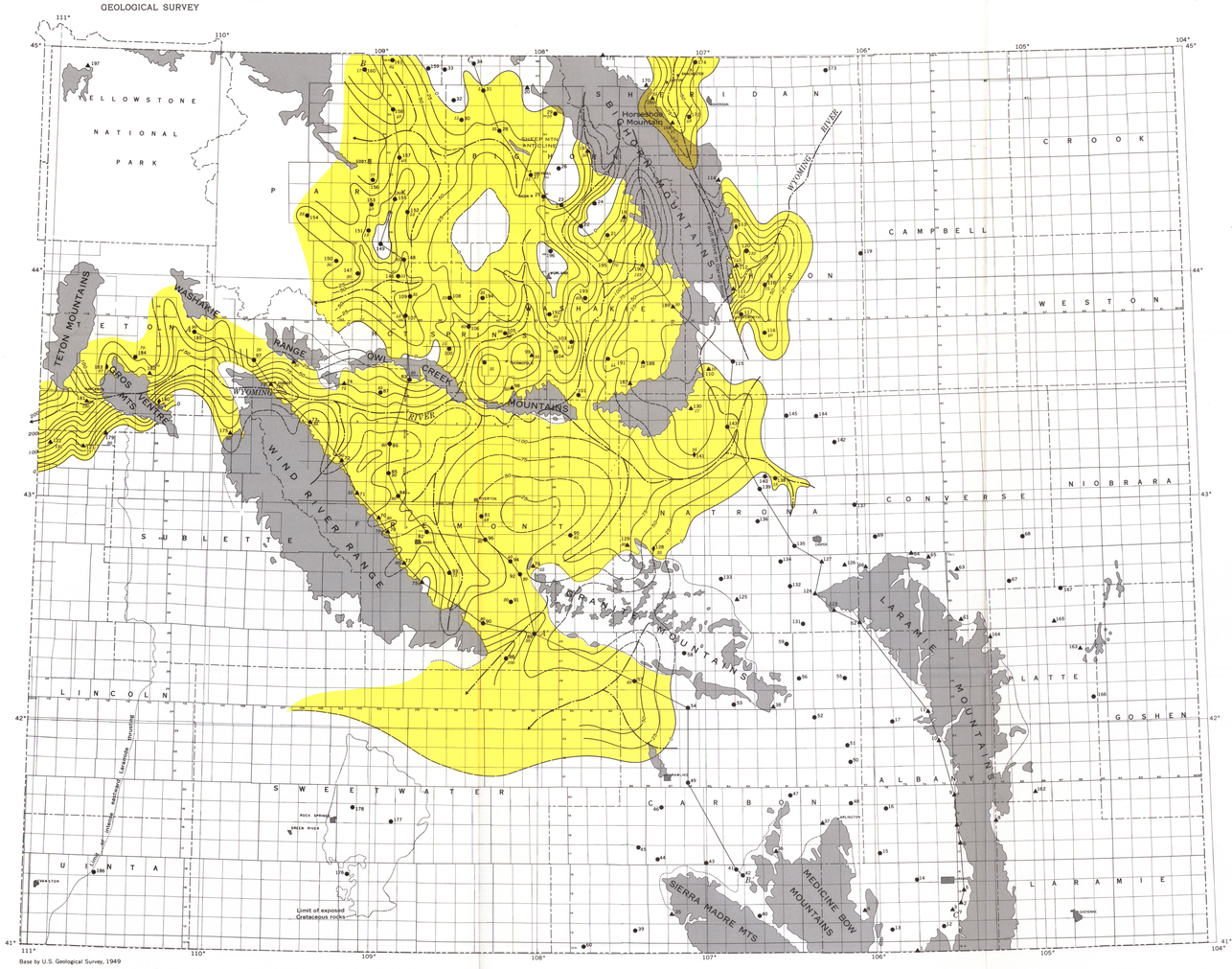
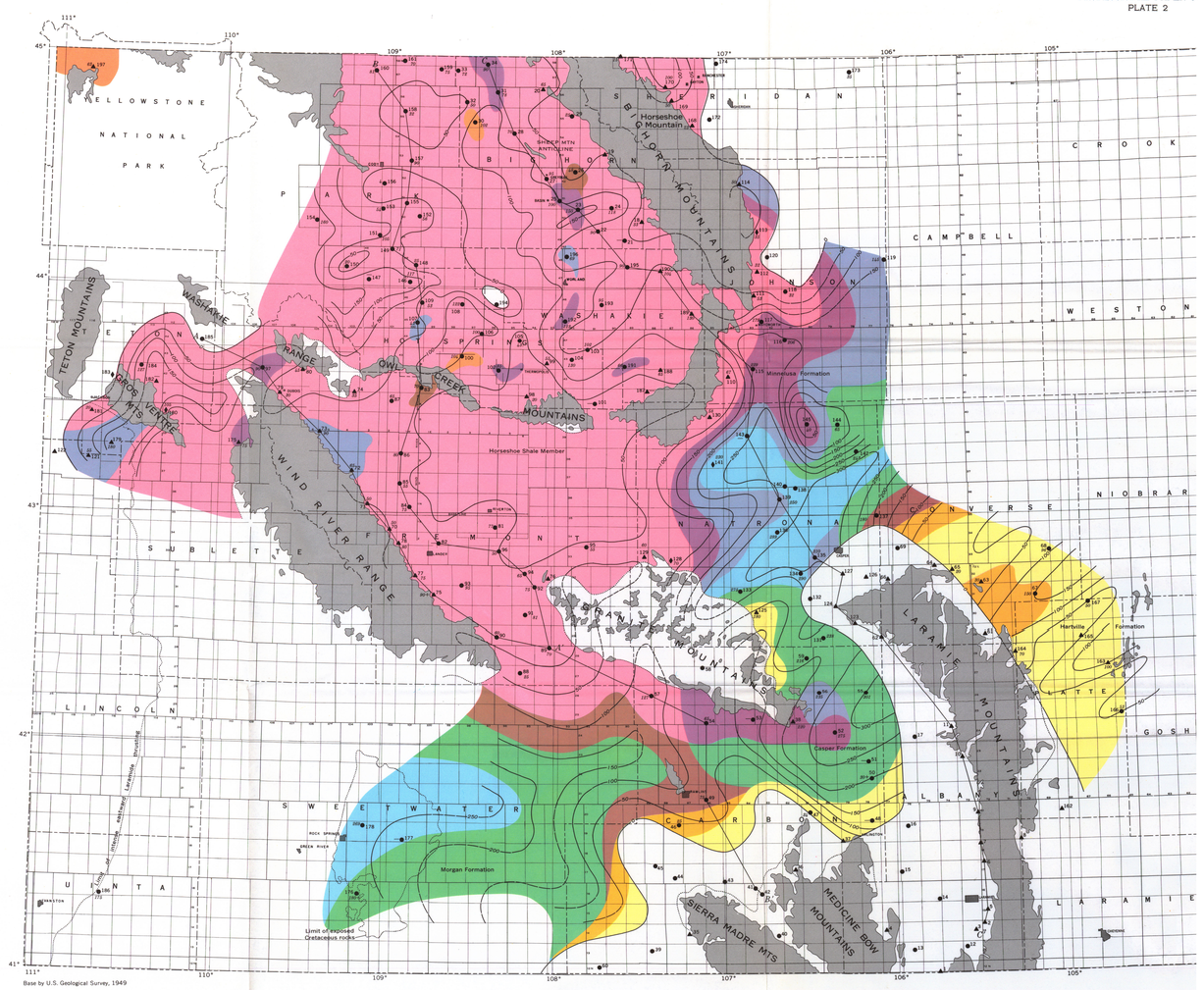
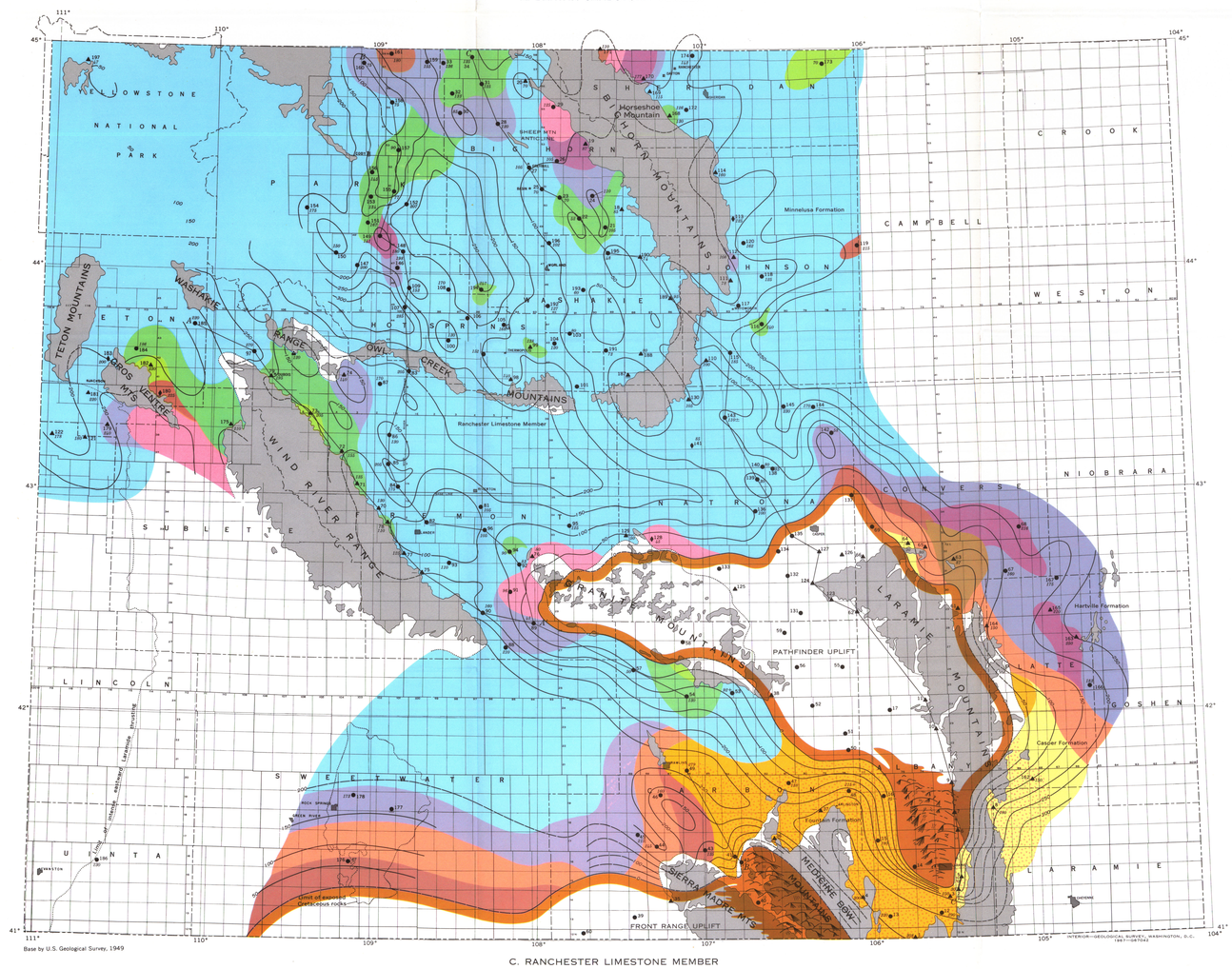


A. DARWIN SANDSTONE MEMBER



B. HORSESHOE SHALE MEMBER



C. RANCHESTER LIMESTONE MEMBER

EXPLANATION

LITHOLOGY

- Sandstone
- Arkosic sandstone
- Arkosic shaly sandstone
- Shaly sandstone
- Calcareous sandstone
- Calcareous shaly sandstone
- Shale
- Sandy shale
- Calcareous sandy shale
- Calcareous shale
- Carbonate rock
- Sandy carbonate rock
- Shaly carbonate rock

200 — Isopach

Dashed where control is distant; short dashed where thickness is restored across present-day uplifts and mountains. Interval 25 or 50 feet

Subsurface 16 / 27 — Surface 175 — Composite 183 / 200

Sections

Roman number (1) designates well or surface section listed in text table. Italic number (250) is thickness, in feet, of mapped unit. Dash (—) indicates information not available. Composite sections were derived from two or more adjacent wells or surface sections

Outcrop of pre-Pennsylvanian rocks

Probable limit of Pennsylvanian strata beneath Tertiary cover

Limit of uplift in existence at time of deposition of mapped unit and restored interpretation of highland areas

Postulated river courses developed on Madison Limestone prior to deposition of Darwin Sandstone Member (Map A)

A ——— A′ Line of geologic section
Shown on plate 1

MAPS SHOWING EXTENT, THICKNESS, AND LITHOLOGY OF MEMBERS OF THE AMSDEN FORMATION OF MISSISSIPPIAN AND PENNSYLVANIAN AGE, AND CORRELATIVE FORMATIONS IN THE MIDDLE ROCKY MOUNTAIN REGION

SCALE 1:1 000 000

25 0 25 50 75 100 MILES

25 0 25 50 75 100 KILOMETERS

INTERIOR—GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, WASHINGTON, D.C.
1957—51067(5)