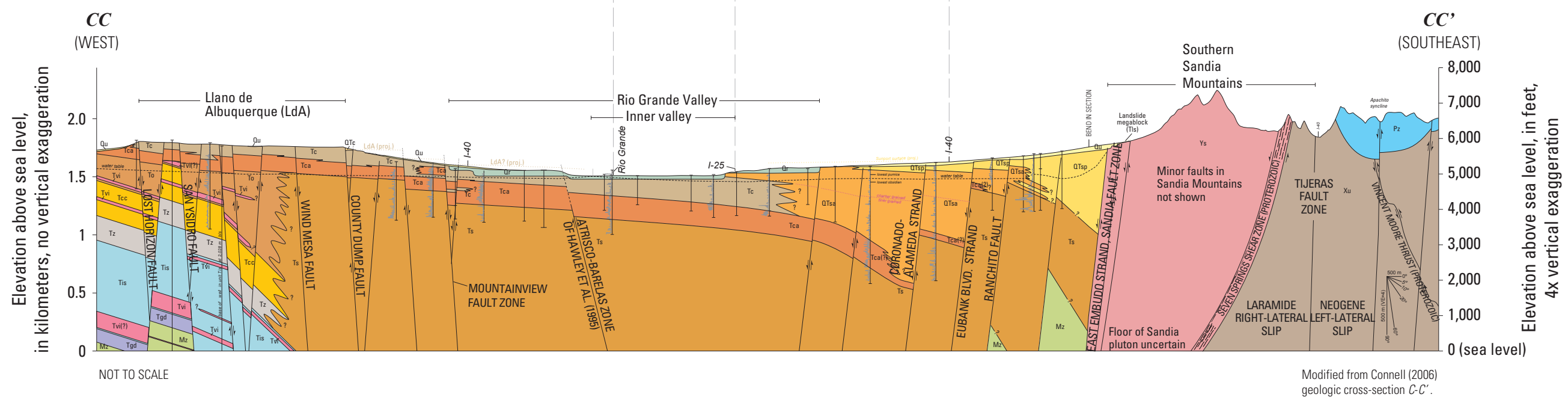
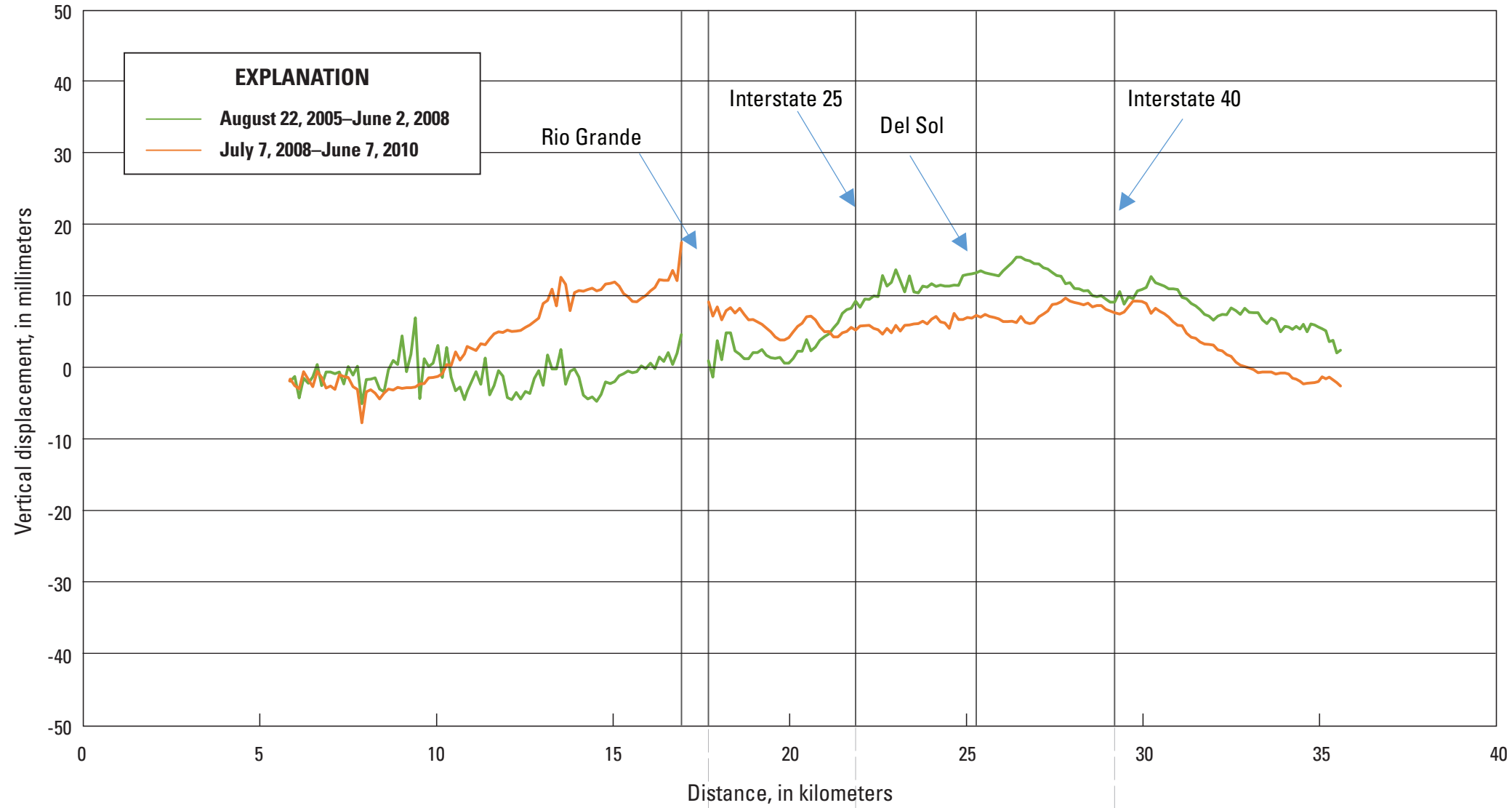


C. InSAR measured elevation change along geology profile *CC-CC'*



EXPLANATION

Cross-section units	Name or formation		
Qu	Pleistocene and Holocene sediments, undivided		
Qr	Fluvial deposits of the Rio Grande		
Qb	Basaltic lavas of the Albuquerque volcanoes		
Tvi	Paleogene mafic dike		
QTc	Cochiti Formation		
QTsa	Sierra Ladrones Formation, axial-fluvial member	Upper	
QTsp	Sierra Ladrones Formation, piedmont member		
Tc	Ceja Formation	Middle	
Tca	Atrisco Member		
To	Arroyo Ojito Formation		
Tcc	Cerro Conejo Formation	Lower	
Ts	Miocene sedimentary formations		
Tsp	Eastern basin-margin piedmont deposits, undivided		
Tz	Zia Formation		
Tis	Zia Formation with mammalian fossils		
Tgd	Galisteo Formation		
Mz	Mesozoic sedimentary formations		
Pz	Paleozoic sedimentary formations		
XY	Proterozoic crystalline		
Ys	Proterozoic Sandia granite		

Figure 10. Interferometric Synthetic Aperture Radar (InSAR) land-surface elevation change along three geologic cross-section profiles: *A, AA-AA'*; *B, BB-BB'*; and *C, CC-CC'*.—Continued