Appendix 15. Model Archival Summary for Nitrate plus Nitrite Concentration at U.S. Geological Survey Site 06887500, Kansas River at Wamego, Kansas, during June 2014 through September 2019

This model archival summary summarizes the nitrate plus nitrite (NO_x; U.S. Geological Survey [USGS] parameter code 00631) concentration model developed to compute 15-minute NO_x concentrations from June 2014 onward. This model supersedes all previous models.

Any use of trade, firm, or product names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.

Site and Model Information

Site number: 06887500

Site name: Kansas River at Wamego, Kansas

Location: Lat 39°11'54", long 96°18'19" referenced to North American Datum of 1927, in SW 1/4 NW 1/4 SE 1/4 sec.9, T.10 S.,

R.10 E., Pottawatomie County, Kans., hydrologic unit 10270102.

Equipment: A YSI 6600 water-quality monitor equipped with sensors for water temperature, specific conductance (SC), dissolved oxygen, pH, and turbidity was installed from August 2012 through June 2014. A Xylem YSI EXO2 water-quality monitor equipped with sensors for water temperature, SC, dissolved oxygen, pH, turbidity, and chlorophyll (fCHL) and phycocyanin fluorescence was installed during June 2014 through September 2019. The monitor was housed in a 4-inch-diameter galvanized steel pipe. Readings from the water-quality monitor were recorded every 15 minutes and transmitted by way of satellite, hourly.

Date model was created: March 31, 2020

Model calibration data period: June 11, 2014, through September 23, 2019

Model application date: June 11, 2014, onward

Model-Calibration Dataset

All data were collected using USGS protocols (Wagner and others, 2006; U.S. Geological Survey, variously dated) and are stored in the National Water Information System (U.S. Geological Survey, 2020) database and available to the public. Ordinary least squares analysis was used to develop regression models using R programming language (R Core Team, 2020). Potential explanatory variables that were evaluated individually and in combination included streamflow, water temperature, SC, dissolved oxygen, pH, turbidity, fCHL, and phycocyanin fluorescence. The maximum time span between two continuous data points used for interpolation was 2 hours (in order to preserve the sample dataset, field monitor averages obtained during sample collection were used for model development data if no continuous data were available or if gaps larger than 1 hour in the continuous data record resulted in missing interpolated data). Seasonal components (sine and cosine variables) were also evaluated as potential explanatory variables.

The final selected regression model was based on 73 concurrent measurements of NO_x concentration, sensor-measured SC, fCHL, and seasonal components (sine and cosine variables) during June 11, 2014, through September 23, 2019. Samples were collected throughout the range of continuously observed hydrologic conditions. No samples had concentrations below laboratory detection limits. Summary statistics and the complete model-calibration dataset are provided below. Potential outliers were identified using the methods described in Rasmussen and others (2009). Additionally, studentized residuals from the final model were inspected for values greater than three or less than negative three. Values outside of that range were considered potential outliers and were investigated. One of the sensor-measured SC samples, from July 28, 2014, was deemed an outlier and removed from the model calibration dataset. The removed sensor-measured SC value was significantly lower than the field monitor and laboratory result during this sample. All other potential outliers were not found to have errors associated with collection, processing, or analysis and were therefore considered valid.

This model is specific to the Kansas River at Wamego, Kans., during this study period and cannot be applied to data collected from other sites on the Kansas River or data collected from other waterbodies.

Nitrate plus Nitrite Sampling Details

Cross-section samples typically were collected either from the downstream side of the bridge or instream within 100 feet of the bridge. The equal-width-increment collection method was used (although multiple vertical, single vertical, and grab samples were occasionally collected), and samples typically were composited for analysis (U.S. Geological Survey, variously dated). During July 2012 through June 2017, cross-section samples were collected every 2 weeks during March through October, once a month during

November through February, and during selected reservoir release and runoff events. During July 2017 through September 2019, cross-section samples were collected on a monthly to bimonthly basis, depending on flow conditions. A FISP US DH–81, DH–95, D–95, D–96a, or D–96 depth integrating sampler was used. Additional detail on sample collection is available in Foster and Graham (2016) and Graham and others (2018). Samples were analyzed for NO_x concentration at the USGS National Water Quality Laboratory in Lakewood, Colorado.

Model Development

Ordinary least squares regression analysis was done using R programming language (R Core Team, 2020) to relate discretely collected NO_x concentration to sensor-measured SC, fCHL, and seasonal components (sine and cosine variables). The distribution of residuals was examined for normality, and the plots of residuals (the difference between the measured and computed values) were examined for homoscedasticity (departures from zero did not change substantially over the range of computed values). Previously published explanatory variables were also strongly considered for continuity.

SC, fCHL, and seasonal components (sine and cosine variables) were selected as good surrogates for NO_x based on residual plots, coefficient of determination (R^2), and model standard percentage error. Values for all the aforementioned statistics were computed and are included below along with all relevant sample data and additional statistical information.

Model Summary

The following is a summary of final regression analysis for NO_x concentration at USGS site 06887500:

NO_x concentration-based model:

$$NO_x = -0.00065 \times SC - 0.0995 \times fCHL + 0.163 \times \sin(2\pi D) - 0.0823 \times \cos(2\pi D) + 1.77$$

where

 NO_x = nitrate plus nitrite concentration, in milligrams per liter;

SC = specific conductance, in microsiemens per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius;

fCHL = chlorophyll fluorescence, in relative fluorescence units;

 $\sin = \sin e;$

D = date, in decimal years; and

 $\cos = \cos ine$.

SC makes physical and statistical sense as an explanatory variable for NO_x because of its correlation with charged ionic species, such as NO_x (Hem, 1992). fCHL also was used as an explanatory variable in the model previously published by Foster and Graham (2016). Seasonal components (sine and cosine variables) are a logical addition to the model because NO_x increases are often associated with precipitation runoff events in the Kansas River.

Previous Models

Start Year	End Year	Model Equation	Reference
2012	2019	$NO_x = -0.00102SC - 0.0176fCHL + 1.85$	Foster and Graham (2016)
1999	2003	$NO_x = 1.09 log Q - 0.397 log WT - 2.53$	Rasmussen and others (2005)
		where	
		Q = streamflow, in cubic feet per second; and,	
		WT = water temperature, in degrees Celsius	

Model Statistics, Data, and Plots

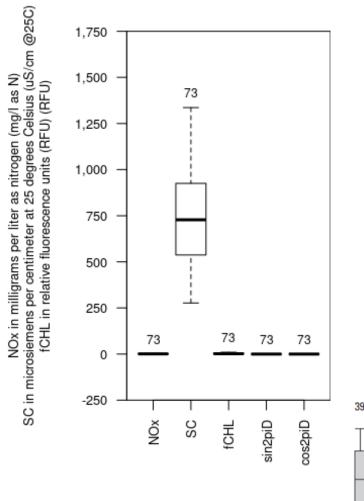
Model

NOx = -0.00065 * SC - 0.0995 * fCHL + 0.163 * sin2piD - 0.0823 * cos2piD + 1.77

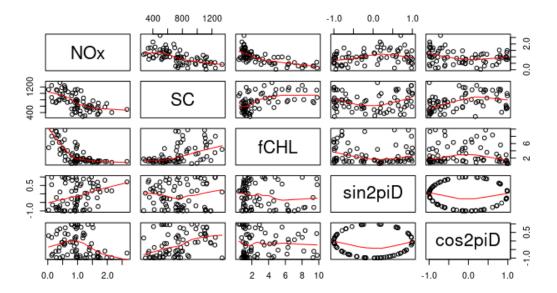
Variable Summary Statistics

	NOx	SC	fCHL	sin2piD	cos2piD
Minimum	0.030	277	0.44	-0.9980	-1.000
1st Quartile	0.580	537	1.15	-0.7910	-0.809
Median	0.960	728	1.77	-0.1970	-0.234
Mean	0.988	737	3.06	-0.0876	-0.175
3rd Quartile	1.310	925	4.62	0.5950	0.390
Maximum	2.660	1340	9.80	0.9980	0.988

Box Plots



Exploratory Plots



Red line shows the locally weighted scatterplot smoothing (LOWESS).

The x- and y-axis labels for a given bivariate plot are defined by the intersecting row and column labels.

Basic Model Statistics

```
Number of Observations 73
Standard error (RMSE) 0.326
Average Model standard percentage error (MSPE) 33
Coefficient of determination (R²) 0.636
Adjusted Coefficient of Determination (Adj. R²) 0.615

Variance Inflation Factors (VIF)
SC fCHL sin2piD cos2piD
1.71 1.50 1.05 1.25
```

Explanatory Variables

	Coefficients	Standard Error	t value Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	1.77000	0.128000	13.80 2.02e-21
SC	-0.00065	0.000188	-3.45 9.78e-04
fCHL	-0.09950	0.017900	-5.56 4.82e-07
sin2piD	0.16300	0.055500	2.94 4.45e-03
cos2piD	-0.08230	0.062500	-1.32 1.93e-01

Correlation Matrix

	Intercept	SC	fCHL	sin2piD	cos2piD
Intercept	1.000	-0.886	0.217	0.136	0.456
SC	-0.886	1.000	-0.567	-0.162	-0.442
fCHL	0.217	-0.567	1.000	0.204	0.266
sin2piD	0.136	-0.162	0.204	1.000	0.116
cos2piD	0.456	-0.442	0.266	0.116	1.000

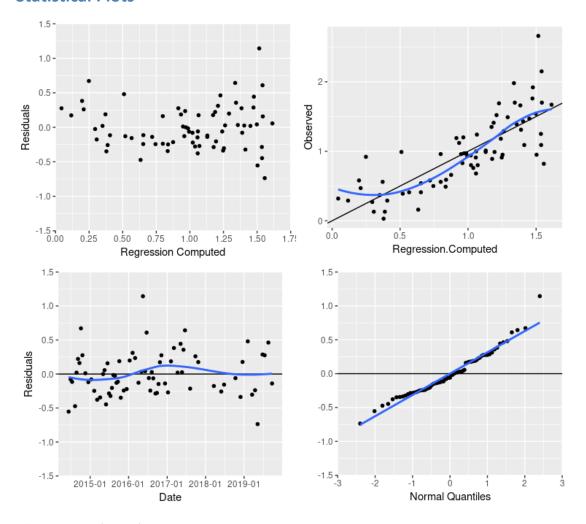
Outlier Test Criteria

Leverage Cook's D DFFITS 0.205 0.363 0.523

Flagged Observations

	NOx	Estimate	Residual	Standard	Residual	Studentized	Residual	Leverage	Cook's D	DFFITS
201410060900	0.92	0.249	0.671		2.13		2.19	0.0678	0.0661	0.591
201605160850	2.66	1.520	1.140		3.59		3.96	0.0466	0.1260	0.875
201703060950	0.58	0.198	0.382		1.28		1.29	0.1660	0.0658	0.576
201905091520	0.82	1.560	-0.737		-2.34		-2.43	0.0710	0.0839	-0.671

Statistical Plots

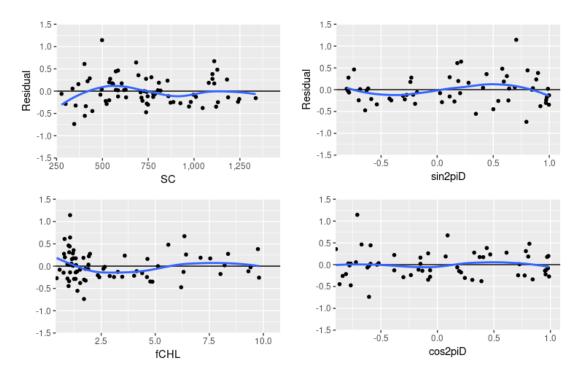


First row (left): Residual NOx related to regression computed NOx.

First row (right): Observed NOx related regression computed NOx with local polynomial regression fitting, or locally estimated scatterplot smoothing (LOESS), indicated by the blue line.

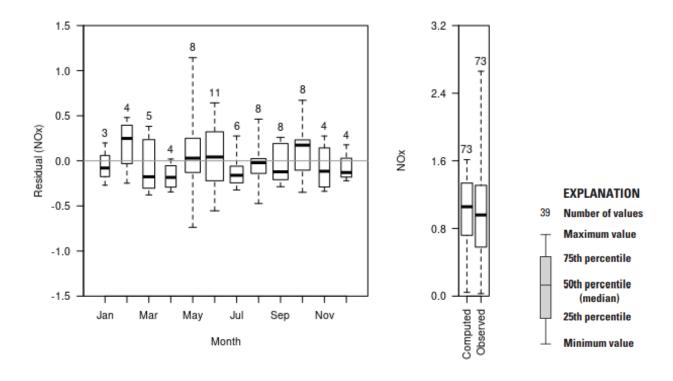
Second row (left): Residual NOx related to date with LOESS, indicated by the blue line.

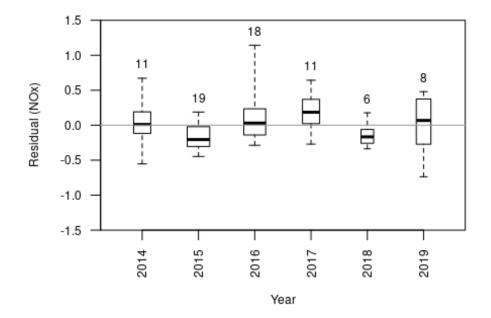
Second row (right): Residual NOx related to the corresponding normal quantile of the residual with simple linear regression, indicated by the blue line.



First row: Residual NOx related to SC (left) and sin2piD (right) with LOESS, indicated by the blue line.

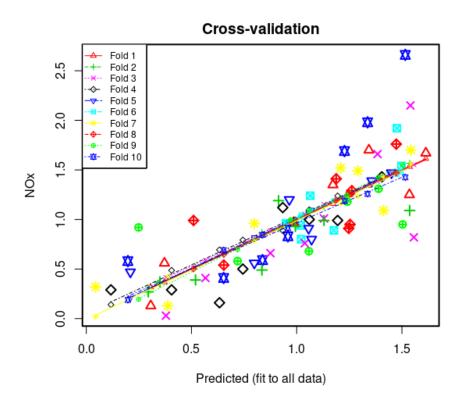
Second row: Residual NOx related to fCHL (left) and cos2piD (right) with LOESS, indicated by the blue line.





EXPLANATION 39 Number of values Maximum value 75th percentile (median) 25th percentile Minimum value

Cross-Validation



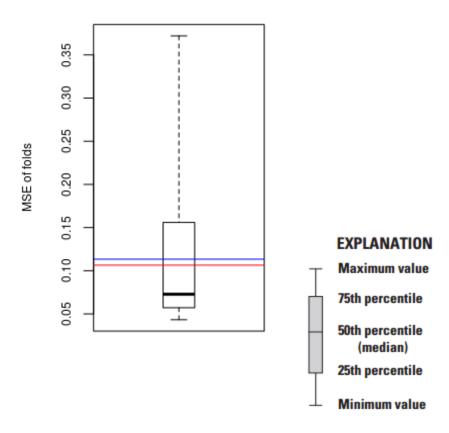
Fold - equal partition of the data (10 percent of the data).

Large symbols - observed value of a data point removed in a fold.

Small symbols - recomputed value of a data point removed in a fold.

Recomputed regression lines - adjusted regression line with one fold removed.

Minimum MSE of folds: 0.0433 Mean MSE of folds: 0.1130 Median MSE of folds: 0.0728 Maximum MSE of folds: 0.3720 (Mean MSE of folds) / (Model MSE): 1.0700



Red line - Model MSE

Blue line - Mean MSE of folds

Model-Calibration Dataset

Model-Calibration Dataset											
	Date	NOx	SC	fCHL	sin2piD	cos2piD	Computed	Residual		Censored	
0							NOx		Quantiles	Values	
1	2014-06-11	0.95	404	1.4	0.346	-0.938	1.5	-0.553	-2.02		
2	2014-06-30	1.31	489	1.52	0.0258	-1	1.39	-0.0792	-0.103		
3	2014-07-14	0.29	747	9.31	-0.214	-0.977	0.405	-0.115	-0.207		
4	2014-08-11	0.16	738	6.2	-0.642	-0.767	0.633	-0.473	-1.81		
5	2014-08-25	0.37	803	8.21	-0.806	-0.591	0.35	0.0202	0.207		
6	2014-09-08	1.41	419	1.93	-0.924	-0.382	1.19	0.222	0.75		
7	2014-09-22	0.96	558	4.64	-0.989	-0.15	0.798	0.162	0.461		
8	2014-10-06	0.92	1110	6.35	-0.996	0.0903	0.249	0.671	2.02		
9	2014-10-20	1.19	738	1.98	-0.946	0.325	0.914	0.276	1		
10	2014-11-17	0.96	817	1.21	-0.687	0.727	0.949	0.0112	0.137		
11	2014-12-15	1.01	585	1.39	-0.272	0.962	1.13	-0.12	-0.242		
12	2015-01-12	0.94	997	0.58	0.205	0.979	1.02	-0.0795	-0.137		
13	2015-02-09	0.59	1130	2.41	0.635	0.772	0.838	-0.248	-0.796		
14	2015-03-09	0.68	1050	1.53	0.921	0.39	1.06	-0.378	-1.53		
15	2015-04-06	0.49	972	4.77	0.997	-0.0817	0.835	-0.345	-1.34		
16	2015-05-04	0.97	728	5.13	0.845	-0.534	0.97	-0.000498	0.103		
17	2015-05-18	1.67	337	1.12	0.693	-0.721	1.61	0.0562	0.386		
18	2015-06-01	1.09	445	0.99	0.501	-0.865	1.54	-0.447	-1.65		
19	2015-06-15	1.7	369	1.15	0.28	-0.96	1.54	0.157	0.423		
20	2015-06-29	1.25	299	1.31	0.043	-0.999	1.54	-0.286	-1		

21 2015-07-13 1.09	354 1.78	-0.197 -0.98	3 1.41	-0.323	-1.19	
22 2015-07-27 0.99	537 2.34	-0.425 -0.90		-0.205	-0.539	
23 2015-08-10 0.97	741 2.66	-0.629 -0.778	0.986	-0.0163	0.0685	
24 2015-08-24 0.27	708 9.41	-0.796 -0.60	0.295	-0.0249	0.0343	
25 2015-09-08 0.39	777 6.31	-0.924 -0.38	0.519	-0.129	-0.313	
26 2015-09-21 0.54	860 4.14	-0.986 -0.16	0.654	-0.114	-0.172	
27 2015-10-05 0.56	808 7.1	-0.997 0.073	L 0.372	0.188	0.662	
28 2015-10-19 0.03	1120 4.87	-0.951 0.309	0.379	-0.349	-1.43	
29 2015-11-16 0.41	982 3.09	-0.699 0.71	0.653	-0.243	-0.705	
30 2015-12-14 0.8	518 2.89	-0.288 0.95	7 1.02	-0.221	-0.62	
31 2016-01-11 1.49	537 0.82	0.188 0.982	1.29	0.199	0.705	
32 2016-02-08 1.52	767 1.02	0.622 0.783	3 1.21	0.311	1.12	
33 2016-03-03 1.2	855 3.59	0.884 0.46	0.965	0.235	0.796	
34 2016-04-04 0.83	1010 3.27	0.998 -0.064	0.958	-0.128	-0.277	
35 2016-05-02 1.39	626 1.91	0.854 -0.5	1.36	0.033	0.313	
36 2016-05-16 2.66	498 1.06	0.706 -0.709	1.52	1.14	2.4	
37 2016-06-06 1.54	496 0.937	0.409 -0.91	2 1.5	0.0419	0.349	
38 2016-06-20 2.15	402 0.807	0.18 -0.984	1.54	0.61	1.65	
39 2016-07-11 1	777 2.6	-0.18 -0.984	1.06	-0.0597	0	
40 2016-07-25 0.5	887 4.62	-0.409 -0.91	0.744	-0.244	-0.75	
41 2016-08-08 1.29	573 1.02	-0.615 -0.78	3 1.26	0.028	0.277	
42 2016-08-22 0.93	787 1.9	-0.786 -0.619	0.994	-0.0639	-0.0685	
43 2016-09-12 0.89	523 1.25	-0.954 -0.30	1.18	-0.287	-1.06	
44 2016-09-26 0.76	742 0.94	-0.998 -0.064	1.04	-0.278	-0.946	
45 2016-10-11 0.91	713 0.76	-0.981 0.192	1.06	-0.147	-0.423	
46 2016-10-24 0.29	1110 7.54	-0.914 0.40	0.117	0.173	0.499	
47 2016-11-07 0.32	1100 8.37	-0.791 0.612	0.0445	0.275	0.894	
48 2016-12-12 0.99	629 1.06	-0.305 0.95	2 1.13	-0.139	-0.386	
49 2017-01-09 0.8	925 0.44	0.154 0.988	3 1.07	-0.271	-0.894	
50 2017-02-06 1.12	1080 1.68	0.595 0.804	0.934	0.186	0.62	
51 2017-03-06 0.58	1100 9.75	0.9 0.43	0.198	0.382	1.26	
52 2017-04-10 1.47	585 1.16	0.989 -0.1	1.45	0.0197	0.172	
53 2017-05-08 1.92	573 1.04	0.806 -0.593	1.48	0.444	1.34	
54 2017-05-22 1.43	619 1.34	0.642 -0.76	7 1.4	0.0253	0.242	
55 2017-06-05 1.7	696 1.22	0.441 -0.89	3 1.34	0.357	1.19	
56 2017-06-19 1.98	684 1.06	0.214 -0.97	7 1.34	0.643	1.81	
57 2017-08-07 0.66	718 4.02	-0.588 -0.809	0.875	-0.215	-0.579	
58 2017-09-26 0.47	1180 6.43	-0.997 -0.081	0.21	0.26	0.844	
59 2017-10-23 1.24	605 1.32	-0.928 0.374	1.06	0.175	0.539	
60 2018-03-20 0.13	1250 8.02	0.978 0.209	0.307	-0.177	-0.499	
61 2018-05-29 0.13	872 9.8	0.545 -0.83	0.388	-0.258	-0.844	
62 2018-06-25 0.41	1340 4.39	0.112 -0.994	0.566	-0.156	-0.461	
63 2018-10-11 1.18	277 1.77	-0.984 0.170	1.24	-0.0607	-0.0343	
64 2018-11-28 0.91	409 1.02	-0.538 0.843	3 1.25	-0.337	-1.26	
65 2018-12-17 1.35	553 1.22	-0.239 0.97	1.17	0.178	0.579	
66 2019-02-05 0.99	1130 5.61	0.581 0.814	0.51	0.48	1.53	
67 2019-03-18 0.95	749 1.71	0.97 0.243	1.25	-0.304	-1.12	
68 2019-04-15 0.56	1240 3.47	0.972 -0.23	0.799	-0.239	-0.662	
69 2019-05-09 0.82	346 1.7	0.796 -0.60	1.56	-0.737	-2.4	
70 2019-06-25 1.76	431 1.19	0.112 -0.994	1.47	0.287	1.06	
71 2019-07-15 1.66	542 0.78	-0.23 -0.97	3 1.38	0.276	0.946	
72 2019-08-19 1.69	585 0.99	-0.741 -0.67	1.23	0.463	1.43	
73 2019-09-23 0.58	1190 1.32	-0.991 -0.13	0.719	-0.139	-0.349	

Definitions

D: Date, in decimal years.

Cook's D: Cook's distance (Helsel and others, 2020).

DFFITS: Difference in fits statistic (Helsel and others, 2020).

E.vars: Explanatory variables.

fCHL: Chlorophyll fluorescence, in relative fluorescence units (32320).

Leverage: An outlier's measure in the x direction (Helsel and others, 2020).

LOESS: Local polynomial regression fitting, or locally estimated scatterplot smoothing (Helsel and others, 2020).

LOWESS: Locally weighted scatterplot smoothing (Cleveland, 1979; Helsel and others, 2020).

MSE: Model standard error (Helsel and others, 2020).

MSPE: Model standard percentage error (Helsel and others, 2020).

NOx: Inorganic nitrogen (nitrate and nitrite), in milligrams per liter as nitrogen (00631).

Probability(>|t|): The probability that the independent variable has no effect on the dependent variable (Helsel and others, 2020).

RMSE: Root mean square error (Helsel and others, 2020).

SC: Specific conductance, in microsiemens per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius (00095).

t value: Student's t value; the coefficient divided by its associated standard error (Helsel and others, 2020).

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