The Weka Dur gold deposit lies in a cluster of other gold deposits in Badakhshan Province, Afghanistan. The deposit is located in a zone of late Hercynian folding and is most likely related to a granite stock of the same age. The mineralization is associated with sericitization, chloritization, and mylonitization of the surrounding rocks. The deposit consists of numerous quartz veinlets with disseminated pyrite and chalcopyrite and grades of 0.2 to 1.1% copper. The deposit contains arsenopyrite, galena, chalcopyrite, and scheelite. The calculated resources are 958.3 kilograms of gold, averaging 4.1 g/t. The deposit is located in a potential placer gold area and is considered a favorable area for gold deposits. The geological map and cross sections differ from the colors used in the original compilations. The map is based on data from the Royal Government of Afghanistan, report no. R0815, prepared in cooperation with the Ministry of Mines and Industries. The map was published by the U.S. Geological Survey Afghanistan Mineral Assessment Team in 2011.