(Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, copper skarn, and tungsten skarn; J, Assessment tracts for porphyry copper, copper skarn, polymetallic vein, and tungsten skarn; K, Assessment tract for polymetallic replacement; L, Assessment tract for molybdenum-tungsten greisen; M, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; N, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver and polymetallic vein; O, Assessment tract for Climax-type porphyry molybdenum; P, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated silver-gold, polymetallic replacement, and polymetallic vein; Q, Assessment tract for multiple intrusion-related deposit types; R, Assessment tracts for volcanic massive sulfide (Besshi-subtype); S, Assessment tracts for Carlin-type gold (silver, mercury, antimony); T, Assessment tracts for lacustrine diatomite; and U, Assessment tracts for bedded barite.)
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Figure 31A–U. Figures showing assessment tracts for metallic locatable minerals and nonmetallic locatable minerals in the study area for the Southern Idaho and Northern Nevada Sagebrush Focal Area, Nevada, Idaho, and Utah (San Juan and others, 2016); U.S. Geological Survey; A, Assessment tracts for epithermal gold-silver (mercury); B, Assessment tract for hydrothermal volcanic-hosted uranium; C, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, porphyry copper, copper skarn, and arc-related porphyry molybdenum (low-fluorine); D, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver; E, Assessment tracts for polymetallic replacement, polymetallic vein, and tungsten vein; F, Assessment tracts for tungsten skarn and polymetallic vein; G, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated gold-silver, polymetallic vein and skarn; H, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; I, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, copper skarn, and tungsten skarn; J, Assessment tracts for porphyry copper, copper skarn, polymetallic vein, and tungsten skarn; K, Assessment tract for polymetallic replacement; L, Assessment tract for molybdenum-tungsten greisen; M, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; N, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver and polymetallic vein; O, Assessment tract for Climax-type porphyry molybdenum; P, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated silver-gold, polymetallic replacement, and polymetallic vein; Q, Assessment tract for multiple intrusion-related deposit types; R, Assessment tracts for volcanic-hosted massive sulfide (Besshi-subtype); S, Assessment tracts for Carlin-type gold (silver, mercury, antimony); T, Assessment tracts for lacustrine diatomite; and U, Assessment tracts for bedded barite. —Continued
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EXPLANATION
Assessment tract types—Polymetallic vein, Copper skarn, and Tungsten skarn

Base data
- USGS study area boundary
- USGS study area boundary (North-Central Idaho Study Area)
- Proposed withdrawal areas
- Proposed withdrawal additions
- State boundaries
- County boundaries

Figure 31A–U. Maps showing assessment tracts for metallic locatable minerals and nonmetallic locatable minerals in the study area for the Southern Idaho and Northern Nevada Sagebrush Focal Area, Nevada, Idaho, and Utah (San Juan and others, 2016); USGS, U.S. Geological Survey; A, Assessment tracts for epithermal gold-silver (mercury); B, Assessment tract for hydrothermal volcanic-hosted uranium; C, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, porphyry copper, copper skarn, and arc-related porphyry molybdenum (low-fluorine); D, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver; E, Assessment tracts for polymetallic replacement, polymetallic vein, and tungsten vein; F, Assessment tract for tungsten skarn and polymetallic vein; G, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated gold-silver, polymetallic vein and skarn; H, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; I, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, copper skarn, and tungsten skarn; J, Assessment tracts for porphyry copper, copper skarn, polymetallic vein, and tungsten skarn; K, Assessment tract for polymetallic replacement; L, Assessment tract for molybdenum-tungsten greisen; M, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; N, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver and polymetallic vein; O, Assessment tract for Climax-type porphyry molybdenum; P, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated silver-gold, polymetallic replacement, and polymetallic vein; Q, Assessment tract for multiple intrusion-related deposit types; R, Assessment tracts for volcanic-hosted massive sulfides (Bessele subtype); S, Assessment tracts for Carlin-type gold (silver, mercury, antimony); T, Assessment tracts for lacustrine diatomite; and U, Assessment tracts for bedded barite.—Continued
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**Figure 31A–U.** Maps showing assessment tracts for metallic locatable minerals and nonmetallic locatable minerals in the study area for the Southeastern Oregon and North-Central Nevada Sagebrush Focal Area, Nevada, Idaho, and Utah (San Juan and others, 2016); USGS, U.S. Geological Survey; A, Assessment tracts for epithermal gold-silver (mercury); B, Assessment tract for hydroallogenic volcanic-hosted uranium; C, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, porphyry copper, copper skarn, and arc-related porphyry molybdenum (low-fluorine); D, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver; E, Assessment tracts for polymetallic replacement, polymetallic vein, and tungsten vein; F, Assessment tracts for tungsten skarn and polymetallic vein; G, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated gold-silver, polymetallic vein and skarn; H, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; I, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, copper skarn, and tungsten skarn; J, Assessment tracts for porphyry copper, copper skarn, polymetallic vein, and tungsten skarn; K, Assessment tract for polymetallic replacement; L, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; M, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; N, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver and polymetallic vein; O, Assessment tract for Climax-type porphyry molybdenum; P, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated silver-gold, polymetallic replacement, and polymetallic vein; Q, Assessment tract for multiple intrusion-related deposit types; R, Assessment tracts for volcanogenic massive sulfide (Besshi-subtype); S, Assessment tracts for Carlin-type gold (silver, mercury, antimony); T, Assessment tracts for lacustrine diatomite; and U, Assessment tracts for bedded barite.—Continued
Maps showing assessment tracts for metallic locatable minerals and nonmetallic locatable minerals in the study area for the Southern Idaho and Northern Nevada Sagebrush Focal Area, Nevada, Idaho, and Utah (San Juan and others, 2016); USGS, U.S. Geological Survey; A, Assessment tracts for epithermal gold-silver (mercury); B, Assessment tract for hydrothermal gold-silver; C, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, porphyry copper, copper skarn, and arc-related porphyry molybdenum (low-fluorine); D, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver; E, Assessment tracts for polymetallic replacement, polymetallic vein, and tungsten vein; F, Assessment tracts for tungsten skarn and polymetallic vein; G, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated gold-silver, polymetallic vein and skarn; H, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; I, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, copper skarn, and tungsten skarn; J, Assessment tracts for porphyry copper, copper skarn, polymetallic vein, and tungsten skarn; K, Assessment tract for polymetallic replacement; L, Assessment tract for molybdenum-tungsten greisen; M, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; N, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver and polymetallic vein; O, Assessment tract for Climax-type porphyry molybdenum; P, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated silver-gold, polymetallic replacement, and polymetallic vein; Q, Assessment tract for multiple intrusion-related deposit types; R, Assessment tracts for volcanogenic massive sulfide (Besshi-subtype); S, Assessment tracts for Carlin-type gold (silver, mercury, antimony); T, Assessment tracts for lacustrine diatomite; and U, Assessment tracts for bedded barite.—Continued
Figure 31A–U. Maps showing assessment tracts for metallic locatable minerals and nonmetallic locatable minerals in the study area for the Southern Idaho and Northern Nevada Sagebrush Focal Area, Nevada, Idaho, and Utah (San Juan and others, 2016); USGS, U.S. Geological Survey; A, Assessment tracts for epithermal gold-silver (mercury); B, Assessment tract for hydrothermal volcanic-hosted uranium; C, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, porphyry copper, copper skarn, and arc-related porphyry molybdenum (low-fluorine); D, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver; E, Assessment tracts for polymetallic replacement, polymetallic vein, and tungsten vein; F, Assessment tracts for tungsten skarn and polymetallic vein; G, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated gold-silver, polymetallic vein, and skarn; H, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; I, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, copper skarn, and tungsten skarn; J, Assessment tracts for porphyry copper, copper skarn, polymetallic vein, and tungsten skarn; K, Assessment tract for polymetallic replacement; L, Assessment tract for molybdenum-tungsten greisen; M, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; N, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver and polymetallic vein; O, Assessment tract for Climax-type porphyry molybdenum; P, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated silver-gold, polymetallic replacement, and polymetallic vein; Q, Assessment tract for multiple intrusion-related deposit types; R, Assessment tracts for volcanic-hosted massive sulfides (Besshi-subtype); S, Assessment tracts for Carlin-type gold (silver, mercury, antimony); T, Assessment tracts for lacustrine diatomite; and U, Assessment tracts for bedded barite.—Continued
Figure 31A-U. Maps showing assessment tracts for metallic locatable minerals and nonmetallic locatable minerals in the study area for the Southern Idaho and Northern Nevada Sagebrush Focal Area, Nevada, Idaho, and Utah (San Juan and others, 2016); USGS, U.S. Geological Survey; A, Assessment tracts for epithermal gold-silver (mercury); B, Assessment tract for hydrohalogenic volcanic-hosted uranium; C, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, porphyry copper, copper skarn, and arc-related porphyry molybdenum (low-fluorine); D, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver; E, Assessment tracts for polymetallic replacement, polymetallic vein, and tungsten vein; F, Assessment tracts for tungsten skarn and polymetallic vein; G, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated gold-silver, polymetallic vein, and skarn; H, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; I, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, copper skarn, and tungsten skarn; J, Assessment tracts for porphyry copper, copper skarn, polymetallic vein, and tungsten skarn; K, Assessment tract for polymetallic replacement; L, Assessment tract for molybdenum-tungsten greisen; M, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; N, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver and polymetallic vein; O, Assessment tract for Climax-type porphyry molybdenum; P, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated silver-gold, polymetallic replacement, and polymetallic vein; Q, Assessment tract for multiple intrusion-related deposit types; R, Assessment tracts for volcanogenic massive sulfides (Besshi-subtype); S, Assessment tracts for Carlin-type gold-silver; mercury, antimony; T, Assessment tracts for lacustrine diatomite; and U, Assessment tracts for bedded barite. —Continued
Figure 31A–U. Maps showing assessment tracts for metallic locatable minerals and nonmetallic locatable minerals in the study area for the Southern Idaho and Northern Nevada Sagebrush Focal Area, Nevada, Idaho, and Utah (San Juan and others, 2016; USGS, U.S. Geological Survey; A, Assessment tracts for epithermal gold-silver (mercury); B, Assessment tract for hydrothermal gold-silver (mercury); C, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, porphyry copper, copper skarn, and arc-related porphyry molybdenum (low-fluorine); D, Assessment tract for distal disseminated gold-silver; E, Assessment tracts for polymetallic replacement, polymetallic vein, and tungsten vein; F, Assessment tracts for tungsten skarn and polymetallic vein; G, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated gold-silver, polymetallic vein and skarn; H, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein; I, Assessment tracts for polymetallic vein, copper skarn, and tungsten skarn; J, Assessment tracts for porphyry copper; K, Assessment tract for polymetallic replacement; L, Assessment tract for polymetallic vein, copper skarn, polymetallic vein, and tungsten skarn; M, Assessment tract for multiple intrusion-related deposit types; N, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated silver-gold, polymetallic replacement, and polymetallic vein; O, Assessment tract for Climax-type porphyry molybdenum; P, Assessment tracts for distal disseminated silver-gold, polymetallic replacement, and polymetallic vein; Q, Assessment tract for multiple intrusion-related deposit types; R, Assessment tracts for Climax-type porphyry molybdenum; S, Assessment tracts for Carlin-type gold (silver, mercury, antimony); T, Assessment tracts for lacustrine diatomite; and U, Assessment tracts for bedded barite.—Continued