

# Modified Level II Streambed-Scour Analysis for Structure I-70-104-5128 Crossing Brandywine Creek in Hancock County, Indiana

By ROBERT L. MILLER, BRET A. ROBINSON, and  
DAVID C. VOELKER

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For additional information, write to:  
District Chief  
U.S. Geological Survey  
Water Resources Division  
5957 Lakeside Boulevard  
Indianapolis, IN 46278-1996

Copies of this report can be purchased from:  
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## CONVERSION FACTORS AND ABBREVIATIONS

<b>Multiply</b>	<b>By</b>	<b>To obtain</b>
inch (in.)	25.4	millimeter
foot (ft)	0.3048	meter
square foot (ft <sup>2</sup> )	929.0	square centimeter
feet per second (ft/s)	0.3048	meters per second
cubic foot per second (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)	0.02832	cubic meter per second
mile (mi)	1.609	kilometer
square mile (mi <sup>2</sup> )	2.590	square kilometer

### Abbreviations used in this report:

D <sub>50</sub>	median diameter of bed material
Q <sub>100</sub>	100-year discharge
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency
HEC	Hydraulic Engineering Circular
IDNR	Indiana Department of Natural Resources
INDOT	Indiana Department of Transportation
USGS	U. S. Geological Survey
WSPRO	Water Surface PROfile model

# Modified Level II Streambed-Scour Analysis for Structure I-70-104-5128 Crossing Brandywine Creek in Hancock County, Indiana

By Robert L. Miller, Bret A. Robinson, *and* David C. Voelker

## ABSTRACT

Level II scour evaluations follow a process in which hydrologic, hydraulic, and sediment-transport data are evaluated to calculate the depth of scour that may result when a given discharge is routed through a bridge opening. The results of the modified Level II analysis for structure I-70-104-5128 on Interstate 70 crossing Brandywine Creek in Hancock County, Indiana, are presented. The site is near the town of Greenfield in the central part of Hancock County. Scour depths were computed with the Water Surface PROfile model, version V050196, which incorporates the scour-calculation procedures outlined in Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 18. Total scour depths at the piers were approximately 6.5 feet for the modeled discharge of 6,900 cubic feet per second and approximately 8.0 feet for the modeled discharge of 9,140 cubic feet per second.

## INTRODUCTION

The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), in cooperation with the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT), is conducting Level II scour analyses at a number of bridges throughout Indiana. This report describes the methods applied and the modeling results for bridge I-70-104-5128.

### **Background and Scope**

Level I scour assessment is a process where a large number of bridges are studied as a group. Assessments usually are made by evaluating a combination of geomorphic, hydrologic, and bridge-characteristic data. The results help investigators determine which bridges appear to be most likely to experience streambed-scour problems and which bridges appear to be relatively immune to problems brought on by streambed scour (for example, bridges built on bedrock).

When applied correctly, Level I scour assessments provide an investigator with information to identify those bridges that appear to be relatively safe and those bridges that fall into higher risk categories.

Level II scour evaluations describe the process for an investigator to apply a model to a bridge site and calculate the potential depth of scour that may result from a given flood event. Level II analyses involve the application of basic hydrologic, hydraulic, and sediment-transport engineering concepts and may include an evaluation of flood history, channel hydraulic conditions (for example, water-surface profile analysis), and basic sediment-transport analyses such as scour calculations (Lagasse and others, 1995).

The methods and model outlined in Hydraulic Engineering Circular (HEC) No. 18 (Richardson and Davis, 1995) formulate the basis for Level II scour evaluations. Methods used in this study for Level II scour evaluations are a modification of the HEC-18 standards. These modifications were made to comply with the methodology requested by INDOT (Merril Dougherty, Indiana Department of Transportation, oral commun., 1996). Descriptions of the specific modifications are given in the “Evaluation Methods” section of this report.

This report presents the methods followed for modeling, special considerations for this study site, and the input for and the output from the Water Surface PROfile (WSPRO) model.

### **Site Description**

The study site is located near the town of Greenfield in the central part of Hancock County. The drainage area for the site is approximately 33.8 mi<sup>2</sup> (estimated using Hoggatt, 1975, and USGS 7.5-minute topographic data). The predominant land use in the basin is agricultural; in the immediate vicinity of the bridge, the land is predominantly forest with some pasture land nearby.

Within the immediate vicinity of the bridge, Brandywine Creek has a channel-bed slope of approximately 0.000694 ft/ft. The channel-bed material is gravelly sandy silt-clay, and the channel banks consist of gravelly sandy silt-clay. At the time of the Level I site visit on August 4, 1994, the banks were observed to have 0 to 50 percent woody vegetative cover; the field report noted that the banks were experiencing fluvial erosion.

The Interstate 70 crossing of Brandywine Creek is a 150-ft-long, multi-lane bridge consisting of three spans supported by concrete and steel piers and sloping concrete spill-through abutments. Additional details describing conditions at the site are included in the Level I data base (Hopkins and Robinson, unpub. data, 1997). Photographs of the site, taken at the time of the Level I site visit, are archived at the USGS office in Indianapolis.

## EVALUATION METHODS

The methods described in this section apply to a number of bridge sites in Indiana being evaluated for scour and outline the procedures requested by INDOT for these modified Level II scour analyses. The principal modification requested by INDOT was that the input data to the model come from or be estimated from existing data sources; no additional field data were collected. Actual methods used in the scour evaluation at this particular bridge site use the most applicable method possible, given the data available.

To determine drainage area, either published values found in Hoggatt (1975) or 7.5-minute topographic maps with Hoggatt's original drainage-area delineations were used. Where there are no published data, drainage-area segments measured from the maps produced by Hoggatt were either subtracted from downstream sites or added to upstream sites published by Hoggatt (1975).

In Indiana, flood discharges are coordinated by agreement among State and Federal agencies. At sites where flood discharges officially are coordinated among State and Federal agencies in Indiana, the coordinated 100-year discharge (Q100) was modeled. INDOT also provided an additional flood discharge for these coordinated sites in excess of the Q100 to be modeled.

If a flood discharge was not coordinated, the USGS examined Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) studies for Q100 determinations. Where FEMA studies did not produce a Q100, the USGS contacted IDNR for an estimated Q100 in the vicinity of the site being studied. If IDNR did not have a Q100, data from nearby USGS streamflow-gaging stations were analyzed with nearby and similar drainage basins that have been coordinated. At sites having no coordinated discharge data, the two discharges used in the model were 1) the approximated Q100 and 2) a discharge equal to 1.7 times the approximated Q100.

Most of the cross-section and bridge-opening geometry data were taken from the bridge plans (Indiana State Highway Commission, 1988) provided by INDOT. Bridge plans are presumed to be representative of current conditions at the site. To determine the cross-section geometry, a line was drawn on the bridge plans parallel to the bridge stationing and approximately one bridge width from the bridge. For sites where the bridge plans did not extend far enough laterally for collection of all cross-section data required for WSPRO model analysis, additional data were collected from USGS 7.5-minute topographic maps.

The roadway and embankment profile was taken from the bridge and highway plans for those sites where roadway overtopping was expected. The INDOT bridge plans and 7.5-minute topographic maps were used as a guide, based on the water-surface elevations calculated by the WSPRO model, to determine if roadway overtopping might occur.

Roughness values ( $n$ -values) for the main channel were estimated by viewing photographs archived from the Level I scour assessments. The  $n$ -values for the overbanks were assigned on the basis of the surface-cover data summarized in the Level I data base (Hopkins and Robinson, unpub. data, 1997). From those data, the following roughness values were assigned to the surface-cover categories: urban—0.050, suburban—0.035, row crop—0.045, pasture—0.035, brush—0.120, forest—0.100, and wetland (any area covered by standing water)—0.100. The  $n$ -values for the overbanks were adjusted if the Level I photographs provided sufficient detail to warrant an adjustment.

WSPRO version V050196 was used to model flow through the study site. Starting water-surface elevation was obtained with a slope-conveyance computation. The channel-bed slope in the immediate vicinity of the bridge was estimated from the 7.5-minute topographic map and was used as the slope of the energy grade line for this computation.

WSPRO version V050196 includes a field that allows the input of up to four scour-adjustment factors (K1 to K4). For this modeling, the default value for K4 (bed armoring) was chosen. For scour-adjustment factors K1 and K2 (pier-nose shape and angle of attack, respectively), input values were determined by evaluating the data archived in the Level I data base (Hopkins and Robinson, unpub. data, 1997). For the K3 factor (bed forms), a value of 1.1 was applied in all cases.

In some cases, piers set on the overbanks are constructed with footings that are higher in elevation than pier footings in the main channel. In these situations, if the channel position changes, the piers that were initially constructed on the overbank may become part of the main channel. Therefore, to evaluate total potential scour, the model results obtained for contraction scour and deepest local scour in the main channel were added and applied to all piers in the bridge opening. This methodology allowed for an evaluation of potential undermining of pier supports in the event that future channel movement placed overbank piers in the main channel.

Where bridge pairs have a continuous abutment or fill between the bridges that does not allow expansion of flow, the bridge pair was modeled as one bridge. Sites with discontinuous abutments, allowing expansion between the bridges, were modeled as two separate bridges. In those cases, a valley cross section was measured between the bridges and used as the approach section for the downstream bridge and as the exit section for the upstream bridge.

At sites with no embankment to function as a weir or at sites where the tailwater drowns out the embankment, a composite bridge and road section was used to compute flow. Those sites were computed with friction-loss equations rather than with a bridge routine.

Total scour is taken as the sum of local scour plus contraction scour. If the model predicted negative contraction scour (aggradation), the contraction-scour value was assumed to be zero in determining the total scour depth (table 1). This assumption was made so that a negative contraction scour would not mask the potentially detrimental effects of local scour at a pier. No abutment scour evaluations were made in this study.



**Table 1.** Cumulative scour depths for the modeled discharges at structure I-70-104-5128 crossing Brandywine Creek in Hancock County, Indiana  
[--, no value]

Pier number <sup>1</sup>	Stationing from bridge plans <sup>2</sup>	Initial bed-elevation at pier (feet)	Main-channel contraction scour depth (feet)	Local scour depth (feet)	Worst-case total-scour depth <sup>3</sup> (feet)	Bottom elevation of pier (feet)	Worst-case bed elevation after scour <sup>4</sup> (feet)
<b>Modeled discharge<sup>5</sup> is 6,900 cubic feet per second</b>							
1	813+08	866	1.1	5.4	6.5	861.5	859.7
2	813+70	866	1.1	5.4	6.5	861.5	859.7
<b>Modeled discharge is 9,140 cubic feet per second</b>							
1	813+08	866	2.0	6.0	8.0	861.5	858.2
2	813+70	866	2.0	6.0	8.0	861.5	858.2

<sup>1</sup>Pier numbers were assigned from left to right as shown on the bridge plans.

<sup>2</sup>Stationing is the center line of the pier as determined from the bridge plans. Stationing from bridge plan, 813+08, represents a point 81,308 feet from an arbitrary starting location referenced on the bridge plans.

<sup>3</sup>Worst-case total-scour depths are generated by summing the calculated contraction-scour depth with the worst case of local scour.

<sup>4</sup>Worst-case bed elevation is computed by subtracting the worst-case total-scour depth from the lowest initial bed elevation in the bridge opening (866.2 feet).

<sup>5</sup>Coordinated discharge.

## **SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Model runs indicate the water-surface elevation at the bridge is lower than the low-steel elevation for the modeled discharges. Therefore, there should be no pressure flow through the bridge opening for the discharges modeled.

## **RESULTS**

Scour depths were computed with a version of WSPRO (Larry Arneson, Federal Highway Administration, written commun., 1996) modified from Shearman (1990). This version of WSPRO includes scour calculations in the model output. Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of material that could erode and a homogeneous particle-size distribution. The results of the scour analysis are presented in table 1; a complete input file and output results are presented in the appendix.

## **REFERENCES**

- Hoggatt, R.E., 1975, Drainage areas of Indiana streams: U.S. Geological Survey, Water Resources Division, 231 p.
- Indiana State Highway Commission, 1988, Bridge plans Interstate Route 70: Bridge File I-70-104-5128.
- Lagasse, P.F.; Schall, J.D.; Johnson, F.; Richardson, E.V.; and Chang, F., 1995, Stream stability at highway structures (2d ed.): Federal Highway Administration, Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 20, Publication FHWA-IP-90-014, 144 p.
- Richardson, E.V., and Davis, S.R., 1995, Evaluating scour at bridges (3d ed.): Federal Highway Administration, Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 18, Publication FHWA-IP-90-017, 204 p.
- Shearman, J.O., 1990, User's manual for WSPRO, a computer model for water-surface profile computations: Federal Highway Administration Publication FHWA-IP-89-027, 177 p.

## APPENDIX

# WSPRO INPUT FILE

```

T1      I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK Co.      I70-104-5128
T2      County: Hancock                                Quad: Greenfield 112D
T3      10-18-96                                       Robert Miller
SI      0
Q        6900  9140
SK        .000694      .000694
XS      EXIT      0      25
GR        80807 900  80991 888  81107 880  81195 872  81366 872  81386 871
GR        81391 868  81399 867  81403 867  81418 868  81423 869  81435 870
GR        81470 871  81611 871  82775 880  82895 890  82979 900
N          .035      .032      .035
SA          81366      81418
XS      FULLV 152  25
GR        80807 900  80991 888  81107 880  81195 872  81366 872  81386 871
GR        81391 868  81399 867  81403 867  81418 868  81423 869  81435 870
GR        81470 871  81611 871  82775 880  82895 890  82979 900
N          .035      .032      .035
SA          81366      81418
BR      BRDGE 152      877      25
GR        81267 877.9  81302 865.1  81337 864.5  81377 864.7  81406 876.6
GR        81390 876.5  81375 876.1  81367 875.5  81358 876.5  81340 877.4
GR        81323 877.2  81312 876.5  81294 876.8  81278 877.4  81267 877.9
N          .030
PD        865  4  1
CD        3      184  2      876
DC      BRDGE 81275 81402 81285 81360 * 4
DP      BRDGE 81267 81406 2 * * 1.0 1.0 1.1
DP      BRDGE 81267 81406 2 * * 1.0 1.0 1.1
XS      APPR 488
GR        80826 900  80899 890  80966 880  81056 875  81104 874  81153 873
GR        81290 872  81309 871  81311 870  81314 869  81321 868  81325 866
GR        81340 866  81346 867  81358 870  81377 870  81393 871  81515 871
GR        81881 880  82200 880  82484 890  82616 890  82715 900
N          .100      .032      .100
SA          81285 81360
EX
ER

```

# WSPRO OUTPUT

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Run Date & Time: 8/ 4/97 3:51 pm Version V050196

Input File: 5128.dat Output File: 5128.LST

\*-----\*

T1 I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK CO. I70-104-5128  
T2 COUNTY: HANCOCK QUAD: GREENFIELD 112D  
T3 10-18-96 ROBERT MILLER  
SI 0  
Q 6900 9140

\*\*\* Processing Flow Data; Placing Information into Sequence 1 \*\*\*

SK .000694 .000694

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK CO. I70-104-5128  
COUNTY: HANCOCK QUAD: GREENFIELD 112D  
10-18-96 ROBERT MILLER

\*-----\*

\* Starting To Process Header Record EXIT \*

\*-----\*

XS EXIT 0 25  
GR 80807 900 80991 888 81107 880 81195 872 81366 872 81386 871  
GR 81391 868 81399 867 81403 867 81418 868 81423 869 81435 870  
GR 81470 871 81611 871 82775 880 82895 890 82979 900  
N .035 .032 .035  
SA 81366 81418

\*\*\* Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record EXIT \*\*\*

\*\*\* Storing X-Section Data In Temporary File As Record Number 1 \*\*\*

\*\*\* Data Summary For Header Record EXIT \*\*\*

SRD Location: 0. Cross-Section Skew: 25.0 Error Code 0

Valley Slope: .00000 Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.

Energy Loss Coefficients -> Expansion: .50 Contraction: .00

X,Y-coordinates (17 pairs)

X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
80807.000	900.000	80991.000	888.000	81107.000	880.000
81195.000	872.000	81366.000	872.000	81386.000	871.000
81391.000	868.000	81399.000	867.000	81403.000	867.000
81418.000	868.000	81423.000	869.000	81435.000	870.000
81470.000	871.000	81611.000	871.000	82775.000	880.000
82895.000	890.000	82979.000	900.000		

# WSPRO OUTPUT

## Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates

Minimum X-Station: 80807.000 ( associated Y-Elevation: 900.000 )  
 Maximum X-Station: 82979.000 ( associated Y-Elevation: 900.000 )  
 Minimum Y-Elevation: 867.000 ( associated X-Station: 81403.000 )  
 Maximum Y-Elevation: 900.000 ( associated X-Station: 80807.000 )

## X-coordinates & Horizontal Breakpoints Translated by Skew Angle

X Input	X Skewed	X Input	X Skewed	X Input	X Skewed
80807.000	80862.840	80991.000	81029.600	81107.000	81134.730
81195.000	81214.480	81366.000	81369.470	81386.000	81387.590
81391.000	81392.130	81399.000	81399.380	81403.000	81403.000
81418.000	81416.590	81423.000	81421.130	81435.000	81432.000
81470.000	81463.720	81611.000	81591.520	82775.000	82646.450
82895.000	82755.210	82979.000	82831.340		

## Roughness Data ( 3 SubAreas )

SubArea	Roughness Coefficient	Horizontal Breakpoint
1	.035	---
	---	*****
2	.032	---
	---	*****
3	.035	---

\*-----\*

\* Finished Processing Header Record EXIT \*

\*-----\*

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK CO. I70-104-5128  
 COUNTY: HANCOCK QUAD: GREENFIELD 112D  
 10-18-96 ROBERT MILLER

\*-----\*

\* Starting To Process Header Record FULLV \*

\*-----\*

XS	FULLV	152	25						
GR		80807	900	80991	888	81107	880	81195	872
GR		81391	868	81399	867	81403	867	81418	868
GR		81470	871	81611	871	82775	880	82895	890
N			.035		.032		.035		
SA				81366		81418			

\*\*\* Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record FULLV \*\*\*

# WSPRO OUTPUT

\*\*\* Storing X-Section Data In Temporary File As Record Number 2 \*\*\*

\*\*\* Data Summary For Header Record FULLV \*\*\*  
 SRD Location: 152. Cross-Section Skew: 25.0 Error Code 0  
 Valley Slope: .00000 Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.  
 Energy Loss Coefficients -> Expansion: .50 Contraction: .00

X,Y-coordinates (17 pairs)					
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
80807.000	900.000	80991.000	888.000	81107.000	880.000
81195.000	872.000	81366.000	872.000	81386.000	871.000
81391.000	868.000	81399.000	867.000	81403.000	867.000
81418.000	868.000	81423.000	869.000	81435.000	870.000
81470.000	871.000	81611.000	871.000	82775.000	880.000
82895.000	890.000	82979.000	900.000		

Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates  
 Minimum X-Station: 80807.000 ( associated Y-Elevation: 900.000 )  
 Maximum X-Station: 82979.000 ( associated Y-Elevation: 900.000 )  
 Minimum Y-Elevation: 867.000 ( associated X-Station: 81403.000 )  
 Maximum Y-Elevation: 900.000 ( associated X-Station: 80807.000 )

X-coordinates & Horizontal Breakpoints Translated by Skew Angle					
X Input	X Skewed	X Input	X Skewed	X Input	X Skewed
80807.000	80862.840	80991.000	81029.600	81107.000	81134.730
81195.000	81214.480	81366.000	81369.470	81386.000	81387.590
81391.000	81392.130	81399.000	81399.380	81403.000	81403.000
81418.000	81416.590	81423.000	81421.130	81435.000	81432.000
81470.000	81463.720	81611.000	81591.520	82775.000	82646.450
82895.000	82755.210	82979.000	82831.340		

Roughness Data ( 3 SubAreas )		
SubArea	Roughness Coefficient	Horizontal Breakpoint
1	.035	---
	---	*****
2	.032	---
	---	*****
3	.035	---

\*-----\*  
 \* Finished Processing Header Record FULLV \*  
 \*-----\*

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

# WSPRO OUTPUT

```

*-----*
I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK CO.   I70-104-5128
COUNTY: HANCOCK                           QUAD: GREENFIELD 112D
10-18-96                                   ROBERT MILLER

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```

*-----*
*           Starting To Process Header Record BRDGE           *
*-----*

```

```

BR   BRDGE  152      877      25
GR      81267 877.9   81302 865.1   81337 864.5   81377 864.7   81406 876.6
GR      81390 876.5   81375 876.1   81367 875.5   81358 876.5   81340 877.4
GR      81323 877.2   81312 876.5   81294 876.8   81278 877.4   81267 877.9
N
PD      865    4    1
CD      3      184    2      876

```

```

***   Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record BRDGE   ***
***   Storing Bridge Data In Temporary File As Record Number  3   ***

```

```

***           Data Summary For Bridge Record BRDGE           ***
SRD Location:      152.   Cross-Section Skew: 25.0   Error Code  0
Valley Slope:  *****   Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.
Energy Loss Coefficients ->   Expansion:   .50   Contraction:   .00

```

```

X,Y-coordinates (15 pairs)

```

X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
81267.000	877.900	81302.000	865.100	81337.000	864.500
81377.000	864.700	81406.000	876.600	81390.000	876.500
81375.000	876.100	81367.000	875.500	81358.000	876.500
81340.000	877.400	81323.000	877.200	81312.000	876.500
81294.000	876.800	81278.000	877.400	81267.000	877.900

```

Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates
Minimum X-Station:  81267.000   ( associated Y-Elevation:  877.900 )
Maximum X-Station:  81406.000   ( associated Y-Elevation:  876.600 )
Minimum Y-Elevation:  864.500   ( associated X-Station:  81337.000 )
Maximum Y-Elevation:  877.900   ( associated X-Station:  81267.000 )

```

```

X-coordinates & Horizontal Breakpoints Translated by Skew Angle

```

X Input	X Skewed	X Input	X Skewed	X Input	X Skewed
81267.000	81273.550	81302.000	81305.280	81337.000	81337.000
81377.000	81373.250	81406.000	81399.540	81390.000	81385.030
81375.000	81371.440	81367.000	81364.190	81358.000	81356.030
81340.000	81339.720	81323.000	81324.310	81312.000	81314.340
81294.000	81298.030	81278.000	81283.530	81267.000	81273.550

```

Roughness Data ( 1 SubAreas )
Roughness Horizontal
SubArea Coefficient Breakpoint

```



# WSPRO OUTPUT

```

-----
1          .030          ---
-----

```

Discharge coefficient parameters

BRTYPE	BRWIDTH	EMBSS	EMBELV	USERCD
3	184.000	2.00	876.000	*****

Pressure flow elevations

AVBCEL	PFELEV
*****	877.000

Abutment Parameters

ABSLPL	ABSLPR	XTOELT	YTOELT	XTOERT	YTOERT
*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****

Pier/Pile Data ( 1 Group(s) )  
 Code Indicates Bridge Uses Piers

Group	Elevation	Gross Width	Number
1	865.000	4.000	1

```

*-----*
*      Finished Processing Header Record BRDGE      *
*-----*

```

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

```

*-----*
I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK CO.   I70-104-5128
COUNTY: HANCOCK                           QUAD: GREENFIELD 112D
10-18-96                                   ROBERT MILLER

```

DC	BRDGE	81275	81402	81285	81360	*	4
DP	BRDGE	81267	81406	2	*	*	1.0 1.0 1.1
DP	BRDGE	81267	81406	2	*	*	1.0 1.0 1.1

```

*-----*
*      Starting To Process Header Record APPR      *
*-----*

```

XS	APPR	488								
GR		80826	900	80899	890	80966	880	81056	875	81104 874 81153 873
GR		81290	872	81309	871	81311	870	81314	869	81321 868 81325 866
GR		81340	866	81346	867	81358	870	81377	870	81393 871 81515 871
GR		81881	880	82200	880	82484	890	82616	890	82715 900
N		.100		.032		.100				
SA				81285		81360				

```

*** Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record APPR ***
*** Storing X-Section Data In Temporary File As Record Number 4 ***

```

# WSPRO OUTPUT

```

***                               Data Summary For Header Record APPR                               ***
SRD Location:      488.   Cross-Section Skew:   .0   Error Code   0
Valley Slope:     .00000   Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.
Energy Loss Coefficients ->   Expansion:   .50   Contraction:   .00
  
```

X,Y-coordinates (23 pairs)					
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
80826.000	900.000	80899.000	890.000	80966.000	880.000
81056.000	875.000	81104.000	874.000	81153.000	873.000
81290.000	872.000	81309.000	871.000	81311.000	870.000
81314.000	869.000	81321.000	868.000	81325.000	866.000
81340.000	866.000	81346.000	867.000	81358.000	870.000
81377.000	870.000	81393.000	871.000	81515.000	871.000
81881.000	880.000	82200.000	880.000	82484.000	890.000
82616.000	890.000	82715.000	900.000		

```

Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates
Minimum X-Station:  80826.000  ( associated Y-Elevation:  900.000 )
Maximum X-Station:  82715.000  ( associated Y-Elevation:  900.000 )
Minimum Y-Elevation:  866.000  ( associated X-Station:  81340.000 )
Maximum Y-Elevation:  900.000  ( associated X-Station:  80826.000 )
  
```

```

Roughness Data ( 3 SubAreas )
      Roughness   Horizontal
SubArea Coefficient Breakpoint
-----
      1          .100      ---
      2          .032      ---
      3          .100      ---
  
```

```

Bridge datum projection(s):  XREFLT  XREFRT  FDSTLT  FDSTRT
*****  *****  *****  *****
  
```

```

*-----*
*      Finished Processing Header Record APPR      *
*-----*
  
```

```

***** W S P R O *****
Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey
Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.
Input Units: English / Output Units: English
  
```

```

I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK CO.   I70-104-5128
COUNTY: HANCOCK                           QUAD: GREENFIELD 112D
10-18-96                                    ROBERT MILLER
  
```

EX

\*\*\*\*\*

# WSPRO OUTPUT

\* Summary of Boundary Condition Information \*

#	Reach Discharge	Water Surface Elevation	Friction Slope	Flow Regime
1	6900.00	*****	.0007	Sub-Critical
2	9140.00	*****	.0007	Sub-Critical

\* Beginning 2 Profile Calculation(s) \*

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK CO. I70-104-5128  
 COUNTY: HANCOCK QUAD: GREENFIELD 112D  
 10-18-96 ROBERT MILLER

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: EXIT	875.174	.106	6900.000	2889.724	*****	81160.090
Header Type: XS	875.280	*****	2.388	261822.90	*****	82150.880
SRD: .000	873.184	*****	.269	*****	1.194	*****
Section: FULLV	875.282	.098	6900.000	2996.792	152.000	81158.910
Header Type: FV	875.380	.100	2.302	275128.10	152.000	82164.750
SRD: 152.000	873.184	.000	.256	.0007	1.189	-.001

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

==135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS AT SECID "APPR ".  
 KRATIO: .47

Section: APPR	875.418	.726	6900.000	2118.759	336.000	81048.480
Header Type: AS	876.144	.454	3.257	128125.00	336.000	81694.660
SRD: 488.000	874.285	.314	.665	.0014	4.402	-.003

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

<<< The Following Data Reflect The "Constricted" Profile >>>  
 <<< Beginning Bridge/Culvert Hydraulic Computations >>>

WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR

# WSPRO OUTPUT

```

-----
Section: BRDGE      875.031  .803  6900.000  1040.227  152.000  81274.840
Header Type: BR      875.834  .266      6.633  204941.30  152.000  81402.180
SRD:      152.000      870.877  .288      .443      *****  1.173      .006

```

```

-----
Specific Bridge Information  C      P/A  PFELEV  BLEN  XLAB  XRAB
Bridge Type 3  Flow Type 1  -----
Pier/Pile Code  0      .9233  .039  877.000  *****  *****  *****
-----

```

```

-----
                WSEL  VHD      Q      AREA      SRDL      LEW
                EGEL  HF      V      K      FLEN      REW
                CRWS  HO      FR #      SF      ALPHA      ERR
-----
Section: APPR      876.029  .518  6900.000  2524.626  152.000  81037.480
Header Type: AS      876.547  .484      2.733  157036.80  166.158  81719.520
SRD:      488.000      874.285  .226      .529      .0014      4.458      -.009

```

```

-----
Approach Section APPR  Flow Contraction Information
M( G )  M( K )      KQ      XLKQ      XRKQ      OTEL
-----
      .801      .341  103849.6  *****  *****  876.029
-----

```

<<< End of Bridge Hydraulics Computations >>>

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

```

I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK CO.  I70-104-5128
COUNTY: HANCOCK                          QUAD: GREENFIELD 112D
10-18-96                                  ROBERT MILLER

```

```

-----
                WSEL  VHD      Q      AREA      SRDL      LEW
                EGEL  HF      V      K      FLEN      REW
                CRWS  HO      FR #      SF      ALPHA      ERR
-----
Section: EXIT      875.813  .120  9140.000  3551.294  *****  81153.050
Header Type: XS      875.934  *****  2.574  346689.10  *****  82233.490
SRD:      .000      873.518  *****  .271      *****  1.169      *****

Section: FULLV      875.926  .112  9140.000  3674.203  152.000  81151.810
Header Type: FV      876.038  .101      2.488  363116.00  152.000  82248.100
SRD:      152.000      873.518  .000      .259      .0007      1.165      .004

```

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

```

===135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS AT SECID "APPR ".
      KRATIO:      .43

```

```

Section: APPR      876.029  .909  9140.000  2524.365  336.000  81037.480

```

# WSPRO OUTPUT

Header Type: AS 876.938 .492 3.621 157017.20 336.000 81719.500  
 SRD: 488.000 875.029 .398 .701 .0015 4.458 .009

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

<<< The Following Data Reflect The "Constricted" Profile >>>  
 <<< Beginning Bridge/Culvert Hydraulic Computations >>>

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: BRDGE	875.581	1.266	9140.000	1110.890	152.000	81273.340
Header Type: BR	876.846	.274	8.228	223191.40	152.000	81403.520
SRD: 152.000	872.039	.640	.548	*****	1.202	.004

Specific Bridge Information	C	P/A	PFELEV	BLEN	XLAB	XRAB
Bridge Type 3 Flow Type 1						
Pier/Pile Code 0	.9120	.038	877.000	*****	*****	*****

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: APPR	877.131	.533	9140.000	3311.528	152.000	81017.650
Header Type: AS	877.663	.483	2.760	217140.70	167.607	81764.310
SRD: 488.000	875.029	.334	.490	.0015	4.495	.005

Approach Section APPR Flow Contraction Information					
M( G )	M( K )	KQ	XLKQ	XRKQ	OTEL
.807	.384	133576.7	*****	*****	877.131

<<< End of Bridge Hydraulics Computations >>>

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*  
 I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK CO. I70-104-5128  
 COUNTY: HANCOCK QUAD: GREENFIELD 112D  
 10-18-96 ROBERT MILLER

\*\*\* Live-Bed Contraction Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE \*\*\*

Constants and Input Variables

\*-----\*  
 Bed Material Transport Mode Factor (k1): .64

# WSPRO OUTPUT

Total Pier Width Value (Pw): 4.000

\*-----\*

#	Scour Depth	-- Flow --		-- Width --		Side	--- X-Limits ---	
		Contract	Approach	Contract	Approach		Contract	Approach
1	1.131	6900.000	4002.209	123.000	75.000	Left:	*****	*****
	..... Approach Channel Depth: 7.141					Right:	*****	*****
2	2.021	9140.000	4869.604	123.000	75.000	Left:	*****	*****
	..... Approach Channel Depth: 8.243					Right:	*****	*****

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK CO. I70-104-5128  
 COUNTY: HANCOCK QUAD: GREENFIELD 112D  
 10-18-96 ROBERT MILLER

\*\*\* Pier Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE \*\*\*

Constants and Input Variables

Pier Width: 2.000

\*-----\*

Pier Shape Factor	(K1):	1.00
Flow Angle of Attack Factor	(K2):	1.00
Bed Condition Factor	(K3):	1.10
Bed Material Factor	(K4):	1.00
Velocity Multiplier	(VM):	1.00
Depth Multiplier	(YM):	1.00

\*-----\*

#	Scour Depth	---- Localized Hydraulic Properties ----					-- X-Stations --	
		Flow	WSE	Depth	Velocity	Froude #	Left	Right
1	5.37	6900.000	875.257	10.757	7.524	.404	81267.000	81406.000
2	6.01	9140.000	875.914	11.414	9.592	.500	81267.000	81406.000

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

I-70 OVER BRANDYWINE CREEK IN HANCOCK CO. I70-104-5128  
 COUNTY: HANCOCK QUAD: GREENFIELD 112D  
 10-18-96 ROBERT MILLER

\*\*\* Pier Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE \*\*\*

# WSPRO OUTPUT

## Constants and Input Variables

Pier Width: 2.000

```

*-----*
Pier Shape Factor          (K1):  1.00
Flow Angle of Attack Factor (K2):  1.00
Bed Condition Factor       (K3):  1.10
Bed Material Factor        (K4):  1.00
Velocity Multiplier        (VM):  1.00
Depth Multiplier           (YM):  1.00
*-----*
  
```

#	Scour Depth	---- Localized Hydraulic Properties ----					-- X-Stations --	
		Flow	WSE	Depth	Velocity	Froude #	Left	Right
1	5.37	6900.000	875.257	10.757	7.524	.404	81267.000	81406.000
2	6.01	9140.000	875.914	11.414	9.592	.500	81267.000	81406.000

ER

```

***** Normal end of WSPRO execution. *****
***** Elapsed Time:  0 Minutes  4 Seconds *****
  
```