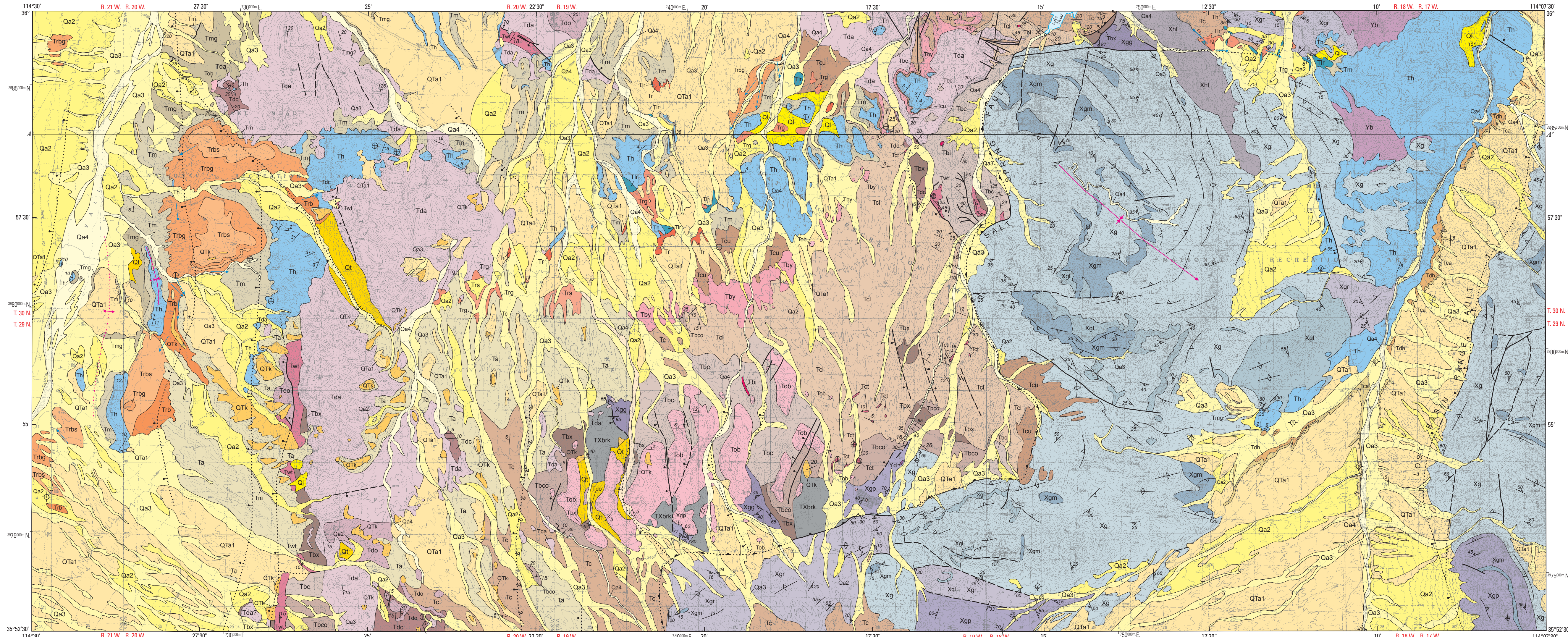




Base from U.S. Geological Survey, Garnet Mountain NW,
Senator Mountain NE, Senator Mountain NW, 1989, 1:25,000
Transverse Mercator projection, 1927 North American Datum

APPROXIMATE MEAN
DECLINATION, 2017

SCALE 1:50 000
0 3000 6000 9000 12000 15000 18000 21000 FEET
0 2 4 6 KILOMETERS
CONTOUR INTERVAL 40 FEET

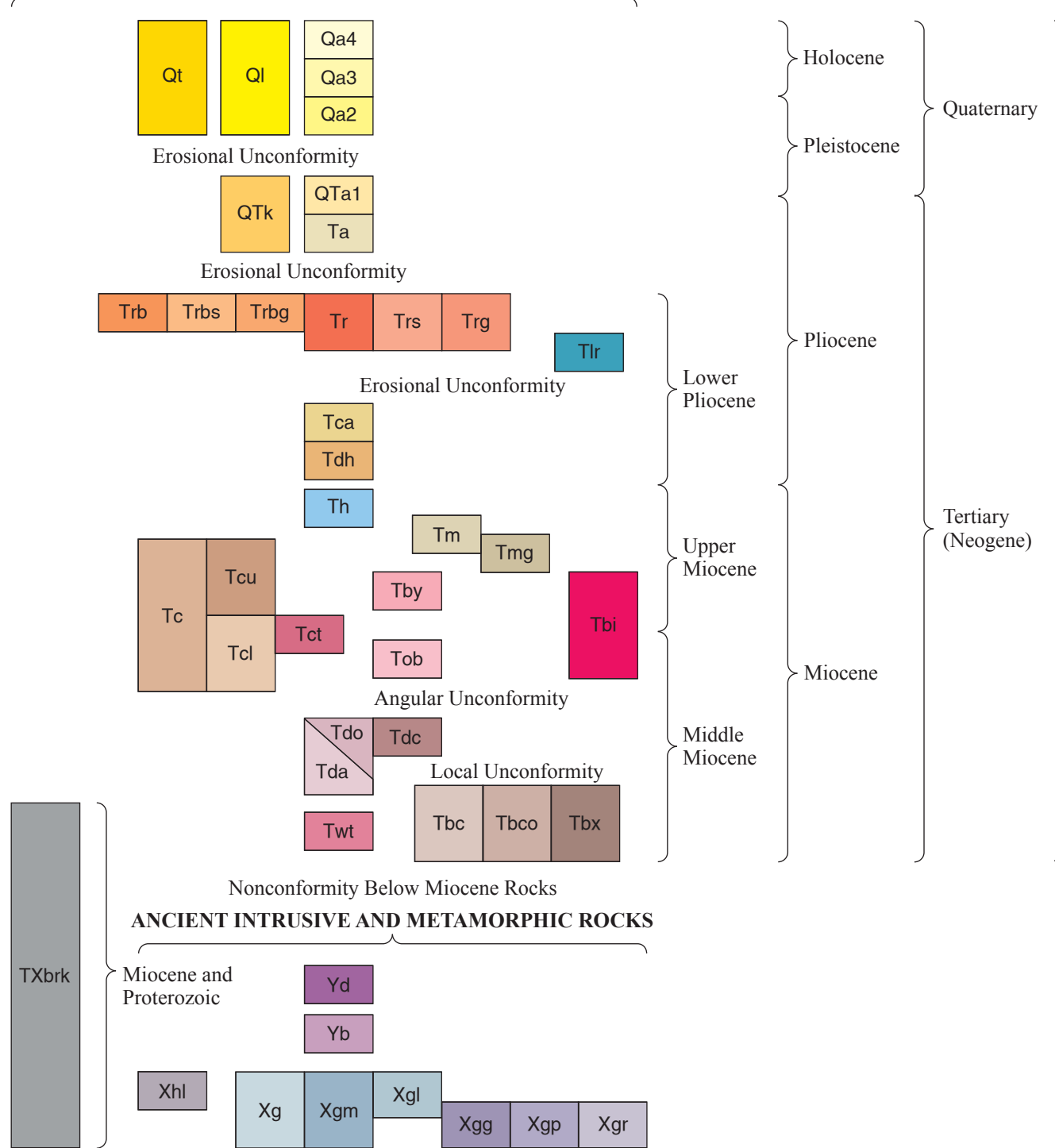
MAP LOCATION
ARIZONA

Geology mapped by K.A. Howard, 1997–2009, and S.C. Lundstrom, 1987. Assisted
by Zach Anderson, 2008. Includes selected structural data from Lucchitta (1986),
Blackett (1976), Laney (1978a,b), Cascadden (1991), Duebendorfer and Sharp
(1980), Blythe and others (2010), and Anderson and others (2013).
GIS database and digital cartography by S.S. Priest and Debra L. Block.
Edited by Taryn A. Lundquist; digital cartographic production by Kathryn Nimz.
Manuscript approved for publication November 21, 2016.

CORRELATION OF MAP UNITS

[See Description of Map Units (in pamphlet) for precise unit ages]

SEDIMENTARY AND VOLCANIC ROCKS AND DEPOSITS



LIST OF MAP UNITS

[See Description of Map Units (in pamphlet) for complete unit descriptions]

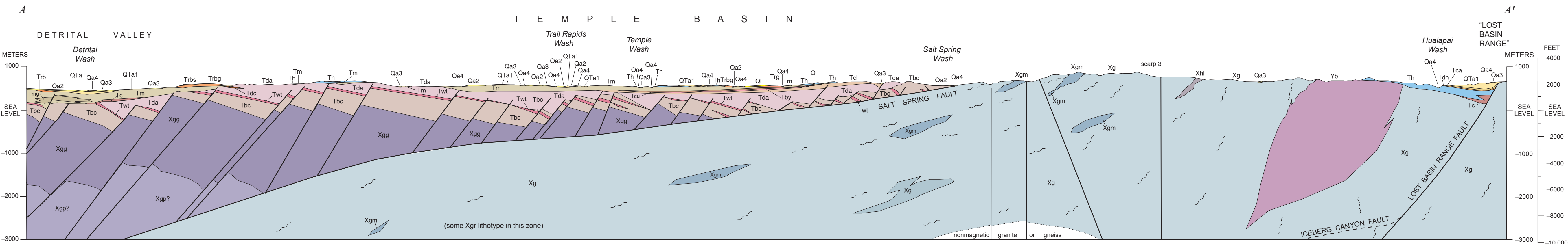
SEDIMENTARY AND VOLCANIC ROCKS AND DEPOSITS	
Qt	Talus deposits (Quaternary)
Ql	Landslide and colluvium deposits (Quaternary)
Qa4	Piedmont alluvium
Qa3	Youngest alluvium (Holocene)
Qa2	Younger alluvium (Holocene)
Qa1	Intermediate-age alluvium (Pleistocene)
Qtk	Calcrete (Pleistocene and Pliocene)
Qta1	Old piedmont alluvial deposits
Ta	Old alluvium (Pleistocene and Pliocene)
Ta	Older alluvium (Pliocene)
CENOZOIC	
Tb	Bullhead Alluvium
Tbs	Bullhead Alluvium, undivided
Tbg	Sand
Tr	Gravel
Trs	River deposits of uncertain stratigraphic position
Trg	River deposits, undivided
Tl	Limestone-block rubble (lower Pliocene)
Tca	Cemented alluvial conglomerate of White Elephant Wash (lower Pliocene)
Tdh	Deposits of Hualapai Wash (lower Pliocene)
Th	Hualapai Limestone (upper Miocene)
Tm	Muddy Creek Formation(?) (upper Miocene)
Tmg	Mudstone
Tm	Gypsum
MESOPROTEROZOIC	
Yd	Diabase (Mesoproterozoic)
Yb	Granite of Burro Spring (Mesoproterozoic)
PALEOPROTEROZOIC	
Xhl	Leucogranite of Greeds Hideout (Paleoproterozoic)
Xg	Gneiss, undivided (Paleoproterozoic)
Xgm	Mafic and quartz-poor gneiss
Xgl	Leucogranitic gneiss
Xgg	Paragneiss, garnet fresh
Xgp	Paragneiss, garnet partly retrograded
Xgr	Paragneiss, garnet retrograded

Tc	Conglomerate, undivided (upper and middle Miocene)
Tcu	Upper conglomerate (upper Miocene)
Tcl	Lower conglomerate (upper and middle Miocene)
Tct	Tephra bed(s) (Miocene)
Tby	Young olivine basalt (upper Miocene)
Tob	Olivine basalt (middle Miocene)
Tbi	Intrusive basalt (Miocene)
Tda	Basaltic andesite
Tdo	Olivine-pyroxene basalt
Tdc	Volcanic-clast conglomerate
Tbc	Sedimentary breccia and conglomerate, undivided (middle Miocene)
Tbco	Old conglomerate
Tbx	Megabreccia
Twt	Welded tuff (middle Miocene)
TXbrk	Breccia, conglomerate, granite, and gneiss, undivided (Miocene and Proterozoic)
ANCIENT INTRUSIVE AND METAMORPHIC ROCKS	
Yd	Diabase (Mesoproterozoic)
Yb	Granite of Burro Spring (Mesoproterozoic)
Xhl	Leucogranite of Greeds Hideout (Paleoproterozoic)
Xg	Gneiss, undivided (Paleoproterozoic)
Xgm	Mafic and quartz-poor gneiss
Xgl	Leucogranitic gneiss
Xgg	Paragneiss, garnet fresh
Xgp	Paragneiss, garnet partly retrograded
Xgr	Paragneiss, garnet retrograded

EXPLANATION OF MAP SYMBOLS

[Faults and folds are solid where location is certain; dashed where location is inferred; dotted where location is concealed. Queries added where identity or existence may be questionable]

- Contact**—Solid where location is certain
- Faults**
 - Normal fault**—Bar and ball on downthrown side. Showing dip where known
 - Low-angle normal fault**—Half-circles on upper plate
 - Folds**—Showing trace of axial surface and direction of plunge where appropriate
 - Anticline**
 - Syncline**
 - Synform**
- Strike and dip of bedding and volcanic layering**
 - Inclined**—Showing dip where known
 - Horizontal**
- Strike and dip of foliation**—Metamorphic or tectonic foliation in gneiss; compaction foliation in welded tuff
 - Inclined**—Showing dip where known
 - Horizontal**
 - Vertical**
- Slickenlines**—Showing trend and plunge
- Form lines on lithologic layering**—Showing dip direction or verticality as interpreted from aerial imagery
 - Inclined**
 - Vertical**
- Form line showing general orientation of metamorphic or tectonic foliation in cross section**
- Drill hole**—Approximate location (see table 1)
- Fluvial current direction**—From imbrication and crossbedding in ancestral Colorado River deposits



Geologic Map of the Northern White Hills, Mohave County, Arizona

By
Keith A. Howard, Susan S. Priest, Scott C. Lundstrom, and Debra L. Block
2017

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Digital files available at <https://doi.org/10.3133/sim3372>
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