

Figure 1. Location of the study area relative to the State of Texas, Bandera and Kendall Counties, the surficial extent of the rocks that contain the Edwards and Trinity aquifers, and the surficial extent of the Balcones fault zone (modified from fig. 2 in Barker and Ardis [1996]).

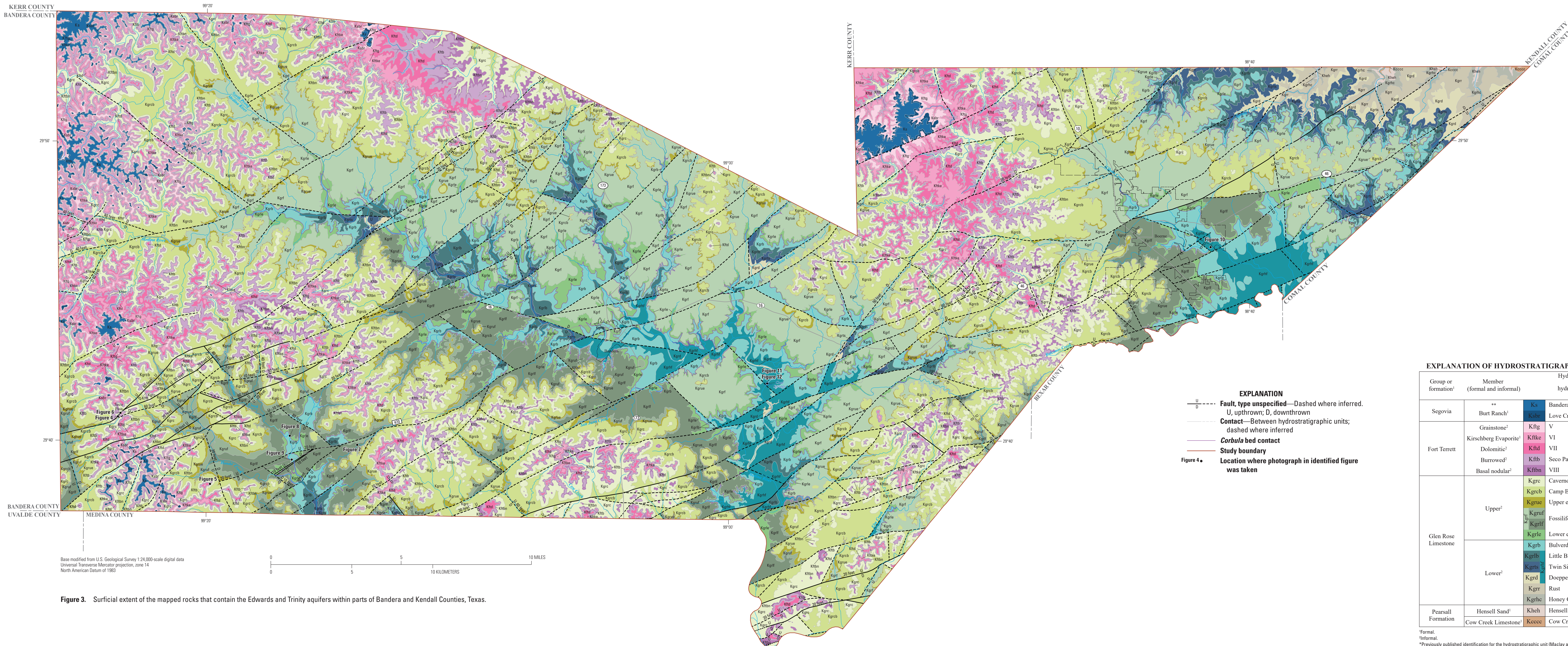


Figure 3. Surficial extent of the mapped rocks that contain the Edwards and Trinity aquifers within parts of Bandera and Kendall Counties, Texas.



Figure 4. High-angle fault juxtaposing the Glen Rose Limestone of the Trinity Group (left side of photograph) against the basal nodular member (right side of photograph) of the Fort Terrell Formation along Highway 470, Bandera County, Texas (fig. 1) (lat 29°40'49" N, long 99°23'23" W; photograph by Allan K. Clark, U.S. Geological Survey, December 17, 2021).



Figure 5. Appreciable fracture with lateral separation in the burrowed member of the Fort Terrell Formation south of Highway 470, Bandera County, Texas (fig. 1) (lat 29°40'59" N, long 99°19'48" W; photograph by Allan K. Clark, U.S. Geological Survey, January 1, 2022).



Figure 6. Open burrows within the Seco Pass hydrostratigraphic unit of the Edwards aquifer, Seco Pass, Bandera County, Texas (fig. 1) (lat 29°38'59" N, long 99°22'17" W; photograph by Allan K. Clark, U.S. Geological Survey, December 12, 2021).



Figure 7. Pond created by dammed springflow from the lower evaporite hydrostratigraphic unit along Commissioners Creek near Tarpley, Bandera County, Texas (fig. 1) (lat 29°28'19" N, long 99°15'18" W; photograph by Allan K. Clark, U.S. Geological Survey, October 27, 2021).



Figure 8. Bedrock porosity in the lower evaporite hydrostratigraphic unit of the upper zone of the Trinity aquifer, located in Williams Creek north of Tarpley, Bandera County, Texas (fig. 1) (lat 29°40'12" N, long 99°16'48" W; photograph by Allan K. Clark, U.S. Geological Survey, March 22, 2022).



Figure 9. Outcrop of the Bulverde hydrostratigraphic unit in the middle zone of the Trinity aquifer, Tarpley, Bandera County, Texas (fig. 1) (lat 29°28'24" N, long 99°16'44" W; photograph by Allan K. Clark, U.S. Geological Survey, April 26, 2022).



Figure 10. Entire base flow of Cibola Creek entering sinkhole in the Herff Falls hydrostratigraphic unit of the middle zone of the Trinity aquifer, Cibola Center for Conservation, Boerne, Kendall County, Texas (fig. 1) (lat 29°46'29" N, long 98°41'31" W; photograph by Allan K. Clark, U.S. Geological Survey, May 5, 2021).



Figure 11. Medina River and water issuing from the Herff Falls hydrostratigraphic unit of the middle zone of the Trinity aquifer through Coal Springs, Bandera County, Texas (fig. 1) (lat 28°41'57" N, long 98°38'21" W; photograph by Allan K. Clark, U.S. Geological Survey, May 5, 2021).



Figure 12. Mudstone porosity associated with corals and rudists in the Herff Falls hydrostratigraphic unit of the middle zone of the Trinity aquifer adjacent to the Medina River near Coal Springs, Bandera County, Texas (fig. 1) (lat 28°41'57" N, long 98°38'21" W; photograph by Allan K. Clark, U.S. Geological Survey, May 5, 2021).

EXPLANATION OF HYDROSTRATIGRAPHIC UNITS		
Group or formation ¹	Member (formal and informal)	Hydrologic unit or informal hydrostratigraphic unit ²
Segovia	Burr Ranch ³	Burra***
	Grainstone ²	Love Creek***
Fort Terrell	Kirschberg Evaporite	Kife VI
	Dolomite ²	Kife VII
Glen Rose Limestone	Seco Pass	Seco Pass
	Basal nodular ²	Basal nodular ²
Upper?	Cavernous	Cavernous
	Camp Bullis	Camp Bullis
Lower?	Upper evaporite	Upper evaporite
	Fossiliferous	Fossiliferous
Pearall Formation	Hensell Sand ⁴	Hensell
	Cow Creek Limestone	Cow Creek

¹Formal.
²Informal.
³Previously published identification for the hydrostratigraphic unit (Maclay and Small, 1976; Clark and others, 2008; Blome and Clark, 2014), except where otherwise noted.
⁴Not further subdivided.
⁵Informal hydrostratigraphic unit name that has not been published previously.

Geologic framework			Hydrostratigraphy			Hydrostratigraphy				
Period	Epoch	Formation (formal and informal)	Lithology	Map abbreviation and state	Hydrologic unit	Hydrostratigraphic unit	Thickness (ft in the study area, in feet)	Hydrologic function	Porosity type	Field identification and observations
Permian	Permian	Segovia	Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-300	Aquifer	BU, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Shells in horizontal bedded sandstone and shale. Evidence of lateral gradational change between the Permian and Segovia.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms lenses on hills, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
Cretaceous	Cretaceous	Segovia	Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-300	Aquifer	BU, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Shells in horizontal bedded sandstone and shale. Evidence of lateral gradational change between the Permian and Cretaceous.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms lenses on hills, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
Early Cretaceous	Early Cretaceous	Segovia	Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-300	Aquifer	BU, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Shells in horizontal bedded sandstone and shale. Evidence of lateral gradational change between the Permian and Early Cretaceous.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms lenses on hills, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
Late Cretaceous	Late Cretaceous	Segovia	Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-300	Aquifer	BU, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Shells in horizontal bedded sandstone and shale. Evidence of lateral gradational change between the Permian and Late Cretaceous.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms lenses on hills, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Burr Ranch ³	TX	Basin***	Basin***	20-30	Aquifer	FL, MD, BU, CV, BP, CV, CV	Often forms gray to white layers, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.
			Grainstone ²	TX	Love Creek***	Love Creek***	20-30	Confining	FL, MD	Usually forms for terraces, where sandstone is visible in aerial photographs.

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⁴Not further subdivided.
⁵Informal hydrostratigraphic unit name that has not been published previously.

Figure 2. Summary of the geologic framework and hydrostratigraphy of the Edwards and Trinity aquifers within parts of Bandera and Kendall Counties, Texas. Chart modified from Clark and others (2016a, b, 2018, 2020). Period, Epoch, group, formation, members, and lithology modified from Maclay (1945), Whitney (1952), Looz and Stricklin (1956), Stricklin and others (1971), Rose (1972), Ambrose (1974), Clark and others (2009), Wierman and others (2010), Clark and others (2014), Blome and Clark (2014), U.S. Geological Survey (2022). *Orbitolina minuta* (Douglas, 1960), *Orbitolina texana* (Roemer, 1852), Loucks and Kerans (2003); aquifers from Maclay and Small (1976), Ashworth (1983); hydrostratigraphic units from Rose (1972), Maclay and Small (1976), Stein and Ozuna (1995), Clark (2003, 2004), Clark and others (2009), Blome and Clark (2014), Wierman and others (2010), Clark and others (2014, 2023); hydrogeologic function modified from outcrop measurements. Porosity types adapted from Choquette and Pray (1970): Fabric selective: IP, interparticle porosity; IG, intergranular porosity; IC, intercrystalline porosity; SH, shelter porosity; MD, moldic porosity; BU, burrow porosity; FE, fenestral porosity; BP, bedding plane porosity. Non-fabric selective: FR, fracture porosity; CH, channel porosity; BR, breccia porosity; VUG, vug porosity; CV, cave porosity. BRBS, black rotund bodies.