

Backscatter Difference

9a. 1996 - 1998

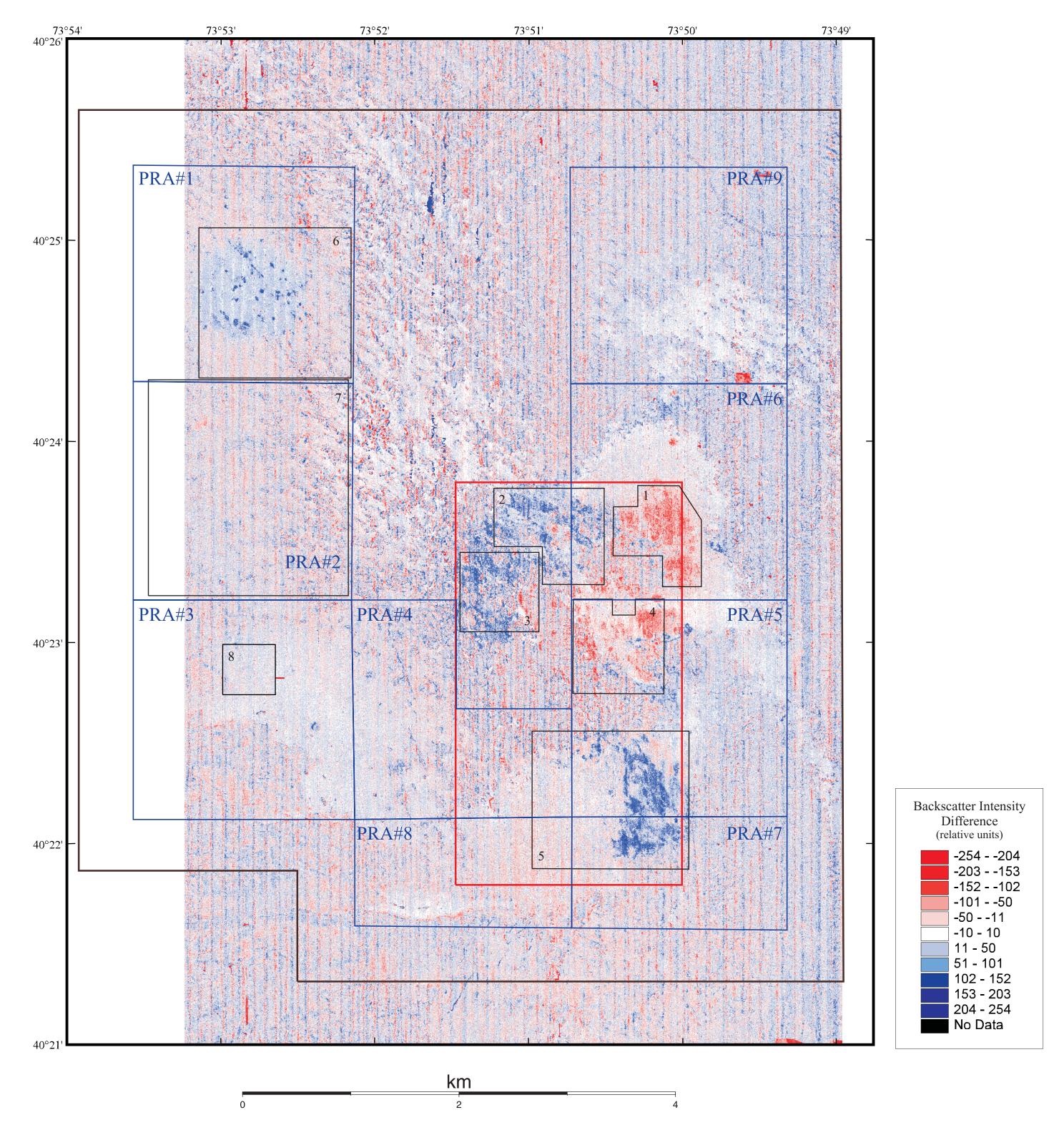


Figure 9a. Backscatter intensity observed in 1998 subtracted form 1996. Areas of reduced backscatter intensity in 1998 are shown in blue shades, areas of increased backscatter are shown in red shades. Areas of no change are shown in white. Placement of dredged material can result in either increased or decreased backscatter intensity. For example, between 1996 and 1998, note the higher backscatter intensity in Areas 1 and 4, and generally lower backscatter intensity in Areas 2, 3, 5, and 6. The broad areas of low backscatter intensity in the HARS region (see large areas of dark blue in figure 6b in the southwest corner centered at 40°22.5' N., 73°525' W., along the eastern margin centered at 40°24.0' N., 73°50.0 W., and along the crest of the ridge centered at 73°51.5' W.) show little change in backscatter intensity between the surveys. These are interpreted to be areas of fine-sediment accumulation where additional fine-grained sediment accumulation from distant sources would not be expected to change the backscatter intensity characteristics from year to year. The north-south stripes, running parallel to the survey tracklines, are artifacts of data collection and environmental conditions.

Butman, Bradford, Danforth, W.W., Knowles, S.C., May, Brian, and Serrett, Laurie, 2002, Sea Floor Topography and Backscatter Intensity of the Historic Remediation Site (HARS), Offshore of New York, Based on Multibeam Surveys Conducted in 1996, 1998 and 2000, U.S. Geological Survey Open File Report 00-503. 1 DVD-ROM.