

Modified Level II Streambed-Scour Analysis for Structure I-69-76-4775 Crossing Salamonie River in Huntington County, Indiana

By BRET A. ROBINSON, DAVID C. VOELKER,
and ROBERT L. MILLER

Prepared in cooperation with the
INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Open-File Report 97-334



Indianapolis, Indiana

1997

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BRUCE BABBITT, Secretary

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Gordon P. Eaton, Director

For additional information, write to:
District Chief
U.S. Geological Survey
Water Resources Division
5957 Lakeside Boulevard
Indianapolis, IN 46278-1996

Copies of this report can be purchased from:
U.S. Geological Survey
Branch of Information Services
Box 25286
Federal Center
Denver, CO 80225

CONTENTS

Abstract	1
Introduction	1
Background and Scope	1
Site Description	2
Evaluation Methods	3
Special Considerations	6
Results	6
References	6
Appendix	7
Water Surface PROfile Model (WSPRO) Input File	8
Water Surface PROfile Model (WSPRO) Output	9

Tables

1. Cumulative scour depths for the modeled discharges at structure I-69-76-4775 crossing Salamonie River in Huntington County, Indiana	5
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---

CONVERSION FACTORS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Multiply	By	To obtain
inch (in.)	25.4	millimeter
foot (ft)	0.3048	meter
square foot (ft ²)	929.0	square centimeter
feet per second (ft/s)	0.3048	meters per second
cubic foot per second (ft ³ /s)	0.02832	cubic meter per second
mile (mi)	1.609	kilometer
square mile (mi ²)	2.590	square kilometer

Abbreviations used in this report:

D ₅₀	median diameter of bed material
Q100	100-year discharge
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency
HEC	Hydraulic Engineering Circular
IDNR	Indiana Department of Natural Resources
INDOT	Indiana Department of Transportation
USGS	U. S. Geological Survey
WSPRO	Water Surface PROfile model

Modified Level II Streambed-Scour Analysis for Structure I-69-76-4775 Crossing Salamonie River in Huntington County, Indiana

By Bret A. Robinson, David C. Voelker, *and* Robert L. Miller

ABSTRACT

Level II scour evaluations follow a process in which hydrologic, hydraulic, and sediment-transport data are evaluated to calculate the depth of scour that may result when a given discharge is routed through a bridge opening. The results of the modified Level II analysis for structure I-69-76-4775 on Interstate 69 crossing Salamonie River in Huntington County, Indiana, are presented. The site is near the town of Warren in the southeastern part of Huntington County. Scour depths were computed with the Water Surface PROfile model, version V050196, which incorporates the scour-calculation procedures outlined in Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 18. Total scour depths at the piers were approximately 13.7 feet for the modeled discharge of 15,800 cubic feet per second and approximately 20.9 feet for the modeled discharge of 26,900 cubic feet per second.

INTRODUCTION

The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), in cooperation with the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT), is conducting Level II scour analyses at a number of bridges throughout Indiana. This report describes the methods applied and the modeling results for bridge I-69-76-4775.

Background and Scope

Level I scour assessment is a process where a large number of bridges are studied as a group. Assessments usually are made by evaluating a combination of geomorphic, hydrologic, and bridge-characteristic data. The results help investigators determine which bridges appear to be most likely to experience streambed-scour problems and which bridges appear to be relatively immune to problems brought on by streambed scour (for example, bridges built on bedrock).

When applied correctly, Level I scour assessments provide an investigator with information to identify those bridges that appear to be relatively safe and those bridges that fall into higher risk categories.

Level II scour evaluations describe the process for an investigator to apply a model to a bridge site and calculate the potential depth of scour that may result from a given flood event. Level II analyses involve the application of basic hydrologic, hydraulic, and sediment-transport engineering concepts and may include an evaluation of flood history, channel hydraulic conditions (for example, water-surface profile analysis), and basic sediment-transport analyses such as scour calculations (Lagasse and others, 1995).

The methods and model outlined in Hydraulic Engineering Circular (HEC) No. 18 (Richardson and Davis, 1995) formulate the basis for Level II scour evaluations. Methods used in this study for Level II scour evaluations are a modification of the HEC-18 standards. These modifications were made to comply with the methodology requested by INDOT (Merril Dougherty, Indiana Department of Transportation, oral commun., 1996). Descriptions of the specific modifications are given in the "Evaluation Methods" section of this report.

This report presents the methods followed for modeling, special considerations for this study site, and the input for and the output from the Water Surface PROfile (WSPRO) model.

Site Description

The study site is located near the town of Warren in the southeastern part of Huntington County. The drainage area for the site is approximately 412 mi² (estimated using Hoggatt, 1975, and USGS 7.5-minute topographic data). The predominant land use in the basin is agricultural; in the immediate vicinity of the bridge, the land is predominantly forest with some pasture land nearby.

Within the immediate vicinity of the bridge, Salamonie River has a channel-bed slope of approximately 0.0004 ft/ft. The channel-bed material is gravelly sand, and the channel banks consist of sandy silt-clay. At the time of the Level I site visit on June 23, 1993, the banks were observed to have 0 to 25 percent woody vegetative cover; the field report noted that the banks were experiencing fluvial erosion.

The Interstate 69 crossing of Salamonie River is a 413-ft-long, multi-lane bridge consisting of six spans supported by concrete and steel piers and sloping concrete spill-through abutments. Additional details describing conditions at the site are included in the Level I data base (Hopkins and Robinson, unpub. data, 1997). Photographs of the site, taken at the time of the Level I site visit, are archived at the USGS office in Indianapolis.

EVALUATION METHODS

The methods described in this section apply to a number of bridge sites in Indiana being evaluated for scour and outline the procedures requested by INDOT for these modified Level II scour analyses. The principal modification requested by INDOT was that the input data to the model come from or be estimated from existing data sources; no additional field data were collected. Actual methods used in the scour evaluation at this particular bridge site use the most applicable method possible, given the data available.

To determine drainage area, either published values found in Hoggatt (1975) or 7.5-minute topographic maps with Hoggatt's original drainage-area delineations were used. Where there are no published data, drainage-area segments measured from the maps produced by Hoggatt were either subtracted from downstream sites or added to upstream sites published by Hoggatt (1975).

In Indiana, flood discharges are coordinated by agreement among State and Federal agencies. At sites where flood discharges officially are coordinated among State and Federal agencies in Indiana, the coordinated 100-year discharge (Q100) was modeled. INDOT also provided an additional flood discharge for these coordinated sites in excess of the Q100 to be modeled.

If a flood discharge was not coordinated, the USGS examined Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) studies for Q100 determinations. Where FEMA studies did not produce a Q100, the USGS contacted IDNR for an estimated Q100 in the vicinity of the site being studied. If IDNR did not have a Q100, data from nearby USGS streamflow-gaging stations were analyzed with nearby and similar drainage basins that have been coordinated. At sites having no coordinated discharge data, the two discharges used in the model were 1) the approximated Q100 and 2) a discharge equal to 1.7 times the approximated Q100.

Most of the cross-section and bridge-opening geometry data were taken from the bridge plans (Indiana State Highway Commission, 1962) provided by INDOT. Bridge plans are presumed to be representative of current conditions at the site. To determine the cross-section geometry, a line was drawn on the bridge plans parallel to the bridge stationing and approximately one bridge width from the bridge. For sites where the bridge plans did not extend far enough laterally for collection of all cross-section data required for WSPRO model analysis, additional data were collected from 7.5-minute topographic maps.

The roadway and embankment profile was taken from the bridge and highway plans for those sites where roadway overtopping was expected. The INDOT bridge plans and 7.5-minute topographic maps were used as a guide, based on the water-surface elevations calculated by the WSPRO model, to determine if roadway overtopping might occur.

Roughness values (*n*-values) for the main channel were estimated by viewing photographs archived from the Level I scour assessments. The *n*-values for the overbanks were assigned on the basis of the surface-cover data summarized in the Level I data base (Hopkins and Robinson, unpub. data, 1997). From those data, the following roughness values were assigned to the surface-cover categories: urban—0.050, suburban—0.035, row crop—0.045, pasture—0.035, brush—0.120, forest—0.100, and wetland (any area covered by standing water)—0.100. The *n*-values for the overbanks were adjusted if the Level I photographs provided sufficient detail to warrant an adjustment.

WSPRO version V050196 was used to model flow through the study site. Starting water-surface elevation was obtained with a slope-conveyance computation. The channel-bed slope in the immediate vicinity of the bridge was estimated from the 7.5-minute topographic map and was used as the slope of the energy grade line for this computation.

WSPRO version V050196 includes a field that allows the input of up to four scour-adjustment factors (K1 to K4). For this modeling, the default value for K4 (bed armoring) was chosen. For scour-adjustment factors K1 and K2 (pier-nose shape and angle of attack, respectively), input values were determined by evaluating the data archived in the Level I data base (Hopkins and Robinson, unpub. data, 1997). For the K3 factor (bed forms), a value of 1.1 was applied in all cases.

In some cases, piers set on the overbanks are constructed with footings that are higher in elevation than pier footings in the main channel. In these situations, if the channel position changes, the piers that were initially constructed on the overbank may become part of the main channel. Therefore, to evaluate total potential scour, the model results obtained for contraction scour and deepest local scour in the main channel were added and applied to all piers in the bridge opening. This methodology allowed for an evaluation of potential undermining of pier supports in the event that future channel movement placed overbank piers in the main channel.

Where bridge pairs have a continuous abutment or fill between the bridges that does not allow expansion of flow, the bridge pair was modeled as one bridge. Sites with discontinuous abutments, allowing expansion between the bridges, were modeled as two separate bridges. In those cases, a valley cross section was measured between the bridges and used as the approach section for the downstream bridge and as the exit section for the upstream bridge.

At sites with no embankment to function as a weir or at sites where the tailwater drowns out the embankment, a composite bridge and road section was used to compute flow. Those sites were computed with friction-loss equations rather than with a bridge routine.

Total scour is taken as the sum of local scour plus contraction scour. If the model predicted negative contraction scour (aggradation), the contraction-scour value was assumed to be zero in determining the total scour depth (table 1). This assumption was made so that a negative contraction scour would not mask the potentially detrimental effects of local scour at a pier. No abutment scour evaluations were made in this study.

Table 1. Cumulative scour depths for the modeled discharges at structure I-69-76-4775 crossing Salamonie River in Huntington County, Indiana

Pier number ¹	Stationing from bridge plans ²	Initial bed-elevation at pier (feet)	Main-channel contraction scour depth (feet)	Local scour depth (feet)	Worst-case total-scour depth ³ (feet)	Bottom elevation of pier (feet)	Worst-case bed elevation after scour ⁴ (feet)
Modeled discharge⁵ is 15,800 cubic feet per second							
1	245+83	799	7.5	6.2	13.7	784.5	774.1
2	246+56	788	7.5	6.2	13.7	784.0	774.1
3	247+31	788	7.5	6.2	13.7	776.5	774.1
4	248+06	795	7.5	6.2	13.7	781.5	774.1
5	248+81	797	7.5	6.2	13.7	788.5	774.1
Modeled discharge is 26,900 cubic feet per second							
1	245+83	799	13.9	7.0	20.9	784.5	766.9
2	246+56	788	13.9	7.0	20.9	784.0	766.9
3	247+31	788	13.9	7.0	20.9	776.5	766.9
4	248+06	795	13.9	7.0	20.9	781.5	766.9
5	248+81	797	13.9	7.0	20.9	788.5	766.9

¹Pier numbers were assigned from left to right as shown on the bridge plans.

²Stationing is the center line of the pier as determined from the bridge plans. Stationing from bridge plan, 245+83, represents a point 24,583 feet from an arbitrary starting location referenced on the bridge plans.

³Worst-case total-scour depths are generated by summing the calculated contraction-scour depth with the worst case of local scour.

⁴Worst-case bed elevation is computed by subtracting the worst-case total-scour depth from the lowest initial bed elevation in the bridge opening (787.8 feet).

⁵Coordinated discharge.

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

Model runs indicate the water-surface elevation at the bridge is lower than the low-steel elevation for the modeled discharges. Therefore, there should be no pressure flow through the bridge opening for the discharges modeled.

Salamonie Lake is immediately downstream from the I-69-76-4775 bridge. During periods of high flow, back-water effect created by the lake may reduce flow velocities near the bridge and thereby reduce the potential for scouring. The modelling described in this report, however, has been done without consideration of possible back-water effect from the lake.

RESULTS

Scour depths were computed with a version of WSPRO (Larry Arneson, Federal Highway Administration, written commun., 1996) modified from Shearman (1990). This version of WSPRO includes scour calculations in the model output. Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of material that could erode and a homogeneous particle-size distribution. The results of the scour analysis are presented in table 1; a complete input file and output results are presented in the appendix.

REFERENCES

Hoggatt, R.E., 1975, Drainage areas of Indiana streams: U.S. Geological Survey, Water Resources Division, 231 p.

Indiana State Highway Commission, 1962, Bridge plans Interstate Route 69: Bridge File I-69-76-4775.

Lagasse, P.F.; Schall, J.D.; Johnson, F.; Richardson, E.V.; and Chang, F., 1995, Stream stability at highway structures (2d ed.): Federal Highway Administration, Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 20, Publication FHWA-IP-90-014, 144 p.

Richardson, E.V., and Davis, S.R., 1995, Evaluating scour at bridges (3d ed.): Federal Highway Administration, Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 18, Publication FHWA-IP-90-017, 204 p.

Shearman, J.O., 1990, User's manual for WSPRO, a computer model for water-surface profile computations: Federal Highway Administration Publication FHWA-IP-89-027, 177 p.

APPENDIX

WSPRO INPUT FILE

```

T1      I-69 Over Salamonie River      I69-76-4775
T2      County: Huntington             Quad: Warren 75A
T3      11-08-96                      Bret A. Robinson
SI      0
Q       15800 26900
SK      .0004 .0004
XS      EXIT 0
GR      23963 830 24531 820 24598 810 24604 810 24618 805 24639 800
GR      24678 790 24685 789 24707 788 24847 788 24865 789 24877 797
GR      25648 800 25853 810 26405 820 26663 830
N       .120 .034 .100
SA      24600 24900
XS      FULLV 420
GR      23963 830 24531 820 24598 810 24604 810 24618 805 24639 800
GR      24678 790 24685 789 24707 788 24847 788 24865 789 24877 797
GR      25648 800 25853 810 26405 820 26663 830
N       .120 .034 .100
SA      24600 24900
BR      BRDGE 420 810
GR      24529 0812.6 24529 0811.8 24531 0811.7 24567 0797.1 24588 0796.7
GR      24600 0791.0 24615 0787.8 24700 0787.7 24718 0788.3 24755 0787.6
GR      24801 0788.9 24810 0796.5 24844 0797.4 24901 0796.9 24930 0809.5
GR      24932 0809.5 24932 0810.5 24923 0810.5 24908 0810.0 24895 0809.0
GR      24888 0808.2 24882 0807.5 24876 0809.1 24864 0810.4 24855 0810.9
GR      24844 0811.0 24829 0810.5 24817 0809.4 24810 0808.1 24807 0807.1
GR      24805 0808.2 24798 0809.6 24789 0810.6 24777 0811.3 24763 0811.3
GR      24753 0810.9 24741 0809.7 24735 0808.7 24731 0807.5 24728 0808.7
GR      24716 0810.8 24705 0811.6 24689 0811.8 24676 0811.3 24666 0810.2
GR      24660 0809.0 24657 0807.7 24651 0809.6 24642 0811.0 24628 0811.9
GR      24613 0812.1 24599 0811.4 24589 0810.4 24582 0808.9 24575 0809.8
GR      24557 0811.6 24542 0812.4 24529 0812.6
N       .034
PD      788 3 2
PD      788.1 3 2
PD      788.1 6 3
PD      796 6 3
PD      796 9 4
PD      797 9 4
PD      797 12 5
PD      800 12 5
PD      800 15 1
CD      3 230 2 811
DC 0 BRDGE 24589 24809 24500 24730 * 15
*       LPierEdge RPierEdge PierWdth * * K1 K2 K3(1.1)
DP      24529 24932 3 * * 1 1 1.1
DP      24529 24932 3 * * 1 1 1.1
DP      24529 24932 3 * * 1 1 1.1
DP      24529 24932 3 * * 1 1 1.1
DP      24529 24932 3 * * 1 1 1.1
XS      APPR 1070
GR      23865 830 24128 820 24249 810 24334 800 24501 800 24523 789
GR      24541 788 24712 788 24717 789 24729 797 24877 797 25502 800
GR      25583 810 25752 820 26069 830
N       .100 .034 .035
SA      24500 24725
EX
ER

```

WSPRO OUTPUT

***** W S P R O *****

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Run Date & Time: 8/ 6/97 2:43 pm Version V050196

Input File: 4775.dat Output File: 4775.LST

T1 I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER I69-76-4775
T2 COUNTY: HUNTINGTON QUAD: WARREN 75A
T3 11-08-96 BRET A. ROBINSON
SI 0
Q 15800 26900

*** Processing Flow Data; Placing Information into Sequence 1 ***

SK .0004 .0004

***** W S P R O *****

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER I69-76-4775
COUNTY: HUNTINGTON QUAD: WARREN 75A
11-08-96 BRET A. ROBINSON

* Starting To Process Header Record EXIT *

XS EXIT 0
GR 23963 830 24531 820 24598 810 24604 810 24618 805 24639 800
GR 24678 790 24685 789 24707 788 24847 788 24865 789 24877 797
GR 25648 800 25853 810 26405 820 26663 830
N .120 .034 .100
SA 24600 24900

*** Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record EXIT ***

*** Storing X-Section Data In Temporary File As Record Number 1 ***

*** Data Summary For Header Record EXIT ***

SRD Location: 0. Cross-Section Skew: .0 Error Code 0

Valley Slope: .00000 Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.

Energy Loss Coefficients -> Expansion: .50 Contraction: .00

X,Y-coordinates (16 pairs)

X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
23963.000	830.000	24531.000	820.000	24598.000	810.000
24604.000	810.000	24618.000	805.000	24639.000	800.000
24678.000	790.000	24685.000	789.000	24707.000	788.000
24847.000	788.000	24865.000	789.000	24877.000	797.000
25648.000	800.000	25853.000	810.000	26405.000	820.000
26663.000	830.000				

WSPRO OUTPUT

Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates

Minimum X-Station: 23963.000 (associated Y-Elevation: 830.000)
 Maximum X-Station: 26663.000 (associated Y-Elevation: 830.000)
 Minimum Y-Elevation: 788.000 (associated X-Station: 24847.000)
 Maximum Y-Elevation: 830.000 (associated X-Station: 23963.000)

Roughness Data (3 SubAreas)

SubArea	Roughness Coefficient	Horizontal Breakpoint
1	.120	---
	---	*****
2	.034	---
	---	*****
3	.100	---

* Finished Processing Header Record EXIT *

***** W S P R O *****

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER	I69-76-4775
COUNTY: HUNTINGTON	QUAD: WARREN 75A
11-08-96	BRET A. ROBINSON

* Starting To Process Header Record FULLV *

XS FULLV 420

GR	23963	830	24531	820	24598	810	24604	810	24618	805	24639	800
GR	24678	790	24685	789	24707	788	24847	788	24865	789	24877	797
GR	25648	800	25853	810	26405	820	26663	830				
N	.120	.034	.100									
SA	24600	24900										

*** Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record FULLV ***

*** Storing X-Section Data In Temporary File As Record Number 2 ***

*** Data Summary For Header Record FULLV ***

SRD Location: 420. Cross-Section Skew: .0 Error Code 0

Valley Slope: .00000 Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.

Energy Loss Coefficients -> Expansion: .50 Contraction: .00

X,Y-coordinates (16 pairs)

X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
23963.000	830.000	24531.000	820.000	24598.000	810.000

WSPRO OUTPUT

24604.000	810.000	24618.000	805.000	24639.000	800.000
24678.000	790.000	24685.000	789.000	24707.000	788.000
24847.000	788.000	24865.000	789.000	24877.000	797.000
25648.000	800.000	25853.000	810.000	26405.000	820.000
26663.000	830.000				

Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates
 Minimum X-Station: 23963.000 (associated Y-Elevation: 830.000)
 Maximum X-Station: 26663.000 (associated Y-Elevation: 830.000)
 Minimum Y-Elevation: 788.000 (associated X-Station: 24847.000)
 Maximum Y-Elevation: 830.000 (associated X-Station: 23963.000)

Roughness Data (3 SubAreas)		
SubArea	Roughness Coefficient	Horizontal Breakpoint
1	.120	---
	---	*****
2	.034	---
	---	*****
3	.100	---

 * Finished Processing Header Record FULLV *

***** W S P R O *****
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

 I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER I69-76-4775
 COUNTY: HUNTINGTON QUAD: WARREN 75A
 11-08-96 BRET A. ROBINSON

 * Starting To Process Header Record BRDGE *

BR	BRDGE	420	810						
GR		24529	0812.6	24529	0811.8	24531	0811.7	24567	0797.1 24588
0796.7									
GR		24600	0791.0	24615	0787.8	24700	0787.7	24718	0788.3 24755
0787.6									
GR		24801	0788.9	24810	0796.5	24844	0797.4	24901	0796.9 24930
0809.5									
GR		24932	0809.5	24932	0810.5	24923	0810.5	24908	0810.0 24895
0809.0									
GR		24888	0808.2	24882	0807.5	24876	0809.1	24864	0810.4 24855
0810.9									
GR		24844	0811.0	24829	0810.5	24817	0809.4	24810	0808.1 24807
0807.1									

WSPRO OUTPUT

```

GR      24805 0808.2  24798 0809.6  24789 0810.6  24777 0811.3  24763
0811.3
GR      24753 0810.9  24741 0809.7  24735 0808.7  24731 0807.5  24728
0808.7
GR      24716 0810.8  24705 0811.6  24689 0811.8  24676 0811.3  24666
0810.2
GR      24660 0809.0  24657 0807.7  24651 0809.6  24642 0811.0  24628
0811.9
GR      24613 0812.1  24599 0811.4  24589 0810.4  24582 0808.9  24575
0809.8
GR      24557 0811.6  24542 0812.4  24529 0812.6
N      .034
PD      788 3 2
PD      788.1 3 2
PD      788.1 6 3
PD      796 6 3
PD      796 9 4
PD      797 9 4
PD      797 12 5
PD      800 12 5
PD      800 15 1
CD      3 230 2 811

```

```

***      Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record BRDGE      ***
+++072 NOTICE: X-coordinate # 2 increased to eliminate vertical segment.
+++072 NOTICE: X-coordinate #17 increased to eliminate vertical segment.
***      Storing Bridge Data In Temporary File As Record Number 3      ***

```

```

***      Data Summary For Bridge Record BRDGE      ***
SRD Location:      420.      Cross-Section Skew:      .0      Error Code      0
Valley Slope:      *****      Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.
Energy Loss Coefficients ->      Expansion:      .50      Contraction:      .00

```

X,Y-coordinates (58 pairs)					
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
24529.000	812.600	24529.100	811.800	24531.000	811.700
24567.000	797.100	24588.000	796.700	24600.000	791.000
24615.000	787.800	24700.000	787.700	24718.000	788.300
24755.000	787.600	24801.000	788.900	24810.000	796.500
24844.000	797.400	24901.000	796.900	24930.000	809.500
24932.000	809.500	24932.100	810.500	24923.000	810.500
24908.000	810.000	24895.000	809.000	24888.000	808.200
24882.000	807.500	24876.000	809.100	24864.000	810.400
24855.000	810.900	24844.000	811.000	24829.000	810.500
24817.000	809.400	24810.000	808.100	24807.000	807.100
24805.000	808.200	24798.000	809.600	24789.000	810.600
24777.000	811.300	24763.000	811.300	24753.000	810.900
24741.000	809.700	24735.000	808.700	24731.000	807.500
24728.000	808.700	24716.000	810.800	24705.000	811.600
24689.000	811.800	24676.000	811.300	24666.000	810.200
24660.000	809.000	24657.000	807.700	24651.000	809.600
24642.000	811.000	24628.000	811.900	24613.000	812.100
24599.000	811.400	24589.000	810.400	24582.000	808.900

WSPRO OUTPUT

24575.000	809.800	24557.000	811.600	24542.000	812.400
24529.000	812.600				

Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates

Minimum X-Station: 24529.000 (associated Y-Elevation: 812.600)
 Maximum X-Station: 24932.100 (associated Y-Elevation: 810.500)
 Minimum Y-Elevation: 787.600 (associated X-Station: 24755.000)
 Maximum Y-Elevation: 812.600 (associated X-Station: 24529.000)

Roughness Data (1 SubAreas)

SubArea	Roughness Coefficient	Horizontal Breakpoint
1	.034	---

Discharge coefficient parameters

BRTYPE	BRWidth	EMBSS	EMBElv	UserCD
3	230.000	2.00	811.000	*****

Pressure flow elevations

AVBCEL	PFElev
*****	810.000

Abutment Parameters

ABSLPL	ABSLPR	XTOELT	YTOELT	XTOERT	YTOERT
*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****

Pier/Pile Data (9 Group(s))

Code Indicates Bridge Uses Piers

Group	Elevation	Gross Width	Number
1	788.000	3.000	2
2	788.100	3.000	2
3	788.100	6.000	3
4	796.000	6.000	3
5	796.000	9.000	4
6	797.000	9.000	4
7	797.000	12.000	5
8	800.000	12.000	5
9	800.000	15.000	1

 * Finished Processing Header Record BRDGE *

***** W S P R O *****

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

WSPRO OUTPUT

I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER
COUNTY: HUNTINGTON
11-08-96

I69-76-4775
QUAD: WARREN 75A
BRET A. ROBINSON

DC 0 BRDGE 24589 24809 24500 24730 * 15

DP 24529 24932 3 * * 1 1 1.1
DP 24529 24932 3 * * 1 1 1.1
DP 24529 24932 3 * * 1 1 1.1
DP 24529 24932 3 * * 1 1 1.1
DP 24529 24932 3 * * 1 1 1.1

* Starting To Process Header Record APPR *

XS APPR 1070

GR 23865 830 24128 820 24249 810 24334 800 24501 800 24523 789
GR 24541 788 24712 788 24717 789 24729 797 24877 797 25502 800
GR 25583 810 25752 820 26069 830
N .100 .034 .035
SA 24500 24725

*** Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record APPR ***
*** Storing X-Section Data In Temporary File As Record Number 4 ***

*** Data Summary For Header Record APPR ***
SRD Location: 1070. Cross-Section Skew: .0 Error Code 0
Valley Slope: .00000 Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.
Energy Loss Coefficients -> Expansion: .50 Contraction: .00

X,Y-coordinates (15 pairs)					
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
23865.000	830.000	24128.000	820.000	24249.000	810.000
24334.000	800.000	24501.000	800.000	24523.000	789.000
24541.000	788.000	24712.000	788.000	24717.000	789.000
24729.000	797.000	24877.000	797.000	25502.000	800.000
25583.000	810.000	25752.000	820.000	26069.000	830.000

Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates
Minimum X-Station: 23865.000 (associated Y-Elevation: 830.000)
Maximum X-Station: 26069.000 (associated Y-Elevation: 830.000)
Minimum Y-Elevation: 788.000 (associated X-Station: 24712.000)
Maximum Y-Elevation: 830.000 (associated X-Station: 23865.000)

Roughness Data (3 SubAreas)		
SubArea	Roughness Coefficient	Horizontal Breakpoint
1	.100	---
	---	*****
2	.034	---
	---	*****
3	.035	---

WSPRO OUTPUT

Bridge datum projection(s): XREFLT XREFRT FDSTLT FDSTRT

* Finished Processing Header Record APPR *

***** W S P R O *****
Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey
Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.
Input Units: English / Output Units: English

I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER I69-76-4775
COUNTY: HUNTINGTON QUAD: WARREN 75A
11-08-96 BRET A. ROBINSON

EX

=====*

* Summary of Boundary Condition Information *

=====*

#	Reach Discharge	Water Surface Elevation	Friction Slope	Flow Regime
1	15800.00	*****	.0004	Sub-Critical
2	26900.00	*****	.0004	Sub-Critical

=====*

* Beginning 2 Profile Calculation(s) *

=====*

***** W S P R O *****
Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey
Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.
Input Units: English / Output Units: English

I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER I69-76-4775
COUNTY: HUNTINGTON QUAD: WARREN 75A
11-08-96 BRET A. ROBINSON

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: EXIT	802.163	.271	15800.000	5889.287	*****	24629.920
Header Type: XS	802.434	*****	2.683	789351.80	*****	25692.340
SRD: .000	794.173	*****	.313	*****	2.421	*****
Section: FULLV	802.338	.258	15800.000	6075.928	420.000	24629.180
Header Type: FV	802.596	.163	2.600	813401.30	420.000	25695.940

WSPRO OUTPUT

SRD: 420.000 794.173 .000 .301 .0004 2.451 -.001

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

===135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS AT SECID "APPR ".
KRATIO: 1.44

Section: APPR	802.639	.125	15800.000	7043.511	650.000	24311.570
Header Type: AS	802.765	.170	2.243	1174257.00	650.000	25523.380
SRD: 1070.000	793.922	.000	.208	.0003	1.601	-.001

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

<<< The Following Data Reflect The "Constricted" Profile >>>

<<< Beginning Bridge/Culvert Hydraulic Computations >>>

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: BRDGE	802.284	.346	15800.000	3702.867	420.000	24554.220
Header Type: BR	802.630	.182	4.267	757370.40	420.000	24913.390
SRD: 420.000	793.921	.014	.259	*****	1.221	-.002

Specific Bridge Information	C	P/A	PFELEV	BLN	XLAB	XRAB
Bridge Type 3 Flow Type 1	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Pier/Pile Code 0	.9051	.034	810.000	*****	*****	*****

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: APPR	802.754	.120	15800.000	7182.569	420.000	24310.590
Header Type: AS	802.874	.129	2.200	1203000.00	455.521	25524.310
SRD: 1070.000	793.922	.115	.201	.0003	1.595	.008

Approach Section APPR Flow Contraction Information					
M(G)	M(K)	KQ	XLKQ	XRKQ	OTEL
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
.703	.259	889476.8	*****	*****	802.754
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

<<< End of Bridge Hydraulics Computations >>>

***** W S P R O *****

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER
COUNTY: HUNTINGTON

I69-76-4775
QUAD: WARREN 75A

WSPRO OUTPUT

11-08-96

BRET A. ROBINSON

	WSEL EGEL CRWS	VHD HF HO	Q V FR #	AREA K SF	SRDL FLEN ALPHA	LEW REW ERR
Section: EXIT	805.645	.324	26900.000	9738.156	*****	24616.190
Header Type: XS	805.969	*****	2.762	1344589.00	*****	25763.720
SRD: .000	796.641	*****	.276	*****	2.732	*****
Section: FULLV	805.821	.312	26900.000	9939.874	420.000	24615.700
Header Type: FV	806.133	.164	2.706	1377104.00	420.000	25767.320
SRD: 420.000	796.641	.000	.269	.0004	2.739	-.001

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

===135 CONVEYANCE RATIO OUTSIDE OF RECOMMENDED LIMITS AT SECID. "APPR ".
KRATIO: 1.61

Section: APPR	806.161	.125	26900.000	11413.640	650.000	24281.630
Header Type: AS	806.286	.154	2.357	2222243.00	650.000	25551.900
SRD: 1070.000	796.346	.000	.167	.0002	1.448	.000

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

<<< The Following Data Reflect The "Constricted" Profile >>>

<<< Beginning Bridge/Culvert Hydraulic Computations >>>

	WSEL EGEL CRWS	VHD HF HO	Q V FR #	AREA K SF	SRDL FLEN ALPHA	LEW REW ERR
Section: BRDGE	805.646	.664	26900.000	4937.100	420.000	24545.930
Header Type: BR	806.310	.198	5.449	1186017.00	420.000	24921.130
SRD: 420.000	796.351	.143	.318	*****	1.439	.000
Specific Bridge Information	C	P/A	PFELEV	BLEN	XLAB	XRAB
Bridge Type 3	Flow Type 1					
Pier/Pile Code 0	.8337	.036	810.000	*****	*****	*****

	WSEL EGEL CRWS	VHD HF HO	Q V FR #	AREA K SF	SRDL FLEN ALPHA	LEW REW ERR
Section: APPR	806.455	.117	26900.000	11787.880	420.000	24279.130
Header Type: AS	806.571	.129	2.282	2324444.00	473.748	25554.280
SRD: 1070.000	796.346	.132	.159	.0002	1.439	.001

Approach Section APPR		Flow Contraction Information			
M(G)	M(K)	KQ	XLKQ	XRKQ	OTEL
.704	.425	1336569.0	*****	*****	806.455

WSPRO INPUT FILE

<<< End of Bridge Hydraulics Computations >>>

***** W S P R O *****

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER I69-76-4775
COUNTY: HUNTINGTON QUAD: WARREN 75A
11-08-96 BRET A. ROBINSON

*** Live-Bed Contraction Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE ***

Constants and Input Variables

Bed Material Transport Mode Factor (k1): .64

Total Pier Width Value (Pw): 15.000

	Scour	-- Flow --	-- Width --		-- X-Limits --			
#	Depth	Contract	Approach	Contract	Approach	Side	Contract	Approach
1	7.499	15745.760	10289.150	205.000	230.000	Left:	*****	*****
	.....	Approach	Channel	Depth:	13.730	.....	Right:	*****
2	13.906	24615.050	13473.330	205.000	230.000	Left:	*****	*****
	.....	Approach	Channel	Depth:	17.431	.....	Right:	*****

***** W S P R O *****

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER I69-76-4775
COUNTY: HUNTINGTON QUAD: WARREN 75A
11-08-96 BRET A. ROBINSON

*** Pier Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE ***

Constants and Input Variables

Pier Width: 3.000

Pier Shape Factor (K1): 1.00

Flow Angle of Attack Factor (K2): 1.00

Bed Condition Factor (K3): 1.10

Bed Material Factor (K4): 1.00

Velocity Multiplier (VM): 1.00

Depth Multiplier (YM): 1.00

WSPRO INPUT FILE

#	----- Localized Hydraulic Properties -----						-- X-Stations --	
	Depth	Flow	WSE	Depth	Velocity	Froude #	Left	Right
1	6.21	15800.000	802.399	14.799	5.175	.237	24529.000	24932.000
2	7.04	26900.000	805.778	18.178	6.492	.268	24529.000	24932.000

***** W S P R O *****

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER	I69-76-4775
COUNTY: HUNTINGTON	QUAD: WARREN 75A
11-08-96	BRET A. ROBINSON

*** Pier Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE ***

Constants and Input Variables

Pier Width: 3.000

Pier Shape Factor	(K1):	1.00
Flow Angle of Attack Factor	(K2):	1.00
Bed Condition Factor	(K3):	1.10
Bed Material Factor	(K4):	1.00
Velocity Multiplier	(VM):	1.00
Depth Multiplier	(YM):	1.00

#	----- Localized Hydraulic Properties -----						-- X-Stations --	
	Depth	Flow	WSE	Depth	Velocity	Froude #	Left	Right
1	6.21	15800.000	802.399	14.799	5.175	.237	24529.000	24932.000
2	7.04	26900.000	805.778	18.178	6.492	.268	24529.000	24932.000

***** W S P R O *****

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER	I69-76-4775
COUNTY: HUNTINGTON	QUAD: WARREN 75A
11-08-96	BRET A. ROBINSON

*** Pier Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE ***

Constants and Input Variables

Pier Width: 3.000

WSPRO INPUT FILE

```

*-----*
Pier Shape Factor          (K1):  1.00
Flow Angle of Attack Factor (K2):  1.00
Bed Condition Factor       (K3):  1.10
Bed Material Factor        (K4):  1.00
Velocity Multiplier        (VM):  1.00
Depth Multiplier           (YM):  1.00
*-----*

```

#	----- Localized Hydraulic Properties -----						-- X-Stations --	
	Scour Depth	Flow	WSE	Depth	Velocity	Froude #	Left	Right
1	6.21	15800.000	802.399	14.799	5.175	.237	24529.000	24932.000
2	7.04	26900.000	805.778	18.178	6.492	.268	24529.000	24932.000

```

***** W S P R O *****
Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey
Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.
Input Units: English / Output Units: English
*-----*
I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER      I69-76-4775
COUNTY: HUNTINGTON           QUAD: WARREN 75A
11-08-96                      BRET A. ROBINSON

```

*** Pier Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE ***

Constants and Input Variables

Pier Width: 3.000

```

*-----*
Pier Shape Factor          (K1):  1.00
Flow Angle of Attack Factor (K2):  1.00
Bed Condition Factor       (K3):  1.10
Bed Material Factor        (K4):  1.00
Velocity Multiplier        (VM):  1.00
Depth Multiplier           (YM):  1.00
*-----*

```

#	----- Localized Hydraulic Properties -----						-- X-Stations --	
	Scour Depth	Flow	WSE	Depth	Velocity	Froude #	Left	Right
1	6.21	15800.000	802.399	14.799	5.175	.237	24529.000	24932.000
2	7.04	26900.000	805.778	18.178	6.492	.268	24529.000	24932.000

```

***** W S P R O *****
Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey
Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.
Input Units: English / Output Units: English
*-----*
I-69 OVER SALAMONIE RIVER      I69-76-4775

```


WSPRO INPUT FILE

COUNTY: HUNTINGTON
11-08-96

QUAD: WARREN 75A
BRET A. ROBINSON

*** Pier Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE ***

Constants and Input Variables

Pier Width: 3.000

```
*-----*
Pier Shape Factor          (K1):  1.00
Flow Angle of Attack Factor (K2):  1.00
Bed Condition Factor       (K3):  1.10
Bed Material Factor        (K4):  1.00
Velocity Multiplier        (VM):  1.00
Depth Multiplier           (YM):  1.00
*-----*
```

#	Scour Depth	---- Localized Hydraulic Properties ----					-- X-Stations --	
		Flow	WSE	Depth	Velocity	Froude #	Left	Right
1	6.21	15800.000	802.399	14.799	5.175	.237	24529.000	24932.000
2	7.04	26900.000	805.778	18.178	6.492	.268	24529.000	24932.000

ER

```
***** Normal end of WSPRO execution. *****
***** Elapsed Time:  0 Minutes 10 Seconds *****
```