

**Appendix 21. Weighted Regressions on Time, Discharge,
and Season Model Evaluation and Trend Analysis Graphical
Output for Nitrate plus Nitrite during January 1, 1999,
through December 31, 2019**

All graphics were produced using R programming language (R Core Team, 2019) and the Exploration and Graphics for RivEr Trends (EGRET) and EGRETci packages. More information on these packages and methods can be found in Hirsch and De Cicco (2015) and Hirsch and others (2015).

Functions used to produce the following outputs are included as text preceding the graphic.

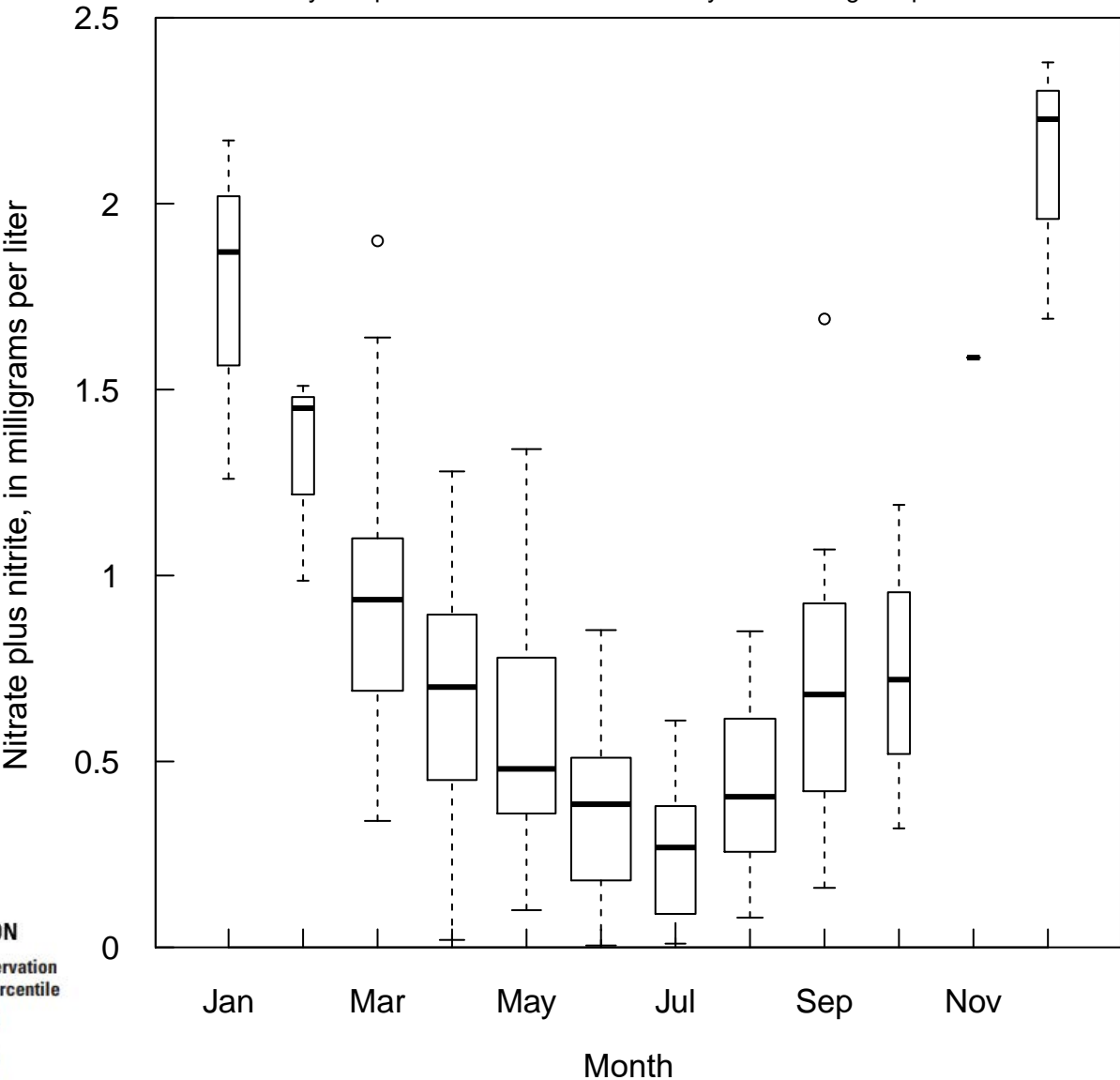
Nitrate plus Nitrite (00631)

Sample Data

```
boxConcMonth(wrtds)
```

North Fork Ninnescah River Above Cheney Reservoir, KS Boxplots of sample values by month

Discretely sampled dataset runs from January 1999 through September 2017



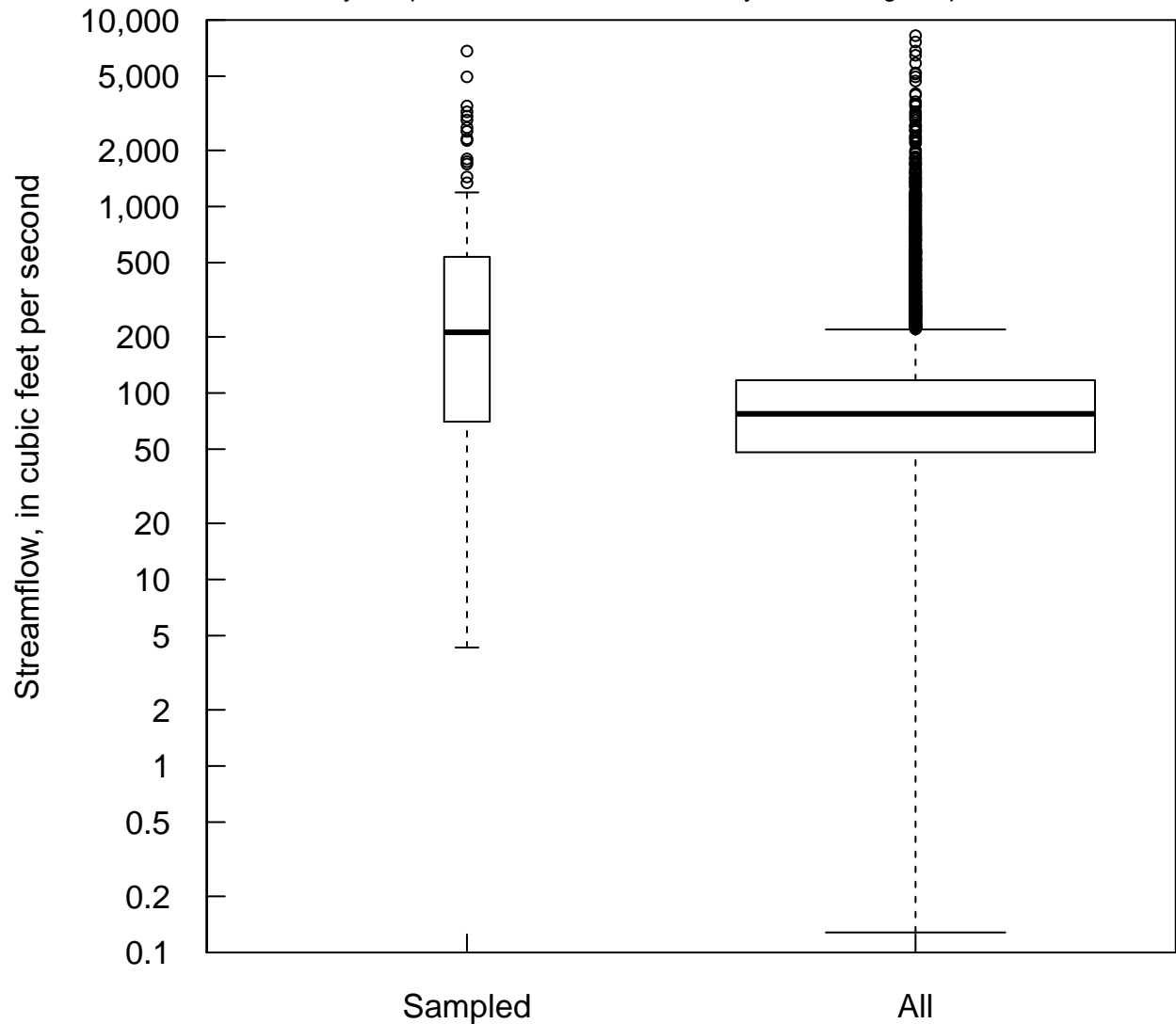
- EXPLANATION**
- Individual observation above 90th percentile
 - 90th percentile
 - 75th percentile
 - 50th percentile (median)
 - 25th percentile
 - 10th percentile
 - Individual observation below 10th percentile

```
boxQTwice(wrtds, qUnit=1)
```

North Fork Ninnescah River Above Cheney Reservoir, KS Nitrate plus nitrite

Comparison of distribution of Sampled Streamflow and All Daily Streamflow

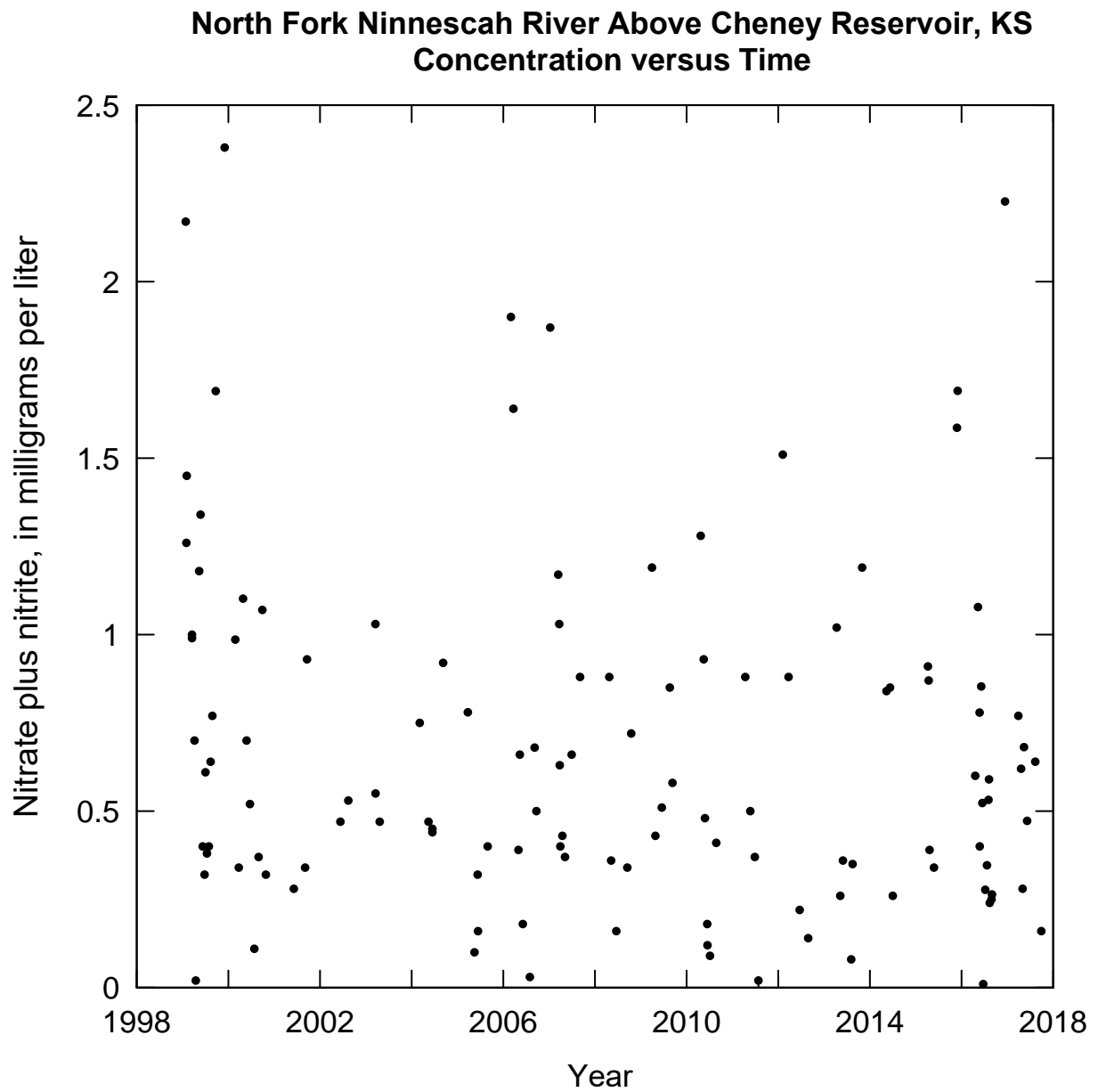
Discretely sampled dataset runs from January 1999 through September 2017



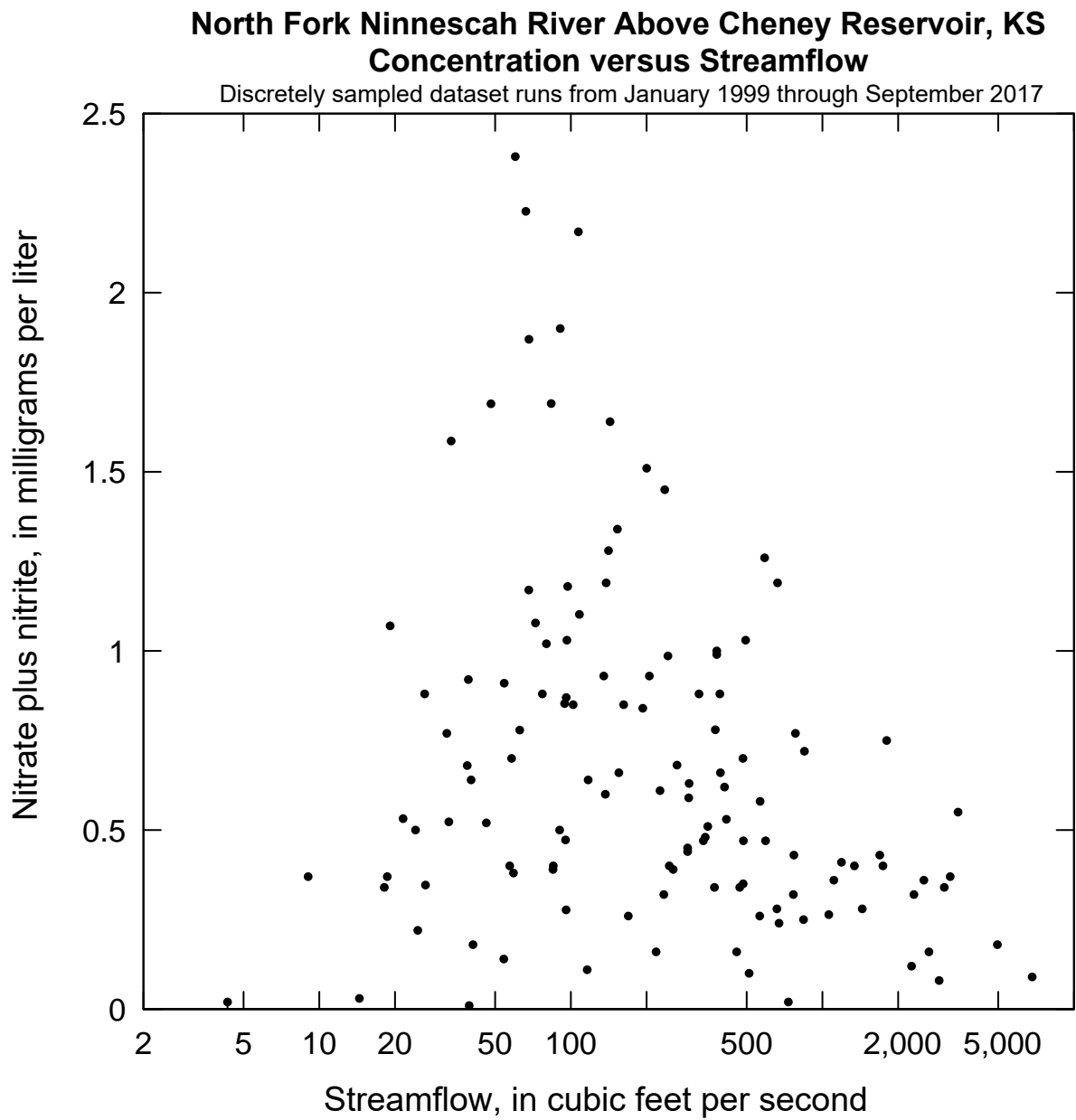
EXPLANATION

- Individual observation above 90th percentile
- 90th percentile
- 75th percentile
- 50th percentile (median)
- 25th percentile
- 10th percentile
- Individual observation below 10th percentile

```
plotConcTime(wrtds)
```



```
plotConcQ(wrtds, qUnit=1)
```



Weighted Regression on Time, Discharge, and Season Model Results

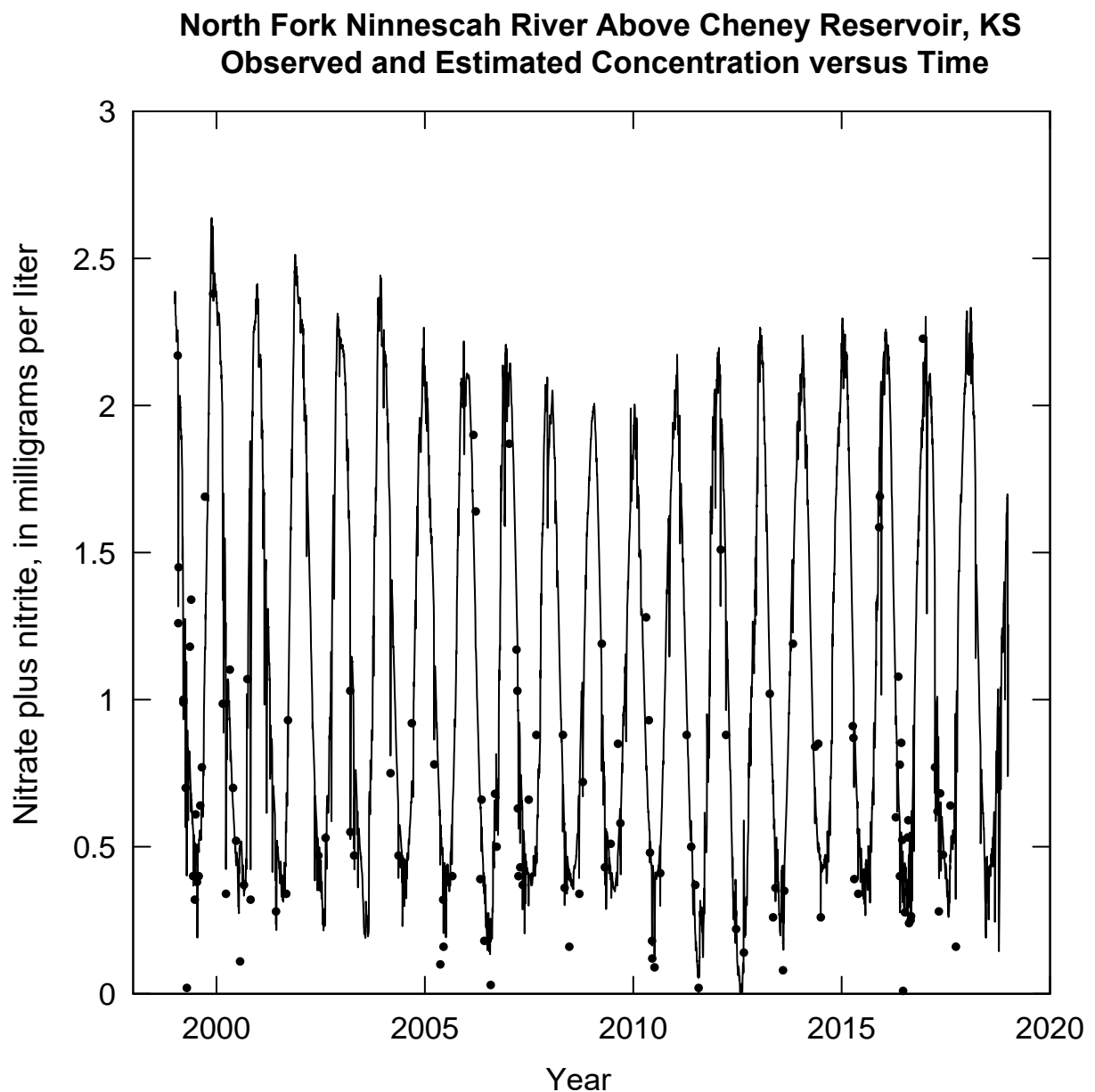
```
fluxBiasStat(wrtds$Sample)
```

```
##          bias1
```

```
## 0.0303290254740771
```

The flux bias statistic is $(\text{Mean Of Estimated Flux} - \text{Mean Of Observed Flux}) / \text{Mean Of Observed Flux}$. The statistic assumes all the censored values are the mean. In Hickman and Hirsch (2017) they used -0.20 to 0.20 as guidance for acceptability of the flux bias statistic.

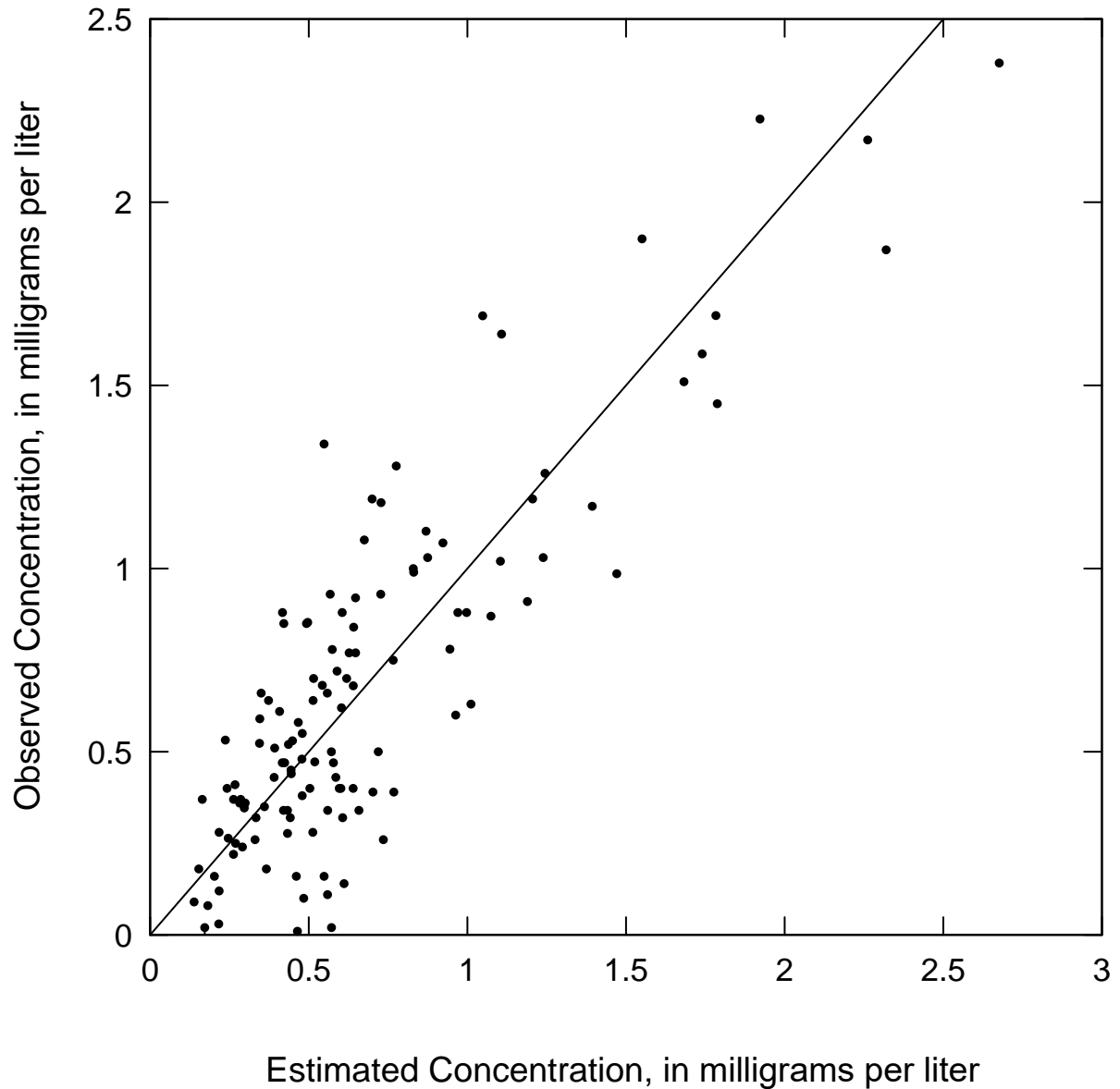
```
plotConcTimeDaily(wrtds)
```



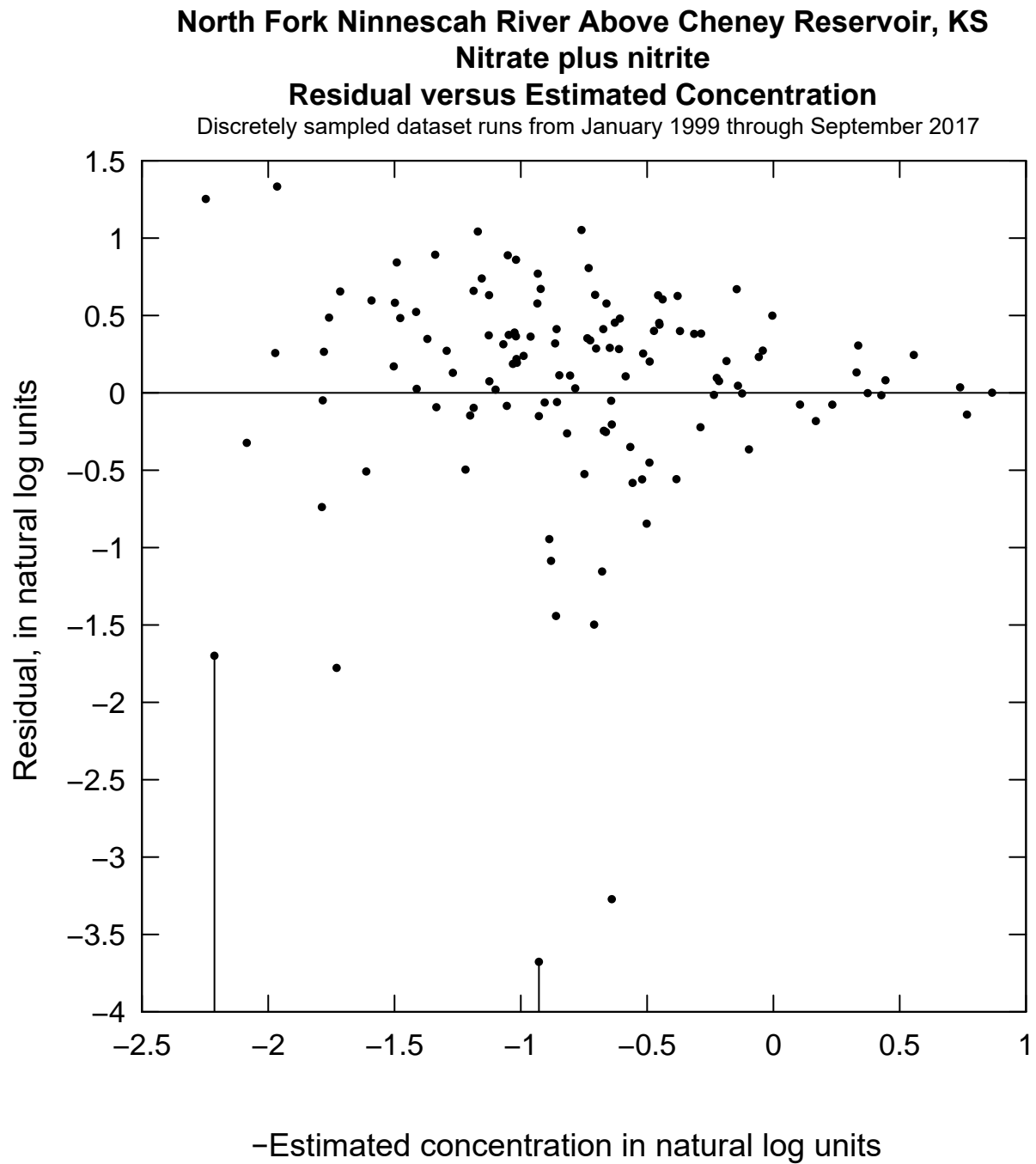
```
plotConcPred(wrtds)
```

North Fork Ninnescah River Above Cheney Reservoir, KS
Nitrate plus nitrite
Observed versus Estimated Concentration

Discretely sampled dataset runs from January 1999 through September 2017



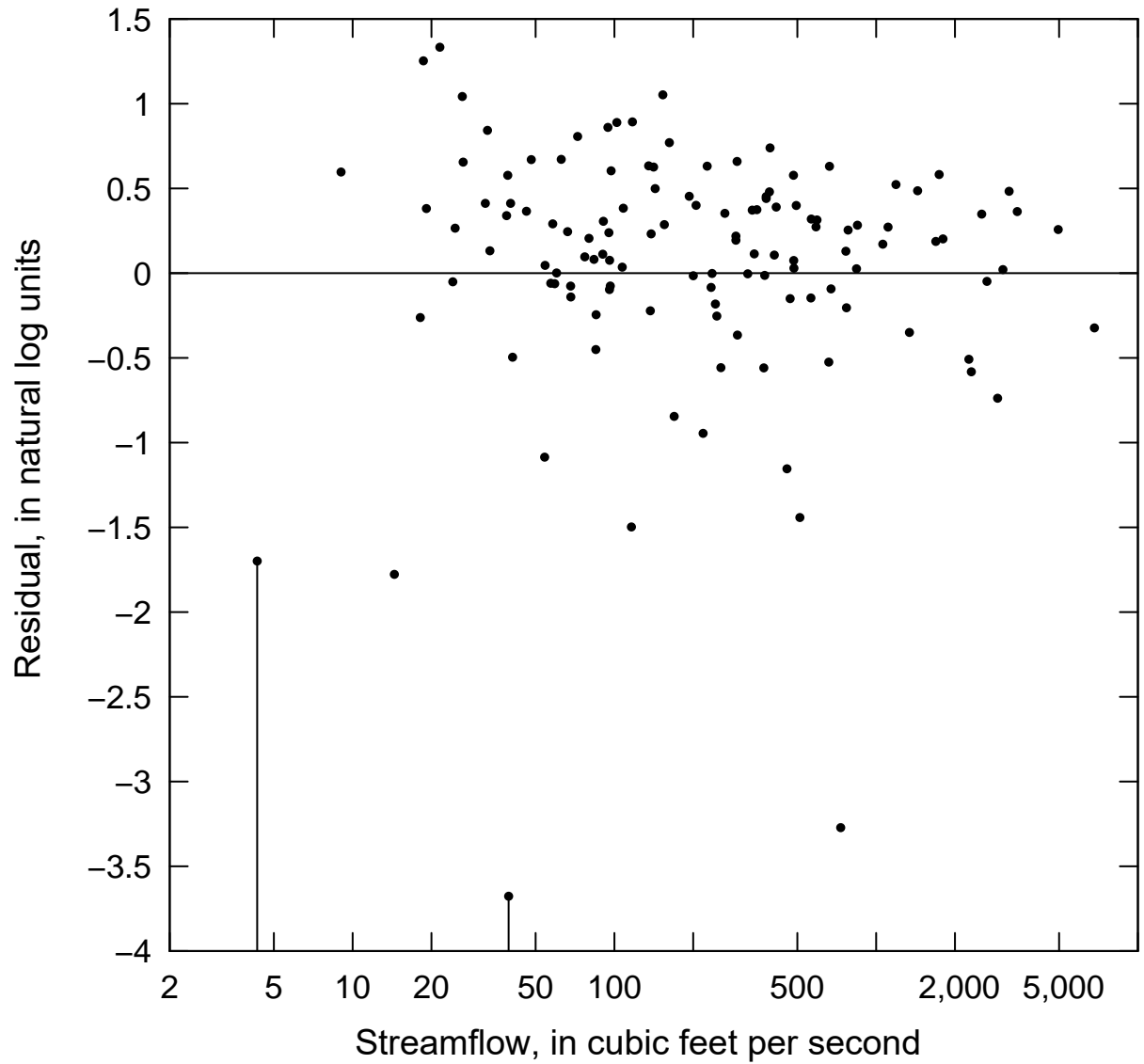
```
plotResidPred(wzrtds)
```



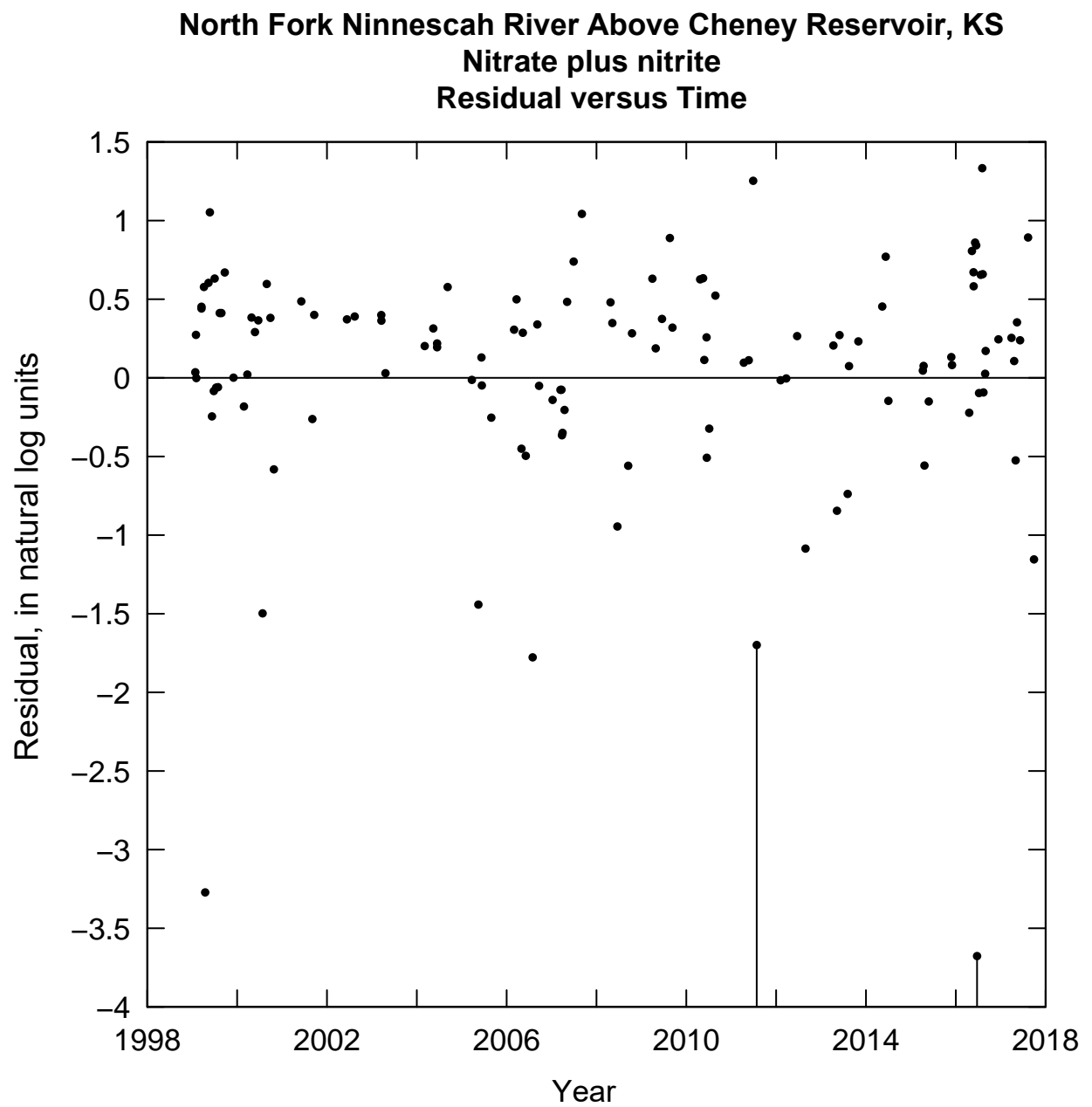

```
plotResidQ(wrtds, qUnit=1)
```

North Fork Ninnescah River Above Cheney Reservoir, KS
Nitrate plus nitrite
Residual versus Streamflow

Discretely sampled dataset runs from January 1999 through September 2017



```
plotResidTime(wrtds)
```



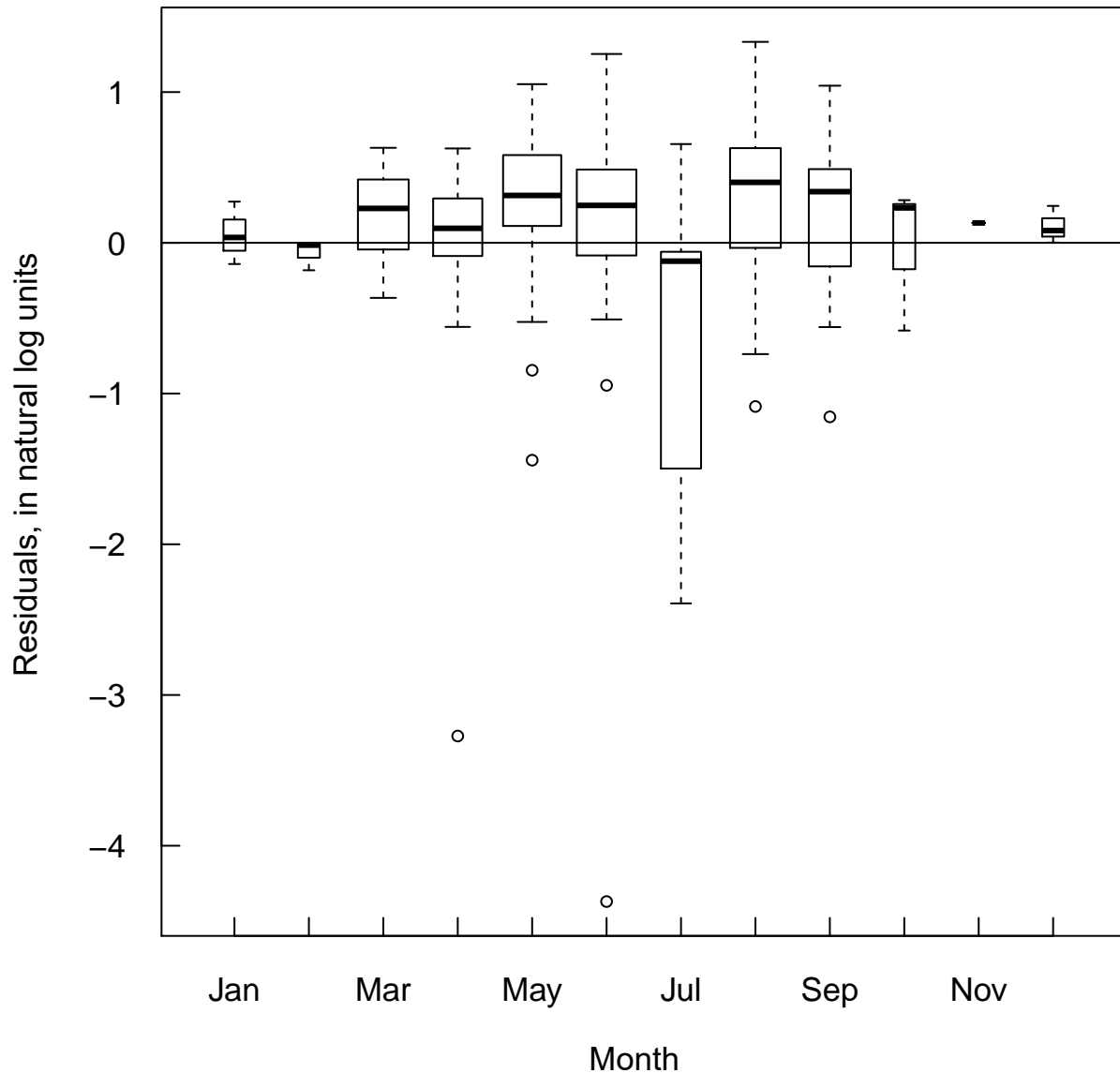
```
boxResidMonth(wrtds)
```

North Fork Ninnescah River Above Cheney Reservoir, KS

Nitrate plus nitrite

Boxplots of residuals by month

Discretely sampled dataset runs from January 1999 through September 2017



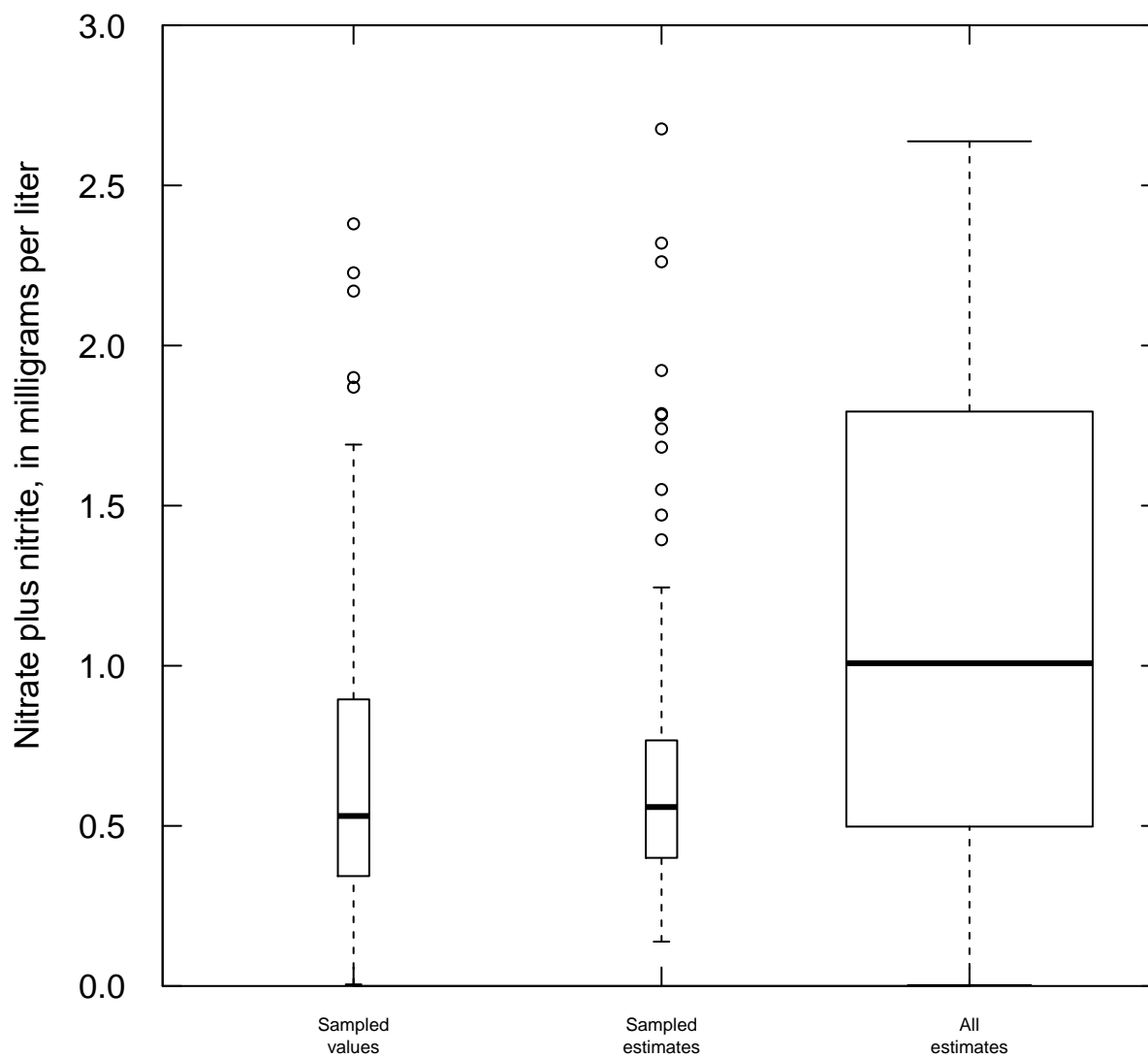
EXPLANATION

- Individual observation above 90th percentile
- 90th percentile
- 75th percentile
- 50th percentile (median)
- 25th percentile
- 10th percentile
- Individual observation below 10th percentile

boxConcThree(wrtds)

North Fork Ninnescah River Above Cheney Reservoir, KS Comparison of distribution of sampled concentrations with estimates on sampled days and on all days using WRTDS

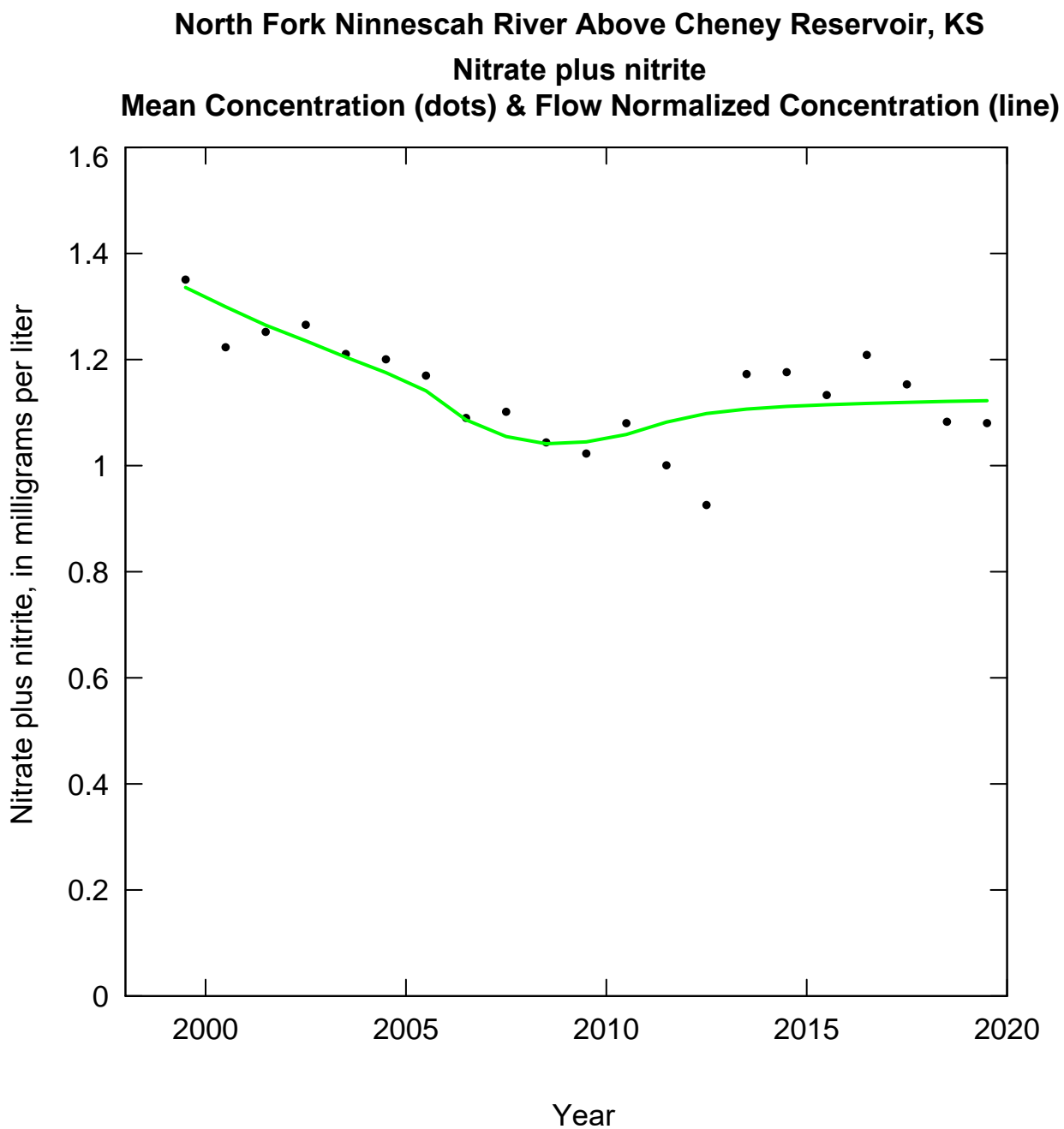
Discretely sampled dataset runs from January 1999 through September 2017



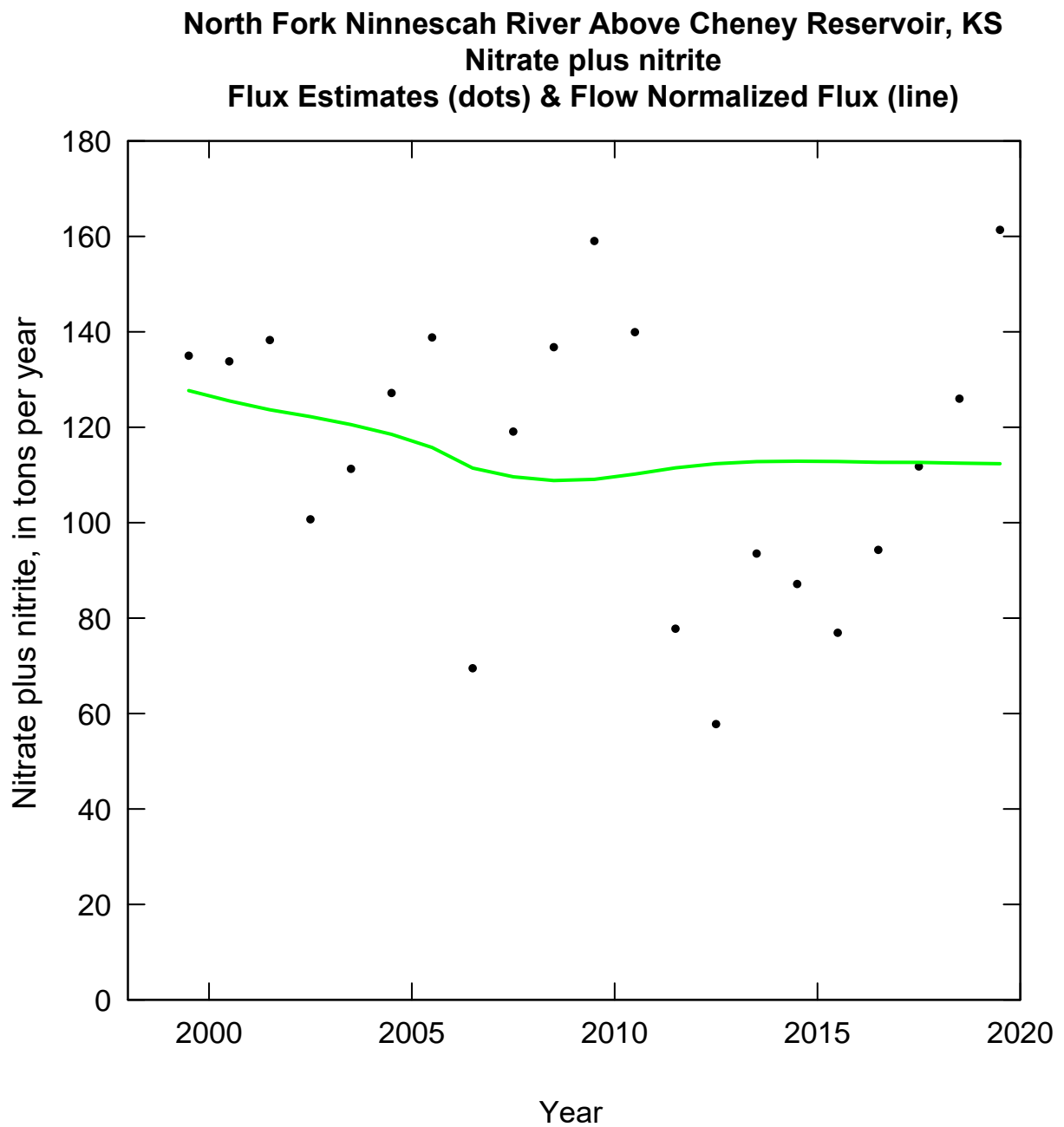
EXPLANATION

- Individual observation above 90th percentile
- 90th percentile
- 75th percentile
- 50th percentile (median)
- 25th percentile
- 10th percentile
- Individual observation below 10th percentile

```
plotConcHist(wrtds)
```



```
plotFluxHist(wrtds)
```



Trend (using EGRETci)

North Fork Ninnescah River Above Cheney Reservoir, KS Nitrate plus nitrite

Calendar Year

Bootstrap process, for change from calendar year 1999 to 2017

dataset runs from January 1999 to September 2017

Bootstrap block length in days 200

bootBreak is 39 confStop is 0.7

Weighted Regressions on Time Discharge and Season (WRTDS)

estimated concentration change is -0.222 milligrams per liter (mg/L)

WRTDS estimated flux change is -0.01449×10^6 kilograms per year (kg/yr)

Should we reject H_0 that Flow Normalized Concentration Trend = 0 ? Do Not Reject H_0

best estimate is -0.222mg/L

Lower and Upper 90% CIs -0.6478 0.1941

also 95% CIs -0.6891 0.4962

and 50% CIs -0.2877 -0.0879

approximate two-sided p-value for Conc 0.3

Likelihood that Flow Normalized Concentration is trending up = 0.144 is trending down = 0.856

Should we reject H_0 that Flow Normalized Flux Trend = 0 ? Do Not Reject H_0

best estimate is -0.01449×10^6 kg/yr

Lower and Upper 90% CIs -0.047984 0.022316

also 95% CIs -0.058528 0.032973

and 50% CIs -0.021204 -0.007829

approximate two-sided p-value for Flux 0.21

Likelihood that Flow Normalized Flux is trending up = 0.1 is trending down = 0.9

Upward trend in concentration is unlikely

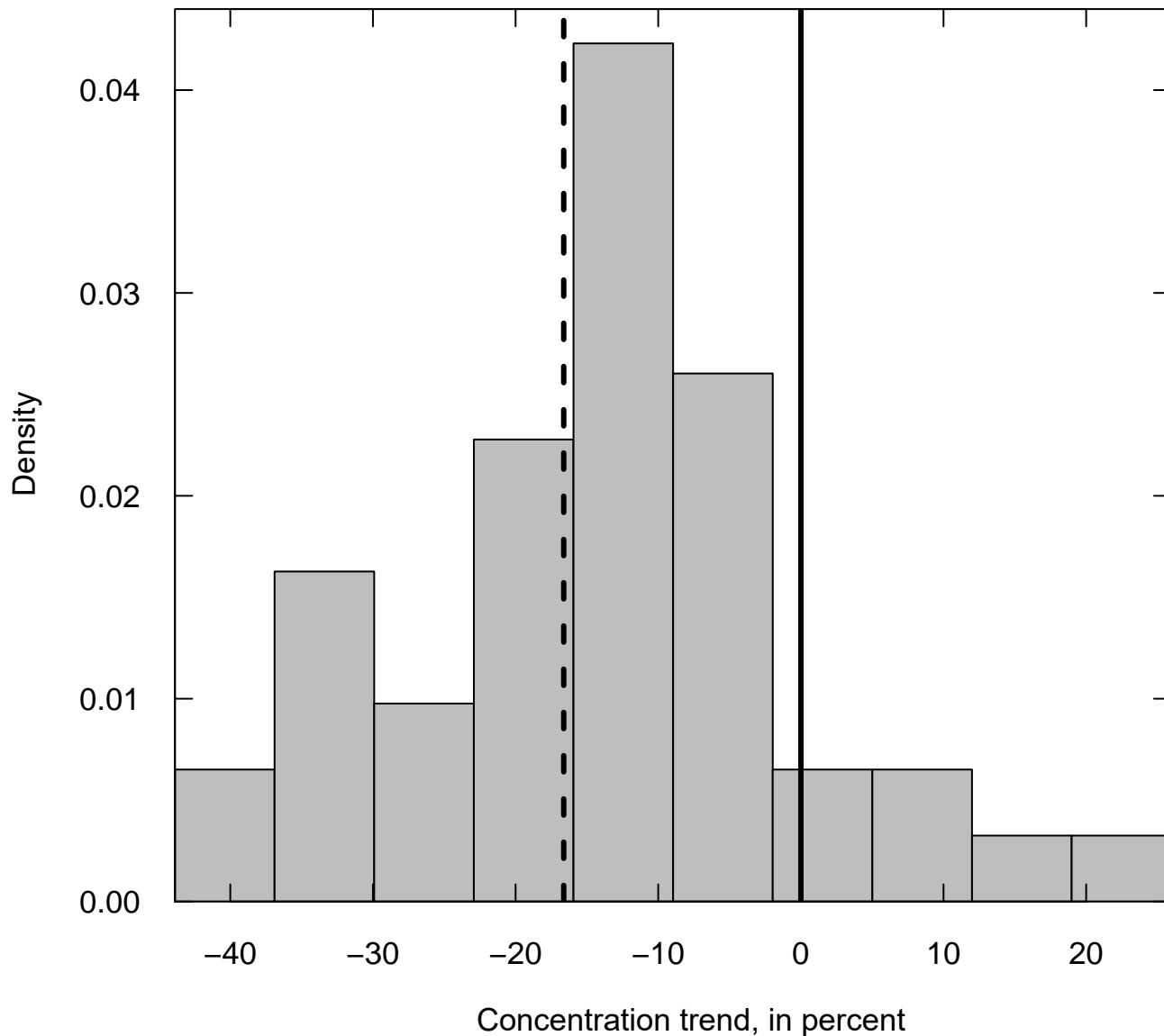
Upward trend in flux is very unlikely

Downward trend in concentration is likely

Downward trend in flux is likely

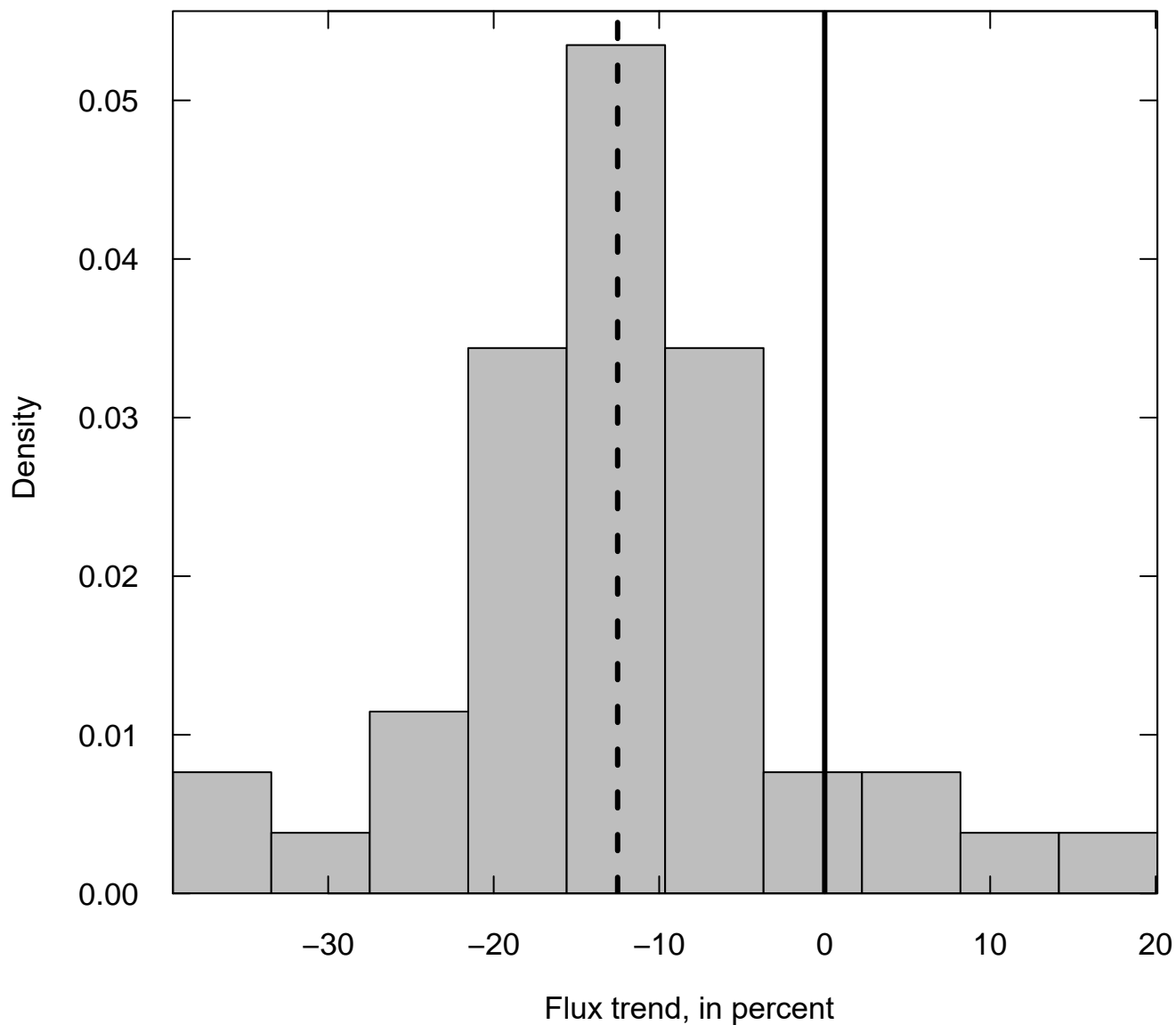
```
par(mar=c(5,6,5,0))
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plotHistogramTrend(wrtds, eBoot, caseSetUp, flux=FALSE)
plotHistogramTrend(wrtds, eBoot, caseSetUp, flux=TRUE)
```

**Trend magnitude in Nitrate plus nitrite
Flow Normalized Concentration 1999 to 2017
North Fork Ninnescah River Above Cheney Reservoir, KS**



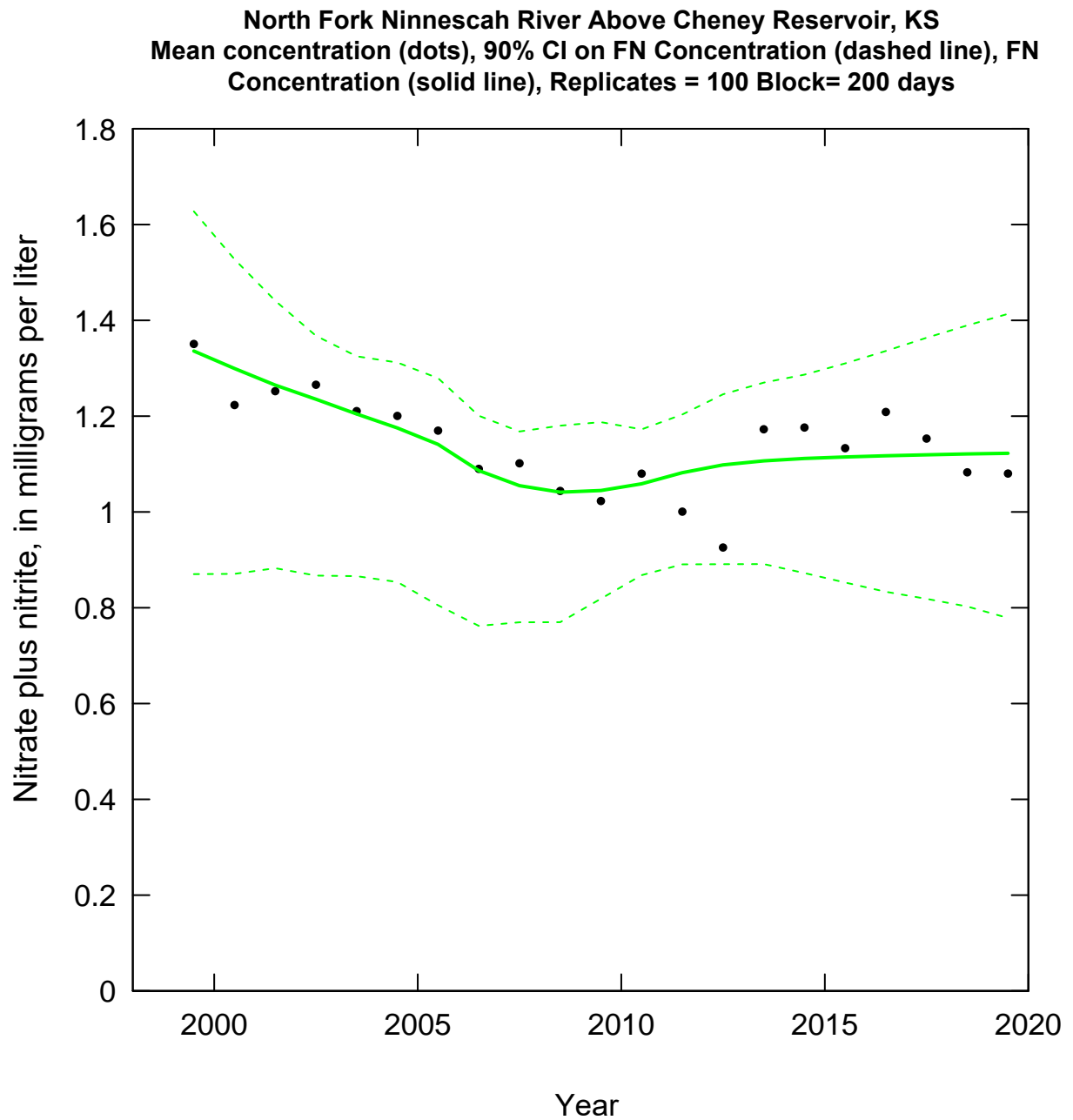
solid line = zero line (no trend)
dashed line = WRTDS trend estimate

**Trend magnitude in Nitrate plus nitrite
Flow Normalized Flux 1999 to 2017
North Fork Ninnescah River Above Cheney Reservoir, KS**



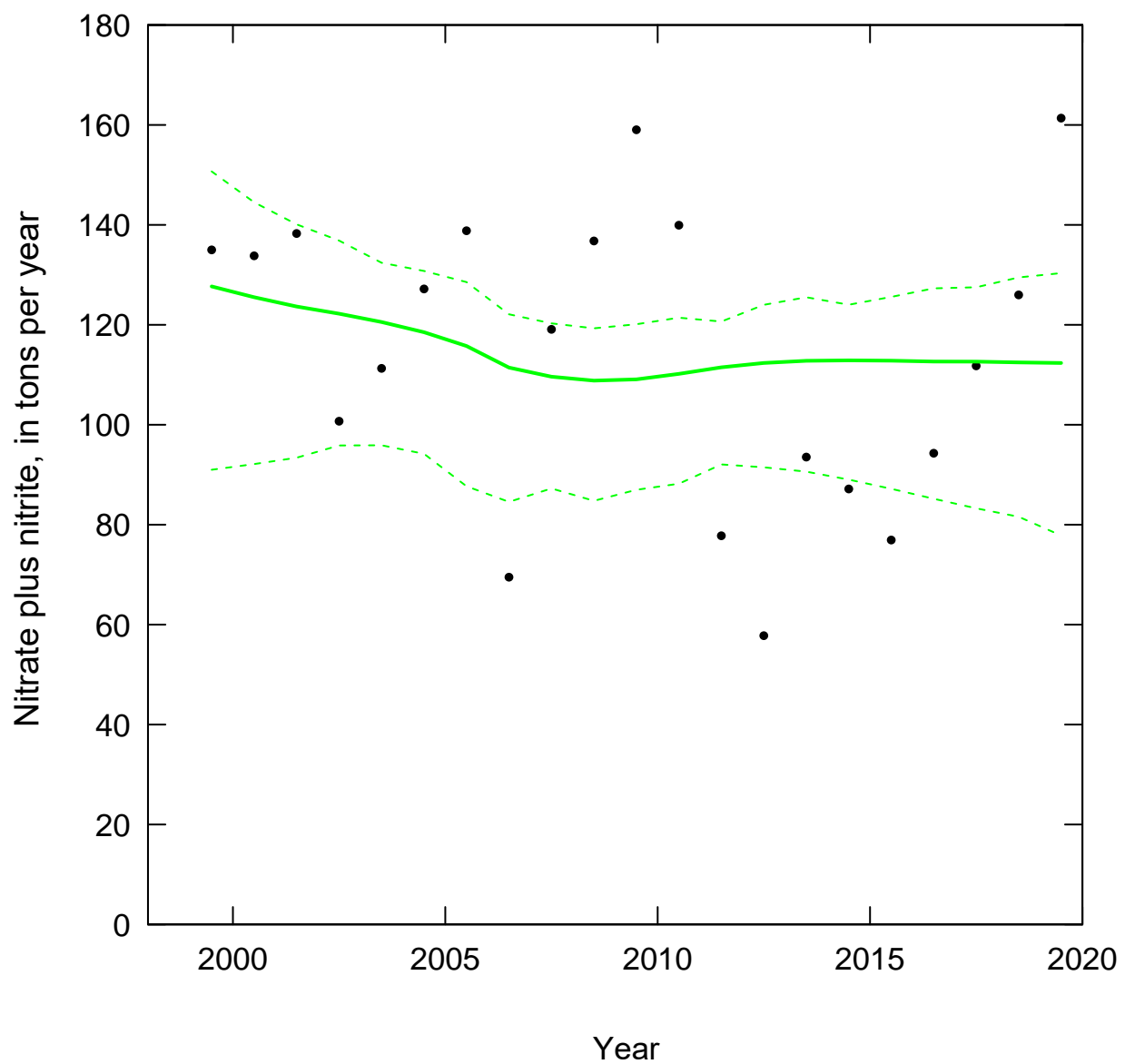
solid line = zero line (no trend)
dashed line = WRTDS trend estimate

```
par(mfrow=c(2,1))  
plotConcHistBoot(wrtds, CIAnnualResults)  
plotFluxHistBoot(wrtds, CIAnnualResults)
```



FN = Flow Normalized
CI = Confidence Interval

North Fork Ninescah River Above Cheney Reservoir, KS
Mean Flux (dots), FN Flux (solid line), 90% CI on FN Flux (dashed
line), Replicates = 100 , Block= 200 days



FN = Flow Normalized
 CI = Confidence Interval

Any use of trade, firm, or product names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.

References Cited

Hickman, R.E., and Hirsch, R.M., 2017, Trends in the quality of water in New Jersey streams, water years 1971–2011: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2016–5176, 58 p., accessed July 2020 at <https://doi.org/10.3133/sir20165176>.

Hirsch, R.M., Archfield, S.A., and De Cicco, L.A., 2015, A bootstrap method for estimating uncertainty of water quality trends: *Environmental Modelling & Software*, v. 73, p. 148–166. [Also available at <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envsoft.2015.07.017>.]

Hirsch, R.M., and De Cicco, L.A., 2015, User guide to Exploration and Graphics for RivEr Trends (EGRET) and dataRetrieval—R packages for hydrologic data (ver. 2.0, February 2015): U.S. Geological Survey Techniques and Methods, book 4, chap. A10, 93 p., accessed July 2020 at <https://doi.org/10.3133/tm4A10>.

R Core Team, 2019, R—A language and environment for statistical computing: Vienna, Austria, R Foundation for Statistical Computing, accessed August 2019 at <https://www.R-project.org/>.