

OK RT

SCOUR ANALYSIS AND REPORTING FORM

Bridge Structure No. 20176170 Date 8/1/12 Initials Rat Region (A B C D)
Site Location 7 mi E + 0.9 mi S of Clear Lake on 483 Ave
Q100 = 2920 by: drainage area ratio flood freq. anal. regional regression eq. X
Bridge discharge (Q2) = 2920 (should be Q100 unless there is a relief bridge, road overflow, or bridge overtopping)

Analytical Procedure for Estimating Hydraulic Variables Needed to Apply Method

Bridge Width = 85 ft. Flow angle at bridge = 15 degrees Abut. Skew = 0 degrees Effective Skew = 15 degrees
Width (W2) iteration =

Avg. flow depth at bridge, y2 iteration =

Corrected channel width at bridge Section = W2 times cos of flow angle = 82.1 ft* q2 = Q2/W2 = 35.6 ft^2/s

Bridge Vel, V2 = 4.2 ft/s Final y2 = q2/V2 = 8.4 ft Delta h = 0.4 ft

Average main channel depth at approach section, y1 = Delta h + y2 = 8.8 ft

* NOTE: repeat above calculations until y2 changes by less than 0.2 Effective pier width = L sin(q) + a cos(q)
If y2 is above LS, then account for Road Overflow using PRGM: RDOVREGA, RDOVREGB, RDOVREGC, or RDOVREGD.

Water Surface Elev. = 0-0.7 ft
Low Steel Elev. = 9.8 ft
n (Channel) = 0.043
n (LOB) = 0.033
n (ROB) = 0.060
Pier Width = 1.65 ft
Pier Length = 1.65 ft
Piers for 100 yr = 3



CONTRACTION SCOUR

Width of main channel at approach section W1 = 85 ft
Width of left overbank flow at approach, Wlob = 0 ft Average left overbank flow depth, ylob = 0 ft
Width of right overbank flow at approach, Wrob = 85 ft Average right overbank flow depth, yrob = 4.8 ft

Live Bed Contraction Scour (use if bed material is small cobbles or finer)
x = 3.59 From Figure 9 W2 (effective) = 77.2 ft ycs = 4.2 ft

Clear Water Contraction Scour (use if bed material is larger than small cobbles)
Estimated bed material D50 = ft Average approach velocity, V1 = Q100/(y1 W1) = ft/s
Critical approach velocity, Vc = 11.17 y1^(1/6) D50^(1/3) = ft/s
If V1 < Vc and D50 >= 0.2 ft, use clear water equation below, otherwise use live bed scour equation above.
Dc50 = 0.0006 (q2/y1^(7/6))^3 = ft If D50 >= Dc50, chi = 0.0
Otherwise, chi = 0.122 y1 [q2 / (D50^(1/3) y1^(7/6))]^(6/7) - y1 = From Figure 10, ycs = ft

PIER SCOUR CALCULATIONS

L/a ratio = 1 Correction factor for flow angle of attack (from Table 1), K2 = 1
Froude # at bridge = 0.26 Using pier width a on Figure 11, xi = 6.9 Pier scour yps = 5.6 ft

ABUTMENT SCOUR CALCULATIONS

Average flow depth blocked by: left abutment, yalT = 0 ft right abutment, yarT = 4.8 ft
Shape coefficient K1 = 1.00 for vertical-wall, 0.82 for vertical-wall with wingwalls, 0.55 for spill-through
Using values for yalT and yarT on figure 12, psiLT = 0 and psiRT = 14.7
Left abutment scour, yas = psiLT (K1/0.55) = 0 ft Right abutment scour yas = psiRT (K1/0.55) = 14.7 ft

PGRM: "RegionA", "RegionB", "RegionC", or "RegionD"

PGRM: Contract

PGRM: CWC/SNEW

PGRM: Pier

PGRM: Abutment

SCOUR ANALYSIS AND REPORTING FORM

Bridge Structure No. 20170170 Date 8/1/12 Initials RAT Region (A B C D) C
 Site _____ Location 7 mi E + 0.9 mi S of Clear Lake on 483 Av.
 $Q_{500} =$ 4600 by: drainage area ratio _____ flood freq. anal. _____ regional regression eq. X
 Bridge discharge (Q_2) = 3961 (should be Q_{500} unless there is a relief bridge, road overflow, or bridge overtopping)

Analytical Procedure for Estimating Hydraulic Variables Needed to Apply Method

Bridge Width = 85 ft. Flow angle at bridge = 15 ° Abut. Skew = 0 ° Effective Skew = 15 °

Width (W_2) iteration = _____

Avg. flow depth at bridge, y_2 iteration = _____

Corrected channel width at bridge Section = W_2 times cos of flow angle = 82.1 ft* $q_2 = Q_2/W_2 =$ 48.2 ft²/s

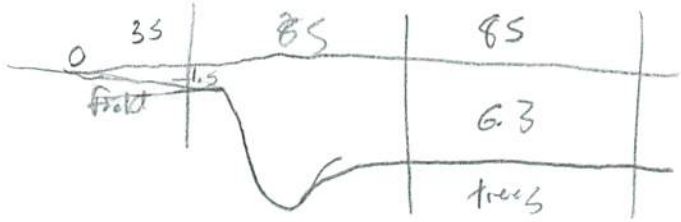
Bridge Vel, $V_2 =$ 4.9 ft/s Final $y_2 = q_2/V_2 =$ 9.5 ft $\Delta h =$ 0.5 ft

Average main channel depth at approach section, $y_1 = \Delta h + y_2 =$ 10.3 ft

* NOTE: repeat above calculations until y_2 changes by less than 0.2 Effective pier width = $L \sin(q) + a \cos(q)$

If y_2 is above LS, then account for Road Overflow using PRGM: RDOVREGA, RDOVREGB, RDOVREGC, or RDOVREGD,

Water Surface Elev. = 0-0.7 ft
 Low Steel Elev. = 9.8 ft
 n (Channel) = 1.045
 n (LOB) = 0.035
 n (ROB) = 0.060
 Pier Width = 1.65 ft
 Pier Length = 1.65 ft
 # Piers for 500 yr = 3 ft



CONTRACTION SCOUR

Width of main channel at approach section $W_1 =$ 85 ft
 Width of left overbank flow at approach, $W_{lob} =$ 35 ft Average left overbank flow depth, $y_{lob} =$ 0.9 ft
 Width of right overbank flow at approach, $W_{rob} =$ 85 ft Average right overbank flow depth, $y_{rob} =$ 6.3 ft

Live Bed Contraction Scour (use if bed material is small cobbles or finer)
 $x =$ 4.88 From Figure 9 W_2 (effective) = 77.2 ft $y_{cs} =$ 5.6 ft

Clear Water Contraction Scour (use if bed material is larger than small cobbles)
 Estimated bed material $D_{50} =$ _____ ft Average approach velocity, $V_1 = Q_{500}/(y_1 W_1) =$ _____ ft/s
 Critical approach velocity, $V_c = 1.17 y_1^{1/6} D_{50}^{1/3} =$ _____ ft/s
 If $V_1 < V_c$ and $D_{50} >= 0.2$ ft, use clear water equation below, otherwise use live bed scour equation above.
 $D_{c50} = 0.0006 (q_2/y_1^{7/6})^3 =$ _____ ft If $D_{50} >= D_{c50}$, $\chi = 0.0$
 Otherwise, $\chi = 0.122 y_1 [q_2 / (D_{50}^{1/3} y_1^{7/6})]^{6/7} - y_1 =$ _____ From Figure 10, $y_{cs} =$ _____ ft

PIER SCOUR CALCULATIONS

L/a ratio = 1 Correction factor for flow angle of attack (from Table 1), $K_2 =$ 1
 Froude # at bridge = 0.28 Using pier width a on Figure 11, $\xi =$ 6.9 Pier scour $y_{ps} =$ 5.7 ft

ABUTMENT SCOUR CALCULATIONS

Average flow depth blocked by: left abutment, $y_{aLT} =$ 0.8 ft right abutment, $y_{aRT} =$ 6.3 ft
 Shape coefficient $K_1 =$ 1.00 for vertical-wall, 0.82 for vertical-wall with wingwalls, 0.55 for spill-through
 Using values for y_{aLT} and y_{aRT} on figure 12, $\psi_{LT} =$ 0.4 3.5 and $\psi_{RT} =$ 17.3
 Left abutment scour, $y_{as} = \psi_{LT}(K_1/0.55) =$ 0.4 ft Right abutment scour $y_{as} = \psi_{RT}(K_1/0.55) =$ 17.3 ft
3.5

PRGM: "RegionA", "RegionB", "RegionC", or "RegionD"

PRGM: Contract

PRGM: CWCSNEW

PRGM: Pie

PRGM: Abutment

96.5413
44.73319

44° 43' 59.424"
96° 32' 28.625"

Route 483 A Stream Cobb CK MRM _____ Date 8/1/12 Initials RAT
 Bridge Structure No. 20170170 Location 7mi E + 0.9 mi S of Clear Lake on 483 Ave
 GPS coordinates: N 44° 43' 58.8" taken from: USL abutment centerline of \uparrow MRM end _____
W 96° 32' 28.6" Datum of coordinates: WGS84 NAD27 _____

Drainage area = 42.74 sq. mi.
 The average bottom of the main channel was 13.1 ft below top of guardrail at a point 57 ft from left abutment.
 Method used to determine flood flows: ___ Freq. Anal. ___ drainage area ratio regional regression equations.

MISCELLANEOUS CONSIDERATIONS

Flows	Q ₁₀₀ = <u>2920</u>			Q ₅₀₀ = <u>4600</u>		
Estimated flow passing through bridge	<u>2920</u>			<u>3961</u>		
Estimated road overflow & overtopping	<u>0</u>			<u>639</u>		
Consideration	Yes	No	Possibly	Yes	No	Possibly
Chance of overtopping		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Chance of Pressure flow		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Armored appearance to channel		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Lateral instability of channel		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

713
8723
 2 | 254
 5 | 680
 10 | 1080
 25 | 1730
 50 | 2290
 100 | 2920
 500 | 4600

Riprap at abutments? Yes ___ No ___ Marginal *- top of abutment exposed*
 Evidence of past Scour? Yes ___ No ___ Don't know *minor pier/contraction*
 Debris Potential? ___ High ___ Med ___ Low

Does scour countermeasure(s) appear to have been designed?
 Riprap ___ Yes No ___ Don't know ___ NA
 Spur Dike ___ Yes No ___ Don't know ___ NA
 Other ___ Yes No ___ Don't know ___ NA

Bed Material Classification Based on Median Particle Size (D₅₀)

Material Silt/Clay Sand ___ Gravel Cobbles ___ Boulders ___
 Size range, in mm <0.062 0.062-2.00 2.00-64 64-250 >250

Comments, Diagrams & orientation of digital photos
 1). left ab. 10). main channel
 2). main channel
 3). right ab.
 4-5). right abutment
 6). pier
 7-8). left abutment
 9). pier scour

Summary of Results

	Q ₁₀₀	Q ₅₀₀
Bridge flow evaluated	<u>2920</u>	<u>3961</u>
Flow depth at left abutment (yaLT), in feet	<u>0</u>	<u>0.8</u>
Flow depth at right abutment (yaRT), in feet	<u>4.8</u>	<u>6.3</u>
Contraction scour depth (yca), in feet	<u>4.2</u>	<u>5.6</u>
Pier scour depth (yp), in feet	<u>5.6</u>	<u>5.2</u>
Left abutment scour depth (yas), in feet	<u>0</u>	<u>3.5</u>
Right abutment scour depth (yas), in feet	<u>19.7</u>	<u>17.3</u>
IFlow angle of attack	<u>15</u>	<u>15</u>

See Comments/Diagram for justification where required