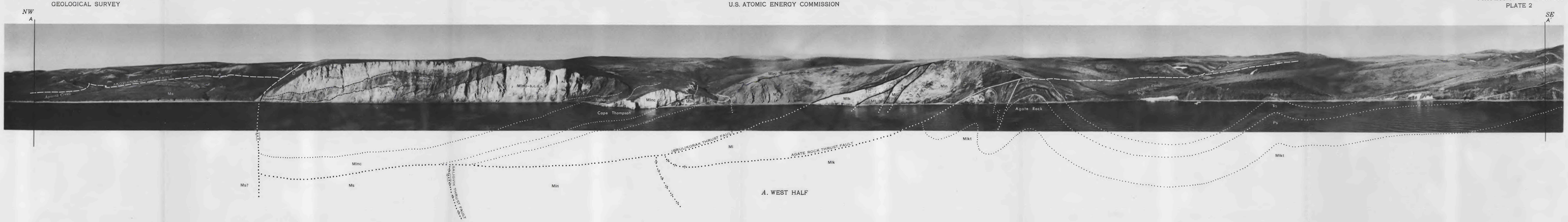
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

PREPARED ON BEHALF OF THE
U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

PROFESSIONAL PAPER 395
PLATE 2



A. WEST HALF

SYMBOLS: Ms—*Sedimentary rock undivided;* MI—*Lisburne Group undifferentiated;* Min—*Nasorak Formation of the Lisburne Group undivided,* Mlnl—*lower member of the Nasorak Formation;* Mlnc—*Cape Thompson Member of the Nasorak Formation;* Mlnu—*upper member of the Nasorak Formation, undivided except where zones a through h, from oldest to youngest, respectively, are so labeled for the purpose of showing fault offsets;* Mlk—*Kuparuk (?) Formation of the Lisburne Group, undivided except where zones a through h, from oldest to youngest, respectively, are so labeled for the purpose of showing fault offsets;* Mlt—*Tupik Formation of the Lisburne Group;* Mlkt—*Tupik and Kuparuk (?) Formations undivided;* Ps—*Siksikpuk Formation;* Ts—*Shublik Formation;* Kjo—*Opoturak Formation. Dotted lines are subsurface projections in vertical plane through the shoreline.*

B. EAST HALF

PHOTOMOSAIC OF SEA CLIFFS BETWEEN AGARAK CREEK AND CROWBILL POINT, LISBURNE PENINSULA, NORTHWESTERN ALASKA, SHOWING THE STRATIGRAPHIC SEQUENCE AND STRUCTURAL RELATIONS OF THE EXPOSED MISSISSIPPIAN, PERMIAN, TRIASSIC, AND JURASSIC OR CRETACEOUS SEDIMENTARY ROCKS