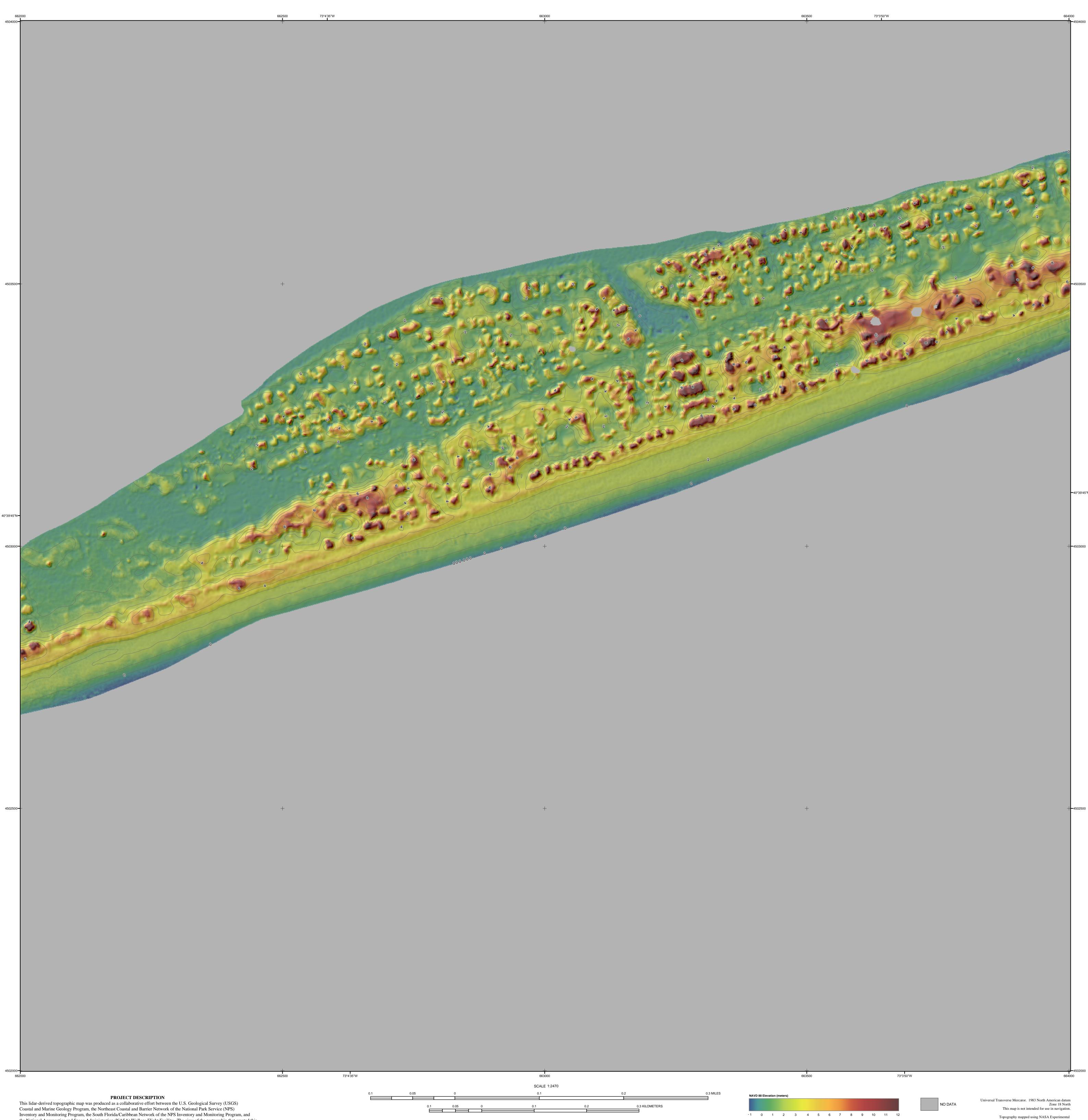
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the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) Wallops Flight Facility. The aims of the partnership that created this product are to develop advanced survey techniques for mapping barrier island geomorphology and habitats, and to enable the monitoring of ecological and geological change within National Seashores. This product is based on data from an innovative airborne lidar instrument under development at the NASA Wallops Flight Facility, the NASA Experimental Airborne Advanced Research Lidar (EAARL).

DATA DESCRIPTION The laser soundings used to create this map were collected during November 2002 by the NASA EAARL system mounted on a Cessna 310 aircraft. The EAARL uses a 'waveform-resolving' green laser capable of mapping submarine and subaerial (land) topography in a single overflight. The EAARL system is typically flown at 300 m altitude AGL, resulting in a 240 m swath for each flightline. Data collection occurred with approximately 50% overlap between flightlines, resulting in about one laser sounding per square meter. The data were processed by the USGS Center for Coastal and Watershed Studies to produce 1-meter resolution raster images that can be easily ingested into a Geographic Information System (GIS). The data were organized as 2 km by 2 km data tiles in 32-bit floating-point integer GeoTiff format. Contour line and hillshade layers were

generated from the lidar data tile and incorporated into this map product. FURTHER READING

Brock, J.C., and Sallenger, Ashbury, 2001, Airborne topographic lidar mapping for coastal science and resource management: U.S. Geological Survey Open File Report 01-46, p. 4 Brock, J.C., Wright, C.W., Nayegandhi, Amar, Clayton, Tonya, Hansen, Mark, Longenecker, John, Gesch, Dean, and Crane,

Michael, 2002, Initial results from a test of the NASA EAARL lidar in the Tampa Bay Region: Transactions of the Gulf Coast Association of Geological Societies, v. 52, p. 89-98. Wright, C.W. and Brock, J.C., 2002, EAARL: A lidar for mapping shallow coral reefs and other coastal environments, in the Proceedings of the Seventh International Conference on Remote Sensing for Marine and Coastal Environments, Miami,

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Fire Island National Seashore

USGS-NPS-NASA EAARL Bare Earth Topography Map Tile 662000e_4504000n

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