

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

GEONAMES Data Base of Geologic Names
of the United States through 1988

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Open-File Report 90-0466-B

This report is preliminary and has not been reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards.

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1990

GEONAMES Data Base of Geologic Names
of the United States Through 1988

The GEONAMES data base is an annotated index lexicon of formal geologic nomenclature of the United States, its territories and possessions. The data base was compiled by R. W. Swanson, M. L. Hubert, G. W. Luttrell, and V. M. Jussen and was published in 1981 as Geologic names of the United States through 1975: U.S. Geological Survey Bulletin 1535, 643 p. This version of GEONAMES has been updated based on information published through 1988, and it contains approximately 30,000 records relating to more than 18,000 names.

Data are entered in 10 fixed fields containing up to 123 characters of information for each record. The fields are: 1. location of unit; 2. geologic age; 3. name of unit; 4. USGS usage; 5. lithology; 6. geologic province; 7. thickness at type section; 8. location of type section; 9. lexicon reference; 10. unique identifier.

DEFINITION OF FIELDS. The formats and codes used in the fields are explained below. Fields 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 are used only once for each unit as this information pertains to its type locality and original reference.

FIELD 1. LOCATION. The U.S. Postal Service 2-letter abbreviations are used to identify the State, territory, or possession in which the unit is located.

AL	Alabama	NH	New Hampshire
AK	Alaska	NJ	New Jersey
AZ	Arizona	NM	New Mexico
AR	Arkansas	NY	New York
CA	California	NC	North Carolina
CO	Colorado	ND	North Dakota
CT	Connecticut	OH	Ohio
DC	District of Columbia	OK	Oklahoma
DE	Delaware	OR	Oregon
FL	Florida	PA	Pennsylvania
GA	Georgia	RI	Rhode Island
HI	Hawaii	SC	South Carolina
ID	Idaho	SD	South Dakota
IL	Illinois	TN	Tennessee
IN	Indiana	TX	Texas
IA	Iowa	UT	Utah
KS	Kansas	VT	Vermont
KY	Kentucky	VA	Virginia
LA	Louisiana	WA	Washington
ME	Maine	WV	West Virginia
MD	Maryland	WI	Wisconsin
MA	Massachusetts	WY	Wyoming
MI	Michigan	CZ	Canal Zone
MN	Minnesota	CI	Caroline Islands
MS	Mississippi	GU	Guam
MO	Missouri	MR	Mariana Islands
MT	Montana	PR	Puerto Rico
NE	Nebraska	SA	Samoa
NV	Nevada	VI	Virgin Islands

FIELD 2. GEOLOGIC AGE. The geologic age at the time of the last update is represented, with minor modifications, by the 3-digit code devised by the AAPG Committee on Standard Stratigraphic Coding.

ERA	PERIOD	EPOCH OR PROVINCIAL SERIES	CODE	
Cenozoic			100	
	late		101	
	middle		104	
	early		107	
		Quaternary		110
			Holocene	111
			Pleistocene	112
		Tertiary		120
			Pliocene	121
			Miocene	122
			Oligocene	123
			Eocene	124
			Paleocene	125
	Mesozoic			200
		late		201
middle			204	
early			207	
		Cretaceous		210
			Late	211
			Gulfian	212
			Comanchean	213
			Early	217
			Comanchean	218
			Coahuilan	219
		Jurassic		220
			Late	221
			Middle	224
			Early	227
	Triassic		230	
		Late	231	
		Middle	234	
		Early	237	
Paleozoic			300	
	late		301	
	middle		304	
	early		307	
		Permian		310
			Late	311
			Ochoan	312
			Guadalupian	313
			Early	317
			Leonardian	318
			Wolfcampian	319

ERA	PERIOD	EPOCH OR PROVINCIAL SERIES	CODE
	Pennsylvanian		320
		Late	321
		Virgilian	322
		Missourian	323
		Middle	324
		Des Moinesian	325
		Atokan	326
		Early	327
		Morrowan	328
	Mississippian		330
		Late	331
		Chesterian	332
		Meramecian	333
		Early	337
		Osagean	338
		Kinderhookian	339
	Devonian		340
		Late	341
		Middle	344
		Early	347
	Silurian		350
		Late	351
		Middle	354
		Early	357
	Ordovician		360
		Late	361
		Middle	364
		Early	367
	Cambrian		370
		Late	371
		Middle	374
		Early	377
TIME	EON	ERA	CODE
Precambrian			400
	Proterozoic		401
		Late	410
		Middle	420
		Early	430
	Archean		404
		Late	440
		Middle	450
		Early	460
	pre-Archean		407

FIELD 3. NAME. The geologic name consists of a geographic name combined with a rank or descriptive term. A comma separates the two parts of the name. If a unit is part of a higher ranking unit, the name of that unit follows in parentheses. A slash (/) preceding a name indicates a violation of the North American Stratigraphic Code (for instance, a name may have been used previously in the same area, or a rank term may have been used improperly or may have been omitted).

FIELD 4. USGS USAGE. A "U" is entered in this field if the line entry is based on usage in a USGS report.

FIELD 5. LITHOLOGY. The principal lithology of the unit at the type section is given. If lithology is indicated by the unit name, the lithology column may be blank.

AGL	agglomerate	GNS	greenstone	NVC	novaculite
ALV	alluvium	GR	granite	OBS	obsidian
AMP	amphibolite	GRD	granodiorite	OOL	oolite
AND	andesite	GRNL	granulite	PCL	pyroclastics
ANH	anhydrite	GVL	gravel	PHL	phyllite
ANR	anorthosite	GYK	graywacke	PHS	phosphate
ARG	argillite	GYP	gypsum	PMC	pumice
ARK	arkose	HNF	hornfels	POR	porphyry
ASP	asphalt	IG	igneous rock	QZ	quartz
BAS	basalt	IGNM	ignimbrite	QZD	quartz diorite
BAUX	bauxite	INTR.	intrusive rock	QZM	quartz monzonite
BNT	bentonite	LAT	latite	RDBD	redbed
BRC	breccia	LOS	loess	RHY	rhyolite
CH	chert	LV	lava	SCH	schist
CL	clay	MBL	marble	SD	sand
CLS	claystone	MBNT	metabentonite	SED	sedimentary rock
CST	clastic rock	MCK	muck	SL	slate
DAC	dacite	MD	mud	SRP	serpentinite
DBS	diabase	MET	metamorphic rock	ST	silt
DRT	diorite	MGM	migmatite	SYN	syenite
DRF	drift	MGYK	metagraywacke	TF	tuff
DTM	diatomite	MIG	metaigneous rock	TL	till
EVP	evaporite	MRL	marl	TRC	trachyte
FE	iron-formation	MS	mudstone	ULTM	ultramafic rock
GAB	gabbro	MSED	metasedim. rock	VOL	volcanic rock
GLC	glauconite	MSTS	metasiltstone	VSED	volcanic sed.
GN	gneiss	MVOL	metavolcanic rock		

FIELD 6. GEOLOGIC PROVINCE. The 3-digit geologic province code devised by the AAPG Committee on Statistics of Drilling is used.

100	New England province
110	Adirondack uplift
120	Atlantic Coast basin
130	South Georgia-North Florida sedimentary province
140	South Florida province
150	Piedmont-Blue Ridge province
160	Appalachian basin
200	Warrior basin
210	Mid-Gulf Coast basin
220	Gulf Coast basin
230	Arkla basin

240 Desha basin
 250 Upper Mississippi embayment
 260 East Texas basin
 300 Cincinnati arch
 305 Michigan basin
 310 Wisconsin arch
 315 Illinois basin
 320 Sioux uplift
 325 Iowa shelf
 330 Lincoln anticline
 335 Forest City basin
 340 Ozark uplift
 345 Arkoma basin
 350 South Oklahoma folded belt province
 355 Chautauqua platform
 360 Anadarko basin
 365 Cherokee basin
 370 Nemaha anticline
 375 Sedgwick basin
 380 Salina basin
 385 Central Kansas uplift
 390 Chadron arch
 395 Williston basin
 400 Ouachita tectonic belt province
 405 Kerr basin
 410 Llano uplift
 415 Strawn basin
 420 Fort Worth syncline
 425 Bend arch
 430 Permian basin
 435 Palo Duro basin
 440 Amarillo arch
 445 Sierra Grande uplift
 450 Las Animas arch
 455 Las Vegas-Raton basin
 460 Estancia basin
 465 Orogrande basin
 470 Pedregosa basin
 475 Basin-and-Range province
 500 Sweetgrass arch
 505 Montana folded belt province
 510 Central Montana uplift
 515 Powder River basin
 520 Big Horn basin
 525 Yellowstone province
 530 Wind River basin
 535 Green River basin
 540 Denver basin
 545 North Park basin
 550 South Park basin
 555 Eagle basin
 560 San Luis basin
 565 San Juan Mountain province
 570 Uinta uplift
 575 Uinta basin
 580 San Juan basin
 585 Paradox basin
 590 Black Mesa basin

595 Piceance basin
600 Northern Cascade Range-Okanagan province
605 Eastern Columbia basin
610 Idaho Mountains province
615 Snake River basin
620 Southern Oregon basin
625 Great Basin province
630 Wasatch uplift
635 Plateau sedimentary province
640 Mojave basin
645 Salton basin
650 Sierra Nevada province
700 Bellingham basin
705 Puget Sound province
710 Western Columbia basin
715 Klamath Mountains province
720 Eel River basin
725 Northern Coast Range province
730 Sacramento basin
735 Santa Cruz basin
740 Coastal basins
745 San Joaquin basin
750 Santa Maria basin
755 Ventura basin
760 Los Angeles basin
765 Capistrano basin
800 Heceta Island area
805 Keku Islands area
810 Gulf of Alaska basin
815 Copper River basin
820 Cook Inlet basin
830 Kandik province
835 Kobuk province
840 Koyukuk province
845 Bristol Bay basin
846 Aleutians Islands
850 Bethel basin
855 Norton basin
860 Selawik basin
863 Yukon Flats basin
865 Lower Tanana basin
867 Middle Tanana basin
870 Upper Tanana basin
873 Galena basin
875 Innoko basin
877 Minchumina basin
880 Holitna basin
885 Arctic Foothills province
890 Arctic Slope basin

FIELD 7. THICKNESS. Thickness at the type section, in meters, rounded to the second significant figure is shown. Where this information is unavailable, the maximum thickness is given, if known.

FIELD 8. TYPE LOCALITY. One of nine parts of the State in which the type section, locality, or area of a unit is located. Each State is divided into nine parts, designated NW, NC, NE, WC, C, EC, SW, SC, SE, by dividing its maximum latitudinal and longitudinal dimensions by three. Canada and Mexico are designated by CAN AND MEX.

FIELD 9. REFERENCE. The letters A through H refer to the volume of the lexicon of Geologic Names in which a name was first described:

- A. Wilmarth, M. G., 1938, Lexicon of geologic names of the United States: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 896, 2 v.
- B. Wilson, Druid, and others, 1957, Geologic names of North America introduced in 1936-1955: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1056-A, 405 p.
- C. Keroher, G. C., and others, 1966, Lexicon of geologic names of the United States for 1936-1960: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1200, 3 v.
- D. Keroher, G. C., 1970, Lexicon of geologic names of the United States for 1961-1967: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1350, 848 p.
- E. Luttrell, G. W., Hubert, M. L., Wright, W. B., Jussen, V. M., and Swanson, R. W., 1981, Lexicon of geologic names of the United States for 1968-1975: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1520, 342 p.
- F. Luttrell, G. W., Hubert, M. L., and Jussen, V. M., 1986, Lexicon of new formal geologic names of the United States 1976-1980: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1564, 191 p.
- G. Luttrell, G. W., Hubert, M. L., and Murdock, C. R., (in press), Lexicon of new formal geologic names of the United States 1981-1985: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1565.
- H. Geologic names introduced after 1985. (No publication available.)

FIELD 10. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER. A unique identifier consisting of a four-letter mnemonic plus a two-digit number is assigned to each record. It is used for recalling records for updating and for sorting. The mnemonic is derived from the geographic part of the name using a method devised by the AAPG Committee on Standard Stratigraphic Coding. English articles and prepositions are deleted first; those in foreign languages are retained. The first letter of each remaining word is retained. Names beginning with Mc, O', De, or Van are treated as two words. Letters are then deleted, from right to left, in the following order until four remain: a, e, i, o, u, w, h, y, one of each double, t, n, s, r, l, d, c, m, f, g, p, k, b, v, x, j, q, z. All the records for each name have the same mnemonic but different numbers.

DATA RETRIEVAL

GEO NAMES is now available on IBM-compatible 5 1/4-in diskettes from Open File Services. The files were first sorted by state and then downloaded onto 16 diskettes, each one generally containing data for two or more adjacent states. Users may purchase one or more diskettes, combine the states, or use them individually, depending upon their specific needs and computer equipment. These state files can be loaded into and manipulated with almost any database management software. (Records are loaded into dBase, for instance, using the command "append from [file name] sdf.") In setting up fields, use the following parameters.

FIELD NAME	SIZE
[State]	[4]
[Age]	[4]
[Slash]	[1]
[Name]	[62]
[Use]	[5]
[Lith]	[14]
[Prov]	[6]
[Thick]	[10]
[TypLoc]	[6]
[Ref]	[4]
[ID]	[7]

The slash has been placed in a separate field in order to simplify sorting.

GEO NAMES is also available on 8-track magnetic tape from NTIS. Units for the entire nation are listed alphabetically on the tape. This media may be more suitable for users interested in geologic names of the United States as a whole.

Following is a breakdown by diskette, showing the states, number of records, and the approximate size of the files. An asterisk indicates states included in more than one geographic grouping. Each diskette also contains the document, Geointro, a users guide to GEO NAMES.

CHAPTER	DISK #	STATE	RECORDS	KBYTES
A	1	ME	436	55
		NH	246	31
		VT	592	74
		MA	353	44
		CT	316	40
		RI	61	8
			<hr/>	<hr/>
			2004	252
B	2	NY	1260	158
		PA	1143	143
			<hr/>	<hr/>
			2403	301
C	3	NJ	263	33
		MD	484	61
		DE	73	9
		DC	34	4
		VA*	881	110
		WV	597	75
			<hr/>	<hr/>
			2332	292
D	4	KY	575	72
		TN	637	80
		MS	218	27
		AL	517	65
			<hr/>	<hr/>
			1947	244
E	5	VA*	881	110
		NC	348	44
		SC	166	21
		GA	591	74
		FL	229	29
			<hr/>	<hr/>
			2215	278
F	6	OH	547	69
		IN	502	63
		IL	743	93
		WI	413	52
		MI	408	51
			<hr/>	<hr/>
			2613	328
G	7	MN	304	38
		ND	326	41
		SD	295	37
		NE	476	60
		IA	542	68
			<hr/>	<hr/>
			1943	244

CHAPTER	DISK #	STATE	RECORDS	KBYTES
H	8	OK	1098	137
		KS	658	82
		MO	740	93
			<u>2496</u>	<u>312</u>
I	9	TX	1653	207
		LA	270	34
		AR	268	34
			<u>2191</u>	<u>275</u>
J	10	MT	809	101
		WY	855	107
		ID*	693	87
			<u>2357</u>	<u>295</u>
K	11	CO	881	110
		NM	1151	144
			<u>2032</u>	<u>254</u>
L	12	AZ	892	112
		UT*	1191	149
			<u>2083</u>	<u>261</u>
M	13	WA	694	87
		OR	557	70
		ID*	693	87
			<u>1944</u>	<u>244</u>
N	14	NV	1110	139
		UT*	1191	149
			<u>2301</u>	<u>288</u>
O	15	CA	2050	234
P	16	AK	813	102
		HI	90	12
		CI	45	6
		MR	43	6
		SA	34	5
		GU	33	4
		PR	261	33
		VI	31	4
			<u>1350</u>	<u>172</u>