



EXPLANATION

- 50 POTENTIOMETRIC CONTOUR—Shows altitude at which water level would have stood in tightly cased wells. Hachures indicate depressions. Contour intervals 5, 10, and 20 feet. Datum is sea level
- STATE WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT BOUNDARY
SJRWMD—St. Johns River Water Management District
SRWMD—Suwannee River Water Management District
SFWMD—South Florida Water Management District
SWFWMD—Southwest Florida Water Management District
- WELL—Number is altitude of water level in feet above or below sea level
- SPRING—Line indicates direction of spring outflow

Sea level: In this report, "sea level" refers to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD of 1929)—a geodetic datum derived from a general adjustment of the first-order level nets of both the United States and Canada, formerly called Sea Level Datum of 1929

NOTE: The potentiometric contours are generalized to portray synoptically the head in a dynamic hydrologic system taking due account of the variations in hydrogeologic conditions such as differing depths of wells, nonsimultaneous measurements of water levels, variable effects of pumping, and changing climatic influence. The potentiometric contours thus may not conform exactly with individual measurements of water level

MEASURED SPRING-POOL ALTITUDES FOR SELECTED SPRINGS
(These altitudes do not necessarily reflect the potentiometric surface at the spring pool)

Spring name	Spring-pool altitude, in feet
Silver Glen Springs	1
Salt Springs	5
Rock Springs	26
Rainbow Springs	31
Juniper Springs	30
Starbuck Spring	23
Wekiwa Springs	13
Blue Spring	2
Palm Springs	22
Sanlando Springs	27