations so that regional patterns would not be unduly influenced by singular points. The major consideration for number 2 above is that if there is "noise" in the data (unwanted or unexplained variation in the observed values) along with a regional pattern, the noise should not have an excessive influence on the regional pattern. The objective method selected was Kriging, which bases estimates at unmeasured locations on the spatial autocorrelation in observed data. For this study, the spatial pattern of precipitationchemistry results was a primary interest.

Kriging results provide a smoothing of the observed data and so describe the general regional pattern, but not the local details. Therefore, while direct comparison of lines of equal concentration (drawn from the Kriged data) to the observed data at specific points is unavoidable, the reader should remember that observed data on some maps may contain significant noise. Noise present in the data may cause specific observation values to appear not to support the placement of the lines which are drawn to reflect a regional (not local) data pattern.

This report will focus attention on the application of Kriging to precipitation data that meet the previously discussed criteria. However, some aspects of the Kriging theory should be addressed in order to understand better the maps that show regional patterns on a nationwide scale.

Theoretical aspects of Kriging are discussed in detail by Olea (1975). Two theoretical components of Kriging are the semi-variogram The semi-variogram is expressed as a function that describes and drift. the relation between variance of the observed values with respect to distance between observation sites. Drift is the spatial trend of the mean values for a variable over a region (for this study the region is the United States). Skrivan and Karlinger (1980) provide five functional forms for the semi-variogram. The forms are: (1) linear or parabolic or root, (2) spherical, (3) exponential, (4) Gaussian, and (5) De Wijsian. Drift and the semi-variogram are interrelated. If the drift is constant, the semi-variogram is the variance of the difference between numerical values of the variables related to the distance between observation sites. If drift is not a constant, the semivariogram is the variance of the differences between residuals of the variables off the drift as related to distance between observation sites (Skrivan and Karlinger, 1980).

Because the semi-variogram for this project is a function only of the distance between sites and not a function of direction, the semivariogram was considered to be isotropic. Anisotropy could not be accounted for because the data (number of sites) were not sufficiently dense to distinguish any regional variations or anistrophy in the semivariogram. About 80 percent of all comparisons between sites (used to calculate the semi-variogram) were oriented in an east-west direction; thus, directional differences in the semi-variogram between north-south and east-west could not be determined.

Skrivan and Karlinger (1980) point out that Kriging (1) provides unbiased estimates of variables in areas where the available data show spatial autocorrelation, and (2) minimizes the variance of the estimated values. These points are applicable if the true drift and semivariogram are known and used. However, because the drift and semivariogram are estimated from the data, the claims of unbiased estimates and minimum variance cannot be substantiated for these results (although use of any other mathematical scheme would have the same limitations).

Kriging programs used in this study made use of a neighborhood approach for estimating an interpolation value. The neighborhood approach results in the estimated value being calculated from a linear combination of the closest two observation locations per quadrant. Thus an estimated value results from a linear combination of (at most) eight observation points. An examination of figure 2a shows more sites in the northeastern United States than in the rest of the country. Neighborhoods for many sites in the northeastern United States are in a rather homogeneous climatological-physiographic region close to the location being estimated, whereas neighborhoods in the western United States often cover vast areas that are not climatologically or physiographically homogeneous. Differences in climatological and physiographic features are partially reflected in the semi-variogram, which usually has much lower variance for sites that are closer together (such as in the eastern United States) and has higher variances for sites separated by greater distances. In calculating the estimated value, observation sites closer to the location of the interpolated value are given more weight than sites farther away.



Figure 2a.--Volume-weighted constituent means in precipitation at National Trends Network sites and selected Canadian sites, 1983: Potassium concentrations.

Geographical areas with more sites that are close together and neighborhoods that encompass areas of similar climatological conditions and contaminant-source emissions will have lower variance for the estimated values. Although variance for estimated values will be higher in areas other than those previously mentioned, it is precisely in the areas with sparse data that Kriging provides an opportunity to estimate the values of missing data. Contouring the estimated values can then reveal an underlying pattern to the data that may not be obvious when only the observation points are examined. Pattern identification in the western United States is particularly noticeable for the large population centers in southern California and the Pacific Northwest, where man's activities may have considerable effect on the quality of precipitation.

Results of Analysis

Volume-weighted Chemical Concentration

Ten maps were prepared to show lines of equal annual mean volumeweighted chemical concentrations for 1983. Line intervals on the maps generally were selected to include the largest value possible for constructing a complete line. Because of the different ranges and magnitudes of chemical values, intervals vary considerably from map to map. Two of the ten maps have no lines, because within the United States the ranges of values for potassium (fig. 2a) and magnesium (fig. 2b) were not significantly different enough for spatial distribution comparisons. The other eight maps of chemical concentrations reveal some distinct patterns.



Figure 2b.--Volume-weighted constituent means in precipitation at National Trends Network sites and selected Canadian sites, 1983: Magnesium concentrations.

The pH map shows a marked difference between the western and eastern United States (fig. 2c). Lowest pH values are centered around the industrialized northeastern United States; pH values are higher elsewhere, especially to the south and west. Values become higher in a westerly direction. The pattern of pH lines coincides with the presence of large population and manufacturing centers coincident with the lowest pH values. A slight decrease in pH values also occurs in the densely populated areas of southern California. Concentrations of sulfate (fig. 2d) and nitrate (fig. 2e) exhibit patterns somewhat similar to that of pH. The similarity of the lines of equal concentrations and pH values suggests a strong association between the large concentrations of sulfate and nitrate with the low values of pH.

Lines of equal ammonium concentration (fig. 2f) are quite different from the lines of equal concentrations previously discussed. Largest ammonium-ion concentrations are centered much farther west than the large sulfate or nitrate concentrations. Relatively large (but not the largest) ammonium concentrations are centered around the Great Lakes region, which is also the location of large concentrations of sulfate and nitrate; this association suggests that ammonia is neutralizing some of the acidity (hydrogen ions) associated with the large sulfate and nitrate concentrations, according to the following reactions:

(1) Source of hydroxide ions

 $NH_3 + H_2O = NH_4^+ + OH_1^-$



Figure 2c.--Volume-weighted constituent means in precipitation at National Trends Network sites and selected Canadian sites, 1983: Hydrogen-ion concentrations, in pH units.



Figure 2d.--Volume-weighted constituent means in precipitation at National Trends Network sites and selected Canadian sites, 1983: Sulfate concentrations.



Figure 2e.--Volume-weighted constituent means in precipitation at National Trends Network sites and selected Canadian sites, 1983: Nitrate concentrations.



Figure 2f.--Volume-weighted constituent means in precipitation at National Trends Network sites and selected Canadian sites, 1983: Ammonium concentrations.

(2) Sources of hydrogen ions (acid rain)

$$HNO_{3} = \underline{H}^{+} + NO_{3}^{-}$$
$$H_{2}SO_{4} = \underline{H}^{+} + HSO_{4}^{-}$$
$$HSO_{4}^{-} = \underline{H}^{+} + SO_{4}^{-2}$$

(3) Neutralizing reactions

 $OH^{-} + H^{+} = H_2O$ (indirect) $NH_3 + H^{+} = NH_4^{+}$ (direct)

If ammonia is neutralizing some of the acidity, then, in the absence of the ammonia source in the Great Lakes Region, the pH of the precipitation in that region would be lower. The location of the 0.4mg/L line for ammonium suggests that livestock, dairy, and agricultural activities supply much of the ammonia available to the atmosphere in that area. Major livestock and dairy activities in the United States are contained within the area outlined by the 0.4-mg/L line (U.S. Geological Survey, 1970). In addition, major agricultural activities could account for the supply of ammonia in the North Central States, but the abundance of commercially fertilized lands in the Southeast is inconsistent with the small ammonia concentrations in that region. Junge (1958) pointed out that the small ammonia concentrations in precipitation are associated with areas that have low soil pH, as in the Southeast. The loss of ammonia from soils starts at pH=6, with no observable escape below this value (Junge, 1958). In near neutral or alkali soils, as those in North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Idaho, Colorado, New Mexico, and Wyoming (U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1957), ammonia concentrations are generally larger. Livestock, dairy, and agricultural activities account for the supply of ammonia, but one factor that controls the release of ammonia to the atmosphere is the pH of the soil.

Annual mean volume-weighted specific conductance values (fig. 2g) show a pattern similar to those for pH, sulfate, and nitrate. Note that conductance lines do not show increases in the vicinity of either ocean, but instead seem to be most influenced by man's activities. Sodium concentrations (fig. 2h) show that ocean influence is dominant, as maximum concentrations are found along each coast. It is also notable that the smallest-valued line of equal concentration in the east (0.1 mg/L) encompasses an area with a relatively high usage of salt for road de-icing. The small sodium concentration in this area suggest that the NTN sites are in isolated areas, away from major roads and the potential effects of de-icing salts. Chloride concentrations (fig. 2i) have a pattern similar to the sodium pattern, but with a higher concentration gradient (in milligrams per liter). In terms of chemical equivalents per liter, the sodium and chloride gradients are quite similar.

Calcium-ion concentrations (fig. 2j) did not vary greatly across the United States, but a regional pattern was evident. The lines of equal calcium concenstration indicate that the largest concentrations occur in the plains states of the north-central United States. The larger calcium concentrations may be associated with wind-blown soils from this semi-arid region.



Figure 2g.--Volume-weighted constituent means in precipitation at National Trends Network sites and selected Canadian sites, 1983: Specific conductance values.



Figure 2h.--Volume-weighted constituent means in precipitation at National Trends Network sites and selected Canadian sites, 1983: Sodium concentrations.



Figure 2i.--Volume-weighted constituent means in precipitation at National Trends Network sites and selected Canadian sites, 1983: Chloride concentrations.



Figure 2j.--Volume-weighted constituent means in precipitation at National Trends Network sites and selected Canadian sites, 1983: Calcium concentrations.

Chemical-constituent Loads

Constituent loading maps incorporate influences of both chemical concentrations and precipitation quantities. The loading patterns are different from the concentration patterns. Maximum hydrogen-ion loads are located east of the smallest pH values, reflecting increasing precipitation quantities at sites closer to the Atlantic Ocean (fig. 3a). Loads of hydrogen ion decrease from east to west across the country, but a slight increase in loading occurs around the population centers of the Pacific Northwest and southern California. However, loadings in these western coastal areas are almost an order of magnitude below the largest values in the east. A similar pattern is apparent for sulfate load (fig. 3b) and nitrate load (fig. 3c). The largest loads for pH, sulfate, and nitrate encompass the same general geographic area. Loading for sulfate decreases from east to west, with a slight increase in the Pacific Northwest. Also, nitrate loads decrease from east to west, with a western coastal increase in southern California. Increased nitrate loading in that area is indicative of the large numbers of both people and cars. Both the sulfate- and nitrate-load maps show that the second largest line of equal concentration extends considerably to the west, encompassing many of the major industrial population centers of the eastern United States.

Of the loads mapped, ammonium-ion loads differ from the other three previously discussed. The load map (fig. 3d) is quite similar to the ammonium-ion concentration map, with a slight shift to the east. One interesting difference between the concentration and load maps is that the loads are somewhat larger in the Pacific Southwest. Larger loads in the Pacific Southwest reflect a combination of intensive agricultural activities in California and increasing precipitation quantities near the ocean (U.S. Geological Survey, 1970).



Figure 3a.--Annual constituent loads in precipitation, 1983: Hydrogen ion.



Figure 3b.--Annual constituent loads in precipitation, 1983: Sulfate.



Figure 3c.--Annual constituent loads in precipitation, 1983: Nitrate.



Figure 3d.--Annual constituent loads in precipitation, 1983: Ammonium.

Selected Ionic Ratios

Several maps were constructed to examine spatial distributions of selected ionic ratios. Ratios of annual mean volume-weighted sulfate to nitrate equivalents per liter were used to determine if areas exist where the predominance of these ions differ. The resulting map (fig. 4a) shows that in the eastern United States, where considerable fossil fuel containing larger concentrations of sulfur is used (U.S. Department of Energy, 1985), sulfate predominates and the ratio of sulfate to nitrate is greater than 2:1. In the western United States the ratio is lower than in the east; a large, semi-arid region extending from southern California to the Dakotas has ratios below 1.5:1. The only ratio below 1:1 is found near the dense southern California population center, where automobile traffic contributes significantly to oxides of nitrogen and where sulfur-dioxide emissions are closely regulated. Ratios increase to greater than 2:1 in the Pacific Northwest, reflecting the contribution of sulfate from sea salts. Based on comparison of mean sulfate-to-chloride ratios in ocean water, those volume-weighted concentration ratios in 1983 NTN wet deposition, sea salts are found to account for 23 to 35 percent of the sulfate in wet deposition in Oregon and Washington. In the northeastern United States, the area with the largest sulfate concentrations, sea salts contribute less than 1 percent of the sulfate.



Figure 4a.--Volume-weighted ionic ratios in precipitation, 1983: Sulfate-to-nitrate values.

Another ratio of interest compares the sum of the sulfate and nitrate equivalents to the hydrogen-ion equivalents. Ratios are generally below 2:1 in the eastern United States, compared to ratios well above 2:1 elsewhere, (fig. 4b). The lower ratios indicate that large concentrations of sulfate and nitrate in the eastern United States may be primarily associated with hydrogen-ion concentrations. Sulfate and nitrate are often considered to be the principal acid-related ions in precipitation (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1980). Ratios of sulfate-plus-nitrate equivalents to hydrogen plus ammonium plus calcium result in values generally near 1.0, above 1:1 in the eastern United States and generally below 1:1 in those areas to the west previously identified as having large ammonium-ion and calcium concentrations (fig. 4c). In the plains states, some of the hydrogen ions may be neutralized by constituents such as ammonia or anions associated with calcium. Calcium-associated anions neutralize hydrogen ions, according to the reactions:

(1) Source of hydroxide ions

CaO (combustion product) + $H_2O = Ca(OH)_2 = Ca^{+2} + 2OH^{-1}$

(2) Source of basic compounds

 $Ca(OH)_{2} + CO_{2} = CaCO_{3} + H_{2}O$

 $CaCO_3$ (in windblown soils) + H_2O + CO_3 = $Ca(HCO_3)_2$ = Ca^{+2} + $2HCO_3^{-1}$ (3) Neutralizing reactions

 $OH^{-} + H^{+} = H_2O$ $HCO_3^{-} + H^{+} = H_2CO_3$



Figure 4b.--Volume-weighted ionic ratios in precipitation, 1983: Sulfate-plus-nitrate to hydrogen-ion values.



Figure 4c.--Volume-weighted ionic ratios in precipitation, 1983: Sulfate-plus-nitrate to hydrogen-ion-plus-ammonium-plus-calcium values.

Sensitivity of Kriging Analysis

Although a detailed sensitivity analysis was not done, the following observations were made during the analysis.

- (1) Increasing the number of observation points above the eight used per neighborhood tended to result in smoother lines, but the general pattern did not change. Considering that some uncertainty surrounds each line, the smoothing that results from using more observation points is not significant.
- (2) Selecting different mathematical forms for the semi-variogram did not significantly change patterns and locations of contours. These results were not surprising, because many of the different functional forms for the semi-variogram are quite similar for short distances. Results from different semi-variogram forms may appear quite similar, because Kriging procedures use a neighborhood of several points close to the location to be estimated, and the procedures give more weight to the closest points.
- (3) A single observation point with a value considerably different from the surrounding observation points does have a noticeable effect on lines near that point. One Canadian site was not included in Kriging procedures for several constituents because it was very different from surrounding sites and caused an increase in the mapping gradient that was inconsistent with observed United States data. Because ancillary data were not readily available to support the relatively large concentrations at that site, the observed data from the Canadian site were not used.
- (4) Because the CANSAP site protocol was different from the NTN site protocol and allowed CANSAP sites to be located near airports and cities, the effect on creating lines using only the 55 NTN sites was examined for pH values (fig. 5). Although differences between western CANSAP and western NTN data were notable, the CANSAP data did not have much apparent effect on lines in the United States. Only the 5.3-pH lines changed noticeably, and those changes were not large enough to alter previous interpretations regarding pH values. Thus, even though CANSAP data may appear different from NTN data and even though the sites are located under different protocols, this inclusion of Canadian data does not significantly alter the Kriged lines in the United States.

REGIONAL DISTRIBUTION AND VARIABILITY OF PRECIPITATION-CHEMISTRY DATA BY CHEMICAL GROUP

Regionalization of data is a process in which data from a large geographic area are partitioned into categories that represent smaller homogeneous geographic areas known as regions. The homogeneity of each region is based on preselected variables that exhibit much less variability within a region than they do between regions, making each region distinct. Variables selected for regionalization provide insight into the structure of the data so that causes may be related to the resultant measured values. In the previous section, each map was a regionalization of a single variable, with emphasis placed on one value, either annual mean volume-weighted concentration values or annual loads.



Figure 5.--Lines of equal volume-weighted hydrogen-ion concentrations in precipitation at National Trends Network sites, 1983.

Regions were identified by drawing lines of equal concentration that indicate geographic areas of similar values for a single variable. A broader, more generalized approach to regionalization, that employs numerous variables from each site simultaneously, is examined in this section of the report. Ratios of ionic equivalent concentrations are used to provide a chemical fingerprint for each site, assuming that the fingerprints are similar in areas where regional influences on the chemical composition are similar. CANSAP data were not included in this regional analysis.

Chemical Grouping Techniques

Graphical Procedures Using Trilinear Diagrams

Trilinear diagrams (Hem, 1985) were used as an effective visual aid for comparing data from different sites and for grouping the precipitation analyses into chemically similar groups. These diagrams show the concentrations of major dissolved ions reported in percentage of total equivalents per liter of cations (H, NH_4 , Ca, Mg, Na, and K) or anions (SO₄, NO₃, and Cl). Diagrams for each site are shown in Appendices II and III.

For a specific weekly analysis, an increase in the chemical concentration of just one cation or anion will change the total equivalents per liter of the cations or anions; consequently, the percentages of all other cations or anions for that sample will also change. For example, large sodium concentrations from sea salts will increase the total cation concentration (equivalents per liter), resulting in sodium percentage increases and corresponding decreases in other cation percentages (even though the other cation concentrations did not decrease). Caution should therefore be exercised in interpreting triliear plots, because the plots depict percentages and not concentrations.
Cluster Analysis

Concern regarding the subjectivity of the graphical procedures led to the use of two mathematical procedures to cluster the precipitation data. The two clustering procedures were (1) Ward's method and (2) average linkage on squared Euclidean distances. Ward's method is biased toward producing clusters with small and roughly the same number of observations, whereas the average linkage method is biased toward producing clusters with small and roughly the same variance (SAS, 1982). Both of these procedures have been commonly used in many studies (SAS Institute, 1982). Variables used in the cluster analysis were the median values of: hydrogen, ammonium, and calcium, as a percentage of the total cations; and sulfate and nitrate, as a percentage of the total anions. The inclusion of ammonium and calcium ions is based on their importance in balancing ionic equivalents of the acid-related species, sulfate and nitrate.

Results of Analyses

Site data were classified into six different chemical groups, on the basis of concentrations of the hydrogen ion and sulfate-plus-nitrate ions in the weekly precipitation samples (table 3). Areas of the trilinear diagrams used to identity different chemical groups are shown in figure 6. Chemical groups tended to cluster into separate geographic areas throughout the United States (fig. 7). These groups are group 1 in the northeast, group 2 just west of group 1 sites, groups 3 and 4 in the midsection of the United States, group 5 along the eastern coast, and group 6 along the western coast.



Figure 6.--Ionic percentages used to delineate National Trends Network precipitation into chemical groups.

Table 3	<u>Selected</u>	<u>precipitat</u>	<u>ion-che</u>	<u>nistry c</u>	<u>compositio</u>	<u>n based</u>	<u>on weekly</u>
<u>concent</u>	ations, l	by chemical	group,	January	<u>through</u>	December	<u>, 1983</u>

Chemical	Hy perc <u>equival</u>	drogen, ent of t ents of	in otal <u>cations</u>	Sulfat in pe <u>equiva</u>	e plus n rcent of <u>lents of</u>	itrate, total anions
group	10	50	90	10	50	90
1	32	62	78	82	94	97
2	13	51	72	86	95	97
3	1	23	55	79	91	97
4	1	3	22	80	90	96
5	8	36	68	39	73	94
6	2	14	42	22	64	90

[Example: for group 1, 50 percent of the analyses had hydrogen-ion compositions less than or equal to 62 percent of the total equivalents of cations]

Results of the clustering procedures generally were similar to the results obtained using trilinear diagrams. Both Ward's method and the average linkage method indicated similarity between groups 1 and 2, as did the trilinear plots. The western and eastern coastal sites clustered into separate groups. In a few instances, some western coastal sites (as defined by the trilinear plots) were clustered with group 3 or group 4 sites; some eastern coastal sites were clustered with group 1 sites; and some group 3 sites clustered with group 4 sites. Thus, although a few sites were placed in geographically adjacent regions using the mathematical procedures, the different cluster techniques generally support the patterns found using the trilinear diagrams.

Chemical groups 1 through 4 differ primarily in hydrogen-ion percentage, with group 1 having the largest percentage and group 4 having the smallest percentage (table 3). Group 2 has hydrogen-ion percentages intermediate between group 1 and 3; group 2 sites are located in a transitional area between groups 1 and 3. Both coastal groups appear to be ocean-influenced, with resulting increases in the chloride percentage accounting for observed decreases in the sulfateplus-nitrate percentage. Sodium percentages also increase at the coastal sites with corresponding decreases in the hydrogen-ion percentage. The western coastal group has a hydrogen-ion percentage noticeably smaller than that of the eastern coastal group; precipitation along the eastern coast may reflect influences of downwind effects of sources in proximity to group 1 sites.





Volume-weighted Ionic Percentages

Annual comparisons

Annual mean volume-weighted chemical concentrations that were used for the Kriged maps (figs. 2a through 2j) subsequently were used to compute annual mean ionic percentages. Each site was assigned (using weekly values) to the groups previously defined using the trilinear diagrams. Groupings of annual values tended to minimize some of the variability observed in the weekly precipitation data (fig. 8). Results of these calculations are shown in table 4, and implications of the results are discussed below.

Group 6 to group 4 sites --

From group 6 (west coastal sites) to group 4 sites, the ion percentages of ammonium, sulfate, and nitrate increased; hydrogen and chloride decreased. Decreases in chloride percentage correspond to increasing distances from the ocean. An increase in ammonium percentage could chemically influence the hydrogenion percentage because ammonia or ammonium-hydroxide released to the atmosphere will react with the hydrogen ion, reducing acidity and causing a reduction in the hydrogen-ion percentage. Therefore, increases in hydrogen ion associated with increases in sulfate and nitrate may be counteracted by increases in ammonia release. Soils at group 4 sites are drier and basic. At these group 4 sites more windblown soil particulates may be in the sample and neutralizing the hydrogen ion.

Group 4 to group 3 sites --

The quality of precipitation at these sites is comparable, except for the notable increases in the hydrogen-ion percentage from group 4 to group 3 sites. Slight increases in sulfate percentage may be associated with the hydrogen-ion percentage increases. Slight decreases in the ammonium-ion percentage may be associated with the hydrogen-ion percentage increases.

Group 3 to group 2 sites --

Group 2 and group 3 sites have similar percentages of ammonium, sulfate, and nitrate except that group 2 sites generally have larger hydrogen-ion percentages.

Group 2 to group 1 sites --

Group 1 sites have larger hydrogen-ion percentages, that may be partly related to the smaller ammonium-ion percentages at group 1 sites; that is, less ammonia or ammonium hydroxide is available to neutralize acidity (by reacting with hydrogen ions).

Group 1 to group 5 sites --

Group 5 sites have smaller percentages of hydrogen ion, sulfate, and nitrate. Larger percentages of chloride at the coastal sites probably are the result of the close proximity of these sites to the Atlantic Ocean.



Figure 8.--Annual volume-weighted ionic ratios for each chemical group.

Chemical group	tot <u>Hyc</u> 10	Pe :a1 <u>c</u> 1rog 50	erce equ of c gen 90	nt c ival <u>atic</u> <u>Amn</u> 10	of ent ons non: 50	:s <u>Lum</u> 90	<u>Per</u> Su I 10	<u>ccer</u> 11fa 51us 11ra 50	nt o ate s ate 90	<u>f</u> to <u>Ch</u> 10	<u>lor:</u> 50	<u>l eg</u> ide 90	<u>uiva</u> <u>Sul</u> 10	<u>aler</u> Lfat 50	<u>te</u> 90	<u>of</u> <u>Nit</u> 10	<u>inic</u> rat 50	<u>e</u> 90
1	54	64	72	10	16	22	 82	93	96	4	7	18	54	63	68	23	29	34
2	39	52	61	20	24	28	83	95	96	4	5	17	53	62	67	25	33	41
3	12	26	43	10	24	42	84	92	95	5	8	16	48	56	64	29	36	40
4	2	7	22	19	39	56	83	92	96	4	8	17	46	55	61	27	37	41
5	20	37	51	7	14	22	49	69	82	18	31	51	35	48	57	14	22	26
6	5	12	37	4	9	41	25	57	78	22	43	75	19	30	52	6	22	33

Table 4.--<u>Selected precipitation-chemistry composition based</u> on annual volume-weighted concentrations, by chemical group, January through December 1983.

Results of this comparison (using 50-percentile values; table 4) indicate that groups 1 and 2 have large percentages of sulfate-plusnitrate ions and correspondingly large hydrogen-ion percentages. At group 4 sites the sulfate-plus-nitrate percentage is large, but the ammonium-ion percentage is considerably larger than those percentages for group 1 and 2 sites, and the hydrogen-ion percentage is smaller than those at group 1 and 2 sites, possibly reflecting the neutralizing mechanism discussed above. In contrast, group 3 sites have large sulfate-plus-nitrate percentages, but hydrogen-ion percentage is small, without the correspondingly large ammonium-ion percentage observed at group 4 sites. However, maps show that group 3 sites have concentrations of sulfate, hydrogen ion, and nitrate concentrations considerably smaller than those at group 1 sites. Thus, a hydrogen-ion neutralizing constituent other than ammonia or ammonium hydroxide may be present at group 3 sites; or the sulfate and nitrate may be associated with the same proportion of hydrogen ions as those at group 1 and 2 sites. The western and eastern coastal sites (groups 5 and 6) show ocean influences of chloride that cause corresponding decreases in the sulfate-plus-nitrate percentages. Notice, however, that the hydrogenion percentage for eastern coastal sites is three times larger than that of western coastal sites because of the close proximity of eastern coastal sites to group 1 sites.

Seasonal comparisons

Ionic percentages based on annual mean volume-weighted concentrations were separately computed for the winter and summer time periods for each chemical group. The 10-, 50- (median), and 90percentiles of selected ionic percentages are listed in table 5.

Table 5.--<u>Selected precipitation-chemistry composition based</u> on seasonal volume-weighted concentrations, January through December, 1983.

["SU" indicates summer months of June, July, and August; "WI" indicates winter months of December, January, and February]

Chem- ical group	Season	<u>–––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––</u>	н еqu <u>rog</u> 50	Perc to iiva <u>cat</u> <u>gen</u> 90	ent tal lent <u>ions</u> <u>Amn</u> 10	of s o s noni	of <u>ium</u> 90	<u>Pei</u> Su <u>ni</u> 10	ccer ulfa plus itra 50	ate s ate 90	<u>f</u> to <u>Chl</u> 10	lori 50	<u>eq</u> i <u>de</u> 90	<u>uiva</u> <u>Sul</u> 10	<u>ler</u> fat	<u>ts</u> 20	<u>of</u> a <u>Nit</u> 10	<u>enic</u> zrat 50	<u>ons</u> <u>ce</u> 90
1	SU	58	70	77	13	17	23	95	97	98	2	3	5	65	71	75	23	25	31
1	WI	26	56	70	3	11	20	62	88	94	6	12	38	41	53	70	15	34	43
2	SU	34	55	62	16	22	37	90	96	96	4	4	10	63	67	71	24	28	33
2	WI	33	56	72	11	17	33	84	92	95	5	8	16	34	52	65	26	42	57
3	SU	18	29	54	14	25	38	88	94	96	4	6	12	45	57	68	29	38	43
3	WI	5	29	50	10	24	42	77	92	95	5	8	23	33	53	62	27	39	56
4	SU	3	7	20	19	44	54	79	93	95	5	7	21	36	50	59	30	40	50
4	WI	1	8	33	2	29	68	81	89	94	6	11	19	41	48	68	22	41	50
5	SU	41	60	77	2	15	26	69	84	96	4	16	31	36	56	70	24	27	47
5	WI	14	30	41	3	10	20	33	54	77	23	46	67	24	38	52	9	17	25
6	SU	1	27	37	2	22	40	45	73	93	7	27	55	30	39	48	9	33	58
6	WI	4	17	40	4	11	48	20	48	65	35	52	80	15	30	35	5	18	32

Seasonal differences from summer to winter months (table 6) are as follows:

1. The median chloride percentage increases by more than 5 percent from summer to winter months at coastal sites and also at group l sites that are adjacent to the eastern coastal sites. These increases may be ocean-influenced, reflecting increased frontal storm activity during the winter. Frontal storms draw in large amounts of oceanic moisture, whereas summer storms are of a more localized convective form. A convective storm generally does not draw in large amounts of moisture. In the west, frontal storms involve strong advection of oceanic air (westerly wind flows), both ahead of the warm front and north of the center of low pressure.

Table 6.-- <u>Comparison of summer and winter</u> precipitation-chemistry compositions

"I" indicates median ion percentage increases from summer-to-winter months; "D" indicates median ion percentage decreases from summer to winter months; "--" indicates that a change was less than 5 percent of total cations or anions; The significance of these changes were not statistically determined.

Chemical	Change	in median io from sur	on percentag mmer to wint	e of wet de er months	position
group	Hydrogen	Ammonium	Sulfate	Nitrate	Chloride
1	D	D	D	I	I
2			D	I	
3					
4		D			
5	D	D	D	D	I
6	D	D	D	D	I

- Summer-to-winter decreases in median hydrogen, ammonium, and sulfate percentages occur at the coastal sites and at group 1 sites. These decreases seem to be merely the result of increased sodium and chloride percentages.
- 3. Median nitrate percentages increase during the winter at group 1 and 2 sites and decrease during the winter at the coastal sites. The decrease in the nitrate percentage may also be the result of increased sodium and chloride percentages.

Chemical Concentrations

Weekly chemical concentrations

Statistical distributions that describe chemical concentrations of weekly composited samples give equal weight to each sample, regardless of the quantity of precipitation associated with each. Unweighted weekly data are more appropriate, as opposed to volume-weighted data, for relating to environmental processes that are affected by not only the concentration, but also by the duration (amount of time, in weeks) of the acidic effects of precipitation.

Median chemical concentrations for each chemical group are ranked in table 7. Rankings for each group are summarized as follows:

Group 1: among the largest median values of the acid-related constituents (hydrogen, sulfate, and nitrate) and specific conductance. The hydrogen-ion concentration and the large equivalent ionic conductance of the hydrogen ion are primary controls on the specific conductance of a sample.

Table 7.--<u>Ranking of the median weekly chemical concentrations and</u> precipitation quantity for each chemical group

The number indicates the ranking of median chemical concentrations; "1" indicates group with the largest median chemical concentration, and "6" indicates group with the smallest median chemical concentration.

			Ch	emical	l con	stituent	tor	physical	l prope	rty	
Chemical	Sul-	Ni- (Chlor-	Am-	Sod-	Hy-	Cal-	Mag-	Potas-	Conduc-	Rain
group	fate	trate	ide	monia	ium	drogen	cium	nesium	sium	tance	gage
1	2	2	4	4	5.5	1	4	6	6	1	3
2	1	1	5	2	5.5	2	3	5	4	2	4
2	,	,	~	2	,	,	•	2	2	,	e
3	4	4	6	3	4	4	2	3	3	4	5
4	5	3	3	1	3	6	1	1	1	5	6
5	3	5	1	5	1	3	5	2	2	3	2
6	6	6	2	6	2	5	6	4	5	6	1

- Group 2: among the largest median values of the acid-related constituents (hydrogen, sulfate, nitrate, and ammonium) and specific conductance; among the smallest median values of sodium and chloride.
- Group 3: among the largest median values of calcium; among the smallest median values of chloride and weekly precipitation quantities.
- Group 4: among the largest median values of ammonium, calcium, and potassium; among the smallest median values of hydrogen, sulfate, specific conductance, and weekly precipitation quantities.
- Group 5: among the largest median values of sodium, potassium, chloride, and weekly precipitation quantities; among the smallest median values of nitrate and ammonium.
- Group 6: among the largest median values of sodium, chloride, and weekly precipitation quantities; among the smallest median values of hydrogen, sulfate, nitrate, ammonium, calcium, potassium, and specific conductance.

From the western to eastern chemical groups across the United States, median concentrations of hydrogen, sulfate, nitrate, and specific conductance tend to increase. Chemical groups having the largest median concentrations of sulfate, nitrate, and specific conductance tend to have the largest hydrogen-ion concentrations. Ocean influences account for the larger concentrations of sodium and chloride at the eastern and western coastal sites. Group 4 sites have the largest concentrations of ammonium, calcium, magnesium, and potassium. Group 4 sites also have the smallest weekly precipitation quantities, a trend which is consistent with potentially dusty areas, suggesting that these ions originate from wind-blown dust in semi-arid or highly cultivated areas. Large ammonium concentrations may in part be caused by livestock-farming activities, by the application of fertilizer in cultivated farming areas, and the release of ammonia to the atmosphere from near neutral or alkali soils. The small hydrogen-ion concentrations at group 4 sites may be due in part to (1) minimal loadings from hydrogen-ion sources and (2) the neutralizing effects of calcareous dust and large concentrations of ammonia and ammonium hydroxide.

Summer and winter volume-weighted concentrations

Seasonal volume-weighted chemical concentrations and precipitation quantities are presented in figures 9a through 9k, which are box plots. Summertime concentrations of chemicals in precipitation tend to be larger than wintertime concentrations, except for sodium and chloride. The larger wintertime concentrations of sodium and chloride probably are related to the passage of ocean-influenced storm fronts during the winter. Largest decreases from summertime to wintertime in the median chemical concentrations (in milligrams per liter) occur consistently at group 1 sites. The relative decreases in the median concentrations of sulfate, nitrate, and hydrogen ion are generally comparable within a group. For example, the median winter concentrations of sulfate, nitrate, and hydrogen are about 25-40 percent of the median summer concentrations for group 1; the median winter values for group 4 are about 90 to 100 percent of the median summer values. Larger summertime chemical concentrations may be associated with:

- increased residence times of air masses during the summer (Bloxam and others, 1984);
- (2) increased summertime rates of reaction (resulting from warmer air temperatures) for the oxidation of sulfur dioxide or nitric oxide to sulfite or nitrogen dioxide, chemical species that readily react with water to form sulfuric and nitric acids;
- (3) increased summertime occurrence of convective storms, which are more efficient than frontal storms in scrubbing contaminants from an air mass (Bloxam and others, 1984); and
- (4) larger summertime air-pollutant loadings due to increased power generation for cooling (Harry Lins, U.S. Geological Survey, oral commun., 1986).



Figure 9.--Summer-winter comparison of volume-weighted mean concentrations for each chemical group.



Figure 9.--Summer-winter comparison of volume-weighted mean concentrations for each chemical group--continued.

Cation-to-anion ratios

Chemical analyses of precipitation may be checked by computing cation/anion balances based on ratios of the measured equivalents of cations and anions. If all the major cations and anions are accurately measured in an electrically neutral precipitation sample, the sum of the equivalents of cations divided by the sum of the equivalents of anions should be 1.0.

Median ratios of cations to anions for all chemical groups except group 4 were within plus or minus 0.1 units of 1.0 (fig. 10). Group 4 sites, the sites with the highest weekly pH levels, have the largest median ratios (about 1.2), indicating that the sums of cation equivalents are larger than the sums of anion equivalents. The larger ratios observed in the weekly analyses of precipitation from group 4 sites could result from a positive bias in one or more of the cations or a negative bias in one or more of the anions. Another possibility is that one of the major anions is not being analvzed. Theoretical alkalinities, based on the laboratory pH of precipitation samples, were computed and added to the sums of the anions to examine changes in the ratios of the cations to anions. The computed ratios were basically the same as those shown in figure 10, except in group 4 and 6 sites, where median ratios dropped about 0.05 units; however, ratios for group 4 sites were still positively biased, generally above 1.15. A plot of the ratios of volume-weighted cations to anions versus volume-weighted pH levels indicates that the ratios increase as pH levels increase (fig. 11). The relation between the ratio of cations to anions for weekly samples and pH levels also shows a significant positive correlation (Kendall Tau statistic = 0.29 and p-level = 0.0001). Ratios of cations to anions need not be directly related to the pH of the precipitation samples, because pH could be acting as a surrogate for other factors. For example, as pH increases, some chemical concentrations in precipitation may be decreasing, and an analytical bias may only occur when certain constituents have small concentrations.



Figure 10.--Comparison of cation to anion ionic ratios, in weekly precipitation samples, by chemical group. Some extreme values are not shown.



Figure 11.--Relation between annual volume-weighted mean pH values and the ionic ratios of cations to anions in precipitation.

Procedures outlined by Miles and Yost (1981) were used to further explain why the cation-to-anion ratios were generally larger than 1.0 at the group 4 DION values (differences between the sum of anions and cations, in sites. equivalents per liter) were plotted against DSC values (differences between the measured and calculated specific conductances). The DION and DSC relation indicates that most of the DION values were near zero and that most of the DSC values were near zero. Zero values indicate that the major ions are ionically balanced (because the sum of anions minus sum of cations is zero and because measured specific conductance minus the calculated specific conductance is The major pattern observed in the scatter plot indicated that the zero). largest deviations from DION = 0 and DSC = 0 occurred when DION values were less than zero and when DSC values were greater than zero. The most likely explanations for this combination of DION and DSC values are that one or more anion concentrations are too small or that one or more anions were not included in the analyses.



Comparisons of summer and winter cation-to-anion ratios indicate that summer median ratios are consistently larger than winter median ratios (fig. 12).

Figure 12.--Comparison of summer and winter ionic ratios of cations to anions by chemical group. Some extreme values are not shown.

In all chemical groups except group 4, the median ratios for both the summer and winter analyses are plus or minus 0.1 units of 1.0. At group 4 sites, the majority of ratios are considerably above 1.0 and indicate that larger measured concentrations of cations than of anions occur for both the summer and winter analyses.

Sulfate-to-nitrate ratios

Variations in sulfate-to-nitrate equivalent ratios in precipitation may reflect the type of fuel consumed or types of industrial processes that are occurring in various chemical groups throughout the United States. Largest median ratios of sulfate to nitrate occur at the eastern coastal sites (group 5) and gradually decrease toward the West (group 6; fig. 13). Median ratios at the western coastal sites are about 75 percent of those at the eastern sites, a difference which agrees with the fact that eastern energy sources contain larger sulfur concentrations than energy sources in the western United States. The larger interquartile range in the western coastal region could be indicative of sulfate from ocean influences (Laird and others, 1986). The smallest ratios are observed at group 4 sites, the region that had the largest pH values in the weekly precipitation samples.

Sulfate-to-nitrate ratios tend to vary from summer to winter months (fig. 14), although both the summer and winter ratios tend to decrease from the eastern to the western chemical groups. At group 1 and 2 sites, the ratios during the summer tend to be larger than those during the winter; at group 3, 4, and 6 sites, the ratios during the summer and winter are similar; and at group 5 sites, the summer ratios are slightly smaller than those during the winter. At group 1 and 2 sites, the smaller ratios during the winter result from smaller winter concentrations of both sulfate and nitrate, although the nitrate values do not decline nearly as much as the sulfate concentrations. Reasons for the large winter decline in sulfate concentrations are not apparent; dilution does not appear to be significant, as the weekly precipitation quantities are seasonally similar. The summer and winter sources of nitrate at group 1 and 2 sites appear to be relatively constant, compared to summer and winter sources of sulfate.



Figure 13.--Comparison of ionic ratios of sulfate to nitrate concentrations in weekly precipitation samples by chemical group.



Figure 14.--Comparison of ionic ratios of sulfate to nitrate concentrations by chemical group. Only the quartile values are shown.

One hypothesis for the relatively constant nitrate concentrations in precipitation is that the increased consumption of heating fuels during the winter months produces oxides of nitrogen emissions that compare to emissions resulting from the increased fuel consumption for transportation and electrical needs during the summer months. Concentrations of sulfate and nitrate at group 3, 4, and 6 sites are smaller than those at group 1 and 2 sites. These concentrations at group 3, 4, and 6 sites decline similarly from summer to winter, so that ratios during summer and winter are relatively constant. The eastern coastal sites may have larger ratios because of the region's proximity to group 1 sites.

Acid-related Chemical Species

Of particular interest among the ions measured in precipitation are those associated with acidity. Two major components of acidity in precipitation are sulfuric and nitric acids (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1980). In wet deposition, these acids dissociate to anions of sulfate and nitrate and to cations of hydrogen (often referred to as the hydronium ion). An examination of the equivalent ratios of various combinations of these acid-forming chemical species in precipitation may help to determine atmospheric chemical processes.

Ion ratios of sulfate to hydrogen for the six chemical groups in the United States are generally greater than 1.0 (fig. 15a). Ratios greater than 1.0 show that sulfate concentrations are large enough to electrically balance the hydrogen-ion concentrations and indicate that (1) some of the sulfate ions were associated with cations other than the hydrogen ion, or (2) some of the hydrogen ions that originated from sulfuric acid were neutralized by such constituents as ammonia or bicarbonate. The sulfate-to-hydrogen ion ratio tends to be inversely related to the hydrogen-ion concentration. Group 4 sites have the largest ratios (generally larger than 4.0) and the smallest hydrogen-ion concentrations; conversely, group 1 sites have the smallest ratios (near 1.0) and have among the largest hydrogen-ion concentrations.

As with sulfate, the largest ratios of nitrate to hydrogen ions occur at group 4 sites, and the smallest ratios occur at group 1 sites (fig. 15b). Ratios are greater than 1.0 for group 3, 4, and 6 sites, whereas ratios are less than 1.0 for group 1, 2, and 5 sites. In areas where the ratio is greater than 1.0, nitrate may have been associated with cations other than hydrogen-ion or some of the hydrogen ions that originated from nitric acid were neutralized by some other constituent.



b. Nitrate to hydrogen-ion.



d. Sulfate plus nitrate to hydrogen-ion plus ammonium.





Figure 15.--Comparison of annual volume-weighted mean ionic ratios by chemical group.

Because the hydrogen ion equivalents are insufficient to balance the sulfate-plus-nitrate equivalents (fig. 15c; ratios are above 1.0 in all chemical groups), other cations needed to electrically balance the equivalents of sulfate-plus-nitrate were examined. When the ammonium was added to the hydrogen ion, the ratios were substantially reduced, especially for group 4 sites (fig. 15d). With the addition of the ammonium, ratios were generally less than 2.0, and in most instances median ratios were less than 1.5. The ammonium could have been directly associated with one of the anions, such as sulfate (from an ammonium sulfate source), or ammonia could have neutralized hydrogen ions. Even though the most dramatic change occurred at group 4 sites (fig. 15c compared to fig. 15d), each of the chemical groups showed reductions. Reductions were pronounced at group 3 and 6 sites. These results indicate that ammonia may partly account for the lower hydrogen-ion concentrations observed at group 3, 4, and 6 sites. Although the addition of the ammonium changed the ratios considerably, all chemical groups still have ratios above 1.0.

Of the remaining measured cations (calcium, magnesium, potassium, and sodium), each was used separately to reduce the remaining ratio closer to 1.0. Results of the inclusion of all cations except calcium were essentially the same as shown in figure 15d and indicate that these cations had minimal effect. Addition of calcium reduced the ratios for each of the chemical groups (fig. 15e). Resulting ratios near 1.0 indicate either that calcium was associated with one of the anions (sulfate or nitrate), or that calcareous material may be neutralizing some of the hydrogen-ion concentrations. All chemical groups have slight positive biases (median ratios slightly less than 1.1), except group 4, which has a slight negative bias (median ratio near 0.9).

Ratios of acid-related species suggest that at some chemical groups (particularly 3 and 4) the neutralizing effects of ammonia and calcareous materials may partially account for the smaller observed hydrogen-ion concentrations. Consequently, the hydrogen-ion concentrations at group 1 sites may be large not only because of significant sources of oxides of sulfur and nitrogen, but also because of a lack of airborne ammonia and calcareous material.

In the presence of source loadings of ammonia, the loading of hydrogen ions, as determined from pH and precipitation quantity, may not be accurately reflecting the magnitude of the hydrogen-ion load to soils. Ammonia increases the pH of precipitation, but in the soil zone the hydrogen ion bound to ammonium may be released by oxidation of ammonium, causing a greater acidification than would occur if precipitation of the same pH did not contain ammonium (Junge, 1958).

RELATIONS BETWEEN QUANTITY AND CHEMISTRY OF PRECIPITATION

Kendall Tau Correlation and Regression Analysis Techniques

Chemical concentrations in precipitation are related to many factors, including the type and location of pollutant sources, ambient chemical loadings, chemical characteristics, and atmospheric reactions. Another important factor is the quantity of precipitation passing through the atmosphere and coming in contact with gases, aerosols, and particulates. As precipitation quantities increase, the finite supply of airborne chemicals may be removed and subsequently diluted, causing decreases in the overall chemical concentrations in precipitation. To explore relations between chemical concentrations in weekly precipitation samples and the quantity of weekly precipitation, correlation coefficients in the form of the Kendall Tau statistic (Conover, 1980) were computed for each constituent at each NTN site (results shown in Appendices II and III). Positive correlations indicate that as precipitation quantities increase, chemical concentrations increase. Negative correlations indicate that as precipitation quantities increase, chemical concentrations decrease.

Regression analyses were used to examine and develop quantitative relations between precipitation quantity and selected chemical concentrations among the chemical groups. Correlation analysis (in the previous section) was used to determine the degree to which the variables precipitation quantity and chemical concentrations were related. The primary goal of the regression analyses was to develop equations to (1) compute mean predicted values of chemical concentrations for specific precipitation quantities and (2) make regional comparisons.

Two terms used in this report to describe the error in a regression equation are the coefficient of determination, r^2 , and the standard error of estimate, SE (Draper and Smith, 1981). The coefficient of determination is a measure of how well the equation fits the data. This coefficient, times 100, is defined as the percent of dependent-variable variation explained by the equation. The standard error of estimate is a measure of the variance about the regression. For example, a standard error of estimate of 0.20 log units would indicate that approximately two-thirds of the measured values would fall within plus or minus 0.20 log units from the predicted value.

Table 8.--Computed Kendall Tau statistic between precipitation quantity and chemical concentrations in weekly precipitation samples

This table shows the percentages of NTN sites in each chemical group with Kendall Tau coefficients that are significantly correlated at at the 90-percent confidence level (p-level < 0.10). "P" indicates the percentage of sites with positive correlations, and "N" indicates the percentage of sites with negative correlations; for example, 68 percent of the 31 sites in chemical group 1 have negative correlations between precipitation quantity and specific conductance, and 0 percent of the 31 sites had positive correlations.

m	Total	<u> </u>	•	Per	cent	of tl	ne Na	ationa	1 Tr	ends	Net	work	site	s in (each	chem	ical	grou	<u></u>		<u> </u>
ical group	number of sites in group	La spec condu	aD cific uctance	Hyd. i	rogen on	Cal	cium	Magne	sium	Sodi	um	Potas	sium	Ammo	nium	Chlo	ride	plu nit	rite 15 rate	Sul	fate
1	31	68	N	39	N	94	N	87	N	68	N	84	N	64	N	71	N	87	N	81	N
		0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0 3	P
2	10	50	N	20	N	90	N	100	N	80	N	100	N	50	N	80	N	100	N	60	N
		0	Р	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P
3	23	61	N	9	N	91	N	100	N	96	N	78	N	39	N	91	N	87	N	65	N
		0	P	43	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	Р
4	13	92	N	8	N	92	N	85	N	92	N	77	N	38	N	92	N	85	N	92	N
		0	P	69	P	0	P	8	P	0	P	8	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P
5	16	94	N	50	N	94	N	88	N	50	N	81	N	69	N	44	N	100	N	94	N
		0	P	6	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P
6	13	69	N	23	N	100	N	54	N	46	N	85	N	54	N	54	N	85	N	92	N
		0	P	8	P	0	P	0	P	8	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P	0	P

Results of Analysis

Results of the correlation analysis (table 8) indicate that most chemicals in weekly precipitation samples, except hydrogen-ion concentrations, are negatively correlated with precipitation quantities. In addition, most of the correlations that were not significant (p-levels greater than 0.1) had positive Kendall Tau coefficients. Hydrogen was generally the only chemical constituent to show positive correlations with precipitation quantity; these positive correlations were predominant of group 3 and 4 sites. Group 2 and 6 sites that border group 3 and 4 sites showed the fewest significant correlations.

Results of the regression analyses show an inverse curvilinear relation between the variables, indicating that chemical concentrations decrease as precipitation quantities increase (fig. 16). The reason for an inverse relation is that the initial quantities of precipitation can efficiently remove a large amount of chemical constituents from the atmosphere. This removal process produces wide variations in chemical concentrations for small precipitation quantities, and the chemical concentrations in precipitation depend upon the level of chemical concentrations in the atmosphere. Large amounts of precipitation dilute the concentration of chemicals in the weekly samples. The dilution caused by increasing amounts of precipitation continues until chemical concentrations approach ambient baseline concentrations.

To aid in the evaluation of these inverse relations, the data were plotted on log-log diagrams and fitted with least squares regression lines (figs. 17a and 17b; table 9). Chemical concentrations reported below the analytical detection level were included in the calculations as values equal to one-half the detection level.

Regression equations that are based on the logarithms of variables will underestimate the predicted mean value of the dependent variable (chemical concentrations) for any fixed value of the independent variable (precipitation quantity); therefore, a correction factor (one-half of the square of the standard error of estimate) has been added to the predicted values shown in table 9 (Ferguson, 1986).



Figure 16.--Sulfate concentrations as a function of precipitation amounts for chemical group 1 sites.



Figure 17a.--Logarithmic relation between sulfate concentrations and precipitation amounts for weekly samples collected from chemical group 1 sites.



Figure 17b.--Logarithmic relation between sulfate concentrations and precipitation amounts for weekly samples collected from chemical group 6 sites (western coastal sites).

Except the calcium, the regression equations for each of the ions had small r^2 values (table 9). The small r^2 values in many cases reflect the large amount of variability in the data and the fact that precipitation quantity may not be a good predictor of concentration for several ions. Calcium exhibited the best relation with precipitation quantity, possibly because the major source of calcium (windblown soil) is considerably reduced (because of high soil moisture) during the period of a year when precipitation quantities tend to be largest.

Table 9.--Regression relations between selected chemical concentrations and precipitation quantities

The form of the regression equation is: $\ln C = \ln a + b [\ln Q]$, where C = chemical concentration, in milligrams per liter; "a" is the regression constant and "b" is the regression coefficient; and Q = precipitation quantity, in millimeters. SE = standard error of estimate, in log units; $r^2 = coefficient$ of determination; p-level = probability level; "N" = the number of data pairs of precipitation quantity and constituent concentration.

Chemica	1		Equat	ion coef:	ficient	s
group	N	ln a	b	SE	r²	P-level
			Н	ydrogen :	Lon	
1	929	-2.94	-0.147	1.006	0.03	0.0001
2	283	-3.55	0.017	1.007	.00	.73
3	684	-5.69	0.326	1.355	.09	.0001
4	316	-6.78	0.308	1.159	.10	.0001
5	427	-3.66	-0.118	1.188	.01	.0072
6	295	-5.64	0.001	1.023	.00	. 98
				Sulfate		
1	929	1.65	-0.338	0.757	0.21	0.0001
2	283	1.54	271	.607	.22	.0001
3	684	.645	199	.871	.08	.0001
4	316	.726	306	.825	.18	.0001
5	427	1.48	366	.584	.41	.0001
W	295	.351	405	.921	. 32	.0001
			Nitri	te plus 1	nitrate	
1	929	1.43	-0,424	0.750	0.30	0.0001
2	283	1.42	363	.577	. 35	.0001
3	684	.626	277	.865	.15	.0001
4	316	.580	282	.839	.15	.0001
5	427	1.10	441	. 804	. 34	.0001
6	295	120	384	1.36	.16	.0001
			Amr	nonium i	on	
1	929	-0.912	-0.365	1.23	0.10	0.0001
2	283	534	295	1.04	.10	.0001
3	684	-1.52	114	1.31	.01	.0032
4	316	-1.14	059	1.31	.00	.32
5	427	-1.07	362	1.16	.14	.0001
6	295	-1.90	340	1.49	.11	.0001
			Ca	alcium		
1	929	-0.130	-0.688	0.731	0.54	0.0000
2	283	096	550	.755	.42	.0000
3	684	288	492	.907	. 33	.0000
4	316	132	485	.881	.32	.0000
5	427	291	620	.653	.61	.0000
6	295	684	617	.712	.65	.0000

Predicted values from the regression analysis provide an estimate of the lower baseline concentrations for each of the chemical groups (table 10). Baseline concentrations are not considered to be background (meaning without man's influence), but instead represent the lowest expected mean concentration for a chemical group in 1983. Baseline values are estimated as being associated with a precipitation amount of 400 mm, which is about the maximum precipitation quantity measured for samples in 1983 (constituent values associated with 200 mm of precipitation were similar to those values associated with 400 mm). Baseline concentrations at most of the western coastal sites (group 6) show minimal direct influences by man because airflow is generally from the Pacific Ocean.

Precipitation quantity accounts for a small amount of the variation observed in the weekly pH values within a chemical group. Perhaps r^2 values would increase if regressions were computed on storm-event data that were analyzed separately for each site. Results (table 10) of the regression between precipitation quantity and hydrogen-ion concentration show that the group with the largest baseline pH value is chemical group 6 (western coastal sites). The regressions for group 1 and 5 data show positive relations between pH and precipitation quantity, those for groups 3 and 4 show negative relations, and those for groups 2 and 6 show no relation. The regression for group 6 data may be showing no relation because influences by man are minimal.

The concentration of hydrogen ions is inversely related to pH: as the concentration increases, pH values decrease. The positive relation between pH and precipitation quantities at group 1 and 5 sites is, therefore, consistent with the theory that as precipitation quantities increase, the finite supply of airborne hydrogen ions may be removed and subsequently diluted. The rationale for the statistically significant negative relations between pH and precipitation quantities at group 3 and 4 sites is not known, but the negative relations could be associated with relatively large decreases in acid-neutralizing anions as precipitation quantities increase. Both of the major acid-related constituents, sulfate and nitrate, evidently do decrease with increasing precipitation. Baseline nitrate levels are about 0.5 mg/L, for interior regions of the United States, and about 0.2 to 0.3 mg/L for coastal areas. Baseline sulfate levels reflect areas of high fossil fuel consumption, with values for group 1 and 2 sites being about 4 to 5 times the 0.2-mg/L level for group 6 sites.

Predicted ammonium-ion concentrations associated with 400 mm of precipitation varied considerably among the chemical groups. Coastal sites had small values and group 4 sites had the largest concentrations (livestock wastes, fertilizer, and soil pH may contribute to large ammonium concentrations in region 4). The fact that concentrations changed the least with precipitation at group 3 and 4 sites may indicate a relatively large ammonia source. Calcium concentrations dropped considerably with increasing precipitation. As noted earlier, calcium had the best relation with precipitation quantity. Group 3 and 4 sites had the largest baseline values, coincident with largest ammonium concentrations. The larger concentrations of calcium at group 3 and 4 sites probably reflect the windblown soil particulate contributions from agricultural activities. Baseline calcium concentrations are about 0.03 mg/L in all groups, except 3 and 4, where baseline concentrations are about 0.06 mg/L.

Table 10.--Predicted precipitation chemistry forselected precipitation quantities

The equations shown in table 9 were used to calculate the predicted chemical concentrations. The predicted hydrogen-ion concentrations, in milligrams per liter, were converted to pH values in this table.

Chemical		Preci	pitation	quantity	, in mill	imeters	
group	0.3	1	10	50	100	200	400
• <u> </u>			pH, in pl	H units			
1	3.98	4.06	4.20	4.31	4.35	4.40	4.44
2	4.33	4.32	4.30	4.29	4.29	4.28	4.28
3	5.24	5.07	4.75	4.52	4.42	4.32	4.22
4	5.81	5.65	5.34	5.13	5.04	4.94	4.85
5	4.22	4.28	4.40	4.48	4.52	4.55	4.59
6	5.22	5.22	5.22	5.22	5.22	5.22	5.22
		Sulfate,	in mill:	igrams per	r liter		
1	10.4	6.92	3.18	1.84	1.46	1.15	0.91
2	7.73	5.58	2.99	1,93	1.60	1.33	1.10
3	3.54	2.78	1.76	1.28	1.11	0.97	. 84
4	4.20	2.91	1.44	.88	0.71	. 57	.46
5	8.08	5.20	2.23	1.24	.96	.74	. 58
6	3.54	2.17	.86	.44	.34	. 25	.19
	Nitrit	e plus ni	trate, i	n milligra	ams per 1	iter	
1	9.26	5.56	2.09	1.06	0.79	0.59	0.44
2	7.59	4.90	2.13	1.19	.92	.72	. 56
3	3.79	2.72	1.44	0.92	.76	.63	. 52
4	3.57	2.54	1.33	.84	.69	. 57	.47
5	7.03	4.13	1.50	.74	. 54	.40	.29
6	3.54	2.23	0.92	. 50	.38	. 29	.22
	Am	nonium io	n, in mi	lligrams	per liter	,	
1	1 32	0.85	0.37	0.20	0 16	0 12	0 10
2	1 44	1 01	51	32	26	21	17
3	0.59	52	40	33	30	28	26
ů L	81	.52	.40	60	.50	55	53
5	1 05	68	.00	16	13	10	08
6	.68	.45	.21	.12	.09	.07	.06
		Calcium,	in mill:	igrams per	r liter	· · ·	
1	2.63	1.15	0.23	0.08	0.05	0.03	0.02
2	2.34	1.21	.34	.14	.10	.06	.04
3	2,04	1.13	.36	.16	.12	.08	.06
4	2.32	1.29	.42	.19	.14	.10	.07
5	1,95	.92	. 22	.08	.05	.03	. 02
6	1.37	.65	.16	.06	.04	.02	.02
-							

The baseline chemical concentrations in precipitation for the six chemical groups (table 10) were compared to the chemical concentrations These in precipitation measured at five remote sites around the world. remote sites are located in Alaska, Australia, Bermuda, South Indian Ocean, and Venezuela. Effects of man's activities on precipitation chemistry at these remote sites were expected to be minimal, and the data from these sites used for this comparison were collected from December 3, 1979, to May 1, 1981 (Calloway and others, 1982). The median volume-weighted concentrations of sulfate, nitrate, and ammonia at the remote sites (0.34, 0.16, 0.038 milligrams per liter respectively) are most similar to those baseline concentrations (0.19, 0.22, and 0.06 milligrams per liter respectively; listed in table 10) for chemical group 6 (western coastal sites). The baseline concentrations for the other chemical groups were generally more than twice those concentrations at the remote sites. The median pH for the remote sites (pH - 4.81, based on the median of the volume-weighted hydrogen-ion concentrations) was most similar to the baseline pH of chemical group 5. Except for group 6, which has a baseline pH (pH -5.22) slightly larger than the median pH of the remote sites, the baseline pH values of the other chemical groups were all smaller (smaller pH values indicate larger hydrogen-ion concentrations). These comparisons indicate that, for large precipitation quantities, the chemical concentrations at the western coastal sites in chemical group 6 are minimally influenced by man's activities and tend to be most representative of median chemical concentrations at remote sites around the world.

SUMMARY

Frequency distributions of precipitation-chemistry data for the 1983 calendar year are tabulated for 10 measured chemicals in precipitation and for precipitation quantities from 109 NTN sites in the United States. Generally, the constituent concentrations in precipitation vary widely from site to site. Data from the NTN sites and from 28 CANSAP sites were screened against a set of criteria to insure the representativeness of precipitation samples. Subsequently, each site was evaluated under four criteria to insure representative data coverage for the year. Application of screening criteria reduced the data set to 55 NTN and 18 CANSAP sites. The data from these 73 sites were used to construct maps that show annual mean volume-weighted concentrations and annual loads in precipitation for several chemicals for the conterminous United States. An interpolation technique (Kriging) was used to delineate lines of equal constituent concentrations nationwide. These maps show that the largest chemical concentrations and loads in precipitation are found mostly in the geographic areas of the highly industrialized and densely populated northeastern United States. Ammonium and calcium concentrations in precipitation were largest in the agricultural midwest and plains states.

Trilinear diagrams of chemical ionic concentration were used to group NTN data into six chemical groups. The groups, each having precipitation with a distinctive chemical composition, are located in well-defined geographical areas. The chemical groups show influences on precipitation chemistry from the following sources: proximity of sites to the oceans, proximity of sites to the major industrial and fossilfuel consuming areas, and proximity of sites to the major areas of agricultural activity.

Finally, selected ionic ratios in precipitation were examined for each chemical group. Cation-to-anion ratios generally were between 0.9 and 1.1, but group 4 sites had a positive bias, with a ratio of about 1.2. The most likely cause of a high cation-to-anion ratio is that one of the anion determinations is consistently biased low or that one of the anions is not being determined. Ratios of sulfate to nitrate in precipitation are much larger in chemical groups 1 and 2 than in group 6 (western coastal sites). Regional differences in sulfate-to-nitrate ratios may reflect differences in the type of fossil fuel consumption; eastern regions may exhibit larger sulfate concentrations because of greater consumption of high-sulfur coal. Large hydrogen-ion concentrations in milliequivalents per liter (groups 1 and 2) were approximately balanced by sulfate-plus-nitrate ion concentrations. For chemical groups that have small hydrogen-ion concentrations (groups 3 and 4), ammonium and calcium-ion concentrations, along with hydrogen-ion concentrations, are necessary to ionically balance the sulfate-plusnitrate concentrations. Thus ammonium and calcium in precipitation may partly account for the high pH values in chemical groups 3 and 4 because they may have neutralized some of the hydrogen ions.

Constituent concentrations in precipitation and precipitation quantity relations were evaluated by using correlation and regression analysis. Kendall Tau correlation analysis indicated that significant $(\rho$ -level <0.10) negative correlations between constituent concentrations in precipitation and precipitation quantity occur at most of the NTN sites for the following constituents: specific conductance, calcium, magnesium, sodium, potassium, chloride, nitrite plus nitrate, and sulfate. Although significant correlations for ammonium were all negative, almost 50 percent of sites showed that ammonium in precipitation and precipitation quantity were not significantly correlated. Correlations between the pH of precipitation and precipitation quantity generally were negative for chemical groups 3 and 4 and were positive for groups 1 and 5. Few significant correlations between hydrogen ion in precipitation and precipitation quantity were observed in chemical groups 2 and 6. These few significant correlations may be found in chemical group 6 (western coastal sites) because of minimal influences by man and the relative uniformity of ambient air quality over the Pacific Ocean. Regression analysis indicated that precipitation quantities collected on a weekly basis account for a small amount of the variation observed in the corresponding concentrations of most constituents in precipitation, especially hydrogen. Calcium was the only exception. Precipitation quantity accounted for more than 30 percent of the calcium variation in precipitation, possibly because of increased dilution of samples and the effects of soil moisture. Increased soil moisture reduces the availability of windborne calcareous-soil particulates in the atmosphere.

The baseline chemical concentrations in precipitation for the six chemical groups in the conterminous United States were compared to chemical concentrations in precipitation measured at five remote sites around the world. These comparisons indicate that, for large precipitation quantities, the chemical concentrations at the western coastal sites in chemical group 6 are minimally influenced by man's activities and tend to be most representative of median chemical concentrations at remote sites around the world.

REFERENCES CITED

- Bigelow, D. S., 1984, Instruction Manual NADP/NTN site selection and installation: National Atmospheric Deposition Program, 23 p. and appendices.
- Bloxam, Robert M., Hornbeck, James W., and Martin, C. Wayne, 1984, The influence of storm characteristics on sulfate in precipitation: Water, Air, and Soil Pollution, v. 23, p. 359-374.
- Conover, W. J., 1980, Practical nonparametric statistics (2nd ed.): New York, John Wiley and Sons, 493 p.
- Draper, N. R., and Smith, H., 1981, Applied regression analysis (2nd ed): New York, John Wiley and Sons, 709 p.
- Ferguson, R. I., 1986, River loads underestimated by rating curves: Water Resources Research, v. 22, no. 1, p. 74-76.
- Galloway, J. N., Likens, G. E., Keene, W. C., and Miller, J. M., 1982, The composition of precipitation in remote areas of the world: Journal of Geophysical Research, v. 87, no. 11, p. 8771-8786.
- Hem, John D., 1985, Study and interpretation of the chemical characteristics of natural water: U.S. Geological Survey Water Supply Paper 2254 (3rd ed.), 263 p.
- Junge, Christian E., 1958, The distribution of ammonia and nitrate in rain water over the United States: Transactions, American Geophysical Union, v. 39, no. 2, p. 241-248.
- Laird, L. B., Taylor, H. E., and Kennedy, V. C., 1986, Snow chemistry of the Cascade-Sierra Nevada Mountains: Environmental Science and Technology, v. 20, no. 3, p. 275-290.
- Likens, G. E., and Butler, T. J., 1981, Recent acidification of precipitation in North America: Atmospheric Environment, v. 15, p. 1103.
- Miles, Larry J., and Yost, Kenneth J., 1982, Quality analysis of USGS precipitation chemistry data for New York: Atmospheric Environment, v. 16, no. 12, p. 2889-2899.
- National Atmospheric Deposition Program Subcommittee Number 3, Data Management and Analysis, 1985, NADP annual data summary of precipitation chemistry in the United States 1982: National Atmospheric Deposition Program, 134 p.
- Olea, Ricardo A., 1975, Optimum mapping techniques using regionalized variable theory: Kansas Geological Survey, 137 p.
- Robertson, J. K., and Wilson, J. W., 1985, Design of the National Trends Network for monitoring the chemistry of atmospheric precipitation: U.S. Geological Survey Circular 964, 46 p.
- SAS Institute, 1982, User's Guide: Basics, SAS Institute, Inc., Cary, North Carolina, 921 p.

- Skriven, James A., and Karlinger, Michael R., 1980, Semi-variogram estimation and universal Kriging program: U.S. Geological Survey Computer Contribution, 98 p.
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1957, The yearbook of agriculture 1957, 85th Congress, 1st Session, House Document No. 30, 784 p.
- U.S. Department of Energy, 1985, Cost and quality of fuels for electric utility plants, 1984: DOE/EIA-0191(84), 222 p.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1980, Acid rain: EPA-600/9-79-036, 36 p.
- U.S. Geological Survey, 1970, The national atlas of the United States of America: U.S Department of Interior, Washington, D.C., 417 p.
- Watson, C. R., and Olsen, A. R., 1984, Acid deposition system (ADS) for statistical reporting, system design and user's code manual: EPA-600/8-84-023, 32 p. and appendices.

1

APPENDIX I: DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL COMPUTATIONS, TABLES, AND FIGURES FOR INDIVIDUAL STATION SUMMARIES

Chemical analyses of the weekly composited precipitation samples collected in calendar year 1983 are summarized for each of the National Trends Network sites. Laboratory analytical results reported in this section are specific conductance, pH, ammonium, calcium, magnesium, potassium, sodium, chloride, nitrite plus nitrate, and sulfate. Analyses of each of the weekly composited precipitation samples are available in the 1983 National Atmospheric Deposition Program Quarterly Reports (National Atmospheric Deposition Program, 1985). The quarterly reports also include determinations of phosphate and field measurements of pH and specific conductance of precipitation. Phosphate determinations are not summarized in this report, because the majority of the reported concentrations are below the analytical detection limit of 0.003 mg/L.

Individual site data are summarized in the Appendices II and III. One section includes those sites that have complete precipitationchemistry records in 1983 (as defined by criteria outlined earlier in the report); the other site-summary section includes those sites having partial precipitation-chemistry records (site data not meeting criteria for annual statistical computations, such as annual volume-weighted means and annual totals).

The following is a description of selected information, statistical computations, and figures for each NTN site shown in Appendices II and III:

- Station name -- NADP/NTN (National Atmospheric Deposition Program/National Trends Network) station name.
- (2) CAL number -- Site code designated by the CAL (Central Analytical Laboratory) of Illinois State Water Survey in Champaign, Illinois. CAL analyzes precipitation samples for the NADP/NTN network.
- (3) ADS number -- Site code used in the Acid Deposition System data repository system.
- (4) Total measured ppt (precipitation) -- Total measured precipitation from the rain gage. Precipitation amounts from the precipitation (wet-deposition) sample bucket were substituted for missing raingage measurements.
- (5) Distribution percentiles of selected constituents -- Percentiles provide a measure of the variability of the data. The tables show the 0 (minimum), 10, 25, 50 (median), 75, 90, and 100 (maximum) percentiles.
- (6) Arithmetic mean -- Arithmetic mean is equal to the sum of constituent values divided by the number of measurements.

(7) Volume-weighted mean chemical concentration is computed as follows:

Volume-weighted mean = Sum of the products: constituent concentrations concentration Sum of the precipitation volumes for each sample

Precipitation volumes for each sample are from the rain gage; precipitation amounts from the precipitation (wet-deposition) sample bucket are substituted for missing rain-gage measurements.

Precipitation volume-weighted means correspond to chemical concentrations that would occur in annual-composited, precipitation samples, assuming that chemical species are conservative.

For volume-weighted pH values, each pH value was first converted to a hydrogen-ion concentration, using the equation:

 (H^+) , in moles per liter = $10^{-\text{pH}}$.

The volume-weighted mean hydrogen-ion concentration was computed (using the above equation) and then converted back to a pH value.

- (8) Total load -- The total constituent load is computed based on the annual mass of the chemical constituent that collects in the precipitation (wet-deposition) bucket. The chemical mass is the sum of the products of the rain-gage amounts and chemical concentration for each precipitation sample. The rain-gage amount is the predicted volume of precipitation (based on the rain-gage depth) that would have collected in the precipitationsample bucket.
- (9) Kendall tau correlations -- A nonparametric statistic that shows the degree of association between precipitation quantities and chemical concentrations in wet deposition. Positive Kendall tau coefficients show a positive relation between precipitation quantities and chemical concentrations in precipitation (as precipitation quantities increase, chemical concentrations increase); negative coefficients show negative relations between precipitation quantities and chemical concentrations in precipitation quantities and chemical concentrations in precipitation (as precipitation quantities increase, chemical concentrations decrease).
- (10) Percentiles of volume-weighted means -- Percentile distributions for volume-weighted means were computed for the 55 sites that met criteria for having complete precipitation-chemistry records for 1983. These percentiles are graphically shown for each volume-weighted mean for each site (that had complete records).

If a particular site has a mean volume-weighted mean sulfate concentration in precipitation that ranks at the 50th percentile, 50 percent of the 55 sites (27 sites) have volumeweighted mean nitrate concentrations less than or equal to the mean for the particular site, and 50 percent of the sites have volume-weighted mean sulfate concentrations greater than or equal to the mean for the particular site.

- (11) Date bar plot of selected constituents -- Date bar plots show weekly rain-gage measurements and weekly concentrations of pH, sulfate, and nitrate for weekly precipitation samples from the 55 sites that had complete precipitation-chemistry records in 1983. The overlying line plots show cumulative constituent loads. Constituent loads are a function of rain-gage quantities and constituent concentrations. As quantity or concentration increase, the constituent load increases.
- (12) Trilinear diagrams -- Diagrams that show the percentage composition of major cations and anions in precipitation for each site. Percentages are based on the percent of total equivalents per liter.

APPENDIX II:

Statistical Summaries for

Stations with Sufficient Data for Characterizing

Precipitation Chemistry in 1983

(Station summaries are ordered numerically by Map ID numbers listed in table 1)

NATIONAL TRENDS NETWORK -- 1983 CALENDER YEAR SUMMARY DATA

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Warren 2WSW, Arkansas CAL number: AR02 Map ID number: 2 ADS number: 268a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 78 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 52 (371) (350) -- When ppt occurred: 49 -- When ppt did not occur: 3 (21) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 35 (252)

Latitude: 33°36'15" Longitude: 92°06'02"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 73.6

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 79.0

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 98.5

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1324.8

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	.c Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.9	3.86	0.04	0.007	0.015	0.010	0.01	0.04	0.24	0.46	1.07E-03
10 percentile	.10	4.9	4.26	.04	.018	.064	.014	.04	.10	. 29	0.56	3.09E-03
25 percentile	4.50	6.8	4.46	.10	.021	.087	.023	.10	. 17	.68	0.72	6.17E-03
50 percentile	13.75	14.7	4.77	. 18	.035	.154	.037	. 20	. 22	. 97	1.35	1.70E-02
75 percentile	40.67	21.0	5.21	.36	.065	.206	.062	.31	.36	1.73	2.4	3.47E-02
90 percentile	63.35	36.0	5,52	. 63	.099	.458	.103	. 59	. 57	3.21	3.26	5.52E-02
Maximum value	119,90	66.2	5.97	1.06	.250	.712	.177	1.18	1.02	3.89	6.95	1.38E-01
Volume-weighted mea	n NA	10.4	4.87	. 17	.031	.142	.034	.20	.23	.76	1.13	1.36E-02
Arithmetic mean	25.48	17.5	4.86	. 27	.051	. 197	.049	.27	0.29	1.30	1.81	2.47E-02
No. of samples	52	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	ŇA	0.176	0.032	.149	.035	0.209	0.238	0.794	1.179	1.4E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.024	.003	.014	.005	.024	. 023	.083	0.108	2.5E-03
Correlation with pp	t volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.51	0.36	39	50	30	45	20	26	59	46	-0.36
P-level		.000	.002	.001	.000	.012	.000	.093	.028	.000	.000	.002



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site AR02, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site AR02. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO $_3$ and sulfate as SO $_4$.



Percentage composition of major ions for site AR02.

NATIONAL TRENDS NETWORK -- 1983 CALENDER YEAR SUMMARY DATA

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Fayetteville, Arkanses			Latitude: 36°06'02" Longitude: 94°10)'24"
CAL number: AR27 Ma	ap ID :	number: 4		
ADS number: 004a00			Station summery period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea leve	l, in m	meters: 391	Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 day	7S)
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n pare	nthesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	98.1
With ppt measurements:	52	(364)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	83.0
When ppt occurred:	46	(322)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	92.1
When ppt did not occur:	6	(42)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample bucket:	87.5
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)		

Totel meesured ppt, in mm: 906.5

38

(266)

-- With chemical samples:

Lab Nitrite Measpecific Magne-Potas-Chlorplus Hydrogen sured conduc-Calcium sium Sodium sium Ammonia ide nitrate Sulfate ion as NO, as SO4 Statistical ppt, tance, Lab as Ca, as Mr as Ne as K, as NH as Cl, as H, measures рĦ mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mm μS/cm mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L 5.62E-04 Minimum value 0.00 5.4 4.29 0.05 0.011 0.029 0.010 0.05 0.05 0.40 0.55 10 percentile 7.93E-04 .00 7.6 4.63 .09 .014 .037 .016 .15 .09 .48 .72 25 percentile 1.20 8.9 4.84 .18 . 024 .056 .021 . 23 .12 . 77 1.01 3.78E-03 50 percentile 10.30 12.3 5.00 . 34 .034 .130 .050 .41 1.00 1.59 1.00E-02 .18 75 percentile 26.52 18.6 5.43 . 59 .065 .270 .080 .83 . 29 1.98 2.91 1.43E-02 90 percentile 50.36 26.4 6.10 .79 .143 . 574 .221 1.32 .72 3.22 3.55 2.36E-02 1.98 7.96 Maximum value 65.80 69.0 6.25 5.80 . 62.5 2.400 .690 2.92 10.04 5.13E-02 NA Volume-weighted mean 11.6 4.96 . 27 .032 . 128 .047 .39 . 19 . 99 1.51 1.11E-02 Arithmetic mean 17.43 15.8 5.15 . 54 .065 . 257 .081 . 57 .34 1.60 2.19 1.16E-02 No. of valid samples 52 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 Total load, g/m2 1.257 9.2E-03 NA NA NA 0.229 0.027 0.106 0.039 0.322 0.158 0.826 Maximum interval load, g/m2 NA NA NA .018 .002 .012 . 009 .033 .019 .055 0.102 1.1E-03 Correlation with ppt volume: Cond рĦ Ca Mg Na ĸ NH C1 NO SO H -.53 -0.42 Kendall tau -.41 -.06 -.45 -.52 -.41 -.49 -.39 -.40 0.06 P-level .000 . 589 .000 .000 .000 .000 .001 .001 .000 .000 . 589



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site AR27, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site AR27. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site AR27.
[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

Latitude: 36°04'18" Longitude: 112°09'11"

CAL number: AZ03 Map ID number: 5 ADS number: 068a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 2152 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 44 (308)

STATION: Grand Canyon, Arizona

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 80.9

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 90.9

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 90.3

-- When ppt did not occur: 9 (63)
-- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 1 (6)
-- With chemical samples: 34 (237)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 518.5

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO 4 mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.2	4.24	0.05	0.014	0.021	0.002	0.01	0.04	0.09	0.05	4.47E-04
10 percentile	.00	3.4	4.82	.06	.016	.030	.005	.01	.06	. 16	.38	9.02E-04
25 percentile	.30	4.2	5.18	. 12	.023	.046	.011	.03	.09	.41	. 52	1.56E-03
50 percentile	4.30	6.1	5.38	.30	.066	.094	.023	.08	.13	.71	.74	4.13E-03
75 percentile	13.85	14.2	5.81	.81	. 172	.285	.048	.18	.35	1.33	1.60	6.54E-03
90 percentile	29.96	25.3	6.04	2.44	.363	.919	.112	.31	. 58	3.16	2.44	1.53E-02
Maximum value	53.30	45.5	6.35	2.76	.615	1.220	.466	. 98	1.64	4.89	4.75	5.75E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	6.1	5.28	. 27	.052	.093	.025	.10	. 13	.69	.72	5.29E-03
Arithmetic mean	9.78	10.8	5.44	. 62	. 127	.241	.051	. 14	. 27	1.11	1.17	6.75E-03
No. of samples	53	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.125	0.025	0.044	0.012	0.045	0.063	0.325	0.340	2.5E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.029	.004	.005	.003	.006	.007	.039	.043	3.2E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	SO4	н
Kendall tau		-0.52	-0.11	59	61	54	50	07	51	31	47	0.11
P-level		.000	.381	.000	.000	.000	.000	. 591	.000	.010	.000	.381



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site AZ03, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site AZ03. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site AZ03.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument, Arizona CAL number: AZ06 Map ID number: 6 ADS number: 003a01 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 506 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 34 (238) Latitude: 31*57'02" Longitude: 112*48'00"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 day	/s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurments:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	83.0
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	91.6
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	93.7

With ppt measurements:	53	(371)
When ppt occurred:	34	(238)
When ppt did not occur:	19	(133)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	1	(7)
With chemical samples:	25	(175)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 469.6

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO mg/L	Hydrogen ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.6	4.75	0.03	0.010	0.039	0.006	0.01	0.08	0.01	0.05	2.19E-04
10 percentile	.00	3.0	4.92	.04	.015	.071	.007	.01	.10	.02	.16	3.26E-04
25 percentile	.00	4.6	5.29	.09	.023	.097	.022	.01	. 18	.13	.41	6.11E-04
50 percentile	. 30	9.9	5.69	. 32	.072	.277	.058	.10	. 39	. 53	.78	2.04E-03
75 percentile	4.95	23.0	6.21	.65	. 328	2.050	.119	.35	2.71	1.39	1.63	5.15E-03
90 percentile	34.38	39.9	6.50	1.76	. 545	3.426	. 279	.65	5.92	3.18	2.75	1.21E-02
Maximum value	111.00	51.9	6.66	2.86	.754	4.580	. 484	.89	7.37	4.40	6.83	1.78E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	6.2	5.33	. 15	.046	. 262	.026	. 11	. 4 4	. 44	. 53	4.71E-03
Arithmetic mean	8.86	15.5	5.72	.61	.185	1.032	.096	.21	1.59	. 93	1.24	3.75E-03
No. of samples	53	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.063	0.020	0.113	0.011	0.048	0.189	0.191	0.229	2.0E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.013	.005	.040	.002	.016	.066	.068	.057	4.7E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.61	-0.39	64	66	61	68	21	51	28	43	0.39
P-level		.000	.007	.000	.000	.000	.000	.155	.000	.052	.003	.007



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site AZ06, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site AZ06. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site AZ06.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Tanbark Flat, California CAL number: CA42 Map ID number: 8 ADS number: 270a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 853 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 37 (259) -- When ppt did not occur: 16 (112) -- When sample volume was substiLatitude: 34°12'27" Longitude: 117°45'39"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (3	371 days)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no	oppt: 81.1
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical sample	es: 94.5
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	S
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	91.5

tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	27	(189)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1318.6

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	ic Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.3	3.57	0.01	0.006	0.024	0.003	0.03	0.05	0.22	0.05	9.77E-04
10 percentile	.00	4.0	4.14	.02	.012	.039	.007	.04	.07	. 42	. 27	2.66E-03
25 percentile	.00	5.9	4.47	.04	.026	. 162	.013	.11	.27	.49	. 46	6.61E-03
50 percentile	2.00	12.9	4.84	.07	.055	.241	.031	. 16	.42	1.22	. 91	1.45E-02
75 percentile	36.45	29,6	5.18	.34	.121	. 598	.064	.85	. 93	4.50	1.66	3.39E-02
90 percentile	91.60	63.5	5.58	.66	.300	1.184	.184	1.28	1.84	9.53	4.86	7.36E-02
Maximum value	228.60	156.6	6.01	2.11	. 422	2.540	.351	2.44	4.52	20.30	8.35	2.69E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	8.7	5.02	.07	.044	. 286	.020	. 17	. 52	. 84	. 56	9.52E-03
Arithmetic mean	24.88	24.6	4.84	. 27	.097	. 474	.058	. 49	.73	3.31	1.62	3.20E-02
No. of samples	53	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.082	0.054	0.357	0.025	0.214	0.652	1.048	0.700	1.2E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.011	.014	. 100	.005	.037	. 197	.096	.089	1.2E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.63	0.54	66	50	34	63	41	21	68	73	-0.54
P-level		.000	.000	.000	.000	.014	.000	.003	.118	.000	.000	.000



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site CA42, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site CA42. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site CA42.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Hopland (Ukiah), California CAL number: CA45 Map ID number: 9 ADS number: 007a00 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 253 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days) Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurments: 100.0 -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 92.4 -- When ppt occurred: (252) 36 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 86.9 -- When ppt did not occur: 17 (119) Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was -- When sample volume was substicollected in wet-sample bucket: 99.1 tuted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 32 (224) Total measured ppt, in mm: 1827.9

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO mg/L	Sulfate as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.3	4.88	0.01	0.007	0.017	0.003	0.01	0.05	0.01	0,05	8.91E-04
10 percentile	.00	3.1	5.10	.03	.013	.055	.010	.01	. 12	.01	.05	1.45E-03
25 percentile	.00	4.5	5.27	.04	.023	. 124	.015	.01	.20	. 11	. 27	2.69E-03
50 percentile	8,60	5.8	5.45	.05	.041	. 268	.025	. 04	. 40	. 27	.41	3.55E-03
75 percentile	64.75	8.6	5.57	.09	.087	. 493	.044	. 12	. 88	.65	.61	5.37E-03
90 percentile	114.26	13.1	5.84	. 36	.161	1.097	.106	.16	2.08	1.46	. 96	7.94E-03
Maximum value	181.90	29.0	6.05	1.22	.381	1.360	.212	. 29	2.92	1,81	2.09	1.32E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	6.1	5.46	.05	.060	. 423	.025	.05	. 78	. 27	.34	3.48E-03
Arithmetic mean	34.49	7.5	5.44	. 13	.067	. 395	.042	.07	.71	. 46	. 49	4.30E-03
No. of samples	53	3 2	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.072	0.095	0.671	0.039	0.081	1.241	0.425	0.547	5.5E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.009	.014	.091	.005	.013	0.177	.058	. 052	5.0E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.16	0.16	55	03	. 12	28	11	0.23	23	-0.34	-0.16
P-level		. 200	.211	.000	. 820	.347	. 024	.400	.067	.066	.008	.211



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site CA45, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.

Latitude: 39°00'17" Longitude: 123°05'05"



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site CA45. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site CA45.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Sequoia National Park, CaliforniaCAL number:CA75Map ID number:10ADS number:008a00Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters:1856Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis):----(364)--With ppt measurements:52(364)--When ppt occurred:37(259)--When ppt did not occur:15(105)

Latitude: 36°34'09" Longitude: 118°46'40"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)Percent summary period with ppt measurements:98.1Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:73.6Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:86.1Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
collected in the wet-sample bucket:101.2

When ppt did not occur:	15	(105)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	12	(84)
With chemical samples:	24	(168)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1489.7

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH 4 mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.1	4.44	0.01	0.006	0.017	0.007	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	6.03E-04
10 percentile	.00	2.3	4.70	.02	.009	.028	.008	.01	. 07	.07	.05	1.01E-03
25 percentile	.00	3.0	5.29	.03	.012	.057	.013	.05	.09	. 17	.21	1.72E-03
50 percentile	6.25	5.1	5.50	.06	.026	.078	.021	. 11	. 14	.36	. 51	3.16E-03
75 percentile	43.27	8.4	5.76	.18	.051	.240	.072	. 25	. 28	1.39	.91	5.07E-03
90 percentile	97.08	15.3	5.99	.35	.078	.354	.164	.75	. 50	2.33	1.62	1.97E-02
Maximum velue	170.60	27.8	6.22	. 58	.096	.414	.200	1.02	.76	4.40	2.60	3.63E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	3.7	5.44	.04	.019	.097	. 022	.09	. 17	. 28	. 29	3.60E-03
Arithmetic mean	28.65	7.1	5.46	.12	.035	. 142	.050	. 23	. 21	.84	.66	6.02E-03
No. of samples	52	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.054	0.024	0.124	0.028	0.118	0.214	0.355	0.376	4.6E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.007	.004	.027	.008	.017	.050	.041	.074	7.1E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.60	0.00	68	-,57	34	56	49	35	57	62	0.00
P-level		.000	. 980	.000	,000	. 020	.000	.001	.020	.000	.000	. 980



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site CA75, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site CA75. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site CA75.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Davis, California		
CAL number: CA88 N	ap ID n	umber: 11
ADS number: 009a00		
Station altitude above mean sea leve	el, in m	eters: 18
Number of sampling intervals (days i	n paren	thesis):
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)
When ppt occurred:	33	(231)
When ppt did not occur:	20	(140)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	21	(147)

Latitude: 38°32'07" Longitude: 121°46'30"

 Station summary period:
 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period:
 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 77.4

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 89.9

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 97.3

Total measured ppt, in mm: 918.1

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH mg/L	Chlor- ide , as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ mg/L	Sulfat as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.1	5.23	0.02	0.011	0.041	0.006	0.03	0.06	0.32	0.19	3.98E-04
10 percentile	.00	4.0	5.37	. 03	.012	.049	.010	.18	.09	.36	.35	8.55E-04
25 percentile	.00	5.4	5.69	.04	.021	.103	.012	.31	.15	. 50	. 42	1.08E-03
50 percentile	.30	7.2	5.85	.05	.036	.208	.020	.35	.34	. 73	. 63	1.41E-03
75 percentile	27.30	10.8	5.96	.11	.061	. 327	.034	. 56	. 59	1.01	. 82	2.05E-03
90 percentile	60.08	13.0	6.07	.25	.306	. 923	. 087	.72	1.70	1.40	1.20	4.29E-03
Maximum value	111.80	30.6	6.40	. 84	.442	3.510	.149	.77	6.63	1.70	1.44	5.89E-03
Volume-weighted mean	NA	6.6	5.82	. 06	.045	.310	.025	. 37	. 56	.64	. 53	1.53E-03
Arithmetic mean	17.32	8.5	5,81	.11	. 073	. 402	.031	. 41	.72	.78	.65	1.85E-03
No. of samples	53	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.048	0.037	0.256	0.020	0.302	0.465	0.528	0.435	1.3E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.006	. 007	.058	.005	. 037	. 109	. 078	.055	1.5E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH,	Cl	NO	so,	Н
Kendall tau		-0.48	0.17	45	24	04	26	26	.00	42	45	-0.17
P-level		. 003	. 290	.006	.131	.809	.102	,096	1.000	.009	. 004	. 290





.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site CA88. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO₃ and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site CA88.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Yosemite National Park, California CAL number: CA99 Map ID number: 13 ADS number: 157a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 1408 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 54 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 41 (280) -- When ppt did not occur: 13 (91) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 3 (20) -- With chemical samples: 31 (210) Total measured ppt, in mm: 2322.2

Latitude: 37°47'49" Longitude: 119°51'30"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Length of summary period: 54 sampling intervals (371 days) Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100.0 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 81.1 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 87.0 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: 100.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	1.8	4.55	0.00	0.001	0.015	0.003	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	1.45E-03
10 percentile	.00	2.1	4.68	.01	.004	.022	.004	.01	.05	.08	.05	2.00E-03
25 percentile	.00	2.8	5.24	.01	.009	.043	.008	.01	.07	. 17	.25	2.29E-03
50 percentile	7.00	4.2	5.43	.06	.018	.065	.018	.09	.11	.34	. 44	3.72E-03
75 percentile	82.50	8.8	5.64	. 12	.038	.214	.045	. 29	. 22	1.49	. 99	5.75E-03
90 percentile	138.95	15.9	5.70	. 33	.097	.309	. 100	.61	.46	1.99	1.33	2.11E-02
Maximum value	210.80	24.8	5.84	.61	. 142	. 892	. 569	.76	1.44	3.04	1.52	2.82E-02
Volume-weighted mear	n NA	3.7	5.46	.04	.015	.078	.014	.08	. 14	. 29	. 28	3.43E-03
Arithmetic mean	43.00	6.9	5.36	. 11	.032	. 133	.046	.18	. 20	. 76	. 57	6.38E-03
No. of samples	54	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.085	0.030	0.159	0.028	0.163	0.275	0.584	0.560	6.9E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	. 022	.004	.029	.004	.029	.044	.119	.072	7.8E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.55	0.35	49	53	35	53	-,37	28	54	52	-0.35
P-level		.000	. 007	.000	.000	.006	.000	.006	.031	.000	.000	0.007



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site CO15, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



/

Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site CA99. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site CA99.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Sand Spring, Colorado			Latitude: 40°30'27" Longitude: 107°	42'07"
CAL number: CO15 M	ap ID n	umber: 16		
ADS number: 173a00			Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea leve	1, in m	neters: 1998	Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 day	ys)
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n paren	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	77.4
When ppt occurred:	51	(357)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	77.0
When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample bucket:	96.8
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)		
With chemical samples:	39	(273)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 427.7	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH 4 mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.9	4.01	0.03	0.007	0.021	0.004	0.01	0.01	0.23	0.38	1.41E-04
10 percentile	.30	4.7	4.69	.07	.016	. 028	.006	.04	.04	. 46	.45	7.08E-04
25 percentile	1.85	6.3	4.90	. 12	.024	.044	.013	.08	.07	.70	.6	2.19E-03
50 percentile	5.60	10.2	5.13	.28	.046	.079	.020	. 19	. 12	1.13	1.28	7.41E-03
75 percentile	11.30	17.1	5.66	.67	. 121	. 175	.062	. 27	. 23	2.15	1.84	1.26E-02
90 percentile	21.30	27.1	6.15	1.21	. 290	.461	. 115	.72	.62	2.98	3.79	2.04E-02
Maximum value	33.80	145.8	6.85	10.36	2.403	5.902	1.429	1.49	4.71	15.84	18.5	9.77E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	8.6	5.04	.24	.043	. 074	.028	.15	.10	. 87	. 99	9.16E-03
Arithmetic mean	8.07	16.3	5.27	.71	. 147	. 290	.085	. 27	.31	1.72	1.97	1.11E-02
No. of samples	53	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.080	0.014	0.024	0.009	0.049	0.033	0.287	0.326	3.0E-03
Meximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.009	.001	.002	.001	.006	.002	.025	.029	3.6E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH,	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.52	-0.05	54	67	64	33	39	60	58	44	0.05
P-level		. 000	.672	.000	.000	.000	.003	.001	.000	.000	.000	. 672



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site CA99, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site CO15. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site CO15.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Pawnee, Colorado CAL number: CO22 Map ID number: 18 ADS number: 012a01 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 1641 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurments: 53 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 43 (301) -- When ppt did not occur: 10 (70) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 30 (210)

Latitude: 40°48'23" Longitude: 104°45'15"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 75.5

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 87.1

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 89.5

Total measured ppt, in mm: 374.0

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	- Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0. 00	2.8	4.94	0.05	0.014	0.023	0. 0 09	0.01	0.04	0.17	0.32	6.61E-04
10 percentile	. 0 0	6.2	5.00	. 13	.019	.035	.020	.07	.04	. 62	. 43	8.34E-04
25 percentile	.30	7.9	5.40	. 21	.030	.061	.029	. 29	.09	.97	.95	1.36E-03
50 percentile	3.60	9.5	5.57	. 28	.043	. 116	.049	. 47	. 13	1.29	1.12	2.67E-03
75 percentile	10.55	14.7	5.87	. 48	.079	.201	.082	.70	. 19	1.59	1.69	3.99E-03
90 percentile	17.80	2 0.7	6.08	. 84	.154	. 496	.185	1.18	.34	2.84	2.81	9.99E-03
Maximum value	48.30	38.8	6.18	1.90	.305	2.414	.366	1.57	.98	4.77	4.82	1.15E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	9.8	5.44	. 28	.040	. 101	.045	. 50	. 11	1.16	1.14	3.62E-03
Arithmetic mean	7.06	11.7	5.58	. 41	.066	. 2 60	.074	. 55	.19	1.52	1.43	3.57E-03
No. of samples	53	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.091	0.013	0.033	0.015	0.164	0.037	0.377	0.370	1.2E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.016	.002	.005	.00 2	.026	.005	.048	.056	2.1E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.21	-0.21	33	51	54	37	.04	48	37 ³	29	0.21
P-level		0.104	0.100	.011	.000	.000	.004	. 761	.000	.005	.024	.100



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site CO22, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site CO22. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site CO22.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Bradford Forest, Florida CAL number: FL03 Map ID number: 20 ADS number: 015a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 44 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis):

Latitude: 29°58'29" Longitude: 82°11'53"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	98.1
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	74.7
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	80.3
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	93.8

With ppt measurements:	52	(364)
When ppt occurred:	49	(343)
When ppt did not occur:	3	(21)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	37	(256)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1619.5

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	- Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg mg/L	Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.8	3.86	0.02	0.014	0.058	0.009	0.01	0.11	0.16	0.32	1.35E-03
10 percentile	.22	6.5	4.16	.05	.019	. 103	.010	.01	.14	.33	. 57	5.48E-03
25 percentile	7.92	11.0	4.43	.08	.031	. 162	.023	.04	.28	. 53	. 88	1.02E-02
50 percentile	22.60	13.7	4.70	. 14	.055	. 334	.040	. 10	.61	.75	1.28	2.00E-02
75 percentile	43.75	24.2	4.99	. 21	.091	. 523	.068	. 19	.94	1.25	1.95	3.68E-02
90 percentile	80.57	45.9	5.26	.35	. 163	1.320	.159	. 55	2.11	2.56	3.64	7.03E-02
Maximum value	114.30	92.8	5.87	1.07	.711	4.327	. 398	1.92	6.77	3.33	6.81	1.38E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	13.4	4.68	. 11	.047	.291	.042	. 11	. 52	.69	1.19	2.08E-02
Arithmetic mean	31.14	20.6	4.71	.19	.083	. 508	.062	. 20	.86	1.07	1.71	3.02E-02
No. of samples	52	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.145	0.061	0.379	0.055	0.139	0.680	0.901	1.548	2.7E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.014	.005	.036	.013	.016	.070	.072	0.198	4.7E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Cs	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.43	0.30	56	46	31	40	27	27	46	44	-0.30
P-level		.000	.009	,000	.000	.007	.001	.022	.021	.000	.000	.009







Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site FL03. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site FL03.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

> Latitude: 25°23'40" Longitude: 80°41'45"

STATION: Everglades National Park, Florida CAL number: FL11 Map ID number: 21 ADS number: 016a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 2 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: (371) 51 -- When ppt occurred: 49 (357) -- When ppt did not occur: 2 (14)))

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Length of summary period: 51 sampling intervals (371 days) Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100.0 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 71.7 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 71.4 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was 95.0 collected in the wet-sample bucket:

When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	36	(252)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1645.3

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO mg/L	Sulfat as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.9	4.08	0.02	0.016	0.119	0.010	0.01	0.18	0.04	0.27	3.55E-04
10 percentile	.30	6.7	4.55	.06	.030	.174	.019	.01	.34	.15	. 49	1.08E-03
25 percentile	3.80	9.2	4.79	.09	.048	.312	.035	.01	. 49	.26	.74	3.87E-03
50 percentile	13.20	13.5	5.08	.15	.098	.636	.043	.05	1.15	. 50	. 94	8.35E-03
75 percentile	51.30	20.8	5.41	.39	. 193	1.528	. 108	. 10	2.46	. 83	1.52	1.64E-02
90 percentile	103.68	40.5	5.97	. 82	. 529	3.389	.201	. 30	6.64	1.60	2.50	2.87E-02
Maximum value	193.30	48.1	6.45	1.35	.631	6.686	.249	.67	7.65	3.35	3.62	8.32E-02
Volume-weighted mean	n NA	10.9	4.96	. 12	.076	. 545	.040	.08	. 98	. 47	. 76	1.10E-02
Arithmetic mean	32.26	17.1	5.14	. 29	. 156	1.155	.077	. 10	1.94	. 67	1.21	1.28E-02
No. of samples	51	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.143	0.089	0.641	0.047	0.100	1.152	0.549	0.896	1.3E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.022	.012	. 097	.005	. 028	0.178	.073	.084	2.3E-03
Correlation with pp	t volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.50	-0.11	55	51	45	47	03	44	20	51	0.11
P-level		.000	. 368	.000	.000	.000	.000	. 835	.000	.088	.000	.368



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site FL11, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site FL11. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site FL11.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Headquarters, Idaho			
CAL number: ID04 M	ap ID	number: 26	
ADS number: 271a00			
Station altitude above mean sea leve	1, in	meters: 969	Э
Number of sampling intervals (days i	n pare	enthesis):	
With ppt measurements:	50	(372)	
When ppt occurred:	47	(352)	
When ppt did not occur:	3	(20)	
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	5	(49)	
With chemical samples:	32	(239)	

Latitude: 47°37'40" Longitude: 115°49'10"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/04/1984

 Length of summary period: 50 sampling intervals (372 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.3

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 69.8

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 67.9

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 97.7

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1132.6

		Lab								Nitrite		
	Mea-	specific			Magne-		Potas-		Chlor-	plus		Hydroge
	sured	conduc	;-	Calcium	sium	Sodium	sium	Ammonia	ide	nitrate	Sulfate	ion
Statistical	ppt,	tance,	Lab	as Ca,	as Mg,	as Na,	as K,	as NH ₄ ,	as Cl,	as NO ₂ ,	as SO _, ,	as H,
measures	mm	µS/cm.	pH	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.1	4.57	0.02	0.005	0.018	0.005	0.01	0.01	0.16	0.05	3.89E-04
10 percentile	.30	2.4	4.94	. 03	.008	. 022	. 008	.01	. 03	. 18	.05	1.41E-0
25 percentile	4.02	2.9	5.07	.05	.011	.032	.012	.01	.05	.21	. 27	2.97E-03
50 percentile	16,10	4.2	5.37	. 07	.016	.052	.025	.07	.09	.38	. 42	4.22E-03
75 percentile	31.25	7.1	5.53	. 14	.033	.098	.049	.14	.15	.70	. 59	8.53E-03
90 percentile	62.55	12.2	5.85	.31	.070	.153	.088	.18	. 27	1.22	1.36	1.16E-02
Maximum value	77.40	15.8	6.41	.64	.218	.296	.130	. 54	. 55	1.74	2.59	2.69E-0
Volume-weighted mean	NA	3.8	5.31	.06	.014	. 044	.019	.06	. 07	.32	. 32	4.90E-03
Arithmetic mean	22.65	5.6	5.36	.12	.031	. 074	.035	. 10	.12	. 51	. 54	5.99E-03
No, of samples	50	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.047	0.011	0.034	0,015	0.046	0.056	0.249	0.248	3.8E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.004	.001	.002	.001	.005	. 006	.017	.027	3.4E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.58	0.08	63	69	61	55	36	59	46	46	-0.08
P-level		000	548	. 000	000	000	000	005	000	000	000	548



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site ID04, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site ID04. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site ID04.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

Latitude: 41°50'29" Longitude: 88°51'04"

STATION: NIARC, Illinois				
CAL number: IL18 M	ap ID	numbe	r: 28	
ADS number: 024a00				
Station altitude above mean sea leve	l, in	meter	s: 265	
Number of sampling intervals (days i	n par	enthes	is):	
With ppt measurements:	53	(3)	71)	
When ppt occurred:	53	(3)	71)	
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)	
When sample volume was substi-				
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 73.6

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 94.9

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 97.9

		-	· · · /		
Wit	h chemical samples:	39	(273)	Total measured ppt, in mm:	1001.3

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- n sium as Mg, mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ mg/L	Sulfat as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	8.0	4.01	0.03	0.008	0.015	0.006	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.90	3.02E-04
10 percentile	.10	10.2	4.08	.10	.018	.020	.014	.11	.06	. 83	1.20	8.32E-04
25 percentile	2.50	17.4	4.33	.18	.033	.042	.020	.21	.09	1.16	1.98	7.59E-03
50 percentile	8.10	22.6	4.56	.34	.056	.070	.032	. 43	. 13	1.81	2.52	2.75E-02
75 percentile	24.25	27.0	5.12	.69	.134	.130	.062	. 64	. 20	2.31	3.38	4.68E-02
90 percentile	51.08	42.0	6.08	1.93	. 332	.282	. 084	1.21	.38	4,60	4.46	8.32E-02
Maximum value	190.30	59.3	6.52	2.61	.612	.918	.167	1.44	. 50	5.82	5.96	9.77E-02
Volume-weighted mean	n NA	22.0	4.48	.35	.059	.063	.030	.35	. 12	1,36	2.48	3.35E-02
Arithmetic mean	18.89	24.5	4.83	. 63	.120	. 120	.043	. 51	. 17	2.10	2.78	3.09E-02
No. of samples	53	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.335	0.056	0.060	0.029	0.337	0.117	1.289	2.352	3.2E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.101	.010	.017	.007	.034	.025	0.118	0.380	4.6E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.05	-0.27	40	49	53	36	14	44	29	14	0.27
P-level		. 628	.017	.000	.000	.000	.001	. 226	.000	.010	.195	0.017



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site IL18, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site IL18. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO $_3$ and sulfate as SO $_4$.



Percentage composition of major ions for site IL18.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; $g = grams; m = meter; \mu s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]$

STATION: Dixon Springs, Illinois		
CAL number: IL63	Map ID n	umber: 31
ADS number: 023a00		
Station altitude above mean sea lev	vel, in m	eters: 161
Number of sampling intervals (days	in paren	thesis):
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)
When ppt occurred:	47	(329)
When ppt did not occur:	6	(42)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples;	37	(259)

Latitude: 37°26'08" Longitude: 88 40'19"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days) Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100.0 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 81.1 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 91.7 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: 88.8

tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	
With chemical samples:	37	(259)	

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1466.0

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L .	Sulfat as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	5.8	4.04	0.04	0.009	0.019	0.003	0.01	0.06	0.24	0.79	1.10E-03
10 percentile	.00	10.7	4.08	.07	.011	.035	.011	.09	. 09	. 59	1.11	8.01E-03
25 percentile	. 50	16.1	4.24	. 09	. 020	.051	.017	. 15	. 14	.80	1.69	2.19E-02
50 percentile	14.00	25.3	4.46	. 22	.028	. 097	.029	. 28	.18	1.24	2.65	3.47E-02
75 percantile	37.70	36.5	4.66	.49	.058	.169	.052	. 52	.27	2.32	4.21	5.69E-02
90 percentile	72.90	45.7	5.10	.86	.100	. 299	.082	. 72	.43	2.52	5.49	8.36E-02
Maximum value	232.40	56.7	5,96	1.35	. 239	1.220	. 133	1.85	.86	3.69	6.87	9.12E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	20.1	4.48	. 17	.025	.091	.030	. 27	.16	1.01	2.09	3.35E-02
Arithmetic mean	27.66	26.1	4.50	. 34	.046	.154	.038	. 40	. 22	1.50	2.97	4.17E-02
No. of samples	53	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.226	0.033	0.122	0.040	0.360	0.214	1.352	2.806	4.5E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.030	.005	.026	.010	.091	.037	0.191	0.437	5.1E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so,	Н
Kendall tau		-0.37	0.17	57	0.63	37	35	40	47	49	52	-0.17
P-level		.001	. 154	.000	.000	.001	.002	.001	. 000	.000	.000	0.154



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site IL63, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site IL63. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO $_3$ and sulfate as SO $_4$.



Percentage composition of major ions for site IL63.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Konza Prairie, Kansas CAL number: KS31 Map ID number: 33 ADS number: 273a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 344 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 52 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 48 (343) -- When ppt did not occur: 4 (28) -- When sample volume was substiLatitude: 39°06'08" Longitude: 96*36'33"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervals (371 days) Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100.0 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 81.1 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 98.0 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: 97.3

tuted for missing rain gage:	1	(7)
With chemical samples:	38	(273)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 760.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	c Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH 4 mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.0	4.38	0.05	0.009	0.024	0.008	0.06	0.01	0.42	0.05	1.58E-04
10 percentile	.00	6.4	4.61	. 10	.013	.032	.011	.11	.05	. 73	. 43	8.75E-04
25 percentile	.35	8.8	4.71	. 15	.021	.044	.017	. 20	.08	1.01	.95	2.81E-03
50 percentile	6.25	13.3	5.12	. 32	.035	.080	.045	. 38	. 11	1.44	1.45	7.50E-03
75 percentile	20.75	16.6	5.55	.81	.073	.168	.062	. 59	. 20	2.00	2.06	1.95E-02
90 percentile	47.36	22.7	6.06	1.38	.138	. 477	.146	.81	. 48	3.51	4.12	2.49E-02
Maximum value	59.70	80.6	6.80	10.57	. 470	1.500	. 518	1.63	1.14	9.24	9.17	4.17E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	12.6	4.88	.34	.034	.081	.033	. 37	.11	1,30	1.49	1.32E-02
Arithmetic mean	14.62	15.7	5.20	.77	.069	. 168	.063	. 46	. 19	1.90	1.91	1.11E-02
No. of samples	52	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.251	0.025	0.060	0.024	0.276	0.083	0.968	1.108	9.9E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.041	.003	.007	.003	. 029	.010	.085	0.109	1.3E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Са	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.14	-0.30	34	45	42	43	15	37	36	12	0.30
P-level		.213	.007	.003	.000	.000	.000	. 195	.001	.001	. 279	.007



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site KS31, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site KS31. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO₃ and sulfate as SO₄.



Percentage composition of major ions for site KS31.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

Latitude: 42°23'02" Longitude: 71°12'53"

STATION: Last, Massachusetts			
CAL number: MA13	Map ID	number: 40	,
ADS number: 277a00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in	meters: 20	1
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	enthesis):	
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)	
When ppt occurred:	50	(350)	
When ppt did not occur:	3	(21)	
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	
With chemical complex.	20	(070)	

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 79.2

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 82.7

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 96.7

tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	
- With chemical samples:	39	(273)	

Total	measured	ppt,	in mm:	1337.2
-------	----------	------	--------	--------

Statistical meāsurēs	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	Lc Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	5.8	3.15	0.02	0.009	0.033	0.002	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.56	1.29E-03
10 percentile	. 82	11.3	3.86	.03	.021	.054	.008	.01	.14	.20	1.07	1.82E-02
25 percentile	6.00	15.7	4.16	.06	.029	.098	.013	.03	. 38	.39	1.33	2.14E-02
50 percentile	20.80	27.0	4.43	.09	.079	.344	.025	.07	1.03	.79	1.96	3.72E-02
75 percentile	37.30	43.2	4.67	. 21	.141	.743	.044	. 19	1.71	2.23	3.31	6.92E-02
90 percentile	59.08	67.1	4.74	. 37	.200	1.180	.064	. 29	2.73	3.49	5.88	1.38E-01
Maximum value	86.60	402.8	5.89	. 97	.290	1.970	. 126	.79	16.41	5.34	6.24	7.08E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	22.8	4.43	.08	.079	. 532	.028	.10	1.07	0.78	1.80	3.74E-02
Arithmetic mean	25.23	40.5	4.39	. 17	.092	. 492	.032	. 14	1.53	1.44	2.52	7.09E-02
No. of samples	53	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.093	0.088	0.588	0.031	0.106	1.180	0.860	1.992	4.1E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.006	.012	. 093	.004	.016	0.175	.089	0.175	4.6E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.47	0.43	54	25	.02	16	12	22	49	46	-0.43
P-level		.000	.000	.000	. 026	. 885	. 167	. 293	.051	.000	.000	.000



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site MA13, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site MA13. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO $_3$ and sulfate as SO $_4$.



Percentage composition of major ions for site MA13.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Bridgton, Maine			
CAL number: ME02 N	Map ID n	umber: 42	
ADS number: 164a00			Stat:
Station altitude above mean sea leve	el, in m	eters: 222	Leng
Number of sampling intervals (days i	n paren	thesis):	Perc
With ppt measurements:	46	(322)	Perce
When ppt occurred:	46	(322)	Perce
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)	Perce
When sample volume was substi-			co
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	
With chemical samples:	42	(294)	Tota

Latitude: 44°06'27" Longitude: 70°43'44"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days	s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	86.8
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	79. 2
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	94.3
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	95.0

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1342.7

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L .	Sulfate as SO 4 mg/L	Hydrogen e ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.6	3.82	0.01	0.005	0.015	0.004	0.01	0.01	0.08	0.26	8.13E-04
10 percentile	1.15	5.2	4.09	.02	.008	.025	.005	.01	.04	.18	. 44	4.96E-03
25 percentile	8.85	6.6	4.46	.03	.016	.038	.008	.04	.08	.25	. 6 2	8.91E-03
50 percentile	21.70	12.3	4.77	.06	.024	.089	.013	.06	. 17	. 58	.91	1.70E-02
75 percentile	46.32	23.7	5.05	.13	.038	. 2 03	.023	.14	.25	1.10	2.25	3.43E-02
90 percentile	65.78	47.6	5.30	.38	.146	. 581	.047	. 62	.72	2.22	4.25	8.07E-02
Maximum value	101.40	64.7	6.09	1.85	.346	.738	.251	.97	1.49	3.40	5.38	1.51E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	13.6	4.63	.06	.029	.159	.015	. 11	. 29	. 62	1.20	2.32E-02
Arithmetic mean	29.19	18.4	4.76	.15	.046	.159	,028	. 17	.26	. 89	1.62	3.02E-02
No. of samples	46	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42 4	2
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.074	0.036	0.201	0.019	0.139	0.363	0.783	1.523	2.9E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.006	.008	.063	.003	.027	. 124	.059	0.172	2.6E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.22	0.07	52	37	13	19	19	15	23	24 -	0.07
P-level		.042	. 530	.000	.001	. 233	.075	.093	.165	.035	.029	. 530



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site ME02, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site ME02. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO₃ and sulfate as SO₄.



Percentage composition of major ions for site ME02.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Wellston. Michigan (composite data from sites 033a00 and 033a01) Latitude: 44*13'28" Longitude: 85*49'07" CAL number: MI53 Map ID number: 47 ADS number: 033a Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 292 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days) Number of sampling intervals (deys in parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100.0 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 90.6 -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 51 (357) Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 92.3 -- When ppt did not occur: 2 (14) Percent of total measured ppt in raingage thet wes -- When sample volume was substicollected in the wet-sample bucket: 87.8

tuted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemicel samples: (322) 46

Total measured ppt, in mm: 980.7

	Maa-	Lab			Maamaa	_			6h 1 au	Nitrite		11
	mea-	specific	-	Calaium	Magne-	Sadium	rocas-	Ammonia	ide	pius	Sulfate	nyurogen
(h + h + + h + n + h	surea	conduc-	- 7h		sium	Soutum	sium	Amnonia	100	nitrate	Sullate	10n
Statistical	ppt,	cance,	Lab	as ca,	as mg,	as na,	as K,	as An ,	as ci,	as NO,	as 50,	as n,
measures	mm	μS/cm	рн	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg / L
Minimum value	0.00	8.7	3.83	0.05	0.010	0.012	0.006	0.03	0.01	0.56	0.53	1.12E-03
10 percentile	1.12	10.9	4.04	.07	.018	. 023	.013	.08	.07	. 83	1.07	8.88E-03
25 percentile	7.50	16.5	4.27	. 13	.027	.033	.017	.18	.09	1.30	1.38	2.28E-02
50 percentile	16.30	23.8	4.43	.21	.040	.047	.022	.35	.13	1,71	2.20	3.7 2E- 02
75 percentile	26.20	30.8	4.64	.36	.072	. 107	.043	. 59	.19	2,76	3.12	5.40E-02
90 percentile	34.38	54.9	5.05	. 70	.138	. 222	.071	. 94	.33	5.40	4.81	9.03E-02
Maximum value	84.60	90.9	5.95	1.20	.379	. 273	.163	1.56	. 56	8.32	8.78	1.48E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	23.4	4.39	. 22	.048	.052	.027	.34	. 13	1.79	2.20	4.03E-02
Arithmetic mean	18.50	27.3	4.49	. 30	.065	. 080	.036	. 43	.17	2.34	2.54	4.36E-02
No. of samples	53	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.200	0.043	0.047	0.025	0.311	0.117	1.618	1.987	3.6E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.029	.008	.003	.002	.033	0.008	0.139	0.229	5.0E-03
Correlation with ppt .	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.25	0.09	35	36	46	23	28	34	39	21	-0.09
P-level		.016	.388	.001	.000	. 0,00	.028	.021	.001	.000	.044	.388







Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site MI53. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site MI53.
[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Marcell, Minnesota			Latitude: 47°3
CAL number: MN16 M	ap ID r	umber: 48	
ADS number: 034a00			Station summary period: 12/28/198
Station altitude above mean sea leve	1, in m	neters: 431	Length of summary period: 53 samp
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n parer	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt m
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)	Percent summary period with chemi
When ppt occurred:	50	(350)	Percent of total measured ppt wit
When ppt did not occur:	3	(21)	Percent of total measured ppt in
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample buc
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	
With chemical samples:	32	(224)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 704.1

Latitude: 47°31'52" Longitude: 93*28'07"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days) Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100.0 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 66.0 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 71.7 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: 93.6

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH 4 mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.8	4.45	0.05	0.008	0.018	0.009	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.38	2.82E-04
10 percentile	.30	6.4	4.60	.06	.014	.025	.013	.05	.06	.45	. 57	8.02E-04
25 percentile	2.80	8.9	4.76	. 10	.021	.033	.024	.15	.07	.81	.91	2.36E-03
50 percentile	9.70	12.8	5.18	.20	. 036	.046	.035	.39	.10	1.28	1.51	6.54E-03
75 percentile	18.80	15.6	5.63	. 56	.086	.110	.096	.62	.20	2.07	1.99	1.73E-02
90 percentile	35.04	21.8	6.11	.94	.140	1.133	. 145	.76	. 78	2.57	2.52	2.52E-02
Maximum value	68.30	81.6	6.55	1.30	.228	5.560	2.466	4.18	8.48	8.97	8.57	3.55E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA NA	11.6	4.89	.23	.038	.068	.041	. 32	.11	1.06	1.24	1.28E-02
Arithmetic mean	13.28	15.7	5.21	.34	.057	.386	. 135	. 58	.44	1.77	1.76	1.07E-02
No, of samples	53	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.114	0.019	0.034	0.021	0.159	0.055	0.536	0.626	6.4E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.015	.003	.004	.003	.016	.005	.042	.053	8.6E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	C1	NO	so,	Н
Kendall tau		-0.20	-0.36	37	40	59	35	25	56	36	234	0.36
P-level		.119	.004	.003	.001	. 000	.005	.044	.000	.005	.064	.004



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site MN16, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site MN16. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO $_3$ and sulfate as SO $_4$.



Percentage composition of major ions for site MN16.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

Latitude: 47°56'45" Longitude: 91°29'43"

 STATION: Fernberg, Minnesota

 CAL number: MN18
 Map ID number: 49

 ADS number: 166a02

 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 524

 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis):

 -- With ppt measurements:
 52 (371)

 -- When ppt occurred:
 48 (343)

 -- When ppt did not occur:
 4 (28)

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 79.2

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 74.2

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 82.9

when ppt occurred:	48	(343)
When ppt did not occur:	4	(28)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	38	(286)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 890.1

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specif: conduc tance µS/cm	ic c- , L a b pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L .	Sulfate as SO mg/L	Hydrogen 9 ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.9	4.27	0.03	0.010	0.017	0.006	0.01	0.01	0.12	0.05	3.72E-04
10 percentile	0.00	3.7	4.59	.06	.013	.021	.009	.01	.05	.27	.38	1.32E-03
25 percentile	2.50	5.7	4.80	. 12	. 022	. 028	.013	.05	.07	. 59	. 58	2.74E-03
50 percentile	7.50	10.2	5.07	.18	.038	.059	. 027	. 15	. 11	. 93	.99	8.51E-03
75 percentile	20.30	14.4	5,56	.28	.054	.104	.058	. 35	.20	2.36	1.39	1.58E-02
90 percentile	48.52	29. 9	5.88	. 54	. 131	.159	. 110	1.07	. 32	3,74	3.36	2.56E-02
Maximum value	106.70	31.6	6.43	2.32	.763	.777	. 278	2.68	1.94	4,66	6.70	5.37E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	9.1	4.99	.19	.033	.052	.032	.25	.13	. 87	. 96	1.03E-02
Arithmetic mean	17.12	12.3	5.17	.30	.064	.089	.046	. 36	.19	1.42	1.42	1.15E-02
No. of samples	52	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.124	0.022	0.034	0.021	0.165	0.083	0,575	0,637	6.8E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.027	.004	.006	.004	.034	. 022	.074	.080	7.6E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.26	-0.15	33	46	56	20	01	41	- 35	20	0.15
P-level		. 02	1.178	.004	.000	.000	.087	. 899	.000	.002	.082	.178



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site MN18, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site MN18. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO $_3$ and sulfate as SO $_4$.



Percentage composition of major ions for site MN18.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: University Forest, Missouri Map ID number: 53 CAL number: MO05 ADS number: 253e00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 154 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371)

Latitude: 36°54'39" Longitude: 90°19'06"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)	
Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100).0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 75	5.5
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 91	1.3
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket: 96	5.1

		• •
When ppt occurred:	50	(350)
When ppt did not occur:	3	(21)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	37	(259)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1142.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium es Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH 4 mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.3	3.91	0.03	0.007	0.019	0.010	0.01	0.03	0.32	0.55	1.48E-03
10 percentile	.00	8.5	4.23	.06	.012	.031	.014	.04	.06	. 51	.81	8.93E-03
25 percentile	1.25	12.4	4.36	. 11	.020	.056	.022	.15	. 10	. 84	1.8	1.50E-02
50 percentile	14.20	16.7	4.66	. 2 6	.043	. 110	.036	. 27	. 15	1.27	1.75	2.19E-02
75 percentile	38.00	25.0	4.82	.49	.072	.169	.067	.41	. 28	2.31	2.73	4.32E-02
90 percentile	50.58	36.1	5.05	.77	. 118	.244	.092	.69	. 39	2.80	3.97	5.89E-02
Maximum value	105.40	66.9	5.83	1.00	.198	1.081	.146	1.27	. 54	4.37	7.5	1.23E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	14.8	4.67	.21	.036	. 111	.038	.28	. 18	1.07	1.63	2.15E-02
Arithmetic mean	21.55	20.1	4.66	. 32	.053	.139	.047	. 33	. 19	1.57	2.16	3.01E-02
No. of samples	53	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.214	0.037	0.116	0.039	0.295	0.185	1.115	1.704	2.2E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.030	.006	.025	.007	.058	.031	0.118	. 208	2.2E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH,	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.39	0.28	52	53	28	33	16	20	51	36	-0.28
P-level		.001	.014	.000	.000	.014	.005	. 173	.091	.000	.002	.014



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site MO05, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site MO05. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO $_3$ and sulfate as SO $_4$.



Percentage composition of major ions for site MO05.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Lewiston, North Carolina CAL number: NC03 Map ID number: 55 ADS number: 049a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 26 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 47 (329) -- When ppt did not occur: 6 (42) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 33 (232)

Latitude: 36°07'40" Longitude: 77°10'30"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 73.9

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 67.2

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 98.5

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1097.5

Statistical messures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO mg/L	Hydrogen s ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	7.7	3.87	0.03	0.009	0.019	0.010	0.03	0.03	0.23	0.61	3.31E-03
10 percentile	.00	9.9	3.88	.05	.018	.087	.018	. 07	.15	. 41	. 86	7.60E-03
25 percentile	2.80	15.6	4.17	.08	. 036	. 123	.029	.11	.24	. 67	1.26	1.43E-02
50 percentile	14.70	24.0	4.55	. 12	.073	, 335	.048	.23	. 47	. 97	1.59	2.82E-02
75 percentile	33.25	34.5	4.84	. 27	. 157	.854	.090	. 51	1.39	2.12	4.12	6.78E-02
90 percentile	52,62	64.2	5.18	.64	.245	1.742	. 120	.91	3.01	4.65	5.69	1.31E-01
Maximum value	67.30	95.1	5.48	1.20	.259	2.080	.186	2.16	3.89	11.62	11.01	1.35E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	24.7	4.39	.13	.071	. 471	.043	.31	. 82	1.26	2.24	4.04E-02
Arithmetic mesn	20.71	29.8	4.54	. 23	.099	. 573	.060	. 40	. 98	1.97	2.73	4.44E-02
No. of samples	53	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.092	0.053	0.347	0.031	0.229	0.606	0.928	1.651	3.0E-02
Maximum interval												
losd, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.007	.010	.076	.003	.040	. 117	.121	0.315	6.5E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	N	C1	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.33	0.13	62	47	27	49	20	24	-,33	32	-0.13
P-level		.006	.278	.000	.000	. 030	.000	. 107	.049	.007	.010	0.278







Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NC03. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NC03.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Coweeta, North Carolina CAL number: NC25 Map ID number: 56 ADS number: 050a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 686 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurementa: 51 (371) -- When ppt occurred: (357) 49 -- When ppt did not occur: 2 (14) -- When sample volume was substiLatitude: 35°03'38" Longitude: 83*25'50"

Hydrogen

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Length of summary period: 51 sampling intervals (371 days) Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100.0 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 73.6 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 86.5 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: 99.5

tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	
With chemical samples:	36	(259)	

Mea-

Lab							Nitrite	
specific		Magne-		Potas-		Chlor-	plus	
conduc-	Calcium	sium	Sodium	sium	Ammonia	ide	nitrate	Sulfat

Total measured ppt, in mm: 2015.8

	sured	conduc	-	Calcium	sium	Sodium	i sium	Ammonia	ide	nitrate	Sulfate	e ion
Statistical	ppt,	tance,	Lab	as Ca,	as Mg	, as Na,	as K,	as NH ₄ ,	as Cl,	as NO ₃ ,	as SO	, as H,
measures	mm	μS/cm	pH	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.8	4.14	0.00	0.004	0.017	0.002	0.01	0.03	0.12	0.05	3.31E-03
10 percentile	.70	4.1	4.25	.02	.006	. 0 2 0	.007	.01	.05	. 22	. 46	5.51E-03
25 percentile	8,60	7.2	4.47	.03	.011	.032	.010	.06	.08	. 39	.66	1.07E-02
50 percentile	28.70	11.1	4.76	.07	.017	.059	.018	.14	. 12	. 59	1.18	1.72E-02
75 percentile	51.30	19.3	4.97	. 14	.031	.100	.044	. 23	.18	1.08	1.99	3.39E-02
90 percentile	116.22	28.7	5.26	. 23	.064	. 224	.064	. 34	.35	1.54	2.55	5.70E-02
Maximum value	165.40	36.8	5.48	.41	.083	.415	. 170	.67	.71	2.04	4.08	7.24E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	12.2	4.71	.08	.020	.094	.027	. 17	. 18	.62	1.21	1.96E-02
Arithmetic mean	39.53	14.1	4.76	. 10	. 025	.086	.031	. 16	. 16	.76	1.39	2.33E-02
No. of samples	51	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.141	0.034	0,163	0.047	0.288	0.314	1.088	2.115	3.4E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.023	.007	.051	.006	.039	.087	0.128	0.271	5.3E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.21	0.18	31	34	02	08	02	02	30	21	-0.18
P-level		.077	. 127	.008	.004	.849	. 513	.848	, 848	.010	.070	. 127



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NC25, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NC25. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NC25.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Piedmont Station, North Carolina Latitude: 35°41'48" Longitude: 80*37'22" CAL number: NC34 Map ID number: 57 ADS number: 051a00 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 221 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days) Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100.0 -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 77.4 (343) -- When ppt occurred: 49 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 76.3 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was -- When ppt did not occur: (28) 4 -- When sample volume was substicollected in the wet-sample bucket: 96.3 tuted for missing rain gage: (0) 0 -- With chemical samples: 37 (259) Total measured ppt, in mm: 1116.1

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	: Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.9	3.67	0.01	0.008	0.023	0.004	0.01	0.04	0.33	0.57	1.35E-03
10 percentile	.04	11.6	3.92	.04	.012	.041	.010	.05	.09	.48	. 90	1.51E-02
25 percentile	3.20	13.3	4.21	.07	.024	.069	.023	.11	.16	. 84	1.23	2.16E-02
50 percentile	16,00	19.9	4.51	. 13	.040	. 169	.040	.24	.26	1.17	1.86	3.09E-02
75 percentile	34,90	33.7	4.66	.19	.068	. 289	.060	. 44	.48	2,20	3.17	6.11E-02
90 percentile	51,38	63.7	4.84	.41	. 101	. 633	. 103	.71	. 99	3.41	7.42	1.23E-01
Maximum vslue	67.60	98.4	5.87	. 56	.103	1.420	.176	1.39	1.46	4.28	11.55	2.14E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	21.6	4.42	. 10	.043	. 234	.041	. 23	. 42	1.12	1.99	3.79E-02
Arithmetic mean	21.06	28.7	4.48	. 16	.048	. 247	.049	.31	. 37	1.58	2.78	5.13E-02
No. of samples	53	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.089	0.036	0.199	0.035	0.197	0.355	0.950	1.695	3.2E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.008	.005	.041	.006	.024	.073	.069	0.169	3.1E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.29	0.18	51	28	12	28	23	08	37	25	-0.18
P-level		.013	. 126	.000	.016	. 283	.016	.045	. 504	.001	.030	.126



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NC34, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NC34. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NC34.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

Letitude: 35°01'26" Longitude: 78°16'45"

STATION: Clinton Station, North Carolina CAL number: NC35 Map ID number: 58 ADS number: 052a00 Station eltitude above mean sea level, in meters: 47 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 52 (364) -- When ppt occurred: 48 (336) -- When ppt did not occur: 4 (28) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: (0) 0 -- With chemical samples: 37 (259)

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 98.1

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 77.4

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 88.4

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 97.6

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1316.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	6.3	3.76	0.01	0.004	0.022	0.008	0.01	0.08	0.03	0.60	1.20E-03
10 percentile	.00	8.5	4.09	. 03	.024	.082	.015	.04	.15	.30	.64	5.04E-03
25 percentile	4.77	10.3	4.55	.05	.028	. 147	. 024	.09	.25	.40	. 97	9.80E-03
50 percentile	15.90	15.8	4.67	. 12	.054	.257	.037	. 12	. 53	.79	1.35	2.14E-02
75 percentile	43.62	28.9	5.01	.22	.084	. 515	.061	.41	. 90	1,36	2.34	2.80E-02
90 percentile	52.56	50.7	5.31	.40	. 151	.850	.162	.73	1.52	2.80	4.80	8.10E-02
Maximum value	113.30	82.3	5.92	. 83	.717	5.890	. 344	1.79	14.60	5.30	8.81	1.74E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	15.0	4.69	.08	.057	.399	.034	.15	.75	.69	1.35	2.05E-02
Arithmetic mean	25.31	22.5	4.74	. 18	.088	. 563	.062	.29	1.11	1.16	2.06	3.17E-02
No. of samples	52	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.094	0.067	0.464	0.040	0.176	0.873	0.797	1.564	2.4E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.009	.013	.101	.005	.023	.186	. 107	0.204	4.0E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH,	Cl	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.50	0.25	72	44	17	52	41	13	47	50	-0.25
P-level		.000	.031	.000	.000	. 129	.000	.000	.255	.000	.000	.031



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NC35, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NC35. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NC35.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance)

Latitude: 35°43'43" Longitude: 78°40'52"

(composite data from sites 053a02 and 053a03)

STATION: Finley (A), North Carolina

CAL number: NC41	Map ID	number: 60
ADS number: 053a		
Station altitude above mean sea le	vel, in a	meters: 119
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	nthesis):
With ppt measurements:	53	(378)
When ppt occurred:	50	(357)
When ppt did not occur:	3	(21)
When sample volume was substi	-	
tuted for missing rain gage	: 0	(0)
With chemical samples:	38	(273)

Station summary period: 12/21/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (378 day	/s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	101.9
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	79.2
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	66.1
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	93.1

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1230.4

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ ; mg/L	Sulfate as SO 4, mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.9	3.75	0.02	0.011	0.016	0.003	0.01	0.04	0.20	0.57	2.51E-03
10 percentile	. 50	5.7	4.03	.03	.016	.050	.013	.06	. 11	. 31	0,60	5.85E-03
25 percentile	4.10	10.6	4.25	.06	. 027	.083	.019	. 10	.17	. 50	0.94	1.44E-02
50 percentile	18.30	19.8	4.51	.10	.039	.172	.030	.16	. 27	1.01	1.54	3.09E-02
75 percentile	31.50	35.2	4.84	.20	.069	.307	.060	. 47	.46	2.35	3.09	5.56E-02
90 percentile	53.04	70.5	5.23	.34	.238	1.193	.108	.69	2.19	3.56	6.84	9.40E-02
Maximum value	124.00	81.7	5.60	1.21	. 411	1.980	.440	1.27	3.61	6.40	12.96	1.78E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	17.2	4.56	.07	.038	.213	. 027	. 21	.38	. 94	1,63	2.83E-02
Arithmetic mean	23.22	26.0	4.58	. 17	.073	. 336	.053	.30	. 60	1.61	2.55	4.15E-02
No. of samples	53	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.060	0.031	0.173	0.022	0.173	0.312	0.767	1.325	2.3E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.004	.004	.031	.002	.032	.054	.134	0.282	6.8E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.48	0.43	72	60	24	48	28	23	50	44	-0.43
P-level		.000	.000	.000	.000	.036	.000	.015	.047	.000	.000	.000



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NC41, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NC41. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NC41.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

Latitude: 47°36'09" Longitude: 103°15'54"

(composite data from 062a00 and 06	2a01)		
CAL number: ND07 M	ap ID	number:	61
ADS number: 062a			
Station altitude above mean sea leve	l, in	meters:	618
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n pare	enthesis)	:
With ppt measurements:	50	(371)	
When ppt occurred:	47	(350))
When ppt did not occur:	3	(21))
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	5	(34))
With chemical samples:	30	(225)	

STATION: Teddy Roosevelt NP, North Dakota

Station summary period: 12/21/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 51 sampling intervals (378 day	s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	66.3
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	85.3
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	95.6

Total measured ppt, in mm: 263.3

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	5.5	4.49	0.05	0.016	0.023	0.007	0.01	0.03	0.36	0.51	4.68E-04
10 percentile	.00	5.9	4.96	. 13	.027	.031	.010	.04	.05	. 45	.67	7.76E-04
25 percentile	.30	7.2	5.12	.24	.045	.069	.023	. 12	.08	.66	. 84	1.36E-03
50 percentile	1.75	10.9	5.50	. 42	.089	.147	.036	.25	. 18	1.28	1.40	3.14E-03
75 percentile	5.00	16.0	5.86	.73	.166	.243	.079	. 56	.30	2.04	2.55	7.59E-03
90 percentile	21.72	22.8	6.11	1.15	.218	. 465	.187	1.01	. 51	2.67	3.41	1.09E-02
Maximum value	37.10	25.6	6.33	1.60	.401	.650	.253	1.54	1.08	3.74	3.98	3.24E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	9.3	5.21	.31	.061	.084	.036	.24	.10	.97	1.12	6.14E-03
Arithmetic mean	5.27	12.5	5.51	. 53	. 114	. 193	.065	.37	.23	1.42	1.71	5.14E-03
No. of samples	50	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.069	0.014	0.019	0.008	0.055	0.023	0.218	0.252	1.4E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.008	.001	.002	.001	.009	.003	.033	.037	2.9E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.34	-0.30	39	47	65	39	13	60	30	45	0.30
P-level		.009	.019	.003	.000	.000	.003	. 307	.000	.021	.001	.019



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site ND07, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site ND07. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site ND07.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Mead, Nebraska (composite data from sites 038a00 and 038a01) Latitude: 41°09'11" Longitude: 96°29'34" CAL number: NE15 Map ID number: 64 ADS number: 038a Station summary period: 12/29/1982 to 01/03/1984 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 352 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (370 days) Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 99.7 -- With ppt measurements: 53 (370) Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 79.0 -- When ppt occurred: 46 (322) Percent of total measured ppt with valid samples: 91.3 -- When ppt did not occur: (48) 7 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: 98.7

When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	35	(245)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 660.9

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO 3 mg/L	Sulfate as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	6.8	3.73	0.05	0.008	0.011	0.007	0.01	0.04	0.69	0.47	2.69E-04
10 percentile	0.00	7.9	4.44	.07	.011	.025	.013	. 17	. 07	.88	. 59	4.71E-04
25 percentile	0.30	9.6	4.82	. 21	. 027	.043	.024	. 42	.09	1.02	1.02	1.07E-03
50 percentile	5.10	14.9	5.47	. 42	.046	. 097	.050	.79	. 13	1.58	1.65	3.39E-03
75 percentile	24.75	28.9	5.97	.75	. 097	.217	. 117	1.29	. 28	2.56	3.46	1.51E-02
90 percentile	33.98	43.5	6.33	1.87	. 191	.365	.179	2.08	. 47	4.82	4.75	3.65E-02
Maximum value	66.00	88.8	6.57	3.18	.345	. 508	. 372	5.23	. 77	5.91	9.67	1.86E-01
Volume-weighted mean	n NA	14.5	5.01	. 39	.047	. 102	.042	.65	.15	1.38	1.71	9.80E-03
Arithmetic mean	12.47	22.4	5.41	.63	.073	.140	.079	1.00	.21	2.10	2.27	1.44E-02
No. of samples	53	35	35	35	3 5	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.238	0.028	0.061	0.025	0.394	0.090	0.830	1.032	5.9E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.036	.007	.020	.003	.056	.021	.099	0.193	1.5E-03
Correlation with pp	t volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.44	-0.06	-,34	39	43	45	424	46	49	25	0.06
P-level		.000	. 588	.005	.001	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.035	. 588



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NE15, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NE15. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NE15.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Hubbard Brook, New Hampshire CAL number: NH02 Map ID number: 65 ADS number: 039a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 250 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis):

Latitude: 43°56'35" Longitude: 71°42'12"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)	,
Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 10	0.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 6	9.8
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	5.5
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	97.1

With ppt measurements:	53	(371)
When ppt occurred:	52	(364)
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	36	(252)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1309.6

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- n sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH 4, mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L .	Sulfate as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.8	3.82	0.01	0.005	0.016	0.006	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.05	2.29E-03
10 percentile	1.50	6.0	3.99	.02	.010	.028	.007	.01	.06	. 43	. 62	4.60E-03
25 percentile	9.65	11.4	4.21	.04	.013	.047	.010	.04	.08	. 77	. 93	1.65E-02
50 percentile	22.10	18.0	4.46	.08	.021	.072	.018	. 13	. 13	1.08	1.56	3.47E-02
75 percentile	36.35	33.7	4.78	.15	.045	. 124	.035	. 29	. 22	1,58	2.94	6.14E-02
90 percentile	54.58	49.7	5.34	. 38	.109	. 297	.072	. 54	.36	2,96	4.65	1.02E-01
Maximum value	77.20	96.5	5.64	. 76	. 183	.440	.214	. 85	. 54	5.19	9.01	1.51E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	19.9	4.42	.07	. 022	.083	.019	. 15	.15	1.14	1.72	3.82E-02
Arithmetic mean	24.71	23.7	4.54	. 13	. 037	.107	.032	.21	.17	1.35	2.21	4.30E-02
No. of samples	53	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.05	0.019	0.071	0.016	0.130	0.125	0.977	1.477	3.3E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.008	.00 2	.008	.00 2	.025	.012	. 126	.215	5.3E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	Cl	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.19	0.15	54	44	18	41	28	07	24	27	-0.15
P-level		. 105	. 210	. 000	.000	. 127	.001	.018	, 566	.040	.021	. 210



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NH02, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NH02. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO₃ and sulfate as SO₄.



Percentage composition of major ions for site NH02.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Washington Crossing, New Jersey Map ID number: 66 CAL number: NJ99 ADS number: 285a00 Station elevation above mean sea level, in meters: 72 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurments: 53 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 47 (330) -- When ppt did not occur: (41) 6 -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 31 (220)

Latitude: 40°18'54" Longitude: 74°51'17"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 day	/s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurments:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	70.4
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	80.2
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	97.1

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1422.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	- Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- n sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO 4 mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	7.3	3.54	0.03	0.009	0.025	0.006	0.01	0.09	0.29	0.49	8.32E-03
10 percentile	.00	8.2	3.92	.03	.015	.043	.008	.05	. 09	. 32	. 83	1.24E-02
25 percentile	2.65	12.7	4.13	.06	.021	.069	.016	.06	. 14	. 64	1.12	1.91E-02
50 percentile	27.40	23.8	4.39	.08	.040	.118	.024	. 12	. 23	1.25	1.67	4.07E-02
75 percentile	40.80	38.0	4.72	.18	.098	.305	.048	.40	. 56	2.28	3.59	7.41E-02
90 percentile	62.10	60.6	4.91	. 47	. 156	. 530	.087	.65	1.02	4.26	5.62	1.22E-01
Maximum value	103.10	144.7	5.08	.72	. 221	1.190	. 124	1.23	2.22	9,38	12.11	2.88E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	22.4	4.40	.09	.053	.306	.026	.16	. 58	1.15	1.86	3.93E-02
Arithmetic mean	26.83	31.3	4.41	.16	.062	. 225	. 035	.26	. 43	1.82	2.82	5.78E-02
No. of samples	53	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.102	0.061	0.349	0.030	0.181	0.666	1.306	2.116	4.5E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.009	.015	. 123	.005	.028	. 229	.170	0.228	5.5E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рН	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.37	0.45	36	17	. 12	25	40	. 10	46	43	-0.45
P-level		.004	.000	.005	.174	. 359	.052	.002	. 424	.000	.001	.000







Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NJ99. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NJ99.

[ppt = precipitation: mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: CUBA, New Mexico			Latitude: 36°02'27" Longitude: 106°	58'17"
CAL number: NM09	Map ID r	number: 67		
ADS number: 280a00			Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in m	neters: 2124	Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervals (371 day	/s)
Number of sampling intervals (days	in parer	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
With ppt measurements:	5 2	(371)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	75.5
When ppt occurred:	46	(329)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	83.0
When ppt did not occur:	6	(42)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample bucket:	9 0.9
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)		

Dut	Jea LOI	mraarub	rarm	Babe.	•	(0)
 With	chemic	al sample	es:		33	(238)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 361.8

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	ic Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg, mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.4	4.54	0.03	0.005	0.019	0.005	0.01	0.03	0.19	0.32	1.48E-04
10 percentile	.00	4.0	4.65	.07	.014	.030	. 008	.01	.06	. 29	. 41	7.16E-04
25 percentile	. 9 2	5. 2	4.80	. 11	. 024	.044	.013	.06	.08	. 45	. 52	2.10E-03
50 percentile	5.35	7. 2	5.09	. 23	.037	.079	.023	. 11	. 10	.71	. 91	8.13E-03
75 percentile	8.90	16.5	5.68	. 50	.071	. 203	.055	.21	. 27	1.53	1.92	1.58E-02
90 percentile	18.15	25.5	6.23	1.40	. 158	. 456	. 126	. 53	. 39	2.31	3.83	2.25E-02
Maximum value	37.90	36.1	6.83	2.21	. 974	2.750	.247	. 78	. 97	4.01	4.54	2.88E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	8.8	4.99	. 22	.033	. 086	. 027	. 15	. 11	.81	. 99	1.03E-02
Arithmetic mean	6.96	11.7	5.27	0.45	0.087	0.276	0.045	0.18	0.19	1.08	1.44	9.48E-03
No. of samples	52	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.067	0.010	0.026	0.008	0.046	0.033	0.242	0.297	3.1E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.010	.001	.003	.001	.010	.004	.030	.034	4.2E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.28	-0.26	46	65	64	39	12	45	23	24	0.26
P-level		. 023	.039	.000	.000	.000	.002	.342	.000	.065	.056	. 039







Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NM09. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO₃ and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NM09.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Aurora, New York CAL number: NY08 Map ID number: 68 ADS number: 040a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 249 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis):

Latitude: 42°44'02" Longitude: 76*39'35"

Station summary period: 12/29/1982 to 01/03/1984 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (370 days) Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 99.7 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 80.9 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 90.4 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: 91.2

duper of sampring incervars (days i	u paren	cuests):
With ppt measurements:	53	(370)
When ppt occurred:	50	(349)
When ppt did not occur:	3	(21)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	40	(279)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 793.5

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO . mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	7.9	3.72	0.02	0.006	0.017	0.003	0.01	0.01	0.47	0.68	1.35E-03
10 percentile	. 82	12.9	3.86	.04	.008	.023	.008	.07	.07	. 59	. 88	2.07E-02
25 percentile	4.60	21.3	3,99	.07	.016	.040	.010	.14	.10	1.24	1.67	3.43E-02
50 percentile	11.90	30.9	4.26	. 14	.028	.057	.021	. 29	.16	1.86	2.84	5.44E-02
75 percentile	22.10	62.8	4.46	. 42	.084	. 147	.058	. 57	. 29	3.24	6.42	1.02E-01
90 percentile	33.80	76.7	4.68	.79	.160	. 256	. 128	. 86	. 51	4.69	8,91	1.39E-01
Maximum value	51.10	101.0	5.87	7.34	1.481	7.520	. 491	1.62	6.23	7.13	14.64	1.91E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	32.3	4.22	.21	.045	. 118	.031	. 29	. 20	1.78	3.01	5.98E-02
Arithmetic mean	14.97	40.4	4.29	.46	.094	. 283	.049	. 40	.36	2.33	4.06	6.86E-02
No. of samples	53	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.148	0.032	0.084	0.023	0.209	0.142	1.273	2.155	4.3E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.034	.007	.034	.005	. 023	.028	0.149	0.341	6.6E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.38	0.24	50	57	50	51	274	50	40	-0.41	-0.24
P-level		.001	.031	.000	.000	. 000	.000	.014	.000	.000	.000	.031



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NY08, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NY08. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NY08.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Chautauqua, New York CAL number: NY10 Map ID number: 69 ADS number: 041a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 488 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 52 (364) -- When ppt did not occur: 1 (7) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 39 (273)

Latitude: 42°17'58" Longitude: 79°23'47"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 75.5

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 82.2

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 97.0

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1046.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	- Lab pH	Calcium as Ce, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO 4 mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	10.1	3.69	0,04	0.008	0.013	0.007	0.01	0.04	0.47	0.73	2.00E-02
10 percentile	.38	16.1	3.99	.06	.014	.023	.011	.05	.07	.77	1.35	2.24E-02
25 percentile	6.50	22.1	4.08	.07	.020	.038	.015	.13	. 10	1.28	1.89	3.89E-02
50 percentile	16.80	31.5	4.30	. 21	.035	.063	.031	.29	.19	1.87	2.97	5.01E-02
75 percentile	29.20	42.7	4.41	. 32	.058	.161	.059	. 44	. 27	3.02	4.05	8.32E-02
90 percentile	39.80	47.0	4.65	. 58	. 121	. 396	.175	.71	.64	3.82	4.82	1.02E-01
Maximum value	90.70	96.1	4.70	2.38	. 308	1.070	.918	.96	1.41	5.77	13.60	2.04E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	30.0	4.23	. 16	.032	.064	.032	. 30	. 17	1.76	2.79	5.86E-02
Arithmetic mean	19.74	33.3	4.28	. 28	.054	.140	.079	. 33	. 28	2.16	3.29	5.99E-02
No. of samples	53	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.138	0.028	0.055	0.027	0.255	0.142	1.512	2.392	5.0E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.019	. 003	.004	.002	. 024	.010	. 120	.211	4.3E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.14	-0.07	45	49	56	52	14	50	35 ³	19	0.07
P-level		.208	. 529	.000	.000	.000	.000	. 208	.000	.002	. 093	. 529



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NY10, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NY10. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NY10.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Knobit, New York			Latitude: 42°2
CAL number: NY12 Ma	ap ID r	number: 70	
ADS number: 042a00			Station summary period: 12/28/1983
Station altitude above mean sea level	l, in m	neters: 406	Length of summary period: 49 samp
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n parer	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt m
With ppt measurements:	49	(371)	Percent summary period with chemi
When ppt occurred:	47	(357)	Percent of total measured ppt with
When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)	Percent of total measured ppt in :
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample buck
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	
With chemical samples:	41	(316)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 1214.5

Latitude: 42°22'41" Longitude: 73*30'10"

ion summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 th of summary period: 49 sampling intervals (371 days) 100.0 ent summary period with ppt measurements: ent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 88.9 ent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 94.5 ent of total measured ppt in raingage that was llected in the wet-sample bucket: 93.8

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	- Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH 4, mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.1	3.47	0.01	0.008	0.021	0.006	0.01	0.05	0.21	0.18	2.51E-03
10 percentile	1.00	5.4	3.89	.02	.010	.031	.007	.01	.06	. 38	. 39	7.94E-03
25 percentile	7.00	7.5	4.11	.05	.013	.050	.010	.03	.09	. 55	.68	1.22E-02
50 percentile	17.30	22.3	4.45	.09	.027	.091	.021	. 12	.16	1.30	1.52	3.55E-02
75 percentile	31.50	40.8	4.91	.20	.051	. 135	.035	.36	.25	3.03	3.47	7.77 E- 02
90 percentile	55.90	58.5	5.10	. 42	.114	.271	.062	. 59	.49	5.61	5.59	1.30E-01
Maximum value	117.10	170.2	5,60	1.23	. 226	.685	. 132	1.04	. 83	10.00	15.40	3.39E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	19.4	4.44	.08	.023	.078	.018	. 14	. 14	1.23	1.61	3.59E-02
Arithmetic mean	24.79	32.0	4.50	. 17	.044	.119	.029	.23	. 21	2.13	2.72	5.95E-02
No. of samples	49	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.091	0.026	0.090	0.021	0.159	0.166	1,409	1,850	4.1E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.010	.003	.011	.002	.017	.018	0.144	0.135	3.4E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH,	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.29	0.26	-,59	63	49	40	28	44	41	28	-0.26
P-level		.007	.017	.000	. 000	.000	.000	.012	.000	.000	.009	.017



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NY12, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NY12. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO₃ and sulfate as SO₄.



Percentage composition of major ions for site NY12.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Stilwell Lake, New York CAL number: NY51 Map ID number: 71 ADS number: 045a00 Station eltitude above mean sea level, in meters: 186 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 51 (357) -- When ppt did not occur: 2 (14) -- When comple volume was substiLatitude: 41°21'00" Longitude: 74 02'22"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Length of summery period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days) Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100.0 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 81.1 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 88.5 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was 93.7 collected in the wet-sample bucket:

Wiell sample volume was subsci			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	
With chemical samples:	41	(287)	

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1851.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg mg/L	Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH 4 mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO mg/L	Sulfate as SO 4 ' mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	5.3	3.56	0.02	0.011	0.022	0.006	0.01	0.06	0.45	0.55	1.38E-03
10 percentile	. 50	11.2	3,90	.03	.018	.056	.007	.01	.11	. 48	.91	1.57E-02
25 percentile	2.65	13.8	4.08	.05	.025	.096	.015	.06	.16	.75	1.16	2.16E-02
50 percentile	26.90	26.9	4.35	.08	.049	. 167	.023	.14	. 27	1.34	2.11	4.47E-02
75 percentile	54.10	41.9	4.66	.21	.112	.448	.043	. 33	. 77	2.84	3.62	8.32E-02
90 percentile	84.18	83.2	4.80	1.68	.340	1.058	.179	.68	1.70	6.14	8.97	1.25E-01
Maximum value	174.80	180.7	5.86	2.39	1.849	11.888	. 921	1.67	20.95	12.55	20.68	2.75E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	21.6	4.41	.07	.047	.279	.022	.11	.49	1.12	1.76	3.85E-02
Arithmetic mean	34.93	38.2	4.38	. 36	. 135	.629	.080	.25	1.03	2.46	3.48	6.08E-02
No. of samples	53	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.120	0.075	0.447	0.035	0.181	0.788	1.793	2.824	6.2E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.008	.016	. 127	.005	.018	. 226	0.130	0.206	5.1E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.42	0.33	48	43	~.24	48	40	22	51	41	~0.33
P-level		.000	.003	.000	.000	.028	.000	.000	.049	.000	.000	.003



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NY51, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NY51. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NY51.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

75*56'50"

98.1

88.9

88.0

94.2

STATION: Bennett Bridge, New York Latitude: 43°31'34" Longitude: CAL number: NY52 Map ID number: 72 ADS number: 046a00 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 245 Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervals (371 days) Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurements: -- With ppt measurements: 51 (364) Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: -- When ppt occurred: 49 (351) Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: -- When ppt did not occur: 2 (13) Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was -- When sample volume was substicollected in the wet-sample bucket: tuted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 44 (317) Total measured ppt, in mm: 1458.4

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab PH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO 4 mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	8.0	3.44	0.03	0.009	0.015	0.008	0.01	0.07	0.59	0.71	5.89E-03
10 percentile	1.20	11.9	3.87	.05	.013	.024	.011	.07	.09	. 87	.95	1.85E-02
25 percentile	12.20	17.0	4.03	.09	.020	.040	.014	. 16	.11	1,51	1.32	2.82E-02
50 percentile	22.90	28.9	4.30	.15	.030	.068	.031	.31	. 17	2.03	2.77	4.96E-02
75 percentile	39.40	52.4	4.55	.35	.066	. 136	.049	.58	.24	2.87	4.70	9.28E-02
90 percentile	62.10	71.1	4.73	.91	.204	.386	.138	.85	.66	5.34	6.71	1.34E-01
Maximum value	73.70	203.7	5.23	1.62	. 283	.753	. 495	2.30	2.03	28.44	12.02	3.63E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	31.2	4.23	.15	.030	.075	.031	. 32	.17	2.04	2.72	5.89E-02
Arithmetic mean	28,60	40.2	4.29	.29	.059	.131	.058	. 43	.28	3.24	3.29	7.09E-02
No. of samples	51	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.186	0.039	0.096	0.039	0.413	0.220	2.625	3.494	7.6E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.010	.002	.015	.008	.034	.022	0.192	0.390	9.3E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.26	0.18	51	55	46	53	25	37	33	26	-0.18
P-level		.014	.085	.000	.000	.000	.000	.019	.001	.001	.012	.085



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NY52, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NY52. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NY52.
[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Jasper, New York		
CAL number: NY65	Map ID	number: 73
ADS number: 047a00		
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in	meters: 634
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	nthesis):
With ppt measurements:	52	(371)
When ppt occurred:	50	(357)
When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	6	(43)

44

-- With chemical samples:

Latitude: 42°06'22" Longitude: 77°32'08"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 85.8

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 96.2

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 95.8

(308)	Total	measured	ppt.	in	mm:	672.	1
(000)	10041	moundarou	PP°,	***			-

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	- Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	8.2	3,60	0.01	0.004	0.015	0.004	0.01	0.01	0.43	0.54	7.59E-03
10 percentile	. 16	10.7	3.93	. 03	.010	. 022	.006	.06	.05	, 76	. 97	1.82E-02
25 percentile	2.87	16.9	4.19	.07	.018	.031	.010	.09	.08	1.01	1.19	2.72E-02
50 percentile	10.20	25.5	4.36	. 13	.030	.048	.016	.21	. 12	1.45	2.26	4.32E-02
75 percentile	20,90	40.4	4.56	.26	.060	. 105	.033	.41	. 23	2.81	3.87	6.42E-02
90 percentile	28.45	61.0	4.74	. 58	. 120	.189	.060	. 58	.40	4.11	6.07	1.18E-01
Maximum value	50,80	124.3	5.12	2.11	. 489	. 817	.105	1.09	. 99	7,68	13.82	2.51E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	25.4	4.30	. 11	. 025	.048	.016	. 22	. 12	1.44	2.38	4.99E-02
Arithmetic mean	12.92	30.9	4.35	.23	.052	. 099	.025	. 28	. 18	2.07	2.94	5.75E-02
No. of samples	52	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.071	0.016	0.031	0.010	0.143	0.079	0.932	1.536	3.2E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.007	.001	.002	.001	.021	.015	.074	0.236	4.4E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	C1	NO	so ,	H
Kendall tau		-0.29	0.16	62	~.67	67	48	26	53	45	28	-0.16
P-level		.006	. 129	.000	.000	.000	.000	.016	.000	.000	.008	. 129



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site NY65, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site NY65. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site NY65.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Delaware, Ohio CAL number: OH17 Map ID number: 76 ADS number: 055a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 285 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 52 (364) -- When ppt did not occur: 1 (7) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 40 (280)

Latitude: 40°21'19" Longitude: 83°03'58"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 77.4

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 83.5

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 100.2

Total measured ppt, in mm: 872.8

,,,,,,,		I ah								Nitrite		
	Mea-	specifi	c		Magne-		Potas-		Chlor-	plus	. 1	Hydrogen
.	sured	conduc	-	Calcium	sium	Sodium	sium	Ammonia	ide	nitrate	Sullat	9 10n
Statistical	ppt,	tance,	Lab	as Ca,	as Mg,	as Na,	as K,	as NH , 4	as CI,	as NO,	as SU	, as H,
measures	mm	μS/cm	pH	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	. mg/L	mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	9.2	3.56	0.02	0.005	0 .011	0.002	0.01	0.04	0.46	0.44	9.77E-03
10 percentile	. 30	17.3	3.92	.05	.010	. 023	.006	. 06	.06	.85	1.72	1.59E-02
25 percentile	2.15	20.5	4.16	. 11	.026	.035	.016	.11	. 10	1.30	1.98	3.49E-02
50 percentile	8.60	26.5	4.35	. 23	.046	.078	.029	.37	.15	1,82	2.39	4.42E-02
75 percentile	23.40	41.8	4.46	. 54	. 092	.160	.057	. 57	. 23	2.81	4.01	6.89E-02
90 percentile	42.92	68.6	4.80	1.19	. 298	.347	. 136	.96	. 57	5.33	9.18	1.19E-01
Maximum value	98.00	198.2	5.01	2.23	.677	.967	. 607	2.86	2.26	10.84	11.83	2.75E-01
Volume-weighted me	an NA	24.4	4.36	. 17	.036	.055	. 026	.31	. 12	1.41	2.48	4.41E-02
Arithmetic mean	16.47	36.7	4.34	. 42	.095	. 147	.057	. 46	. 25	2.57	3.51	5.72E-02
No. of samples	53	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.128	0.026	0.040	0.019	0,226	0.085	1.030	1.807	3.2E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	. 024	.005	. 009	. 004	.052	.015	0.115	0.236	3.1E-03
Correlation with p	pt volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.41	0.21	-,55	59	67	42	26	57	58	29	-0.21
P-level		.000	.057	. 0 00	.000	.000	.000	. 020	.000	.000	.008	.057



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site OH17, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site OH17. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site OH17.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Wooster, Ohio												
CAL number: OH71	Map ID	number: 78										
ADS number: 058a00	ADS number: 058a00											
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in	meters: 315										
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	nthesis):										
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)										
When ppt occurred:	52	(364)										
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)										
When sample volume was substi-												
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)										
With chemical samples:	35	(245)										

Latitude: 40°46'48" Longitude: 81°55'31"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 67.9

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 70.5

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 98.9

Total measured ppt, in mm: 860.1

	Mea-	Lab specifi	c		Magne-		Potas-		Chlor-	Nitrite plus		Hydrogen
	sured	conduc	-	Calcium	sium	Sodium	sium	Ammonia	ide	nitrate	Sulfate	ion
Statistical	ppt,	tance,	Lab	as Ca,	as Mg,	as Na,	as K,	as NH ,	as Cl,	as NO ₂ ,	as SO,,	as H,
measures	mm	µS/cm	pH	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L ⁴	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L ⁴	mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	11.7	3.69	0.04	0.012	0.017	0.005	0.06	0.01	0.59	1.03	8.91E-03
10 percentile	. 24	15.1	3.98	.06	.013	.023	.008	.08	.06	.69	1.53	2.19E-02
25 percentile	2.90	20.1	4.21	. 11	.020	.030	.012	.13	.10	. 92	1.76	2.82E-02
50 percentile	16.50	25.0	4.37	.20	.037	.054	.027	. 37	.14	1.64	2.69	4.27E-02
75 percentile	24.00	31.0	4.55	.26	.057	.150	.039	. 59	.22	2.96	3.48	6.17E-02
90 percentile	32.82	66.9	4.66	. 53	.116	.293	.082	1.02	.46	4.12	6.29	1.05E-01
Maximum value	66.80	90.9	5.05	1.23	.241	. 332	.176	1.45	.87	7.59	7.57	2.04E-01
Volume-weighted mea	n NA	29.1	4.28	.17	.033	.064	.025	.35	. 16	1.61	2.81	5.24E-02
Arithmetic mean	16.23	30.9	4.36	.26	.053	. 101	.035	. 43	. 20	2.10	3.08	5.29E-02
No. of samples	53	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.100	0.020	0.039	0.015	0.211	0.095	0.973	1,706	3.2E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.010	.002	.006	.003	.026	.020	.094	0.238	4.8E-03
Correlation with pr	ot volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.11	-0.03	48	51	43	35	19	42	38	20	0.03
P-level		.349	. 776	.000	.000	.000	.003	.105	.000	.001	.091	.776



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site OH71, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site OH71. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site OH71.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Vines Hill, Oregon		
CAL number: OR11	Map ID no	umber: 83
ADS number: 027a00		
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in m	eters: 904
Number of sampling intervals (days	in parent	thesis):
With ppt measurements:	49	(378)
When ppt occurred:	44	(343)
~- When ppt did not occur:	5	(35)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	2	(14)
With chemical samples:	30	(241)

Latitude: 43°53'57" Longitude: 117°25'37"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/10/1984

 Length of summary period: 49 sampling intervals (378 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 101.9

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 74.4

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 81.0

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 95.9

Total measured ppt, in mm: 386.8

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.1	4.79	0.02	0.005	0.017	0.002	0.05	0.03	0.19	0.05	1.82E-04
10 percentile	.00	2.8	5.38	.04	.009	.026	.009	.07	.05	. 22	.06	3.97E-04
25 percentile	. 30	3.7	5.53	.06	.014	.033	.014	. 11	.07	.29	. 22	1.02E-03
50 percentile	5.30	5.0	5.76	.13	. 028	.076	.031	. 22	.09	. 43	. 56	1.74E-03
75 percentile	13.50	9.8	5.99	. 29	.050	. 185	.066	. 33	. 23	1.23	1.11	2.92E-03
90 percentile	20.80	14.6	6.40	. 44	. 084	.369	.115	. 94	. 38	2.08	1.80	4.20E-03
Maximum value	34.30	23.0	6.74	.48	. 111	2 .110	. 230	1.10	.70	2.63	1.96	1.62E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	5.7	5.69	. 13	.027	.088	.035	. 28	. 11	. 60	. 53	2.06E-03
Arithmetic mean	7.89	7.1	5.79	.18	.037	. 186	.049	. 31	. 16	. 80	. 69	2.42E-03
No. of samples	49	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.039	0.008	0.028	0.011	0.088	0.033	0.187	0.167	6.4E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.006	.001	.003	.002	.014	.005	.028	. 023	7.8E-05
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.35	0.05	51	50	48	36	19	55	32 ³	35	-0.05
P-level		.008	.681	.000	.000	.000	.006	.143	.000	.013	.008	.681



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site OR11, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site OR11. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site OR11.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Composited from stations 060a00 and 366a00 CAL number: 0R97+0R99 Map ID number: 84 ADS numbers: 060a00 and 366a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 69 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): --- With not measurements: 53 (371) Latitude: 44°38' Longitude: 123°12'

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 84.9

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 95.0

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 91.8

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1235.4

umber of	sampling	intervais	(days	ru f	arent	nesis):
With	ppt measu	rements:			53	(371)
When	ppt occur	red:			50	(350)
When	ppt did n	ot occur:			3	(21)
When	sample vo	lume was s	substi-	•		
tut	ed for mi	ssing rain	n gage:		16	(112)
With	chemical	samples:			42	(294)

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	c Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- n sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.4	4.63	0.01	0.004	0.026	0.003	0.01	0.07	0.01	0.05	3.31E-04
10 percentile	.30	3.0	4.95	.03	.013	.054	.009	.01	. 11	. 12	.08	1.13E-03
25 percentile	2.80	4.8	5.30	.06	.025	.110	.021	.01	.18	.16	.39	2.13E-03
50 percentile	16.00	6.7	5.47	. 09	. 059	.320	.031	.05	. 41	. 23	. 49	3.35E-03
75 percentile	36,90	8.8	5.67	.15	.089	. 564	.054	. 10	1.03	.46	. 76	5.02E-03
90 percentile	62.22	12,6	5.95	. 28	.120	.780	. 107	.30	1.39	1.03	1.29	1.12E-02
Maximum value	88,60	20.7	6.48	. 86	. 252	2.100	.150	. 87	3.85	1.98	1.85	2.34E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	6.7	5.42	. 07	.069	. 522	.030	. 06	. 95	.22	. 44	3.78E-03
Arithmetic mean	23.31	7.3	5.49	. 14	.064	. 393	.043	. 10	.67	.41	.60	4.46E-03
No. of samples	53	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.083	0.081	0.613	0.035	0.065	1.113	0.261	0.515	4.4E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.009	.021	.174	. 007	.008	.320	.017	.065	4.8E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0,21	0.00	61	12	.09	37	214	.14	46	40	0.00
P-level		.048	. 982	. 000	. 255	.416	.001	.062	.201	.000	.000	. 982







Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site OR97. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site OR97.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

> Latitude: 40°39'32" Longitude: 77 56'10"

CAL number: PA42 Map ID number: 87 ADS number: 064a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 282 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) 50 (350) -- When ppt occurred: -- When ppt did not occur: 3 (21)))

STATION: Leading Ridge, Pennsylvania

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days) Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100.0 92.4 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 96.0 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: 90.3

When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	46	(322)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1159.9

Statistical meāsures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.7	3.51	0.03	0.006	0.019	0.003	0.01	0.04	0.32	0.25	3.24E-03
10 percentile	.62	10.1	3.84	.04	.010	.026	.008	. 04	.07	.60	.86	1.47E-02
25 percentile	10.80	14.9	4.09	.07	.015	. 037	.016	.09	.11	. 91	1.20	2.73E-02
50 percentile	18.00	30.1	4.28	.10	. 024	.058	.028	.19	. 15	1.86	2.26	5.25E-02
75 percentile	32,40	46.3	4.56	.28	.054	.130	.060	.43	. 26	2.71	4.00	8.18E-02
90 percentile	52.52	75.3	4.84	. 4 4	.094	. 249	. 110	. 72	.49	5.52	7.41	1.44E-01
Maximum value	70.10	158.8	5.49	1.26	.235	.810	.164	1.56	1,32	8.50	16.22	3.09E-01
Volume-weighted mean	n NA	29.2	4.25	. 12	.026	.068	.036	. 25	.15	1.67	2.64	5.67E-02
Arithmetic mean	21.88	36.2	4.33	. 22	.043	. 117	.044	. 32	. 23	2.26	3.39	6.76E-02
No. of samples	53	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.136	0.029	0.075	0.040	0.277	0.169	1.854	2.940	6.3E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	. 020	. 004	.008	.011	.041	.013	0.136	0.266	5.9E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.23	0.15	49	49	41	33	21	40	31	21	-0.15
P-level		.0 2 6	.145	.000	.000	.000	.001	.042	.000	.003	.042	. 145



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site PA42, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site PA42. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site PA42.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

 STATION: Walker Branch Watershed, Tennessee

 CAL number: TN00
 Map ID number: 92

 ADS number: 171a00

 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 341

 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis):

 -- With ppt measurements:
 53 (371)

 -- When ppt occurred:
 49 (343)

 -- When ppt did not occur:
 4 (28)

Latitude: 35°57'41" Longitude: 84°17'14"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 83.0

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 80.0

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 102.0

with ppt measurements:	55	(3/1)
When ppt occurred:	49	(343)
When ppt did not occur:	4	(28)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	40	(280)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1161.0

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ; ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	6.8	3.65	0.03	0.007	0.017	0.007	0.01	0.07	0,01	0.74	1.58E-04
10 percentile	.04	10.0	3.98	.07	.015	.032	.013	.01	.09	. 32	. 94	1.13E-02
25 percentile	5.20	12.8	4.29	.13	.021	.042	.019	.05	. 12	. 58	1.30	2.21E-02
50 percentile	16.30	22.7	4.45	. 20	.038	. 066	.031	.16	. 21	1.10	2.38	3.51E-02
75 percentile	28.60	30.3	4.65	.39	.061	.130	.046	.34	. 28	1.67	3.25	5.16E-02
90 percentile	55.66	54.7	4.95	. 84	.148	.264	.090	. 59	. 42	2.93	5.96	1.05E-01
Maximum value	86.90	126.4	6.80	1.08	.180	. 510	.270	.88	. 64	5.39	10.61	2.24E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	21.1	4.44	.19	.034	.086	.034	.18	. 19	. 94	2.18	3.59E-02
Arithmetic mean	21.91	27.2	4.52	.30	.052	. 110	.043	.23	. 22	1.37	2.83	4.56E-02
No. of samples	53	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.172	0.032	0.080	0.032	0.168	0.173	0,869	2.027	3.3E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.014	.003	.015	.005	.024	.024	.081	0.180	3.4E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.28	0.19	46	51	30	22	23	31	40	33	-0.19
P-level		.012	. 080	.000	.000	.007	.045	.038	.005	.000	.003	0.080



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site TN00, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site TN00. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO $_3$ and sulfate as SO $_4$.



Percentage composition of major ions for site TN00.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: K-Bar, Texas										
CAL number: TX04	Map ID n	umber: 94								
ADS number: 070a00										
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in m	eters: 1056								
Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis):										
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)								
When ppt occurred:	36	(252)								
When ppt did not occur:	17	(119)								
When sample volume was substi-										
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)								

Latitude: 29°18'07" Longitude: 103°10'38"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)	
Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 10	0.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 83	3.0
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 8	8. 2
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket: 10	1.5

tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	27	(189)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 287.0

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potes- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia es NH 4 mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate es NO ₃ mg/L	Sulfate as SO mg/L	Hydrogen a ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.0 0	2.3	5.06	0.05	0.008	0.031	0.007	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.17	2.09E-04
10 percentile	.00	3.6	5.29	. 12	.016	.037	.009	.05	.06	. 17	. 53	2.71E-04
25 percentile	.00	5.0	5.39	. 30	.022	.064	.031	. 12	.09	. 47	.69	6.03E-04
50 percentile	. 50	10.0	5.84	.72	.044	.177	.055	. 27	.21	. 82	1.09	1.45E-03
75 percentile	8.25	15.3	6.22	1.23	. 117	. 499	. 120	. 42	.45	1.37	2.68	4.07E-03
90 percentile	19.30	36.2	6.57	2.33	.245	1.303	.177	. 82	1.00	3.28	4.39	5.11E-03
Maximum value	38.90	57.7	6.68	4.09	.355	8.227	. 594	1.53	2.16	3.89	5.72	8.71E-03
Volume-weighted mean	NA	7.1	5.52	. 46	.031	.132	.039	. 21	. 14	0.57	. 98	3.04E-03
Arithmetic mean	5.42	14.2	5.87	. 97	.081	.649	.091	. 34	. 36	1.13	1.77	2.23E-03
No. of samples	53	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.118	0.008	0.033	0.010	0.054	0.036	0.144	0.248	7.7E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	. 024	.001	.008	.001	.005	.005	.015	.030	1.3E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.60	-0.39	59	70	71	62	29	58	51	49	0.39
P-level		.000	.005	.000	.000	.000	.000	.037	.000	.000	.000	.005







Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site TX04. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site TX04.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Forest Seed Center, Texas CAL number: TX38 Map ID number: 95 ADS number: 254a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 84 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 54 (371) -- When ppt occurred: 48 (329) -- When ppt did not occur: (42) 6 -- When sample volume was substi-)

Latitude: 31°33'38" Longitude: 94°51'39"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 54 sampling intervals (371 day	s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	81.1
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	71.8
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	99.1

tuted for missing rain gage:	1	(7)
With chemical samples:	37	(259)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1341.4

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	c Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH 4 mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO 4 mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.6	4.24	0.02	0.006	0.017	0.005	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.58	3.63E-04
10 percentile	.00	7.7	4.49	.06	.016	.071	.019	.04	.09	. 32	. 62	1.82E-03
25 percentile	. 88	10.3	4.56	.09	.032	.178	.030	.10	.29	. 47	.97	6.61E-03
50 percentile	19,30	15.5	4.86	.20	.058	.344	.049	.19	. 44	1.08	1.41	1.38E-02
75 percentile	37.62	22.6	5.18	.44	.101	. 591	.118	.36	1.03	1.77	2.72	2.75E-02
90 percentile	69.00	38.7	5.75	1.03	. 332	1.694	.348	1.31	2.43	3.90	5.48	3.31E-02
Maximum value	99.80	70.6	6.44	4.40	.385	2.537	1.157	1.76	5.27	6.44	9.36	5.75E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	12.0	4.82	.18	.047	.297	.047	.18	. 49	.70	1.22	1.50E-02
Arithmetic mean	24.84	19.3	4.97	.49	.099	. 533	.135	.36	. 88	1.46	2.17	1.72E-02
No. of samples	54	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.177	0.045	0.286	0.045	0.175	0.474	0.673	1.171	1.4E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.022	.004	.028	.005	.018	.044	.066	.096	1.8E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH,	C1	NO	so,	н
Kendall tau		-0.62	0.07	53	52	32	57	30	29	62	55	-0.07
P-level		.000	. 530	.000	.000	.006	.000	.009	.012	.000	.000	. 530



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site TX38, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site TX38. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site TX38.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Cedar Mountain, Utah			Latitude: 39°10'15" Longitude: 110°3	17'05"
CAL number: UT02 M	ap ID r	umber: 98		
ADS number: 069a00			Station summary period: 12/21/1982 to 01/17/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea leve	l, in m	eters: 2356	Length of summary period: 35 sampling intervals (392 day	's)
Number of sampling intervals (days i	n parer	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	103.5
With ppt measurements:	33	(384)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	75.2
When ppt occurred:	31	(370)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	72.2
When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample bucket:	82.4
tuted for missing rain gage:	3	(34)		
With chemical samples:	23	(265)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 277.4	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.1	4.67	0.19	0.036	0.028	0.010	0.01	0,06	0.29	0.17	7.76E-05
10 percentile	. 12	5.3	5.03	. 19	.043	.032	.010	.01	.07	. 48	. 38	3.30E-04
25 percentile	.95	5.6	5.33	.31	.049	.068	.016	.06	.08	.75	.74	8.71E-04
50 percsntile	7.40	9.4	5.83	. 57	.092	.120	.044	. 17	.14	1.06	1.18	1.48E-03
75 percentile	11.80	14.9	6.06	1.21	.195	.248	.076	. 22	. 21	1.56	1.96	4.68E-03
90 percentile	21,86	26.7	6.51	2.13	.410	.949	. 193	.29	. 81	2.60	4.13	9.79E-03
Maximum value	31.50	59.2	7.11	7.88	. 514	1.950	. 243	.71	1.01	4.52	7.03	2.14E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	9.0	5.39	.71	.091	.104	.050	. 14	.14	. 95	1.06	4.11E-03
Arithmetic mean	8.41	12.9	5.75	1.07	. 146	.279	.063	. 17	. 25	1.30	1.68	3.45E-03
No. of samples	33	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.142	0.018	0.021	0.010	0.027	0.027	0.190	0.213	8.2E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.042	.003	.002	.002	.004	.003	0.028	0.036	2.3E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.31	-0.29	33	36	51	15	.01	41	38	39	0.29
P-level		.042	.057	.028	.016	.001	. 328	.937	.007	.010	.010	. 057







Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site UT02. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site UT02.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Bennington, Vermont CAL number: VT01 Map ID number: 100 ADS number: 249a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 305 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements; 52 (378) -- When ppt occurred: 51 (371) -- When ppt did not occur: 1 (7) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 5 (35) -- With chemical samples: 36 (266)

Latitude: 42°52'34" Longitude: 73°09'48"

 Station summary period: 12/21/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervals (378 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 101.9

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 73.6

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 77.3

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 92.0

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1215.9

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	- Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.3	3.67	0.02	0.006	0.014	0.004	0.01	0.05	0.25	0.31	6.61E-04
10 percentile	1,90	6.3	3.89	.04	.012	. 027	.006	.01	.06	. 40	. 55	8.02E-03
25 percentile	7.35	9.6	4.19	.07	.022	.041	.013	. 05	.08	.66	.8	1.30E-02
50 percentile	18.00	21.6	4.47	. 11	.034	.066	.026	.22	. 11	1.66	2.11	3.40E-02
75 percentile	30.3 2	38.5	4.89	.30	.076	.131	.035	. 44	. 22	2.06	4.15	6.38E-02
90 percentile	62.40	62.9	5.10	.37	.087	.209	.062	.66	. 41	3.71	5.08	1.28E-01
Maximum value	75.20	90.4	6.18	.72	.236	.753	.091	.96	1.15	5.45	8.7	2.14E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	23.2	4.38	.11	.033	.096	.026	0.24	0.19	1.32	2.22	4.21E-02
Arithmetic mean	23.38	26.5	4.53	. 17	.049	. 111	.029	0.28	0.20	1.70	2.55	4.83E-02
No. of samples	52	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.108	0.031	0.090	0.025	0.227	0.174	1.238	2.084	4.0E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.011	.005	.035	.003	.051	.064	0.166	0.298	4.5E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.14	0.09	40	41	36	11	17	21	28	14	-0.09
P-level		0.247	0.454	.001	.001	.002	.361	.144	.074	.017	.230	. 454







Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site VT01. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO $_3$ and sulfate as SO $_4$.



Percentage composition of major ions for site VT01.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Olympic National Park, Washington CAL number: WA14 Map ID number: 101 ADS number: 074a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 176 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 58 (371) -- When ppt occurred: (364) 57 -- When ppt did not occur: 1 (7) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 46 (292)

Latitude: 47°51'36" Longitude: 123°55'57"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 58 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 80.6

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 80.2

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 97.0

Total measured ppt, in mm: 4057.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	1.7	5.08	0.01	0.004	0.036	0.003	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.05	7.08E-04
10 percentile	1.26	2.5	5.19	.02	.014	.063	.008	.01	. 11	.01	.05	1.20E-03
25 percentile	11.07	3.6	5.35	.03	. 026	.107	.013	.01	. 17	.04	.05	2.50E-03
50 percentile	52.05	5.1	5.48	.05	.043	. 255	.021	.01	. 47	.09	.34	3.31E-03
75 percentile	101.92	8.7	5.60	.09	.096	.629	.044	.01	. 98	.14	. 58	4.49E-03
90 percentile	175.62	10.7	5.92	. 18	. 145	1.186	.069	.03	1.99	.25	. 99	6.50E-03
Maximum value	303.50	14.8	6.15	.37	. 199	1.680	. 416	.21	3.11	.88	1.44	8.32E-03
Volume-weighted mean	NA	5.7	5.43	.04	.062	. 482	.027	.02	. 87	.08	.26	3.73E-03
Arithmetic mean	69.95	6.1	5.51	.08	.063	.428	.044	. 02	. 74	. 12	.39	3.60E-03
No. of samples	58	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.134	0.200	1.567	0.088	0.049	2.842	0.258	0.851	1.2E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.014	. 023	0.188	.008	.009	0.361	. 022	.072	1.2E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so,	H
Kendall tau		-0.05	-0.13	59	06	. 18	14	.01	. 20	17	27	0.13
P-level		.656	. 218	.000	. 563	.083	. 169	. 909	.049	.097	.009	.218



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site WA14, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site WA14. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site WA14.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Lake Dubay, Wisconsin			Latitude: 44°39'53"Longitude: 89°3	9'08"
CAL number: WI28	lap ID r	number: 102		
ADS number: 283a00			Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea leve	el, in m	neters: 2113	Length of summary period: 54 sampling intervals (371 day	's)
Number of sampling intervals (days i	n parer	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	99.5
With ppt measurements:	53	(369)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	84.4
When ppt occurred:	49	(341)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	90.0
When ppt did not occur:	4	(28)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample bucket:	95.5
tuted for missing rain gage:	2	(14)		

-- With chemical samples: 41 (285) Total measured ppt, in mm: 641.5 Lab Nitrite specific Potas-Chlorplus Hydrogen Mea-Magne conduc-Calcium sium Sodium sium Ammonia ide nitrate Sulfate ion sured Statistical as NH as Cl. as NO as SO as H. as Ca as Na. as K. ppt. tance. Lab as Mg. mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L measures μS/cm рĦ mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mm Minimum value 0.00 7.0 3.89 0.04 0.014 0.017 0.014 0.01 0.03 0.80 0.38 3.31E-04 10 percentile .30 9.8 4.22 .09 .019 .026 .017 .14 .08 .94 . 99 7.02E-04 25 percentile 4.31 .056 .025 . 25 5.61E-03 1.00 14.6 .16 .031 .11 1.33 1.45 50 percentile 6.35 4.47 .107 .056 .48 2,00 3.39E-02 24.0 .34 .049 .14 2.58 75 percentile . 67 . 67 . 28 4.85E-02 16.38 30.8 5.26 .152 .168 .128 2.54 3.37 90 percentile 6.03E-02 32.52 47.0 6.15 1.10 .246 .417 .239 1.15 . 58 4.36 4.96 Maximum value 95.50 81.2 6.48 2.63 . 421 1.020 .490 2.47 1.02 10.93 9.77 1.29E-01

.063

.170

.039

.094

.51

.58

.12

.26

1.76

2.38

2.55

2.82

3.44E-02

3.18E-02

No. of samples	52	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.168	0.027	0.036	0.023	0,293	0.070	1.019	1.475	2.0E-0
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.039	.005	.003	.002	.063	.010	0.169	0.318	3.8E-0
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.03	-0.21	37	50	62	51	. 06	61	22	.02	0,21
P-level		.770	.053	.001	.000	.000	.000	. 566	.000	.048	.884	.053

.046

.098

Volume-weighted mean

Arithmetic mean

NA

12.34

22.3

25.4

4.46

4.82

. 29

.49



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site WI28, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site WI28. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site WI28.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Trout Lake, Wisconsin CAL number: WI36 Map ID number: 103 ADS number: 076a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 501 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 52 (372) -- When ppt occurred: 51 (365) -- When ppt did not occur: 1 (7) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 3 (21) -- With chemical samplee: 34 (238)

Latitude: 46°03'09" Longitude: 89°39'11"

Station summary period: 12/27/1982 to 01/03/1984Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervels (372 days)Percent summary period with ppt measurements:100.3Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:66.0Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:76.1Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
collected in the wet-sample bucket:96.4

Total measured ppt, in mm: 859.9

	Maar	Lab	_		Ma		Dates		Ch 1	Nitrite		Underson
	Mea-	specific		Caladum	Magne	- Sadium	rotas-	Ammonia	Chilor-	prus	Culfet	nyarogen o ion
Chabiatian 1	Surea	conauc		Calcium		Socium	sium	Ammonia	108	nitrate	Sullat	
Statistical	ppc,	cance,	Lab	as ca,	as mg	, as Na,	as K,	as NH,	as CI,	as no ,	as 50	, as n,
measures		μ5/cm	рн	mg/L	mg/L	. mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	. mg / L	mg / L
Minimum value	0.00	3.6	3. 8 6	0.03	0.007	0.010	0.002	0.01	0.01	0.25	0.35	4.07E-04
10 percentile	.36	7.0	4.32	.04	.011	.015	.006	.01	.02	. 58	.48	2.48E-03
25 percentile	2.70	10.0	4.55	.09	.016	.023	.012	.09	.07	. 89	.9	7.30E-03
50 percentile	10.70	15.5	4.70	.19	.030	.044	.019	.26	. 11	1.22	1.68	1.97E-02
75 percentile	21.90	22.4	5.14	.38	.057	.088	.035	. 48	.14	2.05	2.36	2.82E-02
90 percentile	43.75	30.7	5.60	.64	. 122	.241	.064	1.04	.21	3.06	3.9	4.79E-02
Maximum value	71.90	69.5	6.39	1.61	.350	.640	.139	2.02	. 34	5.81	5.80	1.38E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	15.2	4.64	. 19	.033	.044	.021	. 28	.08	1.12	1.58	2.28E-02
Arithmetic mean	16.54	17.5	4.84	. 27	.052	.088	.027	. 38	.11	1.62	1.87	2.37E-02
No. of samples	52	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.122	0.022	0. 029	0.014	0.181	0.054	0.734	1.035	1.5E-02
Msximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.020	.005	.004	.003	.043	.005	.101	0.183	1.9E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.13	-0.14	29	33	52	25	19	42	- 39	16	0.14
P-level		. 279	. 260	.018	. 0 07	.000	.036	. 122	.001	.001	.192	. 260



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site WI36, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site WI36. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site WI36.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Spooner, Wisconsin			Latitude: 45°49'21" Longitude: 91°5	52'30"
CAL number: WI37	Map ID n	umber: 104		
ADS number: 077a00			Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea l	evel, in m	eters: 331	Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 day	/s)
Number of sampling intervals (day	s in paren	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	66.0
When ppt occurred:	51	(357)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	74.3
When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was subst	i-		collected in the wet-sample bucket:	92.8
tuted for missing rain gag	e: 0	(0)		
With chemical samples:	33	(231)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 914.2	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH 4, mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ , mg/L	Hydrogen ; ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	6.9	4.29	0.04	0.010	0.016	0.012	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	3.72E-04
10 percentile	. 38	7.5	4.41	.07	.015	.023	.015	.03	.03	.64	.49	1.14E-03
25 percentile	2.95	9.4	4.61	. 12	.025	.028	.022	. 13	.06	. 97	1.06	3.98E-03
50 percentile	10.40	13.2	4.79	. 22	.038	.053	.035	.39	.11	1.23	1.51	1.62E-02
75 percentile	23.75	21.5	5.40	.45	.068	.109	.047	. 63	.16	2.07	2.56	2.43E-02
90 percentile	47.56	25.9	5.95	.75	. 129	. 187	.105	1.20	.31	3,07	3.67	3.89E-02
Maximum value	96.30	35.1	6.43	1.11	. 185	.637	. 596	1.62	. 59	4.24	5.04	5.13E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	14.8	4.74	.25	.039	.046	. 057	.41	.11	1.33	1,63	1.83E-02
Arithmetic mean	17.25	15.7	5.01	. 32	.053	. 088	.059	. 47	. 14	1.57	1.82	1.70E-02
No. of samples	53	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.170	0.027	0.032	0.039	0.281	0.074	0.904	1.110	1.2E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.027	.005	.004	.014	.062	.014	.161	. 198	3.3E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.14	-0.03	20	40	55	04	08	28	16	12	0.03
P~level		.258	. 828	. 107	.001	.000	.756	.515	.023	. 182	. 321	. 828



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site WI37, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site WI37. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site WI37.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Psrsons, West Virginia			Latitude: 39°05'23" Longitude: 79°3	9'44"
CAL number: WV18 Ma	ap ID r	number: 106		
ADS number: 075a00			Stetion summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea level	l, in m	meters: 305	Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 day	's)
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n parer	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	86.8
When ppt occurred:	52	(364)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	80.8
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage thet was	
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample bucket:	91.2
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)		
With chemical samples:	45	(315)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 1230.3	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium es Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.6	3.71	0.03	0.004	0.010	0.004	0.01	0.01	0.26	0.33	1.26E-03
10 percentile	3.92	7.2	3.82	.05	.010	.020	.009	.01	.04	.41	.75	9.77E-03
25 percentile	7.75	13.2	4.05	.10	.015	.030	.014	.06	.08	. 70	1.11	2.21E-02
50 percentile	20.30	19.8	4.44	.16	. 025	.042	.030	.14	. 11	1.17	1.94	3.63E-02
75 percentile	36.35	45.0	4.65	. 28	.037	.077	.046	.31	. 17	2.53	4.24	8.81E-02
90 percentile	58.28	75.3	5.01	. 54	.080	. 149	.086	. 49	. 27	3.79	6.99	1.51E-01
Maximum value	65.30	93.1	5.90	2.53	.315	.351	. 129	1.60	. 51	5.82	13.93	1.95E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	26.4	4.29	. 15	.022	.041	. 026	.18	.10	1.37	2.50	5.17E-02
Arithmetic mean	23.21	30.4	4.43	. 26	.038	. 067	.037	. 22	.14	1.75	3.08	5.69E-02
No. of samples	53	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.151	0.022	0.041	0.026	0.174	0.103	1.358	2.485	5.1E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.013	.002	.002	.002	.029	.008	0.135	0.393	8.9E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.19	0.13	49	62	54	39	10	35	23	20	-0.13
P-level		.069	. 221	.000	. 000	.000	.000	.356	.001	.025	.054	. 221







Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site WV18. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO₃ and sulfate as SO₄.



Percentage composition of major ions for site WV18.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Newcastle, Wyoming			Latitude: 43°52'24" Longitude: 104°1	L'32"
CAL number: WY99	Map ID n	umber: 109		
ADS number: 255a00			Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea le	evel, in m	eters: 1466	Length of summary period: 54 sampling intervals (371 day	ys)
Number of sampling intervals (days	in paren	thesis):	Fercent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
With ppt measurements:	54	(371)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	86.5
When ppt occurred:	47	(322)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	81.9
When ppt did not occur:	7	(49)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was substi			collected in the wet-sample bucket:	84.8
tuted for missing rain gage	: 12	(84)		
With chemical samples:	39	(272)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 346.5	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- n sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.8	4.85	0.05	0.011	0.020	0.002	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	5.62E-05
10 percentile	.00	4.2	4.93	. 10	.015	.027	.008	.01	.07	.36	. 37	5.01E-04
25 percentile	.60	6.8	5.23	.19	.025	.043	.015	.06	.09	. 53	. 56	7.76E-04
50 percentile	3.80	10.7	5.82	.38	.070	.149	.038	. 17	. 18	. 98	1.16	1.51E-03
75 percentile	10.75	13.5	6.11	.85	. 144	. 273	.114	. 49	.26	1.63	1.63	5.89E-03
90 percentile	16.26	26.3	6.30	1.35	. 196	. 751	. 134	.68	. 58	3.36	4.18	1.17E-02
Maximum value	34.50	143.7	7.25	8.04	. 505	21.733	.387	1.93	4.71	6.45	7.81	1.41E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	9.1	5.21	.34	.048	. 123	.039	.27	. 12	. 98	1.05	6.15E-03
Arithmetic mean	6.54	15.0	5.72	.76	.098	. 794	.066	.30	. 33	1.36	1.58	3.65E-03
No. of samples	53	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.096	0.013	0.035	0.011	0.076	0.035	0.279	0.298	1.7E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.008	.001	.007	.001	.009	.003	.025	.029	3.9E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.33	-0.47	48	62	59	37	01	52	23	27	0.47
P-level		.003	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	. 932	. 0 00	.036	.016	.000



Percentiles of volume-weighted mean concentrations for site WY99, based on frequency distributions of data from 55 National Trends Network sites.



Bar plots of concentrations and cumulative line plots of loads for site WY99. Nitrite plus nitrate are reported as NO_3 and sulfate as SO_4 .



Percentage composition of major ions for site WY99.

172

,

APPENDIX III:

Statistical Summaries for

Stations with Partial Records of

Precipitation-chemistry Data in 1983

(Station summaries are ordered numberically by Map ID numbers listed in table 1)
[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Blackbelt, Alabama CAL number: AL10 Map ID number: 1 ADS number: 329a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 58 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 18 (125) -- When ppt occurred: 16 (111) -- When ppt did not occur: 2 (14) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 16 (111)

Latitude: 32°27'30" Longitude: 87°14'31"

 Station summary period: 08/31/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 18 sampling intervals (125 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 33.7

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 33.7

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 100.0

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 99.6

Total measured ppt, in mm: 500.6

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.2	4.41	0.03	0.013	0.060	0.011	0.01	0.11	0.17	0.53	6.17E-05
10 percentile	.00	5.0	4.46	.04	.013	.072	.012	.01	.13	. 23	. 54	1.01E-03
25 percentile	5.02	7.6	4.73	.06	.020	.124	.020	.05	.21	. 32	.74	6.26E-03
50 percentile	22.70	11.3	4.91	.09	.035	.193	.024	.08	.32	. 62	1.10	1.22E-02
75 percentile	45.85	13.2	5.21	.27	.060	.257	.047	.14	. 42	. 82	1.50	1.84E-02
90 percentile	74.84	31.0	6.26	. 56	.133	.783	.411	1.96	1.04	1.89	2.64	3.49E-02
Maximum value	85.10	58.1	7.21	. 57	.169	1.120	.973	6.06	1.47	3.63	4.88	3.89E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	9.4	4.88	.09	.032	. 193	.032	. 14	.32	.46	.91	1.32E-02
Arithmetic mean	27.81	13.5	5.09	.18	.048	.261	.096	.46	. 40	.76	1.31	1.36E-02
No. of samples	18	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.047	0.016	0.097	0.016	0.070	0.161	0.230	0.457	6.6E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.008	.004	.029	.005	.029	.049	.034	.062	1.5E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.43	-0.12	49	48	-,24	59	24	30	56	57	0.12
P-level		.019	. 529	.010	.010	.190	.001	. 204	.104	.003	.002	. 529



Percentage composition of major ions for site AL10.

[ppt = precipitation; mm ≈ millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

93*05'55"

1.1

CAL number: AR03 Map ID number: 3 ADS number: 330a00 Station summary period: 12/30/1983 to 01/03/1984 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 71 Length of summary period: 1 sampling intervals (4 days) Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 1. With ppt measurements: 1 (4) When ppt did not occur: 0 (0) When sample volume was substi- collected in the wet-sample bucket: tuted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) With chemical samples: 0 (0)	STATION: Caddo Valley, Arkansas				Latitude: 34°10'46" Longitude: 93°05'
ADS number: 330a00 Station summary period: 12/30/1983 to 01/03/1984 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 71 Length of summary period: 1 sampling intervals (4 days) Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 1. With ppt measurements: 1 (4) When ppt occurred: 1 (4) When ppt did not occur: 0 (0) When sample volume was substi- collected in the wet-sample bucket: tuted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) With chemical samples: 0	CAL number: AR03 Ma	p ID n	umbe	er: 3	
Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 71 Length of summary period: 1 sampling intervals (4 days) Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 1. With ppt measurements: 1 (4) Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: When ppt occurred: 1 (4) Percent of total measured ppt with valid samples: When ppt did not occur: 0 (0) Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: When sample volume was substi- 0 (0) With chemical samples: 0 (0)	ADS number: 330a00				Station summary period: 12/30/1983 to 01/03/1984
Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 1. With ppt measurements: 1 (4) Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: When ppt occurred: 1 (4) Percent of total measured ppt with valid samples: When ppt did not occur: 0 (0) Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: When sample volume was substition 0 (0) With chemical samples: 0 (0) With chemical samples: 0 (0)	Station altitude above mean sea level	, in m	neter	s: 71	Length of summary period: 1 sampling intervals (4 days)
With ppt measurements: 1 (4) Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: When ppt occurred: 1 (4) Percent of total measured ppt with valid samples: When ppt did not occur: 0 (0) Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) With chemical samples: (1) Total measured ppt, in mm: 0.3	Number of sampling intervals (days in	parer	thes	is):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 1.
When ppt occurred: 1 (4) Percent of total measured ppt with valid samples: When ppt did not occur: 0 (0) Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) With chemical samples: () Total measured ppt, in mm: 0.3	With ppt measurements:	1	(4)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 When ppt did not occur: 0 (0) Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was When sample volume was substiticular collected in the wet-sample bucket: tuted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) With chemical samples: () Total measured ppt, in mm: 0.3 	When ppt occurred;	1	(4)	Percent of total measured ppt with valid samples:
When sample volume was substi- collected in the wet-sample bucket: tuted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) With chemical samples: () Total measured ppt, in mm: 0.3	When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
tuted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) With chemical samples: () Total measured ppt, in mm: 0.3	When sample volume was substi-				collected in the wet-sample bucket:
With chemical samples: () Total measured ppt, in mm: 0.3	tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	
	With chemical samples:		()	Total measured ppt, in mm: 0.3

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.30											
10 percentile	. 30											
25 percentile	. 30											
50 percentile	.30											
75 percentile	. 30											
90 percentile	. 30											
Maximum value	.30											
Volume-weighted mean	NA											
Arithmetic mean	. 30											
No. of samples	1											
Z Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA									
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA									
Correlation with ppt v Kendall tau P-level	volume:	Cond	pĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH 4	C1	NО З	SO 4	Ħ

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Oliver Knoll, Arizona			Latitude: 33°04'17" Longitude: 109°5	1'53"
CAL number: AZ99	Map ID n	umber: 7		
ADS number: 054a00			Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/10/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea le	vel, in m	eters: 1173	Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (378 day	5)
Number of sampling intervals (days	in paren	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	101.9
With ppt measurements:	53	(378)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	59.8
When ppt occurred:	41	(294)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	70.1
When ppt did not occur:	12	(84)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was substi	-		collected in the wet-sample bucket:	97.8
tuted for missing rain gage	: 0	(0)		
With chemical samples:	19	(138)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 475.2	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	c Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO mg/L	Sulfate as SO mg/L	Hydrogen ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.J	4.29	0.00	0.004	0.012	0.002	0.01	0.01	0.17	0.53	6.61E-04
10 percentile	.00	5.1	4.47	.03	.010	.019	.004	.01	.05	. 17	. 53	6.61E-04
25 percentile	.00	8.0	4.64	.08	.017	.045	.007	.01	.06	. 27	1.09	5.37E-03
50 percentile	2.00	11.2	4.92	. 18	.060	.104	.026	.09	.09	. 62	1.42	1.20E-02
75 percentile	10.55	19.0	5.27	. 44	. 114	. 282	.051	. 29	. 34	1.36	2.51	2.29E-02
90 percentile	22.38	26.4	6.18	1.97	.273	.665	. 159	. 54	1.04	2.15	4.48	3.39E-02
Maximum value	140.70	33.6	6.18	3.28	. 352	.768	. 171	. 63	1.20	2.19	4.50	5.13E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	9.0	4.83	.09	. 020	.050	.011	. 07	.08	. 37	1.04	1.47E-02
Arithmetic mean	8.98	14.4	5.07	. 52	.084	.219	.042	. 18	.28	. 81	1.93	1.45E-02
No. of samples	53	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.032	0.007	0.017	0.004	0.024	0.027	0.123	0.349	4.9E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.004	.001	.002	.001	.008	.008	.034	.075	1.5E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.35	-0.32	75	76	70	68	25	58	55	- , 45	0.32
P-level		.036	.058	.000	.000	.000	.000	. 146	.001	.001	.008	.058



Percentage composition of major ions for site AZ99.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Chuchupate Ranger Station	, Califor	nia
CAL number: CA98	Map ID n	umber: 12
ADS number: 332a00		
Station altitude above mean sea le	vel, in m	eters: 1623
Number of sampling intervals (days	in paren	thesis):
With ppt measurements:	22	(154)
When ppt occurred:	15	(105)
When ppt did not occur:	7	(49)
When sample volume was substi	-	
tuted for missing rain gage	∎: O	(0)
With chemical samples:	8	(56)

Latitude: 34°48'22" Longitude: 119°00'38"

Station summary period: 08/02/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 22 sampling intervals (154 days	;)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	41.5
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	28.3
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	82.3
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	87.7

Total measured ppt, in mm: 214.7

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	1.9	5.01	0.00	0.003	0.017	0.002	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	2.63E-04
10 percentile	.00	1.9	5.01	.00	. 003	.017	.002	.01	.01	.01	.05	2.63E-04
25 percentile	.00	2.1	5.34	.01	.004	.019	.004	.01	.06	.08	. 12	2.06E-03
50 percentile	.30	2.7	5.50	.03	.016	.044	.010	.01	.09	.16	. 52	3.16E-03
75 percentile	15.52	6.3	5.70	. 10	.026	. 101	.026	.04	. 17	.26	. 76	4.55E-03
90 percentile	40.67	24.0	6.58	. 53	.287	1.147	.886	.65	1.62	. 93	8.87	9.77E-03
Maximum value	57.20	24.0	6.58	. 53	.287	1.147	. 886	.65	1.62	.93	8.87	9.77 E-0 3
Volume-weighted mean	NA	2.7	5.46	. 02	.009	.037	.007	.01	.08	.16	.34	3.49E-03
Arithmetic mean	9.76	5.8	5.57	. 10	.048	. 185	. 120	. 10	. 28	.24	1.47	3.76E-03
No. of samples	22	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.004	0.002	0.007	0.001	0.003	0.014	0.029	0.059	6.2E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.001	.000	.003	.000	.001	.005	.011	.024	2.4E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	C1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.47	-0.08	-,76	69	47	72	50	52	15	44	0.08
P-level		. 105	.798	3 .009	.018	. 105	.016	.112	.079	.615	. 132	.798



Percentage composition of major ions for site CA98.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Alamosa, Colorado			Latitude: 37°26'36" Longitude: 105°51	L'55"
CAL number: CO00	Map ID n	umber: 14		
ADS number: 160a03			Station summary period: 10/18/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in m	eters: 2298	Length of summary period: 11 sampling intervals (77 days))
Number of sampling intervals (days	in paren	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	20.8
With ppt measurements:	11	(77)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	7.5
When ppt occurred:	9	(63)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	33.4
When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample bucket:	54.1
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)		
With chemical samples:	2	(14)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 44.3	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum velue	0.00	5.6	4.28	0.15	0.019	0.108	0.073	0.44	0.15	0.57	0.74	1.38E-03
10 percentile	.00	5.6	4.28	. 15	.019	.108	.073	. 44	. 15	. 57	.74	1.38E~03
25 percentile	.00	5.6	4.28	.15	.019	.108	.073	. 44	.15	. 57	. 74	1.38E~03
50 percentile	1.30	35.0	5.07	. 70	.151	. 417	. 129	. 95	.38	2.65	5.04	2.69E~02
75 percentile	7.60	64.4	5.86	1.25	.283	. 726	. 186	1.46	. 62	4.73	9.34	5.25E-02
90 percentile	13.98	64.4	5.86	1.25	. 283	. 726	.186	1.46	. 62	4.73	9.34	5.25E-02
Maximum value	14.50	64.4	5.86	1.25	.283	. 726	.186	1.46	.62	4.73	9.34	5.25E~02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	6.6	5,65	. 17	. 024	. 119	.075	. 46	. 16	.64	. 89	2.25E-03
Arithmetic mean	4.03	35.0	5.07	. 70	. 151	. 417	. 129	.95	.38	2.65	5.04	2.69E-02
No. of samples	11	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Z Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.002	0.000	0.002	0.001	0.007	0.002	0.009	0.013	3.3E-05
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.002	.000	.002	.001	.006	.002	.008	.011	2.0E-05
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-1.00	1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00
P-level		.000	0.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	0.000

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Alamosa, Colorado		
CAL number: CO00 Ma	ap ID	number: 14
ADS number: 160a02		
Station altitude above mean sea level	L, in	meters: 2298
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n pare	enthesis):
With ppt measurements:	42	(294)
When ppt occurred:	37	(259)
When ppt did not occur:	5	(35)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	24	(168)

Latitude: 37°26'36" Longitude: 105°51'55"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 10/18/1983	
Length of summary period: 42 sampling intervals (294 days))
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	79. 2
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	54.7
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	75.5
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	93.2

Total measured ppt, in mm: 142.1

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	ic Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.2	4.63	0.11	0.020	0.060	0.015	0.12	0.03	0.39	0.57	1.51E-04
10 percentile	.00	7.0	4.95	.18	. 027	.097	.036	. 20	.06	.71	.74	3.32E-04
25 percentile	.30	9.1	5.67	. 27	.040	. 127	.049	.31	.17	.89	1.12	6.65E-04
50 percentile	1.80	12.6	5.88	.63	,079	. 236	.077	. 56	. 23	1.55	1.50	1.31E-03
75 percentile	5.37	16.4	6.18	. 84	. 123	.417	.159	.75	.38	1.74	2,22	2.15E-03
90 percentile	8.81	27.8	6.49	1.36	.214	1.663	. 390	1,13	.89	2.77	4.42	1.11E-02
Maximum value	27.40	55,5	6.82	3.25	.313	3,920	.703	1.33	1.11	4.04	14.54	2.34E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	10.4	5.56	. 40	.053	.194	.081	. 52	.17	1.20	1.37	2.76E-03
Arithmetic mean	3.38	15.3	5.86	. 70	. 097	. 528	. 139	. 59	.33	1.57	2.28	3.03E-03
No. of samples	42	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.043	0.006	0,021	0.009	0.056	0.018	0.129	0.147	3.0E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.005	.001	.002	.002	.013	.002	.024	.030	7.4E-05
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.59	-0.27	58	76	77	42	23	61	45	53	0.27
P-level		.000	.076	.000	.000	.000	.004	. 122	.000	.002	.000	.076

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance)

STATION: Alamosa, Colorado (composite data from sites 160a02 and 160a03) Latitude: 37*26'36" Longitude: 105*51'55" CAL number: CO00 Map ID number: 14 ADS number: 160a Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 2298 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days) Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 100.0 -- With ppt measurements: 53 (371) Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 62.3 -- When ppt occurred: Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 46 (322) 65.7 7 -- When ppt did not occur: (49) Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was 88.3 -- When sample volume was substicollected in the wet-sample bucket: tuted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 26 (182) Total measured ppt, in mm: 186.4

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.2	4.28	0.11	0.019	0.060	0.015	0.12	0.03	0.39	0.57	1.51E-04
10 percentile	.00	6.3	4.85	.16	.025	.099	.038	. 22	.07	.65	. 70	3.62E-04
25 percentile	. 30	8.8	5.65	. 27	.038	. 125	.051	. 34	.16	. 85	1.10	7.05 E-0 4
50 percentile	1.80	1 2 .6	5.84	.63	,079	. 236	.077	. 56	. 23	1.55	1.50	1.43E-03
75 percentile	5.45	17.7	6,15	.86	.135	. 478	.162	. 77	.41	1.84	2.34	2,23E-03
90 percentile	10.28	38.5	6.45	1.33	.270	1,398	.345	1.24	. 87	3.29	6.28	1.49E-02
Maximum value	27.40	64.4	6.82	3.25	.313	3.920	.703	1.46	1.11	4.73	14.54	5.25E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	10.0	5.57	. 37	.050	.185	.080	. 52	.17	1.13	1.31	2.70E-03
Arithmetic mean	3.52	16.8	5.80	.70	. 102	. 519	.138	. 62	. 33	1.65	2,49	4.87E-03
No. of samples	53	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26 2	26
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.045	0.006	0.023	0.010	0.063	0.020	0.138	0.160	3.3E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	ŇA	.005	.001	.002	.002	.013	.002	.024	.030	7.4E~05
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.64	-0.16	61	78	77	43	284	63	52	- , 58	0.16
P-level		.000	. 277	.000	.000	.000	.003	.046	.000	.000	.000	.277



Percentage composition of major ions for site CO00.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Las Animas, Colorado CAL number: CO01 Map ID number: 15 ADS number: 333a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 1212 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 13 (91) -- When ppt occurred: 9 (63) -- When ppt did not occur: 4 (28) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 3 (21)

Latitude: 38°07'04" Longitude: 103°18'57"

Station summary period: 10/04/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 13 sampling intervals (91 days)	
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	24.5
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	13.2
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	37.1
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	95. 9

Total measured ppt, in mm: 19.7

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Leb pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.6	5.58	0.13	0.029	0.082	0.049	0.01	0.10	0.78	0.62	9.33E-04
10 percentile	.00	2.6	5.58	.13	.029	. 082	.049	.01	.10	. 78	. 62	9.33E-04
25 percentile	.00	2.6	5.58	. 13	.029	.082	.049	.01	.10	.78	. 62	9.33E-04
50 percentile	.30	6.3	6.02	. 34	.069	. 266	.051	.04	.16	. 93	.90	9.55E-04
75 percentile	2.95	7.4	6.03	. 47	. 128	.268	.090	. 20	.21	1.04	. 92	2.63E-03
90 percentile	4.88	7.4	6.03	. 47	. 128	. 268	.090	. 20	.21	1.04	. 92	2.63E-03
Maximum value	5.60	7.4	6.03	. 47	. 128	. 268	.090	. 20	.21	1.04	. 92	2.63E-03
Volume-weighted mean	NA	4.6	5.74	.26	.061	. 171	.058	. 12	. 14	.96	. 76	1.82E-03
Arithmetic mean	1.52	5.4	5.88	.31	.075	. 205	.063	. 08	.16	. 92	.81	1.51E-03
No. of samples	13	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.002	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.007	0.006	1.3E-05
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.001	.000	.001	.000	.001	.000	.004	.002	1.0E-05
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-1.00	-0.33	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	33	1.00	-1.00	1.00	33	0.33
P-level		0.117	.602	. 117	.117	. 117	.602	. 117	. 117	. 117	.602	.602



Percentage composition of major ions for site CO01.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Manitou, Colorado

Latitude: 39°06'04" Longitude: 105°05'31"

CAL number: CO21	Map ID	number: 17		
ADS number: 011a00			Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude abov	e mean sea level, in	meters: 2362	Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 day	s)
Number of sampling in	tervals (days in pare	nthesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurments:	100.0
With ppt measurm	ents: 53	(371)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	60.4
When ppt occurre	d: 46	(322)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	46.0
When ppt did not	occur: 7	(49)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volu	me was substi-		collected in wet-sample bucket:	91.5
tuted for miss	ing rain gage: 0	(0)		
With chemical sa	mples: 25	(175)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 488.3	

Statistical	Mea- sured ppt,	Lab specific conduc- tance,	- Lab	Calcium as Ca,	Magne- sium as Mg,	Sodium as Na,	Potas- sium as K,	Ammonia as NH ,	Chlor- ide as Cl,	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO,	Sulfate	Hydrogen ion as H,
measures	mm	μS/cm	рн	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.9	4.18	0.06	0.014	0.020	0.010	0.01	0.01	0.15	0.34	7.08E-04
10 percentile	.00	4.3	4.50	.09	.016	.026	.017	. 04	. 03	. 32	. 42	1.63E-03
25 percentile	. 30	8.3	4.79	.15	.030	.045	.026	. 08	.07	. 95	.64	3.94E-03
50 percentile	5.30	9.8	5.17	. 27	.054	.094	.047	. 18	. 12	1.32	1.00	6.76E-03
75 percentile	14.90	15.8	5.40	. 59	. 137	. 165	.077	. 26	. 17	2.42	1.83	1.62E-02
90 percentile	22.46	22.5	5.84	. 84	. 150	.350	. 262	. 48	.35	3.45	2.77	3.19E-02
Maximum value	60.20	40.0	6.15	1.08	.351	1.032	. 363	. 54	1.10	4.45	3.91	6.61E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	9.8	4.94	. 22	.041	.056	.063	. 14	.08	1.13	. 91	1.15E-02
Arithmetic mean	9.21	12.5	5.14	. 38	.082	.153	.081	.19	.17	1.65	1.28	1.21E-02
No. of samples	53	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Total load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	0.048	0.009	0.012	0.014	0.031	0.017	0.254	0.206	2.6E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m2	NA	NA	NA	.007	.002	.001	.006	.004	. 002	. 027	.032	3.7E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.20	-0.27	52	67	77	20	23	63	35	32	0.27
P-level		. 175	.065	.000	.000	.000	. 175	.116	.000	.015	.028	.065



Percentage composition of major ions for site CO21.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; $g = grams; m = meter; \mu s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]$

STATION: Mesa Verde, Colorado			Latitude: 37°11'56"Longitude: 108°29	26"
CAL number: CO99 Ma	p ID	number: 19		
ADS number: 029a00			Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea level	, in	meters: 2172	Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days	5)
Number of sampling intervals (days in	pare	enthesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	58.5
When ppt occurred:	49	(343)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	56.5
When ppt did not occur:	4	(28)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample bucket:	93.6
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)		
With chemical samples:	27	(189)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 573.8	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen e ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.4	3.84	0.04	0.008	0.008	0.002	0.01	0.01	0.27	0.39	1.38E-04
10 percentile	.00	3.9	4.34	.07	.012	.029	.006	.01	.01	, 35	. 43	2.14E-04
25 percentile	. 80	5.4	4.80	. 19	. 023	.047	.019	.05	.05	. 44	. 67	7.59 E- 04
50 percentile	4.80	11.4	5.41	.48	.051	.072	.031	.09	. 10	.71	. 80	3.89 E- 03
75 percentile	19.15	21.2	6.12	1.41	. 146	.185	.080	.18	.25	1.76	2.43	1.58 E- 02
90 percentile	27,96	30.5	6.67	2.64	. 228	. 498	. 152	.25	.60	2.34	3.83	4.57E-02
Maximum value	67.30	136.5	6.86	5.71	. 502	1.016	. 580	. 44	1.60	5.22	12.33	1.45E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	10.5	4.86	0.39	.041	.068	.027	.09	. 10	.86	1.04	1.37E-02
Arithmetic mean	10.83	17.5	5.47	0.95	.099	. 172	.070	. 12	.21	1.22	1.80	1.57E-02
No. of samples	53	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.127	0.013	0.022	0.009	0.030	0.031	0.278	0.336	4.4E~03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.015	.001	.002	.001	.007	.004	.050	.058	1.3E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.38	-0.18	58	72	73	68	28	54	29	43	0.18
P-level		.006	.189	.000	.000	.000	.000	.042	.000	.037	.002	.189



Percentage composition of major ions for site CO99.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Verna Well Field, Florida CAL number: FL41 Map ID number: 22 ADS number: 338a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 25 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measuraments: 19 (133) -- When ppt occurred: 19 (133) -- When ppt did not occur: 0 (0) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chamical samples: (33) 5

Latitude: 27°22'48" Longitude: 82°17'02"

 Station summary period: 08/25/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 19 sampling intervals (131 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 35.8

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 8.9

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 30.3

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 100.4

Total measured ppt, in mm: 524.1

Statistical meesures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.5	4.09	0.04	0.035	0.227	0.017	0.06	0.39	0.24	0.46	2.29E-03
10 percentile	.30	4.5	4.09	. 04	.035	. 227	.017	.06	.39	.24	. 46	2.29E-03
25 percentile	3.30	6.6	4.46	.05	.041	.315	. 023	.07	. 55	.30	. 58	3.71E-03
50 percentile	22.10	9.2	5.01	. 12	.075	. 521	. 037	. 10	. 77	.41	. 92	9.77E-03
75 percentile	46.70	34.9	5.46	. 44	. 204	1.292	. 1 22	. 27	2.17	3.22	2.39	4.80E-02
90 percentile	78.20	40.7	5.64	. 50	.290	2.050	. 142	.34	3.44	5.04	2.45	8.13E-02
Maximum value	83.80	40.7	5.64	. 50	.290	2.050	. 142	.34	3.44	5.04	2.45	8.13E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	8.4	5.20	.09	.062	.448	.030	.09	.77	. 38	. 78	6.24E-03
Arithmetic mean	27.58	18.5	4.97	.22	.113	. 747	.065	.15	1.24	1.49	1.37	2.27E-02
No. of samples	1 9	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.014	0.010	0.071	0.005	0.014	0.122	0.061	0.124	9.9E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.009	. 006	.042	.002	.008	.071	. 032	.072	4.5E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.40	0.60	60	20	.00	40	40	.00	40	20	-0.60
P-level		. 327	. 142	2.142	. 624	1.000	.327	. 327	1.000	. 327	. 624	.14 2



Percentage composition of major ions for site FL41.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Georgia Station, Georgia			
CAL number: GA41	lap ID n	umber:	23
ADS number: 017a00			
Station altitude above mean sea leve	el, in m	neters:	270
Number of sampling intervals (days i	in paren	thesis)):
With ppt measurements:	53	(371))
When ppt occurred:	52	(364))
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7))
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0))
With chemical samples:	33	(231))

Latitude: 33°10'40" Longitude: 84°24'22"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 day	s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	64.2
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples;	76.7
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	95.4

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1281.6

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfat aa SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	6.0	4.00	0.03	0.007	0.011	0.008	0.01	0.05	0.21	0.53	1.66E-03
10 percentile	.30	6.7	4.24	.04	.014	.046	.010	.01	. 07	.39	.66	4.58E-03
25 percentile	3,95	10.2	4.42	. 0 6	.025	.1 21	.019	.07	. 17	. 53	.90	1.20E-02
50 percentile	13.50	14.7	4.64	.13	.033	. 172	.033	.15	. 29	. 86	1.54	2.29E-02
75 percentile	37.60	25.2	4.92	. 27	.061	.248	. 063	. 28	.36	1.41	2.74	3.76E-02
90 percentile	63.62	41.1	5.35	.36	. 177	. 892	.184	. 46	1.01	2.75	4.09	5.84E-02
Maximum value	123.20	59.1	5.78	1.05	.317	1.890	. 261	1.25	2.89	4.21	6.64	1.00E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	12.8	4.77	. 12	.038	. 203	.033	. 17	. 34	.74	1.26	1.68E-02
Arithmetic mean	24.18	19.6	4.70	. 19	.060	. 292	. 057	. 22	. 41	1.16	1.96	2.85E-02
No. of samples	53	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.119	0.037	0,200	0.033	0.167	0.330	0.731	1.237	1.7E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.027	.008	.048	.006	.032	.073	.107	0.127	1.6E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH,	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.49	0.46	41	47	21	45	15	-,10	51	48	-0.46
P-level		.000	.000	.001	.000	.094	.000	. 232	. 429	.000	.000	.000



Percentage composition of major ions for site GA41.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Tifton, ARS, Georgia			
CAL number: GA50	Map ID	number:	24
ADS number: 340a00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el , in	meters:	104
Number of sampling intervals (days	in par	enthesis):
With ppt measurements:	13	(91)
When ppt occurred:	13	(91)
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)
When sample volume was substi-	•		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	11	(77)

Latitude: 31°28'25" Longitude: 83°31'59"

Station summary period: 10/04/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 13 sampling intervals (91 days)	
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	24.5
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	20.8
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	97.0
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	90.2

Total measured ppt, in mm: 331.5

Statistical measur es	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab PH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sođium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.10	3.7	4.23	0.01	0.012	0.092	0.012	0.01	0.18	0.01	0.38	9.12E-04
10 percentile	1.06	3,8	4.30	. 02	.014	.097	.014	. 02	.19	.03	. 42	1.24E-03
25 percentile	3.95	4.8	4.68	.04	.026	. 128	.022	.04	. 24	. 21	.67	3.63E~03
50 percentile	18.00	10.3	4.89	. 10	.040	. 237	.028	.07	.35	. 56	. 99	1.29E-02
75 percentile	42.05	19.8	5.44	.24	,067	. 323	.095	. 22	. 51	1.26	1.95	2.09E-02
90 percentile	77.50	37.2	5,95	. 37	. 123	.765	. 272	.61	. 99	2.21	4.61	5.25E-02
Maximum value	96.50	41.2	6.04	.40	. 127	. 822	.274	.67	1.08	2.44	5.02	5.89E~02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	6.5	5.13	.08	.029	.190	.055	.07	. 33	. 29	.74	7.46E-03
Arithmetic mean	25.50	13.0	5.02	.15	.051	. 292	.081	. 17	. 43	.75	1.51	1.59E-02
No. of samples	13	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Z Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.026	0.009	0.061	0.018	0.021	0.106	0.093	0.239	2.4E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.010	.002	.016	.010	.004	.025	.015	.037	6.8E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.75	0,60	62	60	38	53	62	29	67	82	-0.60
P-level		.001	.010	.008	.010	. 102	.024	.008	.212	.004	.001	.010



Percentage composition of major ions for site GA50.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Craters of Moon, Idaho		
CAL number: ID03	Map ID n	umber 25:
ADS number: 019a00		
Station altitude above mean sea leve	el, in m	eters: 1806
Number of sampling intervala (days :	in paren	thesis):
With ppt maasurements:	50	(371)
When ppt occurred:	46	(343)
When ppt did not occur:	4	(28)
When sampla volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	2	(14)
With chemical samples:	22	(161)

Latitude: 43°27'48" Longitude: 113°33'31"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 50 sampling intervals (371 days	;)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	50.9
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	57.8
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	90.5

When sampla volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	2	(14)
With chemical samples:	23	(161)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 493.9

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ mg/L	Sulfat as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	1.9	5.22	0.03	0.007	0.017	0.004	0.01	0.01	0.16	0.19	1.86E-04
10 percentile	.30	2.5	5.25	.06	.008	.019	.005	.01	.01	.18	.30	2.65E-04
25 percentile	1.22	3.3	5.52	.09	.015	.023	.009	.07	.07	. 37	.43	7.41E-04
50 percentile	6.75	5.8	5.69	.13	.024	.084	.026	.19	.17	. 56	.63	2.04E-03
75 percentile	16.47	12.2	6.13	.69	.097	.260	.084	.34	.36	.90	.95	3.02E-03
90 percentile	26.26	21.1	6.58	1.24	.357	1.001	.120	. 51	. 48	1.58	2.07	5.58E-03
Maximum value	48.00	39.6	6.73	4.79	.438	1.790	.235	.60	2.83	2.40	2.86	6.03E-03
Voluma-waighted mean	NA	5.8	5.57	.20	.031	.092	.025	.21	. 17	. 54	. 59	2.68E-03
Arithmetic mean	9.88	9.2	5.82	. 53	.085	.255	.051	.22	. 31	.75	.85	2.24E-03
No. of samples	50	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.058	0.009	0.026	0.007	0.060	0.048	0.155	0.168	7.6E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.012	.001	.005	.001	.011	.007	. 022	.017	1.8E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so.	H
Kendall tau		-0.46	-0.36	66	68	64	51	014	42	39	494	0.36
P-level		.002	.017	.000	.000	.000	.001	.958	.006	.010	.001	.017



Percentage composition of major ions for site ID03.

 $[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = cantimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; \mu s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]$

STATION: Bondville, Illinois		
CAL number: IL11	Map ID :	number: 27
ADS number: 020a00		
Station altitude above maan sea lev	vel, in a	meters: 212
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	nthesis):
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)
When ppt occurred:	49	(343)
When ppt did not occur:	4	(28)
When sample volume was substi-	-	
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	21	(147)

Latitude: 40°03'12" Longitude: 88°22'19"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)
Percent summary period with ppt measuremants:	100.0
Percant summary pariod with chemical samples or no ppt:	47.2
Percant of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	51.3
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collactad in the wet-sampla bucket:	95.7

Total measured ppt, in mm: 962.3

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ mg/L	Sulfato as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	15.5	3.89	0.04	0.008	0.021	0.007	0.08	0.06	0.59	1.40	3.02E-04
10 percentile	. 00	16.7	4.05	.07	.011	.021	.010	. 13	.07	. 94	1.50	9.60E-03
25 percentile	. 30	18.8	4.21	.18	.026	.045	.022	.26	. 10	1.43	2.01	2.79E-02
50 percentile	11.70	26.4	4.42	. 32	.038	.060	.032	. 39	.14	1.84	2.99	3.80E-02
75 percentile	25.80	37.1	4.55	.79	.077	.082	.064	. 57	. 17	2.69	3.94	6.12E-02
90 percentile	44.96	62.3	5.03	3.03	. 316	.342	. 253	1.72	.64	6.03	8.94	8.91E-02
Maximum value	124.00	73.5	6.52	6.54	.706	1.202	. 391	3.12	1.02	12.20	12.46	1.29E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	26.9	4.34	.29	.035	.064	.034	. 43	. 13	1.59	2.85	4.58E-02
Arithmetic mean	18.16	31.5	4.50	. 85	.091	. 132	.068	. 61	. 21	2.59	3.72	4.53E-02
No. of samples	53	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.142	0.017	0.032	0.017	0.213	0.065	0.784	1.406	2.3E-02
Maximum interval												
losd, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.035	.005	.010	.005	.069	.016	.169	.335	4.2E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Cs	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.17	-0.19	56	54	24	34	07	28	47	25	0.19
P-level		. 277	. 227	.000	.001	. 123	.030	.650	.083	.003	.116	. 227



Percentage composition of major ions for site IL11.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Bondville, Illinois			
CAL number: 11IL	Map ID	number:	27
ADS number: 020c00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	vel, in	meters:	212
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	enthesis):
With ppt measurements:	15	(105)
When ppt occurred:	14	(98)
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)
When sample volume was substi-	-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	6	(42)

Latitude: 40°03'12" Longitude: 88°22'19"

.

Station summary period: 09/20/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 15 sampling intervals (105 days))
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	28.3
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	13.2
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	34.4
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	82.6

 With	chemical	samples:	6	(42
				•	

Total measured ppt, in mm: 364.2

		Lab								Nitrite		
	Mea-	specifi	c		Magne-		Potas-		Chlor-	plus		Hydrogen
	sured	conduc	-	Calcium	sium	Sodium	sium	Ammonia	ide	nitrate	Sulfate	ion
Statistical	ppt,	tance,	Lab	as Ca,	as Mg,	as Na,	as K,	as NH _, ,	as Cl,	as NO ₂ ,	as SO _, ,	as H,
measures	mm	μS/cm	pĦ	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	13.1	4.32	0.04	0.010	0.024	0.008	0.08	0.10	0.58	1.04	1.82E-02
10 percentile	.18	13.1	4.32	.04	.010	.024	.008	.08	.10	. 58	1.04	1.82E-02
25 percentile	2.30	13.8	4.42	. 08	.011	.028	.016	.13	.11	.78	1.21	2.13E-02
50 percentile	17.50	17.3	4.59	.11	.016	.042	.022	. 23	. 12	1.31	1.70	2.57E-02
75 percentile	28.70	23.0	4.67	.21	. 060	.164	.039	.31	. 24	1.54	2.43	3.80E-02
90 percentile	77.20	25.6	4.74	. 29	.060	.307	.048	. 48	. 5 2	1.82	2.49	4.79E-02
Maximum value	124.00	25.6	4.74	. 29	.060	.307	.048	.48	. 52	1.82	2.49	4.79E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	17.0	4.56	.11	.021	.084	.019	. 22	.18	. 97	1.71	2.75E-02
Arithmetic mean	24.28	18.2	4.56	. 14	. 029	. 093	. 026	. 24	.19	1.22	1.77	2.91E-02
No. of samples	15	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.014	0.003	0.011	0.002	0.028	0.023	0.122	0.214	3.4E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	. 006	.001	.007	.001	.010	.011	.031	.065	1.1E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.20	0.20	55	73	20	73	. 14	28	60	07	-0.20
P-level		. 573	. 573	.126	.039	. 573	.039	.702	. 444	.091	.851	0.573



Percentage composition of major ions for site 111L.

 $[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; \mu s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]$

STATION: Argonne, Illinois		
CAL number: IL19	Map ID no	umber: 29
ADS number: 021a01		
Station altitude above mean sea lev	vel, in me	eters: 229
Number of sampling intervals (days	in parent	hesis):
With ppt measurements:	52	(378)
When ppt occurred:	51	(371)
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)
When sample volume was substi-	-	
tuted for missing rain gage:	: 2	(21)
With chemical samples:	21	(155)

Latitude: 41°42'04" Longitude: 87°59'43"

Station summary period: 12/21/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervals (378 days	s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	101.9
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	43.7
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	33.1
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	101.9

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1198.0

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab PH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	12.7	3.60	0.08	0.021	0.031	0.013	0.06	0.08	0.78	0.81	4.79E-03
10 percentile	. 51	14.7	3.84	. 11	.024	.050	.015	.15	.08	. 88	1.61	8.77E-03
25 percentile	2.87	17.9	4.18	. 15	.035	.059	.022	. 26	. 12	1.59	2.29	2.66E-02
50 percentile	12.45	29.0	4.37	. 34	.070	.088	.043	. 44	. 19	2.26	2.83	4.27E-02
75 percentile	31.80	50.1	4.57	.64	.146	.168	.058	.69	. 35	4.07	4.79	6.61E-02
90 percentile	66.52	72.5	5.15	1.32	. 402	.435	.092	1.14	1.03	6.36	7.20	1.44E-01
Maximum value	134.70	139.6	5.32	1.87	.451	2.123	. 127	1.77	2.97	10.66	11.37	2.51E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	26.9	4.35	. 27	.052	.095	.042	.44	.16	1.88	2.73	4.44E-02
Arithmetic mean	23.04	38.2	4.39	. 51	. 117	. 215	.046	. 54	.39	3.04	3.71	5.85E-02
No. of samples	52	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.105	0.021	0.038	0.017	0.175	0.065	0.744	1.084	1.8E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.038	.005	.013	.008	.047	.012	. 147	0.288	3,9E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.23	0.01	53	63	-0.37	42	16	45	37	25 -	0.01
P-level		. 155	.928	.001	.000	.022	.008	.304	.005	.020	.109	. 928



Percentage composition of major ions for site IL19.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Salem, Illinois			
CAL number: IL47	Map ID	number:	30
ADS number: 161a02			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	vel, in	meters:	173
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	enthesis)	:
With ppt measurements:	51	(371)	I
When ppt occurred:	44	(308)	l I
When ppt did not occur:	7	(63)	I
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	2	(14)	
With chemical samples:	28	(106)	

Latitude: 38°38'36" Longitude: 88°58'01"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 51 sampling intervals (371 days	;)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	69.8
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	61.7
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	105.2

28 (196) With chemical samples:

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1027.4

	Mea-	Lab specific	5		Magne-		Potas-		Chlor-	Nitrite plus		Hydrogen
	sured	conduc	-	Calcium	sium	Sodium	n sium	Ammonia	ide	nitrate	Sulfate	ion
Statistical	ppt,	tance,	Lab	as Ca,	as Mg,	as Na,	as K,	as NH ,	as Cl,	as NO ₂ ,	as SO,,	as H,
measures	mm	μS/cm	рН	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L ⁴	mg/L	mg/L ³	mg/L ⁴	mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	11.0	3.45	0.01	0.005	0.017	0.005	0.07	0.06	0.57	1.22	1.41E-03
10 percentile	.00	14.6	4.00	.05	.010	.021	.009	. 11	.06	. 92	1.41	1.73E-02
25 percentile	. 30	19.6	4.29	.08	.016	.041	.013	.15	.08	1.06	1.77	3.29E-02
50 percentile	11.20	22.3	4.41	. 23	.036	.066	.031	.25	.15	1.35	2.14	3.85E-02
75 percentile	28.70	33.2	4.48	. 43	.060	. 126	.045	. 48	. 23	2.46	4.45	5.07E-02
90 percentile	60.84	53.4	4.76	1.29	. 128	.291	.091	. 78	. 33	3.53	5.86	1.01E-01
Maximum value	141.00	230.0	5.85	3.46	. 522	1.004	.390	2.38	2.22	11.27	28.03	3.55E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	23.7	4.34	.14	.022	.059	.022	.25	. 12	1.20	2.24	4.52E-02
Arithmetic mean	20.15	34.1	4.39	. 45	. 062	. 123	.048	. 40	.23	2.01	3.76	5.76E-02
No. of samples	51	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Z Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.090	0.014	0.037	0.014	0.158	0.078	0.762	1.421	2.9E-02
Maximum interval												
2 load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.012	.001	.005	.002	. 029	.016	. 103	.245	6.3E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	SO	н
Kendall tau		-0.26	0.03	62	67	45	45	38	37	50	41	-0.03
P-level		.050	. 812	.000	.000	.001	.001	.005	.007	.000	.002	.812



Percentage composition of major ions for site IL47.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Huntington, Indiana			
CAL number: IN20	Map ID	number:	32
ADS number: 343a00			
Station altitude above mean sea leve	el, in	meters:	244
Number of sampling intervals (days :	in pare	nthesis):
With ppt measurements:	18	(134))
When ppt occurred:	18	(134)
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0))
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	1	(7))
With chemical samples:	11	(77)

Latitude: 40°50'24" Longitude: 85°27'50"

Station summary period: 08/22/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 18 sampling intervals (134 days)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	36.1
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	20.8
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	74.6
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	65.6

Total measured ppt, in mm: 402.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab PH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	11.8	3.92	0.05	0.010	0.019	0.010	0.01	0.08	0.40	1.13	2.14E-02
10 percentile	.00	12.3	3.98	.05	.011	. 020	.011	. 03	.08	. 48	1.19	2.16E-02
25 percentile	3.97	15.3	4.32	.08	.017	.033	.019	. 15	. 11	. 83	1.61	2.29E-02
50 percentile	19.75	25.6	4.40	.16	.032	.084	.030	. 28	.15	1.67	2.29	3.98E-02
75 percentile	37.65	28.9	4.64	.31	.065	.098	.044	.49	.19	2.12	3.39	4.79E-02
90 percentile	50.70	49.0	4.67	. 42	.073	.150	.107	.69	.25	3.55	5.15	1.08E-01
Maximum value	66.00	52.8	4.67	. 4 4	.074	.159	.120	.73	. 27	3.82	5.48	1.20E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	22.4	4.42	. 14	. 027	.067	.041	.24	.14	1.28	2.24	3.77E-02
Arithmetic mean	22.34	25.4	4.42	. 19	.037	.078	.038	.33	.15	1.63	2.62	4.38E-02
No. of samples	18	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.041	0.008	0.020	0.012	0.071	0.042	0.385	0.672	1.1E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.009	.001	.004	.006	.013	.008	.095	.148	2.1E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.27	0.16	67	73	35	20	66	39	49	45	-0.16
P-level		. 243	. 484	.004	. 002	. 139	. 392	.005	.100	.036	.052	. 484



Percentage composition of major ions for site IN20.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Perryville, Kentucky			
CAL number: KY03	Map ID n	umbei	: 34
ADS number: 346a00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in m	eters	: 277
Number of sampling intervals (days	in paren	thesi	s):
With ppt measurements:	4	(3	5)
When ppt occurred:	4	(3	5)
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	1	(1	.4)
With chemical samples:	3	(2	8)

Latitude: 37*40'39" Longitude: 84*57'25"

Station summary period: 11/29/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 4 sampling intervals (35 days)	
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	9.4
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	7.5
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	9 9.0
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	98.3

Total meesured ppt, in mm: 81.9

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO, mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.80	12.9	4.24	0.03	0.006	0.022	0.006	0.07	0.07	0.49	1.07	2.82E-02
10 percentile	. 80	12.9	4.24	.03	.006	.022	.006	.07	.07	. 49	1.07	2.82E-02
25 percentile	3.47	12.9	4.24	. 03	.006	.022	.006	.07	.07	. 49	1.07	2.82E-02
50 percentile	12.25	28.7	4.25	. 17	.022	.066	.025	.15	.18	1.49	2.48	5.62E-02
75 percentile	45.70	35.9	4.55	. 36	.051	.144	.040	. 31	.31	2.55	3.01	5.75E-02
90 percentile	56.60	35.9	4.55	.36	.051	.144	.040	. 31	. 31	2.55	3.01	5.75E-02
Maximum value	56.60	35.9	4.55	.36	.051	.144	.040	.31	. 31	2.55	3.01	5.75E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	18.8	4.43	. 10	.016	.048	.014	.12	.12	.96	1.58	3.69E-02
Arithmetic mean	20.47	25.8	4.35	. 19	. 026	.077	.024	. 18	.19	1.51	2.18	4.73E-02
No. of samples	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.008	0.001	0.004	0.001	0.010	0.010	0.078	0.128	3.0E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.005	.001	.002	.001	.004	.004	.033	.061	1.6E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so,	H
Kendall tau		-0.33	0.33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	-0.33
P-level		.602	.602	.602	.602	.602	.602	.602	.602	.602	.602	.602



Percentage composition of major ions for site KY03.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

 STATION: Lilley Cornett Woods, Kentucky

 CAL number: KY22
 Map ID number: 35

 ADS number: 347a00

 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 335

 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis):

 -- With ppt measurements:
 17 (119)

 -- When ppt occurred:
 17 (119)

 -- When ppt did not occur:
 0 (0)

Latitude: 37°04'40" Longitude: 82°59'37"

 Station summary period: 09/06/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 17 sampling intervals (119 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 32.1

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 26.4

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 92.7

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 94.8

-- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 14 (98)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 220.0

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	5.0	4.00	0.07	0.010	0.019	0.004	0.01	0.07	0.28	0.52	1.35E-03
10 percentile	.64	6.2	4.13	.07	.010	.020	.005	.01	.07	.29	. 59	4.93E-03
25 percentile	5.35	8.2	4.48	.09	.014	.024	.008	.01	. 10	. 49	.81	1.32E-02
50 percentile	14.50	12.5	4.78	.15	.022	.050	. 027	.05	. 13	.86	1.31	1.64E-02
75 percentile	17.15	24.7	4.88	. 60	.136	.133	.059	.13	. 32	1.95	2.50	3.27E-02
90 percentile	27.92	40.0	5.47	1.20	.141	.301	.107	. 43	, 57	3.72	4.14	7.75E-02
Maximum value	30.00	53.4	5.87	1.28	. 142	. 321	. 126	. 62	.76	4.36	5.17	1.00E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	12.4	4.69	.21	.036	.054	. 027	.06	.14	.85	1.24	2.05E-02
Arithmetic mean	12.94	16.6	4.76	. 40	.057	.097	. 038	. 11	.21	1.32	1.71	2.57E-02
No. of samples	17	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.044	0.007	0.011	0.006	0.012	0.028	0.173	0.252	4.2E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.008	. 002	. 002	.002	.002	,004	.034	.037	9.7E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH,	C 1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.38	0.19	76	63	66	63	39	63	53	57	-0.19
P-level		.062	. 351	.000	.002	.001	.002	.058	.002	.009	. 004	.351



Percentage composition of major ions for site KY22.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; $g = grams; m = meter; \mu s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]$

STATION: Clark State Fish Hatchery, Kentucky CAL number: KY35 Map ID number: 36 ADS number: 348a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 204 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 18 (126) -- When ppt occurred: 17 (119) -- When ppt did not occur: 1 (7) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 12 (84)

Latitude: 38°07'06" Longitude: 83*32'49"

Station summary period: 08/30/1983 to 01/03/1984 Length of summary period: 18 sampling intervals (126 days) Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 34.0 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 24.5 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 85.1 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was 97.9 collected in the wet-sample bucket:

Total measured ppt, in mm: 283.6

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specif: conduc tance, µS/cm	ic c- , Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	8.5	4.06	0.06	0.012	0.020	0.011	0.01	0.07	0.49	0.88	1.02E-02
10 percentile	. 27	8.8	4.08	.06	.012	.025	.011	.02	.07	. 55	.90	1.18E-02
25 percentile	4.02	12.1	4.29	.06	.014	.045	.012	.06	. 10	.77	1.14	2.12E-02
50 percentile	9.40	20.3	4.46	. 17	. 028	.060	.021	.09	.13	1.01	1.50	3.43E-02
75 percentile	18.10	29.1	4.68	.24	. 041	. 112	.042	. 26	.19	1.82	2.46	5.07E-02
90 percentile	35.81	42.9	4.94	.61	.088	. 223	.074	.36	.35	2.50	5.02	8.27E-02
Maximum value	95.30	46.6	4.99	.76	.100	.242	. 085	.38	. 37	2,73	5.64	8.71E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	21.8	4.39	.10	.020	.064	.019	. 16	.13	1.16	1.77	4.09E-02
Arithmetic mean	15.76	21.7	4.48	.20	.034	.084	.029	.15	.16	1.24	2.03	3.88E-02
No. of samples	18	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.025	0.005	0.015	0.005	0.038	0.032	0.279	0.428	9.9E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.006	.001	.006	.001	.022	.013	.137	. 179	4.9E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.06	0.06	76	68	41	41	15	43	28	09	-0.06
P-level		.784	. 784	.001	.002	.064	.064	.491	.054	.215	.681	.784



Percentage composition of major ions for site KY35.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Iberie, Louisiana CAL number: LA12 Map ID number: 37 ADS number: 275a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 6 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 49 (364) -- When ppt occurred: 47 (350) -- When ppt did not occur: 2 (14) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 1 (7) -- With chemical samples: 23 (169)

Latitude: 29°55'47" Longitude: 91°42'54"

Station summary period: 12/21/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 50 sampling intervals (378 days))
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	98.1
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	49.3
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	55.0
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	99.5

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1728.6

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum Value	0.00	5.7	4.23	0.02	0.008	0.041	0.008	0.01	0.07	0.42	0.47	4.07E-04
10 percentile	. 10	7.7	4.34	.04	.017	.078	.015	.03	. 11	.45	. 52	1.25E-03
25 percentile	4.90	8.6	4.76	.07	.033	. 152	.021	.07	.31	.48	. 62	7.24E-03
50 percentile	26.90	12.0	4.92	.09	.056	. 332	.031	. 12	. 55	. 57	.78	1.20E-02
75 percentile	55.15	25.0	5.14	. 20	. 102	.756	.068	. 37	1.39	1.80	2.21	1.74E-02
90 percentile	90.70	43.5	6.03	1.01	.308	2 .180	.190	.96	3.75	3.19	5.35	4.73E-02
Maximum velue	150.10	75.7	6.39	2.06	.8 2 1	4.705	.651	4.20	8.21	5.57	8.75	5.89E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	11.6	4.76	.09	.042	.286	.026	. 13	. 50	.71	0.89	1.75E-02
Arithmetic mean	35.28	18.4	5.01	.31	.116	. 743	.078	. 39	1.28	1.22	1.71	1.64E-02
No. of samples	49	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.087	0.040	0.271	0.024	0.121	0.471	0.676	0.848	1.7E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.011	.005	.041	.002	.015	.074	. 153	. 152	4.7E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.52	-0.26	-0.72	58	51	77	38	51	42	45	0.26
P-level		.001	.081	000	.000	.001	.000	.013	.001	.006	.003	.081



Percentage composition of major ions for site LA12.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Southeast Reasearch Station	, Louis	iana
CAL number: LA30 M	ap ID n	umber: 38
ADS number: 349a00		
Station altitude above mean sea leve	1, in m	eters: 78
Number of sampling intervals (days i	n paren	thesis):
With ppt measuremants:	46	(343)
When ppt occurred:	43	(324)
Whan ppt did not occur:	3	(19)
Whan sampla volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gaga:	0	(0)
With chamical samples:	25	(189)

Latitude: 30°48'41" Longitude: 90°10'51"

 Station summary period: 01/18/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 47 sampling intervals (350 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 92.4

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 56.1

 Parcent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 58.2

 Percent of total measured ppt in rsingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 98.6

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1855.1

Statistical measures	Mea- surad ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- n sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfat as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	6.8	4.29	0.02	0.006	0.044	0.008	0.05	0.07	0,41	0.39	9.12E-04
10 percentile	. 17	8.5	4.43	.03	.015	.063	.012	.09	. 17	. 43	. 68	3.66E-03
25 percentile	9.37	10.4	4.58	.08	.032	. 175	.025	.15	. 27	. 57	. 97	7.50E-03
50 percentile	29.85	13.9	4.82	.13	.052	.314	.042	.20	. 47	. 88	1.22	1.51E-02
75 percentile	62.70	19.3	5.12	.21	. 111	.819	.058	. 29	1.37	1.31	1.51	2.60E-02
90 parcentile	89.91	23.9	5.44	.39	. 156	1.101	. 107	.42	2.01	1.72	2.62	3.74E-02
Maximum value	185.90	29.1	6.04	.60	. 199	1.350	. 289	2.03	2.32	2.29	3.20	5.13E-02
Volume-weightad mean	NA	12.4	4.82	. 12	.053	.360	.041	. 22	. 63	.76	1.10	1.52E-02
Arithmetic mean	40.33	15.0	4.90	.16	.071	. 467	.054	. 28	.79	.98	1.35	1.74E-02
No. of samples	46	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.129	0.057	0.388	0.044	0.242	0.679	0.817	1.193	1.6E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.024	.010	.072	.012	.070	. 124	.110	0.160	2.6E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.43	0.07	33	37	24	31	35	22	42	30	-0.07
P-level		.003	.624	.023	.011	.097	.030	.015	. 129	.003	.038	. 624



Percentage composition of major ions for site LA30.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Cadwell, Massachusetts CAL number: MA08 Map ID number: 39 ADS number: 276a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 283 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): Latitude: 42°21'40" Longitude: 72°23'27"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 47.2

 With ppt measurements:	52	(371)
 When ppt occurred:	50	(357)
 When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)
 When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
 With chemical samples:	23	(161)

Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples of no ppt: 47.2 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 36.5 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: 93.2

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1512.6

	Mea-	Lab specific			Magne	-	Potas-		Chlor-	Nitrite plus		Hydrogen
	sured	conduc-	-	Calcium	sium	Sodium	sium	Ammonia	ide	nitrate	Sulfate	ion
Statistical	ppt,	tance,	Lab	as∙Ca,	as Mg	, as Na,	as K,	as NH ₄ ,	as Cl,	as NO ₂ ,	as SO,,	as H,
measures	mm	μS/cm	pH	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L ³	mg/L	mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.8	3.67	0.01	0.009	0.015	0.007	0.01	0.01	0.22	0.48	7.59E-03
10 percentile	.74	6.2	3.70	. 02	. 012	. 020	.009	.01	.05	.33	. 49	1,17E-02
25 percentile	10.20	14.5	3.87	.03	.014	.054	.011	. 03	.11	. 74	1.23	2.29E-02
50 percentile	24.65	35.9	4.22	.10	.037	.112	.018	. 22	. 23	2.14	2.94	6.03E-02
75 percentile	44.30	76.3	4.64	. 20	. 099	.288	.048	.40	. 44	3.83	6.22	1.35E-01
90 percentile	71.30	107.9	4.94	.73	.185	. 525	. 121	. 96	. 84	6.88	11.13	1.99E-01
Maximum value	79.30	121.5	5.12	1.45	. 542	. 986	.387	1.53	1.77	10.55	16,23	2,14E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	22.4	4.36	.07	.032	.158	.019	.13	. 29	1.21	1.91	4.33E-02
Arithmetic mean	29.09	42.9	4.28	. 22	. 075	. 203	.047	.31	.35	2.73	4.13	8.08E-02
No. of samples	52	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.036	0.018	0.087	0.010	0.071	0.162	0,666	1.054	2.4E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.003	.005	.040	.002	.008	.072	.066	0.115	3.1E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH,	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.68	0.62	76	68	38	63	61	38	71	69	-0.62
P-level		.000	.000	000. 0	.000	.010	.000	.000	.013	.000	.000	.000



Percentage composition of major ions for site MA08.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Wye, Maryland CAL number: MD13 Map ID number: 41 ADS number: 350a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 6 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 43 (301) -- When ppt occurred: 41 (287) -- When ppt did not occur: 2 (14) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0)

Latitude: 38°54'47" Longitude: 76°09'09"

Station summary period: 03/08/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 43 sampling intervals (301 days)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	81.1
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	71.7
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	90.5
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	97.0

-- With chemical samples: 36 (252)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1134.3

Statistical measures	Mea- aured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg, mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	7.3	3.62	0.02	0.011	0.039	0.008	0.05	0.13	0.26	0.78	7.08 E -03
10 percentile	1.30	10.6	3.82	.04	.019	.076	.016	.08	.19	. 38	. 86	1.11E-02
25 percentile	2.30	12.1	4.05	.05	.033	. 124	.019	.09	. 26	. 58	1.06	1.59 E- 02
50 percentile	20.30	22.9	4.49	.08	.052	.289	.033	. 17	. 53	1.26	1.73	3.24 E- 02
75 percentile	44.50	57.4	4.80	.39	. 135	. 598	.075	.45	. 90	2.73	4.77	8.87 E- 02
90 percentile	59.08	75.9	4.95	.95	.217	1.004	.153	. 77	1.57	5.31	8.45	1.53 E- 01
Maximum value	106.70	117.2	5.15	1.34	. 283	1.680	.342	1.44	2.73	7.26	13.36	2.40E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	21.0	4.45	.09	.053	.345	.027	. 18	.63	1.04	1.82	3.57 E- 02
Arithmetic mean	26.38	34.2	4.43	.27	.088	. 435	.059	.31	. 70	2.07	3.38	5.87E-02
No. of samples	43	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.091	0.054	0.354	0.028	0.183	0.650	1.066	1.869	3.7 E- 02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.008	.011	.091	.004	.021	. 165	0.093	0.148	3.6E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.38	0.29	55	46	27	54	36	19	46	44	-0.29
P-level		.001	.013	.000	.000	.024	.000	.002	.111	.000	.000	.013



Percentage composition of major ions for site MD13.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Greenville Station, Maine			
CAL number: ME09 Ma	p ID	number:	43
ADS number: 030a01			
Station altitude above mean sea level	, in	meters:	322
Number of sampling intervals (days in	par	enthesis):
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)
When ppt occurred:	53	(371)
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	28	(198)

Latitude: 45°29'23" Longitude: 69°39'52"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days	s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	52.8
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	60.3
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	89.4

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1453.4

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg, mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfato as SO mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.30	2.4	4.14	0.01	0.003	0.022	0.002	0.01	0,01	0.11	0.05	1.58E-03
10 percentile	1.50	3.1	4.28	.01	.006	.022	.005	.01	.04	. 12	. 36	3.34E-03
25 percentile	11.15	5.8	4.43	.03	. 010	.028	.008	.04	.08	. 38	. 62	5.67E-03
50 percentile	24.10	12.0	4.71	.06	.024	.057	.014	. 07	.11	. 63	.96	1.93 E-02
75 percentile	37.25	21.5	5.26	.15	.042	. 157	.030	.18	. 29	1.09	2.06	3.71E-02
90 percentile	60.20	28.7	5.48	. 33	. 107	.241	.079	. 57	. 42	2.44	2.99	5.26E-02
Maximum value	102.60	50.6	5.80	2.13	.319	.976	.601	1.24	1.29	2.89	4.16	7.24E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	11.4	4.71	.06	.018	.077	.016	. 12	. 15	. 57	1.02	1.94E-02
Arithmetic mean	27.42	14.4	4.82	.18	.042	.119	.044	. 19	.20	.85	1.34	2.32E-02
No. of samples	53	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.049	0.016	0.068	0.014	0.101	0.128	0.496	0.891	1.7E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	. 0 07	.002	.016	.003	.024	.029	.050	.124	2.2E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.27	0.13	58	59	31	41	~.30	23	37	30	-0.13
P-level		.048	. 333	.000	.000	.021	.003	.028	.092	.005	.026	.333



Percentage composition of major ions for site ME09.

[ppt = precipitetion; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Acadia National Park, Main	e		
CAL number: ME98	Map ID	number:	44
ADS number: 257s00			
Station altitude sbove mean see lev	el, in	meters:	12 2
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	nthesis):
With ppt measurements:	53	(365)
When ppt occurred:	52	(358))
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rsin gage:	0	(0))
With chemical samples:	30	(210))

Latitude: 44°22'27" Longitude: 68°15'39"

Station summary period: 12/29/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 54 sampling intervals (370 days)
Percent summery period with ppt measurements:	98.4
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	58.5
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	47.7
Percent of total measured ppt in reingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	92.8

Totsl messured ppt, in mm: 1936.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	- Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium es Na, mg/L	Potas- sium es K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfete as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.6	3.7 2	0.01	0.011	0.040	0. 008	0.01	0.01	0.12	0.32	1.10E-03
10 percentile	. 70	7.0	3.95	.03	.016	.058	.011	.01	. 03	. 27	. 59	6.15E-03
25 percentile	14.35	10.8	4.34	.04	. 0 2 3	.109	. 0 20	.05	.16	. 47	.88	1.27E-02
50 percentile	29. 2 0	19.8	4.63	. 08	.067	.328	.030	.09	. 60	.75	1.34	2.35E-02
75 percentile	55.25	33.4	4.89	. 16	. 2 30	.880	.074	. 2 9	1.15	1.65	2.98	4.57E-02
90 percentile	76.62	64.3	5.21	1.11	.360	2.310	.154	.68	3.14	3.67	7.34	1.12E-01
Maximum value	180.60	90.5	5.96	1.76	.754	3.9 9 0	.634	1.11	7.19	7.73	12.46	1.91E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	17.0	4.64	.07	.099	.739	.038	.09	1.35	.65	1.28	2.26E-02
Arithmetic mean	36,53	27.2	4.63	.25	.137	. 687	.07 0	.23	1.04	1.46	2.63	3.95E-02
No. of samples	53	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30 ;	30
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.068	0.091	0.683	0.035	0.086	1.250	0.601	1.181	2.1E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.010	.026	. 233	.009	.011	0.425	.070	0.143	2.2E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	ĸ	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.39	0.30	51	24	.01	37	41	.14	50	44	-0.30
P-level		.003	.021	.000	.069	.915	.004	.002	. 284	.000	.001	.021



Percentage composition of major ions for site ME98.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Douglas Lake, Michigan CAL number: MI09 Map ID number: 45 ADS number: 031a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 233 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 52 (371) -- When ppt occurred: (357) 50 -- When ppt did not occur: (14) 2 -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0)

Latitude: 45°33'40" Longitude: 84°40'42"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervals (371 days)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	60.6
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	65.6
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	98.0

-- With chemical samplea: 29 (211)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 910.5

Statistical	Mea- sured ppt,	Lab specific conduc- tance, uS(cm	- Lab	Calcium as Ca, mg/I	Magne- sium as Mg,	Sodium as Na,	Potas- sium as K,	Ammonia as NH , mg/1	Chlor- ide as Cl,	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/I	Sulfat as SO	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
		μ5/ сш	pn	шВ/г	mg / L		mg/L	mg/L	mg/L		g / L	
Minimum value	0.00	7.2	3.58	0.05	0.008	0.011	0.010	0.01	0.01	0.48	0.65	3.02E-03
10 percentile	. 30	7.9	4.09	.08	.018	.015	.013	. 10	.05	.65	. 84	7.41E-03
25 percentile	4.05	14.7	4.29	.10	.021	.024	.016	. 17	.08	1.13	1.31	2.26E-02
50 percentile	13.45	20.3	4.52	. 18	. 038	.038	. 023	. 33	.09	1.75	1.94	3.02E-02
75 percentile	25.90	29.8	4.64	.33	. 074	.085	.073	. 43	. 18	2.53	3.14	5.08E-02
90 percentile	40.42	43.2	5.13	1.12	. 201	.215	.166	.88	.45	4.32	4.50	8.13E-02
Maximum value	82.30	171.3	5.52	1.47	.343	.407	. 298	2.39	.61	6.86	21.33	2.63E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	20.1	4.46	0.19	.038	. 044	.041	.27	. 11	1.42	1.97	3.45E-02
Arithmetic mean	17.51	27.8	4.54	0.33	.068	.077	.055	. 41	.15	2.00	2.88	4.30E-02
No. of samples	52	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Z Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.113	0.023	0.026	0.025	0.159	0.066	0.850	1.176	2.1E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.014	.003	.006	.009	. 023	.018	.100	. 181	3.2E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.20	0.04	44	46	54	28	35	42	45	23	-0.04
P-level		. 128	.750	.001	. 0 01	.000	. 037	.008	.0 02	.001	.078	.750



Percentage composition of major ions for site MI09.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Kellogg, Michigan			
CAL number: MI26	Map ID	number:	46
ADS number: 032a00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	vel, in	meters;	288
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	onthesis)	:
With ppt measurements:	53	(376)	1
When ppt occurred:	51	(362)	1
When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)	1
When sample volume was substi-	•		
tuted for missing rain gage:	2	(14)	
With chemical samples:	2 9	(210)	1

Latitude: 42°24'37" Longitude: 85°23'34"

Station summary period: 12/21/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 54 sampling intervals (378 day	s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	101.3
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	60.4
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	66.3
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	84.5

Total measured ppt, in mm: 998.4

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH 4 mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ mg/L	Sulfato as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	13.9	3.79	0.07	0.021	0.012	0.009	0.09	0.05	0.87	0.88	8.32E-03
10 percentile	. 30	16.1	3.86	.08	. 022	. 025	.012	.15	.07	.97	1.67	2.40E-02
25 percentile	2.40	22.1	4.08	. 13	.030	.054	.020	.25	. 11	1.63	1.95	3.55E-02
50 percentile	13.20	35.6	4.22	.25	.054	.077	.035	. 52	. 17	2.81	3.27	6.03E-02
75 percentile	30.70	48.7	4.45	.49	.109	.209	.051	. 80	. 28	4.56	5.63	8.23E-02
90 percentile	48.40	90.4	4.62	.95	.203	.305	.148	2.05	. 54	8.04	7.76	1.38E-01
Maximum value	82.00	104.6	5.08	1.76	. 338	.941	. 243	2.12	.68	9.18	12.66	1.62E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	29.3	4.30	. 22	.044	.082	.029	. 42	.15	2.14	2.74	4.98E-02
Arithmetic mean	18.84	41.9	4.26	.41	.083	.152	.054	.68	.23	3,42	4.19	6.60E-02
No. of samples	53	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.148	0.029	0.054	0.019	0.281	0.100	1.417	1.812	3.3E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.020	.004	.008	.002	.043	.013	0.137	.174	3.1E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.49	0.34	49	59	42	46	44	48	54	50	-0.34
P-level		.000	.011	.000	.000	.001	.000	.001	.000	.000	.000	.011



Percentage composition of major ions for site MI26.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STAT	ION: Wellston, Michigan			Latitude: 44°13'28" Longitude: 85°49	<i>}'</i> 07"
CAL 1	number: MI53 I	Map ID n	umber: 47		
ADS 1	number: 033a00			Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 09/27/1983	
Stati	on altitude above mean sea leve	el, in m	eters: 292	Length of summary period: 39 sampling intervals (273 days	5)
Numbe	er of sampling intervals (days :	in paren	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	73.6
	With ppt measurements:	39	(273)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	66.0
	When ppt occurred:	37	(259)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	92.6
	When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
	When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample bucket:	91.1
	tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)		
	With chemical samples:	33	(231)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 702.4	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO 4 mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0. 0 0	8.7	3.88	0.05	0.010	0.015	0.010	0.09	0.01	0.73	0.74	4.17E-03
10 percentile	1.00	10.5	4.03	.08	.018	.024	.014	.13	.05	. 91	1.14	1.06E-02
25 percentile	6.40	17.2	4.23	. 13	.028	.032	.017	. 23	.08	1.30	1.54	2.26E-02
50 percentile	12.70	26.0	4.33	. 22	.04 0	.042	. 022	.36	. 12	1.79	2.25	4.68E-02
75 percentile	25.20	33.2	4.64	.35	.074	.110	.039	.61	. 18	2.83	3.22	5.89E-02
90 percentile	41.70	55.1	4.99	.67	. 132	. 202	.098	. 95	. 42	5.02	4.57	9.35E-02
Maximum value	84.60	84.4	5.38	1.19	.379	. 273	. 163	1.39	. 56	5.95	8.78	1.32E-01
Volume-weighted mea	n NA	24.1	4.37	. 21	.043	.051	. 026	. 36	.12	1.71	2.33	4.30E-02
Arithmetic mean	18.01	28.4	4.43	.29	.065	.078	. 037	. 45	. 17	2.30	2.68	4.70E-02
No. of samples	39	33	33	33	33	33	3 3	33	33	3 3	33	33
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.137	0.028	0.033	0.017	0.236	0.079	1.113	1.511	2.8E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.011	.002	.003	. 0 02	.033	.008	0.139	0.229	5.0E-03
Correlation with pp	t volume:	Cond	pĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	Ħ
Kendall tau		-0.29	0.15	36	43	45	28	28	39	50	19	-0.15
P-level		.020	. 220	0.004	.001	.000	.024	.023	.002	.000	.121	.220

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Wellston, Michigan			
CAL number: MI53	Map ID	numbe	er: 47
ADS number: 033a01			
Station altitude above mean sea leve	el, in	meter	s: 292
Number of sampling intervals (days	in p are	enthes	sis):
With ppt measurements:	14	(98)
When ppt occurred:	14	(98)
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	13	(91)

Latitude: 44°13'28" Longitude: 85°49'07"

 Station summary period: 09/27/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 14 sampling intervals (98 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 26.4

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 24.5

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 91.4

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 79.6

Total measured ppt, in mm: 278.3

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	: Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	1.00	9.1	3.83	0.07	0.012	0.012	0.006	0.03	0.07	0.56	0.53	1.12E-03
10 percentile	1.15	11.0	4.06	.07	.014	.016	.007	.04	.08	.66	. 59	4.32E-03
25 percentile	13.70	16.1	4.43	.09	.026	.038	.014	.07	. 12	1.18	1.24	1.66E-02
50 percentile	19.80	18.5	4.53	.21	.033	.053	.028	. 18	.16	1.71	1.42	2.95E-02
75 percentile	28.20	24.1	4.81	.38	.087	.091	.055	.63	.21	2.64	2.94	3.72E-02
90 percentile	34.20	66.8	5.59	1.06	. 193	. 252	.070	1.23	.31	7.43	5.21	1.04E-01
Maximum value	35.10	90.9	5.95	1.20	. 227	.252	.072	1.56	.36	8.32	5.34	1.48E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	21.7	4.48	.25	.061	.055	.030	.30	.15	1.99	1.87	3.34E-02
Arithmetic mean	19.88	24.7	4.64	. 31	.064	. 084	.034	. 39	.17	2.45	2.20	3.52E-02
No. of samples	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.063	0.016	0.014	0.008	0.075	0.038	0.505	0.475	8.5E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.029	.008	.003	.002	.019	.007	.089	.092	1.6E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.19	0.04	25	13	26	06	20	22	.01	22	-0.04
P-level		.359	. 855	.244	. 540	. 219	.760	. 357	. 299	.951	. 299	. 855

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Camp Ripley, Minnesota			
CAL number: MN23	fap ID n	umbe	r: 50
ADS number: 352a00			
Stetion altitude above mean sea leve	el, in m	eter	s: 410
Number of sampling intervels (days i	in paren	thes	is):
With ppt measurements:	11	C	77)
When ppt occurred:	11	(77)
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	1	(7)

Latitude: 46°14'58" Longitude: 94°29'50"

Station summary period: 10/18/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 11 sampling intervals (77 days)	
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	20.8
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	1.9
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	17.5
Percent of totel measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	91.2

Total measured ppt, in mm: 123.4

Lab Nitrite Measpecific Magne-Potas-Chlorplus Hydrogen conducnitrate Sulfate sured Calcium sium Sodium sium Ammonia ide ion as NO₃ Statistical Lab as Ca, as K, as NH as Cl, as SO as H, ppt. tance. as Mg. as Na. mg/L mg/L mg/L measures $\mu S/cm$ рĦ mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mm Minimum value 0.20 8.71E-03 8.9 5.06 0.14 0.017 0.036 0.022 0.22 0.03 0.75 0.99 10 percentile . 22 8.9 5.06 . 14 .017 .036 .022 . 22 .03 .75 . 99 8.71E-03 25 percentile .30 8.9 5.06 .14 .017 .036 .022 . 22 .03 .75 . 99 8.71E-03 50 percentile 5.60 8.9 5.06 .017 .036 . 022 .22 .75 . 99 8.71E-03 .14 .03 75 percentile 21.60 .022 8.71E-03 8.9 5.06 .14 .017 .036 .22 .03 .75 . 99 90 percentile 34.18 8.9 5.06 .017 .036 .022 . 22 .75 . 99 8.71E-03 .14 .03 Maximum value 35.10 8.9 5.06 .14 .017 036 .022 .22 .03 .75 . 99 8.71E-03 Volume-weighted mean 036 022 .75 8.71E-03 NA 8.9 5.06 .14 .017 22 03 .99 Arithmetic mean 11.22 .017 .036 .022 . 99 8.71E-03 8.9 5.06 .14 .22 .03 .75 No. of samples 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Total load, g/m NA NA NA 0.003 0.000 0.001 0.000 0.005 0.001 0.016 0.021 1.9E-04 Maximum interval load, g/m NA NA .003 .000 .000 .005 .001 .016 .021 1.9E-04 NA .001 Correlation with ppt volume: Cond рH Ca Mg Na ĸ NH C1 NO 3 s٥ H Kendall tau P-level



Percentage composition of major ions for site MN23.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance)

STATION: Lamberton, Minnesota			Latitude: 44°14
CAL number: MN27 M	ap ID r	umber: 51	
ADS number: 035a00			Station summary period: 12/29/1983
Station altitude above mean sea leve	1, in m	neters: 343	Length of summary period: 53 samp
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n parer	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt me
With ppt measurements:	53	(369)	Percent summary period with chemic
When ppt occurred:	47	(328)	Percent of total measured ppt with
When ppt did not occur:	6	(41)	Percent of total measured ppt in p
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample buch
tuted for missing rain gage:	1	(8)	
With chemical samples:	26	(183)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 636.2
Want output annihiten.	20	(100)	roour measures ppo, in mm. 000.

Latitude: 44°14'14" Longitude: 95°18'02"

Station summary period: 12/29/1982 to 01/02/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (369 days))
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	99.5
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	60.4
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	63.9
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	94.5

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	- Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO 4 mg/L	Hydrogen ; ion as H, mg/L
Minimum valua	0.00	8.2	4.76	0.10	0.014	0.012	0.018	0.06	0.05	0.91	0.94	1.32E-04
10 percentile	. 00	9.0	4.99	. 12	.025	.027	.025	.35	.06	1.13	1.18	2.47E-04
25 percentile	1.05	10.4	5.62	. 29	.035	.043	.033	. 83	.08	1.38	1.55	4.76E-04
50 percentile	5.10	15.5	5.85	.63	. 110	.078	.101	1.22	. 17	2.17	2.13	1.41E-03
75 percentile	22.25	30.4	6.32	1.07	. 165	. 164	.145	2.14	. 28	4.15	3.90	2.37E-03
90 percentile	29.22	41.7	6.61	2.09	. 410	. 280	.254	2.87	.39	6.59	5.35	1.02E-02
Maximum value	68,60	51.4	6.88	3.60	.829	. 494	.350	4.08	.46	7.85	9.90	1.74E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	14.3	5.64	. 51	.077	.062	.069	1.04	. 12	1.92	2.04	2.31E-03
Arithmetic mean	12.00	20.7	5.90	.87	. 154	.119	. 110	1.46	. 19	2.95	2.80	2.70E-03
No. of samples	53	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.206	0.031	0.025	0.028	0.424	0.047	0.781	0.830	9.4E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.045	.004	.003	.004	.082	.004	.130	.182	2.7E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.50	-0.28	49	58	68	41	38	63	47	39	0.28
P-level		.000	.049	0.001	.000	.000	.004	.007	.000	.001	.005	.049



Percentage composition of major ions for site MN27.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Ashland, Missouri		
CAL number: MO03 Ma	ap ID	number: 52
ADS number: 252a00		
Station altitude above mean sea level	L, in	meters: 239
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n par	enthesis):
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)
When ppt occurred:	51	(357)
When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	31	(217)

Latitude: 38°45'13" Longitude: 92°11'55"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days	5)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	62.3
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	55.0
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	95.4

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1035.4

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO 4 mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	5.8	3.83	0.04	0.009	0.017	0.009	0.01	0.06	0.27	0.80	1.26E-03
10 percentile	.00	10.0	4.13	.05	.015	.035	.012	. 10	.07	.61	1.02	3.72E-03
25 percentile	1.60	13.3	4.36	.18	.025	.060	.023	. 16	.11	. 98	1.14	8.71E-03
50 percentile	12.20	18.2	4.63	.38	. 052	. 108	. 037	. 26	.18	1.77	. 00	2.34E-02
75 percentile	27.30	25.3	5.06	.81	.089	. 263	.060	. 51	.26	3.32	2.89	4.37E-02
90 percentile	55.86	48.4	5.43	2.32	. 202	. 675	.092	1.51	. 59	4.97	5.26	7.39E-02
Maximum value	97.30	116.3	5,90	2.75	.368	1.710	. 196	1.72	. 89	11.45	12.41	1.48E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	19.1	4.54	.25	.033	.104	. 027	. 32	.15	1.40	2.01	2.91E-02
Arithmetic mean	19.54	24.1	4.74	. 64	.079	.236	.048	. 46	.25	2.45	271	2.96E-02
No. of samples	53	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.141	0.019	0.059	0.015	0.183	0.085	0.799	1.147	1.7E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.016	.002	.008	.002	.030	.014	.085	0.147	2.7E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.11	-0.20	58	70	54	57	16	52	45	18	0.20
P-level		. 376	. 125	5.00 0	.000	.000	.000	.201	.000	.001	.148	. 125



Percentage composition of major ions for site MO03.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Glacier National Park, Mont	ana	
CAL number: MT05 M	ap ID	number: 54
ADS number: 037a00		
Station altitude above mean sea leve	1, in	meters: 968
Number of sampling intervals (days i	n pare	enthesis):
With ppt measurements:	51	(364)
When ppt occurred:	48	(343)
When ppt did not occur:	3	(21)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	1	(7)
With chemical samples:	22	(154)

Latitude: 48°30'37" Longitude: 113°59'44"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 52 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 98.1

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 47.2

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 34.9

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 85.7

Total measured ppt, in mm: 842.5

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specif: conduc tance µS/cm	ic c- , Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.0	4.42	0.02	0.007	0.007	0.006	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	2.51E-04
10 percentile	. 50	3.4	4.82	.04	.008	.022	.006	.02	.02	. 11	.11	8.77E-04
25 percentile	3.30	4.3	5.03	.06	.016	.041	.014	.04	.07	.28	.40	1.73E-03
50 percentile	10.20	6.8	5.37	. 10	.024	.056	.029	.08	. 11	. 44	. 58	4.27E-03
75 percentile	25.40	9.6	5.76	.24	.051	.137	.057	. 18	.17	.76	. 84	9.39E-03
90 percentile	43.30	22,6	6.06	.78	.182	.700	.135	.34	. 50	1.01	1.07	1.51E-02
Maximum value	87.10	35.1	6.60	2.21	.978	1.559	.261	.41	.74	1.63	1.31	3.80E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	5.3	5.15	. 10	.022	.052	.026	.08	.07	.35	. 47	7.14E-03
Arithmetic mean	16.52	8.8	5.40	. 27	.083	. 183	.048	. 12	. 16	. 52	. 62	6.87E-03
No. of samples	51	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.028	0.006	0.015	0.008	0.023	0.022	0.103	0.139	2.1E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	. 003	.001	.001	.001	.004	.003	.012	.021	4.1E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.54	-0.36	50	50	62	38	25	62	43	36	0.36
P-level		.001	.021	.001	.001	.000	.015	.107	.000	.006	.021	.021



Percentage composition of major ions for site MT05.
[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; $g = grams; m = meter; \mu s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]$

(0)

0

 STATION: Jordan Creek, North Carolina

 CAL number: NC36
 Map ID number: 59

 ADS number: 360a00

 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 132

 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis):

 -- With ppt measurements:
 11 (77)

 -- When ppt occurred:
 11 (77)

Latitude: 34°58'16" Longitude: 79°31'41"

 Station summary period: 10/18/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 11 sampling intervals (77 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 20.8

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 17.0

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 96.9

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 99.1

-- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0) -- With chemical samples: 9 (63)

-- When ppt did not occur:

Total measured ppt, in mm: 390.0

Statistical Measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.30	5.5	4.57	0.02	0.016	0.088	0.011	0.01	0.16	0.21	0.56	5.75E-03
10 percentile	2.06	5.5	4.57	.02	.016	.088	.011	.01	. 16	.21	. 56	5.75E-03
25 percentile	11.70	7.6	4.72	.04	.021	.130	.013	.04	. 23	. 37	.68	9.33E-03
50 percentile	24.90	12.5	4.73	.05	.043	.284	.020	.08	. 50	. 58	1.06	1.86E-02
75 percentile	52.60	16.1	5.03	.11	.050	. 364	.035	.13	.61	.69	1.40	1.91E-02
90 percentile	104.74	18.4	5.24	. 32	. 137	1.140	.049	.19	2.00	1.08	1.63	2.69E-02
Maximum value	109.20	18.4	5.24	. 32	. 137	1.140	.049	. 19	2.00	1.08	1.63	2.69E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	9.6	4.92	.05	.038	. 285	.020	.09	.49	.44	. 90	1.20E-02
Arithmetic mean	35.45	11.7	4.85	.09	.046	.337	.025	.09	. 58	. 57	1.08	1.54E-02
No. of samples	11	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.019	0.014	0.108	0.008	0.035	0.185	0.166	0.340	4.5E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.003	.005	.041	.002	.017	.070	.044	.092	1.1E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume :	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.61	0.63	79	37	17	46	. 03	11	83	65	-0.63
P-level		.022	. 020	0.004	.173	. 532	. 092	.917	.677	.002	.016	.020



Percentage composition of major ions for site NC36.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Finley (A), North Carolina	a		
CAL number: NC41	Map ID n	umber: 60	
ADS number: 053a02			Statio
Station altitude above mean sea le	vel, in m	eters: 119	Length
Number of sampling intervals (days	in paren	thesis):	Percen
With ppt measurements:	19	(140)	Percen
When ppt occurred:	18	(133)	Percen
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)	Percent
When sample volume was substi-	-		colle
tuted for missing rain gage	: 0	(0)	
With chemical samples:	10	(77)	Total :

Latitude: 35*43'43" Longitude: 78*40'52"

 Station summary period: 12/21/1982 to 05/10/1983

 Length of summary period: 19 sampling intervals (140 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 37.7

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 22.6

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 41.2

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 86.3

Total measured ppt, in mm: 518.1

Statistical meāsures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0,00	5.3	4.00	0.02	0.011	0.052	0.003	0.05	0.10	0,25	0.57	5.89E-03
10 percentile	1.30	5.4	4.02	.02	.012	.052	. 004	.05	. 10	. 27	. 58	5.90E-03
25 percentile	5.80	7.8	4.32	.05	.024	.058	.015	. 10	.14	.45	.85	1.14E-02
50 percentile	19,80	17.9	4.63	.10	.044	. 194	. 026	. 12	. 32	.97	1.13	2.34E-02
75 percentile	40.40	35.1	4.96	. 22	. 125	.684	.045	. 30	1.22	2.66	2.10	4.93E-02
90 percentile	67.60	66.8	5.23	. 48	. 263	1.537	.078	. 62	2.63	5.35	6.33	9.69E-02
Maximum value	124.00	70.0	5.23	.49	. 266	1.580	.080	.64	2.69	5.51	6.78	1.00E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	12.3	4.76	.07	.036	.206	.017	.11	. 36	.74	1.02	1.72E-02
Arithmetic mean	27.27	23.5	4.64	. 16	.085	. 420	. 032	.21	.74	1.69	1.79	3.35E-02
No. of samples	19	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.014	0.008	0.044	0.004	0.024	0.076	0.159	0.219	3.7E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	. 0 02	.002	.013	. 001	.005	.021	.032	.065	1.0E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH,	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.56	0,51	85	64	24	56	674	24	64	51 4	-0.51
P-level		.025	.040	.001	.010	.325	.025	.007	.325	.010	.040	.040

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

78*40'52"

		Latitude: 35°43'43" Longitude: 78°40	′ 5 2 ″
p ID	number: 60		
		Station summary period: 05/10/1983 to 01/03/1984	
, in	meters: 119	Length of summary period: 34 sampling intervals (238 days)
par	enthesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	64.2
34	(238)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	56.6
32	(224)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	84. 2
2	(14)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
		collected in the wet-sample bucket:	95.1
0	(0)		
28	(196)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 712.3	
	p ID , in 9ar 34 32 2 0 28	p ID number: 60 , in meters: 119 parenthesis): 34 (238) 32 (224) 2 (14) 0 (0) 28 (195)	Latitude: 35°43'43" Longitude: 78°40 p ID number: 60 Station summary period: 05/10/1983 to 01/03/1984 , in meters: 119 Length of summary period: 34 sampling intervals (238 days parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 34 (238) Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 32 (224) Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 2 (14) Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: 0 (0) 28 (196) Total measured ppt, in mm: 712.3

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfat as SO mg/L	Hydrogen e ion , as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	4.9	3.75	0.02	0.013	0.016	0.007	0.01	0.04	0.20	0.57	2.51E-03
10 percentile	. 15	5.7	4.01	.03	.016	.033	.013	.05	. 14	.31	.60	5.33E-03
25 percentile	3.47	11.6	4.24	.06	.028	.087	.019	. 10	.18	. 53	1.16	1.56E-02
50 percentile	15.25	20.0	4.48	.10	.039	.146	.031	.19	. 24	1.01	1.62	3.27E-02
75 percentile	30.32	36.0	4.81	.21	.061	. 285	.062	.62	. 43	2.36	3.52	5.69E-02
90 percentile	47.50	75.4	5.27	.31	. 233	. 880	.118	.74	1.64	2.82	7.59	9.91E-02
Maximum value	94.00	81.7	5.60	1.21	.411	1.980	.440	1.27	3.61	6.40	12.96	1.78E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	19.0	4.76	.08	.038	.215	.030	.25	.39	1.01	1.84	3.23E-02
Arithmetic mean	20.95	26.9	4.56	. 17	.069	.306	.061	. 33	. 55	1.57	2.82	4.43E-02
No. of samples	34	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.046	0.023	0.129	0.018	0.150	0.236	0.608	1.106	1.9E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.004	.004	.031	.002	.032	.054	.134	0.282	6.8E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.47	0.39	71	61	24	49	22	21	45	44	-0.39
P-level		.001	.003	.000	.000	.079	.000	. 105	. 123	.001	.001	.003

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

Latitude: 47°36'09" Longitude: 103°15'54"

CAL number: ND07 Map ID number: 61 ADS number: 062a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 618 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 32 (245) -- When ppt occurred: 31 (238) -- When ppt did not occur: 1 (7) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 3 (21)

22

(169)

-- With chemical samples:

STATION: Teddy Roosevelt National Park, North Dakota

 Station summary period: 12/21/1982 to 08/30/1983

 Length of summary period: 33 sampling intervals (252 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 66.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 47.4

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 90.7

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 96.3

Total measured ppt, in mm: 223.7

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ; ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	5.5	4.96	0.05	0.016	0.023	0.007	0.01	0.03	0.36	0.51	5.01E-04
10 percentile	.30	5.7	5.05	. 12	.025	. 027	.009	.06	.04	. 42	.65	8.11E-04
25 percentile	.42	7.0	5.16	.21	.038	.069	.022	. 14	.06	.59	.80	1.24E-03
50 percentile	2.40	10.7	5.50	. 48	.099	.165	.039	. 28	. 13	1.28	1.27	3.14E-03
75 percentile	7.07	16.0	5.91	.84	. 166	.219	.081	. 59	. 28	1.93	2.17	6.97E-03
90 percentile	25.51	21.5	6.09	1.28	. 249	.421	. 182	. 97	. 47	2.71	3.46	9.00 E-03
Maximum value	37.10	24.4	6.30	1.60	.401	.465	. 209	1.17	. 59	3.74	3.98	1.10E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	8.9	5.26	.31	.061	.082	.037	. 24	.09	. 93	1.06	5.47E-03
Arithmetic mean	6,99	12.1	5.55	. 57	. 119	.170	.064	. 38	.19	1.42	1.61	3.98E-03
No. of samples	32	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Total load, g/m ²	۱NA	NA	NA	0.062	0.012	0.017	0.007	0.049	0.018	0.188	0.215	1.1E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.008	.001	. 002	.001	.009	.003	.033	.037	2.9E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.41	-0.37	52	55	63	44	32	55	38	46	0.37
P-level		.008	.016	.001	.000	.000	.004	.042	.000	.013	.003	.016

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Teddy Roosevelt National Park, North Dakota CAL number: ND07 Map ID number: 61 ADS number: 062a01 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 618 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 18 (126) -- When ppt occurred: 16 (112) -- When ppt did not occur: 2 (14) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 2 (13) -- With chemical samples: 8 (56)

Latitude: 47°36'09" Longitude: 103°15'54"

 Station summary period: 08/30/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 18 sampling intervals (126 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 34.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 18.9

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 54.8

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 85.6

Total measured ppt, in mm: 39.6

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	c Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	6.4	4.49	0.20	0.032	0.060	0.015	0.01	0.10	0.73	0.74	4.68E-04
10 percentile	.00	6.4	4.49	. 20	.032	.060	.015	.01	. 10	. 73	.74	4.68E-04
25 percentile	. 22	7.7	4.93	.26	.048	.075	. 023	. 04	. 16	.88	0.94	1.44E-03
50 percentile	1.30	11.0	5.45	.32	.068	. 121	.033	. 13	.21	1.36	2.01	4.08E-03
75 percentile	2.77	19.7	5.84	.62	.180	. 533	.097	.49	. 41	2.11	2.82	1.18E-02
90 percentile	7.44	25.6	6.33	.72	. 205	.650	. 253	1.54	1.08	2.14	3.47	3.24E-02
Maximum value	13.20	25.6	6.33	. 72	. 205	.650	. 253	1.54	1.08	2.14	3.47	3.24E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	13.2	4.91	. 33	.065	. 110	.033	.28	. 19	1.40	1.71	1.24E-02
Arithmetic mean	2.20	13.4	5.41	.40	.099	.258	.067	.34	.34	1.44	1.98	8.35E-03
No. of samples	18	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.007	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.006	0.004	0.030	0.037	2.7E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.002	.000	.000	.000	.003	0.001	.011	.016	1.8E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.11	-0.40	15	40	84	37	. 04	-0.69	30	33	0.40
P-level		. 708	.17	0.615	.170	. 004	.209	.901	0.018	.315	. 262	. 170

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

		Latitude: 48°46'57"Longitude: 97°45	5'15"
ap ID numbe	er: 62		
		Station summary period: 10/25/1983 to 01/03/1984	
L, in meter	rs: 308	Length of summary period: 10 sampling intervals (70 days))
n parenthes	sis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	18.9
10 (70)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	5.7
9 (63)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	9.7
1 (7)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
		collected in the wet-sample bucket:	38.9
0 (0)		
2 (14)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 18.5	
	ap ID numbe n parenthes 10 (9 (1 (0 (2 (ap ID number: 62 1, in meters: 308 n parenthesis): 10 (70) 9 (63) 1 (7) 0 (0) 2 (14)	Latitude: 48*46'57" Longitude: 97*45 ap ID number: 62 Station summary period: 10/25/1983 to 01/03/1984 1, in meters: 308 Length of summary period: 10 sampling intervals (70 days) a parenthesis): Percent summary period with ppt measurements: 10 (70) Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 9 (63) Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 1 (7) Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket: 0 (0) 2 (14) Total measured ppt, in mm: 18.5

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO 4 mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	15.3	5.98	0.12	0.135	0,518	0.041	0.50	0.67	1.59	0.42	6.92E-04
10 percentile	.02	15.3	5.98	.12	.135	.518	.041	. 50	.67	1.59	. 42	6.92E-04
25 percentile	. 27	15.3	5.98	.12	. 135	.518	.041	. 50	. 67	1.59	. 42	6.92E-04
50 percentile	.30	16.5	6.07	.48	. 183	. 519	.070	. 94	1.15	2.03	8.26	8.69E-04
75 percentile	1.30	17.7	6.16	. 83	. 231	. 519	.100	1.37	1.64	2.46	16.10	1.05E-03
90 percentile	12.73	17.7	6.16	. 83	. 231	. 519	.100	1.37	1.64	2.46	16.10	1.05E-03
Maximum value	14.00	17.7	6.16	. 83	.231	. 519	.100	1.37	1.64	2.46	16.10	1.05E-03
Volume-weighted mean	NA	17.0	6.10	.63	. 206	. 518	.083	.75	. 95	1.84	4.92	7.94E-04
Arithmetic mean	1.85	16.5	6.07	.48	.183	. 519	.070	. 94	1.15	2.03	8.26	8.69E-04
No. of samples	10	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.009	1.4E-06
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.001	. 000	.001	.000	.001	.001	.002	.008	8.8E-07
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-1.00	1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00	-1.00
P-level		0.000	0.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	. 000	.000	.000	.000	0.000



Percentage composition of major ions for site ND08.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

99*14'02"

9.4

STATION: Woodworth, North Da	kota	Latitude: 47°07'22"Longitude: 99°14
CAL number: ND11	Map ID number: 63	
ADS number: 362a00		Station summary period: 11/29/1983 to 01/03/1984
Station altitude above mean	sea level, in meters: 0	Length of summary period: 5 sampling intervals (35 days)
Number of sampling intervals	(days in parenthesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
With ppt measurements:	5 (35)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
When ppt occurred:	2 (14)	Percent of total measured ppt with valid samples:
When ppt did not occur:	3 (21)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
When sample volume was	substi-	collected in the wet-sample bucket:
tuted for missing rai	n gage: 0 (0)	
With chamical samples:	()	Total measured ppt, in mm: 7.7

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00											
10 percentile	. 0 0											
25 percentile	.00											
50 percentile	.00											
75 percentile	3.85											
90 percentile	8.90											
Maximum value	8.90											
Volume-weighted mean	NA											
Arithmetic mean	1.54											
No. of samples	5											
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA									
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA									
Correlation with ppt Kendall tau P-level	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	ĸ	NH 4	Cl	NO 3	SO 4	H

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Mead, Nebraska			Latitude: 41°09'11" Longitude: 96°29	/34"
CAL number: NE15	Map ID n	umber: 64		
ADS number: 038a00			Station summary period: 12/29/1982 to 09/06/1983	
Station altitude above mean s	ea level, in m	eters: 352	Length of summary period: 36 sampling intervals (251 day	s)
Number of sampling intervals	(days in paren	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	67.6
With ppt measurements:	36	(251)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	60.1
When ppt occurred:	30	(210)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	94.0
When ppt did not occur:	6	(41)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was s	ubsti-		collected in the wet-sample bucket:	100.3
tuted for missing rain	gage: 0	(0)		
With chemical samples:	26	(182)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 463.9	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab PH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	7.2	3.73	0.06	0.009	0.011	0.007	0.01	0.04	0.69	0.47	2.69E-04
10 percentile	.00	8.5	4.45	.08	.012	.026	.014	. 19	.06	.89	. 53	3.99E-04
25 percentile	1.30	12.6	4.78	. 22	.025	.050	.028	. 40	.09	1.00	. 95	1.06E-03
50 percentile	4.20	16.9	5.43	.40	.048	. 100	.051	. 92	. 15	1.69	1.66	3.73E-03
75 percentile	26.37	29.5	5.97	. 82	.105	. 219	. 122	1.47	.30	2.65	2.99	1.67E-02
90 percentile	36.80	58.1	6.40	1.81	. 212	.363	. 264	2.28	. 55	5.10	4.76	3.57E-02
Maximum value	66.00	88.8	6.57	3.18	. 345	. 508	. 372	5.23	. 77	5.91	9.67	1.86E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	15.1	4.99	.37	.048	.104	.040	.70	.15	1.34	1.69	1.02E-02
Arithmetic mean	12.89	24.7	5.40	.65	.080	. 145	.087	1.12	. 23	2.18	2.31	1.57E-02
No. of samples	36	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.160	0.021	0.045	0.017	0.305	0.065	0.584	0.737	4.4E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.036	.007	.020	.003	.056	.021	.099	. 193	1.5E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.51	-0.09	43	46	47	57	44	53	53	274	0.09
P-level		.000	. 536	.003	.001	.001	.000	.002	.000	.000	.060	. 536

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Mead, Nebraska			
CAL number: NE15	Map ID	number:	64
ADS number: 038a01			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	vel, in	meters:	352
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	enthesis)	:
With ppt measurements:	17	(119)	
When ppt occurred:	16	(112)	i i
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)	
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	ı –
With chemical samples:	9	(63)	ı –

Latitude: 41°09'11" Longitude: 96°29'34"

Station summary period: 09/06/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 17 sampling intervals (119 days)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	32.1
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	18.9
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	85.1
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	94.5

Total measured ppt, in mm: 197.0

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	6.8	4.35	0.05	0.008	0.016	0.010	0.08	0.06	0.83	0.71	5.13E-04
10 percentile	.00	6.8	4.35	.05	.008	.016	.010	.08	.06	. 83	.71	5.13E-04
25 percentile	. 30	8.1	4.75	.08	.020	,036	.013	. 32	.07	1.09	1.04	9.85E-04
50 percentile	5.10	10.6	5.80	. 49	.034	.053	.048	.63	.11	1.38	1.33	1.58E-03
75 percentile	24.10	28.3	6.01	.64	.064	,190	.090	. 98	.24	2.32	3.78	1.89E-02
90 percentile	35.82	31.0	6.29	2.31	.183	,457	.142	1.44	. 47	4.91	4.85	4.47E-02
Maximum value	41.90	31.0	6.29	2.31	. 183	,457	.142	1.44	. 47	4.91	4.85	4.47E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	13.0	5.06	. 46	.045	.095	.047	. 53	.14	1.47	1.76	8.74E-03
Arithmetic mean	11.59	15.9	5.43	. 57	.052	. 125	.056	.65	. 17	1.87	2.17	1.08E-02
No. of samples	17	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.078	0.008	0.016	0.008	0.089	0.024	0.246	0.295	1.5E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.031	.003	.008	.003	.015	.009	.055	.060	7.4E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.29	-0.06	11	11	34	06	404	29	403	174	0.06
P-level		. 292	. 833	. 673	. 673	. 206	.832	.140	. 292	. 140	.527	. 833

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Biscuit Brook, New York			
CAL number: NY68	Map ID	numbe	er: 74
ADS number: 359a00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in	meter	s: 634
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	enthes	is):
With ppt measurements:	12	(84)
When ppt occurred:	12	(84)
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	7	(50)

Latitude: 41°59'39" Longitude: 74°30'13"

Station summary period: 10/11/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 12 sampling intervals (84 days)	
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	22.6
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	13.5
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	70. 8
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	81.4

Total measured ppt, in mm: 383.7

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	1.30	4.6	4.44	0.02	0.007	0.027	0.005	0.01	0.07	0.22	0.64	3.39E-03
10 percentile	1.66	4.6	4.44	.02	.007	.027	.005	.01	.07	. 22	. 64	3.39E-03
25 percentile	7.62	9.7	4.65	.02	.009	.028	.00 8	.01	.08	. 64	. 78	1.70E-02
50 percentile	27.60	11.5	4.71	.04	.016	.091	.012	.01	.19	.69	. 90	1.95E-02
75 percentile	57.77	11.7	4.77	.04	.030	. 233	.043	.08	. 38	.76	.97	2.24E-02
90 percentile	69.97	29.0	5.47	. 38	.084	.320	.104	. 17	.39	2.12	3.04	3.63E-02
Maximum value	72.40	29.0	5.47	. 38	.084	. 320	.104	. 17	.39	2.12	3.04	3.63E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	10.5	4.75	.03	.015	.099	.018	.03	. 19	.67	. 89	1.76E-02
Arithmetic mean	31.97	12.7	4.78	.08	.025	.130	.028	. 05	.21	. 83	1.16	1.96E-02
No. of samples	12	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.009	0.004	0.027	0.005	0.009	0.051	0.181	0.243	4.8E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.003	.001	.010	.003	.005	.018	.050	065	1.2E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so,	H
Kendall tau		-0.14	0.29	37	29	14	20	06	14	. 00	.14	-0.29
P-level		.652	. 362	. 266	. 362	. 652	. 543	. 867	.652	1.000	.652	.362



Percentage composition of major ions for site NY68.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: West Point, New York			
CAL number: NY99	Map ID	number:	75
ADS number: 358a00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	vel, in	meters:	203
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	onthesis;):
With ppt measurements:	16	(112))
When ppt occurred:	16	(112))
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0))
When sample volume was substi-	-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	. 0	(0))
With chemical samples:	16	(112))

Latitude: 41°21'03" Longitude: 74°02'54"

 Station summary period: 09/13/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 16 sampling intervals (112 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 30.2

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 30.2

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 100.0

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 96.2

Total measured ppt, in mm: 633.3

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	C a lcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.50	9.7	3,90	0.02	0.013	0.051	0.008	0.01	0.12	0.34	0.66	1.15E-02
10 percentile	0.71	10.2	3.91	. 03	. 0 16	. 062	.011	.02	.16	.44	. 75	1.36E-02
25 percentile	7.57	12.7	4.36	. 04	.019	.107	.012	.06	.23	.60	1.02	1.85E-02
50 percentile	31.25	18.9	4.56	.05	.045	. 192	.018	.09	.37	1.02	1.31	2.76 E- 02
75 percentile	53.85	51.7	4.73	.25	. 114	.756	.037	.20	1.01	3.05	4.22	4.32E-02
90 percentile	105.05	77.9	4.87	1.41	. 478	2.781	.325	. 42	4.64	6.36	7.19	1.24E-01
Maximum value	127.80	79.2	4.94	2.52	. 972	7.040	.366	. 57	11.48	7.03	7.63	1.26E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	17.8	4.53	.06	.052	.368	. 021	.09	.66	.95	1.27	2.93E-02
Arithmetic mean	39.58	30.2	4.49	. 30	. 127	.767	.063	. 15	1.28	2.06	2.51	4.24E-02
No. of samples	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.035	0.033	0.233	0.013	0.054	0.420	0.599	0.802	1.9E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.007	.015	. 122	.005	.010	.218	. 121	. 170	3.7E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.34	0.15	47	31	24	26	31	29	39	41	-0.15
P-level		.065	. 417	.016	.095	.191	.174	.103	. 115	.034	.027	. 417



Percentage composition of major ions for site NY99.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance)

STATION: Caldwell, Ohio		
CAL number: OH49	Map ID	number: 77
ADS number: 056a00		
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in	meters: 276
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	mthesis):
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)
When ppt occurred:	52	(364)
Whan ppt did not occur:	1	(7)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	1	(7)
With chemical samples:	32	(224)

Latitude: 39°47'34" Longitude: 81°31'52"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 66.3

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 56.2

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 99.6

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1034.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	10.2	3.59	0.05	0.008	0.022	0.002	0.01	0.07	0.49	0.44	1.55E-02
10 percentile	1.08	16.6	3.87	.06	.014	.026	.008	.02	.08	. 89	1.36	3.06E-02
25 percentile	3.10	20.9	4.18	.09	.021	.040	.012	.08	. 11	1.16	1.75	3.89E-02
50 percentile	15,20	28.3	4.33	.16	.031	.056	.021	. 24	. 16	1.69	2.65	4.68E~02
75 percentile	27.15	38.8	4.41	. 44	.072	. 116	.039	. 38	. 26	2.62	3.22	6.57E-02
90 percentile	44.92	75.3	4.51	.96	.168	. 433	.069	. 83	. 52	5.58	10,78	1.37E~01
Maximum value	92.50	145.0	4.81	1.65	. 375	.671	. 175	1.21	.97	6.69	15.71	2.57E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	27.4	4.30	. 17	.032	.056	.023	.22	.15	1.47	2.60	5.06E-02
Arithmetic mean	19.51	37.1	4.27	.34	. 064	. 120	.032	.29	. 23	2.24	3.72	6.62E-02
No. of samples	53	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.097	0.018	0.033	0.013	0.129	0.085	0.854	1.508	2.9E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.017	. 003	. 004	. 002	. 021	.013	. 102	0.274	5.5E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH,	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendsll tau		-0.37	0.32	53	55	52	27	17	41	47	25	-0.32
P-level		.003	.012	.000	.000	.000	.032	. 172	.001	.000	.044	.012



Percentage composition of major ions for site OH49.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Great Plains Apiaries,	Oklahoma	
CAL number: OK17	Map ID	number: 80
ADS number: 364a00		
Station altitude above mean sea	level, in	meters: 330
Number of sampling intervals (da	ys in pare	enthesis):
With ppt measurements:	39	(277)
When ppt occurred:	33	(236)
When ppt did not occur:	6	(41)
When sample volume was subs	ti-	
tuted for missing rain ga	ge: 2	(14)
With chemical samples:	26	(190)

Latitude: 34°58'48" Longitude: 97°31'16"

Station summary period: 03/29/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 42 sampling intervals (280 days	5)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	74.7
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	62.3
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	93.0
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	101.6

Total measured ppt, in mm: 914.9

	Mea-	Lab specifi	c		Magner		Potas-		Chlor-	Nitrite plus		Hydrogen
	sured	conduc	-	Calcium	sium	Sodium	sium	Ammonia	ide	nitrate	Sulfate	ion
Statistical	ppt,	tance,	Lab	as Ca,	as Mg,	as Na,	as K,	as NH ₄ ,	as Cl,	as NO ₃ ,	as SO ₄ ,	as H,
measures	mm	µS/cm	pH	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	6.4	4.42	0.03	0.013	0.042	0.010	0.12	0.01	0.48	0.68	4.57E-04
10 percentile	.00	7.7	4.56	.11	. 020	.045	.016	.15	.08	.83	.76	5.79E-04
25 percentile	. 30	11.0	4.91	.36	.033	.084	.037	.21	.15	1.01	1.15	9.32E-04
50 percentile	4.80	12.4	5.41	.63	.059	.138	.054	. 30	. 22	1.40	1.35	3.89E-03
75 percentile	24.90	18.6	6.03	1.04	. 113	. 348	.082	. 58	.46	2.05	2.36	1.23E-02
90 percentile	53.10	33.1	6.24	1.72	.172	. 543	.111	1.05	.64	4.19	4.28	2.77E-02
Maximum value	380.20	41.8	6.34	4.68	. 370	2.216	. 179	1.72	1.07	5.99	6.02	3.80E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	10.9	5.03	.31	.035	.145	.035	. 29	. 20	. 94	1.23	9.34E-03
Arithmetic mean	23.46	16.1	5.41	. 87	.083	. 295	.061	. 45	. 30	1.83	1.92	8.60E-03
No. of samples	39	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.266	0.030	0.123	0.030	0.246	0.170	0.802	1.048	8.0E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.041	.005	.032	.008	.072	,053	.182	0.289	4.5E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	C1	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.30	-0.13	43	47	31	34	24	30	46	16	0.13
P-level		.031	. 343	.002	.001	.026	.016	.089	.032	.001	.243	.343



Percentage composition of major ions for site OK17.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Silver Lake Ranger,	Oregon		Latitude: 43°07'22" Longitude: 121°0	3'28"
CAL number: OR09	Map ID no	umber: 81		
ADS number: 367a00			Station summary period: 08/23/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean s	ea level, in m	eters: 1334	Length of summary period: 19 sampling intervals (133 days	s)
Number of sampling intervals	(days in parent	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measuraments:	35.8
With ppt measurements:	19	(133)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	22.6
When ppt occurred:	15	(105)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	30.2
When ppt did not occur:	4	(28)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was s	ubsti-		collected in the wet-sample bucket:	77.9
tuted for missing rain	gage: 0	(0)		
With chamical samples:	8	(56)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 186.8	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.0	5.08	0.04	0.008	0.020	0.008	0.01	0.06	0.09	0.05	2.34E-04
10 percentile	.00	2.0	5.08	.04	.008	.020	.008	.01	.06	. 09	.05	2.34E-04
25 percentile	. 50	2.2	5.55	.05	.014	.042	.012	.01	.07	. 11	. 14	6.31E-04
50 percentile	5.60	5.7	5.75	. 22	.049	.125	.061	.04	.19	.14	. 42	1.80E-03
75 percentile	17.30	12.7	6.20	. 55	.073	.450	.369	.17	. 76	1.01	1.05	2.80E-03
90 percentile	29.20	25.9	6.63	2.00	.349	1.110	. 974	.31	1.46	1.40	1.22	8.32E-03
Maximum value	35.80	25.9	6.63	2.00	.349	1,110	. 974	. 31	1.46	1.40	1.22	8.32E-03
Volume-weighted mean	n NA	5.8	5.57	. 29	.055	. 176	. 131	.06	. 28	. 28	. 38	2.70E-03
Arithmetic mean	9.83	8.4	5.84	.44	.079	.286	.215	.09	. 43	. 47	. 58	2.34E-03
No. of samples	19	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.016	0.003	0.010	0.007	0.003	0.016	0.016	0.021	1.5E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.011	.002	.006	.005	.002	.008	.008	.007	5.1E-05
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C 1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.55	-0.33	59	76	69	47	46	62	37	57	0,33
P-level		. 062	. 262	.044	.00 9	.018	. 105	. 124	.034	.209	.058	. 262



Percentage composition of major ions for site OR09.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Salt Plains National Wildlig	[e Refu	ge, Oklahor	Ja
CAL number: OK00 Ma	ap ID n	umber: 79	
ADS number: 363a00			S
Station altitude above mean sea level	L, in m	eters: 346	L
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n paren	thesis):	P
With ppt measurements:	3	(21)	P
When ppt occurred:	2	(14)	P
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)	P
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	

Latitude: 36°48'08" Longitude: 98°12'37"

tation summary period: 12/13/1983 to 01/03/1984 ength of summary period: 3 sampling intervals (21 days) 5.7 ercent summary period with ppt measurements: Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt: 3.8 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples: 50.0 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:

-- With chemical samples: 1 (7)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 0,2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO, mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.10	23.4	6.29	1.04	0.239	0.696	0.251	0.50	0.30	3,03	3.43	5.13E-04
10 percentile	. 10	23.4	6.29	1.04	. 239	. 696	.251	. 50	.30	3.03	3.43	5.13E-04
25 percentile	.10	23.4	6.29	1.04	.239	. 696	.251	. 50	. 30	3.03	3.43	5.13E-04
50 percentile	. 10	23.4	6.29	1.04	.239	.696	.251	. 50	. 30	3.03	3.43	5.13E-04
75 percentile	. 10	23.4	6.29	1.04	. 239	. 696	.251	. 50	.30	3.03	3.43	5.13E-04
90 percentile	.10	23.4	6.29	1.04	. 239	. 696	. 251	. 50	. 30	3.03	3.43	5.13E-04
Maximum value	. 10	23.4	6.29	1.04	. 239	.696	.251	. 50	.30	3.03	3.43	5.13E-04
Volume-weighted mean	NA	23.4	6.29	1.04	.242	. 696	. 252	. 50	.30	3.03	3.43	5.13E-04
Arithmetic mean	. 10	23.4	6.29	1.04	. 239	. 696	. 251	. 50	.30	3.03	3.43	5.13E-04
No. of samples	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	7.6E-08
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.001	7.6E-08
Correlation with ppt • Kendall tau P-level	volume:	Cond	pĦ	Са	Mg	Na	к	NH 4	C1	NO 3	SO 4	Ħ



Percentage composition of major ions for site OK00.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: H.J. Andrews, Oregon			
CAL number: OR10 M	lap ID n	umber: 82	
ADS number: 061a00			
Station altitude above mean sea leve	l, in m	eters: 472	
Number of sampling intervals (days i	n paren	thesis):	
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)	
When ppt occurred:	51	(357)	
When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)	
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	
With chemical samples:	32	(225)	

Latitude: 44°13'23" Longitude: 122°14'32"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 64.4

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 59.4

 Percent of totel measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 95.8

Total measured ppt, in mm: 2587.4

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	Lab PH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg mg/L	Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- a sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.1	4.64	0.01	0.005	0.013	0.002	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.05	5.25E-04
10 percentile	.30	2.7	4.86	.01	.009	.030	.007	.01	.06	.06	.05	2.08E-03
25 percentile	6.35	3.3	5.17	.03	.016	.069	.013	.01	.12	.09	.26	2.90E-03
50 percentile	28.50	4.4	5.34	.06	.030	.148	.019	.01	.24	.18	. 43	4.52E-03
75 percentile	85.35	6.8	5.54	.16	.049	. 279	.029	.08	.49	. 50	.68	6.76E-03
90 percentile	135.42	14.8	5.68	. 23	.063	.461	.081	.30	.65	1.21	1.43	1.44E-02
Maximum value	173.00	32.1	6.28	1.29	. 447	1.404	. 513	1.92	1.28	4.45	2.53	2.29E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	3.9	5.42	.04	.026	.175	.014	.03	.30	.14	.33	3.78E-03
Arithmetic mean	48.82	6.6	5.34	. 14	.050	. 222	.044	. 14	. 32	.48	. 58	5.94E-03
No. of samples	53	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.065	0.040	0.269	0.021	0.042	0.463	0.212	0.503	5.8E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.007	.004	.031	.002	.012	.056	.020	.054	5.2E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.56	0.43	67	37	14	69	51	05	64	47	-0.43
P-level		.000	.001	.000	.004	.270	.000	. 000	.709	.000	.000	.001



Percentage composition of major ions for site OR10.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Hyslop, Oregon			
CAL number: OR97 Ma	ap ID n	umber: 84	
ADS number: 366a00			5
Station altitude above mean sea leve	L, in m	eters: 69	L
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n parent	thesis):	F
With ppt measurements:	36	(252)	E
When ppt occurred:	33	(231)	F
When ppt did not occur:	3	(21)	F
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	1	(7)	
With chemical samples:	27	(189)	1

Latitude: 44°38'04" Longitude: 123°11'24"

 Station summary period: 04/26/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 36 sampling intervals (252 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 67.9

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 56.6

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 94.9

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 91.8

Total measured ppt, in mm: 624.3

Ststistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.9	4.63	0.02	0.007	0.032	0 .008	0.01	0.08	0.04	0.05	3.31E-04
10 percentile	. 21	3.6	4.93	.05	.014	. 060	.015	.01	.12	. 12	. 25	6.19E-04
25 percentile	1.42	6.2	5,22	.07	.032	. 123	.024	.01	.19	. 20	.46	1.95E-03
50 percentile	7.25	7.0	5.43	.10	.063	.321	.042	.06	.44	.26	. 56	3.72E-03
75 percentile	28.30	10.2	5.71	.20	.091	.634	.085	.09	1.07	. 70	. 86	6.03E-03
90 percentile	55.62	16.1	6.22	.41	.142	.974	. 123	.26	1.78	1.29	1.37	1.18E-02
Maximum value	83.10	20.7	6.48	.86	. 252	2,100	.150	. 87	3.85	1.98	1.85	2.34E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	8.2	5.40	. 09	.088	, 677	.039	.05	1.23	. 27	. 53	4.01E-03
Arithmetic mean	17.34	8.4	5.48	. 17	. 074	. 433	.055	. 11	. 72	. 49	.71	5.10E-03
No. of samples	36	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.052	0.052	0.401	0.023	0.032	0.727	0.159	0.315	2.4E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.009	.021	. 174	.007	.005	.320	.017	.065	2.7E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.18	0.07	67	15	.03	47	09	.11	37	35	-0.07
P-level		.189	.631	.000	.260	.802	.001	. 533	.404	.008	.012	.631



Percentage composition of major ions for site OR97.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Schmidt Farm, Oregon		
CAL number: OR99	Map ID :	number: 84
ADS number: 060a00		
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in m	meters: 69
Number of sampling intervals (days	in psre	nthesis):
With ppt measurements:	17	(119)
When ppt occurred:	17	(119)
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)
When sample volume was substi-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	15	(105)
With chemical samples:	15	(105)

Latitude: 44°37'35" Longitude: 123°12'50"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 04/26/1983

 Length of summary period: 17 sampling intervals (119 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 32.1

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 28.3

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 95.2

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 1

Total measured ppt, in mm: 611.1

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	Lab PH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.10	2.4	5.26	0.01	0.004	0.026	0.003	0.01	0.07	0.01	0.05	1.38E-03
10 percentile	2.66	2.5	5.27	.02	.007	.040	.005	.01	.09	.06	.05	1.42E-03
25 percentile	18.65	3.5	5.39	.04	. 023	.083	.011	.01	. 13	. 12	.27	2.57E-03
50 percentile	29.10	5.7	5.48	.06	.054	. 249	.024	.05	.39	. 18	.39	3.31E-03
75 percentile	55.45	6.7	5.59	.09	.071	. 548	.029	. 13	1.02	.42	.65	4.07E-03
90 percentile	77.40	8.9	5.85	. 16	.092	.717	.040	. 33	1.34	.67	.74	5.42E-03
Maximum value	88.60	9.1	5.86	. 17	.096	. 757	.049	.35	1.44	.85	.75	5.50E-03
Volume-weighted mean	NA	5.1	5.45	.05	.049	.364	.021	.06	.66	. 18	.34	3.54E-03
Arithmetic mean	35.95	5.3	5.52	.07	.048	. 323	.022	. 10	. 58	.27	. 40	3.30 E- 03
No. of samples	17	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Z Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.031	0.029	0.212	0.012	0.033	0.386	0.102	0.200	2.1E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.008	.006	.049	.003	.008	.090	.016	.046	4.8E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.09	-0.23	44	. 02	.24	.05	42	. 20	62	39	0.23
P-level		.656	.234	.025	.921	.216	.804	.034	.299	.002	.042	.234



Percentage composition of major ions for site OR99.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

Latitude: 40°47'18" Longitude: 77°56'47"

CAL number: PA15	Map ID	number:	85
ADS number: 065b00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	vel, in	meters:	393
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	nthesis)	:
With ppt measurements:	30	(210)	
When ppt occurred:	29	(203)	
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)	
When sample volume was substi-	-		
tuted for missing rain gage:	. 0	(0)	
With chemical samples:	22	(154)	

STATION: Pennsylvania State NTN, Pennsylvania

 Station summary period: 06/07/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 30 sampling intervals (210 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 56.6

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 43.4

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 80.7

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 98.0

Total measured ppt, in mm: 585.5

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduct tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonie as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	8.0	3.52	0.02	0.006	0,018	0.004	0.01	0,06	0,49	0.79	1.07E-02
10 percentile	1,40	9.0	3,60	.05	.008	.019	.006	.01	.08	. 52	. 84	1.46E-02
25 percentile	7.37	12.1	3,95	.07	.014	.027	.010	.07	. 11	. 83	1.17	1.96E-02
50 percentile	13.45	29.3	4.28	. 13	.021	.054	.015	. 13	. 15	1.66	2.14	5.19E-02
75 percentile	31.70	51.6	4.71	. 37	. 058	. 099	.041	. 28	.26	3.07	4.38	1.12E-01
90 percentile	44.50	118.7	4.84	. 43	. 094	.215	.048	1.05	. 31	6.15	11.75	2.51E-01
Maximum value	59.90	141.0	4.97	1.06	. 289	. 277	. 125	1.46	.46	6,90	18.05	3.02E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	32.2	4.18	. 12	.023	.049	.016	. 18	.14	1.67	2.98	6.52E-02
Arithmetic mean	19.52	43.5	4.26	. 22	.045	.076	.027	. 29	. 18	2.34	4.17	8.66E-02
No. of samples	30	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Z Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.057	0.011	0.023	0.008	0.085	0.068	0.787	1.409	3.1E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.006	.001	.003	.001	.017	.009	. 082	. 266	4.4E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.23	0.16	54	55	45	43	24	29	- 30	21	-0.16
P-level		. 142	.310	.001	.000	.003	.006	. 127	.066	. 052	. 167	.310



Percentage composition of major ions for site PA15.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance)

STATION: Pennsylvania State NTN-2,	Pennsyl	vania	
CAL number: 15PA	Map ID	number	: 85
ADS number: 065c00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in	meters	: 393
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	nthesi	s):
With ppt measurements:	13	(9	1)
When ppt occurred:	13	(9	1)
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	11	(7	7)

Latitude: 40°47'18" Longitude: 77°56'47"

Station summary period: 10/04/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 13 sampling intervals (91 days)	
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	24.5
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	20.8
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	78.9
Percent of total measured ppt in raingege that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	94.6

Total measured ppt, in mm: 338.9

Statistical meāsures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia es NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	2.30	7.3	3.93	0.04	0.012	0.026	0.005	0.06	0.08	0.53	0.57	1.12E-02
10 percentile	3.42	7.4	3.94	.04	.012	.026	.006	.06	.09	. 55	. 62	1.13E-02
25 percentile	9.90	12.2	4.21	.06	.014	.033	.012	.07	. 12	. 89	1.00	2.24E-02
50 percentile	25.40	25.1	4.31	. 07	.020	.063	.014	. 12	. 14	1.50	1.73	4.90E-02
75 percentile	40.90	27.3	4.65	.15	.035	.119	.033	.15	.25	2.06	2.27	6.17E-02
90 percentile	53.82	60.6	4.95	. 36	.089	. 302	.054	.27	. 33	3.87	5.43	1.15E-01
Maximum value	59.90	60.6	4.95	.36	. 099	.341	.057	. 28	.35	4.10	5.44	1.17E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	20.6	4.40	.08	.020	.069	.016	.11	.16	1.33	1.59	3.97E-02
Arithmetic mean	26.07	26.4	4.41	. 13	. 029	.092	. 022	.13	. 17	1.70	2.15	4.96E-02
No. of samples	13	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.021	0.005	0.018	0.004	0.029	0.042	0.356	0.424	1.1E-02
Maximum intervel												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.004	.001	.006	.001	.006	.010	.066	.085	2.3E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.22	0.16	41	29	24	51	20	18	42	13	-0.16
P-level		.349	. 484	. 083	.212	. 312	.029	. 389	.435	.073	. 586	. 484



Percentage composition of major ions for site 15PA.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Kane, Pennsylvania			
CAL number: PA29	Map ID nu	umber: 86	
ADS number: 063a00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in me	eters: 618	3
Number of sampling intervals (days	in parent	hesis):	
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)	
When ppt occurred:	52	(364)	
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)	
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)	
With chemical samples:	28	(196)	

Latitude: 41°35'52" Longitude: 78°46'04"

 Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 100.0

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 54.7

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 61.3

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 94.8

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1281.1

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	- Sodium , as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	10.6	3.47	0.02	0.004	0.015	0.008	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.91	4.37E-04
10 percentile	1.50	14.1	3.81	.05	.011	. 024	.011	.01	.05	. 55	1.18	1.85E-02
25 percentile	9.40	22.9	4.00	.08	.016	.034	.016	. 10	. 10	.84	1.95	3.11E-02
50 percentile	21.80	31.8	4.18	. 12	. 024	.044	.028	. 21	. 12	1.46	3.02	6.61E-02
75 percentile	33.65	51.0	4.51	. 29	. 047	.067	.044	. 42	. 17	2.23	5.82	9.93E-02
90 percentile	51.74	73.9	4.83	.66	. 103	.161	.073	. 82	. 41	4.38	7.66	1.54E-01
Maximum value	69.10	154.7	6.36	2.75	. 332	2.210	. 259	1.25	4.29	5.23	17.53	3.39E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	35.7	4.14	.16	. 028	.068	.031	.30	.16	1.53	3.51	7.23E-02
Arithmetic mean	24.17	40.1	4.32	. 29	.049	. 143	.041	. 31	. 32	1.85	4.11	7.85E-02
No. of samples	53	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Z Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.125	0.022	0.054	0.024	0.236	0.126	1.203	2.756	5.7E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	. 022	.003	.018	.002	.032	.035	.149	0.388	7.9E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so,	Н
Kendall tau		-0.19	0.04	40	43	22	22	. 03	33	19	22	-0.04
P-level		.149	. 782	.003	.001	.109	.101	. 797	.015	.161	.097	. 782



Percentage composition of major ions for site PA29.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Milford, Pennsylvania (Gi	fford Pine	chot)
CAL number: PA72	Map ID nu	umb e	r: 88
ADS number: 371a00			
Station altitude above mean sea le	evel, in m	eter	s: 212
Number of sampling intervals (days	in parent	hes	is):
With ppt measurements:	1	(7)
When ppt occurred:	1	(7)
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)
When sample volume was substi	-		
tuted for missing rain gage	e: 0	(0)
With chemical samples:	1	C	7)

Latitude: 41°19'39" Longitude: 74°49'13"

 Station summary period: 12/27/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 1 sampling intervals (7 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 1.9

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 1.9

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 100.0

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 101.2

Total measured ppt, in mm: 25.4

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	25.40	12.3	4.63	0.04	0.010	0.054	0.011	0.06	0.07	0.61	1.22	2.34E-02
10 percentile	25.40	12.3	4.63	.04	.010	.054	.011	.06	.07	.61	1.22	2.34E-02
25 percentile	25.40	12.3	4.63	.04	.010	.054	.011	.06	.07	.61	1.22	2.34E-02
50 percantile	25.40	12.3	4.63	.04	.010	.054	.011	.06	.07	.61	1.22	2.34E-02
75 percentile	25.40	12.3	4.63	.04	.010	.054	.011	.06	.07	.61	1.22	2.34E-02
90 percentile	25.40	12.3	4.63	.04	.010	.054	.011	. 06	.07	.61	1.22	2.34E-02
Maximum value	25.40	12.3	4.63	. 04	.010	.054	.011	. 06	.07	.61	1.22	2.34E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	12.3	4.63	.04	.010	.054	.011	. 06	.07	.61	1.22	2.34E-02
Arithmetic mean	25.40	12.3	4.63	.04	.010	.054	.011	.06	.07	.61	1.22	2.34E-02
No. of samples	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.015	0.031	6.0E-04
Maximum interval	NA	NA	NA	001	000	001	000	002	002	015	031	6 0F-04
Load, g/m		Cond		.001	.000	.001	.000	.002	.002	.015	.031	0.0E-04
Kendall tau P-level	vorume:	Cona	рп	U.	ыğ	na	ĸ	4 4	CT.	3	30 4	n



Percentage composition of major ions for site PA72.

(ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; $g = grams; m = meter; \mu s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]$

STATION: Huron, South Dakota CAL number: SD00 Mep ID number: 89 ADS number: 067a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 390 Number of sampling intervals (days in perenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 29 (273) -- When ppt occurred: 28 (266) -- When ppt did not occur: 1 (7) -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0)

Latitude: 44°23'02" Longitude: 98°13'14"

Station summary period: 12/21/1982 to 09/20/1983	
Length of summary period: 29 sampling intervals (273 days)	,
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	73.5
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	58.5
Percent of total measured ppt with chemicel samples:	91.2
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	82.2

-- With chemical samples: 22 (210)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 383.9

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium es Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	5.3	4.69	0.04	0.012	0.028	0.013	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.39	1.74E-04
10 percentile	.30	5.7	5.16	. 14	.024	.036	.015	. 22	.04	. 56	.70	3.92E-04
25 percentile	1.00	9.2	5.32	. 19	.044	.054	.026	.33	. 09	.77	1.00	6.91E-04
50 percentile	4.30	13.1	5.87	. 47	.062	.094	.061	. 51	. 14	1.33	1.40	1.36E-03
75 percentile	27.30	21.1	6.17	1.17	. 285	. 296	.138	.78	.31	2.43	2.48	4.79E-03
90 percentile	43.70	32.2	6.41	1,64	.468	1.968	.190	1.99	.61	3.69	3.70	6.98E-03
Maximum value	44.70	35.7	6.76	2.29	.799	2.245	. 454	2.08	.67	4.92	6.09	2.04E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	10.6	5.34	. 42	.073	.081	.061	. 50	.10	1.27	1.30	4.58E-03
Arithmetic mean	13.24	15.9	5.79	.71	. 172	. 399	. 095	. 73	. 22	1.72	1.84	3.15E-03
No. of samples	29	2 2	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	2 2	22
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.146	0.026	0.028	0.021	0.173	0.035	0.445	0.457	1.6E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.021	.005	.003	.004	.030	. 006	.077	.062	4.6E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		47	-0.47	31	47	63	31	184	63	19	32	0.47
P-level		. 002	.002	.048	.002	.000	.045	.246	.000	. 224	.042	.002



Percentage composition of major ions for site SD00.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Cottonwood, South Dakota			
CAL number: SD08 M	ap ID	numbe	er: 90
ADS number: 373a00			
Station altitude above mean sea leve	l, in	meter	s: 733
Number of sampling intervals (days in	n pare	enthes	sis):
With ppt measurements:	11	(84)
When ppt occurred:	9	(70)
When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)
With chemical samples:	5	(35)

Latitude: 43°56'57" Longitude: 101°51'30"

 Station summary period: 10/11/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 11 sampling intervals (84 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 22.6

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 13.2

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 60.9

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 60.9

 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 80.9

Total measured ppt, in mm: 58.5

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	6.3	4.79	0.10	0.022	0.062	0.019	0.07	0.11	0.74	0.62	5.62E-03
10 percentile	.00	6.3	4.79	.10	.022	.062	.019	.07	. 11	.74	. 62	5.62E-03
25 percentile	0.00	9.0	4.83	. 11	.023	.068	.030	. 1 2	. 1 2	1.05	, 63	6.43E-03
50 percentile	4.10	13.0	5.07	. 23	.083	.081	.071	.40	.16	1.98	1.01	8.51E-03
75 percentile	12.20	17.4	5.19	.65	. 129	.425	.116	.76	.67	2.65	4.08	1.47E-02
90 percentile	12.66	18.7	5.25	.78	.168	.651	. 127	1.10	1.13	3.14	5.23	1.62E-02
Maximum value	12.70	18.7	5.25	. 78	. 158	.651	. 127	1.10	1.13	3.14	5.23	1.62E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	11.7	4.95	. 26	.044	.093	.050	.41	.15	1.56	1.33	1.12E-02
Arithmetic mean	5.32	13.2	5.03	.35	.078	. 214	.073	. 43	.35	1.87	2.09	1.02E-02
No. of samples	11	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.009	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.014	0.005	0.056	0.047	4.0E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.005	.001	.001	.001	.008	.002	.022	.021	2.0E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	Cl	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.40	-0.40	40	80	80	60	40	80	40	40	0.40
P-level		. 327	. 327	.327	.050	.050	.142	. 327	.050	. 327	. 327	.327



Percentage composition of major ions for site SD08.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Huron Well Field, Sou	th Dakota		Latitude: 44°21'18" Longitude: 98°17	7'38"
CAL number: SD99	Map ID n	umber: 91		
ADS number: 372a00			Station summary period: 11/29/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean se	a level, in m	eters: 398	Length of summary period: 5 sampling intervals (35 days))
Number of sampling intervals (days in parent	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	9.4
With ppt measurements:	5	(35)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	
When ppt occurred:	4	(28)	Percent of total measured ppt with valid samples:	
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was su	bsti-		collected in the wet-sample bucket:	
tuted for missing rain	gage: O	(0)		
With chemical samples:		()	Total measured ppt, in mm: 7.5	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00											
10 percentile	.00											
25 percentile	.15											
50 percentile	. 30											
75 percentile	3.45											
90 percentile	6.60											
Maximum value	6.60											
Volume-weighted mean	NA											
Arithmetic mean	1.50											
No. of samples	5											
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA									
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA									
Correlation with ppt Kendall tau P-level	volume:	Cond	рН	Ca	Mg	Na	ĸ	NH 4	C1	NO 3	SO ₄	H

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Elkmont, Tennessee			
CAL number: TN11	Map ID n	umber: 93	
ADS number: 028a00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	vel, in m	eters: 640	
Number of sampling intervals (days	in paren	thesis):	
With ppt measurements:	51	(371)	
When ppt occurred:	51	(371)	
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)	
When sample volume was substi-	•		
tuted for missing rain gage:	6	(42)	
With chemical samples:	32	(234)	

Latitude: 35°39'52" Longitude: 83°35'25"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 51 sampling intervals (371 day	s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	63.9
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	69.1
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	95.8

Total measured ppt, in mm: 1440.0

	Mea- sured	Lab specif: conduc	ic 	Calcium	Magne- sium	Sodium	Potas- sium	Ammonia	Chlor- ide	Nitrite plus nitrate	Sulfate	Hydrogen ion
Statistical	ppt,	tance	, Lab	as Ca,	as Mg,	as Na,	as K,	as NH ,	as Cl,	as NO ₂ ,	as SO,,	as H,
measures	mm	µS/cm	pH	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L ⁴	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L ⁴	mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	3.2	3,81	0.02	0.003	0.013	0.005	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	6.46E-04
10 percentile	. 50	4.2	3.91	.04	.008	.022	.012	.01	.06	.26	.48	1.94E-03
25 percentile	10.90	7.6	4.35	.07	.016	.032	.019	.06	.08	. 53	.81	7.16E-03
50 percentile	22.20	15.7	4.60	.14	.024	.056	.035	.15	.09	.84	1.60	2.51E-02
75 percentile	38,60	26.1	5.14	.24	.042	.119	.073	.28	.19	1.29	2.32	4.47E-02
90 percentile	68.64	63.7	5.76	. 50	.087	.201	.185	. 54	. 32	3.58	6,99	1.22E-01
Maximum value	107.20	86.8	6.19	2.41	. 412	. 904	.449	1.59	.87	4.93	9.33	1.55E-01
Volume-weighted mean	n NA	14.6	4.59	. 13	.024	.064	.060	. 15	. 11	.75	1.45	2.56E-02
Arithmetic mean	28.24	22.0	4.73	. 25	.045	.106	.068	. 23	. 16	1.25	2.29	3.82E-02
No. of samples	51	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
Z Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.129	0.023	0.064	0.060	0.148	0.112	0.743	1.439	2.5E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.021	.004	.011	.018	.020	.015	.084	.195	3.8E-03
Correlation with pp	t volume:	Cond	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C 1	NO	so	н
Kendall tau		-0.38	0.25	27	39	36	24	22	31	50	~.35	-0.25
P-level		.002	.043	.033	.002	.004	.058	.082	.014	.000	.006	. 043



Percentage composition of major ions for site TN11.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: LBJ Netional Grasslands, 2	[exas	
CAL number: TX56	Map ID no	umber: 96
ADS number: 378a00		
Station altitude above mean sea lev	vel, in m	eters: 312
Number of sampling intervals (days	in parent	hesis):
With ppt measurements:	14	(105)
When ppt occurred:	12	(91)
When ppt did not occur:	2	(14)
When sample volume was substi-	-	
tuted for missing rain gage:	: 3	(0)
With chemical samples:	9	(70)

Latitude: 33°23'30" Longitude: 97°38'23"

 Station summary period: 09/20/1983 to 01/03/1984

 Length of summary period: 14 sampling intervals (105 days)

 Percent summary period with ppt measurements:
 28.3

 Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:
 22.6

 Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:
 99.9

 Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was
 collected in the wet-sample bucket:
 93.4

Total measured ppt, in mm: 227.1

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tence, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Ne, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	7.2	4.61	0.30	0.016	0.030	0.012	0.16	0.06	0.63	0.71	3.98E-04
10 percentile	.00	7.2	4.61	.30	.016	.030	.012	. 16	.06	.63	. 71	3.98E-04
25 percentile	. 10	9.3	5.04	.35	.034	. 192	.022	. 20	. 19	.91	1.19	5.03E-04
50 percentile	1.95	15.7	5.36	1.23	.116	. 409	.065	. 24	.49	1.56	1.86	4.37E-03
75 percentile	14.95	21.4	6.30	1.66	. 167	. 517	.091	.30	.75	2.17	3.45	9.33E-03
90 percentile	88.40	22.7	6.40	1.83	.194	.649	. 124	. 69	.86	3.20	4.43	2.45E-02
Maximum value	132.10	22.7	6.40	1.83	. 194	.649	. 124	. 69	.86	3.20	4.43	2.45E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	10.9	5.10	. 58	.040	. 199	.033	. 23	.31	. 98	1.33	7.88E-03
Arithmetic mean	16.22	15.4	5.58	1.04	. 107	. 372	.063	. 29	. 47	1.60	2.20	6.29E-03
No. of samples	14	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.131	0.009	0.045	0.007	0.051	0.070	0.221	0.302	1.8E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.042	.002	.014	.002	.032	.022	. 128	.176	1.6E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.65	0.08	20	82	08	40	51	03	70	70 ·	-0.08
P-level		.016	.753	.463	.002	.753	. 140	.058	.917	.009	.009	. 753



Percentage composition of major ions for site TX56.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Logan, Utah			Latitude: 41°39'30" Longitude: 111°53'	49"
CAL number: UT01	Map ID n	umber: 97		
ADS number: 357a00			Station summary period: 12/06/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea lev	vel, in m	eters: 1370	Length of summary period: 4 sampling intervals (28 days)	
Number of sampling intervals (days	in parent	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	7.5
With ppt measurements:	4	(28)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	
When ppt occurred:	4	(28)	Percent of total measured ppt with valid samples:	
When ppt did not occur:	0	(0)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was substi-	•		collected in the wet-sample bucket:	
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)		
With chemical samples:		()	Total measured ppt, in mm: 61.6	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	4.30											
10 percentile	4.30											
25 percentile	5.90											
50 percentile	16.95											
75 percentile	23.35											
90 percentile	23.40											
Maximum value	23.40											
Volume-weighted mean	NA											
Arithmetic mean	15.40											
No. of samples	4											
Z Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA									
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA									
Correlation with ppt Kendall tau P-level	volume:	Cond	pĦ	Ca	Mg	Na	ĸ	NH 4	Cl	NO 3	so 4	H

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

25745"
/s)
100.0
45.3
56.8
100.2

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	7.3	3.99	0.01	0.006	0.011	0.005	0.01	0.01	0.35	0.50	6.46E-04
10 percentile	.30	7.9	4.17	.02	.006	.013	.005	.03	.04	. 37	. 70	1.03E-02
25 percentile	6.50	10.8	4.25	.03	.012	.041	.008	.07	. 08	.41	.87	1.51E-02
50 percentile	24.40	18.2	4.55	. 08	.031	. 107	. 020	.19	. 23	. 97	1.47	2.82E-02
75 percentile	53.25	28.6	4.82	.19	.047	.218	.043	.29	.39	1.76	2.86	5.62E-02
90 percentile	86.40	47.9	5.00	. 64	. 139	.316	. 120	. 52	.68	2.10	4.88	6.79E-02
Maximum value	124.50	50.6	6.19	2.07	1.264	3.140	. 407	. 56	1.75	8.52	7.38	1.02E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	14.7	4.59	.05	.021	. 114	.017	.15	.25	.65	1.32	2.55E-02
Arithmetic mean	34.62	21.9	4.60	.21	.089	. 251	.046	. 20	.31	1.32	2.17	3.54E-02
No. of samples	53	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Total load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	0.054	0.022	0.119	0.018	0.152	0.263	0.678	1.379	2.7E-02
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.005	.005	.035	.003	.021	.075	.091	0.210	4.7E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рН	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH,	Cl	NO	so,	Н
Kendall tau		-0.51	0.34	66	54	17	60	30	14	60	51	-0.34
P-level		.001	.023	.000	.000	. 255	.000	.053	.341	.000	.001	.023



Percentage composition of major ions for site VA28.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; μ s = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Babcock State Park, West Virginia CAL number: WV04 Map ID number: 105 ADS number: 379a00 Station altitude above mean sea level, in meters: 631 Number of sampling intervals (days in parenthesis): -- With ppt measurements: 17 (119) -- When ppt occurred: 17 (119) -- When ppt did not occur: (0) 0 -- When sample volume was substituted for missing rain gage: 0 (0)

Latitude: 37°58'47" Longitude: 80°56'59"

Station summary period: 09/06/1983 to 01/03/1984	
Length of summary period: 17 sampling intervals (119 days)	,
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	32.1
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	18.9
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	48.2
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	87.4

-- With chemical samples: 10 (70)

Total measured ppt, in mm: 379.7

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- n sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	1.50	5.6	4.02	0.05	0.013	0.023	0.011	0.01	0.08	0.32	0.64	9.55E-03
10 percentile	1.74	6.3	4.03	.05	.013	.024	.013	.01	.08	.36	. 70	1.07E-02
25 percentile	9.55	13.7	4.27	.09	.015	.031	. 027	.04	.09	.74	1.27	2.36E-02
50 percentile	17.80	19.3	4.52	. 12	.027	.073	.038	. 12	.12	1.23	1.80	3.02E-02
75 percentile	32.15	35.7	4.63	.25	.056	. 152	.066	.33	.34	2.23	3.94	5.59E-02
90 percentile	46.78	54.0	4.99	.79	.157	. 626	.343	. 54	.86	4.79	4.66	9.43E-02
Maximum value	82.30	55.4	5.02	.85	.165	. 667	.367	. 56	.87	4.97	4.68	9.55E-02
Volume-weighted mean	NA	17.3	4.53	. 12	.027	.067	,036	. 1 2	.13	1.03	1.70	2.95E-02
Arithmetic mean	22.34	24.4	4.48	.21	.046	.142	.075	. 19	.26	1.67	2.42	4.03E-02
No. of samples	17	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.021	0.005	0.012	0.007	0.022	0.024	0.188	0.311	5.4E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	.003	.001	.003	.001	.009	.004	.046	.065	1.1E-03
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	pН	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.64	0.60	70	63	47	67	52	52	69	73	-0.60
P-level		.010	.016	.005	.012	.060	.007	.038	.038	.006	.003	.016



Percentage composition of major ions for site WV04.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters; mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Pinedale, Wyoming			Latitude: 42°55'44" Longitude: 109°4	7'12"
CAL number: WY06 M	lap ID r	number: 107		
ADS number: 284a00			Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Station altitude above mean sea leve	l, in m	neters: 2388	Length of summary period: 53 sampling intervals (371 day	5)
Number of sampling intervals (days i	n paren	thesis):	Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
With ppt measurements:	53	(371)	Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	62,3
When ppt occurred:	52	(364)	Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	61.5
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)	Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
When sample volume was substi-			collected in the wet-sample bucket:	72.2
tuted for missing rain gage:	0	(0)		
With chamical samples:	32	(224)	Total measured ppt, in mm: 437.4	

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specific conduc- tance, µS/cm	Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne- sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH ₄ mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate aa NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.2	4.00	0.04	0.011	0.021	0.004	0.01	0.04	0.12	0.05	1.66E-04
10 percentile	. 30	2.8	4.83	.06	.016	.030	.005	.01	.06	.17	.14	4.81E-04
25 percentile	1.90	4.5	5.18	.10	. 020	. 039	.009	. 02	.08	. 34	.48	8.37E-04
50 percentile	6.10	6.3	5.75	. 19	.044	.095	.023	.08	. 12	. 59	.76	1.78E-03
75 percentile	10.40	10.1	6.08	. 40	. 095	.396	.081	. 21	. 42	1.05	1.15	6.57E-03
90 percentile	22.48	24.0	6.32	. 90	.256	.665	.157	.38	. 70	1.48	2.17	1.48E-02
Maximum value	37.90	91.4	6.78	1.75	.317	15.697	. 297	.91	3.28	3. 3 7	5.22	1.00E-01
Volume-weighted mean	NA	6.8	5.26	. 20	.045	. 126	.030	.11	.14	. 58	. 73	5.46E-03
Arithmetic mean	8.25	12.0	5.64	. 35	.081	. 68 9	. 057	. 15	. 32	.79	1.00	7.26E-03
No. of samples	53	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.053	0.012	0.034	0.008	0.031	0.038	0.155	0.196	1.5E-03
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.006	.002	.004	.001	.007	.004	.019	.024	1.9E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	К	NH	Cl	NO	so	Н
Kendall tau		-0.28	-0.30	41	52	52	40	. 11	54	28	12	0.30
P-level		.025	.017	.001	. 0 00	. 00 0	.002	. 403	.000	.024	.338	.017



Percentage composition of major ions for site WY06.

[ppt = precipitation; mm = millimeters; cm = centimeters: mg = milligrams; L = liters; g = grams; m = meter; µs = microsiemens; cond = specific conductance]

STATION: Yellowstone National Park,	Wyomin	ng	
CAL number: WY08	Map ID	number:	108
ADS number: 078a00			
Station altitude above mean sea lev	el, in	meters:	1912
Number of sampling intervals (days	in pare	nthesis):
With ppt measurements:	51	(371)
When ppt occurred:	50	(364))
When ppt did not occur:	1	(7)
When sample volume was substi-			
tuted for missing rain gage:	6	(42))
With chemical samples:	19	(133))

:

Latitude: 44°55'02" Longitude: 110°25'13"

Station summary period: 12/28/1982 to 01/03/1984	
Length of Summary period: 51 sampling intervals (371 day	s)
Percent summary period with ppt measurements:	100.0
Percent summary period with chemical samples or no ppt:	37.7
Percent of total measured ppt with chemical samples:	38.0
Percent of total measured ppt in raingage that was	
collected in the wet-sample bucket:	105.0

Total measured ppt, in mm: 347.5

Statistical measures	Mea- sured ppt, mm	Lab specifi conduc tance, µS/cm	c - Lab pH	Calcium as Ca, mg/L	Magne sium as Mg, mg/L	Sodium as Na, mg/L	Potas- sium as K, mg/L	Ammonia as NH , mg/L	Chlor- ide as Cl, mg/L	Nitrite plus nitrate as NO ₃ , mg/L	Sulfate as SO ₄ , mg/L	Hydrogen ion as H, mg/L
Minimum value	0.00	2.5	5.03	0.02	0.004	0.020	0.007	0.01	0.01	0.01 '	0.05	4.57E-04
10 percentile	. 30	2.6	5.26	. 02	.012	.023	.009	.01	,06	. 14	. 26	7.08E-04
25 percentile	1.80	3.0	5.50	.06	.016	.050	.010	.03	.08	.15	.36	1.00E-03
50 percentile	5.10	4.7	5.69	. 12	.036	.077	.023	.09	. 11	.33	.48	2.04E-03
75 percentile	8.67	7.4	6.00	. 26	.040	.125	.043	. 13	. 20	. 55	.61	3.16E-03
90 percentile	16.90	9.1	6.15	. 37	.077	.375	.066	. 23	.31	. 99	. 93	5.50E-03
Maximum value	38.90	13.1	6.34	.48	.089	1.240	.070	.32	. 32	1.12	1.75	9.33E-03
Volume-weighted mean	NA	4.7	5.45	.11	.022	.080	.024	.10	. 11	. 36	.49	3.56E-03
Arithmetic mean	6,95	5.3	5.71	. 16	.035	. 152	.028	. 10	. 14	. 42	. 56	2.62E-03
No. of samples	50	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Total load, g/m	NA	NA	NA	0.014	0.003	0.011	0.003	0.013	.014	0.047	0.065	4.7E-04
Maximum interval												
load, g/m ²	NA	NA	NA	.003	.000	.003	.001	.003	.002	.010	.018	1.6E-04
Correlation with ppt	volume:	Cond	рH	Ca	Mg	Na	к	NH	C1	NO	so	H
Kendall tau		-0.19	-0.29	33	54	53	01	. 04	26	21	29	0.29
P-level		.261	. 086	.054	.001	. 002	. 972	. 833	, 129	.206	.086	.086



Percentage composition of major ions for site WY08.