

LEVEL II SCOUR ANALYSIS FOR BRIDGE 57 (BRIDTH00650057) on TOWN HIGHWAY 65, crossing BROAD BROOK, BRIDGEWATER, VERMONT

U.S. Geological Survey
Open-File Report 96-232

Prepared in cooperation with
VERMONT AGENCY OF TRANSPORTATION
and
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION



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BRIDGEWATER, VERMONT

By JOSEPH D. AYOTTE and SCOTT A. OLSON

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Pembroke, New Hampshire

1996

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BRUCE BABBITT, Secretary

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Gordon P. Eaton, Director

For additional information
write to:

District Chief
U.S. Geological Survey
361 Commerce Way
Pembroke, NH 03275

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CONTENTS

Introduction	1
Level II summary	7
Description of Bridge	7
Description of the Geomorphic Setting.....	8
Description of the Channel.....	8
Hydrology.....	9
Calculated Discharges	9
Description of the Water-Surface Profile Model (WSPRO) Analysis	10
Cross-Sections Used in WSPRO Analysis.....	10
Data and Assumptions Used in WSPRO Model	11
Bridge Hydraulics Summary.....	12
Scour Analysis Summary	13
Special Conditions or Assumptions Made in Scour Analysis.....	13
Scour Results.....	14
Rock Riprap Sizing	14
References.....	18
Appendixes:	
A. WSPRO input file.....	19
B. WSPRO output file.....	22
C. Bed-material particle-size distribution	29
D. Historical data form.....	31
E. Level I data form.....	37
F. Scour computations.....	47

FIGURES

1. Map showing location of study area on USGS 1:24,000 scale map	3
2. Map showing location of study area on Vermont Agency of Transportation town highway map	4
3. Structure BRIDTH00650057 viewed from upstream (October 25, 1994).....	5
4. Downstream channel viewed from structure BRIDTH00650057 (October 25, 1994).....	5
5. Upstream channel viewed from structure BRIDTH00650057 (October 25, 1994).....	6
6. Structure BRIDTH00650057 viewed from downstream (October 25, 1994).....	6
7. Water-surface profiles for the 100- and 500-year discharges at structure BRIDTH00650057 on Town Highway 65 , crossing Broad Brook , Bridgewater , Vermont.....	15
8. Scour elevations for the 100- and 500-year discharges at structure BRIDTH00650057 on Town Highway 65 , crossing Broad Brook , Bridgewater , Vermont.....	16

TABLES

1. Remaining footing/pile depth at abutments for the 100-year discharge at structure BRIDTH00650057 on Town Highway 65 , crossing Broad Brook , Bridgewater , Vermont.....	17
2. Remaining footing/pile depth at abutments for the 500-year discharge at structure BRIDTH00650057 on Town Highway 65 , crossing Broad Brook , Bridgewater , Vermont.....	17

CONVERSION FACTORS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND VERTICAL DATUM

Multiply	By	To obtain
Length		
inch (in.)	25.4	millimeter (mm)
foot (ft)	0.3048	meter (m)
mile (mi)	1.609	kilometer (km)
Slope		
foot per mile (ft/mi)	0.1894	meter per kilometer (m/km)
Area		
square mile (mi ²)	2.590	square kilometer (km ²)
Volume		
cubic foot (ft ³)	0.02832	cubic meter (m ³)
Velocity and Flow		
foot per second (ft/s)	0.3048	meter per second (m/s)
cubic foot per second (ft ³ /s)	0.02832	cubic meter per second (m ³ /s)
cubic foot per second per square mile [(ft ³ /s)/mi ²]	0.01093	cubic meter per second per square kilometer [(m ³ /s)/km ²]

OTHER ABBREVIATIONS

BF	bank full	LWW	left wingwall
cfs	cubic feet per second	MC	main channel
D ₅₀	median diameter of bed material	RAB	right abutment
DS	downstream	RABUT	face of right abutment
elev.	elevation	RB	right bank
f/p	flood plain	ROB	right overbank
ft ²	square feet	RWW	right wingwall
ft/ft	feet per foot	TH	town highway
JCT	junction	UB	under bridge
LAB	left abutment	US	upstream
LABUT	face of left abutment	USGS	United States Geological Survey
LB	left bank	VT AOT	Vermont Agency of Transportation
LOB	left overbank	WSPRO	water-surface profile model

In this report, the words “right” and “left” refer to directions that would be reported by an observer facing downstream.

Sea level: In this report, “sea level” refers to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929-- a geodetic datum derived from a general adjustment of the first-order level nets of the United States and Canada, formerly called Sea Level Datum of 1929.

In the appendices, the above abbreviations may be combined. For example, USLB would represent upstream left bank.

LEVEL II SCOUR ANALYSIS FOR BRIDGE 57 (BRIDTH00650057) ON TOWN HIGHWAY 65, CROSSING BROAD BROOK, BRIDGEWATER, VERMONT

By Joseph D. Ayotte and Scott A. Olson

INTRODUCTION

This report provides the results of a detailed Level II analysis of scour potential at structure BRIDTH00650057 on Town Highway 65 crossing Broad Brook, Bridgewater, Vermont (figures 1–8). A Level II study is a basic engineering analysis of the site, including a quantitative analysis of stream stability and scour (U.S. Department of Transportation, 1993). A Level I study is included in Appendix E of this report. A Level I study provides a qualitative geomorphic characterization of the study site. Information on the bridge, available from VTAOT files, was compiled prior to conducting Level I and Level II analyses and can be found in Appendix D.

The site is in the Green Mountain physiographic province of central Vermont in the town of Bridgewater. The 26.9-mi² drainage area is in a predominantly rural and forested basin. In the vicinity of the study site, the US left bank is forested; DS left bank is shrub and brushland; US right bank is lawn and the DS right bank has very little vegetation and is largely coincident with the Ottauquechee River.

In the study area, Broad Brook has an incised channel with a slope of approximately 0.0067 ft/ft, an average channel top width of 60 ft and an average channel depth of 3 ft. The predominant channel bed material is gravel (D_{50} is 46.2 mm or 0.151 ft). The geomorphic assessment at the time of the Level I and Level II site visit on October 25, 1994, indicated that the reach was stable.

The Town Highway 65 crossing of Broad Brook is a 47-ft-long, one-lane bridge consisting of one 44-ft steel-beam span with a timber deck, supported by vertical concrete abutments with wingwalls on the upstream and downstream sides (Vermont Agency of Transportation, written commun., August, 1994). The US right wingwall and road approach is protected by stone fill. The US and DS right wingwalls and the right abutment are reported as having 1.0 to 1.5 ft of scour at the time of the Level one assessment on 10/25/94. Erosion from road wash affects all road approach embankments. Broad Brook flows into the Ottauquechee River approximately 30 ft downstream of the bridge. The channel approach to the bridge is straight with the bridge skewed 20 degrees to flow and the opening skew-to-roadway is 0 degrees. Additional details describing conditions at the site are included in the Level II Summary and Appendices D and E.

Scour depths and rock rip-rap sizes were computed using the general guidelines described in Hydraulic Engineering Circular 18 (Richardson and others, 1993).

Total scour at a highway crossing is comprised of three components: 1) long-term aggradation or degradation; 2) contraction scour (due to reduction in flow area caused by a bridge) and; 3) local scour (caused by accelerated flow around piers and abutments). Total scour is the sum of the three components. Equations are available to compute scour depths for contraction and local scour and a summary of the results follows.

Contraction scour for all modelled flows ranged from 0.4 ft to 1.5 ft and the worst-case contraction scour occurred at the incipient overtopping discharge. Abutment scour ranged from 6.0 ft to 14.6 ft and the worst-case abutment scour occurred at the 100-year discharge. Scour depths and depths to armoring are summarized on p. 14 in the section titled “Scour Results”. Scour elevations, based on the calculated depths are presented in tables 1 and 2; a graph of the scour elevations is presented in figure 8. Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of erosive material and a homogeneous particle-size distribution.

For all scour presented in this report, “the scour depths adopted [by VTAOT] may differ from the equation values based on engineering judgement” (Richardson and others, 1993, p. 21, 27). It is generally accepted that the Froehlich equation (abutment scour) gives “excessively conservative estimates of scour depths” (Richardson and others, 1993, p. 48). Many factors, including historical performance during flood events, the geomorphic assessment, and the results of the hydraulic analyses, must be considered to properly assess the validity of abutment scour results.

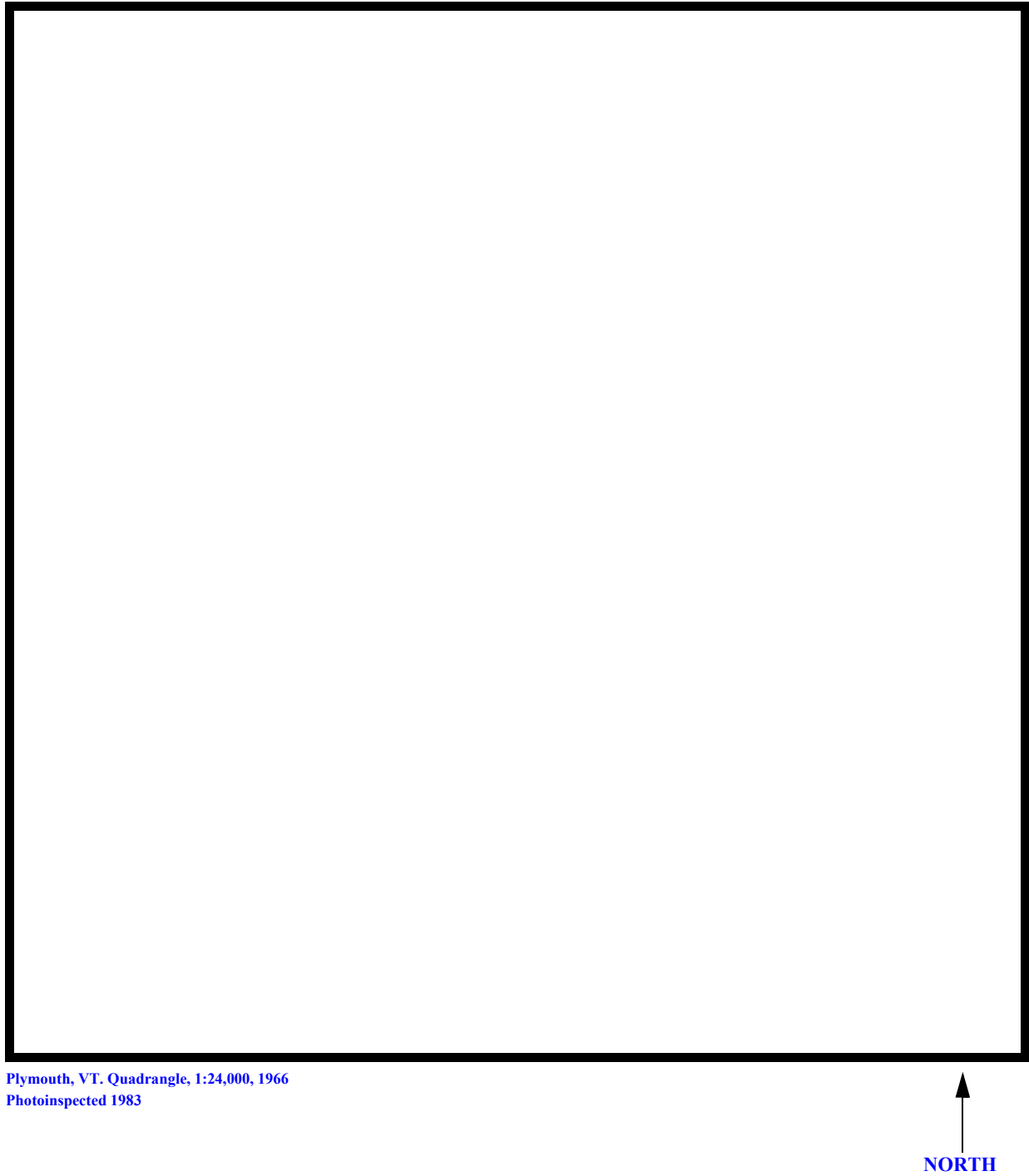


Figure 1. Location of study area on USGS 1:24,000 scale map.

Figure 2. Location of study area on Vermont Agency of Transportation town highway map.





LEVEL II SUMMARY

Structure Number BRIDTH00650057 **Stream** Broad Brook
County Windsor **Road** TH034 **District** 04

Description of Bridge

Bridge length 47 **ft** **Bridge width** 14.8 **ft** **Max span length** 44 **ft**
Alignment of bridge to road (on curve or straight) Straight
Abutment type Vertical **Embankment type** Sloping
Stone fill on abutment? No **Date of inspection** 10/25/94
Description of stone fill Type-2, around the upstream end of the upstream right wingwall is slumped.

Abutments and wingwalls are concrete. The right abutment footing is exposed with 1 to 1.5 ft of scour reported.

Is bridge skewed to flood flow according to N **' survey?** Y **Angle** 20
The bridge is located approximately 30 ft from confluence with the Ottawaquechee River.

Debris accumulation on bridge at time of Level I or Level II site visit:

	Date of inspection	Percent of channel blocked horizontally	Percent of channel blocked vertically
Level I	<u>10/25/94</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Level II	<u>Low.</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>--</u>

Potential for debris

None reported on 10/25/94.

Describe any features near or at the bridge that may affect flow (include observation date)

Description of the Geomorphic Setting

General topography The bridge is on the valley flat at the mouth of Broad Bk. approx. 30 ft from the confluence with the Ottawaquechee R.

Geomorphic conditions at bridge site: downstream (DS), upstream (US)

Date of inspection 10/25/94

DS left: widening flood plain into Ottawaquechee R. valley

DS right: widening flood plain into Ottawaquechee R. valley

US left: narrow flood plain to valley wall

US right: narrow flood plain to valley wall

Description of the Channel

Average top width 60 ^{ft} **Average depth** 3.3 ^{ft}
gravel gravel

Predominant bed material **Bank material** Narrow, incised
channel with only slight sinuosity.

Vegetative cover shrub and brush 10/25/94

DS left: Ottawaquechee R. valley flood plain

DS right: forest

US left: sloping lawn

US right: Y

Do banks appear stable? 10/25/94--Both the DS banks are reported to have light fluvial erosion and only the right bank US is reported to have light fluvial erosion.
~~date of observation.~~

10/25/94--None.

Describe any obstructions in channel and date of observation.

Hydrology

Drainage area 26.9 mi^2

Percentage of drainage area in physiographic provinces: (approximate)

Physiographic province	Percent of drainage area
<u>Green Mountain</u>	<u>100</u>

Is drainage area considered rural or urban? Rural Describe any significant urbanization: None. Area is mostly forested drainage.

Is there a USGS gage on the stream of interest? No

USGS gage description

USGS gage number

Gage drainage area mi^2 No

Is there a lake/p

	Calculated Discharges	
<u>6,000</u>	<u>7,800</u>	
<i>Q100</i>	<i>Q500</i>	ft^3/s

Q100 was taken from VTAOT files. Q500 was determined by extrapolating data from empirical methods (Potter, 1957a; Potter, 1957b; Johnson and Tasker, 1974; Federal Highway Administration, 1983).

Description of the Water-Surface Profile Model (WSPRO) Analysis

Datum for WSPRO analysis (USGS survey, sea level, VTAOT plans) USGS survey

Datum tie between USGS survey and VTAOT plans Add 1 ft to USGS datum to obtain VTAOT datum.

Description of reference marks used to determine USGS datum. RM1 is the center of chiseled X on the DS right abutment (elev. 499.99 feet, arbitrary survey datum). RM2 is the center of chiseled X on the US left abutment (elev. 500.07 feet, arbitrary survey datum).

Cross-Sections Used in WSPRO Analysis

¹ <i>Cross-section</i>	<i>Section Reference Distance (SRD) in feet</i>	² <i>Cross-section development</i>	<i>Comments</i>
EXITX	-21	1	Exit section
FULLV	0	2	Downstream full valley section (templated from EXITX)
BRIDG	0	1	Bridge opening
RDWAY	8	1	Roadway section
APTEM	80	1	Surveyed approach section used as a template.
APPRO	57	2	Modeled approach section (templated from APTEM).

¹ For location of cross-sections see plan-view sketch included with Level I field form, Appendix E.
For more detail on how cross-sections were developed see WSPRO input file.

Data and Assumptions Used in WSPRO Model

Hydraulic analyses of the reach were done by use of the Federal Highway Administration's WSPRO step-backwater computer program (Shearman and others, 1986, and Shearman, 1990). The analysis reported herein reflect conditions existing at the site at the time of the study. Furthermore, in the development of the model it was necessary to assume no accumulation of debris or ice at the site. Results of the hydraulic model are presented in the Bridge Hydraulic Summary, Appendix B, and figure 7.

Channel roughness factors (Manning's "n") used in the hydraulic model were estimated using field inspections at each cross section following the general guidelines described by Arcement, Jr. and Schneider (1989). Final adjustments to the values were made during the modelling of the reach. Channel "n" values for the reach ranged from 0.035 to 0.080, and overbank "n" values ranged from 0.035 to 0.037.

Normal depth at the exit section (EXITX) was assumed as the starting water surface. This depth was computed by use of the slope-conveyance method outlined in the User's manual for WSPRO (Shearman, 1990). The slope used was 0.0067 ft/ft which was estimated from the Plymouth VT. 1:24,000 scale topographic map (U.S. Geological Survey, 1966) in the vicinity of the bridge site. The field surveyed exit section was located between the DS bridge face and the confluence with the Ottauquechee River, approx. 30 ft downstream. The model was run assuming no backwater from the Ottauquechee River and assuming 'normal depth' in the exit section.

The surveyed approach section (APTEM) was moved along the approach channel slope (0.019 ft/ft) to establish the modelled approach section (APPRO), one bridge length upstream of the upstream face as recommended by Shearman and others (1986). This approach also provides a consistent method for determining scour variables.

The flow at modelled discharges was assumed to align with the abutments and therefore skew was not applied to the bridge (BRIDG) cross section.

The incipient overtopping discharge was determined to be 2,244 ft³/s.

Bridge Hydraulics Summary

Average bridge embankment elevation 500.1 ft
 Average low steel elevation 497.4 ft

100-year discharge 6,000 ft³/s
 Water-surface elevation in bridge opening 497.5 ft
 Road overtopping? Y Discharge over road 3278 ft³/s
 Area of flow in bridge opening 310 ft²
 Average velocity in bridge opening 8.9 ft/s
 Maximum WSPRO tube velocity at bridge 10.0 ft/s

Water-surface elevation at Approach section with bridge 500.6
 Water-surface elevation at Approach section without bridge 498.7
 Amount of backwater caused by bridge 1.9 ft

500-year discharge 7,800 ft³/s
 Water-surface elevation in bridge opening 497.5 ft
 Road overtopping? Y Discharge over road 5171 ft³/s
 Area of flow in bridge opening 310 ft²
 Average velocity in bridge opening 8.7 ft/s
 Maximum WSPRO tube velocity at bridge 9.8 ft/s

Water-surface elevation at Approach section with bridge 501.0
 Water-surface elevation at Approach section without bridge 499.2
 Amount of backwater caused by bridge 1.8 ft

Incipient overtopping discharge 2,244 ft³/s
 Water-surface elevation in bridge opening 494.5 ft
 Area of flow in bridge opening 188 ft²
 Average velocity in bridge opening 11.9 ft/s
 Maximum WSPRO tube velocity at bridge 13.9 ft/s

Water-surface elevation at Approach section with bridge 496.8
 Water-surface elevation at Approach section without bridge 495.4
 Amount of backwater caused by bridge 1.4 ft

Scour Analysis Summary

Special Conditions or Assumptions Made in Scour Analysis

Scour depths were computed using the general guidelines described in Hydraulic Engineering Circular 18 (Richardson and others, 1993). Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of erosive material and a homogeneous particle-size distribution. The results of the scour analysis are presented in tables 1 and 2 and a graph of the scour depths is presented in figure 8.

Contraction scour was computed by use of the clear-water contraction scour equation (Richardson and others, 1993, p. 35, equation 18) for the incipient road-overflow discharges. Contraction scour was computed by use of Chang pressure-flow scour equation (Richardson and others, 1995, p. 145-146) for the 100-year and 500-year discharges, where orifice flow was at the bridge. Contraction scour at bridges with orifice flow is best estimated by use of Chang pressure-flow scour equation (oral communication, J. Sterling Jones, October 4, 1996). The results of Laursen's clear-water contraction scour equation (Richardson and others, 1993, p. 35, equation 18) for the 100-year and 500-year discharges were also computed and can be found in appendix F. For contraction scour computations, the average depth in the contracted section (AREA/TOPWIDTH) is subtracted from the depth of flow computed by the scour equation (Y2) to determine the actual amount of scour. In this case, the incipient road-overflow model resulted in the worst case contraction scour with a scour depth of 1.5 ft. However, it was not the worst case total scour.

Abutment scour for the right abutment at all modelled discharges was computed by use of the Froehlich equation (Richardson and others, 1993, p. 49, equation 24). The Froehlich equation gives "excessively conservative estimates of scour depths" (Richardson and others, 1993, p. 48). Variables for the Froehlich equation include the Froude number of the flow approaching the embankments, the length of the embankment blocking flow, and the depth of flow approaching the embankment less any roadway overtopping.

Scour at the left abutment for all discharges was computed by use of the HIRE equation (Richardson and others, 1993, p. 50, equation 25) because the HIRE equation is recommended when the length to depth ratio of the embankment blocking flow exceeds 25. The variables used by the HIRE abutment-scour equation are defined the same as those defined for the Froehlich abutment-scour equation.

Scour Results

<i>Contraction scour:</i>	<i>100-yr discharge</i>	<i>500-yr discharge</i>	<i>Incipient overtopping discharge</i>
	<i>(Scour depths in feet)</i>		
<i>Main channel</i>			
<i>Live-bed scour</i>	--	--	--
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Clear-water scour</i>	0.6	0.4	1.5
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Depth to armoring</i>	3.2	2.7	1.4
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Left overbank</i>	--	--	--
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Right overbank</i>	--	--	--
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Local scour:</i>			
<i>Abutment scour</i>	10.9	13.2	6.0
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Left abutment</i>	14.6	13.4	7.7
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Right abutment</i>			
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Pier scour</i>	--	--	--
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Pier 1</i>	--	--	--
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Pier 2</i>	--	--	--
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Pier 3</i>			
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Rock Riprap Sizing

	<i>100-yr discharge</i>	<i>500-yr discharge</i>	<i>Incipient overtopping discharge</i>
	<i>(D₅₀ in feet)</i>		
<i>Abutments:</i>	1.5	1.5	1.8
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Left abutment</i>	1.5	1.5	1.8
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Right abutment</i>	--	--	--
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Piers:</i>	--	--	--
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Pier 1</i>	--	--	--
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Pier 2</i>			
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

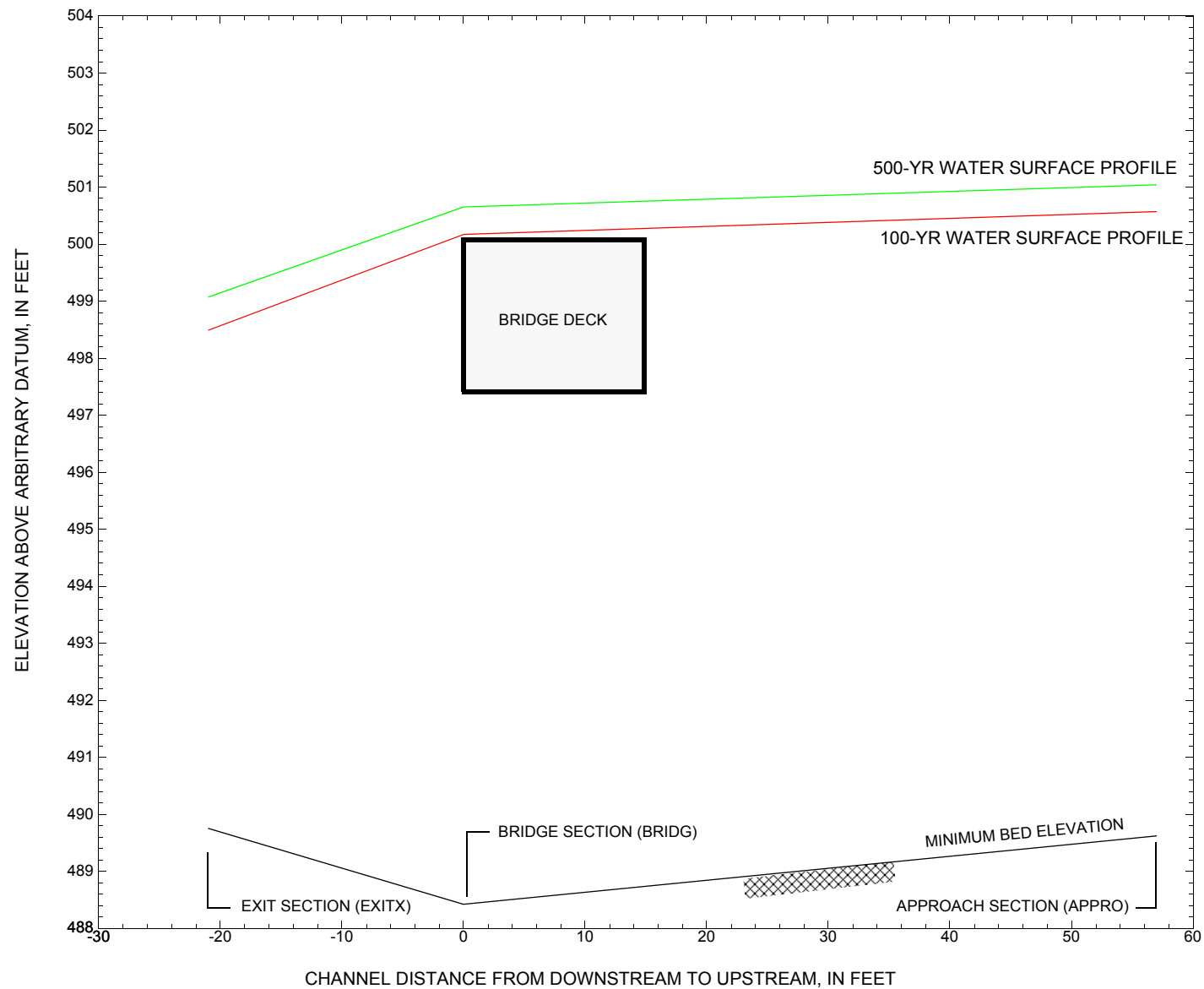


Figure 7. Water-surface profiles for the 100- and 500-yr discharges at structure [BRIDTH00650057](#) on town highway 65, crossing [Broad Brook, Bridgewater, Vermont](#).

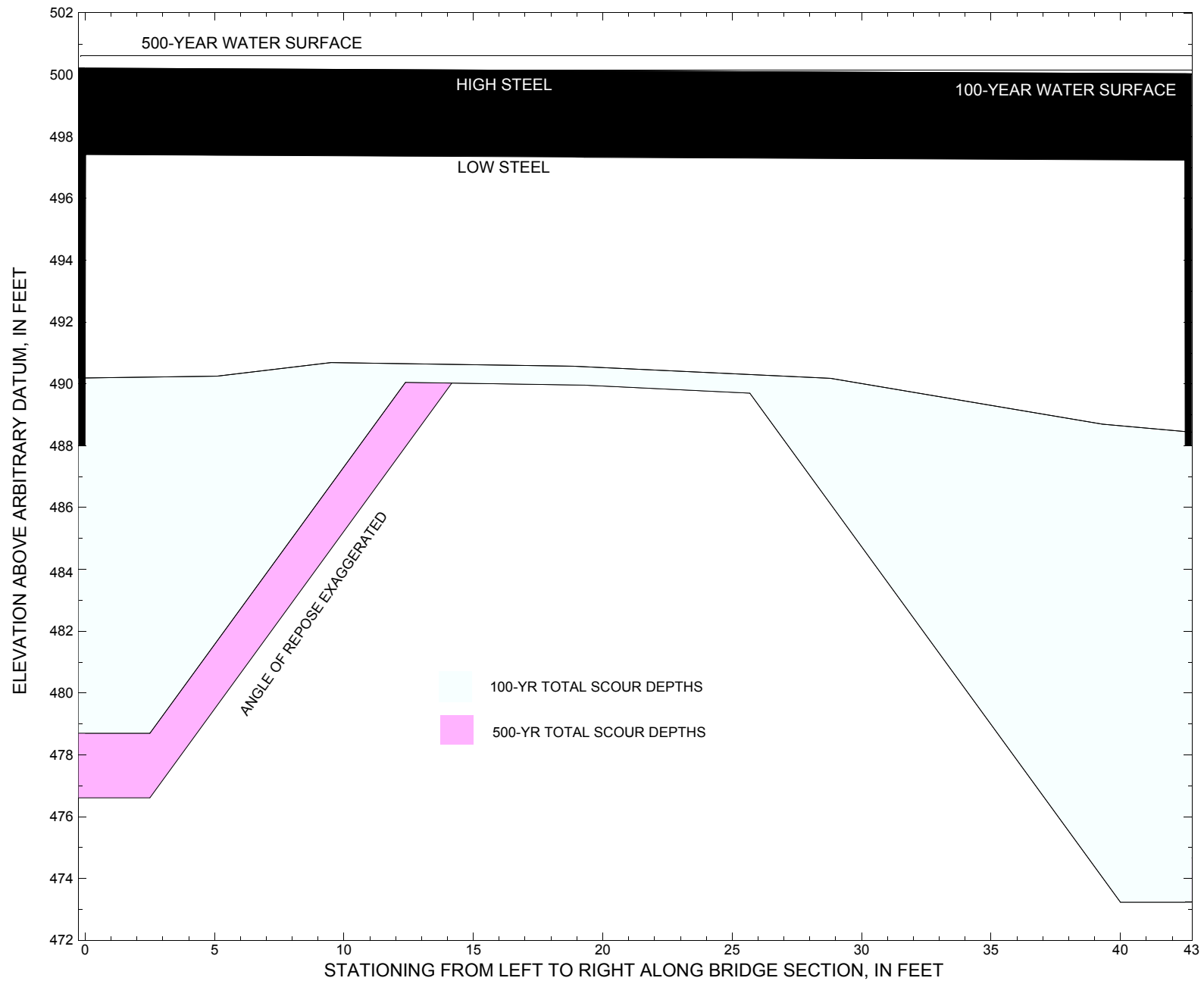


Figure 8. Scour elevations for the 100-yr and 500-yr discharges at structure [BRIDTH00650057](#) on town highway 65, crossing [Broad Brook, Bridgewater](#), Vermont.

Table 1. Remaining footing/pile depth at abutments for the 100-year discharge at structure BRIDTH00650057 on Town Highway 65, crossing Broad Brook, Bridgewater, Vermont.

[VTAOT, Vermont Agency of Transportation; --, no data]

Description	Station ¹	VTAOT plans' bridge seat elevation (feet)	Surveyed minimum low-chord elevation ² (feet)	Bottom of footing elevation ² (feet)	Channel elevation at abutment/pier ² (feet)	Contraction scour depth (feet)	Abutment scour depth (feet)	Pier scour depth (feet)	Depth of total scour (feet)	Elevation of scour ² (feet)	Remaining footing/pile depth (feet)
100-yr. discharge is 6,000 cubic-feet per second											
Left abutment	0.0	497.7	497.5	488	490.2	0.6	10.9	--	11.5	478.7	-9
Right abutment	42.5	498.0	497.2	488	488.4	0.6	14.6	--	15.2	473.2	-15

¹. Measured along the face of the most constricting side of the bridge.

². Arbitrary datum for this study.

Table 2. Remaining footing/pile depth at abutments for the 500-year discharge at structure BRIDTH00650057 on Town Highway 65, crossing Broad Brook, Bridgewater, Vermont.

[VTAOT, Vermont Agency of Transportation; --, no data]

Description	Station ¹	VTAOT plans' bridge seat elevation (feet)	Surveyed minimum low-chord elevation ² (feet)	Bottom of footing elevation ² (feet)	Channel elevation at abutment/pier ² (feet)	Contraction scour depth (feet)	Abutment scour depth (feet)	Pier scour depth (feet)	Depth of total scour (feet)	Elevation of scour ² (feet)	Remaining footing/pile depth (feet)
500-yr. discharge is 7,800 cubic-feet per second											
Left abutment	0.0	497.7	497.5	488	490.2	0.4	13.2	--	13.6	476.6	-11
Right abutment	42.5	498.0	497.2	488	488.4	0.4	13.4	--	13.8	474.6	-13

¹. Measured along the face of the most constricting side of the bridge.

². Arbitrary datum for this study.

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APPENDIX A:

WSPRO INPUT FILE

WSPRO INPUT FILE

```

T1      U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WSPRO INPUT FILE brid057.wsp
T2      CREATED ON 22-SEP-95 FOR BRIDGE BRIDTH00650057 USING FILE brid057.dca
T3      HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS OF BRID057      SAO
*
J3      6 29 30 552 553 551 5 16 17 13 3 * 15 14 23 21 11 12 4 7 3
*
Q      6000 7800 2244
SK      .0067 .0067 .0067
*      exit modelled w/ ds-most slope of 0.0067
*
XS      EXITX  -21
*      (SRD is where x-c was orig. surveyed)
GR      -265.6, 505.      -256.6, 499.93      -223.8, 499.43      -54.9, 496.39
GR      -22.1, 493.65      -0.4, 492.28      0.0, 490.51      4.1, 489.75
GR      12.8, 490.30      27.1, 489.86      29.3, 489.83      33.3, 489.98
GR      42.0, 489.97      45.6, 490.71      57.2, 492.87      83.0, 498.19
GR      135.6, 496.92      183.7, 496.51      226.7, 499.19      226.7, 505.
N      0.080      0.037
SA      -0.4
*
XS      FULLV  0 * * * -0.03
*      (from avg thalweg slope between exit and bridge; note: neg. slope)
*
BR      BRIDG  0 497.4
*      (orig. surveyed at SRD=14.5 which is the US face; data are shifted to
*      the DS face without correction for slope--assumed same elevation of
*      data points)
GR      0.0, 497.51      0.0, 490.18      5.1, 490.25      9.5, 490.69
GR      19.3, 490.56      28.8, 490.18      39.3, 488.70      42.5, 488.42
GR      42.5, 497.19      0.0, 497.51
N      0.035
CD      1 28.5 * * 45 8.5
*
XR      RDWAY  8 14.5 2
GR      -265.6, 505.      -265.6, 499.93      -156.2, 500.35      -56.2, 500.02
GR      0.0, 500.28      45.0, 499.99      84.3, 498.99      136.9, 496.92
GR      185.0, 496.51      228.0, 499.19      228.0, 505.
BP      0
*
XT      APTEM  80
*      (SRD is where x-c was orig. surveyed, 65.5, + 14.5 for deck width)
GR      -265.6, 505.      -256.6, 499.93      -223.8, 499.72      -54.9, 496.68
GR      -47.9, 495.66      -14.1, 496.19      -5.2, 492.42      0.0, 490.99
GR      2.4, 490.56      9.1, 490.06      20.4, 490.35      31.3, 490.23
GR      36.4, 490.89      48.6, 494.75      68.2, 496.74      94.0, 498.59
GR      103.4, 501.93      122.9, 506.02
*
AS      APPRO  57
*      (SRD is one bridge length plus deck width; GT correction is for
*      23 ft over a slope of 0.01911, which is the thalweg slope between
*      the approach x-c and the US bridge face x-c)
GT      -0.44

```

WSPRO INPUT FILE (continued)

N	0.035	0.060	0.037	0.045
SA	-54.9	-14.1	48.6	
BP	0			
*				
HP 1 BRIDG	497.51	1	497.51	
HP 2 BRIDG	497.51	*	*	2756
HP 2 RDWAY	500.17	*	*	3278
HP 1 APPRO	500.57	1	500.57	
HP 2 APPRO	500.57	*	*	6000
*				
HP 1 BRIDG	497.51	1	497.51	
HP 2 BRIDG	497.51	*	*	2700
HP 2 RDWAY	500.65	*	*	5171
HP 1 APPRO	501.04	1	501.04	
HP 2 APPRO	501.04	*	*	7800
*				
HP 1 BRIDG	494.49	1	494.49	
HP 2 BRIDG	494.49	*	*	2244
HP 1 APPRO	496.75	1	496.75	
HP 2 APPRO	496.75	*	*	2244
*				
EX				
ER				

APPENDIX B:

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE

CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES: ISEQ = 3; SECID = BRIDG; SRD = 0.

WSEL	SA#	AREA	K	TOPW	WETP	ALPH	LEW	REW	QCR
	1	310.	27836.	0.	101.				0.
497.51		310.	27836.	0.	101.	1.00	0.	43.	0.

1

VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 3; SECID = BRIDG; SRD = 0.

WSEL	LEW	REW	AREA	K	Q	VEL
497.51	0.0	42.5	310.1	27836.	2756.	8.89
X STA.	0.0	3.2	5.4		7.6	9.8
A(I)		23.3	16.0	15.3	15.0	15.0
V(I)		5.92	8.62	9.01	9.21	9.16
X STA.	12.0	14.2	16.3		18.5	20.6
A(I)		14.7	14.7	14.6	14.7	14.3
V(I)		9.35	9.37	9.47	9.40	9.61
X STA.	22.7	24.8	26.8		28.8	30.8
A(I)		14.5	14.2	14.2	14.1	14.0
V(I)		9.51	9.72	9.71	9.74	9.88
X STA.	32.6	34.4	36.2		37.9	39.8
A(I)		13.8	14.3	14.2	15.8	23.4
V(I)		9.98	9.63	9.73	8.72	5.88

1

VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 4; SECID = RDWAY; SRD = 8.

WSEL	LEW	REW	AREA	K	Q	VEL
500.17	-265.6	228.0	425.0	25853.	3278.	7.71
X STA.	-265.6	98.3	113.9		124.2	132.0
A(I)		63.0	31.7	26.3	22.5	20.7
V(I)		2.60	5.17	6.23	7.28	7.90
X STA.	138.5	144.4	149.8		155.1	160.1
A(I)		19.5	18.0	17.7	17.1	16.2
V(I)		8.39	9.11	9.25	9.60	10.10
X STA.	164.7	169.3	173.7		178.0	182.2
A(I)		16.0	15.7	15.2	15.3	15.4
V(I)		10.21	10.42	10.77	10.69	10.61
X STA.	186.5	191.0	196.3		202.5	211.2
A(I)		15.5	16.5	17.1	20.0	25.3
V(I)		10.60	9.91	9.58	8.18	6.49

1

CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES: ISEQ = 5; SECID = APPRO; SRD = 57.

WSEL	SA#	AREA	K	TOPW	WETP	ALPH	LEW	REW	QCR
	1	515.	40594.	204.	204.				4641.
	2	206.	15007.	41.	41.				2622.
	3	596.	105982.	63.	64.				10439.
	4	198.	15790.	52.	53.				2184.
500.57		1514.	177373.	359.	362.	1.55	-259.	101.	14156.

1

1 VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 5; SECID = APPRO; SRD = 57.

WSEL	LEW	REW	AREA	K	Q	VEL
500.57	-258.5	100.8	1514.5	177373.	6000.	3.96
X STA.	-258.5	-162.5	-119.7		-90.6	-66.6
A(I)		152.8	118.9	99.6	93.9	102.7
V(I)		1.96	2.52	3.01	3.20	2.92
X STA.	-44.2	-21.1	-6.2		-0.3	4.4
A(I)		118.3	85.4	54.1	47.7	46.6
V(I)		2.54	3.51	5.55	6.28	6.43
X STA.	8.7	12.9	17.1		21.4	25.6
A(I)		46.0	45.5	45.6	45.2	46.3
V(I)		6.53	6.59	6.58	6.63	6.47
X STA.	29.9	34.3	39.4		46.5	61.2
A(I)		46.9	49.8	57.0	85.1	126.8

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE (continued)

```

V(I)          6.40      6.02      5.26      3.52      2.37
1
*
CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES:  ISEQ = 3;  SECID = BRIDG;  SRD = 0.

WSEL  SA#    AREA      K  TOPW  WETP  ALPH  LEW  REW  QCR
      1      310.    27836.    0.   101.
497.51      310.    27836.    0.   101.  1.00   0.  43.   0.
1
VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION:  ISEQ = 3;  SECID = BRIDG;  SRD = 0.

WSEL  LEW  REW  AREA      K      Q  VEL
497.51  0.0  42.5  310.1  27836.  2700.  8.71

X STA.      0.0      3.2      5.4      7.6      9.8     12.0
A(I)         23.3      16.0      15.3      15.0     15.0
V(I)         5.80      8.44      8.83      9.02     8.98

X STA.     12.0      14.2      16.3      18.5     20.6     22.7
A(I)         14.7      14.7      14.6      14.7     14.3
V(I)         9.16      9.17      9.28      9.21     9.41

X STA.     22.7      24.8      26.8      28.8     30.8     32.6
A(I)         14.5      14.2      14.2      14.1     14.0
V(I)         9.32      9.53      9.51      9.54     9.68

X STA.     32.6      34.4      36.2      37.9     39.8     42.5
A(I)         13.8      14.3      14.2      15.8     23.4
V(I)         9.78      9.44      9.53      8.55     5.76
1
VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION:  ISEQ = 4;  SECID = RDWAY;  SRD = 8.

WSEL  LEW  REW  AREA      K      Q  VEL
500.65 -265.6  228.0  650.6  37619.  5171.  7.95

X STA.    -265.6      39.8      88.4      106.1     118.2     127.3
A(I)       150.2      56.0      38.5      33.2      29.1
V(I)        1.72      4.62      6.72      7.78      8.89

X STA.     127.3     134.9     141.6     147.8     153.7     159.3
A(I)        26.7      24.9      23.6      22.4      22.0
V(I)        9.68     10.39     10.94     11.52     11.74

X STA.     159.3     164.7     170.0     175.0     180.1     184.9
A(I)        21.4      21.0      20.3      20.5      19.7
V(I)       12.07     12.31     12.72     12.61     13.10

X STA.     184.9     190.0     195.7     202.9     211.9     228.0
A(I)        20.6      20.8      23.2      24.8      31.6
V(I)       12.57     12.45     11.14     10.42      8.19
1
CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES:  ISEQ = 5;  SECID = APPRO;  SRD = 57.

WSEL  SA#    AREA      K  TOPW  WETP  ALPH  LEW  REW  QCR
      1      610.    53803.    204.  205.
      2      225.    17410.     41.   41.
      3      626.    114852.    63.   64.
      4      223.    18901.     54.   54.
501.04    1684.    204965.    361.  364.  1.49 -259.  102. 16894.
1
VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION:  ISEQ = 5;  SECID = APPRO;  SRD = 57.

WSEL  LEW  REW  AREA      K      Q  VEL
501.04 -259.4  102.1  1683.9  204965.  7800.  4.63

X STA.    -259.4    -176.3    -134.8    -105.0     -80.6     -59.5
A(I)       160.4     123.8     108.3     100.5      95.6
V(I)         2.43      3.15      3.60      3.88      4.08

X STA.     -59.5    -37.3     -13.3      -3.8       1.8       6.6
A(I)       119.8     131.2     72.1      57.1      53.0
V(I)         3.26      2.97      5.41      6.83      7.36

X STA.         6.6     11.1      15.6      20.2      24.7      29.4
A(I)         51.4     51.2     51.2     50.7      51.9
V(I)         7.59      7.62      7.61      7.70      7.52

```

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE (continued)

```

X STA.      29.4      34.1      39.3      46.9      63.3      102.1
A(I)         52.7      54.6      64.0      99.9      134.6
V(I)         7.40      7.15      6.09      3.90      2.90

```

1

*

CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES: ISEQ = 3; SECID = BRIDG; SRD = 0.

```

WSEL  SA#    AREA      K  TOPW  WETP  ALPH  LEW  REW  QCR
      1      189.    18693.  43.   53.         0.  43.  2253.
494.49      189.    18693.  43.   53.  1.00    0.  43.  2253.

```

1

VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 3; SECID = BRIDG; SRD = 0.

```

WSEL  LEW  REW  AREA      K      Q  VEL
494.49  0.0  42.5  188.5  18693.  2244.  11.90

```

```

X STA.      0.0      3.4      5.8      8.1      10.5      12.9
A(I)         14.6      10.0      9.4      9.5      9.2
V(I)         7.69      11.24      11.99      11.87      12.19

```

```

X STA.      12.9      15.3      17.6      19.9      22.1      24.2
A(I)         9.2      8.9      8.9      8.9      8.6
V(I)        12.22      12.57      12.60      12.57      13.09

```

```

X STA.      24.2      26.3      28.3      30.2      32.0      33.6
A(I)         8.6      8.5      8.4      8.1      8.1
V(I)        12.99      13.14      13.32      13.77      13.90

```

```

X STA.      33.6      35.2      36.7      38.3      39.9      42.5
A(I)         8.1      8.1      8.5      9.5      15.3
V(I)        13.82      13.90      13.17      11.75      7.32

```

1

CROSS-SECTION PROPERTIES: ISEQ = 5; SECID = APPRO; SRD = 57.

```

WSEL  SA#    AREA      K  TOPW  WETP  ALPH  LEW  REW  QCR
      1       7.    124.    28.   28.         0.  21.
      2      50.   1415.    41.   41.         0.  313.
      3     357.  45041.    63.   64.         0.  4833.
      4      30.   1077.    26.   26.         0.  181.
496.75     444.  47657.   158.  160.  1.31  -83.  74.  3692.

```

1

VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION: ISEQ = 5; SECID = APPRO; SRD = 57.

```

WSEL  LEW  REW  AREA      K      Q  VEL
496.75 -83.2  74.5  443.8  47657.  2244.  5.06

```

```

X STA.     -83.2     -8.1     -2.7      0.8      3.7      6.3
A(I)         70.8      24.6      20.9      18.9      17.9
V(I)         1.58      4.55      5.36      5.95      6.26

```

```

X STA.       6.3      8.7      11.1      13.5      15.9      18.3
A(I)        17.1      17.0      16.6      16.8      16.7
V(I)        6.57      6.61      6.77      6.67      6.73

```

```

X STA.      18.3      20.7      23.2      25.6      28.1      30.4
A(I)        16.7      16.7      16.9      16.9      16.4
V(I)        6.72      6.73      6.62      6.65      6.82

```

```

X STA.      30.4      33.0      35.7      39.0      43.8      74.5
A(I)        17.4      18.3      19.3      22.6      45.3
V(I)        6.47      6.12      5.80      4.97      2.48

```

1

+++ BEGINNING PROFILE CALCULATIONS -- 3

```

XSID:CODE  SRDL  LEW  AREA  VHD  HF  EGL  CRWS  Q  WSEL
          SRD  FLEN  REW      K  ALPH  HO  ERR  FR#  VEL
EXITX:XS ***** -172.  1064.  0.71 ***** 499.20 497.64 6000. 498.49
          -21. ***** 215.  73250. 1.43 ***** ***** 0.72  5.64

```

===135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS.

"FULLV" KRATIO = 1.58

```

FULLV:FV  21. -230.  1505.  0.38  0.09 499.28 ***** 6000. 498.90
          0.  21.  227.  115983. 1.52  0.00 -0.01  0.48  3.99

```

<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE (continued)

===125 FR# EXCEEDS FNTEST AT SECID "APPRO": TRIALS CONTINUED.
FNTEST,FR#,WSEL,CRWS = 0.80 0.89 498.65 498.22

===110 WSEL NOT FOUND AT SECID "APPRO": REDUCED DELTAY.
WSLIM1,WSLIM2,DELTAY = 498.40 505.58 0.50

===115 WSEL NOT FOUND AT SECID "APPRO": USED WSMIN = CRWS.
WSLIM1,WSLIM2,CRWS = 498.40 505.58 498.22

APPRO:AS 57. -190. 874. 1.20 0.19 499.88 498.22 6000. 498.67
57. 57. 95. 93819. 1.64 0.41 0.00 0.89 6.86
<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>

===255 ATTEMPTING FLOW CLASS 3 (6) SOLUTION.
WS3N,LSEL = 498.90 497.40

<<<<RESULTS REFLECTING THE CONSTRICTED FLOW FOLLOW>>>>

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
BRIDG:BR	21.	0.	310.	1.23	*****	498.74	495.14	2756.	497.51
0.	*****	43.	27836.	1.00	*****	*****	0.58	8.89	

TYPE	PPCD	FLOW	C	P/A	LSEL	BLEN	XLAB	XRAB
1.	****	6.	0.800	0.000	497.40	*****	*****	*****

XSID:CODE	SRD	FLEN	HF	VHD	EGL	ERR	Q	WSEL
RDWAY:RG	8.	43.	0.05	0.38	500.90	0.01	3278.	500.17

	Q	WLEN	LEW	REW	DMAV	DAVG	VMAV	VAVG	HAVG	CAVG
LT:	302.	145.	-266.	23.	0.2	0.1	3.8	22.6	0.8	2.8
RT:	2976.	205.	23.	228.	3.7	2.0	7.9	7.2	2.7	3.2

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
APPRO:AS	29.	-259.	1515.	0.38	0.13	500.95	498.22	6000.	500.57
57.	34.	101.	177411.	1.55	0.00	0.01	0.42	3.96	

M(G)	M(K)	KQ	XLKQ	XRKQ	OTEL
*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****

<<<<END OF BRIDGE COMPUTATIONS>>>>

FIRST USER DEFINED TABLE.

XSID:CODE	SRD	LEW	REW	Q	K	AREA	VEL	WSEL
EXITX:XS	-21.	-172.	215.	6000.	73250.	1064.	5.64	498.49
FULLV:FV	0.	-230.	227.	6000.	115983.	1505.	3.99	498.90
BRIDG:BR	0.	0.	43.	2756.	27836.	310.	8.89	497.51
RDWAY:RG	8.	*****	302.	3278.	*****	*****	2.00	500.17
APPRO:AS	57.	-259.	101.	6000.	177411.	1515.	3.96	500.57

XSID:CODE	XLKQ	XRKQ	KQ
APPRO:AS	*****	*****	*****

SECOND USER DEFINED TABLE.

XSID:CODE	CRWS	FR#	YMIN	YMAX	HF	HO	VHD	EGL	WSEL
EXITX:XS	497.64	0.72	489.75	505.00	*****	*****	0.71	499.20	498.49
FULLV:FV	*****	0.48	489.12	504.37	0.09	0.00	0.38	499.28	498.90
BRIDG:BR	495.14	0.58	488.42	497.51	*****	*****	1.23	498.74	497.51
RDWAY:RG	*****	*****	496.51	505.00	0.05	*****	0.38	500.90	500.17
APPRO:AS	498.22	0.42	489.62	505.58	0.13	0.00	0.38	500.95	500.57

1

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
EXITX:XS	*****	-204.	1302.	0.82	*****	499.90	498.23	7800.	499.07
-21.	*****	225.	95233.	1.48	*****	*****	0.74	5.99	

===135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS.
"FULLV" KRATIO = 1.56

FULLV:FV	21.	-257.	1803.	0.46	0.09	499.98	*****	7800.	499.53
0.	21.	227.	148938.	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.50	4.33	

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE (continued)

<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>

===125 FR# EXCEEDS FNTEST AT SECID "APPRO": TRIALS CONTINUED.
FNTEST,FR#,WSEL,CRWS = 0.80 0.94 499.22 499.02

===110 WSEL NOT FOUND AT SECID "APPRO": REDUCED DELTAY.
WSLIM1,WSLIM2,DELTAY = 499.03 505.58 0.50

===115 WSEL NOT FOUND AT SECID "APPRO": USED WSMIN = CRWS.
WSLIM1,WSLIM2,CRWS = 499.03 505.58 499.02

APPRO:AS 57. -221. 1040. 1.45 0.21 500.68 499.02 7800. 499.22
57. 57. 97. 113136. 1.66 0.50 -0.01 0.94 7.50

<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>

===255 ATTEMPTING FLOW CLASS 3 (6) SOLUTION.
WS3N,LSEL = 499.53 497.40

<<<<RESULTS REFLECTING THE CONSTRICTED FLOW FOLLOW>>>>

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
BRIDG:BR	21.	0.	310.	1.18	*****	498.69	495.07	2700.	497.51
	0. *****	43.	27836.	1.00	*****	*****	0.57	8.71	

TYPE	PPCD	FLOW	C	P/A	LSEL	BLEN	XLAB	XRAB
1.	****	6.	0.800	0.000	497.40	*****	*****	*****

XSID:CODE	SRD	FLEN	HF	VHD	EGL	ERR	Q	WSEL
RDWAY:RG	8.	43.	0.06	0.50	501.48	0.01	5171.	500.65

	Q	WLEN	LEW	REW	DMAX	DAVG	VMAX	VAVG	HAVG	CAVG
LT:	1253.	288.	-266.	23.	0.7	0.5	5.0	8.9	1.3	2.9
RT:	3918.	205.	23.	228.	4.1	2.5	8.6	7.7	3.3	3.2

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
APPRO:AS	29.	-259.	1684.	0.50	0.17	501.54	499.02	7800.	501.04
	57.	36.	102.	205005.	1.49	0.00	0.01	0.46	4.63

M(G) M(K) KQ XLKQ XRKQ OTEL

FIRST USER DEFINED TABLE.

XSID:CODE	SRD	LEW	REW	Q	K	AREA	VEL	WSEL
EXITX:XS	-21.	-204.	225.	7800.	95233.	1302.	5.99	499.07
FULLV:FV	0.	-257.	227.	7800.	148938.	1803.	4.33	499.53
BRIDG:BR	0.	0.	43.	2700.	27836.	310.	8.71	497.51
RDWAY:RG	8.	*****	1253.	5171.	*****	*****	2.00	500.65
APPRO:AS	57.	-259.	102.	7800.	205005.	1684.	4.63	501.04

XSID:CODE XLKQ XRKQ KQ
APPRO:AS *****
SECOND USER DEFINED TABLE.

XSID:CODE	CRWS	FR#	YMIN	YMAX	HF	HO	VHD	EGL	WSEL
EXITX:XS	498.23	0.74	489.75	505.00	*****	*****	0.82	499.90	499.07
FULLV:FV	*****	0.50	489.12	504.37	0.09	0.00	0.46	499.98	499.53
BRIDG:BR	495.07	0.57	488.42	497.51	*****	*****	1.18	498.69	497.51
RDWAY:RG	*****	*****	496.51	505.00	0.06	*****	0.50	501.48	500.65
APPRO:AS	499.02	0.46	489.62	505.58	0.17	0.00	0.50	501.54	501.04

1

XSID:CODE	SRDL	LEW	AREA	VHD	HF	EGL	CRWS	Q	WSEL
SRD	FLEN	REW	K	ALPH	HO	ERR	FR#	VEL	
EXITX:XS	*****	-37.	316.	0.98	*****	495.83	494.12	2244.	494.86
	-21. *****	67.	27412.	1.24	*****	*****	0.80	7.11	

===135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS.
"FULLV" KRATIO = 1.53

FULLV:FV	21.	-51.	449.	0.52	0.09	495.93	*****	2244.	495.41
	0.	21.	73.	42040.	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.53	4.99

<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>

WSPRO OUTPUT FILE (continued)

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===135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS.
              "APPRO"      KRATIO = 0.68

APPRO:AS      57.   -49.    276.  1.06  0.24  496.42  *****  2244.  495.36
              57.    57.    59.  28733.  1.03  0.27   -0.01   0.79   8.12
              <<<<<THE ABOVE RESULTS REFLECT "NORMAL" (UNCONSTRICTED) FLOW>>>>>
===215 FLOW CLASS 1 SOLUTION INDICATES POSSIBLE ROAD OVERFLOW.
              WS1, WSSD, WS3, RGMIN = 496.75      0.00      494.49      496.51

===260 ATTEMPTING FLOW CLASS 4 SOLUTION.

===240 NO DISCHARGE BALANCE IN 15 ITERATIONS.
              WS, QBO, QRD = 496.70      2217.      27.
===280 REJECTED FLOW CLASS 4 SOLUTION.

===245 ATTEMPTING FLOW CLASS 2 (5) SOLUTION.

===250 INSUFFICIENT HEAD FOR PRESSURE FLOW.
              YU/Z, WSIU, WS = 1.09      498.05      498.10

===270 REJECTED FLOW CLASS 2 (5) SOLUTION.

              <<<<<RESULTS REFLECTING THE CONSTRICTED FLOW FOLLOW>>>>>

XSID:CODE    SRDL    LEW    AREA    VHD    HF    EGL    CRWS    Q    WSEL
              SRD    FLEN    REW    K    ALPH    HO    ERR    FR#    VEL

BRIDG:BR      21.     0.    188.  2.20  0.21  496.69  494.45  2244.  494.49
              0.     21.    43.  18688.  1.00  0.33   0.00   1.00  11.91

              TYPE PPCD FLOW      C    P/A    LSEL    BLEN    XLAB    XRAB
              1.  ****  1.  1.000  *****  497.40  *****  *****  *****

              XSID:CODE    SRD    FLEN    HF    VHD    EGL    ERR    Q    WSEL
RDWAY:RG      8.              <<<<<EMBANKMENT IS NOT OVERTOPPED>>>>>

XSID:CODE    SRDL    LEW    AREA    VHD    HF    EGL    CRWS    Q    WSEL
              SRD    FLEN    REW    K    ALPH    HO    ERR    FR#    VEL
- APPRO:AS      29.   -83.    444.  0.52  0.17  497.27  494.37  2244.  496.75
              57.    30.    75.  47692.  1.31  0.41   0.00   0.61   5.05

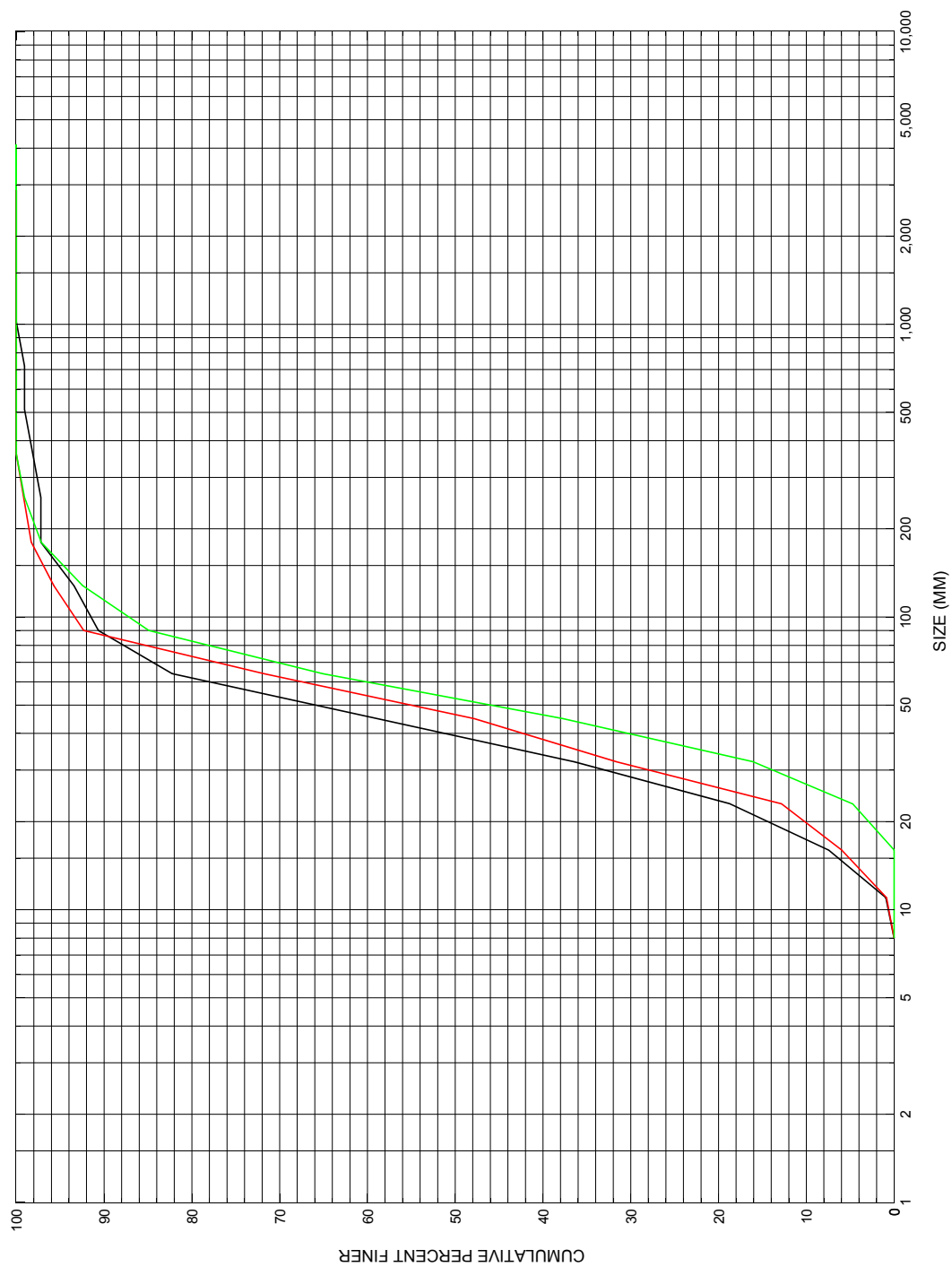
              M(G)    M(K)      KQ    XLKQ    XRKQ    OTEL
              0.606  0.154  40334.  -5.    38.    496.66
              <<<<<END OF BRIDGE COMPUTATIONS>>>>>
FIRST USER DEFINED TABLE.
              XSID:CODE    SRD    LEW    REW    Q    K    AREA    VEL    WSEL
EXITX:XS      -21.   -37.    67.    2244.  27412.  316.    7.11  494.86
FULLV:FV       0.   -51.    73.    2244.  42040.  449.    4.99  495.41
BRIDG:BR       0.     0.    43.    2244.  18688.  188.   11.91  494.49
RDWAY:RG       8. *****  0.     0.     0.     2.00 *****
APPRO:AS       57.   -83.    75.    2244.  47692.  444.    5.05  496.75
              XSID:CODE    XLKQ    XRKQ      KQ
APPRO:AS       -5.    38.    40334.

SECOND USER DEFINED TABLE.
              XSID:CODE    CRWS    FR#    YMIN    YMAX    HF    HO    VHD    EGL    WSEL
EXITX:XS      494.12    0.80  489.75  505.00 *****  0.98  495.83  494.86
FULLV:FV      *****    0.53  489.12  504.37  0.09  0.00  0.52  495.93  495.41
BRIDG:BR      494.45    1.00  488.42  497.51  0.21  0.33  2.20  496.69  494.49
RDWAY:RG      *****    496.51  505.00 *****  0.24  498.31 *****
APPRO:AS      494.37    0.61  489.62  505.58  0.17  0.41  0.52  497.27  496.75
ER
1 NORMAL END OF WSPRO EXECUTION.

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APPENDIX C:

BED-MATERIAL PARTICAL-SIZE DISTRIBUTION



Appendix C. Bed material particle-size distributions for three pebble count transects at the approach cross-section for structure [BRIDTH00650057](#), in Bridgewater, Vermont.

APPENDIX D:
HISTORICAL DATA FORM