

Prepared in cooperation with the Bureau of Indian Affairs

Groundwater, Surface-Water, and Water-Chemistry Data from the C-Aquifer Monitoring Program, Northeastern Arizona, 2005–2011

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U.S. Department of the Interior
U.S. Geological Survey

COVER

Photograph of Chevelon Creek, Arizona (USGS photograph taken by Jamie P. Macy).

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By Christopher R. Brown and Jamie P. Macy

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**U.S. Department of the Interior
U.S. Geological Survey**

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Groundwater, Surface-Water, and Water-Chemistry Data from the C-Aquifer Monitoring Program, Northeastern Arizona, 2005–2011

By Christopher R. Brown and Jamie P. Macy

Abstract

The C aquifer is a regionally extensive multiple-aquifer system supplying water for municipal, agricultural, and industrial use in northeastern Arizona, northwestern New Mexico, and southeastern Utah. An increase in groundwater withdrawals from the C aquifer coupled with ongoing drought conditions in the study area increase the potential for drawdown within the aquifer. A decrease in the water table and potentiometric surface of C aquifer is illustrated locally by the drying up of Obed Meadows, a natural peat deposit, and Hugo Meadows, a natural wetland, both south of Joseph City, Arizona. Continual increase in water use from the C aquifer, including a planned increase in pumpage by the City of Flagstaff, is justification for continued monitoring of the C-aquifer system in order to quantify physical and chemical responses to pumping stresses.

Fifteen of the 35 C-aquifer wells analyzed had water-level data sufficient for percentage difference calculation for 2005–11. Change in water level as a percentage of the initial water-level measurement for these 15 wells ranged from about -0.2 to about -0.5 percent. For historical water-level data, changes in water levels were greatest around pumping centers, as indicated by a -97.0 feet (percentage difference of -16.5 percent) change over the period of record (1962–2005) for the Lake Mary 1 Well near Flagstaff, Arizona. In more rural areas of the C aquifer, water levels showed less change for both the temporal focus of this report (2005–11) and for historical values.

Continuous records of surface-water discharge from 2005 to 2007 for three discontinued streamflow-gaging stations (Clear Creek near Winslow, AZ, 09399000; Clear Creek below McHood Lake near Winslow, AZ, 09399100; and Chevelon Creek near Winslow, AZ, 09398000) were tabulated. For the period of record, Clear Creek near Winslow, AZ, and Chevelon Creek near Winslow, AZ, showed seasonal discharge distributions indicative of natural streams in the southwestern United States. Clear Creek below McHood Lake near Winslow, AZ, showed discharge distribution indicative of perennial spring flow with little variation annually.

Physical and chemical data collected during four baseflow investigations (summer 2005, summer 2006, summer 2008, and winter 2010) conducted on Clear Creek, Chevelon Creek, and a portion of the Little Colorado River were compiled and analyzed. Data from 7 sampling sites established on the Little

Colorado River, 11 sites along Chevelon Creek, and 14 sites along Clear Creek were included. For the four baseflow investigations presented, a 2,000–3,000 microsiemens per centimeter increase in specific conductance was measured in Chevelon Creek from near its headwaters to the confluence with the Little Colorado River because of the contribution of highly conductive spring discharge. Clear Creek showed a less consistent pattern of increase in specific conductance with distance, but still exhibited changes on the order of 5,000 microsiemens per centimeter over just a few river miles.

Water-chemistry data for selected wells and baseflow investigations sites are presented. No well samples analyzed exceeded the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Maximum Contaminant Level standards for drinking water, but several samples exceeded Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level standards for chloride, fluoride, sulfate, iron, and total dissolved solids.

Introduction

The C aquifer is a regionally extensive multiple-aquifer system supplying water for municipal, agricultural, and industrial use. Increases in water use and/or drought conditions have been reported to cause a lowering of the C-aquifer potentiometric and water-table surfaces (Bills and others, 2000). This decline in water level is observed in monitoring wells and is illustrated in the drying up of Obed Meadows, a natural peat deposit, and Hugo Meadows, a natural wetland—both south of Joseph City, Arizona (Donald J. Bills, U.S. Geological Survey, oral commun. 2011). To address these concerns, the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), in cooperation with the Bureau of Indian Affairs, developed a long-term monitoring plan in 2005 for the C aquifer in the region of Holbrook to Flagstaff along the Interstate 40 (I-40) corridor to establish baseline groundwater and surface-water conditions.

Description of Study Area

The C-aquifer multiple-aquifer system is located on the Colorado Plateau physiographic province in northeastern Arizona, northwestern New Mexico, and southeastern Utah (fig. 1). The study area is within the Little Colorado River (LCR) Basin, but is focused on the region between Holbrook and Flagstaff along the I-40 corridor.

Description of C Aquifer

The C aquifer is named after the primary water-bearing rock unit within the aquifer, the Coconino Sandstone, but the saturated and hydraulically connected portions of the Kaibab Formation, the Schnebly Hill Formation, and the Upper and Middle Supai Formations constitute part of the C aquifer (fig. 2; Bills and others, 2000; Bills and Flynn, 2002; Hart and others, 2002). The C aquifer has an areal extent of greater than 27,000

mi², generally conforming to the surface-water drainage of the LCR Basin (fig. 1; Hart and others, 2002; Hoffmann and others, 2005). The aquifer extends both beyond the southern boundary of the LCR Basin into the Verde and Salt River Basins, conforming to the outcrops of Pennsylvanian and Permian age rocks, and beyond the north-northwestern boundary of the LCR Basin into Utah (fig. 1). In the northeastern part of the study area, the C aquifer is about 400–600 ft thick and thins eastward into New Mexico (Cooley and others, 1969; Hart and others,



Figure 1. Approximate extent of the C Aquifer and location of the study area, northeastern Arizona. Modified from Hoffmann and others, 2005.

2002). Paleozoic rocks are relatively unexplored eastward into New Mexico, and water-level data are sparse for areas southeast of Gallup, New Mexico; therefore, the boundary of the C aquifer is uncertain in these locations (Hart and others, 2002). West of the LCR Basin (fig. 1), the C aquifer is dry except for isolated areas of perched water (McGavock and others, 1986; Hart and others, 2002). In the eastern and northern parts of the study area, the DeChelly and Glorieta Sandstones interfinger with the Coconino Sandstone to form the majority of the C aquifer water-bearing zone (fig. 3). This study concentrates on the portion of the C aquifer within the LCR Basin (fig. 1).

The C aquifer is anisotropic and unconfined in the majority of the study area; however, portions of the C aquifer are overlain by less permeable units of the Moenkopi, the Chinle, and the Bidahochi Formations, and by unfractured volcanics (Bill and others, 2000; S.S. Papadopoulos and Associates, Inc., 2005). These formations are considered to be confining layers, with negligible amounts of downward leakage to the C aquifer, thus, the majority of recharge to the C aquifer occurs at either subaerial exposures or where the surface lithology is fractured (Hart and others, 2002). Known confined conditions for the C aquifer occur (1) in the Black Mesa area where the C aquifer is overlain by nearly impermeable Chinle and Moenkopi Formations, (2) in the southeastern part of the LCR Basin where the Bidahochi Formation is underlain by the Chinle and Moenkopi Formations, and (3) near the Woody Mountain and Lake Mary areas near Flagstaff where the volcanics are unfractured.

Groundwater Use

Groundwater development in the C aquifer has increased in the study area since the 1940s (Hart and others, 2002). Currently, the City of Flagstaff and surrounding communities, three regional power plants, and a large paper mill near Snowflake, Arizona, are substantial users of C-aquifer water (S.S. Papadopoulos and Associates, Inc., 2005). Discharge from C aquifer springs provides baseflow for Clear Creek, Chevelon Creek, and the LCR, as shown in Brown and others (1978). Baseflow in these streams provides habitat for a myriad of species, including the endangered northern leopard frog (*Rana pipiens*), the speckled dace (*Rhinichthys osculus*), and the Little Colorado spinedace (*Lepidomeda vittata*) (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 2011).

Purpose and Scope

This report presents groundwater, surface-water, and water-quality data collected during 2005 to the end of water year 2011 from an ongoing monitoring of the C aquifer near Hunt Valley along the I-40 corridor westward to Flagstaff. The report also includes historical water-level data and chemical analyses dating back to 1933 from wells developed in the C aquifer. Data presented include: (1) water-level data from 35 wells completed in the C aquifer, (2) surface-water discharge data from 3 discontinued streamflow-gage sites on

Chevelon and Clear Creek (Clear Creek near Winslow, AZ, 09399000; Clear Creek below McHood Lake, near Winslow, AZ, 09399100; and Chevelon Creek near Winslow, AZ, 09398000), (3) water chemistry from selected well sites and baseflow investigation sites, and (4) water-quality parameters and discharge measurements from 4 baseflow investigations conducted on reaches of Clear Creek, Chevelon Creek, and the LCR. The USGS C-aquifer Monitoring Program is ongoing and will remain active dependent upon the availability of funds.

Previous Investigations of C Aquifer

C-aquifer hydrogeology and water use have been described in a number of USGS and non-USGS reports (Darton, 1910; Gregory, 1916; Harrell and Eckel, 1939; Johnson, 1962; Cooley and others, 1969; Mann, 1976, 1979, 1983; Appel and Bills, 1980; McGavock and others, 1986; Bills and Flynn, 2002; Bills and others, 2000, 2007). Hart and others (2002) compiled data on the C aquifer in the LCR Basin and parts of the Verde and Salt River Basins and produced a groundwater budget and a generalized hydrogeological characterization of the C aquifer. Several private consulting firms (Peter Mock Groundwater Consulting, 2003; Southwest Ground-water Consultants, Inc., 2003) prepared a collaborative report for the Bureau of Reclamation (BOR) assessing the water supply needs of the western part of the Hopi Tribal Lands and the Navajo Nation. The report contains estimates of population growth and water demand for the study area through 2050. Suggestions for enhanced conservation practices and possible alternative water sources were made. Geological, hydrological, and chemical data from the C aquifer near Leupp, Arizona, were analyzed and presented by Hoffmann and others (2005) as part of a collaborative study conducted by the BOR, the USGS, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the Office of Surface Mining, and Native American tribes in order to assess the effects of proposed new development. Leake and others (2005) created a numerical groundwater change model to simulate possible effects of proposed withdrawals from C aquifer near Leupp. The model used two pumping scenarios to simulate the amount of discharge depletion for surface-water features including Clear Creek, Chevelon Creek, and the LCR. The model showed computed depletion in lower Chevelon Creek is less than that in lower Clear Creek because Chevelon Creek is more distant from the withdrawal locations, and the drawdown first reaches Clear Creek. Another groundwater-flow model of the C aquifer in northeastern Arizona and northwestern New Mexico was developed by S.S. Papadopoulos and Associates, Inc. (2005). This model also simulated the possible effects of a proposed increase in withdrawals from the C aquifer near Leupp. The model constructed by S.S. Papadopoulos and Associates, Inc. (2005) showed little impact on wells outside the proposed well field, but “significant” impact on perennial reaches of Chevelon and Clear Creeks for the pumping scenarios tested.

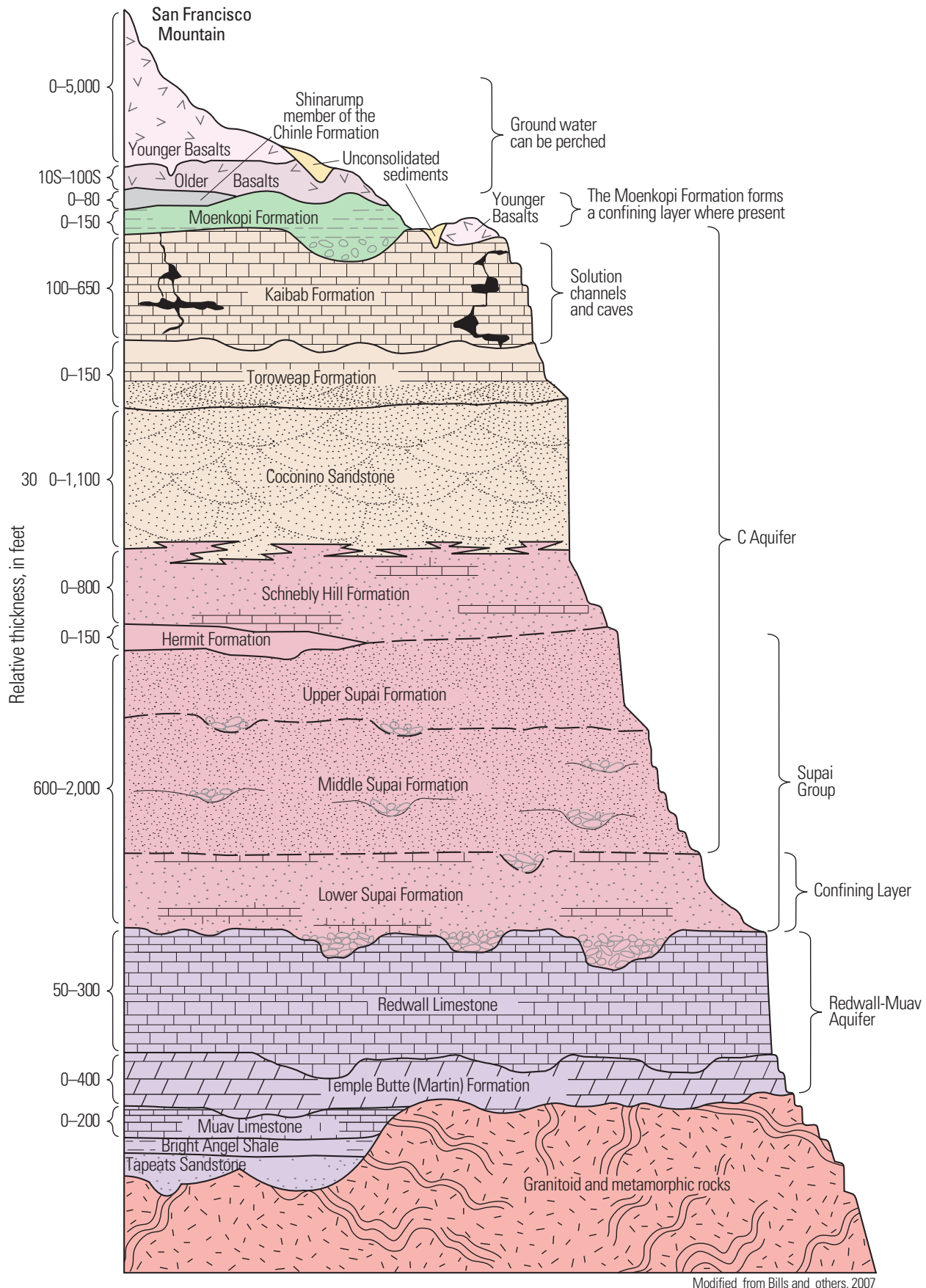


Figure 2. Generalized stratigraphic section of rock units in the study area and surrounding areas, northeastern Arizona.

Hydrologic Data

All the hydrologic data presented in this report were queried from the USGS National Water Information System (NWIS) and are available publicly online (U.S. Geological Survey, 2012, accessed August 20, 2012, at <http://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis>).

Groundwater

Groundwater levels were monitored to determine the effects of withdrawal and drought on the C-aquifer potentiometric and water-table surfaces. The well network

within the C-aquifer Monitoring Program consists of 35 wells distributed about the study area (table 1; fig. 4). Seventeen wells are visited quarterly to retrieve depth-to-water measurements (below land surface). The remaining 18 wells within the network have not been visited since 2006 because of limited funding. Depth-to-water is measured from an established measuring point at the well head using a calibrated Solinst® Model 101 electric measuring tape (Solinst Canada Ltd., Georgetown, Ontario, Canada). Within the network, 5 of the 30 wells are equipped for continuous water-level monitoring, including an upgrade for real-time data telemetry (table 1). Test wells were drilled at three well-cluster sites on the Navajo Nation near Leupp between January and April

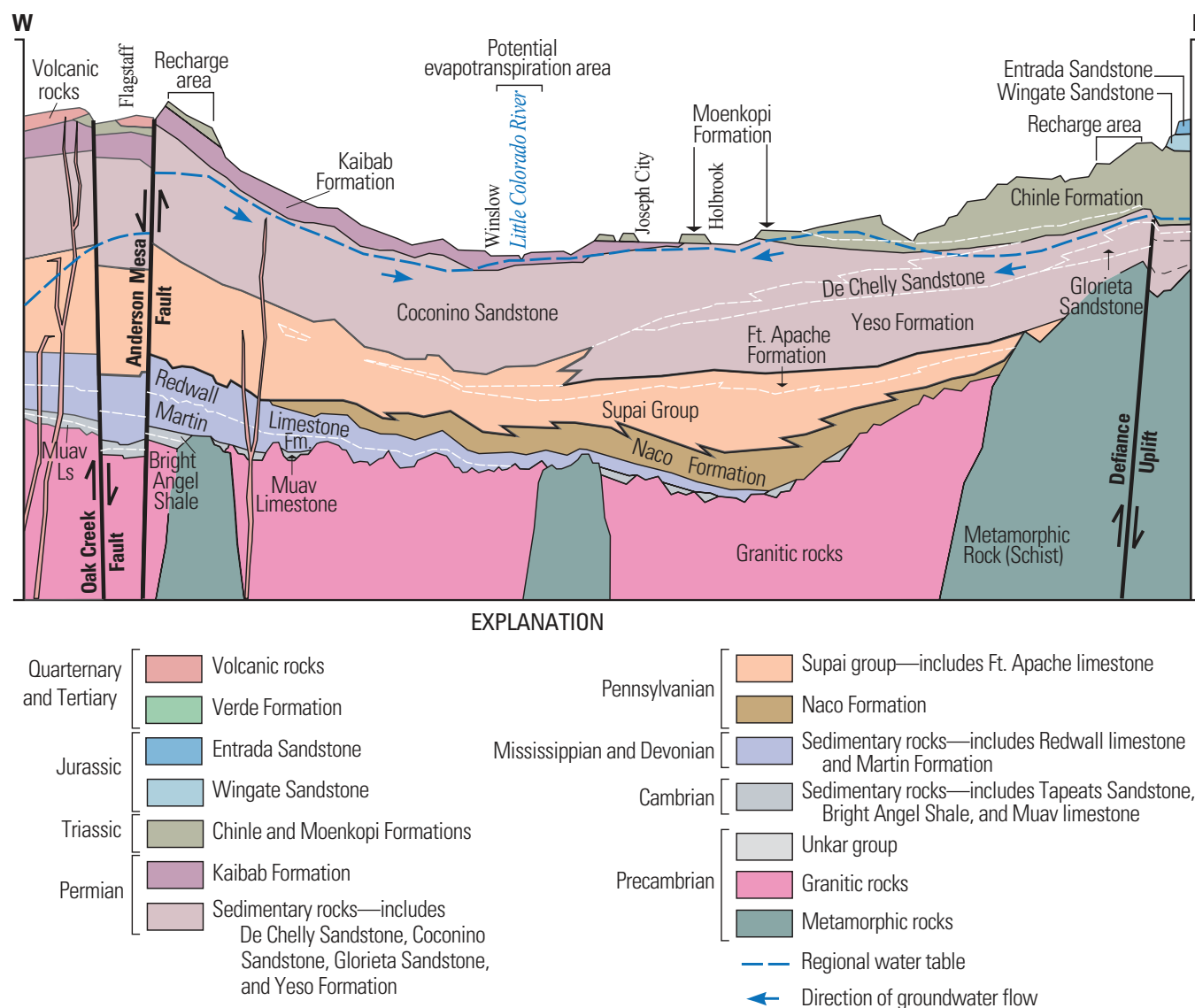


Figure 3. Generalized hydrogeologic section of the Little Colorado River Basin and adjoining areas near Flagstaff, Arizona, along Interstate 40 to the Arizona-New Mexico border. Modified from Billingsley and others (1980) and Hart and others (2002)

6 Groundwater, Surface-Water, and Water-Chemistry Data from the C-Aquifer Monitoring Program

Table 1. Well locations and selected construction data for C-aquifer wells included in this study, northeastern Arizona.

[Latitude and longitude are in degrees, minutes, and seconds and referenced to NAD 83; ft, feet; ft bls, feet below land surface; ---, information not available; N/A, not applicable; USGS, U.S. Geological Survey; BOR, Bureau of Reclamation]

U.S. Geological Survey identification number	BOR designation or common name	Latitude	Longitude	Land-surface altitude (ft above NAVD 29)	Hole depth (ft bls)	Perforated interval (ft bls)	Geologic formation in which well is completed
345603110450301	Winslow T-Well ¹	34°56'03"	-110°45'03"	5,180	1,210	500	Coconino Sandstone
350002110355501	Winslow I-40 Well ¹	35°00'02"	-110°35'55"	4,890	610	N/A	Coconino Sandstone
350706111014701	Sunshine Well	35°07'06"	-111°01'49"	5,352	1,155	N/A	Coconino Sandstone
345023110111401	Holbrook BOR	34°50'23"	-110°11'14"	5,360	570	N/A	Coconino Sandstone
342024109220301	TEP M-6	34°20'24"	-109°22'03"	6,060	550	160–550	Coconino Sandstone ²
343637109374901	Hunt Valley	34°36'37"	-109°37'49"	5,430	410	---	Coconino Sandstone
344928109515301	Petrified Forest Mesa	34°49'28"	-109°51'53"	5,615	980	851–980	Coconino Sandstone
345310110062501	AZ Cattle Company	34°53'10"	-110°06'25"	5,165	285	---	Coconino Sandstone
345333109474501	Petrified Forest Agate Bridge	34°53'33"	-109°47'45"	5,590	780	690–780	Coconino Sandstone
350446110502501	Tucker Mesa	35°04'46"	-110°50'25"	5,140	650	---	Coconino Sandstone
350716111354401	Lake Mary 1	35°07'16"	-111°35'44"	6,810	1,287	---	Supai Formation
351025111303701	NPS Walnut Canyon	35°10'25"	-111°30'37"	6,710	2,007	1,493–2,007	Supai Formation
351213111274001	ADOT Winona	35°12'13"	-111°27'40"	6,440	1,800	---	Supai Formation
352214111324601	NPS Sunset Crater	35°22'07"	-111°32'37"	6,970	2,200	---	Supai Formation
353410111284001	NPS Citadel	35°34'12"	-111°28'46"	5,381	1,800	1,780–1,788	Supai Formation
354646111294801	Black Mesa Pipeline	35°46'46"	-111°29'48"	4,830	1,292	1,072–1,292	Supai Formation
350848111381701	Skunk Canyon	35°08'48"	-111°38'17"	6,915	1,800	---	Supai Formation
350856111441601	Woody Mountain 5	35°08'56"	-111°44'16"	7,186	1,600	---	Coconino Sandstone
351127111360001	Foxglenn	35°11'37"	-111°35'48"	6,775	2,280	1,145–2,280	Supai Formation
351223111342802	Continental 2	35°12'24"	-111°34'26"	6,750	2,160	1,251–2,001	Supai Formation
350828111391501	Flagstaff Airport Well	35°08'28"	-111°39'15"	6,960	1,590	40–1,590	Coconino Sandstone ³
Site 1							
351022111061801	OW-1 ¹	35°10'22"	-111°06'18"	5,378	1,179	686–1,086	Coconino Sandstone ⁴
351023111062002	PW-1A	35°10'23"	-111°06'20"	5,378	1,134	837–1,077	Coconino Sandstone ⁴
Site 2							
351214111022101	OW-2B ¹	35°12'14"	-111°02'21"	5,030	1,069	698–998	Coconino Sandstone
351216111021902	OW-2A shallow	35°12'16"	-111°02'19"	4,985	1,140	400–420	Coconino Sandstone
351216111021903	OW-2A middle	35°12'16"	-111°02'19"	4,985	1,140	661–681	Coconino Sandstone
351216111021904	OW-2A deep	35°12'16"	-111°02'19"	4,985	1,140	1,100–1,120	Supai Formation
351218111021701	PW-2A	35°12'19"	-111°02'17"	5021	1096	N/A	Supai Formation
351213111022101	PW-2B	35°12'13"	-111°02'21"	5030	1095	577–997	Coconino Sandstone
Site 3							
350959110562303	OW-3A shallow ¹	35°09'57"	-110°56'23"	4,882	755	250–270	Coconino Sandstone
350959110562302	OW-3A deep	35°09'57"	-110°56'23"	4,882	755	694–714	Coconino Sandstone
350956110562002	OW-3C shallow	35°09'56"	-110°56'20"	4,881	1,180	240–260	Coconino Sandstone
350956110562003	OW-3C middle	35°09'56"	-110°56'20"	4,881	1,180	680–700	Coconino Sandstone
350956110562004	OW-3C deep	35°09'56"	-110°56'20"	4,881	1,180	1,150–1,170	Supai Formation
350957110562601	PW-3	35°09'56"	-110°56'20"	4,881	1,128	696–1,076	Coconino Sandstone ⁴

¹Continuously monitored sites.

²Coconino Sandstone overlain by Kaibab Limestone

³Coconino Sandstone overlain by Kaibab Limestone and Toroweap Formation

⁴Interfingering Coconino Sandstone and Schnebly Hill Formation

2005 (fig. 4). The three well clusters are near a proposed site of a C-aquifer well field and were intended to provide information for characterizing hydrogeologic properties of the C aquifer in that area (Hoffmann and others, 2005). One well per well-cluster site is a continuously monitored well: Well OW-1 for Site 1, Well OW-2B for Site 2, and Well OW-3A

shallow for Site 3 (fig. 4). The Winslow T-Well and Winslow I-40 Well are the other two continuously monitored sites. Water levels are measured manually on a quarterly basis at the five continuously monitored wells. Manual and continuous water-level measurements are available online (<http://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/gw>).

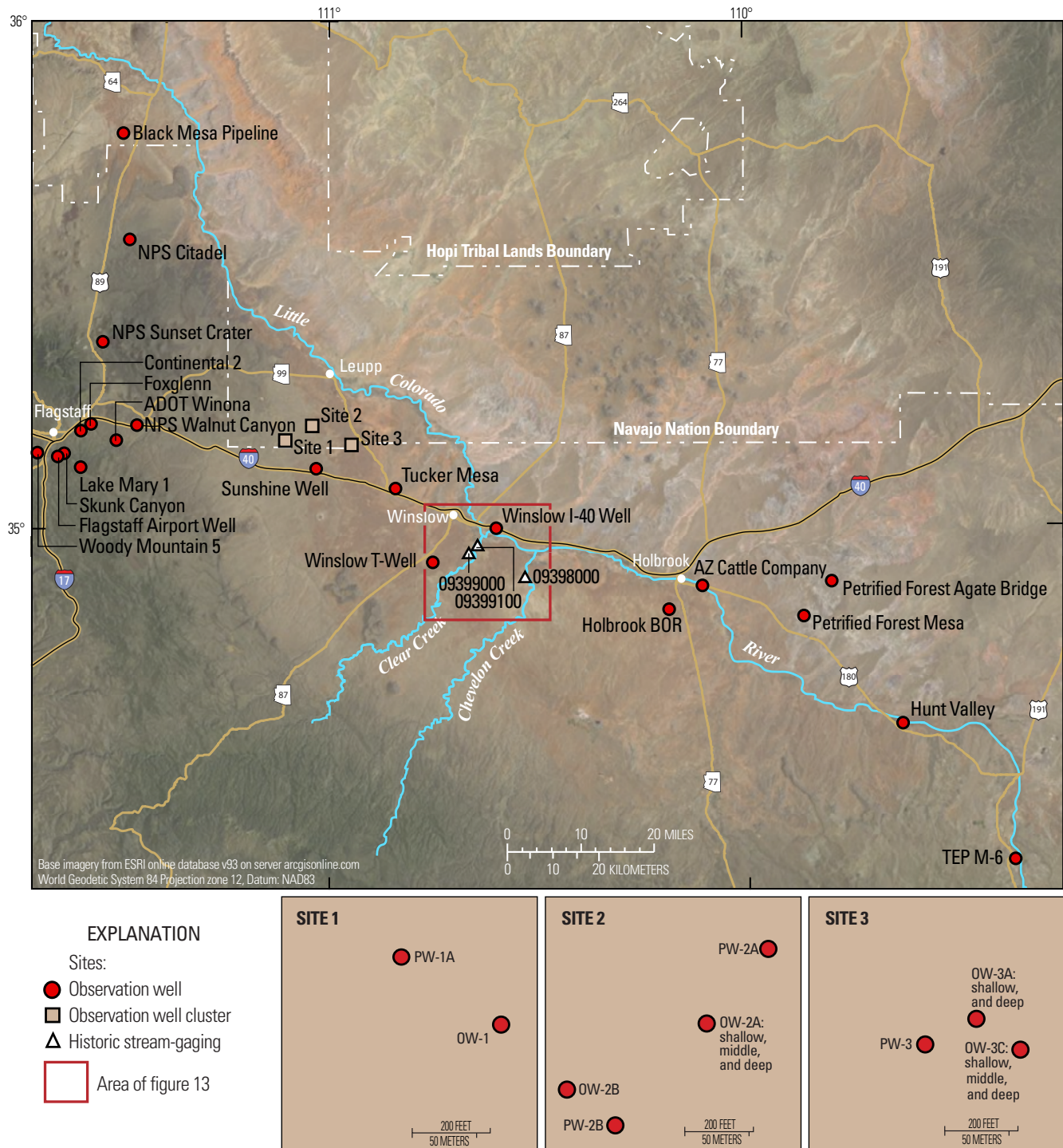


Figure 4. Locations of observation wells and discontinued streamflow-gaging station sites included in this study, northeastern Arizona. A detailed view of the well cluster sites near Leupp is shown below the map. Sections modified from Hoffmann and other, 2005.

The period of groundwater-level record varies from well to well. Historical depth-to-water measurements for wells previously monitored within the C-aquifer Monitoring Program were plotted to determine changes in water level over time. Depth-to-water increased around Flagstaff, a major pumping center, although little to no change was observed in more remote wells. Fifteen of the 35 C-aquifer wells analyzed had water-level data sufficient for percentage of difference calculations for 2005–11. Change in water level as a percentage of the initial water-level measurement for these 15 wells ranged from about –0.2 to about –0.5 percent. For historical water-level data, changes in water levels were greatest around pumping centers, as indicated by a –97.0 ft (percentage difference of –16.5 percent) change over the period of record (1962–2005) for the Lake Mary 1 Well near Flagstaff. In more rural areas of the C aquifer, water levels showed less change for both the temporal focus of this report (2005–11) and for historical values. Sporadic data through the period of record make water-level trends difficult to quantify for the remaining wells within the network (figs. 5–10). More water-level data are necessary to evaluate water-level trends for a greater portion of the study area.

In 2006, five observation wells (Winslow T-Well, Winslow I-40 Well, Well OW-1, Well OW-2B, and Well OW-3A shallow) (fig. 4) were fitted with continuously logging pressure transducers that collect data at 15-min intervals (figs 11 and 12). Seasonal variation is visible in all five hydrographs, but little water-level change is seen during the period of record (fig. 12). Of the five continuously monitored wells, water levels for the end of water year 2011 range from 37.6 ft at the Winslow I-40 Well to 614.8 ft at Well OW-1. The greatest change in depth-to-water for the period of 2005–11 (–2.5 ft) was recorded at the Winslow I-40 Well. The greatest positive change in depth-to-water for the period of 2005–11 (0.2 ft) occurred at the well OW-1. Depth-to-water for the Winslow T-Well has increased by about 2 ft since monitoring began in 1969 (fig. 11), however, if the period of 2005–11 only is analyzed, little to no change in water level is indicated (fig. 12). Depth-to-water for the Winslow I-40 Well has changed by –1.6 ft since monitoring began in 1972 (fig. 11).

Surface-Water Discharge

Surface-water discharge data can show the qualitative reaction of a stream reach to runoff produced by precipitation or snowmelt and trends in the amount of discharge over time. Furthermore, surface-water discharge conditions during times when there is no overland runoff can provide information on natural baseflow, which is the discharge of C-aquifer water from springs and seeps. Because the surface-water discharge through the perennial reaches of Clear Creek, Chevelon Creek, and the reach of the LCR between these two tributaries are fed by springs, surface-water discharge data can also show trends in baseflow. Streamflow data were monitored for too short of a time during 2005–11

for the C-aquifer Monitoring Program to observe trends in baseflow in Chevelon and Clear Creeks.

Surface-water discharge data were collected at three sites, two on Clear Creek and one on Chevelon Creek (fig. 4). These streamflow-gaging stations were discontinued and have not been monitored due to the lack of funding support since September 2007 for Clear Creek near Winslow, AZ (09399000), and Clear Creek below McHood Lake, near Winslow, AZ (09399100), and since December 2006 for Chevelon Creek near Winslow, AZ (09398000) (fig. 4; tables 2–11). Daily mean discharge values for the three streamflow-gaging stations for the period they operated can be accessed online (http://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/dv/?referred_module=sw).

Baseflow in Chevelon Creek and Clear Creek and parts of the LCR are sustained by C-aquifer spring discharge. The majority of flow during non-baseflow conditions can be attributed to precipitation runoff either from winter and spring snowmelt or summer monsoonal activity. Daily mean discharge values were tabulated for three historical streamflow-gaging stations on Chevelon Creek and Clear Creek that were in service from 2005 to 2007 (tables 3–11).

Clear Creek near Winslow, AZ (09399000) and Chevelon Creek near Winslow, AZ (09398000) show discharge distribution indicative of a natural stream channel in the southwestern United States, with relatively low baseflow discharge values and higher discharge values during winter and spring snowmelt and during summer monsoon activity (tables 3–5, 9–11). Conversely, Clear Creek below McHood Lake, near Winslow, AZ (09399100) has discharge values that are more evenly distributed throughout the year as a result of anthropogenic modification of the stream channel in the form of a concrete and earthen dam forming a reservoir (tables 6–8). Most surface-water discharge upstream of the dam is captured; therefore, the streamflow gage at Clear Creek below McHood Lake, near Winslow, AZ, predominantly is measuring discharge from C-aquifer springs downstream of the dam structure.

Baseflow Investigations

Groundwater discharge from C-aquifer springs and seeps is the source of baseflow for Chevelon Creek, Clear Creek, and parts of the LCR. Baseflow (natural) is sustained flow of a stream by groundwater discharge in the absence of direct runoff (<http://ga.water.usgs.gov/edu/dictionary.html#B>; accessed August 10, 2012). Clear Creek and Chevelon Creek are tributaries to the LCR. The USGS conducted four separate baseflow investigations during 2005–11 along Clear Creek, Chevelon Creek, and the reach of the LCR between the confluences of the two tributaries. These investigations provided information about groundwater discharge and groundwater chemistry in selected reaches of these streams. Baseflow was measured at multiple locations along the streams in as short a time as possible, with the intent of developing a detailed snapshot regarding the locations and

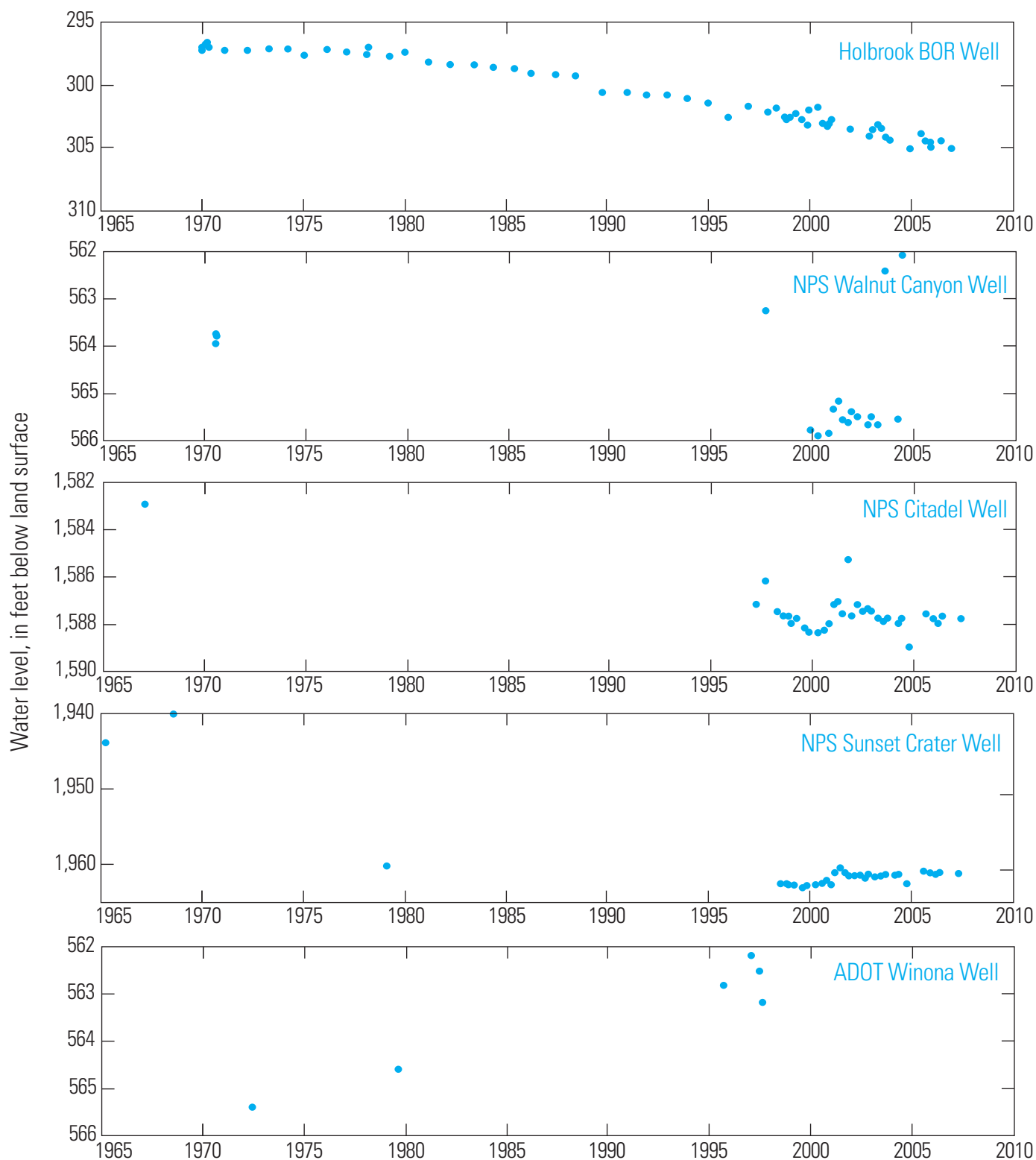


Figure 5. Measured water levels (1965–2010) in observation-well network, C aquifer, northeastern Arizona.

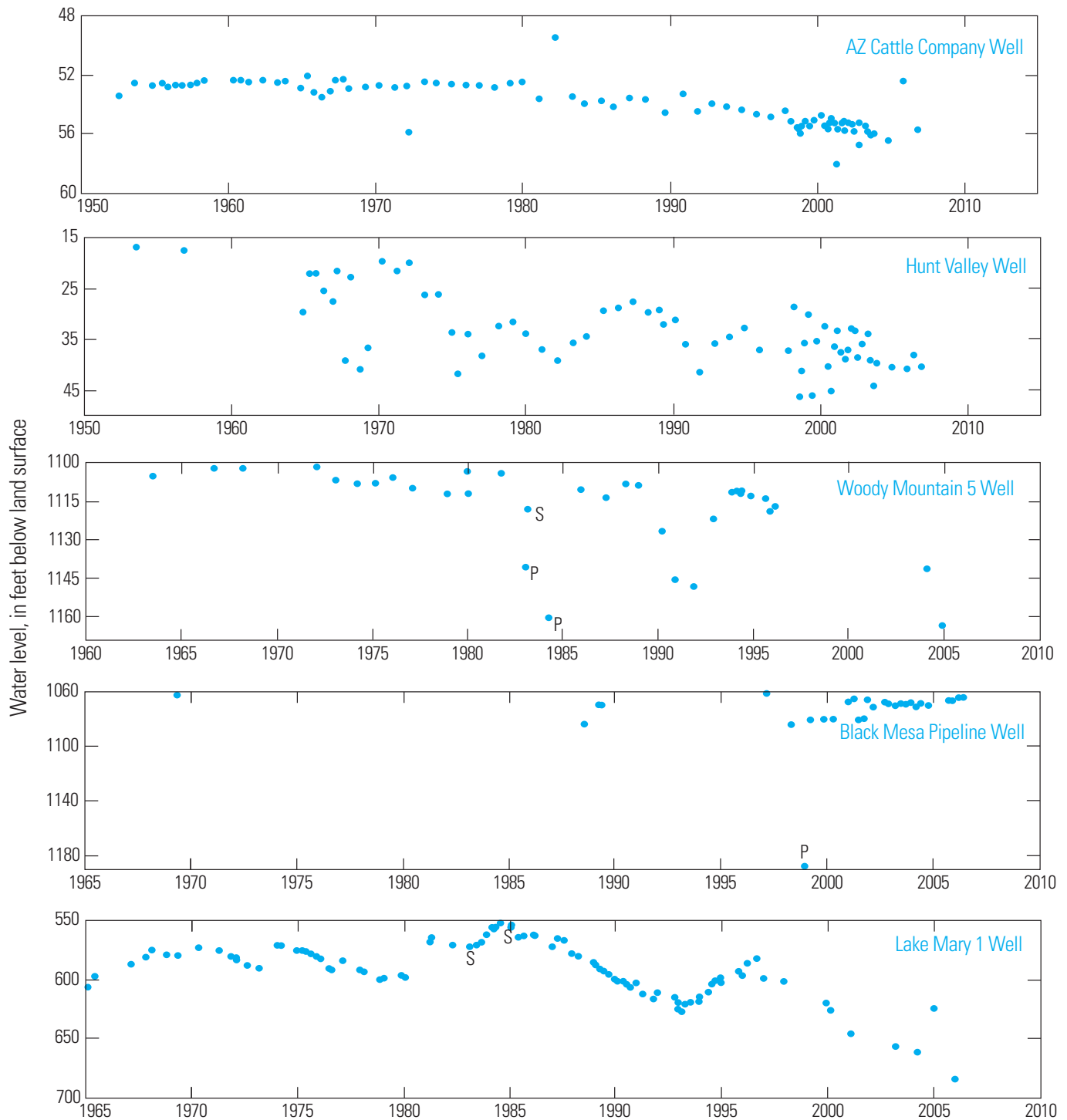


Figure 6. Measured water levels (1950, 1960, or 1965–2010) in observation-well network, C aquifer, northeastern Arizona. “S” indicates a nearby C-aquifer well was being pumped during the measurement; “P” indicates the site well was being pumped.

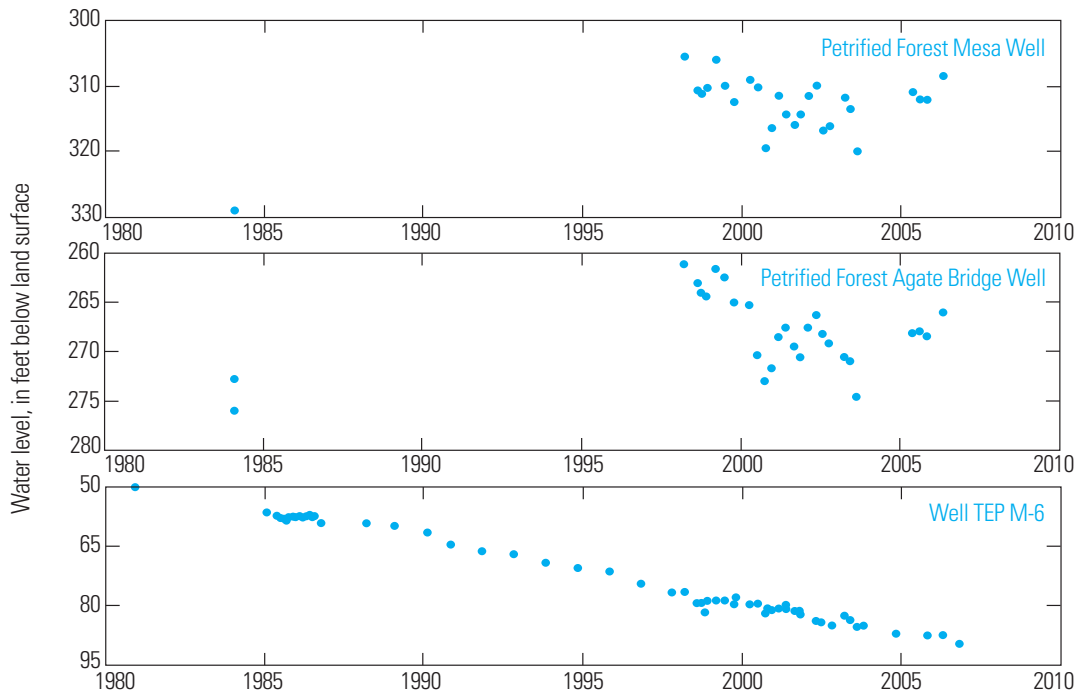


Figure 7. Measured water levels (1980–2010) in observation-well network, C aquifer, northeastern Arizona.

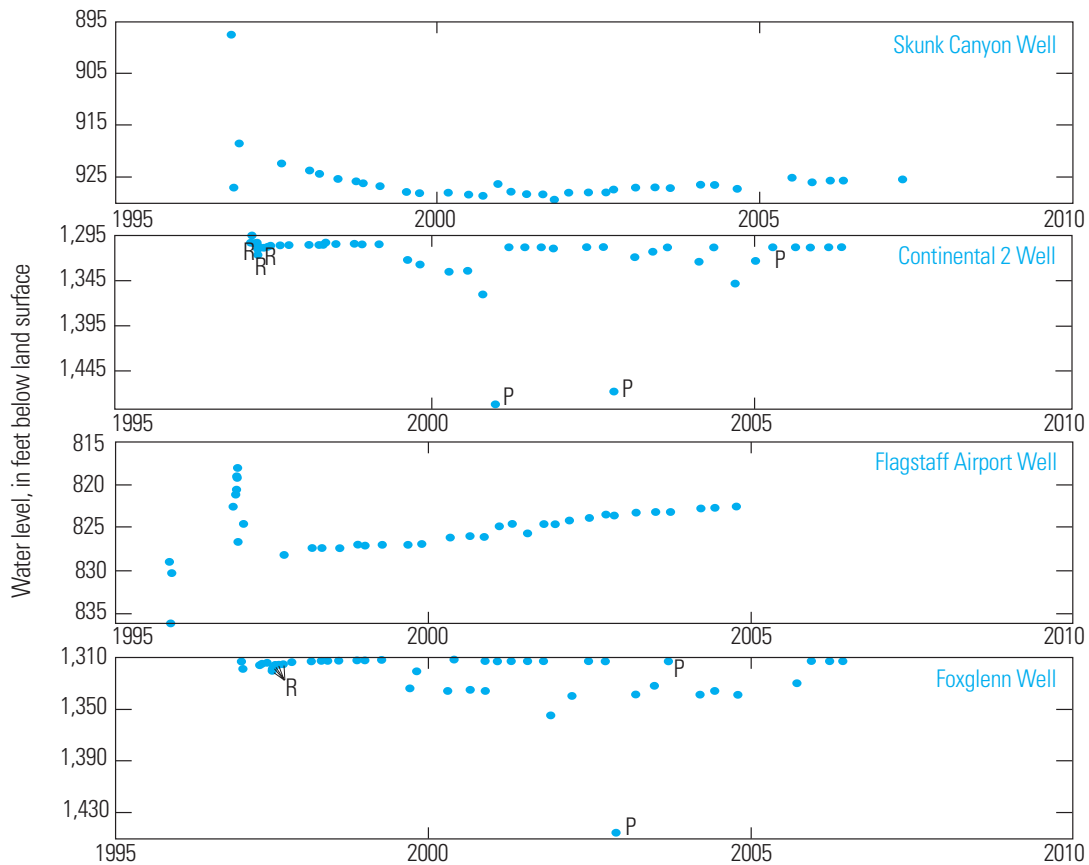


Figure 8. Measured water levels (1995–2010) in observation-well network, C aquifer, northeastern Arizona. "P" indicates the site well was being pumped during the measurement; "R" indicates the site well was recently pumped.

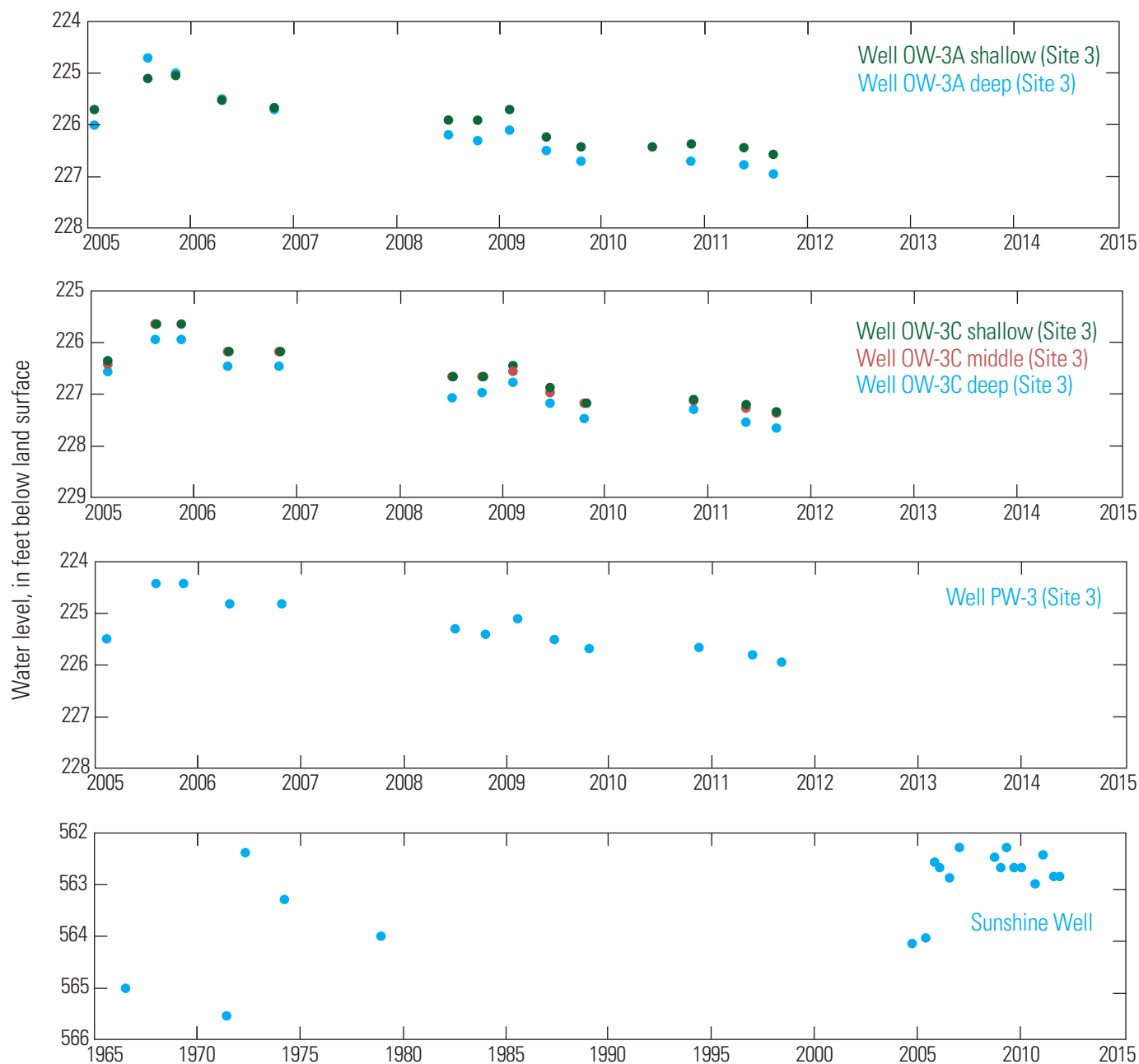


Figure 9. Measured water levels (1965 or 2005–2011) in observation-well network, C aquifer, northeastern Arizona.

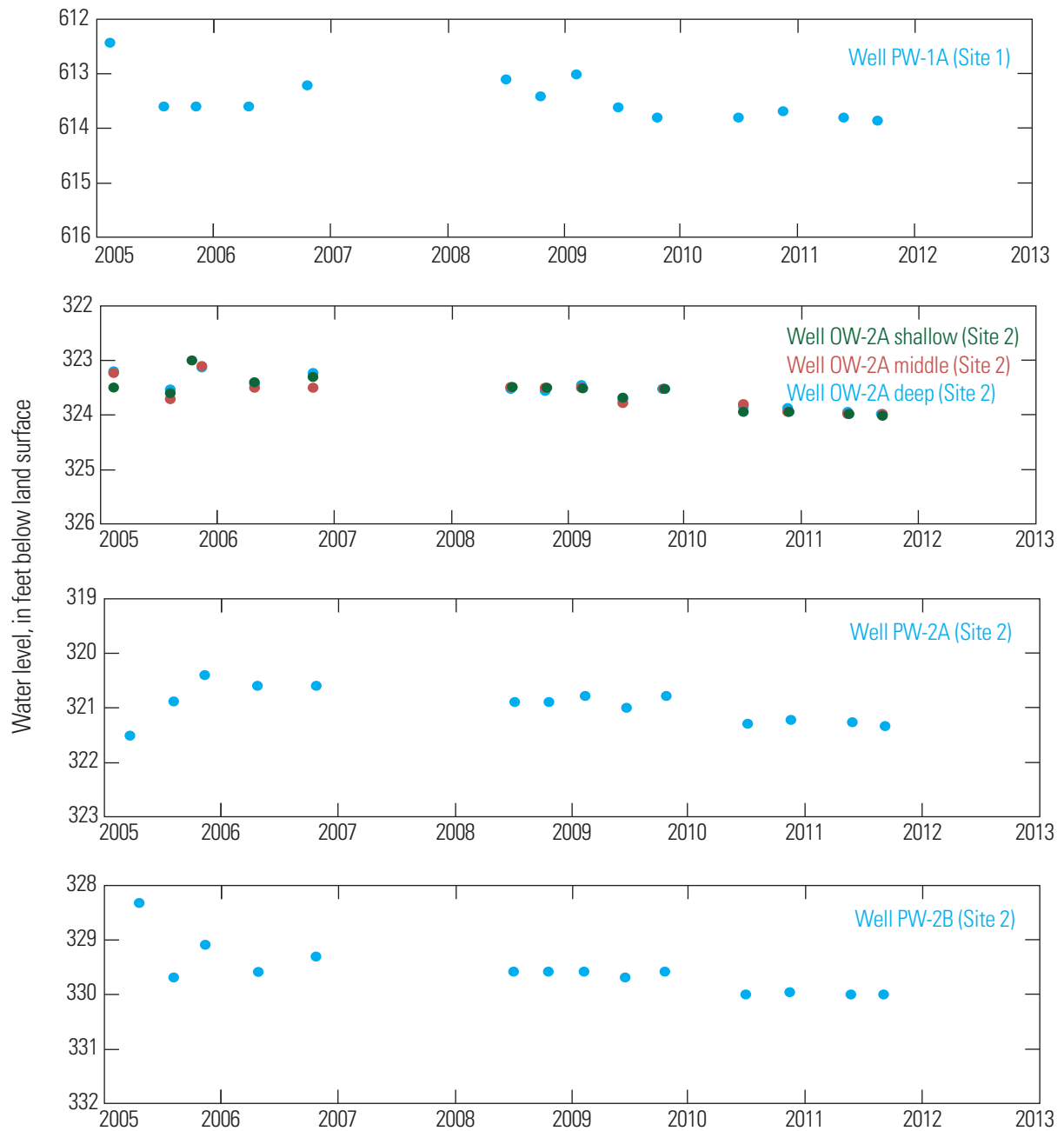
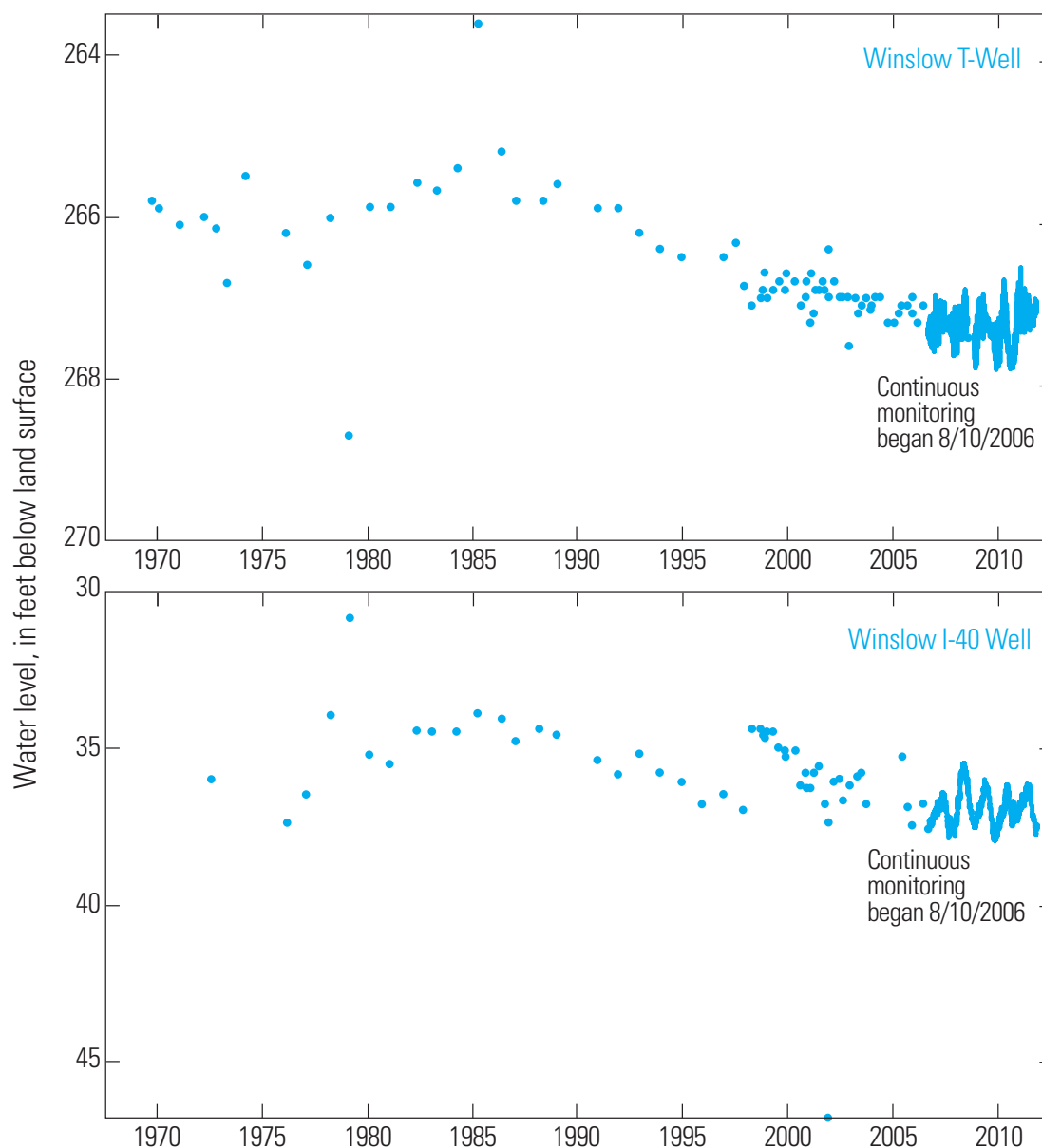


Figure 10. Measured water levels (2005–2011) in observation-well network, C aquifer, northeastern Arizona.

Table 2. Period of record and drainage areas for historic streamflow-gaging stations included in this study, northeastern Arizona.

Station Name	Station No.	Period of data collection	Drainage area (square miles)
Clear Creek near Winslow, AZ	09399000	June 1906–Sept. 2007	621
Clear Creek below McHood Lake, near Winslow, AZ	09399100	Sept. 2005–Sept. 2007	Not known
Chevelon Creek near Winslow, AZ	09398000	Jan. 1906–Dec. 2006	785

**Figure 11.** Measured and continuously recorded water levels (1965–2011) in observation-well network, C aquifer, northeastern Arizona. See Figure 12 for a better view of the continuously-monitored period.

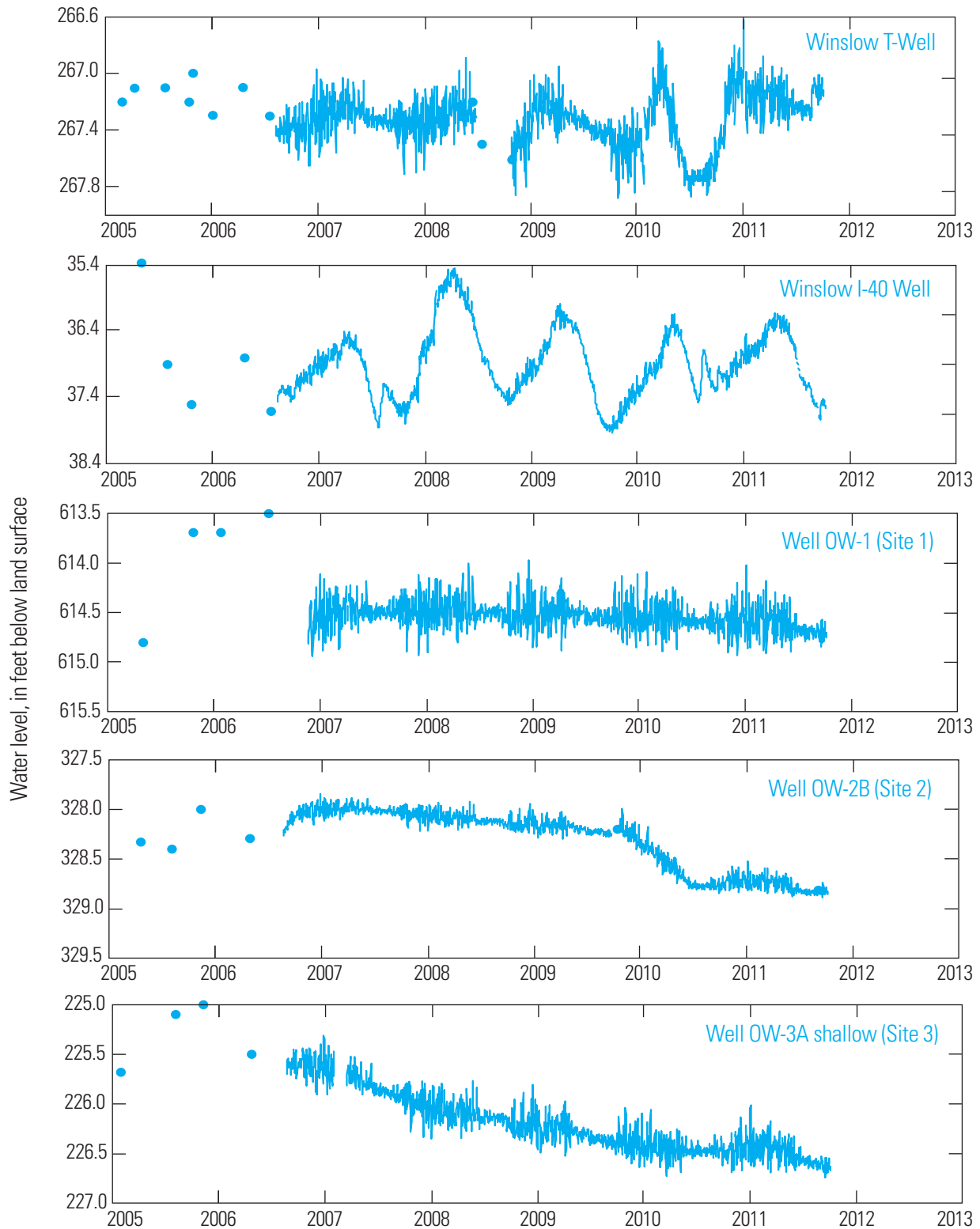


Figure 12. Measured and continuously recorded water levels (2005–2011) in observation-well network, C aquifer, northeastern Arizona.

amounts of C-aquifer discharge entering and leaving the stream along its length. Each baseflow investigation provides physical and chemical information for one point in time that can be used to evaluate the effects of human-caused stress (groundwater withdrawal) or natural stress, such as climate change. Repeat baseflow investigations and continuous monitoring of baseflow at streamflow-gaging stations can provide long-term information on C-aquifer baseflow trends.

The baseflow investigations were conducted during the summers of 2005, 2006, and 2008 and the winter of 2010. Water-quality field parameters (pH, temperature, specific conductance, and dissolved oxygen percent saturation and concentration in milligrams per liter) and discharge were measured at each site to characterize physical and geochemical changes from near the headwaters of Chevelon Creek and Clear Creek to the confluence with the LCR. Seven sampling sites were established on the LCR, 11 sites along Chevelon Creek, and 14 sites along Clear Creek (table 12; fig. 13). Sites along Chevelon Creek and Clear Creek

begin near the observed start of perennial flow, 11.6 mi and 8.7 mi upstream of the respective confluences with the LCR. Downstream sites were selected based on accessibility to the streams, and the presence of springs or manmade structures (dams, diversions, etc.). Discharge values for baseflow investigation sites are available online (<http://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/measurements>, accessed August 10, 2012) and in table 13. During the 2005 and 2006 baseflow investigations, water-chemistry samples were collected at selected sites and analyzed for major ions, nutrients, iron, boron, and arsenic. Water-chemistry data for C-aquifer baseflow investigation sites are available online (<http://nwis.waterdata.usgs.gov/usa/nwis/qwdata>).

Data collected during these baseflow investigations were tabulated by site number and date (table 13). Data are included from 15 sites along Chevelon Creek and the LCR near the confluence between Chevelon Creek and the LCR, and 16 sites along Clear Creek and the LCR near the confluence of Clear Creek and the LCR.



Figure 13. Locations of baseflow investigation sites (green and orange dots) included in this study, northeastern Arizona.

Determining gaining and losing reaches of a spring-fed stream and how these characteristics seasonally and temporally change can be indicative of changing water levels within the source aquifer (Alley and others, 1999). A reach that was once gaining and begins to lose over time can indicate a lowering of the water table, and vice versa. Measured discharge data in cubic feet per second (ft^3/s) from all four baseflow investigations were plotted to determine gaining and losing reaches along Clear and Chevelon Creeks (fig. 14).

Chevelon Creek is gaining in discharge from where perennial flow begins to approximately 8.5 mi upstream of the confluence with the LCR, and then loses discharge downstream, as flow is nearly zero at 3.5 mi upstream of the

confluence with the LCR because of backwater conditions created by a low-water dam at about 500 m upstream of the confluence. Beginning at the zero discharge point 3.5 mi upstream of the confluence with the LCR to the confluence, Chevelon Creek shows gains in discharge, especially during the 2005–2010 baseflow investigations (fig. 14).

Clear Creek gains in discharge from its headwaters to about 3 mi upstream of its confluence with the LCR. Flow is near zero at about 1 mi upstream of the confluence with the LCR because of the damming of Clear Creek to form McHood Lake, southeast of Winslow, Arizona (fig. 14). A cluster of springs downstream of the dam structure provides gains in discharge along the reach from the dam to the confluence with the LCR.

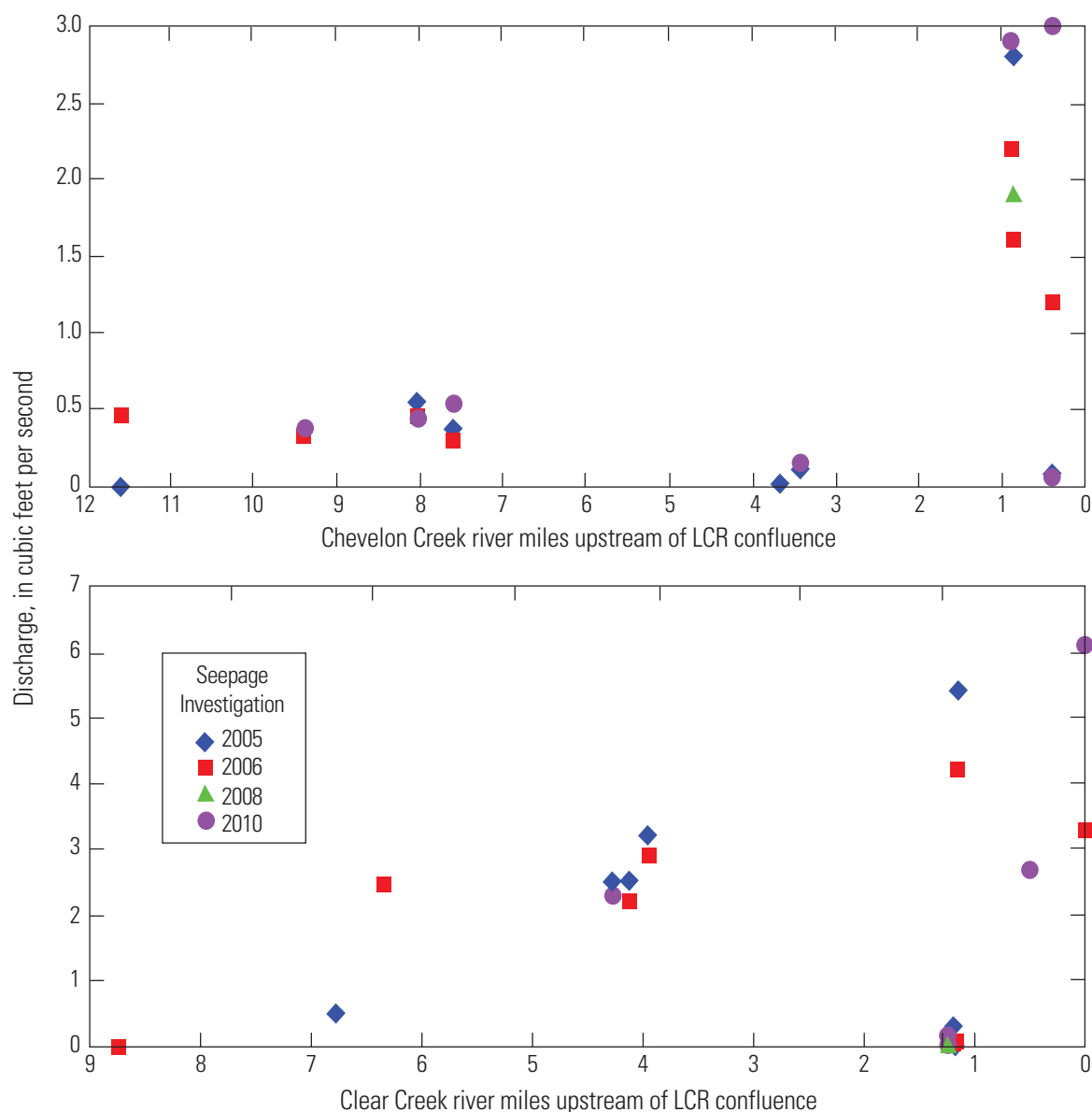


Figure 14. Discharge by river miles upstream of the confluence with the Little Colorado River (LCR) for baseflow investigation sites along Chevelon Creek and Clear Creek, northeastern Arizona.

Water Chemistry, 1933–2006

Water-chemistry samples presented in this report were collected from 1933 to 2005 at 14 wells developed in the C aquifer (table 14). During 2005 and 2006, water samples were collected and analyzed from selected baseflow-investigation sites (table 15). Quality assurance for the 2005 and 2006 baseflow sample collection was implemented by: (1) use of proper training of field personnel, (2) use of standard USGS field and laboratory protocols (U.S. Geological Survey, variously dated), (3) collection of four field sample blanks (two samples collected at spring sites during the 2006 baseflow investigations and two well samples collected directly from a hose bib on the well casing in 2001 and 2005), and (4) thorough review of the analytical results. All USGS scientists involved with this study have participated in the USGS National Field Quality Assurance Program, which requires participants to successfully determine pH, specific conductance, and alkalinity of reference samples supplied by the USGS Branch of Quality Systems. Field personnel were trained in water-quality field methods by USGS personnel or through formal instruction at a USGS water-quality field-methods class.

Well Water Chemistry, 1933–2005

Periodically, samples from selected C-aquifer observation and supply wells are collected and analyzed for water chemistry. Field parameters are measured, and water samples are analyzed for major ions, nutrients, iron, boron, and arsenic. Water-quality data for selected wells from this study and other sites are accessible online (<http://nwis.waterdata.usgs.gov/usa/nwis/qwdata>).

Results of water-chemistry samples collected from 14 wells between 1933 and 2005 are shown in table 14 and also are available online at <http://nwis.waterdata.usgs.gov/usa/nwis/qwdata>. Specific conductance values ranged from 380 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at the NPS Walnut Canyon well to 5,870 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at the Winslow I-40 well. The highest calcium concentration (150 mg/L) was at the Winslow I-40 well. The remaining wells had calcium concentrations ranging from 148 mg/L at NPS Sunset Crater Well to 41.1 mg/L at the Winslow T-Well. Sodium concentration was highest (1,000 mg/L) at the Winslow I-40 Well. The remaining wells had sodium concentrations ranging from 947 mg/L at the Winslow T-Well to 3.90 mg/L at the NPS Walnut Canyon well. Chloride concentration was highest (1,500 mg/L) at the Winslow I-40 Well. Chloride concentrations in the remaining wells ranged from 1,210 mg/L at the Winslow T-Well to 4.00 mg/L at the NPS Walnut Canyon. Sulfate concentration was highest (617 mg/L) at the Winslow T-Well. Sulfate concentrations in the remaining wells ranged from 386 mg/L at Well OW-1 to 1.90 mg/L at the

NPS Walnut Canyon well. Iron concentration was highest (3,000 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$) at Well TEP M-6. Iron concentrations in the remaining wells ranged from 794 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$ at Well OW-1 to not detected at the NPS Walnut Canyon well. Total dissolved solids (TDS) concentration was highest (1,610 mg/L) at the Tucker Mesa well. Total dissolved solids concentrations for the remaining wells ranged from 855 mg/L at well PW-1A to 203 mg/L at the NPS Walnut Canyon well.

Chemical constituents from the 14 wells were compared to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) primary and secondary drinking water standards (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 2009). Maximum contaminant levels (MCLs), which are the primary regulations, are legally enforceable standards that apply to public water systems. MCLs protect drinking-water quality by limiting the levels of specific contaminants that adversely can affect public health. Secondary maximum contaminant levels (SMCLs) provide guidelines for the control of contaminants that may cause cosmetic effects (such as skin or tooth discoloration) or aesthetic effects (such as taste, odor, or color) in drinking water. The USEPA recommends compliance with SMCLs for public water systems; however, compliance is not enforced. None of the water samples analyzed exceeded the USEPA MCL standards, but several samples exceeded the USEPA SMCL standards for chloride, fluoride, sulfate, iron, and total dissolved solids (table 14). The SMCL for chloride (250 mg/L) was exceeded by samples from three wells: the Winslow T-Well, the Winslow I-40 Well, and Tucker Mesa. The SMCL for fluoride (2.0 mg/L) was exceeded by two water samples from Well TEP M-6, both samples were collected on the same day in 1985. The SMCL for sulfate (250 mg/L) was exceeded by four samples from the Winslow T-Well collected in 1969; four samples from the Sunshine Well collected in 1953, 1978, and 2005; four samples from Well PW-3 collected in 2005; three samples from Well OW-1 collected in 2005; four samples from Well PW-1A; four samples from Well PW-2B collected in 2005; and two samples from Well OW-2B collected in 2005. The SMCL for iron (300 $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$) was exceeded by two samples from Well TEP M-6 collected in 1985; one sample from Well PW-3 collected in 2005; one sample from Well OW-1 collected in 2005; two samples from Well PW-1A collected in 2005; and two samples from Well OW-2B collected in 2005. The SMCL for total dissolved solids (500 mg/L) was exceeded by seven wells: one sample from the Tucker Mesa well collected in 2006; two samples from the Sunshine Well collected in 2005; three samples from well PW-3 collected in 2005; three samples from well OW-1 collected in 2005; three samples from well PW-1A collected in 2005; three samples from well PW-2B collected in 2005; and two samples from well OW-2B collected in 2005.

Baseflow Investigation Water Chemistry, 2005–10

Water samples were collected and analyzed for water chemistry (major ions, nutrients, iron, boron, and arsenic) and field parameters parameters (pH, temperature, specific conductance, and dissolved oxygen percent saturation and concentration in milligrams per liter) at 5 sites during the 2005 baseflow investigation and 10 sites during the 2006 baseflow investigation (table 15). The 2005 samples were taken at three

Chevelon Creek sites and two Clear Creek sites. Sampling for the 2006 baseflow investigation took place at six Chevelon Creek sites and four Clear Creek sites.

Water-chemistry samples from sites that were sampled during both the 2005 and the 2006 baseflow investigations showed similar physical and chemical properties (table 15). Specific conductance for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 806 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Chevelon Site 11 in 2005 to 5,090 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at the Chevelon Site 1b in 2006 (table 15). Chloride concentrations

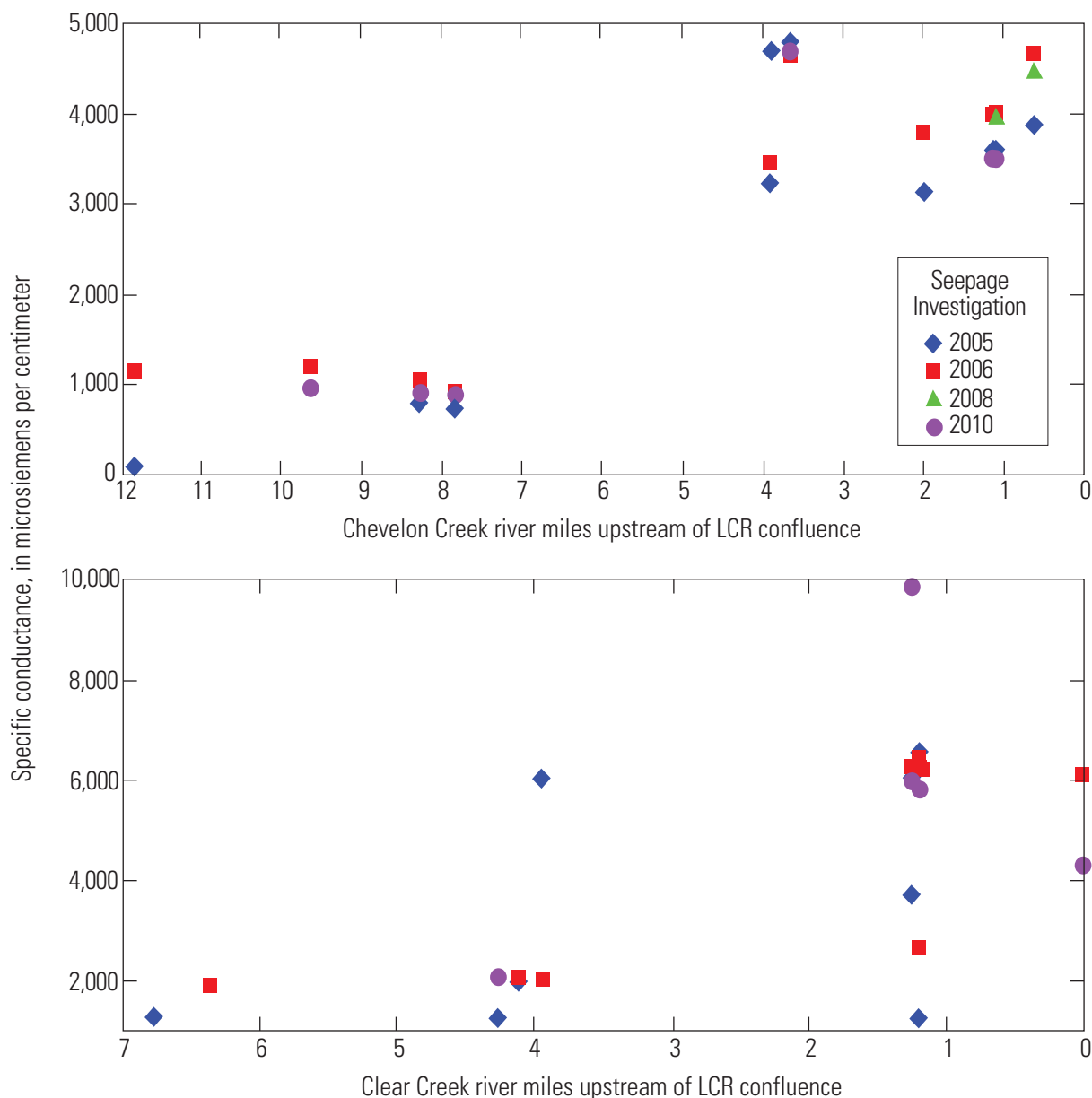


Figure 15. Specific conductance by river miles upstream of the confluence with the Little Colorado River (LCR) for baseflow investigation sites along Chevelon Creek and Clear Creek, northeastern Arizona.

for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 94.2 mg/L at Chevelon Site 11 in 2005 to 1,400 mg/L at Chevelon Site 1b in 2006, whereas dissolved-solids concentrations ranged from 488 mg/L at Chevelon Site 11 in 2005 to 2,910 mg/L at Chevelon Site 1b in 2006 (table 15). Specific conductance for Clear Creek sites ranged from 1,980 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Clear Site 14 in 2006 to 6,300 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Clear Site 3 in 2005 (table 15). Chloride concentrations for Clear Creek sites ranged from 498 mg/L at Clear Site 14 in 2006 to 1,750 mg/L at Clear Site 6 in 2005 and 2006, whereas dissolved-solids concentrations ranged from 1,070 mg/L at Clear Site 14 in 2006 to 3,610 mg/L at Clear Site 6 in 2006 (table 15).

Of the field parameters measured, specific conductance showed the most change in values from near the headwaters to the confluence with the LCR for Chevelon and Clear Creeks during all four baseflow investigations (table 13; fig. 15). There is an increase in specific conductance of about 4,500 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ from near the headwaters of Chevelon Creek to the confluence with the LCR. This increase may be attributed to either the introduction of highly conductive groundwater discharge (increase in specific conductance initially occurs at spring sites, Chevelon Site 6 and Chevelon Site 8) along the stream and/or surface-water interaction with local geology of a high evaporate content. Clear Creek shows a less consistent pattern of increase in specific conductance, probably due to the lack of sites, but still exhibits changes on the order of 5,000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ within a few river miles (fig. 15).

2005 Field Parameters

In 2005, data were collected from July 6 to 7. This investigation included 13 sites along Chevelon Creek and the LCR near the confluence, and 12 sites along Clear Creek and the LCR near the confluence (table 12). Specific conductance values for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 115 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Chevelon Site 13 to 4,800 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Chevelon Site 6 (table 13). pH values for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 6.9 at Site 6 to 9.2 at Chevelon Site 13 (table 13). Dissolved-oxygen concentration for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 3.0 mg/L at Chevelon Site 6 to 9.1 mg/L at Site 3 (table 13). Specific conductance values for Clear Creek sites ranged from 1,190 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Clear Site 7a to 7,120 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Clear Site 2 (table 13). pH values for Clear Creek sites ranged from 7.2 at Clear Site 5 and Clear Site 6 to 9.2 at Site Clear Site 7b (table 13). Dissolved-oxygen concentration for Clear Creek sites ranged from 1.5 mg/L at Clear Site 5 to 9.5 mg/L at Clear Site 12 (table 13).

2006 Field Parameters

In 2006, data were collected from June 22 to 23. This investigation included 15 sites along Chevelon Creek and the LCR near the confluence, and 11 sites along Clear Creek and the LCR near the confluence (table 12). Specific

conductance values for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 938 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Chevelon Site 11 to 5,380 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Chevelon Site 1c (table 13). pH values for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 7.1 at Chevelon Site 6 to 8.9 at Chevelon Site 4 (table 13). Dissolved-oxygen concentration for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 1.6 mg/L at Chevelon Site 6 to 8.9 mg/L at Chevelon Site 3 (table 13). Specific conductance values for Clear Creek sites ranged from 1,980 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Clear Site 14 to 6,390 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Clear Site 6 (table 13). pH values for Clear Creek sites ranged from 7.4 at Clear Sites 4, 5, and 6 to 8.8 at Clear Site 7a (table 13). Dissolved-oxygen concentration for Clear Creek sites ranged from 1.5 mg/L at Site 5 to 8.7 mg/L at Site 12 (table 13).

2008 Field Parameters

In 2008, data were collected from June 24 to 25. This investigation included six sites along Chevelon Creek and the LCR near the confluence, and three sites along Clear Creek and the LCR near the confluence (table 12). Specific conductance values for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 3,960 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Chevelon Site 4 to 5,510 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Chevelon Site 1c (table 13). pH values for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 8.3 at Chevelon Site 3 to 8.5 at Chevelon Sites 1b and 1c (table 13). Dissolved-oxygen concentration for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 5.9 mg/L at Chevelon Site 4 to 7.1 mg/L at Chevelon Sites 1 and 2 (table 13). Field parameters were not recorded for Clear Creek sites in 2008.

2010 Field Parameters

In 2010, data were collected from December 1 to 2. This was the first winter baseflow investigation conducted. Winter data values can be compared to data from summer investigations to analyze seasonal variation in water quality and quantity for springs discharging from the C aquifer. Winter baseflow is less affected by evapotranspiration and runoff associated with monsoon activity; however, runoff conditions were not present during the 2005, 2006, and 2008 baseflow investigations. This investigation included 11 sites along Chevelon Creek and the LCR near the confluence and 8 sites along Clear Creek and the LCR near the confluence (table 12). Specific conductance values for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 920 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Chevelon Site 10 to 4,680 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Chevelon Site 6 (table 13). pH values for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 7.8 at sites Chevelon Sites 5 and 1a to 8.6 at Chevelon Site 4 (table 13). Dissolved-oxygen concentration for Chevelon Creek sites ranged from 4.0 mg/L at Chevelon Site 6 to 11.3 mg/L at Chevelon Site 11 (table 13). Specific conductance values for Clear Creek sites ranged from 2,030 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Clear Site 13 to 9,840 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at Clear Site 7b (table 13). pH values for Clear Creek sites ranged from 7.0 at Clear Site 7b to 8.4 at Clear Site 13. Dissolved-oxygen concentration for Clear Creek sites ranged from 1.4 mg/L at Clear Site 5 to 11.2 mg/L at Clear Site 13 (table 13).

Summary

The C aquifer is a regionally extensive aquifer supplying water for municipal, agricultural, and industrial use in northeastern Arizona, northwestern New Mexico, and southeastern Utah. This report presents data from an ongoing study by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) in cooperation with the Bureau of Indian Affairs to monitor water quality and quantity within the C aquifer along Interstate 40 (I-40) corridor from near Holbrook to Flagstaff. Data presented includes: (1) water-level data from 35 wells completed in C aquifer, (2) surface-water discharge data from 3 discontinued streamflow-gage sites on Chevelon and Clear Creeks, (3) water chemistry from selected well sites and baseflow investigation sites, and (4) water-quality parameters and discharge measurements from the four baseflow investigations conducted on reaches of Clear and Chevelon Creeks, and a reach of the Little Colorado River (LCR). Data from 2005 to the end of water year 2011 were the focus of this report, but water-level data from the 1950s and 1960s and water-chemistry data dating to the 1930s also were reported.

Water-level data for the C aquifer are monitored to establish baseline water-level information prior to potential effects of future development on the aquifer. Depth-to-water increased around pumping centers, whereas little to no change in water level was observed in more remote area wells during 2005–2011. Change in water level as a percentage of the initial water-level measurement for 15 wells ranged from about -0.2 to about -0.5 percent. For historical water-level data, changes in water levels were greatest around pumping centers, as indicated by a -97.0 feet (ft) (percentage difference of -16.5 percent) change over the period of record (1962–2005) for the Lake Mary 1 Well near Flagstaff, Arizona. Of the five continuously monitored wells, water levels for the end of water year 2011 ranged from 37.6 ft below land surface at the Winslow I-40 Well to 614.8 ft below land surface at Well OW-1. The greatest change in depth-to-water for the period of 2005–11 (-2.5 ft)

was recorded at the Winslow I-40 Well. The greatest positive change in depth-to-water for the period of 2005–11 (0.2 ft) occurred at Well OW-1.

Four separate baseflow investigations have been conducted (the summers of 2005, 2006, and 2008, and winter 2010) on Chevelon Creek, Clear Creek, and the LCR. Field parameters and stream discharge were measured at 15 Chevelon Creek sites and 15 Clear Creek sites to determine gaining and losing reaches and to assess the quality and quantity of water discharging from C aquifer. There was a 4,500 microsiemens per centimeter ($\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$) increase in specific conductance from the headwaters of Chevelon Creek to the confluence with the LCR. This increase may be attributed to introduction of highly conductive groundwater via spring discharge along the stream, or surface-water interaction with country rock of a high evaporate content. Clear Creek shows a less consistent pattern of increase in specific conductance, but still exhibits changes on the order of 5,000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ within a few river miles.

Water-chemistry analyses for 14 wells within the C aquifer monitoring well network are available beginning in 1933. Since 1933, specific conductance values have ranged from 4,740 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at the Winslow T-Well, to 380 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ at NPS Walnut Canyon. Total dissolved solids concentration was highest (1,610 mg/L) at the Tucker Mesa well. Total dissolved solids concentrations for the remaining wells ranged from 855 mg/L at Well PW-1A to 203 mg/L at the NPS Walnut Canyon well. None of the samples analyzed exceeded the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) maximum contaminant levels standards, but several samples exceeded the USEPA secondary maximum contaminant levels standards for chloride, fluoride, and sulfate. Water samples also were collected and analyzed for water chemistry (major ions, nutrients, iron, boron, and arsenic) at 5 sites during the 2005 baseflow investigation and 10 sites during the 2006 baseflow investigation. Samples from sites that were sampled during the 2005 and the 2006 baseflow investigations showed similar physical and chemical signatures.

Tables 3–14 to follow.

Table 3. Daily mean discharge for Clear Creek near Winslow, AZ (09399000), calendar year 2005.

[e, estimated; CFSM, cubic feet per square mile; dashes indicate no data]

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, calendar year 2005—daily mean values												
DAY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	1.5	0.10	0.51
2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	1.6	0.10	0.40
3	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	1.5	0.08	0.43
4	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.10	0.45
5	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.10	0.45
6	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.40
7	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.52
8	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.53
9	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.55
10	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	7.4	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.57
11	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	8.3	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.53
12	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2.6	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.53
13	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1.4	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.53
14	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.54
15	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.53
16	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.57
17	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.60
18	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.62
19	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.62
20	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.68
21	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.76
22	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.83
23	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.83
24	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.77
25	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.76
26	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.71
27	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.55	0.70
28	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.52	0.69
29	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.78	0.01	0.51	0.74
30	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	1.1	0.05	0.53	0.75
31	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	---	0.08	---	0.72
TOTAL	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	21.12	2.29	5.57	9.89	18.82
MEAN	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.68	0.08	0.18	0.33	0.61
MAX	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	8.3	1.1	1.6	0.61	0.83
MIN	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.40
MEDIAN	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.57
ACRE-FT	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	42	4.5	11	20	37
CFSM	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 4. Daily mean discharge for Clear Creek near Winslow, AZ (09399000), calendar year 2006.

[e, estimated; CFSM, cubic feet per square mile; dashes indicate no data]

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, calendar year 2006—daily mean values													
DAY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	
1	0.60	2.6	1.5	0.64	0.43	0.06	0.78	1.5	0.21	0.24	0.60	0.61	
2	0.60	2.7	1.3	0.66	0.47	0.10	0.82	1.1	0.19	0.20	0.61	0.65	
3	0.61	2.6	1.3	0.67	0.42	0.14	0.77	0.71	0.18	0.19	0.61	0.66	
4	0.61	2.6	1.1	0.66	0.40	0.19	0.69	5.0	0.21	0.17	0.61	0.71	
5	0.69	2.6	1.00	0.51	0.37	0.23	0.69	5.1	0.20	0.22	0.62	0.76	
6	0.69	2.5	0.89	0.45	0.40	0.23	0.68	4.2	0.15	1.3	0.74	0.76	
7	0.69	2.5	0.75	0.49	0.45	0.23	0.67	3.3	0.14	1.7	0.82	0.77	
8	0.69	2.5	0.68	0.50	0.39	0.41	0.70	2.3	0.32	1.4	0.88	0.81	
9	0.69	2.5	0.61	0.48	0.34	0.55	0.88	1.8	0.28	1.2	0.83	0.84	
10	0.69	2.5	0.41	0.33	0.38	0.57	0.85	1.5	0.24	1.1	0.77	0.82	
11	0.69	2.5	0.48	0.27	0.42	0.52	0.75	1.3	0.22	0.92	0.75	0.84	
12	0.69	2.5	0.45	0.27	0.41	0.50	0.48	1.3	0.21	0.90	0.76	0.84	
13	0.82	2.5	0.45	0.29	0.35	0.45	0.39	1.6	0.19	0.84	0.77	0.84	
14	1.3	2.5	0.49	0.25	0.31	0.40	0.26	2.3	0.20	0.90	0.80	0.84	
15	1.6	1.9	0.53	0.21	0.32	0.39	0.22	2.3	0.60	0.90	0.79	0.84	
16	1.9	1.6	0.59	0.22	0.31	0.43	0.14	2.3	0.43	0.78	0.84	0.80	
17	2.1	1.8	0.60	0.22	0.34	0.45	0.07	11	0.32	0.52	0.84	0.73	
18	2.3	1.9	0.53	0.22	0.35	0.46	0.04	5.1	0.22	0.45	0.88	0.76	
19	2.3	2.0	0.55	0.26	0.31	0.46	0.00	2.4	0.15	0.45	0.91	0.76	
20	2.4	2.2	0.52	0.29	0.29	0.45	0.04	1.7	0.10	0.45	0.90	0.76	
21	3.3	2.3	0.52	0.31	0.25	0.45	0.06	1.3	0.05	0.47	0.83	0.75	
22	3.7	2.4	0.61	0.28	0.18	0.46	0.04	0.95	0.05	0.53	0.79	0.74	
23	5.0	2.4	0.65	0.22	0.20	0.51	0.03	0.82	0.05	0.61	0.78	0.70	
24	4.1	2.3	0.69	0.21	0.26	0.58	0.05	0.65	0.05	0.71	0.78	0.69	
25	3.4	2.0	0.69	0.21	0.29	0.56	0.05	0.69	0.08	0.80	0.77	0.68	
26	3.4	1.9	0.70	0.22	0.26	0.55	0.02	0.79	0.15	0.77	0.76	0.74	
27	3.2	1.9	0.72	0.21	0.18	0.58	0.01	0.62	0.20	0.73	0.69	0.73	
28	3.0	1.7	0.77	0.22	0.03	0.67	0.00	0.45	0.21	0.65	0.56	0.91	
29	2.8	---	0.63	0.29	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.36	0.22	0.63	0.63	1.3	
30	2.7	---	0.64	0.34	0.00	0.69	2.0	0.28	0.26	0.61	0.61	1.3	
31	2.7	---	0.66	---	0.02	---	2.1	0.22	---	0.60	---	1.2	
TOTAL	59.96	63.9	22.01	10.40	9.13	12.92	14.28	64.94	6.08	21.94	22.53	25.14	
MEAN	1.93	2.28	0.71	0.35	0.29	0.43	0.46	2.09	0.20	0.71	0.75	0.81	
MAX	5.0	2.7	1.5	0.67	0.47	0.69	2.1	11	0.60	1.7	0.91	1.3	
MIN	0.60	1.6	0.41	0.21	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.22	0.05	0.17	0.56	0.61	
MEDIAN	1.9	2.5	0.64	0.28	0.32	0.46	0.26	1.5	0.20	0.65	0.77	0.76	
ACRE-FT	119	127	44	21	18	26	28	129	12	44	45	50	
CFSM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Calendar Year 2006		TOTAL 333.23		MEAN 0.91		MAX 11		MIN 0.00		MEDIAN 0.65		ACRE-FT 661	CFSM 0.00

Table 5. Daily mean discharge for Clear Creek near Winslow, AZ (09399000), calendar year 2007.

[e, estimated; CFSM, cubic feet per square mile; dashes indicate no data]

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, calendar year 2007—daily mean values												
DAY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	1.2	4.3	1.9	67	2.6	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	---	---	---
2	1.2	3.4	2.0	51	3.3	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	---	---	---
3	1.2	3.1	2.2	45	2.7	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	---	---	---
4	1.1	3.0	2.3	39	2.1	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	---	---	---
5	1.1	3.0	2.8	34	2.0	1.1	0.00	30	---	---	---	---
6	0.99	3.0	4.2	28	2.1	0.99	0.00	9.8	---	---	---	---
7	0.92	3.0	3.8	23	2.2	1.2	0.00	4.6	---	---	---	---
8	0.92	2.8	3.4	18	2.3	1.4	0.00	2.0	---	---	---	---
9	0.92	2.6	3.2	15	2.4	1.5	0.00	1.1	---	---	---	---
10	1.0	2.6	3.0	13	2.4	1.6	0.00	0.46	---	---	---	---
11	1.4	2.8	2.8	13	2.4	2.1	0.00	0.12	---	---	---	---
12	1.6	3.1	2.6	10	2.3	2.3	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
13	1.8	3.3	2.6	9.8	2.2	1.8	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
14	2.0	4.3	2.5	9.2	2.2	1.9	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
15	2.1	4.0	2.5	6.0	2.1	2.0	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
16	2.2	3.4	42	4.5	2.2	2.0	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
17	2.3	3.3	197	4.4	2.3	1.8	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
18	2.4	3.0	200	3.0	2.3	1.8	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
19	2.5	2.7	193	2.2	2.3	1.8	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
20	2.8	2.5	185	2.2	2.4	1.8	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
21	3.1	2.6	151	2.2	2.2	1.3	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
22	3.4	2.6	132	2.3	2.1	0.90	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
23	3.7	2.2	107	2.2	2.0	0.62	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
24	4.1	2.1	185	2.2	2.1	0.34	4.1	0.00	---	---	---	---
25	4.2	2.1	545	2.4	2.1	0.20	6.6	0.00	---	---	---	---
26	4.2	2.1	328	2.4	2.1	0.13	2.6	0.00	---	---	---	---
27	4.2	2.1	182	2.5	2.0	0.08	1.5	0.00	---	---	---	---
28	4.2	1.9	145	2.6	2.0	0.03	0.82	0.00	---	---	---	---
29	4.2	---	116	2.5	1.8	0.00	0.23	0.00	---	---	---	---
30	4.2	---	97	2.5	0.93	0.00	0.02	0.00	---	---	---	---
31	4.4	---	81	---	0.00	---	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
TOTAL	75.55	80.9	2927.8	421.1	66.13	32.60	15.87	48.08	---	---	---	---
MEAN	2.44	2.89	94.4	14.0	2.13	1.09	0.51	1.55	---	---	---	---
MAX	4.4	4.3	545	67	3.3	2.3	6.6	30	---	---	---	---
MIN	0.92	1.9	1.9	2.2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
MEDIAN	2.2	2.9	42	5.2	2.2	1.2	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---
ACRE-FT	150	160	5810	835	131	65	31	95	---	---	---	---
CFSM	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	---	---	---	---

Table 6. Daily mean discharge for Clear Creek below McHood Lake, near Winslow, AZ (09399100), calendar year 2005.

[e, estimated; CFSM, cubic feet per square mile; dashes indicate no data]

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, calendar year 2005—daily mean values												
DAY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4.7	3.7	3.9
2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4.8	3.7	4.0
3	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4.7	3.7	3.9
4	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4.4	3.8	3.8
5	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4.0	3.7	3.8
6	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.7	3.7
7	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.7	3.7
8	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.7	3.8
9	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.7	3.8
10	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.7	3.8
11	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.8	3.8
12	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	3.7	3.8
13	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.8	3.8
14	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.8	3.8
15	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	3.8	3.8
16	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.8	3.8
17	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.8	3.8
18	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.8	3.8
19	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	3.8	3.8
20	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	3.8	3.8
21	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	3.8	3.7
22	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	3.8	3.8
23	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	3.9	3.9
24	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	3.9	3.9
25	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	3.9	3.9
26	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	4.0	4.0
27	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	3.9	3.9
28	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	e4.3	3.8	3.8	3.9
29	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4.5	3.8	3.8	3.9
30	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4.6	3.8	3.8	3.9
31	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	---	4.4
TOTAL	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	122.5	113.6	119.4
MEAN	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.95	3.79	3.85
MAX	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4.8	4.0	4.4
MIN	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.8	3.7	3.7
MEDIAN	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.9	3.8	3.8
ACRE-FT	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	243	225	237

Table 7. Daily mean discharge for Clear Creek below McHood Lake, near Winslow, AZ (09399100), calendar year 2006.

[e, estimated; CFSM, cubic feet per square mile; dashes indicate no data]

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, calendar year 2006—daily mean values												
DAY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	4	3.4	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.1	4.3	---	---	e4.4	e4.4	4.4
2	4	3.4	4.4	4.7	4.7	4.1	4.4	---	---	e4.4	e4.4	4.4
3	4	3.3	4.3	4.7	4.7	4.3	4.4	---	---	e4.4	e4.4	4.4
4	4	3.4	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.1	4.4	---	---	e4.4	e4.4	4.4
5	4	3.3	4.5	5	4.7	4	4.2	---	---	e4.4	e4.4	4.4
6	4.5	3.3	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.1	4.4	---	---	e4.4	e4.4	4.4
7	4	3.3	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.2	4.3	---	---	e4.4	e4.4	4.4
8	4	3.3	4.5	4.8	4.8	4.1	4.3	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.4
9	4	3.3	4.5	4.8	4.7	4.1	4.4	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.4
10	4.1	3.3	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.3	e4.3	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.4
11	4.2	3.3	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.2	e4.2	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.4
12	4.3	3.3	4.7	4.6	4.8	4.4	4.2	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.4
13	4.4	3.3	4.4	4.6	4.8	4.4	4	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.4
14	4.6	3.4	4.4	4.8	4.8	4.2	3.9	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.4
15	4.6	4.8	4.5	4.6	4.8	4	3.9	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.4
16	4	4.6	e4.5	4.6	4.8	3.9	4	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.3
17	3.9	4.8	e4.6	4.7	4.8	4	4	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.3
18	3.9	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.9	4	4	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.3
19	3.7	4.9	4.5	4.6	4.7	4	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.2
20	3.1	4.9	4.5	4.7	4.8	4	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.2
21	2.9	4.9	4.5	4.7	4.7	3.9	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.2
22	3.2	4.9	4.5	4.7	4.9	4	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.2
23	3.3	5	4.5	4.7	4.7	4	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.1
24	3.5	4.9	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.1	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.1
25	3.5	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.1	4.2	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.1
26	3.5	4	4.6	4.6	4.1	4.2	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.1
27	3.5	4.2	4.6	4.6	4.2	4.1	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.1
28	3.4	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.1	4.1	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.1
29	3.4	---	4.9	4.6	4.1	4.1	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.3
30	3.4	---	4.6	4.6	4.1	4.2	---	---	---	e4.4	4.4	4.3
31	3.4	---	4.7	---	4	---	---	---	---	e4.4	---	4.2
TOTAL	118.3	112.6	141.2	140.3	142.5	123.4	---	---	---	136.4	132	133.1
MEAN	3.82	4.02	4.55	4.68	4.6	4.11	---	---	---	4.4	4.4	4.29
MAX	4.6	5	4.9	5	4.9	4.4	---	---	---	4.4	4.4	4.4
MIN	2.9	3.3	4.3	4.6	4	3.9	---	---	---	4.4	4.4	4.1
MEDIAN	4	3.7	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.1	---	---	---	4.4	4.4	4.3
ACRE-FT	235	223	280	278	283	245	---	---	---	271	262	264

Table 8. Daily mean discharge for Clear Creek below McHood Lake, near Winslow, AZ (09399100), calendar year 2007.

[e, estimated; CFSM, cubic feet per square mile; dashes indicate no data]

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, calendar year 2007—daily mean values												
DAY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	4.2	4.4	3.6	e3.6	1.6	0.81	0.49	30	15	---	---	---
2	4.2	4.3	3.7	e3.6	1.6	0.82	0.49	36	15	---	---	---
3	4.1	4.2	3.7	e3.6	1.7	0.87	0.5	28	15	---	---	---
4	4.1	4.2	3.6	e3.6	1.7	0.89	0.5	28	15	---	---	---
5	4.1	4.2	3.4	e3.6	1.4	0.91	0.5	64	---	---	---	---
6	4	4.2	3.6	e3.6	1.4	0.95	0.49	66	---	---	---	---
7	4	4.2	4	e3.6	1.4	0.83	0.49	58	---	---	---	---
8	4	4.2	4	3.6	1.5	0.86	0.49	76	---	---	---	---
9	4	4.2	4	3.4	1.5	0.88	0.48	35	---	---	---	---
10	4	4.2	3.9	3	1.5	0.84	0.48	31	---	---	---	---
11	4.1	4.2	3.9	2.7	1.5	0.72	0.48	26	---	---	---	---
12	4.2	4.3	3.8	2.5	1.5	1	0.48	24	---	---	---	---
13	4.2	4.3	3.8	2.2	1.4	0.91	0.49	23	---	---	---	---
14	4.3	4.4	3.8	2.1	1.4	0.92	0.49	21	---	---	---	---
15	4.4	e4.1	3.8	2.2	1.4	0.93	0.49	20	---	---	---	---
16	4.4	4.1	e3.8	1.8	1.4	0.89	0.49	19	---	---	---	---
17	4.4	4.2	e3.8	1.8	1.4	0.86	0.49	18	---	---	---	---
18	4.4	4.1	e3.8	2.1	1.3	0.84	0.49	18	---	---	---	---
19	4.4	4.2	e3.8	1.5	1.3	0.84	0.5	17	---	---	---	---
20	4.4	4	e3.8	1.5	1.3	0.84	0.51	17	---	---	---	---
21	4.4	4	e3.8	1.5	1.3	0.75	0.54	17	---	---	---	---
22	4.4	4	e3.8	1.5	1.2	0.69	1.3	17	---	---	---	---
23	4.4	4.1	e3.8	1.6	1.2	0.65	0.54	---	---	---	---	---
24	4.4	3.9	e3.8	1.5	1.1	0.6	0.93	---	---	---	---	---
25	4.4	4	e3.8	1.5	1.1	0.57	1.3	---	---	---	---	---
26	4.4	3.9	e3.8	1.5	1.1	0.54	0.97	---	---	---	---	---
27	4.4	3.9	e3.8	1.5	1.1	0.53	26	---	---	---	---	---
28	4.4	3.9	e3.8	1.5	1.1	0.53	12	---	---	---	---	---
29	4.4	---	e3.7	1.5	1	0.52	47	---	---	---	---	---
30	4.4	---	e3.7	1.6	1	0.5	43	---	---	---	---	---
31	4.4	---	e3.7	---	0.9	---	15	---	---	---	---	---
TOTAL	132.3	115.9	117.1	70.8	41.3	23.29	158.4	---	---	---	---	---
MEAN	4.27	4.14	3.78	2.36	1.33	0.78	5.11	---	---	---	---	---
MAX	4.4	4.4	4	3.6	1.7	1	47	---	---	---	---	---
MIN	4	3.9	3.4	1.5	0.9	0.5	0.48	---	---	---	---	---
MEDIAN	4.4	4.2	3.8	2.1	1.4	0.84	0.5	---	---	---	---	---
ACRE-FT	262	230	232	140	82	46	314	---	---	---	---	---

Table 9. Daily mean discharge for Chevelon Creek near Winslow, AZ (09398000), calendar year 2005.

[e, estimated; CFSM, cubic feet per square mile; dashes indicate no data]

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, calendar year 2005—daily mean values												
DAY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	17	3.1	2.5	2.7	4.2
2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	6.2	19	2.3	2.8	3.2
3	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.1	16	2.2	2.8	3.8
4	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2.8	9.2	2	2.9	3.9
5	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.1	2.6	2.3	3.1	3.2
6	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	5.9	1.9	2.5	3	3.2
7	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4.2	1.8	2.4	3.2	3.2
8	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3	3.7	2.1	3.2	3.2
9	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3	2.3	5.7	3.3	3.2
10	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3	1.6	5.2	3.4	3.2
11	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3	1.5	2.4	3.2	3.2
12	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3	1.4	2.2	3.4	3.2
13	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3	1.5	2.2	3.5	3.5
14	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2.9	1.6	2.2	3.5	3.5
15	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4.7	1.8	2.2	3.6	3.3
16	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	6.3	1.5	2.4	3.4	2.8
17	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	5.9	1.5	2.7	3.3	2
18	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.2	1.5	4	3.4	2.9
19	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3	1.8	3.4	3.3	3.4
20	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3	1.9	2.7	2.9	3.6
21	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2.9	1.8	2.7	2.9	4
22	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3	1.8	2.9	2.9	4
23	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2.9	1.7	2.9	2.9	3.3
24	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3	1.6	2.9	3.1	2.2
25	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3	1.9	2.8	3.1	2.9
26	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.1	2.1	2.9	3	3.1
27	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.1	2.4	2.8	3.3	2.9
28	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.1	2.5	2.7	3.9	3
29	---	---	---	---	---	---	2.6	3.1	2.5	2.7	4.2	3.2
30	---	---	---	---	---	---	2.6	2.9	2.5	2.8	4	e3.1
31	---	---	---	---	---	---	24	2.9	---	2.8	---	e3.0
TOTAL	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	122.3	98	86.5	97.2	100.4
MEAN	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3.95	3.27	2.79	3.24	3.24
MAX	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	17	19	5.7	4.2	4.2
MIN	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2.8	1.4	2	2.7	2
ACRE-FT	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	243	194	172	193	199

Table 10. Daily mean discharge for Chevelon Creek near Winslow, AZ (09398000), calendar year 2006.

[e, estimated; CFSM, cubic feet per square mile; dashes indicate no data]

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, calendar year 2006—daily mean values												
DAY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	e3.0	3.6	3.6	4.1	2.8	2.4	2.3	71	2.7	3.1	3.7	4
2	e2.9	3.6	3.6	4.5	2.7	2.3	2.2	8.9	3	3.1	3.9	3.8
3	e2.9	3.6	3.4	4.4	2.5	2.4	2.2	3.9	3.2	3.1	3.6	3.6
4	e2.9	3.6	3.6	4.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.4	4.1
5	2.7	3.6	3.6	3.9	2.4	2.5	2.6	3	3.1	4	3.4	4
6	2.9	3.6	3.4	4.1	2.7	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.9	4.6	3.3	4
7	2.7	3.6	3.1	4.1	2.7	2.2	2.5	420	2.9	3.4	3.6	4
8	2.7	3.6	3.1	3.4	2.5	2.3	2.5	42	3.1	3.3	3.5	4
9	2.7	3.6	3.2	3.3	2.5	2.2	2.9	5.3	2.8	3.3	3.3	4
10	2.9	3.6	2.5	3.3	2.7	2.1	2.8	3.5	2.5	3.6	3.2	3.7
11	2.9	3.6	3.2	3.6	3.1	1.9	2.2	3.2	2.4	3.6	3.1	3.9
12	2.9	3.6	3.1	3.9	3	1.6	2.1	3.5	2.4	3.7	3.3	4
13	2.9	3.6	3.2	4.5	2.7	1.6	2.3	3.6	2.4	4	3.4	4
14	3.1	3.6	3.3	4.2	2.7	1.3	2.4	3.9	2.7	4.1	3.3	4
15	2.9	2.6	3.4	4.1	2.7	1.6	2.4	4.9	3.9	4.4	3.6	4.2
16	3.1	3.4	3.2	4.2	2.5	2.2	2.3	36	2.8	4.3	3.6	3.7
17	3.2	3.5	3.3	3.9	2.3	2.2	2.4	29	2.5	3.8	3.6	3
18	3.2	3.6	3.2	3.2	2	2.1	2.6	4.7	2.5	4.4	3.6	3.6
19	3.2	3.7	3.3	3.2	1.9	2	2.4	2.8	2.6	4.2	3.8	4
20	3.5	4.1	3.5	3.2	1.7	1.9	2.5	3	2	4.2	4	3.7
21	3.6	4.4	3.5	2.7	1.8	2	2.4	2.9	2.4	3.7	4	3.7
22	3.5	4.5	3.6	2.6	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.9	2.3	3.3	4	4
23	3.6	4.5	3.6	2.3	1.9	2.2	3.5	2.7	2.9	3.6	4	4
24	3.6	4.5	3.6	2.6	2.2	2.3	16	8.5	3.1	3.7	4.1	4
25	3.7	4.2	3.8	2.7	2.1	2	22	6.4	3.2	3.7	3.9	4
26	3.7	3.6	4.2	2.7	2	2.1	2.7	4	3.1	3.6	3.6	4
27	3.6	3.6	4.4	2.6	1.5	2.2	2.4	2.5	3.2	3.6	3.3	3.5
28	3.6	3.5	4.2	2.6	1.7	2.4	2.5	2.5	3.2	3.6	3.2	4.2
29	3.6	---	3.8	2.9	2.2	2.2	13	2.6	3.2	3.6	3.8	4.4
30	3.6	---	4.4	2.8	2.5	2.3	179	3.7	3.2	3.5	3.6	4
31	3.6	---	4.2	---	2.5	---	92	2.8	---	3.6	---	4
TOTAL	98.9	104.1	109.1	103.9	72.1	63.4	386.4	699.6	85.4	114.8	107.7	121.1
MEAN	3.19	3.72	3.52	3.46	2.33	2.11	12.5	22.6	2.85	3.7	3.59	3.91
MAX	3.7	4.5	4.4	4.5	3.1	2.5	179	420	3.9	4.6	4.1	4.4
MIN	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.3	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.5	2	3.1	3.1	3
ACRE-FT	196	206	216	206	143	126	766	1,390	169	228	214	240
Calendar Year 2006		TOTAL 2,066.5			MEAN 5.66		MAX 420		MIN 1.2		AC-FT 4,100	

Table 11. Daily mean discharge for Chevelon Creek near Winslow, AZ (09398000), calendar year 2007.

[e, estimated; CFSM, cubic feet per square mile; dashes indicate no data]

Discharge, in cubic feet per second, calendar year 2007—daily mean values												
DAY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	4.1	4	4.1	22	5.3	3.1	2.8	192	4.2	---	---	---
2	4.1	3.6	14	15	5.3	3.1	2.9	282	258	---	---	---
3	4.4	3.6	17	11	4.1	3.2	2.9	8.4	277	---	---	---
4	4.1	3.6	22	11	3.3	3.3	3	85	25	---	---	---
5	3.9	3.6	20	9.3	4.3	2.8	3	218	---	---	---	---
6	4	3.6	17	8	5	1.7	2.9	26	---	---	---	---
7	4	3.6	13	6.5	5	2.9	3	137	---	---	---	---
8	4	3.6	11	5.4	4.9	3	2.9	75	---	---	---	---
9	4	3.5	9.7	4.9	4.9	2.9	2.9	136	---	---	---	---
10	4	3.6	8.9	4.5	4.4	3	2.8	116	---	---	---	---
11	3.9	3.8	220	4.8	2.7	3.5	2.8	77	---	---	---	---
12	3.1	3.9	276	4	3.5	3.8	3.2	48	---	---	---	---
13	3.7	4.7	253	4.9	2.3	3.4	3.1	29	---	---	---	---
14	4	6.1	225	4.8	2	3.4	3.1	18	---	---	---	---
15	3.7	5.3	227	3.8	2.2	3.1	2.9	11	---	---	---	---
16	3.6	4.2	222	4.3	4.4	3	2.9	9.6	---	---	---	---
17	3.6	4	185	4.6	4.7	2.8	3	7.7	---	---	---	---
18	3.6	3.8	147	3.2	4.6	2.9	2.9	8.8	---	---	---	---
19	3.6	3.5	115	4.2	4.6	3	3.1	6.5	---	---	---	---
20	3.7	3.7	93	4.3	4.5	3.1	3.3	5.5	---	---	---	---
21	4.2	4	72	4.5	3.9	3	5.3	4.8	---	---	---	---
22	4.1	3.8	60	4.5	3.8	2.9	92	4.3	---	---	---	---
23	3.7	3.1	56	3.9	4.3	2.6	34	4	---	---	---	---
24	3.5	3.7	321	4.8	4.4	2.6	200	4	---	---	---	---
25	3.5	3.5	501	4.9	4.3	2.7	69	3.9	---	---	---	---
26	3.6	3.4	254	4.9	4	2.7	33	12	---	---	---	---
27	3.6	3	143	5	3.9	2.7	10	27	---	---	---	---
28	3.6	2.8	96	4.9	3.7	2.8	6.3	5.3	---	---	---	---
29	3.6	---	68	5.2	2.8	2.7	4.6	4.3	---	---	---	---
30	3.8	---	45	4.9	2.9	2.7	63	4.2	---	---	---	---
31	3.9	---	30	---	3.1	---	63	4.1	---	---	---	---
TOTAL	118.2	106.6	3,745.70	188	123.1	88.4	639.6	1,574.40	---	---	---	---
MEAN	3.81	3.81	121	6.27	3.97	2.95	20.6	50.8	---	---	---	---
MAX	4.4	6.1	501	22	5.3	3.8	200	282	---	---	---	---
MIN	3.1	2.8	4.1	3.2	2	1.7	2.8	3.9	---	---	---	---
ACRE-FT	234	211	7,430	373	244	175	1,270	3,120	---	---	---	---

Table 12. Locations and descriptions of C-aquifer baseflow investigation sites included in this study, northeastern Arizona.

[Latitude and longitude are in degrees, minutes, and seconds and referenced to NAD 83; ft, feet; dashes, information not available; LCR, Little Colorado River; ~, about; mi., miles; R., River; Cr., Creek]

Station name	River miles upstream of LCR confluence	Station description	U.S. Geological Survey identification number	Latitude	Longitude	Land-surface altitude (ft above NAVD29)
Little Colorado River Sites						
Chevelon Site 1	---	^{1,2,3,4} Little Colorado R. ~600 ft below Chevelon Cr. confluence	345706110315300	34°57'06"	-110°31'53"	4,885
Chevelon Site 1a	---	^{1,2,4} Little Colorado R. ~1.2 mi. below Chevelon Cr. confluence	345732110323400	34°57'32"	-110°32'34"	4,880
Chevelon Site 1b	---	^{1,2,3,4} Little Colorado R. ~2.7 mi. below Chevelon Cr. confluence	345805110331400	34°58'05"	-110°33'14"	4,875
Chevelon Site 1c	---	^{2,3,4} Little Colorado R. ~3.5 mi below Chevelon Cr. confluence	345900110335300	34°59'00"	-110°33'53"	4,880
Chevelon Site 2	---	^{2,3} Little Colorado R. ~400 ft above Chevelon Cr. confluence	345708110311700	34°57'08"	-110°31'17"	4,885
Clear Site 1	---	^{1,2,3,4} Little Colorado R. below Clear Cr. confluence	345913110381800	34°59'13"	-110°38'18"	4,856
Clear Site 2	---	^{1,2,3,4} Little Colorado R. above Clear Cr. confluence	345913110381700	34°59'13"	-110°38'17"	4,856
Chevelon Creek Sites						
Chevelon Site 3	0.39	^{1,2,3,4} Chevelon Cr. ~0.5 mi. above mouth	345658110311100	34°56'58"	-110°31'11"	4,897
Chevelon Site 4	0.86	^{1,2,3,4} Chevelon Cr. ~450 ft downstream of dam	345636110305400	34°56'36"	-110°30'54"	4,902
Chevelon Site 5	0.89	^{1,2,4} Chevelon Cr. ~150 ft downstream of dam	345636110305400	34°56'36"	-110°30'54"	4,902
Chevelon Site 9	1.76	^{1,2} Chevelon Cr. downstream from gage ~1.5 mi.	345558110305600	34°55'58"	-110°30'56"	4,905
Chevelon Site 6	3.42	^{1,2,4} Spring #1 on Chevelon Cr.	345519110314201	34°55'19"	-110°31'42"	4,906
Chevelon Site 8	3.66	¹ Spring #2 on Chevelon Cr.	345511110313201	34°55'10"	-110°31'32"	4,909
Chevelon Site 7	3.67	^{1,2} Chevelon Cr. near Spring #2	345510110313200	34°55'10"	-110°31'32"	4,907
Chevelon Site 11	7.60	^{1,2,4} Chevelon Cr. at Rock Art access	345305110303700	34°53'05"	-110°30'37"	5,006
Chevelon Site 10	8.03	^{1,2,4} Chevelon Cr. above Bell Cow Canyon	345251110305700	34°52'51"	-110°30'57"	5,015
Chevelon Site 12	9.39	^{2,4} Chevelon Cr. half-way between Bell Cow and Babbitt Tank Canyon	345214110315300	34°52'14"	-110°31'53"	---
Chevelon Site 13	11.59	^{1,2} Chevelon Cr. above Babbitt Tank Canyon	345026110322300	34°50'26"	-110°32'23"	---
Clear Creek Sites						
Clear Site 2a	0.00	^{2,4} Clear Cr. ~5 ft above the mouth	345919110382300	34°59'19"	-110°38'23"	4,860
Clear Site 9	0.50	⁴ Clear Cr. at aquaduct pipe	345847110382300	34°58'47"	-110°38'23"	4,857
Clear Site 3	1.15	^{1,2} Clear Cr. below springs, below dam	345906110383301	34°58'16"	-110°38'28"	4,858
Clear Site 4	1.18	^{1,2,4} Artesian spring on Clear Cr. below dam	345813110382701	34°58'13"	-110°38'27"	4,860
Clear Site 6	1.18	^{1,2} Main artesian spring on Clear Cr. below dam	345859110381801	34°58'10"	-110°38'18"	4,860
Clear Site 7a	1.19	^{1,2} Diversion below aquaduct on Clear Cr.	345814110382900	34°58'14"	-110°38'29"	4,865
Clear Site 5	1.24	^{1,2,4} Spring upstream from main artesian spring on Clear Cr.	345811110383001	34°58'11"	-110°38'30"	4,860
Clear Site 7b	1.24	^{1,2,3,4} Spring near diversion canal on Clear Cr.	345812110383101	34°58'12"	-110°38'31"	4,870
Clear Site 11	3.95	^{1,2} Clear Cr. ~2 mi. upstream of Hwy 99	345651110394100	34°56'51"	-110°39'41"	4,865
Clear Site 12	4.12	^{1,2} Clear Cr. ~2.3 mi. upstream of Hwy 99	345643110394600	34°56'43"	-110°39'46"	4,867
Clear Site 13	4.27	^{1,4} Clear Cr. ~2.6 mi. upstream of Hwy 99	345637110394900	34°56'37"	-110°39'49"	4,868
Clear Site 14	6.40	² Clear Cr. ~3.4 mi. upstream of Hwy 99	345606110400300	34°56'06"	-110°40'03"	4,885
Clear Site OBS1	6.77	¹ Clear Cr. ~2.0 mi below start of perennial flow	345530110411500	34°55'30"	-110°41'15"	4,935
Clear Site OBS2	8.74	² Clear Cr. at start of perennial flow	345502110423000	34°55'02"	-110°42'30"	4,975

¹Visited during 2005 baseflow investigation.

²Visited during 2006 baseflow investigation.

³Visited during 2008 baseflow investigation.

⁴Visited during 2010 baseflow investigation.

Table 13. Measured field parameters at C-aquifer baseflow investigation sites along Clear Creek, Chevelon Creek, and Little Colorado River (LCR), northeastern Arizona.

[°C, degrees Celsius; µS/cm, microsiemens per centimeter at 25°C; mg/L, milligrams per liter; µg/L, micrograms per liter; E, estimated; <, less than; ft³/s, cubic feet per second; Dashes indicate no data; USGS, U.S. Geological Survey; LCR, Little Colorado River]

Station name	River miles upstream of LCR confluence	U.S. Geological Survey identification number	Date of samples	Time	Discharge (ft³/s)	Temperature, water (°C)	Specific conductance (µS/cm)	pH (units)	Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)	Dissolved oxygen (% of saturation)
Little Colorado River Sites										
Chevelon Site 1	---	345706110315300	7/6/05	11:50	1.6	27.0	4350	8.9	7.4	113
	---	345706110315300	6/22/06	16:00	1.1	31.5	4820	8.3	7.8	123
	---	345706110315300	6/25/08	12:02	1.5	25.5	4900	8.4	7.1	105
	---	345706110315300	12/1/10	15:00	3.1	6.9	---	---	---	---
Chevelon Site 1a	---	345732110323400	7/7/05	11:25	1.8	30.9	4500	8.5	6.5	106
	---	345732110323400	6/23/06	8:35	.98	20.3	5020	8.4	8.4	108
	---	345732110323400	12/3/10	11:20	3.4	3.9	3760	7.8	11.0	101
Chevelon Site 1b	---	345805110331400	7/7/05	13:30	2.2	---	---	---	---	---
	---	345805110331400	6/23/06	9:45	1.1	23.0	5220	8.5	8.4	114
	---	345805110331400	6/25/08	14:55	1.8	29.4	5130	8.5	6.4	103
	---	345805110331400	12/2/10	12:30	3.8	7.1	4020	8.1	10.8	107
Chevelon Site 1c	---	345900110335300	6/23/06	13:45	.71	33.1	5380	8.6	8.5	137
	---	345900110335300	6/25/08	16:56	.91	29.7	5510	8.5	6.7	107
	---	345900110335300	12/2/10	17:00	3.4	5.1	4030	8.2	9.6	90
Chevelon Site 2	---	345708110311700	6/22/06	16:05	.00	---	---	---	---	---
	---	345708110311700	6/25/08	11:05	1.5	25.5	4900	8.4	7.1	105
Clear Site 2	---	345913110381700	6/30/05	12:20	.06	32.9	7120	8.0	7.4	137
	---	345913110381700	6/28/06	9:30	.00	---	---	---	---	---
	---	345913110381700	6/26/08	12:00	.00	---	---	---	---	---
	---	345913110381700	12/2/10	17:20	4.8	7.4	3960	7.4	10.5	105
Clear Site 1	---	345913110381800	6/30/05	13:05	5.4	17.8	5460	7.7	6.1	84
	---	345913110381800	6/28/06	10:00	4.8	19.7	6110	7.9	7.8	103
	---	345913110381800	6/26/08	12:07	5.5	---	---	---	---	---
	---	345913110381800	12/2/10	14:25	11.0	13.1	4240	7.7	9.5	108
Chevelon Creek Sites										
Chevelon Site 13	11.6	345026110322300	7/6/05	16:00	.00	23.2	115	9.2	7.1	101
	11.6	345026110322300	6/23/06	10:40	.45	21.8	1170	7.8	7.1	80
Chevelon Site 12	9.4	345214110315300	6/22/06	15:00	.32	27.3	1220	8.2	7.3	92
	9.4	345214110315300	12/2/10	12:30	.37	4.2	982	8.1	10.9	100
Chevelon Site 10	8.0	345251110305700	7/7/05	11:58	.53	24.7	820	7.7	6.4	93
	8.0	345251110305700	6/22/06	10:30	.44	23.7	1080	7.6	5.9	84
	8.0	345251110305700	12/1/10	13:45	.43	2.8	920	8.2	9.7	86
Chevelon Site 11	7.6	345305110303700	7/7/05	12:45	.36	25.6	806	7.9	8.2	120
	7.6	345305110303700	6/22/06	10:00	.29	28.5	938	7.9	6.1	94
	7.6	345305110303700	12/1/10	---	.53	2.8	925	8.3	11.3	100
Chevelon Site 7	3.7	345510110313200	7/6/05	12:45	---	22.6	3240	7.5	3.8	54
	3.7	345510110313200	6/23/06	11:45	---	22.4	3470	7.8	5.2	72
Chevelon Site 8	3.7	345511110313201	7/6/05	12:30	.00	22.0	4700	7.7	7.0	96
Chevelon Site 6	3.4	345519110314201	7/6/05	13:20	.11	17.0	4800	6.9	3.0	38
	3.4	345519110314201	6/23/06	10:55	---	17.0	4660	7.1	1.6	20
	3.4	345519110314201	12/1/10	13:45	.13	17.1	4680	7.9	4.0	50
Chevelon Site 9	1.8	345558110305600	7/6/05	16:20	---	25.0	3140	7.7	7.4	108
	1.8	345558110305600	6/23/06	10:00	---	24.5	3800	8.2	7.7	113

Table 13. Measured field parameters at C-aquifer baseflow investigation sites along Clear Creek, Chevelon Creek, and Little Colorado River (LCR), northeastern Arizona.—Continued.

Station name	River miles upstream of LCR confluence	U.S. Geological Survey identification number	Date of samples	Time	Discharge (ft ³ /s)	Temperature, water (°C)	Specific conductance (µS/cm)	pH (units)	Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)	Dissolved oxygen (% of saturation)
Chevelon Site 5	0.9	345636110305400	7/6/05	16:03	2.2	26.2	3610	8.7	7.3	109
	0.9	345636110305400	6/22/06	9:45	2.2	23.4	4000	8.4	7.5	101
	0.9	345636110305400	12/1/10	11:02	2.9	4.9	3520	7.8	10.2	96
Chevelon Site 4	0.9	345638110305300	7/6/05	15:45	2.8	26.4	3610	8.6	7.4	111
	0.9	345638110305300	6/22/06	12:30	1.6	23.6	4010	8.9	7.4	101
	0.9	345638110305300	6/25/08	9:45	1.9	23.8	3960	8.4	5.9	84
	0.9	345638110305300	12/1/10	12:00	---	4.4	3520	8.6	10.1	94
Chevelon Site 3	0.4	345658110311100	7/6/05	13:30	.07	29.5	3880	8.9	9.1	145
	0.4	345658110311100	6/22/06	14:30	1.2	26.3	4680	8.4	8.9	129
	0.4	345658110311100	6/24/08	12:55	.05	26.1	4480	8.3	6.5	97
	0.4	345658110311100	12/1/10	13:44	3.0	4.9	---	---	---	---
Clear Creek Sites										
Clear Site OBS2	8.7	345502110423000	6/28/06	---	E.00	---	---	---	---	---
Clear Site OBS1	6.8	345530110411500	7/1/05	---	E.5	---	1210	8.0	9.3	132
Clear Site 14	6.40	345606110400300	6/28/06	13:55	2.3	23.3	1980	8.1	8.6	119
Clear Site 13	4.3	345637110394900	6/30/05	16:40	2.5	20.3	1210	8.0	9.3	124
	4.3	345637110394900	12/2/10	11:30	2.3	4.0	2030	8.4	11.2	102
Clear Site 12	4.1	345643110394600	6/30/05	17:05	2.5	20.5	1960	7.9	9.5	127
	4.1	345643110394600	6/28/06	16:00	2.2	23.2	1990	8.2	8.7	122
Clear Site 11	4.0	345651110394100	6/30/05	13:30	3.2	19.3	5980	7.5	5.8	88
	4.0	345651110394100	6/28/06	17:10	2.9	22.6	2000	8.4	8.5	117
Clear Site 5	1.2	345811110383001	6/30/05	16:25	.10	16.8	5980	7.2	1.5	21
	1.2	345811110383001	6/28/06	13:50	.08	17.0	6240	7.4	1.5	18
	1.2	345811110383001	12/2/10	11:40	.17	17.6	5950	7.3	1.4	18
Clear Site 7b	1.2	345812110383101	6/30/05	18:30	.00	21.3	3660	9.2	5.3	78
	1.2	345812110383101	6/30/05	15:40	.00	---	---	---	---	---
	1.2	345812110383101	6/26/08	---	.00	---	---	---	---	---
	1.2	345812110383101	12/2/10	12:30	.03	12.9	9840	7.0	---	---
Clear Site 4	1.2	345813110382701	6/30/05	16:00	.00	17.1	6490	7.3	2.0	27
	1.2	345813110382701	6/28/06	14:00	.05	16.9	6220	7.4	1.4	15
	1.2	345813110382701	12/2/10	---	---	17.2	5780	7.4	1.9	24
Clear Site 6	1.2	345859110381801	6/30/05	16:45	---	16.7	6250	7.2	2.8	38
	1.2	345859110381801	6/28/06	14:20	---	16.8	6390	7.4	1.8	22
Clear Site 7a	1.2	345814110382900	6/30/05	19:00	.31	18.9	1190	7.3	3.6	50
	1.2	345814110382900	6/28/06	15:40	.03	25.6	2600	8.8	7.1	100
Clear Site 3	1.2	345906110383301	6/30/05	14:40	5.4	18.3	6300	7.3	4.4	62
	1.2	345906110383301	6/28/06	13:00	4.2	18.8	6180	7.6	4.4	52
Clear Site 9	0.5	345847110382300	12/2/10	11:20	2.7	---	---	---	---	---
Clear Site 2a	0.0	345919110382300	6/28/06	9:00	3.3	17.6	6070	7.9	7.1	80
	0.0	345919110382300	12/2/10	14:00	6.1	15.4	4260	7.4	8.9	105

Table 14. Physical and chemical analyses of water samples from selected C-aquifer wells, Little Colorado River basin, northeastern Arizona.

[°C, degrees Celsius; µS/cm, microsiemens per centimeter at 25°C; mg/L, milligrams per liter; µg/L, micrograms per liter; E, estimated; U, analyzed for but not detected; <, less than. Dashes indicate no data.]

Common well name	U.S. Geological Survey identification number	Date of samples	Time	Temperature, field (°C)	Specific conductance ¹ , field (µS/cm)	pH ² , field (units)	Dissolved, in mg/L					
							Alkalinity ³ , field (CaCO ₃)	Nitrogen NO ₂ +NO ₃ (N)	Ortho-Phosphate (P)	Calcium (Ca)	Magnesium (Mg)	Potassium (K)
TEP M-6	342024109220301	8/7/85	15:00	18.0	1150	6.9	229 ³	<.10	<.01	94.0	26.0	19.0
	342024109220301	8/7/85	16:00	18.0	1150	6.9	229 ³	<.10	3.60	89.0	27.0	11.0
Winslow T-Well	345603110450301	8/4/69	---	17.5	4380	7.9	244 ³	---	---	44.3	24.2	4.69
	345603110450301	8/5/69	---	17.5	4740	8.2	266 ³	---	---	41.1	25.4	6.26
	345603110450301	8/6/69	---	17.5	4420	7.8	233 ³	---	---	54.0	31.1	4.70
	345603110450301	8/7/69	---	17.5	2880	7.8	236 ³	---	---	50.1	22.0	3.91
	345603110450301	8/8/69	---	17.5	3020	7.7	192 ³	---	---	120	20.4	5.90
Winslow I-40 Well	350002110355501	6/16/72	---	17.0	5870	7.5	220	.01	.010	150	64.0	7.50
Tucker Mesa	350446110502501	8/22/06	10:40	---	2870	8.1	198 ³	.38	.008	75.5	35.6	1.99
Sunshine Well	350706111014701	11/20/33	---	---	---	---	185 ³	---	---	108	50.0	---
	350706111014701	3/3/53	---	---	859	---	170 ³	---	---	98.0	47.0	---
	350706111014701	10/12/78	---	20.0	850	7.6	160 ³	.010	---	89.0	41.0	1.70
	350706111014701	2/28/05	10:30	16.8	860	7.5	178	---	<.006	107	45.5	1.74
	350706111014701	2/28/05	12:45	17.0	856	7.5	170	---	<.006	106	44.9	1.68
Lake Mary I	350716111354401	3/11/63	---	18.0	411	7.5	210 ³	---	---	44.0	25.0	2.00
PW-3	350957110562601	2/9/05	20:30	16.0	1230	8.3	178	---	<.006	88.6	43.5	5.15
	350957110562601	2/24/05	12:45	18.4	1160	7.9	192	---	<.006	102	52.8	2.23
	350957110562601	2/24/05	17:30	16.4	1160	7.8	182	---	<.006	104	53.5	2.47
	350957110562601	3/23/05	13:00	---	1140	7.8 ²	---	---	<.02	106	55.0	2.18
OW-1	351022111061801	2/21/05	23:30	17.8	1180	8.1	161	---	<.006	122	56.7	2.21
	351022111061801	2/25/05	12:00	18.2	1180	7.6	153	---	<.006	125	59.2	2.50
	351022111061801	2/25/05	15:30	18.0	1190	7.6	155	---	<.006	127	59.5	2.40
PW-1A	351023111062002	2/13/05	19:00	17.6	1170	8.0	159	---	<.006	110	51.6	2.13
	351023111062002	2/19/05	12:30	18.7	1160	7.8	142	---	<.006	124	57.8	2.27
	351023111062002	2/19/05	17:00	18.2	1170	7.6	145	---	<.006	124	58.1	2.16
	351023111062002	3/15/05	13:00	---	1120 ¹	7.7 ²	---	---	<.02	127	59.2	2.21
NPS Walnut Canyon	351025111303701	8/19/70	---	15.5	380	8.0	203	---	---	42.0	26.0	.80
	351025111303701	7/26/95	12:30	12.0	400	7.8	195	1.40	<.01	43.0	24.0	1.00
	351025111303701	6/11/96	15:10	14.6	409	7.5	199	1.60	.01	45.0	22.0	.90
	351025111303701	9/20/01	12:20	14.0	399	7.7	203	1.43	<.02	43.4	24.7	.97
PW-2B	351213111022101	4/12/05	19:10	16.2	837	7.8	184	---	<.006	91.9	42.0	1.87
	351213111022101	4/20/05	15:30	17.5	849	7.3	163	---	<.006	97.0	41.3	1.97
	351213111022101	4/20/05	20:25	16.8	850	7.2	160	---	<.006	99.6	41.9	1.98
	351213111022101	5/9/05	10:00	---	802 ¹	7.5 ²	---	---	<.02	98.7	45.0	1.81
OW-2B	351214111022101	4/22/05	12:15	18.1	841	7.4	165	---	<.006	98.3	42.6	1.81
	351214111022101	4/22/05	15:30	17.5	842	7.4	165	---	<.006	100	43.5	1.82
NPS Sunset Crater	352214111324601	5/5/65	---	15.5	945	6.9	528 ³	---	---	148	35.0	2.20
NPS Citadel	353410111284001	1/25/67	---	20.0	1050	7.4	371	---	---	102	48.0	---

Table 14. Physical and chemical analyses of water samples from selected C-aquifer wells, Little Colorado River basin, northeastern Arizona.—Continued.

Common well name	U.S. Geological Survey identification number	Date of samples	Time	Dissolved, in mg/L					Dissolved, in µg/L			Dissolved solids residue at 180°C (mg/L)
				Sodium (Na)	Chloride (Cl)	Fluoride (F)	Silica (SiO ₂)	Sulfate (SO ₄)	Arsenic (As)	Boron (B)	Iron (Fe)	
TEP M-6	342024109220301	8/7/85	15:00	110	170	2.80	5.90	120	---	210	3000	---
	342024109220301	8/7/85	16:00	110	170	2.80	5.70	120	---	220	2900	---
Winslow T-Well	345603110450301	8/4/69	---	843	1140	.38	8.00	229	---	120	---	---
	345603110450301	8/5/69	---	947	1210	.38	10.0	295	---	130	---	---
	345603110450301	8/6/69	---	855	1150	.40	10.0	280	---	210	---	---
	345603110450301	8/7/69	---	536	546	.40	12.0	368	---	90	---	---
	345603110450301	8/8/69	---	513	479	.60	14.0	617	---	20	---	---
Winslow I-40 Well	350002110355501	6/16/72	---	1000	1500	.20	10.0	52.0	---	---	10	---
Tucker Mesa	350446110502501	8/22/06	10:40	428	698	.19	9.81	145	1.2	82	<18	1610
Sunshine Well	350706111014701	11/20/33	---	---	26.0	U	---	295	---	---	---	---
	350706111014701	3/3/53	---	---	22.0	.30	7.60	269	---	---	---	---
	350706111014701	10/12/78	---	25.0	23.0	.20	10.0	240	---	90	<10	---
	350706111014701	2/28/05	10:30	26.1	21.7	.23	13.1	265	.5	78	280	601
	350706111014701	2/28/05	12:45	26.1	21.6	.22	13.0	265	.5	79	214	610
Lake Mary 1	350716111354401	3/11/63	---	6.00	8.0	.40	13.0	6.0	---	---	---	---
PW-3	350957110562601	2/9/05	20:30	115	125	.32	15.0	267	1.3	87	434	778
	350957110562601	2/24/05	12:45	75.3	123	.25	13.3	250	.4	87	176	768
	350957110562601	2/24/05	17:30	77.4	123	.26	13.6	251	.5	86	268	763
	350957110562601	3/23/05	13:00	72.9	121	.25	13.5	247	<2	84	92	---
OW-1	351022111061801	2/21/05	23:30	56.6	64.9	.21	12.6	385	.2	91	80	837
	351022111061801	2/25/05	12:00	59.1	65.4	.22	13.1	386	.5	102	794	832
	351022111061801	2/25/05	15:30	59.1	65.4	.23	13.6	386	.6	102	287	846
PW-1A	351023111062002	2/13/05	19:00	54.9	65.2	.20	14.1	385	.2	85	<6	855
	351023111062002	2/19/05	12:30	58.4	66.1	.24	14.0	384	.3	93	572	832
	351023111062002	2/19/05	17:00	57.9	62.7	.22	14.1	383	.4	94	357	824
	351023111062002	3/15/05	13:00	57.4	64.6	.21	14.6	379	<2	93	65	---
NPS Walnut Canyon	351025111303701	8/19/70	---	40.0	5.0	.10	11.0	3.0	---	---	U	---
	351025111303701	7/26/95	12:30	3.90	4.00	<.10	10.0	1.90	---	<10	<3	---
	351025111303701	6/11/96	15:10	4.70	5.80	.10	11.0	2.80	<1	10	3	---
	351025111303701	9/20/01	12:20	4.42	5.44	E.11	10.5	2.16	.4	E8	<10	203
PW-2B	351213111022101	4/12/05	19:10	27.3	21.0	.30	13.6	257	E.2	83	E5	597
	351213111022101	4/20/05	15:30	27.8	20.8	.26	14.1	257	.7	93	50	597
	351213111022101	4/20/05	20:25	27.7	20.8	.26	14.2	257	.6	91	34	589
	351213111022101	5/9/05	10:00	26.2	20.6	.23	13.6	254	<2	81	51	---
OW-2B	351214111022101	4/22/05	12:15	27.6	21.6	.24	13.3	255	E.2	82	512	589
	351214111022101	4/22/05	15:30	27.5	21.7	.26	13.3	255	.2	84	391	595
NPS Sunset Crater	352214111324601	5/5/65	---	19.0	5.0	.40	36.0	3.2	---	20	20	---
NPS Citadel	353410111284001	1/25/67	---	---	90.0	.50	16.0	83.0	---	---	---	---

¹Lab values for specific conductance were reported where field values were missing.²Lab values for pH were reported where field values were missing.³Field acid neutralization capacity (ANC) values were reported where field alkalinity values were missing.

Table 15. Physical and chemical analyses of spring and surface-water samples from the 2005 and 2006 baseflow investigations along Clear Creek, Chevelon Creek, and a reach of the Little Colorado River, northeastern Arizona.

[°C, degrees Celsius; µS/cm, microsiemens per centimeter at 25°C; mg/L, milligrams per liter; µg/L, micrograms per liter; E, estimated; <, less than; dashes indicate no data.]

Station Name	River miles above LCR confluence	U.S. Geological Survey identification number	Date of Samples	Time	Temperature field (°C)	Specific conductance field ¹ (µS/cm)	pH, field ² (units)	Dissolved (mg/L)					
								Alkalinity, field ³ , (CaCO ₃)	Nitrogen, NO ₂ + NO ₃ (N)	Ortho-Phosphate (P)	Calcium (Ca)	Magnesium (Mg)	Potassium (K)
Chevelon Site 1a	---	345732110323400	6/23/06	8:35	---	4,830 ¹	8.4 ²	215 ³	<.06	<.006	69.4	54.2	8.02
Chevelon Site 1b	---	345805110331400	6/23/06	9:45	---	5,090 ¹	8.5 ²	218 ³	<.06	E.003	72.8	55.6	7.87
Chevelon Site 5	0.89	345636110305400	7/6/05	16:03	26.2	3,610	8.7	196	---	E.005	67.0	44.4	6.69
	0.89	345636110305400	6/23/06	10:00	---	3,970 ¹	8.5 ²	180 ³	<.06	E.004	56.9	47.0	6.97
Chevelon Site 6	3.42	345519110314201	7/6/05	13:20	17.0	4,800	6.9	202	---	.009	86.8	58.8	6.63
	3.42	345519110314201	6/23/06	10:55	---	4,750 ¹	7.7 ²	206 ³	.09	.008	78.7	49.9	5.83
Chevelon Site 11	7.60	345305110303700	7/7/05	12:45	25.6	806	7.9	155	---	<.006	69.2	22.6	2.31
	7.60	345305110303700	6/22/06	10:00	---	984 ¹	8.0 ²	167 ³	<.06	E.006	72.3	24.4	1.68
Chevelon Site 13	11.59	345026110322300	6/23/06	13:00	---	1,070 ¹	8.1 ²	147 ³	<.06	.010	79.0	24.0	1.65
Clear Site 1	---	345913110381800	6/28/06	10:00	---	6,300	7.3	230	<.06	E.004	83.2	52.9	7.28
Clear Site 3	1.15	345906110383301	6/30/05	14:40	18.3	5,980 ¹	7.8 ²	222 ³	---	E.004	98.3	68.1	8.86
	1.15	345906110383301	6/28/06	13:00	---	6,250	7.2	233	<.06	E.003	89.8	57.2	7.97
Clear Site 6	1.18	345859110381801	6/30/05	16:45	16.7	6,180 ¹	7.4 ²	222 ³	---	.006	92.9	65.3	8.58
	1.18	345859110381801	6/28/06	14:30	---	1,980 ¹	8.3 ²	178 ³	<.06	E.003	90.6	58.9	8.08
Clear Site 14	6.40	345606110400300	6/28/06	13:55	---	5,900 ¹	8.1 ²	226 ³	.15	E.003	45.9	24.1	1.73

Station name	River miles above LCR confluence	U.S. Geological Survey identification number	Date of samples	Time	Dissolved (mg/L)				Dissolved (µg/L)				Dissolved solids residue at 180°C (mg/L)
					Sodium (Na)	Chloride (Cl)	Fluoride (F)	Silica (SiO ₂)	Sulfate (SO ₄)	Arsenic (As)	Boron (B)	Iron (Fe)	
Chevelon Site 1a	---	345732110323400	6/23/06	8:35	794	1,330	.30	.99	210	2.0	126	<18	2,750
Chevelon Site 1b	---	345805110331400	6/23/06	9:45	837	1,400	.33	2.58	243	1.8	151	E10	2,910
Chevelon Site 5	0.89	345636110305400	7/6/05	16:03	586	951	.24	3.01	166	2.9	113	21	2,000
	0.89	345636110305400	6/23/06	10:00	656	1,070	.26	1.01	172	2.7	89	59	2,230
Chevelon Site 6	3.42	345519110314201	7/6/05	13:20	790	1,280	.31	11.0	255	1.2	170	E5	2,710
	3.42	345519110314201	6/23/06	10:55	764	1,270	.31	10.5	251	1.6	144	<18	2,690
Chevelon Site 11	7.60	345305110303700	7/7/05	12:45	68.5	94.2	.17	3.14	123	2.1	50	11	488
	7.60	345305110303700	6/22/06	10:00	88.4	117	.21	5.03	156	3.5	49	18	602
Chevelon Site 13	11.59	345026110322300	6/23/06	13:00	99.1	130	.23	8.21	197	3.1	55	10	662
Clear Site 1	---	345913110381800	6/28/06	10:00	985	1,650	.32	8.72	282	.87	177	<18	3,430
Clear Site 3	1.15	345906110383301	6/30/05	14:40	1,180	1,710	.33	9.68	299	<.6	193	<18	3,500
	1.15	345906110383301	6/28/06	13:00	1,080	1,680	.32	9.27	288	.75	177	<18	3,500
Clear Site 6	1.18	345859110381801	6/30/05	16:45	1,140	1,750	.32	9.76	301	<.6	199	<18	3,590
	1.18	345859110381801	6/28/06	14:30	1,100	1,750	.32	8.79	296	.75	170	<18	3,610
Clear Site 14	6.40	345606110400300	6/28/06	13:55	295	498	.16	7.05	36.9	.96	52	11	1,070

¹Laboratory values for specific conductance were reported where field values were missing.

²Laboratory values for pH were reported where field values were missing.

³Field acid neutralization capacity (ANC) values were reported where field alkalinity values were missing.

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