

# Modified Level II Streambed-Scour Analysis for Structure I-164-10-6971 Crossing Pigeon Creek in Vanderburgh County, Indiana

By JOHN T. WILSON, BRET A. ROBINSON,  
DAVID C. VOELKER, and ROBERT L. MILLER

Prepared in cooperation with the  
INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
Open-File Report 97-335



Indianapolis, Indiana

1997

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
BRUCE BABBITT, Secretary

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
Gordon P. Eaton, Director

---

For additional information, write to:  
District Chief  
U.S. Geological Survey  
Water Resources Division  
5957 Lakeside Boulevard  
Indianapolis, IN 46278-1996

Copies of this report can be purchased from:  
U.S. Geological Survey  
Branch of Information Services  
Box 25286  
Federal Center  
Denver, CO 80225

# CONTENTS

Abstract.....	1
Introduction.....	1
Background and Scope .....	1
Site Description.....	2
Evaluation Methods .....	3
Special Considerations .....	6
Results.....	6
References.....	6
Appendix.....	7
Water Surface PROfile Model (WSPRO) Input File.....	8
Water Surface PROfile Model (WSPRO) Output.....	9

## Tables

1. Cumulative scour depths for the modeled discharges at structure I-164-10-6971 crossing Pigeon Creek in Vanderburgh County, Indiana .....	5
--	---

## CONVERSION FACTORS AND ABBREVIATIONS

<b>Multiply</b>	<b>By</b>	<b>To obtain</b>
inch (in.)	25.4	millimeter
foot (ft)	0.3048	meter
square foot (ft <sup>2</sup> )	929.0	square centimeter
feet per second (ft/s)	0.3048	meters per second
cubic foot per second (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)	0.02832	cubic meter per second
mile (mi)	1.609	kilometer
square mile (mi <sup>2</sup> )	2.590	square kilometer

### Abbreviations used in this report:

D <sub>50</sub>	median diameter of bed material
Q100	100-year discharge
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency
HEC	Hydraulic Engineering Circular
IDNR	Indiana Department of Natural Resources
INDOT	Indiana Department of Transportation
USGS	U. S. Geological Survey
WSPRO	Water Surface PROfile model

# Modified Level II Streambed-Scour Analysis for Structure I-164-10-6971 Crossing Pigeon Creek in Vanderburgh County, Indiana

By John T. Wilson, Bret A. Robinson, David C. Voelker, *and* Robert L. Miller

## ABSTRACT

Level II scour evaluations follow a process in which hydrologic, hydraulic, and sediment-transport data are evaluated to calculate the depth of scour that may result when a given discharge is routed through a bridge opening. The results of the modified Level II analysis for structure I-164-10-6971 on Interstate 164 crossing Pigeon Creek in Vanderburgh County, Indiana, are presented. The site is near the town of Stevenson and is in the eastern part of Vanderburgh County. Scour depths were computed with the Water Surface PROfile model, version V050196, which incorporates the scour-calculation procedures outlined in Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 18. Total scour depths at the piers were approximately 10.6 feet for the modeled discharge of 12,700 cubic feet per second and approximately 13.1 feet for the modeled discharge of 17,400 cubic feet per second.

## INTRODUCTION

The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), in cooperation with the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT), is conducting Level II scour analyses at a number of bridges throughout Indiana. This report describes the methods applied and the modeling results for bridge I-164-10-6971.

### Background and Scope

Level I scour assessment is a process where a large number of bridges are studied as a group. Assessments usually are made by evaluating a combination of geomorphic, hydrologic, and bridge-characteristic data. The results help investigators determine which bridges appear to be most likely to experience streambed-scour problems and which bridges appear to be relatively immune to problems brought on by streambed scour (for example, bridges built on bedrock).

When applied correctly, Level I scour assessments provide an investigator with information to identify those bridges that appear to be relatively safe and those bridges that fall into higher risk categories.

Level II scour evaluations describe the process for an investigator to apply a model to a bridge site and calculate the potential depth of scour that may result from a given flood event. Level II analyses involve the application of basic hydrologic, hydraulic, and sediment-transport engineering concepts and may include an evaluation of flood history, channel hydraulic conditions (for example, water-surface profile analysis), and basic sediment-transport analyses such as scour calculations (Lagasse and others, 1995).

The methods and model outlined in Hydraulic Engineering Circular (HEC) No. 18 (Richardson and Davis, 1995) formulate the basis for Level II scour evaluations. Methods used in this study for Level II scour evaluations are a modification of the HEC-18 standards. These modifications were made to comply with the methodology requested by INDOT (Merril Dougherty, Indiana Department of Transportation, oral commun., 1996). Descriptions of the specific modifications are given in the "Evaluation Methods" section of this report.

This report presents the methods followed for modeling, special considerations for this study site, and the input for and the output from the Water Surface PROfile (WSPRO) model.

### **Site Description**

The study site is located near the town of Stevenson and is in the eastern part of Vanderburgh County. The drainage area for the site is approximately 260 mi<sup>2</sup> (Merril Dougherty, Indiana Department of Transportation, written commun., 1997). The predominant land use in the basin is agricultural; in the immediate vicinity of the bridge, the land is predominantly pasture land.

Within the immediate vicinity of the bridge, Pigeon Creek has a channel-bed slope of approximately 0.00022 ft/ft. The channel-bed material is silt-clay, and the channel banks consist of silt-clay. At the time of the Level I site visit on March 4, 1992, the banks were observed to have 60 to 65 percent woody vegetative cover; the field report noted that the banks were experiencing fluvial erosion.

The Interstate 164 crossing of Pigeon Creek is a 275-ft-long, multi-lane bridge consisting of four spans supported by concrete and steel piers and sloping riprap-covered spill-through abutments. Additional details describing conditions at the site are included in the Level I data base (Hopkins and Robinson, unpub. data, 1997). Photographs of the site, taken at the time of the Level I site visit, are archived at the USGS office in Indianapolis.

## EVALUATION METHODS

The methods described in this section apply to a number of bridge sites in Indiana being evaluated for scour and outline the procedures requested by INDOT for these modified Level II scour analyses. The principal modification requested by INDOT was that the input data to the model come from or be estimated from existing data sources; no additional field data were collected. Actual methods used in the scour evaluation at this particular bridge site use the most applicable method possible, given the data available.

To determine drainage area, either published values found in Hoggatt (1975) or USGS 7.5-minute topographic maps with Hoggatt's original drainage-area delineations were used. Where there are no published data, drainage-area segments measured from the maps produced by Hoggatt were either subtracted from downstream sites or added to upstream sites published by Hoggatt (1975).

In Indiana, flood discharges are coordinated by agreement among State and Federal agencies. At sites where flood discharges officially are coordinated among State and Federal agencies in Indiana, the coordinated 100-year discharge (Q100) was modeled. INDOT also provided an additional flood discharge for these coordinated sites in excess of the Q100 to be modeled.

If a flood discharge was not coordinated, the USGS examined Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) studies for Q100 determinations. Where FEMA studies did not produce a Q100, the USGS contacted IDNR for an estimated Q100 in the vicinity of the site being studied. If IDNR did not have a Q100, data from nearby USGS streamflow-gaging stations were analyzed with nearby and similar drainage basins that have been coordinated. At sites having no coordinated discharge data, the two discharges used in the model were 1) the approximated Q100 and 2) a discharge equal to 1.7 times the approximated Q100.

Most of the cross-section and bridge-opening geometry data were taken from the bridge plans (Indiana State Highway Commission, 1984) provided by INDOT. Bridge plans are presumed to be representative of current conditions at the site. To determine the cross-section geometry, a line was drawn on the bridge plans parallel to the bridge stationing and approximately one bridge width from the bridge. For sites where the bridge plans did not extend far enough laterally for collection of all cross-section data required for WSPRO model analysis, additional data were collected from 7.5-minute topographic maps.

The roadway and embankment profile was taken from the bridge and highway plans for those sites where roadway overtopping was expected. The INDOT bridge plans and 7.5-minute topographic maps were used as a guide, based on the water-surface elevations calculated by the WSPRO model, to determine if roadway overtopping might occur.

Roughness values (*n*-values) for the main channel were estimated by viewing photographs archived from the Level I scour assessments. The *n*-values for the overbanks were assigned on the basis of the surface-cover data summarized in the Level I data base (Hopkins and Robinson, unpub. data, 1997). From those data, the following roughness values were assigned to the surface-cover categories: urban—0.050, suburban—0.035, row crop—0.045, pasture—0.035, brush—0.120, forest—0.100, and wetland (any area covered by standing water)—0.100. The *n*-values for the overbanks were adjusted if the Level I photographs provided sufficient detail to warrant an adjustment.

WSPRO version V050196 was used to model flow through the study site. Starting water-surface elevation was obtained with a slope-conveyance computation. The channel-bed slope in the immediate vicinity of the bridge was estimated from the 7.5-minute topographic map and was used as the slope of the energy grade line for this computation.

WSPRO version V050196 includes a field that allows the input of up to four scour-adjustment factors (K1 to K4). For this modeling, the default value for K4 (bed armoring) was chosen. For scour-adjustment factors K1 and K2 (pier-nose shape and angle of attack, respectively), input values were determined by evaluating the data archived in the Level I data base (Hopkins and Robinson, unpub. data, 1997). For the K3 factor (bed forms), a value of 1.1 was applied in all cases.

In some cases, piers set on the overbanks are constructed with footings that are higher in elevation than pier footings in the main channel. In these situations, if the channel position changes, the piers that were initially constructed on the overbank may become part of the main channel. Therefore, to evaluate total potential scour, the model results obtained for contraction scour and deepest local scour in the main channel were added and applied to all piers in the bridge opening. This methodology allowed for an evaluation of potential undermining of pier supports in the event that future channel movement placed overbank piers in the main channel.

Where bridge pairs have a continuous abutment or fill between the bridges that does not allow expansion of flow, the bridge pair was modeled as one bridge. Sites with discontinuous abutments, allowing expansion between the bridges, were modeled as two separate bridges. In those cases, a valley cross section was measured between the bridges and used as the approach section for the downstream bridge and as the exit section for the upstream bridge.

At sites with no embankment to function as a weir or at sites where the tailwater drowns out the embankment, a composite bridge and road section was used to compute flow. Those sites were computed with friction-loss equations rather than with a bridge routine.

Total scour is taken as the sum of local scour plus contraction scour. If the model predicted negative contraction scour (aggradation), the contraction-scour value was assumed to be zero in determining the total scour depth (table 1). This assumption was made so that a negative contraction scour would not mask the potentially detrimental effects of local scour at a pier. No abutment scour evaluations were made in this study.

**Table 1.** Cumulative scour depths for the modeled discharges at structure I-164-10-6971 crossing Pigeon Creek in Vanderburgh County, Indiana  
 [--, no value]

Pier number <sup>1</sup>	Stationing from bridge plans <sup>2</sup>	Initial bed-elevation at pier (feet)	Main-channel contraction scour depth (feet)	Local scour depth (feet)	Worst-case total-scour depth <sup>3</sup> (feet)	Bottom elevation of pier (feet)	Worst-case bed elevation after scour <sup>4</sup> (feet)
<b>Modeled discharge<sup>5</sup> is 12,700 cubic feet per second</b>							
1	996+28	366	4.9	5.7	10.6	348.0	342.9
2	997+05	367	4.9	5.7	10.6	348.0	342.9
3	997+80	367	4.9	5.7	10.6	361.9	342.9
<b>Modeled discharge is 17,400 cubic feet per second</b>							
1	996+28	366	6.9	6.2	13.1	348.0	340.4
2	997+05	367	6.9	6.2	13.1	348.0	340.4
3	997+80	367	6.9	6.2	13.1	361.9	340.4

<sup>1</sup>Pier numbers were assigned from left to right as shown on the bridge plans.

<sup>2</sup>Stationing is the center line of the pier as determined from the bridge plans. Stationing from bridge plan, 996+28, represents a point 99,628 feet from an arbitrary starting location referenced on the bridge plans.

<sup>3</sup>Worst-case total-scour depths are generated by summing the calculated contraction-scour depth with the worst case of local scour.

<sup>4</sup>Worst-case bed elevation is computed by subtracting the worst-case total-scour depth from the lowest initial bed elevation in the bridge opening (353.5 feet).

<sup>5</sup>Coordinated discharge.

## **SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Model runs indicate the water-surface elevation at the bridge is lower than the low-steel elevation for the modeled discharges. Therefore, there should be no pressure flow through the bridge opening for the discharges modeled.

## **RESULTS**

Scour depths were computed with a version of WSPRO (Larry Arneson, Federal Highway Administration, written commun., 1996) modified from Shearman (1990). This version of WSPRO includes scour calculations in the model output. Scour depths were calculated assuming an infinite depth of material that could erode and a homogeneous particle-size distribution. The results of the scour analysis are presented in table 1; a complete input file and output results are presented in the appendix.

## **REFERENCES**

- Hoggatt, R.E., 1975, Drainage areas of Indiana streams: U.S. Geological Survey, Water Resources Division, 231 p.
- Indiana State Highway Commission, 1984, Bridge plans Interstate Route 164: Bridge File I-164-10-6971.
- Lagasse, P.F.; Schall, J.D.; Johnson, F.; Richardson, E.V.; and Chang, F., 1995, Stream stability at highway structures (2d ed.): Federal Highway Administration, Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 20, Publication FHWA-IP-90-014, 144 p.
- Richardson, E.V., and Davis, S.R., 1995, Evaluating scour at bridges (3d ed.): Federal Highway Administration, Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 18, Publication FHWA-IP-90-017, 204 p.
- Shearman, J.O., 1990, User's manual for WSPRO, a computer model for water-surface profile computations: Federal Highway Administration Publication FHWA-IP-89-027, 177 p.

# APPENDIX

# WSPRO INPUT FILE

```

T1      I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK      I164-10-6971
T2      COUNTY: VANDERBURGH          QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C
T3      7-31-97                      JOHN T. WILSON
Q       12700      17400
SK      .00022    .00022
XS      EXIT      0      12
*       GR 9286 382  9305 380  9318 378  9328 376  9339 374  9349 372
*       GR 9374 372  9388 374  9415 376  9428 378  9445 380  9473 382
GR      9570 385
GR      9571 382  9578 380  9592 378  9609 376  9614 374  9617 372
GR      9624 370  9634 368  9637 366  9645 364  9656 362  9667 360
GR      9711 362  9716 364  9730 366  9817 368  9848 368  9878 366
GR      9936 366  10050 368  10092 370  10139 372  10450 380
N       .032      .100
SA      9730
XS      FULLV    272
BR      BRDGE   272   387.8  12
*       ***BRIDGE DECK SKEWED 12 DEGREES (FROM BRIDGE PLANS)***
GR      9567 387.8  9567 387.0  9570 387.0  9607 367.1  9633 365.9
GR      9646 356.7  9649 355.3  9658 353.2  9662 355.2  9680 355.1
GR      9700 367.1  9797 367.2  9836 386.9  9836 386.9  9839 386.9
GR      9839 388.0  9567 387.8
N       .035      .032      .035
SA      9633      9700
PD      366.2    2.2    1
PD      367.0    2.2    2
PD      367.0    6.6    3
CD      3      134    2      390
DC 0 BRDGE 9633 9700 9594 9673 * 0
*       ***TOP OF BANKS USED FOR DC LIMITS***
*       BXL      BXR      PW      *      *      K1      K2      K3
DP      9567      9839      2.2    *      *      1      1      1.1
DP      9567      9839      2.2    *      *      1      1      1.1
DP      9567      9839      2.2    *      *      1      1      1.1
*       ***DP CARDS USE WHOLE BRIDGE OPENING FOR BXL/BXR***
*       ***NO PIERS IN MAIN CHANNEL***
XS      APPR    678
GR      9328 390  9329 382  9517 382  9524 380  9537 378  9543 376
GR      9547 374  9553 372  9557 370  9567 368  9594 366  9599 360
GR      9653 362  9660 364  9673 366  9807 368  9949 368  9965 368
GR      10450 380
N       .100      .032      .100
SA      9517      9673
HP 2 BRDGE 379.6 * 379.6 12700
HP 2 BRDGE 381.9 * 381.9 17400
EX
ER

```

# WSPRO OUTPUT

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Run Date & Time: 7/31/97 3:24 pm Version V050196

Input File: pigeon.dat Output File: pigeon.LST

\*-----\*

T1 I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK I164-10-6971  
T2 COUNTY: VANDERBURGH QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C  
T3 7-31-97 JOHN T. WILSON  
Q 12700 17400

\*\*\* Processing Flow Data; Placing Information into Sequence 1 \*\*\*

SK .00022 .00022

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey

Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.

Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK I164-10-6971  
COUNTY: VANDERBURGH QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C  
7-31-97 JOHN T. WILSON

\*-----\*

\* Starting To Process Header Record EXIT \*

\*-----\*

XS EXIT 0 12  
GR 9570 385  
GR 9571 382 9578 380 9592 378 9609 376 9614 374 9617 372  
GR 9624 370 9634 368 9637 366 9645 364 9656 362 9667 360  
GR 9711 362 9716 364 9730 366 9817 368 9848 368 9878 366  
GR 9936 366 10050 368 10092 370 10139 372 10450 380  
N .032 .100  
SA 9730

\*\*\* Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record EXIT \*\*\*

\*\*\* Storing X-Section Data In Temporary File As Record Number 1 \*\*\*

\*\*\* Data Summary For Header Record EXIT \*\*\*

SRD Location: 0. Cross-Section Skew: 12.0 Error Code 0

Valley Slope: .00000 Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.

Energy Loss Coefficients -> Expansion: .50 Contraction: .00

# WSPRO OUTPUT

X,Y-coordinates (24 pairs)					
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
9570.000	385.000	9571.000	382.000	9578.000	380.000
9592.000	378.000	9609.000	376.000	9614.000	374.000
9617.000	372.000	9624.000	370.000	9634.000	368.000
9637.000	366.000	9645.000	364.000	9656.000	362.000
9667.000	360.000	9711.000	362.000	9716.000	364.000
9730.000	366.000	9817.000	368.000	9848.000	368.000
9878.000	366.000	9936.000	366.000	10050.000	368.000
10092.000	370.000	10139.000	372.000	10450.000	380.000

Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates

Minimum X-Station: 9570.000 ( associated Y-Elevation: 385.000 )  
 Maximum X-Station: 10450.000 ( associated Y-Elevation: 380.000 )  
 Minimum Y-Elevation: 360.000 ( associated X-Station: 9667.000 )  
 Maximum Y-Elevation: 385.000 ( associated X-Station: 9570.000 )

X-coordinates & Horizontal Breakpoints Translated by Skew Angle					
X Input	X Skewed	X Input	X Skewed	X Input	X Skewed
9570.000	9572.120	9571.000	9573.098	9578.000	9579.945
9592.000	9593.639	9609.000	9610.268	9614.000	9615.158
9617.000	9618.093	9624.000	9624.939	9634.000	9634.721
9637.000	9637.655	9645.000	9645.480	9656.000	9656.240
9667.000	9667.000	9711.000	9710.038	9716.000	9714.930
9730.000	9728.623	9817.000	9813.722	9848.000	9844.045
9878.000	9873.389	9936.000	9930.122	10050.000	10041.630
10092.000	10082.710	10139.000	10128.690	10450.000	10432.890

Roughness Data ( 2 SubAreas )		
SubArea	Roughness Coefficient	Horizontal Breakpoint
1	.032	---
	---	9728.623
2	.100	---

\*-----\*

\* Finished Processing Header Record EXIT \*

\*-----\*

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK	I164-10-6971
COUNTY: VANDERBURGH	QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C
7-31-97	JOHN T. WILSON

# WSPRO OUTPUT

```

*-----*
*           Starting To Process Header Record FULLV           *
*-----*

```

XS FULLV 272

```

*** Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record FULLV ***
*** No Roughness Data Input, Propagating From Previous Section ***
*** Storing X-Section Data In Temporary File As Record Number 2 ***

```

```

*** Data Summary For Header Record FULLV ***
SRD Location:      272. Cross-Section Skew:   .0 Error Code  0
Valley Slope:     .00000 Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.
Energy Loss Coefficients -> Expansion:   .50 Contraction:   .00

```

X,Y-coordinates (24 pairs)					
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
9570.000	385.000	9571.000	382.000	9578.000	380.000
9592.000	378.000	9609.000	376.000	9614.000	374.000
9617.000	372.000	9624.000	370.000	9634.000	368.000
9637.000	366.000	9645.000	364.000	9656.000	362.000
9667.000	360.000	9711.000	362.000	9716.000	364.000
9730.000	366.000	9817.000	368.000	9848.000	368.000
9878.000	366.000	9936.000	366.000	10050.000	368.000
10092.000	370.000	10139.000	372.000	10450.000	380.000

```

Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates
Minimum X-Station:  9570.000 ( associated Y-Elevation:  385.000 )
Maximum X-Station: 10450.000 ( associated Y-Elevation:  380.000 )
Minimum Y-Elevation: 360.000 ( associated X-Station:  9667.000 )
Maximum Y-Elevation: 385.000 ( associated X-Station:  9570.000 )

```

```

Roughness Data ( 2 SubAreas )
      Roughness Horizontal
SubArea Coefficient Breakpoint
-----
      1          .032      ---
      ---          9730.000
      2          .100      ---
-----

```

```

*-----*
*           Finished Processing Header Record FULLV           *
*-----*

```

# WSPRO OUTPUT

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*  
 I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK      I164-10-6971  
 COUNTY: VANDERBURGH      QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C  
 7-31-97      JOHN T. WILSON

\*-----\*  
 \*      Starting To Process Header Record BRDGE      \*  
 \*-----\*

```
BR BRDGE 272 387.8 12
GR 9567 387.8 9567 387.0 9570 387.0 9607 367.1 9633 365.9
GR 9646 356.7 9649 355.3 9658 353.2 9662 355.2 9680 355.1
GR 9700 367.1 9797 367.2 9836 386.9 9836 386.9 9839 386.9
GR 9839 388.0 9567 387.8
N .035 .032 .035
SA 9633 9700
PD 366.2 2.2 1
PD 367.0 2.2 2
PD 367.0 6.6 3
CD 3 134 2 390
```

\*\*\* Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record BRDGE \*\*\*  
 +++072 NOTICE: X-coordinate # 2 increased to eliminate vertical segment.  
 +++072 NOTICE: X-coordinate #14 increased to eliminate vertical segment.  
 +++072 NOTICE: X-coordinate #16 increased to eliminate vertical segment.  
 \*\*\* Storing Bridge Data In Temporary File As Record Number 3 \*\*\*

\*\*\* Data Summary For Bridge Record BRDGE \*\*\*  
 SRD Location: 272. Cross-Section Skew: 12.0 Error Code 0  
 Valley Slope: \*\*\*\*\* Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.  
 Energy Loss Coefficients -> Expansion: .50 Contraction: .00

X,Y-coordinates (17 pairs)

X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
9567.000	387.800	9567.100	387.000	9570.000	387.000
9607.000	367.100	9633.000	365.900	9646.000	356.700
9649.000	355.300	9658.000	353.200	9662.000	355.200
9680.000	355.100	9700.000	367.100	9797.000	367.200
9836.000	386.900	9836.100	386.900	9839.000	386.900
9839.100	388.000	9567.000	387.800		

Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates

```
Minimum X-Station: 9567.000 ( associated Y-Elevation: 387.800 )
Maximum X-Station: 9839.100 ( associated Y-Elevation: 388.000 )
Minimum Y-Elevation: 353.200 ( associated X-Station: 9658.000 )
Maximum Y-Elevation: 388.000 ( associated X-Station: 9839.100 )
```

# WSPRO OUTPUT

## X-coordinates & Horizontal Breakpoints Translated by Skew Angle

X Input	X Skewed	X Input	X Skewed	X Input	X Skewed
9567.000	9568.988	9567.100	9569.086	9570.000	9571.923
9607.000	9608.114	9633.000	9633.546	9646.000	9646.263
9649.000	9649.196	9658.000	9658.000	9662.000	9661.912
9680.000	9679.520	9700.000	9699.082	9797.000	9793.963
9836.000	9832.110	9836.100	9832.208	9839.000	9835.045
9839.100	9835.143	9567.000	9568.988		

Roughness Data ( 3 SubAreas )

SubArea	Roughness Coefficient	Horizontal Breakpoint
1	.035	---
	---	9633.546
2	.032	---
	---	9699.082
3	.035	---

Discharge coefficient parameters

BRType	BRWidth	EMBSS	EMBElv	UserCD
3	134.000	2.00	390.000	*****

Pressure flow elevations

AVBCEL	PFElev
*****	387.800

Abutment Parameters

ABSLPL	ABSLPR	XTOELT	YTOELT	XTOERT	YTOERT
*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****

Pier/Pile Data ( 3 Group(s) )

Code Indicates Bridge Uses Piers

Group	Elevation	Gross Width	Number
1	366.200	2.200	1
2	367.000	2.200	2
3	367.000	6.600	3

\*-----\*

\* Finished Processing Header Record BRDGE \*

\*-----\*

# WSPRO OUTPUT

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK      I164-10-6971  
 COUNTY: VANDERBURGH      QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C  
 7-31-97      JOHN T. WILSON

DC 0 BRDGE	9633	9700	9594	9673	*	*	0		
DP	9567	9839	2.2	*	*	1	1	1.1	
DP	9567	9839	2.2	*	*	1	1	1.1	
DP	9567	9839	2.2	*	*	1	1	1.1	

\*-----\*  
 \*      Starting To Process Header Record APPR      \*  
 \*-----\*

XS	APPR	678							
GR		9328 390	9329 382	9517 382	9524 380	9537 378	9543 376		
GR		9547 374	9553 372	9557 370	9567 368	9594 366	9599 360		
GR		9653 362	9660 364	9673 366	9807 368	9949 368	9965 368		
GR		10450 380							
N		.100	.032	.100					
SA		9517	9673						

\*\*\* Completed Reading Data Associated With Header Record APPR \*\*\*  
 \*\*\* Storing X-Section Data In Temporary File As Record Number 4 \*\*\*

\*\*\* Data Summary For Header Record APPR \*\*\*  
 SRD Location:      678.      Cross-Section Skew:      .0      Error Code      0  
 Valley Slope:      .00000      Averaging Conveyance By Geometric Mean.  
 Energy Loss Coefficients ->      Expansion:      .50      Contraction:      .00

X,Y-coordinates (19 pairs)					
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
9328.000	390.000	9329.000	382.000	9517.000	382.000
9524.000	380.000	9537.000	378.000	9543.000	376.000
9547.000	374.000	9553.000	372.000	9557.000	370.000
9567.000	368.000	9594.000	366.000	9599.000	360.000
9653.000	362.000	9660.000	364.000	9673.000	366.000
9807.000	368.000	9949.000	368.000	9965.000	368.000
10450.000	380.000				

Minimum and Maximum X,Y-coordinates

Minimum X-Station:	9328.000	( associated Y-Elevation:	390.000 )
Maximum X-Station:	10450.000	( associated Y-Elevation:	380.000 )
Minimum Y-Elevation:	360.000	( associated X-Station:	9599.000 )
Maximum Y-Elevation:	390.000	( associated X-Station:	9328.000 )

# WSPRO OUTPUT

SubArea	Roughness Coefficient	Horizontal Breakpoint
1	.100	---
	---	9517.000
2	.032	---
	---	9673.000
3	.100	---

Bridge datum projection(s): XREFLT XREFRT FDSTLT FDSTRT  
 \*\*\*\*\*

\*-----\*

\* Finished Processing Header Record APPR \*

\*-----\*

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*

Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK      I164-10-6971  
 COUNTY: VANDERBURGH      QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C  
 7-31-97      JOHN T. WILSON

HP 2 BRDGE 379.6 \* 379.6 12700  
 HP 2 BRDGE 381.9 \* 381.9 17400  
 EX

\*=====\*

\* Summary of Boundary Condition Information \*

\*=====\*

#	Reach Discharge	Water Surface Elevation	Friction Slope	Flow Regime
1	12700.00	*****	.0002	Sub-Critical
2	17400.00	*****	.0002	Sub-Critical

\*=====\*

\* Beginning 2 Profile Calculation(s) \*

\*=====\*

# WSPRO OUTPUT

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK      I164-10-6971  
 COUNTY: VANDERBURGH      QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C  
 7-31-97      JOHN T. WILSON

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: EXIT	379.625	.126	12700.000	7962.207	*****	9580.625
Header Type: XS	379.751	*****	1.595	855502.50	*****	10435.420
SRD: .000	370.219	*****	.165	*****	3.188	*****
Section: FULLV	379.689	.124	12700.000	8016.903	272.000	9580.178
Header Type: FV	379.813	.059	1.584	862349.40	272.000	10437.900
SRD: 272.000	370.219	.000	.163	.0002	3.185	.003

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

Section: APPR	379.776	.121	12700.000	8357.127	406.000	9525.453
Header Type: AS	379.898	.085	1.520	896346.40	406.000	10440.960
SRD: 678.000	370.670	.000	.163	.0002	3.376	.000

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

<<< The Following Data Reflect The "Constricted" Profile >>>

<<< Beginning Bridge/Culvert Hydraulic Computations >>>

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: BRDGE	379.615	.280	12700.000	3297.909	272.000	9583.730
Header Type: BR	379.895	.077	3.851	863997.90	272.000	9821.579
SRD: 272.000	369.584	.067	.201	*****	1.213	-.002
Specific Bridge Information	C	P/A	PFELEV	BLEN	XLAB	XRAB
Bridge Type 3	Flow Type 1					
Pier/Pile Code	0	.9080	.026	387.800	*****	*****

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: APPR	379.892	.118	12700.000	8463.099	272.000	9524.703
Header Type: AS	380.010	.080	1.501	909428.30	298.355	10445.630
SRD: 678.000	370.670	.035	.160	.0002	3.370	.003

# WSPRO OUTPUT

```

Approach Section APPR Flow Contraction Information
M( G )   M( K )       KQ       XLKQ       XRKQ       OTEL
-----
      .740       .271  663052.3  9566.487  9804.344  379.892
-----
  
```

<<< End of Bridge Hydraulics Computations >>>

```

***** W S P R O *****
Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey
Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.
Input Units: English / Output Units: English
  
```

```

-----*
I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK      I164-10-6971
COUNTY: VANDERBURGH        QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C
7-31-97                     JOHN T. WILSON
  
```

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: EXIT	381.965	.139	17400.000	10005.800	*****	9571.124
Header Type: XS	382.103	*****	1.739	1172349.00	*****	10450.000
SRD: .000	371.329	*****	.156	*****	2.952	*****
Section: FULLV	382.028	.137	17400.000	10061.270	272.000	9570.991
Header Type: FV	382.165	.059	1.729	1181949.00	272.000	10450.000
SRD: 272.000	371.329	.000	.155	.0002	2.947	.002

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

Section: APPR	382.118	.132	17400.000	10554.280	406.000	9328.985
Header Type: AS	382.250	.085	1.649	1230404.00	406.000	10450.000
SRD: 678.000	371.802	.000	.167	.0002	3.112	.000

<<< The Preceding Data Reflect The "Unconstricted" Profile >>>

<<< The Following Data Reflect The "Constricted" Profile >>>

<<< Beginning Bridge/Culvert Hydraulic Computations >>>

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: BRDGE	381.908	.417	17400.000	3853.407	272.000	9579.467
Header Type: BR	382.325	.083	4.515	1080896.00	272.000	9826.118
SRD: 272.000	371.126	.139	.231	*****	1.314	-.004

Specific Bridge Information	C	P/A	PFELEV	BLFN	XLAB	XRAB
Bridge Type 3	Flow Type 1					
Pier/Pile Code 0	.8724	.026	387.800	*****	*****	*****

# WSPRO OUTPUT

	WSEL	VHD	Q	AREA	SRDL	LEW
	EGEL	HF	V	K	FLEN	REW
	CRWS	HO	FR #	SF	ALPHA	ERR
Section: APPR	382.324	.126	17400.000	10785.580	272.000	9328.959
Header Type: AS	382.451	.085	1.613	1264829.00	301.391	10450.000
SRD: 678.000	371.802	.041	.162	.0002	3.120	.006

Approach Section APPR Flow Contraction Information						
M( G )	M( K )	KQ	XLKQ	XRKQ	OTEL	
.780	.330	847280.1	9569.225	9815.893	382.324	

<<< End of Bridge Hydraulics Computations >>>

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*  
 I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK I164-10-6971  
 COUNTY: VANDERBURGH QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C  
 7-31-97 JOHN T. WILSON

\*\*\* Beginning Velocity Distribution For Header Record BRDGE \*\*\*  
 SRD Location: 272.000 Header Record Number 3

Water Surface Elevation: 379.600 Element # 1  
 Flow: 12700.000 Velocity: 3.86 Hydraulic Depth: 13.854  
 Cross-Section Area: 3294.26 Conveyance: 862624.40  
 Bank Stations -> Left: 9583.759 Right: 9821.548

X STA.	9583.8	9616.8	9631.5	9641.8	9647.9	9652.8
A( I )	269.5	195.5	169.1	133.6	119.7	
V( I )	2.36	3.25	3.75	4.75	5.30	
D( I )	8.17	13.29	16.35	22.02	24.58	

X STA.	9652.8	9657.1	9661.6	9666.3	9671.0	9675.6
A( I )	112.3	114.7	114.8	113.6	113.7	
V( I )	5.65	5.53	5.53	5.59	5.59	
D( I )	25.69	25.66	24.42	24.44	24.46	

X STA.	9675.6	9680.3	9686.1	9694.6	9708.9	9724.1
A( I )	115.0	132.0	154.7	187.8	189.2	
V( I )	5.52	4.81	4.10	3.38	3.36	
D( I )	24.48	22.57	18.27	13.10	12.48	

X STA.	9724.1	9739.6	9755.1	9770.8	9787.3	9821.5
A( I )	193.3	193.4	194.1	206.0	272.0	
V( I )	3.29	3.28	3.27	3.08	2.33	
D( I )	12.47	12.45	12.44	12.42	7.95	

# WSPRO OUTPUT

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK      I164-10-6971  
 COUNTY: VANDERBURGH      QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C  
 7-31-97      JOHN T. WILSON

\*\*\* Beginning Velocity Distribution For Header Record BRDGE \*\*\*  
 SRD Location:      272.000      Header Record Number 3

Water Surface Elevation:      381.900      Element # 1  
 Flow: 17400.000      Velocity: 4.52      Hydraulic Depth: 15.616  
 Cross-Section Area:      3851.32      Conveyance: 1080054.00  
 Bank Stations -> Left:      9579.482      Right:      9826.102

X STA.	9579.5	9614.6	9629.2	9640.5	9647.3	9652.5
A( I )		317.1	227.1	199.1	162.9	137.0
V( I )		2.74	3.83	4.37	5.34	6.35
D( I )		9.04	15.49	17.73	23.69	26.75
X STA.	9652.5	9657.3	9662.3	9667.1	9672.1	9677.1
A( I )		134.8	137.9	130.6	133.8	133.9
V( I )		6.45	6.31	6.66	6.50	6.50
D( I )		27.97	27.78	26.71	26.74	26.77
X STA.	9677.1	9682.5	9689.6	9700.6	9715.1	9729.3
A( I )		141.3	164.4	195.0	214.8	210.9
V( I )		6.16	5.29	4.46	4.05	4.12
D( I )		26.45	23.18	17.77	14.79	14.78
X STA.	9729.3	9744.0	9759.0	9774.2	9790.0	9826.1
A( I )		215.8	221.6	223.3	233.6	316.4
V( I )		4.03	3.93	3.90	3.72	2.75
D( I )		14.76	14.75	14.73	14.72	8.77

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*

I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK      I164-10-6971  
 COUNTY: VANDERBURGH      QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C  
 7-31-97      JOHN T. WILSON

# WSPRO OUTPUT

\*\*\* Live-Bed Contraction Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE \*\*\*

## Constants and Input Variables

```

*-----*
Bed Material Transport Mode Factor (k1):   .64
Total Pier Width Value                    (Pw): .000
*-----*
    
```

#	Scour Depth	-- Flow --	-- Width --	--- X-Limits ---			
	Contract	Approach	Contract	Approach	Side	Contract	Approach
1	4.862	7172.545	.6124.180	67.000 79.000	Left:	9633.000	9594.000
	..... Approach Channel Depth:		17.930	.....	Right:	9700.000	9673.000
2	6.918	9291.045	7457.910	67.000 79.000	Left:	9633.000	9594.000
	..... Approach Channel Depth:		20.362	.....	Right:	9700.000	9673.000

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

```

*-----*
I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK      I164-10-6971
COUNTY: VANDERBURGH        QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C
7-31-97                      JOHN T. WILSON
    
```

\*\*\* Pier Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE \*\*\*

## Constants and Input Variables

Pier Width: 2.200

```

*-----*
Pier Shape Factor              (K1):  1.00
Flow Angle of Attack Factor    (K2):  1.00
Bed Condition Factor           (K3):  1.10
Bed Material Factor            (K4):  1.00
Velocity Multiplier            (VM):  1.00
Depth Multiplier               (YM):  1.00
*-----*
    
```

#	Scour Depth	---- Localized Hydraulic Properties ----					-- X-Stations --	
	Flow	WSE	Depth	Velocity	Froude #	Left	Right	
1	5.70	12700.000	379.650	26.450	5.629	.193	9567.000 9839.000	
2	6.18	17400.000	381.949	28.749	6.620	.218	9567.000 9839.000	

# WSPRO OUTPUT

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*  
 I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK      I164-10-6971  
 COUNTY: VANDERBURGH      QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C  
 7-31-97      JOHN T. WILSON

\*\*\* Pier Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE \*\*\*

### Constants and Input Variables

Pier Width:    2.200  
 \*-----\*  
 Pier Shape Factor                    (K1):    1.00  
 Flow Angle of Attack Factor        (K2):    1.00  
 Bed Condition Factor                (K3):    1.10  
 Bed Material Factor                 (K4):    1.00  
 Velocity Multiplier                 (VM):    1.00  
 Depth Multiplier                    (YM):    1.00  
 \*-----\*

#	----- Localized Hydraulic Properties -----						-- X-Stations --	
	Scour Depth	Flow	WSE	Depth	Velocity	Froude #	Left	Right
1	5.70	12700.000	379.650	26.450	5.629	.193	9567.000	9839.000
2	6.18	17400.000	381.949	28.749	6.620	.218	9567.000	9839.000

# WSPRO OUTPUT

\*\*\*\*\* W S P R O \*\*\*\*\*  
 Federal Highway Administration - U. S. Geological Survey  
 Model for Water-Surface Profile Computations.  
 Input Units: English / Output Units: English

\*-----\*  
 I-164 OVER PIGEON CREEK      I164-10-6971  
 COUNTY: VANDERBURGH      QUAD: DAYLIGHT 194C  
 7-31-97      JOHN T. WILSON

\*\*\* Pier Scour Calculations for Header Record BRDGE \*\*\*

Constants and Input Variables

Pier Width:    2.200

\*-----\*  
 Pier Shape Factor                    (K1):    1.00  
 Flow Angle of Attack Factor        (K2):    1.00  
 Bed Condition Factor                (K3):    1.10  
 Bed Material Factor                 (K4):    1.00  
 Velocity Multiplier                 (VM):    1.00  
 Depth Multiplier                    (YM):    1.00  
 \*-----\*

#	----- Localized Hydraulic Properties -----						-- X-Stations --	
	Scour Depth	Flow	WSE	Depth	Velocity	Froude #	Left	Right
1	5.70	12700.000	379.650	26.450	5.629	.193	9567.000	9839.000
2	6.18	17400.000	381.949	28.749	6.620	.218	9567.000	9839.000

ER

\*\*\*\*\* Normal end of WSPRO execution. \*\*\*\*\*  
 \*\*\*\*\* Elapsed Time:    1 Minutes 18 Seconds \*\*\*\*\*