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GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

**Analytical results and sample locality maps of stream-sediment
and heavy-mineral-concentrate samples from Dolores River Canyon
Wilderness Study Area (CO-030-290), Montrose and
San Miguel Counties, Colorado**

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This report is preliminary and has not been reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards and stratigraphic nomenclature. Any use of trade names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the USGS.

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STUDIES RELATED TO WILDERNESS

Bureau of Land Management Wilderness Study Areas

The Federal Land Policy and Management Act (Public Law 94-579, October 21, 1976) requires the U.S. Geological Survey and the U.S. Bureau of Mines to conduct mineral surveys on certain areas to determine their mineral resource potential. Results must be made available to the public and be submitted to the President and the Congress. This report presents the results of a geochemical survey of the Dolores River Canyon Wilderness Study Areas, Montrose County, Colorado.

INTRODUCTION

In May, 1986, the U.S. Geological Survey conducted a reconnaissance geochemical survey of the Dolores River Canyon Wilderness Study Area (CO-030-290) in Montrose and San Miguel Counties, Colorado.

The Dolores River Canyon comprises about 44.4 mi² (28,400 acres) in the southwest corner of Montrose County and the northwest corner of San Miguel County, Colorado and lies on the Dolores River between Slick Rock and Bedrock, Colorado (see fig. 1). Access to the study area is provided on the south by a dirt road branching off State Highway 141 approximately 14 mi east of Slick Rock. Access to the north end is by State Highway 90 at Bedrock.

The irregular area is about 11 mi across and includes the canyons of the Dolores River and its principal tributaries, Coyote Wash, Wild Steer Canyon, and Spring Creek. Elevations range from about 6,300 ft on the mesa rim down to 5,000 ft where the Dolores River crosses the northern boundary. The area consists of deeply incised meandering streams with near vertical canyon walls rising several hundred feet to the rims of relatively flat-topped mesas.

The oldest rock exposed in the area is the Hermosa Formation of Pennsylvanian age which crops out along the southern boundary, west of the river. This unit is unconformably overlain by the Triassic Chinle Formation on the north. Above this are the cliff-making Triassic Wingate Formation and a bench formed by the Kayenta Formation. Above this are steep cliffs of Navajo sandstone of late Triassic-early Jurassic age and slopes of the Jurassic Summerville Formation. The overlying basal Salt Wash member of the Morrison Formation is the major host rock for uranium and vanadium deposits in the region (Williams, 1964).

METHODS OF STUDY

Sample Media

Analyses of the stream-sediment samples represent the chemistry of the rock material eroded from the drainage basin upstream from each sample site. Such information is useful in identifying those basins which contain concentrations of elements that may be related to mineral deposits. Heavy-mineral-concentrate samples provide information about the chemistry of a limited number of minerals in rock material eroded from the drainage basin upstream from each sample site. The selective concentration of minerals, many of which may be ore related, permits determination of some elements that are not easily detected in stream-sediment samples.

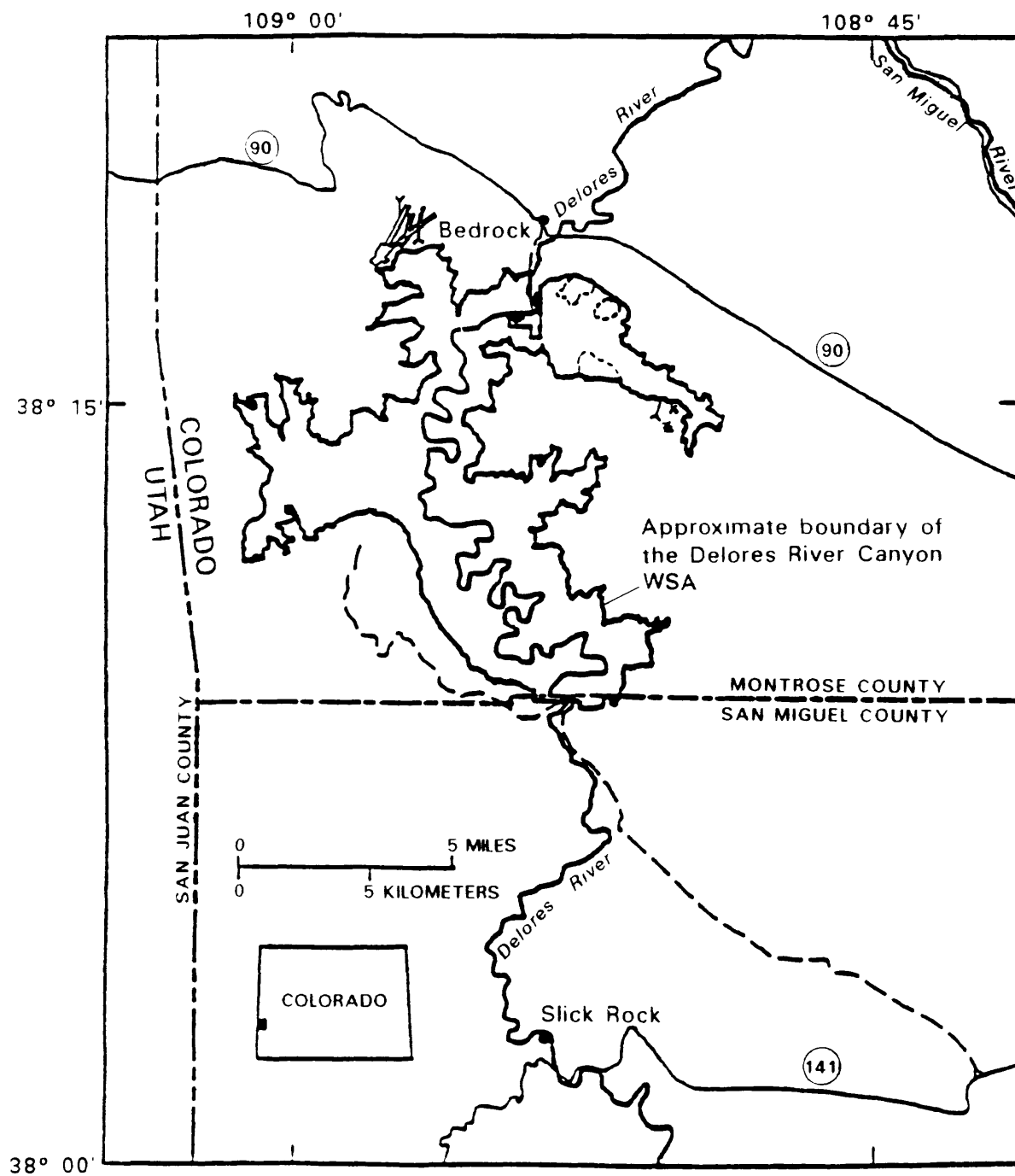


Figure 1. Index map showing location of the Dolores River Canyon Wilderness Study Area, Montrose and San Miguel Counties, Colorado.

Sample Collection

Samples were collected at a total of 34 sites (plate 1). At all sites, both a stream-sediment sample and a heavy-mineral-concentrate sample were collected (an insufficient amount of sample DH015H was available for analysis). Sampling density was about one sample site per 1.3 mi². The area of the drainage basins sampled ranged from 0.2 to 2.0 mi².

Stream-sediment samples

The stream-sediment samples consisted of active alluvium collected primarily from first-order (unbranched) and second-order (below the junction of two first-order) stream as shown on USGS topographic maps (scale = 1:24,000). Each sample was composited from several localities within an area that may extend as much as 50 ft from the site plotted on the map.

Heavy-mineral-concentrate samples

Heavy-mineral-concentrate samples were collected from the same active alluvium as the stream-sediment samples. Each bulk sample was screened with a 2.0-mm (10-mesh) screen to remove the coarse material. The less than 2.0-mm fraction was panned until most of the quartz, feldspar, organic material, and clay-sized material were removed.

Sample Preparation

The stream-sediment samples were air dried, then sieved using an 80-mesh (0.17-mm) stainless-steel sieve. The portion of the sediment passing through the sieve was saved for analysis.

After the samples were air dried, bromoform (specific gravity 2.8) was used to remove the remaining quartz and feldspar from the heavy-mineral-concentrate samples that had been panned in the field. The resultant heavy-mineral concentrate sample was separated into three fractions using a large electromagnet (in this case a modified Frantz Isodynamic Separator). The most magnetic material, primarily magnetite, was not analyzed. The second fraction, largely ferromagnesian silicates and iron oxides, was saved for archival storage. The third fraction (the least magnetic material which may include the nonmagnetic ore minerals and zircon, sphene, etc.) was split using a Jones splitter. One split was hand ground for spectrographic analysis; the other split was saved for mineralogical analysis. These magnetic separates are the same separates that would be produced by using a Frantz Isodynamic Separator set at a slope of 15 degrees and a tilt of 10 degrees with a current of 0.1 ampere to remove the magnetite and ilmenite, and a current of 1.0 ampere to split the remainder of the sample into paramagnetic and nonmagnetic fractions.

Sample Analysis

Spectrographic Method

The stream-sediment and heavy-mineral-concentrate samples were analyzed for 31 elements using a semiquantitative, direct-current arc emission spectrographic method (Grimes and Marranzino, 1968). The elements analyzed and their lower limits of determination are listed in table 1. Spectrographic

results were obtained by visual comparison of spectra derived from the sample against spectra obtained from standards made from pure oxides and carbonates. Standard concentrations are geometrically spaced over any given order of magnitude of concentration as follows: 100, 50, 20, 10, and so forth. Samples whose concentrations are estimated to fall between those values are assigned values of 70, 30, 15, and so forth. The precision of the analytical method is approximately plus or minus one reporting interval at the 83 percent confidence level and plus or minus two reporting intervals at the 96 percent confidence level (Motooka and Grimes, 1976). Values determined for the major elements (iron, magnesium, calcium, and titanium) are given in weight percent; all others are given in parts per million (micrograms/gram). Analytical data are listed in tables 3 and 4 for stream-sediment and heavy-mineral-concentrate samples respectively.

Chemical Methods

The stream-sediment samples were also analyzed by inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectroscopy (ICP), atomic absorption spectroscopy (AA), and delayed neutron analysis (DNA). These samples were analyzed by ICP for arsenic (As), antimony (Sb), bismuth (Bi), cadmium (Cd) and zinc (Zn), by AA for gold (Au) and by DNA for uranium (U) and thorium (Th). Limits of determination and references are listed in table 2.

Analytical results using these methods for stream-sediment samples are listed in table 3.

DATA STORAGE SYSTEM

Upon completion of all analytical work, the analytical results were entered into either the Branch of Geochemistry computer data base called PLUTO or RASS (Analysis Storage System). These data bases contain both descriptive geological information and analytical data. Any or all of this information may be retrieved and converted to a binary form (STATPAC) for computerized statistical analysis or publication (Van Trump and Miesch, 1977).

DESCRIPTION OF DATA TABLES

Tables 3 and 4 list the results of analyses for the stream-sediment and heavy-mineral concentrate samples for each of the four areas, respectively. For the tables, the data are arranged so that column 1 contains the USGS-assigned sample numbers. These numbers correspond to the numbers shown on the site location map (plate 1). Columns in which the element headings show the letter "s" below the element symbol are emission spectrographic analyses; "aa" indicates atomic absorption spectrographic analyses; "icp" indicates inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectroscopy; "dna" indicates delayed neutron analyses. A letter "N" in the tables indicates that a given element was looked for but not detected at the lower limit of determination shown for that element in table 1. For emission spectrographic analyses, a "less than" symbol (<) entered in the tables in front of the lower limit of determination indicates that an element was observed but was below the lowest reporting value. For AA and ICP analyses, a "less than" symbol (<) entered in the tables in front of the lower limit of determination indicates that an element was below the lowest reporting value. If an element was observed but was above the highest reporting value, a "greater than" (>) was entered in the tables in front of the upper limit of determination. Because of the formatting used in the computer program that produced tables 3 and 4, some of

the elements listed in these tables (Fe, Mg, Ca, and Ti) carry one or more nonsignificant digits to the right of the significant digits. The analysts did not determine these elements to the accuracy suggested by the extra zeros.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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TABLE 1.--Limits of determination for the spectrographic analysis of stream sediments, based on a 10-mg sample

[The spectrographic limits of determination for heavy-mineral-concentrate samples are based on a 5-mg sample, and are therefore two reporting intervals higher than the limits given for stream sediments]

Elements	Lower determination limit	Upper determination limit
Percent		
Iron (Fe)	0.05	20
Magnesium (Mg)	.02	10
Calcium (Ca)	.05	20
Titanium (Ti)	.002	1
Parts per million		
Manganese (Mn)	10	5,000
Silver (Ag)	0.5	5,000
Arsenic (As)	200	10,000
Gold (Au)	10	500
Boron (B)	10	2,000
Barium (Ba)	20	5,000
Beryllium (Be)	1	1,000
Bismuth (Bi)	10	1,000
Cadmium (Cd)	20	500
Cobalt (Co)	5	2,000
Chromium (Cr)	10	5,000
Copper (Cu)	5	20,000
Lanthanum (La)	20	1,000
Molybdenum (Mo)	5	2,000
Niobium (Nb)	20	2,000
Nickel (Ni)	5	5,000
Lead (Pb)	10	20,000
Antimony (Sb)	100	10,000
Scandium (Sc)	5	100
Tin (Sn)	10	1,000
Strontium (Sr)	100	5,000
Vanadium (V)	10	10,000
Tungsten (W)	50	10,000
Yttrium (Y)	10	2,000
Zinc (Zn)	200	10,000
Zirconium (Zr)	10	1,000
Thorium (Th)	100	2,000

TABLE 2.--Chemical methods used

[AA = atomic absorption; ICP = inductively coupled plasma spectroscopy; DNA = delayed neutron analysis]

Element or constituent determined	Sample type	Method	Determination limit (micrograms/gram or ppm)	Analyst	Reference
Gold (Au)	sediments	AA	0.1	Kay Kennedy	<u>Modification of Thompson and others, 1968.</u>
Arsenic (As)	sediments	ICP	5	P.H. Briggs	Crock and others, 1983.
Antimony (Sb)	sediments	ICP	2		
Zinc (Zn)	sediments	ICP	2		
Bismuth (Bi)	sediments	ICP	2		
Cadmium (Cd)	sediments	ICP	0.1		
Thorium (Th)	sediments	DNA	--	R.B. Vaughn	McKown, 1987.
Uranium (U)	sediments	DNA	--	R.B. Vaughn	McKown, 1987.

TABLE 3.--SPECTROGRAPHIC, AA, DNA, & ICP ANALYSES OF STREAM-SEDIMENT SAMPLES FROM THE DOLORES RIVER CANYON
WILDERNESS STUDY AREA, MONTROSE AND SAN MIGUEL COUNTIES, COLORADO.

[N, not detected; <, detected but below the limit of determination shown; >, determined to be greater than the value shown.]

Sample	Latitude	Longitude	Fe-pct. S	Mg-pct. S	Ca-pct. S	Ti-pct. S	Mn-pptm S	Ag-pptm S	As-pptm S	Au-pptm S	B-pptm S	Ba-pptm S	Be-pptm S
DH001S	38 10 17	108 52 10	1.0	.7	1.0	.07	100	N	N	N	20	2,000	N
DH002S	38 10 45	108 52 45	.5	.5	1.0	.05	50	N	N	N	50	500	N
DH003S	38 11 52	108 55 19	.5	.3	.3	.03	30	N	N	N	30	150	N
DH004S	38 12 47	108 54 34	.7	1.0	1.5	.07	70	N	N	N	50	300	N
DH005S	38 13 4	108 55 0	.5	.7	1.0	.03	50	N	N	N	20	300	N
DH006S	38 14 3	108 57 9	.7	.5	.5	.05	50	N	N	N	30	300	N
DH007S	38 13 29	108 57 40	1.5	.7	3.0	.10	500	N	N	N	100	1,500	<1
DH008S	38 13 43	108 58 12	1.0	1.0	1.5	.07	150	N	N	N	50	300	N
DH009S	38 13 3	109 0 57	.5	.3	1.0	.10	50	N	N	N	50	1,000	N
DH010S	38 13 7	109 0 59	.7	.3	1.0	.05	50	N	N	N	70	200	N
DH011S	38 13 32	109 0 18	.3	.2	.2	.05	20	N	N	N	20	500	N
DH012S	38 16 4	108 55 27	1.0	1.0	1.5	.20	150	N	N	N	50	500	N
DH013S	38 18 3	108 56 49	.5	.5	.7	.10	70	N	N	N	70	700	N
DH014S	38 17 45	108 56 15	1.0	1.5	3.0	.15	200	N	N	N	70	700	<1
DH015S	38 16 46	108 56 0	3.0	2.0	2.0	.20	300	N	N	N	150	500	1
DH016S	38 17 8	108 54 32	1.0	.7	.5	.10	70	N	N	N	30	150	N
DH017S	38 16 38	108 51 52	1.0	.7	1.0	.05	50	N	N	N	30	150	N
DH018S	38 16 34	108 51 55	.7	.3	.7	.07	30	N	N	N	30	500	N
DJ001S	38 9 57	108 51 48	1.5	.7	2.0	.15	100	N	N	N	50	1,000	<1
DJ002S	38 10 18	108 52 35	.7	.5	.2	.10	50	N	N	N	30	200	N
DJ003S	38 11 28	108 54 2	1.0	1.0	2.0	.10	100	N	<200	N	30	1,000	<1
DJ004S	38 12 7	108 55 51	.7	.7	1.0	.05	30	N	N	N	30	200	N
DJ005S	38 13 2	108 54 6	.7	1.0	2.0	.07	100	N	N	N	30	700	N
DJ006S	38 13 5	108 54 8	.7	.5	.7	.05	100	N	N	N	50	1,000	N
DJ007S	38 13 49	109 0 0	.3	.2	.5	.02	20	N	N	N	20	700	N
DJ008S	38 13 42	108 59 37	1.0	1.0	2.0	.15	200	N	N	N	100	700	<1
DJ009S	38 14 3	108 59 37	.7	.5	1.0	.05	70	.5	N	N	30	700	N
DJ010S	38 14 58	108 56 44	1.5	1.0	1.5	.15	200	N	N	N	70	300	<1
DJ011S	38 16 32	108 55 57	1.0	1.0	.7	.10	50	N	N	N	50	150	<1
DJ012S	38 18 0	108 56 56	.7	.7	1.0	.05	70	N	N	N	50	500	N
DJ013S	38 17 0	108 56 29	.7	.7	.5	.05	50	N	N	N	50	150	N
DJ014S	38 16 45	108 52 42	.5	.5	.7	.07	50	N	N	N	30	300	N
DJ015S	38 16 47	108 53 10	1.5	1.0	2.0	.10	300	N	N	N	50	300	<1
DJ016S	38 17 43	108 53 46	.7	1.0	.7	.07	100	N	N	N	70	500	N

TABLE 3.--SPECTROGRAPHIC, AA, DNA, & ICP ANALYSES OF STREAM-SEDIMENT SAMPLES FROM THE DOLORES RIVER CANYON
WILDERNESS STUDY AREA, MONTROSE AND SAN MIGUEL COUNTIES, COLORADO.--Continued

Sample	Bi-ppm S	Cd-ppm S	Co-ppm S	Cr-ppm S	Cu-ppm S	La-ppm S	Mo-ppm S	Nb-ppm S	Ni-ppm S	Pb-ppm S	Sb-ppm S	Sc-ppm S	Sn-ppm S	Sr-ppm S
DH001S	N	N	N	150	<5	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	N	100
DH002S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
DH003S	N	N	N	N	5	N	N	N	N	<10	N	N	N	N
DH004S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	N	<100
DH005S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
DH006S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	<5	<10	N	N	N	N
DH007S	N	N	N	30	5	N	N	N	<5	10	N	N	N	200
DH008S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
DH009S	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
DH010S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	N	N
DH011S	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
DH012S	N	N	<5	10	5	N	N	N	150	<10	N	<5	N	N
DH013S	N	N	N	N	5	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
DH014S	N	N	<5	10	5	N	N	N	5	<10	N	<5	N	<100
DH015S	N	N	5	10	10	N	N	N	10	20	N	5	N	N
DH016S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	<5	<10	N	N	N	N
DH017S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	N	N
DH018S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
DJ001S	N	N	N	N	20	N	N	N	5	<10	N	N	N	<100
DJ002S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	<5	<10	N	N	N	N
DJ003S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	5	<10	N	<5	N	150
DJ004S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	<5	30	N	N	N	N
DJ005S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	N	<10	N	N	N	<100
DJ006S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	N	100
DJ007S	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
DJ008S	N	N	N	20	5	N	N	N	<5	<10	N	N	N	150
DJ009S	N	N	N	10	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
DJ010S	N	N	<5	10	7	<20	N	N	5	10	N	<5	N	N
DJ011S	N	N	N	<10	<5	N	N	N	5	N	N	N	N	N
DJ012S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	<5	<10	N	N	N	N
DJ013S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	N	N
DJ014S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	5	N	N	N	N	N
DJ015S	N	N	<5	N	5	<20	N	N	5	<10	N	<5	N	<100
DJ016S	N	N	N	N	<5	N	N	N	5	N	N	N	N	N

TABLE 3.--SPECTROGRAPHIC, AA, DNA, & ICP ANALYSES OF STREAM-SEDIMENT SAMPLES FROM THE DOLORES RIVER CANYON
WILDERNESS STUDY AREA, MONTROSE AND SAN MIGUEL COUNTIES, COLORADO.--Continued

Sample	V-ppm S	W-ppm S	Y-ppm S	Zn-ppm S	Zr-ppm S	Th-ppm S	Au-ppm aa	As-ppm icp	Bi-ppm icp	Cd-ppm icp	Sb-ppm icp	Zn-ppm icp	Th-ppm dna	U-ppm dna
DH001S	30	N	N	N	1,000	N	<.1	<5	<2	.3	<2	11	<7.00	5.780
DH002S	15	N	<10	N	200	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	7	3.40	1.600
DH003S	<10	N	N	N	100	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	11	2.40	1.150
DH004S	10	N	N	N	150	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	10	2.90	.942
DH005S	10	N	N	N	300	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	8	1.70	.965
DH006S	10	N	N	N	150	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	8	1.70	.949
DH007S	30	N	<10	N	500	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	8	3.00	1.900
DH008S	10	N	N	N	200	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	10	2.20	1.180
DH009S	10	N	N	N	200	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	6	2.00	1.530
DH010S	10	N	N	N	200	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	5	3.00	1.110
DH011S	<10	N	N	N	150	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	5	<1.40	.896
DH012S	15	N	N	N	700	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	7	3.61	1.370
DH013S	20	N	N	N	300	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	11	<2.10	3.700
DH014S	20	N	15	N	500	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	7	3.20	1.480
DH015S	20	N	10	N	300	N	<.1	<5	<2	.3	<2	19	6.83	2.550
DH016S	15	N	N	N	150	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	8	4.55	1.540
DH017S	10	N	N	N	100	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	8	3.30	1.290
DH018S	15	N	N	N	300	N	<.1	<5	<2	.3	<2	8	<2.30	2.860
DJ001S	100	N	N	N	300	N	<.1	<5	<2	1.2	<2	17	<6.20	24.600
DJ002S	10	N	N	N	300	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	8	2.50	.888
DJ003S	20	N	N	N	100	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	9	<4.10	2.880
DJ004S	<10	N	N	N	200	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	11	2.10	1.040
DJ005S	15	N	N	N	300	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	8	2.00	1.090
DJ006S	10	N	N	N	300	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	8	2.80	1.500
DJ007S	<10	N	N	N	100	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	5	1.80	1.110
DJ008S	15	N	10	N	300	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	9	3.60	1.680
DJ009S	10	N	N	N	500	N	<.1	<5	<2	.1	<2	6	2.10	1.170
DJ010S	20	N	10	N	500	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	12	4.45	1.470
DJ011S	15	N	N	N	150	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	9	5.07	1.150
DJ012S	15	N	N	N	200	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	9	3.30	1.540
DJ013S	10	N	N	N	500	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	9	4.26	1.580
DJ014S	<10	N	N	N	100	N	<.1	<5	<2	<.1	<2	5	2.50	1.060
DJ015S	20	N	<10	N	150	N	<.1	<5	<2	.2	<2	8	3.30	1.430
DJ016S	10	N	N	N	100	N	<.1	<5	<2	<.1	<2	7	2.30	1.260

TABLE 4.--SPECTROGRAPHIC ANALYSES OF HEAVY-MINERAL-CONCENTRATE SAMPLES FROM THE DOLORES RIVER CANYON WILDERNESS STUDY AREA, MONTE ROSE AND SAN MIGUEL COUNTIES, COLORADO.

[N, not detected; <, detected but below the limit of determination shown; >, determined to be greater than the value shown.]

Sample	Latitude	Longitude	Fe-pct. S	Mg-pct. S	Ca-pct. S	Ti-pct. S	Mn-ppm S	Ag-ppm S	As-ppm S	Au-ppm S
DH001H	38 10 17	108 52 10	2.0	.10	.15	.30	150	<1	N	N
DH002H	38 10 45	108 52 45	.5	.10	.15	.50	150	N	N	N
DH003H	38 11 52	108 55 19	1.5	.70	.70	>2.00	300	N	N	N
DH004H	38 12 47	108 54 34	1.0	.50	1.00	.50	100	N	N	N
DH005H	38 13 4	108 55 0	.2	.15	.30	1.00	50	N	N	N
DH006H	38 14 3	108 57 9	1.0	.70	1.00	2.00	300	N	N	N
DH007H	38 13 29	108 57 40	.7	<.05	.20	.20	30	N	N	N
DH008H	38 13 43	108 58 12	1.0	1.00	1.00	2.00	500	N	N	N
DH009H	38 13 3	109 0 57	.5	.05	.15	.50	50	N	N	N
DH010H	38 13 7	109 0 59	.7	.07	.30	1.50	50	N	N	N
DH011H	38 13 32	109 0 18	.5	.20	.30	2.00	70	N	N	N
DH012H	38 16 4	108 55 27	.2	.07	.20	.30	20	N	N	N
DH013H	38 18 3	108 56 49	1.5	.05	<.10	.70	50	100	N	N
DH014H	38 17 45	108 56 15	1.5	.50	.50	2.00	150	N	N	N
DH016H	38 17 8	108 54 32	1.0	.30	.30	>2.00	100	N	N	N
DH017H	38 16 38	108 51 52	.3	.50	.50	>2.00	70	N	N	N
DH018H	38 16 34	108 51 55	2.0	.20	.30	.50	300	N	N	N
DJ001H	38 9 57	108 51 48	.7	.05	.10	.30	50	20	N	N
DJ002H	38 10 18	108 52 35	5.0	.20	.30	>2.00	200	N	N	N
DJ003H	38 11 28	108 54 2	.3	.10	.20	.50	50	10	N	N
DJ004H	38 12 7	108 55 51	1.5	.30	.30	>2.00	200	N	N	N
DJ005H	38 13 2	108 54 6	.7	.15	.20	1.50	50	N	N	N
DJ006H	38 13 5	108 54 8	.3	.07	.10	.70	30	<1	N	N
DJ007H	38 13 49	109 0 0	.5	<.05	<.10	.15	30	N	N	N
DJ008H	38 13 42	108 59 37	1.0	.20	.20	1.00	100	N	N	N
DJ009H	38 14 3	108 59 37	.3	.05	.10	.30	30	N	N	N
DJ010H	38 14 58	108 56 44	2.0	.20	.30	>2.00	150	<1	N	20
DJ011H	38 16 32	108 55 57	1.5	1.00	1.50	>2.00	200	N	N	N
DJ012H	38 18 0	108 56 56	1.0	.15	.20	2.00	70	N	N	N
DJ013H	38 17 0	108 56 29	.5	.30	.50	.30	70	1	N	N
DJ014H	38 16 45	108 52 42	.2	.15	.30	>2.00	30	N	N	N
DJ015H	38 16 47	108 53 10	.7	.20	.50	.30	150	N	N	N
DJ016H	38 17 43	108 53 46	3.0	.50	.70	>2.00	300	N	N	N

TABLE 4.--SPECTROGRAPHIC ANALYSES OF HEAVY-MINERAL-CONCENTRATE SAMPLES FROM THE DOLORES RIVER CANYON WILDERNESS
STUDY AREA, MONTROSE AND SAN MIGUEL COUNTIES, COLORADO.--Continued

Sample	B-ppm S	Ba-ppm S	Be-ppm S	Pb-ppm S	Cd-ppm S	Co-ppm S	Cr-ppm S	Cu-ppm S	La-ppm S	Mo-ppm S	Nb-ppm S
DH001H	200	>10,000	N	N	<50	N	700	200	50	10	N
DH002H	100	>10,000	N	N	N	N	50	N	N	N	N
DH003H	300	>10,000	N	N	N	N	300	N	50	N	<50
DH004H	200	>10,000	N	N	N	N	300	N	<50	N	N
DH005H	30	>10,000	N	N	N	N	100	N	50	N	N
DH006H	200	>10,000	<2	N	N	N	200	N	50	N	<50
DH007H	20	>10,000	N	N	N	N	100	N	N	N	N
DH008H	150	>10,000	N	N	N	N	150	N	<50	N	N
DH009H	100	>10,000	N	N	N	N	30	N	50	N	N
DH010H	150	>10,000	N	N	N	N	70	N	70	N	<50
DH011H	100	>10,000	N	N	N	N	100	N	<50	N	50
DH012H	50	>10,000	N	N	N	N	50	N	70	N	<50
DH013H	200	>10,000	N	N	N	N	200	300	70	N	N
DH014H	150	>10,000	N	N	N	N	200	N	200	N	N
DH016H	150	>10,000	2	N	N	N	200	N	150	N	<50
DH017H	30	>10,000	N	N	N	N	70	N	200	N	50
DH018H	300	>10,000	N	N	<50	N	300	N	N	30	N
DJ001H	100	>10,000	N	N	50	N	150	300	50	N	N
DJ002H	500	>10,000	2	N	N	N	200	N	100	N	N
DJ003H	50	>10,000	N	N	N	N	50	10	<50	N	N
DJ004H	500	>10,000	2	N	N	N	1,000	N	50	N	<50
DJ005H	300	>10,000	N	N	N	N	70	N	50	N	<50
DJ006H	150	>10,000	N	N	N	N	100	N	50	N	N
DJ007H	70	>10,000	N	N	N	N	150	<10	N	N	N
DJ008H	200	>10,000	<2	N	N	N	200	N	<50	N	N
DJ009H	150	>10,000	N	N	N	N	20	N	N	N	N
DJ010H	50	>10,000	<2	N	N	N	200	N	70	N	N
DJ011H	200	>10,000	<2	N	N	N	150	N	300	N	50
DJ012H	150	>10,000	N	N	N	N	150	20	<50	N	<50
DJ013H	50	>10,000	N	N	N	N	150	30	50	N	N
DJ014H	20	>10,000	N	N	50	N	70	N	<50	N	N
DJ015H	150	>10,000	N	N	N	N	100	N	<50	N	N
DJ016H	1,000	>10,000	3	N	N	N	500	N	150	N	<50

TABLE 4.---SPECTROGRAPHIC ANALYSES OF HEAVY-MINERAL-CONCENTRATE SAMPLES FROM THE DOLORES RIVER CANYON WILDERNESS STUDY AREA, MONTROSE AND SAN MIGUEL COUNTIES, COLORADO.---Continued

Sample	Ni-ppm S	Pb-ppm S	Sb-ppm S	Sc-ppm S	Sn-ppm S	Str-ppm S	V-ppm S	W-ppm S	Y-ppm S	Zn-ppm S	Zr-ppm S	Th-ppm S
DH001H	N	100	N	10	N	10,000	100	N	100	N	>2,000	N
DH002H	N	70	N	<10	N	3,000	50	N	200	N	>2,000	N
DH003H	N	<20	N	15	N	500	70	N	300	N	>2,000	N
DH004H	N	N	N	10	N	2,000	50	N	200	N	>2,000	N
DH005H	N	50	N	N	N	10,000	30	N	300	N	>2,000	N
DH006H	<10	30	N	15	N	2,000	70	N	300	N	>2,000	N
DH007H	N	70	N	N	N	7,000	20	N	20	N	>2,000	N
DH008H	N	200	N	50	N	5,000	50	N	500	N	>2,000	N
DH009H	N	<20	N	<10	N	10,000	20	N	150	N	>2,000	N
DH010H	N	N	N	<10	N	3,000	30	N	150	N	>2,000	N
DH011H	N	N	N	N	N	1,000	30	N	500	N	>2,000	N
DH012H	N	N	N	<10	N	10,000	30	N	50	N	>2,000	N
DH013H	N	150	N	15	N	3,000	100	N	500	N	>2,000	N
DH014H	N	<20	N	30	N	3,000	70	N	700	N	>2,000	N
DH016H	N	<20	N	10	N	1,000	70	N	1,000	N	>2,000	N
DH017H	N	N	N	N	N	3,000	30	N	70	N	>2,000	N
DH018H	N	500	N	<10	N	5,000	300	N	70	N	>2,000	N
DJ001H	N	500	N	10	N	5,000	500	N	150	N	>2,000	N
DJ002H	<10	70	N	200	<20	200	150	N	1,000	N	>2,000	N
DJ003H	N	50	N	<10	N	10,000	70	N	150	N	>2,000	N
DJ004H	<10	20	N	20	N	700	70	N	700	N	>2,000	N
DJ005H	<10	<20	N	15	N	10,000	50	N	300	N	>2,000	N
DJ006H	N	<20	N	10	N	7,000	20	N	150	N	>2,000	N
DJ007H	N	N	N	<10	N	7,000	20	N	30	N	>2,000	N
DJ008H	N	20	N	30	N	1,500	50	N	700	N	>2,000	N
DJ009H	N	30	N	<10	N	5,000	<20	N	70	N	>2,000	N
DJ010H	N	<20	N	20	N	1,000	50	N	700	N	>2,000	N
DJ011H	<10	<20	N	10	N	5,000	100	N	300	N	>2,000	N
DJ012H	<10	50	N	10	N	5,000	50	N	500	N	>2,000	N
DJ013H	<10	<20	N	<10	N	>10,000	20	N	70	N	>2,000	N
DJ014H	N	N	N	N	200	2,000	50	N	700	N	>2,000	N
DJ015H	N	N	N	N	N	10,000	20	N	70	N	>2,000	N
DJ016H	N	20	N	70	100	1,000	150	N	1,000	N	>2,000	N