

Assessment of Oil and Gas Resources in the Upper Jurassic Haynesville and Bossier Formations, U.S. Gulf Coast, 2016

Open-File Report 2018–1135

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U.S. Geological Survey

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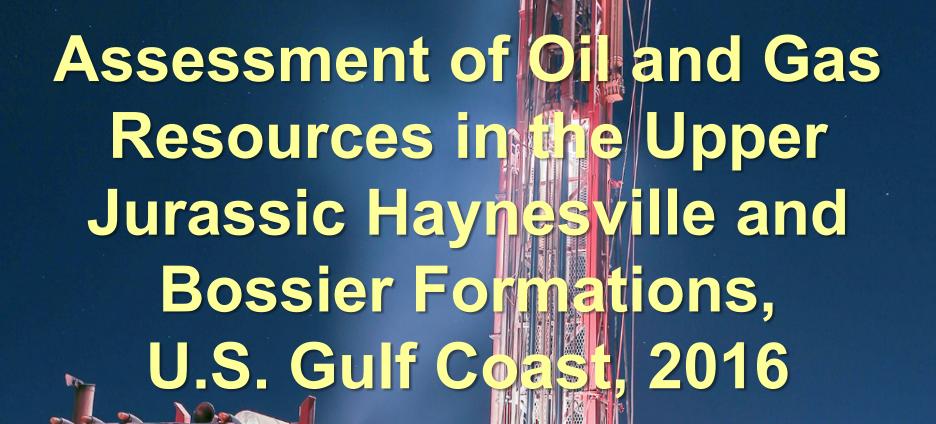
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Science for a changing world

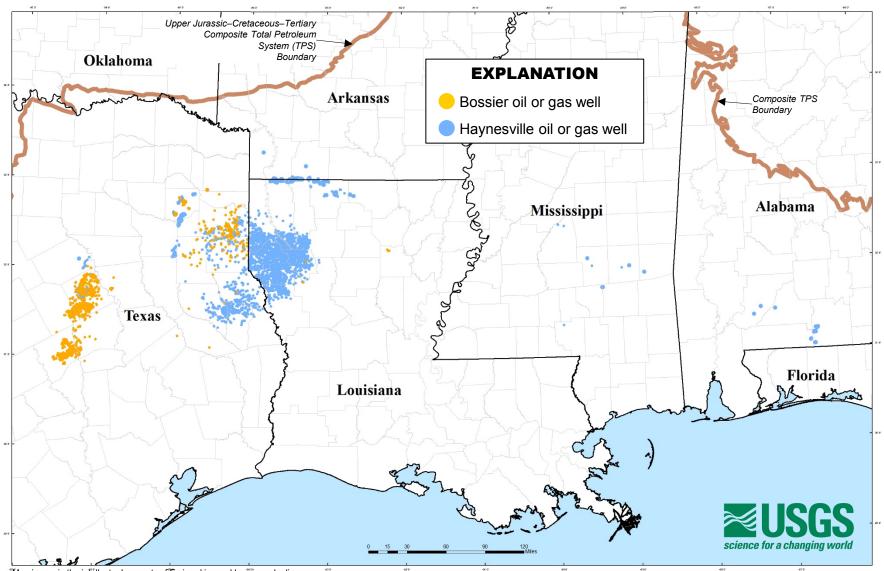
U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey

Assessment of the Haynesville and Bossier Formations

- Haynesville Formation conventional oil and gas production began in the late 1930s; Bossier Formation production began in the early 1970s
- Production of continuous gas resources from both formations began in 2006-7
- Last assessed by USGS in 2010
- Most current activity is focused on natural gas production from Haynesville and Bossier shales using horizontal wells and hydraulic fracturing



Haynesville and Bossier Production

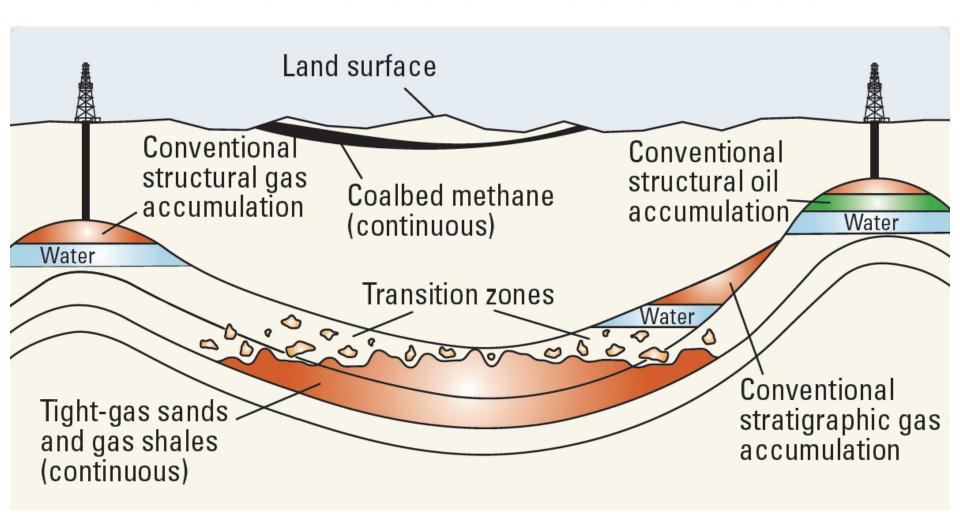


Haynesville and Bossier Natural Gas by the Numbers

- 27.3 trillion cubic feet of natural gas (TCFG) consumed by the United States in 2015¹
- Texas and Louisiana are major producers of United States natural gas
- Cumulative gas production as of August 2016²
 - Haynesville Formation: 13.2 TCFG
 - Bossier Formation: 2.9 TCFG



Conventional versus Continuous Resources



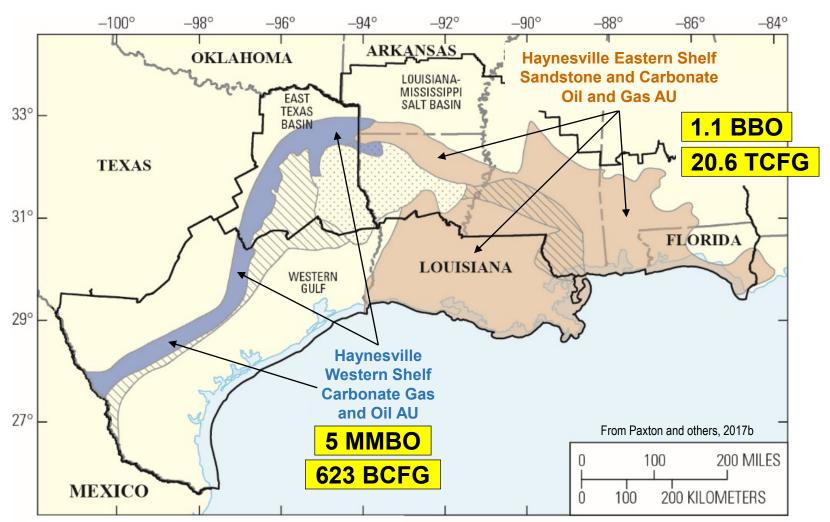


USGS Assessment Methodology for Continuous-Type Accumulations

- Based on geology and geologic models
- Identify and outline Total Petroleum System(s) and Assessment Units
- Emphasis on undiscovered, technically recoverable resources
 - Not economically recoverable resource estimates
 - Not in-place resource estimates
 - Not reserves



Haynesville Formation Mean Assessment Results Per Conventional AU

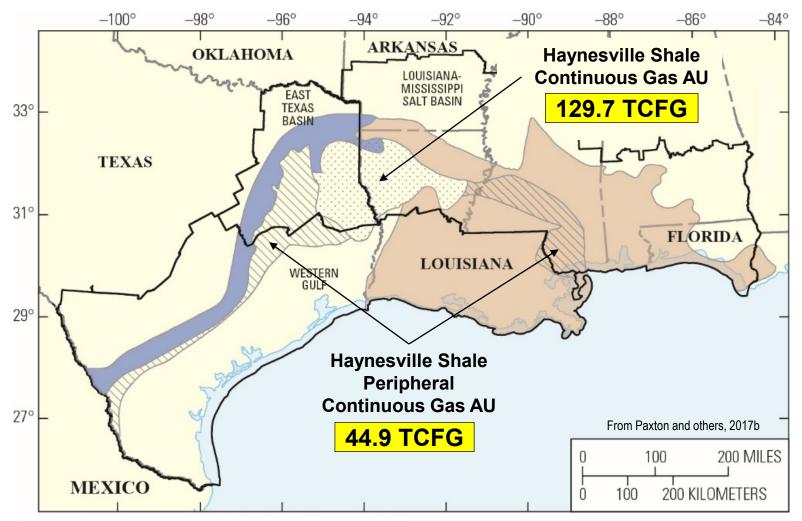


Base Map Source: U.S. Department of the Interior National Park Service (December. 2009)

[AU, Assessment Unit; BBO, billion barrels of oil; TCFG, trillion cubic feet of gas; MMBO, million barrels of oil; BCFG, billion cubic feet of gas]



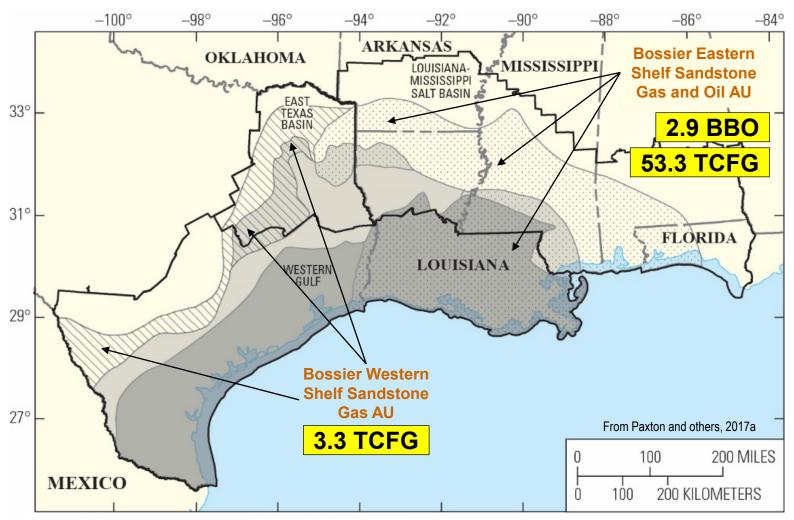
Haynesville Formation Mean Assessment Results Per Continuous AU



Base Map Source: U.S. Department of the Interior National Park Service (December, 2009) [AU, Assessment Unit; TCFG, trillion cubic feet of gas]



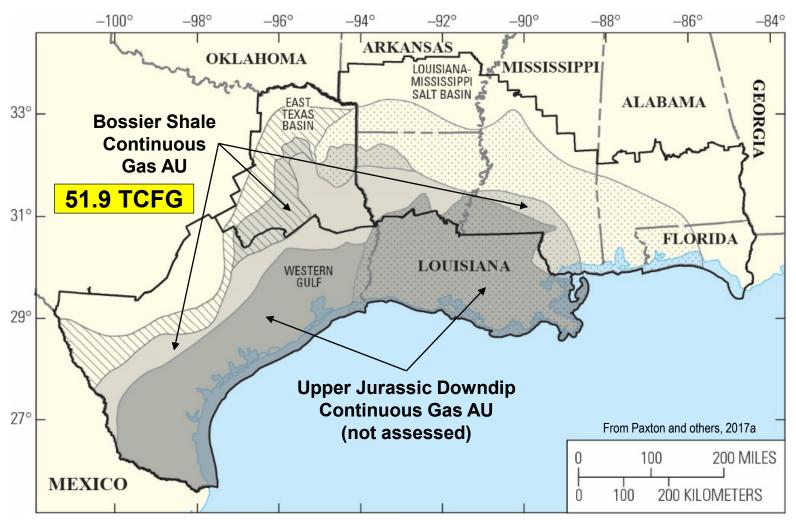
Bossier Formation Mean AssessmentResults Per Conventional AU



Base Map Source: U.S. Department of the Interior National Park Service (December, 2009) [AU, Assessment Unit; BBO, billion barrels of oil; TCFG, trillion cubic feet of gas]



Bossier Formation Mean Assessment Results Per Continuous AU



Base Map Source: U.S. Department of the Interior National Park Service (December, 2009) [AU, Assessment Unit; TCFG, trillion cubic feet of gas]



Haynesville and Bossier Formations Assessment Summary (Combined)

Undiscovered, technically recoverable resources

Mean resources (7 assessment units)

- Oil: 4.0 billion barrels of oil
- Gas: 304.4 trillion cubic feet of gas (TCFG)
- Natural gas liquids: 1.0 billion barrels of natural gas liquids

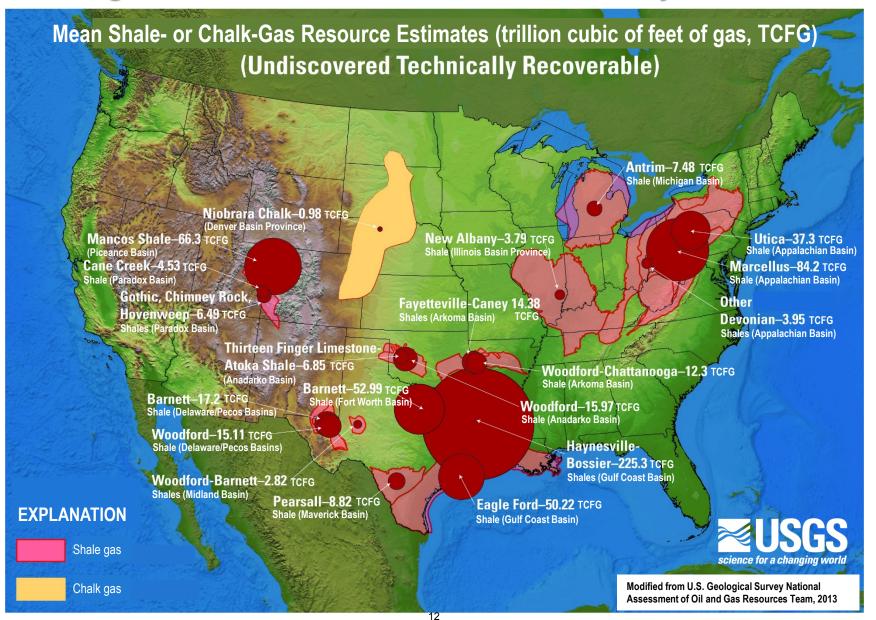
304.4 TCFG (F95-F5* range from 133.4 TCFG to 564.4 TCFG)

*F95 = 95-percent probability that the gas volume (in the two formations combined) will contain at least 133.4 TCFG. F5 = 5-percent probability that the combined gas volume will be as large as 564.4 TCFG.



Haynesville and Bossier Formations

Largest Continuous Gas Resource Assessed by the USGS



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