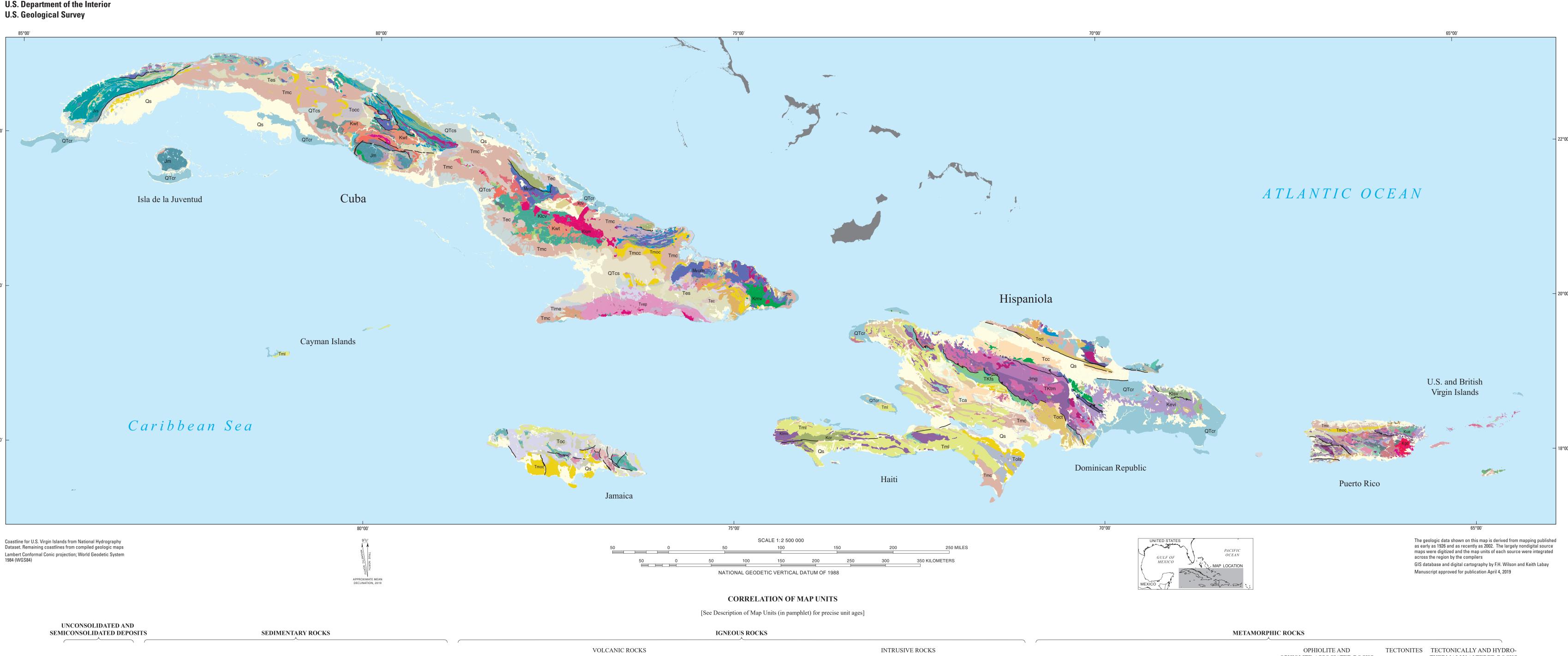
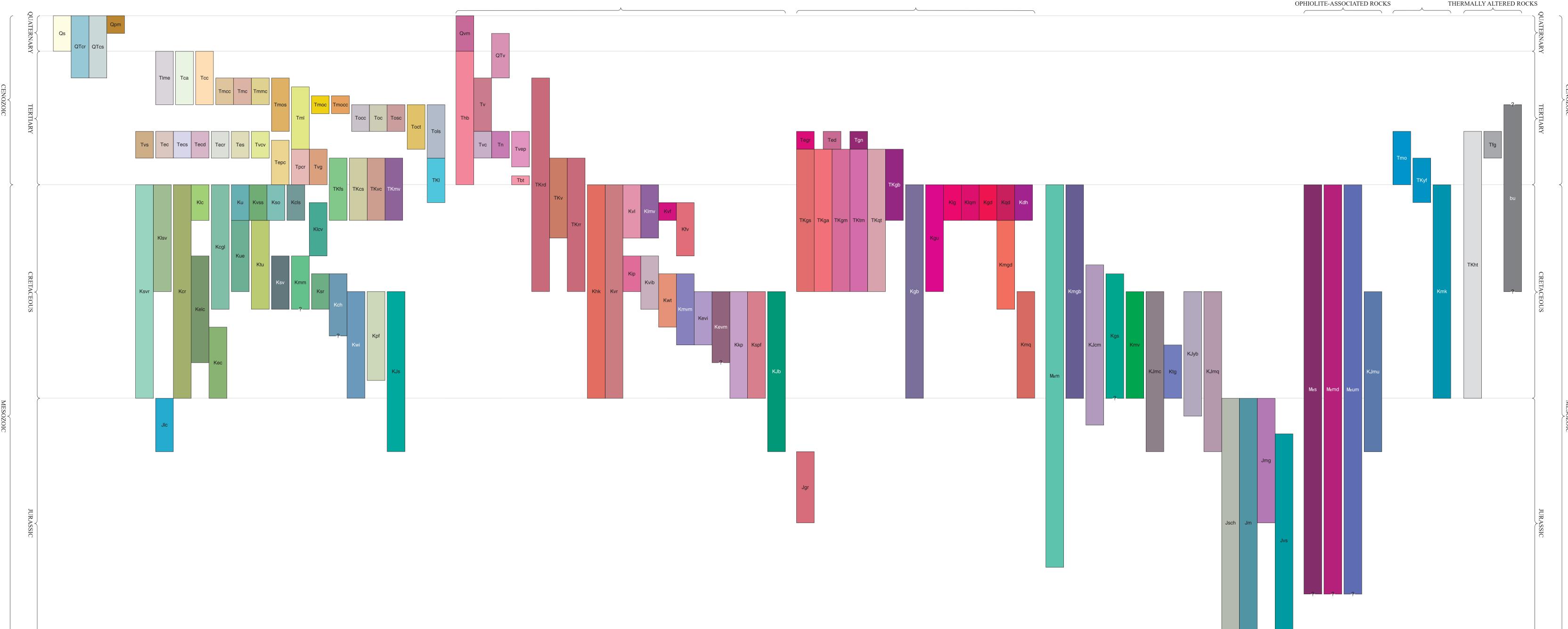
Open-File Report 2019-1036 Pamphlet accompanies map





Preliminary Geologic Map of the Greater Antilles and the Virgin Islands

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LIST OF MAP UNITS

for artificial fill

[See Description of Map Units (in pamphlet) for complete unit descriptions] UNCONSOLIDATED AND SEMICONSOLIDATED DEPOSITS

Qs Surficial deposits, undifferentiated (Quaternary)—Unconsolidated deposits ranging from clay to coarse cobbles and boulders and organic debris QTcr Deposits associated with carbonate reefs and reef complexes (Quaternary and upper

QTcs Marine sand and conglomerate (Quaternary and upper Tertiary, Pliocene)—Semiconsolidated conglomerate, sand, and marl Qpm Artificial-fill deposits (Quaternary, Holocene)—Consists of a variety of rock types reworked

Tertiary, Pliocene)—Semiconsolidated and partially consolidated carbonate reef

SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

TERTIARY SEDIMENTARY ROCKS Time Limestone, marl, and evaporite deposits (Tertiary, Pliocene to Miocene)—Consists of older reef deposits of reef limestone and marl representing intertidal facies

Tca Calcarenite, biocalcarenite, limestone and marl (Tertiary, Pliocene to Miocene) Continental clastic rocks (Tertiary, Pliocene to Miocene)—Conglomerate, sandstone, and sandy shale; local coarse, unconsolidated sand and lignite Mixed clastic and carbonate rocks (Tertiary, Miocene)—Claystone, marl, sandstone,

limestone, and siltstone Limestone, marl, and calcarenite—Limestone, marl, and calcarenite Mixed clastic rocks—Conglomerate, sandstone, siltstone, and claystone

Tmos Clastic rocks (Tertiary, Miocene to Oligocene)—Sandstone, siltstone, calcareous clay, and marl with interbeds of silty biodetrital limestone Limestone (Tertiary, middle Miocene to middle Eocene)—Generally white limestone Tmoc Limestone and marl (Tertiary, lower Miocene to upper Oligocene)—Dominantly limestone;

also, lesser marl, clay-rich limestone, calcarenite, and minor sandstone and conglomerate Tmocc Clastic rocks associated with carbonate-rock formations (Tertiary, lower Miocene to upper Oligocene)—Polymictic conglomerate with silty and sandy matrix; sandstone and shale Tocc Mixed carbonate and clastic rocks (Tertiary, Oligocene)—Limestone, marl, siltstone, and

Carbonate rocks—Limestone and marl; locally dolomitized or may include minor calcaren-Clastic rocks, including conglomerate—Claystone to conglomerate, locally containing lenses of sandstone that have lignite Toct Older clastic rocks (Tertiary, Oligocene to Eocene)—Dominantly coarse clastic rocks,

including conglomerate and polymictic sandstone; also includes minor siltstone, and locally, marl and limestone Tols Reef limestone and chert (Tertiary, Oligocene to Eocene)—Variably bedded limestone containing interbedded and nodular chert Tvs Volcanic and sedimentary rocks (Tertiary, Eocene)—Limited exposures of volcaniclastic sedimentary rocks derived from underlying Cretaceous andesite (unit Kevi here)

Tec Limestone containing igneous-rock debris (Tertiary, Eocene)—Limestone interbedded with

breccia and tuff Limestone and igneous-rock debris, shallow-water facies—Limestone, marl and carbonate breccia; locally, dolostone; also, calcarenite containing abundant igneous clasts Limestone and igneous-rock debris, deep-water facies—Marly or argillaceous limestone and marl; argillaceous calcarenite having graded bedding and containing dark igneous clasts. Some limestone breccia is present

Conglomerate and sandstone (Tertiary, Eocene)—Polymictic, graywacke sandstone ded with sandy calcarenite, shale, marl, and conglomerate Tes Mixed clastic and lesser carbonate rocks (Tertiary, Eocene)—Various mixtures of conglomerate, sandstone, claystone, limestone, siltstone, and marl Mixed carbonate and clastic rocks and tuff (Tertiary, Eocene)—Thin- to medium-bedded lithic and lithic-vitric tuff and interbeds of limestone, marl, and thin-bedded siltstone;

Tepc Brecciated carbonate and clastic rocks (Tertiary, middle Eocene to Paleocene)—Sandstone, conglomerate, claystone, marl, limestone, and, locally, calcareous breccia Tpcr Volcanic clast-bearing rocks (Tertiary, lower Eocene to Paleocene)—Conglomerate containing metamorphic, volcanic, and plutonic rock clasts, in muddy sand matrix; locally, includes ash-flow tuff or ignimbrite

Tvg Sedimentary rocks and tuff (Tertiary, lower Eocene to Paleocene)—Calcareous tuff,

locally, limestone is dominant

limestone containing volcanic-rock fragments TERTIARY TO CRETACEOUS SEDIMENTARY ROCKS TKfs Flysch (lower Tertiary to Upper Cretaceous)—Calcareous, flysch-like rocks containing minor

graywacke, medium-grained volcanic clast sandstone or conglomerate, and massive

Mixed volcanic and sedimentary rocks (Tertiary? to Cretaceous, Campanian or lower?) —In southwestern Puerto Rico Conglomerate, sandstone, and claystone—Volcaniclastic sandstone, siltstone, claystone,

conglomerate, and, locally, limestone Mixed volcanic and clastic rocks—Volcaniclastic sandstone and conglomerate; also, Andesite and basalt flows and tuff—Dark-green volcaniclastic breccia; thin- to thick-

bedded to massive, coarse-grained tuff and tuff breccia; interbedded flows Limestone, marl, and tuff (Tertiary, Paleocene and Cretaceous, Maastrichtian)—Marl, micritic and detrital limestone, fine-grained polymictic sandstone and conglomerate, and

CRETACEOUS SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

Ksvr Mixed sedimentary and volcanic rocks (Cretaceous)—Limestone and chert; tuff or volcani-Sedimentary and volcanic rocks (Upper Cretaceous)—Volcaniclastic rocks, tuff, marl, claystone, intermediate- to mafic-composition volcanic rocks, and reefal limestone Limestone and chert (Cretaceous)—Dominantly limestone; beds of dolostone and dolomitic limestone present locally

Limestone and limestone conglomerate (Upper Cretaceous, Maastrichtian and Campanian)—Dolostone and dolomitic limestone; silicified porcellaneous limestone; and massive Limestone and minor calcarenite (Cretaceous, Turonian to Hauterivian)—Stratified, biomicritic and arenaceous limestone, chert, marl, and, locally, breccia-conglomerate

Carbonate rocks, including biomicritic limestone (Lower Cretaceous, Barremian to Berriasian)—Biomicritic limestone, local calcareous argillite or minor chert Volcaniclastic conglomerate (Cretaceous, Maastrichtian to Albian)—Volcanic-pebble conglomerate containing predominantly andesitic and mafic volcanic-rock clasts Undifferentiated clastic rocks (Upper Cretaceous, Maastrichtian to Campanian)—Widely exposed shale to conglomerate; uncommon limestone

Volcaniclastic sandstone and mudstone—Andesitic to dacitic volcanic-clast sandstone, tuffaceous sandstone, lapilli tuff; mudstone, and a few thin, limestone beds Siltstone and local olistostrome deposits—Siltstone; distinctive because of included olistostrome deposits containing igneous- and sedimentary-rock debris Clastic rocks and reef limestone (Upper Cretaceous, Maastrichtian to Campanian)—Conglomerate, sandstone, volcaniclastic sandstone and siltstone; always associated with

limestone and marl Mixed clastic, carbonate, and volcanic rocks (Upper Cretaceous, Campanian to Conia**cian**)—Tuffaceous sandstone, conglomerate, felsic- to intermediate-composition tuff, siltstone, argillite, limestone, andesite, marl, and breccia Kue Older undifferentiated clastic rocks (Upper Cretaceous, Santonian to Cenomanian)—Volcanic-clast sandstone, lesser volcaniclastic breccia, calcareous mudstone, and interbedded

sandy limestone, siltstone, chert, minor volcanic-clast conglomerate, and, locally, lava Ktu Tutu Formation (Cretaceous, Santonian to Albian)—Volcanic-clast wacke, shale, conglomerate, calcareous siltstone, sparse limestone, and rare basalt and andesite; also includes metamorphosed equivalents in Virgin Islands Older mixed clastic, carbonate, and volcanic rocks (Cretaceous, Cenomanian to Albian) —Chiefly volcaniclastic sandstone and siltstone and subordinate pillowed basaltic andesite

flows and minor limestone, conglomerate and breccia; local calcarenite

Martin Mesa Formation and similar formations (Cretaceous, Turonian and lower)—Massive and stratified biomicritic limestone, calcarenite, quartzose sandstone, slate, and clayey calcareous rocks Ksr Rio Nuevo Formation and similar clastic-rock units (Cretaceous, Cenomanian to Albian) —Siltstone, shale, volcaniclastic sandstone and mudstone, minor volcanic breccia, and volcanic-clast conglomerate

Chert (Cretaceous, Cenomanian to Aptian or lower)—Chert and dark, fissile, carbonaceous, locally marly or clayey shale of probable volcanic origin Water Island Formation, volcanic-clast wacke (Lower Cretaceous)—Volcanic-clast wacke containing clasts of keratophyre, basalt, and trondhjemite Kpf Polier Formation (Lower Cretaceous, Albian to Valanginian)—Thin-bedded, micritic limestone interbedded with sandstone and shale

Limestone and shale (Lower Cretaceous to Upper Jurassic)—Limestone; includes bituminous limestone, chert, quartz-rich sandstone, and argillite JURASSIC SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

CRETACEOUS TO JURASSIC SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

IGNEOUS ROCKS

Limestone and dolostone (Upper Jurassic)—Massive limestone, calcarenite, calcirudite, micrite; locally dolomitized

YOUNG VOLCANIC ROCKS Qvm Alkali basalt (Quaternary)—Nepheline basalt and "alkaline basalt"

QTv Dos Hermanos and Valle Nuevo volcanic fields (Quaternary, Pleistocene and Tertiary, **Pliocene**)—Trachyandesite and latite TERTIARY VOLCANIC AND HYPABYSSAL ROCKS

Thb Hypabyssal dikes and intrusions (Tertiary)—Rhyolite and syenite; porphyritic rhyodacite and dacite dikes, hypabyssal intrusions, and lesser mafic rocks Intermediate and mafic flows and tuff (Tertiary, Miocene to Eocene)—Basalt, tuff, and agglomerate; includes subaerial and submarine volcanic rocks Tvc Pyroclastic rocks (Tertiary, Eocene)—Andesite, augite-andesite breccia and flows, tuff, and volcanic-clast sandstone; locally, poorly bedded felsic-lapilli tuff

Necker Formation (Tertiary, Eocene?)—Subaerial tuff and breccia, including welded tuff Tuff and breccia (Tertiary, early Eocene and late Paleocene)—Undifferentiated tuff, tuffite, andesite, basaltic andesite, tuffaceous sandstone, and beds of limestone Tbt Intermediate to felsic biotite tuff (Tertiary, early Paleocene)—Andesitic volcaniclastic breccia and interbedded quartz-bearing dacitic tuff

TERTIARY TO CRETACEOUS VOLCANIC ROCKS Dacite and keratophyre (Tertiary to Late Cretaceous)—Dacite and quartz keratophyre TKv Extrusive rocks, flows, tuff, and breccia (Tertiary, Paleocene to Late Cretaceous, Campanian?)—Volcanic breccia interlayered with basaltic flows and tuff, and, locally, limestone **Rhyodacite and rhyolite (Tertiary, Paleocene to Late Cretaceous)**—Rhyodacite and rhyolite CRETACEOUS VOLCANIC AND HYPABYSSAL ROCKS

Hypabyssal rocks and keratophyre porphyry (Cretaceous)—Mafic dikes of gabbro, diabase, andesite, diorite, and lamprophyre; small diabase bodies, as well as keratophyre dikes and Volcanic rocks, undivided (Cretaceous)—Rhyolite to basalt, as well as nonpillowed flows, volcanic breccia, sandstone, and conglomerate; minor limestone, siltstone, and tuff Andesitic breccia, flows, and tuff (Late Cretaceous, Maastrichtian to Santonian)—

Welded and nonwelded ash-flow tuff and volcanic breccia; locally, includes pillowed and nonpillowed andesitic flows and lenses and beds of calcarenite, sandstone, and conglomer-Basalt, pillowed and nonpillowed flows, breccia, and tuff (Late Cretaceous, Maastrichtian to Santonian)—Basaltic or basaltic-andesite flows; locally containing lenses of limestone, tuffaceous beds, and chert; local volcaniclastic conglomerate Felsic volcanic and hypabyssal rocks (Late Cretaceous, Campanian)—Felsic flows and

tuff, dacite and rhyolite domes Intermediate and felsic volcanic rocks (Cretaceous, Campanian to Coniacian)—Rhyolite to andesite flows, tuff, and domes; also, minor basaltic andesite and basalt Intermediate and silicic pyroclastic rocks (Late Cretaceous, Turonian to Cenomanian?)—Largely andesitic to dacitic tuff and tuffaceous sedimentary rocks; locally includes basalt, marl, and limestone

Iberia Formation of Cuba (Cretaceous, Turonian to Albian)—Andesite and volcaniclastic rocks, sandstone, diabase, tuff, and limestone Intermediate and mafic pyroclastic rocks (Cretaceous, Cenomanian to Aptian)—Volcaniclastic rocks; composition ranges from dacite to basaltic andesite, but largely andesite Mafic volcanic rocks (Cretaceous, Cenomanian to Barremian)—Largely basalt flows; also, subordinate andesite and sedimentary rocks, dominantly chert, but lesser limestone,

Intermediate-composition volcanic rocks (Early Cretaceous, Albian to Barremian?)— Primarily pillowed or brecciated andesitic flows, interbedded with tuff, tuffaceous

joints and, though commonly lacking pillow structures, pillows are locally well developed

Basalt and basaltic andesite (Early Cretaceous, Albian and older)—Basaltic andesite flows; pillows of amygdaloidal basalt, flow-breccia, tuff, tuff-breccia, and hyaloclastite breccia; local limestone lenses Keratophyre (Early Cretaceous)—Keratophyre flows, flow breccia, and tuff interbedded with thin flows of dark-green to almost black spilite flows Spilitic basalt (Early Cretaceous)—Generally massive spilite flows; lacking columnar

CRETACEOUS TO JURASSIC VOLCANIC AND HYPABYSSAL ROCKS KJb Zurrapandilla Formation and Cajul Basalt (Early Cretaceous to Late Jurassic)—Diabase and basalt; rare siltstone and limestone; may include spilitic basalt, diabase, chert, and

TERTIARY INTRUSIVE ROCKS Tegr Granite and granodiorite (Tertiary, Eocene?)—Granite to granodiorite, monzonite, and, locally, quartz diorite

Diorite and tonalite (Tertiary, Eocene?)—Small diorite and tonalite plutons; also included are rocks described as plagiogranite Tgn Gabbronorite, norite, and diorite (Tertiary, Eocene)—Primarily small plutons, dikes and complex dike swarms, some with internal layering parallel to dike walls

TERTIARY TO CRETACEOUS INTRUSIVE ROCKS TKgs Alkali syenite (Tertiary, Paleocene to Late Cretaceous, Maastrichtian?)—Small body of Granite and aplite (Tertiary, Paleocene to Late Cretaceous, Maastrichtian?)—Granite and

TKgm Granodiorite and quartz monzonite (Tertiary, Paleocene to Late Cretaceous, Maastrichtian?)—Small granodiorite stocks and Utuado batholith of Puerto Rico TKtm Granitic rocks, granodiorite, and tonalite (Tertiary, Paleocene to Late Cretaceous, Maas**trichtian?)**—Granodiorite and tonalite, in belt trending northwestward across Hispaniola Quartz diorite and diorite (Tertiary, Paleocene to Late Cretaceous, Maastrichtian?)—Generally small diorite plutons, in Dominican Republic, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands TKgb Fountain Gabbro (Tertiary, Paleocene or Late Cretaceous, Campanian?)—Two-pyroxene

CRETACEOUS INTRUSIVE ROCKS Gabbro (Cretaceous)—Gabbro and diabase, primarily in Cuba but also in U.S. Virgin Islands

Granitic rocks, undivided (Late Cretaceous)—Granitic and hypabyssal rocks of undivided granodiorite and quartz diorite and subvolcanic rhyolite and dacite Granite (Late Cretaceous, Maastrichtian and Campanian)—Granite and lesser granodiorite and aplitic syenite, in small bodies in Cuba Quartz monzonite and similar rocks (Late Cretaceous, Maastrichtian and Campan-

ian)—Granosyenite (quartz syenite?), syenite, and other granitic rocks in Cuba Granodiorite (Late Cretaceous, Maastrichtian and Campanian)—Granodiorite of San Lorenzo in Puerto Rico Quartz diorite (Late Cretaceous, Maastrichtian and Campanian)—Small quartz diorite plutons, in Cuba, Dominican Republic, and Puerto Rico

Diorite and hornblendite (Late Cretaceous, Maastrichtian and Campanian)—Small diorite and hornblendite bodies, in Cuba and Puerto Rico Kmgd Granodiorite and tonalite (Cretaceous, Santonian to Albian)—Granodiorite, tonalite, and subordinate granitic rocks, in Cuba, Dominican Republic, and Puerto Rico Trondhjemite and keratophyre (Early Cretaceous)—Trondhjemite and intrusive keratophyre

bodies, in U.S. Virgin Islands JURASSIC INTRUSIVE ROCKS

Jgr Rio Cana Granite (Middle Jurassic)—Coarse-grained, pink granite, in Cuba

METAMORPHIC ROCKS

MESOZOIC METAMORPHIC ROCKS Marble (Mesozoic or older)—Marble of indefinite age, in central Cuba and at east end of Samaná Peninsula in Dominican Republic Gabbroic amphibolite and amphibolite (Cretaceous?)—Gabbroic amphibolite and amphibo-

Mariquita Chert (Cretaceous, middle Turonian? to Jurassic, early Tithonian to late Kimmeridgian)—Laminated, fine-grained, dark-gray chert; locally, interbedded with recrystallized and largely silicified limestone and pillow basalt Marble and greenschist (Cretaceous, Cenomanian or older)—Marble of Outer Brass

Limestone and Congo Cay Limestone Lens of Tutu Formation, in U.S. and British Virgin Metavolcanic and meta-volcaniclastic rocks (Early Cretaceous)—Mostly pyroclastic metavolcanic rocks in Cuba; in Dominican Republic, consists of metamorphosed kerato-

phyre, quartz keratophyre, tuff, and other volcanic rocks Mabujina Complex and equivalent rocks (Early Cretaceous or Late Jurassic)—Gabbro, basalt, basaltic andesite, and pyroclastic rocks; deformed and metamorphosed to greenschist and amphibolite facies Metaigneous rocks (Early Cretaceous, Hauterivian to Berriasian)—Meta-granite variably

foliated and boudinaged and, locally, strongly folded

Metasedimentary and metaigneous rocks (Early Cretaceous or Late Jurassic, Titho**nian**)—Graphitic phyllite and metamorphosed shale, laminated meta-limestone, and possible ultramafic to mafic tholeiitic rocks metamorphosed to blueschist and greenschist KJmq Cobrito Formation (Early Cretaceous to Late Jurassic)—Flysch-like beds of metamor-

phosed carbonate and clastic rocks JURASSIC METAMORPHIC ROCKS

Jsch Metamorphic complexes characterized by glaucophane schist (Jurassic?)—Metasedimen-

tary schist and local metavolcanic rocks, characterized by presence of glaucophane and other blueschist-facies minerals Metasedimentary rocks, including marble (Jurassic)—Metasedimentary schist, locally graphitic, and marble; lacks evidence of blueschist facies Jmg Mafic schist and amphibolite (Late to Middle Jurassic)—Garnetiferous amphibolite,

containing felsic plagioclase, white mica, and clinozoisite; includes layer of garnetiferous San Cayetano Formation (Jurassic, Oxfordian to Early Jurassic)—Undifferentiated metasandstone, mudstone, argillite, and phyllitic schist

OPHIOLITE AND OPHIOLITE-ASSOCIATED ROCKS Mzs Serpentinite (Cretaceous or Jurassic?)—Small bodies of serpentinite, in Jamaica and Puerto

Mafic rocks, diorite, and gabbro (Mesozoic or older)—Undifferentiated metaigneous rock including ultramafic and mafic metamorphic rocks, serpentinite schist, talc schist, antigorite-rich schist, and metagabbro Ultramafic and associated rocks (Mesozoic or older)—Ultramafic rocks consisting of serpentinite, harzburgite, lherzolite, wherlite, and serpentinized dunite, throughout Cuba;

small pyroxenite and other ultramafic bodies, in Hispaniola KJmu Dike complexes (Early Cretaceous or Late Jurassic)—Scattered mafic dike complexes, in central and southern Cuba TECTONITES

> Yaguajay Formation (Tertiary, Paleocene to Cretaceous, Maastrichtian)—Chaotic mix of blocks of serpentinite, gabbro, volcanic rocks, limestone, and tuff

Tmo Mélange and olistostromes (Tertiary, Eocene to Paleocene)—Mélange and olistostrome

Mélange (Cretaceous?)—Mélange, in Dominican Republic (No other description is available) TECTONICALLY AND HYDROTHERMALLY ALTERED ROCKS TKht Hydrothermally altered rocks (Tertiary, Eocene or Cretaceous)

Tfg Fault breccia (Tertiary, Eocene)—Consists of clay-rich altered rocks; mapped only in south-central Puerto Rico, but, likely much more widely distributed Bedrock of unknown type (age unknown)

EXPLANATION OF MAP SYMBOLS

[Contacts and minor faults not shown on map sheet 1 owing to small map scale] --- Contact—Solid where location is certain; long-dashed where location is approximate; short-dashed where location is inferred; dotted where location is concealed

——— Fault—Solid where location is certain; dashed where location is approximate; dotted where location is concealed **Thrust fault**—Solid where location is certain; dashed where location is approximate; dotted

where location is concealed. Sawteeth on upper plate → → High-angle thrust fault—Solid where location is certain; dashed where location is approximate; dotted where location is concealed. Sawteeth on upper plate

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> > 2 sheets, scales 1:2,500,000 and 1:300,000, https://doi.org/10.3133/ofr20191036.

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