



EXPLANATION  
Outcrop areas shown by darker shade

**Upper Precambrian**

**Keweenaw Series**

- OCsd** Sandstone and dolomite
- I-pCd** Fresh olivine diabase in scattered thin dikes
- pCh** Hoskin Lake Granite
- pCma** Marinette Quartz Diorite
- pCmg** Metagabbro dikes and sills and related intrusive rocks  
*pCmgg, magnetic metagabbro*

**Baraga Group**

- pCb** Badwater Greenstone  
*Chiefly altered basaltic lava flows (greenstone)*
- pCm** Michigan Slate  
*Sericitic, chloritic, and graphitic slate, dolomite, quartzite, and graywacke, and minor iron-formation*

**Middle Precambrian**

**Menominee Group**

- UNCONFORMITY**
- pCvu** Vulcan Iron-Formation undivided  
*Includes four members*
- pCvl** Loretto Slate Member  
*Ferruginous siliceous slate*
- pCvc** Curry Iron-Bearing Member  
*Chert-hematite-magnetite iron-formation. Granular and oolitic jasper common in chert layers. Very magnetic at most places*
- pCvb** Brier Slate Member  
*Thinly laminated ferruginous slate and siltstone. Commonly contains abundant magnetite or martite*
- pCvt** Traders Iron-Bearing Member  
*Thin-bedded siliceous iron-formation like Curry Member, but at most places less magnetic than Curry Member*
- pCf** Felch Formation  
*Quartzose sericitic slate, quartzite, and conglomerate. Ferruginous quartzite ("Traders quartzite") near top of formation along south iron range*

**Lower Precambrian**

**Chonoby Group**

- UNCONFORMITY**
- pCr** Randville Dolomite  
*Thick-bedded crystalline dolomite, thin-bedded sandy dolomite, algal dolomite, dolomitic slate, conglomerate, and breccia*
- pCs** Sturgeon Quartzite  
*Thick- and thin-bedded vitreous quartzite. Sericitic schist and quartzite in basal part*
- pCfc** Fern Creek Formation  
*Arkose, arkosic and argillaceous conglomerate, argillite, slate, and possibly tillite*
- UNCONFORMITY**
- pCc** Carney Lake Gneiss  
*Granitic gneiss and granite*
- rhy** **pCq** Quinnesec Formation  
*Altered volcanic rocks, chiefly basaltic flows and pyroclastics; some metarhyolite and other silicic types in north part; minor intercalations of metasedimentary rocks rhy; metarhyolite and closely related rocks and sericitic schists derived from them*

**CAMBRIAN AND ORDOVICIAN**

- Anticline  
*Showing trace of axial plane and bearing and plunge of axis*
- Overtured anticline  
*Arrows indicate dip direction of limbs*
- Syncline  
*Showing trace of axial plane and bearing and plunge of axis*
- Overtured syncline  
*Arrows indicate dip direction of limbs*
- Bearing and plunge of axis of small fold
- Plunge of closely spaced minor folds
- Inclined
- Vertical
- Overtured
- Strike and dip of beds
- Lava pillows
- Crossbedding
- Ripple marks
- Algal structures
- Features showing top direction of beds
- Bearing and plunge of lineation
- Inclined
- Vertical
- Strike and dip of foliation
- Strike of vertical foliation and plunge of lineation
- Preferred strike of feldspar phenocrysts in granite
- Inclined
- Vertical
- Strike and dip of joints
- Approximate structure contours on Randville Dolomite  
*Datum is mean sea level*
- Test shafts and shafts to underground iron mines. All inactive
- Adit
- Test trench
- Test pit
- Caved ground
- Diamond-drill hole  
*Number indicates elevation at top of Randville Dolomite*
- Diamond-drill holes on cross sections

**PRECAMBRIAN**

**ROCK OUTCROPS MAPPED WITHIN GEOLOGIC UNITS**

- amph, amphibolite
- bc, breccia or brecciated rock
- blk, black
- cgl, conglomerate
- ch, chert or cherty rock
- dac, dacite
- dolo, dolomite or dolomitic rock
- ell, elliptical granitoid
- fe, ferruginous rock
- gn, gneiss
- gph, granophyre
- grph, graphite
- grs, greenstone
- gw, graywacke
- gy, gray
- if, iron-formation
- porph, porphyry
- qtz, quartz or quartzite
- rhy, rhyolite
- sch, schist or schistose rock
- sil, siliceous rock
- sl, slate

GEOLOGIC MAP, LORETTO AREA, DICKINSON COUNTY, MICHIGAN