

LEVEL II SCOUR ANALYSIS FOR BRIDGE 25 (HARDTH00420025) on TOWN HIGHWAY 42, crossing LAMOILLE RIVER, HARDWICK, VERMONT

U.S. Geological Survey
Open-File Report 96-231

Prepared in cooperation with
VERMONT AGENCY OF TRANSPORTATION
and
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION



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By JOSEPH D. AYOTTE

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Pembroke, New Hampshire

1996

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CONVERSION FACTORS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND VERTICAL DATUM

Multiply	By	To obtain
Length		
inch (in.)	25.4	millimeter (mm)
foot (ft)	0.3048	meter (m)
mile (mi)	1.609	kilometer (km)
Slope		
foot per mile (ft/mi)	0.1894	meter per kilometer (m/km)
Area		
square mile (mi ²)	2.590	square kilometer (km ²)
Volume		
cubic foot (ft ³)	0.02832	cubic meter (m ³)
Velocity and Flow		
foot per second (ft/s)	0.3048	meter per second (m/s)
cubic foot per second (ft ³ /s)	0.02832	cubic meter per second (m ³ /s)
cubic foot per second per square mile [(ft ³ /s)/mi ²]	0.01093	cubic meter per second per square kilometer [(m ³ /s)/km ²]

OTHER ABBREVIATIONS

BF	bank full	LWW	left wingwall
cfs	cubic feet per second	MC	main channel
D ₅₀	median diameter of bed material	RAB	right abutment
DS	downstream	RABUT	face of right abutment
elev.	elevation	RB	right bank
f/p	flood plain	ROB	right overbank
ft ²	square feet	RWW	right wingwall
ft/ft	feet per foot	TH	town highway
JCT	junction	UB	under bridge
LAB	left abutment	US	upstream
LABUT	face of left abutment	USGS	United States Geological Survey
LB	left bank	VT AOT	Vermont Agency of Transportation
LOB	left overbank	WSPRO	water-surface profile model

In this report, the words “right” and “left” refer to directions that would be reported by an observer facing downstream.

Sea level: In this report, “sea level” refers to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929-- a geodetic datum derived from a general adjustment of the first-order level nets of the United States and Canada, formerly called Sea Level Datum of 1929.

In the appendices, the above abbreviations may be combined. For example, USLB would represent upstream left bank.

LEVEL II SCOUR ANALYSIS FOR BRIDGE 25 (HARDTH00420025) ON TOWN HIGHWAY 42, CROSSING LAMOILLE RIVER, HARDWICK, VERMONT

By Joseph D. Ayotte

INTRODUCTION

This report provides the results of a detailed Level II analysis of scour potential at structure [HARDTH00420025](#) on [town highway 42](#) crossing [the Lamoille River, Hardwick](#), Vermont (figures 1–8). A Level II study is a basic engineering analysis of the site, including a quantitative analysis of stream stability and scour (U.S. Department of Transportation, 1993). A Level I study is included in Appendix E of this report. A Level I study provides a qualitative geomorphic characterization of the study site. Information on the bridge available from VTAOT files was compiled prior to conducting Level I and Level II analyses and can be found in Appendix D.

The site is in the [Green Mountain](#) physiographic [division](#) of [north-central](#) Vermont in the town of Hardwick. The 119-mi² drainage area is in a predominantly [rural](#) basin. [In the vicinity of the study site, the left banks are covered by pasture and \(or\) fields. The right bank of Lamoille River is adjacent to Vermont Route 15 near the north edge of the Lamoille River valley](#)

[In the study area, the Lamoille River has a sinuous channel with a slope of approximately 0.0004 ft/ft, an average channel top width of 89.0 ft and an average channel depth of 8.0 ft. The predominant channel bed material is sand and gravel \(D₅₀ is 22.4 mm or 0.0733 ft\). In general, the banks have sparse or no woody vegetative cover and the reach was noted to be laterally unstable at the time of the Level I site visit on July 25, 1995. The Level II work was completed on 07/27/95 and the site was revisited on August 16, 1995, just after the August 5-6, 1995 flood on the Lamoille River. Findings from this follow-up visit are presented in Appendix G.](#)

The town highway 42 crossing of the [Lamoille River](#) is a 62-ft-long, [two-lane](#) bridge consisting of [one 60-foot steel- beam span with a concrete deck, supported by vertical abutments with wingwalls on upstream and downstream sides \(Vermont Agency of Transportation, written commun., August 24, 1994\).](#) The bridge is supported by [vertical abutments with wingwalls on upstream and downstream sides. The channel is not skewed to the opening and the opening-skew-to-roadway is 0 degrees.](#)

A scour hole 3.0 ft deeper than the mean thalweg depth was observed 5 feet upstream from the bridge face at mid-channel during the Level I assessment. Additional details describing conditions at the site are included in the Level II Summary and Appendices D and E.

Scour depths and rock rip-rap sizes were computed using the general guidelines described in Hydraulic Engineering Circular 18 (Richardson and others, 1993).

Total scour at a highway crossing is comprised of three components: 1) long-term aggradation or degradation; 2) contraction scour (due to reduction in flow area caused by a bridge) and; 3) local scour (caused by accelerated flow around piers and abutments). Total scour is the sum of the three components. Equations are available to compute scour depths for contraction and local scour and a summary of the results follows.

Contraction scour for all modelled flows was 0.0 ft. Abutment scour ranged from 6.5 ft to 15.6 ft and the worst-case abutment scour occurred at the 500-year discharge. Scour depths and depths to armoring are summarized on p. 14 in the section titled “Scour Results”.

Scour elevations, based on the calculated depths are presented in tables 1 and 2; a graph of the scour elevations is presented in figure 8. Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of erosive material and a homogeneous particle-size distribution.

For all scour presented in this report, “the scour depths adopted [by VTAOT] may differ from the equation values based on engineering judgement” (Richardson and others, 1993, p. 21, 27). It is generally accepted that the Froehlich equation (abutment scour) gives “excessively conservative estimates of scour depths” (Richardson and others, 1993, p. 48). Many factors, including historical performance during flood events, the geomorphic assessment, and the results of the hydraulic analyses, must be considered to properly assess the validity of abutment scour results.



Wolcott, VT. Quadrangle, 1:24,000, 1986
Provisional Edition

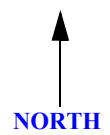


Figure 1. Location of study area on USGS 1:24,000 scale map.

Figure 2. Location of study area on Vermont Agency of Transportation town highway map.





LEVEL II SUMMARY

Structure Number HARDTH00420025 **Stream** Lamoille River
County Caledonia **Road** TH042 **District** 07

Description of Bridge

Bridge length 62 **ft** **Bridge width** 25.3 **ft** **Max span length** 60 **ft**
Alignment of bridge to road (on curve or straight) straight
Abutment type vertical **Embankment type** sloping
Stone fill on abutment? yes **Date of inspection** 07/25/95
Description of stone fill Type-2, in good condition; a second inspection was done on 08/16/95
after a significant (greater than 100-yr) flood event and the condition of the stone fill was
unchanged
Abutments and wingwalls are concrete

Is bridge skewed to flood flow according to Y **survey?** N **Angle** --
(Opening skew to roadway is 0 degrees)

Debris accumulation on bridge at time of Level I or Level II site visit:

	Date of inspection	Percent of channel blocked horizontally	Percent of channel blocked vertically
Level I	<u>07/25/95</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Level II	<u>07/27/95</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Potential for debris	<u>Moderate, due to woody vegetation on upstream left bank several hundred feet US of the structure</u>		

There is a strong main-channel constriction in the approach to the bridge. Additionally there is a
meander several hundred feet US and a localized, vegetated point bar that was noted on 07/25/95.

Relief is present as a low point in the left overbank of the roadway.

Description of the Geomorphic Setting

General topography The bridge is in a 600 ft-wide, flat valley approx. 500 ft DS of a major channel bend. Vermont Rte. 15 is adjacent to the north valley wall.

Geomorphic conditions at bridge site: downstream (DS), upstream (US)

Date of inspection 07/25/95

DS left: wide (approx. 300 ft) flood plain

DS right: narrow terrace (VT Route 15) and steep valley wall

US left: wide (approx. 300 ft) flood plain

US right: narrow terrace (VT Route 15) and steep valley wall

Description of the Channel

<p>Average top width <u>89</u> # <u>sand and gravel</u></p>	<p>Average depth <u>9</u> # <u>sand</u></p>
--	--

<p>Predominant bed material</p>	<p>Bank material <u>sinuous, with large</u></p>
--	---

flood plains. It is alluvial and laterally unstable

07/25/95

Vegetative cover field grasses

DS left: Vt Route 15

DS right: field grasses

US left: Vt Route 15

US right: N

Do banks appear stable? 07/25/95--Both the left and right banks are reported to be eroded by means of moderate to heavy fluvial processes where there is no bank protection. The USRB is eroded heavily due to flow impact; the USLB is more stable but is eroded in places; the DSLB has light fluvial erosion beyond the stone fill protection area.

07/25/95--No large obstructions; 08/16/95--Some minor debris reported at the base of the left abutment from a recent flood event.

Describe any obstructions in channel and date of observation.

Hydrology

Drainage area 119 mi^2

Percentage of drainage area in physiographic provinces: (approximate)

Physiographic province	Percent of drainage area
<u>Green Mountain Prov.</u>	<u>100</u>

Is drainage area considered rural or urban? Rural Describe any significant urbanization: None. Site is in an agricultural valley

Is there a USGS gage on the stream of interest? Yes
Lamoille at Johnson, Vermont
USGS gage description 04292000
USGS gage number 310
Gage drainage area mi^2 No

Is there a lake/p There is a concrete dam approx. 5000 ft US of the bridge but it is considered to have little effect on the hydrology or hydraulics at the site. Hardwick lake, 6000 ft US of the bridge is also considered to have only minor effects.

Calculated Discharges	
<u>12,000</u>	<u>20,400</u>
<i>Q100</i>	<i>Q500</i>
ft^3/s	ft^3/s

Q100 was taken from VTAOT files (Vermont Agency of Transportation, written commun., March, 1995). Q500 was determined by multiplying the Q100 by 1.7

Description of the Water-Surface Profile Model (WSPRO) Analysis

<i>Datum for WSPRO analysis (USGS survey, sea level, VTAOT plans)</i>	<u>USGS survey</u>
<i>Datum tie between USGS survey and VTAOT plans</i>	<u>Subtract 0.11 ft from USGS datum to get VTAOT datum which is also NGVD 1929.</u>
<i>Description of reference marks used to determine USGS datum.</i>	<u>RM1 is a chiseled X on the DS end of the left abutment (arbitrary elev. 796.20). RM2 is a chiseled X on the US end of the right abutment (arbitrary elev. 796.82). RM3 is a VTAOT brass survey disk on the top of the US left wingwall (VTAOT elev. 796.10, USGS arbitrary elev. 796.21).</u>

Cross-Sections Used in WSPRO Analysis

¹ <i>Cross-section</i>	<i>Section Reference Distance (SRD) in feet</i>	² <i>Cross-section development</i>	<i>Comments</i>
EXITX	-62	1	Exit section
FULLV	0	2	Downstream Full-valley section (Templated from EXITX)
BRIDG	0	1	Upstream BRIDGE face, move to downstream face (SRD is 0)
RDWAY	13	1	Road Grade section
APPRO	68	1	Modelled Approach section (Templated from SURVA)
SURVA	105	1	Approach section as surveyed (Used as a template)

¹ For location of cross-sections see plan-view sketch included with Level I field form, Appendix E.
For more detail on how cross-sections were developed see WSPRO input file.

Data and Assumptions Used in WSPRO Model

Hydraulic analyses of the reach were done by use of the Federal Highway Administration's WSPRO step-backwater computer program (Shearman and others, 1986, and Shearman, 1990). The analysis reported herein reflects conditions existing at the site at the time of the study. Furthermore, in the development of the model it was necessary to assume no accumulation of debris or ice at the site. Results of the hydraulic model are presented in the Bridge Hydraulic Summary, Appendix B, and figure 7.

Channel roughness factors (Manning's "n") used in the hydraulic model were estimated using field inspections at each cross section following the general guidelines described by Arcement, Jr. and Schneider (1989). Final adjustments to the values were made during the modelling of the reach. Channel "n" values for the reach ranged from 0.030 to 0.040, and the overbank "n" value was 0.030.

Normal depth at the exit section (EXITX) was assumed as the starting water surface. This depth was computed by use of the slope-conveyance method outlined in the User's manual for WSPRO (Shearman, 1990). The slope used was 0.0005 ft/ft which was estimated from the topographic map (U.S. Geological Survey, 1986).

The surveyed approach section (SURVA) was moved along the approach channel slope (0.0005 ft/ft) to establish the modelled approach section (APPRO), one bridge length upstream of the upstream face as recommended by Shearman and others (1986). This approach also provides a consistent method for determining scour variables.

The 100- and 500-year discharges significantly overtop the left road approach so the model was also run with a discharge of 3,840 ft³/s which is at the incipient overtopping discharge elevation.

Bridge Hydraulics Summary

Average bridge embankment elevation 795.8 ft
 Average low steel elevation 791.5 ft

100-year discharge 12,000 ft³/s
 Water-surface elevation in bridge opening 791.7 ft
 Road overtopping? Y Discharge over road 7299 ft/s
 Area of flow in bridge opening 811 ft²
 Average velocity in bridge opening 5.8 ft/s
 Maximum WSPRO tube velocity at bridge 6.9 ft/s

Water-surface elevation at Approach section with bridge 794.8
 Water-surface elevation at Approach section without bridge 794.1
 Amount of backwater caused by bridge 0.7 ft

500-year discharge 20,400 ft³/s
 Water-surface elevation in bridge opening 791.7 ft
 Road overtopping? Y Discharge over road 16343 ft/s
 Area of flow in bridge opening 811 ft²
 Average velocity in bridge opening 5.4 ft/s
 Maximum WSPRO tube velocity at bridge 6.4 ft/s

Water-surface elevation at Approach section with bridge 796.9
 Water-surface elevation at Approach section without bridge 796.4
 Amount of backwater caused by bridge 0.5 ft

Incipient overtopping discharge 3840 ft³/s
 Water-surface elevation in bridge opening 790 ft
 Area of flow in bridge opening 725 ft²
 Average velocity in bridge opening 5.30 ft/s
 Maximum WSPRO tube velocity at bridge 6.5 ft/s

Water-surface elevation at Approach section with bridge 790.6
 Water-surface elevation at Approach section without bridge 790.3
 Amount of backwater caused by bridge .3 ft

Scour Analysis Summary

Special Conditions or Assumptions Made in Scour Analysis

Scour depths were computed using the general guidelines described in Hydraulic Engineering Circular 18 (Richardson and others, 1993). Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of erosive material and a homogeneous particle-size distribution. The results of the scour analysis are presented in tables 1 and 2 and a graph of the scour depths is presented in figure 8.

The 100-year and 500-year discharges resulted in orifice flow and contraction scour was computed by use of the Chang equation (Richardson and others, 1995, p. 145-146). Contraction scour at bridges with orifice flow is best estimated by use of the Chang pressure-flow scour equation (oral communication, J. Sterling Jones, October 4, 1996). Contraction scour was computed by use of the [clear-water contraction scour equation \(Richardson and others, 1993, p. 35, equation 18\) for the incipient road-overflow discharge](#). For contraction scour computations, the average depth in the contracted section (AREA/TOPWIDTH) is subtracted from the depth of flow computed by the scour equation (Y2) to determine the actual amount of scour. [None of the modelled flows resulted in contraction scour.](#)

[Abutment scour at the left abutment for all flows was computed using the HIRE equation \(Richardson and others, 1993, p 50\) because the HIRE equation is recommended when the length to depth ratio of the embankment blocking flow exceeds 25. The length to depth ratio of the embankment blocking flow for the left abutment ranged from 131 to 265. The variables used by the HIRE abutment-scour equation include the Froude number of the flow approaching the embankments, the length of the embankment blocking flow, and the depth of flow approaching the embankment less any roadway overtopping. For the right abutment, the length to depth ratio of the embankment blocking flow ranged from 2.2 to 3.2 and the Froehlich equation \(Richardson and others, 1993, p. 49, eq. 24\) was used.](#)

[Post-flood scour was also measured on August 18, 1995 \(after the August 5-6, 1995 flood\) at this bridge. Observed contraction scour, determined by resurveying the pre-flood channel survey at the approach \(APPRO\) cross section, was less than 0.5 ft. For the SURVA cross section 105 ft upstream of the bridge, approximately 1 ft of scour was detected over a distance of 10 ft near the left bank. Minor \(approximately 1 ft\) channel infilling was also detected near the pre-flood thalweg. Observed abutment scour, determined by resurveying the pre-flood channel survey at the bridge cross section, was less than 0.1 ft. Pre- and post-flood surveys of the above mentioned cross sections are shown in Appendix G.](#)

Scour Results

<i>Contraction scour:</i>	<i>100-yr discharge</i>	<i>500-yr discharge</i>	<i>Incipient overtopping discharge</i>
	<i>(Scour depths in feet)</i>		
<i>Main channel</i>			
<i>Live-bed scour</i>	--	--	--
	0.0	0.0	0.0
<i>Clear-water scour</i>	0.2	0.1	0.1
<i>Depth to armoring</i>	--	--	--
<i>Left overbank</i>	--	--	--
<i>Right overbank</i>	--	--	--
<i>Local scour:</i>			
<i>Abutment scour</i>	13.0	15.6	6.5
<i>Left abutment</i>	15.2	14.9	9.5
<i>Right abutment</i>			
<i>Pier scour</i>	--	--	--
<i>Pier 1</i>	--	--	--
<i>Pier 2</i>	--	--	--
<i>Pier 3</i>			

Rock Riprap Sizing

	<i>100-yr discharge</i>	<i>500-yr discharge</i>	<i>Incipient overtopping discharge</i>
	<i>(D₅₀ in feet)</i>		
<i>Abutments:</i>	0.6	0.5	0.8
<i>Left abutment</i>	0.6	0.5	0.8
<i>Right abutment</i>	--	--	--
<i>Piers:</i>	--	--	--
<i>Pier 1</i>	--	--	--
<i>Pier 2</i>	--	--	--

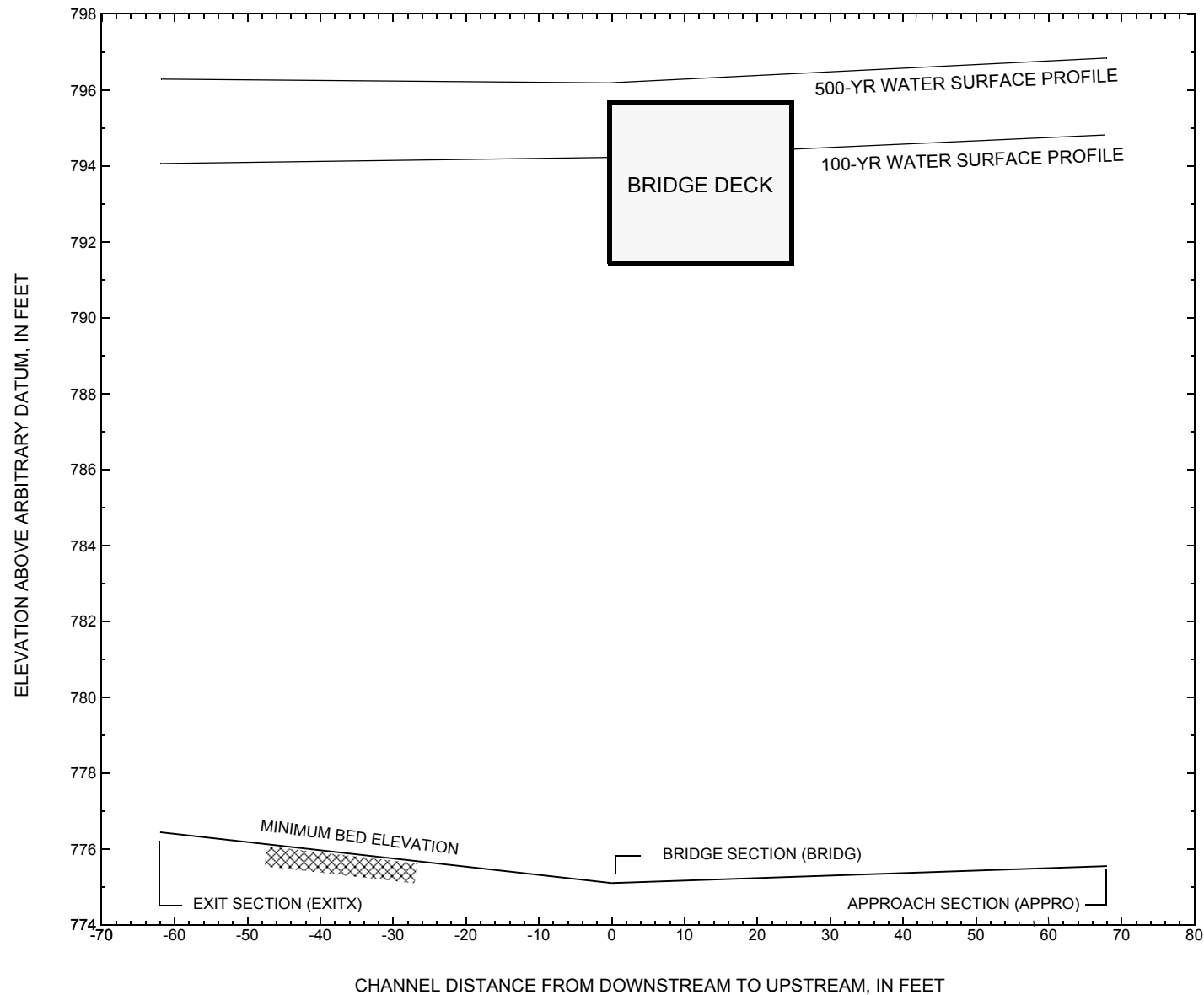


Figure 7. Water-surface profiles for the 100- and 500-yr discharges at structure [HARDTH00420025](#) on town highway 42, crossing [Lamoille River, Hardwick, Vermont](#).

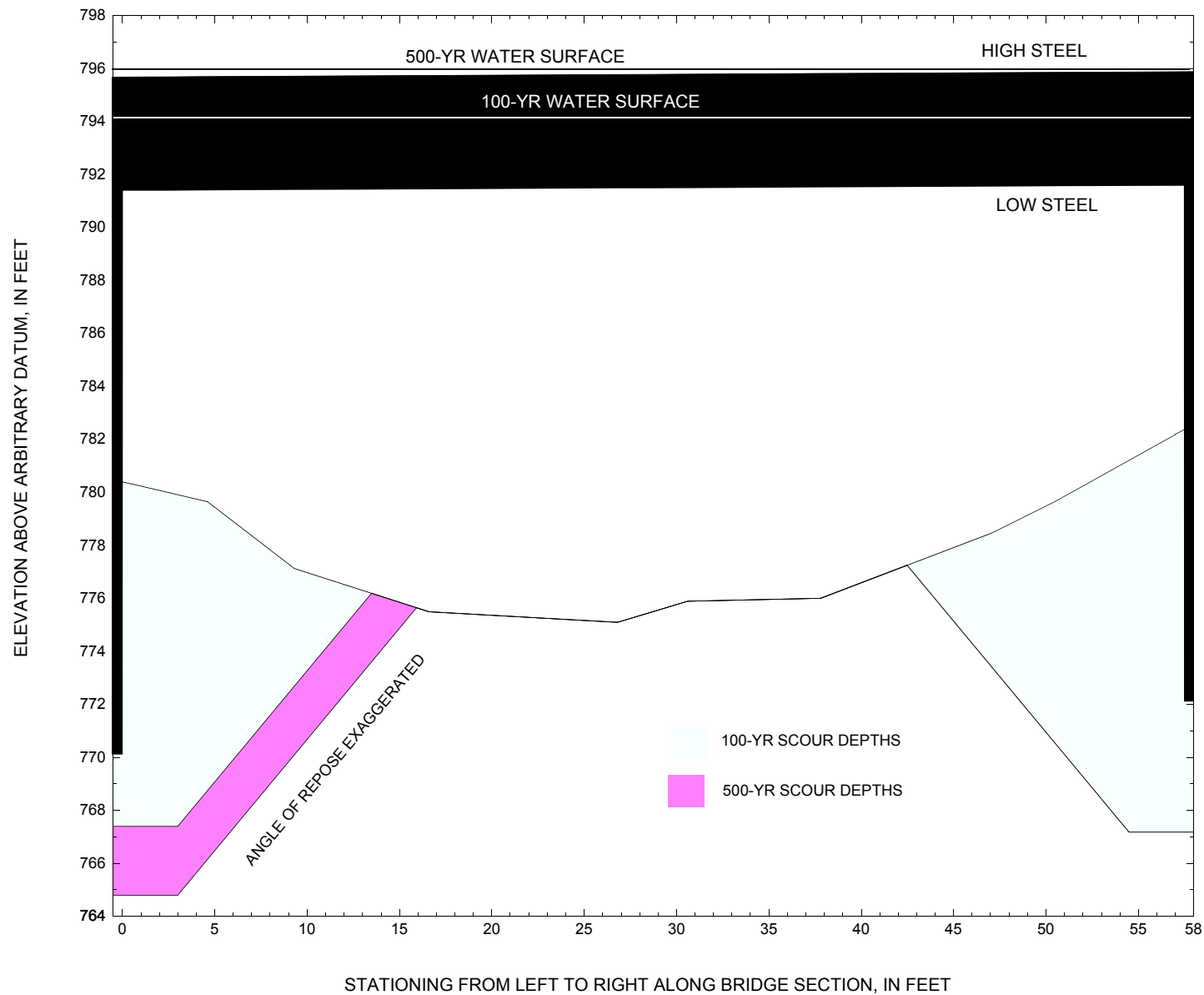


Figure 8. Scour elevations for the 100-yr and 500-yr discharges at structure [HARDTH00420025](#) on town highway 42, crossing [Lamoille River](#), [Hardwick](#), Vermont.

Table 1. Remaining footing/pile depth at abutments for the 100-year discharge at structure [HARDTH00420025](#) on [TOWN HIGHWAY 42](#), crossing [Lamoille River](#), [Hardwick](#), Vermont.

[VTAOT, Vermont Agency of Transportation; --, no data]

Description	Station ¹	VTAOT minimum low-chord elevation (feet)	Surveyed minimum low-chord elevation ² (feet)	Bottom of footing elevation ² (feet)	Channel elevation at abutment/pier ² (feet)	Contraction scour depth (feet)	Abutment scour depth (feet)	Pier scour depth (feet)	Depth of total scour (feet)	Elevation of scour ² (feet)	Remaining footing/pile depth (feet)
100-yr. discharge is 12,000 cubic-feet per second											
Left abutment	0.0	791.1	791.3	770.1	780.4	0.0	13.0	--	13.0	767.4	-2.7
Right abutment	57.5	791.7	791.7	772.1	782.4	0.0	15.2	--	15.2	767.2	-4.9

¹. Measured along the face of the most constricting side of the bridge.

². Arbitrary datum for this study.

Table 2. Remaining footing/pile depth at abutments for the 500-year discharge at structure [HARDTH00420025](#) on [TOWN HIGHWAY 42](#), crossing [Lamoille River](#), [Hardwick](#), Vermont.

[VTAOT, Vermont Agency of Transportation; --, no data]

Description	Station ¹	VTAOT minimum low-chord elevation (feet)	Surveyed minimum low-chord elevation ² (feet)	Bottom of footing elevation ² (feet)	Channel elevation at abutment/pier ² (feet)	Contraction scour depth (feet)	Abutment scour depth (feet)	Pier scour depth (feet)	Depth of total scour (feet)	Elevation of scour ² (feet)	Remaining footing/pile depth (feet)
500-yr. discharge is 20,400 cubic-feet per second											
Left abutment	0.0	791.1	791.3	770.1	780.4	0.0	15.6	--	15.6	764.8	-5.3
Right abutment	57.5	791.7	791.7	772.1	782.4	0.0	14.9	--	14.9	767.5	-4.6

¹. Measured along the face of the most constricting side of the bridge.

². Arbitrary datum for this study.

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APPENDIX A:

WSPRO INPUT FILE

WSPRO INPUT FILE

```

T1      U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WSPRO INPUT FILE hard025.wsp
T2      CREATED ON 14-AUG-95 FOR BRIDGE HARDTH00420025 USING FILE hard025.dca
T3      Hydraulic Analysis for HARD025 over Lamoille R.      JDA
*
J3      6 29 30 552 553 551 5 16 17 13 3 * 15 14 23 21 11 12 4 7 3
*
Q      3840      12000      20400
SK      0.0005      0.0005      0.0005
*
XS      EXIT1      -62      0.
*
*      real survey below:
*
GR      -561.0, 797.88      -552.9, 794.90      -514.2, 794.51      -491.5, 790.39
GR      -476.9, 788.37      -459.6, 788.28      -294.9, 788.97      -195.2, 789.91
GR      -133.5, 788.26      -61.8, 788.94      -20.1, 788.82      -9.9, 785.19
GR      -0.5, 780.47      0.4, 779.23      1.6, 778.84      8.5, 777.59
GR      12.8, 777.75      34.3, 776.62      43.1, 776.44      46.2, 777.01
GR      46.2, 777.01      47.8, 779.88      54.6, 784.35      66.9, 792.16
GR      74.1, 793.77      88.2, 793.83      101.9, 793.15      108.1, 792.24
GR      112.8, 795.92      160.9, 825.90
SA      -9.9
N      0.030      0.040
*
XS      FULLV      0 * * *      0.0005
*
BR      BRIDG      0      791.50      0.0
*
*      This section was surveyed at the US face and has been adjusted
*      to the DS face using a slope of 0.010
*
GR      0.0, 791.30      0.0, 780.40      4.6, 779.65      9.3, 777.14
GR      16.6, 775.50      26.8, 775.10      30.6, 775.90      37.8, 776.01
GR      47.1, 778.48      50.5, 779.66      57.4, 782.38      57.5, 791.70
GR      0.0, 791.30
*
CD      1      31.3      0.0      0.0      52.5      0.0
N      0.030
*
*
XR      RDWAY      13      25.3      2
*
*
GR      -729.6, 812.34      -647.0, 803.24      -576.1, 798.51      -564.3, 798.28
GR      -456.6, 791.64      -395.1, 790.63      -316.6, 790.55      -229.5, 791.11
GR      -79.8, 794.50      -3.8, 795.29      -3.6, 796.21
*      0.0, 795.66      57.0, 795.92
GR      57.1, 796.82      57.8, 796.20
GR      85.6, 794.94      93.7, 796.16      96.7, 795.92      110.8, 795.98
GR      124.5, 795.30      130.8, 794.39      135.4, 798.07      183.5, 828.05
*

```

WSPRO INPUT FILE (continued)

```

AS  APPRA      68          0.
*
*      overbank data from section SURVA, below; channel data from
*      constricting section immediatley us of bridge
*
GR      -553.1, 797.88    -545.0, 794.90    -506.3, 794.51    -483.6, 790.39
GR      -469.0, 788.37    -436.0, 787.99    -336.5, 789.54    -319.3, 789.52
GR      -298.1, 788.27    -276.7, 788.24    -218.0, 789.96    -184.8, 788.91
GR      -134.8, 789.68    -19.4, 787.71
GR      -12.8, 785.21
*
GR      13.0, 783.38      20.8, 779.92      23.9, 778.34      29.0, 775.81
GR      32.2, 775.55      38.3, 776.11      39.9, 777.65      43.0, 777.87
GR      45.7, 778.49      47.4, 779.92      51.3, 781.54      57.1, 784.11
*
GR      61.3, 785.70      81.5, 798.88      89.5, 800.10      92.6, 799.86
GR      106.7, 799.92     120.4, 799.24     126.6, 798.33     131.3, 802.01
GR      179.4, 831.99
*
SA      -12.8
N      0.030      0.035
*
XS  SURVA      105          0.
*
*      surveyed approach--above constriction:
*
GR      -553.1, 797.88    -545.0, 794.90    -506.3, 794.51    -483.6, 790.39
GR      -469.0, 788.37    -436.0, 787.99    -336.5, 789.54    -319.3, 789.52
GR      -298.1, 788.27    -276.7, 788.24    -218.0, 789.96    -184.8, 788.91
GR      -134.8, 789.68    -19.4, 787.71
GR      -12.8, 785.21     -4.5, 780.56
GR      0.2, 779.91      10.2, 778.11      25.5, 777.73      35.0, 776.73
GR      39.2, 777.87      51.6, 778.89      54.9, 779.92      57.0, 781.18
GR      61.3, 785.70      81.5, 798.88      89.5, 800.10      92.6, 799.86
GR      106.7, 799.92     120.4, 799.24     126.6, 798.33     131.3, 802.01
GR      179.4, 831.99
*
SA      -6.6
N      0.030      0.035
*
*
HP 1 BRIDG  790.01 1 790.01
HP 2 BRIDG  790.01 * * 3840
HP 1 APPRA  790.57 1 790.57
HP 2 APPRA  790.57 * * 3840
*
HP 1 BRIDG  791.70 1 791.70
HP 2 BRIDG  791.70 * * 4739
HP 2 RDWAY  794.20 * * 7299

```

APPENDIX B:

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE

```

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WSPRO INPUT FILE hard025.wsp
CREATED ON 14-AUG-95 FOR BRIDGE HARDTH00420025 USING FILE hard025.dca
Hydraulic Analysis for HARD025 over Lamoille R. JDA
*** RUN DATE & TIME: 01-09-96 12:26
CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES: ISEQ = 3; SECID = BRIDG; SRD = 0.

WSEL SA# AREA K TOPW WETP ALPH LEW REW QCR
790.01 1 725. 161092. 57. 77. 1.00 0. 57. 14613.
1
HP 2 BRIDG 790.01 * * 3840
1 VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 3; SECID = BRIDG; SRD = 0.

WSEL LEW REW AREA K Q VEL
790.01 0.0 57.5 725.1 161092. 3840. 5.30

X STA. 0.0 6.5 10.0 12.7 15.2 17.4
A(I) 66.1 43.5 36.6 33.8 32.1
V(I) 2.90 4.41 5.25 5.68 5.99

X STA. 17.4 19.5 21.6 23.6 25.6 27.6
A(I) 31.3 29.8 29.6 29.4 29.5
V(I) 6.14 6.43 6.48 6.52 6.50

X STA. 27.6 29.6 31.7 33.8 36.0 38.3
A(I) 29.5 29.6 30.4 30.6 31.6
V(I) 6.52 6.49 6.32 6.27 6.07

X STA. 38.3 40.7 43.4 46.5 50.2 57.5
A(I) 32.7 35.1 37.6 41.2 65.1
V(I) 5.88 5.48 5.10 4.66 2.95
1
HP 1 APPRA 790.57 1 790.57
1 WSEL SA# AREA K TOPW WETP ALPH LEW REW QCR
1 810. 57634. 472. 473. 6024.
2 713. 123190. 82. 87. 11962.
790.57 1523. 180824. 553. 560. 1.56 -485. 69. 11490.
VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 5; SECID = APPRA; SRD = 68.

WSEL LEW REW AREA K Q VEL
790.57 -484.6 68.8 1523.1 180824. 3840. 2.52

X STA. -484.6 -429.4 -373.2 -281.1 -175.2 -65.4
A(I) 113.0 114.6 141.1 149.3 151.4
V(I) 1.70 1.68 1.36 1.29 1.27

X STA. -65.4 -21.4 -4.9 5.2 14.0 20.0
A(I) 107.9 77.3 63.5 61.2 53.8
V(I) 1.78 2.48 3.02 3.14 3.57

X STA. 20.0 24.1 27.5 30.3 33.0 35.7
A(I) 46.9 43.9 41.0 40.2 41.0
V(I) 4.10 4.38 4.68 4.78 4.68

X STA. 35.7 38.7 42.2 46.1 51.8 68.8
A(I) 42.4 46.5 48.1 57.6 82.4
V(I) 4.53 4.13 3.99 3.34 2.33
1
*
HP 1 BRIDG 791.70 1 791.70
CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES: ISEQ = 3; SECID = BRIDG; SRD = 0.

WSEL SA# AREA K TOPW WETP ALPH LEW REW QCR
791.70 1 811. 131664. 0. 137. 1.00 0. 58. 0.
1
HP 2 BRIDG 791.70 * * 4739
WSEL LEW REW AREA K Q VEL
791.70 0.0 57.5 810.7 131664. 4739. 5.85

X STA. 0.0 5.8 9.3 12.1 14.6 17.0
A(I) 66.8 45.3 40.8 38.9 36.9
V(I) 3.55 5.23 5.80 6.10 6.42

X STA. 17.0 19.1 21.3 23.5 25.6 27.7
A(I) 34.8 35.4 34.4 34.3 34.4
V(I) 6.81 6.69 6.88 6.92 6.90

X STA. 27.7 29.9 32.1 34.3 36.7 39.0
A(I) 34.8 35.1 34.9 36.1 36.3
V(I) 6.80 6.74 6.79 6.57 6.53

X STA. 39.0 41.6 44.4 47.4 51.2 57.5
A(I) 38.0 39.8 41.5 46.7 65.6
V(I) 6.24 5.95 5.70 5.08 3.61

```

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE (continued)

1

HP 2 RDWAY 794.20 * * 7299

VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 4; SECID = RDWAY; SRD = 13.

	WSEL	LEW	REW	AREA	K	Q	VEL
	794.20	-498.1	-93.0	1029.4	95189.	7299.	7.09
X STA.	-498.1	-448.5	-429.8	-414.4	-400.7	-388.4	
A(I)		74.4	53.2	48.1	46.1	43.9	
V(I)		4.91	6.86	7.59	7.91	8.32	
X STA.	-388.4	-376.3	-364.4	-352.4	-340.6	-328.8	
A(I)		43.3	42.6	43.1	42.8	42.9	
V(I)		8.42	8.56	8.46	8.53	8.50	
X STA.	-328.8	-316.9	-304.9	-291.9	-278.6	-264.5	
A(I)		43.6	43.2	45.8	46.0	47.3	
V(I)		8.37	8.44	7.96	7.93	7.72	
X STA.	-264.5	-249.3	-232.8	-213.4	-186.1	-93.0	
A(I)		49.7	52.2	57.0	66.0	98.0	
V(I)		7.34	6.99	6.40	5.53	3.73	

1

HP 1 APPRA 794.79 1 794.79

1 CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES: ISEQ = 5; SECID = APPRA; SRD = 68.

	WSEL	SA#	AREA	K	TOPW	WETP	ALPH	LEW	REW	QCR
		1	2854.	439658.	521.	522.				37890.
		2	1071.	229302.	88.	95.				21193.
794.79			3925.	668960.	609.	617.	1.08	-534.	75.	54440.

1

HP 2 APPRA 794.79 * * 12000

VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 5; SECID = APPRA; SRD = 68.

	WSEL	LEW	REW	AREA	K	Q	VEL
	794.79	-534.1	75.2	3924.6	668960.	12000.	3.06
X STA.	-534.1	-443.4	-410.6	-376.4	-337.6	-299.0	
A(I)		304.3	217.4	210.4	216.0	215.1	
V(I)		1.97	2.76	2.85	2.78	2.79	
X STA.	-299.0	-268.4	-232.1	-188.5	-150.8	-108.0	
A(I)		199.0	209.9	227.3	212.6	226.5	
V(I)		3.02	2.86	2.64	2.82	2.65	
X STA.	-108.0	-73.0	-42.2	-15.4	1.8	15.8	
A(I)		205.2	198.4	188.2	170.6	157.3	
V(I)		2.92	3.02	3.19	3.52	3.81	
X STA.	15.8	25.4	32.3	39.2	48.0	75.2	
A(I)		143.3	127.3	130.2	145.8	219.8	
V(I)		4.19	4.71	4.61	4.11	2.73	

1

*
HP 1 BRIDG 791.70 1 791.70

CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES: ISEQ = 3; SECID = BRIDG; SRD = 0.

	WSEL	SA#	AREA	K	TOPW	WETP	ALPH	LEW	REW	QCR
		1	811.	131664.	0.	137.				0.
791.70			811.	131664.	0.	137.	1.00	0.	58.	0.

1

HP 2 BRIDG 791.70 * * 4372

VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 3; SECID = BRIDG; SRD = 0.

	WSEL	LEW	REW	AREA	K	Q	VEL
	791.70	0.0	57.5	810.7	131664.	4372.	5.39
X STA.	0.0	5.8	9.3	12.1	14.6	17.0	
A(I)		66.8	45.3	40.8	38.9	36.9	
V(I)		3.27	4.82	5.35	5.63	5.92	
X STA.	17.0	19.1	21.3	23.5	25.6	27.7	
A(I)		34.8	35.4	34.4	34.3	34.4	
V(I)		6.29	6.18	6.35	6.38	6.36	

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE (continued)

```
X STA.      27.7      29.9      32.1      34.3      36.7      39.0
A(I)        34.8      35.1      34.9      36.1      36.3
V(I)        6.28      6.22      6.26      6.06      6.03
```

```
X STA.      39.0      41.6      44.4      47.4      51.2      57.5
A(I)        38.0      39.8      41.5      46.7      65.6
V(I)        5.76      5.49      5.26      4.68      3.33
```

1

```
HP 2 RDWAY 796.03 * * 16343
```

1

```
VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 4; SECID = RDWAY; SRD = 13.
```

```
WSEL LEW REW AREA K Q VEL
796.03 -527.8 132.9 1939.2 225609. 16343. 8.43
```

```
X STA.      -527.8      -460.3      -438.5      -420.5      -404.0      -389.0
A(I)        140.3      98.0      87.1      84.7      79.9
V(I)        5.82      8.34      9.38      9.64      10.22
```

```
X STA.      -389.0      -374.4      -360.1      -345.7      -331.4      -317.2
A(I)        79.0      77.7      78.5      77.8      78.1
V(I)        10.34      10.51      10.40      10.50      10.47
```

```
X STA.      -317.2      -302.7      -287.2      -271.6      -255.1      -237.7
A(I)        78.8      82.4      82.1      84.7      87.4
V(I)        10.37      9.92      9.95      9.65      9.35
```

```
X STA.      -237.7      -218.4      -195.6      -166.8      -123.8      132.9
A(I)        93.7      100.5      110.1      129.8      208.3
V(I)        8.72      8.13      7.42      6.30      3.92
```

1

```
HP 1 APPRA 796.91 1 796.91
```

```
CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES: ISEQ = 5; SECID = APPRA; SRD = 68.
```

```
WSEL SA# AREA K TOPW WETP ALPH LEW REW QCR
1 3987. 751644. 538. 539. 61607.
2 1261. 293142. 91. 99. 26592.
796.91 5248. 1044786. 629. 638. 1.03 -550. 78. 84850.
```

1

```
HP 2 APPRA 796.91 * * 20400
```

```
VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 5; SECID = APPRA; SRD = 68.
```

```
WSEL LEW REW AREA K Q VEL
796.91 -550.5 78.5 5247.8 1044786. 20400. 3.89
```

```
X STA.      -550.5      -456.9      -424.7      -393.7      -359.6      -322.1
A(I)        406.2      284.0      263.3      272.6      280.2
V(I)        2.51      3.59      3.87      3.74      3.64
```

```
X STA.      -322.1      -290.1      -259.7      -224.1      -186.5      -151.2
A(I)        260.1      259.0      272.4      277.4      273.7
V(I)        3.92      3.94      3.74      3.68      3.73
```

```
X STA.      -151.2      -113.8      -79.7      -49.5      -21.6      -1.1
A(I)        276.7      268.7      254.7      248.5      231.2
V(I)        3.69      3.80      4.01      4.10      4.41
```

```
X STA.      -1.1      15.9      27.4      36.2      46.6      78.5
A(I)        224.5      201.3      185.5      202.7      304.9
V(I)        4.54      5.07      5.50      5.03      3.35
```

```
+++ BEGINNING PROFILE CALCULATIONS -- 3
```

1

```
WSPRO FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION - U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
V090192 MODEL FOR WATER-SURFACE PROFILE COMPUTATIONS
```

```
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WSPRO INPUT FILE hard025.wsp
CREATED ON 14-AUG-95 FOR BRIDGE HARDTH00420025 USING FILE hard025.dca
Hydraulic Analysis for HARD025 over Lamoille R. JDA
*** RUN DATE & TIME: 01-09-96 12:26
```

```
XSID:CODE SRDL LEW AREA VHD HF EGL CRWS Q WSEL
SRD FLEN REW K ALPH HO ERR FR# VEL
EXIT1:XS ***** -490. 1442. 0.17 ***** 790.41 783.24 3840. 790.24
-62. ***** 64. 171603. 1.59 ***** ***** 0.37 2.66
```

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE (continued)

FULLV:FV 62. -490. 1447. 0.17 0.03 790.45 ***** 3840. 790.28
 0. 62. 64. 172179. 1.58 0.00 0.01 0.36 2.65
 <<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>

APPR:AS 68. -483. 1374. 0.20 0.04 790.50 ***** 3840. 790.30
 68. 68. 68. 160896. 1.62 0.01 0.00 0.40 2.79
 <<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>

===215 FLOW CLASS 1 SOLUTION INDICATES POSSIBLE ROAD OVERFLOW.
 WS1,WSSD,WS3,RGMIN = 790.57 0.00 790.01 790.55

===260 ATTEMPTING FLOW CLASS 4 SOLUTION.

<<<<RESULTS REFLECTING THE CONSTRICTED FLOW FOLLOW>>>>

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
BRIDG:BR	62.	0.	725.	0.65	0.05	790.66	782.56	3840.	790.01
0.	62.	57.	161109.	1.49	0.20	0.00	0.32	5.30	

TYPE PPCD FLOW C P/A LSEL BLEN XLAB XRAB
 1. **** 4. 0.818 ***** 791.50 ***** ***** *****

XSID:CODE	SRDL	FLEN	HF	VHD	EGL	ERR	Q	WSEL
RDWAY:RG	13.							
<<<<EMBANKMENT IS NOT OVERTOPPED>>>>								

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
APPR:AS	37.	-485.	1523.	0.15	0.05	790.72	785.57	3840.	790.57
68.	64.	69.	180805.	1.56	0.02	0.01	0.33	2.52	

M(G) M(K) KQ XLKQ XRKQ OTEL
 0.896 0.361 115121. -4. 53. *****

<<<<END OF BRIDGE COMPUTATIONS>>>>

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
SURVA:XS	37.	-485.	1690.	0.13	0.01	790.74	*****	3840.	790.60
105.	37.	69.	228984.	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.30	2.27	

1

FIRST USER DEFINED TABLE.

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	REW	Q	K	AREA	VEL	WSEL
EXIT1:XS	-62.	-490.	64.	3840.	171603.	1442.	2.66	790.24
FULLV:FV	0.	-490.	64.	3840.	172179.	1447.	2.65	790.28
BRIDG:BR	0.	0.	57.	3840.	161109.	725.	5.30	790.01
RDWAY:RG	13.	*****		0.	0.	0.	2.00	*****
APPR:AS	68.	-485.	69.	3840.	180805.	1523.	2.52	790.57

XSID:CODE	XLKQ	XRKQ	KQ
APPR:AS	-4.	53.	115121.

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	REW	Q	K	AREA	VEL	WSEL
SURVA:XS	105.	-485.	69.	3840.	228984.	1690.	2.27	790.60

1 SECOND USER DEFINED TABLE.

XSID:CODE	CRWS	FR#	YMIN	YMAX	HF	HO	VHD	EGL	WSEL
EXIT1:XS	783.24	0.37	776.44	825.90	*****	0.17	790.41	790.24	
FULLV:FV	*****	0.36	776.47	825.93	0.03	0.00	0.17	790.45	
BRIDG:BR	782.56	0.32	775.10	791.70	0.05	0.20	0.65	790.66	
RDWAY:RG	*****	*****	790.55	828.05	0.02	*****	0.15	790.70	
APPR:AS	785.57	0.33	775.55	831.99	0.05	0.02	0.15	790.72	
SURVA:XS	*****	0.30	776.73	831.99	0.01	0.00	0.13	790.74	

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
EXIT1:XS	*****	-511.	3615.	0.17	*****	794.19	790.63	12000.	794.02
-62.	*****	110.	536654.	1.00	*****	*****	0.24	3.32	
FULLV:FV	62.	-512.	3617.	0.17	0.03	794.22	*****	12000.	794.05

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE (continued)

```

0.    62.    110.    537108.    1.00    0.00    0.00    0.24    3.32
<<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>>

APPR:AS    68.   -504.    3502.    0.20    0.03    794.27    *****    12000.    794.07
68.    68.    74.    574636.    1.09    0.01    0.00    0.26    3.43
<<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>>

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===255 ATTEMPTING FLOW CLASS 3 (6) SOLUTION.
WS3N,LSEL =    794.05    791.50

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<<<<<RESULTS REFLECTING THE CONSTRICTED FLOW FOLLOW>>>>>

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
BRIDG:BR	62.	0.	811.	0.53	*****	792.23	783.35	4739.	791.70
	0.	*****	58.	131664.	1.00	*****	*****	0.27	5.85

TYPE	PCPD	FLOW	C	P/A	LSEL	BLN	XLAB	XRAB
1.	****	6.	0.800	*****	791.50	*****	*****	*****

XSID:CODE	SRD	FLEN	HF	VHD	EGL	ERR	Q	WSEL
RDWAY:RG	13.	43.	0.01	0.16	794.94	0.00	7299.	794.20

	Q	WLEN	LEW	REW	DMAX	DAVG	VMAX	VAVG	HAVG	CAVG
LT:	7299.	405.	-498.	-93.	3.7	2.5	8.2	7.1	3.3	3.0
RT:	0.	1.	130.	131.	0.2	0.1	3.9	27.6	0.9	2.8

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	

APPR:AS	37.	-534.	3926.	0.16	0.07	794.95	790.83	12000.	794.79
68.	87.	75.	669201.	1.08	0.02	0.00	0.22	3.06	

M(G)	M(K)	KQ	XLKQ	XRKQ	OTEL
*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****

<<<<<END OF BRIDGE COMPUTATIONS>>>>>

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	

SURVA:XS	37.	-536.	4087.	0.15	0.01	794.96	*****	12000.	794.81
105.	37.	75.	728028.	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.94	

FIRST USER DEFINED TABLE.

XSID:CODE	SRD	LEW	REW	Q	K	AREA	VEL	WSEL
EXIT1:XS	-62.	-511.	110.	12000.	536654.	3615.	3.32	794.02
FULLV:FV	0.	-512.	110.	12000.	537108.	3617.	3.32	794.05
BRIDG:BR	0.	0.	58.	4739.	131664.	811.	5.85	791.70
RDWAY:RG	13.	*****	7299.	7299.	*****	0.	2.00	794.20
APPR:AS	68.	-534.	75.	12000.	669201.	3926.	3.06	794.79

XSID:CODE	XLKQ	XRKQ	KQ
APPR:AS	*****	*****	*****

XSID:CODE	SRD	LEW	REW	Q	K	AREA	VEL	WSEL
SURVA:XS	105.	-536.	75.	12000.	728028.	4087.	2.94	794.81

1 SECOND USER DEFINED TABLE.

XSID:CODE	CRWS	FR#	YMIN	YMAX	HF	HO	VHD	EGL	WSEL
EXIT1:XS	790.63	0.24	776.44	825.90	*****	0.17	794.19	794.02	
FULLV:FV	*****	0.24	776.47	825.93	0.03	0.00	0.17	794.22	
BRIDG:BR	783.35	0.27	775.10	791.70	*****	0.53	792.23	791.70	
RDWAY:RG	*****	*****	790.55	828.05	0.01	*****	0.16	794.94	
APPR:AS	790.83	0.22	775.55	831.99	0.07	0.02	0.16	794.95	
SURVA:XS	*****	0.21	776.73	831.99	0.01	0.00	0.15	794.96	

1 XSID:CODE SRDL LEW AREA VHD HF EGL CRWS Q WSEL

SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
EXIT1:XS	*****	-557.	5115.	0.25	*****	796.56	791.74	20400.	796.31
-62.	*****	113.	912066.	1.00	*****	*****	0.25	3.99	
FULLV:FV	62.	-557.	5119.	0.25	0.03	796.60	*****	20400.	796.35

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE (continued)

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0.    62.    113.    913302.    1.00    0.00    0.01    0.25    3.99
<<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>>

APPR:AS    68.   -549.    4905.    0.28    0.03    796.64    *****    20400.    796.36
68.    68.    78.    939113.    1.04    0.02    0.00    0.27    4.16
<<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>>

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===255 ATTEMPTING FLOW CLASS 3 (6) SOLUTION.
      WS3N,LSEL =    796.35    791.50

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<<<<<RESULTS REFLECTING THE CONSTRICTED FLOW FOLLOW>>>>>

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
BRIDG:BR	62.	0.	811.	0.45	*****	792.15	783.04	4372.	791.70
	0.	*****	58.	131664.	1.00	*****	*****	0.25	5.39

```

TYPE PPCD FLOW      C    P/A    LSEL    BLEN    XLAB    XRAB
1.  ****    6.    0.800    *****    791.50    *****    *****    *****

```

XSID:CODE	SRD	FLEN	HF	VHD	EGL	ERR	Q	WSEL
RDWAY:RG	13.	43.	0.02	0.24	797.13	0.02	16343.	796.03

	Q	WLEN	LEW	REW	DMAX	DAVG	VMAX	VAVG	HAVG	CAVG
LT: 15937.	524.	-528.	-4.	5.5	3.6	9.6	8.4	4.7	2.9	
RT: 406.	69.	61.	133.	1.6	0.5	5.6	12.3	1.6	3.0	

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
APPR:AS	37.	-550.	5245.	0.24	0.09	797.15	791.89	20400.	796.91
	68.	86.	78.	1043831.	1.03	0.02	0.02	0.24	3.89

```

M(G)    M(K)      KQ    XLKQ    XRKQ    OTEL
*****    *****    *****    *****    *****    *****

```

<<<<<END OF BRIDGE COMPUTATIONS>>>>>

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
SURVA:XS	37.	-551.	5409.	0.23	0.01	797.16	*****	20400.	796.93
	105.	37.	79.	1110734.	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.23	3.77

FIRST USER DEFINED TABLE.

XSID:CODE	SRD	LEW	REW	Q	K	AREA	VEL	WSEL
EXIT1:XS	-62.	-557.	113.	20400.	912066.	5115.	3.99	796.31
FULLV:FV	0.	-557.	113.	20400.	913302.	5119.	3.99	796.35
BRIDG:BR	0.	0.	58.	4372.	131664.	811.	5.39	791.70
RDWAY:RG	13.	*****	15937.	16343.	*****	*****	2.00	796.03
APPR:AS	68.	-550.	78.	20400.	1043831.	5245.	3.89	796.91

```

XSID:CODE    XLKQ    XRKQ      KQ
APPR:AS    *****

```

XSID:CODE	SRD	LEW	REW	Q	K	AREA	VEL	WSEL
SURVA:XS	105.	-551.	79.	20400.	1110734.	5409.	3.77	796.93

1 SECOND USER DEFINED TABLE.

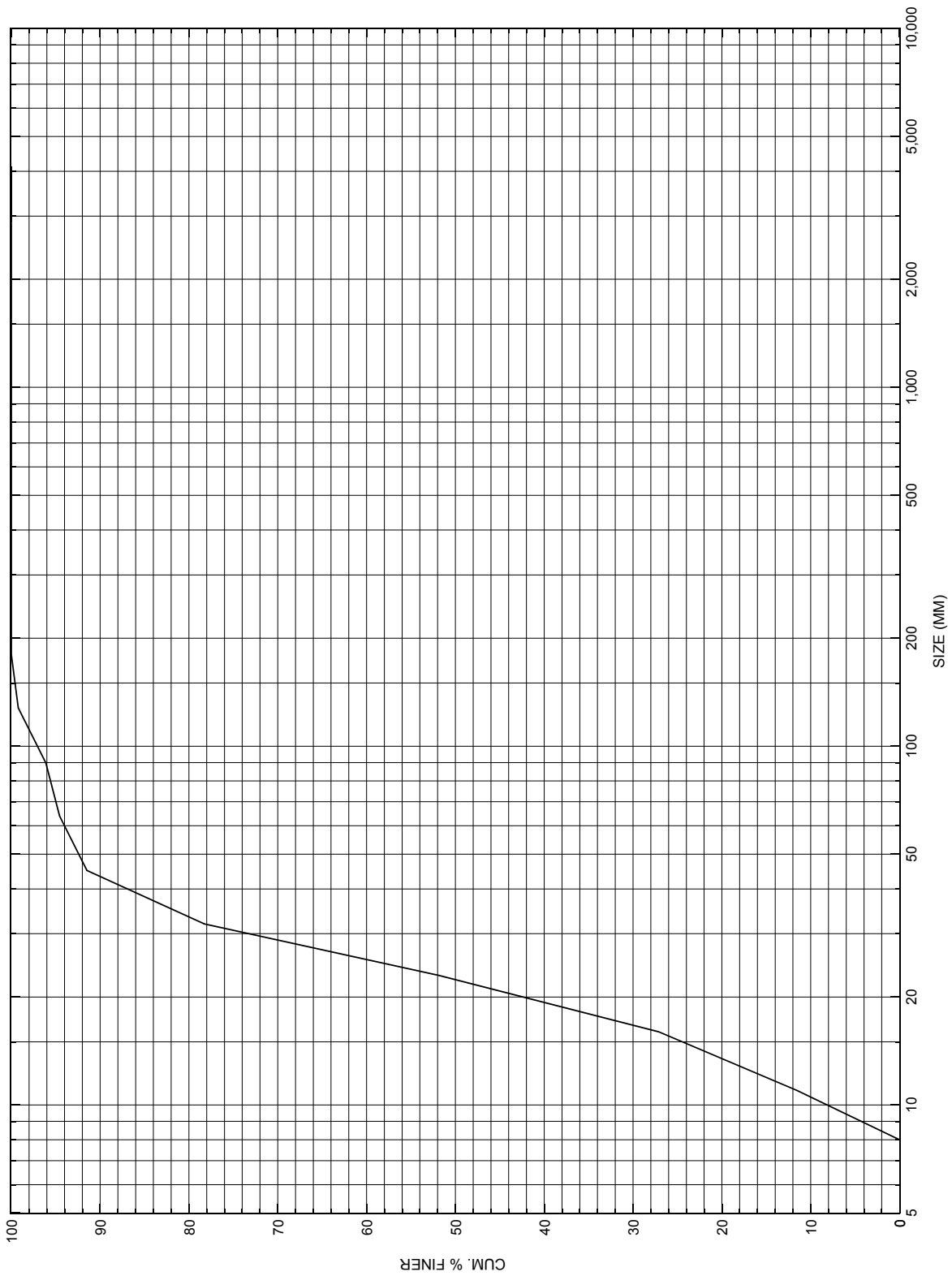
XSID:CODE	CRWS	FR#	YMIN	YMAX	HF	HO	VHD	EGL	WSEL
EXIT1:XS	791.74	0.25	776.44	825.90	*****	*****	0.25	796.56	796.31
FULLV:FV	*****	0.25	776.47	825.93	0.03	0.00	0.25	796.60	796.35
BRIDG:BR	783.04	0.25	775.10	791.70	*****	*****	0.45	792.15	791.70
RDWAY:RG	*****	*****	790.55	828.05	0.02	*****	0.24	797.13	796.03
APPR:AS	791.89	0.24	775.55	831.99	0.09	0.02	0.24	797.15	796.91
SURVA:XS	*****	0.23	776.73	831.99	0.01	0.00	0.23	797.16	796.93

ER

1 NORMAL END OF WSPRO EXECUTION.

APPENDIX C:

BED-MATERIAL PARTICAL-SIZE DISTRIBUTION



Appendix C. Bed material particle-size distributions for a pebble count transect at the approach cross-section for structure [HARDTH00420025](#), in [Hardwick, Vermont](#).

APPENDIX D:
HISTORICAL DATA FORM