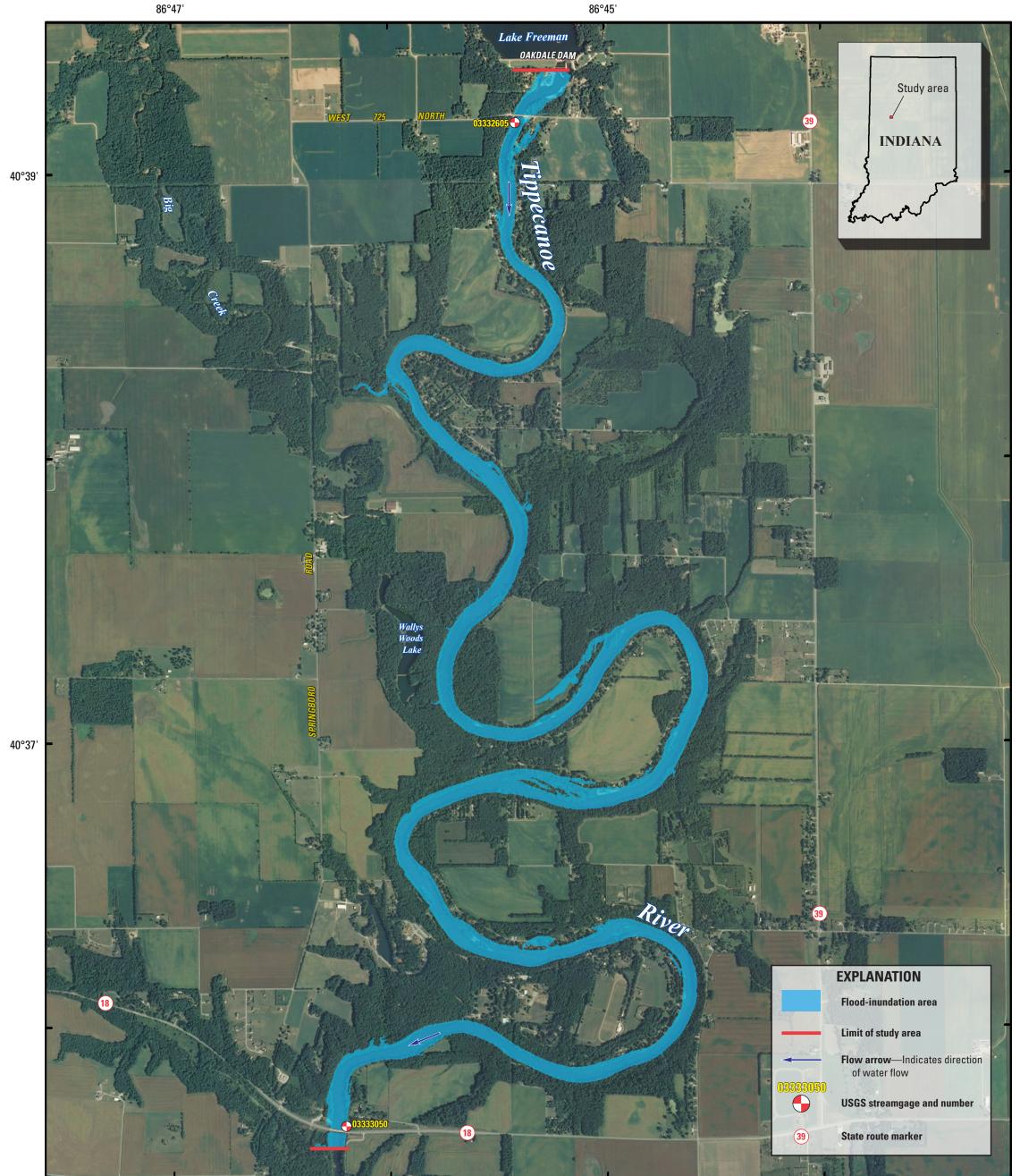


U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey

Prepared in cooperation with the **Indiana Department of Transportation**

Scientific Investigations Map 3243 Sheet 5 of 13 Pamphlet accompanies map



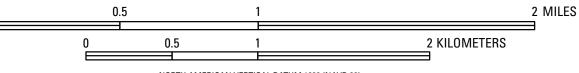
UNCERTAINTIES AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE OF FLOOD-INUNDATION MAPS

Although the flood-inundation maps represent the boundaries of inundated areas with a distinct line, some uncertainty is associated with these maps. The flood boundaries shown were estimated based on water stages (water-surface elevations) and streamflows at selected USGS streamgages. Water-surface elevations along the stream reaches were estimated by steady-state hydraulic modeling, assuming unobstructed flow, and using streamgage(s). The hydraulic model reflects the land-cover characteristics and any bridge, dam, levee, or other hydraulic structures existing as of December 2011. Unique meteorological factors (timing and distribution of precipitation) may cause actual streamflows along the modeled reach to vary from those assumed during a flood, which may lead to deviations in the water-surface elevations and inundation boundaries shown. Additional areas may be flooded due to unanticipated conditions such as: changes in the streambed elevation or roughness, backwater from localized debris or ice jams. The accuracy of the floodwater extent portrayed on these maps will vary with the accuracy of the digital elevation model used to simulate the land surface. Additional uncertainties and limitations pertinent to this study are described in the document accompanying this set of flood inundation map plates.

If this series of flood-inundation maps will be used in conjunction with National Weather Service (NWS) river forecasts, the user should be aware of additional uncertainties that may be inherent or factored into NWS forecast procedures. The NWS uses forecast models to estimate the quantity and timing of water flowing through selected stream reaches in the United States. These forecast models (1) estimate the amount of runoff generated by precipitation and snowmelt, (2) simulate the movement of floodwater as it proceeds downstream, and (3) predict the flow and stage (water-surface elevation) for the stream at a given location (AHPS forecast point) throughout the forecast period (every 6 hours and 3 to 5 days out in many locations). For more information on AHPS forecasts, please see: http://water.weather.gov/ahps/pcpn_and_river_forecasting.pdf.

DISCLAIMER

Inundated areas shown should not be used for navigation, regulatory, permitting, or other legal purposes. The USGS provides these maps "as-is" for a quick reference, emergency planning tool but assumes no legal liability or responsibility resulting from the use of this information.



NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM 1988 (NAVD 88)

Publishing support provided by: Columbus Publishing Service Center Manuscript approved for publication January 9, 2013.

For more information concerning this publication, contact: Director, Indiana Water Science Center U.S. Geological Survey 5957 Lakeside Blvd. Indianapolis, IN 46278 (317) 290-3333

Or visit the Indiana Water Science Center Web site at: http://in.water.usgs.gov/

This report is available at: http://pubs.usgs.gov/sim/3243/.

Any use of trade, product, or firm names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.

This and other USGS information products are available at: http://store.usgs.gov/ U.S. Geological Survey, Box 25286 Denver Federal Center, Denver, CO 80225

To learn about the USGS and its information products visit http://www.usgs.gov/ 1-888-ASK-USGS

Projection: Transverse Mercator Horizontal coordinate information is referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 Orthophotography from Indiana Spatial Data Portal, National Agriculture Imagery Program 2010, available at http://gis.iu.edu/

Suggested citation.

Menke C.D., Bunch, A.R. and Kim, M.H., 2013, Flood-inundation maps for the Tippecanoe River near Delphi, Indiana: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Map 3243, 13 sheets, 9-p. pamphlet, http://pubs.usgs.gov/sim/3243/.

Flood-Inundation Map for the Tippecanoe River near Delphi, Indiana, **Corresponding to a Stage of 10.00 Feet and an Elevation of 544.66 Feet (NAVD88)** at the U.S. Geological Survey Streamgage 03333050 on the Tippecanoe River

By

Chad D. Menke, Aubrey R. Bunch, and Moon H. Kim

2013