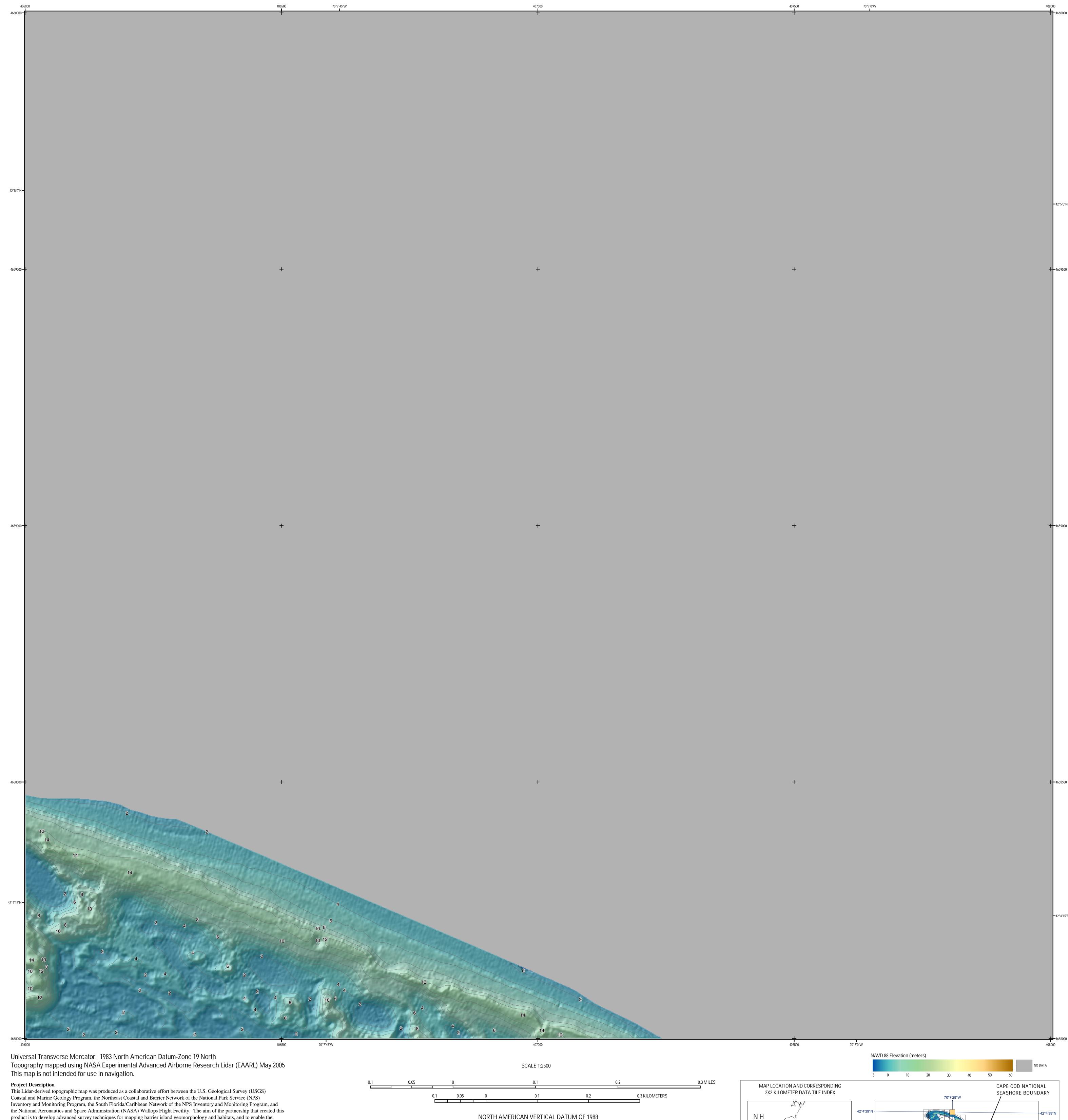
science for a changing world

Brock, J.C., Wright, C.W., Patterson, M., Nayegandhi, A., and Travers, L. J., 2007, USGS-NPS-NASA Bare Earth (BE) Topography-Cape Cod National Seashore, U. S. Geological Survey Open File 2007-1375 (On DVD).



product is to develop advanced survey techniques for mapping barrier island geomorphology and habitats, and to enable the monitoring of ecological and geological change within National Seashores. This product is based on data from an innovative airborne Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) instrument under development at the NASA Wallops Flight Facility, the NASA Experimental Advanced Airborne Research Lidar (EAARL).

## **Data Description**

The laser soundings used to create this map were collected during May 4, 2005 by the NASA EAARL system mounted on a Cessna 310 aircraft. The EAARL uses a "waveform-resolving" green laser capable of mapping submarine and subaerial (land) topography in a single overflight. The EAARL system is typically flown at 300 m altitude AGL, resulting in a 240 m swath for each flightline. Data collection occurred with approximately 50% overlap between flightlines, resulting in about one laser sounding per square meter. The data were processed by the USGS FISC (Florida Integrated Science Center) office, St. Petersburg, FL to produce 1-meter resolution raster images that can be easily ingested into a Geographic Information System (GIS). The data were organized as 2 km by 2 km data tiles in 32-bit floating-point integer GeoTiff format. Contour line and hillshade layers were generated from the Lidar data tile and incorporated into this map product.

**Further Reading** 

Brock, J.C., Wright, C.W., Nayegandhi, A., Clayton, T., Hansen, M., Longenecker, J., Gesch, D., and Crane, M., 2002, Initial results from a test of the NASA EAARL Lidar in the Tampa Bay Region: Transactions of the Gulf

May 20-22, 2002: Ann Arbor, MI, Veridian International Conferences, 1 computer optical disc.

Coast Association of Geological Societies, v. 52, p. 89-98. Wright, C.W. and Brock, J.C., 2002, EAARL: A Lidar for mapping shallow coral reefs and other coastal environments, in the Proceedings of the Seventh International Conference on Remote Sensing for Marine and Coastal Environments, Miami,

Brock, J.C., and Sallenger, A., 2001, Airborne topographic Lidar mapping for coastal science and resource management: U.S. Geological Survey Open File Report 01-46, p. 4.

## CONTOUR INTERVAL 1 METER Cape Cod National Seashore

USGS-NPS-NASA EAARL Bare Earth (BE) Lidar Topography Map Tile 406000e\_4660000n\_19z

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