

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

**GEOLOGY OF THE SOUTHERNMOST PART OF SANTA
CLARA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: A DIGITAL DATABASE**

By

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Open - File Report 97-710

This report is preliminary and has not been reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or with the North American Stratigraphic Code. Any use of trade, product, or firm names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.

This database, identified as "Geology of the southernmost part of Santa Clara County, California: A digital database," has been approved for release and publication by the Director of the USGS. Although this database has been subjected to rigorous review and is substantially complete, the USGS reserves the right to revise the data pursuant to further analysis and review. Furthermore, it is released on condition that neither the USGS nor the United States Government may be held liable for any damages resulting from its authorized or unauthorized use.

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Introduction

This Open-File report is a digital geologic map database. This pamphlet serves to introduce and describe the digital data. There is no paper map included in the Open-File report. The report does include, however, PostScript plot files containing images of a geologic map sheet and an explanation sheet, as well as the accompanying text describing the geology of the area. For those interested in a paper plot of information contained in the database or in obtaining the PostScript plot files, please see the section entitled "For Those Who Don't Use Digital Geologic Map Databases" below.

This digital map database, compiled from previously published and unpublished data, and new mapping by the author, represents the general distribution of bedrock and surficial deposits in southernmost Santa Clara County. Together with the accompanying text file (sscgeo.txt or sscgeo.ps), it provides current information on the geologic structure and stratigraphy of the area covered. The database delineates map units that are identified by general age and lithology following the stratigraphic nomenclature of the U.S. Geological Survey. The scale of the source maps limits the spatial resolution (scale) of the database to 1:24,000 or smaller. The content and character of the database, as well as three methods of obtaining the database, are described below.

For Those Who Don't Use Digital Geologic Map Databases

For those interested in the geology of southernmost Santa Clara County who do not use an ARC/INFO compatible Geographic Information System (GIS), two PostScript plot files containing images of much of the data in the digital database, as well as PostScript plot files of the explanatory text, have been included in the database package (please see the section "PostScript Plot Files" below). Those interested who have computer capability can access the PostScript plot files in any of the three ways described below to access the digital data (please see the section "Obtaining the Digital Data") including the Publications main Web page. In addition, U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Services is planning to start a plot-on-demand service for Open-File Reports such as this one early in 1998 (please see the section "Obtaining Plots from USGS Open-File Services").

Database Contents

The digital database package consists of the geologic map database itself, and the supporting data, including base maps, map explanation, geologic description, and references. A second data package consists of PostScript plot files of a geologic map, explanation sheet, and geologic description.

DIGITAL DATABASE PACKAGE

The first database package includes a separate geologic map database file for each of the five quadrangles within southernmost Santa Clara County. Note that the coverages only include data for that part of the quadrangle which is within Santa Clara County. The digital maps, or coverages, along with their associated INFO directory have been converted to uncompressed ARC/INFO export files. ARC export files promote ease of data handling, and are usable by some Geographic Information Systems in addition to ARC/INFO (see below for a discussion of working with export files). The ARC export files and the associated ARC/INFO coverages and directories, as well as the additional digital material included in the database, are described below:

ARC/INFO export file -----	Resultant Coverage -----	Description of Coverage -----
ch_sp-py.e00	ch_sp-py/	Faults, depositional contacts, and rock units in Santa Clara County in the Chittenden quadrangle
mp_sp-py.e00	mp_sp-py/	Ditto for Mariposa Peak quadrangle
sf_sp-py.e00	sf_sp-py/	Ditto for San Felipe quadrangle

ts_sp-py.e00	ts_sp-py/	Ditto for Three Sisters quadrangle
we_sp-py.e00	we_sp-py/	Ditto for Watsonville East quadrangle
ch_sp-sr.e00	ch_sp-sr/	Strike and dip information and fold axes in Santa Clara County in the Chittenden quadrangle
sf_sp-sr.e00	sf_sp-sr/	Ditto for San Felipe quadrangle
ts_sp-sr.e00	ts_sp-sr/	Ditto for Three Sisters quadrangle
we_sp-sr.e00	we_sp-sr/	Ditto for Watsonville East quadrangle

The database package also includes the following ARC coverages, and files:

ARC Coverages, which have been converted to uncompressed ARC/INFO export files:

ARC/INFO export file -----	Resultant Coverage -----	Description of Coverage -----
ssc_quad.e00	ssc_quad/	Index map of quadrangles in southernmost Santa Clara County.
scc_sp-flt.e00	scc_sp-flt/	Index map of faults in southernmost Santa Clara County with annotation showing the names of major faults.
ssc_corr.e00	ssc_corr/	Correlation table for the units in this map database.
ssc_sp-dr.e00	ssc_sp-dr/	Drainage base map (from 1:100,000 scale original).
ssc_sp-cu.e00	ssc_sp-cu/	Cultural base map (from 1:100,000 scale original).
ssc_sp-topo.e00	ssc_sp-topo/	Topographic contours base map (from 1:100,000 scale original).

ASCII text files, including explanatory text, ARC/INFO key files, PostScript plot files, and a ARC Macro Language file for conversion of ARC export files into ARC coverages:

sscgeo.ps	A PostScript plot file of a report containing detailed unit descriptions and geological information, plus sources of data and references cited.
sscgeo.txt	A text-only file containing an unformatted version of sscgeo.ps.
sscdb.ps	This file.
sscdb.txt	A text-only file containing an unformatted version of sscdb.ps.
ssckey.un	Together, these key files produce a plottable or displayable map explanation and key.
ssckey.ln	
ssckey.pt	
import.aml	ASCII text file in ARC Macro Language to convert ARC export files to ARC coverages in ARC/INFO.

The following supporting directory is not included in the database package, but is produced in the process of reconvertng the export files into ARC coverages:

info/	INFO directory containing files supporting the databases.
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POSTSCRIPT PLOTFILE PACKAGE

A second digital data package is also available, which contains the PostScript images described below:

sscmap.ps	A PostScript plottable file containing an image of the Quaternary geologic map and base maps of southernmost Santa Clara County and surrounding areas at a scale of 1:100,000 (Sheet 1).
sscexpl.ps	A PostScript plottable file containing an image of the map keys, and index maps for southernmost Santa Clara County (Sheet 2).
sscgeo.ps	A PostScript plot file of a report containing detailed unit descriptions and geological information, plus sources of data and references cited.

Database Release Format

The databases in this report were compiled in ARC/INFO, a commercial Geographic Information System (Environmental Systems Research Institute, Redlands, California), with version 3.0 of the menu interface ALACARTE (Fitzgibbon and Wentworth, 1991, Fitzgibbon, 1991, Wentworth and Fitzgibbon, 1991). The files are in either GRID (ARC/INFO raster data) format or COVERAGE (ARC/INFO vector data) format. Coverages are stored in uncompressed ARC export format (ARC/INFO version 7.x). ARC/INFO export files (files with the .e00 extension) can be converted into ARC/INFO coverages in ARC/INFO (see below) and can be read by some other Geographic Information Systems, such as MapInfo via ArcLink and ESRI's ArcView (version 1.0 for Windows 3.1 to 3.11 is available for free from ESRI's web site: <http://www.esri.com>). The digital compilation was done in version 7.0.4 of ARC/INFO with version 3.0 of the menu interface ALACARTE (Fitzgibbon and Wentworth, 1991, Fitzgibbon, 1991, Wentworth and Fitzgibbon, 1991). The PostScript plotfiles for maps were produced by the 'postscript' command with compression set to zero in ARC/INFO version 7.0.4. The PostScript plotfiles for pamphlets were produced in Microsoft Word 6.0 using the Destination PostScript File option from the Print command.

Tar Files

The two data packages described above are stored in tar (UNIX tape archive) files. A tar utility is required to extract the database from the tar file. This utility is included in most UNIX systems, and can be obtained free of charge over the Internet from Internet Literacy's Common Internet File Formats Webpage (<http://www.matisse.net/files/formats.html>). Both tar files have been compressed, and may be uncompressed with **gzip**, which is available free of charge over the Internet via links from the USGS Public Domain Software page (<http://edc2.usgs.gov/geodata/public.php>). When the tar file is uncompressed and the data is extracted from the tar file, a directory is produced that contains the data in the package as described above. The specifics of the tar files are listed below:

Name of compressed tar file	Size of compressed tar file (uncompressed)	Directory produced when extracted from tar file	Data package contained
-----	-----	-----	-----
ssc_g1.tar.gz	2.3 MB (6.8 MB)	sscgeo	Digital Database Package
sscps.tar.gz	2.9 MB (9.8 MB)	sscplot	PostScript Plotfile Package

Obtaining the Digital Data

TO OBTAIN TAR FILES OF DATABASE OR PLOTFILE PACKAGES FROM THE USGS WEB PAGES:

The U.S. Geological Survey now supports a set of graphical pages on the World Wide Web. Digital publications (including this one) can be accessed via these pages. The location of the main Web page for the entire USGS is

<http://www.usgs.gov>

The Publications main Web page is

<http://pubs.usgs.gov>

Go to

<http://pubs.usgs.gov/of/1997/of97-710>

to access this publication. Besides providing easy access to the entire digital database, the page also affords easy access to the PostScript plot files for those who do not use digital databases (see below).

TO OBTAIN TAR FILES OF DATABASE OR PLOTFILE PACKAGES:

The files in these reports are stored on the U.S. Geological Survey server. The Internet address of this server is:

<http://pubs.usgs.gov/of/1997/of97-710>

PostScript Plot Files

The database is in ARC export format, and therefore requires use of ARC/INFO or another compatible GIS system to access the information contained within it. For those interested in the geology of the Santa Clara County who don't use an ARC/INFO compatible GIS system we have included a separate data package with three PostScript plot files. One contains a color plot of the geologic map database at 1:100,000 scale (Sheet 1, sscmap.ps). The second contains a color plot of the map keys and index map (Sheet 2, sscexpl.ps). Because this release is primarily a digital database, the plot files (and plots derived therefrom) have not been edited to conform to U.S. Geological Survey standards. Small units have not been labeled with leaders and in some instances map features or annotation overlap. Sample plots by the authors have proven to be quite legible and useful, however. In addition, a third PostScript file containing the geologic description and discussion is provided (sscgeo.ps).

The PostScript image of the geologic maps (Sheet 1) is 44 inches wide by 34 inches high, so it requires a large plotter to produce paper copies at the intended scale. The image of Sheet 2 is 28 by 24 inches. In addition, some plotters, such as those with continual paper feed from a roll, are oriented with the long axis in the vertical direction, so the PostScript image will have to be rotated 90 degrees to fit entirely onto the page. Some plotters and plotter drivers, as well as many graphics software packages, can perform this rotation. The geologic description is on 8.5 by 11 inch pages.

Obtaining Plots from USGS Open-File Services

NOTE: As of this writing, plot-on-demand is **not available** from USGS. Although anticipated in the first quarter of 1998, this service may not begin until later in the year.

U.S. Geological Survey is planning to provide a plot-on-demand service for map files, such as those described in this report, through Open-File Services. In order to obtain plots, contact Open-File Services at:

USGS Information Services
Box 25286
Denver Federal Center
Denver, CO 80225-0046

(303) 202-4200
1-800-USA-MAPS

FAX: (303) 202-4695

e-mail: infoservices@usgs.gov

Be sure to include with your request the Open-File Report number **and** the exact names, as listed in the Database Contents section above, of the plotfiles you require. An Open-File Report number and its letter alone may not be sufficient.

Converting ARC export files

ARC export files are converted to ARC coverages using the ARC command IMPORT with the option COVER. To ease conversion and maintain naming conventions, we have included an ASCII text file in ARC Macro Language that will convert all of the export files in the database into coverages and create the associated INFO directory. From the ARC command line type:

```
Arc: &run import.aml
```

ARC export files can also be read by some other Geographic Information Systems. Please consult your GIS documentation to see if you can use ARC export files and the procedure to import them.

Digital Compilation

The geologic map information was digitized from stable originals of the geologic maps at 1:24,000 scale. The author manuscripts (pencil on mylar) were scanned using a Altek monochrome scanner with a resolution of 800 dots per inch. The scanned images were vectorized and transformed from scanner coordinates to projection coordinates with digital tics placed by hand at quadrangle corners. The scanned lines were edited interactively by hand using ALACARTE, color boundaries were tagged as appropriate, and scanning artifacts visible at 1:24,000 were removed.

Base Maps

Base Map layers were prepared from scale-stable printing negatives of the U.S. Geological Survey Monterey (1983 edition) 1:100,000 topographic map, which has a 50 meter contour interval. Scanned and vectorized images were transformed from scanner coordinates to projection coordinates with digital tics placed by hand at map corners. The images were then trimmed interactively by hand using ALACARTE to conform to the area of the geologic coverages. Small mismatches at the boundaries caused by slight differences in the original scans remain in the three base map coverages. These base map layers are digital

images but no information other than location is attached to the lines. The base maps are provided for reference only.

Faults and Landslides

This map is intended to be of general use to engineers and land-use planners. However, its small scale does not provide sufficient detail for site development purposes. In addition, this map does not take the place of fault-rupture hazard zones designated by the California State Geologist (Hart, 1988). Similarly, the database cannot be used to identify or delineate landslides in the region. For a depiction of landslide distribution, see Nilsen and others (1979).

Spatial Resolution

Uses of this digital geologic map should not violate the spatial resolution of the data. Although the digital form of the data removes the constraint imposed by the scale of a paper map, the detail and accuracy inherent in map scale are also present in the digital data. The fact that this database was edited at a scale of 1:24,000 means that higher resolution information is not present in the dataset. Plotting at scales larger than 1:24,000 will not yield greater real detail, although it may reveal fine-scale irregularities below the intended resolution of the database. Similarly, where this database is used in combination with other data of higher resolution, the resolution of the combined output will be limited by the lower resolution of these data. Note that in contrast to the geologic coverages, the base map layers have a resolution of 1:100,000, so significant discrepancies with the geologic coverages are possible. The base map layers are provided for reference only.

Database Specifics

The map databases consist of ARC coverages and supporting INFO files, which are stored in a Stateplane (California coordinate system) projection (Table 1). Digital tics define a 2.5 minute grid of latitude and longitude in the geologic coverages corresponding with quadrangle corners and internal tics. In the base map layers, the tics define a 7.5 minute grid, corresponding with quadrangle corners.

Table 1 - Map Projection

The maps are stored in Stateplane projection

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PROJECTION STATEPLANE
UNITS METERS           -on the ground
ZONE 3326              -Arc/Info Stateplane zone corresponding to
                       California coordinate system zone 3

PARAMETERS
END

```

The content of the geologic database can be described in terms of the lines and the areas that compose the map. Descriptions of the database fields use the terms explained in Table 2.

Table 2 - Field Definition Terms

ITEM NAME	name of the database field (item)
WIDTH	maximum number of digits or characters stored
OUTPUT	output width
TYPE	B-binary integer, F-binary floating point number, I-ASCII integer, C-ASCII character string
N. DEC.	number of decimal places maintained for floating point numbers

LINES -

The lines (arcs) are recorded as strings of vectors and are described in the arc attribute table (Table 3). They define the boundaries of the map units, the boundaries of open bodies of water, and the map boundaries. These distinctions, including the geologic identities of the unit boundaries, are recorded in the LTYPE field according to the line types listed in Table 4.

Table 3 - Content of the Arc Attribute Tables

ITEM NAME	WIDTH	OUTPUT	TYPE	N. DEC	
FNODE#	4	5	B		starting node of arc (from node)
TNODE#	4	5	B		ending node of arc (to node)
LPOLY#	4	5	B		polygon to the left of the arc
RPOLY#	4	5	B		polygon to the right of the arc
LENGTH	4	12	F	3	length of arc in meters
<coverage>#	4	5	B		unique internal control number
<coverage>-ID	4	5	B		unique identification number
LTYPE	35	35	C		line type (see Table 4)
SEL	1	1	I		user defined field used to save a selected set
SYMB	3	3	I		user defined field used to save symbol assignments (such as color)

Table 4 - Line Types Recorded in the LTYPE Field

- contact, certain
- contact, concealed
- contact, approx. located
- contact, inferred
- fault, certain
- fault, concealed
- fault, concealed, queried
- fault, approx. located
- fault, inferred
- water boundary
- map boundary

The geologic linetypes are ALACARTE line types that correlate with the geologic line symbols in the ALACARTE line set GEOL61.LIN according to the ALACARTE lines lookup table (GEOL61.LUT).

AREAS -

Map units (polygons) are described in the polygon attribute table (Table 5) The identities of the map units from compilation sources are recorded in the PTYPE field by map label (Table 6). Map units are described more fully in the accompanying text file sscgeo.txt or sscgeo.ps. Note that ARC/INFO coverages cannot contain both point and polygon information, so only coverages with polygon information will have a polygon attribute table, and these coverages will not have a point attribute table.

Table 5 - Content of the Polygon Attribute Tables

ITEM NAME	WIDTH	OUTPUT	TYPE	N. DEC	
AREA	4	12	F	3	area of polygon in square meters
PERIMETER	4	12	F	3	length of perimeter in meters
<coverage>#	4	5	B		unique internal control number
<coverage>-ID	4	5	B		unique identification number
PTYPE	35	35	C		unit label
SEL	1	1	I		user defined field used to save a selected set
SYMB	3	3	I		user defined field used to save symbol assignments (such as color)

Table 6 - Map Units

(See sscgeo.txt or sscgeo.ps for descriptions of units)

	KJfy	Tms
af	Qhaf	Tmss
alf	Qhasc	Tps
fm	Qhb	Tsc
sp	Qhfp	Tscm
H2O	Qhl	Tscn
Kcg	Qhsc	Tud
Kcu	Qls	Tus
Khu	Qpaf	Tva
Kfms	Qpaf1	Tvb
Kfpg	QTp	Tws
Kfpl	Qtv	
Kfps	Tgs	
KJfm	Tia	
Kjfmc	Tid	

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