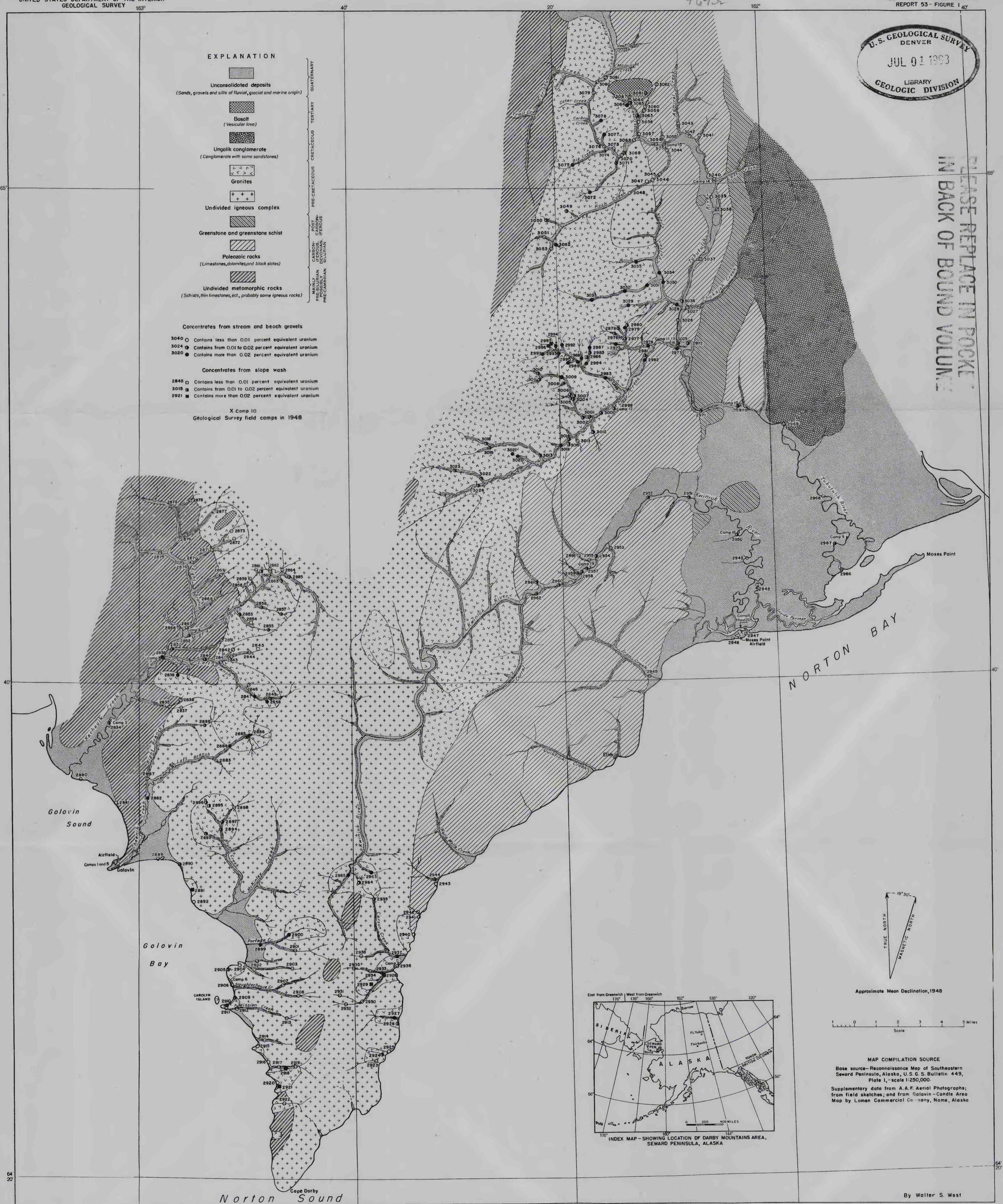


EXPLANATION

- Unconsolidated deposits
(Sands, gravels and silts of fluvial, glacial and marine origin)
- Basalt
(Vesicular lava)
- Unglacial conglomerate
(Conglomerate with some sandstones)
- Granites
- Undivided igneous complex
- Greenstone and greenstone schist
- Paleozoic rocks
(Limestones, dolomites, and black slates)
- Undivided metamorphic rocks
(Schists, thin limestones, etc., probably some igneous rocks)

- Concentrates from stream and beach gravels**
- 3040 ○ Contains less than 0.01 percent equivalent uranium
 - 3024 ● Contains from 0.01 to 0.02 percent equivalent uranium
 - 3020 ● Contains more than 0.02 percent equivalent uranium
- Concentrates from slope wash**
- 2845 □ Contains less than 0.01 percent equivalent uranium
 - 3015 ■ Contains from 0.01 to 0.02 percent equivalent uranium
 - 2921 ■ Contains more than 0.02 percent equivalent uranium
- X Camp 10
Geological Survey field camps in 1948



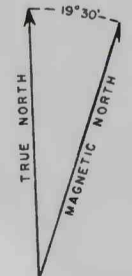
PLEASE REPLACE IN POCKET
IN BACK OF BOUND VOLUME

NORTON BAY

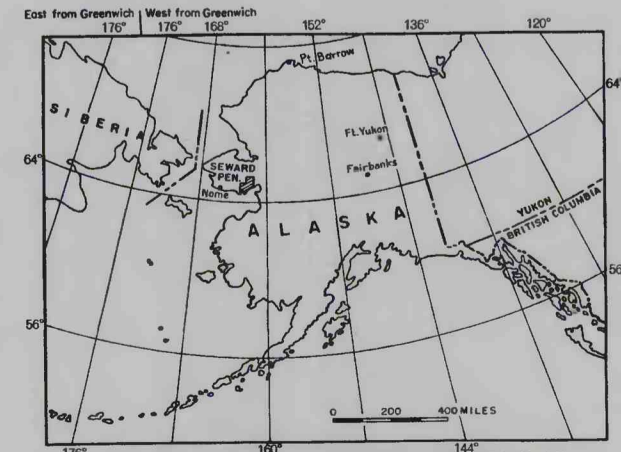
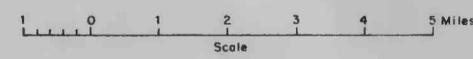
Golovin Sound

Golovin Bay

Norton Sound



Approximate Mean Declination, 1948



INDEX MAP - SHOWING LOCATION OF DARBY MOUNTAINS AREA, SEWARD PENINSULA, ALASKA

MAP COMPILATION SOURCE
Base source - Reconnaissance Map of Southeastern Seward Peninsula, Alaska, U.S.G.S. Bulletin 449, Plate 1, - scale 1:250,000.
Supplementary data from A.A.F. Aerial Photographs; from field sketches; and from Golovin-Candle Area Map by Loman Commercial Company, Nome, Alaska

By Walter S. West