DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

U. S. GEOGRAPHICAL AND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN REGION

J. W. POWELL IN CHARGE

CONTRIBUTIONS

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WASHINGTON
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1890

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

U. S. GEOGRAPHICAL AND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN REGION

J. W. POWELL IN CHARGE

A

DAKOTA-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

ΒY

STEPHEN RETURN RIGGS

EDITED BY JAMES OWEN DORSEY



WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
1890

NOTE BY THE DIRECTOR.

The Dakota, commonly known as the Sioux, forms the leading and best known division of the Siouan linguistic family. The Dakota language now consists of three well defined dialects, the Santee, Yankton and Teton.

The earliest record of the Siouan languages mentioned by Mr. Pilling in his Bibliography is that of Hennepin, compiled about 1680. The earliest printed vocabulary is that of the Naudowessie (i. e., the Dakota) in Carver's Travels, first published in 1778.

In 1852 the Smithsonian Institution published a grammar and dictionary of the Dakota language, prepared by S. R. Riggs. In that work the following preface appeared:

The preparation of this volume is to be regarded as one of the contributions to science made by the great missionary enterprise of the present age. It was not premeditated, but has been a result altogether incidental to our work. Our object was to preach the Gospel to the Dakotas in their own language, and to teach them to read and write the same until their circumstances should be so changed as to enable them to learn the English. Hence we were led to study their language and to endeavor to arrive at a knowledge of its principles.

About eighteen years ago, Messrs. S. W. and G. H. Pond, of Washington, Conn., took up their residence among the Indians of the Minnesota Valley. In the summer following Dr. T. S. Williamson and his associates, from Ohio, under the direction of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, reached the same country. They immediately commenced the labor of collecting and ascertaining the meaning of Dakota words.

In the summer of 1837 we joined the mission and engaged in the same labors. Others who reached the country at a later period have rendered much assistance, among whom it is but just to mention the late Rev. Robert Hopkins, of Traverse des Sioux.

In prosecuting this work we have at all times availed ourselves of the best native assistance; but during the first years of our residence among them the natives did not

¹Bibliography of the Siouan Languages, by James Constantine Pilling. Washington: Government Printing Office, 1887. 8°, 87 pp.

know enough to give us the help we needed. If we required the meaning of a word, as, for example, kaśka (to bind), the reply generally was, "It means 'kaśka,' and can not mean anything else." It is related of Hènnepin that, while a captive among these Indians, on a certain occasion he ran off a little distance, and then, running back again, inquired of the braves who sat near what they called that. In trying to learn the meaning of Dakota words we have often been obliged to adopt similar expedients.

The preparation of the Dakota-English part of the dictionary for the press, containing more than sixteen thousand words, occupied all the time I could spare from my other missionary employments for more than a year. The labor bestowed on the English-Dakota part was performed partly by Mrs. Riggs.

A manuscript grammar of the language, written by the Rev. S. W. Pond, was kindly furnished to aid in the preparation of this work; but as it was not received in New York until midwinter, it has been used only in the latter part. Since my arrival in this city the grammar has been entirely remodeled and rewritten, according to the suggestions and under the direction of Mr. William W. Turner, of the Union Theological Seminary of New York. Of this gentleman's labors in connection with this work I cannot speak too highly. Not only has he by his eminent literary qualifications been able to render valuable assistance in the way of suggestion and criticism, but he has also read with great care the proof-sheets, especially of the grammar, that nothing might be wanting to make the work, under the circumstances, as perfect as possible. It is proper also to mention the name of Mr. William H. Smith, of New York, who assisted in the revision of the latter half of the dictionary in the absence of Mr. Turner.

About the 1st of January, 1851, a prospectus was issued at Saint Paul, under the sanction of the Historical Society of Minnesota, to publish the work by subscription, and in this many of the most prominent citizens of the Territory manifested much interest. Among the larger subscriptions may be mentioned those of Governor Alexander Ramsey, Hon. H. H. Sibley, Hon. Martin McLeod, Rev. E. D. Neill, and H. M. Rice, esq. The prudential committee of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions also made an appropriation for the same object, besides another for defraying the necessary expenses of superintending the press.

These provisions, though liberal, considering the circumstances under which they were made, were not sufficient to warrant the commencement of the publication; and being informed, in answer to a letter addressed to Prof. Joseph Henry, LL. D., that the work, on certain conditions, might probably be accepted as one of the Contributions to Knowledge of the Smithsonian Institution, it was concluded to present it for that purpose. After passing the prescribed examination, it was accepted by the Institution and directed to be printed.

With the manner in which the work has been brought out its friends will, I trust, be fully satisfied. Neither pains nor expense has been spared in the publication. The plan had already been followed, in the books printed in the language, of using the vowels with the sounds which they have in Italian and German, and of representing each articulation by a single character. In the present work a few changes have been introduced into the orthography for the sake of expressing some of the sounds in a manner more perspicuous and consistent with analogy, and more in accordance with the system of notation which is now becoming general among scientific philologists in Europe. It was necessary in consequence to rearrange a great many of the articles in the manuscript dictionary, and to have a number of new punches made.

With the hope that it may be the means of interesting some in behalf of the Dakotas, of perpetuating memorials of their language, and affording, to some extent, the means of arriving at correct conclusions in regard to their origin, this work, the result of years of toil, is submitted to the kind regards of its generous patrons.

STEPHEN R. RIGGS.

NEW YORK CITY, 1852.

While the work of Mr. Riggs referred to in the preface quoted was styled a grammar and dictionary of the Dakota language, most of the entries in the dictionary were in the Santee dialect, as that was the dialect of those Dakota who had been reached by Mr. Riggs and his associates. here and there were a few words in the Sisseton, Yankton, and Mdewakantonwan, though A. L. Riggs now shows that the Mdewakantonwan were the original Santee. As the years rolled by Mr. Riggs and his two sons were enabled to add many Santee words, which are given in the present volume Numerous Teton words have been inserted, furnished chiefly by W. J. Cleveland, who became a missionary to some of the Teton tribes in 1873. There will also be found more Yankton words, introduced by J. P. Williamson, a missionary to the Yanktons, though another Yankton missionary, J. W. Cook, has already gained thousands of Yankton words (not in this volume) which differ materially from their Santee equivalents. As the entire Bible and most of the books and newspapers printed in the Dakota have been published in Santee, that dialect has become the standard or literary dialect of the language. From a comparison of the Teton in this dictionary with that in the texts now in the possession of the Bureau of Ethnology, Mr. Dorsey has been led to suspect that there are provincial differences in the Teton-subdialects, if I may so term them.

It is still difficult to say whether the speech of the Assiniboin should be considered a dialect of the Dakota or a distinct language of the Siouan stock, though it is known that this people is an offshoot of the Yanktonnai Dakota, who speak the Yankton dialect. Whether there ever was a dialect known as the Sisseton is considered by Mr. Dorsey an open question, though Mr. Riggs gave several Sisseton examples in the introduction to his grammar.

By request of the Director, Mr. Riggs submitted his enlarged dictionary for examination, and its publication was ordered. Owing to the inability of the author to remain in Washington, the work of editing the new volume was assigned, with the consent of Mr. Riggs, to Mr. J. Owen Dorsey, of this Bureau, as Mr. Dorsey had been making a special study of the Siouan languages, including the Dakota, since 1871, and was eminently qualified for the work.

The original work of Messrs. Riggs and Dorsey, with other materials already published, will place the Siouan languages on record more thoroughly than those of any other family in this country.

The accompanying letter of transmittal gives the reasons for the publication of the dictionary before that of the grammar, texts, and ethnography.

J. W. Powell,

Director.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION, BUREAU OF ETHNOLOGY,

Washington, D. C., November 1, 1889.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit to you the copy for "Contributions to North American Ethnology, Vol. VII, A Dakota-English Dictionary."

This material was furnished to the Bureau in 1882 by the author, the Rev. S. R. Riggs, A. M., who died at Beloit, Wis., in August of the following year. Besides the material now transmitted, Mr. Riggs prepared the copy for another volume, to be entitled "Grammar, Texts, and Ethnography of the Dakota," which material is still in my possession.

As the English-Dakota dictionary of the edition of 1852 contained many inaccuracies, Mr. Riggs wished to furnish, as a companion volume to the present one, a revised and enlarged English-Dakota dictionary, but owing to his illness and death the preparation of that part of the work devolved on the Rev. J. P. Williamson, missionary at the Yankton Agency, Dakota. The following quotation is from Mr. Williamson's letter to me, dated May 11, 1883:

I commenced my English-Dakota dictionary before Dr. Riggs made any arrangement to republish his work. . . . I do not know that any agreement has been made obligating me to submit it as a part of the Dakota series. Yet I would not refuse the Smithsonian Institution my manuscript if it were ready, and 1 think that it will be complete some time next winter.

During the last illness of Mr. Riggs, and while I was correcting proof for him, I received several letters, in which a few pertinent sentences occur, thus:

I think best to trust the whole matter to you for the present. I send on Mr. Cleveland's Teeton¹ words. You know better than any one else how I have heretofore used them. If I should be taken away, A. L. Riggs and T. L. Riggs will have this matter to attend to.

^{&#}x27;I am constrained to differ from Mr. Riggs in the spelling of the English equivalent for "Titonwan." The word "Teton," with the "e" pronounced as in "me," has been used for more than a quarter of a century in gazetteers and geographies, and to me it seems preferable to "Teeton." Besides, Messrs. A. L. and T. L. Riggs have recently furnished another variant, "Titon." Let us retain "Titonwan" as the Dakota word and "Teton" as its English equivalent.—J. O. D.

Rev. A. L. Riggs wrote subsequently:

My father wishes to acknowledge your favor of March 8, just received, and to say in answer that any changes he may find absolutely necessary he will make in the plates. Please go on with the work and use your best judgment.

Since then there has been considerable correspondence with Messrs. A. L. Riggs and J. P. Williamson, but no definite reply has been received as to the time when the English-Dakota dictionary can be submitted. In March of this year, when it was determined to obtain a final answer respecting this, a letter was sent to the Rev. A. L. Riggs by the Director of the Bureau, eliciting the following reply:

DEAR SIR: Your favor of March 1 in regard to the progress made on the English-Dakota part of my father's dictionary is received. A good deal of work has been done on it, but the final revision is yet to be made. I cannot say whether we could furnish you the manuscript fast enough to warrant beginning on it until after I have conferred with Mr. Williamson. This I will do at once and report to you.

Nearly eight months have passed since the receipt of that letter, and it now seems probable that the revised English-Dakota dictionary will not be published in connection with the present work and the "Grammar, Texts, and Ethnography of the Dakota."

It was the original intention of the Director of the Bureau to publish simultaneously all of Mr. Riggs's works on the Dakota language, the Dakota-English dictionary appearing as the first volume, the English-Dakota dictionary as the second, and the Grammar, Texts, and Ethnography of the Dakota as the third; but on account of the delay referred to in this letter it has been found impossible to adhere to this plan.

It was finally decided to publish the Dakota-English dictionary without further delay, as the 665 pages of that work could not well be bound in one volume with the Grammar, Texts, and Ethnography. It was also decided to postpone the publication of the latter work.

All entries followed by "S. R. R." were contributed by the author. Those furnished by his son, Rev. Alfred L. Riggs, are signed "A. L. R." "T. L. R." stands for Rev. T. L. Riggs, and "J. P. W." for Rev. J. P. Williamson. Rev. W. J. Cleveland's articles are designated by "W. J. C.", and "J. O. D," marks those entries for which I am responsible.

Yours, respectfully,

J. OWEN DORSEY, Ethnologist.

To J. W. Powell, Director.

A DAKOTA-ENGLISH DICTIONARY.

BY STEPHEN R. RIGGS.

THE ALPHABET.

VOWELS.

The vowels are five in number, and have each one uniform sound, except when followed by the nasal "n," which somewhat modifies them.

- a has the sound of English a in father.
- e has the sound of English e in they, or of a in face.
- i has the sound of i in marine, or of e in me.
- o has the sound of English o in go, note.
- u has the sound of u in rule, or of oo in food.

CONSONANTS.

The consonants are twenty-four in number, exclusive of the sound represented by the apostrophe (').

- b has its common English sound.
- is an aspirate with the sound of English ch, as in chin. In the Dakota Bible and other printing done in the language, it has not been found necessary to use the discritical mark.*
- is an emphatic c. It is formed by pronouncing "c" with a strong pressure of the organs, followed by a sudden expulsion of the breath.
- d has the common English sound.
- g has the sound of g hard, as in go.
- g represents a deep sonant guttural resembling the Arabic ghain ($\dot{\epsilon}$). Formerly represented by g simply.
- h has the sound of h in English.
- h represents a strong surd guttural resembling the Arabic kha (\nearrow). Formerly represented by r.‡

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^{*}For this sound Lepsius recommends the Greek χ.
† These are called *cerebrals* by Lepsius.
† These correspond with Lepsius, except in the form of the diacritical mark.

- k has the same sound as in English.
- k is an emphatic letter, bearing the same relation to k that "¿" does to "ć." In all the printing done in the language, it is still found most convenient to use the English q to represent this sound.*
- l has the common sound of this letter in English. It is peculiar to the Titonwan dialect.
- m has the same sound as in English.
- n has the common sound of n in English.
- n denotes a nasal sound similar to the French n in bon, or the English n in drink. As there are only comparatively very few cases where a full n is used at the end of a syllable, no distinctive mark has been found necessary. Hence in all our other printing the nasal continues to be represented by the common n.
- p has the sound of the English p, with a little more volume and stress of voice.
- p is an emphatic, bearing the same relation to p that " ξ " does to " ξ ."*
- has the surd sound of English s, as in say.
- is an aspirated s, having the sound of English sh, as in shine. Formerly represented by x.
- t is the same as in English, with a little more volume of voice.
- t is an emphatic, bearing the same relation to t that " ξ " does to " ξ ."*
- w has the power of the English w, as in walk.
- y -has the sound of English y, as in yet.
- z has the sound of the common English z, as in zebra.
- \dot{z} is an aspirated z, having the sound of the French j, or the English s in pleasure. Formerly represented by j.

The apostrophe is used to mark an hiatus, as in s'a. It seems to be analogous to the Arabic hamzeh (\mathfrak{L}) .

Note.—Some Dakotas, in some instances, introduce a slight b sound before the m, and also a d sound before n. For example, the preposition "om," with, is by some persons pronounced obm, and the preposition "en," in, is sometimes spoken as if it should be written edn. In these cases, the members of the Episcopal mission among the Dakotas write the b and the d, as "ob," "ed."

^{*} These are called cerebrals by Lepsius.

[†]These correspond with Lepsius, except in the form of the diacritical mark.

DAKOTA-ENGLISH.

A.

- a, the first letter of the Dakota alphabet. It has but one uniform sound, that of a in father.
- a, an inseparable preposition or prefix.
 - 1. Prefixed to verbs and adjectives, it usually means on or upon: as, magazu, to rain, amagazu, to rain on; mani, to walk, amani, to walk on; han, to stand, ahan, to stand on; waste, good, awaste, to be good on or in addition to; to become, to befit: when, in addition to the prefix, ka or kaća is suffixed, the idea of incredulity or contempt is expressed: as, awasteka, amakukaća.
 - 2. In some cases it gives a causative meaning to the verb: as u, to come, au, to bring; ya, to go, aya, to take.
 - 3. It forms a collective plural in the case of some verbs of motion: as, au, they come; aya, they go; ahi, they have arrived.
 - 4. Prefixed to nouns, it sometimes makes adverbs: as, wanića, none, awanin or awaninya in a destroying way; paha, a hill, apahaya, hill-like.

- 5. It makes nouns of some verbs: as, bapta, to cut off from, abapte, a cutting on, can abapte, a cutting-board.
- a, n. the arm-pit, under the arm: as, a ogna wao, I hit under the arm or foreleg.
- a, v. imperat. only; hark, listen:
 a, a wo, a ye; pl. a po, am, a
 miye.
- a a', n. mold.
- a a', adj moldy.
- a a', v. n. to mold, become moldy.
- a-a'-mna, v. n. (aa and omna) to smell moldy.
- a b a' h d a, v. a. to shave off with a knife, as the fat from guts—abawahda, abayahda.
- a-ba'-hda-hda, v. red. of aba-hda.
- a-ba'-ka, v. a. (a and baka) to cut or split the feather from a quill; fig. to be straight or without wrong doing: abakapi se waun—abawaka.
- a b a' k e z a, v. a. (a and bakeza) to cut off smooth, as a feather for an arrow—abawakeza, abayakeza.
- a-ba'-kpa, v. a. (a and bakpa) to pare off on—abawakpa.
- a-ba'-kpan, v. a (a and bakpan) to cut fine on, make fine on, as in

- cutting tobacco: can abakpan, a | a b a' p e, v. a. (a and bape) tobacco board—abawakpan, abaya-
- a-ba'-ksa, v. a. (a and baksa) to cut off, as a stick, on anything, with a knife—abawaksa, abaunksapi.
- a-ba'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of abaksa.
- a b a' k ś i ś, v. cont. of abakśiźa: abakšiš iyeya, to double or shut up, as a knife, on anything.
- a-ba'-kśi-źa, v. a. (a and bakśiźa) to shut upon, as a pocket-knifeabawakśiźa, abayakśiźa.
- a b a' k e z a, v. a. (a and bakeza)to split the feather end of a quill; to cut off, as the ribs of an animal on -abawakeza, abayakeza, abaunkezapi.
- a-ba'-mda, v. a. (a and bamda) to cut in strips on—abawamda.
- a b a' m d a y a, v. a. (a and bamdaya) to smooth over by cutting with a knife, to shave off lumps onabawamdaya.
- a b a' m d a z a, v. a. (a and bamdaza) to cut or rip open onabawamdaza, abayamdaza, abaunmdazapi.
- a b a' m d e ć a, v. a. (a and bamdeća) to break by cutting on anything, as something brittle; to cut up in pieces on-abawamdeća, abayamdeća, abaunmdećapi.
- a b a' m d e n, v. cont. of abamdeća: abamden iyeya.
- a b a' m n a, v. a. (a and bamna)to rip on, as with a knife—abawamna.

- off short on, or make stubbed—abawape
- a-ba'-pon, v. cont. of abapota.
- a-ba'-po-ta, v. a. (a and bapota) to cut in pieces on, destroy on anything, by cutting with a knife—abawapota, abayapota, abaunpotapi
- a-ba'-psa-ka, v. a. (a and bapsaka) to cut off on, as a cord or string, with a knife—abawapsaka, abayapsaka, abaunpsakapi
- $a b a' p \le u \eta$, v. a. (a and bapsum) to unjoint with a knife on anything —abawapśuŋ.
- a b a' p ta, v. a. (a and bapta) cut off from, as a piece; to cut on, as clothes on a board—abawapta, abayapta, abaunptapi.
- a-ba'-pte, n. ćan abapte, a cutting-board.
- a-ba'-ptuś, v. cont. of abaptuźa: abaptuś iyeya.
- a ba' ptu źa, v. a. (a and bato split or crack by cutting ptuźa) on anything; to crack or split, as a knife-handle, in cutting on anything—abawaptuźa, abayaptuźa.
- a b a' s d e c a, v. a. (a and basdeća) to split on—abawasdeća.
- a-ba'-ski-ća, v. a. (a and bato press out on, as with a skića) knife by cutting—abawaskića
- a b a' s k i t a, v. a. (a and baskita) to press upon with a knife—abawaskita.
- a b a' s k u, v. a. (a and basku) pare on, as an apple—abawasku.

- a-ba'-smin, v. a. (a and basmin)
 to cut or shave off close, as meat
 from bones—abawasmin.
- a b a' s o, v. a. (a and baso) to cut off a string from; to cut a string on anything—abawaso, abayaso.
- a b a' s o s o , v. red. of abaso: to cut strings from; to cut into strings on—abawasoso.
- a-ba'-śda, v. a. (a and baśda) to make bare on, shave off with a knife on; to cut, as grass, in addition to what is already done—abawaśda, abayaśda, abauŋśdapi.
- a-ba'-śdo-ka, v. a. (a and baśdoka) to cut a hole in, on anything—abawaśdoka.
- a b a' ś i p a, v. a. (a and baśipa) to cut off or prune upon anything—abawaśipa.
- a b a' ś k i ć a, v. a. (a and baśkića) to press out upon, as by cutting with a knife—abawaśkića.
- a b a' ś k u, v. a. (a and baśku) to cut off upon, as corn from the cob—abawaśku.
- a b a' ś p a, v. a. (a and baśpa) to cut off on, as a piece of a stick—abawaśpa.
- a b a' ś p u, v. a. (a and baśpu) to cut up on, cut in pieces—abawaśpu.
- a-b a'-ś p u-ś p u, v. red. of abaśpu.
- a-ba'-tpan, v. a. Same as abakpan, which see.
- a b a' ź a n, v. cont. of abaźata: abaźan ośtan, to sit astride, be placed on astride.

- a b a' ź a t a, v. a. (a and baźata) to make a split on—abawaźata.
- a'-be-ki-ya, adv. scattered, separately.
- a'-be-ya, adv. separately, scattering—abeya iyayapi.
- a b l o', n. Ti. for amdo, which see.
- a-bo'-hde-ća, v. a. (a and bo-hdeća) to split by shooting or punching on anything—abowahdeća.
- a-bo'-hdo-ka, v. a. (a and bo-hdoka) to punch a hole in one thing on something else—abowa-hdoka.
- a-bo'-hpa, v. a. (a and bohpa) to make fall on by shooting—abowahpa.
- a-bo'-kpan, v. a. (a and bokpan) to pound fine on—abowakpan.
- a-bo'-ksa, v. a. (a and boksa) to break off by shooting on; to break off by punching on—abowaksa, aboyaksa, abounksapi.
- a b o' k u k a, v. a. (a and bokuka) to shoot or punch to pieces on—abowakuka, aboyakuka, abounkukapi.
- a b o' k e ġ a, v. a. (a and bokeġa) to miss fire on, as in trying to shoot; to snap a gun on—abowakeġa, aboyakeġa, abounkeġapi, abomakeġa.
- a-bo'-keh, v. cont. of abokeġa; abokeh iyeya.
- a-bo'-mda-za, v. a. (a and bo-mdaza) to tear open by shooting on anything—abowamdaza, aboyamdaza.
- a-bo'-mde-ća, v. a. (a and bomdeća) to break in pieces by shoot-

- ing or punching on—abowamdeća, aboyamdeća, abounmdećapi.
- a-bo'-mden, v. cont. of abomdeća: abomden iyeya.
- a-bo'-mdu, v. n. (a and bomdu) to blow up on, as by the wind; to bubble up on, as water; said when a multitude gathers around one—abomamdu.
- a-bo'-mdu-mdu, v. red. of abomdu; to bubble up, as water.
- a b o' p a and a b o' p a n, v. a. (a and bopa or bopan) to pound fine on, as corn—abowapan.
- a-bo'-po-ta, v. a. (a and bopota) to shoot to pieces on anything—abowapota, aboyapota, abounpotapi.
- a-bo'-psa-ka, v. a. (a and bo-psaka) to break off, as a cord, by shooting on—abowapsaka, aboyapsaka.
- a-bo'-pta, v. a. (a and bopta) to punch off a piece, by striking on anything, with the end of a stick—abowapta, aboyapta, abounptapi.
- a b o' p t u s, v. cont. of aboptuźa: aboptuś iyeya.
- a-bo'-ptu-źa, v. a. (a and boptuźa) to split or crack, as an arrow by shooting against anything; or, as a stick, in punching—abowaptuźa, aboyaptuźa, abounptuźapi.
- a-bo'-sdan, v. n. cont. of abosdata: as, abosdan hde, to place upright on; a phrase used of the mirage, or looming up of things on a cold, clear morning.

- a-bo'-sda-ta, v. n. to stand upright on.
- a-bo'-sde-ća, v. a. (a and bo-sdeća) to split by shooting upon—abowasdeća.
- a-bo'-so-ta, v. a. (a and bosota) to use all up by shooting upon—abowasota.
- a-bo'-śda, v. a. (a and bośda) to make bare on by punching—abowaśda
- a-bo'-śde-ća, v. a. (a and bośdeća) to split off on, as a piece, by shooting or punching—abowaśdeća.
- a-bo'-śdo-ka, v. a. (a and bośdoka) to shoot off on; to empty the contents of a gun on anything, by shooting at it: mazakan abośdoka—abowaśdoka, aboyaśdoka, abounśdokapi.
- a-bo'-śna, v. a. (a and bośna) to miss fire on, as of a gun—abowa-śna.
- a-bo'-śpa, v. a. (a and bośpa) to shoot a piece off on—abowaśpa.
- a-bo'-śpu, v. a. (a and bośpu) to knock off upon, as anything stuck on, by punching or shooting—abowaśpu.
- a-bo'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. a. (a and botakuniśni) to destroy by shooting or punching on anything—abowatakuniśni, aboyatakuniśni, abountakunipiśni.
- a-bo'-ta, v. a. (a and bota) to kill on by punching—abowata.
- $a b o' w e \dot{g} a$, v. a. (a and bowega)

- to break on, as by shooting or punching—abowaweġa.
- a b o' ź u ź u , v. a (a and boźuźu) to break all up on; to destroy upon—abowaźuźu.
- a ć a' ġ a, v. n. (a and ćaġa) to freeze in, on, or upon; to become ice upon—amaćaġa.
- a ć a' ġ a ś d a y a, adj. all smooth with ice, icy. Same as aćahśdaya.
- a ć a h' s n a s n a, v. n. (a ćaġa and snasna) to rattle, as icicles formed on anything.
- a-ćah-śda-ya, adj. (a ćaga and śdaya) all icy, covered with ice, as trees when rain is frozen on them.
- a-ća'-kśin, v.a. to step over, pass over, jump over; to avoid, pass by, neglect; to transgress—aćawakśin, aćayakśin, aćaunkśinpi, aćamakśin, aćaćikśin, etc.; woaćakśin, passing over.
- a-ća'-kśin-ya, v. a. to cause to pass over—aćakśinwaya, aćakśinmayan.
- a-ća'-kśiŋ-yaŋ, adv. passing over.
- a-ća'-mni, v. n. (a and ćamni) to sprout on.
- a-ćan'-ćan, v. n. (a and ćanćan) to shake on account of—amaćanćan.
- a'-ćaŋ-ćaŋ, v. a. to apply oneself to intensely: áćaŋćaŋ hiŋća; áćaŋćaŋ ećoŋpi, i q. akiptaŋ ećoŋpi áwaćaŋćaŋ, áyaćaŋćaŋ.
- a-ćan'-ka-śka, v. a. (a ćan and kaśka) to bind wood on; to inclose

- on, fence in—aćanwakaska. See aćonkaske
- a-ćan'-ka-śka-ya, v. a. (a ćan and kaśkaya) to make a fence, to inclose, as a fort; to bind wood together on—aćankaśkawaya.
- a-ćan'-ku-ya, v. a. (a ćanku and ya) to make a road on; to pass through on—aćankuwaya.
- a-ćan'-ku-ya, adv. lying on, as a road; passing through.
- a-ćan'-ni-yan, v. n. (a and ćanniyan) to be angry for—aćanmaniyan, acanniniyan, acanniunyanpi.
- a-ćan'-ni-ye-ya, v. a. to be angry at one on account of something—acanniyewaya, acanniyeunyanpi.
- a-can'-nun-pa, v. a. (a and cannunpa) to smoke on or after, as after eating.—acannunmunpa. See cannunpa.
- a-ćan'-te-śi-ća, v. n (a ćante and śića) to be sad on account of. See ićanteśića
- a-ćan'-te-śin-ya, adv. sorrowfully for.
- a-ćan'-te-śin-ya-ken, adv. sadly for
- a é a' p a, v. a. (a and éapá) to stab on, stick in; to take stitches in or on—aéawapa, aéayapa.
- a-ćem'-ya, v.a. of aćepa: to make fat for a certain purpose—aćemwaya.
- a-ćem'-ya-ken, adv. in a state of fattening for: aćemyaken hde.

- a-će'-pa, v. n. (a and ćepa) to be fat for be in good order; to be getting fatter: i. q. kitanna ćepa.
- a-će'-sdi, v. a. (a and ćesdi) to ćesdi on anything—aćewasdi, aćeyasdi. See ćesdi.
- a-će'-sdi, n. something to ćesdi on, as a diaper.
- a-će'-ti, v. a. (a and ćeti) to make a fire on or at, as a log; to heat, as a gun-lock, for the purpose of hardening; to burn, as stone or brick, in a kiln—aćewati, aćeyati, aćeuntipi.
- a-će'-ya, v. a. (a and ćeya) to cry for anything, as a child does; to mourn for, as for one dead—awaćeya, ayaćeya, unkaćeyapi.
- a-će'-ya-pi, part. crying for, cried for.
- a 6 o y' k a s k e , n. a place fenced in, a fort. See conkaske and cankaska.
- a-ćo'-pa, v. a. (a and copa) to wade into the water for anything—acowapa, acounpapi.
- a-ćos'-ya, adv. warmly.
- a-6 o'-za, v. n. (a and coza) to be warm on, to be comfortable.
- a-ću', v. n. (a and ću) to dew on, bedew.
- a-ću', n. and prep. dew upon.
- a ć u' w i t a, v. n. (a and ćuwita)
 to be cold upon—amaćuwita.
- a-ću'-ya, v. a. to cause dew upon, to bedew—aćuwaya.
- a-de'-tka, n. a branch or limb of a tree; a limb, as of the body.
- a de' źa, v. a. (a and deźa) to uri-

- nate on anything—awadeźa, ayadeźa, unkadeźapi.
- a-de'-źa, n. a diaper.
- a di', v. a. to climb up, climb a tree; to climb over, as a fence; to ascend, as a hill—awadi, ayadi, unkadipi.
- a di' di, v. red. of adi.
- a-di'-di-ya, adv. red. of adiya.
- a-di'-di-ya-ken, adv. in a climbing manner.
- a di' ki ya, v. a. to cause to climb—adiwakiya.
- a di' ya, adv. climbing.
- a-di'-ya-ken, adv. in a climbing way.
- a-do'-kso, v. a. (prob. of doksi) to fold up the arms; to put the hand under the arm—adowakso, adoyakso, adounksopi.
- a-do'-kso-han, v. a. to fold in the arms; to put under the arm, as one's cap—adowaksohan: adoksohan iću, to fold in the arms—adoksohan iwaću.
- a dos', cont. of adoza.
- a dos' dos, *cont.* of adosdoza: adosdos mahinhda.
- a-dos'-dos-ye-ća, v. n to experience a burning sensation; to become angry—adosdoswayeća. See adosya.
- a-dos'-do-za, v.n. red. of adoza; to be scorched, but not cooked, as something held in the flame.
- a-dos'-ya, v.a. to scorch, as meat held in the flame; to have one's feelings touched by any circumstance, to be made angry; adosyapi seksen

hinhda, to experience a burning sensation, as in sickness; adosyapi se kinyanka, to run just as fast as one can: adosye hinéa—adoswaya, adosyaya, adosunyanpi.

- a-do'-wan, v.a. (a and dowan) to sing in praise of any one; to sing for, as for the death of an enemy this the Dakotas do when they go to war against their enemies, and desire to take their lives; wićasta adowan, to sing to a man, to sing the praises of a man; zitkadan pa adowan, to sing over the heads of birdsthis expresses a custom which the Dakotas have, when a man takes some woodpeckers' heads and sings over them to another person, expecting to receive from him in return a horse, or some valuable In this case, the consideration. individual mentions the honorable deeds of the person to whom he gives the birds' heads, and sings his praise—awadowan, ayadowan, unkadowanpi. See wa'-dowan.
- a-do'-za, v. n. to be scorched, but not cooked; tanéan adoza se; adoza se hinhda, to feel a scorched sensation pass over the body, as in a fever.
- a'-e-ta-hnag-ya, adv. towards, through, among.
- a'-e-ta-hna-ka, prep. towards. a'-e-to-o-pta, prep. towards.
- a'-e-to-o-pte-ya, adv. towards,
- in that direction. a'-e-to-pta, prep. in the direction

of a certain object.

- a'-e-to-pte-ya, adv. in that direction, past a certain point.
- a gla', v. a. Ti., same as ahda.
- a g l e' ś k a n a , n. Ti., a lizard—ahdeśkadan.
- a g l i', v. a. Ti., same as ahdi—awagli, ayagli, unkaglipi.
- a'-ġa, v. n. to make a splash, as a fish jumping up in the water; to fall or jump into water with a splash—aġe ihpaya, aġe iwahpamda, aġe uŋkihpayapi.
- a'-ġe, v. n. See aġa.
- a-gi', v. n. (a and gi) to be covered with rust, mildewed; to have a rusty or brown stain.
- a-gu', v. n. (a and gu) to burn on anything; to burn on account of or by reason of anything.
- a g u', part. burnt on.
- $\mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}$, $v. n. red. of a\dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}$.
- a ġ u' ġ u y a, v. a. red. of aġuya; to cause to burn on.
- a-ġu'-ya, v. a. to cause to burn on—aġuwaya, aġuyaya, aġuuŋyaŋpi.
- a-gu'-ya-pi, n. (aguya) bread, so called because burned or baked; wheat bread especially; wheat; wamnaheza aguyapi, corn bread.
- a-ġu'-ya-pi-hu, n. wheat growing; wheat straw.
- a-ġu'-ya-pi-i-ća-paŋ, n. a flail.
- a-ġu'-ya-pi-mdu, n. flour.
- a-ġu'-ya-pi-su, n. wheat not ground, the grain of wheat.
- $a \dot{g}u' ya pi \dot{c}a \dot{g}u$, n. leav-

- ened bread, because like the lungs ćagu.
- a-ha'-ha-ye-dan, adv. not firmly, movably. See hahayedan.
- a-ha'-kam, adv. after. Not much used. See ohakam.
- a-ha'-kam-ye-dan, adv not deep, shallow; said of dipping up anything when it is shallow.
- a-han', v. n. (a and han) to stand on, rest on—awahan, ayahan, unkahanpi. Ahe éin, a foundation.
- a h a n', v. imperat. only; take care: ahan duśna kta, take care, you will mistake.
- a-han', intj. of assent: from han, yes.
- a-han'-han, v. red. of ahan, to stand on; and also of ahan, to take care.
- a-han'-ke-ta, adv at the end. See ihanketa.
- a-han'-ke-ya, adv. immediately, then, following, at the end of.
- a-han'-mde, v. a. (a and hanmde) to dream about something wakan awahanmde.
- a h a n' m n a, v. a. (a and hanmna) to dream about anything—awahanma, ayahanmna.
- a-han'-zi, v. n. to be shady upon, overshadowed—amahanzi.
- a-han'-zi-ya, v.a. to overshadow, cause shade upon, make dark upon; to screen from the sun; to reveal to one, as the shadows of things going before; to give a presentiment of—ahanziwaya, ahanzimayan.

- a-hda', v. a. (a and hda) to take home, carry or bear home—awahda, ayahda, unkahdapi, amahda, aćihda, wićunkahdapi.
- a-hda', v. col. pl. of hda; they go home.
- a-hda'-da, v. a. pos. of akada; to scatter one's own upon—awahdada.
- a-hda'-ġe-ġe, v. a. pos. of akaġeġe; to sew one's own upon.
- a-hda'-han, v. a. (ahda and han) to stand carrying home.
- a-hda'-han, v. n. to bear up, be strong enough to bear, as ice—amahdahan, unkahdahanpi, awićahdahan.
- a-hda'-han, v., col. pl. they keep going home one after another.
- a-hda'-hpa, v. pos. of akahpa; to throw, as a garment, over one's own—awahdahpa.
- a-hda'-hpe-ki-ton, v. pos. of akahpeton; to clothe or cover one's own—ahdahpewakiton, ahdahpeyakiton.
- a-hda'-hpe-ton, v. pos. of akahpeton; to clothe one's own—ahdahpewaton, ahdahpeyaton.
- a-hda'-hpe-ya, v. pos. of akahpeya; to cover one's own—ahdahpewaya, ahdahpeunyanpi: taku ahdahpeyapi, clothes. See aihdahpeya.
- a-hda'-ksa, v. a. pos. of akaksa; to cut off one's own upon—awahdaksa.
- a-hda'-kśinś, or a-hda-kśiś:

- ahdaksins wanka, to lie curled up on one side: ahdaksins munka.
- a-hda'-mna, v.a. pos. of akamna; to gather one's own upon, to accumulate—awahdamna.
- a-hda'-pan, v. a. pos. of akapan; to beat out or thresh one's own upon awahdapan.
- a h d a' p o t a, v. a. pos. of akapota; to beat in pieces one's own upon; also, v. n. to float upon.
- a-hda'-psin-ta, v. a. pos. of akapsinta; to strike or whip one's own.
- a-hda'-pson, v. a. pos. to spill one's own upon—of akapson.
- a-hda'-pśin, adv. bottom upwards, said of a boat or anything turned up.
- a-hda'-pśiŋ-yaŋ, adv. bottom up: ahdapśiŋyaŋ elipeya, and ahdapśiŋyaŋ iyeya. to turn bottom side up—ahdapśiŋyaŋ iyewaya.
- a-hda'-pśuŋ, v. a. pos. of a and kapśuŋ; to put one's own out of joint on—awahdapśuŋ.
- a h d a' p ta, v. n (a and hdapta) to cease to fall on, as rain—amahdapta. See hdapta.
- a-hda'-pta, v. a. (a and hdapta) to dip or lade out from one's own kettle, etc.—awahdapta. See kapta.
- a-hda'-ski-ća, v. a. pos. of akaskića; to press down on one's own awahdaskića. Part., face down, prone, headlong.
- a-hda'-skin, part. cont. of ahda-

- skića; on the face, prone: ahdaskin ehpeya, to throw down on the face; ahdaskin ihpaya, to fall down on the face—ahdaskin iwahpamda, ahdaskin iyahpada.
- a-hda'-śda, v.a. pos. of akaśda; to cut, as grass, on oneself—amihda-śda.
- a-hda'-śki-ća, v. pos. of akaśkića and ayaśkića; to spit out on something of one's own—awahdaśkića, ayahdaśkića.
- a h d a' ś n a, v. a. pos. of ayaśna; to make a mistake in speaking—awahdaśna.
- a-hda'-śpa, v. a. pos. of akaśpa; to break a piece off one's own upon.
- a-hda'-stan, v. pos. of akastan and ayastan; to throw or spill, as water, on one's own; to cease speaking or eating.
- a-hda'-ta, v. pos. of akata; to hoe one's own, as corn, etc.—awahdata, ayahdata.
- a-hda'-ta, v. a. to chorus to, answer or respond to in music—awićawahdata, I respond to them.
- a-hda'-ta-he-na, adv. of ahdata; answeringly.
- a-hda'-tkan, v. pos. of ayatkan; to drink one's own with or upon—awahdatkan.
- a h d e', v. Same as ahda.
- a-hde', v. a. (a and hde) to place or make stand on—awahde, ayahde, unkahdepi. See ahnaka, anpa, etc.
- a-hde'-dan, and a-hda'-dan, n. or part. Standing on—placed on

- a-hde'-han, n. a foundation.
- a-hde'-he-ćin, n. a foundation.
- a-hde'-hi-ye-ya, part. placed one after another.
- a-hde'-ki-ya, va. (ahda and kiya) to cause to take home—ahdewakiya, ahdeyakiya, ahdeunki-yapi.
- a h d e' p a, v. a. (a and hdepa) to vomit upon—awahdepa.
- a h d e' śka dan, n. a lizard.
- a-hde'-ye-ya, part. placed one after another.
- a-hdeyus, v. cont. of abdeyuza: abdeyus kute, to shoot, holding the gun against the object, or very near it.
- a h d e' y u z a, v.a. to hold against, hold near to; to come near to—ahdemduza.
- a h d i', v. a to bring or carry home—awahdi, ayahdi, unkahdipi.
- a-h di', v. col. pl. of hdi; they come home together.
- a-hdi'-i-ya-pe, v. (ahdi and iyape) to wait for their coming home; to lie in wait by the way—ahdiiyawape.
- a-h di'-p si-ća, v. col. to come home and alight.
- a-hdi'-wan-ka, v. col. to come home and sleep.
- a-h di'-ya-han, v.n. to fly home and alight, as fowls; col. pl. of hdiyahan, to come in sight and stop, as on a hill, coming home.
- a-hdi'-ya-hda, v. a. (ahdi and ahda) to carry home again—awa-

- hdiyahda, ayahdiyahda. See akiyahda.
- a-hdi'-ya-hda, v. col. pl. they pass home.
- a-hdi'-ya-hda-han, v. col. pl. they continue to pass home.
- a h d i' y a k u , v. a. (ahdi and aku) to start to bring home again—awahdiyaku, ayahdiyaku.
- a-h di'-ya-ku, v. col. pl. of hdiću; they start to come home together.
- a-hdi'-ya-pe, v. See ahdiiyape.
- a-hdi'-ya-pe-pe, v. n. to skip, as something flat thrown along on the surface of the water.
- a-hdi'-ya-pe-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to skip along on the surface, as a stone or chip on the water—ahdiyapepewaya.
- a-hdi'-yo-hi, v. col. pl. of hdiyohi; they reach home on returning.
- a-hdi'-yo-tan-ka, v. col. pl. of hdiyotanka; they come home and sit down.
- a-hdi'-yu-hpa, v.a. to lay down on the way coming home—ahdimduhpa. Col. pl., they come home and lay down their burdens.
- a-hdi'-yu-kan, v. col. pl. to come home and remain, as deer, in abundance: ahdiyukanpi, they come home and remain.
- a-h di'-źu, v. a. (ahdi and eźu) to bring home and pile up—ahdiwaźu, ahdiyaźu, ahdiunźupi.
- a-hdo'-hda, v. to carry home—awahdohda.
- a-hdo'-ni-ća, v. a. (a and hdo-

- point—awahdonića.
- a-hdu'-ġa-ta, v. pos. of a and yugata to open out as one's hand on anything—awahdugata.
- a-hdu'-ha, v. pos. of ayuha; to have or take one's own on account of; to provide for some occasion, to keep one's own for a certain purpose awahduha, ayahduha, unkahduhapi.
- a-hdu'-ho-mni, v. pos. of ayuhomni; to turn upon one's own, as a gun—awahduhomni.
- a-hdu'-hi-ća, v. pos. of ayuhića;, to waken up one's own uponawahduhića.
- a-hdu'-kan, v.a. to leave unmolested—awahdukan, amahdukan.
- a h d u' k a w a, v. pos. of a and yukawa; to open upon one's own.
- pos. of a and a-hdu'-kćan, v. yukćan; to understand one's own upon or in relation to—awahdukéan.
- a-hdu'-man, v-pos. of a and yuman; to grind one's own uponawahduman.
- a-hdu'-mdu, v. pos. of a and yumdu: to plow one's own upon awahdumdu.
- a-hdu'-so-ta, v. pos. of a and yusota; to use one's own up onawahdusota.
- a-hdu'-sto, v. pos. of a and yusto; to smooth one's own down on, as hair; to stroke—awahdusto.
- a-h d u'-s u-t a, v. pos. of a and yusuta; to make hard one's own upon.

- to hold to one's own on a a-hdu'-ski-ća, v. pos. of a and yuśkića; to press out one's own
 - a-hdu'-śna, v. pos. of a and yuśna; to make a mistake over.
 - a h d u' stan, v. pos. of ayustan; to leave off something pertaining to oneself-awahdustan, ayahdustan, unkahdustanpi.
 - a-hdu'-ste, v. n. to be numb on amahduste.
 - a-hdu'-ta, v. pos. of a and yuta; to eat one's own with something or upon something.
 - a-hdu'-ti-tan, v. pos. of a and yutitan; to stretch one's own upon; to pull upon.
 - $a h d u' w e \dot{g} a$, v. pos. of a and yuwega; to bend or break upon.
 - a-hdu'-za, v. pos. of a and yuza; to hold one's own to.
 - a h e' ce ca, v. n.to be rather better, as in recovering from sickness, to be neither good nor bad, middling-amahećeća, anihećeća, unkahećećapi.
 - a h e' ć e ć a k e , *adj*. rather better—amahećećake.
 - a h e' ć e n, cont. of ahećeća.
 - a h e' ce n y a, adv. pretty well, middling.
 - a-he'-ćin, n. standing-place, foundation.
 - a-he'-he-ye-dan, adv. not firmly: aheheyedan yanka.
 - a h e' k i y a, v. a. (ahan and kiya)to cause to stand on—ahewakiya.
 - a-he'-yun, v. a. (a and heyun) to

- nun.
- a h i', v. a. to bring to a place awahi, ayahi, unkahipi, acihi, amahi, awićawahi.
- a-hi', v. col. pl. of hi; they have come.
- a-hi'-be, v. See ahiman.
- a h i' m a n, v. n. to come and hatch, as birds of passage; to lodge on: pl ahimanpi.
- $a hi' mni \acute{e}i ya$, v. (ahi and to assemble to; to keep mnićiya) coming in one after another.
- a-hi'-na-pa, v. n. (a and hinapa) to come out on, as sores or pimples on the skin; to break out in sores or spots—amahinapa. Sometimes written ahinanpa.
- a-hi'-na-pa, v. col. pl. of hinapa; they_come in sight.
- a-hin'-han, v. n. (a and hinhan) to rain upon, fall on as rain-amahinhan, unkahinhanpi.
- a h i n' h e, v. n. Same as ahinhan.
- a-hin'-he-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to rain on-ahinhewakiya.
- a-hiŋ'-he-ya, v. a. to cause to fall on, as rain—ahinhewaya.
- a-hin'-hpa-ya, v. n. (a and hinhpaya) to fall on anything—amahinhpaya, anihinhpaya, unkahinhpayapi.
- $a h i \eta' h p a y e y a$, $v \cdot a$. to cause to fall on: amahinhpayeyaya, you caused it to fall on me.
- a-hi'-ti, v. (ahi and ti) to come and pitch one's tent-ahiwati, ahiyati, ahiuntipi.

- tie up a bundle on-ahemun, ahe- | a h i'- t o n w a n, v. a. (ahi and tonwan) to look towards one; to look upon; to look to, regard—ahiwatonwan, ahiyatonwan, ahiuntonwanpi, ahimatonwan.
 - a-hi'-ton-wan-yan-pi, v. pl. they come and make a village-aliiuntonwanyanpi.
 - a-hi'-ton-we-ki-ya, v. a. cause to look towards—ahitonwewakiya.
 - a-hi'-ton-we-ya, v. a. to cause to look to-ahitonwewaya, ahitonwemayan.
 - $a h i' w a \eta k a$, v n. (ahi and wanka) col. to come and sleep; or v. a. to bring and lie down—ahimunka.
 - a-hi'-ya-han, v. n. to come and alight on, as a flock of birds in a field: zitkatanka en ahiyahe. Col. pl., as, paha ahiyahe, they come up on the hill
 - a-hi'-ya-haŋ-haŋ, v. red. of ahiyahan.
 - a-hi'-ya-hde, v.a. to bring home · and place on; pl. they come and go on towards home.
 - a h i' y a h d e y a, part. coming and going on
 - a-hi'-ya-ka-sin-sin, v. a. col. pl. to pass along, sometimes in sight, and sometimes out of sight. See ahiyokasinsin.
 - a h i' y a n k a, v. n. (ahi and yanka) to bring one thing after another, keep bringing; to bring and remain-ahimanka, ahinanka: pl. ahiyukanpi.

- a-hi'-ya-ya, v. col. pl. of hi-yaya; they passed by.
- a-hi'-ya-ya, v. a. to take or carry round; hand round to, as a pipe; to sing, as a hymn or tune—awahimdamde, ayahidade, unkahiyayapi. Hence oahiyaye, a tune.
- a-hi'-yo-ka-kin, v. to come and peep in and draw back the head—ahiyowakakin, ahiyoyakakin.
- a-hi'-yo-ka-sin, v. to look in at a window or door, to peep in. It does not appear to be quite synonymous with ahiyokakin—ahiyowakasin, ahiyounkasinpi.
- a-hi'-yo-ka-sin-sin, v. red. of ahiyokasin; to appear and disappear; to peep and peep again.
- a-hi'-yu, v. a. to start to bring—ahibu.
- a-hi'-yu, col. pl. of hiyu: they come, start to come.
- a-hi'-yu-kan-pi, v. pl. they come and remain.
- a h i' ź u , v. a. (ahi and źu) to bring and pile up—ahiwaźu.
- a-hmi'-hbe-ya, v. a. to cause to roll on anything—ahmihbewaya.
- a-hmi'-hma, v. n to roll on: ahmihma iyaya, to go rolling on anything
- a-hmi'-yan-yan, adv. round on anything: ahmiyanyan iyaya, to move round, as a ball in a socket; to become round by turning or rolling.
- a'-hna or a-hna', prep. with, together with; upon. For this last meaning, see wahna.

- col. pl. of hi- a'-h n a h a n, part. standing with.
 - a-hna'-han, v. n. of hnahan; to fall on, as fruit on anything.
 - a-hna'-hna, prep. red. of ahna.
 - a-hna'-ka, v. a. (a and hnaka) to place on anything; to apply as medicine externally, in the form of a poultice or plaster—awahnaka, ayahnaka, unkahnakapi. See ahde, aonpa, aźu, ehnaka, and ohnaka.
 - a-hna'-na, adv. only with; with so many only.
 - a'-h n a-wo-t a-pi, n. a table; anything to eat on. See wahnawotapi.
 - a-ho'-ćo-ka, adv. (a and hoćoka) in the midst.
 - a-ho'-ćo-ka-ya, v. a. to surround—ahoćokawaya.
 - a h o' ć o k a y a, adv. around, surrounding—ahoćokaya unyanpi.
 - a-ho'-ki-pa, v. pos. of ahopa; to value as one's own; to take care of—ahowakipa, ahounkipapi.
 - a-ho'-ki-pe-śni, v. neg. not to value; to impair—ahowakipeśni, ahounkipapiśni.
 - a-ho'-kśi-wiŋ-kta, v. to get angry at, as a child; to act like a child towards one—ahokśiwawiŋkta, ahokśimawiŋkta.
 - a-ho'-pa, v. a. to honor, respect, reverence, stand in awe of; to keep as a commandment, law, or custom—ahowapa, ahoyapa, ahounpapi.
 - a-ho'-pe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to respect or keep—ahopewakiya.
 - a-ho'-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to observe—ahopewaya.

- a-ho'-pe-ya, part. honoring, respecting, observing. Adv., obediently.
- a-ho'-tan, v. a. to make a noise around one—ahowatan, ahomatan, ahountanpi.
- a-ho-tan'-ka, n. one who makes a noise around.
- a-ho'-ton, v. a. (a and hoton) to cry out for, as a bird for food.
- a-ho'-ton-ton, v. red. of ahoton; to cry out for, bawl for anything.
- a-hu'-tkaŋ-yaŋ, adv. branching, having many prongs or roots. See hutkaŋ.
- a-ham'-ya', v. (a and hamya) to scare on, as game—ahamwaya.
- a-han'-han, v. a. to do a thing carelessly, not to have one's mind on it—awahanhan.
- a-han'-han-ka, adj. careless, negligent.
- a-ha'-pa, v. See ahamya.
- a-hba'-ya, adv. mildly.
- a-hba'-ye-dan, adv. mildly, patiently: ahbayedan waun.
- a-héo', n. the part of the arm above the elbow; that part of the wing of a fowl next the body.
- a-hdah'-ye-će-śni, v. to haunt about a place: i. q. amahyeća.
- a-hdo', v. n. (a and hdo) to growl over or about a thing, as a dog over a bone.
- a'-he, v. n. to evaporate: ahe aya, to decrease or fall, as the water in a river, lake, etc.

- a-he'-wan-ka, v. n. (a and he-wanka) to be frost on anything.
- a'-he-ya, v. a. to cause to evaporate—ahewaya.
- a'-ho, v. n. to stand up or back, as hair on the forehead: ite aho.
- a-hpa'-ya, v. n. to fall upon—amahpaya. See ahinhpaya.
- a-hpe'-ya, v. a. to throw upon; to throw away; to leave, forsake—ahpewaya, ahpeunyanpi. See ehpeya, which is more commonly used.
- a-hta'-ni, v. (a and htani) to labor for one; to work on anything; to sin, break a law—awahtani, ayahtani, unkahtanipi, acihtani.
- a-hta'-ta, adj. languid, feeble.
- a-hta'-te-ća, adj. weak, feeble.
- a-htu'-dan, n. something to be spit upon; i. q. sićedapi.
- a-htu'-ta, adj. a little thawed.
- a h t u' t e é a, adj. a little thawed; thawing some.
- a-i', v. a. to carry or take to a place—awai, unkaipi; to charge with or lay upon, accuse, as en ai, en amai; to visit upon, as for a sin.
- a-i', v. col. pl. of i; they reached a place.
- a-i'-a, v. a. (a and ia) to talk about, consult in regard to; to speak evil of, slander—awaia, ayaia, unkaiapi, amaia, aniia, aciia.
- a-i'-a-pi, n. consultation; slander.
- a-i'-ća-ġa, v. (a and ićaġa) to grow on, yield, produce.
- a-i'-ćah, v. cont. of aićaga.

- a-i'-éah-ya, v. a. to cause to grow on, cause to produce—aiéah-waya.
- a-i'-ćam, cont. of aićapa.
- a-i'-ća-mna, v. n. (a and ićamna) to storm upon—blow furiously on.
- a-i'-ća-pa, v. a. (a and ićapa) to stab one thing through or on another—aićawapa, aićayapa.
- a-i'-ća-pa, v. a. (a and ikapa) to open the mouth against any one—aiwakapa.
- a-i'-ća-pta, v. to open the mouth on. See ićapta.
- a-i'-ća-ptaŋ, v. See the frequent. form, aićaptaŋptaŋ.
- a-i'-ća-ptan-ptan, v.n. to roll over and over on anything—amića-ptanptan, anićaptanptan.
- a-i'-éa-zo, v. a. (a and iéazo) to draw a line upon; to take credit on account of—aiwakazo.
- a-i'-éi-ma-ni, v. n. (a and ićimani) to journey upon, to take a journey for some purpose—aićimawani.
- a-i'-ći-ta-ki-hna, adv. one on the other, folded on, double. Compare aitahnaka.
- a-i'-ćo-ġa, v. n. (a and ićoġa) to gather or drift on anything.
- a-i'-ćo-za, v. n. (a and ićoza) to be warm on or with—aimaćoza.
- a-i'-¢i-ći-ta, v. reflex. of akita; to seek oneself; to regard one's own interests—amićićita, anićićita.
- a-i'-ći-ći-ya, v. reflex. (of aya) to be diligent, make effort, bestir one's self—amićićiya, anićićiya.

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- to cause to a i' & i & i y a, adj. diligent: ai&iluce—ai&ah- ciya waun.
 - a i' ¢ i é i y a k a , v. reflex. to bestir himself, be diligent—ami¢ićiyaka, ani¢ićiyaka.
 - a-i'-de, v. n. (a and ide) to burn or blaze on.
 - a-i'-de-śa-śa, adv. in the red flame: aideśaśa yuza, to hold in the red flame.
 - a-i'-de-śa-śa-ya, v. a. to put in or hold in the red flame, to scorch—aideśaśawaya.
 - a-i'-d e-y a, v. a. to cause to burn on or around; to set fire to—aidewaya, aideunyanpi; aideićiya, to set fire around about himself—aidemićiya.
 - a-i'-de-ya, part. setting fire to.
 - a-i'-e. Same as aia.
 - a-i'-e-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to talk about, either in a good or bad sense; to consult with: woope aiekiyapi, lawgivers, lawyers.
 - a-i'-han, v. col. pl. they go and stand on anything.
 - a-i'-haŋ-mna, v. a. to dream about—aiwahaŋmna. See ihaŋmna.
 - a-i'-hda-da, v. reflex. of ahdada; to cast or throw upon himself.
 - a-i'-hda-hpa, v. reflex. of akahpa; to cover himself—amihdahpa,
 - a-i'-hda-hpe-ya, v. a. to cast about one—aihdahpewaya: taku aihdahpeyapi, clothes.
 - a i' h d a ś t a ŋ , v. reflex. of akaśtan; to pour out or spill on himself amihdaśtan, anihdaśtan.
 - a-i'-hda-tan, v. reflex. of yatan;

- to praise himself for some quality or capability—amihdatan.
- a-i'-hdu-ha, v. reflex. of yuha;
 to have or retain for one's own use;
 2, to provide for himself, to be a citizen—amihduha, anihduha.
- a-i'-hdu-hpa, v. reflex. of yuhpa; to cause to fall on himself, as the limb of a tree—amihduhpa.
- a-i'-hdu-ksa, v. reflex. of yuksa; to break off, as a limb of a tree, on himself—amihduksa.
- a-i'-hdu-po-ta, v. reflex. of hdupota; to tear or rend as one's own garment on himself.
- a-i'-hdu-śda, v. reflex. of yuśda; to cut, as grass, and cover one's self with: peźi amihduśda.
- a i' h d u ś i ć a, v. reflex. of yuśića; to get one's self into difficulty with—amihduśića.
- a-i'-hdu-tan, v. reflex. to pull the trigger of a gun on himself; to besmear himself with one's own emission. See ayutan.
- a-i'-hdu-za, v. reflex. of hduza; to dress or prepare one's self for an occasion—amihduza.
- a-i'-hpa-ya, v. n. (a and ihpaya) to fall on, as leaves do on anything.
- a-i'-h pe-ya, v.a. to throw or place on; to leave with one; to charge with; to bequeath to one—aihpewaya, aihpemayan, aihpeciya: "wookiye aihpeciyapi," John xiv. 27.
- a-i'-ka-pa, v.a. (a and ikapa) to open the mouth upon, to scold—aiwakapa.

- a-i'-ko-yag, cont. of aikoyaka; sticking to.
- a-i'-ko-yag-ya, v.a. to cause to stick to; to link to or on—aikoyagwaya.
- a-i'-ko-ya-ka, v.n. to stick to or on; to cleave to, be fastened to.
- a-i'-kpa-ġan, v. reflex. of paġan; to part with one's self for any purpose—amikpaġan, anikpaġan.
- a-i'-kpa-gan-yan, part. parting with himself for.
- a-i'-kpa-tan, v. reflex. of patan; to reserve for one's self; to reserve one's self for any duty or purpose—amikpatan, anikpatan.
- a-i'-kpa-tan-yan, part. reserving himself for.
- a-i'-kśin-ki-ya, v. a. to make faces at—aikśinwakiya, aikśinyakiya, aikśinunkiyapi, aikśinmakiya.
- a-i'-mni-ći-ya, v. col. to gather together for a purpose.
- a-i'-na-pa, v. a. (a and inapa) to come in sight upon—ainawapa.
- a-i'-ni-han, v. n. to be afraid on account of—aimanihan.
- a-i'-ni-han-yan, adv. excitedly, fearfully.
- a'-i-ni-na, adv. stilly or silently for, as in approaching game.
- a-in'-yan-ka, v. (a and inyanka) to run on, as a floor; to run for, run to get—awaimnanka, ayainanka, unkainyankapi.
- a-i'-po-gan, v. a. (a and ipogan)
 to blow upon—aiwapogan.

- a-i'-sin-yan, adv. out of sight, behind something else: aisinyan iyaya.
- a i' śta ćen ya, v. to catch a side glimpse of anything—aiśtaćenwaya, aiśtaćenyaya.
- a-i'-śta-hnag, cont. of aiśtahnaka: aiśtahnag yanka, to place the eyes on anything, keep looking at it—aiśtahnag mayanka.
- a-i'-śta-hnag-ya, part. looking at intently.
- a-i'-sta-hnag-ya-ken, adv. intently looking at.
- a-i'-śta-hna-ka, v. a. (iśta and hnaka) to place the eyes upon, look at intently—aiśtawahnaka, aiśtayahnaka.
- a-i'-śta-hna-ke-śni, v. See aiśtahnaka. This also appears to be used affirmatively: to fix the eyes on, lit. why does he not take his eyes off?—aiśtawahnakeśni.
- a i' ś t i ŋ m a, v. n. (a and istinma) to sleep on—amistinma.
- a'-i-ta-hda-hbe, adv. with the wind—aitahdahbe unyanpi.
- a'-i-ta-hda-hbe-ya, adv. with the wind—aitahdahbeya mda.
- a'-i-ta-hna-ka, v. a. to place one on top of another, as in carrying—aitawahnaka.
- a-i'-tkon, v.n. to blaze upon, burn on, as fire.
- a-i'-to-kam, adv. before in time.
- a-i'-toŋ-śni, v. to tell lies on—aiwatoŋśni.
- a-i'-tpa-ġaŋ, v.a. Same as aikpaġaŋ.

- a-i'-tpa-gan-yan, adv. Same as aikpaganyan.
- a-i'-tpa-tan, v. a. Same as aikpatan.
- a-i'-tpa-tan-yan, adv. Same as aikpatanyan.
- a-i'-ya-hde, v.n. to lead to, reach to, as a road; to lead to, as a result of conduct.
- a-i'-ya-hde-ya, v.a. to lead to; to merit, deserve, bring upon one aiyahdewaya; aiyahdeićiya, to bring upon himself—aiyahdemićiya.
- a i' y a h d e y a , adv. leading to, even to, until.
- a-i'-ya-hpa-ya, v. See iyahpaya.
- a-i'-ya-hpe-ya, v. a. to hand to; to put on; to throw over, as a rope, in catching a horse; to communicate to one, as a disease—aiyahpewaya, aiyahpeunyanpi, aiyahpemayan, aiyahpeciya; aiyahpeiciya, to throw one's self on, as on a horse—aiyahpemiciya
- a-i'-ya-kam, cont. of aiyakapa.
- a-i'-ya-ka-pa, v. to exceed, surpass. Not much used.
- a-i'-ya-ka-śka, v. a. to tie one thing on something else—aiyawakaśka, aiyayakaśka.
- a-i'-ya-ka-śke-ya, part. tying on to something else.
- a-i'-ya-pe, v. a. (a and iyape) to lie in wait for—aiyawape.
- a'-i-ya-pe-mni, v.a. (a and iyapemni) to wrap around; wrap up with—aiyawapemni.

- a-i'-ya-sa-ka, v. n. to stiffen or become hard on, as raw hide—aiyamasaka.
- a'-i-yog, adv. cont. of aiyoka, out on one side; aiyog yanka, to be off one side; aiyog iyeya, to put aside.
- a'-i-yo-hpe-ya, adv. down hill; i. q. apamahde.
- a'-i-yo-ka, adv. at one side; off from, in another place from; near to.
- a'-i-yo-ka, n. a neighbor, one near to.
- a'-i-yo-ki-pi, adj. pleasant, agreeable; i. q. oiyokipi.
- a'-i-yo-ki-pi-ya, adv. agreeably.
- a-i'-yo-pte-ća, adv. less than.
- a-i'-yo-pten, adv. cont. less: aiyoptenya, diminishing.
- $a i' y \circ p t e t u$, adv. less.
 - a-i'-yo-pte-tu-ya, adv. less, in a less manner: aiyoptetuyaken.
 - a'-i-yo-tan, adv. more than, greater than, beyond: aiyotan iye-kiya, to have difficulty on account of.
 - a-i'-zi-ta, v. n. (a and izita) to smoke or burn, as incense, for any purpose.
 - a-ka'-ćins, cont. of akaćinza: akaćinswaćin, to desire a great deal akaćinswaćanmi.
 - a-ka'-ćin-za, v. See akaćins.
 - a-ka'-da, v. a. (a and kada) to pour out on, said of grain, not of liquids—awakada, ayakada, unkakadapi.
 - a-ka'-da-da, v. red. of akada:

- · akadada iyeya, to pour out on anything.
- a-ka'-ġa, v. a. (a and kaġa) to make on anything; to make for a purpose; to make in addition, add to; to make or fabricate on one, tell a lie about; to blaspheme, speak evil of; to exaggerate—awakaġa.
- a-ka'-ga-pi, n. something made in addition; falsehood; exaggeration.
- a'-ka-ġa-tki-ya, adv. stretched out, as the arms: akaġatkiya un.
- a-ka'-ġe-ġe, v. a. (a and kaġeġe) to sew on or to, to patch on something else—awakaġeġe.
- a-ka'-han-yan-ka, n. a distant relative.
- a-ka'-hu-te, v. to cut off from the little end to a stump; to think much of oneself, i. q. iyotaniçida awakahute, ayakahute.
- a-ka'-ha, v. to desire more, i. q. sanpa cin—awakaha.
- a-ka'-ham, cont. of akahapa.
- a-ka'-ha-pa, v. (a and kahapa) to drive or whip on—awakahapa.
- a-ka'-hpa, v. a. to cover, throw on or around; to cover up, conceal: sina akahpa, to throw a blanket on—awakahpa, unkakahpapi, amakahpa.
- a-ka'-hpe, n. a covering: owinźa akahpe, a quilt, any covering for a bed.
- a-ka'-hpe-ki-ći-ći-ya, v. to cover up for one; to pass by a matter, forgive, cancel—akahpewećićiya

- a-ka'-hpe-ki-ći-ton, v. a. to cover for one—akahpewećiton, akahpemićiton.
- a-ka'-hpe-ki-ton, v. pos. of akahpeton; to cover one's own—akahpeweton.
- a-ka'-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to cover; to clothe, put on—akahpewakiya, akahpemakiya.
- a-ka'-hpe-ton, v.a. to cover, throw on as a covering; to cover up or conceal, as one's real opinions, when used with ia, as akahpeton iwae—akahpewaton, akahpeyaton.
- a-ka'-hpe-ton, part. covered, concealed.
- a-ka'-hpe-ton-ton, v. red. of akahpeton: akahpetonton ia, to speak coveredly, to deceive.
- a-ka'-htan, v. n. to soak into and come through on the other side, as grease through a skin. See kahtan.
- a-ka'-htan-yan, v. a. to cause to soak into; to cut and make rough on—akahtanwaya.
- a-ka'-kan, v.a. (a and kakan) to hew on anything; to counter-hew, hew over again—awakakan, ayakakan, unkakakanpi.
- a-ka'-kpan, v.a. (a and kakpan) to pound fine on anything; to pound in addition to what is already done—awakakpan, ayakakpan.
- a-ka'-kpi, v. a. to crack on, as a nut on anything—awakakpi.
- a k a' k s a, v. a. (a and kaksa) to

- cut off on something; to cut off from; to cut off in addition to—awakaksa, ayakaksa, unkakaksapi.
- a-ka'-kśa, v. a. to coil up on, as a rope—awakakśa.
- a-ka'-kśan, v. a. to go around—awakakśan.
- a-ka'-kśaŋ, adv. around, not in a straight course: akakśaŋ iyaya, to have gone around.
- $a k a' k \le a n y a n$, adv. around.
- a k a' k ś i ś , cont. of akakśiźa: akakśiś iyeya.
- a k a' k ś i ź a , v. a. to bend into or around, as a piece of iron—awa-kakśiźa, ayakakśiźa.
- a-ka'-ktan, v. a. to bend on to, bend around—awakaktan.
- a-ka'-ku-ka, v. a. to pound to pieces on—awakakuka.
- a-kam', adv. out by one's self, out from, on the outside: akam han, to stand on the outside, as the one on the outside of a nest of tubs or kettles.
- a-kam', prep. over, upon, beyond: akam iyeya, to throw beyond.
- a-ka'-mda, v.a. (a and kamda) to cut into thin slices or strips on anything; to slice in addition to—awakamda.
- a-ka'-mda, n. fringe: hunska akamda, fringe on leggins.
- a-ka'-mda-ga, v. n. to spread out over, as wings.
- a k a' m d a h, cont. of akamdaġa—akamdah iyeya, to spread over, as a bird its wings.

- a-ka'-mdas, cont. of akamdaza: | a-kan'-tan-han, akamdas iyaya.
- a-ka'-mdaś, cont. of akamdaźa; astride; akamdaś inazin, to stand astride of anything.
- a-ka'-mda-ya, v. a. to make level on-awakamdaya.
- a k a' m d a z a, v. n. to tear open on, as a bag on a horse.
- $a k a' m d a \acute{z} a$, v. a. to straddle, spread the legs apart-awaka-
- a-ka'-mde-ća, v. a. (a and kamdeća) to break, as an instrument, by striking it on anything; to break one thing lying on another by striking—awakamdeća.
- a-ka'-mden, cont. of akamdeća: akamden iyeya, to break in pieces on: akamden elipeya—akamden ehpewaya.
- a k a' m d u, v. a. (a and kamdu) to break up fine upon—awakamdu.
- a-kam'-han, standing on the outside, as the one on the outside of a nest of tubs or kettles.
- a-ka'-mna, v. a. (a and kamna) to acquire in addition to; to tear open on, as a seam—awakamna.
- a'-ka-mni: ákamni iyaya, v. n. to separate with a splash, as snow with water underneath when one steps on it.
- a-kan', prep. on upon.
- a k a n' m n a, v. n. (kata and omna) to smell like something burning.
- a-kan'-ta, adv. above; used with tanhan.

- adv. above, overhead.
- a-kan'-ta-tan-han, adv. above.
- a-kan'-tkan, prep. red. of akan.
- a k a n' t u, adv.
- a-kan'-tu, adj. wićasta akantu, living men, in distinction from dead men and spirits, common men; men in authority.
- a-kan'-tu, n. the top one.
- a-kan'-tu-ya, adv. above, high up; on the outside, without.
- a k a n' t u y a k e n, adv. above.
- a k a n' t u y e d a n, adv. side, on the surface; almost on the top; above, high up.
- a k a n' y a, v. a. (a and kanya)cause to heat upon—akanwaya.
- a-kan', v. n. to become old on or with—amakan, anikan, unkakanpi; kići amakan, I have become old with: yuha amakan, having it, I have become old.
- a'-kan-tan-ka, n. the large tendon of the arm.
- a'-ka-pa, n. the outside.
- a'-ka-pa-ta, adv. on the outside, on the top, from above.
- a'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. on the outside, from above, from another place.
- a'-ka-pe-ća, adv. around about; with kin, used as a noun, as, ákapećakin, those around about, spectators; those without.
- a'-ka-pe-y.a, v. a. to throw beyond the bounds, as in playing ball ákapewaya, ákapeyaya.

- a-ka'-pe-ya, v. n. to exceed, go beyond.
- a'-ka-pon, cont. of ákapota; afloat. a'-ka-pon-ya, v. a. to cause to
- float—ákaponwaya.
- a'-ka-po-ta, v. n. to float on, as a buoy.
- a-ka'-po-ta, v. a. (a and kapota) to beat in pieces on anything—awa-kapota, ayakapota.
- a'-ka-pot-pon, cont. of akapotpota.
- a'-ka-pot-po-ta, v. red. of ákapota; to float along in little waves.
- a-ka'-pta, v. a. (a and kapta) to cut off on, as part of a stick; to lade out on—awakapta.
- a-ka'-pte-će-dan, v.a. to make shorter, cut off a piece from a stick awakaptećedan.
- a-ka'-pte-ya, v. a. to provoke beyond endurance—akaptewaya.
- a-ka'-pte-ya, part. cut off on; provoked.
- a-ka'-sam, adv. cont. of aka-sappa; over the river from.
- a-ka'-san-pa, adv. opposite, across, on the other side, as of a river or lake; itato akasanpa, on this side.
- a-ka'-saŋ-pa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. on the other side, from beyond, from the other side.
- a k a' s k a, v. a. (a and kaska) to eat up, to devour greedily, to eat after one is full—awakaska, ayakaska: akaska yanka, to continue eating
- a-ka'-ski-ća, v. n. to be press-

- ing down; to press down: akaskin wanka.
- a-ka'-sni, v. a. (a and kasni) to extinguish on, as fire—awakasni.
- a-ka'-so, (a and kaso) to chop off a piece from—awakaso.
- a-ka'-stag, cont. of akastaka: akastag ehpewaya.
- a-ka'-stag-ya, adv. sticking on or in.
- a-ka'-stag-ya-ken, adv. sticking on.
- a-ka'-sta-ka, v. a. to throw on or daub with mud, make stick; to plaster—awakastaka, unkakastakapi.
- a-ka'-sto, v. a. (a and kasto) to smooth down on, as hair on the head—awakasto, ayakasto, unkakastopi.
- a-ka'-śda, v. a. (a and kaśda) to cut or mow upon, as grass—awakaśda.
- a-ka'-śka, v.a. (a and kaśka) to bind upon—awakaśka.
- a-ka'-śpa, v. a (a and kaśpa) to cut or break off on—awakaśpa.
- a k a' ś p a , v. n. to be provoked beyond endurance—amakaśpa, anićaśpa.
- a-ka'-śpe-ya, v.n. to remain longer than one can well endure; to be provoked—amakaśpeya.
- a k a' ś p e y a, v. a. to provoke—akaśpewaya, akaśpeyaya, akaśpemayan.
- a-ka'-śta-ka, v. a. (a and kaśtaka) to beat one on another awakaśtaka, ayakaśtaka.

- a-ka'-śtan, v. a. (a and kaśtan)
 to pour out on; to spill on, as water;
 to baptize, mini akaśtan—awakaśtan, ayakaśtan, unkakaśtanpi,
 amakaśtan: acicaśtan, I pour out
 on you.
- a-ka'-ta, v. n. (a and kata) to be hot on—amakata, anikata.
- a-ka'-ta, va. to hoe, dig about with a hoe, hill up, as corn; to cover with dirt—awakata, ayakata, unkakatapi: wamnaheza akata, to hoe corn:
- a-ka'-te-ya, v. a. to cause to hoe—akatewaya.
- a'-ka-tin, v.a. to straighten on, as the arms; to measure with the arms stretched out on; to fathom—awakatin, ayakatin.
- a'-ka-tin-pi, n. an ell; the length or distance between the ends of the fingers when the arms are stretched out.
- a-ka'-tins, cont. of akatinza.
- a-ka'-tins-ya, v. a. to press down on anything by means of weights—akatinswaya.
- a-ka'-ṭiŋ-za, v. n. (a and kaṭiŋza) to press anything down tight, as a weight does.
- a-ka'-un-yan, adv. lying across, as a boy on a horse.
- a-ka'-wang, cont. of akawanka: akawang ehpeya.
- a-ka'-wan-ka, v. a. (a and kawanka) to cut down, as a tree, on anything; to make fall on by cutting—awakawanka.

- a k a' w e ġ a , v. a. (a and kaweġa) to break or fracture by striking on anything—awakaweġa.
- a-ka'-weh, *cont.* of akaweġa: akaweh ehpeya.
- a-ka'-win, v. a. to exaggerate, tell lies, try to exceed in telling lies; to exceed in length; to do more than: akawin econ—awakawin.
- a-ka'-win-ga, v.n. to go round and round, as an eagle; make gyrations.
- a-ka'-winh, cont. of akawinga; round and round: akawinh iyeya.
- a-ka'-winś, cont. of akawinźa: akawinś iyeya.
- a-ka'-win-yan, adv. hyperbolically; exceeding in falsehood.
- a-ka'-wiŋ-źa, v. a. to bend down on, as grass on anything—awaka-wiŋźa.
- a'-ka-za-mni, v. a. (a and kazamni) to open upon one; to throw open, as one's blanket—áwakazamni, áyakazamni; ákazamni ehpeya, to set open; ákazamni han, to stand open.
- a'-ka-za-mni-yan, part. opened on.
- a-kda'-ta-he-na, *Ih.* for ahdatahedan.
- a-kde'-śka-na, n. Ih., a lizard.
- a-ke', adv. again, repeated, a second time.
- a-ke'-nom, cont. of akenonpa.
- a-ke'-non-pa, num. adj. twelve.
- a k e s', adv. again, i. q. ake.
- a-ke'-śa-hdo-ġaŋ, num. adj. eighteen.

- a-ke'-śa-ko-wiŋ, num. adj. seventeen.
- a-ke'-śa-kpe, num. adj. sixteen.
- a-ke'-tom, cont. of aketopa.
- a-ke'-to-pa, num. adj. fourteen.
- a-ke'-wan-źi, num. adj. eleven.
- $a k e' w a \eta \acute{z} i d a \eta$, num. adjeleven.
- a-ke'-waŋ-źi-na, num.adj. Ih., eleven.
- a-ke'-ya, v. a. to place on, make a roof on; to place on the roof; to make one roof on another—akewaya, akeyaya.
- a-ke'-ya-mni, num. adj. thirteen.
- a-ke'-za-ptan, num. adj. fifteen.
- a-ki', v. a. to carry or bear home, or to one's own residence; distinguished from ahda by the idea of arriving at—awaki, ayaki, unkakipi.
- a-ki', v col. pl. of ki; they reach home.
- a-ki'-a-gla, v. a. Ti., to carry home—akiawagni, akiayagni, etc. T. L. R.
- a'-ki-be-ya, adv. around.
- a-ki'-ća-ġa, v.a. to make on, add to; to be unreasonable, go too far awećaga, ayećaga, amićaga.
- a'-ki-ća-ġa, v. n. to grow on, grow in addition to.
- a k i' é a ġ e é a , v. a. to overreach, cheat, want more than is right, be unreasonable—awećaġeća.
- a-ki'-ćah, cont. of akićaġa; akićahya, unreasonably.
- a-ki'-ća-śka, v. a. of kaśka; to bind to or on; to bind together—akiwakaśka, akiyakaśka.

- a-ki'-ća-śka-śka, v. red. to baste on, sew on, as in basting akiwakaśkaśka.
- a-ki'-će-pa, v. n. of ćepa; to become fleshy for or again—amakićepa.
- a-ki'-će-ya, v. pos. of aćeya; to cry for one's own; to mourn for, weep over one's own, as a dead relative—awakićeya, ayakićeya, unkakićeyapi.
- a-ki'-ći-ća-ta, v. of akata; to hoe for one—awećićata, amićićata.
- a-ki'-ći-ći-pa-pi, v. pl. of akipa; they meet each other.
- a-ki'-ći-ći-ta, v of akita; to hunt a thing for another—awećićita, amićićita.
- a-ki'-ći-ćuŋ-ćuŋ-ka, v. to do a thing often for one—awećićuŋćuŋka, amićićuŋćuŋka.
- a-ki'-ći-kći-ta, v. pos. of akita; to hunt one's own—awećikćita.
- a-ki'-ći-kta, v. of akta; to receive or accept from one; to have respect unto—awećikta, amićikta.
- a k i' ć i k t a ś n i , v. of aktaśni; to refuse, reject when offered by one awećiktaśni, amiciktaśni.
- a-ki'-ći-pa, v. of apa; to strike for one—awećipa, ayećipa, uŋka-kićipapi.
- a-ki'-ći-pa-pi, v. pl. of akipa; they meet each other.
- a-ki'-ći-pe, v. of ape; to wait for one; to hope for—awecipe, ayecipe, unkakićipepi.
- a-ki'-ći-ta, v. of akita; to hunt

- for another—awećita: heya aćićita, I hunt lice for you.
- a-ki'-ći-ta, n. a head warrior, one next to a chief; a warrior or soldier—amakićita, anikićita: akićita hemaća, I am a warrior
- a-ki'-ći-ta-kte, v. (akićita and kte) to punish officially, punish for the violation of a law; this is done by those who have attained to the place of brave, and consists in killing a horse or dog, cutting up tents and blankets, breaking guns, etc.—akićitawakte, akićitamakte.
- a-ki'-ći-ta-na-źiŋ, v. n. to stand as a warrior or soldier, stand guard—akićitanawaźiŋ.
- a-ki'-éi-ta-tan-éan, n. an officer, a chief warrior.
- a-ki'-ći-ton-wan, v. of atonwan; to look at for one, to have the oversight of for one—awecitonwan, amicitonwan.
- a-ki'- çuŋ- çuŋ, v. to do a thing repeatedly; to glory in—aweçuŋçuŋ, ayeçuŋçuŋ,
- a-ki'-ćuŋ-ćuŋ-ka, v. to do a thing repeatedly; to be proud of, glory in—awećunćunka.
- a-ki'-çu-ya, adv. much: akiçuya maķu, give me much. See iyakiçuya.
- a'-ki-de-će-ća, adj. liketo, equal to—ákidemaćeća, ákidenićeća, ákidenićeća, ákidenićeća.
- a'-ki-de-ćen, adv. like to, equal to.
- a'-ki-de-ćen-ya, adv. equally.

- a'-ki-de-haŋ-haŋ-ke-ća, adj. red. of ákidehaŋkeća.
- a'-ki-de-han-han-yan, adv. red. of ákidehanyan.
- a'-ki-de-han-ke-ća, adj. of the same length, used with kići; kići ákidemahankeća, I am of the same length as some one else.
- a'-ki-de-han-ska, adj. of the same length or height.
- a'-ki-de-han-yan, adv. alike far, equally far.
- a'-ki-de-nag-na-ke-ća, adj. red. of ákidenakeća.
- a'-ki-de-na-ke-ća, adj. alike many, of equal number—ákideuŋnakećapi. See iyenakeća.
- a'-ki-de-na-na, adj. alike few.
- a-ki'-ġe, v. a. (a and kiġe) to scold about anything—awakiġe, ayakiġe.
- a-ki'-han, v. n. of ahan; to grow on again.
- a-ki'-han, v. col. pl. they have all reached there.
- a-ki'-hdag, cont. of akihdaka.
- a-ki'-hdag-ki-ći-ton, v. to patch for one—akihdagwećiton.
- a-ki'-hdag-ki-ton, v. pos. of akihdagton; to patch one's own—akihdagweton.
- a-ki'-hdag-ton, v. to put on a patch, to patch; patched, having a patch on—akihdagwaton.
- a-ki'-hdag-ya, v. a. to patch, put on a patch; to use for a patch—akihdagwaya.
- a-ki'-hda-ka, v. to patch, sew on a patch.

- a-ki'-hda-ka, n. a patch. See wakihdaka.
- a-ki'-hda-ski-ća, adj. face downwards, prone.
- a-ki'-hda-skin, cont. of akihdaskića: akihdaskin ehpeićiya, to throw oneself on one's face.
- a-ki'-hda-skin-ya, adv. lying on the face, prone.
- a-ki'-hde, adv. again, more than once, once again; times: used with the numerals, nonpa akihde, twice.
 - a-ki'-hde, v. pos. of ahde.
 - a-ki'-hde-hde, adv. red. of akihde.
 - a-ki'-hde-ya, adv. repeatedly.
 - a-ki'-he-ča, adj. withered, nearly dead, as a tree.
 - a-ki'-he-ée-éa, v. n. to become so on returning home, i. e. to get sick or to get well on one's reaching home—akihemaéeéa.
- a-ki'-hen-he-ća, adj. red. of akiheća.
- a'-ki-hin-sko-ke-éa, adj. of equal size with.
- a'-ki-hin-sko-ya, adv. of equal distance around.
- a-ki'-hna, adv. one on or over another, in layers; through: akihna iyaya, to pass through one into another.
- a-ki'-hna, v. to have a care for, as for offspring; take care of.
- a-ki'-hnag, cont. of akihnaka.
- a-ki'-hnag-ya, adv. placed on.
- a-ki'-hna-hna, adv. red. of akihna.

- See a-ki'-hna-ka, v. pos. of ahnaka; to place one's own on—awehnaka, face ayehnaka.
 - a-ki'-hna-ya, v. a. to cause to take care of—akihnawaya.
 - a-ki'-han, v.n. to be without food, hungry; to starve—amakihan, anicihan, unkakihanpi.
 - a-ki'-haŋ-pi, n. a starving, famine—wićaakihaŋ.
 - a-ki'-haŋ-śi-ća, v. n. (kihaŋ-śića) to be bad weather on, to storm on—amakihaŋśića.
 - a k i' h a n t a, v. to starve to death, die of hunger—akihanmata.
 - a-ki'-han-te-ya, v. a. to cause to die of hunger—akihantewaya.
 - a-ki'-haŋ-yaŋ, v. a. to cause to starve: akihaŋiçiya, to cause himself to fast—akihaŋmiçiya.
 - a-ki'-han-yan, adv. in a fasting way.
- red. of a-ki'-ho, v. n. to be skillful, dexterous, to have acquired skill by practice—awakiho, ayakiho, unkakihopi.
 - a-ki'-ho-ka; n. one who is skill-ful.
 - a-ki'-ho-pi, n. dexterity, skill.
 - a-ki'-ho-ya, adv. skillfully, dexterously.
 - a-ki'-hta-ta, adv. many, very much; i q. ota hinéa.
 - a-ki'-i-a, v. pos. of aia; to talk about something that concerns one's self; to consider; to talk against—awakiia, ayakiia, unkakiiapi.
 - a-ki'-kśi-źa, v. pos. of akśiźa;

- to bend down as the hand on: to retain anything—awekśiźa.
- a-ki'-kta, v. pos. of akta; to give heed to—awakikta: akiktaśni, to disregard.
- a'-ki-kta, v. n. to do anything with great determination—awakikta, ayakikta.
- a'-ki-kta-dan, adv. with much determination.
- a-ki'-ktonś, cont. of akiktonźa.
- a-ki'-ktonś-ya, v. a. to cause to forget—akiktonśwaya.
- a-ki'-ktonś-ya, adv. in a forgetful manner.
- a-ki'-ktoŋ-źa, or a-ki-ktuŋźa, to forget, not to remember—awektoŋźa, ayektoŋźa, uŋkakiktoŋźapi, aćiktoŋźa, amiktoŋźa, aniktoŋźa.
- a'-ki-le-će-ća, adj. Ti., equal to, of equal size. See akidećeća.
- a'-ki-le-haŋ-ke-ća, adj. of equal length. See akidehaŋkića.
- a-ki'-mna-yan, v. a. to collect one thing to another—akimnawaya.
- a-kin', cont. of akita: akin iyaya, he is gone to hunt something.
- a-ki'-na-tan, v. pos. of anatan; to rush for one's own; to reach or arrive at the goal—akinawatan: kići akinawatan, I arrived at the same time with him.
- a-ki'-ni-ća, v.a. to dispute, debate about; to dispute with; to strive about—awakinića, ayakinića, unkakinićapi.
- a-ki'-ni-ća-pi, n. a debating, disputation; also pl. of akinića.

- a-ki'-nin, cont. of akinića.
- a-ki'-nin-ki-ya, v. to cause to debate—akininwakiya.
- a-ki'-nin-ya, adv. disputatiously.
- a-ki'-nin-ya, v. a. to cause to dispute or debate about—akininwaya.
- a'-ki-ni-sko-ke-ća, adj. of equal size with: kići ákinimaskokeća, I am of the same size with him.
- a'-ki-ni-sko-ya, adv. equally far around.
- a-kin'-yan, v.a. (a and kinyan) to fly over or on.
- a-ki'-on, v. a. of aon; to place on, as wood on one's own fire; to place on for one—awakion, ayakion.
- a-ki'-on-pa, v. pos. of aonpa; to put on one's own, as wood on the fire—awakionpa
- a-ki'-pa, v. to meet, as anyone traveling, come against; to come upon one, happen to or befall one—awakipa, ayakipa, unkakipapi
- a'-ki-pam, adv. divided, partaken of equally; ákipam ehnaka, to divide, separate: ákipam iyeya, to separate, divide.
- a-ki'-paś, v. cont. of akipaźa; akipaś iyeya, to double over.
- a-ki'-pa-źa, v. a. to fold on, to double over.
- a-ki'-pe, v. Same as akipa.
- a-ki'-pe, v. a. to wait for one; to wait for, expect, hope for—awakipe, ayakipe, unkakipepi.
- a-ki'-pśa-pśa, adv. close together, standing thick, as grain or grass;

- jammed together, as men or animals; full of, as a lake of fish—akipśapśa hiyeya.
- a-ki'-pśa-pśa-ya, adv. thickly, close together.
- a-ki'-pśa-ya, adv. close together.
- a-ki'-ptan, adv. together, joining forces; akiptan unyanpi: akiptan econpi.
- a-ki'-sni, v. pos. of asni; to get well, recover from sickness; to recover from anger, etc.—amakisni, anićisni, unkakisnipi.
- a-ki'-sni-yan, v. a. to cause to get well—akisniwaya, akisnimayan.
- a-ki'-sni-yan, adv. getting well.
- a-ki'-ś'ag, cont. of akiś'aka.
- a-ki'-s'ag-ya, adv. strewed thickly over.
- a-ki'-ś'a-ka, adj. thick as leaves on the ground.
- a-ki'-śo-ka, adj. of śoka; thick on, thick together, as wheat growing in a field.
- a-ki'-ta, v. a. to seek for, hunt for, as something lost; to make effort to get—awakita, ayakita, unkakitapi, acicita, amakita: akitapi, sought for.
- a-ki'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. n. of atakuniśni; to become nothing, be nothing—amakitakuniśni.
- a-ki'-to, v. pos. of ato; to tattoo, make blue marks on the body; this is generally done by pricking in powder—aweto, ayeto, unkakitopi.
- a-ki'-to-pi, n. the marks made by tattooing. Part., marked, tattooed.
- a-ki'-ta, v. n. to die after getting

- home, as a wounded man who is carried home—akimata. Also said when grass or corn is so thick that a part dies.
- a-ki'-ya, v. a. to practice, give the mind to—awakiya.
- a-ki'-ya-hda, v.a. (aki and ahda) to carry or take off home—awakiyahda, ayakiyahda, unkakiyahdapi; ehpeya makiyahda, to have gone off home and left me; ehpeya makakiyahda, to take off home from me.
- a-ki'-ya-ka, v. n. to be a practitioner—awakiyaka.
- a'-ki-ye-će-ća, adv. like, like to.
- a-ki'-ye-dan. adv. near. See ikiyedan.
- a-ki'-yu-ćan-pi, v. pl. to shake anything when several do it together.
- a-ki'-yu-ha-pi, v. pl. to bear, carry, when several do it together: akiyuha ayapi—amakiyuhapi.
- a k i' y u h p a, v. (aki and yuhpa) to carry home and throw down—aki-mduhpa, akiduhpa.
- a-ki'-yu-ski-ća, v. to tie or fasten together, to attach one to another—akimduskića.
- a-ki'-yu-ti-tan-pi, v. pl. to pull different ways.
- a-ki'-yu-za-pi, v. pl. said when two or more seize and hold anything together; held by two or more.
- a'-ki-źan, cont. of ákiźata.
- $a'-ki-\acute{z}an-ya$, v.n. to fork, as a stream.
- a'-ki-źan-ya, adv. in a forked manner.

- a'-ki-źa-ta, adj. forked, as a stream.
- a-ko', adv. beyond, on the other side of.
- a-ko'-i-to-he-ya, adv. towards, with the face the other way, turned with the face from one; akoitoheya nazin, to stand with the face from one.
- a'-ko-kam, adv. across, by a near way; ákokam ya, to go across; akokam mda, I go by a near way.
- a'-ko-ka-pa, adv. by a nearer way. Not much used.
- a'-kos, adv See akosan.
- a'-ko-saŋ, adv. whilst, in the mean time.
- a-k o'-t an-h an, adv. from beyond.
- a-ko'-ta-tan-han, adv. from beyond.
- a-ko'-wam, adv. See akowapa.
- a-ko'-wa-pa, adv. further on, beyond.
- a-ko'-wa-pa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from beyond.
- a k o' z a , v. a. to make a motion at, attempt to strike—awakoza, ayakoza, amakoza.
- a-ko'-źan, adv. cont. of akoźata; straddling; akoźan naźin, to stand over a thing, stand with a thing between one's feet.
- a-ko'-źan-ya, adv. astride.
- a-ko'-ź a-t a. Obsolete. See akoźan.
- a-kpa'-ġaŋ, v. a. pos. of paġaŋ; to give away one's own for some purpose—awakpaġaŋ.
- a-kpa'-gan-yan, adv. giving away for.
- a-kpas', cont. of akpaza.

- forked, as a a k p a' s p a, v. to suffer patiently, to endure until it has passed off he other side of. awakpaspa, ayakpaspa.
 - a-kpa'-spe-ća, v. to suffer patiently until one's anger goes off awakpaspeća.
 - a-kpas'-ya, v. a. to cause darkness on, darken—akpaswaya.
 - a-kpas'-ya, adv. benightedly.
 - a-kpa'-tan, v. pos. of patan; to reserve one's own for a purpose—awakpatan.
 - a-kpa'-tan-yan, adv. reserving for a purpose.
 - a-kpa'-ya, See akpayeća.
 - a-kpa'-ye-ća, v. n. to be lighter than its proper color, as a child which will yet darken; to be yellow, as a mulatto—amakpayeća.
 - a-kpa'-ye-ća, n. one who is neglected; i. q. aktapiśni.
 - a-kpa'-za, v. n. (a and kpaza) to come night on one, be benighted—amakpaza, anikpaza.
 - a-kpa'-zo, v. pos. of pazo; to point at one's own—awakpazo.
 - a-kśa', adv. more, in addition to. This word signifies that it is already well, but intimates a desire for more; it is usually followed by unkanś: akśa mayaku unkanś, if you had given me more.
 - a-kśa'-ken, adv. See akśa; wanna maśte, akśaken mażażu unkanś waśte kta, it is now warm, if it would rain it would be good.
 - a-kśaŋ'-kśaŋ, adv. to and fro, across and back.

- a-kśi'-źa, v. a. to double up on, as the hand on anything; to retain anything not one's own; i. q. anića—awakśiźa, ayakśiźa.
- a-kta', prep. of, about, concerning.
- a-kta', adv. again, over again; akta eya, to repeat, say again.
- a-kta', v. a. to have respect for, to regard, keep in mind, give heed to; to receive—awakta, ayakta, unkaktapi. From this are formed akikta, akićikta, ihakta, wakta, etc.
- a-kta'-kta, adv. red. of akta; again and again, repeatedly.
- a-kta'-kta-ya, adv. repeatedly.
- a-kta'-śni, v. of akta; to reject, despise—awaktaśni.
- a-kta'-śni, adv. not well: aktaśni ećon, to do a thing badly.
- a-kta'-śni-yan, adv. badly, wrong, not right. See ektaśniyan.
- a-kton, adv. more than; wikéemna akton, more than ten. Pl., aktonpi.
- a-kton'-kton s, cont. of aktonktonźa; aktonktonsya; aktonktonsmayan, it has made me forgetful.
- a-kton'-kton-źa, adj. red; waćin maktonktonźa, my memory is treacherous. See ktonktonźa
- a-ktonś, cont. of aktonźa.
- a-kton'-źa, v. to forget. See akiktonźa.
- a-kton'-źa, adj. forgetful.
- a-ku', v. a. to bring, to come bringing home—awaku.
- a-ku', v. col. pl. of ku; they are coming home.

- a-ku'-i-to-he-ya. See akoitoheya, the more correct form.
- a-ku'-ka, v. n. to become old or rotten on one, as clothing—amakuka, anikuka, unkakukapi.
- a-ku'-ta, v. to watch for, look for, look out for one's coming: akuta kuwa—akuta wakuwa.
- a k a', v (a and ka) to dig on: maka aka—awaka, ayaka, unkakapi.
- a-kin', n. (a and kin) something to pack on, a pack-saddle; a riding-saddle; a harness-saddle: suktanka akin.
- a-ko'. See oko.
- am, v. imperat. pl. of a; hark.
- a'-ma-ġa-ġa, v. This is said to be from ákaġaġa, to fall on in drops, trickle on. The ma is the pronoun.
- $a m a' \dot{g} a y a$, v. See amahya.
- a'-ma-ġa-źu, v. n. (a and maġaźu) to rain on—amamaġaźu, animaġaźu, uŋkamaġaźupi.
- a'-ma-ġa-źu-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to rain on—ámaġaźuwakiya.
- a'-ma-ġa-źu-ya, v. a. to cause to rain on—ámaġaźuwaya.
- a m a' h p i y a, v. n. to cloud over.
- a-ma'-hpi-ya, adj. cloudy, clouded over.
- a-mah'-ya, v. a. to plant at a place, make a field at; to be attached to—amahwaya.
- a m a h' y e ϵ a, v. Same as amahya—amahwaye ϵ a.
- a m a' n i, v. (a and mani) to walk on—amawani, amayani, amaunnipi; can amanipi, a ladder.

- hatch, as fowls; to hatch onamanpi.
- a m a' ste, v. n. (a and maste) be warm on—amamaste, animaste, amaunstepi.
- $a m a' \acute{s} t e n a p t a p t a, n.$ the glimmering of vapor in the sun heat; the burning appearance on the prairie on a hot day, mirage.
- $a m a' \acute{s} t e y a$, adv. exposed to the heat, in the sun.
- a m a' ste y a ken, adv. hotly.
- $a m da' ke da\eta$, adj. calm, still, without wind.
- a-mda'-ke-dan, a calm: amdakedan iću.
- a m d a' k e n a, adj. Ih, same as amdakedan.
- a m d'a' k e t a n, adj. Mde., same as amdakedan.
- a m d a' s k a y a, adv. level, without ridges.
- a m d a' y a, adj. level on.
- a m d e' é a. See amdeéahan.
- a m d e' é a h a n, part. scattered, fallen off, as from a pile of rock, etc.
- a m d e s', cont. of amdeza: amdes iyaya, to become clear, become soher; amdes aya—amdes amayan.
- a m d e s' y a, v. a. to make clear or *sober*—amdeswaya.
- a m d e s' y a, adv. clearly, soberly: amdesya wanmdaka, I see clearly.
- a m d e s' y a k e n, adv. clearly.
- a m d e' z a, v. a. of mdeza; to see clearly—awamdeza, ayamdeza. | a - m n a' - y a n , v. a. (a and mnayan)

- a m a n', v. (a and man) to sit on and | a m d e' z a, v. n. to be clear, perspicuous; to be sober—amamdeza, unkamdezapi.
 - a m d o', n. the shoulder, the scapula.
 - a-mdo'-hu, n. the shoulder bone or blade, scapula.
 - a-mdo'-i-yo-ki-źu, n. the part between the shoulders.
 - a-m d o'- o k i t a h e d a n, between the shoulders.
 - a m d o' s a and amdosasa, n. thered-winged blackbird. See wamdośa.
 - a mi' ci ci ya, v. 1st pers. sing. of aićićiya (perhaps from aya); token owakihi amićićiya, I act as I am able.
 - a m i n i' h e ć a, v. n. (a and miniheća) to be industrious in regard to—amaminiheća, animiniheća. See amniheća and its derivatives.
 - a-mi-ni'-hen-i-¢i-ya, v. flex. to make himself industrious about anything-aminihemićiya.
 - a-mi-ni'-hen-ya, v.a. to cause to be industrious about anything.
 - a-mi-ni'-hen-ya, adv. triously, stirringly.
 - a-mi-ni'-tan, v. n. (a mini and tanka) to overflow. See amnitan.
 - a-mi-ni'-tan-ya, v. a. to cause to overflow. See amnitanya.
 - a m n a'- i ¢ i y a, v. reflex. of mnayan; to gather for himself, to be selfish—amnamićiya.
 - am'-na-ka-ha. See appetu nakaha.

- to collect, gather together to, add to—amnawaya, amnayaya.
- a-mni', v. (a and mni) to spread out to dry on anything—awamni, ayamni, unkamnipi.
- a-mni'-ći-ya, v. (a and mnićiya) to assemble to, make an assembly; to assemble on account of—amnimićiya, amninićiya, amniunkićiyapi.
- a-mni'-ći-ya-ken, adv. in the manner of assembling.
- a-mni'-mni, v. a. to sprinkle on anything, sprinkle with water, etc.—awamnimni, ayamnimni, unkamnimnipi: acimnimni, I sprinkle you.
- a-mni'-tan, v.n. to flood, overflow.
- a-mni'-tan-ya, v. a. to cause to overflow, to flood—amnitanwaya.
- a-mni'-taŋ-yaŋ, adv. in an overflowing manner.
- a'-mo-mo-na, n. a babe; a doll. a-na'-bu, v. a. (a and nabu) to make a noise on with the feet, to stamp—anawabu.
- a n a' b u b u, v. red. of anabu.
- a-na'-ġo-ptaŋ, v. a. to listen to, hearken to; to obey—anawaġoptaŋ, anayaġoptaŋ, anauŋġoptaŋpi, anamaġoptaŋ; anaciġoptaŋ, I obey you; anauŋniġoptaŋpi, we hearken to you. See noġoptaŋ and nahoŋ.
- a n a' ġ o p t a ŋ y a, v. a. to cause to listen to—anaġoptaŋwaya, ana-ġoptaŋmayaŋ.
- a-na'-go-ptan-yan, adv. obediently, attentively.
- a-na'-ha, v. a. to kick out of the way—anawaha.
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- a n a' h do h do, v. n. to bubble up, as in boiling.
- a-na'-hdu-ste, v. n. to be lame in the leg, limp; to break down, as one's leg does sometimes: anahduste iyaya.
- a n a' h a , adj. rough, roughened up. a - n a' - h b e , v. See anahma.
- a n a' h b e y a, adv. secretly, slyly, covertly.
- a-na'-hbe-ya-han, adv. secretly. a-na'-hda-ta, v. a. to crawl up carefully on anything—anawahdata.
- a-na'-hdo-ka, v.a. (a and na-hdoka) to wear a hole in, as in a moccasin, on something—anawa-hdoka
- a n a' h m a, v. a. to hide, conceal—anawahbe, anayahbe, anaunhmanpi From this comes woanahbe.
- a n a' h m a n p i, n. a concealing, concealment.
- a n a' h p a, v. a. (a and nahpa) to kick down on anything—anawahpa.
- a n a' h t a k a , v. a. (a and nahtaka) to kick one on something else—anawahtaka, anamahtaka.
- a n a' i ¢ i p s o n, v. reflex. of anapson; to spill on one's self—anamiçipson.
- a-na'-ke-ya, adv. turned partly on one side.
- a-na'-ki-ći-ġo-ptaŋ, v. of anaġoptaŋ; to heaken to for one—anawećiġoptaŋ. Pl., anakićiġoptaŋpi, they hearken to each other—anauŋkićiġoptaŋpi.

- a-na'-ki-ći-ġo-ptaŋ-yaŋ, adv. hearkening to each other.
- a-na'-ki-éi-pta-pi, v. pl. recip. of anapta; they stop or hinder each other—anaunkiéiptapi.
- a-na'-ki-ġo-ptan, v. pos. of anaġoptan; to hearken to, to obey, as one's father—anawakigoptan.
- a-na'-ki-ġo-ptaŋ-yaŋ, adv. obediently.
- a-na'-ki-hbe, v. See anakihma.
- a n a' k i h b e y a, v. a. to cause to conceal—anakih bewaya.
- a-na'-ki-hbe-ya, adv. covertly, secretly,
- a-na'-ki-hbe-ya-han, adv. stealthily, privately.
- a-na'-ki-hma, v.a. to hide, conceal, refuse to tell; to deny, affirm that it is not so—anawakihbe, anayakihbe, anaunkihmanpi.
- a-na'-ki-hman-pi, n. denying, concealing. Part., concealed.
- a-na'-ki-kśin. v. a. to stand over and defend one; to interpose for one, when in danger; to expose oneself for another; to work for one, and give him an opportunity to rest—anawekśin, anayekśin, anaćićikśin or anaćikśin, anamikśin.
- a-na'-ksa, v. (a and naksa) to break off a thing on something with the foot—anawaksa, anaunksapi.
- a-na'-kśiś, cont. of anakśiźa; anakśiś iyeya.
- a-na'-kśi-źa, v. (a and nakśiźa) to bend down on with the foot, as grass on the prairie—anawakśiźa.

- a-na'-ktan, v. (a and naktan) to bend on or over.
- a-na'-ke-za, v. to make smooth by treading on. See onakeza, which is more correct.
- a-na'-mda-ġa, v. n. (a and na-mdaġa) to open or spread out on.
- a-na'-mdas, cont. of anamdaza:
 anamdas iyeya, to make burst by kicking.
- a n a' m d a z a, v. a. (a and namdaza) to tear open with the foot, to burst open on—anawamdaza.
- a-na'-mde-ća, v. n. to spread out on, as grain when poured on anything.
- a n a' m d e n, cont. of anamdeca: anamden ehpeya, to scatter by pouring down.
- a-na'-mdu, v. a. (a and namdu) to kick dust on—anawamdu; anamamdu, he kicks dust on me.
- a-na'-mna, v. a (a and namna) to rip on anything with the foot; hanpa inyan anamna, to rip one's moccasin on a stone—anawamna.
- a-na'-mni, v. n. to give way under the foot, as snow when there is water under it; anamni iyewaya.
- a n a' p a, v. a. (a and napa) to run to for refuge—anawapa, anayapa, anaunpapi.
- a n a' p é a, v. (a and napéa) to swallow on or after something else—anawapéa, anaunpéapi.
- a n a' p o p a, v. n. (a and napopa)
 to burst on anything—anamapopa.
- a n a' p o t a, v. a. (a and napota)

- to wear out on, as one's moccasins | a n a' p t e n, adv. less, less than on anything—anawapota.
- a na' psa ka, v. a. (a and napsaka) to break a string with the foot on something—anawapsaka.
- a n a' p s o n and a n a p s u n, v. a. (a and napson) to kick over and spill on anything—anawapson, anamapson, anauppsonpi.
- a n a' p s o n, v. n. to boil over on anything.
- $a n a' p \leq a$, v. n. anapśa hiphda, to bubble up, as foul water when disturbed; to come up, as bubbles on water.
- a n a' p śa p śa, v. n. red. of anapśa; to boil up, come up, as bubbles on water.
- $a n a' p \le u n$, v. a. (a and napsum) to dislocate, put out of joint on anything-anawapśun.
- a n a' p t a, v. a. to stop, hinder, cause to cease, to obstruct, forbidanawapta, anayapta, anaunptapi, anamapta; anaićipta, to stop for one's self, to cease from one's selfanamićipta.
- a n a' p t a, v. n. to cease, stop.
- a-na'-pta-pi, part. stopped, ceased: on anaptapi, that which produces a stoppage, the name given to paregoric.
- a-na'-pte-ća, v. n. to hinder, obstruct—anamapteća.
- a-na'-pte-ća, adv. in an obstructed manner; less.
- a n a' p t e l, adv. T., same as anapten.

- a-na'-pten-ya, adv. in a less manner. T., anaptelya.
- a-na'-pten-ya-ken, adv. less, in a lessened manner.
- a-na'-pte-ton, v. a. to prohibit, lay a hindrance, lay an embargo anaptewaton.
- a-na'-pte-ton, n. a prohibition, obstruction, hindrance.
- $a n a' p t u \acute{z} a$, v. a. (a and naptuźa) to crack or split with the foot on anything—anawaptuźa.
- a-na'-po, v. n. to come all over one, as ashes or steam; to be fog on—anamapo, ananipo
- a n a' s a, v. a (a and nasa) hunt or go after, as buffalo—anawasa. Nasa and wanasa are more generally used.
- a-na'-sa, v. n. to rise up on, as a hog's bristles on his back; to bristle up.
- a n a' s d a t a, v. a. (a and nasdata) to creep up to carefully, as a hunter to game—anawasdata, anaunsdatapi.
- a-na'-sda-ta-pi, n. a creeping up to game.
- a-na'-śdoka, *v.* to kick off, as one's moccasins; to come in haste to—anawaśdoka.
- a-na'-ta, v. to bury with the foot, scrape dirt on with the foot—anawata.
- a n a' t a n, v. a. (a and natan) to rush on any person or thing, make an attack on—anawatan, anayatan, anauntanpi, anamatan, anawićatan.

- a-na'-tan-pi, part. attacked.
- a-na'-ti-ća, v. a. (a and natića) to scrape snow on anything with the foot—anawatića.
- a-na'-ti-pa, v.n. to crisp, shrivel up on; burned.
- a n a' ti tan, v. (a and natitan) to push on with the foot; to pull back on account of—anawatitan.
- a-na'-tpi, v. a. (a and natpi) to crack, as a louse, with the foot, on something—anawatpi.
- a n a' t u k a, v. a. (a and natuka) to wear off with the foot, as the hair from a buffalo-skin moccasin—anawatuka.
- a n a' t a, v. a. (a and nata) to kill with the foot on something—anawata, anayata.
- a-na'-tins, cont. of anatinza.
- a-na'-tins-ya, adv. firmly trodden.
- a n a' t i n z a, v. a. (a and natinza) to tramp down hard and tight—anawatinza, anauntinzapi.
- a-na'-un-yan, v. n. to go out of sight on or behind something.
- a-na'-wam, adv. over against, beyond.
- a n a' w a n g, cont. of anawanka.
- a-na'-wang-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to gallop on. T., anaungkiya.
- a n a' w a n k a, v. a. (a and nawanka) to kick down on anything—anawawanka.
- a-na'-wan-ka, v. n. (a and nawanka) to gallop, as a horse, on anything. T., anaunka.

- a-na'-we-ġa, v. (a and naweġa) to break on anything with the foot, but not to break off—anawaweġa, anayaweġa.
- a n a' w e h, cont. of anawega: anaweh iyeya.
- a-na'-win, v. (a and nawin) to fly around over; to tell round about; to tell what is not true, to lie; to conceal: T, to scrape the foot on—anawawin.
- a-na'-winś, cont. of anawinźa: anawinś iyeya.
- a-na'-win-yan, adv. concealing by circumlocution; parabolically, John x. 16.
- a n a' w i n ź a, v. a. (a and nawinźa) to bend down on with the foot—anawawinźa.
- a n a' ź i ć a, v. a. (a and naźića) to run away; to leave on account of—anawaźića.
- a-ni', v. n. (a and ni) to live on or for—awani.
- a-ni'-ća, v. a. to withhold, keep back from, retain something claimed by another; to lay claim to; to forbid, oppose—awanića, ayanića, unkanićapi. From this is formed akinića.
- a-nin', cont. of anica. T., anil.
- a-ni'-ni, n. anything that collects on, as soot, thick scum, etc.: anini se hiyeya, said of soot that hangs loosely.
- a-ni'-wan, v.a. (a and niwan) to swim for; to swim on—awaniwan.
- a n i' y a, v. a. (a and niya) to

- breathe on—awaniya, ayaniya, un- a n'-pa-o, n. the dawn of morning, kaniyapi.

 daylight: appao hinapa, dawn ap-
- a-nog', adv. cont. of anoka; on both sides; anog ope, sharp on both sides, two-edged.
- a-nog'-pa-ska, n. the whiteheaded eagle: from anokatanhan pa ska.
- a n o g' w a k i é a ś k a , n. T. saddle-bags: literally, something bound on both sides.
- a-no'-ġo-ptan, v. a. T. to obey, give ear to. See anaġoptan.
- a-noh'-ke-ći-ya, v. to lend an ear to, listen to; anohkećiya manka, I am listening to it.
- a-noh'-ki-ći-ya, v. Same as anohkećiya. Both are said to be correct.
- a-no'-ka, adv. on both sides.
- a-no'-ka-san, n. T. the whiteheaded eagle.
- a-no'-ka-tan-han, adv. on both sides, from both sides, backward and forward.
- a-no'-wab-ya, adv. T. off to one side.
- anp, cont. of anpa; T., anp ićamna, n. stormy day.
- a n'-pa, n. day, light of day, daylight. Opposed to otpaza. Ih., i. e., anpetu.
- a n'-p a k a m d e z a, n. daybreaking, daybreak.
- an'-pa-o, v. n. to dawn, as the morning. Possibly the o is the verb o, to shoot, to hit, the reference being to the shooting up of light.

- an'-pa-o, n. the dawn of morning, daylight: anpao hinapa, dawn appears; anpao duta, the redness of the dawn; anpao wanka, during dawn; anpao ska, the first glimmer of day.
- an'-pa-o-ho-ton-na, n. (anpa and hoton) domestic fowls, so called from their crowing in the morning.
- an'-pa-wi, n. Ih. the sun—anpetu wi.
- an-pe', n. day; space.
- an-pe'-ćin-han, adv. in a day, to-day.
- an-pe'-ćo-ka-ya, n. midday, noon.
- an-pe'-ću-sa, adv. during the day.
 The idea is that of having a whole day before one—no need of haste.
 See the next word.
- an-pe'-ću-sa-ken, adv. Same as anpećusa: hanhanna anpećusaken unyanpi kta, in the morning, with the day before us, we will go.
- an-pe'-de-han, adv. this day, to-day, now.
- an pe' han, adv. to-day, to-day as past—the past part.
- an-pe'-he-pi-ya, n. the space between the earth and heavens; the day or part of the day yet to come.
- an-pen', adv. (anpa and en) by day: anpen mistinbe, by day I slept.
- an-pe'-tu, n. a day, either a natural day, the time between the rising and setting of the sun, or a civil day, the whole twenty-four hours.
- an-pe'-tu-he-pi-ye-la, adv. T. before noon.

- an-pe'-tu-ta-he-na, adv. before the day is done.
- aŋ-pe'-tu-wa-kaŋ, n. sacred day, the Sabbath. Also, aŋpetu okihpapi.
- an-pe'ztu-wi, n. the sun, lit. day-sun; thus distinguished from hanyetuwi, the night-sun or moon.
- an po' skan, adv. (anpa and oskan) by day.
- an-po'-skan-tu, adv. by day, in the day-time.
- an-po'-skan-tu-ya, adv. by day.
- an-po'-skan-tu-ya-ken, adv. by day, in the day-time. T., anposkantuyakel.
- an-pta'-ni-ya, n. the breath of day, i. e., the very first glimmerings of morn; vapors raised by the sun.
- a-o'-éin, v. of oéin; to desire some of a thing: aowaéin kta tuka to-nana, I would desire some, but there is only a little.
- a o' 6 o k a, adv. in the midst. See ahocoka, which is the correct form.
- $a o' \acute{e}o k a y a$, adv. surrounded by.
- a o' d e, v. (a and ode) to seek for something in addition to—aowade, aoyade.
- a-o'-gla-kin, v. a. T. to peep, around at one's own.
- a o' h a ŋ z i, v. n. (a and ohanzi)
 to shade, overshadow—aomahanzi.
- a-o'-haŋ-zi, adv. in the shade, shade upon.

- be- a o' h a n z i y a, v. a. to cause shade upon, to overshadow—aohan-ziwaya, aohanzimayan.
 - a o' h a n z i y a, adv. shadowy, in the shade.
 - a-o'-hda-ka, v. a. (a and ohdaka) to tell in regard to or in addition to.
 - a-o'-hdu-ta, v. n. to close up, fill up, as a hole or wound, to heal over—aomahduta.
 - a-o'-hdu-te, v. n. Same as ao-hduta. Part., closed up, healed over.
 - a o' h d u t e y a, v. a. to close up, to cause to heal over; to press around, surround, throng, overwhelm—ao-hdutewaya, aohdutemayan, aohduteunyanpi.
 - a-o'-hdu-te-ya, part. surrounding: maka aohduteya, around the earth.
 - a o' h du t e y a, adv. throngingly.
 - a-o'-hi-yu, v. n. (a and ohiyu) to come out upon, to leak upon.
 - a-o'-hna-ka, v. a. (a and ohnaka) to place upon, as a cover—aowahnaka.
 - a-o'-haŋ-haŋ-haŋ, adv. very skillfully.
 - $a-o'-ha\eta-ha\eta-ha\eta-ken$, adv. $very skillfull\tilde{y}$. T., aohanhankel.
 - a-o'-ka-ġa, v.a. to add to, as in building, make something in addition to; to do more than one ought to do; to exaggerate—aowakaġa, aounka-ġapi, aomakaġa.
 - a o' k a ġ a , v. n. to drift down stream—aomakaġa.

- a-o'-ka-ġe-ća, v. a. to add to, do or say more than is fitting, to be unreasonable—aoyakaġeća.
- a o' k a h, cont. of aokaga.
- a o' k a h b o g, cont. of aokahboka; drifting or floating on—aokahbog iyaya; aokahbog unyanpi.
- a o' k a h b o k a , v. n. to drift on, float down stream. T., aokahwoka.
- a o' k a h n i ġ a, v. a. (a and okahniġa) to understand about; to understand in consequencē of—aowakahniġa.
- a o' k a h y a, adv. extravagantly, as in talking.
- a-o'-kah-ya-ken, adv. exaggeratingly. T., aokahyakel.
- a o' ka kin, v. a. to peep into—aowakakin, aoyakakin.
- a-o'-ka-kin-yan, adv. peeping into.
- a-o'-ka-pon, cont. of aokapota; floating on a stream: aokapon iyaya.
- a o' k a p o t a, v. n. to rise to the top, as anything in water; to float on, as on water.
- a-o'-ka-sin, v. a. to look into, peep into—aowakasin, aoyakasin, aounkasinpi.
- a-o'-ka-sin-yan, adv. peeping in upon.
- a o' k a s to, v. a. (a and okasto) to smooth down upon—aowakasto.
- a o' k a t a, v. n. to be warm on—aomakata.
- a o' k a t a, v. a. to cover with earth—aowakata.
- a-o'-ka-tan, v. a. (a and okatan)

- to nail one thing on another—aowakatan, aoyakatan, aounkatanpi.
- a-o'-ka-ti-ća, v. a. to draw or scrape snow on anything—aowaka-tića.
- a-o'-ka-țins, cont. of aokaținza.
- a-o'-ka-tins-ya, adv. pressed in or on tight.
- a o'-ka-ṭiŋ-za, v.a. (a and okaṭiŋza) to press or pound in tight, as in packing flour; to hammer on tight, as a hoop—aowakaṭiŋza.
- a-o'-ki-be, v. a. to encircle, go around; to clasp, encircle with the arms—aowakibe. T., aokime.
- a o' k i b e y a, v. n. to go round, as the sun. T., aokimeya.
- a-o'-ki-be-ya, adv. encircling.
- a o' ki éi pa ġi, v. of opaġi; to fill a pipe for one in addition to aowećipaġi.
- a'-o-ki-han-na, n. something worn over or with another garment, a vest.
- a'-o-ki-hna, n. a vest. See áo-kihanna.
- a-o'-ki-hna-ka, v.a. (a and okihnaka) to put some in in addition to, to help one to food a second time—aowehnaka. T., aokignaka.
- a-o'-ki-hpa, v. a. (a and okihpa) to rest or lie by for—aowakihpa.
- a-o'-ki-ya, v. (a and ókiya) to follow, come after; to help in regard to; to band together for a-purpose—aowakiya.
- a-o'-kpa-ġi, v. pos. of aopaġi; to fill one's pipe again—aowakpaġi.

- a'-o-kpa-ni, v.n. to be wanting, not sufficient.
- a'-o-kpa-ni-yan, adv. insufficiently, less than.
- a-o'-kpas, cont. of aokpaza.
- a o' k p a s y a, v. a. to darken, make dark upon—aokpaswaya, aokpasmayan.
- a o' k p a s y a, adv. obscurely, darkened.
- a-o'-kpa-za, v. n. to be dark on any place or thing—aomakpaza.
- a-o'-ko, v. n. (a and oko) to be a fuss made about.
- a o' k o y a, v. a. to buzz about, to make a noise or fuss about—aokowaya, aokomayan.
- a o' m n a, v. a. (a and omna) to smell upon; smell in consequence of—aowamna.
- a-o'-na-ki-ta-ka, v. pos. of aonataka; to fasten, as a door, on one—aonawakitaka.
- a-o'-na-pa, v. a. (a and onapa) to flee to, take refuge at—aonawapa.
- a-o'-na-śdo-ka, v. a. to run away from, leave—aonawaśdoka. T., aonaśloka, to desert, as a friend in danger.
- a-o'-na-tag, cont. of aonataka: aonatag iyeya.
- a o' n a t a k a, v. a. to fasten on one; tiyopa aonataka, to fasten the door on one—aonawataka.
- a-o'-na-ṭins, cont. of aonaṭinza: aonaṭins iyeya.
- a o' na tin za, v. a. to press

- down tight in a box or barrel—aonawaţiŋza.
- a o n', v. a. to lay or place on, as wood on the fire—awaon, ayaon, unkaonpi.
- a o n' p a, v. a. to lay or place wood on the fire. Same as aon—awaonpa, ayaonpa, unkaonpapi.
- a o n' p e é a , v. to have one's ability tested; to back out, not to do as one proposed—awaonpeéa.
- a o n' śi y a, adv. more poorly, in a worse condition.
- a-on'-śi-ya-ken, adv. still worse, worse and worse.
- a o' pa, v. (a and opa) to follow with—aowapa.
- a-o'-pa-gi, v. (a and opagi) to fill the pipe again, to fill the pipe after eating—aowapagi.
- a-o'-pe-mni, v. a. (a and opemni) to roll up in—aowapemni.
- a-o'-pe-ya, v. a. to add to, cause to follow with.
- a-o'-pe-ya, adv. with, together with.
- a o' p o ġ a n, v. a. (a and opoġan) to blow on—aowapoġan.
- a'-o-pte-ća, adj. less, little.
- a'-o-pten, adv. less than. T., aoptel.
- a'-o-pten-ya, v.a. to diminish—aoptenwaya. T., aoptelya.
- a'-o-pten-ya, adv. less.
- a'-o-pten-ya-ken, adv. less, less than.
- a'-o-pte-tu, adv. less.
- a'-o-pte-tu-ya, adv. less, in a less manner.

- a-o'-ta-la-se, adv. T., more; aotalase maku ye, give me more.
- a-o'-te-han, v.n. to be far.
- a o' t e h a n t u, v.n. to be a long time; to be too late—aomatehantu.
- a'-o-tpa-ni, v.n. to be lacking, less than.
- a'-o-tpa-ni-yan, adv. less than.
- a o' t p a s, cont. of aotpaza.
- a-o'-tpas-ya, v. a. to make dark on—aotpaswaya; aotpasunyanpi, they make it dark on us.
- a-o'-tpas-ya, adv. darkly, in the dark.
- a-o'-tpa-za, v. n. (a and otpaza)
 to be dark on—aomatpaza.
- a -o'-tpa-zan, v. a. to push into, as an arrow into a quiver, or a feather into one's hair—aowatpazan.
- a-o'-tpa-zan-ki-ton, v. n. to have a sheath or case upon; be sheathed or pushed in.
- a o' tins, cont. of aotinza.
- a-o'-tins-ya, v. a. to crowd or press about, to beset—aotinsmayan, aotinsunyanpi.
- a-o'-tins-ya, adv. crowding, besetting.
- a-o'-tin-za, v. n. (a and otinza) to be tight on, as a garment; to be tight in, as anything inside of another—aomatinza.
- a o' ṭ o h n a k a , v. n. to be foolhardy, to dare, risk one's life—aotowahnaka, aotounhnakapi. T., aotognaka.
- a-o'-un-yan, v. (a and ounyan) to be or abide on: akan ounyan.

- a-o'-we-han, v. n. to jest, make fun, be ironical, make a false statement—aowewahan.
- a-o'-we-han-han, v. red. of aowehan; to jest, make sport—aowewahanhan, aoweunhanhanpi.
- a-o'-we-han-han-yan, adv. jestingly, in sport.
- a o' win ś ki ya, v. a. to make a bed on for; e. g., to put a blanket down for a child to play on.
- a o' z e z e, v. n. to dangle.
- a-o'-ze-ze-ya, adv. danglingly.
- a-o'-zi-éa, v. a. T., to reach out after.
- a o' z i g z i ć a, v. a. to stretch up after anything—aowazigzića.
- a-o'-zig-zin, cont. of aozigzića: aozigzin naźin, to stand stretching up—aozigzin nawaźin. T., aozig-zil.
- a o' z i y a, v. a. to cause to rest for—aoziwaya.
- a-o'-źaŋ-źaŋ, v. n. (a and oźaŋźaŋ) to be light on anything—aomaźaŋźaŋ.
- a o' źaŋ źaŋ ya, v. a. to cause to be light upon—aoźaŋxaŋwaya.
- a-o'-źaŋ-źaŋ-yaŋ, adv. in an illuminated manner.
- a p a', n. some, a part, as of a mass of anything.
- a p'a', v. a. to strike or smite a thing in any way—awap'a, ayap'a, un-kap'api, amap'a, acip'a; also a-pa'.
- a p a' b e, v. Same as apaman.
 T., apame.
- a-pa'-bu, v. a. (a and pabu) to

- awapabu.
- a-pa'-ćan-ćan, v. a. (a and paéanéan) to push and make tremble on anything; to make one tremble by pushing—awapaćanćan.
- a p a' é o z a, v. a. (a and paéoza) to rub and make warm on anything—awapaćoza.
- a-pa'-dan, n. dim. of apa; a small part.
- a-pa'-dan-ka, n. Same as apadan. a - p a' - g n a, v. a. T., to shell, as
- corn. See apahba.
- $a p a' \dot{g} a n$, v. a. $(a and pa\dot{g}an)$ to spare or give away for a purpose awapagan.
- $a p a' \dot{g} o$, v. a. (a and pago) carve or engrave on anything—awa-
- a p a' ġ u k a, v. a. (a and paġuka) to sprain by rubbing on anythingawapaguka.
- a p a' h a, v. a. (a and paha) raise on or over, as the hand to strike one: isan apaha makuwa, he follows me with his knife drawn awapaha.
- a-pa'-ha, adv. convexly; hill-like.
- a-pa'-ha-daŋ-ka, adv. hill-like.
- a p a' h a y a, adv. convexly.
- a p a' h b a, v. a. (a and pahba) to shell off, as corn, on anything awapahba.
- a p a' h du ste, v. n. to be lame; of huste.
- a p a' h i, v. a. (a and pahi) to pick up or gather on anything—awapahi. | a - p a' - h d o - k a, v. a. (a and pa-

- drum or make a noise on anything 'a pa' hin ta, v. a. (a and pahinta) to brush on anything—awapahinta.
 - a p a' h m i h m a, v. a. (a and pahmihma) to roll over on-awapahmihma; apahmihma iyeya, to turn over and over on.
 - a-pa'-hmi-yan-yan, v. a. (a and pahmiyanyan) to make round, as a ball, on anything.
 - a p a' h m o n, v. a. (a and pahmon)to twist or roll on anything—awapahmon.
 - a p a' h o m n i, v. a. (a and pahomni) to push or shove around on anything—awapahomni.
 - a p a' h u h u z a, v. a. (a and pato shake on anything huhuza) awapahuhuza.
 - a p a' h a t k a, adj. against the grain, rough.
 - a-pa'-ha-tka-ya, *adv*. roughly, against the grain.
 - $a p a' h d a \dot{g} a \eta$, v. a. (a and pahdagan) to make large on anything—awapahdagan.
 - a-pa'-hdan-ton, v. a. (apahdate and ton) to bind or embroider with ribbon—apahdanwaton.
 - a-pa'-hda-ta, v.a. to embroider.
 - a-pa'-hda-te, *n*. ribbon, ferret, See sina apalidate. binding.
 - a p a' h de c a, v. a. (a and pahdeća) to tear or rend on anything; to rend, by shoving with the hand, as the coat on one's back—awapahdeća.

- hdoka) to pierce or make a hole in, on anything—awapahdoka.
- a p a' h p a, v. a. (a and pahpa) to throw down on—awapahpa, unkapahpapi.
- a p a' h p u, v. a. (a and pahpu) to pick off on—awapahpu.
- a p a' h t a, v. a. (a and palita) to bind or tie on anything—apawahta, apaunhtapi.
- a-pa'-ke-za, v. a. (a and pakeza) to make a noise by filing or rubbing on.
- a pa' k i n ta, v. a. (a and pakinta) to wipe or rub off on anything awapakinta.
- a-pa'-kpan, v.a. (a and pakpan) to crush or make fine on—awapakpan.
- a-pa'-kpi, v. a. (a and pakpi) to crack on, as a louse on anything.
- a p a' k s a, v. a. (a and paksa) to break off on—awapaksa.
- a p a' k ś i ź a , v. a. (a and pakśiźa) to bend or double up on anything awapakśiźa.
- a p a' k u k a, v. a. (a and pakuka) to rub to pieces on anything—awa-pakuka.
- a p a' k e z a , v. a. (a and pakeza) to make smooth by scraping on—awa-pakeza.
- a-pa'-ko-za, v. a. (a and pakoza) to rub and make smooth on—awapa-koza.
- a'-pa-ma-hde, adj. down hill, descending.
- a'-pa-ma-hde-ya, adv. down

- hill, in a descending manner: ápamahdeya unyanpi.
- a-pa'-man, v. a. (a and paman) to file, rub, or polish on—awapaman.
- a p a' m d a s k a, v. a. (a and pamdaska) to make flat on anything—awapamdaska.
- a p a' m d a y a, v. a. (a and pamdaya) to make level on anything awapamdaya.
- a-pa'-mda-za, v. a. (a and pa-mdaza) to burst open on, tear open on.
- a p a' m d e é a, v. a. (a and pamdeéa) to break or crush on anything—awapamdeéa.
- a-pa'-mdu, v. a. (a and pamdu) to crush to powder on anything—awapamdu.
- a p a' m n i, v. a. (a and pamni) to divide out on—awapamni, ayapamni, unkapamnipi.
- a p a' p a, n. red. of apa.
- a-pa'-po-pa, v.a. (a and papopa) to make pop or burst on anything—awapapopa.
- a-pa'-psa-ka, v. a. (a and papsaka) to break in two, as a cord, on anything—awapapsaka.
- a-pa'-pson, v. a. (a and papson) to spill on anything, as water—awapapson.
- a-pa'-pśuŋ, v. a. (a and papśuŋ) to put out of joint on anything, as the arm—awapapśuŋ.
- a-pa'-ptan, v. a. (a and paptan) to roll over on anything—awapaptan.

- a-pa'-ptan-ptan, v. red. of apaptan; to roll over and over on anything.
- a-pa'-ptu-źa, v. a. (a and paptuźa) to make crack or split on anything—awapaptuźa.
- a-pa'-pu-za, v. a. (a and papuza) to wipe dry on anything—awapapuza.
- a-pa'-sde-ća, v. a. (a and pasdeća) to split by rubbing on anything—awapasdeća.
- a-pa'-sdo-han, v. a. (a and pasdohan) to shove or push along on anything—awapasdohan.
- a-pa'-si, v. a. (a and pasi) to follow after, to follow on—awapasi.
- a-pa'-si-sa, v. a. (a and pasisa) to stitch on to; to patch. T., to stick in or through, as a pin—awapasisa.
- a-pa'-si-sa-pi, n. T., a pincushion.
- a-pa'-snon, v. a. (a and pasnon) to roast on or over anything—awapasnon.
- a-pa'-spa, v. n. to pass off or over, as clouds or anger; to cover over, as clouds or waves.
- a-pa'-spe-ya, adv. passing off, as clouds.
- a-pa'-sto, v. a. (a and pasto) to make smooth or brush down on anything—awapasto.
- a-pa'-su-ta, v. a. (a and pasuta) to make hard or stiff by kneading on anything—awapasuta.
- a p a' ś b o g , v. cont. of apaśboka: apaśbog iyaya. T., apaśwog.

- red. of a pa'- s b o ka, v. n. (a and paover on sboka) to come up on or over, as water; to overflow. T., apaśwoka.
 - a p a' ś b u, v. n. (a and paśbu) to come up on.
 - a p a' ś d i, v. a. or n. to squeeze out on; to ooze out.
 - a-pa'-śdi-ya, adv. in an oozing way.
 - a-pa'-śdo-ka, v. a. (a and paśdoka) to pull or shove off on, as one's coat—awapaśdoka.
 - a-pa'-śi-ća, v. a. (a and paśića) to soil or injure by rubbing on anything—awapaśića.
 - a-pa'-śi-pa, v. a. (a and paśipa) to break off close on anything; to put out of joint on—awapaśipa.
 - a p a' ś p a , v. a. (a and paśpa) to break off a piece on anything—awapaśpa.
 - a-pa'-śpu, v. a. (a and paśpu) to pull off on anything; to pick off or rub off, as one thing sticking on another—awapaśpu.
 - a-pa'-śu-źa, v.a (a and paśuża) to mash or crush on anything awapaśuża.
 - a p a' t a, v. a. (a and pata) to cut up on, as meat on a block—awapata.
 - a-pa'-tan, v. a. (a and patan) to reserve or take care of for a purpose—awapatan.
 - a-pa'-tan, v. a. (a and patan) to push against—awapatan.
 - a p a' t e p a, v. a. to wear off short, as a pencil on paper.
 - a-pa'-ti-ća, v.a. (a and patića)

- ground-awapatica.
- a p a' ti ta n, v. a. (a and patitan)to push or brace against—awapatitan.
- a pa' tpi, v. Same as apakpi.
- a-pa'-tuś, v.cont. of apatuźa: apatuś yanka, to be in a stooping position.
- $a p a' t u \le y a$, adv. stoopingly.
- a p a' t u z a, v. a. (a and patuza) to stoop down on or over—awapatuźa.
- a p a' ta, v. a. (a and pata) to kill by pressing on anything—awapata.
- a-pa'-ṭa-ṭa, v. n. T. to become *numb*, as by freezing on.
- a p a' t i p z a, v. a. (a and patinza)to press tight on, to make stiff onawapatinza.
- a-pa'-to, v. n. to obstruct, oppose, prevent progress—amapato.
- a p a' t o y a, v. a. to obstruct, stop, hinder—apatowaya, apatomayan. .
- a-pa'-to-ya, adv. in an obstructing manner.
- a p a' w a p k a, v. a. (a and pato push down on anywanka) thing—awapawanka. T., apaunka.
- $a p a' w e \dot{g} a$, $v. a. (a and pawe\dot{g}a)$ to break partly, as a stick, on anything—awapawega.
- a p a' w e h, cont. of apawega: apaweh iyeya.
- $a pa' win \dot{g}a$, v. n. to go round in circles on or over.
- a-pa'-winh, cont. of apawinga: apawinh iyaya.
- a-pa'-wins, cont. of apawinza: apawins iyeya.

- to scrape off from, as snow from the | a p a' w i p t a, v. a. (a and pawinta) to rub on—awapawinta.
 - $a p a' w i n \acute{z} a$, v. a. (a and pato bend or press down, as winźa) grass, on anything—awapawinźa.
 - a'-pa-ye, n. seasoning, anything like *meat* or *grease* boiled with corn. See wapaye.
 - a'-pa-ye-ya, v. a. to use a thing for seasoning—apayewaya.
 - a-pa'-zo, v. a. (a and pazo) show or point to on anything; to point at: nape amapazo, he points his finger at me—awapazo.
 - a-pa'-zun-ta, v. a. (a and pazunta) to stitch or run up in sewing on anything-awapazunta.
 - $a p a' \acute{z} a \acute{z} a$, v. a. (a and paźaźa)to wash by rubbing on anythingawapaźaźa.
 - a pa' źi pa, v. a. (a and paźipa) to prick or pinch on anything—awapaźipa.
 - $a p a' \acute{z} u \acute{z} u$, $v. a. (a and pa\acute{z}u\acute{z}u)$ to rub out on anything-awapaźuźu.
 - $a p \acute{e} e' y a$, v. a. $(a and p\acute{e} eya)$ to cut and dry, as meat, on anything awapćeya.
 - a pe', v. a. to wait for, wait on; to hope for, expect: u ape, to wait for one to come; ye ape, to wait for one to go, or desire one to go along awape, ayape, unkapepi.
 - a pe', n. a leaf of a tree, leaves; a blade of corn or grass; a fin of a fish, as in hoape.
 - a p'e', v. Same as ap'a.

- a-pe'-han, v. (a and pehan) to fold on anything—awapehan.
- a-pe'-co-ka-na, n. (ape and co-kadan) a species of fish, without fins, as the name indicates.
- a-pe'-ćo-kaŋ-he-daŋ, n. Same as above.
- a-pe'-hin, n. the mane of a horse.
- a-pe'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to wait for—apewakiya.
- a-pe'-śa, n. the red-fin, a species of fish.
- a-pe'-śa-śa, n. Same as apeśa.
- a-pe'-ya, adv. waiting for, hoping for.
- a-pe'-źa-ta, n. the forked-fin, a species of fish.
- a-pe'-yo-han, n. T. the mane of a horse.
- a p i s', cont. of apiźa.
- a p i ś' p i ź a, v. red. of apiźa; to be wrinkled on.
- a p i ś'- y a, adv. in a wrinkled manner.
- a-pi'-ya, v. a. to mend on—apiwaya.
- a p i' źa, v. n. to be wrinkled on anything—amapiźa.
- a'-po, v. pl. imperat. of a.
- a p o', v. n. (a and po) to swell on—amapo.
- a-po'-gan, v. a. (a and pogan) to blow on—awapogan.
- a p o' m n a m n a, v. a. (a and pomnamna) to shake or wag the head about—apowamnamna.
- a-po'-pa, v.n. to burst on, break open.

- a-po'-pa-han, adv. or part. bursting open.
- a-po'-ptan-ptan, v. a. (a and poptanptan) to shake the head about, dissent from—apowaptanptan.
- a-po'-sin, v. to make faces at—apowasin.
- a p o' ś i ŋ ś i ŋ , v. a. to make faces at—apowaśiŋśiŋ.
- a-po'-tpo-ta, v.n. to be worn out or ragged on.
- a-po'-tpo-ta-han, part. worn out on, ragged.
- a-po'-źaŋ, v. a. to blow out on, as from a tube—awapoźaŋ.
- a-psi'-ća, v. a. to jump over anything; to jump on—awapsića.
- a-psin', cont. of apsića: T., apsil.
- a p ś a', v. a. (a and pśa) to sneeze on anything—awapśa.
- a-pśa'-pśa, adj. thick, close together, as grass, etc.
- a-pśa'-pśa-ya, adj. thickly set, in à close state; thick, as mush.
- a-ptan'-ptan, v. n. (a and ptanptan) to roll about on—amaptanptan.
- a-ptan'-yan, v.n. to roll over on, fall on; to fall from—amaptanyan, aniptanyan.
- a-ptu'-źa-haŋ, part. cracked or split on.
- a p u s', cont. of apuza.
- a p u' s k i ć a , v. a. (a and puskića) to press down tight upon—awapuskića.
- a-pu'-skin, v. cont. of apuskića.
- a-pu'-skem-ya, adv. in a filtering manner. T., apuskebya.

- a-pu'-ske-pa, v. n. (a and pu- a-san', v. n. (a and san) skepa) to filter out on. whitish or grayish: asan
- a p u' s p a, v. a. (a and puspa) to stick on; to make stick on, scab—awapuspa.
- a-pu'-spa-pi, n. mucilage, solder.
- a-pu'-spe-ya, adv. in a sticking manner.
- a-pus'-pu-za, v. red. of apuza.
- a p u s' y a, v. a. (a and pusya) to cause to dry on—apuswaya.
- a-pus'-ya, adv. in the manner of drying on.
- a pu' tag, cont. of aputaka.
- a-pu'-tag-ya, v. a. to cause to touch.
- a-pu'-tag-ya, adv. in the manner of touching.
- a-pu'-ta-ka, v. a. (a and putaka) to touch, lay on, as the hand, etc.: nape amaputaka, he placed his hand upon me.
- a pu' tins, v. cont. of aputinza.
- a-pu'-tins-tins, v. cont. red.
- a-pu'-tins-tins-ya, adv. firmly; pressed upon.
- a-pu'-tins-tin-za, v. red. of aputinza.
- a p u' t i p s y a, adv. firmly.
- a-pu'-țiŋ-za, v. a. to press down upon, make firm—awapuținza.
- a-pu'-za, v. n. (a and puza) to dry on, become dry on one, as clothes—amapuza.
- a-po', v. n. (a and po) there is fog on a thing.
- a-sa'-ka, v. n. (a and saka) to become dry or hard upon—amasaka.

- a s a n', v. n. (a and san) to become whitish or grayish: asan eyaku, to take a grayish stain.
- a'-san, adv. Same as osan.
- a-saŋ'-pi, n. (aze and hanpi) milk of any kind, breast milk; pte asanpi, cow's milk.
- a-san'-pi-i-hdi, n. the oil of milk, i. e., cream, butter.
- a-saŋ'-pi-ni-ni, n. thick milk; cream.
- a-saŋ'-pi-sa-mna, n. T. cheese. a-saŋ'-pi-su-ta, n. hard milk, i. e., cheese.
- a-san'-pi-ta-sa-ka, n. hardened or frozen milk, i. e., cheese.
- a-saŋ'-pi-wa-sna, n. T. butter.
- a-san'-pi-wi-gli, n. T. butter; cream.
- a s a' p a, v. a. (a and sapa) to become black on: asapa eyaku, to take a black stain.
- a-sas'-ya, adv. of asaza; slowly, gently, stilly.
- $a s a s' y e d a \eta$, adv. gently, slowly.
- a-sa'-za, adj. gently: used mostly with the negative; asaze śni, inconstant, unchaste: asaze śni waun, I am inconstant.
- a-sba'-han, part. raveling on. T., worn off, as the nap of cloth.
- a-sbu'-han, part. crumbling on. See sbuhan.
- a s d a', v.n. (a and sda) to be greasy on anything.
- a-sda'-ya, v.a. (a and sdaya) to make greasy, to grease—asdawaya.

- a-sda'-ya, adv. greasily.
- a-sdi'-pa, v. a. (a and sdipa) to lick off, lick from, as a dog does.
- a-sdo'-han, v. n. (a and sdohan) to crawl along on anything—awasdohan:
- a-sdon'-ya, v. a. (a and sdonya)
 to know about; to be wise about,
 know all about—asdonwaya. T.,
 aslolya.
- a-si'-ću-ton, v. a. to sole, put on a sole, as on a moccasin, shoe, etc.—asićuwaton.
- a-s'in', v. n. to sponge, loaf, hang about a place to get something to eat; T., to covet, secretly long for—awas'in.
- $a s'i \eta' s'i \eta$, v. red. of as'in.
- a-ska', v. n. (a and ska) to become white on.
- a'-skam, cont. of áskapa.
- a-skam'-ton, v. a. to make stick on, to seal—askamwaton. T., askabton.
- a'-skam-ya, v. a. to make stick on, to seal—áskamwaya.
- a-skan', v. n. (a and skan) to melt or thaw on; to disappear from, as snow.
- as'-kan, n. (aze and kan) the cords and veins of the breast.
- a'-ska-pa, v. n. to stick to or on, adhere to—amaskapa.
- a-ske'-pa, v. n. (a and skepa) to leak out on.
- a-smag'-ya, adv. (a and smaka) in an indented manner: asmagya wanka.

- a s n a' s n a, v. (a and snasna) to ring or rattle on.
- a-sni', v. n. to recover or get well from sickness; to recover from anger, etc.—amasni, anisni, unkasnipi.
- a-sni'-ki-ya, v. a. to heal, cause to get well—asniwakiya. T., to rest one's self, as a horse part way up a hill.
- a-sni'-yan, v. a. to cause to get well, to cure—asniwaya, asniunyanpi.
- a-sni'-ya-ken, adv. in the way of recovering.
- a s o n', v. a. (a and son) to plait or braid on anything—awason.
- a-so'-so, v. a. (a and soso) to cut into strings on any place—awasoso.
- a-span', v. n. (a and span) to become soft or melt on, as snow on anything.
- a-spa'-ya, v. n. (a and spaya) to become wet on; to sink in water, as in drowning—amaspaya.
- a'-spe-ya, v. a. to cause to sink down, as an anchor in water; to buoy up; to weigh—aspewaya: maza aspeyapi, an anchor; on aspeyapi, scales, a steelyard.
- a-spe'-ye-ton, v. a. to weigh anything; to balance—aspeyewaton.
- a'-stan, v. n. to be purple on, become purple.
- a-stan'-ka, adj. purple, made purple.
- a'-sto-ya, v. a. (a and stoya) to smooth down upon.

- a-su'-ta, v. n. (a and suta) to become hard or strong upon—amasuta.
- a-su'-ton, v. n. (a and suton) to become ripe on or upon, as seed.
- a ś a', v. n. (a and śa) to become reddish; aśa eyaku, to take a red stain.
- a-ś'a', v. a. (a and ś'a) to shout at or on account of—awaś'a.
- a-śag', cont. of aśaka.
- a-śag'-ya, adv. in a coated manner; aśagya yanka.
- a-śa'-ka, v. n. to be coated or furred, as the tongue in sickness; to be dirty, as a gun that needs cleaning out.
- a-ś'a'-ko-wiŋ-na, adv. mightily, strongly; aś'akowinna ećon.
- a ś a m', cont. of aśapa.
- a-śam'-ya, v. a. to defile, make dirty—aśamwaya.
- a-śam'-ya, adv dirtily, in a defiled manner.
- a-śa'-pa, v. n. (a and śapa) to become black or dirty on anything amaśapa.
- a-śbe', v. n. Same as asma.
- a-śbe'-ya, adv. deeply, in a deep manner. T., aśmeya.
- a-śbu', v. n. (a and śbu) to drop, as water, on anything.
- a-śbu'-ya, v. a. to cause to drop on, as water—aśbuwaya
- a ś d a', v. n. (a and śda) to be bare on anything.
- a ś d o', v. n. (a and śdo) to fuse or melt, as metals, on anything.
- a-śdo'-ya, v. a. to cause to melt on—aśdowaya.

- a-śdun'-ya, v. a. (a and śdunya) to make slip on.
- a-śdu'-śdu-ta, v. n. (a and śduśduta) to be slippery on.
- a-ś'e', v. T. to drop on; fall in drops on.
- a-śe'-ća, v. n. (a and śeća) to become dry or seasoned on anything.
- a-ś'e'-ya, v. a. T. to cause to drip
- a-śi'-ća, v. n. (a and śića) to become bad or unpleasant on or for.
- a ś i' é a h o w a y a, v. a. to cry out on account of—aśićahowamda.
- a ś i' ć a h d o, v. a. to growl about, complain of—aśićawahdo.
- $a \sin \cos a y a$, adv. badly, unpleasantly.
- a-śi'-će-ća-ke, adj. unpleasant, as the weather or country. See ośićećake.
- a-śi'-htin, v. n. to be poorly on account of; to be defective—amaśihtin.
- a-śi'-htin-ya, adv. poorly.
- a-śin'-ya, adv. badly, sadly. T., aśilya.
- $a \sin' y a k e n$, adv. badly, unpleasantly.
- a-śka'-dan, adv. soon, presently; near, close by.
- a-śka'-daŋ-hiŋ, adv. very near; very soon.
- a-śka'-ka, adv. soon, neur.
- $a \pm k a' n a$, adv. Ih. Same as a\u00e4kadan.

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- a-śkaŋ'-śkaŋ, v. n. (a and śkaŋśkaŋ) to move about on anything.
- a-śkaŋ'-śkaŋ-yaŋ, adv. moving about on.
- a- \pm ka'- \pm ta, v. n. (a and \pm kata) t play on any place—awa \pm kata.
- a-śka'-tu-dan, adv. lately, not long since.
- a-śka'-tu-ya, adv. not long ago.
- a-śka'-tu-ye-dan, adv. lately, but a short time ago.
- $a- \pm k a'- y e- d a \eta$, adv. for a little while, not enduring. T., $a \pm k a y e l a$.
- a-śke', n. the tuft or bunch of hair which some Dakotas wear on the side of their heads: aśke yuwipi, the bunch of hair tied up.
- a-śke'-haŋ, v. n. (a and śkehaŋ) to frisk or jump about on; to be changeable.
- a-śkom'-ya, adv. crookedly, in an arched manner.
- a-śko'-pa, v. n. (a and śkopa) to be crooked on or arched.
- a-śla'-ya, adv. T. openly, plainly.
- $a \pm l a' y e l a$, adv. T. plainly.
- a-śma', v. n. (a and śma) to be deep, as water, on any place.
- a-śni-yan-yan, v. n. T. to crawl or creep on, as a bug on one.
- a-śni'-yan-yan, adv. creeping along, in a crawling manner.
- a-śni'-źa, v.n. (a and śniża) to be wilted or withered on or for.
- a-śo'-ka, v. n. (a and śoka) to be thick, as a board, on anything.
- a-śo'-ta, v. n. (a and śota) to be smoky on or at.

- a-śpan', v. n. (a and śpan) to be cooked or burnt on or by anything.
- a-śtun'-ya, v. a. to cause to thaw on—aśtunwaya. T., aśtulya.
- a-śtu'-ta, v. n. (a and stuta) to thaw on anything.
- a-śuŋ'-pa, v. n. (a and śuŋpa) to shed on, as the quills of geese.
- a ś u' t a , v. a. (a and śuta) to miss, fail of—aśuwata.
- a'-ta, suffix prep. to, at, on. When suffixed to nouns ending in a, it becomes ta alone, as máġa, a field, maġata, at the field; in other cases, a y is introduced for euphony, as ti, a house, tiyata, to the house; ćan, wood, ćanyata, at the woods.
- a-tab'-ye-la, adj. T. thin; i. q. zibzipela.
- a-ta'-ġo-śa, v. a. (a and taġośa) to spit on anything—ataġowaśa.
- a-ta'-kin-yan, adv. leaning on, not perpendicular: wi atakinyan yanka, the sun is declining.
- a-ta'-kpe, v. a. (a and takpe) to make an attack on—atawakpe.
- a-ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. n. to come to naught; to become enfeebled: atakuniśni amayan, I am becoming feeble: amatakuniśni. T., to be ruined, spoiled.
- a-ta'-ku-ni-śni-yan, v. a. to bring to naught—atakuniśniwaye.
- a-tan', v. a. to care for, have respect for—awatan; atanéni, to disregara, throw away.
- a-tan'-in, v. n. (a and tanin) to appear on, be manifest.

- a-tan'-in-in, v. red. of atanin.
- a-tan'-in-sni-yan, adv. in a lost manner.
- a-tan'-in-yan, adv. appearing, manifestly.
- a-tan'-ka, v.n. (a and tanka) to be large on or in addition to; to be larger.
- a-tan'-ka-dan, dim. of atanka.
- a-tan'-ka-ya, adv. widely, extensively.
- a-tan'-se, adv. silently, stilly: atanse yanka, to be motionless.
- a-ta'-om, cont. of ataonpa: ataom iyaya, to have gone past perpendicular. T., ataob.
- a-ta'-om-ya, adv. leaningly.
- a-ta'-on-pa, v. n. to lean, as the sun does in the afternoon; T., to lean over, as a warrior on his horse.
- a ta'-pa, v.n. (a and tapa) to follow after on anything.
- a-ta'-sa-ka, v. n. (a and tasaka) to become stiff or hard on as clothes—amatasaka.
- a-taś'-ta-źa, v.n. red. of ataźa; to be rough or in waves on one, as water.
- a-ta'-te-yan-pa, v.n. (a and tateyanpa) to blow upon anything, as the wind does.
- a-ta'-to-han, adv. to the windward.
- a-ta'-to-he-ya, adv. on the windward side.
- a-ta'-tpe, v. Same as atakpe.
- a-ta'-ya, v. a. to go directly to anything; to be fortunate in reference to—atawaya.

- a'-ta-ya; adv. wholly, altogether. all; universally; alone, separately.
- a'-ta-ye-dan, adv. directly, without a medium: atayedan ecamon, I did it myself or personally; atayedan maku, he gave it directly to me.
- a-ta'-źa, v. n. (a and taźa) to be rough or in waves on one—amataźa.
- a-te', n. father, my father; niyate, thy father; atkuku, his or her father.
- a-te', v. n. (a and te) to become blue; ate eyaku, to take a blue stain. Same as ato.
- a-te'-éa, v. n. (a and teéa) to become new on.
- a-tem'-ya, v.a. (a and temya) to cut up or devour on—atemwaya.
- a-te'-pa-han, part. worn off short
- a-te'-ya, v.a. to have for a father; to sustain the relation of a child to a man—atewaya, ateyaya, ateunyanpi. Among the Dakotas one's father's brothers are also called ate.
- a-te'-ye-dan, adv. Same as átayedan.
- a-ti', v.n. (a and ti) to build a house or put up a tent at or on; to pitch a tent or encamp at for a certain purpose: psin ati, to camp at the rice.
- a ti' h n a g y a, adv. near by.
- a-ti'-h n a-k a, adv. close by, near to.
- a-tin', adv. pretty well.
- a-tin'-ka, adv. well.
- a-ti'-pa-han, part. crisped or drawn up on.
- a-tkin', v. n. (a and tkin) to be damp on.

- a-tku'-ku, n. his or her father.
- a-to', v. n. (a and to) to become blue or green on; to tattoo; see akito: ato eyaku, to take a blue or green stain.
- a'-to-kan, adv. in another place, to another place.
- a-to'-ke ća, v. n. to become different: atokeća śni, it makes no difference.
- a-to'-kśu, v. a. (a and tokśu) to carry or draw anything on; T., to pile up ator on, as on horses' backs—atowakśu.
- a-ton'-wan, v. a. (a and tonwan) to look to or at—awatonwan, unkatonwanpi.
- a-ton'-wan-yan, v. a. to cause to look at; to make a village at or on a place, probably because by making a village people are caused to look to or at a place—atonwanunyanpi.
- a-tpa'-ġaŋ, v. a. (a and tpaġaŋ) to part with one's own for a purpose—awatpaġaŋ. See akpaġaŋ.
- a-tpa'-hi, v. a. (a and tpahi) to gather up one's own on something.
- a-tpa'-mde-ca, v. a. (a and tpamdeca) to break in pieces one's own on something.
- a t p a s', cont. of atpaza.
- a-tpa'-spa, v.n. (a and tpaspa) to disappear, go out of sight, fade away, as clouds, or as the sun disappears at night.
- a t p a s' y a, v. a. to darken, overshadow—atpaswaya.

- a t p a s' y a, adv. darkly, obscurely.
- a-tpa'-ta, v. a. (a and tpata) to cut up or carve one's own on anything.
- a-tpa'-tan, v. a. (a and tpatan).
 to spare or keep one's own for a purpose. See akpatan.
- a-tpa'-za, v. n. (a and tpaza) to bcome dark on—amatpaza, anitpaza, unkatpazapi. See akpaza.
- a-tu'-kta, adv. well, fortunately: atukta ećamon kin, I did well to do it; atukta de ćinhan, if you go, it will be well.
- a-țins', cont. of aținza.
- a-tins'-ya, adv. tightly, in a squeezing manner.
- a-tin'-za, v.n. (a and tinza) to press on, be tight on—amatinza.
- a t o' z a, v n. (a and toza) to become blunt or dull on.
- a-tung'-ya, v.a. to suspect one, have an inkling of—atungwaya. See tungya.
- a-tun'-ka, v, n. See atunkeća.
- a-ţuŋ'-ke-ća, v. n. (a and ṭuŋkeća) to be suspected of—amaṭuŋkeća.
- a-u', v. a. (a and u) to carry or bring anything towards.
- a u', v. col. pl. they come.
- a-u', v. n. (a and u) to come out on; to ooze out or run, as sap: mini au.
- a u n', v. a. to put wood on the fire. See aon.
- a u y', v. n. (a and uy) to be on—awauy.

- a-u n'-h da-ka, v. (a and unhdaka) to move camp on account of; to decamp for some reason: aunhdaka unyanpi.
- a-un'-yan, v. n. to be on or over: aunyan iyaya, to pass over, as a fence; aunyan kute, to shoot on the wing, or as it flies over.
- a-un'-ye-ya, v. a. of aunyan; to cause to be on.
- a-u y'-y e-y a, v. n. to approach from the windward.
- a-un'-ye-ya-pi, n. a species of berry, which if approached from the windward is said to be bitter, but if from the opposite direction, sweet; sand berries.
- a-wa', v. n. (a and wa) to snow upon; to be snow on anything—amawa. See awahinhe and awapa.
- a w a' é i , v. a. (a and waéi) to dance on anything—awawaéi, awa-uŋéipi.
- a-wa'-ćiŋ, v. a. (a and waćiŋ) to think on or of, meditate upon; to trust, believe in—awaćanmi, awaćanni, awaunćinpi and unkawaćinpi.
- a-wa'-ćiŋ-haŋ, part. thinking upon.
- a-wa'- \acute{e} i \acute{n} -ke \acute{n} , adv. thinking upon. T., awa \acute{e} inkel.
- a-wa'-ćiŋ-pi, n. a thinking upon, trusting in, faith.
- a-wa'-ćiŋ-yaŋ, adv. thinking upon.
- a-wa'-ćin-yan-ken, adv. in the manner of thinking on.

- a-u n'-h d a-k a, v. (a and unhdaka) | a-w a'-h i n-h e, v. n. (awa and to move camp on account of; to de-hinhe) to snow upon.
 - a w a' h i n h e y a, v. a. to cause to snow upon—awahinhewaya.
 - a-wa'-hin-he-ya, adv. snowing upon.
 - a-wa'-hpa-ni, v.n. to be poor on account of.
 - a-wa'-hpa-ni-éa, v. n. (a and wahpaniéa) to become poor on account of or by means of—amawahpaniéa.
 - a-wa'-hpa-ni-ya, v.a. to make poor by means of—awahpaniwaya.
 - a-wa'-hpa-ni-yan, adv. poorly off.
 - a-wa'-hta-ni, v. a. to sin on, to transgress—awawahtani.
 - a-wa'-hte-ka, v. n. (a and wahteka) to be bad or worthless.
 - a-wa'-hte-śni, v. n. (a and wahteśni) to be worthless on some account.
 - a-wa'-hte-śni-yan, adv. worthlessly, vilely.
 - a w a h' w a y e l a , adv. T. mildly, gently—Is., awahbayedan. See wahbayedan.
 - a-wa'-kan, v. n. (a and wakan) to be sacred or incomprehensible on some account.
 - a-wa'-kaŋ-ka, v. n. Same as awakaŋ.
 - a-wa'-kaŋ-ka, n. a supernatural being.
 - a-wa'-kan-yan, adv. mysteriously, supernaturally.
 - a w a' k e y a, v. a. to make a

- booth; to spread over, as tree branches; to make a shade, to make an awning over—awakewaye. See wakeya.
- a w a' k e y a p i, n. a booth.
- a-wa'-ki-ćin, v. a. pos. of awaćin.
- a-wa'-ni-ća, v.n. (a and wanića) to be or become nothing for some reason.
- a w a' n i n, cont. of awanića; used adverbially, in a destroying manner: awanin iyeya. T., awanil.
- a-wa'-ni-ye-tu, v.n. (a and waniyetu) to come winter on one amawaniyetu.
- a-wang', cont of awanka: awang mda. T., ayung.
- a-wang'-ya, v. to cause to lie on or for—awangwaya. See awanka.
 - a w a n' h d a g, cont. of awanhdaka.
 - a w a n' h d a k a , v. pos. of awanyaka; to oversee or take care of one's own—awanwahdaka. T., awanglaka.
 - a-wan'-ka, v. n. (a and wanka) to be or lie on; to lie in wait or spend the night out for, as for the purpose of killing deer: tahinéa awang mda, I am going to lie in wait for deer. T., ayunka.
 - a-wan'-kam, adv. above, overhead.
 - a-wanyaka; to watch or oversee for one—awanweciyaka.
 - a-wanyag, cont. of awanyaka: awanyag waun.

- a wan' yag ki ya, v. a. to cause to attend to or oversee—awan-yagwakiya.
- a-wan'-ya-ka, v. a. (a and wan-yaka) to look upon; to see to, have the oversight of—awanmdaka, awan-daka, awanunyakapi.
- a-wa'-pa, v. n. (a and wapa) to snow on. See awahinhe.
- a-wa'-śa-ka, adj. cheap, easily purchased.
- $a w a' s a k a d a \eta$, adj. cheap, as goods. T, awasakayela.
- a-wa'-śte, v. n. (a and waste) to be good on or for; to become better than—amawaste.
- a-wa'-ste-ka, v. n. to be good for, befit.
- a-wa'-ste-ya, adv. well, better than.
- a-wa'-śte-ya-ken, adv. better, in a better manner: awaśteyaken amayan, I am becoming better.
- a-wa'-tan-in-śni, adj. dark, obscure, as in the dusk of the evening.
- a w a' t e ć a, adv. See wawateća.
- a-wa'-ya-pi-ka, v.n. (a and wa-yapika) to be eloquent about anything; to be more eloquent than some one—awamdapika.
- a-wa'-yu-pi-ka, v. n. (a and wayupika) to be skillful about; to be more skillful than—awamdupika.
- of $\begin{vmatrix} a w a' y u p i y a, adv. \\ well. \end{vmatrix}$ skillfully,
 - a-we', v. n. (a and we) to become lean, as cattle do in the spring of the year; to bleed on.

- a-we'-tu, v. n. (a and wetu) to become spring on one—amawetu.
- a'-wi-ća-ka, v. n. to be true, to tell the truth—awicawaka.
- a'-wi-ća-ke-han, adv. truly, of a truth.
- a'-wi-ća-ke-ya, adv. truly.
- a'-wi-ća-ke-ya-han, adv of a truth.
- a'-wi-ća-śa, n. of aśa; shouting. a'-wi-ća-ya-śpu-ya, n. the itch, itching.
- a-wi'-hnu-ni, v. n to come to naught; to be destroyed. T, awignuni.
- a-wi'-hnu-ni-ya, v a. to destroy, to use up—awihnuniwaye.
- a-win'-ta, v. a. to creep on, as a child—awawinta.
- a'-wi-tu-ka-dan, adv familiarly, among themselves. Ih., awitukana.
- a-wi'-ya-kpa, v.n. (a and wiyakpa) to glisten on anything.
- a-wi'-ye-ya, adv. (a and wiyeya) ready for anything. See wiyeya.
- a'-ya, v. a. to take or carry any-thing along.
- a'-ya, v. col. pl. of ya; they go together.
- a'-ya, v. n. to become, to be, to be in or on: maste aya, it is becoming warm; asniyanken amayan, I am recovering from sickness; waniyetu teća unkayapi, we are in the new year.
- a-ya'-ba-ga, v.a. (a and yabaga)
 to twist or turn with the mouth on

- anything—amdabaga. T., ayawaga.
- a y a' b a z a, v. to bite off on. T., ayawaza.
- a-ya'-bu, v. a. (a and yabu) to growl about—amdabu.
- a-ya'-će-ya, v. a. (a and yaćeya) to make cry by talking to—amdaćeya.
- a-ya'-ćo, v. a (a and yaćo) to condemn on; to condemn for or on account of—amdaćo. T., ayasu.
- a-ya'-ġa, v. a. (a and yaġa) to peel off with the teeth on anything—amdaġa. T., ayaġo.
- a y a' ġ o p a, v. a. (a and yaġopa) to suck up on—amdaġopa.
- a y a' h b a, v. a. (a and yahba) to shell or bite off on—amdahba. T., ayagba.
- a-ya'-hbe-za, v. a. (a and yahbeza) to bite and make rough on anything. T., ayagbeza.
- a-ya'-hin-ta, v. a. (a and ya-hinta) to brush off with the mouth—amdahinta.
- a-ya'-hna-yan, v. a. (a and yahnayan) to deceive with the mouth, tell a falsehood about. T., ayagnayan.
- a-ya'-hda-ya, v. a. (a and ya-hdaya) to bite or peel off with the teeth on anything—amdahdaya.
- a-ya'-hde-ća, v. a. (a and ya-hdeća) to tear with the teeth on—amdahdeća.
- a-ya'-hdo-ka, v. a. (a and ya-hdoka) to bite a hole in on any-thing—amdahdoka.

- a-ya'-he-pa, v. a. (a and yahepa) to drink up on—amdahepa.
- a-ya'-hpa, v. a (a and yahpa) to throw down with the mouth on anything—amdahpa.
- a y a' h p u, v. a. (a and yahpu) to bite off on, one thing on another—amdahpu.
- a-ya'-hta-ka, v. a. (a and yahtaka) to bite one thing on another.
- a-ya'-hu, v. a. (a and yahu) to peel off on.
- a y a' k é a, v. a. (a and yakéa) to untie with the teeth on anything—amdakéa.
- a-ya'-ko-ka, v. a. (a and yakoka) to clatter or gnash the teeth on or for anything—amdakoka.
- a-ya'-kon-pi, v. n. pl. of ayanka; they are in such a condition.
- a-ya'-kpa, v. a. (a and yakpa) to bite out on—amdakpa.
- a-ya'-kpan, v. a. (a and yakpan) to chew fine on—amdakpan.
- a-ya'-kpi, v. a. (a and yakpi) to crack with the teeth on anything.
- a y a' k s a, v. a. (a and yaksa) to bite off on—amdaksa.
- a-ya'-kśan, v a. (a and yakśan) to bend with the mouth on—amdakśan.
- a y a' k ś i ś, cont. of ayakśiźa.
- a-ya'-kśi-źa, v. a. (a and yakśiźa) to double up with the teeth on anything.
- a-ya'-ktan, v. a (a and yaktan) to bend with the mouth on—amdaktan.

- a-ya'-ku-ka, v. a. (a and yakuka) to bite or tear in pieces with the teeth on anything—amdakuka.
- a-ya'-ke-ġa, v.a. (a and yakeġa) to gnaw on anything.
- a-ya'-ke-za, v. a. (a and yakeza) to make smooth with the teeth on anything.
- a y a' k o g a, v. a. (a and yakoga) to bite or gnaw off on.
- a-ya'-ko-za, v. a. (a and yakoza) to bite off smooth, as a horse eating grass. T., oyakoza.
- a y a' m a, v. a. (a and yama) to gnaw on.
- a-ya'-mda-ska, v. a. (a and ya-mdaska) to make flat with the mouth on anything. T., ayablaska.
- a-ya'-mda-ya, v. a. (a and ya-mdaya) to make level with the teeth.
- a-ya'-mda-za, v. a. (a and ya-mdaza) to tear open with the teeth.
- a-ya'-mde-ća, v. a. (a and yamdeća) to crush on anything with the teeth.
- a-ya'-mdu, v. a. (a and yamdu) to chew fine on.
- a-ya'-mna, v. a. (a and yamna) to gain on or for, by speaking.
- a-yan'-ka, v. n. (a and yanka) to be on or for, to be in such a condition.
- a-yan'-pa, v. n. to come light on; to come morning; to come morning on; to endure until the morning light—amayanpa, unkayanpapi.
- a-ya'-o-ni-han, v. a. (a and yaonihan) to praise on or for.

- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{o} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n}$, v. a. (a and $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$ to make manifest on or otanin) for—amdaotanin.
- a y a' p e h a n, v. a. (a and yapehan) to fold up with the mouth on anything.
- a y a' p e m n i, v. a. (a and yapeto twist with the mouth on mni) anything.
- a y a' p o t a, v. a. (a and yapota) to bite in pieces on anythingamdapota.
- a-ya'-psa-ka, v. a. (a and yapsaka) to bite off, as a string, on anything—amdapsaka.
- a y a' p s o n, v. a. $(a \ and \ yapson)$ to spill with the mouth on anything amdapson.
- $a y a' p \le u \eta$, v. a. (a and yapsun) to pull out by the roots with the mouth on anything---amdapsun.
- a y a' p t a n y a n, v. a. (a and yaptanyan) to turn over on anything with the mouth.
- a-ya'-ptu-źa, v. a. (a and yato crack or split with the ptuźa) mouth on anything.
- a y a' s b a, v. a. (a and yasba) to pick to pieces with the teeth on anything.
- $a y a' s d e \acute{c} a$, v. a. (a and yasdeća) to split with the teeth on anything.
- a ya' skab ton, v. a.T. to patch, as clothes; to put a stamp on a letter. See askamton.
- a y a' s k u, v. a. (a and yasku) to pull off on with the teeth: mdo ha | a - y a' - s p a, v. a. (a and yaspa)

- owanka amdasku, I bite off potatoskins on the floor.
- $a y a' s m i \eta$, v. a. (a and yasmin) to pick off with the teeth on, make bare with the teeth.
- a y a' s n a, v. a. (a and yasna)make ring, as a little bell, with the mouth on or over anything.
- a y a' so ta, v. a. (a and yasota) to eat all up on-amdasota.
- a-ya'-spa-ya, v. a. (a and yaspaya) to wet with the mouth on anything.
- a-ya'-stan-ka, v.a. (a and yato moisten on anything stanka) with the mouth.
- a-ya'-sto, v. a. (a and yasto) to lick smooth on.
- a y a' s u, v. See ayaćo.
- a y a' s u t a, v. a. (a and yasuta) to make firm or establish with the mouth.
- a y a' s a p a, v. a. (a and yasapa)to blacken or defile with the mouth.
- $a v a' \acute{s} du ta$, v. a. (a and vasduta) to have the teeth slip on anything.
- a y a' śki ća, v. a. (a and yaśkića) to press with the mouth upon, as in chewing tobacco amdaśkića.
- a-ya'-śko-pa, v. a. (a and yaśkopa) to make crooked or twisted by biting on.
- $a y a' \sin a$, v. a. (a and yasna) to miss with the mouth, let fall on from the mouth—amdaśna.

- bite a piece off on anything—amdaśpa.
- a-ya'-śpu, v. a. (a and yaśpu) to bite off on, as one thing that adheres to another.
- a-ya'-śtan, v.a. (a and yaśtan) to cease from speaking or eating amdaśtan, unkayaśtanpi.
- a-ya'-śu-źa, v. a. (a and yaśuźa) to bite or mash up on with the teeth.
- a-ya'-ta, v. a. to guess, predict, foretell, divine, soothsay—amdata, adata, unkayatapi.
- a-ya'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. a. (a and yatakuniśni) to destroy with the mouth on anything.
- a-ya'-tan, v. a. (a and yatan) to praise for.
- a-ya'-tan-in, v. a. (a and yatanin) to make manifest upon or for, by speaking.
- a-ya'-ta-pi, n. guessing, prophecy, divination.
- a-y a'-ta-y a and a-y a'-ta-y a-ken, adv. by guess.
- a-ya'-te, n. a soothsayer, diviner, prophet.
- a-ya'-te-ya, v. a. to cause to foretell—ayatewaya.
- a y a' ti tan, v. a. (a and yatitan) to pull with the teeth on anything.
- a-ya'-tkan, v.a. (a and yatkan) to drink, as water, on or after eating, etc.—amdatkan.
- a-ya'-tkan-yan, adv. drinking on or after.
- a-ya'-tog-ya, v. of yatokeća;

- to conceal, to change in telling: ayatogwaye and amdatogwaye.
- a-ya'-tpan, v. a. Same as ayakpan.
- a-ya'-wan-ka, v. a. (a and yawanka) to throw down with the mouth on anything. T., ayaunka.
- a-ya'-wa-śte, v. a. (a and yawaśte) to bless upon—amdawaśte.
- a y a' w e ġ a, v. a. (a and yaweġa) to fracture by biting on.
- a-ya'-za-mni, v. a. (a and yazamni) to open or uncover with the mouth or by speaking.
- a-ya'-zan, v. n. (a and yazan) to be sick on—amayazan.
- a-ya'-zo-ka, v.a. (a and yazoka) to suck out on.
- a y a' z u n t a, v. a. (a and yazunta) to connect or weave together, as in talking.
- a'-ye, v. Same as aya.
- a-ye'-ġa, v. n. (a and yeġa) to glisten or shine on.
- a-yeh'-ya, adv. in a glistening manner.
- a y u' b a ġ a, v. a. (a and yubaġa) to twist or turn on.
- a-yu'-be, v. Same as ayuman.
- a-yu'-bu, v. a. (a and yubu) to make a drumming noise on anything.
- a-yu'-ćan, v. a. (a and yućan) to sift or shake on or over—amdućan.
- a-yu'-ćan-ćan, v. a. (a and yućanćan) to cause to shake or tremble on.
- a-yu'-će-ka, v.a. (a and yućeka) to make stagger on any place.

- a-yu'-će-ya, v. a. (a and yućeya) | a-yu'-hbe-za, v. a. (a and yuto make cry on.
- $a y u' \acute{c} o$, adv. well, excellently: ayućo kaga.
- a y u' ć o y a , adv. well.
- $a y u' \acute{c} o z a$, $v. a. (a and yu\acute{c}oza)$ to make warm on any place.
- a y u' e ce tu, v. a. (a and yuećetu) to fulfill or accomplish on.
- a y u' e é i, v. a. (a and yueéi) turn wrong side out on anything.
- $a y u' \dot{g} a$, v. a. (a and $yu\dot{g}a$) husk on, as corn—amduga.
- $a y u' \dot{g} a \eta$, v. a. (a and yugan) to open, as a door, on anything.
- a y u' ġ a p a, v. a. (a and yuġapa) to strip or pull off on, as the skin of an animal.
- a y u' ġ a t a, v. a. (a and yuġata) to open out, as the hand, on anything.
- $a y u' \dot{g} e$, $v. a. (a and yu\dot{g}e)$ to dip out on. See ayuze.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e}$, v. a. (a and $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}$ gege) to take up by handfuls on anything.
- $a y u' \dot{g} i \eta$, v. n. slumberamdugin.
- $a y u' \dot{g} o$, v. a. $(a and yu\dot{g}o)$ make marks on.
- a y u' ġ u k a , v. a. (a and yuġuka) to sprain on; to draw out, as one's sword from the scabbard.
- a y u' h a, v. a. (a and yuha) have or possess on; to hold or lift on; to have for—amduha.
- a-yu'-hba, v. a. (a and yuhba) to shell, as corn, on. T., ayugna.

- hbeza) to make rough on. T., ayugmeza.
- a-yu'-hbu, v. a. (a and yuhbu) to make rattle on, as in taking hold of shelled corn. T., ayugmu, to make a noise, as of one drowning.
- a-yu'-hda, v. a. (a and yuhda) to uncoil or untwist on. T., ayugla.
- $a y u' h i \eta t a$, v. a. (a and yuhinta) to sweep or rake off on.
- a-yu'-hmi-hma, v. a. (a and yuhmihma) to roll on. T., ayugmi-
- $a y u' h m u \eta$, v. a. (a and yuhmun) to twist, as a string, on anything. T, ayugmun.
- a y u' h m u z a, v. a. to shut upon, as the hand upon anything—amdu-T., ayugmuza. hmuza.
- a y u' h n a, v. a. (a and yuhna) to shake off on, as fruit. T., ayugna.
- a y u' h n a y a n, v. a (a and yuhnayan) to miss in trying to catch hold of. T., ayugnayan.
- a y u' h n u n i, v. a. (a and yuhnuni) to make wander on any T., ayugnuni. place.
- a y u' h o h o , v. a. (a and yuhoho) to shake on, as anything loose.
- a y u' h o m n i, v. a. (a and yuhoto turn around on, as in bringing a gun round and pointing it at one-amduhomni, amayuhomni.
- a y u' h u h u z a, v. a. (a and yuhuhuza) to shake on or over, as a T., ayuhunhunza. tree.

- a-yu'-ha, v. n. to become attached | a-yu'-hpa, v. a. (a and yuhpa) to; to stick to.
- A y u' h b a, n. pl. (sleepy ones) the Iowas.
- a-yu'-hda, v. a. (a and yuhda) to ring or rattle over.
- $a y u' h d a \dot{g} a \eta$, v. a. (a and yuto make large upon; to hdagan) leave, forsake. T., ayuhlagan, to slacken on, as a noose.
- a yu' hda ta, v. a. (a and yuhdata) to scratch on.
- a y u' h da y a, v. a. (a and yuhdaya) to peel off on, as the skin of a potato.
- a y u' h de ć a, v. a. (a and yuhdeća) to rend or tear on one, as a garment—amduhdeća.
- a-yu'-hdo-ka, v. a (a and yuhdoka) to make a hole on; to open on-amduhdoka.
- a y u' h e p a, v. n. (a and yuhepa)to absorb on.
- a y u' h e y a t a, v. a. (a and yuheyata) to push back on, push on one side.
- a-yu'-hi-ća, v. a. (a and yuhića) to waken one upon-amduhica.
- $a y u' h l a \dot{g} a \eta \dot{s} n i, v.$ T. not to leave or forsake, to be with constantly.
- a y u' h m i n, v. a. (a and yuhmin) to sling or throw on one side, as a stone, on anything; to do crookedly, as in writing.
- a-yu'-hmin-yan, adv. crookedly. $a - y u' - h m u \eta$, v. a. (a and yulimun) to make buzz on.

- to throw down on; to shut, as a window-amduhpa.
- a-yu'-hpu, v. a. (a and yuhpu) to make crumble on.
- a-yu'-htu-ta, v. a. (a and yuto mash or break on, as one's skin; to make rough on.
- a y u' h u , v. a. (a and yuhu) peel off on, as bark.
- a y u' h u g a, v. a. (a and yuhuga) to break a hole in, upon anything.
- a-yu'-hun-ta, v. a. (a and yuhunta) to make soft on by rubbing.
- a-yu'-kan, v. a. to go around; to give place to. See kiyukan.
- a-yu'-kan-yan, adv. going around.
- a-yu'-ka-tin, v. a. (a and yukatin) to straighten out on with the hand.
- a y u' k a w a, v. a. (a and yukawa) to cause to open on.
- a-yu'-kća, (a and yukća) tounite on, disentangle on.
- a-yu'-kin-ća, v. a. to scrape off on, as in cleaning a fish—amdukinća.
- a-yu'-ki-pam, adv. separately, divided.
- $a y u' k i p a t u \le y a$, v. a. make bow down-ayukipatuśwaya.
- a-yu'-ki-pa-tu-źa, v. a. cause to stoop or bow down on.
- $a y u' k p a \eta$, v. a. (a and yukpan) to grind or make fine on-amdukpan.

- a-yu'-ksa, v. a. (a and yuksa) to break off on, as limbs or sticks, with one's hand—amduksa.
- a-y u'-k sa, v. a. (a and yuksa) to bend, fold, or double up on.
- a-yu'-kśi-źa, v. a. (a and yukśiźa) to bend or double up on; to pull, as the trigger of a gun, on one—amdukśiźa.
- a-yu'-ktan, v.a. (a and yuktan) to bend around on.
- a-yu'-ku-ka, v. a. (a and yu-kuka) to make rotten on.
- a-yu'-ke-ġa, v.a. (a and yukeġa) to scratch or scrape on anything.
- a-yu'-ke-za; v. a. (a and yukeza) to make hard and smooth on; to shave off close, as a mule's mane.
- a-yu'-ko-ga, v. a. (a and yu-koga) to scratch up, make rough.
- a y u' k o z a, v. a. (a and yukoza) to make hard and smooth on.
- a-yul'; cont. of ayuta; T. ayul yanka, to continue looking at.
- a-yu'-man, v. a. (a and yuman) to grind or file off on; to sharpen by grinding.
- a-yu'-mda-ska, v. a. (a and yu-mdaska) to make flat on. T., ayublaska.
- a-yu'-mda-ya, v. a. (a and yu-mdaya) to spread out on, unroll on.
- a-yu'-mda-za, v. a. (a and yumdaza) to burst open on, make an incision on.
- a-yu'-mde-ća, v. a. (a and yumdeća) to break or crush on amdumdeća.

- to a-yu'-mdu, v. a. (a and yumdu)
 to plow on, make mellow on—amdumdu
 - a-yu'-mni-mni-źa, v. n. to ruffle, to curl.
 - a-yu'-mni-mni-źa, n. a ruffle.
 - a y u' n a ź i n, v. a. (a and yunaźin) to cause to stand on.
 - a-yu'-o-htal-ya, adv. T. in a loose manner.
 - a-yu'-o-hta-ta, v. T. to loosen, as a noose.
 - a. y u' p a n g a, v. a. (a and yupanga) to tie up loosely on.
 - a-yu'-pe-han, v.a. (a and yupe-han) to fold up on.
 - a-yu'-pe-mni, v. a. (a and yupemni) to twist or turn to one side on.
 - a-yu'-po-ta, v. a. (a and yupota) to wear out on; to tear to pieces or destroy on—amdupota.
 - a-yu'-psa-ka, v. a. (a and yu-psaka) to break or pull in two on anything, as a string.
 - a-yu'-pson, v. a. (a and yupson) to pour out or spill on, as water.
 - a-yu'-pśun, v. a. (a and yupśun) to pull out by the roots or extract, as teeth, on anything.
 - a-yu'-pta, v. a. (a and yupta) to cut off on or pare, as a garment—amdupta.
 - a-yu'-pta, v. a. to answer, speak in return or opposition; to give or grant a thing when asked—amdupta, adupta, unkayuptapi; aciyupta, I answer thee; amayadupta, thou answerest me.

- a-yu'-ptan-ptan, v. a. (a and yuptanptan) to turn or roll back and forth on.
- a-yu'-ptaŋ-yaŋ, v. a. (a and yuptaŋyaŋ) to turn or roll over on—amduptaŋyaŋ.
- a-yu' ptu-źa, v. a. (a and yuptuźa) to crack or split on anything.
- a y u' s b a, v. a. (a and yusba) to ravel out or pick in pieces on.
- a-yu'-sbu, v. a. (a and yusbu) to make a rustling or rattling noise on or over.
- a-yu'-sde-ća, v. a. (a and yu-sdeća) to split on.
- a-yu'-sdo-han, v. a. (a and yu-sdohan) to drag or draw along on—amdusdohan: to run over: canpahmihma ayusdohanpi, the wagon ran over him; literally, they dragged the wagon over him.
- a-yu'-sdu-ta, v. a. (a and yu-sduta) to pull out on.
- a-yu'-ske-pa, v.a. (a and yuskepa) to make evaporate on or from.
- a-yu'-ski-ća, v. a. (a and yu-skića) to press down tight on.
- a-yu'-ski-ta, v. a. (a and yuskita) to bind or bandage on.
- a-yu'-sku, v. a. (a and yusku) to peel or pare off on.
- a-yu'-sma-ka, v. a. (a and yu-smaka) to indent on.
- $a y u' s m i \eta$, v a. to make bare—amdusmin.
- a-yu'-sna, v. (a and yusna) to ring on or over, as a bell.

- a-yus'-o, v. n. to wade after.
- a-yu'-so-ta, v. a. (a and yusota) to use up or expend on.
- a-yu'-sto, v. a. (a and yusto) to smooth down on, make smooth, as hair, on the head.
- a-yu'-su-ta, v. a. (a and yusuta) to make firm upon.
- a-yu'-śa-pa, v. a. (a and yuśapa) to blacken or defile on anything.
- a-yu'-śda, v. a. (a and yuśda) to shave off on; to cut, as grass, to cover one with—amduśda; amihduśda, I cut on or for myself.
- a-yu'-śdo-ka, v. a. (a and yuśdoka) to pull out on.
- a-yu',-śdu-ta, v. a. (a and yuśduta) to draw or slip out on anything.
- a-yu'-ś'e, v. n. T. to fall in drops on.
- a-yu'-ś'e-ya, adv. T. in a dripping manner.
- a-yu'-śi-ća, v. a. (a and yuśića) to spoil or make bad on—amduśića.
- a-yu'-śki-ća, v. a. (a and yuśkića) to press out on.
- a-yu'-śko-pa, v. a. (a and yuśkopa) to make twist or warp on anything.
- a-yu'-śna, v. a. (a and yuśna) to drop or let fall on.
- a-yu'-śpa, v. a. (a and yuśpa) to break off a piece on.
- a-yu'-śpi, v. a. (a and yuśpi) to pick, as fruit, on a place.
- a-yu'-śpu, v. a. (a and yuśpu) to pick or pull off on.

- a-yu'-śpu-ya, v. a. (a and yuśpuya) to scratch on, when an itchy sensation is felt.
- a-yu'-śtan, v. a. (a and yuśtan) to stop or cease from, leave off what one is doing; to let go or let alone—amduśtan, aduśtan, unkayuśtanpi; amayaduśtan, thou hast left me.
- a y u' ś u ź a, v. a. T. to sliver on, by twisting.
- a y u' \pm u \pm u \pm a , v. red. of ayu- \pm suza.
- a-yu'-ta, v.a. to cover with earth; i. e. akata: 2. of yuta, to eat; to eat upon or in addition to: 3. T., to look at, look steadily at; amayaluta, you are looking at me.
- a-yu'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. a. (a and yutakuniśni) to destroy or bring to naught on.
- a-yu'-tan, v. (a and yutan) to touch, put the hand upon—amdutan.

 T., to mix up, as cherries and grease, to mingle.
- a-yu'-tan-in, v. a. (a and yu-tanin) to make manifest upon.
- a-yu'-te-ća, v. a. (a and yuteća) to renew upon.
- a-yu'-te-pa, v. a. (a and yutepa) to wear off on.
- a-yu'-ti-ća, v. a. (a and yutića) to scrape or paw on.
- a-yu'-ti-pa, v.a. (a and yutipa)
 to make cramp or draw up on.
 - a-yu'-ti-tan, v.a. (a and yutitan) to pull on.
- a-yu'-to-kan, v. a. to shove away, put aside a little.

- a y u' t p a n, v. Same as ayukpan.
- a-yu'-wa-kan, v. a. (a and yuwakan) to consecrate or make sacred for—amduwakan.
- a y u' w a n k a, v. a. to make fall on—amduwanka. T., ayuyunka.
- a-yu'-wan-kan, v a. (a and yuwankan) to exalt; make high for.
- a-yu'-wa-śte, v. a. (a and yuwaste) to make good on or for.
- a-y u'-w e-ġa, v.a. (a and yuweġa) to break down on or fracture.
- a-yu'-wi, v. a. (a and yuwi) to wrap on.
- a-yu'-wi-ća-ka, v.a. (a and yuwićaka) to assure one; to asseverate.
- a-yu'-win-źa, v. a. (a and yuwinźa) to bend down on.
- a-yu'-za-mni, v. a. (a and yuza-mni) to open on, set open on, as a a door; to unroll on.
- a-yu'-ze, v. a. (a and yuze) to dip or skim out on. T. ayuġe.
- a-yu'-zi-6a z. a. (a and yuzi6a) to draw or stretch on.
- a-yu'-zuŋ-ta. v. a. (a and yu-zuŋta) to connect or link together on.
- a y u' ź a ź a, v. a. (a and yuźaźa) to wash on.
- a y u' ź i p a, v. a. (a and yuźipa) to pinch upon.
- a y u' ź u n, v. a. (a and yuźun) to pull out by the roots on anything.
- a y u' ź u ź u, v. a. (a and yuźuźu) to destroy or take to pieces on.
- a z a n', adv. See azanzanka.
- a-zan'-zan-ka, or a-za'-za-ka,

- from each other.
- a z e', n. the breasts of a female; the udder of a cow, etc.
- a-ze'-pin-kpa, n. (aze pa and the nipple of the breast; inkpa) the teat or dug of a cow, etc.
- a-ze'-pin-tpa, n. Same as azepinkpa.
- a'-zi, v. n. to get aground or stick fast, as a boat.
- a'-zi-ki-ya, v.a. to run aground, to cause to stick—aziwakiya.
- a-zin'-ki-ya, v. a. to burn incense, make a good smell by burning, as cedar-leaves when one is sick, and in their religious ceremoniesazinwakiya.
- a-zin'-ton, v.a. to make a pleasant smell by burning leaves—azinwaton. T., azilton.
- a-zin', v. a. to suck, as a child its mother, or the young of mammals awazin: azin ehpeya, to leave off sucking; azin ayustankiya, to cause to leave off sucking, to wean.
- a-zin'-ki-ya, v. a. to give suck to or nurse, as a mother her childazinwakiya. T., azilkiya.
- a-zin'-ki-ye, n. a wet-nurse.
- a-zi'-ta, v. n. to smoke upon, to burn, as incense.
- a'-zi-ya, v. a. $(azi \ and \ ya)$ cause to get aground, to run aground, as a boat-áziwaya.

- thinly, standing at a distance | a z i' y a, v. a. (a and ziya) to make yellow on anything. See aziya
 - a-zi'-ya-han, part. becoming yellow on.
 - a'-zi-zi, v. red. of ázi: ázizi unyanpi, we often get aground as we go.
 - a z u' y a, v. a. (a and zuya)make war on any one, go to war against a people—azuwaya; azuwićunyanpi, we make war on them
 - a-źi'-źi, v. to whisper about a person or thing—awaźiźi, ayaźiźi.
 - a ź o', v. See aźoźo.
 - a-źo'-ki-ya or a-źog-ki-ya, v. to move the ears, as a horse.
 - $a \acute{z} \circ n' tka$, n. T. the kidneys.
 - $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{z}} \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{\acute{z}} \mathbf{o}$, v. to whistle about; to call by whistling, as a dog-awa-
 - a-źo'-źo-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to whistle for—aźoźowakiya: nakpa aźoźokiya, to prick up the ears, as a horse.
 - a'-źu, v. a. to lay up, as rice or corn on a scaffold for drying; to pile up—awaźu, unkaźupi.
 - a-źu'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to lay up for drying.
 - a-źuŋ'-tka, n. Ih. the kidneys: i e., paksin: this latter is applied by the Ihanktons to the fat that is on the kidneys; i. e., pakśin śin. See aźontka.

B.

- b, the second letter of the Dakota alphabet. It has the same sound as in English.

 b a g a n' g a t a, v.
 gata; to make marks
 or saws, in anything
- ba, a prefix to a class of verbs, signifying that the action is done by a sawing motion, as in cutting with a knife or saw. The place of the pronoun is immediately after the prefix. In the Titonwan dialect this prefix, with but few exceptions for the sake of euphony, is changed to wa.
- ba, v.a. to blame—waba, yaba, unbapi; maba, niba; ciba, I blame thee; wicawaba, I blame them; iciba, he blames himself—miciba.
- ba-ćan'-ksi, v.a. (ba and ćanksi) to make angry by cutting.
- ba-će'-ya, v. a. (ba and ćeya) to make cry by cutting—bawaćeya.
- ba-ći'- ka-daŋ, v. a. (ba and ćikadaŋ) to shave small—bawaćikadaŋ. T., waćikala.
- ba-ći'-śtin-na, v. a. (ba and ćistinna) to make small by cutting bawaćistinna. T., waćisćila.
- ba-ćo'-ka, v.a. to cut out or cut open—bawaćoka.
- ba-ġam', cont. of baġapa; baġam iyeya, to take off, as the hide of an animal—baġam iyewaya. T., wa-ġab.
- ba-ġan', cont. of baġata; baġan iyeya. T., waġal.
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- ba-ġan'-ġa-ta, v. red. of baġata; to make marks, such as cuts or saws, in anything; to haggle bawaġanġata. T., waġalġata.
- ba-ġa'-pa, v.a. (ba and ġapa) to take off, as the skin of an animal, with a knife, to flay—bawaġapa.
- ba-ġa'-ta, v. a. (ba and ġata) to mark or cut with a knife, to carve, hack—bawaġata.
- ba-ġo', v. a. to make marks or gashes in the flesh; to mark, carve, or engrave, with a knife, in wood—bawaġo, bayaġo, baunġopi. T., waġo.
- ba-ġo'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to carve—baġowakiya.
- ba-ha', adj aged.
- ba-ha', n. a middle-aged or oldish man. Sometimes, but not often, applied to a woman.
- b a-h a'-i-y e-y a, v. a. to throw down or push aside. See pahaiyeya.
- ba-ha'-ka, n. an aged person.
- ba-hba', v. a. to cut off, as corn from the cob—bawahba: wabahba ohan, to boil corn that is cut off. T., wagba.
- ba-hbe'-za, v. a. (ba and hbeza) to carve, make rough with a knife bawahbeza. T., wagbeza.
- ba-hda', v. a. to take off, as tallow from entrails, with a knife—bawahda. T., wagla.

- ba-hda'-hda, v. red. of bahda.
 ba-hda'-ka, v. a. (ba and hdaka)
 to cut like the teeth of a coarse comb;
 to cut notches in—bawahdaka. T.,
 waglaka.
- ba-hna', v. a. (ba and hna) to cut off, as fruit from a tree, to make fall off by cutting—bawahna. T., wagna.
- ba-hna'-śkiŋ-yaŋ, v.a. (ba and hnaśkiŋyaŋ) to make crazy or frantic by cutting or stabbing.
- ba-hna'-yan, v. a. (ba and hna-yan) to miss in attempting to strike with a knife—bawahnayan.

 T., wagnayan.
- ba-hon', v. a. to cut across, in one's flesh, or in meat of any kind; to gash or cut the flesh, as the Dakotas are accustomed to do for the dead—bawahon, bayahon, baunhonpi; baiéihon, to cut or gash one's self—bamiéihon.
- ba-hon'-hon, v. a. red. of bahon; to cut many gashes—bawahonhon.
- b a h u n', v. a. Same as bahon.
- ba-hu'-te, v. a. (ba and hute) to cut off by the roots; to wear to a stump, as an old knife—bawahute.
- ba-hu'-te-dan, v. a. dim. of bahute; to wear out, as a knife—bawahutedan.
- ba-hu'-te-dan, part. worn out, as an old knife.
- ba-han'-hi, v. See bahanhiya.
- ba-han'-hi-ya, adv. slowly cutting: bahanhiya se econ wo, ba-

- yahdeće kta, cut slowly, or you will tear it.
- b a h é i', v. a. (ba and héi) to cut or break out notches by cutting—bawahéi.
- ba-héi'-héi, v. red. of bahéi; to break out notches in a knife by cutting—bawahéihéi.
- ba-hda', v.a. (ba and hda) to make rattle with a knife—bawahda.
- ba-hda'-ġaŋ, v. a. (ba and hdaġaŋ) to enlarge, as a hole, by cutting around—bawahdaġaŋ. T., owahlaġaŋ.
- ba-hda'-hda, v. a. (ba and hda-hda) to make rattle by cutting—ba-wahdahda.
- ba-hda'-ya, v.a. to pare off; ha bahdaya, to peel, i. q. basku—bawahdaya. T., wahlaya.
- ba-hda'-ye-da η , v. dim. of bahdaya. T., wahlayela.
- b a-h d e'-é a, v. a. to cut or break in pieces with a knife; to tear or rend in cutting—bawahdeéa. T., wahleéa.
- ba-hde'-hde-ća, v. red. of bahdeća.
- ba-hden', cont. of bahdeća: ba-hden iyeya. T., wahlel.
- ba-lidog', cont. of bahdoka: ba-lidog iyeya.
- ba-hdo'-ka, v. a. (ba and hdoka) to cut a hole in anything with a knife—bawahdoka.
- ba-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of ba-hdoka.
- ba-hpa', v. a. to cut off anything and let it fall—bawahpa.

- ba-hpu', v.a. to cut off in small pieces—bawahpu.
- ba-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of bahpu. ba-hu', v. a. to cut the hull or rind off, to peel, as an orange, with a knife—bawahu, bayahu.
- ba-hu'-hu, v. red. of bahu.
- ba-i'-ći-hon, v. reflex of bahon; to cut or gash one's self—bamićihon.
- ba-ka', v.a. to cut or strip, as the feather from a quill; to cut off, as the ribs of an animal; to split a quill in the middle—bawaka. T., waka.
- ba-ka'-han, part. split, as the feather end of a quill.
- ba-kan', v. T. (ba and tokan) to saw or cut crookedly; to saw to one side of the mark.
- ba-kan'-yan, adv. sawed crookedly.
- ba-ka'-tin, v. a. (ba and katin) to straighten with a knife, cut straight—bawakatin. T., wakatin.
- ba-kéa', v. a. to cut straight; to remove tangles with a knife—bawakéa. T., wakéa.
- ba-kes', cont of bakeza.
- b a k e s' k e z a, v. red. of bakeza.
- ba-kes'-ya, part. scraping, striking and grating, as a knife that strikes the bone.
- ba-ke'-za, v. to strike a bone, cut or grate on a bone, as in cutting meat—bawakeza. T., wakeza.
- ba-ki'-ći-go, v. of bago; to cut

- or carve for one—bawećigo, bauŋ-kićigopi, bamićigo, baćićigo.
- ba-ki'-ći-hon, v. of bahon; to cut or gash for one—bawećihon.
- ba-ki'-ći-hon-hon, v. red. of bakićihon.
- ba-ki'-ći-hu, v. of bahu; to cut the rind or hull off for another bawećihu.
- ba-ki'-ći-kpan, v. of bakpan; to cut up fine, as tobacco, for one—bawećikpan.
- ba-ki'-ći-ksa, v. of baksa; to cut off for one—bawećiksa, bayećiksa, bauŋkićiksapi, bamićiksa, banićiksa, baćićiksa.
- ba-ki'-ći-ksa-ksa, v. red. of bakićiksa.
- ba-ki'-ći-mda-za, v. of bamdaza; to cut open or cut lengthwise for one—bawećimdaza. T., wakićiblaza.
- ba-ki'-ci-pta, v. of bapta; to cut off or trim for one—bawecipta.
- ba-ki'-ći-sde-ća, v. a. of basdeća; to split with a knife or rip with a saw for one—bawećisdeća. T., wakićisleća.
- ba-ki'-ći-sku, v. of basku; to peel or pare for one—bawećisku.
- b a k i' 6 i ś d a , v. of baśda; to cut or shave off with a knife for one—bawećiśda.
- ba-ki'-ći-śdo-ka, v. of baśdoka; to cut out, cut a hole for one; to take out a piece for—bawećiśdoka.
- b a k i' é i ś p a, v. of baśpa; to cut off a piece for one—bawećiśpa.

- ba-ki'-ći-śpu, v. of baśpu; to cut off something that was stuck on, for another—bawećiśpu.
- b a-k i'-g o, v. pos. of bago; to cut or carve one's own, engrave—bawakigo.
- ba-ki'-hon, v. pos. of bahon; to cut or gash one's own—bawakihon.
- ba-ki'-hon-hon, v. red. of ba-kihon.
- ba-ki'-ksa, v. pos. of baksa; to cut off one's own with a knife or saw—bawakiksa and baweksa.
- ba-ki'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of ba-kiksa.
- ba-ki'-mde-ća, v. pos. of bamdeća; to break one's own, by attempting to cut, with a knife—bawakimdeća. T., wakibleća.
- ba-kins', cont. of bakinza: bakins iyeya.
- ba-kins'-kin-za, v. red. of ba-kinza.
- ba-kin'-za, v. a. (ba and kinza) to make a scraping, squeaking noise, with a knife or saw—bawakinza.
- ba-ki'-pta, v. pos. of bapta; to pare, cut off, or trim one's own—bawakipta.
- ba-ki'-pu-ski-ća, v. (ba and kipuskića) to clap together and make fit or adhere by shaving—bawakipuskića.
- ba-ki'-pu-skin, cont. of bakipuskića: bakipuskin iyeya.
- ba-ki'-sde-ća, v. pos. of basdeća; to split or rip, as a board or stick, with a knife or saw—bawakisdeća. T., wakisleća.

- ba-ki'-sde-sde-ća, v. red. of bakisdeća.
- ba-ki'-sku, v. pos. of basku; to pare one's own, as an apple or potato—bawakisku.
- ba-ki'-śda, v. pos. of baśda; to cut off and make bare, as in cutting one's own grass, with a knife—bawakiśda.
- ba-ki'-śda-śda, v. red. of ba-kiśda.
- ba-ki'-śki-ta, v. pos. of baśkita; to cut across on one's own bawakiśkita.
- ba-ki'-śpa, v. pos. of baśpa; to cut off a piece from one's own—bawakiśpa.
- ba-ki'-śpa-śpa, v. red. of bakiśpa.
- ba-ki'-śpu, v. pos. of baśpu; to cut up one's own in pieces—bawa-kiśpu.
- ba- $\dot{\mathbf{k}}$ i'- $\dot{\mathbf{s}}$ pu- $\dot{\mathbf{s}}$ pu, v. red. of baki $\dot{\mathbf{s}}$ pu.
- ba-kon'-ta, v. a. (ba and konta) to dig out with a knife, to hollow or groove—bawakonta.
- ba-kon'-tkon-ta, v. red. of bakonta; to make in grooves or ridges bawakontkonta: ćan bakontkonta, a wash-board.
- ba-kpa', v. a. to cut off, cut from; to cut out or cut into—bawakpa: ista bakpa, to cut out the eye, make blind. T., wakpa.
- ba-kpan', v. a. (ba and kpan) to cut up fine with a knife, as tobacco—bawakpan, bayakpan, baunkpanpi.

- ba-kpan'-kpan, v. red. of ba-kpan.
- ba-kpi', v.a. to cut open, as a nut, with a knife; to crack with a knife, as a louse—bawakpi.
- ba-kpi'-kpi, v. red. of bakpi.
- ba-ksa', v. a. (ba and ksa) to cut off, as a stick, with a knife or saw; to separate anything by cutting crosswise—bawaksa, bayaksa, baunksapi. T., waksa.
- ba-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of baksa; to cut off in several places, cut in pieces, with a knife or saw—bawaksaksa. T., waksaksa.
- ba-kśiś, cont. of bakśiźa: bakśiś iyeya.
- ba-kśi'-źa, v. a. (ba and kśiźa) to shut up, as a knife-blade, when in the act of cutting—bawakśiźa.
- ba-ktan', v. a. (ba and ktan) to make crooked by shaving—bawaktan.
- ba-ktan'-ktan, v. red. of ba-ktan.
- ba-kuŋ'-ta, v. a. Same as ba-konta.
- ba-kes'-ya, part. cutting off: bakesya aya, to strip off clean, as meat from bones—bakesya amda.
- ba-ķe'-za, v. (ba and ķeza) to smooth over by shaving—bawaķeza.
- ba-mda', v. a. to cut in slices, as bread—bawamda, bayamda, baunmdapi. T., wabla.
- ba-mda'-mda, v. red. of bamda. ba-mda'-mda-za, v. red of bamdaza.
- ba-mdas', cont. of bamdaza: ba-

- mdas iyeya, to rip open—bamdas iyewaya.
- ba-mda'-ska, v. a. (ba and mdaska) to make dull or flat on the edge, as a knife, by shaving—bawamdaska.
- ba-mdas'-mda-za, v. red. of bamdaza.
- b a m d a' y a, v. a. (ba and mdaya) to make flat with a knife, to shave off lumps, etc.—bawamdaya.
- ba-mda'-za, v.a. (ba and mdaza) to rip open, cut open lengthwise, as in butchering an animal—bawa-mdaza.
- b a m d e' é a, v. a. to break, as brittle ware, with a knife—bawa-mdeéa.
- ba-mde'-mde-ća, v. red. of bamdeća.
- ba-mden', cont. of bamdeća: ba-mden iyeya. T., wablel.
- ba-mna', v. a to rip, as a seam, with a knife—bawamna, baunmnapi.
- ba-mna'-mna, v. red. of bamna. ba-ni', v. a. to shake in cutting, as jelly: to cut off as the fastenings of
 - jelly; to cut off, as the fastenings of a skin stretched up; to rip—bawani. T., wani.
- ba-ni'-ni, v. red. of bani.
- ba-o'-po, v. a. to push in with a knife, make a hole in—bawaopo.
- ba-o'-ze-ze, v. a. to cut nearly off with a knife and let swing—bawaozeze.
- ba-o'-ze-ze-ya, v. a. to cause to cut in strips or dangles—baozezewaya.

- ba-pa'-ko, v.a. (ba and pako) to cut or saw crooked—bawapako.
- ba-pe', v. a. (ba and pe) to sharpen with a knife—bawape.
- ba-pe'-mni, v. a. (ba and pemni) to make crooked or twisted by shaving—bawapemni. T., wapemni.
- ba-pe'-mni-yan, part. shaved twisting.
- ba-pe'-sto, v. a. (ba and pesto) to shave to a point—bawapesto.
- ba-pon', cont. of bapota; bapon iyeya, to rip up or destroy with a knife.
- ba-po'-ta, v.a. to destroy by cutting; to cut to pieces, as in cutting up a tent—bawapota, baunpotapi.
- b a p o' t p o t a, v. red. of bapota. T., wapolpota.
- ba-psag', cont. of bapsaka; bapsag iyeya, to cut off suddenly with a knife, as a string.
- ba-psa'-ka, v. a. to cut off, as a string or cord, with a knife—bawa-psaka, baunpsakapi.
- ba-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of bapsaka.
- ba-pśuŋ', v. a. (ba and pśuŋ) to cut round a joint, to joint with a knife—bawapśuŋ.
- ba-p $\sin \eta'$ -p $\sin \eta$, v. red. of ba-p $\sin \eta$.
- ba-pta', v. a. to cut off a piece, trim off the edge of anything; to cut out, as a garment; to cut through bawapta, baunptapi: baptapi se, as it were cut off or trimmed; bapta

- iyeya, to trim off with a stroke. T., wapta.
- ba-pta'-pta, v. red. of bapta.
- ba-pte'-će-daŋ, v. a. (ba and ptećedaŋ) to cut short, cut too short bawaptećedaŋ. T., waptećela.
- b a p t e m', n. baptism. This form was introduced from the French.
- ba-ptem'-ku, v. a. to give baptism, baptize—baptem waku: baptem čiću, I baptize you.
- ba-pti'-sma, n. baptism. This form is used by the Episcopal mission, and is the preferable form. It is now proposed to use the verb econ instead of ku: baptisma ecacicon, I do for you baptism, or I do to you baptism. Also written baptizma.
- ba-pti'-zo, v. to baptize, introduced from the Greek. According to analogy, the pronoun should be inserted after the ba; but the Messrs. Pond in using it have prefixed the pronouns.
- ba-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of baptuźa.
- ba-ptuś', cont. of baptuźa: baptuś iyeya, to cause to crack suddenly with a knife—baptuś iyewaya.
- ba-ptu'-źa, v.a. to crack or partly split with a knife—bawaptuźa.
- ba-sde'-ća, v.a. to saw, to slit or rip up, by sawing—bawasdeća, baunsdećapi. T., wasleća.
- ba-sden', cont. of basde6a; basden iyeya, to split with a knife or saw.
- ba-sde'-sde-ća, v. red. of ba-

sdeća; to saw up, as a log, into | ba-śda', v. a. (ba and śda) boards—bawasdesdeća, baunsdesdećapi. T., waslesleća.

b a - s d e'- s d e n, cont. of basdesdeća. ba-sdi', v. a. to press out with a knife or by cutting—bawasdi.

ba-sdi'-sdi, v. red. of basdi.

ba-sdi'-tka, v.a. to cut to a point, make taper—bawasditka.

ba-ski'-ća, v. a. to press out with a knife—bawaskića. T., waskića. ba-skin', cont. of baskića and ba-T., waskil. skita.

ba-ski'-ta, v. a. to press upon with a knife—bawaskita.

ba-sku', v. a. to pare or shave off, as the skin of a potato or apple, and as flesh from a hide-bawasku, baunskupi. T., wasku.

ba-sku'-sku, v. red. of basku. ba-sma'-ka, v. a. (ba and smaka) to indent or make a hollow place by cutting with a knife—bawasmaka.

ba-smin', v. a. to cut or shave off clean, as meat from a bone—bawasmin, baunsminpi.

ba-smin'-na, v. dim. of basmin. ba-smin'-smin, v. red. of basmin; to pare the meat off clean and smooth from the bones—bawasminsmin.

ba-smin'-yan, part. cutting off smoothly.

ba-so', v.a. to cut or pare around the edge; to cut off a string—bawaso. T., waso.

ba-so'-so, v. red. to cut into strings. T., wasoso.

make bare by cutting with a knife; to shave or scrape off, as the hair from a hide—bawaśda, bauŋśdapi.

ba-śda'-śda, v. red. of baśda.

ba-śdog, *cont.* of baśdoka; baśdog iyeya.

ba-śdo'-ka, v. a. (ba and śdoka) to cut a hole in, to cut out a piece, cut out, as an eye; to cut loose something that is fast in, etc.—bawaśdoka.

ba-śdo'-śdo-ka, v. red. of baśdoka.

 $ba-\dot{s}i'-\dot{c}a$, v. a. (ba and $\dot{s}i\dot{c}a$) spoil by cutting—bawasića.

ba-śi'-ća-ho-wa-ya, v. a. (ba and sicahowaya) to cause to cry out by cutting—bawaśićahowaya.

ba-śi'-htin, v. a. (ba and śihtin) to enfeeble by cutting—bawasihtin. T., wasilitin, to do poorly with knife

ba-śi'-kśi-ća, v. red. of baśića. ba-śim', cont. of baśipa; baśim iyeya. T., wasib.

ba-śim'-śi-pa, v. red. of baśipa. ba-śi'-pa, v. a. to cut off, as a branch from a tree, to prune; to cut off, as a pin, with a knife—bawasipa. T., wasipa.

ba-śki'-ća, v. a. to squeëze by cutting; to press out, as water from a cloth, with a knife; to scrape out bawaskića.

ba-śkin', cont. of baśkića and baśkita; baśkin iyeya. T., waśkil.

ba-śki-śki-ća, v. red. of baśkića.

ba-śki-śki-ta, v. red. of baśkita; to cut much, gash—bawaśkiśkita.

ba-śki'-ta, v. a. to cut across, gash; i. q. bahon—bawaśkita,

ba-śku', v. a. to cut off, as corn from the cob—bawaśku, bauŋśkupi: wabaśku ohe, to boil corn that is cut off

ba-śku'-śku, v. red. of baśku. ba-śpa', v. a. (ba and śpa) to cut off a piece, cut up—bawaśpa, baunśpapi: baśpa iyeya.

ba-śpa'-śpa, v. red. of baśpa; to cut into many pieces, as meat bawaśpaśpa.

ba-śpi', v. a. to cut off, as fruit from a tree—bawaśpi.

ba-śpi-śpi, v. red. of baśpi.

ba-śpu', v. a. to cut up, cut into pieces; to rip, as a seam, to rip up, cut, as in ripping—bawaśpu.

ba-śpu'-śpu, v. red. of baśpu; to cut up into pieces—bawaśpuśpu.

ba-ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. a. (ba and takuniśni) to cut to pieces, destroy by cutting—bawatakuniśni.

ba-tan'-ka, v. a. (ba and tanka) to cut large—bawatanka.

ba-tan'-ka-ya, adv. cut large.

ba-tem', cont. of betepa; batem iyeya. T., wateb.

ba-tem'-ya, adv. cut short.

ba-te'-pa, v. a. to shorten by cutting off at the end with a knife, to cut short—bawatepa. T., watepa.

ba-tkon'-ta, v. See bakonta, which is the proper form.

ba-tpa', v. a. Same as bakpa.

ba-tpan', v. a. Same as bakpan. ba-tpan'-tpan, v. red. of batpan.

ba-tpi', v. Same as bakpi.

ba-tpu', v. a. to cut a very little off, cut fine—bawatpu.

ba-tpu'-tpu, v. red. of batpu; to cut up fine—bawatputpu.

ba-tu'-ka, v. a. to cut off, as fur or hair; to destroy, as furs, by cutting—bawatuka. T., watuka.

ba-tu'-ka-ka, v. red. of batuka. ba-tu'-tka, v. a. (ba and tutka) to cut up into crumbs—bawatutka. T., watutka, to cut into bits or scraps, to whittle.

ba-ṭa', v.a. (ba and ṭa) to kill with a knife—bawaṭa.

ba-wi'-ći-śni-yan, v. bawićiśniyan iyeya, to run the knife out of the right course in cutting.

ba-za'. See yubaza.

ba-zam', cont. of bazapa; bazam iyeya. T., wazab.

b a - z a m' - z a - p a, v. red. of bazapa.

ba-za'-pa, v.a. to skin, cut off; to cut, as meat for drying—bawazapa.

ba-za'-za, v. to cut into fringe.

ba-za'-za, adv. in dangles; i. q. kasbupi.

ba-źag'-źa-ta, v. red. of baźata. ba-źan', cont. of baźata. T., waźal.

ba-źan'-ya, v. a. to cause to cut forked, make forked—baźanwaya.

- ba-źa'-ta, v. a. (ba and źata) cut into a fork, make forked—bawa-
- $ba \dot{z}u' \dot{z}u$, $v. a. (ba and \dot{z}u\dot{z}u)$ to cut to pieces, cut up, as an animal bawaźuźu.
- bdo, n. potatoes; more commonly written mdo.
- bdo-ke'-tu, n. summer. See mdoketu, which is the more common pronunciation.
- bdo'-ki-ţa, v. n. to be tired; i. q. mdokita.
- be, v. n. to hatch, as fowls. as man.
- beś, intj. signifying strong affirmation, and surprise that it should be doubted. John vi, 42.
- Be- \pm de'-ke, n.p. the Fox Indians.
- be-yay'-ke-ća, v. n. (be and yankeća) to remain at home and keep house, as an old man doesbemankeća, benankeća.
- bla-bla'-ta, n. T. rolling prairie, hills and levels; i. q. mdamdata.
- bla'-ska, adj. T. Same as mdaska.
- bla'-ye, adj. T. level; i. q. mdaya.
- ble, n. T. a lake. Same as mde.
- blo, n. T. Same as mdo.
- blo-a'-li-ya, adv. T. along the ridge.
- blo-tan'-hun-ka, T. theleader of a war party.
- blo-way'-źi-la, n. T. a divide, a single upland plain between streams.
- bo, a prefix to verbs, signifying | bo-ga'-ga, v. n. to shoot out in

- that the action is done by shooting, punching, pounding with the end of a stick, or by blowing. It is also used when the action of rain is expressed. The pronoun's place is after the prefix. In the Titonwan dialect this prefix is uniformly wo.
- bo-a'-kan-hi-yu-ya, v. a. to cause to rise to the top, as scum or froth, by shooting in, as in water boakanhiyuwaya. T., woakanlhiyuya.
- bo-a'-śda-ya, v. a. (bo and aśdaya) to make bare, lay open or expose by shooting in: boaśdaya iyeya.
- bo-éan'-éan, v. a. (bo and éanćan) to make tremble by shootingbowaćanćan.
- bo-ćeg', cont. of boćeka; boćeg iyeya.
- bo-ćeg'-ya, adv. staggeringly.
- bo-će'-ka, v. a. to make stagger by shooting or punching—bowaćeka.
- bo-će'-kće-ka, v. red. of boćeka.
- bo-ćo'-ka, v.a. (bo and ćoka) empty by shooting in anything, to make a great hole in-bowaćoka.
- bo-ćo'-ka-ka, v. red. of boćoka.
- $b \circ \acute{c} \circ' z a$, v. a. (bo and $\acute{c}oza$) make warm by punching.
- bo-¢o', v. a. to churn—bowaćo, bounćopi.
- $b \circ c \circ' c \circ$, v. red. of boco.
- bo-ga', adv. spreading out, spraddling: boga se nažinpi.

- different directions, as rays of light or the branches of a tree. T., yuġaġa.
- bo-ga'-ga-ya, adv. spraddled, as a tree-top when cut down; shooting out from a center.
- bo-ġa'-ya, adv. shooting out from a point. T, yuġaya.
- bo-ha', v. boha iyeya, to shoot or punch over.
- bo-ha'-ha-ye-dan, v. to make totter by shooting or punching.
- bo-hba', v. a. to shell off by shooting or punching—bowahba.
- bo-hda', v. a. to uncoil or make roll out, as in blowing entrails—bowahda. T., wogla.
- bo-hda'-kin-yan (bo and hdakinyan) bohdakinyan iyeya, to cause to glance, as a bullet T., woglakinyan.
- bo-hin', cont. of bohinta; bohin iyeya, to sweep all off, as men in a battle-field; to blow away.
- bo-hin'-gla, v. n. T. to rush, to break and run—bomahingla, etc.
- bo-hin'-hpa-ya, v. a. to make fall by shooting or punching. T., wohinhpaya.
- bo-hin'-ta, v. a. to sweep off by shooting, as men in a battle-field; to blow away—bowahinta.
- bo-hna', v. a. to shoot off, as fruit from a tree—bowahna. T., wogna.
- bo-hna'-śkiŋ-yaŋ, v. a. (bo and hnaśkiŋyaŋ) to make crazy or furious, as an animal, by shooting it—bowahnaśkiŋyaŋ. T., wogna-śkiŋyaŋ.

- bo-hna'-yan, (bo and hnayan)
 to miss in shooting or striking with
 the end of a stick—bowahnayan.
 T., wognayan, to shoot to one side of.
- bo-ho'-ho, v. a. to shake or loosen by shooting—bowahoho.
- bo-ho'-ta, adj. short and thick, chubby; i.q. taku ptećedan tanka: bohota se.
- bo-ho'-tan-in, v. a. (bo and hotanin) to make cry out by punching—bowahotanin.
- bo-ho'-ton, v. a. (bo and hoton) to make bawl by shooting or punching—bowahoton.
- bo-hu'-hus, cont. of bohuhuza; bohuhus iyeya. T., wohunhuns.
- bo-hu'-hus-ya, part. shaken by shooting or punching,
- bo-hu'-hu-za, v. a. (bo and hu-huza) to shake, as a tree, by shooting it—bowahuhuza. T., wohun-hunza.
- b o h u n' k a, v. a. T. to make fall, as an animal when shot—bowahunka. Perhaps the T. is wohunka.
- bo-ha', v. a. to strike and cut or scrape along, as a flint on a pan that is too soft; to miss fire—bowaha; boha iyewaya.
- bo-han'-hi-ya, part. bohanhiya iyeya, to let off a gun when it hangs fire or "makes long fire."
- bo-héi', v. a. to break out a piece by punching, as from the edge of a chisel—bowahéi.
- bo-héi'-héi, v. red. of bohéi.
- bo-héi'-héi, n. a string of beads.

- bo-hći'-hći-ya, adv. in dangles. dangling: bohćihćiya hiyeya.
- b o h é i' y a, adv. in dangles, dangling: hiyete bohéiya, an epaulet
- bo-hda', v. a. to make rattle by shooting—bowahda.
- bo-hda'-ġaŋ, v. a. (bo and hdaġaŋ) to enlarge by shooting—bowahdaġaŋ.
- bo-hda'-hda, v. red. of bohda.
- bo-hda'-ya, v.a. to peel off by shooting, as the bark of a tree—bowahdaya.
- bo-hde'-ća, v. a. to break in, as one's skull, by shooting or punching—bowahdeća. T., wohleća, to tear through by shooting, as cloth or skin.
- b o h d e' h d e ć a, v. red. of bohdeća.
- bo-hden', cont. of bohdeca; bo-hden iyeya. T., wohlel.
- b o h d o g', cont. of bohdoka: bohdog iyeya.
- bo-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of bo-hdoka
- bo-hdo'-ka, v.a. (bo and hdoka) to shoot or punch a hole in—bowahdoka. Mahpiya-bohdoka, Hole-in-the-day, a celebrated Ojibwa chief.
- bo-hmin', v. a (bo and hmin) to make a gun crooked by shooting—bowahmin.
- b o h m i n' y a n, part. crooked by shooting.
- bo-hpa', v. a. to make fall by shooting, to shoot down, as birds on the wing—bowahpa.

- bo-hpa'-hpa, v. red. of bohpa.
- bo-htag', v.a. cont. of bohtaka.
- bo-hta'-ka, v. a. (bo and htaka) to pound, punch, or knock with the end of anything—bowalitaka.
- bo-hu', v. a to peel off, as bark, by shooting. T., wohu, to strike and scrape along.
- bo-hu'-ġa, v. a. to break in or break open by shooting or punching bowahuġa.
- bo-huh', cont. of bohuga; bohuh iyeya.
- bo-hu'-hu-ġa, v. red. of boliuġa. bo-i'-de, v. a. (bo and ide) to blow and make blaze, as a fire—bowaide: boide iyewaya.
- bo-i'-de-ya, v. a. to cause to make blaze by blowing—boidewaya.
- bo-i'-pa-tku-ġa, v.a. to make get into a line or row by shooting amongst—boipatkuh iyewaya. T., woipatkuġa, to shoot and make get out from others.
- bo-i'-tkon, v. a. (bo and itkon) to kindle or make burn by blowing—bowaitkon, boiuntkonpi.
- bo-i'-tpi-ska, v boitpiska ehpeya, to shoot or punch and knock over on its back.
- bo-i'-yo-was, cont. of boiyowaza; boiyowas iyeya, to make an echo by shooting.
- bo-i'-yo-wa-za, v. a. to make an echo by shooting—bowaiyowaza.
- bo-kan', v. a. to punch or shoot off—bowakan.
- bo-ka'-tin, v. a. (bo and katin)

- to make stretch or straighten out by punching—bowakatin.
- bo-ki'-ći-ćo, v. of boćo; to churn for one—bowećićo, bounkićićopi, boćićićo, bomićićo.
- bo-ki'-ći-hdo-ka, v. of bohdoka; to shoot or punch a hole for another.
- bo-ki'-ći-hpa, v. of bohpa; to shoot down something on the wing, or that is hanging up, for another—bowećihpa.
- bo-ki'-ći-kpan, v. of bokpan; to pound for one—bowećikpan.
- bo-ki'-ći-ksa, v. of boksa; shoot or punch off, as a limb or an arm, for one-bowećiksa, boyećiksa, bounkićiksapi.
- bo-ki'-ći-ksa-ksa, v. red. of bokićiksa.
- bo-ki'-ći-mde-ća, v. a. ofbomdeća; to break for another by shooting or punching—bowecimdeća.
- bo-ki'-ći-pta, v. of bopta; to dig or pry up for one, as in digging a turnip—bowećipta.
- bo-ki'-ći-sni, v. of bosni; blow out, as a candle, for one; to blow and cool for another, as hot food-bowećisni.
- bo-ki'-ći-so-ta, v. of bosota; to kill all off for one by shooting as cattle-bowećisota.
- bo-ki'-ći-śdo-ka, v. of bośdoka; to shoot off a gun for onebowećiśdoka, bomićiśdoka.

- miss in shooting for one-boweciśna.
- bo-ki'-ći-śpa, v. of bośpa; to shoot off a piece for one; to shoot for one and relieve from danger, as from a wild animal: wićasta wan wahanksića bowećiśpa, I delivered a man from a bear by shooting it bowećiśpa.
- bo-ki'-ći-we-ġa, v. of boweġa; to break, but not entirely off, for one, by shooting or punching-bowećiwega.
- bo-ki'-ksa, v. pos. of boksa; to break in two one's own by shooting or punching-bowakiksa.
- bo-ki'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of bokiksa.
- bo-ki'-ktan, v. pos. of boktan; to crook one's own by shooting, as one's arrow—bowakiktan.
- bo-ki'-mde-ća, v. pos. of bomdeća; to break one's own by pounding or shooting—bowakimdeća. wokibleća.
- bo-ki'-mde-mde-ća, red.of bokimdeća
- bo-ki'-mden, cont. of bokimdeća; bokimden iyeya. T., wokiblel.
- bo-ki'-nu-kan, v. a. (bo and kinukan) to separate by shooting: bokinukan iyeya.
- bo-kin'-ća, v. a. to scrape or scratch in shooting. T., wokinća; red., wokintkinća.
- bo-ki'-po-wa-ya, v. pos. of bopowaya.
- bo-ki'-ći-śna, v. of bośna; to | bo-ki'-pu-ski-ća, v. a. (bo and

- kipuskića) to drive up close together, by punching, shooting, or raining on—bowakipuskića.
- bo-ki'-pu-skin, cont. of bokipuskića: bokipuskin iyeya.
- bo'-ki-sa-pa, v. (bo and kisapa) to shoot into snow, and make the bare ground appear; to rain on, as on snow, and make the ground bare.
- bo-ki'-śda, v. pos. of bośda; to injure or lay bare by shooting—bowakiśda.
- bo-ki'-śda-ya, v. a. to make bare or expose by shooting—bowakiśdaya.
- bo-ki'-śde-ća, v. pos. of bośdeća; to split off a piece from one's own by shooting or punching—bowakiśdeća.
- bo-ki'-śdo-ka, v. pos. of bośdoka; to shoot or punch a hole in one's own, shoot off one's own gun; to blow out and make clear, as a tube—bowakiśdoka
- bo-ki'-śna, v. pos. of bośna; to miss in attempting to shoot one's own—bowakiśna.
- bo-ki'-śpa, v. pos. of bośpa; to shoot off a piece from one's own bowakiśpa.
- bo-ko'-ka, v. a. to make rattle by shooting or punching—bowakoka.
- bo-ko'-ke-dan, v.a. (bo and kokedan) to make active or restless by shooting or punching—bowakokedan. T., wokokela, to make rattle, by shooting in.
- bo-kpa', v. a. (bo and kpa) to

- shoot out, punch out—bowakpa: ista bokpa, to make blind; bokpa iyeya.
- bo-kpan', v. pos. of bopan; to pound one's own, pound fine, as in a mortar, with a pestle; to shoot to pieces—bowakpan, boyakapan, bounkpanpi.
- bo-kpan'-kpan, v. red. of bo-kpan.
- bo-kpi', v. a. to crack by punching—bowakpi.
- b o k s a', v. a. (bo and ksa) to break off by punching or shooting, as a stick, limb, etc.—bowaksa.
- bo-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of boksa; to break off in many places by shooting—bowaksaksa.
- bo-kśe'-ća, v. a. to shoot and make keel over—bowakśeća. T., wokśeća, to shoot and make double up.
- bo-kśen', cont. of bokśeća; bokśen iyeya. T., wokśel.
- bo-ktan', v. a. (bo and ktan) to bend or make bend by punching—bowaktan.
- b o k f e', v. a. (bo and kte) to kill by punching—bowakte.
- bo-ku'-ka, v. a. (bo and kuka) to shoot or punch all to pieces.
- bo-ke'-ga, v.a. to snap, as a gun; to miss fire, as in firing off a gun; to scrape, as a gun missing fire—bowakega.
- bo-keh', cont. of bokega: bokeh hinhda, to go off after a long time; bokeh iyaya, to hang fire, as a gun.
- bo-keh'-ya, part. missing fire, as a gun.

- bo-mda', v. a. to shoot or punch off bo-na'-sun-sun, v. a piece—bowamda. T., wobla. struggle by shooting:
- bo-mdas', cont. of bomdaza; bo-mdasiyeya.
- bo-mda'-ska, v. a. (bo and mdaska) to flatten by punching; to flatten by shooting, as in shooting a bullet against a stone—bowamdaska: bomdaska iyeya.
- b o m d a' y a, v. a. (bo and mdaya) to spread out by blowing or punching—bowamdaya.
- bo-mda'-za, v.a. to tear open by shooting, as the bowels of an animal—bowamdaza.
- b o m d e'-é a, v. a. to break in pieces by striking with a pestle, or by shooting—bowamdeéa. T., wobleéa.
- b o m d e' m d e ć a, v. red. of bomdeća.
- bo-mden', cont. of bomdeća; bo-mden iyeya. T., woblel.
- bo-mdu', v. a. (bo and mdu) to pound up fine, crush—bowamdu.
- bo-mdu', v. n. to blow in fine particles, drift, as snow, to blow about, as dust; to boil up, as water in a spring: bomdu hiyu; bomdu iyeya; wa bomdu, the snow is blown about. T., woblu.
- bo-mdu'-mdu, v. red. of bomdu. bo-mdu'-ya, part. blowing up, as the wind blows dust or snow.
- bo-mni'-ġa, v. a. to full up, as cloth, by pounding, to cause to full up—bowamniġa.
- bo-mnih', cont. of bomniga; bo-mnih iyeya.

- oo-na'-sun-sun, v. to make struggle by shooting: bonasunsun iyeya.
- bo-ni', v. a. (bo and ni) to resuscitate by blowing—bowani; boni iyewaya.
- bo-ni'-ni, v. a. to wake up by punching—bowanini.
- bo-ni'-ya, v. a. (bo and niya) to resuscitate by blowing—bowaniya.
- bo-o'-han-ko, v.a. (bo and ohan-ko) to make lively by punching or shooting—bowaohanko.
- bo-o'-hpa, v. a. to break in, as the skull, by shooting or punching—bowaohpa.
- bo-o'-ksa, v. n. to break off in, as the bank of a river: booksa iyewaya.
- bo-o'-ktan, v. a. to bend into by punching—bowaoktan.
- bo-o'-ktan-yan, v. n. to become crooked, as an arrow, by being shot into anything: booktanyan iyeya.
- bo-o'-ze-ze, v. a. to shoot almost off and let swing—bowaozeze.
- bo-o'-ze-ze-ya, adv. shot almost off and swinging; boozezeya ehpeya, to make swing by shooting.
- bo-pa', v. a. to pound, as hominy in a mortar, with a pestle—bowapa, boyapa, bouppapi.
- bo-pa'-ko, v. a. (bo and pako) to knock crooked, by shooting or punching—bowapako.
- bo-pan', v.a. to pound fine, as corn in a mortar—bowapan, bounpanpi.

- bo-pan'-pan, v. red. of bopan.
- bo-pan'-pan-na, v. a. (bo and panpanna) to pound soft with the end of a stick—bowapanpanna.
- bo-pe'-mni, v. a (bo and pemni) to turn aside or twist by blowing or shooting.
- bo-pe'-mni-yan, part. twisting or turning aside by blowing or shooting.
- bo-pe'-sto, v. (bo and pesto) to sharpen by punching.
- b o p o' t a, v. a (bo and pota) to shoot or punch to pieces, destroy by shooting—bowapota.
- bo-po'-tpo-ta, v. red. of bopota. T., wopolpota.
- bo-po'-wa-ya, v. a. (bo and powaya) to make soft by blowing up, as nap or fur, also by striking with the finger—bowapowaya.
- bo-psag', cont. of bopsaka; bopsag iyeya.
- bo-psa'-ka, v. a. (bo and psaka) to break off, as a cord, by shooting or punching—bowapsaka, bouppsakapi.
- bo-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of bopsaka.
- bo-pta', v. a. to punch or dig with the end of anything: tipsinna bopta, to dig turnips—bowapta, boyapta, bounptapi.
- bo-ptan'-yan, v.a. (bo and ptanyan) to make glance off, in shooting; to make turn over by shooting, as a boat—bowaptanyan. T., woptanyan.
- bo-pta'-pta, v. red. of bopta.

- bo-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of boptuźa.
- bo-ptuś, cont. of boptuźa; boptuś iyeya.
- b o p t u' ź a, v. a. to split or crack by shooting, pounding or punching bowaptuźa. T., woptuźa.
- bo-pu'-ski-ća, v. a. (bo and puskića) to ram in tight—bowapuskića.
- bo-pu'-skin, cont. of bopuskića; bopuskin iyeya. T., wopuskil.
- b o s d a n', adv. cont. of bosdata; upright, straight up: bosdan nazin, to stand erect. T., woslal.
- bo-sda'-ta, adv. on end, erect, perpendicularly.
- bo-sda'-tu, n. height, perpendicularity. See obosdatu.
- bo-sda'-tu, adv. perpendicularly.
- bo-sda'-tu-dan, adv. straight up. T., woslalhan.
- bosda'-tu-daŋ-hiŋ, adv. exactly perpendicular.
- bo-sda'-tu-ya, adv. perpendicularly.
- bo-sde'-éa, v. a. to split by shooting or punching—bowasdeéa.
- bo-sden', cont. of bosdeća; bosden iyeya. T., woslel.
- b o s d e' s d e ϵ a, v. red. of bosde ϵ a.
- bo-sdi', v. a. to push down in, as in churning; to squirt—bowasdi.
- bo-skan', v. n. to cause to melt and flow off, as rain does snow.
- bo-ski'-ća, v. a. to press down tight by pounding—bowaskića.

- bo-skin', cont. of boskića; boskin | bo-śag'-ya, part. T., woskil. iyeya.
- bo-sna', v. a. (bo and sna) make ring by shooting; said also of the noise made by the falling of leaves which have been shot down-bowasna.
- bo- $\operatorname{sn} a'$ - $\operatorname{sn} a$, v. red. of bosna.
- bo-sni', v. a. (bo and sni) to extinguish, blow out, as a candle; to cool by blowing-bowasni, bounsnipi.
- bo-sni', v. n. to put out, as rain does fire on the prairie.
- bo-sni-sni, v. red. of bosni.
- bo-son', cont. of bosota; boson iyeya. T, wosol.
- bo-son'-so-ta, v. red. of bosota.
- $b \circ -s \circ' -t a$, v. a. (bo and sota) kill all off, use all up by shootingbowasota, boyasota, bounsotapi. T., wosota.
- $b \circ -s \circ' t \circ -t \circ -t \circ v$. red. of bosota.
- bo-spa'-ya, v. n. (bo and spaya) to wet by raining on.
- bo-stan'-ka, v. (bo and stanka) to moisten by raining on.
- bo-su'-ksu-ta, v. red. of bosuta.
- bo-su'-ta, v. (bo and suta) make hard by punching or ramming; to make hard by raining on—bowasuta, bounsutapi.
- bo-śag, cont. of bośaka.
- bo-śag-śag-ya, part. red. of bośagya.
- bo-śag'-śa-ka, v. red. of bośaka.

- shooting with too little force.
- bo-śa'-ka, v. a. to shoot with too little force to penetrate—bowaśaka.
- bo-śda', v. a. (bo and śda) make bare by shooting, shoot off, as hair, etc.—bowaśda.
- bo-śda'-śda, v. red. of bośda.
- bo-śde'-ća, v. a. to split off a little piece by shooting or punchingbowaśdeća.
- bo-śden, cont. of bośdeća; bośden iyeya. T., woślel.
- $bo-\acute{s}de'-\acute{s}de-\acute{c}a$, v. red. of bośdeća.
- bo-śdog', cont. of bośdoka; bośdog iyeya.
- bo-śdo'-ka, v. a. to fire off a gun, shoot out a load; to blow out, clear out by blowing, as a tube—bowaśdoka, bounśdokapi.
- bo-śdo'-śdo-ka, v. red. of bośdoka.
- bo-śdun', cont. of bośduta; bośdun iyeya, to make glance, as a bullet. T., woślul.
- bo-śdu'-ta, v. n. (bo and śduta) to glance, as a bullet.
- bo- \sin - \cos a, v. a. (bo and \sin a) to injure or spoil by shooting or punching—bowaśića.
- bo-śi-ća-ho-wa-ya, v. a. (bo śića and howaya) to make cry out by shooting or punching.
- bo-śim', cont. of bośipa; bośim iyeya. T., wośib.
- bo-śim'-śi-pa, v. red. of bośipa.

- bo-si'-pa, v. a. to shoot off, as a bo-ta', v branch or anything projecting from another body—bowasipa. bo-ta'-k
- bo-śki', v. a. to pound, as corn not well dried—bowaśki.
- b o ś k i' ć a , v. a. to squeeze out by ramming—bowaśkića.
- bo-śkin, cont. of bośkića; bośkin iyeya. T., wośkil.
- bo-śna', v. a. to miss in shooting, miss the mark—bowaśna, bounśnapi.
- bo-śna-śna, v. red. of bośna.
- bo-śn a'-ya, v. a. (bośna and ya) to cause to miss—bośnawaya.
- bo-śpa, v. a. to punch or shoot off a piece—bowaśpa.
- bo-śpa'-śpa, v. red. of bośpa; to shoot or punch to pieces—bowa-śpaśpa.
- b o \(\frac{1}{2}\) p a' y a, part. shot or punched off.
- b o ś p i', v. a. to shoot off, as fruit—bowaśpi.
- bo-śpi-śpi, v. red. of bośpi.
- bo-śpu', v.a. to shoot off a piece, to break or crack off by punching or shooting—bowaśpu.
- bo-śpu'-śpu, v. red. of bośpu; to punch to pieces, as a cake of tallow—bowaśpuśpu.
- bo-śuś, cont. of bośuźa; bośuś iyeya.
- bo-śu'-śu-źa, v. red. or bośuża.
 bo-śu'-źa, v. a (bo and śuża) to
 crush by punching; to crush or
 mash up, as a bullet does bones—
 bowaśuża.

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- b o t a', v bota iyeya, to blow off;i. q. bohin iyeya.
- bo-ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. a. (bo and takuniśni) to destroy by punching or shooting; to shoot all to pieces; to carry off, as rain does snow—bowatakuniśni.
- bo-tan', v. a. to pound, as in washing clothes.
- bo-tan'-ki-ya, v. a. (botan and kiya) to cause to pound—botanwakiya.
- b o t a' t a, v. a. to knock or shake off by striking, as in cleaning dust from clothes—bowatata.
- bo-t'a'-t'a, v. a. to make dull, as a pestle, by pounding in a mortar, or as an arrow, by shooting.
- bo-tem', cont. of botepa; botem iyeya, to wear off, as the point of an arrow. T., woteb.
- b o t e' p a, v. a. (bo and tepa) to wear off short, as an arrow, by shooting—bowatepa.
- bo-ti'-ća, v. a. to grab or snatch away a part. T., wotića, to make spatter out, as mud, by shooting.
- bo-tin, cont. of botica; botin iyeya
- bo-tin', v. n. to stand upright, be stiff.
- bo-tin', adj. stiff, standing up, as horses' ears.
- bo-tin'-tin, adj. red. of botin; stiff, standing up.
- bo-tin'-tin-yan, adv. red. of botinyan.
- bo-tin'-yan, adv. stiffly.
- bo-tku'-ga, v.a. (bo and tkuga)

to shoot off square, as a stick; to shoot and break partly off; to strike and crack, as a plate—bowatkuġa. T., wotkuġa.

bo-tkuh, cont. of botkuga.

bo-to', v. a. to knock or pound on anything—bowato. See iboto. T., to miss fire, as a gun, because of faulty loading, or a poor cartridge.

bo-to'-ka, adj. pounded off short, short.

bo-to'-kan, v. a. (bo and tokan) to make change places by shooting atbowatokan.

bo-to'-ke-ća, v. a. (bo and tokeća) to alter or make different by punching or shooting.

bo-ton', v. n. to be unable to see, to grope about: boton waun.

bo-t'on', v. n. to shoot well—bowat'on.

bo-ton'-ton, v. red. of boton; to grope about, said when one's eyes are very sore.

bo-ton'-yan, adv. in a groping manner.

bo-to'-to, v. red. of boto.

bo-tpa', v. a. to shoot into, as into an eye; to shoot through: botpa iyeya.

bo-tpan', v. a. Same as bokpan. bo-tpi', v. a. to shoot into—bowatpi. bo-tpi'-tpi, v. red. of botpi.

bo-tu'-ka, v. a. to spoil, as the fur of an animal, by shooting—bowatuka.

bo-tu'-ka-ka, v. red. of botuka; to spoil or hurt by shooting; to make

smart by shooting—bowatukaka. T., i. q., wokintkinća.

bo-tu'-ka-ka, v.a. to make smart or feel pain by shooting—bowatukakaka.

bo-tu'-tka, v. a. (bo and tutka) to shoot or punch off pieces—bowatutka.

bo-ta', v. a. (bo and ta) to kill by punching or shooting; to strike so as to endanger life, to stun—bowata; bota iyewaya; boicita, to stun one's self by shooting; to shoot and kill one's self—bomicita; mini bota, to drown one out, as when the water leaks through the roof. See ibota.

bo-tins', cont. of botinza; botins iyeya.

bo-tins'-tin-za, v. red. of bo-tinza

bo-țins'-ya, adv. tightly.

bo-tin'-za, v. a. (bo and tinza) to tighten, make tight by punching; to blow up tight, as a bladder—bowatinza.

bo-țin'-za, v. n. T., woținza; caga woținza, the ice is firm.

bo-toś, cont. of botoża.

bo-to'-źa, v. a. to make short or blunt by shooting—bowatoźa.

bo-wa'-ni-ća, v.a. (bo and wanića) to shoot or punch to nothing.

bo-wa'-nin, cont. of bowanića; bowanin iyeya, to shoot to pieces, destroy by shooting.

b o - w e' - ġ a, v. a to break, but not off, by shooting—bowaweġa, boyaweġa, bounweġapi.

bo-weh', cont. of bowega; boweh | bo-źa'-ta, v. a. (bo and źata) iyeya.

bo-weh'-we- $\dot{g}a$, v. red. of boweġa.

bo-weh'-ya, part. broken by shooting, but not entirely off: bowehya yanka

bo-wo'-tin-za, v. a. T., wowotinza, to ram down tight in: i. q., bopuskića.

b o - y a', *adj*. boya se, ragged, dangling.

bo-ya'-ya, n. T., woyaya, abunch, a skein: sipto woya yamni, three bunches of beads.

bo-za', v. boza hinhda, to start up all at once, as a company on hearing some startling intelligence

bo-zan', v.a. to shoot well, to shoot so as to kill—bowazan. T., wozan, to shoot in the heart or vital part; to stun.

bo'-zan, n. minibozan, slow rain, mist. T., miniwozan.

 $b \circ - \acute{z} \circ g' - \acute{z} \circ - t \circ a$, v. red. of boźata.

make forked by punching, as a turnipdigger—bowaźata.

bo-źa'-źa, v. n. to wash, as the rain does.

bo-źu'-źu, v. a. (bo and źuźu) break to pieces or destroy by shooting: to knock or punch to pieces; to break, as the rain does ice—bowaźuźu.

bu, v.n. to make a noise; to low, as See kabu, nabu, etc. a cow.

bu-bu' v. red. of bu.

bu-bu', adj. bubu se, said of one who has a large head and face. T., bubukesa.

bu - bu' - ya, adv. red. of buya; noisy, with a noise.

bu-ya', adv. noisy, in the manner of lowing: buya apa, to thump or strike, making a hollow sound.

bu - ya' - ken, adv. in a noisy manner. T., buyakel.

bu-yeh', adv. (buya and hip) with a loud noise: buyeh hinhpaya. T., buyehćin.

- ć, the third letter of the Dakota alphabet. It has the power of ch in chain.
- ća, adv. when. This word is used when a general rule or something customary is spoken of, and is generally followed by će or eće at the end of the member or sentence: yahi ća piwada će, when thou comest I am glad; waniyetu ća wapa eće,
- when it is winter it snows. See eca. T., ćan and ćannahan. In Titonwan, as a particle, it is ska and śke lo, they say.
- ća, n. a step, the distance which one steps: ća nihanska, thy step is long.
- ća-do'-ki-mna, adv. (ćana and okimna) between the knees. gar.

- é a d o' t a h e d a ŋ, adv. (éana and otahedaŋ) between the knees or feet. T., éanootahela.
- ća-du'-za, adj. swift, running swiftly, as water: mini ćaduza. Same as kaduza.
- éa'-e-ée, adj. many, a great many. éa-e'-hde, v. n. (éa and ehde) to step, take a step—éaewahde. T., éaegle.
- ć a e' h d e, n. a step, a space. Pl., ćaehdepi, steps. T., ćaegle.
- ća'-ġa, v.n. to freeze, become ice: wakpa ćaġa, the river freezes.
- ća'- ġa, n. ice.
- ća-ġan'-ki-ya, adv. iceward, out on the ice.
- $\acute{e} a \dot{g} a' t a$, adv. at or on the ice.
- \acute{c} a \dot{g} u', n. the lungs, lights.
- Ca-gu', n. p. Burnt-thighs, the designation of a clan of Yanktons. J. P. W.
- ća-ġu', n. See ćaġuka.
- ća-ġu'-ka, n. a fool; i. q. waćin-tonśni.
- ća-hde', v. n. to step. See ćaehde. T., ćagle.
- ća-hde'-pi, n. steps. Same as ćaehdepi.
- ćah, cont of ćaġa; ćah kun, under the ice; ćah iyaya, the ice is gone; ćah hiyaya, floating ice.
- ćah-a'-hde-dan, n. or adv. (ćaga and ahdedan) great and sudden, spreading rapidly or widely.
 - 1. swift on glare ice.
 - 2. standing on ice seen from afar.

- 3. a snag frozen in with much ice.
- 4. the shock of putting ice on the body.
- 5. the shock of bad news.

A. L. R.

- ćah-a'-ki-haŋ, adv. said of the ice when it first became firm.
- ća-hdi, n. charcoal; gunpowder.
- ća-hdi'-o-pi-ye, n. a powdermagazine.
- ća-hdi'-o-źu-ha, n. a powderflask, powder-horn
- ća-hdi'-ti-pi, n. a powder-house.
- ća-hdo'-źu-ha, n. a powderhorn or flask. See ćahdioźuha.
- 6ah-i'-6a-zo, n. T. skates.
- ća-hli', n. T. gunpowder. Same as ćahdi.
- ća-ho'-ta, n. ashes.
- éa-hta'-mna, adj. rusty, as old pork, strong smelling.
- \acute{c} a \acute{h} \acute{t} o' \acute{w} a \acute{t} a , adj. transparent, as newly formed ice. T., \acute{c} ahowata.
- éah-wo'-tin, n. the cracking of ice by reason of the cold. See otin.
- ć a' i a, v. (ćeya and ia) to talk crying—ćawaia.
- ća'-i-a-a, v. red. of ćaia.
- ća-ka', n. the palate, roof of the mouth, gills—mićaka.
- ća-ka'-ka, n. a liar; i. q. tuwe itonśni kin. T., ćakala.
- ća-ki'-pa, v. pos. of ćapá; to stab one's own—ćawakipa.
- ća-ki'-yu-hu-ge, n (ćaka and iyuhuge) a fish-hook.

- ća ksu', n. bare or smooth ice.
- ća-kśin', v. to step, bend the leg. See aćakśin.
- ć a m, cont. of ćapá. See ićam.
- ća-mni', n. a sprout, a germ or bud: ćamni uya, to sprout.
- éa-na', n. the groin, inside of the thigh, the gland in the groin.
- éan-ha'-ha-dan, adj. (éante and hahadan) quick-tempered—éanmahahadan.
- ć a n h a' h a k a , adj. quick-tempered, easily excited—ćanmahahaka.
- ćan-ha'-ha-ya, v. a to irritate ćanhahawaya.
- ćan-ha'-ha-ya, adv. irritably.
- ćan-ha'-ha-ye-dan, adv. in an excited state, irritably.
- éan-i'-yu-tan-yan, n. (éante and iyutanyan) temptation.
- ć a n k i' y a, v. cont. of ćantekiya.
- ćan-psag'-ya, v. a. (ćante and psaka) to make sad, to grieve one—ćanpsagwaya.
- ćan-psag'-ya, adv. in a brokenhearted manner.
- éan-psa'-ke-éa, adv. brokenhearted, without control over one's self.
- ćan-skem'-ya, v. a. (ćante and skepa) to make the heart melt or pass away; to disappoint—ćanskemwaya.
- ćan-skem'-ya, adv. in a disappointed manner.
- ćan-ske'-pa, adj. (ćante and skepa) disappointed, angry, troubled—ćanmaskepa.

- ć a n $\sin r$, cont. of cante sica. T., can sil.
- ćan-śin'-ya, va. to make sad—ćanśinwaya. T., ćanśilya.
- é a n ś i n' y a, adv. sadly, sorrowfully. T., éanśilya.
- éan-śin'-ya-ken, adv. sorrowfully.
- ćan-ţins'-ya, v. a. to embolden or encourage one—ćanţinswaya.
- can-țin'-za, v. n. (cante and tinza) to be of good courage canmatinza.
- ćan-wan'-ka, n. (ćante and wanka) a coward. T., ćanlwanka.
- ćan-wan'-ka, v. n. to be a coward—ćanwanmaka and ćanmawanka, ćanwannika, ćanwanunkapi.
- ć a n w a ŋ' k a k a, v. red. of ćanwaŋka.
- éan-wan-ka-pi, n. cowardice.
- can-wa'-śte, v. n. to be happy, contented. T., canlwaste.
- ćan-za'-ni, v. n. (ćante and zani) to be well in heart, to be tranquil or of good cheer—ćanmazani.
- éan-ze', v. n. to be troubled, to have a load on the heart—éanmaze: éanze hingla, T. to become angry.
- ć a n z e' k a , adj. troubled—ćanmazeka.
- ćan-ze'-ya, v. a. to trouble, to make angry—ćanzewaya.
- ćan-ze'-ya, *adv. angrily*.
- ć a n ź a n' y a, adv. (ćante and źata) undecidedly, hesitatingly.
- $\acute{\mathbf{c}}$ a n $\acute{\mathbf{z}}$ a n' y e $\acute{\mathbf{c}}$ a, v. a. to make

- undecided, make hesitate—éanźan- | éan-ba'-sde-éa-pi, n. wayeéa. | sawed lengthwise; plank,
- ćan-źa'-te, adj. or v. n. (ćante and źata) heart forked; hesitating ćanmaźate.
- ćan, n. a tree, trees; wood.
- éan, n. a night or day. This is always used after the numeral adjective, as nonpa éan, yamni éan, etc. In this way it is distinguished from the preceding word. May not this meaning of the word have grown out of the fact, that the Indians when traveling calculate to reach wood at night?
- \mathfrak{C} and \mathfrak{g} , \mathfrak{g} , \mathfrak{g} . \mathfrak{g} .
- éan'-a-di-pi, n. See éaniyadipi. éan'-a-kan-yo-tan-ka, n. something to sit on, a chair, a stool. T., éanakanyankapi.
- éan'-a-kan-yo-tan-ka-pihan-ska, n. any long thing to sit on, a bench, a form.
- ćan'-a-ki-ta, adv. much brush, many trees down.
- ćan-a-ki'-yu-ha-pi, n. a bier for the dead. See ćanwićihupa, said to be the better form.
- é a n'-a-ma-ni-pi, n. stairs, a ladder. See éaniyamanipi, the better form. T., éanalipi.
- ćan an', adv. See ćannan.
- ćan ba'-kpa, n. (ćan and bakpa) a shingle; ćanbakpapi, shingles.
- éan-ba'-sde-éa, v. a (éan and basdeéa) to saw lengthwise. T., éanwasleéa.

- 6 a ŋ b a' s d e 6 a p i , n. wood
 sawed lengthwise; plank, boards;
 sawing; making boards.
- ć a ŋ b a' s d e s d e ć a , v. a. to saw boards, saw lengthwise of the wood often—ćanbaunsdesdećapi.
- 6an ba' sde sde 6a ti pi, n. a saw-mill. T., 6anwasle6atipi.
- ć a ŋ ć a ŋ', v. n. to shake, tremble, have the ague—maćaŋćaŋ, nićaŋćaŋ, uŋćaŋćaŋpi.
- ćan-ćan'-ki-ya, v. a. to make tremble or shake—ćanćanwakiya.
- can-can'-pi, n. the ague, trembling.
- éan-éan'-se, adv. hastily, quickly. éan-éan'-ya, v. a. to make tremble or shake; to hastenone—éanéan waya.
- ćan-ćan'-yan, adv. tremblingly.
- ćan'-će-ġa, n. (ćan and ćeġa) a skin stretched over a hoop, a drum: ćanćeġa apa, to drum; ćanćeġa kabu, to drum.
- ćan-de', v. a. to get wood, get firewood—ćanwade. Quite likely this is compounded of ćan and ode, to hunt wood.
- éan-de'-pi, n. getting fire-wood; cutting up wood for a fire.
- éan-di', n. tobacco: éandi unpa, to smoke tobacco—éandi unmunpa; éandi yaśkiéa, to chew tobacco. T., éanli; éanli yata, to chew tobacco.
- ćan-di'-a-ba-kpan, n. (ćandi and abakpan) a board to cut tobacco on. T., ćanliawakpan.
- ćaŋ-di'-a-ba-tpaŋ, n. Same as ćaŋdiabakpaŋ.

- can-di'-yu-hmun, v. to twist tobacco, to make tobacco into twists; to make cigars. Ih., candiyu-kmun.
- ć an di'- yu h mun pi, n. cigars. Ih., ćandiyukmunpi; T., ćanliyugmunpi.
- éan'-do-wan-ki-ya, v. (éan and dowankiya) to play on an instrument, as the violin.
- ćan'-do-wan-ki-ya-pi, n. a musical box; the organ. T., ćanlo-wankiyapi.
- é a n d o' ź u h a, n. (éandi and oźuha) a tobacco-pouch.
- éan-du'-hu-pa, n. a Dakota pipe, a pipe of any kind to smoke with.
- ć a n d u' hu p a p a hu, n. the bowl of a pipe, usually made of red pipe-stone by the Dakotas.
- 6 a n du' h u p a s u n t a, n. a pipe-stem; also, the name of a kind of ash, much used for making pipestems. T., cannon pasunta.
- é a n h a', n. (éan and ha) tree-skin, i. e., bark..
- éan'-han-pa, n (éan and hanpa) shoes; lit., wooden moccasins. Perhaps the Dakotas at first thought that shoes were made of wood.
- ćan'-han-pa-han-ska, n. long shoes, i. e., boots. T., ćanhanpa iškahu yukan.
- can-han'-pi, n. (can and hanpi) sugar; lit., tree-sap.
- ć a n h a n' p i m d u, n. powdered sugar. T., ćanhanpiblu.

- to twist | $ext{can han'-pi-mi-ni}$, n. sugartwists; | water, sap.
 - \acute{e} a η h a η ' p i \acute{e} a \acute{e} a, n. c and dy.
 - ćan-han'-pi-ta-sa-ka, n. cake sugar.
 - ćan-han'-pi-ti-kti-ća, n. molasses.
 - éan-ha'-san, n. (éanha and san) the sugar maple or rock maple; so called from its bark being whitish. Also, the white birch.
 - éan-ha'-śa, v. (éanha and śa) cinnamon-bark.
 - éan h da' ka, n. large trees alone, without underbrush. T., éanglaka.
 - ćaŋ-hde'-hde, n. scattering trees, one here and there. T., ćanglegle.
 - **ća**η-h de'-h de-ka, n. trees that stand here and there.
 - $\text{can-hde'-ska}, \quad n. \quad a \quad hoop, \quad a \\
 \text{wheel.} \quad .$
 - ć a ŋ h d e' ś k a , adj. round, wheellike. T., ćangleśka.
 - can-hde'-ska-ku-te, v. to play at shooting through a hoop while it is rolling.
 - ćan-hdu'-kan, v. pos. of yukan; to shake off; said of snow falling from trees.
 - can-hmun'-za, n. the name of a small bush bearing little three-lobed red berries.
 - éan-ho'-ta-dan, n. a swing. See hotadan.
 - ćan-ho'-ta-pi-śko, n. a swing. ćan-hun', n. the sturgeon, a kind of fish.
 - ćan-hu'-ta, n. a stump.

- buffalo's hump.
- ćan-ha'-ha-ke-ton, v.n. to be humped, having a hump.
- ćan-ha'-ha-ya, adv. brushy.
- ćan ha' ka, n. (ćan and haka) brush, a bush.
- ćanh-ćan'-ga, v. n. to crunch or make a noise in chewing anything hard, as corn.
- ćan-hdo'-hu, n. weeds, pig-weed, any large weed. T., ćaphlogu
- ćan-hdo'-ka, n. (ćan and hdoka) a hollow tree or log. T., ćanhlogeća.
- $6a\eta he' ta \acute{z}u$, v. ($6a\eta$ and hetaźu) to put wood ashore from a boat. See hetaźu.
- ćan-hi'-ya, v. a. to disappoint one, either in a good or bad sense; to lead on or tempt one, as the presence of a wild animal leads one to desire to kill it—ćanhiwaya, ćanhimayan.
- ćan-hlo'-ġa, n. T. hollow stalks, sunflowers.
- ćan-ho'-tka, n. a kind of small bush: ćanhotka hu.
- ćan-ho'-tka, adj. frosty, covered with frost.
- ćan-hpan', n. the coot or water-hen.
- ćan-hpi' and ćan'-hpi, n. war-club, tomahawk.
- ćan-hu'-na-ptan, n. (ćan and hunaptan) the side of a hill covered with trees.
- ć a n'-i-b a k s e, n. (ćan and baksa) a saw, hand or cross-cut saw. Seef cinbakse. f can wake.

- ćan-ha'-ha-ke, n. a vertebra, a | ćan'-i-ća-kan, n. (ćan and kakan) an adze, a broad-ax, any instrument used in hewing or adzing.
 - something to split wood kasdeća) with, a wedge.
 - ća n'-i-ća-źi-pe, n. (ćan and kaa drawing-knife; a plane. See ćanwićazipe.

 - \acute{e} a η' \acute{e} \acute{e} e , n. drift-wood.
 - ćan'-in-kpa, the ends of. n. branches, buds. See ćinkpa.
 - ćan'-in-tpa, n. buds. Same as ćaninkpa.
 - ća n'-i-pa-be, n. (ćan and paman) a wood-rasp. T., ćanjpame.
 - ćan'-i-pa-kin-za, n. (ćan and pakinza) a fiddle
 - ćaŋ-i'-ya-li-pi, n. T. a ladder; stairs.
 - ć a n'-i-ya-ma-ni-pi, n. (ćan and amani) pieces of wood to walk on, a ladder, stairs or steps, a bridge.
 - $\epsilon a \eta' i y u b e$, n. ($\epsilon a \eta$ and $\epsilon u b e$) man) a wood-rasp. See canipabe.
 - ćan-i'-yu-hlo-ka, n. T. an auger, gimlet.
 - ća n'-i-y u-m ni, n. (ćan and yumni) an auger; a gimlet. See ćinyu-T., ćaniyuhomni.
 - $\epsilon a \eta' i y u s d o h e$, n. ($\epsilon a \eta a n d$ a sled, a sleigh. vusdohan) ćanwiyusdohe. T., ćanwoslohan.
 - ć a n i' y u s k i t a w o h n a ka-pi, n. T. a basket.
 - ćan'-i-yu-ta-pi, n. a cord of wood.

- a measure for wood, a square or rule.
- ćan-i'-yu-wi, n. curly wood, a vine. See ćanwiyuwi.
- ćan-ka', n. a fire-steel.
- ćaŋ-ka'-ġa, n. a log, any large piece of wood on the ground.
- ćan-ka'-ģi-ća, n. touchwood, spunk.
- ćan-ka'-hu, n. (ćanka and hu) the spine or backbone, the vertebræ.
- ć a n k a h' o n p a , v. a. (ćankaga and oppa) to lay or place logs to walk on, to bridge.
- ćan-kah'-on-pa-pi, n. logslaid to walk on, a bridge: inyan ćankahonpapi, a stone bridge.
- ćan-ka'-hpa-hpa, n. shingles; i. q. ćanbakpa.
- ćan'-ka-i-de, v. to make wood blaze by rubbing: of can and kaide.
- ćan'-ka-i-de-pi, n. matches.
- ćan-ka'-kin-za, v. n. to swing and creak, as trees in the wind.
- ćan-ka'-sun-ta, n. (ćanka and sunta) the spinal marrow. T., cankaslute.
- ćan-ka'-śka, v. (ćan and kaśka) to bind wood together; to inclose with wood, to fortify—ćanwakaska; ćankaśka yanka, to be fortified. T., canivakaska.
- ćan-ka'-śka-pi, n. a fence, a fortification. See ćonkaške.
- ćan-ka'-śko-kpa, n. (can and kaśkokpa) wood hewed out, a trough.
- ćan-ka'-śko-tpa, n. Same as ćankaskokpa.

- ćan'-i-yu-te, n. (ćan and iyuta) | ćan'-ka-wa-ći-pi, n. (ćan and kawaći) a top.
 - ćan'-ka-źi-pa, v. to shave or plane wood.
 - ćan-ka'-źi-pe, n. (ćan and kaźipa) a carpenter.
 - éan-ke', adv. or adverbial conjunction used by Ihanktonwan and Titonwan; because; therefore, i. q., nakaeś: osni ćanke wahi śni, I came not because it was cold, J. P. W.; and so; and then; hence, therefore: sometimes it is equivalent to nakaeś, sometimes to heon, and sometimes to hehan; the idea of time is often involved as well as of It connects two complete sentences, and makes one subordinate to the other. T. L. R.
 - ćan-ke'-da-ka, adv. therefore: waniyetu ćankedaka osni, it is winter, therefore it is cold. T., ćankelaka.
 - ćan-ko'-pa, n. T. the back, as of a book.
 - can-ko'-ye, n. the parts along the back. T., ćankohan.
 - ćan-ko'-ve-śin, n. the fat along the back and sides.
 - ćan-ko'-źu-ha, n. (ćanka and oźuha) a tobacco-pouch or bag, so called because they carry in it their flint and steel; a medicine-bag.
 - éan-kpe', n. the tibia; the bone in the hind leg of animals below the knee; ćankpe huwakipe, the fibula. Ih., the knee-pan, the knees: atkuku ćankpe akan iyotanka, he sits on his father's knees.

- ćan-kpe'-ća-ka, n. one who is furious; i. q. tuwe ohitiićida kin.
- ćaŋ-ksi', v. n. to be angry, irritated—ćaŋwaksi.
- ćan-ksi-ksi, v. red. of ćanksi. ćan-ksi-ksi-ka, n. one who is petulant.
- ćan-ksi'-ksi-ya, adv. red. of ćanksiya.
- ćan-ksi'-ksi-ze-ća, adj. petulant, irritable.
- éan-ksi'-ya, adv. angrily, in a petulant manner.
- ćan-ksi'-ya-han, adv. crossly. ćan-kù', n. a road, way, path, trail.
- éan-ku'-lu-za-han, n. T. a railroad. See duzahan.
- éan-ku'-ya, v. to make for a road, have for a road—éankuwaya.
- ć a n k u' y e, n. a row, as of corn, etc.
- can-ku'-ye-ton, v. to be in rows or furrows.
- ćan-ku'-ye-ton-ton, v. to make rows or furrows, as a plough ćankuyetonton aya.
- éan ku'-ye-ton-ton-yan, adv. in rows or furrows.
- éan-ma'-ko-pa-za, n. wood, trees. The sacred name.
- 6aŋ'-mi-ni-6a-źo, n. a sawyer in the river.
- éan-mi'-ni-yu-ha, n. a wooden water-holder, a wooden buchet, waterbucket.
- ćan-na', n. See ćana, the better orthography.

- ćaŋ'-na-haŋ, adv. when, at such time, as; wetu ćannahan maga ahdi ećee, when it is spring, the geese return; i. q., ćinnahan.
- can-na'-ksa, n. a war-club, i. q.
 canhpi; perhaps, a club broken off
 with the foot.
- éan-nan', adv. out from the shore, in the middle of the river: paéannan iyeya, to shove off a boat.
- éan-nan'-tki-ya, adv. out from the shore, towards the middle of a stream.
- éan-nan'-wa-pa, adv. out from the shore, further out.
- ćan-ni'-ki-ya, v. n. to be angry. See ćanniyan.
- éan n i' yan, v. n. to be angry éanmaniyan, éanniniyan, éanunniyanpi.
- éan-ni'-ye-ki-éi-ya-pi, v. to be angry with one another. As a noun, anger, malice.
- ćan-ni'-ye-ki-ya, v.a. to make angry—ćanniyewakiya.
- ćan n i' y e y a, v. a. to be angry at, offended with—canniyewaya, ćanniyeyaya, ćanniyeunyanpi, ćanniyećiya, ćanniyemayaya.
- 6 an ni' ye ya pi, n. an object of anger; anger.
- \mathfrak{E} a \mathfrak{g} \mathfrak{g} o \mathfrak{g}' \mathfrak{g} a , v. See \mathfrak{E} cannumpa.
- can-no'-ma-slo-ye, n. T. pewter, zinc.
- éan n u m', cont. of éannunpa; éannum mani, to smoke as one walks.
- éan-nun'-pa, v. n. (éandi and unpa) to smoke tobacco: éannun-

- munpa, I smoke; ćannununpa, you smoke; ćannunkonpapi, we smoke.
- can'-o-hna-hna-ka-pi, n. (can ohna and hnaka) a coffin. T, canwognake
- éan-o'-hna-ka, n. (éan and ohnaka) a trunk, box. See éan-wohnaka
- ćan-o'-hlo-ka, n. T. a hollow tree.
- éan-o'-i-ya-li-pi, n. T. stairs in a house.
- é a n o' ka h p a h p a, n. (éan and kahpa) chips. T., éanokpan.
- Can-o'-na, n. p. a family or clan of the Yanktonais Dakotas: the same as the Wazikute. The story is that long ago, some young men practiced shooting at a pine tree; whence the name Wazikute. And as they learned to hit the mark, they earned the name of Can-o-na, Wood-hitters.
- 6 a ŋ o' p a m n a , n. sprouts growing up round a stump.
- éan-o'-pi-ye, n. (éan and opiye) a dressing-case, a work-box. See éanwopiye. T., a trunk.
- 6 an o'-ti-dan, n. the Dakota god of the woods—an unknown animal said to resemble a man, which the Dakotas worship; the monkey.
- ćan'-o-to-źa, n. (ćan and toźa) a round stick.
- ćan'-o-wan-ća-ya, n. wood all over, i. e., a forest
- éan-pa', n. choke-cherries, of the genus prunus. T., éanpakakan.

- \mathfrak{C} an pa' g m i g m a, n. T. See canpahmihma.
- $6a\eta pa' gmi ya\eta$, n. T. a wagon.
- éan-pa'-hmi-kma, n. (éan and pahmihma) a cart, wagon, any vehicle.
- 6 a η p a' h m i h m a h u n o η p a,
 n. a cart, two-wheeled carriage
- ćan-pa'-hmi-hma hu-to-pa, n. a wagon, a four-wheeled carriage.
- éan-pa'-hu, n. choke-cherry bushes. éan-pa'-kin, v. (éan and pakin) to set up a stick in the ground to point the way one is going—éanwapakin. T., wasabgle.
- éan-pa'-kin, n. the stick thus set up pointing the direction one has gone. T., a tree bent over.
- ćaŋ-pa'-kiŋ-za, v. (ćaŋ and pakiŋza) to play on the violin—ćaŋwapakiŋza.
- $6a\eta pa' ki\eta za pi$, n. a violin. $6a\eta pa' kmi kma$, n. Ih. See
- ćanpahmihma.
- ćan-pa'-kmi-yan, n. Ih. a wagon.
- éan-pa'-ksa, n. (éan pa and ksa) a stump.
- éan-pa'-mna, n. the bunch of sprouts that grow at the root of a tree or stump. See éanopamna.
- éan-pa'-nmi-nma, n. Mdewa.
 See éanpahmihma.
- 6an-pa'-sa-pa-wi, n. (canpa sapa and wi) the moon when chokecherries are black, August.

- ćan-pa'-sla-ta, v. T. to set posts.
- éan-pa'-sla-te, n. T. a post.
- ćan pe' śka, adv. on the knees: ćanpeśka makehdaya inaźin, to stand on one's knees, i. e., to kneel.
- can-pteh', adv. well, very well: canpteh sdonya, to know a thing well; canpteh anagoptan.
- ćan-pteh'-ya, adv. well.
- 6an sa' ka dan, n. (6an and saka) a switch, a twig, a rod.
- ćan-san', n. a pillory; a pole.
- ć a n s a n' s e, adv. quickly, in haste. See ćanćanse.
- ćan-ska', n. the mulberry tree.
- 6 an s-mna', adj. unpleasant to the taste, as lean meat, i. q. mazamna sececa.
- éaŋ-su', n. (éaŋ and su) hickorynuts, hickory-wood.
- ćan su' hu, n. the hickory-tree, the walnut of New England; Carya alba.
- ć a n' s u s b e ć a , n. (ćan and susbeća) a wooden cross. See susbeća. T., ćankaićiyopteya.
- ćan-śa'-śa, n the bark which the Dakotas mix with their tobacco for smoking. This they take from two or three bushes, one a species of dogwood and the others species of willow.
- éan-śa'-śa-hin-éa-ke, n. a species of cornus or dogwood, the bark of which is considered the best for smoking.
- ćan-śin', adj. cont. of ćanteśica.

- T. to set | can sin' ya, adv. sorrowfully.
 - éan-śin', n. (éan and śin) the gum or resin that oozes from trees, pitchplaster; the pitch pine-tree, from which the gum oozes.
 - éan-śin'-éa-lipu, n. a small species of bird.
 - éan-śin'-śin-na, n. a plant from which gum oozes when it is broken off; perhaps a species of camomile. T., éanśinśinla.

 - éan-śka'-wan-mdi-dan, n. a species of kite or eagle.
 - $6 a \eta s k e' d u t a$, n. the red bird. T., s keluta.
 - ćaŋ-śko'-kpa, n. T. a wagon-bed. ćaŋ-śu'-śka, n. (ćaŋ and śuśka) the box-elder, Acer negundo. See taśkadaŋ.
 - ćant-a'-hde, v. a. (ćante and ahde) to desire, wish for, set the heart upon; especially, to set the heart on for evil, determine evil against one—ćantawahde, ćantayahde, ćantaunhdepi, ćantaćihde.
 - éant-a'-hde-pi, n. a determining evil against. T., éantaglepi.
 - éant-a'-hde-ya, v. a. to cause to set the heart against—éantahdewaya. T., éantagleya.
 - ćan-te', n. the heart of men and animals; the seat of the affections: ćante yukan, to have a heart, to be kindly disposed; ćante wanića, to have no heart; mićante, my heart: also the eye of corn, the germinating part of seeds.

- ćaŋ-te'-a-sni, v. n. to recover from anger or sorrow—ćaŋteamasni.
- ćaŋ-te'-a-sni-yaŋ, v. a. to cause to recover from sorrow—ćaŋteasniwaya.
- ć a n t e' e n a i, v. to take to heart, be displeased—ćanteenawai.
- ćaŋ-te'-en-yu-za, v. to have or hold in the heart, to esteem—ćaŋteenmduza.
- ć a ŋ t e' h a h a d a ŋ, adj. quicktempered—ćaŋtemahahadaŋ. See ćanhahadaŋ.
- ć a ŋ t e' h a h a y e d a ŋ , adj. quick-tempered, irascible T., ćaŋtehahayela.
- ćaŋ-te'-hni-yaŋ-yaŋ, v.n. to be disturbed, or distressed, as when one's food hurts him—ćaŋtemahniyaŋyaŋ.
- ć a n t e' i k i ć u n, v. to sustain oneself, have command over oneself; to be resolute; i. q. śagićiya—ćanteiwećun.
- ćaŋ-te'-i-ki-ćuŋ-yaŋ, adv. resolutely, restraining one's self.
- ćan-te'-ka-ze, v. n. to be distressed, as when one is thirsty while eating—ćantemakaze.
- 6 a n t e' k i 6 i 6 i y a p i, n. loving each other. See cantekiya.
- ć a n t e' k i ć u n, v. See ćanteikićun.
- ć aŋ-te'-ki-ya, v. a. to love, have an interest in or affection for, which prompts to benevolent acts—ćaŋtewakiya, ćaŋteyakiya, ćaŋteuŋkiyapi, ćaŋtećićiya, ćaŋtemayakiya.

- ćaŋ-te'-ki-ya-pi, n. love, be-nevolence; one loved.
- éan-te'-ki-yu-za, v.a. to hold in the heart for good or ill; to have an opinion of, whether good or bad: tanyan éantewakiyuza, I hold him in my heart for good.
- ćan-te'-o-ki-ću-ni-ća, v. n. to be offended; i. q. ćanteptanyan: ćanteowećunića, I am angry at.
- ćan-te'-o-ki-ću-nin, cont. of ćanteokićunića. T., ćanteokićunil.
- ć a ŋ t e' o k i ć u n i n y a , v. a. to offend, make angry by opposition—ćanteokićuninwaya.
- é a ŋ t e' o ŋ ś i k a, adj. lowspirited—ćaŋteoŋmaśika.
- ćaŋ-te'-o-yu-ze, n. inclination, intention. See ćaŋteoze.
- ćan-te'-o-ze, n. the way the heart is affected, mind, thought, purpose—mićanteoze.
- ćan-te'-o-ze-ya, adv. with the whole heart. T., ćanteoyusya.
- ćan-te'-ptan-yan, v. n. to be angry, be in a passion—ćantemaptanyan, ćanteniptanyan.
- from this comes wo canteptanye, anger, wrath.
- ćan-te'-ptan-ye-ya, v. a. to make angry, to provoke—ćanteptanyewaya.
- ćan-te'-ske-pa, v. n. to have the heart pass away; to be surfeited, sick. See ćanskepa.
- éan-te'-so-so-pi-se-éa, v. n. to be terrified, miserable, have the

- heart cut into strings as it were ćantemasosopiseća. See soso.
- 6 a n t e' s u t a , v. n. to be firm of heart; to be brave, not cowardly cantemasuta.
- ćan te' śi ća, v. n. to be sad, sorrowful—ćantemaśića, ćanteniśića, ćanteniśića, ćanteniśića,
- éan-te'-śi-éa-ya, adv. sadly, sorrowfully.
- ć a n t e' ś i n y a, v. a. to make sad, sadden—ćanteśinwaya.
- ć a n t e' ś i n y a, adv. sorrowfully. T., ćanteśilya.
- ćan-te'-śin-ya-ken, adv. sadly.
- ć a ŋ-t e'- t i ŋ s-y a, v.a. to strengthen the heart, encourage—ćantetinswaya.
- éan-te'-tins-ya, adv. courageously.
- $6a\eta te' ti\eta za$, v. n. to be firm of heart, courageous— $6a\eta tematinza$.
- ćan-te'-wa-ni-ća, v. n. to be heartless, unprincipled, mean, wicked—ćantemanića.
- ć a n t e' w a ś t e, v. n. to be glad, cheerful, jouful—ćantemawaśte.
- ćan-te'-wa-śte-ya, v. n. to make glad, gladden—ćantewastewaya
- éan-te'-wa-ste-ya, adv. joyfully, cheerfully.
- é a n t e' y a s i é a, v. a. to make sad by talking to, to dishearten—éantemdasiéa.
- ćan-te'-ya-śni-śni-źa, v. n.

 T. to have a tickling in the throat.
- éan-te'-ya-tins, cont. of canteyatinza.

- éan-te'-ya-tin-za, v. a. to cheer up by words; to comfort, strengthen—cantemdatinza.
- éan-te'-ya-wa-śte, v. a. to make happy by words—éantemdawaśte.
- can-te'-ya-zan, v. n. T. to be heart-sick; to be very hungry.
- ćaŋ-te'-yu-kaŋ, v. n. to have a heart, be benevolent—ćaŋtemayukaŋ, ćaŋteniyukaŋ.
- éan-te'-yu-za, v. n. to think, form an opinion—éantemduza: to-ken éanteduza he, what is your opinion?
- ćant-i'-ća-spe-ya, v. a. to satisfy the desires of the heart, whether good or bad; to gratify one's desires—ćantićaspewaya. T., ćantićanpteya.
- éant-i'-he-ya, v. a. to set the heart upon, to desire very much, covet—éantihewaya, éantiheyaya, éantiheunyanpi.
- ćant-in'-yun, adv. voluntarily. ćant-i'-ya-hde, v.n. to be angry, meditate evil—ćantiyamahde. T., ćantiyagle.
- éant-i'-ya-hde-pi, n. malice, anger. See woćantiyahde.
- ćant-i'-ya-hde-ya, v.a. to be angry at; to make angry—ćantiya-hdewaya.
- $\text{cant-i'-ya-hde-ya}, \quad adv. \quad an-grily.$
- cant-i'-yo-zi, v. n. to get over one's anger—cantiyomazi.
- cant-ka'-spe-ya, v. n. to be

- provoked, be emulous; to relieve one's self, gratify one's desires—cantkaspewaya. See canticaspeya.
- ćant-ki'-ya, v. See ćantekiya. ćant-o'-ću-ni-ća, v. n. to be irri-
- tated, angry See canteokićunica. ćant-o'-ću-nin-ya, v. a. to
- make ashamed or angry—ćantoćuninwaya.
- éant-o'-gan, n. the pericardium. éant-o'-ge, n. (éante and oge) the pericardium.
- ćant-o'-gin, n. the pericardium.
- ćant-o'-hnag-ya, v. a. to cause to place in the heart—ćantohnag-waya. T., ćantognagya.
- éant-o'-hnag-ya, adv. in a loving manner.
- éant-o'-hna-ka, v.a. (éante and ohnaka) to place in the affections, to love—éantowahnaka, éantounhnakapi.
- ćant-o'-hna-ka-pi, n. love.
- ćantohnaka; to place in one's heart—ćantowakihnaka.
- ćan t-o'-kpa-ni, v. a. (ćante and okpani) to desire, long for anything—ćantowakpani, ćantounkpanipi.
- cause to long for—cantokpaniwaya.
- ćan t-o'-k pa-ni-yan, adv. longing for.
- ćant-o'-tpa-ni, v. Same as ćantokpani.
- ćant-o'-tpa-ni-yan, adv. longing for.

- éant-o'-źu-ha, n. T. a tobacco bag.
- éan-un'-kée-mna, n. the root of the honeysuckle.
- é a n u n' p a , v. n. to smoke tobacco. See éannunpa.
- éan wan' ka, adj. weak-hearted, cowardly. See éanwanka.
- $\text{\'ean-wan'-ka-la}, \quad adj. \quad T. \quad cow-ardly.$
- $6a\eta wa\eta' zi la wa ta, n.$ The a log canoe.
- ćan wa' pa, n. leaves, small branches.
- ćan-wa'-po-śbe, n. thick leaves or foliage, full leaf, said of the woods after the leaves come to their growth and until they fall off. T., ćanwapewoheśma.
- ćan wap' ton wi, n. the moon in which the leaves are green, answering to May. Some say ćanwapatowi T., ćanwapenablećawi
- ćan-wa'-ta, n. a log canoe; a skiff.
- éan-wa'-ta-tan-ka, n. a boat or barge.
- ćan wi'-ća-źi-pe, n. a drawing-knife.
- ćaŋ-wi'-ći-hu-pa, n. sticks to carry a dead person on, a bier. T., ćanwićakiyuha.
- éan-wi'-du-du-ta, n. wood with which red or scarlet is dyed, logwood. T., éanwilulye.
- ϵ an wi' du ta, n. logwood.
- ćan-wi-pa-snon, n. a spit or stick to roast meat on.

- ćan-wi-sku-ye, n. a sweetsmelling shrub; the honeysuckle.
- éan-wi'-ta, n. a little grove or island of trees.
- ćan w i'- ya pe, n. (ćan and iyape) a grape vine; any twining vine. T., ćunwiyape: also grapes.
- ćaŋ-wi'-ya-wa, n. T. a counting stick.
- éan-wi'-yu-sdo-he, n. a sleigh or sled of any kind; sometimes a wagon. T., éanwiyuslohan.
- ćan w i' y u te, n a wood measurer, a cord stick.
- ćan wi' yu wi, n. curled wood, i. e. a vine.
- ćan wo' hna ka, n. a trunk, box. T., ćanwognaka.
- ćaŋ-wo'-ka-źi-pe, n. shavings. ćaŋ-wo'-sdo-he, n. a sled. T., ćaŋwoslohaŋ.
- éan-yag', cont. of éanyaka: éanyag yanka, to be groaning in pain: éanyag ayanpa, to groan all night until the morning—éanyag amayanpa.
- ćan ya'-ka, v. n. to be heart sick, to groan. T., ćanblaka, ćanlaka, ćanunyakapi; ćanyaka yanka, to be groaning.
- é a n z e', v. n. to be incensed, angry.
- éan-ze'-ka, adj. T. angry.
- ćan-ze'-ya, v.a. to make angry. See ćanzeya.
- ćaŋ-zi', n. yellow wood, i. e. sumac. ćaŋ-źa'-ta, n. a forked stick, a hay-fork.
- \acute{c} a o' ki \acute{t} a, \emph{v} . \emph{n} . \emph{T} . to sob.

- a sweet- ća'-pa, n. the beaver. Ćápa wauckle. kpa, Beaver Creek.
 - éa-p'a', v. a. to thrust into, as a knife—éawap'a.
 - ća pong' i ću wa, n. (ćaponka and kuwa) a mosquito-bar. T., ćapongwokeya.
 - éa-pon'-ka, n. the mosquito, mosquitoes.
 - éa-pta'-he-za, n. (éapa ta and haza) the black current, Ribes floridum. See taptaheza.
 - ća-pu'-ta, n. alder-berries.
 - ća-pu'-ta-hu, n. the alnus or alder-tree.
 - ća-ske', n. the name of the first-born child, if a son—ćamaske, ćaniske.
 - ća-ske', v. T. to take by mistake, as in supposing a thing was intended for him, when it was meant for another—ćawaske.
 - ća-smu', n. sand; i. q. wiyaka.
 - ća-smu'-smu, red. of ćasmu; sandy, much sand.
 - ćaś-ki'-ton, v. pos. of ćaśton; to give a name to one's own—ćaśwa-kiton.
 - ć a ś t o ŋ', v. a. to name, give a name to—ćaśwaton, ćaśyaton, ćaśuntonpi.
 - ćaś-toŋ'-pi, part. named.
 - ć a'-ta, n. hard ashes, cinders.
 - éa-tan', n. the name of the fourth child, if a son—éamatan, éanitan.
 - ća-tka', n. the left hand: mićatka and maćatka, my left hand; nićatka, thy left hand.
 - ć a t k a', adj. left-handed ćamatka, ćanitka.

- ća-tka'-taŋ-haŋ, adv. at the left hand—mićatkataŋhaŋ.
- ca-tku', n. the back part of a tent or house, the part opposite the door; the place of honor.
- ća-tkun', adv. at the back of a house or tent: ćatkun iyaya wo, go to the back part of the house. T., ćatkul.
 - éa-tku'-ta, adv. at the back of the tent.
 - éa-tku'-tan-han, adv. at the back part of a tent.
 - ća-źe', n. a name; maćaźe, my name.
 - ća-źe'-hdan, cont. of ćaźehdata; in the name of one's own. T., ćaźeglal.
 - ća-źe'-hda-ta, v. pos. of ćaźeyata; to call one's own by name ćaźewahdata.
 - ća-źe'-i-hda-ta, v. reflex. to speak one's own name—ćaźemihdata.
 - $\acute{\mathbf{c}}$ a $\acute{\mathbf{z}}$ e' $\acute{\mathbf{k}}$ a $\acute{\mathbf{g}}$ a, v. T. to name, make a name for.
 - ća-źe'-ki-ya-ta, v. to mention or speak of anything to one—ćaźewakiyata, ćazećićiyata.
 - ća-źe'-yan, cont. of ćaźeyata; in the name of.
 - ć a ź e'- y a ta, v. a. (ćaźe and yata) to call by name, speak the name of a person or thing, mention by name—ćaźemdata, ćaźedata, ćaźeunyatapi; ćaźemayadata, thou speakest my name.
 - će, a particle. It is commonly used at the end of a sentence or paravol. VII——7

- graph, when a general truth is expressed, or a common course of action mentioned; also, when reference is made to what is past, especially in quoting the words of another or one's own. See ca and cee. T. interrogative for ci, which see.
- će, n. the penis-maće, niće.
- će-a'-kton, or će-ag'-ton, v. T. to make a bridge—ćeagwaton.
- će-a'-kton-pi, n. abridge. See ćeyaka.
- će-blo'-hu, n. T. the collar bone.
- é e-é a', n. the thigh; the cock of a gun; mazakan éeéa, the breech of a gun.
- će-ća'-kaŋ-taŋ-ka, n. the femoral artery.
- će-ća'-o-wa-gle, n. T. the femur bone, the hip-joint.
- će-ćo'-ktan-ktan, adj. bandylegged.
- će-ću n'-te, n. the thigh-bone, femur.
- ée-éuŋt'-o-śtaŋ, n. the neck or head of the femur, the articulation of the femur. T., éetuŋtośtaŋ.
- ć e d i', n. a reed-like grass with long joints.
- će-di'-ćo-tan-ka, n. a large kind of reed.
- će-di'-hu, n. the reed stalk.
- ć e e', a particle. For its definition, see će.
- ćeg, cont. of ćeka. See ćegya.
- ćeg'-ya, adv. of ćeka; stumblingly.
- će'-ġa, n. a kettle, pot; a-pail, bucket.

- će'-ġa-hu-ha-toŋ-na, n. iron kettle with feet.
- će'-ġa-i-ha, n. the lid or cover for a kettle or bucket.
- će'-ġa-i-hu-pa-haŋ-śka, a frying-pan; long-handled kettle.
- će'-ġa-i-hu-pa-ton, n. a kettle, or bucket with a bail. T., ćeġaikanton.
- će'-ġa-i-pśuŋ-ka-daŋ, n. sauce-pan; a kettle with a small mouth.
- će-ġan'-stin-na, n. (ćeġa and a small kettle or bucket. ćistinna) T., ćeģisćila.
- će'-ga-psun-ka-dan, n. sauce-pan.
- će'-ġa-ska, n. a white tin kettle.
- će-ġa'-te-zi-ton-na, n. a teakettle, any kettle that bulges in the middle.
- će-gin'-stin-na, n. See ćeganstinna. T., ćeģisćila.
- $\dot{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{e} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}$, v. n. to fry, as meat.
- $\dot{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{e} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}, v. a.$ to fry meat ćeġuġuwaya.
- će-h be'-ća, n. a kind of nuts which the Dakotas take from the deposits made by ground-squirrels or mice. A very small root, in size and shape resembling a pea, collected by mice and eaten by the Dakotas.
- će h n a g', cont. of ćehnake.
- će-hnag'-ki-ton, v. to put on or wear a breech-cloth.
- će-hna'-ke, n. a breech-cloth, a piece of cloth worn around the loins by Dakota men. T, ćegnake. | će-kće'-ka, v. n. to stagger, reel.

- $an \mid \acute{c}e h n a' k e k i t o n, v.$ on and wear a breech-cloth-éehnakewakiton. T., ćegnakekiton.
 - će-hu'-pa, n. the under jaw.
 - će-hu'-pa-hda-hda, v. n. chatter, as the teeth on account of cold—ćehupawahdahda. T., ćehupaglagla.
 - ćeh, cont. of ćeġa; ćeh sapa, a black kettle; ćeh ska, a white kettle.
 - ćeh and ećeh, adv. times: noppa ćeh nonpa, twice two.
 - ćeh-hu'-ha-ton, n. a kettle having legs.
 - ćeh-i'-kan, n. T. a kettle-bail.
 - ćehin, adv. just so much, that alone: he cehin mduha, I have that alone. T., ećelahćin.
 - ćeh-na'-ġi, n. (ćeġa and naġi) soot; dead coals.
 - ćeh-o'-ki-hde-ton, n. a kettle, such as a tea-kettle. T., ćehokiyeton.
 - će-hpi', n. flesh, muscular fiber mićehpi.
 - ćeh-pśuŋ'-ka, n. T. a pail small at the top and large at the bottom.
 - ćeh-po', n. the steam of a kettle.
 - ćeh-un', v. See ćehunka.
 - ćeh-un'-ka, v. n. to be the object of anger—ćehwaunka.
 - ćeh-wo'-ho-ta, n. T. a low, wide kettle.
 - ć e' k a, v. n. to stagger—maćeka.
 - će-kćeg, cont. of ćekćeka.
 - $\acute{e} k \acute{e} e g' y a$, adv. staggeringly, reeling: ćekćegya mani.

- će-ki'-ća-ti, v. of ćeti; to make a fire for one—ćewećati, ćeyećati.
- ć e ki' ć i ti, v. of ćeti; to make a fire for one—ćewećiti, ćeyećiti, ćeunkićitipi.
- ć e'-ki-ći-ya, v. of ćekiya; to pray or supplicate for another—ćewećiya, ćeyećiya, ćeunkićiyapi; ćemiyećiya, thou prayest for me.
- će-ki'-ti-pi, n. a feast, of which virgins and men who have not known women are said to partake; i. q. wimna śni.
- će'-ki-ya, v. of ćeya; to pray to, beseech, entreat—ćewakiya, ćeya-kiya, ćeunkiyapi, ćećićiya; ćeunnićiyapi, we pray you.
- će-kpa', n. the navel; a twin: će-kpapi, twins—maćekpa.
- ćem-će'-pa, adj. red. of ćepa; fat.
- ć e m k i' y a, v. a. pos. of ćemya; to fatten one's own—ćemwakiya, ćemunkiyapi.
- ć e m y a', v.a. to make fat, fatten ćemwaya.
- ćem-ya', adv. fatly; liberally.
- ćem-ya'-pi, part. fatted.
- ćen, adv. about, nearly: wikćemna ćen, about ten. T., ćel.
- ć e o m', cont. of ćeoppa. T., ćeob.
- ée-on'-pa, v. a. to roast, as corn on the cob, or as potatoes in the ashes—éewaonpa. See éeunpa.
- ć e' pa, adj. fat—maćepa, nićepa, unćepapi.
- će'-paŋ-śi, n. Ih., i. q., ićepaŋ.

- će-pće'-pa, adj. red. of ćepa. See also ćemćepa.
- će-sdi', n. the dung of man or animals. T., ćesli; i. q. tunkće.
- će-sdi', v. n. to dung—ćewasdi, ćeyasdi.
- \acute{c} e s d i' o \acute{s} a k a , v. n. to be foul, as a gun or pipe-stem. T., \acute{c} esliosaka.
- će-sli'-ślo-ślo, v.n. T. to have diarrhæa.
- ćeś, conj. although. Same as keś.
- će-śka', n. the part of the breast near the collar-bone.
- će-śki'-ća-te, n. the collar-bone, clavicle. T., ćeblohu
- će-śki'-kaŋ, n. (ćeśka and ikaŋ)

 Ih. a button.
- će-śki'-yu-tan, n. T. suspenders; i. q., śina kan.
- će-śko'-hdo-ka, n. the hollow place in the throat by the collar-bone.
- će-śpu', n. a wart, a scab: hoćeśpu, fish-scales.
- će-tan', n. the chicken-hawk, the pigeon-hawk,
- će-ta'-ta, adv. T. in the center of a lodge, near the fire.
- će-te', n. the bottom of a vessel.
- će-te'-ta, adv. at the bottom; in the center of a lodge, near the fire.
- ée-te'-ta-he-dan, n. a standing on the bottom; a saucer.
- će-ti', v. a. to build a fire, make a fire—ćewati, ćeyati, ćeuntipi.
- ć e t o' w e d a ŋ, adv. less than half full, having a little in. T., će-teyela.

- će-to'-we-ta, adv. having a little in, as a vessel. T., ćetetala.
- će'-tu, adv. then, so much, just so.
- će-tun'-te, n. T. the thigh bone: i. q. ćećunte.
- ć e t u n' h d a , v. a. to doubt, disbelieve—ćetunwahda, ćetunyahda, ćetununhdapi, ćetunćihda. T., ćetungla.
- će-tun'-hda-ya, v.a. to cause to doubt—ćetunhdawaya.
- će-um', cont. of ćeunpa.
- će-uŋ'-pa, v.a. to roast, as corn by the fire, or as potatoes in the ashes—ćewaunpa. See ćeonpa.
- ćeya, yaćeya, unćeyapi; wićaćeya, weeping. From this word comes ćekiya, to cry to, pray.
- će-ya'-ka, n. a dam, anything that stops the water. Inyan ćeyaka, the Little Rapids.
- će-ya'-ka-ka-ġa-pi, n. a milldam.
- će-ya'-ka-ta, n. mint, the generic name of mints. T., ćeyaka.
- će'-ya-o-ki-ṭa-ṭa, v. to sob.
- će'-ye-kta-kta, v. to cry sobbingly—waćeyektakta.
- će'-ye-na-ka, v. n. T. to twitch under the eyes or about the mouth ćeyemanaka.
- će-ye'-ni-yan, v. to cryout aloud. će-źi', n. the tongue—mićeźi: ćeźi nonpa, double-tongued; ćeźi źata, forked-tongued, deceitful.
- će-źi-ni-ya, v. n. to have a sore mouth—ćeźimaniya.

- će-źiŋ', n. See će and źiŋ. će-źi'-źal-va. adv. T. deceit-
- e zi' zal ya, e zi' zal ya,
- ći, a double pronoun in composition, including the nom. I and the obj. thee.
- ći, prep in comp. for, with, in. This is used after e or i in the place of ki, as the first ći in amićićita, from akita.
- 6i, interrog. particle. This is always used at the end of a sentence, and has the force of demanding an immediate answer; as, yahi kta 6i, you will come, will you?
- 6i-6a', a. rough, frizzled, curled up.
- ći-ća', v. of ka; I mean thee.
- ći-hiŋ'-tku, n. his or her son. See ćinhintku.
- éi'-kéi-ka-dan, adj. red. of éikadan; pl. éikéikapidan.
- ć i k ć i' s t i ŋ n a , adj. red. of ćistinna; pl. ćikćistinpidan. T., ćikćisćila.
- ć i' k a d a ŋ, adj. little, very small; pl. ćikapidan—maćikadan.
- 6i'-ka-ye-dan, adv. small, pent up in a small place.
- ci-kon', adv. of time. It is used after verbs and sometimes adjectives, and marks past time, as epe cikon, I said. Where the verb or adjective immediately preceding changes a or an into e, cikon is used instead of kon. T., con.
- \(\text{in} \), \(adv. \) \(\text{cont.} \) of \(\text{cinka} \); \(\text{miye cin,} \)
 \(I \) alone.

- ćin, def. art. the. It is used in the place of kin, when the verb or adjective preceding has changed a or an into e.
- éin, v. a. to desire, want—waćin, yaćin, unćinpi.
- ćin'-a-han, conj. if. Same as ćinhan.
- éin'-ba-kse, n. a saw. See éanibakse. T., éinwakse.
- ćin-ća', n. a child; the young of animals, a whelp, cub, calf, foal—mićinća, nićinća, unkićinćapi; tuwe ćinća tanin śni, whose child is not manifest, i. e., a bastard.
- ć i n ć a' k a ġ a, v. to beget a child—ćinćawakaġa.
- éin éa' ki éi ton, v. to bear a child to or for one—éinéaweéiton, éinéamiéiton.
- Cin ca' kin ze, n. p. The Apaches.
- ćin ća' ton, v. a. to have or give birth to a child—ćinćawaton, ćinćayaton, ćinćauntonpi.
- ć i n ć a' y a, v. to have for a child, adopt as a child—ćinćawaya, ćinćamayan.
- ciny-cu, n. his elder brother. See cinye.
- éin-éun'-kpa, adj. with child, pregnant; i.q. ihdusaka.
- éin éun' tpa, adj. Same as éinéunkpa.
- éin-han', conj. if, when. Same as kinhan.
- éin-hin'-tku, n. his or her son.
- ćin'-ka, adv. voluntarily: miye

- cinka, I myself, without the suggestion or command of any one.
- ć i n' k a, v. a. to want, desire. Same as ćin—waćinka.
- ćin'-ka-han, adv. voluntarily: iye ćinkahan.
- ć i n k i' y a, v. a. to cause to desire, persuade—ćinwakiya, ćinunkiyapi.
- éin'-kpa, n. (éan and inkpa) buds; a twig; the top of a tree, end of a stick.
- ćin'-kpa-ta, adv. at the buds.
- ćin-kśi', n. a son; sometimes used for a child, whether male or female: mićinkśi, my son; unkićinkśipi, our son or our sons. Also a man's brother's son, or a woman's sister's son.
- ćin-kśi'-tku, n. his or her son.
- ćin kśi' ya, v. to have for a son, to be a father to one—ćinkśiwaya.
- ćinś, n. son, my son; used only when an address is made to the person. T., ćinkś, used by men in addressing their children, whether boys or girls; my child.
- \dot{c} in $-\dot{s}$ ka', n. T. a spoon.
- ćin-to', adv. T. yes; to be sure.
- ćin'-tpa, v. Same as ćinkpa.
- ćin'-tpa-ta, adv. Same as ćinkpata.
- ćin ya', v. a. to cause to desire, persuade—ćinwaya.
- ćin'-yan, adv. kitanna ćinyan taninyan yanka, it is but just in sight. See kitan.
- voluntarily: miye | 6 i n y e', n. a man's elder brother,

- my elder brother. Male cousins by the father's side older than oneself are also called cinye. T., ćiye.
- his elder brother. ćin-ye'-ku, n. Same as cincu. T., ćiyeku.
- éin-ye'-ya, v. to have for an elder brother—ćinyewaya.
- ćin'-yu-mni, n. an auger; a gimlet. See caniyumni.
- ći s'-ći-na, adj. Ih. small. Same as ćistinna.
- ćis-ćis'-ţin-na, adj. red. Same as ćikćistinna. T., ćisćisćila.
- ćis'-ti-la, adj. T. Same as cistinna. Also, ćisćila.
- ći'-stin, adj. small, little.
- ći'-stin-na, adj. small, littlemaćistinna, unćistinpidan.
- ći'-sti-ye-dan, adj.narrow, pent up, as a way.
- ći'-sti-ye-dan, adv. for a little while.
- ćo, v. to call, invite. See kićo.
- ćo, n. the kernel or meat of grain, seeds, etc.; co aya, to ripen, bear seed.
- ćo, intj. bang! Said of the report of a gun.
- ćo. See yućo and ayućo.
- ćo-ćo', adj. soft, as mud, opposed to tinza and suta; not well cooked, i. q. śpan śni.
- ćo-ćo'-dan, adj.
- ć o ć o' y a, adv. ćoćoya śpan, not well cooked.
- ć o' d a n, adj. destitute, without, not having, as tawiću ćodan, without a wife; bare, naked, as sicodan, bare- | co - k a n', cont. of coka and en; co-

- footed, tancodan, naked. See cokadan for the pronoun's place. Ih.,ćona.
- ćo'- ġa, adj. not neat, slovenly. See ćogeća.
- ć o' ġ e ć a, adj. slovenly, with one's clothes not well put on: maćogeća, I am slovenly.
- ćo-gin', n. the pith or core of anything.
- ćoh, adv. when.
- ćoh-wan'-źi-ća, n. the smaller kind of willow.
- ćo-ka', n. the middle. See cokaya.
- ćo-ka', adj. empty, without anything: ćoka wahdi, I have come home empty.
- ćo-ka'-daŋ, adj. naked, bare: tanéomakadan, I am without clothes: sićomakadan, I am without shoes.
- 60-ka'-dan, adv. empty, said of a cask, etc.: cokadan han. ćokana.
- ćo-ka'-hnag, cont. of ćokahnaka.
- \acute{c} o k a' h n a g y a, adv. placed in the middle. This is used by Mr. Renville for the veil of the temple.
- ćo-ka'-hna-ka, v. See ćokayahnaka. T., ćokagnaka.
- ćo-ka'-ka, v. red. of ćoka.
- ćo-ka'-ka-dan, adv. red. of ćokadan.
- \acute{c} o \mathbf{k} a m', adv. cont. of ćokata; in the midst. T., ćokal.
- ćo-kan', adv. long ago, in former times.

- kan iyeya, to shoot through the bowels. T., cokal.
- éo-kan', n. a low bottom, where are lakes or marshes. T., ćokanya.
- ćo-ka'-pa, adv. in the midst.
- éo-ka'-pa-tan-han, adv. in the inside.
- ćo-ka'-ta, n. the middle.
- ćo-ka'-ta, adv. in the middle, in the midst.
- ćo-ka'-ta-wa-pa, adv. out in the middle, as of a stream.
- ćo-ka'-ya, n. the middle.
- ćo-ka'-ya, adv. in the middle.
- 60-ka'-ya-hna-ka, v. a. (60-kaya and hnaka) to place across the middle, place in the middle—60-kayawahnaka T., 60kayagnaka.
- 60-kon', v. a. to purpose evil against, desire to take the life of one—cowakon, coyakon, counkonpi, comakon: wacokonpi, purposing evil against.
- 60-ku', n. the inside of the cuticle, the under side of the skin, the thickness or stripe of the skin; the under part of the chin.
- ćo-ķin', v. a. to roast on a spit ćowakin, ćoyakin, ćounkinpi: ćoķinpi, roasting. T., to roast on coals. ćom, cont. of ćopa.
- 6 o m n i', v. n. to be tired of staying—6omamni, conimni. See also icomni.
- 6 o m n i' h d a, v. n. to feel uneasy, become tired of staying—6 mniwahda, 6 mniunhdapi. T., i6 mnigla. 6 o - m n i' - h d a - z i, v. n. to sigh,

- groan—ćomniwahdazi, ćomniyahdazi, ćomniunhdazipi. T., ćuwiokini.
- é o m y a', v. a. of éopa; to cause to wade—éomwaya. See éopekiya.
- ćo'-na-la, adv. T. a few; i. q. tonana.
- ćo-ni'-ća, n. flesh, meat of any kind; the meat or kernel of grain; the wood that grows inside of the sap; waćonića, dried meat.
- ćon, for ćan. See ćontanka.
- ćoŋ-ćoŋ'-se, adv. See ćaŋćaŋse.
- ćoŋ'-ka-śke, n. a fence, an inclosure; a fort.
- éon'-kin, n. a backload of wood; i. e., as much as a woman could carry on her back.
- éon'-kin-ta, n. any place where they go for wood
- ćon'-na-kde, n. Ih. a ladder.
- ćoŋ'-pe-śka, n. glue. The Dakotas generally obtain it by boiling buffalo heads, and use it in fastening on the points of their arrows.
- é o n' s m a, n. (éan and osma) dense woods, forest. T., éonwohesma.
- éon'-tan-ka, n. (éan and tanka) high wood, groves of timber.
- con'-te-hi, n. (can and otehi) thick woods
- co-pa', v. a. to wade, go in the water—cowapa, coyapa, couppapi.
- ćo-pe'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to wade—ćopewakiya.
- ćos, cont. of ćoza.
- ćos a', adv. warmly, comfortably ćosa manka.

- ćos-ćo'-za, adj. red. of ćoza.
- ćos-ya', v. a. to cause to warm—
 ćoswaya; ćosićiya, to warm one's
 self—ćosmićiya; to put out to dry,
 as cooked victuals; to dry and
 smoke, as meat.
- ćos-ya', adv. warmly.
- ćos-ya'-ken, adv. in a warm state T., ćosyakel.
- ć o' t a ŋ k a, n. (ćo and taŋka) a fife, flute, any wind instrument.
- ćo-ton', adj. (ćo and ton) ripe mature.
- ćo'-wa-he, n. a scaffold, such as the Indians make to dry corn on.
- 60-wo'-he, n. the belly, lower part of the abdomen.
- ćo-wo'-he-a-ka-hpe, n. (ćo-wohe and akahpe) an apron.
- ćo-ya', v. n. to ripen, as grain, etc. T., ćo aya.
- ćo-ya'-pi, n. harvest.
- ć o'-za, adj. warm, comfortable, used both in regard to persons and things, as clothing, houses, etc.—maćoza, nićoza, unćozapi.
- ću, n. dew: ću śma, heavy dew.
- ću-ću'-śte, n. the side below the ribs, the flank.
- ć u h ć i n', adv. T. Used with personal pronouns, miye, niye, etc.; sometimes with a numeral, but never alone, as niye ćuhćin ećon wo, do it yourself.
- éu'-kéan, n. a kind of duck.
- éu-kéan'-pa-gi, n. a duck about the size of a mallard, with a gray head and white breast.

- éu-kéaŋ'-pa-sa-pa, n. a species of duck, with a black head and neck.
- ć u k ć a ŋ' t a h u s a p e d a ŋ, n. Same as ćukćanpasapa.
- ću-kćan'-tan-ka, n. the large species of duck which they denominate ćukćan.
- ću'-mni, n. dew-drops.
- ću-mni'-śe, n. dew standing in drops, dew-drops. See aś'e.
- ću-mni'-śe-śe, n. dew-drops all over anything.
- ćun, n. a woman's elder sister, used only with pronouns: mićun and mićunwaye, my elder sister; nićun, thy elder sister. T., ćunwe.
- ć u n' k u, n. her elder sister.
- ćun'-ku-ya, v. to have for older sister.
- ćunkś', n. cont. T. my daughter; used by the women in addressing their children, whether boys or girls; my child.
- ć u ŋ k ś i', n. a daughter: mićuŋkśi, my daughter; nićuŋkśi, thy daughter; uŋkićuŋkśipi, our daughters Also, a man's brother's daughter, and a woman's sister's daughter.
- ćun-kśi'-tku, n. his or her daughter.
- ćuŋ-kśi'-ya, v. to have for a daughter, count as a daughter—ćuŋ-kśiwaya.
- éun'-kśu-dan, n. a little bow, such as small boys use.
- éuns, n. my daughter; used only when an address is made to the individual.

 \acute{c} un - we', n. Ih. Same as cun. ćuŋ-we'-ku, n. Ih. Same as ćunku.

ćun-we'-ya, v. Ih. Same as ćunkuya and ćunya.

ćuŋ-wi', n. T. i. q. mićun, mysister. Also, cunwe.

his or her ćun-win'-tku, n. daughter.

ćuŋ-wi'-ya-pe, n. T. grapes.

ćuŋ-wi'-ya-pe-i-yu-wi, grape-vines.

ćun-ya', v. to have for an elder sister---mićunwaya, ćunkuyaya.

≪u-pe', n. marrow.

 \acute{c} u - s n i', adj. cool, as dewy mornings and evenings.

ću-sta'-ka, adj. damp, dewy, wet. ću-te', n. the side under the arm, pleura; cute pahdoka, to make holes in one's flesh, as one in mourning.

ću-ti'-ćin, v. to carry at the side or under the arm, as a powder-horn or shot-pouch, strapped over the shoulder and coming down under the arm.

ću-ti'-ki-ćin, v. pos. of ćutićin. $\mathbf{\acute{c}}\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{t}\mathbf{u'} - \mathbf{h}\mathbf{u}$, n. $a \ rib$, $the \ ribs$.

ću-wi', n. the side, pleura: ćuwi mayazan, my side aches.

 $\xi \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{w} \mathbf{i'} - \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u}$, n. the ribs.

ću-wi'-pa-ha, n. the prominent part of the side below the arms.

ću'-wi-ta, adj. cold, feeling cold, used only of living things—maćuwita, nićuwita, unćuwitapi.

 $\acute{c}u - wi' - yu - ksa - o - gle$, n. T. a vest.

ću-wi-yu-ski-te, n. T. corsets. ću-wi'-zi, n. a flower, perhaps the daisy.

ć u - y a, v. a. to cause dew—ćuwaya.

&, the fourth letter of the Dakota al- | & a, v. of ka; to dig. phabet. It has the explosive or click sound of ć, which is made by pressing the end of the tongue against the palate, and at the moment of separation making the sound of Eng. ch.

ća, conj. and. Same as ka.

See kića. Same as ke-T., conhan or cohan, when, · han. in the past.

ćeś, conj. although. Same as keś. će'-yaś, conj. even if, although. Same as keyaś.

¢on, adv. T. i. q. kon.

D.

- d, the fifth letter of the Dakota alphabet. This sound does not occur in the Titonwan dialect; it uniformly becomes "l."
- da, v. a.to form an opinion of, whether good or bad; to think of or esteem in any manner—wada, yada, undapi. It is used often with waste and sica, as waste wada.
- to ask, demand—wada, da, v. a. yada, undapi; kida, to ask of one. T., la.
- da, v. 2d pers. sing. of ya, to go; thou goest.
- da-ka', v. a. to have an opinion of, whether good or bad. T., laka.
- da-ka'-eś, adv. Same as nakaeś.
- $da-ka\eta'-no\eta$, v. 2d pers. sing.; thou art. Pl., dakannonpi. It is a defective verb, these being the only forms in use.
- da-kon', cont. of dakota.
- da-kon'-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. alliance, friendship; dakonkićiya yakoppi, they are in alliance. T., olakolkićiyapi.
- da-kon'-ya, v. a. to be friendly with, to have for a friend—dakonwaya, dakonunyanpi.
- da-ko'-ta, adj. feeling affection for, friendly; wadakota śni, unfeeling, without natural affection.
- Da-ko'-ta, n. p. the name of the Sioux Indians. They are divided | de'-éa, adv. such as this.

- into seven principal divisions— Mdewakantonwans, Wahpetonwans, Walipekutes, Sisiton wans, Ihankton wans, Ihanktonwannas, and Titonwans-Damakota, Danikota, Dawićakota. T., Lakota.
- dam-ya', adv. stiffly or thickly, as in making mush; opposed to hdaheya: damya ećon, to make thick or stiff. T., labya, very much so, intensely.
- dan, a diminutive termination of pronouns, nouns, adjectives, verbs, and adverbs. It is often changed to "na," which is in common use in the Sisitonwan and Ihanktonwan dialects, and to "la" in the Titonwan. When suffixed to numeral adjectives, demonstrative pronouns, and adverbs, it signifies only; as wanzidan, only one; denana, only these; dehanna, only so far. See Grammar, in the chapter on Nouns.
- da'-pa, adj. sticky, adhesive, as clay; thick, stiff, as mud.
- da-za'-ta, adv. back of, back from: i. q. heyata.
- da-za'-tan-han, adv. back from, out from.
- de, pron. dem. this; pl. dena, these. T., le.
- to go after; to cut or prode, v. a. cure, as firewood. See cande.

- de-éa'-ki-éon, v. a. to do thus de'-e, this is it. to—deéaweéon, deéayeéon, deéa-unkiéonpi. See eéakiéon.
- de-éa'-ki-on, v.a. to do this to—dećawakion.
- de'-ća-na, adv. Ih. i. q. aśkatudan; now, lately, soon.
- d e'-ć e-ć a, adv. like this, as, such as; pl. dećećapi: demaćeća, I am such as this. T., lećeća.
- de-će'-dan, adv. (de and ećedan)
 this alone. T., lećela.
- de'-ce-kce-ca, adv. red. of dececa; such as these.
- d e'- \acute{e} e \acute{k} \acute{e} e n , adv. red. of dećen. T., lećekćel.
- de'-ce-keen-ya, adv. red. of decenya. T., lecekeelya.
- de'-éen, adv. so, thus, after this manner. T., leéel.
- de'-ćen-ya, adv. so, thus.
- de'-ée-tu, adv. thus, so; right, this is right. T., lećetu.
- de'-će-tu-ken, adv. in this manner.
- d e' é i, adv. here, in this place. T., leéi.
- de'-ći-ya, adv. here, about here.
- de'-ći-ya-tan, adv. from this.
- de'-éi-ya-tan-han, adv. from this place, on this side.
- de-ći'-yo-tan, adv. in this direction. T., lećiyotan.
- de-ći'-yo-tan-han, adv. in this direction, this way.
- de'-ćon, v. a. (de and ećon) to do this, act in this way—dećamon, dećanon, dećonkonpi.

- de'-e, this is it. This word, and also hee and ee, contain the substantive verb. T., lee.
- de'-ġa, adj. loose, swinging. See dehdeġa.
- de-ha', v. 2d pers. sing. of deya. de-han', adv. at this place, here; at this time, to-day, now
- de-han'-han-ke-ća, adv red. of dehankeća.
- de-han'-han-na, adv. red. of dehanna.
- de-han', adv. now; thus far.
- de-han'-han-yan, adv. red. of dehanyan.
- de-han'-ke-ća, adv. so long, so high. T., lehankeća.
- de-hay'-na, adv. thus far; now, just now, immediately, suddenly.
- de-han'-na-hin, adv. just now, very lately.
- de-han'-tan-han, adv. from this, i. q. detanhan.
- de han' tu, adv. to this, thus far; now. T., lehantu.
- de-haŋ'-tu-hiŋ, adv. just so far, just now.
- de-han'-tu-ken, adv. just so far, in this way; just now.
- de-han'-tu-ya, adv. to this extent, on this wise. T., lehantuya.
- de-han'-tu-ya-ken, adv. just now, on this wise.
- de-han'-yan, adv. so far, in space; so long, in time. T., lehan-yan.
- de-he'-tu-ya, adv. just the time, i. q. iyehantu.

- deh-de'-ga, adv. red. of dega; loose, wrinkled, flabby; puffed out.
- de-kśi', n. mother's brother, uncle, my uncle. It is not applied to one's father's brothers, who are called ate: nidekśi, thy uncle. T., lekśi.
- de-kśi'-tku, n. his or her uncle. de-kśi'-ya, v. to have for uncle,
- call uncle—dekśiwaya, dekśimayan. de-kta'-ya, v. a. to have no regard for, to be dissatisfied with; i. q. ćinśni and aktaśni—dektawaya.
- dem-de'-pa, adj. notched.
- den, adv. here, in this place. T., lel, and lenl.
- de-na', pron. pl. of de; these. T., lena. de-nag'-na-ke-ća, adv. red. of denakeća.
- de-na'-ke-ća, adv. so many: demanakeća, I am so many; deunnakećapi, we are so many. T., lenakel.
- de-na'-ke-seh, adv. all these, so many. T., lenakehćin.
- de-na'-na, adv. only so many, so few; pl. denanappidan. T., lenala.
- de-na'-os, adv. these two, both these: denaosnana, only these two.
- de-na'-o-za, adv. both these.
- de-ni'-os, adv. See denaoza.
- de-ni'-yos, adv. See denaoza.
- de-pa', v. 1st pers. sing. of deya;

 I said this.
- de-péa', v. 1st pers. sing. (de and epéa) I thought this. No other forms in use.
- de-peh', n. a leper. Introduced from the English.

- deś-de'-źa, v. n. red. of deźa; to urinate often.
- de-tan'-han, adv. from this place, from here, hence: dematanhan, I am from this place; denitanhan, thou art from here; from this time, henceforth, hence. T., letanhan.
- de'-tu, adv. (de and etu) to this, at this place or time; hither, here; hitherto, now. T., letu.
- de'-tu-hin-ća, adv. just here.
- de'-tu-ya, adv. here.
- de'-ya, v. (de and eya) to say this—depa, deha.
- de'-źa, v. a. to urinate—wadeźa, undeźapi.
- de'-źa, n. urine, chamber-lye; wićadeźa, urine, the bladder of a person; tadeźa, the bladder of an animal.
- di-di'-ta, adj. very warm, hot; said of the temperature of the weather, of a house, etc. T., lilita, and luluta.
- di-di'-ta-hda, v. n. to become very warm; to regard as hot—diditawahda.
- do, a particle, used at the end of a phrase or sentence, for the sake of euphony or emphasis, as waste do; "do" is used by the men alone; the women say "ye." T., lo, and ye lo; Ih., do and ye do.
- do, adj. soft, tender, moist, as fresh meat, etc.; opposed to saka, dried. See tado, fresh meat.
- do, n. food. T., lo.
- do-ćin', v. to want food, have an appetite. T., loćin, to be hungry.

do-ćin'-pi, n. appetite.

do-do', adj. red. of do; soft, damp, fresh.

do-dom'-ya, adv. tenderly, very tender; said of meat well cooked: dodomya śpan, cooked tender. T., lolobya, and lolobyela.

do-do'-pa, adj. soft, miry.

do-do'-pa, n. a miry place.

do - h de' - ska, n. the gullet, æsophagus. T., logleska.

do-he', n. the parts of the cheeks and throat which are loose and not fastened to the bones.

do-ksi', n. the arm-pit: doksi kase, to chafe under the arm, as a tight coat.

do-kśin'-ća, n. a mink, Mustela lutraola. T., ikusan.

dom-ya', adv. domya span. See dodomya. T., lobya.

do'-pa, adj. soft, miry. See dodopa. do'-pa, v.n. to mire. See dodopa, kadopa, etc. T., lopa.

do-te', n. food.

do-te', n. the throat, the whole forepart of the neck. T., lote.

do-te'-hbe-za, n. the wind-pipe, trachea. T., glogleska.

do-ti'-¢in, n. See idotićin.

do.-tku', n. the throat, especially of animals; the part immediately under the jaw.

d o t - o' - p i - y e, n. (dote and opiye) a granary, pantry. T., lotopiye.

do-wan', v. n. to sing—wadowan, yadowan. T., lowan.

do-wan', n. a song, hymn—mitadowan. See odowan.

do-wan'-pi, n. hymns; singing.

do-ya', adj. moist, not dry, fresh, as meat.

do-ya'-ke, adj. fresh, not dried.

do-ya'-ken, adv. in a moist condition.

du-kan'-pi, v. 2d pers. pl. of yu-kan; you are.

dun, cont. of duta. T.; lul.

dun-ya', v. a. to color red or scarlet--dunwaya, dunyaya. T., lulya.

dus, adv. swiftly: dus ya, to go fast—dus mda. T., lus.

d u s - d u' - z a - h a $\mathfrak n$, v. red. of duzahan. T., lusluzahan.

dus-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to be swift.

dus-ya', v. to make swift—duswaya.

du'-ta, adj. red, scarlet. T., luta.

du'-za, v. 2d pers. sing. of yuza; thou holdest.

du'-za-haŋ, v.n. to be swift, fast running—waduzahaŋ, yaduzahaŋ, uŋduzahaŋpi. T., luzahaŋ.

$\mathbf{E}.$

- e, the sixth letter of the Dakota alphabet, with the long sound of English a, as in late, fate, etc.
- e, an inseparable preposition or prefix.
 - 1. Prefixed to verbs it commonly signifies to, at, and is equivalent to ekta, as eehpeya, to throw away at a place. It makes a locative form of the verb, and denotes that the action is done at a place, as, ebaksa, to saw off at. There are two other locative prefixes, namely, "a" and "o."
 - 2. Of some verbs commencing with "i," it makes a collective plural form: as, inazin, he stands, enazin, they stand; iyaya, he has gone, eyaya, they have gone.
- e, intj. ah! well! said when one misses his mark in shooting: strange! why!
- e, a particle, used commonly after the sign of the future tense, when it is followed by a statement of the cause of what precedes, as, tanyan yaun kta e heon hecamon, I have done this that it might be well with thee. It also occurs in hee and dee, and seems to have the force of the substantive verb.
- e-ća', adv. when. See remarks under ća. It is also used, as in

- the cases which follow, to give emphasis.
- e-ća', adv. permanently, truly; eća waun, I am usually. With ka or ća at the end of the verb, not truly, at random; eća hećonka, he did it in fun; eća heyeća, he said it in sport. T., generally; hel eća unpi, they are generally there.
- e-ća', intj. Well! I declare! well done!
- e-ća'-ća, adv. at all, by any means, so, entirely; with sni following, not at all: ećaća yuhe kte sni, he will not have it at all; ećaća hi sni, he did not come at all.
- e-ća'-ća-dan, adv. red. of ećadan; soon, referring to more than one event. T., ećakćal.
- e-ća'-ća-ka-eś, adv. indeed.
- $e \acute{e} a' da\eta$, adv. soon. T., $e\acute{e}ala$.
- e-ća'-daŋ-hiŋ, adv. very soon. T., ećalahćiŋ.
- e-ća'-e-ćoŋ-ka, v. n. to follow, as a business; to pretend; to do as one likes—ećaećamoŋka. T., to do persistently against advice.
- e-ća'-eś, adv. indeed, truly.
- e-ća'-haŋ-ke-ya, adv. immediately, immediately after, at that time, continuously. T., ećahaŋkeyela, incompletely.
- e-ća'-he-ćoŋ-ka, v. to feign, pretend; not to do—ećahećamoŋka, ećahećanoŋka. T, to do in spite of.

- e-ćah, adv. indeed, truly. See ećahe.
- e-ća'-han, v.a. to kill; i. q. kte: ahi ećahan, to come and kill one, as a war party does—ećawahan, eća-unhanpi.
- e-ća'-he, adv. indeed, truly, expressing impatience.
- e-ća'-hin, adv. truly.
- e-ća'-htin, adv. Si. indeed. T., ećahćin.
- e ć a' i ć i ź e h a ŋ, adv. often. See iżehan
- $e \acute{e} a' k a e \acute{s}$, adv. at any rate. T., ećakale \acute{s} .
- e-ća'-ka-tin, adv. directly.
- e-ća'-ka-tin-yan, adv. directly, straight forward, without stoppage.
- e-ća'-ken, adv. generally; naturally. T., ećakel.
- e-ća'-ken-eś, adv. at any rate.
- e-ća'-ki-ći-ćon-pi, v. pl. they do to each other.
- e-ća'-ki-ćon, v. of ećon; to do to one—ećawećon, ećayećon, eća-unkićonpi, ećaćićon, ećamiyećon.
- e-éa'-ki-oŋ, v. of ećoŋ; to do to; ećakićoŋ is the better form—ećawakioŋ, ećayakioŋ, ećauŋkioŋpi, ećamioŋ, ećanioŋ.
- e-ća'-la, T.; e-ća'-na, Th.; soon, i. q. ećadan.
- e-ća'-mna, adj. having smell or taste, fragrant, savory.
- e-ćan'-kin, v. a. to think so of, form an opinion of one—ećanwa-kin, ećanyakin, ećanunkinpi, ećan-

- cicin: ecan mayakin, thou thinkest so of me.
- $e-\acute{c}$ a η' -tu-d a η , adv. i. q. ehan-tudan.
- e-ća'-oŋ, v. to do to one—ećawaoŋ, ećayaoŋ.
- $e \acute{c} a' o w a \eta \acute{c} a y a$, adv. all over.
- e-ća'-o-wa-sin, adv. all, emphatically.
- e-ća'-o-ya-ke-ya, adv. telling, in the manner of relating. T., ećaoyagya.
- e-ćaś', adv. indeed. Same as ećaeś.
- e'- é a t a, v. to draw a bow—éwakata, éyakata, éunkatapi.
- e-ća'-wi-ći-śni-yaŋ, adv. wrongly, entirely wrong.
- e-ća'-yan-ke-ća, v. n. to remain in one place—ećamankeća, ećaunkanpika.
- e-ća'-yaŋ-ke-ća, n. something permanent, a fixture.
- e-ća'-yu-hi, n. something that is all over buboes, as a toad.
- e-é a'- y u h i, adj. rough, uneven on the surface.
- e-će', adv. only, usually, always: kośka eće, young men alone; dehan waźuśteća yukan eće, at this time there are usually strawberries; magaźu eća maka spaya eće, when it rains the ground is always wet.
- e-će', intj. T. denotes doubt; eće! tuwe kakeśa, who would believe it!
- $e \acute{e} e' \acute{e} a$, adv. thus, so.
- e-će'-ća, v. n. to be so, be affected

- with, as with a cold or disease of any kind; to be like—emaćeća, enićeća, unkećećapi.
- e-će'-ća-ke, adv. just so, even so, that alone.
- $e \acute{c} e' \acute{c} e d a \eta$, adv. red. of ećedan.
- e \acute{e} e' \acute{d} a \acute{n} , adv. only, alone, without anything extraneous. T., ećeela.
- e'-će-dan-ya, v. a. to purify, take away everything extraneous éćedanwaya.
- e-će'-e-dan, adv. only, that only.
- e-će'-hna, adv. just so, without alteration or change: ećehna han, remaining just so.
- e-će'-hna-hna, v. red. of ećehna.
- e-će'-hna-na, adv. only so, just so, nothing more.
- e-ćeh', adv. times; well: topa ećeh topa, four times four; ećeh tuka će, well, so it is, said when one is badly off for some particular thing, although well off in most respects.
- e-će'-hin, adv. so, just so.
- e-će'-hćin, and e-će'-htin, adv. just so, exactly.
- e-će'-kćen, adv. red. of ećen; in this manner or way; so and so, thus and thus. T., ećekćel.
- $e \acute{e} e' k \acute{e} e n y a$, adv. thus and thus.
- e-ćel', adv. T. so, thus: i. q. ećen.
- e-ćel'-ya, v. T. for ećel iyeya: tiyopa ećelya, shut the door.
- e-ćen', adv. so, thus, as it was, as

- it ought to be: ećen iću, to place as it was; tiyopa ećen iću, shut the door.
- e-ćeś', intj. of unwillingness.
- e'-će-ti, v. (ekta and ćeti) to build a fire to or at—éćewati, éćeyati, éćeuntipi.
- e-će'-tu, adv. so, thus; just, right; about so many or so much: yamni ećetu, about three.
- e-će'-tu, v. n. to be accomplished or fulfilled. From this are formed ekićićetu, ekićetu, yuećetu, etc.
- e-će'-tu-ki-ya, v. a. to make so, to accomplish, fulfill—ećetuwakiya.
- e-će'-tu-ya, v. a. to fulfill, accomplish, bring about—ećetuwaya, ećetuyaya, ećetuunyanpi.
- e-će'-wa-kta, v. to attend to, to pursue such a course; to be accustomed to—ećewawakta, ećewayakta, ećewaunktapi.
- e-će'-wa-kta-ya, adv. 'attending to.
- e-će'-win, adv. very much; i. q. ota: ećewin mayaku, thou hast given me much. See ićewin. T., ićewinś.
- e-će'-win-yan, adv. bountifully, liberally. T., ićewinsya.
- $e \acute{c} e' y e da\eta$, adv. only so.
- e-ći-ći-ya, v. of ećiya; I såy to thee.
- e'-ći-na-kśin, v. col. used only with the plural ending, either on itself or a following verb (of anakikśin): to stand up for each other, to shield each other, to help each other: ećinakśin yakonpi.

- e-ćin', v. n. to think, suppose— e-ći'-ya, v. a. of eya; to say to ećanmi, ećanni, unkećinpi. one—ewakiya, eyakiya, unkeki-
- e-ćin', adv. to-day, soon, now always referring to the future; then indeed.
- e-cin'-e-sta, adv. even to-day, by and by.
- e-ćin'-ka, v. Same as ećin; to think, to hesitate or waver in one's opinions—ećannika.
- e-ćin'-kta, adv. falsely, not truly: ećinkta eya, to tell what is not so.
- e-éiŋ'-na-ke-éiŋ-haŋ, adv. soon, presently, in a little while.
- e-ćin'-śni, adj. thoughtless, foolish, vain.
- e-ćin'-śni-yan, adv. thoughtlessly, foolishly, wrong: ećinśniyan ećamon, I have done foolishly: ećinśniyan nawahon, I heard wrongly.
- e-ćin'-to, adv. what of it? The "to" is probably a contraction of tokeća. T., ćinto.
- e'-ći-pa, v.n. of akipa; to meet together, as two ends of anything, or as two armies in battle—écipapi.
- e'-ći-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to meet together, as the two ends of anything—écipewaya.
- e'-ći-ptan, adv. of akiptan; together: éciptan econkupi, we do it together.
- e'-ći-ta-pa, adj. agreeing with each other, fitted to, all of the same length.
- e'-ći-to-o-pta, adv. in the direction of, by anything.
- e'-ći-to-o-pte-ya, adv. directly by, in the direction of.

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- e-ci'-ya, v. a. of eya; to say to one—ewakiya, eyakiya, unkeki-yapi, emakiya, eniciya, eciciya, emayakiya; unkekiciyapi, we say to each other.
- e-ći'-ya-pi, v. 3d pers. pl. of ećiya; also part., called, named: hećen ećiyapi, he is so called.
- e-ći'-ya-tan, adv. from, thence, hence.
- e-ci'-ya-tan-han, adv. from, of, on account of, concerning, hence.
- e'-ći-yu-pta, v. of ayupta; to answer one another; i. q. akićiyu-ptapi: éćiunyuptapi, we answer one another.
- e-ćon, va, to do, to work—ećamon, ećanon, ećonkupi and ećonkonpi. Of this are formed ećakićon, ećakićićon, and ećakion.
- e-ćoŋ'-ka-p'iŋ, v. to be tired of doing, not to want to do—ećoŋwa-kap'iŋ, ećoŋuŋkap'iŋpi. See ka-p'iŋ.
- e-ćon'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to do anything.
- $e \acute{c} \circ \eta' n a$, v. dim. of ećon.
- e-ćon'-na, v. n. to gamble, play where anything is staked—ećamonna, ećanonna, ećonkupidan.
- e-ćo y'-pi-ća, v. it can be done, is possible: ećoppića śni, it is not possible, cannot be done. Pića, when joined to verbs, denotes possibility.
- e-ćon'-pi-ća-ka, v. it is possible.
- e-ćon'-pi-dan, n. gambling. See oećonna. T, wayekiyapi.

- e-ćoŋ'-śi-pi, n. orders.
- e'-e, v. it is, that is. This, with hee, dee, etc., includes the substantive verb.
- e'-e-ća-han, v. See ećahan.
- e'-e-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. to take to and leave at, to throw away at—éehpewakiya.
- e'-e-hpe-ya, v. a. to take and leave—éehpewaya.
- e'-e-ki-ya, adv. instead of.
- e'-e-ki-ya, v. a to substitute for, put for another; to regard as being something: taku samya wanke éin he tatanka eewakiya, that black thing I take to be a buffalo.
- e-eś', adv. indeed. John i, 50; that is it.
- e'-gla, prep. among: T. i.q., ehna. e'-gla-ka, v. T. Same as ehnaka.
- e'-gla-ku, v. T. Same as ehdaku.
- e'-gle, v. T. Same as ehde: tiyopa ecel egle, put the door to.
- e'-gna, prep. T. Same as ehna.
- e'-gna-ka, v. T. Same as ehnaka.
- e-ha'-eś, adv. indeed, truly; used when one overdoes the matter; 2. intj. Well! I declare. T., ehakaleś.
- e h a' h a, v. red. 2d pers. of eya. e - h a' - h a - d a n - k a, v. 2d pers.
 - of eyayadanka; you don't say so. T., ehahalaka, you lie.
- e-ha'-ke, adv. yet, yet to come: ehake wanzidan, one yet.
- e-ha'-ke, n. the last one.
- e-ha'-ke-dan, n. the last. Ih., ehakena.

- e-ha'-ke-dan, adv. yet a little while.
- e-ha'-ke-dan-ka-se, adv. a little more, yet a little.
- e-ha'-ke-daŋ-ke-ćiŋ-haŋ, adv. soon.
- e-han', adv. then, at that time: he ehan, at that time, referring to past time alone; there, at that place, to, thus far: ehan wai, I have been there; ehan unkipi, we have been there.
- e h a n', intj. of assent; oh yes! yes;
 i. q. han. The last syllable is prolonged.
- e-han'-ke-ća, *adv. Ih. i. q.* ehankon. J. P. W.
- e-han'-ke-han, adv. T. formerly.
- e-haŋ'-koŋ, adv. indeed. This word is used when one is informed or convinced of something which he has doubted or disbelieved, or has been ignorant of. It is sometimes followed by huŋśte, as ehaŋ-koŋ wićakapi huŋśte, well, that is true.
- e-hay'-na, adv. long ago.
- e-han'-na-tan-han, adv. from a long time ago.
- e-han'-tan-han, adv. from, from that time or place: hipi kin ehantanhan yamni éan, it is three days since they came.
- e-han'-tu, adv. at that time.
- e-han'-tu-dan, adv. then. Ih., ehantuna.
- e-han'-tu-dan-hin, adv. just then. T., ehantulahéin, just there.

- e'-hda-ku, v. pos. of éyaku; to take up again, take back again; to take up one's own—éwahdaku, éyahdaku, éunhdakupi. T., eglaku.
- e'-hde, v. a. to place, set or make stand in a place—éwahde, éyahde, éunhdepi. T., egle.
- e'-h de-ġa, v. to overtake—éwahdeġa, éyahdeġa.
- e'-hdu-za, v. pos. of éyuza; to overtake and take one's own; to retaliate—éwahduza.
- e-he'-dan, v. dim. of eha; thou saidst so. Used when speaking to a child.
- e-he'-dan, intj. thou sayest so. A by-word.
- e'-hna, prep. with, in, amongst, through, in the midst of: wicehna, amongst them. T., egna.
- e'-hnag, cont. of éhnaka; éhnag aya, to take and lay away.
- e'-hna-hna, prep. red. of éhna.
- e'-hna-ka, v. a. to lay down or place; to lay away, to put off or delay; to stop from, let rest, lay aside, as some matter of business—éwahnaka, éunhnakapi, and unkehnakapi. T., egnaka.
- e'-hna-na, adv. amongst. T., egnalahćin.
- e'-ha, v. a. of ha; to take to and bury at a place—éwaha.
- e-hpa'-ya, v. n. See ihpaya, the better orthography.
- e h p e' k i 6 i 6 i y a p i, n. throwing each other away, divorcement.

- e-hpe'-ki-ći-ya, v. taku ehpekićiya aku, they throw away things as they return.
- e-h p e'-k i-y a, v. a. pos. of ehpeya; to throw away, forsake, leave one's own: winohinéa ehpekiya, he has put away his wife—ehpewakiya, ehpeunkiyapi.
- e-h p e'-ya, v. a. to throw away, put aside, leave, forsake: toki ehpeya, to lose anything—ehpewaya, ehpeunyanpi.
- e'-i-h da-ku, v. reflex. of éhdaku; to take away or deliver one's self émihdaku, énihdaku. T., eiglaku.
- e'-ka-ta, v. to put the arrow to the string, draw the bow—éwakata, éya-kata, éuŋkatapi. See écata, which is more correct.
- e-ki'-će-tu, v. n. pos of ećetu; to recover, become as before—emakićetu, enikićetu, eunkićetupi.
- e-ki'-će-tu-ya, v. a. to cause to recover, make right again; to restore, raise up from the dead—ekićetuwaya, ekićetuyaya, ekićetuunyanpi.
- e-ki'-ći-će-tu, v. n. to become as before to or for one—emićićetu, enićićetu, eunkićićetupi.
- e'-ki-ći-hda-ku, v. pos. to take one's own from another; to take away what one has given—éwećihdaku, éyećihdaku, éunkićihdakupi, émićihdakupi.
- e'- ki-ći-h de, v. of éhde; to place for one—éwećihde, éyećihde, éuŋ-kićihdepi. T., ekićigle.

- e'-ki-ći-hdu-za, v. of éhduza; to take one's own from another; to retaliate—éwećihduza.
- e'-ki-ći-hna-ka, v. of éhnaka; to lay away for one, put away and keep for one—éwećihnaka, éyećihnaka, éuŋkićihnakapi, émićihnaka.
- e'-ki-ći-on-pa, v. of éonpa; to place or set as a trap for anything; to lay away or place something for another—éwećionpa, éyećionpa, éunkićionpapi.
- e'-ki-ći-pa, v. of akipa; to meet, launch out to—éwećipa, éuŋki-ćipapi.
- e'-ki-ći-pa-zo, v. of épazo; to point to for one—éwećipazo, éyećipazo, éunkićipazopi.
- e-ki'-ći-ya, v. used only in the dual and plural: ekićiyapi, they said to each other; unkekićiya, we two say to each other. See ećiya.
- e'-ki-ći-ya-ku, v. of éyaku; to take from one—éwećiyaku, éyećiyaku, éunkićiyakupi.
- e'-ki-ći-źu, v. of eźu; to pile up for one; to hand over to another, as to one who wins in gambling—éwećiźu, éuŋkićiźupi.
- e'-ki-hde, v. pos. of éhde; to place or lay away one's own—éwehde, éyehde, éunkihdepi.
- e'-ki-hde-ġa, v. to overtake one—éwehdeġa, éyehdeġa, éuŋkihdeġapi, éćihdeġa, émihdeġa, énihdeġa; éwićuŋkihdeġapi, we overtake them.
- e'-ki-hna-ka, v. pos. of éhuaka;

- to lay away one's own—éwehnaka, éunkihnakapi.
- e'-ki-pa-zo, v. of épazo; to show to one, point to for one—éwakipazo, éyakipazo, éuŋkipazopi, émakipazo.
- e'-kna, prep. Ih. Same as éhna.
- e'-kna-ka, v. Ih. Same as éhnaka.
- e-kta', prep. at, to: ekta mde kta, I will go to.
- e-kta'-ki-ya, adv. to, towards.
- e-kta'-kta, prep. red. of ekta.
- e-kta'-śni-yan, adv. not according to.
- e'-kton-źa, v. Ih. Same as akiktonźa. T., to forget one's own.
- e-ke', compound rel. pron. that which, that itself, even that. It refers to some person or thing before mentioned.
- e-ke s', pron. Same as eke. T., adv., as for that one.
- en, prep. in, at, to, of, or concerning; en un, he is in; en ai, to charge upon one, lay to one's charge; en au, to bring upon one; en aya, to lay to one's charge; en amda, I take to or charge upon one. T., el and enl.
- e n a g' n a l a, adv. T. i. q. enana.
- e-na'-ki-ya, v. a. to finish, quit, cease from—enawakiya, enauŋki-yapi.
- e-na'-na, adv. here and there.
- e-na'-na-ki-ya, adv. scattered, here and there: enanakiya iyayapi.
- e'-naŋ-pa, v. See énapa.
- e'-na-pa, v. col. pl. of inapa; they come in sight.

- e'-na-pe-ya, adv. coming in sight, coming out of.
- e'-na-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to come in sight; to cause to come out, bring forward; to speak audibly, tell, relate, make known—énapewaya, énapeyaya, énapeunyanpi; ho énapeye éni, he does not make his voice heard. T., to come in sight, become visible.
- e'-na-źin, v. n. to stand at a place—énaunźinpi.
- e'-na-źiŋ, v. n. col. pl. of inaźiŋ; they stand there.
- e'-na-źin-ya, v. a. to cause to stand at; to bring to a stand, as one following deer, when he overtakes it—énaźinwaya.
- e n i' ć i ć i y a, adv. scattered abroad; i. q. enanakiya.
- e-ni'-ći-ya, v. of ećiya; he says to thee.
- en'-tu, adv. there, in that place; at, in. See etu.
- e'-o-ka-sin, v. See éyokasin, the better orthography.
- e'-on-pa, v. a. to place, lay, to set as a trap; to lay or place carefully, as a sick person on a bed—éwaonpa, éyaonpa, éunkonpapi.
- e-pa', v. 1st. pers. sing. of eya; I said.
- e'-pa-hpa, v.a. to take to and lay down at—éwapahpa, éyapahpa, éunpahpapi.
- e'-pa-ni, v. a. T. to crowd or shove, push with the elbow.
- e p a' p a, v. red. of epa.

- e'-pa-zo, v. a. to point at, point to—éwapazo, éyapazo, éunpazopi.
- e-péa', v. 1st pers. sing. I think: epée éikon, I thought. This is the only person used. See hepéa and kepéa.
- e-pća'-ken, adv. as I think.
- e-pée'-éa, v. I think so. See epéa.
- $e p e' d a \eta$, v. dim. of epa.
- e-pe'-dan, intj. I said so, I told you so.
- eś, particle. John xi. 56.
- e-sa' and e-san', adv. T. though, although: i. q. esta.
- e-śta', conj. though, although, even if: hećamon eśta waśte kte śni, although I should do that, it would not be well. It is used singularly in some phrases, as, mayaku eśta śni, why don't you give it to me? mayaku śni eśta śni, thou needest not give it to me; maku śni eśta kta, do not give it to me.
- e-śtan'-han, conj. although: hi eśtanhan sdonwaye śni, although he has come I do not know it. T., eśahan and yeśahan.
- e-śtaś, intj. indeed! T., eśaś.
- e-tan', adv. an abbreviated form of etanhan.
- e-tan'-han, prep. from, on account of, concerning.
- e tan' han s to ke 6a, adv. T. what difference does it make?
- e-ta'-pa, n. the right hand—ematapa and mietapa, enitapa and nietapa: etapa ećiyatanhan, at the

- right hand; tan etapanhan, at the e'-ya, v. right side.
- e-ta'-pa, adj. right-handed—ematapa, enitapa, euntapapi.
- e-ta'-pa-tan-han, adj. at the right hand of—ematapatanhan.
- e'-ta-wa-pa, v. (e and tawapa) to overtake.
- e'-ti, v. a. to encamp at, pitch a tent at—éwati, éyati, éuŋtipi.
- e'-tki-ya, adv. towards: étkiya ya, to go towards, to make a motion to go towards.
- e'-ton-wan, v. a. to look to or towards—éwatonwan, éyatonwan, éuntonwanpi, ématonwan.
- e-to'-o-pta, adv. in the direction of, through or by an object, straight through without stopping.
- e-to'-o-pte-ya, adv. by, through, straight through. T., etoopteyela.
- e-to'-o-pte-ya-ken, adv. in the direction of, by.
- e-to'-pte-ya, adv. by, towards, through.
- e'-tu, adv. to, at, in: he étu, at that place. See entu.
- e'-un, v. to go and dwell or be; to be or dwell at—éwaun, éyaun.
- e'-wa-ćin, v. a to think of or concerning; to set the mind to, turn the attention to—éwaćanmi, éwaćanni, éwaunćinpi.
- e'-wan-ka, v. a. to go and sleep at—émunka, énunka. T., eyunka. e'-wan-ka, v. col. pl. of iwanka. e'-ya, adv. also, too: miś eya, I also.

- e'-ya, v. to say anything—epa, eha, unkeyapi, ehapi, eyapi. From this come heya, keya, eciya, ekiciya, and éyaya. The Titons and Yanktons say eyin when kta follows, as eyin kta, ehin kta, epin kta.
- e'-ya-ća-śton, v. to give a name to. See ćaśton.
- e'-ya-han, v. col. pl. of iyahan.
- e'-ya-he, v. Same as éyahan.
- e'-ya-hin-hda, v. to commence or burst out saying. T., eyahingla. e'-ya-ke, adv. also, too.
- e'-ya-keś, intj. T. well, oh! well.
- e'-ya-ku, v. a. to take up, take away—émdaku, édaku, éunyakupi.
- e'-ya-ni-yan, v. to cry out, to say calling out.
- e'-yan-pa-ha, v. to herald, proclaim aloud; to stand out and make a speech in camp—éyanwapaha, éyanyapaha, éyanunpahapi.
- e'-yan-pa-ha, n. a crier, herald, one who proclaims the decisions of councils.
- e'-ya-pa-to, v.n. to strike against one, butt against—eyamapato, eyanipato, eyaunpatopi.
- e'-yaś, adv. T. so, even so, although.
- e'-ya-sin, adv. T. nevertheless.
- e-ya'-ya, v. red. of eya; to say often, repeat—epapa, ehaha, unke-yayapi. T., eyayalaka, to lie.
- e'-ya-ya, v. a. to take or have taken with one—émdamde, édade, éunyayapi: makeyaya, he has taken

away something of mine. See keyaya.

e'-ya-ya, v. col. pl. of iyaya; they have gone.

e'-ye, v. i. q., eya.

e-yin', v. T. See under eya.

e'-yo-ka-kin, v.a. to look round into, as in at a door partly open; to look out of-éyowakakin, éyounkakinpi.

e'-yo-ka-sin, v. a. to peep in, as at a keyhole; to look in by stealthéyowakasin, éyounkasinpi.

e'-yu-hpa, v. a. to take and lay

down at, to take off one's pack and rest at—émduhpa.

e'-yu-kan, v col. pl. they go and stay. Same as iyukanpi.

e'-yun-ka, v. T., i. q., ewanka.

e'-yu-za, v. a. to go and take at, seize and hold at or on the way; to hold to or at-émduza.

e - z e', intj. expressing surprise and unbelief.

e'-źu, v. a. to pile up, lay up in a *pile*—éwaźu. T., ekśu.

e'-źu-pi, part. piled up.

G.

- g, the seventh letter of the Dakota al- | gla-ya', v. T. to sound, as the phabet. It has the sound of g in good, glad, etc. It occurs in the Dakota language only at the end of a syllable, and as a contraction of "ka," except in the Titonwan dialect, where "gl" is used in the place of "hd" and "hn" of the Wahpetonwan and "kd" and "kn" of the Ihankton wan dialects.
- gla, v. pos. T. to go to one's homewagla. Same as hda.
- T. i. q. hdapa. gla'-pa, adj.
- gla-pe', v. T. to take up when one wins in gambling.
- gla-tka η' , v. pos. T. i. q. hdatkan, to drink one's own.
- g l a' w a, v. pos.T. to read one's own—waglawa. Same as hdawa.

- depth of water—glawaya.
- gla-za'-ta, adv. T. by the side of; miglazata, by my side.
- $gla'-\acute{z}a$, v. n.T. to be sick or diseased; i. q. kanheźa: distinguished from wayazanka, as that means an attack of sickness—this a confirmed state: maglaźa, niglaźa, unglaźapi. T. L. R.
- glaź-uŋ'-ke or glaś-uŋ'-ke, v. n. or adj. (glaźa and un) T. to be a confirmed invalid—glaśmunke, etc.
- gli, v. pos. T. to come home—wagli. Same as hdi.
- gli-ću', v. pos T. to start to come home—wagliću. Same as hdiću.
- gli-gla', v.n. T. to pass on going home—wagligla. Same as hnihda.

gli-yo', v. T. pos. of hiyo: i. q. hduwe: gliyo mni kta, I will go for my own.

glo-gla', v. pos. T. to carry back home—waglogla. Same as hdohda.

glo-gle'-ska, n. T. the gullet; i. q. hdohdeska.

glo-gli', v. pos. T. to bring back home—waglogli. Same as hdohdi.

glu-kćan', v. pos. T. to form an opinion of what concerns one's self—waglukćan. Same as hdukćan.

g n a'-ka, v.a. T. i.q. hnaka.

gna-śkin'-yan, v. T. i. q. hnaśkinyan

g n a' - y a n, v. T. i. q. hnayan.

gnu'-ni, v. n. T. i. q. hnuni or nuni: to wander, be lost, lose—wagnuni, etc.

g n u - g n u' - ś k a, n. T. the grasshopper; grasshoppers; i. q. psipsićadan.

Note.—These words are only given as examples of this peculiarity of the Titonwan dialect.

Ġ.

g, the eighth letter of the Dakota alphabet. It represents a deep sonant guttural.

ġa. See yuġa.

 \dot{g} a - \dot{g} a', adv. T. on the surface.

ġ a - ġ a' - y a, adv. T. ġaġaya śpan, cooked on the outside.

ġ a - ġ a' - y e - l a , adv. T. ġaġayela śpan, well cooked.

ga-han', adj. great, loud, harsh, or rough, as the voice: ho magahan, my voice is rough.

ġ a - h e' - ć a, adj. harsh, rough, loud, as the voice—maġaheća.

ġam, cont. of ġapa.

ġaŋ, adj. open, full of little holes.

 \dot{g} a g - \dot{g} a g, adj. open, as thin cloth. \dot{g} a g - \dot{g} a g - g a g - g a g - g a g - g a g - g a g - g a g - g a g - g a g - g a g - g a g - g - g a g - g

gan - gan - na, aay. inin, open, fun of small holes.

gan-gan'-ye-dan, adj. very sharp and thin, as the blade or bit

of an ax: ġanġanyedan yuman, to grind sharp and thin.

ġ a ŋ - ġ a' - t a, adj. forked, pronged; open, as cloth. T., ġalġata.

ġ a ŋ - ġ e' - ć a , n. dandruff. See ġiŋġiŋća.

ġa'-pa. See yuġapa.

ġa-pa'-wa-haŋ, part. stripped off, come off of itself. See yuġapa.

ġ a'-ta, adj. forked, pronged: tahinća he yamni ġata, a deer's horns have three prongs.

ġe-ća. See ġuġeća.

ġ e - ġ e' - y a, v. n. to swing, as one's arms, like a drunken man—ġeġei- éiya.

ġe-ġe'-ya, adv. swinging, dangling.

gi, adj. brown, dark-gray, rustylooking.

sharp and thin, as the blade or bit | g i-g i', adj. red. of gi; brown, rusty.

ġi-ġi', n. rust.

 \dot{g} \dot{i} - \dot{g} \dot{i} - t a η - k a , n. oranges, lemons. T., taspan \dot{g} \dot{i} .

ġ i ŋ' - ć a, v. n. to snivel, grunt, sob—waġinća, yaġinća, unġinćapi.

ġiŋ-ġiŋ'-ća, n. dross; quicksilver of looking-glasses; pa ġinġiŋ-ća, dandruff (see heġiŋća); mahpi ġiŋġiŋća, certain webs, like spiders' webs, which are seen floating in the air in the fall of the year.

ġiŋ-ġiŋ'-ća, adj. smoky, hazy as Indian summer.

ġi-tka', adj. brownish.

ġi-tka'-dan, adj. a little brownish.

ġi-tka'-tka, adj. red. of ġitka; reddish, brownish, or yellowish.

ġ i - y a', v a. to make brown—ġiwaya, ġiyaya, ġiunyanpi; ġiićiya, to make one's self brown—ġimićiya. ġ i - y a', adv. brownly: ġiya śpan, cooked brown.

ġ o m - ġ o m', cont. of ġ o mġ o pa: ġ o mġ o m niya, to breathe with difficulty, as one snoring. T., ġ o bġ o b.

ġom-ġo'-pa, v. red. of ġopa. ġom'-ya, adv. in a snoring manner. ġoŋ'-ġa, adj. iśta ġoŋġa, blind, one blind—iśta maġoŋġa, iśta niġoŋġa, iśta uŋġoŋġapi.

ġ o' - p a, v. n. to snore—waġopa, yaġopa, unġopapi.

ġu, v. n. to burn, singe, scorch, be burnt—maġu, niġu, unġupi.

ġu-ġe'-ća, n. the soft, spongy part of bones in which there is oil.

ġu-ġu', v. red. of ġu; to be burnt in several places.

ġu-ġu'-ya, v. red. of ġuya ġu'-ka. See yuġuka.

g u - k a' - h a n, part. stretched, strained, sprained.

ġu-ka'-wa-haŋ, part. strained. ġu-mna', adj. (ġu and omna) smelling burnt.

 $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ u η' - $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ a , adj . $\mathit{T.}$ proud .

ġ u ŋ' - ġ a - ġ a , adj. T. red. of ġ uŋġa.

ġuŋ-ġa'-ġa-ya, adv. T. proudly. ġu-ya', v.a. to burn, cause to burn ġuwaya, ġuyaya, ġuuŋyaŋpi.

ġu-ya', adv. in a burnt manner.

gu-ya'-pi, n. a brand on an animal.

H.

- It is an aspirate, like the English h in hymn.
- ha, n. a flea, fleas. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ hala.
- ha, n. the skin or hide of animal, man included; the bark or rind of anything, as trees, etc.
- ha-a'-kam, adv. on the outside, on the surface. T, haakab.
- ha a' kam ye dan, adv. the surface, shallow, as in plowing, skimming over the surface.
- ha a' ka pa, adv. on the outside. ha - a' - ka - pa - ta, adv. externally. ha-a'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. on the outer surface.
- Ha'-des, n. the place of the dead, hell. Introduced from the Greek. $ha - ha' - da\eta$, adv. tottering, mov-

ing, easily moved.

- ha ha' ya, v. a. to move, make a coward of; i. q. cantewankaya hahawaya, hahaunyanpi.
- ha-ha'-ya, adv. totteringly, moving. ha-ha'-ye-dan, adv. moved, not firm: ćante hahayedan mayanka, my heart is in an excited state.
- ha hon' ta, n. thread, twine, cord. ha-hon'-ta-i-ya-pe-han-pi, n. spool-thread.
- ha-hon'-ta-zib-zi-pe-dan, n. fine thread, silk thread. T., hahonta ćikala.
- ha-hun'-ta, n. See hahonta.

- h, the ninth letter of the Dakota alpha- | ha'-ka-hmon-pi, n. (ha and kaa cord, rope, twisted bark hmon) rope.
 - ha'-ka-hmun-pi, n. Same as hakahmonpi.
 - ha-ka'-kta, adj. last, the last; the youngest-hamakakta and mahakakta, nihakakta, unhakaktapi.
 - ha-kam', adv. afterwards, in the mean time. T., hakab.
 - ha-kam'-ya, afterwards. adv. ha-ka'-pa, adv. See hakapatanhan:
 - ha-ka'-pa-tan-han, adv. the external surface; also, hakapantanhan. Ih., afterwards.
 - ha-ka'-ta-ya, v. T. to have for a sister.
 - ha-ke', n. the name of the fifth child, This with hapan and if a son. hapistinna are not used by the Yanktons.
 - ha-ke'-ke, n. red. of hake is so used as a proper name.
 - ha-ki'-kta, v. n. to look around, look behind, turn round to look—hawekta, hayekta, haunkiktapi.
 - ha-ki'-kta-kta, v. red. of hakikta; to look back often.
 - ha'-la, n. T. fleas.
 - ha-mde', v. See hande, the correct orthography.
 - ham-i'-ta-ke, n. See happaitake.

ha'-mna, adj. smelling of the skin, poor, lean, not smelling well, as meat. ha'-na-hpu, v. See hanahpuhpu. ha'-na-hpu-hpu, v. Said of the rough bark of trees, that seems ready to fall off. See nahpu.

ha'-na-sku, v. See hanaskusku. ha'-na-sku-sku, v. n. to crack and peel off, as the skin of potatoes by boiling. See nasku.

ha'-na-sku-ya, v. a. to cause to crack and peel off—hanaskuwaya.

han, adv. of affirmation; yes, yea. han, n cont. of hanyetu; night:

han waste, good night; han icamna, a stormy night.

han, v. n. to stand, stand upright or on end; to remain: ećen han, it stands or remains as it was. From this are formed iyahan, kićihan, etc.

han-a'-ke-ćin, n. T. to-morrow. han-ble'-će-ya, v. n. T. to cry in vision seeking.

han-ćo'-ka, n. midnight.

han-ćo'-ka-ya, n. (hanyetu and ćokaya) midnight.

han-do'-wan, n. (hanyetu and dowan) a night-song.

h a n - d o' - w a n - p i, n. a night-song.

han-he'-pi, n. Ih. and T. night:
i. q. hanyetu: last night; hanhepi
kinhan, to-night; hanhepi kin le,
this night.

han-he'-pi-wi, n. T. the night-sun-moon: i. q. hanyetu wi.

han-han'-na, n. morning, tomorrow. T., hihanna. han-han'-na-hin, n. very early in the morning. T., hihannahéin.

han-ka', n. a man's sister-in-law, his wife's sister or brother's wife; my sister-in-law.

han-ka'-ku, n. his sister-in-law. han-ka'-śa-dan, n. the groundhog or woodchuck, the American arctomys.

han-ka'-śi, n. a man's female cousin, his mother's brother's daughter, but not his father's brother's daughter; my female cousin.

han-ka'-śi-ya, v. a. to have for or call hankaśi, to sustain the relation of male cousin to a woman—hankaśiwaya.

han-ka'-ya, v. a. to have for or regard as a sister-in-law—hankawaya, hankaunyanpi.

han-ke', n. half; a part.

han-ke'-dan, n. a small half.

han-ke'-ke, n. red. of hanke; half and half.

han-ke'-ya, v.a. to halve; to have reached the middle—hankewaya.

han-ke'-ya, adv. by the half. T., hankeyela, only half.

han-ki'-kta, v. n. (hanyetu and kikta) to rise very early in the morning; to wake while it is yet night—hanwekta, hanyekta, hanunkiktapi.

han ko'-ki-pa, adv. T. cow-ardly, fearing night.

han-kpan', n. moccasin-strings.

- Mr. S. W. Pond suggests, that perhaps the "k" and "p" in this word have changed places, and the word was originally happkan, that is, happa and ikan.
- han'-ma-ni, v. to walk in the night; to be in the dark about anything, not to understand—hanmawani: hanmanipi se unyakonpi, we are in the dark about it.
- han-mde', v.n. to fast and dream, to have intercourse with the spiritual world, used in regard to their superstitions—hanwamde, hanunmdepi. T., hanble.
- han-mdo'-hdag-i-a, v. (han-mdohdaka and ia) to tell dreams and visions; to talk so that common people do not understand—hanmdohdagiwaa. T., hanbloglagia.
- han-mdo'-hdag-i-a-pi, n talking mysteriously; preaching.
- han-mdo'-hda-ka, v. a. (han-mde and ohdaka) to tell of one's intercourse with the spirit world, relate visions; to speak unintelligibly—hanmdowahdaka, hanmdoyahdaka, hanmdounhdakapi. T., hanbloglaka.
- han-mna', v. See ihanmna.
- han-na'-ka, n. (hanyetu and na-kaha) this night.
- hanp, cont. of hanpa.
- han'-pa, n. moccasins; tahanpe, his moccasins; hanpa hdusdoka, to pull off one's own moccasins.
- han'-pa-a-pe, and han'-pa-a-pe-e-eon-pi, n a game in

- which a bullet is hid in one of four moccasins or mittens, and soughtfor by the opposite party.
- han'-pa-i-ta-ke, n. the face or upper part of a moccasin. Pronounced often happitake.
- hanpa-a'-pe and hanp-a'-pe e-con'-pi, n. Same as hanpaape. See ap'a, ap'e.
- han pe', n. See hanpa—mitahanpe, tahanpe. See also istaminihanpe.
- han-pi', n. broth, soup, gravy; juice, sap, etc. See wahappi.
- hanp-i'-ta-ke, n. See hanpaitake.
- hanp-o'-han, v. to put on or wear moccasins—happowahan.
- hanp-o'-he-ki-ci-ci-ya, v.a. to put moccasins on one—hanpohe-weciciya.
- hanp-o'-he-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to put on moccasins—happohewakiya.
- hanpohan; to put on or wear one's own moccasins—happowakihan.
- han'-ska, adj. long; tall.
- han'-ska-ska, adj. red. of hanska.
- han'-ske-ya, v. a. to make long, lengthen—hanskewaya,
- han'-ske-ya, adv. far, extending, long.
- han'-sni, intj. no! not yes; i. q. hiya. han'-ta, v. imperat. only; get away, begone, get out of the way—hanta wo, hanta po.

han'-tan-hanś, adv. Ih. i. q. kinhan; if, in case that.

haŋ-tpaŋ', n. Same as haŋkpaŋ. haŋ'-tu; adv. indeed.

haŋ'-tu-ke, adv. indeed, for once. T., hantukeś, certainly.

han-wa'-ći-pi, n. night-dance; the name of a Dakota dance.

ban-wan'-ka, v.n. to remain over night, as something killed and left until the morning. T., hanyunka.

han-wi', n. See hanyetuwi.

han-wi'-yan-pa, n. moonlight. han-ya'-ġu, n. T. a robe dried

out of doors in winter by freezing. han-ya'-ke-cin-han, n. T to-morrow.

han-ye', cont. of hanyetu.

 $han-ye'-\acute{c}o-ka$, m. midnight.

han-ye'-ćo-ka-ya, n. (han-yetu and ćokaya) middle of the night, midnight. T., hancokaya.

han-yen', adv. by night, at night.
T., hanhepi el.

han-ye'-tu, n. night. T., hanhepi and hihanpi.

han-ye'-tu-dan, n. dim. of hanyetu. The black bear is sometimes so nicknamed.

ha-o', adv. See ho.

h a'-o-y a-sa-ka, adj. skin dried to the bone, very lean.

ha'-pa-hda-ya, v. to throw off the skin, as snakes. T., hapahlaya.

ha'-pan, n. the name of the second child, if a daughter.

Ih. i. q. ha'-pis-tin, n. See hapistinna, which is more commonly used

ha'-pis-tin-na, n. the name of the third child, if a girl.

ha'-stan, adj. dark-complexioned—hamastan; of ha and stan.

ha-stan'-han-ka, n. grapes of all kinds. T., cunwiyape.

ha-staŋ'-haŋ-ka-haŋ-pi, n. grape-juice.

 $ha-sta\eta'-ha\eta-ka-i-yu-wi, n.$ grape-vines

has-tan'-ka, n. (haza and tanka) a kind of berry, which, it is said, is bitter if approached from the windward—if from the leeward, sweet. Syn., aunyeyapi.

ha-stan'-yan-ka, n. grapes.

This is probably the most ancient form of hastanhanka.

ha-śbe', n. nettles; flax. T., haśme. ha-ya', v. T. to have for clothing hawaya.

ha-ya'-ke, n. Ih. clothes; i. q. heyake. T., hayapi.

ha-yo'-we-dan, n. marks made in the snow, as by children in play: hayowedan kićun.

ha'-yu-za, v. a. to skin, take off the skin of anything—hamduza.

ha'-za, n. the whortleberry, huckleberry. The Dakotas specify several kinds, as the winohin tahaza and the wahanksin tahaza.

h b a. See yuhba, etc. T., gba. h b a - h a n', part. falling off, shelling off of itself, as corn. T., gbahan.

hbe-hbe'-za, adj. red. of hbeza;

in rings around, ring-streaked, appearing like the ribs of animals.

h b e - h b e'- z e - d a n, adj. See hbehbeza.

h b e'-za, adj. ring-streaked, rings running around, rough: dote hbeza, the wind-pipe, because it appears in rings.

hbe'-ze-dan, adj. striped or ringed, like a screw; rough.

h b u, adj. clear of everything else, cleaned, as grain. One's hair is said to be "hbu," when not curled.

h b u, v. n. to burst open, as boiled potatoes. T., gbu.

h b u - y a', adv. cleaned, clear of everything else, as grain clear of chaff.

hda. See yuhda.

hda, used to make the possessive form of verbs commencing with "ka" and "ya:" as kaksa, to cut off, yaksa, to bite off hdaksa, to cut off or bite off one's own; nape wahdaksa, I cut off or bite off my hand. The pronouns are prefixed.

hda, v. pos. of ya; to go home—wahda, yahda, unhdapi. T., gla.

hda, v. n. to feel, become sensible of, as of heat or cold, pain, etc.: ćuwita hda, to become cold; wayazan hda, to become sick..

hda-će'-ya, v. pos. of kaćeya or yaćeya. T., glaćeya.

h da-60', v. pos. of ya60; to judge or condemn one's own—wahda60. T., glasu. Ih, kdasu.

hda-ćo'-za, v. pos. of kaćoza.

h da - da', v. pos. of kada; to spill one's own—wahdada.

h d a - g a' - p a, v. to tear or bruise a piece off. T., glagapa.

h da-ġe'-ġe, v. pos. of kaġeġe; to sew one's own—wahdaġeġe, unhdaġeġepi.

hda-ġo', v. pos. of kaġo.

h da - han', adj. very thin, as mush or gruel; i. q. hanpi ota.

h d a - h a η' , v. n. to ravel, to untwist. T, glahan.

hda-he', adv. unrolled of itself.

h da-h e'-ya, adv. straight forward, without interruption, as hdaheya ia, to speak continuously; thin, as mush or gruel, i. q. happi ota: hdaheya econ, to make thin, as gruel. T., glaheya.

hda-hin'-ta, v. pos. of kahinta hda-hna'-yan, v. pos. of yahnayan.

hda-ho'-ho, v. pos. of yahoho or kahoho.

hda-ho'-mni, v. pos. of yahomni or kahomni.

h d a - h o' - t o n, v. pos. of kahoton. h d a - h u' - h u - z a, v. pos. of kahuhuza.

hda-ha'-pa, v. pos. of kahapa.

hda-hda'-ya, v. pos. of yahdaya; to bite off, as the skin of anything; to tell a lie—wahdahdaya.

hda-hde'-ća, v. pos. of kahdeća and yahdeća, to break open one's own by smiting; to tear open one's own by biting—wahdahdeća. hda-hden', cont. of hdahdeća; hdahden iyeya, to break or smash open one's own suddenly. T., glahlel.

h da-h do'-ka, v. pos. of kahdoka and yahdoka.

h da-hem', cont. of hdahepa; hdahem iyeya T., glaheb.

hda-he'-pa, v. pos. of yahepa; to drink up one's own—wahdahepa.

hda-hi'-ća, v. pos. of yahića.

hda-hni'-ga, v. pos. of kahniga; to choose one's own.

hda-hpa', v. pos. of kahpa.

hda-lipu', v. pos. of yalipu; to pull or tear off with the teeth something of one's own that adheres to something else—wahdahpu.

hda-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of hdahpu.

h da-h ta g', cont. of hdahtaka; hdahtag iyeya. T., glahtag.

h da-lita'-ka, v. pos. of yalitaka; to bite one's own—wahdalitaka.

h da-hu'-ġa, v. pos. of kahuġa and yahuġa. See hdahuhuġa.

hda'-huh, cont. of hdahuga.

h da-hu'-hu-ġa, v. pos. of kahuhuġa and yahuhuġa; to smash or break in one's own, as the skull of one's child, or as one's kettle, by pounding; to break up one's own with the teeth, as bones which belong to one's self

h da-ka', adj. standing apart; standing alone, separated, as large trees without underbrush; large-toothed, as a coarse comb. See éanhdaka. T., glake. h da-kan', v. pos. of kakan; to hew one's own.

h da - ka' - wa, v. pos. of yakawa. h da - kéa', v. pos. of kakéa; to comb one's own—wahdakéa, yahdakéa, unhdakéapi.

h da-ke'-ya, adv. separately, at a distance from each other.

h da-kin'-éa, v. pos. of kakinéa. h da-kin s'-kin-za, v. pos. red. of yakinza. See hihdakinskinza.

h da-kiŋ'-yaŋ, adv. across, crosswise, transverse: Mde hdakiŋyaŋ, Lake Traverse; ohaŋ hdakiŋyaŋ, perverse; oie hdakiŋyaŋ, a liar. T., glakiŋyaŋ ia, to speak what is not true.

h da - k pa n', v. pos. of kakpan; to wink: ista wahdakpan, I wink my eyes.

hda-ksa', v. pos. of kaksa and yaksa; to cut off one's own, as one's own wood, with an ax; to bite off one's own—wahdaksa, yahdaksa.

h da-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of hda ksa; to cut or bite one's own in many pieces—wahdaksaksa.

h d a - k ś i' - ź a , v. pos. of yakśiźa.

hda-ku'-ka, v. pos of yakuka

h da - ke' - za, v. pos. of yakeza.

h d a - k o' - ġ a , v. pos. of yakoġa.

hda-mda'-ya, v. pos. of ka mdaya.

hda-mda'-za, v. pos. of ka-mdaza and yamdaza.

h da-m de'-ća, v. pos. of kamdeća and yamdeća; to break in pieces one's own by striking, as any-

- thing brittle; to bite in pieces—wahdamdeća. T., glableća.
- hda-mden', cont. of hdamdeća: hdamden iyeya. T., glablel.
- hda-mdu', v. pos. of kamdu and yamdu.
- hda-mna'; v. pos. of kamna and yamna; to acquire or collect property; to acquire by talking—wahdamna.
- hda-mni', v. used with ya or i; hdamni ya, to go after something one has left, as provisions hid in the snow-wahdamni mda.
- hda-mni'-yaŋ, v. Same as hdamni: hdamniyan wai, I have been for something left.
- hda-o'-ksa, v. pos. of kaoksa.
- hda-o'-ni-han, v. pos. of yaonihan; to praise one's own-wahdaonihan
- hda-o'-ta, v. pos. of yaota; to count one's own many.
- h da o' tan in, v.pos. of yaotanin; to manifest or declare one's own—wahdaotanin.
- h da pa', v.pos. of yapa; to take hold of one's own with the mouthwahdapa.
- hda-pan', v. pos. of kapan; to beat or thresh out one's own, as one's corn—wahdapan, unhdapanpi.
- hda-pe'-han, v. pos. of yapehan; to fold up one's own with the mouth—wahdapehan.
- hda-pon', cont. of hdapota; hdapon iyeya.
- hda-po'-pa, v. pos. of yapopa.

- hda-po'-ta, v. pos. of kapota and yapota; to beat one's own to pieces; to bite to pieces, destroy one's own by biting-wahdapota, unhdapotapi.
- hda-psag, cont. of hdapsaka; hdapsag iyeya.
- hda-psa'-ka, v. pos. of kapsaka and yapsaka; to cut off one's own by striking, as one's own string; to bite off one's own-wahdapsaka.
- hda-psin'-psin-ta, v. pos. of kapsinpsinta; to whip one's own child-wahdapsinpsinta.
- hda-psin'-ta, v. pos. of kapsinta. See hdapsinpsinta.
- hda-psun', v. pos. of kapsun and yapsun; to spill one's own by striking or with the mouth—wahdapsuŋ.
- hda-pśuŋ', v. pos. of kapśuŋ and yapśun; to knock out one's own by the roots, as a tooth; to knock out of joint, as one's own leg; to bite out or knock out one's own, as a horse does in shedding his teeth wahdapśun, hdapśun iyeya.
- hda-pta', v. n. to stop, cease, as rain or snow: magaźu hdapte kta, the rain will cease. Also pos. of kapta to lade out. T., glapta.
- hda-ptan'-yan, v. pos. of kaptanyan.
- hda-pte'-će-dan, v. pos. of kaptećedan and yaptećedan.
- hda-pte'-ya, v.a. to cause to cease—hdaptewaya.
- hda-ptu'-źa, v. pos. of kaptuźa.
- hda-san, v. pos. of kasan, to

shave off one's own beard: putiphin | h d a - s d u' - t a, v. of kasduta. wahdasan, I shave off my beard.

h d a - s d e' - ć a, v. pos. of kasdeća.

hda-sdo'-han, v. pos. of kasdohan and yasdohan.

hda-skam', cont. of hdaskapa.

hda-ska'-pa, v. pos. of kaskapa; to clap, make strike together: nape hdaskapa, to clap one's hands—wahdaskapa. T., glaskapa.

hda-ske'-pa, v. pos. of kaskepa. hda-s.ki'-ća, v. pos. of kaskića and

yaskića; to press one's own with the mouth—wahdaskića. See hdaśkića.

hda-sku', v. pos. of yasku; to bite or peel off one's own-wahdasku.

h da-sni', v. pos. of kasni and yasni.

h d a - s o n', cont. of hdasota; hdason iyeya.

hda-so'-ta, v. pos. of kasota and yasota; to eat up one's own; to use up words or language, i. e., to finish speaking; to cut all off, as one's own timber—wahdasota.

hda-sto', v. pos. of kasto.

hda-su', v. pos. of yasu; to perfect, finish—wahdasu. See hdaćo and yaćo. T., glasu.

hda-su'-ta, v. pos. of yasuta; to confirm one's own words.

hda-śa'-pa, v. pos. of yaśapa.

hda-śda', v. pos. of kaśda and yaśda; to mow one's own meadow; to graze off one's own grass—wahdaśda. T., glaśla, to shave, as one's own beard.

h d a - ś d o' - k a , v. pos. of kaśdoka. yol. yii—9

hda-śi'-ća, v. pos. of yaśića; to speak evil of one's own.

hda-śka', v. pos. of kaska; to bind one's own.

hda-śki'-ća, v. pos. of yaśkića; to press one's own with the mouth, as in chewing tobacco-wahdaśkića. See hdaskića.

hda-śki-pa, v. pos. of yaśkipa. hda-śko'-pa, v. pos. of kaśkopa and yaśkopa.

hda-śna, v. pos. of kaśna and yaśna; to blunder in speaking; to miss in taking one's food into the mouth; to miss in attempting to strike one's own-wahdaśna. T., glaśna; ie glaśna, to talk incorrectly.

h d a - \sin a' - \sin a, v. red. of hda \sin a. $h da - \sin a' - \sin a - y a \eta$, adv. deringly, as in talking, incorrectly.

hda-śpa', v. pos. of kaśpa and yaspa; to knock or bite off a piece from one's own—wahdaśpa.

hda-śpu', v. pos. of kaśpu and yaśpu.

hda-śta'-ka, v. pos. of kaśtaka; to strike or smite one's own: tawiću hdastaka, he beats his wife—wahdaśtaka.

hda-stan', v. pos. of kastan and yastan; to pour out one's own; to spill with the mouth, as one's own coffee; to finish eating or speaking wahdastan.

hda-ta', v. pos. of yata; to taste one's own; to chew over again, as a cow her cud.

- hda-tan', v. pos. of yatan; to praise one's own; to suck out one's own blood—wahdatan.
- h da-tan'-ka, v. pos. of yatanka. lı da-t'a'-t'a, v. pos. of kat'at'a and yat'at'a; to knock and shake one's own blanket; to take in the mouth and shake, as a dog does anything wahdat'at'a.
- hda-tem', cont. of hdatepa; hdatem iyeya. T., glateb.
- hda-te'-han, v. pos. of yatehan. hda-te'-pa, v. pos. of yatepa; to wear off one's own teeth short—wa-

hdatepa.

hda-ti'-tan, v. pos. of yatitan.

- h da-tkan', v. pos. of yatkan; to drink one's own—wahdatkan, yahdatkan, unhdatkanpi.
- hda-to'-kan, v. pos. of yatokan; to put one's own in another place with the mouth; to speak of one's own as in another place—wahdatokan.
- h da-to'-ke-ća, v. pos. of yatokeća; to speak of one's own as different—wahdatokeća.
- hda-to'-na-na, v. pos. of yatonana; to count one's own few. See hdaota.
- hda-to'-to, v. pos. of katoto; to knock at one's own door—wahdatoto.
- h da-tpi', v. pos. of katpi and yatpi; to break one's own nut by pounding or pecking—wahdatpi.
- h da-ṭa', v. pos. of kaṭa and yaṭa; to kill one's own by striking; to bite one's own to death—wahdaṭa.

- h da-ṭiŋs', cont. of hdaṭiŋza; hdaṭiŋs iyeya.
- hda-țin'-za, v. pos. of kaținza and yaținza; to make one's own tight by driving; to press one's own tight with the teeth—wahdaținza.
- h da'-wa, v. pos. of yawa; to read one's own, count one's own—wahdawa, yahdawa, unhdawapi. T., glawa, to reckon, count, value one's own; he tokel yaglawa he, how much do you value this at?
- h da-wa'-kan, v. pos. of yawakan; to call one's own sacred—wahdawakan.
- h da-wan g', cont. of hdawanka; hdawang iyeya. T., glayung.
- h da-wan'-ka, v. pos. of kawanka; to cut down or fell one's own trees—wahdawanka. T., glayunka.
- h da-wan'-kan, v pos. of yawankan.
- h d a w a' ś' a k a , v. pos. of yawaś'aka.
- h da-wa'-śte, v. pos. of yawaśte; to bless one's own.
- hda-we'-ġa, v. pos. of kaweġa and yaweġa; to break or fracture by striking, as one's own ax-handle; to break partly off with the teeth wahdaweġa.
- hda-weh', cont. of hdawega.
- h da w e h' w e \dot{g} a, v. red. of hdawe \dot{g} a.
- h d a w i' ϵ a k a , v. pos. of yawi- ϵ aka.
- h da-za'-m ni, v. pos. of kazamni; to open one's own—wahdazamni.

- hda-za'-pa, v. pos. of kazapa; | hde-hde'-ġa, adj. red. of hdeto cut off the fat with the skin, in skinning one's own—wahdazapa.
- hda-ze', v.pos. of kaze; to lade out one's own food-wahdaze, unhdazepi. T., glaze.
- hda-zo'-ka, v. pos. of yazoka; to suck one's own, as a child its own finger—wahdazoka. T., glazoka.
- h d a z u η' t a, v. pos. of yazunta; to connect one's words, to speak cor-T., glazunta, rectly—wahdazunta. to praise or speak well of one's own.

 $h da - \acute{z} a'$, adj. T., glaźa, sickly.

h d a - ź a' - ź a, v. pos. of kaźaża.

- k da-źim', cont. of hdaźipa; hdažim vuta, to eat very slowly, to nibble off; hdaźim iyeya.
- hda-źi'-pa, v. a. pos. of kaźipa and yazipa; to shave one's own stick; to bite off or nibble one's own foodwahdaźipa.
- h d a ź o', v. pos. of yaźo; to blow on one's own instrument—wahdaźo.
- h d a \acute{z} u' \acute{z} u', v. a. pos. of ka \acute{z} u \acute{z} u; to blot out or erase one's own; to pay one's own debts-wahdaźuźu.
- hde, v. to go home. See hda.
- to put or place, make hde, v. a. stand, usually applied to things that stand on end, as barrels, etc.; to have by one, as mini wahde, I have water. This may be regarded as a transitive of han.
- $h d e' \dot{g} a$, adj. spotted, figured, as calico.
- hde-hde', adj. scattered, here and Hence canhdehde.

- ga; spotted, speckled, brownish.
- hde-hde'-ka, adj. scattered, separated, one here and one there. Hence ćanhdehdeka.
- h d e-h d e'-z a, adj. striped, streaked.
- hde-hde'-ze-dan, adj. dim. of hdezedan; striped, streaked.
- hde-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to go home, send home—hdewakiya.
- hdem, cont. of hdepa; hdem hiyuya, to vomit. T., gleb.
- hdem-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to vomit—hdemwakiya, hdemunkiyapi, hdemmakiya. T., glebkiya.
- hde'-pa, v. a. to vomit, pukewahdepa, yahdepa, unhdepapi; ihdepa, to vomit up what one has eaten—iwahdepa; on hdepapi, tartar emetic.
- hde-śi', v.a.to command to go home—hdewaśi.
- $h d e \pm k a'$, adj. speckled, spotted.
- $h d e \pm k a' \pm k a$, adj. red. of hdeśka; spotted, figured, as calico.
- hde'-za, adj. striped, in ridges or rows.
- $h d e' z e d a \eta$, adj. striped, in stripes of any kind.
- hdi, v. pos. of hi; to come or arrive at home—wahdi, yahdi, unhdipi.
- hdi-a'-pe, v. a. to await one's coming home—hdiawape.
- h di-ću', v. pos. (hdi and ku) to start to come home—wahdiću, yahdiću, unhdićupi. T., gliću, also to get down from or away; as ćanpagmi etanhan gliću yo, get out of the wagon.

- hdi-ću'-ya, v. a. to cause to start home—hdićuwaya.
- hdi-han', v. n. to fall down, as something thrown up; to fall on end, as a stick; to fall, as water falls: mini hdihan.
- h di-h da', v. See hnihda.
- hdi-hu'-ni, v. pos. of hihuni; to come to land or come through in coming home—wahdihuni. T., glihuni, to reach home.
- hdi-hpa'-ya, v. pos. of hinhpaya; to fall down again; to come home sick—wahdihpaya.
- hdi-na'-pa or hdi-nan'-pa, v. pos. of hinapa; to come in sight coming home; to come out of or through, as through a wood, to emerge from; to come up again, as one divingwahdinapa, unhdinapapi.
- hdi-psi'-ća, v. pos. of hipsića; to alight at home, jump down againwahdipsića.
- hdi-psin', cont. of hdipsića.
- hdi-wan'-ka, v. pos. of hiwanka; to come home and sleep; to camp on the way home-wahdimunka, yahdinunka, unhdiwankapi. gliyunka.
- h d i y a' h p a y a, v. pos. of iyahpaya; to come back home and fall upon one—wahdiyahpaya.
- hdi-ya'-ku, v. pos. to return, start to come home; only the first and second persons used-wahdiyaku, yahdiyaku, unhdiyakupi. For the third person see hdiću.
- hdi-yo'-hi, v. pos. of hiyohi; | hdo-hdo'-do-wan, v.

- to come back, reach home—wahdiyohi: ćihdiyohipi kta, I will come again to you, John xiv, 15. T., gliyohi, to go after one's own, i. q., hduwe: as, gliyohi mni kta, I will go and get it.
- hdi-yo'-tan-ka, v. pos. of hiyotanka; to come home and sit down; to return to one's place—wahdimdotanka, yahdidotanka. This is a compound verb which requires two pronouns.
- $| h di y u' w e \dot{g} a, v.$ pos. of hiyuwega; to cross a stream by fording in coming home—wahdiyuwega.
- hdo, a prefix which forms the possessive of some verbs.
- hdo, v. to grunt, make a noise, as hogs and buffalo calves do.
- hdo-e'-ya-ya, v. pos. to take or have taken one's own with one. hdoweyaya.
- h do g a n', v. pos. See yugan, hduġan, etc.
- h d o h d a', v. posto carry anything back home, carry one's own home—wahdohda, unhdohdapi. T., glogla, to be carrying one's own home.
- hdo-hde'-ska, n. the gullet, esophagus. Same as dohdeska.
- h do h di', v. pos. to bring back home one's own—wahdohdi.
- $h_a d o h d o', v.$ red. of hdo; to grunt, as hogs and buffalo calves, also as grouse.
- hdo-hdo'-dan, v. See hdohdodowan.
- to sing a

grunting song. The Dakotas do so h do-u', v. pos. sometimes in going to war. one's own—wahe

h do-hi', v. pos. to bring one's own to a place, as when one is beaten in gambling he goes and brings what he has staked—wahdohi, unhdohipi. T., glohi.

h do - i', v. pos. to take or have taken one's own to a place—wahdoi, yahdoi, unhdoipi.

hdo-in', v. pos. of in. See hdowin. T., glowin.

hdo-ki', v. pos. to have taken one's own home—wahdoki, unhdokipi.

h do - k i' - n i - ć a, v. pos. to dispute in regard to one's own—wahdokinića, unhdokinićapi.

h do-ki'-ni-ća-pi, n. disputation.

h do-ki'-nin, cont. of hdokinića; hdokinin waun.

h do-ki'-ya-h da, v. pos. (hdoki and ahda) to be carrying one's own home—wahdokiyahda, yahdokiyahda, unhdokiyahdapi.

h do-ku', v. pos. to bring one's own towards home—wahdoku, yahdoku, unhdokupi.

h do-ni'-6a, v. pos. of anića; to refuse to give up what one claims, to hold as one's own; to forbid the use of one's own; tihdonića, to forbid one's house—wahdonića.

hdo-nin', cont. of hdonića.

hdo-nin'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to hold as one's own—hdoninwakiya.

h do-nin'-ya, v. a. Same as hdoninkiya.

h do-u', v. pos. to come bringing one's own—wahdou, unhdoupi.

h do-we'-ya-ya, v. pos. to have taken one's own along—wahdowe-mdamda, yahdowedada, unhdowe-yayapi. See huwe.

hdo-win', v. pos. of in; to put around one his own blanket or cloak—wahdowin, yahdowin, unhdowinpi. T., glowin.

h do - y a', v. pos. to carry one's own towards a place—wahdomda and wahdoya, yahdoda, uphdoyapi.

hdu. Verbs commencing with "hdu" are formed from verbs in "yu;" which change denotes that the action is to or for one's own. The pronouns are prefixed.

hdu-a'-ki-pam, v. pos. of yuakipam; to divide or separate one's own: hduakipam ewahnaka, I make a division of my own. T., gluakipab.

hdu-a'-o-pte-tu, v. pos. of yuaoptetu; to make one's own less wahduaoptetu.

hdu-ba'-ga, v. pos. of yubaga.

h d u - b a' - z a, v. pos. of yubaza.

hdu-bo'-sda-tu, v. pos. of yubosdatu; to place upright something of one's own—wahdubosdatu.

h du - ćan', v. pos. of yućan; to shake or sift one's own—wahdućan, unhdućanpi.

h d u - \mathfrak{C} a \mathfrak{n}' - \mathfrak{C} a \mathfrak{n} , v. pos. of yućanćan.

hdu-će'-ka, v. pos. of yućeka.

h d u - ć e' - y a, v. pos. of yućeya. h d u - ć o', v. pos. of yućo; to per-

- one's own—wahdućo, unhdućopi.
- h d u ć o' ć o, v. red. of hdućo; also, pos. of yućoćo, to make soft one's own—wahdućoćo.
- hdu-ćo'-ka, v. pos. to finish. See hdućo.
- hdu-ćo'-ka-ka, v. pos. of yućokaka; to empty one's own barrel wahdućokaka.
- h du ć o' za, v. pos. of yućoza.
- hdu-e'-ée-tu, v. pos. of yueéetu; to make one's own right or as it was—wahduećetu.
- hdu-e'-ći, v. pos. of yueći; to turn one's own the other side out, as one's own bag—wahdueći. gluećiya.
- hdu-ġa', r pos. of yuga; to pull off, as the husk of one's own corn wahduga.
- h d u ġ a ŋ', v. pos. of yugan; to open out one's own, as one's blanket or one's door—wahdugan.
- hdu-ġa'-ta, v. pos. of yuġata; to spread out one's own, as one's inprayer—wahdugata: nape hdugan nazin, to stand with one's hands extended in a supplicating manner.
- hdu-ġe', v. pos. of yuġe; to pick or gather up scraps from one's floorwahduge.
- hdu-ġe'-ġe, v. red. of hduġe; to gather up one's own by handfulswahdugege.
- hdu-ġo', v. pos. of yuġo; to make marks or creases in one's own.

- fect, finish one's own; to arrange | h d u h a', v. pos. of yuha; to have or possess one's own—wahduha, yahduha, unhduhapi.
 - hdu-hba', v. pos. of yuhba.
 - hdu-he'-ki-ya, v. a. to put one in possession of his own-hduhewakiya.
 - hdu-hin'-ta, v. pos. of yuhinta.
 - hdu-hmi', v. pos. of yuhmi.
 - h d u h m i' h m a, v. pos. of yuhmihma.
 - $h d u h m u \eta'$, v. $pos. of yuhmu\eta$; to twist one's own—wahduhmun. T., glugmun.
 - hdu-hna', v. pos. of yuhna.
 - hdu-hnu'-ni, v. pos. of yuhnuni.
 - hdu-ho'-ho, v. pos. of yuhoho; to shake one's own, as one's teeth wahduhoho.
 - hdu-ho'-mni, v. pos. of yuhomni; to turn one's own aroundwahduhomni, unhduhomnipi.
 - hdu-hu'-hus, cont. of hduhuhuza. T., gluhunhuns.
 - h d u h u' h u z a, v. pos. of yuhuhuza; to shake one's own tree wahduhuhuza.
 - hdu-hda', v. pos. of yuhda; to ring one's own bell-wahduhda.
 - hdu-hda'-gan, v. pos. of yuhdagan; to loosen a little, as one's belt; to leave, as a wife her husband—wahduhdagan. T., gluhlagan śni, to be constant to, not to leave one's own.
 - hdu-hda'-ya, v. pos. of yuhdaya; to peel off the skin of one's own potato—wahduhdaya.

- hdu-hde'-ća, v. pos. of yuhde-hdu-hu', v. pos. of yuhu; to pull ća; to tear one's own, as one's coat, etc.—wahduhdeća.
- hdu-hde'-hde-ća, v. hduhdeća.
- h d u h d e n', cont. of hduhdeća.
- h d u h d o g', cont. of hduhdoka.
- hdu-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of hduhdoka.
- hdu-hdo'-ka, v. pos. of yuhdoka; to make a hole in one's own by boring—wahduhdoka, yahduhdoka, unhduhdokapi.
- hdu-hem', cont. of hduhepa; hduhem iyeya.
- hdu-he'-pa, v. pos. of yuhepa; to dry up, to soak up and wipe out, as water, from one's own canoe wahduhepa.
- hdu-he'-ya-pa, v. pos. of yuheyapa; to remove or take away one's own—wahduheyapa.
- hdu-hi'-ća, v. pos. of yuhića; to wake up one's own—wahduhića.
- pos. of yuhpa; to hdu-hpa', v. take down one's own, as something hung up-wahduhpa.
- hdu-hpa'-hpa, v. red. of hduhpa.
- hdu-hpan'-hpan, v. pos. make soft one's own, as one's moccasins by putting them into water wahduhpanhpan.
- hdu-hpu', v. pos of yuhpu; to pull off one's own, as one's seal, or anything sticking fast—wahduhpu.
- hdu-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of hduhpu.

- off one's own, as bark with one's hands—wahduhu.
- red. of | hdu-kan', v. pos. of yukan; to shake off one's own fruit-wahdukan.
 - hdu-ka'-pa, v. pos. of yukapa.
 - hdu-ka'-tin, v. pos. of yukatin.
 - hdu-ka'-wa, v. pos. of yukawa; to open one's own, as one's mouth: i wahdukawa, I open my mouth.
 - hdu-kća', v. pos. of yukća; to untie one's own-wahdukća. glukća, to undo or unbraid, as a woman her hair.
 - hdu-kćan, v. pos. of yukćan; to comprehend one's own; to understand what belongs to one's selfwahdukéan, yahdukéan, unhdukćanpi T., glukćan, to decide about, form an opinion for one's self.
 - hdu-ke'-za, v. pos. of yukeza; to scrape, rub, make smooth one's own—wahdukeza.
 - hdu-ki'-nu-kan or hdu-kin'nu-kan, v. pos. of yukinukan; to divide one's own; hence, to distract, John xiv. 1.
 - hdu-kin'-ća, v. pos. of yukinća; to scrape off, as dirt, from one's own clothes, with the hand—wahdukinća, unhdukinćapi.
 - hdu-ko'-ka, v. pos. of yukoka.
 - hdu-kpan', v. pos. of yukpan; to grind one's own corn, etc.-wahdukpan, unhdukpanpi.
 - hdu-ksa', v. pos. of yuksa; to break off one's own, as a stick with the hands—wahduksa, yahduksa.

hdu-kśa', v. pos. of yukśa.

h d u - k ś a n', v. pos. of yukśan.

hdu-kśi'-źa, v. pos. of yukśiźa.

hdu-ktan', v. pos. of yuktan; to bend one's own—wahduktan.

hdu-ku'-ka, v. pos. of yukuka; to wear out or make old one's ownwahdukuka.

hdu-ķe'-ġa, v. pos. of yuķeġa; to scratch one's own—wahdukega.

h d u - k e s' - k e - z a, v. red. of hdukeza; to shave off one's own close, as the hair of one's head, one's dog, etc.—wahdukeskeza.

hdu-ķe'-za, v. pos. of yukeza; to rub and make smooth one's own, as one's arrows—wahdukeza.

hdu-ko'-ga, v. pos. of yukoga. hdu-ko'-za, v. pos. of yukoza.

hdu-man', v. pos. of yuman; to grind and make sharp one's own, as one's ax or knife-wahdube, unhdumanpi.

h d u - m d a' - y a, v. pos. of yumdaya; to spread out one's own, as one's blanket-wahdumdaya.

h d u - m d a'-z a, v. pos. of yumdaza

hdu-mde'-ća, v. pos. of yumdeća; to open out, take in pieces one's own-wahdumdeća.

hdu-mden, cont. of hdumdeća.

hdu-mdu', v. pos. of yumdu; to plow or make mellow by plowing one's own field-wahdumdu, yahdumdu, unhdumdupi.

hdu-mna', v. pos. of yumna: to rip one's own—wahdumna.

hdu-ksa'-ksa, v. pos. of yuksaksa. hdun, cont. of hduta; hdun waun, I am eating my own food. T., glul.

> hdu-na'-źiŋ, v. pos. of yunaźiŋ; to make one's own stand up-wahdunaźin.

> h d u - o' - h d a - g a n, v. pos. of yuohdagan; to loosen one's own a little. as one's girdle.

> hdu-o'-hdah, cont. of hduohdaġan; hduohdah iću, to loosen a little or untie a knot.

> hdu-o'-ki-ni-han, v. pos. of yuokinihan; to make one's own honorable-wahduokinihan.

> hdu-o'-kon-wan-źi-dan, pos of yuokonwanzidan; to place all one's own together, make one of them.

> h du - o' - m de - ca, v. pos. of yuomdeća: to scatter out one's ownwahduomdeća.

> hdu-o'-mden, cont. of hduomdeća.

> hdu-o'-ni-han, v. pos. of yuonihan; to honor one's own-wahduonihan.

> h du - o' - ta, v. pos. of yuota; to multiply one's own-wahduota, yahduota, unhduotapi.

> hdu-o'-tan-in, v. pos. of yuotanin; to manifest one's own-wahduotanin.

> h du - o' - tkon - za, v. pos. of yuotkonza; to make equal one's own; to do like-wahduotkonza.

 $h du - o' - w a p - \acute{c} a - y a$, v. pos. of yuowanćaya; to cause to spread all over; to make one's own go all over wahduowancaya.

hdu-pe', v. pos. of yupe.

hdu-pe'-han, v. pos. of yupe-han.

hdu-pe'-mni, v. pos. of yupemni.

hdu-pon', v. cont. of hdupota.

hdu-po'-pa, v. pos. of yupopa.

h du-po'-ta, v. pos. of yupota; to wear out one's own—wahdupota, unhdupotapi.

h d u - p o t' - p o - t a, v. red. of hdupota.

hdu-psag', cont. of hdupsaka.

hdu-psa'-ka, v. pos. of yupsaka; to break one's own with the hands, as a string—wahdupsaka.

hdu-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of hdupsaka.

hdu-psi'-ća, v. pos of yupsića; to make one's own jump, as one's horse; to pull up with a hook and line one's own fish—wahdupsića.

h d u - p s i n', cont. of hdupsica. T, glupsil.

h du-psi'-psi-ća, v. red. of hdupsića.

h du - p ś u n', v. pos. of yupśun; to pull out or extract one's own, as one's teeth—wahdupśun.

hdu-pta', v. pos. of yupta; to cut out one's own, as clothes.

h d u - p t a n', v. See hduptanyan.

hdu-ptan'-yan, v. pos. of yuptanyan; to turn over one's own wahduptanyan.

h du-pte'-će-dan, v. pos. of yuptećedan; to shorten one's own wahduptećedan. h d \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{p} t \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{p} t \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{z} a, v. red. of hduptuźa.

hdu-ptuś, cont. of hduptuźa.

h du - p tu' - źa, v. pos. of yuptuźa; to crack or split anything of one's own, by boring, etc.—wahduptuźa.

hdus, eont. of hduza; hdus nazin, to stand holding one's own.

h d u - s d e' - é a, v pos. of yusdeća. h d u - s d o' - h a n, v. pos. of yusdohan.

h du - s du' - ta, v. pos. of yusduta. h du - s ka', v. pos. of yuska.

hdu-ske'-pa, v. pos. of yuskepa; to absorb one's own; to cause one's own to leak out or evaporate—wahduskepa.

hdu-ski'-ća, v. pos. of yuskića. hdu-skin', cont. of hduskita. T., gluskil.

hdu-ski'-ski-ta; v. red. of hduskita; to wrap or tie up one's own, as a Dakota woman does her baby—wahduskiskita.

hdu-ski'-ta, v. pos. of yuskita; to wrap or tie up one's own—wahduskita.

hdu-sku', v. pos. of yusku; to cut close one's own, as the hair of one's child; to pare off, as the skin of one's own potato or apple—wahdusku.

hdu-sku'-sku, v. red. of hdusku.

h du-sna', v. pos. of yusna.

hdu-sni', v. pos. of yusni.

hdu-son', cont. of hdusota; hdu son iyeya.

- h du so n' so ta, v. red. of hdusota.
- hdu-so'-ta, v. pos. yusota; to use all one's own up—wahdusota, unhdusotapi.
- h du sto', v.pos. of yusto; to smooth down, as one's own hair: pa hdusto, to smooth one's hair.
- h du-sto'-sto, v. red. of hdusto. h d u - s u' - k s u - t a, v. red. of hdu-
- hdu-su'-ta, v. pos. of yusuta; to make firm or establish one's ownwahdusuta.
- hdu-śa'-ka, v. pos. of yuśaka; to be burdened with one's own-wahduśaka.
- hdu-śam', cont. of hduśapa
- h d u \pm a m' \pm a p a, v. red. of hduśapa.
- hdu-śa'-pa, v. pos. of yuśapa; to defile one's own—wahduśapa, yahduśapa, unhduśapapi.
- hdu-śda', v. pos. of yuśda.
- h d u ś d o g', cont. of hduśdoka; hduśdog iyeya.
- h d u ś d o' k a, v. pos. of yuśdoka; to pull off, as one's own clothes; to pull out—wahduśdoka.
- hdu-śdo'-śdo-ka, v. red. of hduśdoka
- h d u ś d u' t a, v. pos. of yuśduta.
- hdu-śi'-ća, v. pos. of yuśića; to make bad or injure one's own-wahduśića.
- hdu-śi'-htin, v. pos. of yuśilitin; to weaken, enfeeble one's own, as one's horse—wahdusihtin. T., hd u-ste', adj. numb, as one's foot

- glusihtin, to wear out, spoil, make bad or injure one's own.
- hdu-śi'-kśi-ća, v. red. of hduśića.
- hdu-śka, v. pos. of yuśka; to untie or let go one's own—wahduśka, unhduskapi.
- hdu-śkan'-śkan, v. pos. of yuśkanskan; to make one's own move about-wahduśkanśkan.
- hdu-śki, v. pos. of yuśki; to pucker, gather, plait one's own-wahduśki.
- hdu-śki'-ća, v. pos. of yuśkića; to press with one's hands; to milk one's own cow
- hdu-śkin', cont. of hduśkića.
- hdu-śki-śki-ća, v. red. of hduśkića.
- h du śko' pa, v. pos. of yuśkopa.
- hdu-śna, v pos. of yuśna; to miss in regard to one's own—wahduśna, unhduśnapi.
- h d u ś n a' ś n a, v. red. of hduśna.
- hdu-śpa, v. pos of yuśpa.
- hdu-śpi, v. pos. of yuśpi.
- hdu-śpu', v. pos. of yuśpu.
- hdu-śpu'-ya, v. pos. of yuśpuya; to scratch one's own flesh-wahduśpuya.
- hdu-śpu-śpu-ya, v. red. of hduśpuya.
- hdu-stan', v. pos. of yustan; to finish one's own—wahdustan, yahdustan, unhdustanpi.
- hdu-śtaŋ'-śtaŋ, v. red. of hdustan.

- foot is asleep; nape nihduste, thy hand is numb.
- hdu'-ta, v. pos. of yuta; to eat hdu-ta', v. pos. of yuta; to kill one's own corn, etc.—wahduta, yahduta, unhdutapi.
- hdu-ta'-ni, v. pos. of yutani or yutanni.
- hdu-tan', v. pos. of yutan; to praise one's own; to touch one's own wahdutan.
- $h d u t a \eta' i \eta$, v. pos. of yutanin; to make manifest one's own-wahdutanin.
- hdu-tan'-ka, v. pos. of yutanka; to make large, enlarge one's ownwahdutanka.
- h du t'a' t'a, v. pos. of yut'at'a; to shake one's own, as one's clothes.
- hdu-te'-ća, v. pos. of yuteća; to make new one's own-wahduteća.
- ·hdu-te'-han, v. pos. of yutehan; to make a long time, put off, deferwahdutehan.
- hdu-te'-pa, v. pos. of yutepa; to make blunt, wear off one's ownwahdutepa.
- hdu-ti'-ća, v. pos. of yutića; to scrape off the snow from one's own place—wahdutića.
- hdu-ti'-tan, v. pos. of yutitan; to pull at one's own—wahdutitan.
- hdu-to'-kan, v. pos. of yutokan; to remove one's own to another place wahdutokan.
- hdu-to'-ke-ća, v. pos. of yutokeća; to make one's own different wahdutokeća.

- when it sleep: siha mahduste, $my \mid h du t p a \eta'$, v. pos. of yutpan; to grind one's own corn, etc.—wahdutpan. T., glukpan.
 - one's own by hanging, etc.—wa-T., gluta, to kill one's own hduța. by choking.
 - hdu-ţiŋ'-za, v. pos. of yuţiŋza. hdu-wa'-hba-dan, v. pos. of yuwahbadan.
 - hdu-wa'-hpa-ni-ća, v. pos. of yuwalipanića.
 - hdu-wa'-kan, v. pos. of yuwakan; to make one's own sacred—wahduwakan.
 - hdu-wan'-kan, v. pos. of yuwankan; to lift or raise up one's own—wahduwankan.
 - $\mathbf{h} \, \mathbf{d} \, \mathbf{u} \mathbf{w} \, \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s}' \, \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \, \mathbf{a}, \, v.$ pos. of yuwaś'aka; to make strong one's own wahduwaś'aka.
 - hdu-wa'-śte, v. pos. of yuwaste; to make good one's own—wahduwaste.
 - h d u w e', v. pos. of huwe; used always with "ya", "hi", etc., as hduwe ya, to go for one's own hduwe mda, hduwe unyanpi. gliyohi.
 - hdu-we'-ġa, v. pos. of yuweġa; to break or fracture one's own-wahduweġa.
 - hdu-weh', cont. of hduwega.
 - hdu-weh'-we-ġa, v. red. of hduweġa.
 - hdu-wi', v. pos. of yuwi; to wrap. up one's own, as with a string or thong-wahduwi, unhduwipi.
 - hdu-wi'-ća-ka, v. pos. of yu-

wićaka; to make true or prove one's own—wahduwićaka.

hdu-win'-ga, v. pos. of yuwinga. hdu-win'-ta, v. pos. of yuwinta; to stretch out the hand to, implore, worship; to stroke one's own wahduwinta.

hdu-win ś', cont. of hduwinża.

h d u - w i n s' - w i n - źa, v. red. of hduwin źa.

hdu-win'-źa, v. pos. of yuwinźa; to bend down one's own grass, etc.—wahduwinźa.

hdu-wi'-tan, v. pos. of yuwitan; to make proud or glorify one's own—wahduwitan.

hdu-wi'-ta-ya, v. pos. of yuwitaya, of witaya, together.

hdu-wi'-ya-kpa, v. pos. of yu-wiyakpa, of wiyakpa.

hdu-wi'-ye-ya, v. pos. of yuwiyeya, of wiyeya, ready.

h du - w o'-h du - z e, v. pos. of yuwohduze; to consecrate one's own wahduwohduze.

h du'-za, v. pos. of yuza; to take or hold one's own; to take again, take back again: tawiću hduza, to take again or take firmly one's own wife wahduza, unhduzapi.

hdu-za'-mni, v. pos. of yuzamni hdu-ze', v. pos. of yuze; to dip or lade out, as victuals from one's own kettle—wahduze.

h d u - z o' - k a, v. pos. of yuzoka. h d u - ź a', v. pos. of yuźa; to stir one's own, to make one's own mush, etc.—wahduźa. hdu-źag'-źa-ka, v. red. of hduźaka. hdu-źa'-ka, v. pos. of yuźaka; to pull open one's own, as one's eyes—wahduźaka.

h du - źa' - źa, v. pos. of yuźaźa; to wash one's own: nape hduźaźa, he washes his hands—wahduźaźa.

hdu-źim', cont. of hduźipa.

h d u - ź i ŋ' - ć a , v pos. of yuźiŋća; to pull or blow one's own nose—wahduźiŋća.

h du - ź i' - pa, v. pos. of yuźipa; to pinch one's own—wahduźipa.

h du-źuŋ', v. pos. of yuźuŋ; to pull one's own out by the roots, as one's own tree—wahduźuŋ.

h d u - ź u' - ź u, v. pos. of yuźuźu; to pull down or destroy one's own wahduźuźu.

he, interrog. particle; wićayada he, dost thou believe? hena mayaku kta he, wilt thou give me those?

he, dem. pron. that; pl. hena, those. he, n. a horn, the horns of animals; he katin and he katintin, straight horns.

he, intj. T. look here!

he-ća', n. the buzzard (Cathartes aura).

h e'-ća, adj. such, such like, belonging to such a class or description hemaća, henića, heunćapi.

he'-éa-e-sta, adv. although it is such, notwithstanding.

he'-éa-ki-éoŋ, v. a. of hećoŋ; to do thus to one—hećawećoŋ, hećauŋkićoŋpi.

he-ćan'-kin, v. a. to think so of

one, form such an opinion of one—hećanwakin, hećanyakin, hećanun-kinpi; hećanćićin, I have such an opinion of thee.

h e'-é e-é a, adj. like, such as, like that—hemaéeéa.

he'-će-ća, adv. so, always so.

he'-će-ća-e-śta, adv. notwithstanding.

he-će'-ća-ka, n. such a one; a mean fellow; i. q. tuwe kinihappi śni. T., hećećake lo is said of one who is highly prized, as of a child or friend: but hećećake ćon is said of one who is disliked W.J.C.

he'-će-dan, adv. (he and ećedan) that alone, only that.

he'-će-dan-ki-ya, adv. only that way, that alone.

he'-ée-dan-ya, v. a. to regard that alone—heéedanwaya.

he-će'-e-dan, adv. that alone.

he-će'-e-dan-ke, adv. only that.

he-će'-e-dan-ki-ya, v. to have only that—hećeedanwakiya.

he'-će-hna, adv. thus, so; only; immediately. T., hećegla.

he'-ée-hna-han, adv. all, entirely; immediately upon that.

he'-će-hna-na, adv. thus, just so, just as, only that; without alteration. T, hećeglala.

he'-će-hin, adv just so, only so; altogether.

h e'-ć e-litin, adv. See hećehin and ećelitin. T., hećelićin.

he'-će-kće-ća, adj. red. of hećeća.

he'-ée-kée-éa-ka, adj. always such; bearing this character.

he'-će-kćen, adv. red. of hećen; in this manner, so, thus, just as.

he'-će-kće-tu, adv. red. of hećetu; so, in this manner.

he'-će-kće-tu-ya, adv. after this manner.

he'-éen, adv. thus, so, in this way; hence, therefore: heéen ohanke, to do in this manner usually, be accustomed so to do. T., heéel.

h e - \acute{c} e' - n i - \acute{c} e, n. a yearling colt. T., hećenićala.

he'-éen-ya, adv. so, thus, in that manner. T., heéelya.

h e'- é e - t u, adv. as, so, thus; right, well.

he'-ée-tu-ke, adv. as is common, as is usual.

h e'- \acute{e} e - \acute{t} u - \acute{w} a $\acute{\eta}$ - \acute{z} i - \acute{e} a, adj. always the same.

h e' - c e - t u - y a, adv. so, well.

he'-će-tu-ya, v. a. to make so, cause to be so or right—hećetuwaya, hećetuunyanpi.

he'-ći, adv. in or at that place, there.

he-cin', v. (he and ecin) to think this, think that—hecanmi, hecanni, heunkecinpi.

 $h e' - \acute{e} i \eta - a - h a \eta$, adv. if, if it is so. $h e' - \acute{e} i \eta - h a \eta$, adv. if, if it is so.

he'-éiŋ-śka-ya-pi, n. T., the mountain goat; so called because its horns are used for spoons. See hekiŋśka.

he-ći'-ya, v. of heya; to say this

to one: hewakiya, I said this to him; heyakiya, thou saidst this to him; heunkiyapi, we say to him, or he says to us; hemakiya, he says to me; hećićiya, I say to thee; hekićiyapi, they say to each other.

he'-ći-ya, adv. at that place, there. he'-ći-ya-pa-tan-han, adv. T., towards that time or place; on the side next to.

he'-ći-ya-tan, adv. from that place, thence.

he'- 6i-ya-taŋ-ḥaŋ, adv. from that place; therefore.

he-ći'-yo-tan, adv. in that direction.

he-ći'-yo-tan-han, adv. in that direction.

he'-ćon, v. (he and ećon) to do that—hećamon, hećanon, hećonkupi and hećonkonpi.

he'-e, that is it; it is he. This with "dee" includes the substantive verb and demonstrative pronoun.

he'-e-han, adv. at that time, referring to the past.

he-e'-ki-ya, v.a. to call or count that the person or thing; to substitute, put one in the place of another—heewakiya, heeunkiyapi: adv. in the place of.

he-han', adv. at that time, then: hehan ecamon kta, at that time I will do it

he-han', adv. at or to that place, there, to that distance: hehan wai kta, so far I will go.

he-han, adv. red. of hehan.

he-haŋ'-haŋ-ke-ća, adv. red of hehaŋkeća; so long, each so long.

he-haŋ'-haŋ-na, adv. red. of hehaŋna.

he-han'-han-yan, adv. red. of hehanyan.

 $he-ha\eta'-ke-ća$, adv. so long.

he-hay'-na, adv. so far and no farther; just then.

he-haŋ'-na-hiŋ, adv. just so far. T., hehaŋlahéiŋ.

he-hay'-pi, n. Ih. night, i. q. hayyetu. T, last night.

 $he-ha\eta'-pi-wi$, n. T. the moon.

he-haŋ'-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from that time; therefore.

 $he-ha\eta'-tu$, adv. at that time, then. $he-ha\eta'-tu-da\eta$, adv. then.

he-haŋ'-tu daŋ-hiŋ, adv. just then. T., hehaŋtulahciŋ.

he-han'-yan, adv. so far, referring to place; so long, referring to time.

he-han'-yan-yan, adv. red. of hehanyan.

he-han'-ye-la, adv. T. so far, only so far.

he'-he, intj. alas! hehe mața nun seća, alas! it seems as if I should die.

he'-he-he, intj. alas!

he-ha'-ka, n. (he and haka) the male elk, Cervus alces. So called from his branching horns. The female is called "upan."

h e-h a'-k a-ć a ŋ-t e-y a-ś n i-ś n i-ź a, n. (hehaka ćaŋte and yaśniźa) the cricket.

he-ha'-ka-ta-pe-źi-hu-ta, n. (hehaka ta and peźihuta) elkmedicine, a kind of mint, perhaps catnip.

he-ha'-ka-ta-wo-te, n. (heha-ka and tawote) elk-food, perhaps the same as the preceding word.

He-ha'-ka-wa-kpa, n. (Elk River) The Yellowstone River.

h e - h a k' - ta - p e - \acute{z} i - h u - ta, n. Same as hehakatapezihuta.

h e - h d o' - \dot{g} e - \dot{c} a , adj. hollow-horned. T., hehlogeća.

he-ki'-ći-na-ke-ća, v. n. to be all used up to or for one: hemićinakeća, I have no more. T., hekićinala. See henakeća.

he'-kin-ska, n. a horn spoon.

he-kin'-śka-ya-pi, n. the mountain goat; the mountain sheep; from which the horn spoon is made.

he'-kta, n. that behind, what is past, applied to both space and time

he'-kta, adv. behind: hekta u, he comes behind; hekta hda, he goes back home; hekta waćin uye śni, he does not turn his thoughts back.

he'-ktam, adv. behind, after.

he'-kta-pa, adv. behind, after.

he'-kta-pa-ta, adv. behind: wahektapata, the stern of a boat.

he'-kta-pa-tan-han, adv. from behind.

he'-kta-tan-han, adv. behind. he'-ke, pron. that itself. T., hekeś.

He-le'-nes, n. p., introduced; the Greeks.

he-mni'-śa-ka-daŋ, n. an unhatched louse, a nit.

hen, adv. (he and en) in that place, there. T., hel.

he'-na, pron. pl. of he; those.

he-nag'-na-ke-ća, adv. red. of henakeća; so many of each.

he'-na-ka, adv. so many. T., henakel, only so many.

he-na'-ke-ća, adv. so many; enough, sufficient; finished, all gone: wanna henakeća, it is now all gone. T., henakća.

he-na'-ke-seh, adv. all these, so great a quantity T., henakehéin.

he-na'-ki-ya, adv. in so many ways.

he-na'-na, adv. only so many or so much; none, all gone. T., henala:
henamala, mine all gone, I have none.

he-na'-na-ki-ya, adv. only in so many ways or places. T., henalakiya.

he-na'-nan-pi-dan, adv. pl. of henana.

he-nang'-na-ke-ća, adv. red. of henakeća; so many each. See henagnakeća.

he-nang'-nang, cont. otoiyohi henangnang yuhapi kta, each one will have so many.

he'-na-os, pron. See henaoza.

he'-na-o-za, pron. those two: henios, heniyos, and heniyoza are also used.

he-na'-o-za-ki-ya, adv. those two, those two times.

he-na'-pe-ton-na, n. (heya nape and ton) a louse partly grown, a louse that has feet.

hen'-tu, adv. at that place.

he-o'-le-la, n. T. the louse hunter; the ape. See ode.

he'-on, adv. for that, on that account, therefore.

h e' - o n - e - t a n - h a n, adv. therefore.

he-pan', n. the name of the second child, if a son. This and "hepi" are Santee only.

he-pan'-na, n. Same as hepan.

he-péa', v. 1st pers. sing. I think that, I thought that. This is the only form used. See epéa and kepéa.

he-pi', n. the name of the third child, if a son.

 $he-pi'-da\eta$, n. dim. of hepi.

he-pi'-na, n. Si. Same as hepidan.

he-pin', v. 1st pers. sing. Ih. and Si. Same as hepa. See heya.

he-pi'-ya, adv. in the mean time; before, waniyetu hepiya, before winter; during, in the course of, appetu hepiya, during the day. T., hepiyela—waniyetu hepiyela, during the winter: this side of, part way.

hes, intj. expressing impatience, unbelief, pride.

he-sda'-tka-dan, n. a young male elk.

he-śki'-źu-pi, n. See hinskiźupi

he-tan', cont. of hetanhan.

(heya he-tan'-han, adv. from that place: hematanhan, I am from that place; from that time; therefore, on that account

he-taŋ'-haŋ-to-ke-ća, adv.

what difference is it? hetaŋhaŋ itokeća śni, it is none of his business;
hetaŋhaŋ iwatokiyaka, what does it
concern him? T., hetaŋhaŋś tokaka
and hetaŋhaŋś toka. See etaŋhaŋtokeća.

he-tka'-daŋ, n. the common striped ground squirrel, a species of Sciurus.

he'-tu, adv. at that place, there.

he'-tu-dan, adv. there, then.

he'-tu-dan-hin, adv. just at that place or time. T., hetulahein. he'-ya, n. a louse, lice; head louse.

he'-ya, v. (he and eya) to say that or this—hepa, heha, heunkeyapi.

he-ya'-ke, n. clothes, wearing apparel of any kind. T., hayapi.

he-ya'-ke-ćiŋ-haŋ, n. to-morrow; heyakećiŋhaŋ saŋpa and heyakećiŋhaŋ ićima, the day after tomorrow. T., haŋyakećiŋhaŋ.

h e'-ya-śa, n. a red louse, small louse.

h e-ya'-ya, v. red. of heya; to say much, keep saying—hepapa, hehaha, unkeyayapi.

he-ya'-ya-la-ka, v. T. to tell lies. See eyaya.

he-ye'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to say that—heyewakiya.

He-yo'-ka, n. the name of a Dakota god, called by some the antinatural god. Heyoka is represented as a little old man with a cocked hat on his head, a bow and arrows in his hands, and a quiver on his back. In winter he goes naked, and in summer he wraps his buffalo-robe around him. See Waziya.

He-yo'-ka-ti, n. p. the house of Heyoka, the name of a conical hill about ten miles east of Lac-quiparle. The little hills on the prairie are also the houses of Heyoka.

he'-yu-ġa and he'-yu-ġa-ġa, n. an appellation of all animals that have branching horns.

he'-yu-ktan, adj. bent-horn. T., pte heyuktala, n., a heifer, a young cow.

he-yun', v. a. to tie up, wrap up a pack, pack up—hemun, henun, heunyunpi.

he-yun'-pi, n. wrapping up; what is wrapped around.

he'-źaŋ-źaŋ, n. T. abody-louse. hi, n. a tooth, teeth; the bit or edge of an ax; the point of anything—

mahi; wićahi, human teeth.

hi, v. n. to come to, arrive at—wahi, yahi, unhipi: en mahi, he came to me.

hi-a'-pe, v. to await one's coming—hiawape.

hi-gna', n. T. husband; mihi-gna, nihigna, hignaku; i. q. hihna.

hi-gna'-ya, v. T., to have for a husband; hignawaya.

hi-ha η' -zi, v. n. T. to become vol. vii—10

dark, to grow obscure: tawacin hihanzi, to lose consciousness.

hi-hda', v. See hinhda...

hi'-hda-kiŋs-kiŋ-za, v. to grate the teeth. See hihdakiŋskiŋza.

hi'-hda-ko-kog, cont. of hihdakokoka; hihdakokog waun

hi'-hda-ko-ko-ka, v. to gnash the teeth—hiwahdakokoka.

hi'-hda-kiŋs-kiŋs, cont. of hihdakiŋskiŋza; hihdakiŋskiŋs wauŋ, I am grating my teeth.

hi'-hda-ķiŋs-ķiŋ-za, v. to grate the teeth—hiwahdaķiŋskiŋza.

hi-he'-ya, v. n. (hi and iheya) to come and enter, as a bullet or arrow.

hi-he'-ya, v. col. pl. they collect together, assemble in one place.

hi-hi', adj. soft, as fur or down.

hi-hi'-dan, adj. soft, as mud, etc.; mellow, as ground. T., hihiyela.

hi-hi'-se, adj. nappy, furry.

hi-hna', n. a husband; mihihna, my husband; nihihna, thy husband. See higna.

hi-hna'-ku, n. her husband.

hi-hna'-ton, v.n. to have a husband, be married—hihnawaton, hihnauntonpi.

hi-hna'-ya, v. a. to have for a husband—hihnawaya, hihnayaya, hihnaunyanpi, hihnamayan.

hi-hnu', v. See hinhnu.

hi-huŋ'ni, v. to come to land, to arrive at any place—wahihuŋni, uŋhihuŋnipi.

hi-h'a'-ki-ya, v. n. to show one's teeth, to grin—hih'awakiya.

- hi'-i-pa-sku-dan, n. (hi and ipasku) a pin. Probably because the Dakotas may have seen pins used to pick the teeth with. See hipaskudan.
- hi'-i-ya-tin-za, n. T., cloves. hi-mn't'-ći-ya, v. col. pl. to come, assemble, to keep coming.
- hi'-na-haŋ-ka, intj. stop, hold, wait a minute.
- hi-nali, adv. yet, as yet. See hinalin.
- hi-na'-hin, adv. yet, as yet; used with sni, not yet.
- hi-na'-hin-ke-śni, adv. not yet the time.
- h i'- n a k a , *intj*. See hinahaŋka. h i'- n a - k a - h a , *adv*. See hiŋnakaha.
- hi-na'-pa or hi-nan'-pa, v. n. to come in sight, come out of, come up, as something planted—wahinapa, unhinapapi.
- hi-na'-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to come in sight—hinapewaya.
- hi-na'-źa, n. the jaws of an arrow which hold the point.
- hi-na'-źiŋ, v. n. (hi and naźiŋ) to come and stand—wahinawaźiŋ, yahinayaźiŋ, hinauŋźiŋpi.
- hin, interrog part. equivalent to nun he: wau hin, shall I come? It is used commonly by women.
- hin, n. hair, fur, down.
- hin-a'-ka-ga, n. an owl. See hinhankaga.
- hin-éin'-éa, n. (hinta and éinéa) a small species of bass-wood.

- hin-gla', v.n. T. This is an auxiliary signifying action or movement, i. q. hinhda. See bohingla, slin hingla, canze hingla, etc.—mahingla, nihingla.
- hin-han', v. n. to fall, as rain or snow, to rain or snow: hinhe kta, it will rain.
- hin'-han, n. last night.
- hin-han', n. an owl.
- hin-han'-éi-ka-la, n. T., a small species of owl; i. q., hinhanhetonna.
- hin-han'-he-ton-na, n. the horned owl, probably the Strix bubo.
- hiŋ-haŋ'-ka-ġa, n. an owl. T., hiŋyaŋkaġa.
- hin-han'-ka-ġa, v. to hoot or shout as an owl, as young men do at night; to act like an owl.
- hin-han'-ke, n. this end, the end this way.
- hin'-han-na, n. T. and Ih. tomorrow morning; i. q. hanhanna, hinhanna le, this morning.
- hin han' san, n. the gray owl.
- hin-han'-sa-pa, n. the black owl.
- hin-han'-ska, n. a white owl
- hin han' śa, n. the red owl.
- hin-han'-ton-wan, n. fern, brake.
- hin'-hda, v. n. to become, commence, implying suddenness—mahinhda, nihinhda, unhinhdapi: yazan hinhda, to become sick suddenly.
- hin-he', v. n. to rain. See hinhan.
- hin-he'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to fall, as rain or snow—hinhewakiya.

hin-he'-ya, v. a to cause to rain, etc.—hinhewaya.

hin-hin'-se, adj. See hihise.

hin-hnu', v.a. to singe off, as the down of a duck, etc.—hinwahnu, hinyahnu. T., hingnu.

hin-hnu'-pi, part. singed off.

hiŋ-hpa'-ya, v. n. to fall, fall down—mahinhpaya, nihinhpaya, unhinhpayapi See ihpaya.

hin-hie, n. thick fur, hair, or nap.

hin-hie'-ya, adj. furry, rough, the fur side out—hinhteya hinmi, I wear the fur side out.

hin-kpi'-dan, n. short hair or fur, as that on robes taken in summer; robes with short hair.

hin'-na-ka-ha, adv. suddenly, immediately, upon that.

hin-se', intj. denoting impatience, used when one is asked to tell a thing over again.

hin-ska', adj. shed off, said of animals that have a new coat of hair: literally, hair-white.

hin-ske', n. the long upper or canine teeth of animals such as are called wamanica: hence wahinske, the long-grained corn; in horses, the teeth that fall out when they are three years old; in man, some say the molar teeth, others say the canine teeth, are called hinske.

hin'-sko, adv. so big, so large.

hin'-sko-ke-éa, adv. so large, so great.

hin'-sko-ki'-ni-ća, v. n. (hin-

sko and akinića) to be doubtful which is the largest.

h i n' - s k o - s k o - k e - é a, adv. red. of hinskokeéa.

hin'-sko-sko-ya, adv. red. of hinskoya.

hin'-sko-tan-ka, adv. so great. hin'-sko-ya, adv. so far around, thus far.

hin-śka, n. Ih. the string with which they pack. See tehmiso.

hin - śki' - źu - pi, n. a fish-hook.

hin'-śko-dan, adv. so small. Why this is not hinskodan, corresponding with the rest of the family, I cannot tell; but in this tin-śkodan resembles it. T., niśkola.

hin'-ta See kahinta, etc.

hin'-ta, n. the bass, linden, or lime-wood: hinta éan, bass-wood, Tilia.

hin-te', intj. expressive of disbelief.

hin-tka', n. T. a body-louse; an unhatched louse.

hin-tkan', n. the common cat-tail or Typha.

hiŋ-tkaŋ-hu, n. the Typha stalk. hiŋ-tkaŋ-ha-ka, n. watermoss. Called also minihintkaŋhaka.

hin-tka'-za-pi, n. (hinta and kaza) the bundles of linden bark which the Dakotas prepare for tying rice.

hin-tkun', v. i. q. yuśda: peźi hintkun mda, I go to get grass. Not in general use.

hin-tpi'-dan, n. anything with short fur; a summer robe. Same as hinkpidan. T., hinkpila.

- hin-ya'-hin, adv. yet, as yet; with śni, not yet, as, hinyahin ećamon śni, I have not yet done it. See hinahin. T., nahanhća.
- hin-ya'-hin-ke-śni, adv. not yet, the time is not yet.
- hiŋ-yaŋ'-ka-ġa, n. an owl. Same as hiŋhaŋkaġa.
- hin-yan'-pa, v. n. to come in sight, come up out of, as one diving. See hinapa.
- hin-yans'-gla, v. T., to dislike, be afraid of, as of an infectious disease
- hin yan s' ya, v. a. to provoke hinyanswaya.
- hin-yans'-ya, adv. sternly, crossly. T., wohinyansya.
- hiŋ-yaŋ'-za, v. n. to be stern, cross—mahiŋyaŋza: tawaćin hiŋ-yanza, to be of a surly disposition.
- hin-yan'-ze-ća, n. one who is stern or cross.
- hiŋ-ya'-ta-oŋ-pa, v.a. to lay on the shoulder—hiŋyatawaoŋpa. See hiyetaoŋpa.
- hiŋ-ya'-ta-źu, v. a. to put into one's blanket on the arm, as an Indian does—hiŋyatawaźu. Also hiyetaźu.
- hin-ya'-źi-će, n. fur, down, swan's down.
- hin-ye'-te, n. the shoulder, whole shoulder. See hiyete.
- hiŋ'-źi-źi-daŋ, n. thin hair, as that on one's hands and arms.
- h i'-pa-śku, v. to pick the teeth hiwapaśku.

- hi'-pa-śku-daŋ, n. a pin, pins. See hiipaśkudaŋ. T., hiyopataka.
- hi-psi'-ća, v. to jump down, as from a horse—wahipsića.
- hi'-pson-pson-na, n. teeth on edge. See psonpsonna.
- hi-ta'-kan-yu-wi, v. (hi takan and yuwi) T to bind an arrowhead on the shaft.
- hi-ti'-hda, v. a. to loathe, dislike, as food—hitiwahda, hitiyahda, hiti-unhdapi.
- hi-ti'-hda-ya, v. a to cause to loathe or dislike—hitihdawaya.
- hi-tung'-tan-ka, n. Ih. a rat: hitunka tanka, large mouse.
- hi-tun'-ka, n. , a mouse, mice.
- hi-tuŋ'-ka-daŋ, n. hi-tuŋ'ka-na, Ih.; and hi-tuŋ'-ka-la, T. mice.
- hi-tuŋ'-ka-kaŋ, v to tell tales or traditions—hituŋwakakaŋ, hituŋuŋkakaŋpi. T., huŋkaŋkaŋ.
- hi-tuŋ'-ka-kaŋ-pi, n. tales, legends, traditions, myths: the word is pronounced also, hituŋkaŋkapi and hituŋkaŋkapi. These myths can be told only at night.
- hi-tun'-ka-san, n. the weasel, ermine; of the genus Mustela.
- $h i t u \eta' k a s a \eta n a$, n. the weasel, ermine.
- hi-tu n'-psi-éa-dan, n. the fieldmouse.
- hi-tun'-psi-psi-ća-dan, n.
 the field-mouse
- hi-wan', v. imp. look here, halloo. See hiwo.

- hi-wan'-ka, v. n. to come and camp or spend the night—wahimunka, yahinunka, unhiwankapi. T., hiyunka
- hi-wo', v. imp. look here, halloo.
- hi-ya', adv. of negation; no.
- hi-ya'-dan, intj not so! A by-word.
- hi-ya'-han, v. n. to come and stand on—wahiyawahan, yahiya-yahan, unhiyaunhanpi.
- hi-ya'-hde, v. n. to reach to, lead to, as a road; to come upon one—mahiyahde, nihiyahde, unhiyahdepi.
- hi-ya'-hde-ya, v. a. to cause to reach to; to bring upon one—hiya-hdewaya, hiyahdeunyanpi.
- hi-ya'-hde-ya, adv. reaching to, leading to.
- hi-ya'-ka-pta, v. n. to come over, as a stream or hill—wahiyawakapta, yahiyayakapta.
- hi-ya'-nun, adj. puny; T., le ehanna tuka hiyanun, heon éistila, this is a long time ago, but was puny, and so is small; opposed to koyanun.
- hi'-yan-ka, v.n. to come again and again, to keep coming—wahimanka, yahinanka. T., imp. only, wait, hold on.
- hi-ya'-ya, v. n. to come and pass along, go by, go past—wahimdamde, yahidade, unhiyayapi.
- hi-ya'-yan-pa, v. (hi and ayanpa) to come morning on one.
- on the shoulder—hiyetawaonpa.

 Also hinyataonpa.

- to come and hi-ye'-ta-źu, v. a. to put into night—wahiunhiwankapi. waźu. See also hinyataźu.
 - hi-ye'-te, n. the shoulder. See also hinyete.
 - hi-ye'-ya, v. n. to be: hiyeye cin, those who are, all; taku hiyeye cin, all things; oyate hiyeye cin, all people; unhiyeyapi, we are.
 - hi-ye'-ya, v.n. to become; to cause to be. See iyeya.
 - hi-yo', v. Ih. and T., i. q. huwe: hiyo mni kta, I will go for it. hiyo i; hiyo iyaya, etc.
 - hi-yo'-hi, v. n. to come to, arrive at, reach to—wahiyohi, yahiyohi, mahiyohi, unhiyohipi.
 - hi-yo'-hi, v. Ih. to come for; i.q. huwe hi—hiyowahi, hiyoyahi, hiyounhipi. T., to go for; hiyohi mni kta, I will go for it.
 - hi-yo'-hi-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to come or reach to—hiyohiwakiya.
 - hi-yo'-hi-ya, v. a. to cause to reach—hiyohiwaya, hiyohiun-yanpi.
 - hi-yo'-hi-ya, adv. reaching to. hi-yo'-hpa-ya, v.n. to fall into, come and fall in; to come into a road; to join, as one road does another wahiyowahpamda and wahiyohpaya, yahiyoyahpada and yahiyohpaya, unhiyohpayapi.
 - hi-yo'-hpe-ya, v. a. to cause to fall into, cast into, bring and put into, as food into a dish—hiyohpewaya.
 - hi-yo'-pa-pson, v. to throw or dash, as water into a boat.

- hi-yo'-pa-ta-ka, n. T. a pin, a toothpick. See hipaskudan.
- hi'-yo-taŋ-ka, v. n. (hi and iyotaŋka) to come and sit down; to establish one's self at a place—wahimdotaŋka, yahidotaŋka, uŋhiyotaŋkapi.
- hi-yu', v.n. to come forth, as a child born; to come, come toward—hibu and wahihbu, hidu and yahihdu, unhiyupi, hidupi and yahihdupi
- h i y u' k i ć i ć i y a, v. a. to hand to one his own—hiyuwećićiya, hiyumićićiya.
- hi-yu'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to come to; to hand to—hiyuwakiya, hiyuyakiya, hiyuunkiyapi.
- hi-yu'-ya, v.a. to cause to come to, to send or hand to; to throw up from the stomach, vomit—hiyuwaya, hiyuyaya, hiyuunyanpi.
- h m a, n. the black walnut, black walnuts. T., gma.
- hma-hu', n. the black walnut-tree, Juglans nigra.
- h mi-h be', v. n. Same as hmihma. h mi-h be'-ya, adv. round and round, going round.
- h m i h m a', v. n to go round, like a wheel. Ih., kmikma; T., gmigme-See ćanpagmigma.
- hmi-hmi'-yan, adj. round, like aball.
- h m i h m i' y a n y a n, adj. red. of hmihmiyan.
- h m i y a η' , adj. round, as a wheel. T., gmigma.
- h m i y a n' n a, adj. roundish, Same as hmiyan.

- $h m i y a \eta' y a \eta$, adj. red. of hmi-yan.
- hmi-yan'-yan-na, n. any little round things.
- h m o n, adj. twisted. See hmu and hmun.
- hmu or hmun, adj. twisted. See kahmun, yuhmun, etc.
- hmung, cont. of hmunka: sunktokeća hmung waun, I am trapping wolves.
- h m u n h m u n' z a, adj. red. of hmunza.
- h m u n'-ka, v.a. to set a trap, to trap any thing, to catch in a trap—wahmunka, yahmunka, unhmunkapi.
- hmuns'-mna, adj. smelling like fish.
- h m u n w a' h a n, part. See hmuwahan.
- hmun'-za, adj. slimy, fish-like, smelling strong, like spoiled meat.
- h m u s, cont. of hmuza. See iohmus.
- hmus'-ya, adv. shut up.
- h m u w a' h a n, part. becoming twisted of itself. T., gmuwahan, becoming untwisted.
- h m u'-za, adj. shut, as the mouth, hand, etc. See ohmuza.
- hna. See yuhna. T., gna.
- hnag, cont. of hnaka.
- hna'-han, part. fallen off of itself, as fruit.
- hna-hna'-do-wan, v. to sing a grunting song. T., gnagnalowan. See hdohdodowan.
- hna'-ka, v.a. to lay or place, lay

away; to lay up, as the dead on scaffolds, hence, to bury the dead; to have by one, as takudan hnake sni, he has nothing laid by him—wahnaka, unhnakapi. From this are derived ahnaka, ehnaka, kihnaka, and ohnaka.

hna'-ka-pi, n. dead persons laid away; hence graves, tombs.

h n a - ś k a', n. the common frog. See also naśka.

 $h n a - ś k a' - ć a \eta - d i - d a \eta$, n. a small kind of frog; the tree-frog.

hna-śkin'-yan, v.n. to be oppressed, overcome, possessed, as of devils—mahnaśkinyan. T., gnaśkinyan, to be wild, crazy, frantic.

hna-wa'-han, part. Same as hnahan

h n a'- y a n, v. a. to deceive, cheat, take advantage of—wahnayan, yahnayan, unhnayanpi, mahnayan; cihnayan, I deceive thee; icihnayan, to deceive one's self—micihnayan. T., gnayan.

hni hda', v. n. to pass by a place going home. This is used only in the third person; the other persons are formed from the obsolete "hdiyahda," as, wahdiyahda, yahdiyahda, unhdiyahdapi. T., gligla

hni-na'-pa or hni-nan'-pa, v.

n. to come forth; to return; to come
out of any place going home; to rise,
as from the dead—wahninapa.
Same as hdinapa. T., gninapa.

hnu'-ni, v. n. waćinhnuni, to be bewildered, deranged—waćinmahnu-

ni: to be bewildered or lost, as in trying to follow tracks—wahnuni, yahnuni. T., gnuni.

ho, adv. of affirmation. yes, yea.

ho, n. the voice either of a man or of any animal or thing; sound in general—maho, niho, unhopi, wićaho.

ho, n. cont. of hogan; fish; a fish-net.

ho, v. n. imp. only; come on, come now—ho wo, ho po, ho miye. See iho.

ho-a'-pe, n. (hogan and ape) fish-fins.

ho'-bu, n. a rough, unpleasant voice—homabu: a wild young man, one who goes around yelling at night.

J. P W.

ho'-bu-ki-ya, v.n. to speak with a gruff, unpleasant voice—hobuwa-kiya.

ho-ća'-ka, n. (hogan and ćaka) fish-gills.

ho-će'-śpu, n. fish-scales; warts. See ćeśpu. T., hoćośpu, warts, scales.

ho-će'-ta, n. the road or entrance to a hoćoka or court-yard: the straight road to a drove of buffaloes when a surround is made.

ho-ćo'-ka, n. a court-yard, an area surrounded by tents or houses: tahoćoka, his court.

ho-da'-za-ta, adv. outside of a circle of tents.

ho'-e-ća-he, adv. See hoećahe, the correct form.

ho-ġa'-haŋ, n. a rough, loud voice—homaġahaŋ.

ho-ġaŋ', n. fish; the generic name. ho-ġaŋ'-mna, adj. (hoġaŋ and omna) smelling like fish, fishy.

ho-ġaŋ'-stiŋ-na, n. (hoġaŋ and cistiŋna) little fish, such as minnows. T., hoġaŋscila.

ho- \dot{g} a η' -ta η -ka, n. big fish, the name given to whales.

ho-ġaŋ'-wi-ća-śta-śni, n. trout or salmon, lit., ill-behaved fish.

ho'-ga-ta, n. a rough voice—homagata.

ho'- ġi-ta, adj. hoarse, as a person's voice when he has taken cold—homaġita, honiġita, hounġitapi.

h o'-h d a - ġ i - t a, v. pos. of hoyaġita; to make one's self hoarse by speaking—howahdagita. T., hoiglaġita.

Ho'-he, n. p. the Assimboine Indians. Long ago they belonged to the Dakota nation. Also a clan of the Blackfeet Dakotas.—J. O. D.

ho'-ho, intj. Used when there is something said which is not liked. T., hohe, denoting surprise, regret.

ho-ho', adj. loose, as a tooth.

ho-ho'-dan, adj. loose, that can be shaken or moved: hi mahohodan, my teeth are loose.

h o'-h o-h e, intj. T. red. of hohe. See hehehe.

ho-ho'-pi-éa-śni, adj. immovable.

ho-ho'-pi-ća-śni-yan, adv. immovably.

ho-hu', n. T. a bone. See huhu.

ho-hun'-ka, n. a mother-fish, i. e., an old fish.

hoh, intj. T. expresses doubt, unbelief.

Ho-hno'-gi-ća, n. p. a Dakota god, a fabulous being: a household god, related to Canotidan, by which mothers scare their children.

Ho-hno'-gi-ća-dan, n.p. dim. of Hohnogića.

ho-hpa', v. n. to cough—howahpa. ho-hpa'-pi, n. coughing, having a cold: hohpapi emaceca, I have a bad cough.

ho-hpi', n. a nest, bird's nest.

ho-hpi'-ya, v. a. to have for a nest, make a nest of—hohpiwaya.

ho-i'-éu-wa, n. (hogan and kuwa) a fish hook, fishing apparatus. T., hoiéuwa maza.

ho-i-yo'-lipa-ya, v. n. to become hoarse, by the wind blowing on one and affecting the voice hoiyomahpaya.

ho'-i-yo-hpe-ya, v. a. to cast a net in fishing—hoiyohpewaya.

ho-i-yo'-ki-se, n. half of a company, half of a camp.

ho'-i-yu-psi-će, n. a fish-hook. ho-ka', n. a kind of fish. T., the eel.

ho-k'a', n. the heron, of the genus Ardea.

ho-k'a'-gi-ća, n. the snipe, a small kind of heron of the genus Scolopax.

ho-k'a'- \dot{g} i- \dot{e} a-da η , n. dim. of hok'a \dot{g} i \dot{e} a.

- ho'-ka-psan-psan-i-a, v. to whine—hokapsanpsaniwaa.
- ho-k'a'-san-na, n. a kind of heron or snipe.
- ho-k'a'-to, n. the blue heron.
- ho-kśi'-ća-la, n. T. a baby: i. q. hokśiyokopa.
- ho-kśi'-će-kpa, n. a blue wild flower, which appears first in the spring: twin flower.
- ho-kśi'-će-kpa or ho-kśi'-ćekpa-pi, n. twins.
- ho-kśi'-će-tpa, n. a twin or twins; a blue flower, which appears early in the spring. Same as ho-kśićekpa.
- h o k \pm i' \pm o p a , n. Si. and Ih. a child; i. q. hok \pm iyokopa.
- ho-kśi'-dan, n. a boy—homakśidan, honikśidan; hounkśipidan, we are boys.
- ho-kśi'-ka, adj. yet a boy, under age—homakśika.
- h o k ś i' k e ś n i, adj. of age, not a boy; John ix. 21—homakśikeśni, honikśikeśni.
- h o k ś i' k s u y a , v. n. to travail, be in childbirth—hokśinwaksuya, hokśinyaksuya.
- ho- $k \le i'$ -la, n. T Same as ho-k $\le i$ dan.
- ho-kśin', cont. of hokśina or hokśidap. T., hokśil.
- ho-kśi'-na, n. Ih. Same as hokśidan.
- ho-kśin'-ćant-ki-ya-pi, n. the beloved son, one universally esteemed; the heir to the throne.

- ho-kśin'-i-kpi-hna-ka, v. n. to be with child, be pregnant—hokśin-ikpiwahnaka.
 - ho-kśin'-i-tpi-hna-ka, v. n. to be pregnant. Same as hokśini-kpihnaka. T, hokśilikpignaka.
 - ho-kśin'-ka-ġa, v. a. to beget a child—hokśinwakaġa.
- ho-kśin'-ka-ġa-pi, n. a doll, a made child.
- ho-kśin'-kin, v. a. to carry or pack a child on the back—hokśinwa-kin.
- h o k ś i n' w i ŋ k t a, v. to be angry and act like a child, be pettish hokśinmawinkta.
- ho-kśin'-wi-tko-dan, v. to be childish, silly.
- ho-kśin'-yu-ha, v. to give birth to a child—hokśinmduha.
- ho-kśi'-win, n. See hokśiwinna.
- ho-kśi'-wiŋ-na, n. a virgin, one who has not had a husband.
- ho-kśi'-yo-ko-pa, n (hokśidan and okopa) a baby, a very little child; but figuratively applied to grown persons—homakśiyokopa, hounkśiyokopapi.
- ho-kśi'-yo-pa, n. a child, boy or girl—homaksiyopa, honiksiyopa, hounksiyopapi.
- ho-ku'-wa, v. (hogan and kuwa) to fish, take or catch fish in any way, either by hook, net or spear—howakuwa; hokuwa mda, I go a fishing.
- ho'-mna, adj. smelling like fish, fishy. Same as hoʻganma.

ho'-mna-yan, v. to gather or collect fish for a feast—homnawaya.

ho-mni', adj. round, going round. See ohomni, yuhomni, etc.

ho-na'-gi-dan, n. the common house-fly.

ho-na'-wi-tka-la, n. T. tadpoles.

hon, n. See hun.

hon'-hon-he, intj. of doubt or surprise. See hohohe and hoho.

hon'-ku, n. See hunku.

hon-pe', n. the stick used in digging tipsinna or Indian turnips; a pestle.

hon-son'-za-he, adj. Ih. shaky, not firm: i q. huhuzahan.

 $ho-pa'-\pm ku$, n. T. fish-scales.

ho-pa'-tan-ka-la, n. T. a kind of fish like the perch.

ho'-pins, cont. of hopinza.

ho'-pins-ki-ya, v.a. to make the voice squeak, to speak with a squeaking voice.

ho'-piŋ-za, n a small squeaking voice—homapiŋza.

ho-pon'-ka, n. a gnat, gnats, of the genus Culex. See caponka.

ho-pon'-ka-dan, n. a gnat, gnats.

ho'-psi-ća, v. a. (hoġan and yupsića) to make fish jump, to take fish with a hook and line—homdupsića. See hoyupsića.

ho'-psin, cont. of hopsića; hopsin ya, to go a fishing—hopsin mda.

ho-sa'-mna, adj. smelling like fish, fishy.

 $| h \circ - s \circ' - w i - m n a, adj. smelling | like fish.$

ho-śi', v. (ho and śi) to command the voice, i. e., to tell news, take word to one. It is always used with other verbs.

ho-śi'-hda, v. (hośi and hda) to carry word home---hośiwahda.

ho-śi'-hdi, v. (hośi and hdi) to bring word home.

ho-śi'-hdi-ću, v. (hośi and hdiću) to start home with news—hośiwahdiću.

ho-śi'-hi, v. (hośi and hi) to arrive with intelligence—hośiwahi.

ho-śi'-i, v. (hośi and i) to have been at to carry word—hośiwai.

ho-śi'-i-ya-ya, v. (hośi and iyaya) to have gone to carry word.

ho-śi'-ka-hda, v. (hośi and kahda) to carry home word to one.

ho-śi'-ka-hdi, v. (hośi and ka-hdi) to bring word home to one.

ho-śi'-ka-hi, v. (hośi and kahi) to bring word to one.

ho-śi'-ka-i, v. (hośi and kai) to have taken word to one.

ho-śi'-ka-ki, v. (hośi and kaki) to have taken word home to one.

ho-śi'-ka-ya, v. (hośi and kaya) to take word to one—hośiwakamda, hośiyakada.

ho-śi'-ki, v. (hośi and ki) to have reached home with news.

ho-śi'-ku, v. (hośi and ku) to be coming home with a message.

ho-śiŋ'-ya-śe-ća, n. the sucker, a kind of fish. See pahteća.

- ho-śi'-u, v. (hośi and u) to come with a message.
- ho-śi'-ya, v. (hośi and ya) to go to take a message.
- $ho-\sin\eta'-pe-\sin\eta$, n. tadpoles.
- ho'-ta-dan, n. a small sharp-billed duck.
- ho'-ta-dan, n. a swing, as a grapevine attached to a tree above. T, hohotela.
- ho'-ta-dan-ki-éun, v. n. to swing, swing round—hotadan we-éun, hotadan unkiéunpi.
- ho'-tan-in, v.n. to have the voice heard—homatanin.
- ho'-tan-ka, n. the sturgeon, a kind of fish of the genus Acipenser.
- ho'-tan-ka-ki-ya, adv. with a great or loud voice: hotankakiya ia, to speak with a loud voice.
- Ho-tan'-ke, n. p. the Winnebago Indians.
- h o'-taŋ-ke, n. a loud or great voice. h o'-ta-pi-śko, n. a swing; hotapiśko kićun, to swing. Hotadan is generally used.
- Ho-ta'-wa, n. p. the Otawas or Oto Indians.
- ho-ton', v. to cry out, put forth the voice, howl, as animals; to crow, as a cock, hence appachotonna; to thunder, as wakinyan hoton, it thunders.
- ho ton'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to bawl or cry out—hotonwakiya.
- ho-te'-ća, n. dead fish, such as are found in the spring, having been frozen in the ice.
- ho'-u-ki-ya, v. a. to make the

- voice go to, i. e., to cry out to one—houwakiya, houunkiyapi, houmakiya: houéićiya, I cry out to thee.
- ho-u'-ma, or ho-u n'-ma, n. one of the sides of a surround, on the buffalo hunt.
- ho'-u-ya, v. a. to send the voice to, cry out to one—houwaya, houun-yanpi.
- ho-wa'-kan, n. the large spotted pike is sometimes so called.
- ho-wa'-mdu-śka, n. (hogan and wamduśka) an eel, so called from its being both fish and snake.
- ho-wa'-mdu-śka-daŋ, n. dim. of howamduśka.
- ho-wa'-mdu-śka-na, n. Ih. an eel.
- ho'-wa-na-se-ki-ya-pi, n. a large fish-net. See nasa and wa-nasa.
- ho-wa'-sa-pa, n. (hogan owasin and sapa) the cat-fish, so called from its being all black.
- ho-wa'-sa-pa-daŋ, n. a small species of cat-fish, the bull-head.
- ho-wa'-ya, v.n. to cryout, groan—wahowamda, yahowada: śićahowaya, to cryout badly: waśićahowamda.
- ho-we', T. adv. of assent—yes.

 The Teeton women also say "ho" for yes.
- ho-wo', v. imp come on. The women use "ho we" and "ho ye."
- ho'-ya, v. there is fish; said when fish assemble in one place and die there: hoya kta, there will be fish.

- ho-ya', v. to use the voice of another, as to have another sing in one's stead—howaya, hoćiya.
- ho'-ya-gi-ta, v. (ho and yagita) to make the voice hoarse by speaking homdagita.
- ho-ye', v. imp. Same as ho wo. "Ye" and "pe" are the precatory terminations of the imperative mood, and the forms used by the women.
- ho'-ye-ki-ya, v. a. (ho and yekiya) to cry to, call to, pray to hoyewakiya, hoyeyakiya, hoyeunkiyapi.
- ho'-ye-ya, v. a. (ho and yeya) to cause the voice to go to—hoyewaya, hoyeunyanpi.
- ho'-yu-hi, n. a ring in timber, a year's growth; a line or wrinkle in the skin of a person.
- h o'- y u p s i é a, v. a. to make fish jump., i. e., to catch fish with a hook and line—homdupsiéa, hounyupsiéapi.
- ho'-yu-sde-ća, n. wrinkles.
- ho'-yu-sde-će-ton, v. n. to have wrinkles, to become old—hoyusdećewaton.
- ho-zi'-zi-dan, n. (hogan and zizi)
 the perch, a kind of fish. See sintaka.
- hu, v. a. to copulate, have intercourse with a female—wahu, yahu, unhupi.
- hu, n. a bone, bones—mihu, nihu, wićahu; the leg, legs of a person or animal, as hu mayukan, I have legs; the stock or stem of anything, as of

- a plant, tree, etc.; the wheel of a wagon, etc. See huha and huhu.
- hu-a'-ki-pe, n. See huwakipe.
- hu-ćan', n. (hu and ćan) the stock of a gun; the shaft of an arrow.
- hu-ćo'-ġiŋ, n T. the calf of the leg. See ćoġiŋ and sićoġiŋ.
- hu-ha', n. the limbs, members of the body, as the legs and arms; the legs of anything, as of a kettle.
- hu-ha'-sa-pe-dan, n. (huha and sapa) the black-legged fox.
- hu-ha'-śa-daŋ, n. (huha and śa) the red-legged fox.
- hu-ha'-ton, v. n. (huha and ton) to have legs or limbs—huhawaton.
- hu-ha'-to-pa, n. (huha and topa) a quadruped, the wolf in particular.
- hu-ha'-ya, v. a. to have for members, use for legs—huhawaya.
- hu'-hde, v. a. (hu and hde) to set out, plant out, as a young tree or plant of any kind—huwahde, hu-unhdepi.
- hu-hde'-pi, n. things set out plants.
- hu-hu', n. a bone, bones, of the bone kind: maza huhu, arm-bands, probably because at first they were made of bone.
- hu-hus, cont. of huhuza. T., hunhuns.
- hu-hus'-ya, v.a. to cause to shake, to shake—huhuswaya.
- hu-hus'-ya, adv. in a shaking manner. T., hunhunsya.
- the stock or stem of anything, as of | hu-hu'-to-pa-o-wa-hde, n. the

large end of the thigh-bone. See owahde.

h u - h u' - z a, adj. shaking, trembling—mahuhuza, nihuhuza. T., hunhunza.

hu-hu'-za-han, part. shaken, shaking.

hu'-h'a, n. bones bare or stripped of flesh, a skeleton: tihuh'a, the skeleton of a house, as when the poles of a lodge are left standing. T., huh'aka.

h u'-ha-ka, n. a spear for killing muskrats.

hu-h'a'-ka, adj. T. lean, poor, nothing but bones.

hu'-h'a-pi, n. a skeleton.

hu'-h'a-ya, adv. skeleton-like, as the poles of a tent: huh'aya han, to stand as a skeleton. T., huh'akaka.

hu-hba', n. a kind of large watergrass, the stalks of which are eaten by the Dakotas. T., hohba and hohwa.

hu-hna'-ga, v. See huhnaga, the more correct form.

hu-in'-yun, adv. See huiyun.

hu-i'-yun, adv. (hu and iyun) on foot: huiyun mda, I go on foot.

hu-i'-yuŋ-ken, adv. on foot, walking.

hu-ku'-hu, intj. When a deer is brought into camp, the children shout "Hukuhu!"—s. w. POND.

hu-kun', adv. under, beneath.

hu-ku'-wa-śte-śte-ki-ćun, v. to hop: the pronouns come in in

kićun, wećun, yećun. The word is easily analyzed: hu, vone; ku, to come; waśte, good, and kićun, to use.

hu-ku'-ya, adv. below, under, at the lowest place.

hu-mdo', n. the shin-bone.

hu-na'-pta, v. to be lame: sicogan nawapta, I have sprained my ankle. Said when the muscle is so injured as to make one lame.

hu-na'-śte, v. to sprain one's leg—hunawaśte.

hu-na'-ti-pa, v. n. T. to have cramp in the leg.

hu'-ni. See hihuni.

hu'-non-pa, n. (hu and nonpa) a biped, man, in the sacred language.

hun, n. mother—nihun, thy mother; hunku, his or her mother. See ina, my mother.

huŋ-he', T. intj. of astonishment. huŋ-huŋ'-he, intj. alas! T., ho-hohe.

hunh, n. some, a part

huŋ h'-na-na, adv. only a part.
T., huŋhnala.

huŋ-ka', n. a parent or ancestor; an elder brother is often so called—mihuŋka; one who has raised himself or herself in the estimation of the people so as to be considered as a kind of benefactor or parent of all; the sun is sometimes so called from his munificence.

hun-ka'-do-wan-pi, n. a rite or ceremony of the Dakotas. T.

hunkalo vanpi When a person, because he thinks highly of them, or for other good reason, intends in a measure to adopt the children of another, or to become "ate" to them, or be regarded by them as a relative in Dakota fashion, he makes the "hunka lowanpi" for and in honor of the children. The children thus become "hunka," and are always after known as such by a red stripe across the side of forehead and cheek, which they are permitted to wear as a badge. The number of these stripes shows how many times the wearer has been made "hunka."—w. J. C.

huŋ-ka'-ke, n. an ancestor-miwićahunhunkake, nihunkake, kake.

hun-ka'-ke-ya, v.a. to have for an ancestor—hunkakewaya, hunkakeunyanpi.

hun-kan'-kan, v. T. stories or myths: i. q., hitunkankan. hun-kan'-kan-pi, n. T. stories, fables: i. q., hitunkankapi.

huŋ-ka'-waŋ-źi, n. a brother, one of the same family-mihunkawanźi, nihunkawanźi.

huŋ-ka'-waŋ-źin-ki-ći-yapi, n. brethren.

hun-ka'-wan-źin-ya, v.a. to have for a brother, count as brother hunkawanzinwaya.

hun-ka'-wan-źi-tku, n. hisbrother.

honor as a hunka-hunkawaya, hunkaunyanpi.

hun-ka'-ya-pi, n. one who is Used also for deacon called hunka. or elder; the sun.

hun'-ke-śni, v. n. to be slow, not fast, in walking or working—wahunkeśni, yahunkeśni, unhunkapiśni: ćante hunkeśni, low-spirited.

hun'-kpa, n. the entrance to a camp when made in a circle or hollow square.

 $Hu\eta'-kpa-pa$, n. p. the name of a clan or division of the Teeton Sioux. In marching and camping, the prairie Indians did everything by rule—each family had its place in the circle. Hence those who camped at the entrance, came to be named Hunkpapa and Hunkpatina or Hunkpatidan.

Hun'-kpa-ti, n. p. the "Lower Yanktonais." Same as Hunkpatina.

Hun'-kpa-ti-na, or Hun'-kpaa clan of the Yankti-dan, n. p. tonais Sioux.

hun-kti'-ya, v. imp. only; go away, go along, get out of the wayhunktiya wo.

h u n'-k u, n. his or her mother.

hun'-ku-ya, v. a. to call mother, have for a mother—hunkuwaya, hunkuyaya.

hun-pe', n. See hoppe.

hun-ska', n. leggings; hunska oton, to wear leggings.

hun-ka-ya, v. to consider and hun-ska-ya, v.a. to have for

leggings, make leggings of—hunska- | hu-ste'-ya-ken, adv. lamely. waya.

huŋ-ski'-ća-he, n garters.

huns, Ih. intj. of surprise.

hun-ste', adv. well, at any rate; ećamon kta hunste, I will do it at any rate; hećetu kte hunste, well, so it will be. T., hunse.

hun'-tka, n. a large water-fowl, the cormorant. T., the loon.

hun-ya'-kon, n. Ih. and T. stockings.

hu-pa'-hu, n. the knee; the knee-T., ćankpe. pan, patella.

hu-pa'-za-hde, v. to sit with the knees bent up.

hu - pa' - za - hde - ya, adv. pazahdeya wanka, to lie on the back with the knees sticking up.

hu-san'-hmi, adj. very lean; i.q. tamaheća hinća.

hu-san'-ni, n. one of a pair, an odd one; one leg. Lee sanni.

hu-sdi', n. the lower part of the leg, just above the ankle; the ankle: Ih., the tibia.

hu'-stag, cont. of hustaka.

hu'-stag-ya, v.a. to enfeeble hustagwaya

hu'-sta-ka, v.n. to be faint, weak, weary, feeble, lame—humastaka

 $hu - \acute{s} te', adj.$ lame—humaste, huniste; huunstepi.

hu - ste' - ken, adv. lamely: husteken mani.

hu-śte'-ya, v. a. to make lame huśtewaya.

 $hu-\acute{s}te'-ya$, adv. limpingly.

hu'-ta, n. the root of a tree or plant: canhuta, a stump with sprouts, the bottom of a tree.

hu-ta', n. the shore or margin of a river or lake; the edge of a prairie or wood.

hu'-ta-hu, n. the part on top of the leg-bone, the shin-bone. T., hublohu.

hu'-tam, adv. cont. of hutapa: hutam yeye ćin, along the shore. T., hutab, below, down stream.

hu'-tam-ya, adv. by the edge or shore; at the time of need or extrem-See hutamyaken. T., hutabya, down stream; opposed to inkpatakiya.

hu'-tam-ya-ken, adv. edge or shore; at the time of need, in one's extremity: hutamyaken omayakiye śni, you did not help me when I was most in need.

hu-ta'-na-ku-te, v. n. with the hutinacute; to throw a stick so as to make it slide along on the snow—hutanawakute. T., hutanaćute.

hu'-ta-pa, adv. down stream, towards the root.

hu-ta'-ta, adv. at the shore or edge; to the shore; to the woods or interior: hutata unyanpi.

hu-ta'-ta-ki-ya, adv. towards the shore.

hu-ta'-wa-pa, adv. T. i. q. hu-

hu'-te, adj. worn, dull; onspe hute, a dull ax.

hu'-te, n. the bottom, as of a tree, the lowest part, root: éanhute, the roots of a tree.

hu'-te-la, n. T. a pistol.

hu-ti'-na-ću-te, n. a long stick with a large head, which the Dakotas make slide on the snow or ice.

hu-tkan', n. a root, the roots of trees, plants, etc.

hu-tkan'-o-mdo-ton, n. (hu-tkan and omdoton) the square root, in arithmetic. T., hutkanobloton, a flat or square post.

hut-o'-śke, adj. broad at one end, tapering.

hut-o'-tkon-za, adv. T. even with the roots.

hut-o'-tkon-za, n. a bluffshore with deep water below.

hu-wa'-ki-ś'a-ka, adj. T. enduring, not easily tired.

hu - wa' - ki - pe, n. the smaller

bones in the lower leg and forearm: éankpe huwakipe, the fibula; ispa huwakipe, the ulna.

hu-wa'-pa, n. an ear of corn, corn unshelled. See wahuwapa.

hu-wa'-pa-hpe, n. See huwa-pahpe.

hu-we', v. to bring, fetch Used with other verbs, as, huwe ya, to go to bring—huwe mda; huwe i, to have been for; huwe hi, to have come for. T., hiyo.

hu-ya', v. to have for a bone, have for a staff or leg—huwaya.

hu-ya'-ta, adv in the leg.

hu-yo'-ka-hmin, n. the hollow behind the knee.

hwo, adv. interrogative. Commonly used when the speaker is at a distance: toki da hwo, where are you going?

Ĥ.

h, the tenth letter of the Dakota alphabet. It represents a deep surd guttural.

ha, adj. curled, rough. See yuha, to curl.

ha, n. a curl.

ha, v. a. to bury, as a dead person, or as corn in holes or caches—waha, unhapi.

h'a, adj. gray.or mixed, as black and white, the black appearing under the white, as in the badger.

ha-ha', adj. red. of ha; curling, curled. See yuhaha.

ha-ha', n. waterfalls, so called from the curling of the waters; especially the Falls of St. Anthony T., iyohaha.

Ha-ha'-mdo-te, n. the mouth of the St. Peter's or Minnesota River.

Ha-ha'-ton-wan, n. p. the Chippewa or Ojibwa Indians, the name given to them by the Dakotas, as those who make their village

at the falls. It is believed the name | h a n - d i' - t a - y a, v. a. came from the Sault Ste. Marie and not the Falls of the Mississippi.

 $\dot{\mathbf{H}} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{h} \mathbf{a}' - \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{k} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}$, n. the Mississippi River, lit. river of the falls.

ha'-ka, adj. branching, having many prongs, as some deer's horns. hehaka.

ha - ka', adj. ruffled, not smooth, made rough, as a feather.

ha - ka', n. T.an instrument used for shooting at a mark in a game.

ha - ka' - ku - te, v. to play or shoot the "haka."

ha-kpa', adj. not straight or level, a little curved; ruffled.

ham, cont. of hapa; ham highda and ham iyaya, to start up, as something scared. T., hab.

ham-ham'-ya, v. red. of hamya. ham-ha'-pa, v. red. of hapa.

ham-ha'-pe-dan, n. the name given to silk cloth of any kind, probably from the rustling noise made in handling it.

ha - mna', adj. smelling like stale meat, tainted. T., ohamna.

ham - ya', v. a. to frighten or scare away anything, as wild animals; to drive off—hamwaya. T, habya.

han, n. a scab: han hinhpaya, the scab has fallen off.

han, v. n. to do, work, act, in any way—wahan, unhanpi: token yahan he, what are you doing?

han-di'-ta, v.n. to be active, make progress in work: handita waun, I am active.

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to spur one up—handitawaya: handitaićiya, to spur one's self up—handitamićiya.

ha g - di' - ta - ya, adv. actively.

han-han'-ska, v.n. (han and hanska) to be long-winded, not soon tired.

han - hi', v. n. to be slow at work, advance slowly or leisurely—hanwahi, hanunhipi.

han - hi' - ka, n. one who is slow at work, one who is incapable—hanwahika.

han - hi' - ki - ya, adv. slowly, carefully, as in finishing a piece of work.

han-hi'-ya, adv. slowly, with difficulty. T., hanhiya wayazanka, to to be sick of a slow disease.

han-hi', adj. sloppy, slushy.

han-i'-ta, v.n. to give out at work, be laid up by work—hanimata.

haŋ-i'-ṭe-ya, v.a. to cause to give out at work—hapitewaya.

han'-i-yo-kpa-ni, v. See hanokpani. T., hunkpani.

han'-i-yo-tpa-ni, v. See hanotpani.

han - o' - kpa - ni, v. n. to be unable to reach or to do, unable to accomplish; hanokpani waun, I am unable to accomplish,

han-o'-kpa-ni-yan, v. a. cause to fail of accomplishing—hanokpaniwaya, hanokpaniunyanpi.

han-o'-tpa-ni, v.n. Same as hanokpani.

han-o'-tpa-ni-yan, v. Same as hanokpaniyan.

han-pi'-ća, v. that can be done: token happića śni, it cannot be done.

han-te', n. the cedar, of the genus Juniperus and Cupressus.

 $ha\eta - te' - sa$, n. See hantesadan.

han-te'-śa-dan, n. the red cedar, Juniperus virginius.

han-tkan'-hu, n. T. the upper arm bone.

han-yan', v.n. to fail, decline, sink away, as in sickness; to be near death, i. q. wanna te kta; to be very tired—hanwaya, hanunyanpi.

han-ye'-ća, v. n. to fail, decline, sink away, as in approaching death—hanwayeća.

ha'-pa. See kahapa.

ha'-pa, v.n. to make a rustling noise, as in leaves or bushes, to rustle.

ha-pa', adj. T. rough, as the wind or voice; ho hapa, i. q. hogita.

ha-tpa', adj. ruffled, as feathers or hair. See hakpa.

h b a, adj. sleepy, drowsy—mahba, unhbapi, wićahba. T., hwa.

h b a'-k a, adj. sleepy, mild, gentle—mahbaka. See wahbadan and wahbaka.

h b a'-ya, v. a. to make sleepy—hbawaya.

h b a' - y a, adv. mildly, gently.

h b a'- y e - d a n, adv. softly, gently, mildly: hbayedan waun. T., hwayela.

h b o g' - y a, adv. collected, together. h b o' - k a. See kahboka.

hbu, v.n. to make a noise as in chew-

ing snow or ice, to make a crunching noise.

hbu-hbu', v. red. of hbu.

h b u - w a' - h a n, part. crumbled, as ice or snow in the spring.

héa, n. a flower, blossom. See wahéa.

héa, v. n. to blossom; héa aya, to bloom or blossom.

héa, adv. cont. of hinéa.

h ć a' - k a, T. adv. suffix. i. q. hinća: wastela hćaka, very good.

h ć a - w a' - h e - ć a , adj. slovenly. See hćoya.

hća'-ya, v. n. to blossom.

hća'-ya, adv. blossoming.

hći, adj. broken out in gaps. See kahći.

héi, n. a gap, as in the edge of an ax; a gash, cut, scar.

héi-han', part. broken out, as a piece from the edge of an ax: torn out, as the ear by ear-rings.

hći-hći', red. of hći; gapped.

héin, adv. Ih. and T. very; i. q. hinéa.

héi-wa'-han, part. broken out in gaps, gapped.

héo, adj. slovenly, slatternly.

h ć o' - k a, adj. slovenly—mahćoka. See hdohan and hdoheća.

h é o'-y a, adv. in a slovenly manner.

hćo'-ya-ken, adv. slovenly.

hda, v. n. to rattle.

h d a - h a n', adv. loose, torn, dangling. T., hlahan. See hnahan.

h d a - h d a', v. red. of hda. See mazahdahda.

hda-hda', n. a rattle.

h da-h da'-ya, adv. rattling, loosely. T., hlahlaya.

h da-h da'-ye-dan, adv. not securely, loosely: hdahdayedan wahnaka, I placed it loosely. T., hlaganyela.

h da-h da'-yen, adv. not securely: hdahdayen hnake śni, he has not placed it in securely.

h d a h - y a', adv. to a distance, i. q. tehan; removing.

hdah-ye'-ća, v. n. to remove or go off to a distance: hdahyeće śni, it does not go off, said of deer or other animals that stay about in the same place.

h d a - y a', adv. rattling; not safely. T., hlaġaŋ.

h da - y e n', adv. not securely or safely.

h di, v. n. to break out in sores, be sore, raw—mahdi, unhdipi: éan-kahu hdi, to have a sore back, as a horse.

h di, n. a running sore, a raw place. h di, adj. miry. See kahdi.

h di-h di', adj. red. of hdi; broken out in sores; miring.

h d i - h d i' - d a n, adj. miry, muddy. h d o, v. n. to growl, as a dog

h do-ge'-ća, adj. hollow, as a tree.

h do-haŋ', adj. slovenly, not well put on, as clothes. T., héoya. See héoka.

h do-he'-ća, adj. slovenly.

h do-he'-ya, adv. in a slovenly manner. See hnaheya.

h do-h do'-ka, adj. full of holes. See hdoka.

h do-h do'-ka-han, part. full of holes.

h do-h do'-ka-wa-han, part.
having holes in.

h do'-ka, n. a hole: mini hdoka, a spring of water.

hdo'-ka, part. See kahdoka.

h do-ka'-han, part. opened, having a hole in.

h do-ka'-wa-han, part. having a hole in.

h do-ki'-ya, v.a. to make growl—hdowakiya.

h do-ya', v a. to cause to growl—hdowaya.

hdo-ya', adv. growling.

he, n. a high hill or ridge of hills, a mountain; especially the Coteau des prairies.

h e - ġ i ŋ' - ć e, n. dross: pa heġinće, dandruff. See also ġinġinća.

he-he'-pi-ya, adv. T. part way up the hill.

he-hu'-kul, n. T. the bottom or foot of a hill.

h'e-h'e', adj. dangling, ragged.

he'-i-mni-źa, n. (he and imniźa) a rocky ridge.

he-in'-kpa, n. the brink or brow of a hill, the end of a hill. See hinkpa.

he-in'-tpa, n. Same as heinkpa. he'-i-pa, n. the brow of a hill; especially the head or commencement of the Coteau des prairies.

he-ku', n. the foot of a hill back

at the foot of the hill.

he-ma'-ko-skan, adv. T., i. q.hewoskan.

he-ma'-ni, v. to walk on dry land. he-ma'-ni, n. a railroad; a train of cars.

he'-ma-ya-ćan, n. a wooded hill. he'-mdo, n. a hill-top, ridge; i. q. mdamdata.

he'-mdo-ka, n. Same as hemdo. he-mni'-ćan, n. (he mni and ćan) a hill that appears as if it were in the water; Red Wings' village, a short distance above Lake Pepin, is so called.

hen, adv. (he and en) ashore: hen eźu, to put anything ashore, as from a boat; hen ihan, to step ashore.

he-na'-gi, n. the shadow of a hill. he-na'-ke, n. a hill-side, slope. See hunnaptan.

he-na'-ke-ya, adj. sloping, sideling. he-o'-hla-te, n. T. the foot or bottom of a hill.

he-o'-ta-he-na, adv. T., i. q.hewotahedan.

he'-pe-se, adv. hepese elipeya, to make a splash, as in throwing anything into water.

He-ska', n. The Big Horn Mountains.

 $het-a'-\acute{z}u$, v. a. to put ashore, as the load of a boat. See wahetaźu.

he-un'-na-ptan, n. a hill side. See honaptan.

He-wa'-kto-kto, n. p.theArickaree Indians.

from a river: heku unyanpi, we go | he - wan' - ke, n. frost, hoar-frost T., heyunke.

> he-wo'-skan, n. an uninhabited, desert place. T., hemakoskan. See howoskan.

> he-wo'-skan-tu, adv. in a desert place.

> he-wo'-skan-tu-ya, adv. from any dwelling, in a desert place, solitarily.

he-wo'-ta-he-dan, adv. where no one lives, in a desert place. T., heotahena.

he-ya'-ka, n. a hill, river hill, mountain.

he-ya'-ka-ta, adv. at the hill.

he-yam', cont. of heyapa; by land, following the hill: heyam unyanpi, we go by land: away, elsewhere: heyam ećon, go away. T., heyab.

he-yan', cont. of heyata; inland, in the interior.

to go by land, he-ya'-pa, v. n. travel by land, in distinction from going by water-heyawapa.

he-ya'-pa-ya, adv. T. by land; i q. heyata.

he-ya'-ta, adv. back by the hill, back from a river, back from a fire, out back, back, behind: heyata ya, to go out back, retire, withdraw—heyata mda; heyata iyeya, to shove aside or back, put out of office, reject. This word and others like it are formed from the noun he, hill, and the preposition ata, at. It might be called a prepositional noun. iheyata.

h e - y a' - t a n and h e - y a' - t a n - h a n, adv. from behind.

hi-ća'-han, v. n. to slip, misstep, stumble and fall—mahićahan.

hi-éa'-he-ya, v. a. to cause to slip and fall—hiéahewaya.

hin, adv. cont. of hinéa; very. See héin and htin.

hin'-ća, adv. very: waste hinća, very good; siće hinća, very bad.

hin-éa'-ke, adv. very, indeed.

hin'-kpa, n. (he and inkpa) the brow of a hill.

hin'-kpa-ta, adv. to or at the top of the hill; hinkpata unyanpi kta, we will go to the top of the hill.

hin'-kpa-tan-han, adv. at the hill-top, from the hill.

hiŋ-tkaŋ'-hu, n. the upper armbone. Hintkaŋ alone is said not to be used. T., hantkaŋhu.

hin'-tpa, n. Same as hinkpa.

hin'-tpa-ta, adv. Same as hinkpata.

hin'-tpa-tan-han, adv. Same as hinkpatanhan.

hiŋ-yaŋ'-taŋ, n. the daisy, which the Dakotas use in dyeing yellow.

hi-ya'-ya, adv. bungled. See yuhiyaya.

h l a' - \dot{g} a η , adj. T. loose; i. q· hdaġan. See hdaya.

hmin, adj. crooked, misshapen: siha hmin, a crooked foot.

 $h m i \eta - h m i \eta'$, adj. red. of hmin.

hmin-hmin'-yan, adv. red. of hminyan; crookedly.

hmin'-yan, adv. crookedly.

hmu'-ġa, v. See hmunġa.

hmun, v. n. to buzz, hum, as the stones of a mill or the flapping of bird's wings; to whistle, as a bullet: hmun hinhda, to make a buzzing noise suddenly.

See h m u n'-ġ a, v. a. to cause sickness or death, as the Dakotas pretend to be able to do, in a supernatural way; to bewitch, kill by enchantment—wahmunġa, unhmunġapi, mahmunġa; the kićihmunġapi, bewitching each other.

h m u n' - ġ a, adj. smelling strong, fishy, rancid, stinking, as grease.

hmunh'-mna, v. n. to smell rancid or fishy. See homna.

h m u n - h m u n', v. red. of hmun; to buzz.

hmuŋ-hmuŋ'-ġa, adj. red. of hmuŋġa; rancid.

hmun'-se, adv. T. in a buzzing way, as when many persons are talking together.

h m u n - y a', v. a. to cause to hum, make buzz—hmunwaya.

hmuŋ-yaŋ', adv. buzzing.

hna, v. n. to snort, as something dying; to snicker: T. hna mahingla, I snicker.

h n a - h a n', adj. slovenly, not tidy, hanging, as a horse's lip.

hna-he'-ya, adv. loosely, slovenly: hnaheya un, he is slovenly. See hdoheya.

h n i'- y a n, v. cante hniyan, to flutter or be troubled, be sick at the stomach, as from eating too much—mahniyan. hni'-yan-yan, adj. afraid, quaking for fear—mahniyanyan.

hni'-ye-ye-se, adv. in haste, affrightedly: hniyeyese mawani, I walk hastily.

ho, v. n. to stand up on end, as hair. See aho.

ho, intj. of surprise.

ho' e-ća, intj. expressing dissatisfaction or dissent. T., hoh.

ho'-e-ćah, intj. Same as hoe-ćahe.

h o'-e-éa-h e, intj. of disbelief and dissent. T., hoheéah.

h o h' - e - \acute{e} e \acute{s} , adv. T., i. q., hoe \acute{e} ahe.

ho-ka', n. the badger.

ho-na'-ptan, n. See hunnaptan.

hon'-hi-ki-ya, v.a. to finish, perfect. See hunhikiya.

hon'-hi-ya; v. a. to finish, perfect. See hunhiya.

hon'-ki-ṭa, v. n. to become very tired. See hunkiṭa. T., watuka.

hon'-kpa-ni, v. n. to be in an unfinished state. See hunkpani.

hon'-kpa-ni-ki-ya, v. to fail of finishing. See hunkpanikiya.

hon'-kpa-ni-yan, v. See hunkpaniyan.

hon'-tpa-ni, v. See huntpani.

hon'-tpa-ni-ki-ya, v. See huntpanikiya.

hon'-tpa-ni-yan, v. See huntpaniyan.

ho'-pa, adj. T. attractive, beautiful; wihopawin, a pretty woman.

h o'-pe-ća, adj. T. beautiful, well formed.

ho'-pi-dan, intj. astonishing! wonderful!

h o'-pi-dan-ni-ye, intj. astonishing!

ho'-pi-dan-śni, intj. impossible!

ho-pu'-za, n. (he and opuza) a dry country desert.

ho'-śki, adj. hilly, rough, uneven, as a country.

ho'-śki, n. the bad lands.

ho'-śki-śki, adj. red. of hośki; abounding in little hills, a hilly country.

ho'-ta, adj. gray, brown.

hot-ho'-ta, adj. red. of hota. T., holhota.

ho-țin'-za, n. (he and oținza) hard ground, a desert.

ho-wo'-skan, n. an uninhabited country. See hewoskan.

hpa, part. thrown down. See yuhpa: broken off.

hpa, v. n. to be wet or clogged, as mosquitoes' wings with dew: ća-ponka hpapi, mosquitoes are wet with dew.

h pa, adv. together, in a bunch, said of beans or potatoes which grow together.

h p a - h a n', part. thrown down, fallen down of itself.

h p a n', adj. soaked with water, wet; hpan hingle, T. to become softened.

h p a n - y a n', v. a. to soak or steep in water—hpanwaya, hpanunyanpi.

h p a - w a' - h a n, part. thrown off, thrown down.

h p a'-ya, v. n. T. to lie down, recline; kul hpaya, he lies down; ta hpaya, he is dead: canku kin kal hpaya, the road lies over there: tohan nihpayin kta, where will you lie down?

hpa'-ye-ya, v.a. to cause to lie down; to kill, as in battle.

h p e'- é a, adj. faint, exhausted mahpeéa; hpeéa śni, untiring, strong to endure fatigue. T., hpeéaka.

h pe-wan'-ka, v. n. to stay with the young, hover over, as a hen does over her brood, brood over—hpemunka. T., hpeyunka.

h p i'-k a, adj. T. shaggy, bushy, as hair.

hpu. See yuhpu.

h p u- h a n', part. crumbled off.

hpu-hpu', red. of hpu.

h p u - w a' - h a n, part crumbled off, come apart, as things formerly stuck together.

hpu-ya', adv. crumbling off.

hta, cont. of htayetu.

h ta - & u' - & n i , n. the cool of the evening. T., hta & usni.

li ta'-ka. See yalitaka.

h ta-k i'- ya, adv. towards evening. T., htakiyaka.

h ta'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to catch and hold, as a trap. See mazahtakiyapi.

hta-ki'-ya-ken, adv. towards evening.

htan, cont. of htata; htan iyaya, to become weak.

hta-ni', v.n. to labor, toil, work,

do such labor as the Dakota women do—htawani, htayani, htaunnipi.

hta'-ni-han, n. yesterday; htanihan sanpa and htanihan ićima, the day before yesterday. T., htalihan.

hta-ni'-pi, n. laboring; i. q. wicohtani.

htan'-yan, adj. rough, made rough; i. q. powaye. T., htanyela.

hta'-ta, adj. languid, weak—mahtata.

hta'-te-ća, adj. weak, feeble—mahtateća.

hta-yen', adv. in the evening; generally last evening.

hta'-ye-tu, n. the evening.

htin, Ih. adv. or particle, intensive in force; very. See hein and hin.

hu'-ġa, part. broken in. See kahuġa.

hu-ġa'-haŋ, part. broken in.

hu-ga'-wa-han, part. broken in.

hu-ġe'-ća, n. See ġuġeća.

hu-ha', n. the scrapings or shavings of hides, taken off in making them thin enough for robes, and which are eaten by the Dakotas. See tahuha.

hu-hna'-ga, v. n. to burn up, be consumed. See hulinaga.

hu-hnah'-ya, v.a. to cause to burn up, to consume—huhnahwaya.

huŋ'-hi-ki-ya, v. a. to finish, perfect.

hun'-hi-ki-ya, adv. in a finishing way, perfectly: hunhikiya ećamon, I do it by the way of finishing.

 $hu\eta' - hi - ya$, v. a. to finish.

hun'-ki-ṭa, v. n. to be tired, be weary and give out at work—hunwakiṭa, hununkiṭapi.

hun'-kpa-ni, v. n. to be unfinished. See honkpani.

huŋ'-kpa-ni-ki-ya, v.a. to leave in an unfinished state, to fail of accomplishing—huŋkpaniwakiya.

hun'-kpa-ni-yan, v. a. to fail of finishing—hunkpaniwaya.

huŋ-na'-ptaŋ, n. a hill-side. See henake and heuŋnaptaŋ.

hun-na'-ptan-yan, adv. on the hill-side.

hun'-tpa-ni, v. n. to be unfinished. See hoptpani and hunkpani.

huŋ'-tpa-ni-ki-ya, v. a. to fail of accomplishing, leave unfinished—huŋtpaniwayakiya.

hun'-tpa-ni-yan, v. to fail of finishing—huntpaniwaya.

h u n' - t a, v. n. T. used up, exhausted—hunmata. See hunkita.

hun'-te-ya, v. a. to cause to give out, to exhaust, as one's strength.

hun'-win, v.n. to stink, become putrid, as a dead body. See hwin.

h u n - w i n' - m n a, adj. stinking, smelling putrid.

hun-win'-ya, v. a. to cause to

smell badly, make putrid—hunwinwaya.

hu-pa'-hu, n. the arm of a person; the wing of a fowl—mahupahu nihupahu.

hu-pa'-hu-wa-ki-hda-ke-dan, n. the bat, lit., little leather-wings.

hu-pa'-ko-za, v. n. to move or flap the wings, to fly. See wahupakoza. T., hupaokoza.

hu-pa'-wa-ki-hda-ke-daŋ, n. the bat. T., hupakiglaksla.

hu-pin'-yun, adv. by the arms, without instruments, by main strength. See hupahu and iyun.

hu-pin'-yun-ken, adv. by main strength.

hu-wa'-pa-hpe, n. the meat which is left sticking to a hide; the right side of anything. See tahuwapahpe.

hu-ya', n. the common eagle: huya éinéa, a young eagle.

hwa, v. n., i. q. hba: The Titonwans sometimes use "w" for "b," as in this case.

h w a' - y e - l a, adj. T. gently, slowly: i. q. hbayedan.

hwin, v. n. to stink, become putrid, as a dead body. See hunwin.

hwin'-mna, adj. stinking, smelling putrid. See hunwinmna.

I.

- i, the eleventh letter of the Dakota alphabet. It has the sound of English ee, or of i in marine, machine.
- i, an inseparable preposition or prefix.
 - 1. Prefixed to verbs and adjectives, it means to, for, of or about; by means of, by reason of, on account of, in consequence of: as, kićo, to invite, ikićo, to invite to eat any particular thing: ćekiya, to pray to one, ićekiya, to pray to one for something; wohdaka, to tell news, iwohdaka, to tell about some particular thing; ćanniyan, to be angry, ićanniyan to be angry on account of something; wayazanka, to be sick, iwayazanka, to be sick in consequence of something; ćepa, fat, ićepa, fat by reason of.
 - 2. Prefixed to active verbs, it sometimes forms of them nouns of the instrument: as, kaźipa, to shave, ićaźipe, a drawing-knife or plane; kasdeća, to split, ićasdeće, a wedge; ćap'á, to stab, ićap'e, a spear.
 - 3. Prefixed to the cardinal numbers, it forms of them ordinals: as, nonpa, two, inonpa, second; yamni, three, iyamni, third, etc.

- 4. Prefixed to adverbs, it gives them the force of prepositions: as, tehan, far, itehan, far from.
- 5. Prefixed to nouns signifying time, it means the next or succeeding one: as, hanhanna, morning, ihanhanna, the next morning; wetu, spring, iwetu, the succeeding spring.
- i, n. the mouth—mii, nii, wićai: i en hde, to cast up to one; i en hiyeya, to cast into one's teeth.
- i, v. n. to have gone to, to have been at—wai, yai, unkipi.
- i a', v. n. to speak—iwaa, iyaa, uŋ-kiapi.
- i-a'-han, part. speaking.
- i-a'-kan, prep. (i and akan) upon, on top of.
- i-a'-ka-p'in or i-e'-ka-p'in, v.

 n. to be tired of speaking, unwilling
 to speak. See kap'in.
- i-a'-ke, adv. again, so many more.
- i-a'-ke-de-na-ke-ća, adj. so many more than ten.
- i-a'-ke-de-na-na, adj. only so many more than ten. T., iakelenala.
- i-a'-ke-he-na-ke-ća, adj. so many more than ten.
- i-a'-ke-ka-na-ke-ća, adj. that number more than ten.
- i-a'-ke-non-pa, num.adj. twelfth.

- i-a'-ke-śa-hdo-ġan, num. adj. | i'-a-ki-de-na-ke-ća, adv. eighteenth. T., iakeśahlogan.
- i-a'-ke-śa-ko-win, num. adj. seventeenth.
- i-a'-ke-śa-kpe, num. adj. sixteenth.
- i-a'-ke-to-pa, num. adj. four-
- i-a'-ke-wan-źi-dan, num. adj. eleventh.
- i a' k e y a m n i, num. adj. thir-
- i-a'-ke-za-ptan, num. adj. teenth.
- $i'-a-ki-ća-\dot{g}e-\acute{c}a$, n. one who is unreasonable in his demands; one who keeps asking for things after he should stop, an importunate person. T., aokaġeća.
- i-a'-ki-ću-ni, v. to desist from, grow tired and leave off. See iyakićuni.
- i-a'-ki-ću-ya, *adj*. See much. iyakićuya.
- i'-a-ki-de-će-ća, alike, equal to. See iyakidećeća.
- i'-a-ki-de-ćen, adv. like to, equal to.
- i'-a-ki-de-han-han-ke-ća, adv. red. of iakidehankeća.
- i'-a-ki-de-han-han-yan, *adv*. red. of iakidehanyan.
- i'-a-ki-de-han-ke-ća, equal in length to; kići iakidemahankeća, I am as tall as he.
- i'-a-ki-de-han-yan, adv. alike in distance, as far as.
- i'-a-ki-de-na-ka, adv. alike in number, as many as.

- many as.
- i'-a-ki-he-će-ća, adv. alike in kind.
- i'-a-ki-he-han-ke-ća, adv. alike in length.
- i'-a-ki-he-han-yan, adv. alike in distance.
- i'-a-ki-he-na-ke-ća, adv. equal number with.
- i'-a-ki-p'a-p'a, v. (i and ap'a) to strike on the mouth often, as the young men do in shouting—iawakip'ap'a.
- i'-an-pe-tu, n. the next day to, the day following. T., the same day: iappetu hapkeyela, during that day.
- i-a'-pi, n. talk, speech, language.
- i'-a-s'a, v. to halloo, make a loud inarticulate noise—iawaś'a, iaunś'api.
- i'-a-ta-ye-la, pronominal adv. that alone; personally, individually: also iyatayela; iye iyatayela econ, he did it himself.
- i-ba'-pe, v. to make sharp byibawape: ibapeśni, to make dull on. T., iwape.
- i-bo'-ço, n. a churn. See boćo.
- i-bo'-hta-ka, v. n. to strike against—ibomahtaka. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ iwohtaka.
- i b o'. m d u, v. n. to drift, blow up, as snow or dust: wa ibomdu, the snow is blown about; to storm.
- i b o' m d u m d u, red. of ibomdu.
- i-bo'-pan, n. a pestle. See bopan.

- i-bo'-pan, v. to shoot in pieces, i. q., bokuka.
- i-bo'-sdi, n. a squirt, syringe; a squirt-gun. This is made by Dakota boys of the common elder or box-wood, and is used for shooting water. See miniibosdi.
- i-bo'-sdo-han, v. to blow along lengthwise: ibosdohan iyeya.
- i-bo'-sdo-han-han, v. red., of ibosdohan.
- i b o' ś a k a, v. used with waćin; waćin ibośaka, to be discouraged: waćin ibowaśaka, I am discouraged.
- i b o' s' a k a, v. (i and boś'aka) to hit with little force, not to penetrate—ibowaś'aka.
- i-bo'-śta-ke, n. (i and bośtaka) a blunt-pointed arrow. T., wiwośtake.
- i-bo'-to, v. n. (i and boto) to hit or strike against, to butt against ibomato, ibonito: siha inyan ibomato, I struck my foot against a stone; pa en ibomato, it struck my head. See apato, etc.
- i-ća'-be-ća, v. n. to be pricked or have one's feelings injured by some little thing. T., ićameća. See ićama.
- i é a' b e y a, adv. pricked, injured in feelings; iéabeya waun, my feelings are hurt. T, iéameya.
- i-ća'-bu, n. (i and kabu) a drumstick.
- i-ća'-du, n. (i and kadu) a fan, wing to fan one's self with. T., ićalu.
- i-ća'-du-ge, n. (i and kaduga) a

- fan for wheat, something to blow or clean with: psin ićaduģe, a rice-blower.
- i-ća'-gla-la, prep. T. by the side of: i. q. ićahda.
- i-ća'-ġa, v.n. of kaġa; to springup, grow, as grass, trees, etc.; to grow from, as a result from a cause; to grow, as a child, become, as a man or boy, in any respect—imaćaġa, inićaġa.
- i-ća'-ġe, n. (i and kaġa) something to make with, an instrument: wowapi ićaġe, a pen or pencil.
- i-ća'-ġe, v. of kaġe: ićaġe iću, to take up in a bucket, as water; to take off or skim off—ićaġe iwaću.
- i-éa'-ġe-ya, adv. together; oyate ićaġeya tipi, the people were camped together.
- i'-ća-ġe-źu-ya, v. to come up with and go along with a company ićaġeźuwićawaya, I came up and went with them.
- i'-ća-ġe-źu-ya, adv. together with, in company.
- i ć a' ġ i, v. n. (i and kaġi) to be hindered by, opposed by an obstacle imakaġi, inićaġi.
- i-ća'-ġo, n. (i and kaġo) a mark or line drawn.
- i ć a' ġ o, v. a. of kaġo; to make a mark, draw a line, sketch—iwakaġo, uŋkićaġopi.
- i ć a' ġ o y a, v. a. to cause to mark—ićaġowaya.
- i-ća'-ġo-ya, adv. marking, in the way of marking.

- i-ća'-hda, prep. (i and kahda) by the side of, near to.
- i-ća'-hi, v. a. (i and kahi) to mix, stir up together—iwakahi, iyakahi, unkićahipi.
- i-ća'-hi, v. n. to mix, mingle.
- i-ća'-hi-hi, v. red. of ićahi; to mingle, mix together.
- i-ća'-hi-hi, n. cement.
- i ca' hi hi ya, adv. mixed up with, together with: i. q, opepeya.
- i-ća'-hin-te, n. (i and kahinta) a rake, a broom.
- i-éa'-hi-ton, v.a. to mix together ićahiwaton, ićahiyaton, ićahiuntonpi.
- i-ća'-hi-ton, part. mixed.
- i-ća'-hi-ya, v. a. to mix together, adulterate—ićahiwaya, ićahiunyan-
- i-ća'-ho-mni, n. (i and kahomni) something that is turned or turns, a wheel.
- i-ćah', cont. of ićaga; icah aya, it keeps growing.
- i 6a' ham ha pe dan, v.n. to rustle, as the grass in a gentle wind. T., ićićahab-See hamhapedan. hapa.
- i-ća'-ha-pe, n. (i and kahapa) something to drive with, a whip.
- i-ćah'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to domestic animal—ićahwakiya.
- i-ćah'-ko-ke-dan, adj. oićahkokedan.
- i-ća'-ho-ta, n. of ćahota; drops of rain, flakes of snow, so called

- because falling like ashes. T., ićaholhota.
- i-ća'-htag, cont. of ićahtaka.
- $i \acute{e} a' h t a g e y a$, v. to hint at, touch upon, in speaking.
- i-ća'-htag-ya, v. a. to cause to touch—ićahtagwaya.
- \mathbf{i} $\mathbf{\acute{c}}$ a' $\mathbf{\acute{h}}$ \mathbf{t} a \mathbf{g} \mathbf{y} a, adv. touching, relating to, concerning.
- i-ća'-htag-ya-ken, adv. relat-
- i-ća'-hta-ka, v. n. to touch, be near to—imakahtaka, inicahtaka.
- i'-ća-hta-ka, n. (i and kahtaka) a place where a river touches or runs near a hill; a place where the prairie comes down to a river or lake.
- i-ćah'-ya, v. a. to cause to grow, raise, as corn, etc.; to rear, to train up, as a child, etc.—ićahwaya, ićahmayan.
- i ć a h' y a, adv. conformed to, made like.
- i-ća'-kan, n. (i and kakan) an adze.
- i-ća'-kan, v. a. of kakan; to strike and cut a piece out of-iwakakan, iyakakan, unkićakanpi.
- i-ća'-kiś, cont. of ićakiźa; ićakiś waup, I am suffering for.
- i-ća'-kiś-ya, v. a. to cause to suffer for, to afflict—ićakiśwaya.
- grow; to rear, raise, as a child or | i é a' k i s y a, adv. in a suffering manner.
 - See | i é a' k i źa, v. n. to be in want of, lacking, suffering for-imakakiźa, inićakića, unkićakićapi: ićakiźe śni, not in want of.

- i-ća'-ki-źe, n. (i and kakiźa) | i-ćan'-śin-ya; adv. affliction. See iwićakakiće.
- $i \acute{c}a' ki \acute{z}e \acute{s}ni yan$, adv. $not | i \acute{c}an' wa \acute{s}te$, v. n. in want of, plentifully.
- i ć a m', cont. of ićapa; ićam iću, to stick in and take out.
- i ca' ma, adj. rough, as cloth or the beard; pricking, as iron filings.
- to hurt or prick, i - ć a' - m a, v. n. as anything in the eye: taku ista imakama, something is pricking in my eye.
- i-ća'-ma-ma, v. red. of ićama; to prick: ićamama niun he, does it keep pricking you?
- i-ća'-mda-ska, v. n. (i and kamdaska) to be flattened, as a bullet that is shot into wood.
- i-ća'-mna, v. n. to blow, bluster, storm, drive, as wind and snow; nina ićamna, it is very blustering; ićamna au, a storm is coming: to be torn by anything and lose the contents, as a bag of corn carried along. kamna, to rip.
- i ć a n', adv. whilst, in the meantime, just then.
- i ć a' n a n, adv. See ićannan.
- i ć a n' k a s p e y a, v. See ićantkaspeya and ićantekaspeya.
- $i \acute{c} a n' \acute{s} i \acute{c} a$, v. n. to be sad for ićanmaśića. See ićanteśića.
- i-ćan'-śi-ća-pi, n. tribulation.
- i-ćan'-śin, cont. of ićanśića.
- i-ćan'-śin-ya, v.a. to make sad, grieve, disappoint one by means of something—ićanśinwaya. See ićanteśinya.

- sadly, distressingly.
- to be glad for-icanmawaste. See icantewa-
- i-ćan'-wa-śte-ya, adv. gladly
- i-ćaŋ'-a-ma-ni, n. a ladder. See ćaniyamanipi.
- (i and ćanćan) i-ćan'-ćan, v. n. to tremble for, shake on account ofimaćanćan, inićanćan.
- leaning against. i'-ćaŋ-haŋ, adv. T., ićanyan. See ićinhan.
- i'-ćan-kćan, adv. making effort but not with much determination: ićankćan ećamon, I did it, but not truly; opposed to awićakehan.
- i'-ćan-ksi, v. n. to be angry or irritated at or in consequence ofićanwaksi, ićanyaksi.
- i'-ćan-ksi-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to be angry for-ićanksiwakiya.
- i'-ćaŋ-ksi-ksi, v. red. of ićaŋksi.
- i'-ćan-ksi-ya, adv. crossly, bluntly, T., ićanksiksiya. roughly, angrily.
- i-éan'-nan, adv. out from, out in the river or lake from.
- i-ćant', cont. of icante.
- i 6 a n t' a h d e , v. a. to determine evil against one for some cause ićantawahde.
- i-ćan'-te, adv. in or at the heart. Used as in the following compounds.
- $i \epsilon a \eta' t e k a s p e y a$, v. gratify one's self by avenging, make one's self cheerful by retaliating on

- has done the injury—ićantekaspewaya.
- i-ćaŋ'-te-ki-ćuŋ, v.n. courage one's self by reason of-icantewećun, ićantevećun.
- i-ćan'-te-ki-ćun-yan, adv.encouragingly.
- to be sad i-ćan'-te-śi-ća, v. n. on account of. See ićanśića
- i-ćan'-te-śi-ća-ya, adv. sadly on account of.
- i-ćan'-te-śin-ya, v. a. to render unhappy by.
- i-ćan'-te-țins, cont. of icantetinza.
- $i \epsilon a \eta' t e t i \eta s y a$, v. a. to encourage one by reason of-icantetinswaya.
- i-ćan'-te-țin s-ya, adv. encouragingly.
- i cay' te tin za, v. n. to be encouraged or sustained by-icantematinza.
- $i \acute{c}$ an'-te-wa-ste, v. n. to be glad on account of—icantemawaste.
- i-ćan'-te-wa-ste-ya, gladly on account of.
- i-ćan t'-i-ća-spe-ya, v. to avenge one's self and thus become pleased ićantićaspewaya. See ićantekaspeya.
- i-ćaŋt'-ka-spe-ya, Same as ićantekaspeya.
- in the heart with reference to something; to purpose to give to oneićantowahnaka.

- some relative of the one who | i-ćant'-o-ki-ćun, v. to strengthen or encourage one's self by-icantowećun. See ićantekićun.
 - i ćan t' o k pa n i, v. to long for in reference to—ićantowakpani.
 - i-ćant'-o-tpa-ni, v. Same as ićantokpani.
 - i'-ćaŋ-yaŋ, adv. T. leaning against. See icanhan.
 - i'-ća-pa, v. to open the mouth iwakapa.
 - i ć a' p' a, v. (i and ćap'a) to stick into, take a stitch-ićawap'a, ićayap'a, ićaunp'api; to stab with; to stick in, as a thorn or stick: ćan ićamap'a, a splinter sticks in me.
 - i-ća'-pan, n. of kapan; a thresher, threshing machine; something to pound with.
 - i-ća'-p'e, n. (i and ćap'á) thing that sticks in, a spear, a splinter; a stitch.
 - i-ća'-pe, n. (i and kapan) thing to pound with.
 - i-ća'-psa-ke, n. (i and kapsaka) something used in cutting off strings; pahin ićapsake, a porcupine-quill cutter, a small knife.
 - i-ća'-psin-te, n. (i and kapsinta) something to whip with, a whip.
 - i-ća'-pśin-pśin-ća, n. a species of swallow.
 - i-ća'-pśin-pśin-ća-dan, n. the common swallow.
- i 6 a η t' ο h n a k a, v. a. to place | i 6 a' p ś u η, n. (i and kapśuη) anything to pry out or pull up by the roots with.
 - | i'-éa-pta, v. a. (i and kapta)

- open the mouth at, scold—-iwakapta, | i ća' śke, n. (i and kaśka) íyakapta.
- i-ća'-pta, v. n. of kapta; to break out, as the hold of meat in carrying it.
- i-ća'-ptan-ptan, v. n. of kaptanptan; to turn over much, roll about.
- i'-ća-pta-pta, v. red. of íćapta; to be angry at, to scold—iwakapta-
- i-ća'-pte, n. (i and kapta) something to dip out with, a ladle. Seealso wićapte.
- i-ća'-san, n. (i and kasan) a razor.
- i-ća'-san, v. n. to become used to, as to eating or doing anythingimakasan, inićasan. T., v. a.whiten by touching or striking—iwakasan.
- i-ća'-sde-će, n. (i and kasdeća) something to split with, a wedge.
- i-ća'-ski-ća, v.n. to be pressed down—imakaskića, inićaskića.
- i ća' ski će, n. (i and kaskića) a press.
- i-ća'-ś'a-ka, v. n. of kaś'aka; not to penetrate, as an ax that is dull.
- i ć a' ś d a, n. (i and kaśda) something to mow with: peźi icaśda, a T., ićaśla; putin ićaśla, a razor.
- i-ć a'-ś d e-ć a, n. Ih. i. q. ićasdeće.
- i-ća'-śe, n. (i and kaśe) thing rubbing against, a hindrance.
- i-ća'-śe-ya, v.a. to make a hindrance of, hinder by means of-icaśewaya.

- thing to tie or bind around with, a girdle, sash.
- i-ća'-śki-ća, v. n. to cut a small gash, be gashed—imakaśkića, inića-
- i-ća'-śki-će, n. (i and kaśkića) something to pound with, a beetle.
- i-ća'-śki-ta, v. n. to cut a little gash in.
- $i \acute{c} a' \acute{s} o \acute{s} e$, v. T. to mix by shaking together—iwakaśośe.
- i-ća'-śpe, n. (i and kaśpa) instrument for cutting off pieces: mazićaspe, a cold chisel.
- i ća' śpu, n. (i and kaśpu) thing to knock off with.
- i-ća'-ta, v. ićata iheya, to crowd together. See kata iheya.
- i-ća'-tka-taŋ-haŋ, adv. left hand of-micatkatanhan. See ćatka.
- i-ća'-tku-tan-han, adv. to or at the back part of the tent from one. See ćatku.
- i-ća'-zo, v. a. of kaźo; to draw a mark or line; to take credit, to owe, be in debt-iwakazo, iyakazo, unkićazopi. See also ikićazo.
- i-ća'-zo, n. a mark, line drawn.
- i-ća'-zo-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to mark; to cause to take things on credit, give credit to—ićazowakiya, ićazovakiya, ićazounkiyapi, ićazomakiya, ićazoćićiya.
- i-ća'-zo-pi, n. credits.
- i c a' z a, v. a. to think there is much or many; to do a thing much, as to

- give away much; to take more than is proper—iwaćaźa, unkićaźapi.
- i ć a' ź a p i , n. very much, i. q. ota hiŋća.
- i ć a' ź a ź a, v. a. to wash by shaking, as a bottle—iwakaźaźa.
- i-ća'-źe, adv. of ćaźe; in the name of.
- $i \acute{c} a' \acute{z} e k a$, n. a liar, i. q. itonpiśni.
- i-ća'-źe-ka, v. n. to be named for or on account of.
- i-ća'-źe-yan, adv. cont. of ićaźeyata; in the name of.
- i-ća'-źe-ya-ta, adv. in the name of, in speaking the name of.
- i'-će-haŋ, adv. leaning against:ićehaŋ naźiŋ, to stand leaning against.See ićiŋhaŋ and ićiŋyaŋ.
- i ć e' k i n, v. a. to envy any one ićewakin, ićeyakin, ićeunkinpi, ićećićin, ićemakin.
- $i-\acute{e}e'-ki\eta-ya\eta$, adv. enviously.
- i-će'-ki-ya, v. a. of ćekiya; to pray to one for something—iće-wakiya, ićeyakiya, ićeunkiyapi, ićećićiya: Woniya Wakan ićeyakiya he, dost thou pray for the Holy Spirit?
- i-će'-pa, adj. of ćepa; fat on or by by, fat reason of—imaćepa.
- i-će'-paŋ, n. a woman's husband's sisters she calls ićepaŋ: ićepaŋku, her sister-in-law.
- i-će'-paŋ-śi, n. a woman's female cousin; her husband's brother's wife: ićepaŋśitku, her female cousin, etc.

- i-će'-paŋ-śi-ya, v. a. to have for female cousin—ićepanśiwaya.
- i ć e' paŋ ya, v.a. to have for or count as sister-in-law—ićepaŋwaya, ićepaŋmayaŋ.
- i ć e ś', intj. See ećeś.
- i-će'-ti, v. of ćeti; to make a fire to or at—ićewati.
- i ć e' w i n, v. n. to give away much—ićewawin.
- i-će'-win, adv. much, very much: ićewin wićawaku, I have given them very much.
- i-će'-winh, adv. Same as ićewin.
- i-će'-win-win, adv. red. of ićewin; much, lavishly.
- i-će'-win-yan, adv. lavishly, bountifully.
- i'-ći, a prefix. Prefixed to verbs, it usually signifies together: as koyaka, to put on, íćikoyaka, to fasten together; wanyaka, to see, íćiwanyaka, to look at together, compare. Prefixed to prepositions and adverbs, it conveys the idea of space or time intervening between the objects: as íćikiyedan, near to each other, íćitehan, far apart.
- i-6i', a prefix to cardinal numbers which makes of them ordinals: as yamni, three, ićiyamni, the third. See i, 3.
- i'- $\acute{c}i$ - $\acute{c}a$ - $\acute{h}i$, v n. to mingle together, mix.
- i' éi-éa-hi-ya, v. a. to mix together, mingle, stir up together—icićahiwaya, ićićahiunyanpi.
- i'-ći-ća-hi-ya, adv. mingled.

- i'- $\acute{c}i$ - $\acute{c}a$ -hi-ya-pi, part. mixed |i'- $\acute{c}i$ -k de-k de-ga, adj. together.
- i'-ći-ća-hi-ha, adj. connected, in links: maza ićićahiha, a chain.
- i'-6i-6a-8ka, v. to bind together. See ićiyakaska.
- i'-ći-ća-win, adv. back again by the same way: ićićawin hda, to go home by the same way that one came; anog ićićawin, back and forth. See ićipaś.
- i'- $\acute{c}i$ $\acute{c}a$ win- win, adv. red. of íćićawin.
 - i'-ći-ća-win-yan, adv. back by the same way.
 - i'-ći-ću-ya, adv. passing by each other partly, as two things placed thus =; said of twins, if one is a boy and the other a girl.
 - i'-ći-hde-śka, *adj*. speckled, as corn of different colors.
 - i'- $\acute{c}i$ \acute{h} $\acute{d}e$ $\acute{s}k$ \acute{a} $\acute{s}k$ \acute{a} , adj. red. of íćihdeska.
 - i'-ći-he-han-han-yan, adv. red. of ićihehanyan.
 - i'-ći-he-han-yan, adv. thusfar apart.
 - i-6i'-hni, v. a. to beat or maltreat, as a man his wife.
 - i'- ci-hnu-ni, v. to be mixed up, so as not to be distinguished
 - i'-ći-hnu-ni-ya, v. a. to cause not to be distinguished—íćihnuniwaya.
 - i'-ći-hnu-ni-yan, adv. mingled, mixed up.
 - i'-ći-kaŋ-ye'-la, *adj*. T. near to each other: ićikiyena. VOL. VII——12

- Ih. scattering, few.
- i'-ći-ki-ki-ye-dan, adv. red. of íćikiyedan.
- i'-ći-ki-ye-daŋ, *adv*. near to each other.
- i'-ći-ko-yag, cont. of íćikovaka; íćikoyag iyeya.
- i'-ći-ko-yag-ya, v.a. to fasten one to another—íćikoyagwaya.
- i'-ći-ko-ya-ka, v. n. to be fastened one to another.
- i ć i' m a, adv. ever, again; with śni, never; htanihan ićima, the day before yesterday; heyakećinhan ićima, the day after to-morrow; ptinhan ićima, the fall before last.
- i-ći'-ma-na, *adv*. ever; śni always follows, making never: icimana ećamon kte śni, I will never do it.
- i'- ci-ma-ni, v. n. to travel, go on a journey without one's family; to visit—íćimawani, íćimayani, íćimaunnipi.
- i'-ći-ma-ni-pi, traveling; visiting.
- i-ći'-na-pćin-wan-ka, adj. the ninth. This form is not much used. See inapćinwanka. T., ićinapćinyunka.
- i-ći'-non-pa, adj. the second. also, again; i. q. ićimana.
- i-ćin', v. to desire one thing for another; to desire more of, in addition to—iwaćin.
- i-ćiŋ', adv. T. of a truth; now: i. q. ećin.

- i'-ćin-han, adv. leaning against.
- i-ćin'-in, v. of kinin; to throw at, strike with—iwakinin.
- i-ćin'-yan, v. a. to cause to desire—ićinwaya.
- i'-ćiŋ-yaŋ, adv. leaning against: ićiŋyaŋ mayaŋka, it is leaning against me. T., ićaŋyaŋ. See ićehaŋ and ićiŋhaŋ.
- i'- éi- pa-si-sa, v. a. of pasisa; to stick in one and another, sew together; to sew across—iéiwapasisa.
- i'-ći-paś, cont. of ićipaźa; back by the same way; ićipaś hdiću, he started back by the same way. See ićićawip.
- i'- é i p a ś y a, adv. backwards and forwards, doubled on. T., ićipaśpaś.
- i'-ći-pa-we-ġa, v.n. of paweġa; to cross, lie across.
- i'-ći-pa-weh, cont. of ićipawega; crosswise: ićipaweh okatan, to nail on crosswise, as our Saviour when crucified; to crucify.
- i'-ći-pa-weh-we-ġa, v. red. of ićipaweġa.
- i'-éi-pa-weh-ya, adv. crosswise, across.
- i'-ći-pa-źa, adv. back by the same way, doubled back on, on the same track back.
- i'-ći-pu-kpe-ya, adv. scattered, mixed up. See kpukpeya.
- i'- 6 i p u t p e y a, adv. mixed up, scattered about.
- i'-ći-sku-ya, adj. of skuya; alike sour or sweet: kići ićiskuya, alike sweet with.

- i-ći'-śa-hdo-ġaŋ, adj. the eighth.
- $i \acute{e} i' \acute{s} a k d o \acute{g} a \eta$, adj. Ih. the eighth.
- $i \acute{e} i' \acute{e} a k o w i n$, adj. the seventh. $i \acute{e} i' \acute{e} a k p e$, adj. the sixth.
- i'-ći-ta-ki-hna, adv. in rows, in layers, one on another; double, stout, as thick cloth.
- i-ći'-tan, adv. hardly; i.q. kitan se: ićitan mduśtan, I have but just finished it; ićitan se ehan wai, I barely arrived at the place.
- i'-ći-taŋ-iŋ-śni, v. n. óf taŋiŋ; it is not manifest between two or more which is the one.
- i'- éi-te-han, adv. of tehan; far apart.
- i'-ći-te-han-han, adv. red. of fcitehan.
- i'-ći-te-haŋ-haŋ-yaŋ, adv. red. of íćitehaŋyaŋ.
- i'-ći-te-han-yan, adv. far apart.
- i'-ći-tko-kim, adv. meeting face to face, opposite each other. See itkokim.
- i'- éi-tko-ki-pa-pi, v. pl. of itko-kipa; they met face to face.
- i'-ći-to-han, adv. how long from?
- i'-ći-to-han-han, adv. red. of íći-tohan.
- i'-ći-to-han-han-yan, adv. red. of féitohanyan.
- i'-ći-to-han-yan, adv. how far apart? John ii. 4.
- i'-ći-ton-pe-ya, adv. of itonpa; fearing each other, taking care for each other.
- i-ći-to-pa, adj. the fourth.

- ask thee a question. T., ićiyunga.
- i'- $\acute{c}i$ $\acute{e}a$, $\acute{e}a$, $\acute{e}a$. to cross-question, examine by cross-questioning íćimunga, íćinunga, unkićiwangapi. T., ićiyunga.
- i'-ći-wan-ġa-pi, *n*. examination. T., ićiyungapi.
- i'-ći-wan-ya-ka, v.a. of wanyaka; to look at things together, compare—íćiwanmdaka, íćiwandaka, íćiwanunyakapi.
- i'-ći-waŋ-ya-ka-pi, n. comparison.
- $i \acute{c}i' w a \acute{s}te$, v. n. to be good with: taku ićiwaste he, with what is it good? to be good for.
- i-ći'-wi-kće-mna, adj. $the\ tenth.$ See iwikćemna.
- i'-ći-wo-hdu-ze, n. fellowship.
- i-ći'-ya, v.a. to take sides with, assist in a dispute or controversy, assist as an advocate—iwakiya, unkikiyapi, imakiya.
- i'-ći-ya-ćin, v. of iyaćin; to liken several things to each other, think equal—íćimdaćin, ićidaćin.
- i'-ći-ya-ćin-yan, adv. likening to one another.
- i'-ći-ya-hda-skin, adv. above another, pressing on each other. See ahdaskića.
- i'-ći-ya-hda-śka, v. pos. unite together, tie one to another of one's own—íćiyawahdaśka. See kaśka.
- to another.

- $i \acute{c}i' wan \acute{g}a; v.$ of $iwan \acute{g}a; I | i' \acute{c}i ya hde hde, v. red.$ of $i\acute{c}i \acute{c}i'$ yahde.
 - i'-ći-ya-hde-hde-ya, adv. red. of íćiyahdeya.
 - i'-ći-ya-hde-ya, adv. reaching one to another.
 - i'- $\acute{c}i$ -ya-hde-ya, v. a. to cause one to reach to another, cause to meet íćiyahdewaya.
 - i'-ći-ya-lipa-ya, v.a. to catch from one another; to communicate to others, as an infectious disease. See ahpaya.
 - i'-ći-ya-hpa-ya, adj. contagious.
 - i'-ći-ya-i-hda-śka-pi, v. pl. to unite one to another, tie each other together, as man and wife.
 - i'-ći-ya-ka-śka, v. a. to tie or unite things together mutually—ićiyawakaska, iciyayakaska, iciyaunkaśkapi.
 - i-ći'-ya-mni, adj. the third.
 - i'-ći-ya-pu-spa, v. a. of iyapuspa; to stick two or more things together—íćiyawapuspa.
 - i'-ći-ya-skam, cont. of íćiyaskapa; sticking to each other.
 - i'-ći-ya-skam-ya, v. a. to cause to adhere or stick to each other-16iyaskamwaya.
 - i'-ći-ya-skam-ya, adv. adhering to each other: íćiyaskamya wanka, they lie sticking together.
 - i'-ći-ya-ska-pa, v. n. of iyaskapa; to adhere or stick one to another.
- i'-ći-ya-hde, v. n. to reach one | i'-ći-yas-ya-za, adv. red. of íćiyaza.

- $\mathbf{i'}$ -ć \mathbf{i} -ya-wa, v. a. of iyawa; tocount up together—íćimdawa, íćidawa, íćiunyawapi.
- i'- $\acute{c}i$ $\acute{v}a$ $\acute{z}a$, adv. red. of iyaza; in rows, in a range; from one to another, as in passing a thing around.
- i'-ći-yo-ki-he-ya, adv. T. over again and again, repeatedly; after another.
- i'-ći-yo-pe-ya, v. a. of iyopeya; to barter, exchange one thing for another—íćiyopewaya.
- i'-ći-yo-pe-ya-pi, n. barter, exchange: íćiyopekićiyapi, a market.
- i'-ći-yo-pta; *adv*. in a range with, in the same direction. See iyo-
- i'-ći-yo-pte-ya, adv. in that direction, across, through.
- i'-ći-yo-ta-kons, cont. of íćiyotakonza; opposite to each other. ićiyotatkons.
- i'-ći-yo-ta-kon-za, adv. of iyotakonza; opposite to each other, equal T., ićiyotatkonza. to, even with.
- i' 6 i y u h m u n, v. a. of yuhmun; to twist together—séimduhmun, iéiduhmun.
- i'-ci-yu-o-ta, v. a. of yuota; to multiply together—ícimduota, íciunyuotapi.
- i-ći'-za-ptan, *adj*. the fifth.
- $i \acute{c}i' \acute{z}e han$, adv. often, repeatedly, frequently.
- $i ci' \acute{z} e na$, adv. T. mingled, mixed up.
- i'- \acute{c} o \acute{g} a, v. n. to lodge on, drift and |i \acute{c} u n' h a n, adv. lodge on, as a log of wood.

- $i \acute{c}o' i \acute{c}i o\eta$, v. of $i\acute{c}oko\eta$; to determine evil against one's self; to be resolute.
- i-ćo'-kam, adv. before, between one and the fire-mićokam.
- i-ćo'-kam-ya, adv. before, between.
- i-ćo'-ka-pa, adv. of ćokapa; same as ićokam.
- i-ćo'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. fore, in the midst, inside of.
- i-ćo'-kon, v.a. of ćokon; to determine evilagainst one for any cause ićowakon
- i-ćo'-ma, v.a. to draw up around the shoulders, as one's blanket: sina iwaćoma, I draw my blanket up.
- i-ćo'-mi, v. a. Same as ićoma; some use one form and some the other.
- i-ćo'-mni, v.n. to be tired of staying; weary, discontented—ićomamni, ićonimni, ićounmnipi.
- i-ćo'-pa, v. of ćopa; to wade in, as in one's moccasins—ićowapa, ićouŋpapi.
- i ć o s', cont. of ićoza.
- i ćo s' y a, v. a. to make warm with—ićoswaya.
- |i 6o' za|, v. n. of 6oza; to be warm by means of, as of clothing—imaćoza: takudan inićoza śni, you have nothing to keep you warm.
- i ć u', v. a. to take, accept, receive, take up anything—iwaću, iyaću, unkićupi; to become, as, otpas iću, it has become dark.
- whilst, during the time, in the mean time.

- i-ćuŋ'-haŋ-na, adv. whilst, when.
- i-ćuŋ'-haŋ-nah, adv. just at that time.
- i-ću n'-o m, adv. cont. of ićunonpa; out at one side of; tipi kin ićunom mda, I went off on one side of the house.
- i-ćuŋ'-oŋ-pa, adv. off to one side, off from, out of the way: ićuŋoŋpa wanka, it lies out of the way; mi-ćuŋoŋpa, off from me. T., ićioŋpa.
- i-ćuŋ'-oŋ-pa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. out of the way, off to one side.
- i ć u n s', cont. of ićunza.
- i ć u ŋ s' y a, v. to be dilatory, not to do much, to have no mind to the work, work only for the pay; i. q. tanyeh ećon śni—ićunswaya, icunsunyanpi.
- i-6uns'-ya-ken, adv. not heartily, pretending.
- i-ćuŋs'-ye-ća, n. one who is not faithful, one who does his duty not well
- i ć u n' z a, v. of kunza. Obsolete.
- i-ću'-te, n. of kute; something to shoot with, as the arrows one uses in a game.
- i-ću'-wa, n. of kuwa; something with which to hunt or catch anything; as, hogan ićuwa and hoićuwa, a fish-hook, fishing-implements: farming-implements.
 - i ¢ e' ś i, n. a woman's male cousin; her husband's sister's husband; içeśitku, her male cousin, etc. T., śiţeśi.

- whilst, i ¢ e' ś i y a , v. a to have for male cousin, etc.—iţeśiwaya. T., śiţejust at śiya.
 - i-ći', pron. reflexive. It usually signifies that the action returns upon the actor; but sometimes, that the action is done for one's self. See Grammar, under compound pronouns, "ići," "nići," "mići," and "unkići," which form the middle or reflexive of a large class of verbs.
 - i ć i' ć a ġ a, v. reflex. of kaġa; to make one's self; to make for one's self—mićićaġa, nićićaġa.
 - i-ći'-ća-śka, v. reflex of kaśka; to bind or tie one's self, to deliver up one's self to the authorities—mićićaśka.
 - i ¢ i' ć i t a, adv. taking care, carefully; i. q. itonpeyahan: ićićita aya wo, take it along carefully.
 - i-ći'-ćons, v. cont. of ićićonza; ićićons opa, to follow on one's own decision; to make a profession of religion.
 - i ć i' ć o ŋ z a, v. reflex. of koŋza; to determine for one's self—mićićoŋza.
 - i-ći'-ću-ya, adv. of ku, to give; giving one's self up to, devotedly: ići-ćuya ećon, he acts devotedly.
 - i-¢i'-gla-lu, v. reflex. T. to fan one's self.
 - i-¢i'-hde, v. reflex. of hde; to lay up for one's self—mićihde. Hence, taku ićihdepi, furniture.
 - i-¢i'-hde-ka, n. one who has

- much, one who is always accumulat- | i d a' z a t a p h a p, adv.
- i'-ći-hna-hna, adv. with care, pleasantly, politely: ićihnahna ećon wo, do it pleasantly.
- i-¢i'-hna-ka, v. reflex. of hnaka; to place or locate one's self; to lay up for one's self-mićihnaka; taku ićihnakapi, furniture. See ićihde.
- i-¢i'-hna-yan, v. reflex. of hnayan; to deceive one's self-mićihnayan.
- i-ći'-hni, v. reflex. of ihni; to hunt, as game, for one's self-mićihni. T., iićigni.
- i'- ¢i-ha-ha, v. reflex. of iha; to make one's self a laughing-stock, said of one who commits adultery mićihaha. T., iićihaha.
- i-¢i'-kću, v. reflex. of iću; to help one's self, take what one is to *have*—imićikću. T., iićikću
- i-¢i'-ksu-ya, v. reflex. of kiksuya; to remember one's self, come to one's self—mićiksuya.
- i-¢i'-kte, v. reflex. of kte; to kill one's self, commit suicide.
- i-¢i'-kton-źa, v reflex. of akiktonźa; to forget one's self, leave off or cease from one's sorrow, etc.
- i d a g', cont. of idaka. T. wowilag.
- i dag' ya, v. a. to cause to serve, have for a servant—idagwaya.
- i-d a'-k a, v. a. to have for a servant, to control, govern, rule over-iwadaka, unkidakapi. See wowidake.
- i da' za ta, adv. back from, i. q. iheyata. See dazata.

- in the rear of.
- i-de', v. n. to burn, blaze.
- i d e', n. a blaze, a burning, a prairie fire: ide au, a fire is coming.
- i'-de-ći-ya, adv. on this side of.
- i'-de-ći-ya-tan, adv. on this side of.
- i'-de-ći-ya-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from this side of, on this side of, in this way from.
- i'-de-ći-yo-taŋ, adv. in this direction from.
- i'-de-ga, n. pouting lips. See dega and dehdega.
- i'-de-han, adv. so far off.
- i'-de-han-han, adv. red. of idehan.
- i'-de-haŋ-na, adv. only so far off, near to.
- i'-de-han-yan, adv. so far off.
- i-de'-ya, v.a. to burn, cause to burn, set fire to—idewaya, ideyaya, ideunyanpi.
- i di' di ta, adj. hot on account of.
- i-di'-ta-ka, v.n. to be animated for, brave for or on account of-idimataka and imaditaka, iniditaka. See waditaka.
- i-do'-ti-ćin, n. (dote and kin) a collar for a horse.
- i do' wan, v. a. of dowan; to sing to or for, to sing the praises of, praise one-iwadowan, iyadowan, unkidowanpi, imadowan; ićidowan, I praise thee; ićidowan, to sing of one's self.
- i-e', v. Same as ia.

- i-e'-a-hta-ni, v. to sin in speaking, blaspheme.
- i-e'-h da-śna, v. pos. of ieyaśna; to speak falsely of one's own, as when one tells what is false in regard to his dreams or visions iewahdaśna. T., ieglaśna, to blunder in speaking.
- i e' k a s k i s k a, v. n. to stutter—iemakaskiska, ienikaskiska.
- i e' ki ya, v. a. to cause to speak, make speaker of; to have for interpreter—iewakiya, ieyakiya.
- i-e'-ksa-pa, v. n. to be wise of speech, eloquent—iemaksapa and iewaksapa.
- i'-en-hde and i'-en-i-ye-ya, v. to reproach, blame.
- i e' s k a , v. n. to be fluent, speak a language intelligibly—iemaska, ieniska, ieuŋskapi.
- i-e'-ska, n. one who speaks well, an interpreter.
- i-e'-ska-ki-ya, v.a. to have for interpreter, cause to interpret from one language to another—ieskawakiya, ieskaunkiyapi.
- i-e'-śni, v not to be able to speak, dumb; i. q. iaokitpani.
- i e' ś n i , *intj. not so! T.*, ieśnićaś. See iyeśni.
- i-e'-wi-ća-ka, v. n. to speak the truth—iewićawaka, iewićayaka, iewićaunkapi.
- i-e'-wi-ća-ke-haŋ, adv. truly, in truth. T., iewićakeya.
- i-e'-yan-pa-ha, v. to proclaim, publish, make proclamation, as the

- Dakota men do—ieyanwapaha, ieyanyapaha, ieyanunpahapi.
- i-e'-yaŋ-pa-ha, n. a public crier, herald, a man employed to proclaim with a loud voice the decisions of the principal men concerning any public matter, such as the time when they will move, where they will encamp, etc.
- i e' y a ś n a, v. to talk as one pleases, talk falsely—iemdaśna, ie-unyaśnapi.
- i-e'-ya-śna-śna, v. red. of ieyaśna.
- i-gla'-ho-mni, v. reflex. T. to turn one's self around: i. q ihdamna.
- i-gla'-ka, v. T. for ihdaka.
- i-gla'-ye-ki-ya, v. T. to push into, as a straw to clear out a pipe-stem.
- i-gla'-ye-ya, n. T. a pipestem cleaner.
- i-gla'-za-ta, adv. T. at one's side: miglazata, at my side.
- i-gla'-zuŋ-ta, v. reflex. T. to praise one's self.
- i-glo'-ni-ća, v. T. for ihdonića.
- i-glu'-ble-za, v. reflex T. to make one's self see or think clearly.
- i-gmu', n. T. for inmu.
- i-gmu'-gle-za, n. T. for inmuhdeza.
- i g m u' g l e s k a, n. T. for inmuhdeska.
- i-gmu'-ho-ta, n. T. for inmuhota.
- i-gmu'-śuŋ-ka, n. T. for inmuśuŋka.

- i-ġaŋ'-ġaŋ-he-ća, n. a kind of swamp-grass.
- i-ha', n. (i and ha) the lips; the lid or cover of anything; as ćega iha, a pot-lid; a stopper, cork; i. q. iostanpi.
- i ha', adv. signifying doubt or want of knowledge concerning what is affirmed or asked; as, iha, sdonwaye śni, I do not know.
- i h a' i s d a y e, n. (iha and isdaye) grease for the lips, ointment.
- I h a' i s d a y e, n. p. the name of a Yankton clan.
- i h a' k a m, adv. after in place, behind; after in time—mihakam, nihakam; cihakam waun, I am behind thee.
- i-ha'-kam-ya, adv. after, afterwards.
- i-ha'-ka-pa, adv. after, behind.
- i-ha'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. from behind.
- i-ha'-ki-ći-kta, v. a. of ihakta; to accept of, take of one—ihawecikta, ihamićikta.
- i-ha'-ki-kta, v. pos. of ihakta; to have regard for one's own—ihawekta and ihawakikta.
- i-ha'-kta, v. a. to see to, be intent on; to watch over, guard; to have regard for, love; to obey, followihawakta, ihaunktapi.
- i-ha'-kta-kta, v. red. of ihakta.
- i-ha'-kta-ya, v. a. to cause to have regard for—ihaktawaya.

- i-gmu'-tan-ka, n. T. for inmu-|i-ha'-kta-ya, adv. having regard
 - i-ha'-mna, v. See ihanmna, which is the better spelling.
 - i-han', v. n. to stand in or at iwahan; to remain, as ikićihan, to remain for one. See han.
 - T. to dream: i. q.i - h a n' - b l a, v ihanmna.
 - i-hang', cont. of ihanke.
 - i-hang'-ki-ya, v. a. pos. to destroy one's own; to destroy for oneihangwakiya; ihangkićićiyapi, they destroy for each other.
 - i-hang'-ya, v a. to destroy, bring to an end—ihangwaya; ihangunyanpi; ihangićiya, to destroy one's self.
 - i han' han na, n. the next morning, the morning following. T., ihiphanna.
 - $i h a \eta' k a y e t u$, n. the next day, day following. This form is used by Mr. Renville. See ihanyanketu.
 - $i h a \eta' k e$, v. n. to end, come to an end.
 - i-han'-ke, n. the end, termination; the border, boundary.
 - $i h a \eta' k e t a$, adv. at the end, at the last.
 - i-han'-ke-ya, v.a. to make an end of, destroy. See ihangya.
 - i-han'-ke-ya, adv. at the end, at the last or lowest part: kun ihankeya, John viii. 23.
 - I han k' ton wan, n. p. (ihanke and tonwan) the name of one of the divisions of the Dakota people; the Yanktons.

- I-hank'-ton-wan-na, (ihanke, tonwan and na) another family or grand division of the Da-Perhaps originally these two were one band, but now they are distinct. These names signify those who have their villages at the The Yanktonais.
- i h a n' m d e , v. See ihanmna.
- i-hay'-mna, v. to dream in the ordinary way; to have visions of what was known in a former state of existence; to have intercourse with spirits-iwahanmna, unkihanmnappi. T., ihanbla. See hanmde.
- $i h a \eta' y a k e$, n. See ihanyaketu.
- i-han'-ya-ke-tu, n. the next T., ihihanna. day.
- reflexive form of verbs beginning with "ka" and "ya." T., igla; Ih., ikda.
- i h d a' c i n, v. pos. of iyaćin; to liken one's own or one's self to-iwahdaćin, imihdaćin, iyahdaćin. T., iglaćin.
- i h d a' é o, v. reflex. of yaéo; to judge or condemn one's self-mihdaćo, nihdaćo, unkihdaćopi. T., iglaćo.
- i h d a' d u, v. reflex. of kadu; to fan one's self-mihdadu and içihdadu.
- i h d a g', cont. of ihdaka; ihdag unyanpi.
- i-hda'-ka, v.n. to move, start with one's family, to go camping, move about from place to place, as the Da-

- n. p. | i h d a' k s a, v. reflex. of kaksa and yaksa; to cut off or bite off one's own, as one's arm—mihdaksa.
 - i-hda'-mna, v. reflex. of kamna and yamna; to turn one's self around; to gain for one's self, to indemnify or remunerate one's self, get back one's own-mihdamna, unkihdamnapi.
 - i-hda'-o-ni-han, v. reflex. of yaonihan; to praise one's self-mihdaonihan.
 - i-hda'-o-tan-in, v. reflex. of yaotanin; to manifest one's self, proclaim one's self—mihdaotanin.
 - i-hda'-su, v. reflex. of yasu; to judge one's self. T., iglasu.
 - i-hda'-śi-ća, v. reflex. to speak evil of, or blame one's self. T., iglaśića.
- i-hda', a prefix, used to make the | i-hda'-ska, v. reflex. of kaska; to bind one's self, to deliver one's self up to be punished—mihdaska.
 - i-h d a'-ś n a and i-h d a'-ś n a-ś n a, v. reflex. of yaśna; to miss in biting one's self, as a dog in trying to bite his own tail.
 - i-hda'-śpa, v. reflex. of yaśpa; to bite one's self loose, break loose-mihdaśpa.
 - i-hda'-tan, v. reflex. of yatan; to praise one's self; to brag, boast, speak of one's self above what is true-mihdatan, nihdatan, unkihdatappi.
 - i-hda'-tanh, intj. praise yourself very much! boast away! A byword. See ihdatan.
 - kotas do-iwahdaka, unkihdakapi. | i h d a' t o k a n, v. reflex. of yato-

- kan; to clear one's self, prove an alibi—mihdatokan.
- i-hda'-wa, v. reflex. of yawa; to count one's self; as, wićaśta ihdawa, one who counts or esteems himself a man, i. e., a chief; to count one's own or what one is to have—mihdawa.
- i-hda'-zo, v. pos. of icazo; to mark one's self; to mark one's own, as a blanket—iwahdazo.
- i h d a' -ź i ć a, v. reflex. of yaźića; to speak of one's self as rich.
- i h d a' ź i ć a k a , n. one who counts himself rich.
- i-hdem', cont. of ihdepa.
- i-hdem'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause one to vomit up what he has eaten—ihdemwakiya.
- i-hde'-pa, v. a. to vomit, throw up what one has eaten—iwahdepa, iyahdepa, unkihdepapi.
- i h d i', n. the soft fat of animals, grease, oil; kukuśe ihdi, lard; pteasanpi ihdi, butter: also vegetable oil. See wihdi.
- i-h di'-yo-m da-sin, n. a looking-glass, mirror. T., miyoglasin. See aokasin and okasin.
- i-hdo'-hi, v. reflex. of hi; to bring one's self to a place, as a deer that might come to be shot—mihdohi.
- i-hdo'-i, v. reflex. of i; to take one's self to; to take one's own to—mihdoi, nihdoi, unkihdoipi.
- i-hdo'-ku, v. reflex. of ku; to bring one's self towards home—mihdoku.
- i-hdo'-ni-éa, v. reflex to forbid one's self, withhold one's self from

- others; to balk as a horse—mihdonića. T., iglonića.
- i-hdo'-u, v. reflex. of u; to bring one's self towards a place—mihdou, nihdou, unkihdoupi.
- i-hdo'-ya, v. reflex. of ya; to take one's self to a place; to take to one's self—said of using the personal pronouns in verbs: en ihdoyepića śni, it cannot be applied to one's self—mihdoya, nihdoya.
- i-h d u', a prefix of verbs in "yu," making the reflexive form. T., iglu; Ih., ikdu.
- i-hdu'-e-će-tu, v. reflex. of yuećetu, to make one's self right; to reform, repent—mihduećetu, unkihduećetupi.
- i-hdu'-e-ki-će-tu, v. reflex. to make one's self right or as before; to raise one's self from the dead, as Christ did—mihduekićetu.
- i-hdu'-ha, v. reflex. of yuha; to possess one's self, be free; to restrain one's self, act well; to be able to carry one's goods, etc.—mihduha, nihduha.
- i h d u' h e ć a, v. to have all one's own with one—mihduheća.
- i-hdu'-ho-mni; v. reflex. of yu-homni; to turn one's self around—mihduhomni. T., igluhomni.
- i-hdu'-bu-kun, cont. of ihduhukuya, ihduhukun iyeićiya, to put one's self down.
- i-hdu'-hu-ku-ya, v. reflex. of yuhukuya; to humble one's self—mihduhukuya.

- i-hdu'-hda-hda-ta, v red. to scratch one's self much.
- i h d u' h d a t a, v. reflex. of yuhdata; to scratch one's self—miliduhdata. T., igluhlata.
- i-hdu'-hdo-ka, v. reflex. of yu-hdoka; to open or unbosom one's self; to open for one's self—mihduhdoka.
- i-hdu'-hi-ća, v. reflex. of yuhića; to waken one's self up—mihduhića.
- i'-hdu-ka-wa, v. pos. (i and hdukawa) to open one's own mouth iwahdukawa. See hdukawa.
- i-hdu'-kćan, v. reflex. of yukćan; to have an opinion of one's self; to understand one's self; to examine one's self—mihdukćan. T., iglukćan, to make up one's opinion.
- i-hdu'-ksa, v. reflex. of yuksa; to break one's self away, as a muskrat from a trap—mihduksa.
- i'- h d u k ś a ŋ, adv. around, round about anything—mihdukśaŋ, ni-hdukśaŋ, uŋkihdukśaŋ. T., iglukśaŋ.
- i'-hdu-kśaŋ-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from all sides around.
- i'-hdu-kśan-yan, adv. round about.
- i h d u' k u y a, v. reflex. to humble one's self. See ihduhukuya.
- i h d u' ķ e-ġ a, v. reflex. to scratch one's self. T. igluķeġa.
- i h d u' m d e z a, v. reflex. to make one's self see or think clearly. T., iglubleza.
- i-hdu'-non-pa, v. reflex. of yunonpa; to make two of one's self;

- to have two pursuits on hand at the same time—mihdunonpa.
- i-hdu'-o-ni-han, v. reflex. of yuonihan; to honor one's self—mi-hduonihan
- i-hdu'-o-ta, v. reflex. of yuota; to multiply one's self; to do many things at the same time—mihduota.
- i h d u' o t a n i n, v. reflex of yuotanin; to manifest one's self—mihduotanin.
- i-hdu'-o-wo-taŋ-na, v. reflex.
 of yuowotaŋna; to straighten one's
 self up, stand straight; to make one's
 self upright or righteous—mihduowotaŋna.
- i-hdu'-psi-ća, v. reflex. of yupsića; to fish for one's own use; to prance or jump about, as a frisky horse—mihdupsića.
- i h d u s', cont. of ihduza. Iéihdus is also used. T., iglus.
- i-hdu'-so-ta, v. reflexof yusota; to use one's self up; to use up one's own—mihdusota.
- i h d u' s u t a, v. reflex. of yusuta; to make one's self firm, establish one's self—mihdusuta.
- i-hdu'-ś'a-ka, v. reflex. of yuś'aka; to be overburdened with one's self; to be pregnant—ihdumaś'aka, ihduniś'aka.
- i h d u' ś a p a, v. reflex. of yuśapa; to blacken or defile one's self mihduśapa.
- i-hdu'-śdo-ka, v. reflex. of yuśdoka; to put off one's own, divest one's self of, as one's garments; to

- empty one's self or put off one's self, | i h d u' t e é a, v. as it is said of Christ, in Phil. ii. 7-mihduśdoka.
- i-hdu'-śi-ća, v. reflex. of yuśića; to make one's self bad, get one's self into difficulty—mihdusića.
- i-hdu'-śi-htin, v. reflex. of yusilitin; to enfeeble one's self, to injure one's self, in any way.
- i-hdu'-śka, v. reflex. of yuśka; to untie or loose one's self-mihduska.
- i-hdu'-śpa; v. reflex. of yuśpa; to break one's self away, deliver one's self, as from a trap—mihduspa.
- i-hdu'-stan, v. reflex. of yustan; to finish or complete the things pertaining to one's self-mihdustan, nihdustan, unkihdustanpi.
- i-hdu'-ta, v pos. of iyuta and yuta; to measure one's self, measure or try one's own; to eat two things of one's own, one with the other—iwahduta.
- i-hdu'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. reflex. of yutakuniśni; to destroy one's self—mihdutakuniśni.
- i-hdu'-tan, v. reflex. of yutan; to paint one's self; to glorify one's self, praise one's self-mindutan. T., iglatan; i. q. ihdatan.
- i-hdu'-tan-in, v. reflex of yutanin; to manifest one's self-mihdutanin.
- i-hdu'-tan-ka, v. reflex. of yutanka; to make one's self great mihdutanka.
- i-hdu'-t'an-t'an, v. reflex. of yut'an; to touch, as with one's dirty hands; touch often.

- reflex. of yuteća; to make one's self new-mihduteća.
- i-hdu'-to-kan, v. reflex. of yutokan; to remove one's self to another place—mihdutokan.
- i-hdu'-to-ke-ća, v. reflex. of yutokeća; to make one's self different—mihdutokeća.
- i-hdu'-wa-ka-śo-te-śni, reflex. to purify one's self. igluska; i. q. ihduska.
- i-hdu'-wa-ś'a-ka, v. reflex. of yuwaś'aka; to strengthen one's self mihduwaś'aka.
- i-hdu'-wa-ste, v. reflex. of yuwaste; to make one's self good, make reparation for a wrong done.
- i-hdu'-wi, v. reflex. of yuwi; to wrap or tie on one's own, as one's leggings-mihduwi.
- i-hdu'-wi-ye-ya, v. reflex. of yuwiyeya; to make one's self ready mihduwiyeya, unkihduwiyeyapi; ihduwiyeya manka, I have made myself ready.
- i-hdu'-za, v. reflex. of yuza; to dress up, put on a dress, paint one's self up-mihduza: Dakota ihduza, to dress in Dakota style; Wasićun ihduza, to dress like a Frenchman.
- i' h d u z e z e, v. reflex. to hold up one's self by; to cling to-imihduunkihduzezepi: Nićinkśi ihduzeze unyakonpi, we are clinging to thy Son.
- i'-hdu-ze-ze-ya, adv. clinging to.

- i-hdu'-zi-ća, v. zića.
- i-hdu'-źa-źa, v. reflex. of yuźaźa; to wash one's self-mihduźaźa. T., igluźaźa.
- i-hdu'-źu-źu, v. reflex. of yuźuźu; to take to pieces one's own, as one's own bundle—mihduźuźu.
 - i-he'-ća, n. something laid down to shoot at; iheća kute, to shoot arrows at a mark. See owinheća. oweheća, used only of arrows: one arrow is thrown first, and that becomes the mark, or oweheca, for the others to throw at.—w. J. c.
 - $i'-he-\acute{c}i-ya$, adv. in that way from.
 - in that i'-he-ći-ya-tan, adv. direction from.
 - i'-he-ći-ya-tan-han, adv. that side of.
 - i-he-ći'-yo-tan, adv. in that direction from.
 - i'-he-han-han-yan, adv. of ihehanyan.
 - i'-he-han-yan, adv. so far from.
 - i-he'-ktam, prep. behind, after one—mihektam, nihektam; wićihektam, behind them.
 - i-he'-ktam-ya, adv. behind.
 - i-he'-kta-pa, adv. behind: mihektapa, behind me.
 - i-he'-kta-pa-ta, at the back, behind.
 - i-he'-kta-pa-tan-han, from behind.
 - i-he'-pi, n. head-oil, ointment for the hair. T., islaye.

- reflex. of yu-|i-he'-pi-o-pi-ye, n. an oil-sack.
- zića; to stretch one's self-mihdu- | i h e' y a, v. to go or pass through, as iyoopta iheya, to pass or discharge from the bowels—ihewaya, iheyaya, iheunyanpi; to shoot, hit, as a mark; to assemble, come together, as, kata iheya; witaya iheya, wanyag iheya. In these cases it is a collective plural: iheunyanpi is also used.
 - i-hi'-han-na or i-hin'-han-na, T. the day following, the next morning: appetu wakan ihihanna, the day after the Sabbath—Monday. See ihanhanna.
 - i'-hi-ya-ye, n. semen; i. q. on hoksiyokopa kagapi.
 - i-hmuŋ'-ke, n. a snare, a trap; poison to trap with.
 - i-hna'-hna-yan, v. red. of ihnayan; to sport with, deceive by-iwahnahnayan.
 - i h n a' śkin y an, v. n. to be possessed with, demonized; to be crazy for or by reason of—imahnaskinyan.
 - i-hna'-yan, v.a. to deceive with or for—iwahnayan, iyahnayan, unkihnayanpi.
 - i h n i', v. a. to hunt, seek for; to hunt or follow after, as deer and such like game—iwahni, iyahni, unkihnipi. T., igni. See wotihni.
 - | i h n i' h d a, v. a. to go for, take ajourney for, procure; to have business—iwahnihda, unkihnihdapi. T., igniya
 - i-hnu', v. a. to blame with, charge upon; to grumble, murmur about—

- iwahnu, unkihnupi; wikićihnupi, | i h u' n i ća ta, n. they recriminate each other. ahoya.
- i-hnu'-han, adv. Used always with "kin" or "cin," "kinhan" or "cinhan" after it, and signifying strong prohibition; beware: ihnuhan hećanon kin do, see thou do it not T., ungna and ungnahan.
- i-hnu'-han-na, adv. suddenly, immediately. T., ungnahanla.
- iho wo, iho po, always i - h o', v. imp.; come on, come; be it so; see there.
- i-ho'-e-ća, adv. indeed. T., ihoećaś.
- i-hom'-e-ća, adv. now indeed. This word is frequently used to introduce threatening expressions.
- i-ho'-ni-ća-ta, n. T. a stone hammer, a pestle.—T. L. R. See ihunićata.
- i h u'. This is an obscene by-word relating to copulation. See hu. It is much used by the Indians as an interjection denoting impatience—iwahu: onze ihu, to commit sodomy; iwićahu, sodomy. T., to"hu" in the mouth. See ias'a.
- i-hu'-dan, intj. Same as ihu.
- i-hu'-ku-ku-ya, adv. red. of ihukuya.
- i-hu'-kun, adv. under, beneath: ihukun iyeya, to put underneath.
- i-hu'-ku-ya, adv. under, beneath anything, down below; inferior in dignity or office-mihukuya, nihukuya.
- i-hu'-ni, v. See ihunni.

- T. to pound meat or cherries with.
- i-huŋ'-ni, v. n. to land, reach the shore; to get through, as a wood, get across, as a prairie; to finish, to come to the end of-iwahunni, iyahunni, uŋkihuŋnipi.
- i-hun'-ni-ki-ya, v. a. through with, finish, complete, as the reading of a book—ihunniwakiya.
- i-hun'-ni-ya, v. a. to go through with, finish—ihunniwaya, ihunniunyanpi.
- i-huŋ'-ni-yaŋ, adv. clear through, entirely.
- i-hu'-pa, n. the bail or handle of anything; the stem, shaft, thill, etc.
- i-hu'-pa-ki-ći-ton, v. a. put in a handle, etc., for one—ihupaweciton.
- i-hu'-pa-ki-ton, v. pos. or handle one's own—ihupaweton.
- i h u' p a t o n, v. to have a handle, be handled; to put a handle or bail to anything—ihupawaton.
- i-hu'-wi-ća-ta, n. a stone for pounding meat. A stick is fastened in a crease made round the middle, which serves for a handle. ihunićata.
- i-ha', v. (i and ha) to laugh; laugh at, make fun of-iwaha, iyaha, unkihapi; imayaha, thou laughest at me.
- i'-had, or i'-han, adv. jestingly, laughingly.
- i h a' h a , n. the manyplies or omasum, one of the stomachs of an animal. T., tihaha. See tihaha.

- i-ha'-ha, v. red. of iha; to laugh at, make fun of, ridicule—iwahaha. T., iyohaha.
- i'-ha-ha, v. n. to bubble and curl or laugh along, as rapid water.
- i'-ha-ha, n. the noise of water-falls or rapids.
- i h a' h a k e, n. one who is always jesting, a fool.
- i h a' h a y a, v. a. to cause to jest or laugh at—ihahawaya.
- i h a' h a y a , adv. laughingly, jestingly.
- i h a' k e, v. to laugh, jest—iwahake.
- i-ha'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to laugh—ihawakiya.
- i'-han, adv. jestingly, in fun: ihan epeća, I said it in fun.
- i han', v. n. of han; to do, work, do in reference to: tak ihan yahi he, what didst thou come to do?—iwahan.
- i-h'an', v. n. to graze, eat grass, as an ox: peźi ih'an, to eat off the grass. See wih'an.
- i-h'a n'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to feed or graze—ih'anwakiya.
- i'- han-yan, adv. temporarily.
- i-ha'-ta, v. to laugh hard; lit., to die laughing.
- i-li a'-ța-ța, v. n. to laugh immoderately—iliamațața.
- i-ha'-ya, v. a. to cause to laugh, be the occasion of laughter—ihawaya, ihamayaya.
- i h d a h' y e ć e ś n i , v. n. to stay, remain in a place. T., oyuhlagan śni. See hdahyećeśni.
- i'-hdi, n. a sore mouth—imahdi.

- i-hdi', v.n. to have a sore or breaking out in consequence of—imahdi, inihdi.
- i-h'e', n. gravel; a stony place.
- i-he'-ya-ta, adj. of heyata; back from, behind—miheyata: tipi kin iheyata, back of the house. Perhaps this should be rather regarded as a preposition or postposition, formed of two prepositions and a noun, and taking the pronouns, as other prepositions. The two adverbial forms that follow take the pronouns also; as, miheyatanhan, from behind me.
- i-he'-ya-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from behind.
- i-he'-ya-ta-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from behind.
- i-hiŋ'-kpa, n. the hill behind. See hiŋkpa.
- i-hin'-kpa-ta, adv. at the hill behind, back from.
- i-hin'-kpa-tan-han, adv. back from, towards the hill from.
- i-hin'-tpa, n. Same as ihinkpa.
- i-hin'-tpa-ta, adv. Same as ihinkpata.
- i-hin'-tpa-tan-han, adv. Same as ihinkpatanhan.
- i'-hna-han, v. n. to have the under lip hanging down—imalinahan.

 See hahan.
- i lini' yan yan, v. n. to be troubled with, excited about—imaliniyanyan: wasin iliniyanyan, to be distressed by eating fat.
- I'-ho-ka, n. T. the name of a clan or band of I eetons.

- i-hpa'-ya, v. n. to fall, fall down; to become sick—iwahpamda, iyahpada, unkihpayapi.
- i-hpe'-ya, v.a. to throw down, throw away; to leave, forsake—ihpewaya, ihpeunyanpi. See ehpeya.
- i-lita'-he-pi, n. Ih and T. before night; before the day is out.
- i'-hta-ye-tu, n. the next evening, the evening following the time mentioned.
- i-htin', n. T., zeze. See ihtinka.
- i-litin'-ka, n. anything that hangs down or dangles, as ear-bobs, etc.
- i-hwin' or i-hun'-win, v. n. to smell of, stink. T., ihwinmna.
- i-hwin' or i-hun'-win, n. obad smell, stink.
- i-i'-ći-ha-ha, v. reflex. to make one's self a laughing stock.
- i-i'-ći-gni, v. T. to hunt for one's self: i. q. ićihni.
- i'-i-ći-kću, n of iću; one who takes without leave. Perhaps this is for iye ićikću.
- i'-i-ki-ya, v. T. to ask back what one has given.
- i'-i-kpu-ta-ka, v. pos. to kiss one's own, as one's relative—iiwa-kputaka.
- i-in'-kpa-ta, adv. at the point of anything.
- i-in'-tpa-ta, adv. Same as iin-kpata.
- i'-i-pu-ta-ka, v. to touch mouths, to kiss—iiwaputaka.
- i'-i-tko-pa-tan-han, adv. See iyeitkopatanhan.

- i'-i-tpu-ta-ka, v. to kiss one's own. Same as iikputaka.
- i'-i-yu-wi, n. a bridle: sung iiyuwi, a halter or bridle for a horse. T., iteha and ipahte.
- i k a' ġ i, v. See ićaġi—imakaġi.
- i'-ka-han, adv. so far from.
- i'-ka-han-yan, adv. so far from.
- i'-ka-ki, adv. on that side of.
- i'-ka-ki-ya, adv. on that side of.
- i'-ka-ki-ya-tan-han, adv. in that way from, on that side.
- i-ka-ki'-yo-tan, adv. in that direction from.
- i-kan', n. a cord, a string, a rope; the bail of anything.
- i-kan'-ki-ći-ton, v. a. to put or tie a string or strap on for one to carry by—ikanweciton.
- i-kan'-ki-ton, v. pos. of ikanton; to tie a string on one's own pack, to carry it by—ikanweton.
- i-kan'-ton, v. a. to put a strap or string on a bag, etc., to carry it by—ikanwaton, ikanuntonpi.
- i-kan'-yan, v. a. to have for a handle or string—ikanwaya, ikan-unyanpi.
- i-kan'-ye, adv. towards the center, as towards the fire, towards a river or lake, down towards.
- i-kan'-ye-la, adv. T., near to.
- i-kan'-ye-ta and i-kan'-ye-tan, adv. or n. in front of: mikanyeta, in front of me.
- i-kaŋ'-ye-taŋ-haŋ, adv. on the river or lake side of an object, in front of: mikaŋyetaŋhaŋ, in front of me.

- i'-ka-pa, v. a. (i and kapa) to open | i-kée'-kée-ya, adv. red. of ikéeya. the mouth on, scold—iwakapa, imakapa. See ikapta.
- i k a' p a, v. of kapa; to pass by, go beyond, exceed—ikawapa.
- i'-ka-pa-s'a, n. one who scolds, a scold. T., ikapaka and ikapakala.
- i-ka'-pa-ya, adv. more than, surpassing.
- i-ka'-pe-ya, *adv*. beyond, more \cdot than.
- i'-ka-pta, v. (i and kapta) See ićapta, which threaten, scold. is the better form.
- through: ikapta i - k a' - p t a, adv. hipipaya, to fall through. See ićapta, the better form.
- i'-ka-skam, cont. of ikaskapa.
- i'-ka-skam-ya, *adv*. smiting on the mouth.
- i'-ka-ska-pa, v. a. to slap on the mouth—iwakaskapa.
- i-kća'-pta, v. pos. of ićapta; to be angry and talk badly—mikćapta.
- i k ć e', adj. common, wild, in a state of nature: ikće happa, or happikćeka, common moccasins, that is, not ornamented; sunkikćeka, a dog, not a horse; Ikćewićasta, Indians, not white men.
- i-kće', adv. for nothing, freely, in the common way: ikće maķu, he gave it to me for nothing.
- i-kće'-ka, adj. common: sunkikćeka, a dog, a common dog, not a horse, as they frequently call horses and oxen "śuŋka."
- i-kće'-kće, adv. red. of ikće. vol. vii----13

- i-kće'-wi-ća-sta, n. men, wild men, Indians, not white men. T. and Th., ikćewićaśa.
- i-kée'-ya, adv. in a common manner, commonly, ordinarily, freely, wildly, naturally.
- i-kće'-ya-ken, adv. ordinarily.
- i-ke'-kto-pa-win-ge, adj. the one thousandth. T., ikoktopawinże.
- i k i' ć a ġ a, v. n. of ićaġa; to become, grow to be—imakićaga, unkikićagapi.
- i-ki'-ća-zo, v. a. of ićazo; to take credit of one-iwećazo, iyećazo, unkićazopi, imićazo, inićazo.
- i-ki'-ći-ća-ġa, v. n. of ićaġa; to grow for one—imićićaga, unkićićaġapi.
- i k i' é i é u, v. of iéu; to take or get for one—iwećiću, imićiću.
- i-ki'-ći-do-wan, v. of idowan; to sing to one, to praise one for another—iwećidowan.
- i-ki'-ći-han, v of han; to remain for one—imićihan, inićihan, unkićihanpi.
- i-ki'-ći-hni, v. of ihni; to hunt something, as deer, etc., for one iwećihni.
- i-ki'-ći-ha-ha-pi, v. recipr. they laugh at each other.
- i-ki'-ći-ksa-pa, v. of iksapa; to be wise for one, instruct one in the right way—iwećiksapa.
- i-ki'-ći-tu-ka, v. of ituka; to beg of one for another—iwećituka, imićituka. T., wotikiya.

- i-ki'-ći-un, v. of iun; to rub on *for*—iwećiuŋ.
- i-ki'-ći-wi-stan, v. of yustan; to treat with kindness, as a sick person, do little things for one—iwećiwistan. See ikićiyustan.
- i-ki'-ći-yu-kćan, v. of iyukéan; to judge of or form an opinion for one—iwećiyukćan, imićiyukćan, unkićiyukćanpi, ićićiyukćan.
- i-ki'-ći-yu-śtaŋ, v. of iyuśtaŋ, to take care of, as of a sick person iwećiyustan.
- i-ki'-ćo, v. a. to invite to, as to eat corn or meat—iwećo, iyećo, imićo: takudan iwićawećo śni, I have nothing to invite them to.
- i-ki'-hni, v. pos. to hunt one's own.
- i-ki'-ha, v. pos. of iha; to laugh at one's own—iwakiha.
- i-ki'-ha-ha, v. red. of ikiha; to make fun of one's own—iwakihaha.
- i-ki'-kću, v. pos. of iću; to take one's own; to take back what one | i'-ki-ye-dan, adv. has given—iwekću, iyekćn, unkikćupi.
- i-ki'-ki-ye-dan, adv. ikiyedan.
- i-ki'-ksam, cont. of ikiksapa.
- i-ki'-ksam-ya, v. a. one to be wise in reference to his ownikiksamwaya; ikiksamićiya, to make one's self wise for one's self.
- i k i' k s a m y a, adv. wisely, cautiously.
- i-ki'-ksa-pa, v. n. to be wise for one's own; to consult—iwakiksapa.
- i-ki'-ni-ća, v. of akinića; to dis-

- pute, as about the division of anything—unkikinićapi.
- i-ki'-nin, cont. of ikinića: ikinin ia, to talk about in a displeasing way, to dispute about.
- i-ki'-pan, v. a. of kipan; to call to one for something-iwakipan.
- i-ki'-pa-smi, v. a. to provoke to anger—iwakipasmi. T., ćanzeya.
- i-ki'-pa-źin, v. a. of kipaźin; to quarrel with one for or on account of anything—iwakipaźin.
- i-ki'-tu-ka, v. n. to delight in anything—imatuka, inićituka. T., iyokipi.
- i-ki'-un, v. pos. of iun; to rub on one's self-iwakiun, iyakiun, unkikiunpi.
- i-ki'-ya, v. See ićiya.
- i'-ki-ya-dan, adv. near to, near at hand—mikiyadan, nikiyadan, wićikiyadan, ćikiyadan.
- i k i' y a n y a, v. to have nearly finished—ikiyanwaya,
- nigh to, referring both to time and place. Same as ikiyadan.
- red. of | i k i' y u w i, v. a. to bridle or put a rope in the mouth of one's horse iwakimduwi.
- to cause | i k o' p a, v. a. to be afraid of, to fear, as some event—ikowapa, ikoyapa, ikouppapi.
 - i-ko'-pe-hda, v. n. to be in a state of fear on account of—ikopewahda.
 - i-ko'-pe-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to be afraid of or for—ikopewakiya.
 - i-ko'-yag, cont. of ikoyaka; ikoyag iyeya.

- i-ko'-yag-ya, v. a. to fasten to, as a horse to a cart, to join one thing to another; to clothe, put on—ikoyagwaya, ikoyagunyanpi.
- i-ko'-yag-ya, adv. fastened to: ikoyagya han, standing fastened to.
- i-ko'-yag-ya-ken, adv. fastened to.
- i-ko'-ya-ka, v. n. to adhere to, stick to—ikomayaka: to be fastened to, as a horse to a cart.
- i-kpa'-ġaŋ, v. reflex. of paġaŋ; to spare one's self, yield up one's self mikpaġaŋ.
- i-kpa'-ge, n. the notch in the end of an arrow.
- i-kpa'-hu-hu-za, v. reflex. pos. of pahuhuza.
- i-kpa'-hdo-ka, v. reflex. of pahdoka; to pierce through, make a hole for one's self, as the muskrat—mikpahdoka.
- i-kpa'-hpa, v. reflex. of pahpa; to throw one's self off, as from a horse—mikpahpa.
- i-kpa'-hpe-hin-éa, n. one who throws away everything which he has, a squanderer, a spendthrift—mikpahpehinéa. T., igluwahpaniéala.
- i-kpa'-kpi, v. pos. to hatch out one's own.
- i-kpa'-ta-ka, v. pos. T. to lean on one's own; to brace one's own. See ipataka.
- i-kpa'-ptan, v. reflex. to turn one's self over, roll over—mikpaptan, unkikpaptanpi. See ipaptan.
- i-kpa'-tan, v. reflex. of patan; to be careful of one's self—mikpatan.

- T., to push along, as a boat with a pole; to steer a boat.
- i-kpa'-tan-yan, adv. taking care of one's self, carefully.
- i-k p a'-zo, v. pos. to show one's self—mikpazo.
- i-k p i', n. the belly, abdomen. Sometimes it may mean the thorax also; but that is more properly called "maku." See itpi.
- i-kpi'-hnag, cont. of ikpihnaka: ikpihnag iyewaya.
- i-kpi'-hnag-ya, adv. placed in around the body.
- i-kpi'-hna-ka, v. a. to place in the belly; hoksin ikpihnaka, to be pregnant—ikpiwahnaka; to place in or put around the body, as in a blanket when tied around one. See itpihnaka.
- i-kpi'-pa-tan-han, adv. in around the body.
- i-kpi'-ska-ya-wan-ka, v. to lie with the belly turned up, as a dog does.
- i-k p i'-ź u, v. a. (ikpi and oźu) to put in around the body—ikpiwaźu, ikpiunźupi. T., ikpioźu.
- i-kpu'-kpa, adv. mixed up, as people of different nations dwelling together, or as different kinds of corn growing together in the same field. T., ikpukpeya.
- i-ksam', cont. of iksapa.
- i'-ksam-ya, v. a. of iksapa; to make anything, to do anything, i. q. kićanyan—iksamwaya.
- to be careful of one's self-mikpatan. i k s a m' y a, v. a. of ksapa; to

- make wise for or concerning—iksamwaya.
- i-ksam'-ya, adv. wisely.
- i-ksa'-pa, v. n. to be wise about anything—iwaksapa, iyaksapa, unkiksapapi.
- i'-ksa-pa, v.n. to be much engaged about; to be unfortunate, not to obtain—imaksapa, iniksapa, unkiksapapi: ituh iksapa, he has been working for naught.
- i-ksu', n. the beak or bill of a bird; i. q. pasu.
- i-ksu'-ya, v. n. to see signs of an enemy; to be frightened by signs—iwaksuya, unkiksuyapi. T., wakiksuya—1st pers. sing., wamiksuya
- i k ś i n' k i y a , v. a. to make faces at—ikśinwakiya, ikśinmakiya.
 T., iteyukśilkiya.
- i-kta'-he-la, adv, T. moderately; carefully.
- i-kte', v. of kte; to kill with anything—iwakte.
- i-kte'-ka, n. something to kill with, as a gun: ikteka manića, I have nothing to kill with.
- i-kto'-mi, n. T. a spider; i. q. unktomi.
- i-ku', n. the chin; the lower jaw of animals.
- i-ku'-ka, v. n. to be decayed by reason of, worn out by; to be boiled to pieces together with.
- i-ku'-ke-ya, adv. rotten or boiled to pieces with: ikukeya śpan, it is cooked all to pieces T, kukeya.

- i'-ku-san, n. a small kind of mink with a light-colored lower jaw.
- $i'-ku-sa\eta-na$, n. Same as $iku-sa\eta$.
- i-ku'-śe-ya, adv. in the way of.
- i-ku'-te, n. ammunition; something to shoot with, a gun. Ićute is the better form.
- i-ku'-tku-te-ka, v. n. to make trial, to endeavor beforehand to know how one can succeed, for instance, in asking for anything—iwakutkuteka.
- i-la'-za-ta, adv. or n. T. at the side of; milazata, by my side.
- $i-la'-za-ta\eta$, and $i-la'-za-ta\eta-ha\eta$, adv. T. from the side of.
- $i-le'-\dot{g}a$, v. T. to shine: i. q. $iye\dot{g}a$.
- i-leh'-le-ġa, v. red. of ileġa.
- i-leh'-ya, adv. T. in a shining manner.
- i m a' ġ a ġ a , v. n. of maġaġa; to be amused with, cheered by—imamaġaġa, inimaġaġa.
- i m a' ġ a ġ a y a , v. a. to amuse with, enliven by, cheer one—imaġaġawaya.
- i'-ma-hen, adv. within.
- i'-ma-hen-tan-han, adv. from within.
- i'-ma-hen-tu, adv. within.
- i'-ma-hen-tu-ya, adv. inwards, within.
- i'-ma-hen-tu-ya-ken, adv. within, in the inside of.
- i'-ma-hen-wa-pa, adv. towards the inside, inwards,

- i-ma'-ni, v. a. of mani; to walk to | in, and in'-ske, T. intj., i. q. non or for a thing—imawani, imaun-
- i-m d a'-m d e, v. 1st pers. sing. of |i-n a'|, n. iyaya; I went.
- to be satisfied, have i'-mna, v. n. sufficient of—imamna, inimna, iunmnanpi.
- i'-mna-han, adv. satisfied, to satisfaction, enough, sufficiently: imnahan untapi, we have eaten sufficiently.
- i'-mna-han-yan, adv. sufficiently.
- i'-mna-han-yan-ken, adv. very much, a great deal, sufficiently imnahanyanken econ, he has done enough.
- i'-mna-yan, v.a. to fill, satisfy imnawaya.
- i'-mna-yan, adv. filled, satisfied.
- i-mna'-yan, v. a. of mnayan; to gather together by means of—imnawaya.
- i-mni'-ći-ya, v. n. to make an assembly to—imnimićiya, imninićiya; they assemble to or for some purpose.
- i'-mni-stan, n. water running from the mouth: imnistan au, to drivel, slaver—imnistan amau.
- $i m n i' \acute{z} a$, n. a rock, rocks. inyanhe. See heimniźa.
- $I m n i' \acute{z} a s k a$, n. Saint Paul, Minn.: so called from the white rocks on which the town is built.
- I-mni'-źa-ska-dan, n. (imniźa | and skadan) the Dakota name for Saint Paul; little-white-rock.

- or nonske, expressing hesitancy or doubt.
- mother, my mother. used only in this form. For the second and third persons see "hun."
- i n a', or i n a h', intj. strange! surprising! T., hina and hinu.
- i'-na-gna, v. T. to move the lips, as in reading to one's self.
- i'-na-gna-gna, v. red. of inagna.
- $i n a' \dot{g} u \dot{g} e \dot{e} a$, adj. spongy or open, like the soft part of bones. Said when the grease is all boiled up with the water or soup.
- i-na'-ha-ya and i-na'-ha-ha-ya, T. loosely, as wood corded adv. badly.
- i'-na-han, intj. of assent; truly! certainly! to be sure! T., cinto.
- i-na'-hda-ka, v. n. to stand out, as the ribs of a poor animal, to be lean, very poor; to spread out, as a moccasin. T., naglaglake se.
- i-na'-hi-na-hi-na, intj. of surprise; indeed! T., hinuhinuhinu.
- i n a h', intj. See inahinahina.
- i n a' h b e, v. See inahma.
- i-na'-hbe-ki-ya, v. a. to hide from, conceal from one—inabbewakiya. T., inahmekiya.
- The city of | i n a. h b e k i y a, adv. in a concealed manner, secretly.
 - i n a' h b e y a, adv. secretly, slily, covertly.
 - i n a' h b e y a h a n, adv. secret, secretly.
 - i-na'-hći, v. a. to pierce and have

- the hold break out of anything; to have the hold break out, as of a stirrup—inawahći.
- i-na'-hćo, v. See nahćo.
- i-na'-hdo-ka, v.a. to wear a hole with the foot by means of something, as in one's moccasins or socks: happa inyan inawahdoka, I have worn a hole in my moccasins on a stone—inawahdoka.
- i n a' h m a, v. a. to hide, keep secret, conceal—inawahbe, inaunhmanpi.
- i'-na-hma, v.a. to seduce, to commit fornication or adultery with one—ínawahbe. See wiinahma.
- i'-na-hman-pi, n. seduction.
- i-na'-hni, v.n. to be in haste, make haste, hurry—inawahni, inaunhnipi.
- i-na'-hni-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to make haste, to hasten one—inahniwakiya.
- i-na'-hni-pi, n. a hastening, haste, hurry.
- i-na'-hni-ya, v.a. to hasten one, make hurry—inahniwaya.
- i-na'-hni-yan, adv. in haste, hastily; on an errand: inahniyan wahi, I have come on an errand.
- i n a' h p e, n. of nahpa; that which is stepped on and sets off a trap, the pan of a trap.
- i-na'-hpe-dan, n. dim of inahpe.
- i-na'-keh-ya, v. T. to make a scraping noise, as a wagon brake: huinakehye, a wagon brake.
- i'-na-ki-hbe, v. See inakihma. i'-na-ki-hma, v. pos. of inahma;

- to entice away one's own, as a woman whom one has formerly had for a wife; tawiću inakihbe, he has stolen away his old wife—inawakihma.
- i-na'-kim-ya, adv. of inamya; taking refuge in, fleeing to for shelter or refuge, trusting in: Nicinksi inakimya ćeunniciyapi, we pray to Thee, trusting in thy Son.
- i-na'-ki-pa, v. pos. of inapa: to take refuge in one's own; to trust in something that sustains some relation to one—inawakipa.
- i-na'-ki-tan, v. pos. of inatan; to go off and leave one's own in danger—inawakitan, inaunkitanpi.
- i n a' k i w i z i, v. pos. of inawizi; to be envious of one's own relations; to be jealous of one's own—inawakiwizi.
- i-na'-ku-ka, v. of nakuka; to crush or destroy with the foot—inawakuka.
- i-n a'-kes-ya, adv. T. near by, along side of.
- i-nam', cont. of inapa.
- i'-na-ma, intj. surprising! T., huphuphe.
- i-na'-mni, adv. T. beyond, over, as over the hill from.
- i-nam'-ya, adv. taking refuge in, sheltered by: tipi inamya waun, I am taking refuge in a house.
- i-naŋ'-pa, v. See inapa.
- i n a' p a, v. a. to come out, come up out of, as in diving; to appear or 'come out on the other side; to get through, live through, as through

- in, from a storm or from any evil; to trust in-inawapa, inaunpapi; inacipa, I take refuge in thee.
- i-na'-pćin-wang-wan-ka, adj. red. of inapćinwanka; every ninth one.
- thei-na'-pćin-wan-ka, adj. ninth. T., inapćinyunka.
- i-na'-pe-ya, v.a. to cause to come out of, cause to appear on the other side; to shoot through; to cause to live through, as through a winter; to cause to trust in-inapewaya, inapeunyanpi.
- appearing; i-na'-pe-ya, adv. trusting in.
- i-na'-pi-śkan-yan, v. to do little things to pass away time, to kill time—inapiśkanwaya.
- i-na'-pi-śkan-yan-pi, n. toys, playthings.
- i-na'-pi-stan-yan, v. Same as inapiśkanyan.
- i-na'-po-ta, v. a. of napota; to wear out, as one's moccasins, by means of something—inawapota.
- i-na'-psa-ka, v. a. of napsaka; to break off, as a string, with the foot, by means of something-inawapsaka.
- i-na'-pśa, v. n. to make a noise, as one walking with water in his moccasins—inawapśa.
- i-na'-pta, v. a. to wear out a thing—inawapta: happa inapta iyewaye, I have worn out my moccasins. See inapota.

- a winter; to take shelter or refuge | i n a' p t e ć a, v.n. to be prevented by; used with śni: inapteća śni, not to be prevented by anything inamapteća śni.
 - i-na'-pte-tu, adv. prevented by;
 - i-na'-śdog, cont. of inaśdoka; inaśdog iyaya.
 - i-na'-śdo-ka, v. to pass on beyond; to wear through, wear out a thing, as, happa inawaśdoka, I have worn through my moccasins; to get one's self away, escape, as from danger—inawaśdoka. T., inaśloka, to slip off, as a cover from anything. See inahdoka.
 - i-na'-śdo-ka, adv. past: wiyotanhan inasdoka, a little past noon.
 - i n a' t a k e, n. (i and nataka) afastener, i. e., a bolt, lock, bar; a fence, fort, etc. See mahinatake.
 - i-na'-tan, v. a. to disregard, leave in danger-inawatan, inamayatan. John xiii. 38.
 - i-na'-tan, v.a. to press upon with the foot. Hence, siinatan, something on which the foot presses, stirrups.
 - i-na'-tib-ya, v. T. to roast hurriedly, as meat on coals; to make curl up.
 - i-n a'-w i-z i, v. to be jealous; to be envious of-inawawizi, inaunwizipi.
 - i n a' w i z i p i, n. jealousy, envy.
 - i-na'-wi-zi-ya, v. a. to cause be jealous—inawiziwaya. See nawizi.
 - i n a' y a, v. a. to call mother, have for mother—inawaya, inaunyanpi.

- i-na'-źin, v. n to rise up to one's feet, to stand, to go and stand at; to stop, come to a stand—inawaźin.
- i-na'-źiŋ-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to stand, to raise up—inaźinwakiya.
- i-ni', v.n. to take a vapor-bath, steam one's self, to take a sweat—iwani, iyani, unkinipi; to make a kind of wakan. This consists in washing and steaming one's self four times over hot stones, accompanied with singing, etc. It is done after one has killed an enemy or a royal eagle.
- i n i' h a ŋ, v. n. to be scared, frightened, amazed, astonished—imanihan, ininihan, unkinihanpi.
- i n i' h a ŋ p i, n. amazement. See wowinihan.
- i-ni'-haŋ-śni, adv. fearlessly, persistently.
- i n i' h a ŋ y a , v. a. to frighten, scare, amaze, astonish one—inihan-waya, inihanunyanpi.
- i-ni'-han-yan, adv. in amazement.
- i-ni'-ka-ġa, v. to make "ini."
- i-ni'-la, adj. T. still, silent; i. q. inina.
- i-ni'-na, adv. still, silent: inina yanka, to be still or silent—inina manka.
- i -n i'-n a-y a, v. a. to cause to be silent, make still—ininawaya.
- i-nin'-ya, v. a. to put to silence—ininwaya.
- i n i' p i, n. a steaming, sweating.
 - i-ni'-ti, v. to take a vapor-bath,

- make a little house and sweat in it—iniwati.
- i-ni'-ti, n. a sweat-house
- i-ni'-wo-ke-ya, n. a sweathouse; i. q initi. See wokeya.
- i-ni'-ya, v. a. of niya; to breathe from; cuwi iwaniya, I breathe through a hole in my side.
- i n m a', intj. See inama.
- i'-n m u, n a cat, the generic term for an animal of the cat kind. T., igmu; Ih., ikmu.
- i-nmu'-hde-śka, n. the spotted wild cat, the genet.
- i-nmu'-ho-ta, n. the gray wild cat, catamount, lynx, Felis rufa or Felis lynx.
- i-nmu'-śuŋ-ka, n. (inmu and śuŋka) the domestic cat.
- i-n m u'-t a n k a, n. the panther, Elis pardus.
- i-nom', cont. of inonpa.
- i nom'-nom, cont. of inomnonpa.
- i-nom'-non-pa, adj. every second one.
- i-non'-pa, adj. the second.
- i'-non-pa, n. (i and nonpa) two mouths: mazakan inonpa, a double-barreled gun.
- i-nu', adv. 'suddenly; i. q. ihnuhanna. T., ungnahanla.
- i'-nun. See inunka.
- i'-nun-ka, v. n. to grow well, as grass, by reason of rain or any favorable circumstance, to thrive. See winuka.
- i-nun'-ka, v. 2d pers. sing. of iwanka; thou liest down.

- $i n u \eta' k a$, v. n. to become large $in \mid i \eta' y a \eta h a$, n.the genital organs—imanunka.
- in, a terminal (Ih. and T.) of some | in'-yan-ka, v. n. verbs, as in "epin kta," for "epe kta;" "ehin kta," for "ehe kta;" "eyin kta," for "eye kta." sometimes used by the Sisitonwan.
- in, v. a. to wear around the shoulders, as a blanket, shawl, or cloakhinmi, hinni, unkinpi.
- a flame, a blaze. See in - de', n. ide, the better orthography.
- in ki' ya, v. a. to cause to wear, as a shawl or blanket—inwakiya.
- in'-kpa, n. the end of anything, the small end; the head or source, as of a stream, etc.
- in'-kpa-ta, adv. at the end, at the head or source: wakpa inkpata yeye ćin, all along at the sources of a stream: above, up stream; i. q. tatowam.
- in'-kpa-tan-han, adv. from the
- $i\eta'$ -ska and $i\eta'$ -ske, T. intj. of $|i-o'-ka-ta\eta|$, v. a. to nail one thing hesitancy; let me see! See in.
- in'-sko-ke-ća, adv. so large.
- in s, pron. he, she, it. Same as iś.
- in'-tpa, n. Same as inkpa.
- in'-tpa-ta, adv. Same as inkpata.
- $i \eta' y a \eta$, n. a stone, stones. yantankinyanyan, Big-Stone Lake. Inyanéangnahan ohloka, Pease Island in the Missouri River.
- in'-yan-će-ġa, n. a stone jar; earthen pot.
- in'-yang, cont. of inyanka: inyang mde kta, I will go on a run.

- T. a sea shell. in'-yan-he, n. a rocky hill.
- to run-waimnanka, yainanka, unkinyankapi.
- in'-yan-ka-pe'-mni, n. T. a stone war-club.
- in'-yan-wa-a-nu-nu, n. moss on stones, moss. See waanunu.
- lo! behold! inyun iŋ-yuŋ', *intj*. ećon yaśi kon ećon śni, behold! what thou commandest him to do he has not done.
- i-o'-blu-la, n. T. a sheltered place, where the wind does not blow.
- i-o'-hda-mni-yan, adv. following around the curves, as of a stream.
- i-o'-hmus, cont. of iohmuza; iohmus manka, I keep my mouth shut.
- i-o'-hmus-ya, v. a. to cause to shut the mouth.
- i o' h m u z a, n. a closed mouth.
- ${f i}$ ${f o}'$ ${f k}$ a ${f p}$ a ${f z}$ a, ${\it v}$. ${\it n}$. to be pungent in the mouth, as pepper-iomakapaza.
- on another; to nail and hold an ax on the other side—iowakatan.
- i-o'-ka-winh, adv. following around the circle. See okawinga.
- i-o'-kpa-ka, adv. with open mouth, - furiously: iokpaka iyalipaya, to fall on one talking furiously, as a drunken man, or as a dog barking attacks anything.
- i-o'-kpa-kpas, adv. moving the lips: iokpakpas yanka, to be moving the lips, as one talking to himself.
- i-on'-si-da, v. a. of onsida; to

- have mercy or compassion on one in reference to something; to grant, bestow-ionśiwada, ionśiundapi, ionśimada.
- i-on'-si-da-ya, adv. having compassion on one in reference to something.
- i-o'-pa-win-ġe, adj. the one hundredth.
- i-o'-stan, n. of ostan; a cork, stopper for a vial, etc.
- i-o'-stan-pi, n. Same as iostan.
- i-o'-wa, n. of owa; something to write or paint with, a pen or pencil.
- i-o'-źim-na-na, adv. full, running over. T., ioźiblala. See iyuźimnana.
- i-o'-źu-dan, adj. of oźudan; full to the brim.
- i-pa', n. the top of anything: paha ipa, the top of a hill; he ipa, the head of the Coteau; also, a cape, promontory, projecting point.
- i-pa'-be, v. of pabe. Same as ipaman.
- i-pa'-be, n. something to rub with; as, ćan ipabe, a file; wan ipabe, a stone to rub arrows with.
- i-pa'-gan, v. of pagan; to push aside, as a tent door, for the purpose of looking out: tiyopa ipagan inawapa, I went out by pushing aside the door.
- i-pa'-ġe-ki-ya, adv. shoving aside.
- $i p a' \dot{g} o$, n. (i and pago) thing to carve or grave with, a carving or graving implement.
- i-pa'-go-ya, adv. passing by, ex-|i-pa'-kin-te, n. (i and pakinta)

- ceeding in length; said when one thing is longer than another; exceeding in speed, as when one horse outruns another.
- i-pa'-ha, v. ipaha iyeya, to raise up, as a curtain.
- i-pa'-hdo-ka, v. n. to run the head against, butt against—imapahdoka. T., ipagloka, to be dislocated, as a joint, by anything.
- i-pa'-hip, v. n. to lean the head against, have for a pillow—iwapahin, iyapahin, unkipahinpi.
- i p a' h i p, n. a pillow—mitipahin, nitipahin.
- i p a' h i p y a, v. a. to have or use for a pillow—ipahinwaya.
- i-pa'-hdan, adv. through; ipahdan iheya, to shoot clear through.
- i p a' h d o k a, v. a. to make a hole in, punch through.
- a bridle, of i, i'-pa-hte, n. T. mouth, and palita, to tie.
- i-pa'-hte, n. (i and pahta) thing to tie up with, a string.
- i-pa'-ka, v.n. to draw back, as meat from ribs when cooked, or as husks of corn when ripe—ipaka iyeya.
- i-pa'-kća, n. (i and pakća) comb. T., nasuppakća.
- i-pa'-kéa-dan, n. a small comb.
- i-pa'-kća-sbu-dan, n. a fine comb. T., nasuppakćeswula.
- i-pa'-kća-tan-ka, n. a dressing-comb.
- i-pa'-kin-ta, v. a. to wipe off iwapakinta.

- Hence, napipakinte, a napkin.
- i-pa'-ki-źa, v. eyes, with the hand—iwapakiźa.
- i-pa'-ko-te, n. a probe. Hence, ćanipakote or ćanwipakote, a stick to probe with.
- i-pa'-kśan, n. a bend in a river, etc. Mde ipakśan, Big-Stone Lake; Wakpa ipakéan, the Big Sioux River.
- i-pa'-man, v. a. of paman; to rub, rub on, as in filing—iwapabe, unkipamanpi. See ipabe:
- i p a' m n a, n. a setting-pole.
- i p a' m n a k i t o n, v. a. to pole, to use a pole in boating-ipamnaweton. T., ikpatan.
- i-pa'-mung, cont. of ipamunka; ipamung iću, to dip up, as water, with a vessel—ipamung iwaću. ipagmug.
- i'-pa-mung, cont. ípamung yatkan, to stoop down and drink from a spring-ípamung mdatkan.
- i-pa'-mun-ka, v. n. to be cápable of being dipped up with a bucket. Thus it is asked, Miniyowe toketu hwo, how is the spring? Answer, Ipamunka, it can be dipped up. ipagmunka.
- i'-paŋ-ho-ye-ya, adv. screamingly, above the natural voice. See pan and hoyeya.
- i-pa'-po-pe, n. a pop-gun; the elder, from which pop-guns are made.
- i-pa'-psa-ke, n. T. a small knife for cutting porcupine quills; i. q. ićapsake.

- something to wipe with, a towel. | i p a' p t a n, v. to turn over: ipaptan ehpeićiya, to turn one's self over.
 - to rub, as one's | i p a' p u z a, n. (i and papuza) something to wipe dry with, a towel.
 - i-pa'-san, v.a. to put on white paint with the end of a stick, make white dots, to rub on and whiten with—iwapasan, imayapasan.
 - i-pa'-sbu, v. ipasbu iyaya, to pass through, as through tall grass; ipasbu iyeićiya, to force one's self into a feast or company when not called.
 - i-pas'-han, n. anything that comes through and holds, the little iron that comes over and holds a trap when set; a screw.
 - i-pa'-si-sa, v. a. to stick in, as a needle or pin; to sew; to fasten, as with a wiping screw-iwapasisa, iyapasisa, unkipasisapi.
 - i-pa'-si-se, n. (i and pasisa) a stitch. See ićap'e.
 - i p a' so t k a, adj. conspicuous, extending up, as a tall tree or steeple.
 - i-pa'-so-tka-ya, adv. conspicuously.
 - i-pa'-spa, v. to drive in, as tentpins—iwapaspa. T., okatan.
 - i-pa'-stan, n. an instrument used in dressing skins, a rubbing instrument; i. q. tahaipastan. T., ipaste.
 - i-pa'-śdog, cont. of ipaśdoka; ipaśdog iyeya.
 - i-pa'-śdo-ka, v. a. to draw off over the head, as a shirt; to live through, as through a winter or sickness: kitan iwapaśdoka, I have just lived through.

- quill-work, work with porcupine quills—iwapata. See wipata.
- i-pa'-tag, cont. of ipataka.
- i pa' tag ton, v. a.to brace out or stretch, as in drying hides and skins—ipatagwaton.
- i p a' t a g y a, v. ato cause to brace out or up; to sustain, reinforce — ipatagwaya, ipatagunyanpi.
- i-pa'-ta-ka', v. a. to stretch out by means of cross-sticks; to have for a staff or support; to lean on, be dependent upon—iwapataka, unkipatakapi.
- i-pa'-ta-ke, n. (i and pataka) prop or brace, a stick to stretch a skin on; sinkpe ha ipatake, a stick to stretch a muskrat-skin on.
- i-pa'-tan, v. a. to mash up one thing with another—iwapatan.
- i-pa'-tan, n. a prop or brace.
- i-pa'-tku-ġa, adv. abreast, in a row, in a phalanx.
- i-pa'-tkuh-ya, *adv*. in a row, abreast.
- i-pa'-tin-za, v. a. to make firm by means of—iwapatinza.
- i-pa'-țin-za, n. (i and paținza) anything that makes firm, sustenance, nourishment.
- $i p a' w e \dot{g} a$, v. n. to bend across; *to intersect, come into or cross, as one road does another.
- i-pa'-weh, cont. of ipawega: ipaweh iyaya, to go across—ipaweh imdamde.

- i-pa'-ta, v. a. to embroider, work | i-pa'-weh-ya, v. a. to cause to intersect—ipawehwaya.
 - i-pa'-weh-ya, adv. crossing, intersecting; aside, out of the way; incorrectly: ipawehya wanka, it lies across.
 - i-pa'-win-ta, v. a. to rub on iwapawinta, iyapawinta, unkipawintapi.
 - i-pa'-zi-ća, adv. longer than the rest; said of a tall tree, or anything relatively long; bulged out, as a tent when one leans against it.
 - i-pa'-zip, v. n. to be prevented by something from proceeding; to come to a stand, not to be able to go on imapaźin: mde ipaźin inaźin, he has come to a stand at a lake.
 - i-pa'-źin-yan, adv. prevented by, in opposition, opposing.
 - i-pa'-źi-pa, v. a. to stick in, to prick with—iwapaźipa.
 - i-pa'-źi-pe, n. (i and paźipa) something that pricks, a pricker.
 - i-pe'-ga, v. n. to boil, as water. See ipiga, which is more commonly used.
 - i'-pi, adj. full, satisfied; full of, satisfied with—ímapi, ínipi, íunpipi, íwićapi. See wípi.
 - i-pi'-da, v. a. to deny to, refuse to give to, withhold from—ipiwada, ipiundapi, ipamadi, ipićida: takudan ipiundapi śni, he withholds from us nothing, or we refuse to give him nothing.
 - i-pi'-ga, v. n. to boil, as water, to foam.

- i-pi'-ġa, n. the foam of boiling water.
- i-pi'-hdag, cont. of ipihdaka.
- i-pi'-hdag-ki-ton, v.a. to put on one's girdle, gird one's self ipihdagweton.
- i p i' h d a g t o n, v. a. to put on a girdle, girded—ipihdagwaton, ipihdaguntonpi. T., ipiyagkiton.
- i-pi'-hda-ka, v. pos. of ipiyaka; to put on one's own girdle---ipiwahdaka, ipiunhdakapi.
- i-pi'-hda-ke, n, a girdle. See ipiyake.
- i-pih', cont. of ipiga.
- i p i h' y a, v. a. to cause to boil—ipihwaya, ipihunyanpi.
- i p i h' y a, adv. boiling: ipihya han, to stand boiling.
- i-pin'-ta, v. n. to be defective in some part, too short or too little, not as is usual. Said of one who is without a nose, or of a coat without skirts—imapinta, inipinta. See also iputan and ipustaka.
- i'-pi-ya, v.a. to make full, to fill—fpiwaya.
- i p i' y a g, cont. of ipiyaka.
- i-pi'-yag-ki-ći-ton, v. a. to put on a girdle for one, to gird one—ipiyagwećiton.
- i-pi'-yag-ki-ton, v. a. pos. to put on one's own girdle; to be girded—ipiyag weton.
- i p i' y a g to n, v. a. to gird, put on a girdle; to be girded—ipiyagwaton, ipiyaguntonpi.
- i-pi'-ya-ka, v.a. to gird one's

- self, to put on a girdle—ipimdaka, ipidaka, ipiunyakapi.
- i-pi'-ya-ke, n. a girdle, sash.
- i-pi'-ye, n. something to repair with.
- i p o', n. a swelling. See iwićapo.
- i-po'-gan, v.n. to blow, as the wind; to breathe out, exhale—iwapogan.
- i-poh', cont. of ipogan: ipoh iyeya, to blow on, blow in, blow away—ipoh iyewaya.
- i-poh'-ya, v.a. to cause to blow—ipohwaya
- i-poh'-ya, adv. blowing.
- i p s i' é a, v. n. to jump down from, as from a horse; to jump, jump over—iwapsića, iyapsića, unkipsićapi.
- i p s i n', cont. of ipsića: ipsin iyaya.
- i-psi'-psi-ća, v. red. of ipsića; to hop, as a grasshopper.
- i-psi'-psi-ća-dan, v. n. dim. of ipsipsića; to hop, as do the psipsicadan.
- i-pte'-ġa, n. the end of a lake where grass grows.
- i-pte'-ġa, v. n. ipteġa yaŋka, to be sad about anything.
- i p t e' ġ a k a, v. n. to be sad about anythinġ; i. q., ićanteśića—imapteġaka.
- i'-pu-s di, v. n. to be close to, to press upon, to touch anything, as the nose presses on the face; to press upon, weigh down, as sorrow—ímapusdi, ínipusdi.
- i'-pu-sdi-ya, v. a. to cause to press on—ípusdiwaya.

- i'-pu-sdi-ya, adv. touching. Hence, makipusdiya, on the ground.
- i'-pu-ski-ća, v. n. to be close to, to touch, press on—imapuskića.
- i'-pu-ski-će-dan, adv. pressed, close together.
- i'-pu-skin, cont. of ípuskića; close together: ípuskin iyotankapi, they sit close together.
- i'-pu-skin-ya, v.a. to cause to press on—ípuskinwaya.
- i'-pu-skin-ya, adv. pressed together.
- i'-pu-ski-skin, cont. ípuskiskin iyeya, to shove up close together.
- i-p u'-s p a, v. a. to stick on—iwapuspa.
- i-pu'-spe, n. anything that sticks to, a seal, a wafer.
- i pu' stag, cont. of ipustaka: makipustag elipeićiya, to throw one's self flat on the ground.
- i-pu'-sta-ka, v. n. to be flat, wanting, defective; one who has no nose is ipustaka—imapustaka. See ipinta and iputan.
- i-pu'-stan, adv. ipustan yuza, to clap up against, as a coal of fire: peta ipustanpi se emaceca, it seems as if I was held up to the fire.
- i-pus'-ye, n. T. something to dry on or with, a dryer. See pusya.
- $i p u \acute{s}' i \eta$, n. the outside of a bend.
- i-pu'-tag, cont. of iputaka.
- i p u' t a k a, v. a. to touch, to kiss—iwaputaka, imaputaka. See iiputaka.
- i-pu'-tan, v. n. to be defective,

- wanting, flat, lower or shorter than usual—imaputan. See ipinta and ipustaka.
- i'- pu-za, v.n. (i and puza) to have the mouth dry, to be thirsty—ímapuza, ínipuza, ínipuzapi.
- i'-pu-za-ṭa, v. n. to die or be dying of thirst; to be very thirsty, suffer from thirst—ipuzamața.
- i-pu'-źi-ta, v.a. to give when it is not wanted, to force upon one—iwapuźita.
- i-po', n. of po; steam.
- i-po'-za, v. See ipozeća.
- i-po'-ze-ća, v. n. to be out of humor about anything—imapozeća.
- i s a' k i m, adv. both together, with.

 T., isakib, along side of. See sakim.
- i-sa'-kim-tu, adv. both together.
- i-san', n. a knife, knives: this belongs to the eastern Dakotas; the Yanktons say min'-na and the Teetons, mil'-la.
- I-san'-a-ti, n. (isan and ati) Isanties, or Esanties, the name which is applied to the Dakotas of the Mississippi and Minnesota by those living on the Missouri. Why this name has been given to them by their brethren is still a matter of conjecture; perhaps, because they pitched their tents formerly at Isantamde, or Knife Lake, one of those which go under the denomination of Mille Lacs; or, perhaps, it was given to them because they lived nearer the Isantanka, or Big-knives, i. e., the Americans.

- i-say'-na, n. dim. a little knife.
- i s a ŋ' o ź u h a , n. (isaŋ and oźuha) a knife-case, knife-sheath.
 T., mioźuha.
- i'-san-pa, adv. beyond that place or time; more than.
- i-san'-pa-mi-ma, n. round-pointed knives, table-knives. T., milapaksa.
- i'-saŋ-pa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from beyond that.
- i-san'-pe-sto-dan, n. sharppointed knives.
- i-san'-śko-pa, n. a crooked knife, i. e., a sickle.
- I-saŋ'-ta-mde, n. Knife Lake.
 The name of a lake to the east of the Mississippi River.
- I-saŋ'-taŋ-ka, n. (isaŋ and taŋ-ka.) The name by which the Isaŋ-ati Dakotas designate the people of the United States. It is said to have been given them because the first Americans who came among the Dakotas were officers with swords. The Yanktons say Miŋ'-na-haŋ'-ska, and the Teetons, Mil'-la-haŋ'-ska, Long knives: as Isaŋ-taŋka is Large knives.
- i-san'-yan, v. a. to communicate the whiting from one's robe to another by rubbing against; to have for or use as a knife—isanwaya.
- I-san'-ya-ti, n. See Isanati.
- i-sa'-pa, v. n. to be blackened by anything—imasapa: taku inisapa he, what has blackened you?
- i-sa'-pa, n. the name of a stone used for blacking, prob. iron ore.

- i-sbu', n. small stones.
- i-sbu'-dan, n. dim. of isbu; gravel.
- i-sda'-ye, n. ointment; i.q., taku on sdayapi; wagon grease.
- i-sdo'-ća, v. See isdonya.
- i-sdon'-ya, v. a. to know by means of—isdonwaya, isdonyaya, isdon-unyanpi. See sdonya.
- i'-sin-yan, adv. out of sight, behind something, concealed: isinyan
 iyaya, he has gone out of sight.
- i'-sku-ya, adj. sweet-mouthed, flattering; mouth watering for—imaskuya.
- i'-sku-ya, n. a flatterer.
- i'-sku-ya-hda, v.n. to have one's mouth water for anything, as for different kinds of food—ískuyawahda.
- i'-sku-ye-ya, v. a. to make one's mouth water for—ískuyewaya, ísku-yeunyanpi, ískuyemayan.
- i-sto', n. the arm of a person, the fore-arm; the fore-leg of an animal.
- i-sto'-hdu-ka-tin, v. pos. to stretch out one's own arm. T., istoglukatin.
- i s t o' h d u k ś a ŋ, v. pos. to bend one's arm. T., istoglukśaŋ.
- i-sto'-i-yo-hi-ya, v. to reach with the arm.
- i-sto'-ka-tin-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to stretch out the arm—istoka-tinwakiya.
- i-sto'-o-hi-ya, adv. within arm's reach. T., istoiyohiya.
- i-sto'-pa-kśan, n. the bend of the arm.

- i-sto'-pa-kśi-źa, v. to bend up the arm; to bend up the leg, as a lame dog—istowapakśiźa.
- i-sto'-yu-kan, v. to have arms—istomayukan
- i-sto'-yu-kśi-źa, v. to bend up the arm—istomdukśiźa.
- i s, pron. he, she, it: is iye, he himself. See ins.
- i s a' h do g a n, adj. the eighth.
- i-śa'-hdo-hdo-ġan, adj. red. every eighth one.
- i ś a' k d o ġ a ŋ, adj. Ih. the eighth. T., iśakloġaŋ.
- $i \pm a' ko win$, adj. the seventh.
- i-śa'-ko-win-win, adj. red. every seventh one.
- i-śa'-kpe, adj. the sixth.
- i'-śa-kpe, n. a six-shooter, a pistol.
- i-śa'-kpe-kpe, adj. red. every sixth one.
- i-si', n. Th. and T. remuneration, pay; i. q., iyunwin.
- i-śi'-ća, v. n. See iśin; also, to be bad on account of, to be injured by: imaśića.
- i-śi'-ća-wa-ćin, v. n. T. to be greedy about.
- i-śi'-hda, v. of śihda; to be angry about—iśinwahda.
- i-śi'-hćin, adv. T. excitedly.
- i-śi'-htin, v.n. to be enfeebled by; be injured by—imaśihtin.
- i-śi-ki-ćin, adv. angrily.
- i-śin', cont. of iśića; iśinwaćin, to covet, desire more—iśinwaćanni, iśinwaćanni. T., iśićawaćin.
- i-śi'-tki-hda, v. n. to be angry

- on account of; to be sad about, be afflicted for—imasitkihda.
- i-śi'-tki-hda-ya, v. a. to make angry by; to torment, afflict for—iśitkihdawaya.
- i-śka', n. the ankle or tarsus—miiśka. See iśkahu.
- i-śka'-hu, n. the ankle-bones or tarsus. Hence happiśkahu, moccasin-tops.
- i-śka'-hu-ton, v. a. to put tops on moccasins—iśkahuwaton.
- i-śka'-kaŋ, n. the large tendon extending from the heel up the leg; the large tendon in the back of the neck.
- i-śkaŋ', cont. of iśkata; petiśkaŋ, to come near the fire, draw up to the fire, to warm one's self—petimaśkaŋ.
- i-śka'-ta, v. a. to play to or for anything—iwaśkata, iyaśkata, uŋ-kiśkatapi.
- i ś k i' ź u p i, n. fish-hooks. T., hoićuwa maza. See hiŋśkiźupi.
- i-śko'-na-gi, n. the small black bony substance on the inside of a horse's fore-leg, just above the knee, the web.
- i-ślo'-ya, adj. or n. T. the right, the right hand.
- i-ślo'-ya-ta, i-ślo'-ya-tan, and i-ślo'-ya-tan-han, adv. T. at the right hand of.
- iś-na'-ka, pron. he alone—miśnaka.
- iś-na'-la, pron. T. he alone; i.q. iśnana.
- iś-na'-na, pron. alone, he alone, she alone—miśnana, niśnana; uŋkiśnaŋpidaŋ, we alone.

- iś-na'-śna-na, pron. red. of iś-|i-śta'-ġoŋ-ġe, n. a blind person. nana.
- iś-na'-ti, v. n. to dwell alone or in a separate house; to have the menses. This last, at present, appears to be the only meaning of the word; it is so used because, at such times, the Dakota women are not permitted to stay in the house with others, but put up a little one for themselves outside.
- íś-na'-ti-pi, n. dwelling alone; the menses.
- i-śni'-ka-eś, adv. within a little, nearly: iśnikaeś nikte śni, it came near killing thee. T., iśnikaliś.
- i'-śo-kśo-ka-pi-dan, n. lips, a nickname for the Ojibwas.
- i-ś'o'-ś'o, adj. scampering, not easily restrained—imaśośo, iniśośo.
- i so' so ka, n. T. one who obeys cheerfully.
- $i \pm p a'$, n. arm—miiśpa. T., the elbow. isto.
- i spa' hu, n. the bones in the lower part of the arm, the radius and ulna.
- i-śpa'-se, the point of the elbow.
- i' spa spa, v. n. to move the lips, as some persons do when reading to themselves: iśpaśpa manka, I am moving my lips. T., inagnagna. See inagna and iokpakpas.
- i-sta', n. the eye, eyes-miista, niista, unkistapi.
- $i \pm t a' g \circ g g a$, v. n. to be blind; ġoŋġa.

- i-śta'-ġoŋ-ġe-ya, v. a. to make blind, to blind—iśtagon gewaya, iśtaġonġeunyanpi.
- i-sta'-hda-kpa, v. pos. of istakakpa; to put out one's own eyeistawahdakpa.
- i-śta'-he, n. (ista and he) the ridge above the eyes.
- | i sta' he hin, n. the eye-brows.
- i-sta'-he-pe or i-sta'-he-pin, n. the eye-lashes.
- i-śta'-he-pe-hin, n. the eyelashes.
- i-sta'-hmin, adj. cross-eyed.
- i-śta'-i-yo-hi-ya, adv. as the eye can reach.
- i-śta'-ka-kpa, v. a. to strike and put out an eye—istawakakpa.
- i-śta'-ka-kpaŋ, v. the eye-istawakakpan, istaunkakpanpi.
- the lower part of the | i sta'-ka-kpan-kpan, v. red. of istakakpan.
 - i-śta'-ka-kpan-pi-se, adv. in the twinkling of an eye.
 - i-sta'-kpe, v. n. to be blind, having the eye put out—istamakpe. istakpa.
 - i-śta'-kpe-ya, v. a. to make blind—istakpewaya.
 - i-sta'-ksin, v. to be squint-eyed cross-eyed—istamaksin. See istoksin. istahmin.
 - i-sta'-ksin-ka, n. a squint-eyed
- not to be able to see well-istama-\i-sta'-ksin-ksin, v. n. red. of istaksin.

- $i \pm t a' m d e s$, cont. of istamdeza.
- i śta' m des ya, v. a. to make clear-sighted—istamdeswaya.
- i ś t a' m d e z a, v. n. to be clearsighted—iśtamamdeza.
- i-śta'-mi-ni-ġa-ġa, adv. in tears, with tears trickling down; iśtaminiġaġa ia, to speak with the tears dropping down.
- i-śt a'-mi-ni-haŋ-pe, n. tears; iśtaminihaŋpe au, to cry—iśtaminihaŋpe amau.
- i st a' m i n i o s d o k a, adj. with water standing in the eyes. T., istaminioslo.
- i-sta'-na-ka, v. n. to have the eye twitch—istamanaka, my eye twitches; "I shall see something nice."
- i-śta'-o-hi-ya, adv. as far as the eye can reach. T., iśtaiyohiya.
- $i \pm t a' o \pm u h a$, n. the eye-lids. See i $\pm t a'$
- i-śta'-tpe, v. n. Same as istakpe.
- i-sta'-wi-ća-ni-yan, n. T. sore eyes.
- i-sta'-wi-ća-ya-zaŋ-wi, n. the moon in which sore eyes prevail; a moon answering generally to the month of March.
- i-śte'-ća, v. n. to be ashamed, ashamed of; to be bashful—imaśteća, iniśteća, unkiśtećapi. See wiśteća.
- i-sten', cont. of isteća.
- i-śten'-ki-ya, v. a. to make one ashamed, to disappoint one—iśtenwakiya, iśtenunkiyapi, iśtenmakiya.

- i ś t e n' y a, v. a. to make ashamed, dishonor—iśtenwaya, iśtenunyanpi, iśtenmayaya.
- i-śti, n. the under lip.
- i-śti'-ha, n. the skin of the under lip.
- i-śti'-ma, v. See istinma.
- i-śtin'-be, v.n. Same as istinma.
- i-śtiŋ'-ma, v. n. to sleep miśtiŋbe, niśtiŋbe, uŋkiśtiŋmapi. Hence, oiśtiŋma, sleep.
- i-sto'-gin-ki-ya, adv. eyes partly closed.
- i-śto'-hdi-waŋ-źi-daŋ, n. a fixed look, a gaze. T., oistagliwaŋ-źila.
- i-sto'-hmus, cont. of istohmuza: istohmus manka, I keep my eyes shut. See ohmus.
- i-sto'-hmus-ya, v. a. to cause to shut the eyes—istohmuswaya.
- i-sto'-hmus-ya, adv. having the eyes shut.
- i ś t o' h m u z a, v. n. to shut the eyes—iśtowahmuza.
- i-sto'-ksin, v. n. to partly close the eyes, to look askance—istowaksin.
- i-śto'-kśiŋ-ki-ya, v. a. to look askance at, look at with the eyes partly shut—iśtokśiŋwakiya, iśtokśiŋmakiya.
- i-sto'-sni-źa, v. n. to have the eyes blinded or dazzled by the light—istomaśniża. T., istaiyośniża.
- i-sto'-snis-ya, v. a. to dazzle the eyes, as a light—istośnismayan.
- i-sto'-snu-za, v. n. Same as istosniza.

- i śto' źu ha, n. the eye-lids.
- i-śun', v. iśun iyeya, to do more than was requisite, to overdo.
- i-śu'-ta, v. a. to fail of accomplishing, be unable to do a thing—iśuwata. T., to miss in shooting at.
- i ś u' t e, adv. at random, as it happens: iśute otaka, very much, i. q. śtedapi. T., ituśeś.
- i-śu'-te-ka, adv. Same as isute.
- i-śu'-te-ya, v. a. to cause to fail of—iśutewaya, iśutemayan.
- i-ta'-hda-hbe, adv. with the wind. T., itaglahwe.
- i'-ta-hda-hbe, adv. with the wind. The word is accented in this way when used with a noun; as, paha ítahdahbe unyanpi, we go to the leeward of the hill.
- i-ta'-h d a-h b e-k i-y a, adv. with the wind.
- i t a' h d a h b e y a, adv. with the wind. T., itaglaliweya.
- i'-ta-he-na, adv. Ih. on this side of.
- i-ta'-he-na, adv. Ih. on this side of; since. See itato.
- i-ta'-he-na-taŋ-haŋ, adv.

 Ih. on this side of.
- i-ta'-he-pi, adv. by the way, between places. T., itahepiyela.
- i-ta'-hnag, v. cont. of itahnaka.
- i-ta'-hnag-ya, adv. placed one on top of another.
- i-ta'-hna-ka, v. a. to place one on top of another—itawahnaka.
- i-ta'-hna-ka, adv. placed one on another. See ahnaka.

- i-ta'-ka-ha, n. the instep. Hence, siitakaha, the top of the foot, instep.
- i-ta'-ka-lipe, n. See iteakalipe.
- i-ta'-ka-sam, adv. over the river from, opposite to. T., koakata.
- i t a' k a s a n p a, adv. over against, across the river or lake from any place. T., koakatanhan.
- i-ta'-ka-san-pa-tan-han, adv. on the other side from.
- i-ta'-ke, n. the instep; the top or piece put in the instep of a moccasin. See happitake and happaitake.
- i'-ta-ki-hna, adv. one over another, in layers.
- i'-ta-ki-hna, n. something worn over another garment, a vest.
- i-ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. n. of takuniśni; to come to naught.
- i'-tam, adv. soon after: itam yankeya, to be after.
- i-tan', adv. of tan; on the side: itan anog, on both sides. From this we have mitantanhan, at my side; mitankiyedan, near me, etc.
- i-tan', v. n. to be vain, proud of, to glory in—imatan, initan, unkitanpi Hence, iwićatan, vain-glorying. See witan.
- i-tan'-a-no-ka-tan-han, adv. on both sides of.
- i-tan'-éan, n. a chief, ruler, head one; a lord, master; the principal thing—imatanéan, initanéan. See otanéan and tanéan.
- i tan' éan ka, n. chief one, lord, master.
- i-tan'-ćan-ki-ya, v. a. to have

- for or acknowledge as chief or mas-|i-ta'-to-ki-ya, adv. on this side of. ter; to make lord or chief—itanéanwakiya, itanéanmakiya.
- i-tan'-ćan-ki-ya, adv. in a lordly manner, with authority.
- i-tan'-ćan-ya, v. a. to have for chief or master—itanéanwaya, itanćanunyanpi.
- i-tan'-ćan-yan, adv. with authority, chief-like.
- i-tan'-i-hdu-kśan, adv. round about one.
- i-tan'-kan, adv. without, outside of.
- i-tan'-ki-ye-dan, adv. near to one-mitankiyedan. See ikiyedan,
- i-tan'-o-kśan, adv. T. around about, on all sides; itanoksan eićitonwan, he looked about himself.
- i-tan'-pi, n. pride, vain-glorying.
- i-tan'-tan, v. red. of itan.
- i-tan'-tan-pi, n. pride, glorying, arrogance. See witantanpi.
- i'-tan-wan-kan-hde, adv. uphill, ascending: itanwankanhde ya, to go up hill. T., itanwankangle.
- i' tan wan kan hde ya, adv. ascending. T., itanwankangleya, up a very steep hill.
- i-tan'-yan, v. n. to grow by reason of, as by eating meat; to be proud itanwaya.
- i-tan'-ye-śni, v. n. to receive no benefit from, to be of no use—imatanyeśni.
- i-ta'-to, adv. on this side of, this side of; used in reference to time, since. T., itahena.

- i-ta'-to-tan-han, adv.
- side of, from this side of.
- i ta' to wam, adv. to the windward of, on this side of.
- i-ta'-to-wa-pa, adv. on this side of, to the windward of.
- i-ta'-to-wa-pa-tan-han, adv. on this side of.
- i'-ta-wan-kan-hde, adv. ítanwankanhde.
- i-ta'-zi-pa, n. a bow to shoot with: mitinazipe, my bow; nitinazipe, thy bow; tinazipe, his bow.
- i-ta'-zi-pa-i-kan, n. string.
- i-te', v. n. to be made blue or bluish by, be made grape-colored—imate.
- i-te', n. the face—mite, niite.
- i-t'e', n. the forehead. T., ituhu.
- i-te'-a-ka-hpe, n. a cover for the face, veil.
- i-te'-a-nog or i-te'-a-no-katan-han, adv. on both sides of the face.
- i-t'e'-ća, adj. slightly warm, lukewarm, tepid. Said of fluids only: mini it'eća, lukewarm water. iteća and itećaka.
- i te' ha, n. T. a halter.
- i'-te-han, adv. of tehan; far from.
- i'-te-han-han, adv. red. of itehan.
- i'-te-han-han-yan, adv. red. of ítehanyan.
- i'-te-han-tan-han, adv. far away from.
- i'-te-han-yan, adv. far away from.

- i-te'-hde-ge-dan, n. face, a name for the raccoon, i. q. wića. T., wićiteglega.
- i-te'-hin, n. the forelock. See itoyehin.
- i-te'-hna-ka-pi, n. T., itognakapi. See itohnakapi.
- i-t'e'-hu, n. the frontal bone; the forehead.
- i-te'-hi, v. n. of tehi; to be difficult to get along with-imatehi.
- i-te'-ka, adv. T. time for; due, as, wanna hi iteka, now he ought to come.
- i-te'-la-za-tan-han, adv. behind the back.
- i-te'-na-śiŋ-śiŋ-ki-ya, v. to make faces at.
- i-t'en'-ya, v. a. to make slightly warm or tepid, as water-it'enunyanpi. T., itelya.
- i-te'-o-wa-pi, n. a photograph. T., wićiteowapi.
- i-te'-o-yu-ho, v. n. to have hair stand up on the head.
- i-te'-śin-ki-ya, v. to frown; to grin—iteśinwakiya, iteśinunkiyapi.
- i-te'-śiŋ-śiŋ, n. a wrinkled face itemasinsin.
- i-te'-yu-ko-ki-ya, v. T. frown, scowl.
- i-te'-yu-śin-ki-ya, v. a. draw up the face at one; to grin; to frown—iteyusinwakiya.
- i t e' y u sin sin, adj.face wrinkled.
- a certain purpose-itiwakaga.

- striped- | i ti' ć a n n a n, adv. away out on the prairie from, away from a house. Tincannan is also used. T., manil.
 - i ti' ma ta, v. to beg for: he itimata wahi, I have come to beg for
 - i-tka', n. a blossom, capsule; an egg; the seed of anything; the testicles, i. q. susu.
 - i-tka'-ska, n. the white of an egg.
 - i-tka'-zi-će, n. the yolk of an egg.
 - i'-tko-kim, cont. of ítkokipa; meeting; in presence of, before mitkokim; ítkokim ya, to go to meet.
 - i'-tko-ki-pa, v. a. to meet, come together from opposite directionsítkowakipa, itkounkipapi.
 - i t k o' k p a, v. n. to be still-born itkomakpa. See also itkotpa.
 - i-tkom', adv. again, back again, in return, in reply.
 - i-tkom'-ya, adv. in return.
 - $i t k o \eta'$, v. n. to burn, blaze, as fire: peta itkon, the fire blazes.
 - i-tkon'-ya, v. a. to make burn or blaze—itkonwaya.
 - i-tkon'-ya-han, part. burning, alive, as coals.
 - i'-tkon-za, adv. even with. itkuŋza.
 - i-tko'-pa-tan-han, adv. in reply, back again. See iyeitkopatan-
 - i-tko'-tpa, v. n. to be still-born: taku itkotpe ćin, an untimely birth, an abortion.
- i-ti'-ća-ga, v. to set up a tent for | i-tko'-tpe-ya, v. a. to cause to abort or be aborted—itkotpewaya.

- i-tkun', v. n. to burn, blaze. See itkon.
- i'-tkuns, cont. of itkunza.
- i-tkuŋs'-ya, adv. even with.
- i'-tkuŋ-za, adv. even with. See itkoŋza.
- i-to', adv. come, well: ito mde kta, well, I will go; ito econ wo, come do it.
- i-to', v. n. to become blue by means of. See ite.
- i-tog'-e-han, adv. at the first, formerly.
- i-tog'-to, adv. T. alternately: i. q. itokto.
- i'-to-han, adv. how far from? how long from? See tohan.
- i'-to-han-han, adv. red. of ítohan.
- i'-to-han-yan, adv. how far from? See tohanyan.
- i-to'-he-ya, adv. towards: hekta itoheya, backwards.
- i'-to-hna-ka-pi, n. brooches, such as are worn by the men on their hair and by the women on their gowns. T., pegnakapi.
- i-to'-hna-ke, n. the face, countenance, visage, appearance, presence—mitohnake. T., iteoyuze.
- i-to'-ho-mni, adj. dizzy, lightheaded; drunk—itomahomni, itonihomni. T., itomni.
- i-to'-ho-mni-ya, v. a. to make dizzy or drunk—itohomniwaya, itohomniunyanpi. T., itomniya.
- i-to'-i-yo-hi, adj. each one. See otoiyohi. T., iyohila.
- i-to'-ka-ga, n. the south.

- See $| i t o' k a \dot{g} a$, adv. southward.
 - i-to'-ka-ga-tan-han, adv. to the south of, on the south side of, from the south.
 - i-to'-kah, cont. of itokaga; southward: itokah mda, I am going south.
 - i-to'-kah-ki-ya, adv. towards the south.
 - i-to'-kah-wa-pa, adv. towards the south.
 - i'-to-kam, adv. before, used either in reference to place or time, in presence of—mitokam, nitokam, wićitokam. T., itokab.
 - i'-to-kam-tu, adv. before.
 - i'-to-kam-tu-ken, adv. before, prior to.
 - i'-to-kam-tu-ya, adv. before.
 - i-to'-ka-pa, v. n. to be before one in birth, be older than—mitokapa, he is older than I. See tokapa.
 - i-to'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. before, from before, from the presence of—mitokapatanhan.
 - i-to'-ka-tam, adv. before the time of a certain event.
 - i-to'-ke-ća, v. n. of tokeća; to be altered, changed; to be affected by in any way—imatokeća, initokeća.
 - i-to'-ke-ća-śni, v. etanhan ítokećaśni, it is none of his business, or it makes no difference to him—imatokećaśni.
 - i'-to-ki, adv. where from? which way from? See toki.
 - i-to'-ki-kta, adv. face to face, facing each other.

- i'-to-ki-ya, adv. which way from? | i-ton'-ki-pe-ya, adv. carefully, i'-to-ki-ya-ka, adv. which way from?
- i'-to-ki-ya-pa, adv. which way from?
- i'-to-ki-ya-pa-tan-han, adv. which way from?
- i'-to-ki-ya-tan-han, adv. what direction from?
- i-to'-kto, adv. See itoto.
- i-to'-ke-han, adv. formerly, of old.
- let me $i - to' - ke - ya \le adv.$ **T**. see; wait a little.
- i-tom'-tom, adj. cont. of itomtopa.
- i-tom'-to-pa, adj red. of itopa; every fourth one.
- i'-to-na, adv. of how many? which number? See dena, hena, etc.
- i'-to-na-ka, adv. of how many?
- i'-to-na-ke-ća; adv. number? See kanakeća, etc.
- i'-to-na-na, adv. of a few: de itonana en yanka, this is one of a very few. See denana, etc.
- Not i-ton', v. n. to tell the truth. in use. See itonáni.
- i-ton'-ka, and i-ton'-ka-e, v. n. to lie, tell a falsehood; i. q iton-T., owewakan.
- i-ton'-kam, adv. See itunkam.
- i-ton'-ki-pa, v. pos. of itonpa; to value, guard, take care of one's ownitonwakipa, itonunkipapi; itonićipa, to take care of one's self-itonmićipa; itonićipeśniyan, not taking care of one's self, neglectful of one's self.

- guardedly.
- i-ton'-pa, v. a. to guard, take care of; to refrain from, beware of—itonwapa, itonunpapi, itoncipa, itonmapa.
- i-ton'-pa, adj. careful, prudent.
- in | i ton' pe ya, adv. carefully, prudently.
 - i-ton'-pe-ya-han, adv. carefully.
 - i-ton'-pi-śni, n. untruth, lies. T., owewakanpi. See itonśni.
 - $i t \circ \eta' \sin i$, v. n. to tell an untruth, to lie—iwatonśni, iyatonśni, unki-Hence, oitonáni, a lie; toppiśni. oimayatonśni, thou liest about me. This belongs to the eastern Dakotas. The Yanktons and Tetons say "owewakan."
- of what | i to n' śni śni, v. red. of itonśni; i. q. itonśni wanića.
 - i-ton'-śni-yan, adv. falsely.
 - i-ton'-wan, v. n. of tonwan; to look or see with, as with one's eyes iwatonwan, iyatonwan.
 - i-to'-o-pta, adv. through, by, as itoopta ya, to go on past; from one to another, as, itoopta wićaku, he passes it on to others. T., iyopta.
 - i-to'-o-pta-i-ya-ya-pi, *n. a* purge. See iyooptaiyayapi.
 - i t o' o p t e y a, adv. through, straight through, passing on.
 - i t o' p a, adj. the fourth—imatopa; in or of the fourth, as, itopa en zaptan, or itopa zaptan, five in the fourth ten, i. e. thirty-five.

- i-top'-tom, adj. red. See itomtom.
- i-top'-to-pa, adj. red. of itopa.
- i-to'-to, v. n. red. of ito: to be made blue by.
- i-to'-to, adv. turn about, alternately: unma itoto econkupi kta, we will do it alternately. T., itogto.
- i-to'-wi-ća-ho-mni, n. a turning round, swimming, as of the head; drunkenness; something that turns round, as a wheel. T., itomnipi.
- i'-to-ye, n. the face, appearance—mitoye, nitoye.
- i'-to-ye-hin, n. the forelock. See itehin.
- i'-to-ye-ki-ton, v. pos. to wear braids of hair or ornaments in front—itoyeweton.
- i'-to-ye-ton, v.n. to have braids or ornaments dangling about one's face; to wear anything that makes one look frightful—itoyewaton.
- i-tpa'-hdo-ka, v. reflex. of pahdoka; to break up through, as a muskrat under ice; to hatch as young birds, that is, to break one's own shell.
- i-tpa'-ta-ka, v. pos. of ipataka; to brace one's own.
- i-tpi', n. the belly, abdomen; the chest. See ikpi.
- i-tpi'-hna-ka, v.a. to put in or around the abdomen—itpiwahnaka. See ikpihnaka.
- i t p u' t a k a, v. pos. of iputaka; to kiss one's own—iwatputaka. See iitputaka.

- See itom- | i t p u' t p a, adv. mixed up.
 - i-tu', adv. wildly, without being planted or tamed, as, itu ićaġa, it has grown up of itself; for nothing, as, itu ećamon, I have done it for naught.
 - i-tu'-hu, n. T. a stone used to break bones or pound berries; the frontal. See it'e.
 - i-tu'-hu-wo-blu, v. n. T. to have hair stand up.
 - i-tuh', adv. for nothing, gratuitously, without cause. T., ituhéin and otuhéin.
 - i-tu'-han, v.a. to give, bestow; to give for nothing, give away, as the Dakotas often do—ituwahan, itu-unhanpi.
 - i-tu'-han, adv. gratuitously, without reward.
 - i-tu'-hip, adv. for nothing, gratuitously; without cause, falsely. T., ituhéin and utuhéin.
 - i t u' k a , v. a. to beg, ask one for iwatuka, iyatuka, uŋkitukapi, imatuka, ićituka. T., kićićiŋ.
 - i t u' k a e ś, adv. truly, indeed. T., itukaleś.
 - i-tu'-ka-ġa, v. a. to make up a lie on, tell a falsehood about one; to do for nothing—ituwakaġa, ituunkaġapi, itumakaġa.
 - i-tu'-kah, cont. of itukaga.
 - i-tu'-kaś, adv. truly, at any rate.
 - i-tu'-ka-śta, adv. for nothing. T., otuyaćin. See itu, ituh, etc.
 - i-tu'-ki-han, v. a. of ituhan; to make a present of to; to give to one, as the Dakotas do when they ex-

- pect to be praised for it—ituwakihan, ituunkihanpi, itumakihan, itućićihan. *T.*, otukihan and utukihan.
- i-tun'-kam, adv. on the back: itunkam wanka, he lies on his back; itunkam ihpaya, to fall backwards.
- i-tun'-kam-tu, adv. on the back.
- i-tu'-o-éo-ka, adv. in the middle, between. See ocokam.
- i-tu'-o-ćo-ka-ya, adv. between, in the middle. See ocokaya.
- i t u' o k i t a h e d a n, adv. in the middle, between. T., ituotahela.
- i-tu'-śdi, adj. abundant.
- i-tu'-śdi-ya, adv. abundantly.
- i-tu'-śeś, adv. T. indeed.
- i-tu'-tu, adv. red. of itu.
- i-tu'-tu-ya, adv. red. of ituya.
- i-tu'-un, v. to be in a wild state. Hence, ituunpi, wild beasts. T., otuyaun.
- i-tu'-wo-ta-he-dan, adv. far from any dwelling. T., makotahela.
- i-tu'-ya, adv. for nothing, without cause, gratuitously. T., otuya and utuya.
- i-tu'-ya-ken, adv. causelessly, gratuitously. T., ituyacin and otuyacin.
- i t e' 6 a, adj. T. lukewarm, as water.
- i t e l' y a, v. a. T. to make warm.
- i-țins', cont. of iținza.
- i-tins'-ya, v. a. to make firm by means of—itinswaya.
- i-tin'-za, v.n. to be firm by reason of.

- pect to be praised for it—ituwaki- | i t i n'-z e, n (i and tinza) a strength-han, ituunkihan ji, itumakihan, itu- | ener, a tightener.
 - i-tung'-ki-ya, v. to suspect concerning one's self.
 - i-tung'-ya, v. T. to suspect.
 - i ṭ u ŋ' k e ć a, v. n. to be suspected of—imaṭuŋkeća.
 - i u' ma na pći waŋ ka, adj. See iuŋmanapćiŋwaŋka.
 - i-un', v. a. to rub on, as ointment or soap—iwaun, unkiunpi.
 - i u ŋ' m a n a p ć i ŋ w a ŋ k a, adj. the nineteenth. T., iakenapćiŋyuŋka. See iakenapćiŋwaŋka.
 - i-un'-ton, v. a. to put grease or brains on a skin, in order to dress it—iunwaton.
 - i-un'-ton-pi, part. greased, prepared for dressing.
 - i'-wa-ćin, v. to think of going to iwaćanmi.
 - i-wa'-ćiŋ-ko, v. n. to be impatient about, be out of humor on account of—iwaćinmako, iwaćinniko, iwaćinunkopi.
 - i-wa'-ćiŋ-toŋ, v. to be intelligent by reason of—iwaćinwaton.
 - i-wa'-ćin-yan, v. a to trust in for or in reference to—iwaćinwaya, iwaćinunyanpi.
 - i-wa'-ćin-yan, adv. trustingly.
 - i w a' ć i ŋ ź a t a , v. n to be undecided about anything—iwaćiŋmaźata.
 - i-wa'-hna, adv. slowly. T., iwaśtela. See iwahnana.
 - i-wa'-hna-na, adv. slowly, by short stages; carefully.

- i-wa'-ho-koŋ-ki-ya, v. a. to instruct in regard to, to counsel or advise concerning—iwahòkoŋwaki-ya, iwahokoŋuŋkiyapi, iwahokoŋmakiya; wićoni owihaŋke wanića iwahokoŋćićiya, I counsel thee in regard to eternal life.
- i-wa'-ho-kon-ki-ya-pi, n.
 instruction, counsel.
- i-wa'-ho-ya, v. a. to send word to concerning anything; to promise; to grant, give by promise; to permit iwahowaya, iwahounyanpi, iwahomayan.
- i w a' h a n i ¢ i d a, v. reflex. to be proud of—iwahanmićida.
- i'-wa-hte-da, v. See iwahtedaśni.
- i'-wa-hte-da-ka and i'-wahte-da-ka-e, v. a. to dislike on account of something—fwahtewadakae.
- i'-wa-hte-da-śni, v.a. to dislike on account of something, to dislike something in one; to disesteem, think lightly of for something—iwahtewadaśni, iwahteundapiśni.
- i-wa'-i-¢i-ni-yan, v. reflex. of iwakiniya; to be dissatisfied with one's self.
- i'-wa-kan, adj. talkative, tattling, gabbling.
- i'- wa-kan, n. a babbler.
- i'-wa-kan-yan, adv. in a babbling manner.
- i-wa'-kaŋ-yaŋ, adv. supernaturally.
- i-wa'-ki-ći, v.n. to dance the

- scalp-dance—iwawakići, iwayakići, iwaunkićipi.
- i-wa'-ki-ći-pi, n. the scalpdance. This dance follows the bringing home of the scalps of their enemies. A circle is formed, on one side of which stand the young men, with their bodies painted, with their feathers in their heads, and their drums, rattles, and other instruments of music in their hands; while on the other side stand the young women in their best attire, carrying the scalp or scalps stretched on a hoop. war-song commences, and the women dance around, sometimes advancing towards the men, who are stationary, and then again retreating, and responding at intervals to the music in a kind of cho-If the scalp is taken in the winter, the dance is kept up, frequently by day and night, until the leaves grow in the spring. it is taken in the summer, they dance and rejoice over it until the leaves fall off, when it is buried.
- i w a' k i ć o ŋ z a, v. a. of koŋza; to influence one, command one in regard to—iwawećoŋza.
- i-wa'-ki-ćoŋ-ze, n. a commandment, decree.
- i-wa'-ki-ni-ya, v. a. to get out of humor with, to neglect—iwawaki-niya, iwayakiniya.
- i-wa'-kta, n. a mark, sign, pledge.
- to dance the | i w a' k t a, v. n. to be on one's

- guard, to be on the look out; to guard—iwawakta, iwayakta.
- i-wa'-kta-ya, v. a. to put on one's guard, forewarn—iwaktawaya, iwaktaunyanpi.
- i-wa'-kta-ya, adv. guardedly.
- i-wa'-kte-hda, v.n. to go home in triumph having taken scalps—iwaktewahda, iwakteunhdapi.
- i-wa'-kte-hdi, v. n to come home in triumph bringing scalpsiwaktewahdi, iwakteunhdipi.
- i-wa'-na-ġi-ye-ya, v. a. trouble one in regard to or with. See nagiyeya.
- i-wa'-na-pi-śtan-yan, v. a. to kill, hurt, or do injury withiwanapistanwaya. See napistanyaŋ.
- i-wa'-ni-ti, v. n. to go and spend | i-wan'-kam, adv. above-miwanthe winter at for some purpose iwaniwati.
- i'-wa-ni-ye-tu, n. the succeeding winter, next winter.
- i-wang', cont. of iwanka; tahinéa iwang mda, I am going to lie out for deer. T., iyung. See awang.
- $i w a \eta' \dot{g} a$, v. a. to inquire of one, ask one a question about, call to account—imunga, inunga, unkiwanġapi, imawanga, ićiwanga. T., iyunga.
- $T_{\cdot \cdot}$ i-wan'-ġa-pi, n. inquiry. iyungapi. See wiwangapi.
- i-wan'-hdag, cont. of iwanhdaka; iwanhdag unyakonpi, we are guarding our own.
- i-wan'-hda-ka, v. pos. of iwan-

- yaka; to look to or have regard for one's own—iwanwahdaka. See itonkipa.
- i-wanh, cont of iwanga; he iwanh wahi, I have come to inquire about T., iyunh.
- i-waŋ'-i-éi-hda-ka, v. reflex. to look at one's self; to guard one's self—iwanmiçihdaka, iwanunkiçihdakapi. See itoniçipa.
- i-wan'-i-hdag, cont. of iwanihdaka: iwanihdag waun.
- i-way'-i-hda-ka, v. to look at one's self in a glass; to watch over, guard one's self, to set a guard—iwanmihdaka, iwannihdaka.
- i-way'-ka, v. n. to lie down, go and lie down, go to bed—imunka, inunka, unkiwankapi. T., iyunka.
- kam, niwankam, unkiwankam, wićiwankam.
- i-waŋ'-kam-tu, adv.
- i w a n' k a m t u y a, above.
- | i-way'-kam-tu-ya-ken, adv. above. Not much used.
- i w a n' k a n p a, adv. above one.
- i-wan'-kan-pa-ta, upabove, above one.
- i-wan'-kan-pa-tan-han, adv. from above one.
- i-wan'-ki-ći-ya-ka, v. to look to or watch over for one-iwanwećiyaka. See wanyaka.
- i-wan'-ki-ći-ya-ka-pi, v. pl. they look to or watch over one another—iwanunkićiyakapi.

- i-wan'-yag, cont. of iwanyaka; iwanyag wahi.
- $i w a \eta' y a k a$, v. a. to look to or at; to survey, examine; to spy outiwanmdaka, iwandaka, iwanunyakapi.
- i-wan'-ya-ka-pi, n. spies, sur-
- i way' ya ke, n. something by which to see, the sight of a gun: a telescope or field-glass.
- i-way'-źi-ća, adv. very much.
- i-wa'-pe-tog, cont. of iwapetokeća.
- or brand with—iwapetogwaton, iwapetoguntonpi.
- i-wa'-pe-to-ke-ća, n. sign.
- i w a' s a z a, v. n. to take hardly, get sick over; iwamasaza.
- i-wa'-ś'ag, cont. of iwaś'aka.
- i-wa'-ś'ag-ya, v. a. to strengthen by means of—iwas'agwaya.
- i-wa'-ś'a-ka, v. n. to be strong by reason of or for-iwamas'aka, iwaunś'akapi. See waś'aka.
- i-wa'-ś'a-ka, n. strength, source of strength.
- i w a' śe ća, v. n. to be rich, in provisions especially—iwamaśeća, iwaunśećapi, iwawićaśeća.
- i'-wa-śi-ćuŋ, v.n. to be talkative, to talk badly—ímawasićun, íniwasi-
- i-wa'-śte, v. n. of waste; to be better by means of-imawaste.
- $i w a' ste da\eta$, adv. slowly, mod-

- erately, carefully; but little, not much: iwastedan yazan, he is not very sick. Ih., iwastena; T., iwastela.
- i-wa'-ste-ka, v. n.to be none the better for: he taku iniwasteka, thou art none the better for that.
- i-wa'-śte-ya, adv. better.
- i-wa'-śte-ya-ken, adv. a little. better.
- i-wa'-to-ki-ya-ka-e, v. n. he etanhan iwatokiyakae, what matter is it to him? how does it concern him?
- i-wa'-pe-tog-ton, v.a. to mark | i-wa'-to-ki-ya-pa-ka-e, v.n. Same as iwatokiyakae. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ etanhanś toka.
 - i-wa'-to-ki-ya-pa-śni, it does not concern one-iwamatokiyapaśni. T., iyowaźa śni.
 - i-wa'-to-ki-ya-śni, v. n. be none of one's business: he etanhan iwanitokiyaśni, it is none of thy business.
 - i-wa'-to-pe-ki-ya, n. Th. an oar or paddle; any thing to row a boat with. See watopa.
 - | i w a' t u k a, v. n. T. to be tired of or on account of anything.
 - i-wa'-wi-ku-wa, v. a. to do something to make one angry, to provoke one—iwawiwakuwa. T., iwakuwa.
 - $i w a' y a z a \eta$, v. n. to be sick in consequence of—iwamayazan.
 - i w a' y u p i k a, v. n. to be skillful, handy on account of, or in doing-iwamdupika; i. q. iwayupi kićun.

- i-wa'-yu-pi-ya, adv. handily, nicely, well.
- i-wa'-zi-ya-pa, adv. to the north of.
- i-wa'-zi-ya-pa-tan-han, adv. to the north of.
- i-wa'-zi-ya-ta, adv. at the north of
- i w a' z i y a t a ŋ h a ŋ, adv. northward of.
- i-we', v. n. to bleed by reason of—imawe.
- i'-we, v. n. to bleed at the mouth—fmawe. T., iwehiyu.
- i-we'-će-ya, v. a. to have regard for, do as one commands—iweće-waya, iwećeunyanpi; iwećeyeśni, to disregard—iwećemayeśni. T., wećeya.
 - i'-we-hi-yu-ya, v. to raise blood, spit blood—fwehiyuwaya.
 - i-we'-śde-ka, v. n. to do something entitling to honor, as the killing of an enemy—iwewaśdeka. To wear or have as the evidence of bravery; insignia of honor. The custom is to wear a split feather as a sign of having been wounded by the enemy.
 - i-wi'-ća-hna-yan, n. of hnayan; deception.
 - i-wi'-ća-hu-pi, n. of hu; sodomy This is now a vulgar byword.
 - i-wi-ća-po, n. of po; a swelling, inflation on account of.
 - i'-wi-ća-pu-za, n. of ipuza; thirst.
 - i w i' c a s t e c a, n. of isteca; shame.

- handily, i w i' k ć e m n a, adj. the tenth.

 See ićiwikćemna.
 - i-wi'-kće-mna-mna, adj. red. of iwikćemna; every tenth one; tithes.
 - i-win'-kta, v. n. to glory in, be proud of—imawinkta, iniwinkta, unkiwinktapi.
 - i-win'-kta-kta, v. red. of iwinkta
 - i-win'-kta-pi, n. a glorying in.
 - i-win'-kta-ya, v. a. to cause to glory in—iwinktawaya.
 - i-win'-kta-ya, adv. glorying, proudly.
 - i w i' ś t a ŋ, v. a. to treat well, as a sick person—iwawiśtaŋ. See ikićiwiśtaŋ.
- to raise i-wi'-tko, v. n. of witko; io be vaya.
 do somedo somesomething that makes drunk, liquor.
 - i-wi'-tko-tko-ka, v.n. to become foolish by means of.
 - i w i' t k o y a, v. a. to make drunk with—iwitkowaya.
 - i'-wi-yo-hi-yan-pa-ta, adv. at the east of.
 - i'-wi-yo-hi-yan-pa-tan-han, adv. to the east of.
 - i-wo'-blu, v. n. T. to bluster; blowy, snowy: i. q. ibomdu.
 - $i w o' \dot{g} a \dot{g} a$, n = T. a rifle.
 - i-wo'-hda-ka, v. pos of iwoyaka; to speak in reference to one's own iwowahdaka.
 - i-wo'-hdu-ze, n. the cause of taboo. See wohduze.
 - i w o' h t a k a, v. n. T. to hit or

- ibohtaka.
- i-wo'-mni-yan, adv. carefully, attentively: iwomniyan anagoptan, T., iktahela. he listened attentively.
- i w o' m n i y e n, adv. not hastily, leisurely, carefully: iwomniyen ećamon, I did it carefully.
- i w o' m n i y e t u, adv. slowly, carefully.
- i-wo'-mni-ye-tu-ken, adv. not in haste.
- i-wo'-so, n. T. pouting lips.
- i-wo'-so-ki-ya, v. T. to pout, push out the lips. See iźokiya.
- i-wo'-ya-ka, v.a. to relate or tell of, to speak in reference to-iwomdaka. See woyaka.
- i y a', intj. of surprise, on meeting a friend unexpectedly.
- I'-ya, n. a fabulous creature worshipped by the Dakotas.
- i-ya'-be, adv. individually, singly, or in little companies, as the Dakotas go in hunting deer: iyabe unyanpi, we T., aweya. are going separately.
- i y a' b e y a, adv. singly, separately, scattered, as in hunting: iyabeya unyanpi, we go separately. aweweya.
- i'-ya-be-ya, adv. scattering around, dispersedly: iyabeya unkodepi, scattering ourselves around we hunted.
- i-ya'-ći-ća, adj. rough, ruffled up, said of hair or feathers.
- i y a' cin, v. a. to liken to, compare with—imdaćin, idaćin, unkiyaćinpi.

- strike against—iwomahtaka; i. q., | i y a' ć i n k e n, adv. by way of comparison.
 - i-ya'-ćiŋ-pi, n. likeness, resemblance.
 - i-ya'-ćin-yan, adv. like to, in like manner, equal to; parabolically, metaphorically.
 - i-ya'-ćin-yan-ken, adv. somewhat like.
 - i-ya'-ćo, v. a. of yaćo; to judge of, judge on account of, to condemn for—imdaćo, idaćo. T., iyasu.
 - i-ya'-ćuŋ-ni, v.n. to leave off, give up: iyawaćunni. See iyakićunni.
 - i-ya'-di, v. a. of adi; to climb up on—iyawadi, iyayadi, iyaundipi. Hence, can iyadipi, stairs.
 - i-yag'-ton, v of iyake; to put a feather on an arrow—iyagwaton.
 - $i y a' \dot{g} e$, n. a bunch, a cluster, as as of grapes.
 - i-ya'-han, v. a. of ahan; to go and stand on; to alight down in or on, as birds in a cornfield or on a tree—iyawahan, unkiyahanpi.
 - i' y a h a n, v. a. to put the foot on, step on any thing—fyawahan.
 - i'-ya-hda-pśiŋ-yaŋ, *adv*. of ahdapsinyan; bottom upwards.
 - i-ya'-hda-pśiŋ-yaŋ, v. a. turn over upon any thing—iyahdapśinwaya.
 - i y a' h d a s k i ć a, v. n. of ahdaskića; to lie on, press on, cover iyamahdaskića.
 - i-ya'-hda-skin, cont. of iyahdaskića; iyahdaskin mayanka, it is pressing on me.

- i-ya'-hda-skin-ya, v. a. to cause to press upon—iyahdaskinwaya.
- i y a' h da śka, v. pos. of iyakaśka; to tie one's own to—iyawahdaśka, iyaunhdaśkapi.
- i-ya'-hde, v. n to go or come to; to reach to, extend to; to lead to, as a road; to meet, come upon one iyamahde, iyaunhdepi. See iyahdeya.
- i-y a'-h d e-h a ŋ-p a, n. (iyahde and hanpa) socks. T., hunyakon huha ptećela.
- i y a' h d e h u n s k a, n. (iyahde and hunska) socks, stockings.
- i-ya'-hde-ton, v. a. to have on or over, as, iyahdeton econ, he does it on something else; to knit.
- i-ya'-hde-ton-yan, adv. on or over, having something under: iya-hdetonyan kaksa, to cut one stick off on another.
- i-ya'-hde-ya, v. a. to cause to reach to; to lead to, bring one to; to merit, deserve, bring upon one—iya-hdewaya, iyahdeunyanpi; iyahde-içiya, to bring on one's self—iya-hdemiçiya.
- i y a' h d e y a, adv. reaching to, even to.
- i'-ya-he, n. the ball and heel of the foot. T., siyete iyahe.
- i-ya'-hna, prep. after, behind, following; with, together with: iyahna ya, to go with; appetu hapyetu iyahna, both day and night.
- i y a' h n a h n a, red. of iyahna.

- i'-ya-hna-hna-na, adv. gently, carefully. T., iktahela; iwasteglala.
- i-ya'-hna-ken, adv. in the manner of following.
- i y a' h p a y a , v. n. to fall upon, to seize, pounce upon, lay hold of violently—iyawahpaya and iyawahpamda, iyayahpada, iyaunhpayapi. See ahpaya.
- i-ya'-hpe-ki-ći-ći-ya, v. a. to put or throw on for one, as in putting a load on a horse. See iyahpekiya.
- i-ya'-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. to give or hand to; to carry around to, as the pipe is taken round on great occasions and held for each one to smoke; to put on or throw over, as in putting on the load of a horse—iyahpewakiya, iyahpeunkiyapi. T., to touch the ground with and then hold up to heaven, as they do before smoking the pipe.—w. J. c.
- i-ya'-hpe-ya, v. a. to carry around to; to hand to; to throw over or on—iyahpewaya. See iyahpe-kiya.
- i-y a'-i-h d a-ś k a, v. reflex. of iyakaśka; to tie one's self; to give one's self up to be bound; i. q. iyaićihdaśka—iyamihdaśka, iyanihdaśka.
- i'-ya-ka-hpe, n. of akahpa; a cover or lid for the mouth of any thing.
- i'-ya-kam, adv. beyond, surpassing. i'-ya-kam-tu, adv. surpassingly.
- i'-ya-ka-pa, v. n. to be larger than, to surpass—iyamakapa.

- i-ya'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. Tafterwards; behind.
- i y a' k a p e i é i y a, v. reflex. to go beyond one's self, to be intemperate. See iyatahdeiéiya.
- i'-y a-k a-p e-y a, v. a. to pass, go beyond; to overcome; to persuade, succeed in persuading—iyakapewaya, iyakapeunyanpi, iyakapemayan.
- i'-ya-ka-pe-ya, adv. more than, surpassing.
- i-ya'-ka-pta, v. a. to climb, as a hill, to reach the top; to pass over or beyond—iyawakapta, iyaunkaptapi, and unkiyakaptapi.
- i-ya'-ka-pte-ya, v. to cause to pass up or over—iyakaptewaya.
- i-ya'-ka-pte-ya, adv. beyond, going over; going up hill.
- i-ya'-ka-san-ni, n. one side or half of anything. See sanni.
- i-ya'-ka-saŋ-ni-na, n. one side only
- i-ya'-ka-śka, v. a. of kaśka; to tie one thing to or on another, to bind to—iyawakaśka, iyaunkaśkapi.
- i-ya'-ka-tin, v. of akatin: to measure by means of, as with a yard-stick—iyawakatin.
- i'-ya-ka-win, v. n. of akawin; to exceed, go beyond bounds, overflow, as a river its banks.
- i'-ya-ka-win, adv. more than: iyakawin iyeya, to surpass; iyakawin iyeya ećamon, I have done more than was needful. T., iyakab.
- i'-ya-ka-win-yan, adv. surpassing.

- T. | i y a' k e, n. the feather end of a quill, the feather on an arrow.
 - i-ya'-ke-non-pa, adj the twelfth. See iakenonpa. The ordinal numbers from this to eighteen will be found under "iake," and need not be repeated here, though by some they are all written with a y inserted.
 - i-ya'-ki-ći-yu-ha, v. T. to be attached to, as one horse to another.
 - i'- ya-ki-ćuŋ-ni, v.n. to become tired and leave off, to cease from, give up pursuit—íyawećuŋni, íyayećuŋni, íyauŋkićuŋnipi. See iyaćuŋni.
 - i'-ya-ki-ćuŋ-ni-ya, v. a. to cause to leave off or cease from—
 íyakićuŋniwaya.
 - i'-ya-ki-ćuŋ-ni-yaŋ, adv. leaving off.
 - i-ya'-ki-çu, v. n. to be much, to increase.
 - i y a' k i & u, adv. much, more than one needs: iyaki&u wahnaka, I have put away a great deal.
 - | i y a' k i ć u ŋ ć u ŋ k a , n. one | who does more than is usual; one | who keeps on begging.
 - i y a' k i ć u y a, v. a. to have more than one needs—iyakićuwaya.
 - i y a' k i é u y a, adv. much, a good deal, plentifully, in abundance: iyakiéuya mduha, I have a great deal.
 - i'-ya-ki-de-će-ća, adv. like, alike: See iakidećeća.
 - i'-ya-ki-de-ćen, adv. like.

- i'-ya-ki-de-han-ke-ća, adv. | i'-ya-ki-ni-sko-ke-ća, of the same length with.
- i'-ya-ki-de-haŋ-yaŋ, adv. of equal distance.
- equal number. See iakidenakeća.
- i'-ya-ki-de-na-na, adv. as few See denana.
- i-ya'-ki-gle-gle, adv. T. over and over again, repeatedly.
- i-ya'-ki-hde, v. n. to surpass, overlap, reach beyond the time, as old corn lasting until the new comes. See akihde.
- i y a' k i h d e, adv. like to, as: wetu iyakihde maste, it is as warm as spring.
- i-ya'-ki-hde-ġa, v. to go on and overtake.
- i-ya'-ki-hdeh, cont. of iyakihdega; iyakihdeh okihan, to keep following after but not overtakeiyakihdeh owakihan.
- i-ya'-ki-hde-ya, v. a. to cause to reach round to; to make surpassiyakihdewaya
- i-ya'-ki-hde-ya, adv. surpass-
- i'-ya-ki-he-će-ća, adv. like to See iakihećeća.
- i y a' k i h e h a n k e ć a, adv. as long as. See iakihehankeća.
- i'-ya-ki-he-na-ke-ća, adv. as many as. See iakihenakeća.
- i'-ya-ki-he-na-na, adv as few See henana, etc.
- i-ya'-ki-hna, adv. in layers, one on another; i. q. akihna.

yol. yii—15

- adv. of the same size.
- i'-ya-ki-p'a-p'a, v. See íakip'ap'a.
- i'-ya-ki-de-na-ke-ća, adv. of |i-ya'-ki-pe|, v.a. to wait for, wish to have go with one; to wait for, hope for; to befall, happen to—iyawakipe, iyaunkipepi, iyamakipe.
 - i-ya'-ki-pe-ya, adv. waiting for. i'-ya-ki-s'a, v. T. to shout at one's
 - i'-ya-ki-ś'a-ś'a, v. red. of iyakiś'a. See iyaś'a.
 - i'-ya-ki-ta, v. a. of akita; to have an eye to, keep a watch on, lest one commit some depredation; to hunt for charges against one—íyawakita.
 - i'-ya-ki-te-daŋ, *adv*. familiarly, among themselves: iyakitedan hekićiyapi, they say this among themselves.
 - i'-ya-ko, *adv*. beyond anything. See ako.
 - i'-ya-kos, adv. See íyakosan.
 - i'-ya-ko-san, adv. in addition, as an additional reason: he iyakosan dećen ećamon, I have done this in addition to that. T., iyakotanhan.
 - i'-ya-ko-tan-han, adv. beyond, from beyond
 - i-ya'-kta, v. Used only with śni. See iyaktasni.
 - i-ya'-kta-śni, v. a. of aktaśni; to disregard—iyawaktasni, iyaunktapiśni.
 - i-yam', cont. of iyapa; striking against: tiyopa iyam imdamde, I struck against the door. .

- i-ya'-mni, adj. of yamni; the third. i-ya'-mni-mni, adj. red. every third one.
- i-ya'-mni-mni, or i-a'-mnimni, v. of amnimni, to sprinkle, as water on anything; to sprinkle, as clothes for ironing—iyawamnimni.
- i-ya'-mni-na, adj. only the third
- i y a m' y a, adv. butting or striking against. See iyapa.
- i-ya'-na-ka, intj. of surprise on meeting a friend.
- i-ya'-na-pta, v. a. of anapta; to detain, to go before and prevent from proceeding iyanawapta, iyanamapta.
- i'-ya-ni-ća, v. n. of anića; to be prevented, detained, or hindered by: mażażu kin he iyamanića, I am prevented by the rain—iyamanića, iyaunnićapi.
- i-ya'-nuŋ-ġa, v. n. to become hard, callous, unfeeling, as a scarred place—iyamanunġa, iyaninunġa.
- i-ya'-nunh, cont. of iyanunga; iyanunh iyeya.
- i-ya'-nunh-ya, v. a. to cause to become callous—iyanunhwaya.
- i-yan'-pa, v. a. to push out, as an otter does his nose to breathe.
- i-ya'-oŋ-pa, v.a. of aoŋpa; to lay on, place on; to accuse of, blame with—iyawaoŋpa, iyaunkoŋpapi, iyamaoŋpa.
- i-ya'-oŋ-pa-pi, n. an accusation. i-ya'-oŋ-pe-pi-ća-śni, adj. blameless.

- i-ya'-on-pe-pi-ća-śni-yan, adv. blamelessly.
- i-ya'-oŋ-pe-ya, adv. in a blaming or accusing way.
- i-ya'-o-pta, v. See iyayupta.
- i-ya'-p'a, v. a. of ap'a; to beat, strike against; to beat, as the heart or pulse, as, cante iyamap'a, my heart beats; to strike or knock against, as the foot—iyamap'a, iyaunp'api; iyaicip'a, to strike one's self—iyamicip'a.
- i'-ya-p'a, v. n. to strike against, as the wind against a hill.
- i-ya'-pa, v. n to be injured or wounded in one's feelings by word or action. See iyapaka.
- i-ya'-pa-ka, v. n. to be injured or hurt in one's feelings by something said—iyamapaka.
- i y a' p a s p a, v. n. to be obscured, as the sun or moon by clouds. T., taninśni. See apaspa.
- i'-ya-pa-śtag, cont. of iyapaśtaka.
- i'-ya-pa-śtag-ya, v. a. to creep up and fall upon before one is aware, to take by surprise—íyapaśtagwaya, íyapaśtagniyanpi, John xii, 35.
- i'- y a p a ś t a k a, v. n. to be taken by surprise—iyamapaśtaka, iyanipaśtaka.
- i'-ya-pa-to, v. n. to butt against, be struck by; to press on or be cramped by, as by a short moccasin—iyamapato, iyaunpatopi. See apato.
- i'-ya-pa-to-ya, v. a. to rum

- against, press against; to hinder, prevent by—íyapatowaya.
- i'-ya-pa-to-ya-ken, adv. in the manner of pressing against.
- i'-ya-pa-wo-haŋ-pi, n. a certain sacred dance and feast.
- i-ya'-pa-ya, v. a. to injure or hurt one's feelings by what one says—iyapawaya. See iyapa.
- i-ya'-pe, v. a. of ape; to wait for; to lie in wait for, lie in ambush iyawape, iyaunpepi, iyamape.
- i-ya'-pe-han, v. a. of pehan; to fold up with; to wind on, as thread on a spool: hahonta iyapehanpi, spool-thread—iyawapehan, iyaunpehanpi.
- i-ya'-pe-han-yan, adv. folding up.
- i'-ya-pe-la, adv. T. near, close at hand; i. q. ikiyela.
- i-ya'-pe-mni, v. a. to wrap around, wind up in—iyawapemni, iyaunpemnipi; wrapped up in, as, woahtani iyapemni unyakonpi, we are enveloped in sin.
- i-ya'-pe-mni-yan, adv. wrapped up in. See pemniyan.
- i-ya'-pe-ya, v. a. of iyape; to cause to lie in wait for—iyapewaya.
- i-ya'-pe-ya, adv. lying in wait for.
- i-ya'-pu-spa, v. a. to glue, stick on with glue or paste—iyawapuspa, iyaunpuspapi.
- i-ya'-pu-spa, v. n. to stick to, as wet clothes; to be glued up, as sore

- eyes—iyamapuspa. See puspa and askapa.
- i-ya'-pu-spe-ya, v. a. to cause to glue on—iyapuspewaya.
- i-ya'-pu-spe-ya, adv. in a glued or sticking manner.
- i-ya'-sag, cont. of iyasaka.
- i-ya'-sa-ka, v. n. of asaka; to be dried hard on, as skin garments on one—iyamasaka, iyaunsakapi.
- i'-ya-se, n. of iya; a glutton.
- i-ya'-skam, cont. of iyaskapa; iyaskam wanka, it lies sticking on.
- i-ya'-skam-ya, adv. sticking to.
- i-ya'-ska-pa, v. n. of askapa; to stick to, stick on, adhere to—iyama-skapa. See iyapuspa.
- i-ya'-ski-ća, v. a. to press or suck one thing on another, as corn on the cob—indaskića.
- i-ya'-skin, cont. of iyaskića.
- i-ya'-skin-ya, adv. pressing or sucking on.
- i-ya'-ski-ska, v.n. tobesmoothed down, as the hair of an animal by swimming in water—iyamaskiska. T., stoyela.
- i'-ya-sna-na, adv. gently. T, iwasteglala.
- i'-ya-sna-sna-na, adv. carefully, gently.
- i-ya'-sni, v. n. of asni; to become still, as a noise ceasing: eéen iyasni, so it became still; to recover from, as from anger or sickness.
- i-ya'-sni-ya, v.a. to give to one unexpectedly; to make quiet—iyasniwaya.

- i-ya'-su, v. a. T. to judge, condemn for; i. q. iyaéo.
- i'-ya-ś'a, v. of aś'a; to shout at, shout against—iyawaś'a, iyauŋś'api.
- i'-ya-śla-ya, adv. T. plainly, clearly: i. q. aślayela.
- i-ya'-ta, v. a. to promise to give, betroth to one, as a girl to a man imdata, idata. T, ku kta eya.
- i'-ya-tab-ye-la, adv. T. soon after.
- i-ya'-ta-hde, v. n. to go beyond, surpass; to go beyond ordinary bounds, be excessive.
- i-ya'-ta-hde, adv. full, running over.
- i-ya'-ta-hde-ya, v.a. to go beyond, surpass; to do more than is right, exact too much; to cause to go beyond; to be intemperate—iyata-hdewaya, iyatahdeunyanpi; iyatahdeiciya, he is intemperate.
- i-ya'-ta-hde-ya, adv. too much.
- i-ya'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. n. tome to nothing, come to naught.
- i'-ya-tam, adv. soon, soon again. See itam.
- i-ya'-t'an, v. n. to touch with the mouth; to light, as a pipe, which is done by drawing a few times when put to the fire—imdat'an, idat'an; ikićiyat'an, to light a pipe for one.
- i-ya'-ta-sag, cont. of iyatasaka.
- i-ya'-ta-sag-ya, adv. stiffly.
- i-ya'-ta-sa-ka, v. n. of tasaka; to become hard or stiff on one, as skin that has been wet and dried; stiff or frozen on—iyamatasaka, iyauntasakapi.

- i'-ya-ta-ye-la, adv. T. personally, it alone. See atayedan.
- i-ya'-wa, v. a. of yawa; to count by or according to, count together imdawa, idawa.
- i-ya'-ya, v. n. to have gone—imdamde, idade, unkiyayapi: to have gone down, as, wi iyaya, the sun has gone down; to be more than, go over; to be more than enough, be a surplus, as, onge iyaya, there is some over; ikićiyaya, to remain for or stand to one's credit.
- i-ya'-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to go or have gone, to send—iyayewaya.
- i y a' y u h a, v. T. to have an attachment for, be a follower of: iya-yuh waun, I am following him.
- i y a' y u h y a, adv. T. following.
- i y a' y u p ta, v. n. to pass by without stopping—iyamdupta, iyadupta, iyaunyuptapi.
- i y a' y u p t e y a, adv. passing by.
- i-ya'-yus, cont. of iyayuza; iyayus yuza, to hold anything close to another.
- i-ya'-yu-stag, cont. of iyayustaka, with, together with.
- i-ya'-yu-sta-ka, v. iyayustag heyun, to tie up one thing on another—iyayustag hemun.
- i-ya'-yu-za, v. a. of yuza; to hold to or at—iyamduza.
- i-ya'-yu-za, n. a holder, as a cloth to hold a hot iron with.
- i-ya'-za, adv. one after another:

- iyaza kata, to kill one after another; ti iyaza waun, I go from house to house.
- i-ya'-zan, v. n. of yazan; to be sck on account of or by means of; to be affected by sympathy with—imayazan, iniyazan.
- i y a' z i, v. T. to be convalescent.
- i-ya'-zin, cont. of iyazita.
- i-ya'-zin-ya, v. a. to burn, as sweet leaves, to burn incense—iya-zinwaya.
- i y a' z i t a, v. n. to burn, as cedar leaves, to smoke and make a pleasant smell. See izita.
- i-ya'-źu, n. of aźu; something used to spread out and dry on: ćanśaśa iyaźu, a stick split partly, with others woven across, on which smoking-bark is placed to dry. T., ipusye.
- i'-ye, pers. pron. he, she, it. Pl., iyepi, they.
- i y e' ć e ć a, adv. like, like as, like to, such as, the same as. See dećeća, hećeća, and kakeća.
- i-ye'-će-ća, v. n. to be like to—
 iyemaćeća, iyemićeća, iyeunćećapi;
 it is fitting, proper: hećamon kta
 iyećeća, it is proper that I should
 do that.
- i-ye'-će-će-hin, adv. just like.
- i y e' ć e k ć e ć a , adv. red. of iyećeća
- i y e' ć e k ć e ŋ y a, adv. red. of iyećenya.
- i y e' é e n, adv. like, in like manner. See deéen and eéen.
- i-ye'-ćen-ya, adv. like; a little

- less, not much: iyećenya se maku, he gave me about so much.
- i y e' ć e t u, v.n. to be so, become so, to be as was expected; to come to pass, take place. See ećetu, dećetu, hećetu, and kaketu.
- i-ye'-će-tu, adv. so, thus, right.
- i y e' ć e t u y a, v. a. to make so, fulfill, accomplish—iyećetuwaya.
- i-ye'-će-tu-ya, adv. so.
- i-ye'-ée-tu'-ya-ken, adv. in this manner.
- i'-ye-ćin, adv. (iye and ćin) voluntarily, of one's own accord, of one's self.
- i'-ye-ćin-ka, adv. of one's self, of one's own accord, without advice: miyećinka ećamon, I did it of myself.
- i'-ye-ćiŋ-ka-haŋ, adv. voluntarily.
- i-ye'-ću-hćin, pro. T. he him-self.
- i'-ye-eś, pron. he, she, it.
- i-ye'-ġa, v n to shine, sparkle, twinkle, as the stars. T., ileġa.
- i-ye'-han, adv. at or to the place; at the time appointed. See dehan, hehan, and kahan.
- i y e' han han tu, adv. red. of iyehantu; at the times or places referred to.
- i-ye'-han-tu, adv. at the time, now, at the same time; it is now the time; there, thus far, so far. See dehantu and kahantu.
- i-ye'-han-tu-dan, adv. just at the time.

- i-ye'-han-tu-dan-hin, adv. exactly at the time.
- i y e' h a n t u ś n i, adv. not time
- $i \cdot y e' han tu ya, adv.$
- i-ye'-han-wa-pa, adv. towards the time.
- i y e' h a ŋ h a ŋ k e ća, adv. red.of iyehankeća.
- i-ye'-han-han-yan, adv. red.of iyehanyan.
- i-ye'-han-ke-ća, adv. so long, of the same length. See dehankeća and hehankeća.
- i-ye'-han-yan, adv. so far; at the proper time. See dehanyan, hehanyan, and kahanyan.
- i y e h', cont. of iyega. $T_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$ ileh.
- i y e h' y a, v. a. to cause to shineiyehwaya. T., ilehya.
- i-yeh'-ye-ga, v. red. of iyega; to twinkle. T., ilehlega.
- i-yeh'-yeh-ya, v.a. to cause to twinkle
- i-ye'-i-¢i-ya, v. reflex. of iyeya; to find one's self; to put or thrust one's self: ohna iyeiçiya, to push or crowd one's self in.
- i'-ye-i-tkom; adv. T., iye sitkob. See iyeitkopatanhan.
- i'-ye-i-tko-pa-tan-han, *adv*. returning the compliment; as when one says to another what was fit should be said to himself.
- i'-ye-ka-eś, pron. even he. T., iyekaleś.
- i-ye'-ki-ći-han-tu, v. n. to be | i'-ye's, pron. See iyee's.

- suitable for one, be befitting or belong to one; to be the time or opportunity for one—iyemićihantu, iyeunkićihantupi. See iyehantu.
- at the |i-y|e'-k|i-y|a, v. a. pos. of iyeya; to find one's own; to recognise any person or thing; to experience, as, iyotanhan iyekiya, to find it hard, have difficulty; to put or push one's own in, as, ohna iyekiya—iyewakiya, iyeunkiyapi, iyemakiya.
 - i-ye'-kta-śni, adv. T. rectly, not according to rule.
 - i'-ye-ke, pron. he himself, even he, she herself, etc. T., iyeśkalaka.
 - i'-ye-keś, pron. Same as iyeke.
 - i-ye'-na, adv. so many, as many as. See dena, hena, and kana.
 - i-ye'-na-ka, adv. as many as.
 - i-ye'-na-ke-ća, *adv*. so many, as many as, as much as-iyemanakeća, iyeunnakećapi. T., iyenakća. See denakeća, henakeća, and kanakeća.
 - i-ye'-nang-na-ke-ća, adv. red. of iyenakeća.
 - i-ye'-pe, v. n. to lodge on, as one tree on another in falling. T., iyope.
 - i-ye'-pe-pe-ya, adv. unsettled, without an abiding place, going from house to house: iyepepeya waun, Iam unsettled.
 - i-ye'-pe-ya, *v. a*. to make one tree lodge on another—iyepewaya, iyepeunyanpi. T., iyopeya.
 - i-ye'-pe-ya, adv. lodging on

- i-ye'-śni, intj you don't say so! it cannot be!—iyepiśni. T., iye-śnićaś.
- i y e' ś n i é a , *intj.* Same as iyeśni.
- i y e' y a, v. a. to find anything; to put, place, or thrust into: ohna iyeya, to thrust into—iyewaya, iyeunyanpi. See iyeiçiya.
- i-ye'-ya, v. aux. It is appended to verbs commencing with "ba," "bo," "ka," "pa," "ya," etc., and also to some adverbs; and generally gives emphasis, and expresses quickness or suddenness of action—iyewaya, iyeyaya, iyeunyanpi.
- i y e' y a, or i y e y e, v. n. to be, exist: wićaśta iyeye ćin, all men. See also hiyeye.
- i y e' ź a k a, adv See iyeźakaken.
- i-ye'-źa-ka-ken, adv. unable, failing by a little; said when one fails of doing what he has been accustomed to do: iyeźakaken temye śni, he was unable to eat it up.
- i-yo', prep. in comp. compounded of i and o, with y introduced for euphony; to, in, into.
- i-yo'-blu-la, n. T. a sheltered place
- i-yo'-blu-la, adv. T. sheltered.
- i-yo'-ća-hda, adv rattling; said of a noise made in the mouth: iyo-ćahda se iyaya, to go down rattling, as a bullet when put into a gun.
- i-yo'-.co-ka-ya, adv (i and ocokaya) in the midst of; all put into

- the mouth; all swallowed up in; wiconte kin he woohiye kin e ocowasin iyocokaya, death is swallowed up in victory
- i-yo'-ćo-tka, n. the two large lobes of the stomach.
- i-yog', cont. of iyoka; iyog iyeya, to put on one side, to drive out—iyog iyewaya, iyog iyeunyanpi.
- i-yog'-ya, adv. aside, away.
- i-yo'-ha-kam, adv. after in time, subsequent to. See ihakam and ohakam.
- i-yo'-ha-kam-tu, adv. afterwards.
- i y o' h a k a m t u y a, adv. afterwards.
- i-yo'-ha-kam-tu-ya-ken, adv. a little after.
- i-yo'-ha-ka-pa, adv. subsequent to. See ihakapa.
- i-yo'-ha-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. afterwards. T., iyakapatanhan.
- i-yo'-han, v. a. of ohan; to boil one thing with another—iyowahe, iyounhanpi.
- i-yo'-hda-hda, adv. rattling; iyohdahda se iyaya, to make a noise, as a bullet put into a gun, to go down with a rattling noise.
- i-yo'-hda-mna, adv. circuitously, round all the crooks and turns.
- i y o' h d a m n a y a n, adv. circuitously, particularly: iyohdamnayan wohdaka, to relate particularly.
- i-y o'-h d a-m n i-y a n, adv. round about; circuitously.

- i-yo'-hdi, n. a razor-strop; a hone, whetstone. T, miyogli.
- i-yo'-hdi-ya, v. a. to rub back and forth, as in whetting or stropping a razor—iyohdiwaya.
- i'-yo-he, n. something wrapped around the feet, socks, stockings.
- i-yo'-hi, adj. each, every one; i. q. otoiyohi.
- i-yo'-hi-la, adj. T. each one: i. q. iyohi.
- i-yo'-hi, v. a. to reach, get to, arrive at, a place—iyowahi: to be sufficient for, reach to one, as in a division of articles; to be large enough for, as a garment—iyomahi, iyounhipi, iyowićahi.
- i-yo'-hi-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to reach or arrive at; to give to each one, make go round, as in dividing articles; to pay one's debts entirely up—iyohiwakiya, iyohiunkiyapi.
- i-yo'-hi-śni, v. not to reach to. See iyohi.
- i-yo'-hi-śni-yan, v. a. to cause not to reach to. See iyohiya.
- i-yo'-hi-ya, v. a. to cause to reach a place; to extend the hand to; to make reach to all; to pay up one's debts—iyohiwaya, iyohiunyanpi.
- i'-yo-hmus, cont. of iyohmuza; iyohmus yanka.
- i'-yo-hmus-ya, v. a. to cause to shut the mouth.
- i'-yo-hmu-za, v. n. (i and ohmuza) to have the mouth shut, lay the hand on the mouth—iyowahmuza.

- a razor-strop; a i-yo'-hnag, cont. of iyohnaka; T, miyogli. iyohnag iyeya,
 - i-yo'-hnag-ki-ya, v. a. to put into the mouth of another; to give to eat, cause to eat—iyohnagwakiya.
 - i-yo'-hnag-ya, v. a. to cause to put into the mouth, give food to—iyo-hnagwaya.
 - i-yo'-h na-ka, v. a. (i and ohnaka) to put into the mouth, as food—iyowahnaka, iyounhnakapi.
 - i-yo'-hna-ka, n. a mouthful.
 - i-yo'-ha, n. the lower part of the face, the side of the face; the jowl, lower jaw of animals.
 - i y o' h a é a n d u h u p a, n the common short-stemmed pipe. T., iyohaćannonpa.
 - i-yo'-ha-hiŋ, n. whiskers: iyohahiŋśma and iyohiŋśma, heavy whiskers.
 - i y o' h a h a, n. T. water-falls. See haha.
 - i-yo'-hda-te-ya, adv. of ohdateya; underneath.
 - i-yo'-hlo-ke, n T. the mouth of a stream.
 - i-yo'-hpa. See iyuhpa.
 - i-yo'-hpa-ya, v. a. to go in, fall into, alight in, as ducks in a pond; to join, become partakers of, as in joining a church or society—iyowahpamda.
 - i-yo'-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. Same as iyohpeya.
 - i-yo'-hpe-ya, v. a. to throw or cast into; to cause to fall into, to plant, as corn or other grain—iyo-

- hpewaya: iyohpeićiya, to cast one's | i-yo'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. self into—iyohpemićiya. | hind, after; younger than—mi
- i-yo'-ka, adj. another, as, wićaśta iyoka, another man; in another place, elsewhere.
- i-yo'-ka-da, v. a. of okada; to empty or pour into, as grain—iyowakada.
- i-yo'-ka-da, n. something into which anything is poured to measure with: mazakan iyokada, a gun-charger.
- i-yo'-ka-du-za, n. air in motion, a breeze. See kaduza and okaduza.
- i y o' k a d u z a, adj. airy, cool.
- i'-yo-ka-ga, adv. of okaga; down stream, south of, below. T., ihutab.
- i'-yo-ka-ġa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from down stream, south of.
- i'-yo-kah, cont. of iyokaga.
- i'-yo-kah-ki-ya, adv. down stream, south of.
- i'-yo-kah-wa-pa, adj. down stream, in a southerly direction.
- i-yo'-kan, cont. of iyokata.
- i-yo'-kan-ya, v. a. to warm, make hot in—iyokanwaya, iyokanmayan; to heat with, as a room by means of a stove.
- i-yo'-ka-pa, v. of kapa; to surpass—iyowakapa.
- i-yo'-ka-pas, cont. of iyokapaza.
- i-yo'-ka-pas-ya, v. a. to exert an evil influence upon, as on a sick person by one's presence, to make worse—iyokapaswaya, iyokapasmayan.
- i-yo'-ka-pas-ye-éa, v.a. Same as iyokapasya.

- i-yo'-ka-pa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. behind, after; younger than—miyokapataŋhaŋ. Same as iyohakapataŋhaŋ. T., iyakapataŋhaŋ.
- i-yo'-ka-pa-za, v. n. to be pungent, make smart, as pepper or mustard seed in the mouth—iyomaka-paza.
- i-yo'-ka-pte, n. of kapte; something to dip with, a dipper, ladle.
- i y o' k a ś k e, n. of kaśka; something that connects, something to bind with
- i-yo'-ka-ta, v. n. of okata; to be warm in, warm by reason of.
- i-yo'-ka-tan, v. a. of okatan; to drive in, as a nail, on something—iyowakatan, iyounkatanpi.
- i-yo'-ka-tku-ġe, n. of katkuġa; a nail, screw; tiyopa iyokatkuġe, nails; maza iyokatkuġe, nails. T., a nut of a screw.
- i-yo'-ka-win-ga, v. to turn round and round.
- i-yo'-ka-winh, cont. of iyokawinga.
- i-yo'-ka-zi-éa-hde, adv. stretching up, on tip-toe: iyokaziéahde wanyaka, to see by stretching up. T., igluziéa.
- i y o' k i, v. a. to permit, encourage. Not used except with "śni," or in a negative form. See iyokiśni and iyokika.
- i-yo'-ki-ća-sde-ća, v. a. of kasdeća; to split in two in the middle iyokiwakasdeća.
- i-yo'-ki-ća-śka, v. a. of kaśka;

- to tie together, as two strings—iyo- | i-yo'-ki-pi, v. a. kiwakaska. | pleasing to—iyowal
- i-yo'-ki-ća-śke-ya, adv. tied together, connected or following each other, as the seasons, without any intervening time.
- i y o' k i ć a ś p a , v. a. of kaśpa; to divide in the middle—iyokiwakaśpa.
- i'-yo-ki-he, v.n. to be next to, be second—iyowakihe.
- i'-yo-ki-he, adj. second, next to.
- i-yo'-ki-he, n. a joint: hu iyo-kihe, the leg-joint. See ókihe.
- i'-yo-ki-he-ya, adv. lengthened out, added to, next to, following, succeeding. See okiheya.
- i-yo'-ki hi, v. a. of okihi; to be able for; to come upon, come up with—iyowakihi, iyounkihipi.
- i-yo'-ki-hi-ya, v. a. to make able for—iyokihiwaya. See oki-hiya.
- i-yo'-ki-hi-ya, adv. ably.
- i-yo'-ki-hnag, cont. of iyoki-hnaka; iyokihnag hinhda, at the same instant; said of guns fired off at the same time.
- i-yo'-ki-hna-ka, v. a. of okihnaka; to put or place in together; to put in one's own mouth—iyowakihnaka.
- i y o k i' k a, v. a. to forbid, hinder. Same as iyokiśni.
- i-yo'-ki-ni-han, adj. of okinihan; honored for.
- i-yo'-ki-ni-han-yan, adv. honorably.

- i-yo'-ki-pi, v. a. to please, be pleasing to—iyowakipi, iyounkipipi, iyocicipi.
- i-yo'-ki-pi, v. n. to be pleased with, to like; to be contented—iyo-makipi, iyonicipi, iyounkipipi.
- i y o' k i p i y a, v. a. to please, cause to be pleased—iyokipiwaya, iyokipiunyanpi, iyokipimayan.
- i-yo'-ki-pi-ya, adv. delight-fully, pleasantly.
- i-yo'-ki-pta, v. pos. of iyopta; to go towards home; to advance, go on, make progress in any business of one's own—iyomakipta, iyonicipta.
- i-yo'-ki-se, n. of okise; the half of anything cut in two.
- i-yo'-ki-śi-ća, v. n. to be sad, sorry, grieved—iyomakiśića, iyonićiśića, iyounkiśićapi: waćin iyokiśića, to be displeased with, have one's mind made sad by—waćin iyowakiśića.
- i-yo'-ki-śi-ća-pi, n. sadness, sorrow.
- i-yo'-ki-śi-ća-ya, v. a. to make sad, to sadden. See iyokisinya.
- i-yo'-ki-śi-ća-ya, adv. sadly.
- i-yo'-ki-śin, cont. of iyokiśića; iyokiśin waun.
- i y o' k i ś i n y a, v. a. to sadden, grieve, displease, disappoint—iyokiśinwaya, iyokiśinunyanpi, iyokiśinmayan.
- i-yo'-ki-śin-ya, adv. in a manner producing sadness, sadly.
- i-yo-ki'-śni, v. a. to forbid, prevent, hinder—iyowakiśni, iyounki-

- piśni, iyomakiśni, iyoćićiśni. See iyokika, anića, etc.
- i y o' k i t a h e d a n, adv. between. See okitahedan.
- i-yo'-ki-tan-in, n. of otanin; manifestation.
- i-yo'-ki-tan-in-yan, adv. manifestly.
- i'-yo-ki-win, v. a. to make a motion with the mouth, to gesture to one with the mouth—iyowakiwin.
- i'-yo-ki-yu-sde-ća, v. n. of yusdeća; to split in two, be divided in customs.
- i'-yo-ki-yu-sden, cont. of iyokiyusdeća; divided in customs: iyokiyusden unyakonpi, we are in a divided state.
- i-yo'-ko-hnag, cont. See iyo-kihnag.
- i'-yo-ko-pe-ya, adv. opposite to, beyond, in sight: mde iyokopeya wanka, it lies beyond the lake.
- i'-yo-kos, adv. in the mean time. i'-yo-ko-san, adv. in the mean time. See osan.
- i-yo'-kpa-ni, v. n. to lack, be wanting; to be less than, not enough; to fail, not to reach in time, not to accomplish—iyowakpani, iyounkpanipi.
- i-yo'-kpa-ni-ya, v. a. to cause to lack, etc.—iyokpaniwaya.
- i-yo'-kpa-ni-yan, adv. lacking, failing of.
- i y o' k o p a , n. the board on which a Dakota child is fastened. See hoksiyokopa.

- See | i y o' m d a y e, n. of omdaye; a plain extending from, as from a hill.
 - i-yo'-mni, n. a sheltered place, a harbor.
 - i-yo'-mni-na, n. a shettered place, a harbor. T., ioblula. See omnina.
 - i-yo'-mni-yan, adv. in a sheltered place; more particularly, over again; iyomniyan ociciyake kte śni, I will not tell it to you again.
 - i y o' m n i y e n, adv leisurely. T., hanhiya. See iwomniyen.
 - i y o' m n i y e t u, adv. slowly, carefully. See iwomniyetu.
 - i-yo'-na-ni-yan and i-yo'-kani-yan, v. n. T. to be jarred or shaken by something heavy falling.
 - i y o' o p t a, adv. of opta; through, beyond. See iyopta.
 - i-yo'-o-pta-i-ya-ya, *. to go by or beyond, go on further; to go through, pass through. See iyoptaiyaya.
 - i-yo'-o-pta-i-ya-ya-pi, n. See iyooptaiyeyapi.
 - i-yo'-o-pta-i-ye-ya-pi, n. a purge, a cathartic, as rhubarb, salts, oil, etc.
 - i-yo'-o-pta-ya, v. n. to pass on, go beyond.
 - i y o' p a s k i ć a, v. a. T. to press in, ram in, as in loading a gun.
 - i'-yo-pa-stag, cont. of iyopastaka; iyopastag waun, I am exciting.
 - i'-yo-pa-stag-ya, adv. encouragingly.

- i'-yo-pa-śta-ka, v. a. to excite, incite, encourage—iyowapaśtaka, iyoóipaśtaka.
- i-yo'-pa-ta, v. a. to patch, sew a piece on—iyowapata, iyounpatapi.
- i-yo'-pa-zan, v. a. of opazan; to put into the mouth; to put in around the waist; to load, as a gun iyowapazan.
- i-yo'-pa-zan, n. something to bind or hold in, as a ferrule; the brass ring that holds in the ramrod of a gun; the ramrod itself; the bore of a gun.
- i-yo'-pe, v.n. T. to fall and lodge on, as one tree on another: i.q.iyepe.
- i-yo'-pe-i-ći-ya, v. reflex. of iyopeya; to blame one's self, reprove one's self; to repent, change one's self; to sell one's self—iyopemićiya, iyopeunkićiyapi.
- i-yo'-pe-i-¢i-ya-pi, n. a blaming one's self, repentance.
- i-yo'-pe-ki-ya, va. to reprove, chide, scold, to correct, punish; to change for something else, exchange—iyopewakiya, iyopeunkiyapi, iyopemakiya, iyopećićiya.
- i-yo'-pe-ya, v. a. to chide, reprove; to correct, punish; to give in exchange for, barter—iyopewaya, iyopeunyanpi.
- i-yo'-pe-ya, v. a. T. to make lodge on.
- i y o' p e y a , adv. T. lodging on.
- i-yo'-pe-ye, n. the price paid: exchange.

- i-yo'-pśa-pśa, v. n. T. to boil up in bubbles.
- i-yo'-pśa-pśa-ye, adv. T. red. of iyopśaye.
- i-yo'-pśa-ye, adv. T. close together; i. q. akipśa.
- i-yo'-pta, v. n. to go on, move on, as a cloud; to go forward, advance, make progress in anything—imayopta and iyomapta, iniyopta and iyonipta, unkiyoptapi and iyounptapi.
- i-yo'-pta, adv. of opta; through. See iyoopta.
- i y o' p ta i y a y a, v. n. to pass through, pass on. See iyooptaiyaya.
- i-yo'-pta-i-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to pass through.
- i-yo'-pta-i-ye-ya-pi, n. a purge, cathartic; i. q. iyooptaiye-yapi.
- i-yo'-pte-ya, v.n. to have acquired some skill, made some progress—iyoptewaya.
- i-yo'-pu-hdi, n. wadding for a gun.
- i-yo'-pu-hdi-ya, v. a. to use for gun-wadding.
- i-yo'-pu-ski-ća, n. a ramrod. T., iyopazan.
- i-yo-pu-ski-ća, v. a. to ram in tight: i. q. iyopaskića.
- i y o s'. See heniyos.
- i-yos'-na-na. See heniyosnana.
- i-yo'-śni-źa, v. n. to be blinded by the sun or snow—iyomaśniźa. See iśtośniźa.
- i-yo'-śtan, n. of ośtan; something

- pushed into the mouth of anything, a vial-cork, a stopper. See iostan.
- i-yo'-śtan-pi, n. a cork, a stop-
- i-yo'-ta-he-dan, adv. between: unkiyotahedan, between us. See otahedan.
- i y o' t a h e p i, adv. between one place and another. See otahepi.
- i-yo'-ta-kons, cont. of iyotakonza; opposite to, over against. T., iyotalkons. See otakons.
- i-yo'-ta-kons-ya, adv. evenwith, opposite to.
- i y o' t a k o n z a, adv. of otakonza; opposite to, over against; even with. T., iyotalkonza.
- $i y o' ta \eta$, cdj. great, greater, greatest, chief; used in comparing one thing with another-imayotan, iniyotan, unkiyotanpi.
- i y o' t a n, adv. most, very: iyotan waste, very good, the best; iyotan ksapa, the wisest; iyotan śića, the worst. See also iyotaniyekiya.
- i y o' t a n d a, v. See iyotandaka.
- i-yo'-tan-da-ka, v.a. to esteem most, value most highly—iyotanwadaka.
- i'-yo-tang, cont. of iyotanka; íyotang hiyeya.
- i'-yo-tang-ki-ya, v. a. to cause |i-yo'-wa|, n. to sit down—iyotangwakiya.
- i-yo'-tan-han, adv. very much. Same as iyotan. See iyotanhaniyekiya.
- i y o' tan han i y e k i y a, v. to have trouble, have a hard time, | i - y o' - w a n - k e, n.

- have difficulty; to trouble, make difficulty or hardship for another—iyotanhaniyewakiya.
- i-yo'-tan-hein, adv. T. chiefly, most of all.
- i y o' t a ŋ i y e k i y a, to find it difficult or hard, experience difficulty from; to trouble, make labor or difficult for one—iyotaniyewakiya; iyotaniyemayakiya, thou hast given me a hard time.
- i'-yo-taŋ-ka, v. n. to sit, be sitting; to sit down; to sit up, get up ímdotanka, ídotanka.
- i'-yo-tan-ka-han, part. sitting.
- i'-yo-taŋ-ke-haŋ, part. sitting.
- i y o' tan y an, v.a. to count the greatest—iyotanwaya.
- i y o' tan y an, adv. greatly.
- i-yo'-tpa-ni, v.a. Same as iyokpani.
- i-yo'-tpa-ni-yan, adv. Same as iyokpaniyan.
- i y o' t o h n a g, cont. of iyotohnaka; iyotohnag mda, I go at the risk of my life.
- i-yo'-to-hna-ka, v. n. to hazard life, risk one's life, go into danger. See aotohnaka.
- i-yo'-wa, v. n. to gape, yawn--iyowawa, iyounwapi. T., iyoya.
- writing materials. See iowa.
- i-yo'-wang, cont. of iyowanke; iyowangićiya, to be in the habit of, form a habit, take lessons from—iyowangmićiya. See owangya.

- i-yo'-waś, cont. of iyowaźa; iyo-|i-yo'-wo-tan-in, n. waś waun śni I am not near it.
- i-yo'-wa-źa, adv. of owaźa; near to, equal to, relating to; concerned in.
- i y o' w a z a k a, adv. Used with the meaning of iyowaźaśni.
- i-yo'-wa-źa-śni, adv. not near to, not equal to, having nothing to do with: iyowaźaśni waun, and iyowaś waun śni, I am not near to him or it, in any respect, I am not concerned in it; i. q. iwatokiyapaśni.
- i-yo'-wa-źa-śni-yan, adv. not near to.
- i-yo'-we-ha-dan, and i-yo'-wiha-dan, adv. in jest, jestingly.
- i-yo'-wi-ća-ki-śi-će, n. of | i-yo' yam, cont. of iyoyanpa. iyokiśića; sorrow, sadness.
- i-yo'-wi-ća-ya-ka, n. of iyoyaka; sorrow, sadness; sympathy, irritableness.
- i y o' w i h a n, 'adv. in fun, in jest: iyowihan epe śni, I did not say it in jest.
- i-vo'-win, v. See iyokiwin.
- i-yo'-win-ki-ya, v.a. to permit, suffer, connive at; to receive, accept—iyowinwakiya, iyowinunkiyapi, iyowinmakiya.
- 'i-yo'-win-yan, v. a. to bear, endure; to permit, connive at; to receive, accept; to be sufficient for, accomplish, said of medicine in curing disease—iyowinwaya, iyowinunyanpi, iyowinmayan.
- i-yo'-win-ye-śni, adv. without leave, contrary to orders; insufficient, inoperative, as medicine.

- a place from which one can see to a great distance, as a hill. See owotanin.
- i y o' y a, v. n. T. to gape, yawn; i. q. iyowa.
- i-yo'-yag, cont. of iyoyaka; iyoyag waun.
- i-yo'-yag-ya, v. a. to displease, offend; to make sick—iyoyagwaya, iyoyagunyanpi.
- i-yo'-ya-ka, v. n to be offended, displeased; to be made sick—iyomayaka, iyounyakapi.
- i y o' y a k e c a, v. n. to be sorrowful, distressed—iyomayakeća, iyoniyakeća.
- i-yo'-yam-ya, v. a. to shine on, illuminate, enlighten—iyoyamwaya, iyoyamunyanpi, iyoyammayan.
- i y o' y a m y a, *adv*. illuminated, in an illuminated manner.
- i-yo'-yan-pa, v. n. to shine, give light. See appa and iyoźanźan.
- i y o' y a n p a, n. light.
- i y o' y a n p a y a, v. a. lighten, shine on—iyoyanpawaya, iyoyanpamayan.
- i-yo'-za. See heniyoza and oza.
- i-yo'-zi, n. of ozi; rest, repose.
- i y o' z i k i y a, v. a. to cause to rest—iyoziwakiya.
- i-yo'-zi-ya, adv. at rest.
- i-yo'-zi-zi-ya, adv. red. of iyoziya; leisurely; iyoziziya yatkan, to sip, drink by draughts.
- i-yo'-źan-źan, n. of oźanźan; light. See iyoyanpa.

- i-yo'-źaŋ-źaŋ-yaŋ, v. n. to shine, shine into, give light to
- i-yo'-źaŋ-źaŋ-yaŋ, adv. shining, giving light
- i-yo'-źib-na-la, and i-yo'źib-ye-la, adv. T. full to the brim. See iyuźimnana.
- i-yu'-be, n. something to rub with: maziyube, a file. See iyuman and yube.
- i-yu'-ćan, v.a. to sift, to shake, as in sifting—imdućan. See yućan.
- i-yu'-ćan and wi'-yu-ćan, n. a sieve.
- i y u' e ć e t u , v. a. to perfect. make right by means of—imduećetu. See yuećetu.
- i-yu'-ġe-ya, adj. all, the whole; iyuġeya dećena waśte, all alone is good.
- i y u' h a , adj. Ih. and T. all:
 i. q. iyuhpa.
- i-yu'-ha-ya, adv. T. loosely, slovenly.
- i-yu'-ha-ha-ya, adv. T. red. of iyuhaya.
- i-yu'-hin-he, n. a harrow: i q iyuhinte.
- i-yu'-hin-te, n. of yuhinta; any thing to rake with, as mahiyuhinte, a rake.
- i-yu'-hmi-hma, n. of yuhmihma; something that turns a thing, a turner, as a water-wheel.
- i-yu'-hna-yan, v. n. of yuhna-yan; to be deceived, as in the prospect of receiving something—imayuhnayan, iniyuhnayan.

- to i y u' h o t a, n. the intestines, all the inside of an animal.
 - i-yu'-héi, v. a. to break out, as the eye of a needle—imduhéi.
 - i-yu'-hda-ta, v. a. of yuhdata; to catch hold of with, as with a hook; to scratch with—imduhdata.
 - i-yu'-hda-te, n. (i and yuhdata) something to catch with, something to scratch with.
 - i-yu'-hdo-ke, n. of yuhdoka; something to open with, something to make a hole with: tiyopa iyuhdoke, a door-opener, i. e., a key: Ih. the mouth of a stream. T., iyuśloka.
 - i-yu'-he-pe, n. of yuhepa; an absorber, a sponge.
 - i-yu'-hmun, n. of yuhmun; a sling.
 - i-yu'-hpa, adj. all, the whole. T., iyuha.
 - i-yu'-hpe, n. of yuhpa; something to pull down with.
 - i'-yu-kan-pi, v pl. they go and remain. The singular of this is not so used. See yukan.
 - i-yu'-kéaŋ, v. a. of yukéaŋ; to understand, have an opinion or understanding of; to think, guess; to decide—imdukéaŋ, idukéaŋ, uŋkiyukéaŋpi, iéiyukéaŋ; imayadukéaŋ, thou understandest me.
 - i y u' k é a ŋ k e , n. one who forms an opinion.
 - i-yu'-kćan-ken, adv. guessing: iyukćanken aya, to go on guessing.
 - $i-yu'-k \acute{c} a n-ya n$, v. n. to cause

- to understand—iyukéanwaya, iyu- | i y u n', intj. kćanunyanpi.
- i-yu'-kćan-yan, adv. thinking, having understanding of.
- i-yu'-ke-ze, n. of yukeza; a scraper. T., ićakoge.
- i-yu'-kin, v. a. to wrench, pry imdukin, unkiyukinpi.
- i-yu'-kin-yan, adv. prying.
- i-yu'-ki-pam, adv. divided. Not much used.
- i-yu'-kpan, v. a. of yukpan; to rub up fine, as with the fingers imdukpan.
- i-yu'-kpan, n. something to make fine with, a mill. See wiyukpan.
- i-yu'-kpu-kpa, v. a. of yukpukpa; to break up fine and mingle together—imdukpukpa.
- i-yu'-ksa, v. a. of yuksa; to break off with, cut off with—imduksa, unkiyuksapi.
- i-yu'-kse, n. something to break or cut off with, snuffers.
- i-yu'-ke-ge, n. of yukega; a grater.
- i-yu'-man, n. of yuman. iyube.
- i-yu'-mni, n. of yumni; something that turns round: tate iyumni, a whirlwind; can iyumni, an auger.
- i y u n', cont. of iyuta; to eat with, as one thing with another.
- i-yun'-ki-ton, n. something to eat with, sauce.
- i-yun'-ton, n. something to eat with other things, sauce, condiment.

- See inyun.
- i'-yun, v. to use: hu iyun, to use one's legs, be on foot; hu iyun hiyu, to come on foot. T. to rub on, apply, as paint or grease. See iun.
- i y u ŋ' ġ a , v. T. i. q. iwanga.
- $i y u \eta' k a$, v. T. i. q. iwanka.
- i'-yun-ken, adv. hu iyunken, on
- i-yun'-win, n. remuneration, something to pay with: iyunwin yukan, there is pay; iyunwin codan, without pay.
- i-yun'-win-ton, v. to have the means of paying, have something to give for—iyunwinwaton.
- i-yun'-win-yan, v. a. to have or use as pay—iyunwinwaya.
- i-yu'-pa-ġa, v. a. to gather up in the hand, as the mouth of a bag for tying; to seize, lay hold of, arrest, as a desperate fellow: as iyupah iću—imdupaga.
- i-yu'-pah, cont. of iyupaga; iyupah yuza, to clasp tight, as the mouth of a bag. See yupah.
- See [i-yu'-pam, adv. all together. ptayela.
 - i-yu'-pan, v.a. to break or rub up, as in the hand—imdupan.
 - wrinkled.i-yu'-pi-źa, *adj*.
 - i-yu'-pse, n. a steering-oar, the T., wasinte. helm, rudder.
 - i-yu'-pse-ki-ći-yu-za, v. a. to hold the helm for one, steer a boat for one; to keep one from doing wrong, lead him to do right—iyupsewećiyuza.

- i-yu'-pse-pse-ya, adv. red. of | i-yu'-son, cont. of iyusota; iyuson iyupseya.
- i-yu'-pse-ya, adv. crookedly, zig-
- i-yu'-pse-yu-za, v. to hold the helm, steer a boat, hold the paddle against the water so as to turn the boat, to back water—iyupsemduza. T., wasinte yuhomni.
- i-yu'-pse-yu-ze, n. a pilot, the one who holds the helm.
- i-yu'-pśa-ya, adv. mixed up, all together good and bad.
- i'-yu-pśi-pśi-źa, v. to have the lips quiver, as from cold, etc. ímayupsipsiza. T., pute gniyanyan.
- i'-yu-pśi-źa. See íyupśipśiźa.
- i-yu'-pta, v. iyupta iću, to take up with a spade, to dig and take up, as in spading—iyupta iwaću.
- I'-yu-pta-la, n. p. T. a society like the Omaha dance society.—w. J. C.
- i y u' p u z a , v. a. of yupuza; to make dry with—imdupuza.
- i-yu'-pu-ze, n. something to make dry with, a towel.
- i y u' s a k e, n. T. a gad, a whip.
- i-yu'-sdo-he, n. of yusdohan; something to drag along, a sled. Hence, caniyusdohe, something to haul wood on, a wood-sled.
- i-yu'-sdo-he-ton, v. to have a sled or team—iyusdohewaton.
- i yu' sdo he to n na, n. something that trails.
- i-yu'-ski-te, n. a bandage: of yuskita.

- eyaya, all passed by. i-yu'-so-ta, v. a. of yusota; to
- use all up with, use up for-imdusota, unkiyusotapi.
- i y u s' o y a h, adv. with difficulty, i. q. kitan hin: iyusoyah pakpi, to pick open with difficulty. T., iyusoyahćin.
- i-yu'-śda, n. of yuśda; scissors, shears.
- i-yu'-śdo-ka, n. of yuśdoka; something to pull out with, as a corkscrew.
- i-yu'-śdo-ke, n. Ih. a key.—J. P. W. T., iyuśloke. See iyuhdoke.
- i-yu'-śdu-śdu-ta, n. of yuśdusduta; something to make smooth with, a rubber, polisher.
- i y u' śi ća, v. of yuśića. to injure by means of, make bad withimduśića.
- i-yu'-śi-će, n. something that makes bad or injures.
- i-yu'-śka, n. of yuśka; something by means of which to untie a bundle; what is given in return on the occasion of untying a bundle of tobacco sent from another village or people. This is a Dakota custom. A bundle of tobacco is sent to renew the bond of friendship between bands or villages. If it is untied, blankets, guns, kettles, etc., are sent back in return; if they have nothing to give, they cannot untie the bundle.
- $i y u' \pm k i \pm a$, v. a. to press on and

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- cut ccidentally, as with a knife; to wring out of, as out of water—imduśkića.
- i-yu'-śki-će, n. of yuśkića; a press.
- i y u' ś k i n , cont. of iyuśkića and iyuśkita.
- i y u' ś k i ŋ, v. n. to rejoice, be glad; to rejoice in—imduśkiŋ, iduśkiŋ, uŋkiyuśkiŋpi.
- i-yu'-śkiŋ-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to rejoice—iyuskinwakiya.
- i-yu'-śkiŋ-śkiŋ, v. red. of iyuśkiŋ.
- i-yu'-śkiŋ-śkiŋ-yaŋ, adv. red. of iyuśkiŋyaŋ.
- i-yu'-śkin-yan, v. a to make glad, to gladden, rejoice—iyuśkinwaya, iyuśkinmayan.
- i-yu'-śkiŋ-yaŋ, adv. gladly, rejoicingly.
- i-yu'-śki-ta, v. a. to press upon and cut with a knife—imduśkita, imayuśkita. See baśkita.
- i-yu'-śla, n. T. shears, scissors, i. q. iyuśda.
- i-yu'-ślo-ka, n. T. something to pull out with; i. q. iyuśdoka.
- i y u' ś n a, n. of yuśna; one that has lost its mate, an odd one.
- i-yu'-śpa, v. a. of yuśpa; to pick off from, as a scab—imduśpa.
- i y u' ś p u, v. a. of yuśpu; to pick off from, as corn from the strings—imduśpu.
- i-yu'-śtaŋ, v. a. of yuśtaŋ; to finish inside, to finish for—imduśtaŋ: ekta waki ka owasiŋ wiyeya imdu-

- stan, when I have gone home and prepared a place—John xiv, 3.
- i y u' t a, v. a to measure, weigh; to try, attempt—imduta, iduta, unkiyutapi: can iyuta, to measure with a stick.
- i-yu'-ta, v. T. of uta; to taste.
- i-yu'-ta, v. of yuta; to eat with, as one thing with another—iwata, iyata.
- i-yu'-tan, v. a. to put in grease and mash up, to make penmican imdutan, idutan, unkiyutanpi.
- i-yu'-tan, v. to tempt; to be tempted or tried—imayutan, iniyutan, unkiyutanpi.
- i-yu'-tan, n. the trigger of a gun.
- i-yu'-t'aŋ-t'aŋ, v.a. of yut'aŋ; to touch, feel in several places—imdut'aŋt'aŋ, uŋkiyut'aŋt'aŋpi.
- i-yu'-taŋ-yaŋ, v. a. to tempt, try, prove—iyutaŋwaya, iyutaŋuŋ-yaŋpi, iyutaŋmayaŋ.
- i-yu'-tan-yan, adv. tempting, trying.
- i-yu'-ta-pi, n. a measure; an acre; a mile; a bushel; a pound; nogiyutapi, a yard.
- i-yu'-te-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to measure; to adjust, arrange, appoint—iyutewakiya.
- i-yu'-te-pa, v. n. of yutepa; to be torn off by anything
- i-yu'-te-ya, v. a. to adjust—iyutewaya, iyuteunyanpi.
- i-yu'-te-ya, adv. by measure.
- i-y.u'-ti-tan, v. a. of yutitan; to pull by—imdutitan.

- i-yu'-ti-tan, v. n. to be stretched or pulled by.
- i-yut'-ki-ton, n. See iyunkiton.
- T. something i-yu'-tku-ġe, *n*. fasten or lock with, a key.
- i-yu'-tpu-tpa, v. a. iyukpukpa.
- i-yu'-wa-ste, v. of yuwaste; to make good or benefit by means ofimduwaste.
- i-yu'-wa-ste, n. something that benefits.
- i-y u'-w e-ga, v.a. to pass through, cross, ford, as a stream—imduwega, iduwega, unkiyuwegapi. Hence, oiyuwege, a ford.
- i-yu'-weh, cont. of iyuwega; iyuweh iyaya, to ford a stream.
- i y u' w e h y a, adv. crossing, fording.
- i-yu'-wi, v. a of yuwi; to tie, as a halter or rope in a horse's mouth imduwi.
- i-yu'-wi, v. n. to curl, twist, like a vine or curled wood.
- i y u' w i, n. anything twisted or tied, a vine, a bridle. See iiyuwi and wiyuwi.
- i-yu'-win. See iyunwin.
- i y u' w i y a , *adv*. tangled, in a snarl, as hair or thread.
- i-yu'-za, v.a. of yuza; to hold on or to, to put the hand on and hold imduza.
- something to hold with, a holder;

- something to take out food with, a ladle.
- i-yu'-ti-tan-yan, adv. stretched | i-yu'-zi-ya, adv. partly in sight; said of anything seen over a hill.
 - i y u' z i z i y a, adv. in sight, i. q. taninyan: iyuziziya iyaya, to pass along in sight.
 - Same as | i y u' źa źa, v. a. of yuźaźa; to wash with, to be washed withimduźaźa.
 - i-yu'-źa-źa, n. something to wash with, as a wash-tub, wash-board, etc.
 - i'-yu-źi-mna-na, adv. full, brim full, as a vessel of water, just about to run over; at the edge of, as iyuzimnana każeże, to sew close to the edge. T., iyoźibnala and iyoźibyela. See ioźimnana.
 - i'-yu-źi-mna-yan, adv. edge of, full.
 - i y u' ź i p e, n. (i and yuźipa) the front lock of a man's hair; something to pinch or lay hold with, as, maziyuźipe, tongs, pincers.
 - i-za'-ptan, adj. the fifth.
 - i-za'-ptan-ptan, adj. red. every fifth one.
 - i z i n', cont. of izita.
 - i-zin'-ton, v. a. to make a smoke, to smoke any thing—izinwaton.
 - i-zin'-ya, v. a. to cause to smoke; to smoke, as a deer-skin—izinwaya. See ziya.
 - |i-zi'-ta|, v. n. to smoke, as a firebrand.
 - i z o', n. a peninsula.
- i-yu'-ze, n. of yuza and yuze; | i-zu'-ya-pi, n. what the Dakotas carry with them in going to war, the

- palladium of the expedition. Some- | i ź e' h a n, adv. times this is a pipe, and sometimes the skin of an animal. See zuya.
- i-zu'-za, n. a grindstone, a whetstone.
- i'-źan-ya, adv. deceitfully, i. q. oie noppa. T., ćeźiżalya. See iżata.
- $i \acute{z} a \eta' \acute{z} a \eta$, v. n.to give light, as a candle. See źanźan.
- $i \acute{z} a \eta' \acute{z} a \eta$, v. a. to light, as a can-
- i źaŋ' źaŋ, n. a light. See oźaŋźan and petiźanźan.
- $i \hat{z} a \eta' \hat{z} a \eta y a, v. a.$ to light, as a candle; to cause to give lightiźanźanwaya.
- i-źaŋ'-źaŋ-yaŋ, adv. giving light for: tahinéa iéanéanyan wićakute, he shoots deer by a light.
- i' źa ta, adj. forked-mouth, doubletongued; said also of a gun which has the upper part of the stock cut This form of expression is said to have been introduced by white people. T., ćeźiźata.

- often, frequently, repeatedly.
- $i \acute{z} e' h a \eta y a \eta$, adv. often.
- $i \acute{z} e' h a \eta y a \eta k e \eta$, adv. quently.
- $i \acute{z} e' \acute{z} e y a$, adv. mixed up, as different kinds together. T., iźena.
- $i \acute{z} e' \acute{z} e v a k e n$, adv. all sorts together.
- $i-\acute{z}i'-\acute{c}a$, v. n.to be rich in goods; in distinction from waśeća or iwaśeća, to be rich in provisions. See źića.
- i-źi'-mna, v. n, to smell like something burning, as fat or bones.
- i źin' ya, v. a. to cause to be rich iźinwaya. See źinya.
- i-źin'-ya, adv. richly.
- i'-źog, cont. of íźoka.
- i'- źog-ki-ya, v. a. to push out the lips at one. T., iwośokiya.
- $i' \acute{z} \circ k a$, v. n.to have the lips pushed out.
- i'-źo-ki-ya, v. to push out the mouth at; to twist the mouth; to whistle—íźowakiya. See źo.

K.

- k, the twelfth letter of the Dakota al-It is sounded as in Enphabet. glish.
- k, a prefix, making the possessive form of verbs which commence with p: as, pagan to part with; kpagan, to part with one's own.
- ka, dem. pron. that; he, she, it. This pronoun is used to denote
- some person or thing farther off than is meant by "de" and "he."
- there, yonder. ka, adv. See kan and kakiya.
- ka, adv.Used interrogatively at the end of a phrase or sentence, as ećoppića ka, can it be done?
- ka, a suffix to verbs and nouns. most cases it does not seem materi-

ally to alter the signification: as, wasteda and wastedaka, to love any thing; itanéan and itanéanka, a chief one. In some cases it helps to form verbal nouns: as, o, to hit in shooting; waoka, a good marksman; in these cases it indicates frequency or a habit, and seems to be equivalent to ée or eée.—T. s. w.

ka, adv. suffix. It is equivalent to śni, not, and is sometimes used ironically: as, waśte, good, waśteka, not good.

ka, a prefix to a class of verbs. It shows that the action expressed by the verb is performed by striking, as with the hand, or with an ax, club or other instrument; or by the action of the wind or water. The pronouns are prefixed.

ka, v. a. to mean, signify—waká, yaká, unkápi, cicá, maká; unnicapi, we mean you. T., to ask for, demand.

ka-a'-i-yo-hpe-ya, adv. down hill, down a steep descent.

ka-a'-o-pte-éa, v. of aopteéa; kaaopteéa kaga, to lessen.

ka-a'-o-pten, v. cont. of kaaopteća; kaaopten ećon, to do less than.

ka-a'-o-pte-tu, v. to lessen: ka-aoptetu ecamon, I do less, or I make it less. The difference between "kaaoptetu" and "yuaoptetu" is the difference between the prefix "ka" and the prefix "yu."

ka-a'-o-pte-tu-ya, adv. in the way of diminishing.

ka-a'-o-pte-tu-ya-ken, adv. diminishingly.

ka-a'-pa-ma-hde, adv. sloping down hill, gently sloping; kaapamahde hinća, quite steep.

ka-a'-pa-ma-hde-ya, adv. down hill, sloping: kaapamahdeya wanka, it is descending. See ápamahde.

ka-a'-ta-kin-yan, adv. leaning. See takinyan and yutakinyan.

ka-a'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. a. T. to destroy by striking; i. q. katakuniśni.

ka-bas', cont. of kabaza; kabas iyeya. T., kawas. See yubas.

ka-baś', cont. of kabaźa; kabaś yanka, he keeps at it. T., kawaś.

ka-ba'-za, v.a. to throw up, as cattle do earth: maka kabaza, to paw up dust. T., kawaza and yuwaza. See yubaza.

ka-ba'-źa, v.a. to work at a difficult thing, keep at work at a thing though hardly able to do so—wakabaźa, unkabaźapi.

ka-bla', v.a. T. to cut meat thin for drying; wakabla, yakabla, etc. See kamda.

ka-bla'-bla-pi, n. T. preparing meat for drying by slicing thin. See wakablapi.

ka-bu', v.a. to beat, as on a drum; to knock, as on a door—wakabu, unkabupi.

in the ka-bu'-bu, v. red. of kabu; to beat or knock often—wakabubu.

- ka-bu'-bu-ya, adv. red. of kabuya; knocking.
- ka-bu'-ya, adv. striking, knocking: kabuya waun, I keep knocking.
- ka-ća', a negative suffix; not; as, wastekaća, it is not good. T., ka-ćaś.
- ka-ća', v. a. of kata; to warm, heat. See kanya, which seems to be the preferable form. T., kalya.
- ka-ća'-eś, intj. of doubt; is it possible! See kaćaś.
- ka-ćan', v. a. to shake, clean by shaking or blowing, as the Dakotas do ćanśaśa; to sift—wakaćan.
- ka-ćaŋ'-ćaŋ, v.a. red. of kaćaŋ and also of ćaŋćaŋ; to make tremble or shake—wakaćaŋćaŋ.
- $ka 6a\eta' 6a\eta$, v. n. T. to trot, as a horse.
- $k a 6 a \eta' 6 a \eta y a \eta$, adv. shaking.
- ka-ćan'-ćan-ye-dan, adv. shaking, shivering with cold.
- ka-ćan'-he, v. T. to shake with the cold—wakaćanhe.
- ka-ćan'-nan, v. a. to push out from shore with a paddle—waka-ćannan: kaćannan iyeya, to blow out into the river. See paćannan.
- k a é a ś', intj. of doubt or hesitation; what then! what of it!
- k a \acute{e} e', pron. tuwe kaće, any one. T., keśa.
- ka-ćeg', cont. of kaćeka; kaćeg iyeya, to make stagger by striking.
- ka-ćeg'-ćeg-ya, adv. red. of kaćegya.

- ka-éeg'-ya, adv. staggering, in a staggering manner: kaéegya mani, he walks staggeringly.
- ka-će'-ka, v. a. to strike and make stagger—wakaćeka.
- ka-ćen', adv. tuwe kaćen, any one, no matter who; tokiya kaćen; no matter where; about that, somewhere near that, as, opawinge kaćen, about one hundred.
- ka-ćen'-ya, adv. about, nearly.
- ka-će'-ya, v. a. of ćeya; to make cry by striking—wakaćeya, unka-ćeyapi, makaćeya.
- ka-ći'-ka-dan, v. a. of ćikadan; to make small by chopping off—wakaćikadan.
- ka-ći'- ka-ye-dan, v. a. of ćika-yedan; to make small by striking—wakaćikayedan.
- ka-ći'-stin-na, v. a. of cistinna; to make small by cutting. T., kaciscila.
- ka-ćo'-ćo, v.a. to mix up, as mortar, to make a noise, as in mixing mortar; to beat up, as eggs—wakaćoćo. See ćoćo.
- ka-ćo'-za, v. a. to make warm by striking: wakaćoza kta waśkan hećen wakaćoza, I struck him for the purpose of warming him, in this way I made him warm. See ćoza.
- ka-da', v. a. to spill, scatter, to pour or throw out; to throw broadcast, to sow, as grain; not applied to liquids—wakada, yakada, unkadapi: kada iyeya, and kada ehpeya, he goes on scattering. T., kala.

k a - d a' - d a, v. red. of kada; to spill, scatter; to sow, throw broadcast, as grain—wakadada: kadada ehpeya, and kadada iyeya, he scatters along. T., kalalala.

ka-de'-ća-na, adv. Ih. soon, pretty soon. See ećadan.

ka-dem'-de-pa, v. red. of kadepa; to notch by cutting—wakademdepa.

ka-de'--pa, v.a. to cut a notch in—wakadepa. See kademdepa.

ka-do', n. the diamond in cards. It is the French word, carreau. T., śapestola (śa and pesto).

ka-dom', cont. of kadopa; kadom iyaya, to mire.

ka-dom'-dom, red. of kadom; miring, wading, as a horse in mud: kadomdom iyaya, he goes on wading.

ka-dom'-do-pa, v. red. of ka-dopa.

ka-dom'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to mire—kadomwakiya.

ka-dom'-ya, v.a. to cause to mire—kadomwaya.

ka-dom'-ya, adv. miring.

ka-do'-pa, v. n. to mire, stick in the mud—wakadopa. See kahdi.

ka-du', v.a. to blow or brush away a little with the hand—wakadu.

ka-du'-dan-ka, v. of kadu; to blow a little; also said of a child who walks with difficulty, and puffs and blows as he goes along—wakadudanka.

ka-du'-ga, v. a. to fan, winnow,

clean by winnowing—wakaduġa, uŋ-kaduġapi,

ka-duh', cont. of kaduga; kaduh iyeya.

ka-duh'-ki-ya, v. n. to cause to winnow—kaduhwakiya.

ka-duh'-ya, v.a. to cause to fan or winnow—kaduhwaya.

ka-duh'-ya, adv. winnowing.

ka-dus', cont. of kaduza.

ka-dus'-ya, v. a. to cause to flow-kaduswaya.

ka-dus'-ya, adv. flowing, swiftly: kadusya wanka, it is flowing on.

ka-du'-za, v. n. to flow, run, as water; to run swiftly. Hence, minicaduza, swift-running water. See duzahan.

ka'-e, pron. that is he: tuwe kae, that one, any one. See dee, ee, hee.

k a - e' - é a - l a , adv. T. soon, presently, in a little while. See eéadan and kadeéana.

ka-e'-će-tu, v. a. to make right or accomplish by striking—wakaećetu.

 $ka-e'-e \le$, pron. that one: even such.

ka'-eś, pron. that one: kaeś nakuŋ ope kta, even he will go along.

ka-gla', and ka-gla'-la, adv. To by, near by; i. q. kahda.

k a - g l i', v. T. i. q. kahdi.

ka-gmi', v.a. T. to cut all down, clear away, as timber or grass, make bare—wakagmi, yakagmi.

k a'- g' a, v. a. to make, form; to cause to be, be the cause or author of;

- to execute—wakaga, yakaga, unkagapi, makaga, nicaga, cicaga.
- ka-ġam', cont. of kaġapa; kaġam iyeya, to make spread out or open by cutting.
- ka-ġam'-ya, adv. gaping open, as a wound.
- ka-ġan'-ġa-ta, adv. red. of kaġata.
- ka-gan', v.n. to open, make an opening in; to come through, as the wind through one's clothes; kagan hiyumayan, it blows through my clothes.
- ka-ġaŋ'-ġaŋ-yaŋ, adv. red. of kaġaŋyaŋ.
- ka-ġaŋ'-yaŋ, adv. open, spread out. ka-ġa'-pa, v. a. to cut, spread open by cutting; to spread open—wakaġapa, uŋkaġapapi.
- ka-ġa'-ta, adv. spread out, as the hands or fingers. See yuġata, kaźata, etc.
- ka-ġat'-ki-ya, adv. spread out, stretched out, as the hand or arm. T., kaġalkiya.
- ka'-ġe, v.a. Same as kaġa.
- ka-ġe', v. a. to skim off, as grease from a pot—wakaġe, unkaġepi: kaġe yuza, to gather in the hand, to hold in a bunch.
- ka-ġe'-ġe, v. a. to sew; to sew or mend together, as an old kettle—wakaġeġe, uŋkaġeġepi.
- ka-ġi', v. to stop one's progress, to be in one's way, as a river; not to be able to proceed—wakaġi, unkaġipi, makaġi, nićaġi. See ićaġi.
- ka-gi'-śni, adv. without obstruc-

- tion: kaġiśni iyaya, to pass on without obstruction.
- k a-ġi'-ya, v. a. to hinder, obstruct, make go slow—kaġiwaya, kaġiunyanpi, kaġimayan.
- ka-gi'-ya, adv. hindering: kagiya waun.
- ka-ġo', v. a. to mark, to make marks, cuts, or gashes in one's flesh, as in mourning; to draw a line; also to vaccinate—wakaġo. See also ićaġo.
- ka-ġo'-pa, v. a. to strike one asleep, to wake partly up and make snore—wakaġopa. See ġopa.
- ka-ġug', cont. of kaġuka; kaġug iyeya
- ka-ġug'-ya, adv. kaġugya hnaka, to lay up to dry.
- ka-ġu'-ka, v. a. to lengthen a little by striking; to sprain, strain, as a tendon—wakaġuka.
- ka-ha', v. kaha iyeya, and kaha ehpeya, to put out of the way, shove aside; to blow down, drive along, as the wind does; to turn up, as the brim of one's hat.
- ka-han', adv. to this, at this, thus far. See dehan, ehan, hehan, and iyehan.
- ka-han'-han, adv. red. of kahan. ka-han'-tu, adv. to that, so far,
 - so long. See dehantu, ehantu, hehantu, and iyehantu.
- ka-han'-tu-ke, adv. this once, now then.
- ka-han'-tu-ya, adv. so far. See dehantuya and iyehantuya.

- ka-haŋ'-haŋ-ke-ća, adv. red. of kahaŋkeća. See dehanhaŋkeća, hehaŋhaŋkeća, and iyehaŋhaŋkeća.
- ka-haŋ'-haŋ-yaŋ, adv. red. of kahaŋyaŋ.
- ka-han'-ke-ća, adv. so long. See dehankeća, hehankeća, and iyehankeća.
- ka-han'-na, adv. only so far, so long. See dehanna, ehanna, and hehanna.
- ka-han'-yan, adv. thus far. See dehanyan.
- ka-han'-yan-ka, adv. some distance off, as in counting relationship. See akahanyanka.
- ka-ha'-ya, v. a. to push down; to push or turn up.
- ka-hba', v. a. to pound out, thresh, as grain—wakahba, unkahbapi.
 T. uses "nakan."
- ka-hda', v. a. of ahda; to take home to one —wakahda, unkahdapi.
- k a h d a', v. n. to stretch out at full length, uncoil, as a snake: kahda wanke, he lies uncoiled.
- ka-hda', adv. by the side of, near to: wakpa kahda, by the river. T., kaglala.
- ka-hda'-ya, adv. by the side of. ka-hde'-ġa, v. a. of hdeġa; to mark across, make in stripes or figures, make rough—wakahdeġa.
- k a h d e' h d e ġ a, v. red. of kahdeġa; to make stripes across by cutting.
- ka-hde'-hde-za, v. red. of kahdeza.
- ka-hde'-za, v. a. of hdeza; to mark

- across or around by cutting, make in stripes or figures—wakahdeza.
- ka-hdi', v. a of ahdi; to bring home to one—wakahdi, uŋkahdipi, makahdi.
- ka-hdog', cont. of kahdoka; ka-hdog iyeya.
- k a h d o' k a , v. a. to dislocate, put out of joint by striking—wakahdoka.
- ka-hi', v. a. of ahi; to bring to one, to have brought to one—wakahi, unkahipi, makahi, nicahi, cicahi.
- ka-hi', v. a. to stir; to rummage—wakahi.
- ka-hin', cont. of hahinta; kahin iyeya, and kahin ehpeya, to brush or sweep off.
- ka-hin'-ta, v.a. to sweep or brush up, as a floor—wakahinta, unkahintapi: to drive or sweep off, as the wind does dust.
- ka-hin'-to-kam, adv. forward, in advance, as of a traveling party; kahintokam hdi, to come home before the rest; kahintokam mani, to walk in advance; kahintokam ya, to go before, prepare or break the way. T, kaitokab and kaitokabya. See itokam.
- ka-hin'-to-ka-pa, n. one who walks before See kahintokam and tokapa.
- ka-hmi'-hma, v. a. to roll along, make roll by striking—wakahmihma. T., kagmigma. See kahomni.
- ka-hmi'-yan-yan, v. a. to make round by striking, as a ball—wakahmiyanyan. See kamima.

- ka-hmun', v. to spin or twist with | ka-hu'-te-dan, part. the extended hand; wakahmun.
- ka-hna', v. a. to shake off, as fruit from a tree, by striking—wakahna, unkahnapi.
- ka hna' yan, v. a. of hnayan; to miss in attempting to strike—wakahnayan. See kasna.
- ka ho' ho, v. a. to strike and knock loose, as a tooth, or stick set in the ground—wakahoho.
- ka-ho'-ho-dan, v. Same as kahoho.
- ka-ho'-mni, v.a. to turn around, as a wheel, by striking; to spin, as a top—wakahomni, unkahomnipi: to turn, as water or wind does a mill-wheel. See kahmihma.
- ka ho' ton, v. a.to make bawl out by striking-wakahoton.
- ka-hu'-hus, cont. of kahuhuza; kahuhus iyeya. T., kahunhuns.
- ka-hu'-hus-ya, adv. kahuhusya han, it stands shaking. T., kahunhunsya.
- ka hu' hu za, v. a. to shake, as a tree or house, by striking—wakahuhuza, unkahuhuzapi: to shake, as the wind does trees, etc. kahunhunza.
- ka-hu'-kun, adv. down: kahukun iyeya, to put down by strik-
- ka hu' ku n wa pa, adv. downa little.
- ka-hu'-te, v. a. to wear to a stump by striking, as an ax—wakahute, unkahutepi.

- stump.
- ka-hu'-to-śka, v. a.to make large at one end, as a hutinacute wakahutośka. See hutośke.
- kah, cont. of kaga; kah aya, to continue making.
- ka ha', v. a. to curl, to knot; to make rough or notch by striking wakaha.
- ka-ha', n. a curl, a knot.
- ka-hag', cont. prob. of kahaka, which is not now used: kahagpićaśni, untamable, ungovernable, as a wild horse.
- ka-ha'-ha, v. n. red. of kaha; to curl up, as flame; to sparkle or send up sparks.
- ka-h'a'-kpa, v. a. to notch, make a hollow place by cutting with an ax wakah'akpa.
- ka-ham', cont. of kahapa; kaham aya, to drive along, as cattle or horses.
- ka-ham'-ha-pa, v. red. of kahapa; to beat against and make a rustling noise, as the wind blowing against grass.
- ka-haŋ'-hi-ya, adv. of hanhiya; a little slower, slowly.
- ka-ha'-pa, v. a. to drive along; to whip, drive by whipping-wakahapa, unkahapapi.
- ka-h'a'-tpa, v. Same as kah'a-
- ka-hba', v.a. (ka and hba) to make sleepy by shaking—wakahba.
- ka-hbog', cont. of kahboka; ka-

- off, carried along, either by wind or tide.
- ka hbog' ya, v. a. to cause to drift; to wave, as a flag—kahbog-
- ka-hbog'-ya, adv. drifting, wav-
- ka-hbo'-hbo-ka, v. red. of kahboka.
- ka-hbo'-ka, v. n. to drift along, as wood on water, to be driven along by the current; to wave in folds, as a flag.
- ka-hbo'-ka, n. a drift, a float.
- ka'-héi, v.a. to gap, break a gap in, as in the edge of an ax—wakahći, yakahći, unkahćipi. See kamni.
- ka-hći'-hći, v. red of kahći; to break out gaps from the edge of an ax—wakahćihći.
- ka-hći'-ya, v. a. to cause one to break a gap in an ax—kahciwaya.
- ka-hda', v. a. to rattle, or make sound by striking; to ring, as a bell—wakahda, unkahdapi.
- ka-hda'-ġaŋ, v. n. to lengthen out, become long, extend: kahdagan yeya, to give away what has been given one.
- ka-hdah', cont. of kahdagan; kahdah aya, it lengthens out.
- ka-hda'-hda, v. red. of kahda; to rattle-wakahdahda.
- ka-hda'-hda-gan, v. red. of kahdagan.
- ka-hda'-hdah, cont. of kahdahdagan.

- hbog iyaya, it has drifted off; blown | k a h d a' h d a h y a, adv. lengthening out: kahdahdahya aya, to become long or lengthen out, as the days.
 - ka-hda'-ta, v.a. to dig under, undermine, make large at the bottom, as a corn-hole; to get one's fishhook fast on anything—wakahdata. T., kahlateya.
 - ka hda' ya, v. a. to cause one to ring or rattle—kahdawaya.
 - ka-hda'-ya, v. n. to fall off, as a sticking plaster; to come off, as paint or plaster, in scales, to scale off.
 - ka-hde'-ća, v. a. to tear open by smiting; to split open; to break in, as the skull, to fracture; to break or fracture the skin by striking—wakahdeća, unkahdećapi. T., kahleća
 - ka-hde'-hde-éa, v. red. of kahdeća; to break in, as the skull, to *fracture*—wakahdehdeća.
 - ka-hden', cont. of kahdeća; kahden iyeya.
 - ka hden' ya, v. a. to cause to fracture—kahdenwaya.
 - ka-hdi', v. n. to mire, stick in the mud-wakahdi. See kadopa.
 - ka-hdi'-hdi, v. red. of kahdi.
 - ka-hdi'-ya, v. a. *mire*—kahdiwaya.
 - ka-hdog', cont. of kahdoka; kahdog iyeya, to knock a hole in, to shoot a hole in.
 - ka-hdog'-o-stan-pi, n. Ih. a
 - ka-hdog'-ya, v. a. to cause to make a hole in-kahdogwaya,

- ka-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of ka- | kah-i'-te-śni, adv. hdoka. | taku kaġapi śoka śić
- ka-hdo' ka, v.a. to cut or break a hole in anything with an ax, club, etc, or by striking; to break open; to make a mortice, cut a hole with a chisel; to dress an animal by cutting the flesh from the bones. Hence, takahdoka, the flesh of a deer without the bones. T., kahloka. See kaśdoka.
- ka-hem', cont. of kahepa; kahem ehpeya, to empty by lading out, used only of liquids.
- ka-he'-pa, v. a. to bail out, throw out, as water until it is all gone—wakahepa.
- ka-he'-ya-ta, adv. of heyata; back, on one side: kaheyata iyeya, to shove or throw back or to one side.
- ka-hi'-ća, v. a. to wake up by striking—wakahića.
- ka hi' gi ca, n. T. one who does nothing well.
- ka-hi'-ġi-će-ća, n. T. one very unskillful; i. q., wayuśićeća.
- kali-in', adv. of kalita; bent forward, stooping down; kalin inazin, to stoop down, dodge, to stand bent forward, as a hunter does when approaching his game—kalin inawaźin. T., patuś.
- kah-i'-ta, adv. kahita se mani, to walk with the head down. See patusya.
- kah-i'-te-ća, adv. not well made, unfinished; i. q. kahiteśni. T., kahigića.

- kah-i'-te-śni, adv. not well: taku kagapi śoka śića ećonpi kin he kahiteśni, what is made clumsily and badly is called kahiteśni.
- kali-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to make—kaliwakiya.
- ka-hli', v. T. to mire: i. q. kahdi. ka-hlog'-o-śtan, n. T. a garment made without sleeves, a vest. . See kahdogośtanpi.
- ka-hmin', n. an inside corner; a bend in a river, a bay; a point of land, etc.
- ka-hmin', v. a. to bend by striking—wakahmin.
- ka-hmun', v. a. to make buzz, to whirl and cause to make a noise—wakahmun. See kahmun.
- ka-hmun'-hmun, v. red. of kahmun.
- $ka h m u \eta' h m u \eta y a \eta$, adv. buzzing.
- ka-hmun'-yan, adv. whirring, buzzing.
- kah-ni'-ġa, v. a. to choose, make choice of, select, elect; to appoint—wakahniġa, yakahniġa, unkahniġapi, ćićahniġa, makahniġa.
- kali nih', cont. of kahniga; kahnih iću, to take one's choice.
- kah-nih'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to choose—kahnihwakiya.
- kah-nih'-ni-ġa, v. red. of kahniga.
- kah-nih'-nih, cont. of kahnihniga.
- kah-nih'-ya, adv. choosing.
- ka-hon', cont. of kahota; kahon

aya, to make rough marks; to make prints, as in walking on burnt prairie. T., nahol.

kah-o'-ya, v. n. to sail, glide in the air, as a hawk. T., kaśa kinyan.

kah-o'-ya, adv. gliding: kahoya iyeya, to throw, toss, fling. T., kahol iyeya, to toss or throw away.

ka-hpa', v.a. to cover (see akahpa); to throw or knock down anything hanging up; to strike, take down, as a tent—wakahpa, unkahpapi; wihdahpa.

ka-hpa'-hpa, v. red. of kahpa; to strike and make pieces fly off, as from wood or ice; to make chips—wakahpahpa.

ka-hpe'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to knock down—kahpewakiya.

ka-hpu', v. a. to knock off, as something sticking; to knock down, as swallows' nests; to scale off—wakahpu, unkahpupi.

ka-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of kahpu. ka-hpu'-ya, adv. scaling off, falling off.

ka-hta'-ka, v. See ićahtaka.

ka-htan', v. n. to soak up; to soak in, as grease in wood; to spread, as disease in the body—makahtan: kahtan iyaya, it has penetrated.

ka-htan'-ka, v. to be attached to, have an affection for, as one animal has for another. T., iyakićiyuha.

ka-htan'-yan, v. a. to cause to spread, as grease.

ka-hta'-ta, v. to enfeeble, make

unwell by striking—wakahtata; to be enfeebled—makahtata.

ka-htu'-te-śni, adv. not well made; i. q. kahiteśni. T., kahigića.

ka-hu', v. a. to peel, as bark; to peel off, take off the rind from any hard substance—wakahu.

ka-hu'-ġa, v. a. to break up or break in, as the skull, by striking; to stave or knock in, as a barrel head; to break or smash, as an egg—wakahuġa: pa makahuġa, hė has broken in my skull.

ka-huh', cont. of kahuga; kahuh iyeya.

ka-huh'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to break or knock in—kahuhwakiya.

ka-hu'-hu, v. red. of kahu; to make rough by breaking the bark or skin in many places—wakahuhu.

ka-hu'-hu-ġa, v. red. of kahuġa; to smash, as eggs.

ka-huh'-ya, adv. breaking or staving in.

kah-ya', n. of kaġa; make, kind, sort.

kah-ya', adv. made like, like: wakiyedan kahya, in the form of a dove.

ka-i', v. a. of ai; to take to one—wakai, uŋkaipi, makai, ćićai.

ka-i'-ćan, v. n. T. to lean against. ka-i'-ćan-yan, adv. T. leaning against. i. q. kaićinyan.

ka-i'-éi-éu-ya, adv. crossing each other; crookedly.

ka-i'-ćin-yan, adv. of ićinyan; leaning against.

- ka-i'-de, v. of ide; to make blaze, as the wind does fire.
- k a i' g e z u y a, adv. crowding in. k a i' p a t k u g a, v. a. of ipa-
- tkuga; to strike into a line. ka-i'-pa-tkuh-ya, adv. in a
- line fronting: kaipatkuliya aya, they go into a line.
- ka-i'-pu-stag-ya, adv. T. crowding, pressing against.
- ka-i'-śta-mi-ni-o-ġe-i-yeya, v. to bring tears into one's eyes, as the wind does—kaiśtaminioġe iyemayan. T., kaiśtaminioźu.
- ka-i'-śto-mi-ni-iś-i-ye-ya,
 v. to bring tears into one's eyes, as
 the wind does—kaiśtominiiś iyemayan. T, kaiśtaminihanpihiyuya.
- ka-i'-śu-ta, v. kaiśuta hiŋhda, to stumble, make a miss step—kaiśuta mahiŋhda.
- k a i' ś u t a t a , v. kaiśutata iyaya, to slip, miss step, stumble—kaiśutata imdamda.
- ka-i'-tan-wan-kan-hde, adv. up hill, ascending. See itanwan-kanhde.
- ka-i'-taŋ-waŋ-kaŋ-hde-ya, adv. up hill; kaitaŋwaŋkaŋhdeya waŋka, it lies in an ascending manner. T., kaiyakapteya.
- ka-i'-te-kpas, cont. of kaitekpaza; kaitekpas iyeya.
- ka-i'-te-kpa-za, v. a. to bring darkness over for a little while by smiting, to stun by striking—wakaitekpaza.

- ka-i'-tem, adv. diagonally, not straight.
- ka-i'-tem-ya, adv. crosswise, slanting, diagonally: kaitemya ka-ksa, to cut diagonally.
- ka-i'-te-pa, v. a. to cut diagonally—wakaitepa.
- ka-i'-tko-kim, adv. with the face towards one, meeting.
- ka-i'-tko-kim-ya, adv. facing one. See itkokim.
- ka-i'-tko-ki-pa-tan-han, adv. opposite to, fronting one.
- ka-i'-tkom, adv. back again: kaitkom hdihpaya, to fall back again, rebound. See itkom.
- ka-i'-tkom-ya, adv. opposite but a little to one side, not looking quite straight at one: wi kaitkomya yanka, the middle of the forenoon.
- ka-i'-to-kab, adv. T. before, in advance of; i. q. kahintokam.
- ka-i'-to-kab-ya, adv. T. in advance of.
- ka-i'-to-kan, adv. T. out one side; i.q. kaiyog See tokan.
- ka-i'-ya-ka-pe-ya, adv. T. exceeding, a little more than.
- ka-i'-ya-ka-pte-ya, adv. T. up hill. See iyakapteya.
- ka-i'-ya-ki-ću-ya, adv. T. alittle more. See iyakićuya.
- ka-i'-yog, cont. of kaiyoka; kaiyog iyeya, to put out of the way, shove to one side. T., kaitokan.
- ka-i'-yog-ya, adv. out at one side. ka-i'-yo-ka, adv. See kaiyog.
- ka-i'-yo-tan, adv. of iyotan; im-

- one do more by forbidding-kaiyotan yewaya.
- ka-i'-yo-tang, cont. of kaiyotanka; kaiyotang hdihpaya, to fall down in attempting to be seated.
- ka-i'-yo-tan-ka, v. kaiyotanka hdihpaya, to fall down when being
- ka-i'-yo-was, cont. of kaiyowaza; kaiyowas iyeya, to cause an echo by striking.
- ka-i'-yo-wa-za, v. a. to make an echo by striking, make resoundwakaiyowaza, unkaiyowazapi. See yaiyowaza.
- ka'-i-yu-ze-ya, adv. T. a little way off: kaiyuzeya iću, to reach for. ka-ka', pron. and adv. that, there.
- ka'-ka, adj. stiff, rattling, as a stiff hide when beaten; sounding dull, See ka
 - as a bell sometimes does. keća.
- ka-kag', cont. of kakaka; kakag hinhda, to sound, rattle, like an old kettle when shaken with stones in it.
- ka-kag'-ya and ka'-kag-ya, adv. rattling, as an old kettle when shaken; rattling, as an empty wa-
- ka kag' ya ken, adv. rattling. ka-ka'-ka, v. a. to make a dull noise by beating an old kettle or a stiff hide—wakakaka
- ka-kan', v. a. to hew, as a log, to adze; to knock off, as fruit—wakakan, unkakanpi. See kahna and kasna.

- moderately: kaiyotan yeya, to make | ka-kan'-kan, v. T. to cut notches in or knobs on.
 - ka-kan'-pi, n. the pigeon cherry. T., ćappakakan. See ćanpa.
 - ka-kan'-pi-na and ka-kan'pi-dan, n. See kakanpi.
 - ka-ka'-tin, v. a. to straighten out by striking—wakakatin.
 - ka-ka'-wa, v. a. to make open by striking—wakakawa.
 - ka-kća', v. a. to comb, as hair, to disentangle — wakakća, yakakća, unkakćapi.
 - ka'-ke-ća, adv. in this manner, thus, so: kakeća epće śni, I did not think it was so. See dećeća, ećeća, hećeća, iyakidećeća, and iyećeća.
 - ka'-ke-ća, adj. stiff, making a noise when felt or handled, as parchment. See káka.
 - ka'-ken, adv. so, thus: kaken ećon wo, do it in this manner. See dećen, ećen, hećen, iyakidećen, etc. ka'-ken-ya, adv. thus, so.
 - ka-kes'-ton, v.a. to make barbed, as an arrow—kakeswaton.
 - ka-keś, adv. unma tukte kakeś, whatever one, no matter which; toketu kakeś, at random.
 - ka'-ke-tu, adv. in this way, so, See decetu, ecetu, hecetu, and iyećetu.
 - ka'-ke-tu-ya, adv. so, thus.
 - ka-ki', v. a. of aki; to have taken home to one—wakaki, unkakipi.
 - there, yonder. ka'-ki, adv. deći and heći.
 - ka-ki'-ki-ta, v. a. to make tough

by pounding—wakakikita. T., kasuta and kasuksuta. See kikita.

ka-kin', cont. of kakinéa and kakinta; kakin iyeya, to scrape off.

ka-kin'-éa, v.a. to scrape, as hair from a hog or scales from a fish wakakinéa, yakakinéa, unkakinéapi.

ka-kins', cont. of kakinza; kakins iyeya.

ka-kins'-kin-za, v. red. of ka-kinza.

ka-kiŋ'-ta, v. a. to scrape, clean. See kakiŋća.

ka-kin'-za, v. to make creak, as the wind does trees; to creak, as a cart-wheel not greased.

ka-ki'-pa, v. of kapa; to surpass, excel one—kawakipa, kaunkipapi.

ka-ki'-paś, and ka-ki'-paś-paś, adv. T. wrinkled, loose fitting.

ka-kiś', cont. of kakiźa.

ka-kiś'-ya, v. a. to inflict, make suffer; to punish, inflict punishment—kakiśwaya.

ka-kiś'-ya, adv. afflicted, suffering. ka-kiś'-ya-ken, adv. in a state of suffering: kakiśyaken waun, I am suffering

ka'-ki-ya, adv. yonder, there. See dećiya and hećiya.

ka'-ki-ya-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from yonder place; on this wise, in this way, by this means. See dećiyataŋhaŋ, ećiyataŋhaŋ and hećiyataŋhaŋ.

ka-ki'-yo-tan, adv. in that direction. See dećiyotan and hećiyotan. ka-ki'-yo-tan-na-i-ye-ya, v. it stretches up in this way, said of anything high, as a tall tree.

ka-ki'-źa, v. n. to suffer, be afflicted; to be sick a long time—makakiźa, nićakiźa.

ka-ki'-źa, adj. suffering, afflicted. ka-kmin', v. a. Ih. to clear off, as weeds from a field; i. q., kamni. ka-kog', cont. of kakoka; kakog hinhda.

ka-kog'-ya, adv. rattling.

ka-kog'-ya-ken, adv. rattling. ka-ko'-ka, v.a. torattle, as a cowbell; to make rattle by striking wakakoka. See kakaka.

ka-ko'-kam, adv. around, across, before: kakokam ya, to go around, to hedge up the way, as in chasing buffalo—kakokam mda. See akokam.

ka-ko'-ko-ka, v. red. of kakoka. ka-kon'-kon-ta, v. a. red. of kakonta; to hollow out in grooves or ridges—wakakonkonta.

ka-kon'-ta, v.a. to cut in ridges—wakakonta. See kakunta.

ka-ko'-ya-han-na, adv. hurrying, hastening a little: kakoyahanna ećamon, I have done it in somewhat of a hurry. T., kokoyela. See koyahan and koyahanna.

ka-kpa', v. a. to shoot through, as an arrow through an animal; to strike, make a hole in, as, kankakpa, to cut a vein, to bleed a person.

ka-kpan', v. a. to beat fine, mash

up; to wink, as the eye—wakakpan. | ka-kti'-han, adv. stumbling, tot-See istakakpan.

ka-kpi', v.a. to crack or break, as a nut—wakakpi.

ka - ksa', v. a. to cut off with an ax or by striking—wakaksa, yakaksa, unkaksapi. See baksa, naksa, paksa, yaksa, and yuksa.

ka-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of kaksa; to cut off often; to cut up, as wood for the fire—wakaksaksa.

ka-ksi'-za, n. a ravine, hollow, low place, gully, with or without T., opalići. See osmaka. water.

 $ka - k \le a'$, v. a. to wind, as yarn; to fold up—wakakśa, unkakśapi.

 $ka - k \le a'$, adv. coiled up: kakśa wanka, it lies coiled up.

 $ka - k \le a' - da\eta$, adv. coiled up.

ka-kśa'-kśa, adv. red. of kakśa; coiled up, in coils, rolled round.

 $ka - k \leq a \eta'$, v. a. to bend, bend up wakaksan, unkaksanpi.

 $ka-k \pm a\eta'-k \pm a\eta$, adv. crookedly, in a zigzag manner: kaksanksan inyanka, he runs crookedly.

ka-kśi'-kśi-źa, v. red. of kakśiźa. ka-kśiś', cont. of kakśiźa; kakśiś iyeya, to double up.

ka-kśiś'-ya, v.a. to cause to shut up—kakśiśwaya.

 $ka - k \le i' - 2a$, v. a. to bend up, double up by striking; to shut up, as a pocket-knife—wakakśiźa.

 $ka - kta\eta'$, v. a. to bend by striking wakaktan.

ka-ktan'-ktan, v. red. of kaktan. ka-ktan'-yan, adv. bending.

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tering. T., kaćekćel.

ka-kti'-han-han, adv. kaktihan; stumbling, tottering: kaktihanhan mani, to walk in a staggering manner. See kaćegya.

ka-kti'-han-han-yan, adv.stumblingly.

ka-kti'-han-yan, v.a. to cause to stumble along-kaktihanwaya.

ka-ku', v. a. of aku; to start to bring home to one-wakaku, unkakupi, makaku.

ka-ku'-ka, v.a. to pound to pieces. make rotten by pounding—wakakuka, unkakukapi.

ka-kuŋ'-kuŋ-ta, v. a. to cut in ridges—wakakunkunta.

ka-kun'-ta, v. a. to cut a groove in—wakakunta. See kakonta.

 $ka - ku\eta' - tku\eta - ta$, v. a. Same as kakunkunta.

ka-ke'-ga, v.a. to make a grating noise—wakakega.

ka-kes', cont. of kakeza; kakes iyeya, to blow off and leave bare and hard, as when the wind blows the snow from the ground.

ka-ķe'-za, v. n. to leave hard and bare, as the wind does the ground. See kakoza.

 $ka - \dot{k}o' - \dot{g}a$, v. a. to scrape, as a turnip—wakakoga.

ka-koh', cont of kakoga; tipsinna kakoh yutapi, scraping turnips they eat them.

ka-kos', cont. of kakoza; kakos iyeya.

- ka-ko'-za, v. a. to make hard, to leave hard and bare, as the wind does the ground; to beat hard—wakakoza. See kakeza.
- ka-mda', v. a. to make smooth by cutting; to slice up, as meat for drying; to cut up, as bread—wakamda, unkamdapi. T., kabla, to open, as, ista wakabla, I open my eyes.
- ka-mda'-ġa, v. to spread out, as wings: hupahu kamdaġa, he spread his wings.
- ka-mdah', cont. of kamdaġa; ka-mdah iyeya.
- ka-mda'-pi, n. something cut up in slices or thin pieces, as meat for drying.
- ka-mdas', cont. of kamdaza; ka-mdas iyeya.
- ka-mda'-ska, v.a. to flatten by beating—wakamdaska, unkamda-skapi. T., kablaska.
- ka-mdas'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to rip or burst open—kamdaswakiya.
- ka-mdaś', cont. of kamdaźa; kamdaś inaźin, to stand astride of anything.
- ka-mdaś'-ya, v.a. to cause to straddle—kamdaśwaya.
- ka-mda'-ya, v. a. to make level or smooth by beating; to spread out, as a piece of cloth; to open or spread out, as the hand—waka-mdaya. T., kablaya.
- ka-mda'-za, v. a. to make rip open or burst by striking or throwing down, as a bag of corn—wakamdaza. See akamdaza.

- ka-mda'-źa, v.a. to spread open, as the legs; to straddle—wakamdaźa. See akamdaźa.
- ka-mde'-ća, v.a. to break by throwing down or striking, as glass, plates, etc.—wakamdeća, yakamdeća, unkamdećapi. T., kableća.
- ka-mde'-mde-ća, v. a. red. of kamdeća; to break to pieces—wakamdemdeća.
- ka-mde'-mden, cont. of kamdemdeća.
- ka-mden', cont. of kamdeća; kamden iyeya, and kamden ehpeya, to throw down and break to pieces.
- ka-mden'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to break—kamdenwakiya.
- ka-mden'-ya, v. a. to cause to break to pieces.
- ka-mdes', cont. of kamdeza.
- ka-mdes'-ya, v.a. to cause to be clear, cause to clear off, as the wind does fog.
- ka-mde'-za, v.n. to become clear, clear off, as a fog clears away: appao kamdeza, when things are again visible, daylight, the dawn.
- ka-mde'-ze-śni, v. n. to be unable to see; said when there is a fog or darkness, and things are not visible: kamdeześni ehpeya, to stun, knock senseless. T., kableześni, to strike and make frantic.
- ka-mdu', v. a. to pound fine; to stir up and granulate, as sugar, to make fine by stirring—wakamdu, unkamdupi. T., kablu.
- ka-mdu', v.n. to blossom, open out,

as flowers; to decrease, as the moon after its full: kamdu iću, it is decreasing. T., nableća.

ka-mdu'-ki-ya, va. to cause to make fine—kamduwakiya.

ka-mdu'-mdu, v. red. of kamdu. ka-mdu'-pi, n. something fine, as powdered sugar.

ka-mdu'-ya, v. a. to cause to make fine—kamduwaya.

ka-mi'-ma, v. a. to make round, as a wheel, with an ax—wakamima. See kahmiyanyan.

k a - m i' - n i - o - ġ e - i - y e' - y a, v. to bring tears in one's eyes, as the wind does. See kaiśtaminiogeiyeya.

ka-mna', v.a. to collect, gather; to get, procure, obtain; to break out, as a piece from the edge of an ax; to rip, as a seam, come open—wakamna, yakamna, unkamnanpi. See mnayan and kahéi.

ka-mna'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to get or obtain—kamnawakiya.

ka-mna'-yan, v.a. to cause to get or obtain—kamnawaya, kamnaunyanpi.

ka-mni', v. a. to make level or clear away, as a place to put a tent; to break a piece out, as from the edge of an ax—wakamni. T., kagmi and kahći. See kapinźa.

ka-mni'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to clear away, etc.

ka-mni'-mni, v. n. to hang loosely, dangle, swing, as a blanket on one's shoulders.

ka-mni'-mni-na, n. ear-drops,

such as are always dangling, made of a triangular shape. *T.*, owinpi or oinpi.

kam-pe'-ska, n. T. white ware, chinaware. See kanpeska.

kan, adv. there, yonder, i. e. kakiya. See den and hen.

kan, cont. of kata; .kan iću, it becomes hot.

k a'-n a, pron. pl. these, those See dena and hena.

ka-na'-ke, adv. leaning, likely to fall; i. q. owotanna yanke śni.

ka-na'-ke-ća, adv. so many, so much, all these. See denakeća and henakeća.

ka-na'-ke-seh, adv. so many. T., kanakehćin.

ka-na'-ke-ya, adv. likely to fall: kanakeya hiyaya, it has become leaning. See panakeya, etc.

ka-na'-ki-ya, adv. all these, so many, in so many ways.

ka-na'-na, adv. only these, only so many. See denana and henana.

ka-ni'-ća, v. a. (ka and nića) to cut off clean, as limbs from a tree; wakanića. See kasota.

ka-nmi'-nma, v. a to roll, make roll, as a ball, by striking—wakanminma. T., kagmigma. See kahmihma.

kan-ya', v. a. of káta; to warm or heat by the fire—kanwaya: kaniéiya, to warm one's self.

kan, n. a vein, artery; a sinew, tendon, i. q. takan; the nerves; a cord, string. See ikan. kan, adj. unkánpi.

kaŋ-di', n. the buffalo-fish.

kaŋ-ġi', n. the raven.

kan-ģi'-ka-ģa-pi, n. a halfdollar, so called from its emblem, the eagle, which the Dakotas thought was a raven. The Yanktons apply this to a 25-cent piece. T., śokela.

 $kan - \dot{g}i' - ta - me$, n. T. coal.

 $Ka\eta - \dot{g}i' - wi - \dot{c}a - \dot{s}a$, n. p. Crow Indians.

kan-han', adv. dangling, tattered, old.

kan-han'-han, adv. dangling, tattered, ragged.

kan-he', v. n. to shell out, as ripe

kan-he'-ća, adj. ragged, tattered, as one's clothes—makanheća.

kaŋ-he'-źa, adj. poor, distressed, feeble, sick-makanheźa. T., on-See wakanheźa.

kan - he' - źa - ka, adj. Same as kanheźa.

 $k a \eta - i' - \acute{c} a - k p e$, n. (kan and kakpa) a lancet.

kan-i'-ća-tpe, n. (kan and katpa) a vein-cutter, a lancet.

kaŋ-i'-ṭa, v. to die of old age kanimata.

kan'-i-ya-p'a, n. the pulse, the See iyap'a. beating of the pulse.

kan-ka'-kpa, v. a. to cut a vein, bleed one-kanwakakpa.

kan-kan', adj. gouged, uneven.

kan-ka'-tpa, v.a. Same as kankakpa.

aged—makán, nikán, kan-ke'-tan-ka, n. the large red-headed woodpecker. T., kankeća.

> kan-ki'-ća-kpa, *v. a.* to strike a vein for one, bleed one—kanwećakpa, kanyećakpa, kanunkićakpapi, kanmićakpa, kanćićakpa.

kan-ki'-ća-tpa, v. a. kankićakpa.

kan'-na-hmun-ki-ya, v. a. draw up tight, as a bow-string kannahmunwakiya.

kan'-na-ti-pa, v.n. to draw up, to cramp, as the nerves or muscles.

kap - pe' - ska, n.round, white medals, slightly curved, worn by the Indians on their necks; Ih., kanpeska waksića, china ware; an excrescence growing on trees, fungus. See ćankanpeska. Kanpeska mde, Kanpaska Lake, on the Coteau des Prairies, at the head of the Big Sioux River; Kanpeska Wakpa, Laramie River.

kan-su', n. plum-stones: i. q. kanta su; playing-cards; any small card or ticket.

kan - su' - ku - te, v. a.to shootplum-stones, to gamble; toplaycards—kansuwakute.

kan-su'-ku-te-pi, n. shooting plum-stones, gambling; playing cards. Hence minihuha kansukutepi, playing-cards.

kan'-ta, n. a plum, plums.

kan'-ta-hu and kan-tu'-hu, n plum-bushes

ka y - y e', adv. inwards, towards fire from one; opposed to heyata.

kaŋ-ye'-haŋ, adv. See kayehan. kan - ye' - ki - ya, adv. inwards,

T. near: kan $k a \eta - y e' - l a, adv.$ ye: i. q. kiyela, kiyena.

 $k a \eta - y e' - n a$, adv. Ih. near.

below.

kan - ye' - ta, adv. or n. before, in front of: mikanyeta, in front of me.

kan-ye'-tan-han, adv. on the inside of. See ikanyetanhan.

kaŋ-ye'-wa-pa, within, towards the center.

Kan'-ze, n. p. the Kansas or Kaws. ka-o'-ći-kpa-ni, adv. of different sizes.

ka-o'-ći-kpa-ni-yan, adv. unequally: kaoćikpaniyan kagapi, they are made not alike.

ka-o'-ći-pte-ća, adv. not equal. ka-o'-ći-pten, adv. unequal, one large and one small, diminishing or increasing in size.

 $ka-o'-\acute{c}i-pten-ya$, adv. unequally.

 $ka - o' - \acute{c}i - pte - tu$, adv. unequalin size, etc.

ka-o'-ći-tpa-ni, adv. Same as kaoćikpani.

ka-o'-hda-psin, adv. bottom side up, turned over: kaohdapśin ehpeya, to turn bottom up.

ka-o'-hda-pśin-yan, adv. turned over, bottom side up.

ka - o' - hmi - hma, v. to make roll over and over by striking. See kaonminma.

the center, towards a river or lake or | k a - o' - h a n - k o, v. a. of ohanko; to strike and make work fast—wakaohanko. See kakoyahanna.

> ka-o'-hmi, v. a. to whirl, throw obliquely—wakaolimi. Same as kaohmin.

> ka - o' - hmin, v. a. to cause to move obliquely—wakaohmin.

> ka-o'-hmin-yan, adv. obliquely: kaohminyan iyeya, to throw obliquely.

> ka-o'-hpa, v. a. to break through by striking, break in, as one's skull; to cut a hole in, as in making a canoe—wakaohpa.

> ka-o'-hpe-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to knock a hole in—kaohpewakiya.

> ka-o'-hpe-ya, v. a. to cause to strike through.

> ka-o'-hpe-ya, adv. in the manner of striking through.

> ka-oh'-ya, adv. leaning, sloping, twisting: kaohya ewahnaka, placed it sloping. See yuohya.

> ka - o' - ksa, v. a. to cut or pound a hole in, as into a corn-hole or in ice; to break through—wakaoksa.

> ka - o' - ksa, v. n. to fall off or over, as a bank; fall in: i. q. kaosba.

> ka - o' - kse - ya, v. a. to cause to break in—kaoksewaya.

> ka - o' - ktan, v. a. to bend and pound into—wakaoktan.

> ka-o'-ktan-yan, v. a. to cause to bend into-kaoktanwaya.

> ka-o'-ktan-yan, adv. bending into. ka-o'-mni, n. a calm place in a lake or river. See iyomni.

- ka-o'-mni-i-ću-ya, n. a whirling round. Said of the wind eddying, or whistling, or whirling under a lee shore.
- ka-o'-mni-na, n. of omnina. a calm place; in a calm place. See iyomnina.
- ka-o'-nmi-nma, v. a. to roll, make roll—wakaonminma. See kaohmihma.
- ka-on'-spe, v. of onspe; to train or teach, as a horse—wakaonspe.
- ka-oŋ'-spe-śni, adj. untrained, untaught.
- ka-on'-ze-bo-sdan, adv. (ka onze and bosdan) heels up: kaon-zebosdan iyeya and kaonzebosdan ehpeya, to knock the other end up.
- ka-o' po, v. T. to raise a dust, as in sweeping. See kapo.
- ka-o'-sba, v. kaosba hinhpaya, to fall off, as from a bank into a river.
- ka-o'-sma-ka, v.a. to make an indentation by striking—wakaosma-ka: kaosmag iyeya. See osmaka.
- ka-o'-spa, v. a. to strike and bruise in—wakaospa: kaospaiyeya.
- ka-o'-spe-ya, v. T. to weigh down: i. q. aspeya. See kaspeya.
- ka-o'-spe-ye-ton, v. T. to weigh anything. See iyuta.
- ka-o'-tan, v.a. to pound tight—wakaotan.
- ka-o'-tan-in, v. a. of otanin; to make manifest or apparent—wakao-tanin.
- ka-o'-ṭiŋs, cont. of kaoṭiŋza; kaoṭiŋs iyeya.

- ka-o'-tin-za, v. a. of otinza; to drive or pound in tight, as a pin—wakaotinza.
- ka-o'-wo-tan-in, v. to clear off, become so that things can be seen at a distance. See owotanin.
- ka-o'-wo-tan-na, v. a. of owotanna; to straighten, make straight by striking in any way—wakaowotanna.
- ka-o'-ze-ze, v. n. to swing, dangle.
- ka-o'-ze-ze-ya, adv. swinging, dangling: kaozezeya yanka, it is swinging.
- ka-p'a', v. a. to beat or thresh off, as corn; to pound up, as meat—wakap'a, unkap'api. See kapan.
- ka-pa' and ka-pe', v. a. to pass by in running, as kapa inyanka, to run past one; to excel, surpass in anything, as in height; to go beyond, to transgress—kawapa, kaunpapi, kamayapa.
- ka-pa'-ko, v. n. of pako; to become crooked.
- ka-pan', v.a. to beat or thresh off—wakapan. See kap'a.
- ka-paŋ'-paŋ, v. a. to beat soft, make mellow—wakapaŋpaŋ.
- ka-p'a'-p'a, v. red. of kap'a; to beat or thresh, as grain.
- ka-pe', v. a. of pe; to sharpen by pounding, to upset, as an old ax—wakape.
- ka-pe'-mni, v. a. of pemni; to make crooked or awry by striking—wakapemni. See kaskopa.

ka-pe'-mni-mni-yan, adv. dangling.

ka-pe'-mni-yan, adv. crookedly; dangling, swinging, as scissors tied by a string.

ka-p'e'-p'e. v. n. T. to skip, as anything on water.

ka-p'e'-p'e-ya, v. a. to make skip. ka-p'e'-p'e-ya, adv. skipping.

ka-pe'-sto, v. a. of pesto; to make sharp-pointed with an ax—waka-pesto.

ka-pe'-ya, v. a. of kapa; to go or pass beyond, do more; to cause to surpass—kapewaya.

ka-pe'-ya, adv. beyond, further, greater than, surpassing: Atewaye éin he mikapeya tanka, "My Father is greater than I," John xiv, 28.

ka-p'in', v. n. to be indisposed or unwilling to do a thing; to be tired: mani kap'in, to be indisposed to walk; econ wakap'in, I am unwilling to do it; ie kap'in, he is tired of talking—wakap'in, unkap'inpi.

ka-pins', cont. of kapinza.

ka-pinś', cont. of kapinża.

ka-pin'-za, v. a. to make squeak or squeal, as a squirrel, by striking wakapinza.

ka-pin'-źa, v. a. to clear away, as brush, grass, etc.—wakapinźa. T., kagmi. See kamni.

ka-po', v. n. to swell, as one's flesh—makapo, nicapo.

ka-po'-ġan, v. n. to puff out, to swell and become tight, as a bladder that is blown.

ka-poh', cont. of kapogan; kapoh iyeya.

ka-poh'-ya, v. a. to make swell out, as anything filled with air—kapohwaya.

ka-poh'-ya, adv. rising, swelling out.

ka-pom', cont of kapopa; kapom iyaya, to burst with a noise; kapom iyeya, to cause to burst.

ka-po'-pa, v.a. to make a popping noise; to strike and make burst wakapopa.

ka-po'-ta, v.a. to pound to pieces, as a garment; to rend, tear in pieces, as wind does clothes—wakapota.

ka-po'-tpo-ta, v. red. of kapota. ka-psag', cont. of kapsaka; kapsag iyeya, and kapsag ehpeya, to break violently.

ka-psag'-ya, v. a. to cause to break—kapsagwaya.

ka-psag'-ya, adv. broken, as a string.

ka-psa'-ka, v.a. to break, as a string, by striking; to break of it-self—wakapsaka, unkapsakapi.

ka-psan'-psan, v. n. to dangle, swing back and forth; to sway to and fro, as a limb in water.

ka-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of kapsaka.

ka-psi'-ća, v. a. to make jump by striking—wakapsića, unkapsićapi

ka-psin', cont. of kapsića; kapsin iyeya. Also used as a contraction of kapsinta.

ka-psin'-psin-ta, v. a. to whip,

- correct by whipping, chastise—waka-psinpsinta.
- ka-psin'-ta, v. a. to whip, flog; to correct, as a child, by whipping—wakapsinta, unkapsintapi: kapsintapi se un, he appears as if he had been whipped.
- ka-psi'-psi-ća, v. red. to make jump much by striking—wakapsipsića.
- ka-psi'-psin, cont. of kapsipsića; kapsipsin iyeya, to throw out and make skip about, as in fishing.
- ka-pson, v. a. to upset and spill, as a vessel of water; to overturn and fall out, as from a canoe—wakapson.
- ka-pson'-pson, v. red. of kapson.
 ka-pśun', v. a. to knock out, as a tooth; to dislocate, as a joint, by striking—wakapśun; to shed, as a deer his horns. Hence, the December moon is called Tahećapśun wi, Moon when the deer shed their horns.
- ka-pśuŋ'-ka, v. a. to make round or knob-like—wakapśuŋka.
- ka-pśuŋ'-pśuŋ, v. red. of kapśuŋ.
- ka-pśuŋ'-yaŋ, v.a. to cause to knock out of place—kapśuŋwaya.
- ka-pta', v. a. to lade or bail out, as water from a boat—wakapta, yakapta, uŋkaptapi. See kaġe.
- ka-ptan'-ptan, v.a. to turn over and over—wakaptanptan.
- ka-ptan'-yan, v.a. to cause to fall over; to turn over, upset, as a canoe—wakaptanyan, unkaptanyanpi.

- ka-ptan'-yan, adv. turning over. ka-ptan'-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to fall over, to overturn—kaptanyewaya.
- ka-pta'-pta, v.n. to fall to pieces, as something rotten.
- k a p t u'-pt u ś, cont. of kaptuptuźa; kaptuptuś iyeya.
- ka-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of kaptuźa; to crack often by striking.
- ka-ptuś, cont. of kaptuźa; kaptuś iyeya.
- ka-ptuś'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to make crack—kaptuśwakiya.
- k a p t u' ź a , v. a. to split or crack by striking, but not to split open wakaptuźa, unkaptuźapi.
- ka-po', v. a. to strike and make a smell, whether good or bad; to stop or cease from, as in gambling, and distribute the articles staked—wakapo. T., to raise a dust, as in sweeping.
- ka-poś'-po-źe-dan, adv. red. of kapoźedan.
- ka-po'-źa, adj. light, not heavy.
- Ka-po'-źa, n. p. those who traveled unincumbered with much baggage: the name of the Little Crow's band of Dakota Indians; Kaposia, or Little Crow's village.
- $k a p o' \acute{z} e d a n$, adj. dim. light, not heavy.
- ka-po'-źe-la, T., and ka-po'źe-na, Ih. adj. light, not heavy.
- ka-sa', v. a. to bury in the snow, cover over with snow—wakasa, un-kasapi.

- ka-s'a', v.n. to whistle or moan, as | ka-sdem', cont. of kasdepa. the wind. T., to sail or glide in the air, as birds.
- ka-sag', cont. of kasaka; kasag iyeya.
- ka-sa'-ka, v. a. to switch, whipwakasaka.
- k a s a k' s a k a, v. red. of kasaka; to whip—wakasaksaka.
- ka sam' ye dan, adv. heavily: kasamyedan hinhpaya, tofallheavily.
- $ka sa \eta', v. n.$ to whiten or wash off, as the rain does paint. See kasepa.
- ka-san', v. a. to shave off, as the beard or hair; to whiten by scraping—wakasan. T., kasla.
- ka san' san, v. red. of kasan; to scrape and whiten—wakasansan.
- ka-sba', v.a. tomakelint; to curry wakasba, unkasbapi.
- ka sba' sba, v. red. of kasba.
- ka sbu', v. a. to cut into small strips, cut into dangles, make fringewakasbu, unkasbupi.
- ka-sbu'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to cut into strips—kasbuwakiya.
- ka-sbu'-pi, n. dangles, fringe. See akamda.
- ka-sbu'-sbu, v. red. of kasbu; to cut into strings and let hang-wakasbusbu.
- ka sda' ta, v. to steal up to by paddling, as to ducks; to paddle softly wakasdata.
- ka-sde'-ća, v.a. to split, as wood, with an ax—wakasdeća, unkasdećapi.

- ka-sdem'-ya, tapering, wedge-like.
- ka-sden', cont. of kasdeća; kasden iyeya.
- ka-sden'-ki-ya, v. a to cause to split—kasdenwakiya.
- ka-sden'-ya, v.a.to cause to *split*—kasdenwaya.
- ka-sde'-pa, v.a. to make tapering, to make like a wedge—wakasdepa.
- ka-sde'-sde-ća, v. a. red. of kasdeća; to split up fine, as wood wakasdesdeća.
- ka-sde'-sden, cont. of kasdesdeća.
- ka-sdi', v. a. to strike and force some out, as from a bladder full of grease; to sharpen, as a stick, with an ax—wakasdi. See kapesto.
- ka-sdi'-sdi, v. red. of kasdi.
- ka-sdi'-tka, v.a. of sditka; to cut in notches, make knobs on-wakasdi-T., kakankan. tka.
- ka-sdi'-tka-tka, v. red. of kasditka.
- ka-sdi'-ya, v. a. to cause one to press out-kasdiwaya.
- ka-sdo'-han, v. n. of sdohan; to waft or drive along, as the wind does clouds. T., kaslohan, to slide down hill.
- ka-sdo'-han-han, v. red. of kasdohan.
- ka-se'-pa, v. n. to wash off, as the rain does paint. See kasan.
- ka-s'in', adv. appearing, in sight. See aokasin and okasin.

- ka-s'in'-s'in, adv. red. of kas'in; appearing now and then.
- ka-s'in'-s'in-yan, adv. appearing at times, occasionally seen: kasins'inyan iyaya, he passes along in sight sometimes.
- ka-s'i n'-yan, adv. in sight, partly visible, projecting, as a cork in a bottle.
- ka-ska', v. a. to bleach by striking or dragging—wakaska.
- ka-ska', v. n. to clear off, as clouds, smoke, or fog; to become clear.
- ka-ska'-han, n. dregs.
- ka-skam', cont. of kaskapa; kaskam iyeya, to strike off with the hand.
- ka-ska'-pa, v.a. to strike, as with the hand, strike hands together: nape hdaskapa, he strikes his hands together.
- ka-skem', cont. of kaskepa; kaskem iyeya.
- ka-skem'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to bail out, as water from a canoe—kaskemwakiya.
- ka·skem'-ya, v.a. to cause to bail out.
- ka-ske'-pa, v.a. of skepa; to paddle or bail out, as water from a canoe: also v.n. to leak, as a vessel; to go dry, as a well—wakaskepa. See kuse, kahepa, and kaskepa.
- ka-ski'-ća, v. a. to press, press down on; to embrace—wakaskića, unkaskićapi: taha kaskića, to press packs of furs. See kaskića.
- ka-skin', cont. of kaskića; kaskin

- yuza, to clasp in the arms—kaskin mduza.
- ka-skin'-ya, v.a. to cause to settle down, to press down—kaskinwaya.
- ka-ski'-ta, v. to press, to clasp: kaskita yuza, to embrace.
- ka-sku', v. a. to peel off, as bark with an ax; blaze, by cutting off bark from a tree: éan kasku ya, to go blazing trees, as in making a road through woods—wakasku.
- ka-smag', cont. of kasmaka; kasmag iyeya.
- ka-sma'-ka, v.a. to indent or make concave by striking—wakasmaka; to make a track, as a wagon does. See kaosmaka.
- ka-smin'-yan, v. to make bare; to blow all off and leave bare, as the wind does in taking off the snow.
- ka-smin'-yan-yan, v. red. of kasminyan.
- ka-sna', v.a. to make ring or sound by striking; to make ring, as the wind; to knock or shake off fruit or leaves from a tree: i. q. kahna wakasna, unkasnapi.
- ka-sna'-sna, v. red. of kasna; to make ring; to trim or cut off all the limbs from a tree and leave it bare—wakasnasna. See snasnana.
- ka-sni', v. a. of sni; to put out or extinguish fire by beating; to cool food by shaking it—wakasni, unkasnipi.
- ka-sni'-sni, v. red. of kasni.
- ka-son', cont. of kasota; kason iyeya, to use all up.

ka-so'-ta, v.a. to use up by striking; to kill off, as cattle; to cut all off, as trees, to make prairie of woodland; to use up—wakasota, unkasotapi. See kanića.

ka-so'-ta, v. n. to clear off, as the sky, be clear from clouds: kasota au, it is clearing off. See kaska.

ka-spa'-ya, v.a. of spaya; to wet, moisten—wakaspaya.

ka-spe'-ya, v. a to make sink; to balance, weigh—kaspewaya: kaspeya ehnaka, to place in a balance, to balance or weigh; to put so as to hold to its place, as something placed to hold a book open. See kaospeya.

ka-spe'-ya, adv. balancing, ready to sink; kaspeya yanka, it is in a balance.

ka-stag', cont. of kastaka; kastag ehpeya, to throw on and make stick, as mud.

ka-sta'-ka, v.a. to throw on, as mud, to throw so as to make stick—wakastaka.

ka-stan'-ka, v. a. to moisten by pounding—wakastanka.

ka-sto', v.a. to smooth down, to stroke, comb, as hair or grass—wa-kasto, unkastopi: kasto iyaya, to drag or trip along.

ka-sto'-sto, v. red. of kasto; to stroke, make smooth.

ka-sto'-ya, adv. smoothly.

ka-suk'-su-ta, v. red. of kasuta. ka-su'-ta, v. of suta; to pound and make hard or tough.

kaś, conj. if, although. See kaeś.

ka-śa', conj. (ka and eśa) T. and Ih. though, although: sometimes it has the form of ever; as, tuwo kaśa, whoever, taku kaśa, whatever: i. q. kaśta.

ka-ś'ag', cont. of kaś'aka.

ka-ś'ag'-ya, v. a. to cause to strike feebly—kaś'agwaya.

ka-ś'a'-ka, v. a. to strike with too little force to penetrate; to discourage—wakaś'aka.

ka-ś'a'-ka, adj. overloaded.

ka-śda', va. to cut off, make bare, as, pa kaśda, to shave the head; to mow, as grass, make bare by mowing—wakaśda, uŋkaśdapi. See peźikaśda.

ka - śda' - śda; v. red. of kaśda.

ka-śda'-ya, v. a. to cause to make bare—kaśdawaya.

k a-ś d e'-ć a, v. a. Ih. to split: i.q. kasdeća.

ka-śdog', cont. of kaśdoka; kaśdog iyeya.

ka-śdo'-ka, v. a. to knock off or out, as the helve from an ax—wa-kaśdoka, uŋkaśdokapi; to fall out, as an arrow that has been shot into an animal. T., kaśloka, to clean out, as a pipe. See kahdoka.

ka-śdun', cont. of kaśduta; kaśdun iyeya, to cause to glance off; kaśdun iyaya, to glance off, as an ax.

ka-śdu'-śdu-ta, v. red. of kaśduta; to polish; to smooth by striking, to planish—wakaśduśduta.

ka-śdu'-ta, v.a. to strike and make glance off—wakaśduta.

- ka-śe', v. n. to strike or rub against—makaśe, nićaśe.
- ka-śe'-ća, v.a. to make dead or dry by striking, to deaden by cutting around, as a tree—wakaśeća.
- ka-śen'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to deaden—kaśenwakiya.
- ka-śe'-ya, v.a. to rub against, fend off; to obstruct—kaśewaya.
- ka-śe'-ya, adv. hitting against, touching.
- ka-śi'-ća, v. a. of śića; to spoil or make badly by striking—wakaśića.
- ka-śi'- ća-ho-wa-ya, v. a. to cause to cry out by striking—wakaśićahowaya.
- ka-śim', cont. of kaśipa; kasim iyeya.
- k a ś' i ŋ', v. n. to bend backwards—makaś'iŋ, nićaś'iŋ.
- ka-ś'in'-yan, adv. bent backwards: kaś'inyan un, he is bent backwards.
- ka-śi'-pa, v. a. to knock or cut off close, as branches from a tree, legs from a chair or pot, or rivets from a knife—wakaśipa; to break off, as the wind does limbs from a tree
- ka-śka', v. a. to tie; to bind, imprison—wakaśka, uŋkaśkapi, ćićaśka, makaśka: kaśka hnaka, to put in bonds or in prison—kaśka wahnaka.
- ka-śka'-haŋ, part. tied, bound. ka-śke'-haŋ, v. a. of śkehaŋ; to make skip about by striking—wakaśkehaŋ.

- ka-śkem', cont. of kaśkepa; kaśkem ehpeya, to strike out, to press out by striking, as water from anything.
- ka-śke'-pa, v. a. to strike and press out, as water—wakaśkepa. See kaskepa.
- ka-śki'-ća, v. a. to press by striking, to pound or batter out, as clothes wakaśkića. See kaskića.
- ka-śkin', cont. of kaśkića; kaśkin iyeya.
- ka-śki'-śka, v. a. to make rough by striking—wakaśkiśka.
- ka-śko'-kpa, v. a. to hollow out, make concave, cut out, as a trough — wakaśkokpa, unkaśkokpapi. Hence, ćankaśkokpa, a trough.
- ka-śko'-kpa-kpa, v. red. of ka-śkokpa.
- ka-śkom', cont. of kaśkopa; kaśkom iyeya.
- k a ś k o' p a , v. a to make crooked or twisted by striking or falling—wakaśkopa. See kapemni
- k a k o' k o p a, v. red. of kakopa.
- k a k k o' t p a, v. a. Same as kak o k p a.
- ka-śko'-tpa-tpa, v. red. of kaśkotpa.
- k a ś n a', v. a. to miss in attempting to strike—wakaśna, uŋkaśnapi.
- ka-śna'-śna, v. red. of kaśna.
- ka-śni'-śni-źa, v. a. red. of kaśniźa; to strike, as a fire, and cause to send forth sparks—wakaśniśniża.

ka-śni'-źa, v. a. of śniża; to make ka-śta'-ka, v. a. wither by striking—wakaśniża. whip; to kill—wa

ka-śo'-śa, v. a. to stir up, make turbid; make into batter—wakaśośa.

ka-śpa', v. a. to separate, cut loose from; to cut in two, as a pair of blankets; to cough and spit, to expectorate—wakaśpa, unkaśpapi; ki-ćaśpa, and kićićaśpa, to wrestle. T., kićikśan.

ka-śpa'-pi, n. See kaśpapidan. ka-śpa'-pi-dan, n. a small piece of money, a ten-cent piece, dime.

ka-śpe'-pi-ća-śni, adj. not capable of being separated.

ka-śpe'-ya, v. a. to cause to separate or break off; to cause to expectorate—kaśpewaya. T., ton ka-śpeya.

ka-śpu', v. a. to cut off a piece by striking, cut off, as a bulge from a tree, etc.—wakaśpu, unkaśpupi.

ka-śpu'-śpu, v. red. of kaśpu; to break up in pieces, as ice or tallow, by striking—wakaśpuśpu; to break up, as the wind does ice.

ka-śpu'-śpu, n. pieces of lead cut and rounded in the mouth, slugs.

ka-śta', conj. (ka and eśta) though, although: tuwe kaśta, whoever or nobody; taku kaśta, whatever or nothing; toketu kaśta, at all events, at any rate; hećetu kaśta, let it be so. Ih. and T., kaśa; also keśa.

ka-śtag', cont. of kaśtaka; kaśtag yeya, to throw, as a hutinaćute kaśtag yewaya. T., kahol yeya. ka-śta'-ka, v. a. to strike, beat, whip; to kill—wakaśtaka, yakaśtaka, uŋkaśtakapi.

ka-śtan', v. a. to pour out; to throw away; said of liquids only—wakaśtan, unkaśtanpi. See kada.

ka-śuś', cont of kaśuźa; kaśuś iyeya.

ka-śu'-śuś, cont of kaśuśuźa; kaśuśuś iyeya, to bruise or mash down.

ka-śu'-śuś-ya, adv. battered, bruised.

ka-śu'-śu-źa, v. a. red. of kaśuźa. ka-śuś'-ya, v. a. to cause to batter or bruise—kaśuśwaya.

ka-śuś'-ya, adv. bruisedly, batteredly.

ka-śu'-źa, v. a. to bruise, to batter, to mash, to crush—wakaśuźa. See kahuga.

ka'-ta, adj. warm, hot; applied both to persons and things—makata, nikata.

k a-t a', adv. together: kata iheya, to assemble together—kata iheunyanpi.

ka-ta'-ġa, v. of taġe; to make waves and foam, as the wind does by blowing on water.

k a - t a h', cont. of kataga; katah ton, to make waves.

ka-ta'-kin, v. a. of takin; to strike and cause to lean—wakatakin.

ka-ta'-kin-yan, adv. of takinyan; leaning: katakinyan han, to stand leaning.

ka-ta'-ko-han, v. katakohan yuza, to embrace—katakohan mduza.

ka-ta'-ku-ni-śni, v.a. (ka and

takuniśni) to beat to pieces, destroy—wakatakuniśni.

ka-tan', v. a. to pound on—wakatan, unkatanpi: to press on, as water on a paddle or wind on a sail.

ka-tan'-in, v. a. of tanin; to make apparent, to clear off, as anything covered up—wakatanin. See ka-otanin.

ka-tan'-ka, v. a of tanka; to beat out large, to enlarge—wakatanka.

ka-tan'-ka-ya, v.a. to make large—wakatankaya.

ka-ta'-om, cont. of kataonpa; leaning at an angle of forty-five degrees.

T., kataob.

k a - t a' - o m - y a, adv. leaning.

ka-ta'-on-pa, v. to lean. See kataom and onpa.

ka-ta'-pa, v. T. to shake and make dry, as the wind does clothes.

ka-ta'-psis, cont. of katapsiza; katapsis iyeya.

ka-ta'-psi-za, v.a. to cause to rise, as bubbles in water, by throwing something in—wakatapsiza. T., katapsiźa.

ka-ta'-ta, v. a. to shake off, as dust, etc., from a bed; to brush off with the hand or a brush—wakatata, unkatatapi.

ka-ta'-ta-pa, v. red. of katapa. ka-t'a'-t'a, v. a. to make blunt or batter by striking—wakat'at'a.

ka-ta'-źa, v. of taźa; to make waves, as the wind does. See kataġa.

ka-te'-han, adv. of tehan; far, at a distance.

ka-te'-han-yan, adv. at some distance, a little distance off.

ka-tem', cont. of katepa; katem iyeya.

ka-te'-pa, v.a. to cut to a stump; to cut tapering—wakatepa.

ka-ti'-éa, v. a. to scrape off, as snow—wakatiéa, unkatiéapi.

k a - t i' - c a, v. n. to be obstructed, as the nostrils.

ka-tik'-ti-ća, v.a. to thicken by stirring—wakatiktića.

ka-tin', cont. of katića; katin iyeya. ka-tin', adj. straight, straightened out, as the arm—makatin. See botin, natin, and patin.

ka-tin', adv. T. in the way of, obstructingly, as, katin yanka.

ka-tin'-ki-ya, v.a. to stretch out, straighten out: isto katinwakiya, I straighten out my arm.

ka-tin'-yan, adv. directly, continuously, without stop.

k a - t k a', v. n. to choke or be choked, as in eating, to stick in the throat makatka, nićatka.

ka-tke', v. Same as katka.

ka-tke'-ya, v.a. to cause to choke—katkewaya.

ka-tki'-tka, v.n. to collect in little bunches or lumps, as meal thrown in, in making mush.

ka-tki'-tka-tka, v. n. red. of katkitka; to gather into bunches or lumps, be tangled, as locks of hair.

ka-tku', adj. cut short, short, rather short.

ka-tku'-dan, adj. short: onhdo-

- hda katkudan seća, the coat seems to be very short.
- ka-tku'-ġa, v. a. to cut short, cut into short pieces—wakatkuġa. Hence, tiyopa iyokatkuġe, nails. T., kaptuġa.
- ka-tkuli', cont. of katkuga; katkuli iyaya, to go round and get on the other side, to go by a short cut katkuli imdamda.
- ka-tkuh'-ya, adv. going around. ka-tkuns', cont. of katkunza.
- ka-tkuŋ'-tkuŋ-ta, v. See kakuŋtkuŋta.
- ka-tkun'-za. v. a. to cut off square—wakatkunza.
- ka-tku'-tku-ga, v. red. of katkuga.
- ka-to', v.a. to strike and not make an indentation; to knock or rap on a door—wakato.
- ka-to'-han, v. (kato and han) to stand and tap, as a woodpecker on a tree.
- ka-to'-kam, adv. before, ahead. See kahintokam.
- ka-to'-kam-wa-pa, adv. ahead, in advance of.
- ka-to'-ka-pa, adv. ahead. See kahintokapa.
- ka-to'-na-wang-ki-ya, v. a. to make gallop slowly—katonawang-wakiya. T., katonaungkiya.
- ka-to'-na-wan-ka, v. n. to gallop slowly, as a horse. T., ka-tonaunka.
- ka-to'-to, v. red. of kato; to knock or beat on, as on a door; to clear off,

- as bushes, trees, etc., from a field—wakatoto. See kasota.
- ka-tpa', v. a. to strike and knock out, as an eye; to strike, as in bleeding, i.q. kankatpa; to strike through, as in shooting with an arrow, i.q. katpa iyeya—wakatpa, unkatpapi. See kakpa.
- ka-tpan', v.a. to bruise, mash up by beating; to wink, as the eyelids—wakatpan. i. q kakpan.
- ka-tpan'-tpan, v. red. of ka-tpan.
- ka-tpa'-tpa, v. red. of katpa; to strike and knock out pieces—waka-tpatpa.
- ka-tpi', v. a. to crack, as nuts, by striking—wakatpi. i. q. kakpi.
- ka-tu'-ka, v.a. to knock off, as fur; to destroy by smiting—wakatuka. T., kaśla.
- ka-tu'-tka, v. a. to break in small pieces, pound up fine—wakatutka.
- ka-ţa', v. a. (ka and ţa) to kill by striking, strike dead, to stun—wa-kaṭa, yakaṭa, unkaṭapi: kaṭa iyeya, to shoot down, kill by shooting; kaṭa ehpeya, to knock over dead.
- ka-ta'-ga, v. a. to shake and make dry, as the wind does a wet cloth. T., katatapa.
- ka-tins', cont. of kaṭinza; kaṭins iyeya.
- ka-tin'-s'a, adv. of tins'a; at rest, firmly, solidly.
- ka-tins'-ya, v. a. to cause to be solid or at rest.
- or beat on, as on a door; to clear off, | k a t i n' z a, v. a. of tinza; to pound

tinza.

ka-to'-źa, ν. α. to dull or make blunt by striking—wakatoża.

ka-tun'-ke-ća, See atunkeća.

ka-u', v. a. of au; to bring to one, to be in the act of bringing to-wakau, unkaupi; ćićau, makau.

ka-wa'. See yukawa.

ka-wa'-ći, v. a. (ka and waći) to cause to dance by striking, to spin by whipping, as the boys do their tops—wakawaći.

ka-wa'-han, part. opened.

ka-wang', cont. of kawanka; kawang ehpeya. T, kaung.

ka-waŋ'-ka, v. a. to cut down, fell, as trees—wakawanka; to blow down, as the wind does trees, T., kauŋka. houses, etc.

ka - wan' - ka - ka, v.n. To be jolted or bounced up and down, as in a wagon; kawankaka yemaya.

ka-wan'-kan, adv. kawankan iyeya, to knock upwards. See wankan.

ka - way' - kan - wa - pa, adv. little up.

ka - wa' - s'a - ka, v. n. of was'aka; to be made strong by packing or carrying loads—makawaś'aka.

ka-wa'-śte, v. a. to make well by striking or cutting with an ax.

 $ka - we' - \dot{g}a$, v. a. to break by striking, but not entirely off; to break, as an ax-helve; to break downwakawega, unkawegapi; to break, as the wind does trees.

tight, make tight, make firm-waka- | k a - w e h', cont. of kawega; kaweh iyeya.

> $ka - we h' - we - \dot{g}a$, v. red. of kaweġa.

> ka-weh'-weh, cont. of kawehwega; kawehweh iyeya, to fracture or break in several places.

> ka - weh' - ya, v. a. to cause to break—kaweliwaya.

ka-weh'-ya, adv. breaking.

ka-wi'-hnu-ni, v. a. to destroy by striking, to break in pieces—wakawihnuni.

ka - win' - ga, v.n. to turn in one's course; kawinga iyaya, he went turning—wakawinga. See pawinġa, yawinġa, and yuwinġa.

ka-winh', cont. of kawinga.

ka-winś, cont. of kawinźa; kawinś iyeya and kawins elipeya, to beat down, mat down.

ka-winś'-winś, cont. of kawinświnźa.

ka-winś-winś-ya, adv. matted

ka-winś'-win-źa, v. red. of kawinźa.

ka-win ś'-ya, v. a. to cause to mat down—kawinśwaya.

 $ka - win \acute{s}' - ya$, adv. beaten down, fallen down.

ka-wiŋ'-źa, v. a. to beat down, mat down by striking, as grass, etc. wakawinźa.

ka-wi'-ta-ya adv. of witaya; together: kawitaya iheya, to assemble together, flock together.

ka-wo'-o-tan-in, v. n.

come light; to clear away, as a storm or anything that obstructs vision. See kaowotanin and katanin.

ka'-ya, v. a. of aya; to take to one—wakamda, yakada, unkayapi, nićaya.

ka-ye'-ġa, v. a. to make shine by striking, as a fire. T., kalehya. See iyega.

ka-ye'-han, adv. before, out in front: kayehan ećon, to do before another; kayehan naźin, to stand out in front; kayehan ićihnaka and kayehanićiya, to put one's self forward. T., ikokab. See kanyehan.

ka-yo'-dan, adv. See kayowe-dan.

ka-yo'-la-wa-ći-pi, n. T. a dance of the Winnebagos; also called Hotanke waćipi; i. q kayowedan waćipi

ka-yo'-tan, adv. Same as kayodan

ka-yo'-we-dan, adj. zigzag, in all kinds of shapes: kayowedan kićun, to make figures, as children do when playing in the snow; kayowedan waćipi, a kind of dance. T., yuglaśkinskin.

ka-yo'-yo, adv. yielding, giving when struck or pressed on: kayoyo se ap'a, he strikes as if it yielded under the stroke.

ka-za', v.a. to pick to pieces, as the takan, or sinew, used by the Dakotas in sewing—wakaza.

k a' - z a, n. a unit, an atom, a particle, a grain; káza wanźidan, one vol. vii—18 grain or particle; káza nonpa, two grains. See sukaza.

ka-za'-mni, v.a. to uncover or open out, as anything covered; to open out, as a door—wakazamni, yakazamni. See yuzamni.

ka-zan', v.a. to hurt, stun by striking, render motionless; to part, to separate, as grass in passing through --- wakazan, unkazanpi. See kagan.

ka-zan'-yan, adv. parting.

ka-za'-pa, v. a. to cut off meat from bones; said also when, in flaying an animal, the fat is left on the skin—wakazapa, unkazapapi. Hence, ka-zapapi, meat cut off from the bones. T., to strip meat off clean, strip bare, tear off the periosteum, as they do from the ribs of animals. See kagapa.

ka-za'-za, v. a. to cut in strips; to gash—wakazaza, uŋkazazapi.

ka-za'-za-pi, n. the ermine, i. q. hitunkasan; so called because the skin is cut up into strips to wear on the head.

ka-ze', v. a. to lade or dip out with a spoon or ladle—wakaze, yakaze, uŋkazepi. See kage, kapta, etc.

ka'-ze-daŋ, adj. shallow, as water: mini kazedaŋ, the water is shallow; i. q. puzedaŋ. Ih., kazena.

ka-zi', v. n. to fill up, as a pipestem with water, etc.; to have the sense of fullness, so as not to be able to swallow: cante kazi, the heart is full—cante makazi: kaziton, to protect a skin drying, stretched in a tent, by hanging something before it. T., kazan; cante kazan is used when one has swallowed too much smoke.

ka-zil'-ya, v. T. to stretch out, straighten: kazilićiya, he stretched himself out. See pazića, yazića, yuzića, etc.

ka-zo', v.a. to mark; to throw back the arms—wakazo, unkazopi. See kago.

ka-zon', cont. of kazonta; to weave in, as in making baskets, etc.

ka-zon'-ta, v. a. to weave, as cloth, to twist in, as in making baskets or snow-shoes, i q. yanka—wakazonta, yakazonta, unkazontapi.

ka-zuŋ'-ta, v. Same as kazoŋta. ka-źa', v. a. to split a little, to make gape—wakaźa.

ka-źa'-haŋ, v.a. of źahaŋ; to make open out by striking; to press open—wakaźahaŋ.

 $ka - \acute{z} a' - ha \eta - ha \eta$, v. red. of kaźahaŋ.

ka-źa'-ka, v. a. to strain or knock open; to press open, as a wound—wakaźaka.

ka-źan', cont. of kaźata; kaźan iyeya.

ka-źaŋ'-źaŋ, v. n. of źaŋźaŋ; to become light, as clouds after rain.

 $ka - źa \eta' - źa \eta - ka$, v. n. Same as kaźaŋżaŋ.

ka-źa'-ta, v.a. to make forked by cutting with an ax—wakaźata. See kaġata.

k a - ź a' - ź a , v. a. to wash by pulling back and forth—wakaźaźa.

k a - ź a' - ź a , adv. clearly: kaźaźa wanyaka, to see clearly. T., źaźayela.

ka-źim', cont. of kaźipa; kaźim iyeya, to shave off quickly or by a stroke.

ka-źim'-źi-pa, v. red. of kaźipa. ka-źi'-pa, v. a. to shave with a knife or drawing-knife, to plane wakaźipa, uŋkaźipapi.

k a - ź o', v. n. to purge, have a diarrhæa—wakaźo.

ka-źo'-pi, n. a purging, a diarrhæa.
ka-źuŋ', v. a. to pull up, as birds do corn; to come out or moult, as the quills of geese, etc. See kapśuŋ.

ka-źu'-źu, v.a. to blot out, efface; to pay off, as one's debts; to forgive; to knock to pieces; to come to pieces, as a wagon, cart, etc., in hauling—wakaźuźu. v.n. to break up, as ice in the river.

k ć a, adj. loose, disentangled, straight. See kakća, etc.

k ć a - h a n', part. coming loose, untying of itself.

k ć a n. See yukćan.

kéan'-ka, n. one who fails of doing what he said he would.

kćan'-kćan-ka, n. anything that is tall, i. q. hanska.

k ća - w a' - h a ŋ , part. come untied.
k d. Santee words commencing with "hd" commence with "kd" in Yankton; as, kda, i. q. hda. They need not generally be repeated.

kda'-ya, v. n. Ih. to scratch, rub. | ke-nun'-yan, v. to know partly, k di-yo', v. i. q. hduwe: Ih., kdiyo mni kta, I will go for my own.

ke, particle. It is sometimes used as the sign of the future tense of the first person; as, hećamon ke epća, I thought I would do that.

ke, n. T. a turtle: i. q. keya.

 $ke - \acute{c}a'$ and $ke - \acute{c}a' - la$, n. T. along-haired dog.—T. L. R.

ke-ćan'-kin, v. a. to think of as such, to regard as—kećanwakin, kećanyakin, kećanunkinpi, kećanmayakin, kećanćićin. See ećankin.

k e - ć i ŋ', v. to think that—kećanmi, kećanni, unkećinpi. See ećin.

 $ke - \acute{c}i' - ya$, v. a. to say to one that it is so and so—kewakiya, keunkiyapi, kemakiya, kećićiya, kenićiya. See ećiya.

ke-ćoη', v. to do that: tanyan kećon ićidaća, he thinks he has done that well. See econ.

ke-gle'-ze-la, n. T. a spotted or striped turtle.

ke-ha', v. 2d pers. sing. of keya. ke'-ha, n. (keya and ha) a tortoise-shell.

keh-ke'-ga, v. n. to have a rattling in the throat, as anything choked to death-wakehkega. See kohkoga.

ke-kto'-pa-win-ġe, adj. thousand: kektopawinge wikćemna, ten thousand. See koktopawinge and opawinge. Probably koktopawinge was the original form, from kokta and opawinge.

to suspect; i. q. tungya—kenunwaya.

 $ke-nu'-nu-\acute{z}a, n.$ T. the softshell turtle: i. q. kezonta.

ke-pa', v. 1st pers. sing. of keya. ke'-pa, n. (keya and pa) toise's head.

 $ke-p\acute{c}a', v$ 1st pers. sing.; I thought that: hećeće kta kepća, I thought that it would be so.

kes-ton', v. n. to be barbed, have a barb, as a fish-hook.

keś, conj. although. It is always used in reference to past time.

ke-śa', adv. T. tuwe kaśa, whoever: i. q. kasta.

ke-ta'-ġi-ka, n. T. a fool: i.q. ćaġuka.

ke'-ya, n. the large tortoise; a roof, i. q. wakeya.

ke'-ya, adj. sloping, like a roof: keya han, it stands roof-like. keinyanhan.

ke'-ya, va. to make a roof ofkewaya.

ke-ya', v. to say that—kepa, keha, "Keya," "kećin," and unkeyapi. "kećankin," are from "eya," "ećin," and "ećankin." Those of the latter class indicate that the subject of the preceding verb is identical with the person who says or thinks, which those of the former class do not: as, mde kta eha, I will go, thou saidst; mde kta keha, thou saidst that I would go; ecamon kta ećin, I will do it, thought he, or he kećin, he thought that I would do it.

sloping, roofke'-ya-han, part. T., keiŋyahaŋ.

ke'-ya-ya, v. pos. of eyaya; to have taken anything to one's own home.

ke-ze', n. the barb of a fish-hook. ke-zon'-ta, n. 'the soft-shelled tor-T., kenunuźa.

ke-zun'-ta, n. Same as kezonta. ki, prep. in comp. to, for, of. It is often prefixed to verbs or incorporated in them: as, kte, to kill, kikte, to kill for one; kaga, to make, kićaga, to make for or to one; ećon, to do, ećakićon, to do to one. $\mathbf{W}\mathbf{hen}$ prefixed to verbs of motion commencing with a vowel, the i is dropped: as, kau, from ki and au; keyaya is probably from ki and eyaya.

ki, pron. pos. in comp. meaning one's own; as, okide, to seek one's own.

ki, a prefix to some verbs, which indicates that the action is performed through the middle of the object; as, kibaksa, to cut in two in the middle.

to arrive at one's house or ki, v. n.where one lives; this is used when the person speaking is away from the home spoken of-waki, yaki, uŋkipi.

ki, v. a. to take from one by force, to rob-waki, yaki, unkipi, maki, nići, ćići.

ki-a'-pe, v. a. to wait till one reaches home—kiawape.

thought he would do it; ecamon kta | ki-ba', v. pos. of ba; to blame one's self or one's own; to suffer in consequence of one's own course-wakiba, unkibapi.

> ki-ba'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to blame one's self—kibawakiya.

> ki-ba'-ksa, v. a. to cut in two in the middle, as a stick—kibawaksa, kibaunksapi.

> ki-ba'-psa-ka, v. a. to cut a cord or string in two in the middle kibawapsaka.

> ki-ba'-s'a, n. one who is lazy, gets along with difficulty and blames himself much.

> ki-ba'-sde-ća, v. a. to slit or saw in the middle—kibawasdeća. See okibasdeća.

> ki-ba'-śpa, v. a. to cut in two in the middle, as an apple—kibawaśpa.

> ki-ble'-za, adj. T. convalescent; i. q. kamdeza.

> ki-bo'-ksa, v. a. to shoot in two in the middle—kibowaksa.

> ki-bo'-psa-ka, v.a. to shoot off in the middle, as a cord.

ki-bo'-spa, v. a. to shoot in two, as an apple—kibowaśpa.

 $ki - \acute{c}a'$, prep. in comp. for, from: as, opeton, to buy; opekićaton, to buy from.

ki-ća', v. pos. of ka; to mean one's own; to ask for or demand one's own—weća, yeća, unkićapi.

ki'-ća-da, v. a. of kada; to spill, as grain, for another—wećada, unkićadapi.

| ki'-ća-ġa, v. a. of kaġa; to make

to or for one: wowapi kićaga, to write a letter to one-wećaga, yećaġa, unkićaġapi, mićaġa, ćićaġa.

ki-ća'-ġa, v. pos. of kaga; to make for one's self-wećaga, etc.

ki-ća'-ġa, v. n. of ćaġa, to become ice again.

ki-ća'-ġo, v. of kaġo; to make a mark for one; to vaccinate.

ki'-ća-hda, v. of kahda; to fall out or unroll for one-mićahda, nićahda.

ki'-ća-hi, v. of kahi; to rummage for one—wećahi, unkićahipi, mićahi.

ki-ća'-kća, v. of kakća; to comb or curry one's own—wećakća.

ki'-ća-kin-ća, v of kakinća; to scrape, as a fish, for one-wećakinéa, unkiéakinéapi.

ki'-ća-kpa, v. of kakpa; to strike into for one: kan kićakpa, to cut a vein for, i. e., to bleed one.

ki'-ća-ksa, v. of kaksa; to cut in two for one, as a stick, with an ax wećaksa, unkićaksapi.

ki-ća'-ksa, v. a. to cut in two in the middle with an ax or by striking; to break, as a law, to disobey-kiwakaksa, kiunkaksapi.

ki'-ća-ku-ka, v. of kakuka; to pound to pieces or destroy for one, as clothing-wećakuka.

ki'-ća-mde-ća, v. of kamdeća; to break for one by striking, as brittle ware—wećamdeća. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, kića-

ki'-ća-mna, v. of kamna; to col- | ki-ća'-śpa, v. a. to cut in two in

lect or gather together for one; to earn for one—wećamna, mićamna.

ki-ćan', v. to call on the dead when wailing for them, as in crying, "Mićinkśi, mićinkśi," my son, my son!-wećan, unkićanpi.

ki'-ćaŋ-pta, *v. a.* to comfort one; to take sides with, desire to help onewećanpta, unkićanptapi. Hence, wićakićappte, a comforter.

ki-ćan'-yan, v. a. to work; to till, cultivate, as the ground—wakićanmda and wakićanyan, yakićanda, unkićanyanpi. See ahtani and htani.

ki'-ća-psag, cont. of kićapsaka; kićapsag iyeya.

ki'-ća-psa-ka, v. of kapsaka; to cut in two, as a string, for one wećapsaka, unkićapsakapi.

ki-ća'-psa-ka, v. a. to cut in two, as a string, in the middle—kiwakapsaka.

ki-ća'-psan, v.a. to shake for or to one: pa kićapsan, to bow the head to one-wećapsan.

 $ki'-\acute{c}a-psu\eta$, v. of kapsun; to knock over and spill out, as water for one—wećapsun.

ki'-ća-pśun, v. of kapśun; to strike or knock off, as a horn, for one-wećapśun.

ki'-ća-pta, v. Same as kićanpta. ki'-ća-sde-ća, v. of kasdeća; to split in two for one—wećasdeća.

ki'-ća-śpa, v. of kaśpa; to divide for one-wećaśpa.

- the middle, as an apple—kiwakaśpa, kiunkaśpapi.
- ki'-ća-tpa, v. Same as kićakpa ki'-ća-we-ġa, v. of kaweġa; to partly break or fracture for one wećaweġa.
- ki'-ća-wi-hnu-ni, v. of kawihnuni; to destroy for one—wećawihnuni.
- ki-ći', prep. with, together with: kići mda, I go with him.
- k i'- é i, prep. in comp. for: kiéiéahdi, to bring home for one.
- ki-ći', prep. in comp. to each other. This makes the reciprocal form of verbs: as, ećakićićoppi, they do to each other; wastekićidapi, they love each other.
- ki-ći'-a-ta-ye-ki-ći-ya, v.
 T. to meet face to face; to meet squarely kićiatayewećiya. See itkokipa.
- ki-ći'-ća, v. n. to be with, together with, following with, on the same side with; to have for a companion: ki-ćića wota, of the same age with—wećića, unkićićapi, mićića.
- ki-ći'-ća, n. T. a friend, or his friend or companion. See kićuwa.
- ki'-ći-ća-da, v. of kada; to pour out or spill for one—wećićada, mićićada.
- ki'-ći-ća-ġa, v. of kaġa; to make anything for another—wećićaġa, uŋkićićaġapi. In use there is a difference between "kićaġa" and "kićićaġa." If one writes a letter to another, he uses "kićaġa"; if he

- writes for or in the place of another, he uses "kićićaġa."
- k i'- é i é a ġ e ġ e , v. of kaġeġe; to sew anything for one—wećićaġeġe, unkićićaġeġepi, mićićaġeġe.
- ki'-éi-éa-hda, v. of ahda; to take to one's home for him—weéiéa-hda, miéiéahda, uŋkiéiéahdapi.
- ki'-ći-ća-hdi, v. of ahdi; to bring to one's home for him—wećićahdi, unkićićahdipi.
- ki'-ći-ća-hi, v. of ahi; to bring to a place for one—wećićahi, unkićićahipi.
- k i'- é i é a h i ŋ t a, v. of kahiŋta; to sweep for one—wećićahiŋta, uŋkićićahiŋtapi.
- k i'- é i é a h n i ġ a, v. of kahniġa; to choose or select for one—wećićahniġa.
- ki'-ći-ća-hu-ġa, v. of kahuġa; to fracture for one, break in, as the skull or a barrel-head, for one—wećićahuġa.
- k i'- é i é a h u h u ġ a, v. red. of kićićahuġa.
- ki-ći'-ća-i, v. of ai; to take to a place for one—wećićai, unkićićaipi.
- ki'-ći-ća-kan, v. of kakan; to hew for one—wećićakan, mićićakan.
- ki'-éi-éa-kéa, v. of kakéa; to comb, as hair for one—weéiéakéa.
- ki'-ći-ća-ki, v. of aki; to have taken to one's home for him—weći-ćaki, unkićićakipi.
- ki'-ći-ća-kiŋ-ća, v. of kakiŋća; to scrape for one—wećićakiŋća.
- another, he uses "kićaga"; if he ki'-ći-ća-ksa, v. of kaksa; to cut

- mićićaksa, ćićićaksa.
- ki'-ći-ća-ksa-ksa, v. red. of kićićaksa; to cut up, as fire-wood, for another—wećićaksaksa.
- ki'-ći-ća-ku, v. of aku; to be bringing something home for one wećićaku, unkićićakupi.
- ki'-ći-ća-ku-ka, v. of kakuka; to pound to pieces for one-wećićakuka, mićićakuka.
- v. of kaki'-ći-ća-mde-ća, mdeća; to break up for one, as dishes, by striking—wećićamdeća. T., kićićableća.
- ki'-ći-ća-sde-ća, v. of kasdeća; to split, as wood for one—wećićasdeća.
- ki'-ći-ća-sde-sde-ća, v. red. of kićićasdeća.
- ki'-ći-ća-śda, v. of kaśda; to cut or make bare for one, as in mowing—wećićaśda.
- ki'-ći-ća-śka, v. of kaśka; to tie or bind for one-wećićaska, unkićićaskapi.
- ki'-ći-ća-śpa, v. of kaśpa; to deliver from, to relieve or free from one; to separate for one—wećićaśpa, unkićićaśpapi.
- ki'-ći-ća-śta-ka, v. of kaśtaka; to smite for one-wećićaśtaka, unkićićastakapi.
- ki'-ći-ća-śtan, v. of kastan; to pour out or spill for one—wećićastan, unkićićastanpi.
- ki'-ći-ća-u, v. of kau; to bring for one-wećićau, mićićau.

- off, as a stick, for one—wećićaksa, | ki'-ći-ća-we-ġa, v. of kaweġa; to break or partly break for one wećićawega, unkićićawegapi.
 - ki-ći'-ća-wo-ta, n. one of the same age.
 - ki'-ći-ća-ya, v. of kaya: to take or carry to a place for one—wećićamda, yećićada.
 - ki-ći'-ća-ya, v. of kićića; to have for a companion—kićićawaya.
 - ki'-ći-ća-zun-ta, v. of kazunta; to weave for one-wećićazunta, mićićazunta.
 - ki'-ći-ća-źu-źu, v. of kaźuźu; to pay for anything for another; to erase for one; to forgive one-wećićaźuźu, unkićićaźuźupi.
 - ki'-ći-ćin, v. of ćin; to desire or ask for, for another—wećićin, mićićin.
 - ki-ći'-ćin-yan, v. to go with, be with, accompany, as one's friend— T., kićićaya. wećićinyan.
 - ki-ći'-ćo-pi, v. recip. of kićo; to call cach other—unkićićopi: kićićo wotapi, a feast in which a general invitation is given.
 - ki'-ći-ću-te, v. of kute; to shoot anything for another—wećićute, mićićute.
 - ki-ći'-ću-te-pi, v. recip. shoot each other, as in the wakan waćipi—uŋkićićutepi.
 - ki'-ći-ćin, v. of kin; to carry or pack for one—wećićin.
 - ki-ći'-ġe-pi, v.recip. of kiġe; to quarrel with each other—unkićigepi, yećigepi. T., akoyekićiya.

- remain for one-mićihan, nićihan: mazaska zaptan mićihan, five dollars are due me. See ikićihan.
- ki'-ći-hde, v. of hde; to place or set for one-wecihde.
- ki'-ći-hde-dan, v. to revenge, punish—wećihdedan, mićihdedan.
- ki-ći'-hde-ya, adv. one by one: kićihdeya au, they come one at a time or one after another. T., ićiyakigle and ićiyakiglegle.
- ki'-ći-hdo-hi, v. of hdohi; to bring one's own to him, return it wećihdohi.
- ki'-ći-hdo-i, v. of hdoi; to have taken one's own to him-wećihdoi.
- ki'-ći-hdo-ya, v. of hdoya; to take one's own to him—wećihdoya.
- ki'-ći-hi-yo-hi, v. T. to go and fetch for one: i. q. kihuwe—wećihiyohi mda, I go to bring for him.
- ki'-ći-hna-ka, v. of hnaka; to lay away or lay up for one-wećihnaka, unkićihnakapi.
- ki-ći'-hna-na, adv. alone with any one or anything. T., kićiśnala.
- ki'-ći-ha, v. of ha; to bury for one-wećiha.
- ki'-ći-han-yan, v. of hanyan; to fail or become worse for one, as one's sick child—mićihanyan.
- ki-ći'-hmuŋ-ġa-pi, v. recip. of hmunga; to bewitch each other unkićihmungapi.
- ki'-ći-kpa-mni, v. of pamni; to divide among themselves.

- ki'-ći-han, v. of han; to be or ki'-ći-ksu-ya, v. of kiksuya; to recollect for one-wećiksuya, mićiksuya
 - ki-ći'-kśan, v. T. to wrestle with. See kikśan and kiihduśpa.
 - ki-ći'-kte-pi, v. recip. to kill each other-unkićiktepi.
 - $ki'-\acute{c}i-ku-\acute{z}a$, v. T. of kuźa; to be sick for one, as one's child: i. q. kikanheźa.
 - ki-ćin', v of ćin; to desire one's own; to desire for one; to desire of one. See okićin.
 - ki-ćin'-in, v. pos. of kinin; to throw, as stones, 'at one's own—wećinin, unkićininpi.
 - ki'-ći-pa, v. a. to assist one, as with something to carry on a game in gambling; to espouse, reserve, as a girl with the intention of marrying her; to keep for one-wećipa. See kipa.
 - ki'-ći-pa-be, v. of paman; to file for one—wećipabe. T., kićipame.
 - ki'-ći-pa-ġan, v. of paġan; to part with for one-wećipagan.
 - ki-ći'-pa-gan-pi, v. recip. part with each other, as a man and his wife—unkićipaganpi.
 - ki'-ći-pa-ġo, v. of paġo; to carve for one—wećipaġo.
 - ki'-ći-pa-hi, v. of pahi; to pick or gather up for one-wećipahi, unkićipahipi, mićipahi.
 - ki'-ći-pa-hmun, v. of pahmun; to twist, as a string, for one—wećipahmun.

- ki'-ći-pa-kća, v. of pakća; to | ki-ći'-pa-źin-pi, v. recip. of kicomb out straight for one—wećipakća.
- ki'-ći-pa-kin-ta, v. of pakinta; to wipe for one-wećipakinta, unkićipakintapi.
- ki'-ći-pa-mde-ća, v. of pamdeća; to break for one—wećipamdeća. T., kićipableća.
- ki'-ći-pa-mni, v. of pamni; to divide for one-wećipamni, unkićipamnipi.
- ki-ći'-pa-mni-pi, v. recip. to divide among themselves—unkicipamnipi, yećipamnipi. T., kićikpamnipi. See kićikpamni
- ki'-ći-pan, v. of pan; to call to one for another—wećipan, unkićipanpi.
- ki'-ći-pa-pson, v. of papson; to spill or pour out for one, as waterwećipapson.
- ki'- $\acute{e}i$ pa-snun, v. of pasnun; to roast, as meat, for one—wećipa-
- ki'-ći-pa-su-ta, v. of pasuta; to knead or make stiff, as bread, for one-wećipasuta.
- ki'-ći-pa-ta, v. of pata; to cut up or carve for one—wećipata.
- ki'-ći-pa-tan, v. of patan; to take care of for one-wećipatan, unkićipatanpi, mićipatan.
- ki'-ći-pa-zo, v. of pazo; to point to for one-wećipazo, unkićipazopi.
- ki'-ći-pa-źa-źa, v. of paźaźa; to wash out for one, as a gun—wećipaźaźa.

- paźin; they oppose each other—unkićipaźiŋpi.
- ki'-ći-pa-źu-źu, v. of paźuźu; to erase for one-wećipaźuźu.
- ki'- $\acute{e}i$ -pe-han, v. of pehan; to fold up for one-wećipehan, unkićipehanpi.
- ki'-ći-pe-mni, v. n. of pemni; to become crooked or twisted for one-mićipemni.
- ki-ćis', cont. of kićiza; kićis wacippi, they want to fight.
- ki-ćis'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to fight.
- ki'-ći-son, v. of son; to braid for one-wećison.
- ki'-ći-su-ta, v. n. of suta; to become hard or firm for one-mićisuta, unkićisutapi.
- ki'-ći-śi-ća, v. n. of śića; to become bad to or for one-micisica.
- ki-ćiś'-na-na, pron. with him, her, or it alone—wećiśnana, yećiś-
- ki-ći'-ti-dan, v. to side with one, to be of the same opinion, to be on the same side of a question-kićiwati-T., ićiya. dan.
- ki'-ći-ton, v. of ton; to have or acquire for one; to bear or have a child to or for one—wećiton, mićiton: kićitonpi, born to one.
- ki'-ći-tu-ka, v. to beg for one-T., kićićin. wećituka.
- ki'-ći-wa-śte, v. n. of waśte; to be good or become good for one-mićiwaste.

- ki-ći'-ya-ćo-pi, v. recip. of yaćo; to judge or condemn each other unkićiyaćopi. T., kićiyasupi.
- k i'- é i y a h d e é a, v. of yahdeéa; to tear in pieces with the mouth for one—weéiyahdeéa.
- ki'-ći-ya-hde-hde-ća, v. red. of kićiyahdeća.
- k i'- é i y a h e p a, v. of yahepa; to drink up for one—wećiyahepa.
- k i'- ć i y a h t a k a, v. of yahtaka; to bite for one—wećiyahtaka.
- ki'- éi- ya-mna, v. of yamna; to acquire for one by talking—wećiya-mna.
- ki'-ći-yaŋ-ka, v. n. of yaŋka; to be or exist for one—mićiyaŋka. See kićihaŋ.
- ki'-ći-ya-o-ni-haŋ, v. of yaonihaŋ; to praise for one—wećiyaonihaŋ.
- ki'-ći-ya-o-taŋ-iŋ, v. of yaotaŋiŋ; to make manifest for one wećiyaotaŋiŋ.
- ki'-éi-ya-pa, v. of yapa; to hold in the mouth for one; to suck for one, as in conjuring—weéiyapa. See kiyapa. The Dakotas, in their powwowing or conjuring, shake their gourd-shell and other rattles over the sick person, singing with all their might as an accompaniment. When this ceases, they apply their mouths to that part of the body which seems to be more especially affected by the disease, and draw out, as they say, that which is the cause of the sickness, whether that

- be matter or spirit. Undoubtedly this process does often answer as good a purpose as cupping or leeching.
- ki'-ći-ya-po-ta, v. of yapota; to tear up with the mouth for one wećiyapota, mićiyapota.
- ki'-ći-ya-psa-ka, v. of yapsaka; to bite off, as a string, for one—wećiyapsaka.
- ki'-ći-ya-su, T. v. of yasu; to judge or condemn for one.
- ki'-ći-ya-śpa, v. of yaśpa; to bite off a piece for one—wećiyaśpa, mićiyaśpa.
- ki'-ći-ya-tan, v. of yatan; to praise for one—wećiyatan, mićiyatan.
- k i'- é i y a t a ŋ i ŋ, v. of yataŋiŋ; to make manifest or declare for one wećiyataŋiŋ.
- ki'-ći-ya-wa, v. of yawa; to count for one; to account to one—wećiyawa, unkićiyawapi.
- ki'-ći-yu-ćan, v. of yućan; to sift for one—wećiyućan, mićiyu-ćan.
- ki'-ći-yu-ġaŋ, v. of yuġaŋ; to husk, as corn, for one—wećiyuġaŋ.
- ki'-ći-yu-ġa-ta, v. of yuġata; to open out, as the hand, for one wećiyuġata.
- ki'-ći-yu-ha, v. of yuha; to have for one, keep for one—wećiyuha, uŋkićiyuhapi.
- ki'-ći-yu-hmuŋ, v. of yuhmuŋ; to twist for one.
- cause of the sickness, whether that | ki'-ći-yu-ho-mni, v. of yu-

- homni; to turn round for one—wećiyuhomni, mićiyuhomni.
- k i'- é i y u h u h u z a, v. of yuhuhuza; to shake for one—wećiyuhuhuza. T., kićiyuhunhunza.
- k i'-ć i-y u-h d e-ć a, v. of yuhdeća; to tear for one—wećiyuhdeća.
- ki'-ći-yu-hdo-ka, v. of yu-hdoka; to open or make a hole for one—wećiyuhdoka.
- ki'-ći-yu-kćan, v. of yukćan; to form an opinion about anything for another—wećiyukćan.
- ki'-ći-yu-kpaŋ, v. of yukpaŋ; to grind, as grain, for one—wećiyukpaŋ, mićiyukpaŋ.
- ki'-ći-yu-ksa, v. of yuksa; to break off for one—wećiyuksa, mićiyuksa.
- ki'-ći-yu-kśaŋ, v. of yukśaŋ; to bend for one.
- ki'-ći-yu-man, v. of yuman; to grind, as an ax, for one—wećiyuman.
- ki'-éi-yu-mda-ya, v. of yumdaya; to spread out for one—weéiyumdaya.
- ki'-ći-yu-mdu, v. of yumdu; to plow or break up for one—wećiyumdu, mićiyumda.
- ki'-ći-yu-o-ta, v. of yuota; to multiply for one—wećiyuota, unkićiyuotapi.
- ki'-ći-yu-o-wo-tan-na, v. of yuowotanna; to straighten for one wećiyuowotanna.
- ki'-ći-yu-po-ta, v. of yupota; to wear out or destroy for one—wećiyupota.

- ki'-ći-yu-psa-ka, v. of yupsaka; to break, as a cord, for another wećiyupsaka.
- ki'-ći-yu-pśuŋ, v. of yupśuŋ; to pull out or extract for one, as a tooth—wećiyupśuŋ, mićiyupśuŋ.
- ki'-ći-yu-saŋ-pa, v. of yusaŋpa; to increase or extend for one—wećiyusaŋpa.
- ki'-ći-yu-sa-pa, v. of yusapa; to blacken for one.
- ki'-ći-yu-ski-ski-ta, v. red. of kićiyuskita.
- ki'-ći-yu-ski-ta, v of yuskita; to bind or wrap up for one—wećiyuskita.
- ki'-ći-yu-so-ta, v. of yusota; to use up for one—wećiyusota, mićiyusota.
- ki'-ći-yu-sto, v. of yusto; to make smooth for one—wećiyusto, mićiyusto.
- ki'-ći-yu-su-ta, v. of yusuta; to make firm for one—wećiyusuta.
- ki'-ći-yu-śa-pa, v. of yuśapa; to defile for one—wećiyuśapa.
- ki'-ći-yu-śdo-ka, v. of yuśdoka; to pull off for one, as clothes—wećiyuśdoka.
- k i'- ć i y u ś i ć a, v. of yuśića; to make bad or spoil for one—wećiyuśića.
- ki'-ći-yu-śi-htin, v. of yuśihtin; to enfeeble for one; to injure for one—wećiyuśihtin.
- ki'-ći-yu-śka, v. of yuśka; to loosen for one—wećiyuśka.

- ki'-ći-yu-śna, v. of yuśna; to make a mistake for one—wećiyu-śna.
- ki'-ći-yu-śpi, v. of yuśpi; to gather or pick off, as berries, for one—wećiyuśpi.
- ki'-ći-yu-śtan, v. of yuśtan; to finish or perfect for one—wećiyuśtan.
- ki'-éi-yu-ta, v. of yuta; to eat anything for one—wećiyuta, mićiyuta.
- ki-ći'-yu-ta, v. to eat with onekićiwata.
- ki'-ći-yu-ta-pi, v. recip. to eat one another.
- ki'-ći-yu-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. of yutakuniśni; to destroy for another—wećiyutakuniśni.
- k i'- é i -y u t' a ŋ; v. of yut'aŋ; to touch for one—weéiyut'aŋ, miéiyut'aŋ.
- k i'- é i y u t a ŋ i ŋ, v. of yutanin; to manifest for one—wećiyutanin.
- k i'- ć i y u t a ŋ k a, v. of yutaŋka; to enlarge for another—weciyutaŋka.
- ki'-ći-yu-te-ća, v. of yuteća; to make new for one—wećiyuteća.
- ki'-ći-yu-te-han, v. of yutehan; to make a delay for one—weciyutehan.
- ki'-ći-yu-to-kan, v. of yutokan; to put in another place or remove for one—wećiyutokan.
- ki'-ći-yu-to-ke-ća, v of yutokeća; to make different for one wećiyutokeća.

- ki'-ći-yu-tpan, v. of yutpan. Same as kićiyukpan.
- ki'-ći-yu-wa-ś'a-ka, v. of yuwaś'aka; to make strong for one wećiyuwaś'aka.
- k i'- ć i y u w a ś t e , v. of yuwaśte: to make good for one—wećiyuwaśte, mićiyuwaśte.
- k i'- ć i y u w e ġ a, v. of yuweġa; to partly break for one, as a stick wećiyuweġa.
- ki'-ći-yu-za, v. of yuza; to hold for one.
- ki'-ći-yu-za-mni, v. of yuzamni; to open out or uncover for one—wećiyuzamni, mićiyuzamni.
- ki-ći'-yu-za-pi, v. recip. to hold each other, to take each other, as man and wife: wakan kićiyuzapi, marriage.
- k i'-ći-y u-źa, v. of yuźa; to make mush for one—wećiyuźa, mićiyuźa.
- ki'-ći-yu-źa-źa, v. of yuźaźa; to wash for one.
- ki'-ći-yu-źuŋ, v. of yuźuŋ; to pull out by the roots for one—weći-yuźuŋ.
- ki'-ći-yu-źu-źu, v. of yuźuźu; to tear down or tear to pieces for one—wećiyuźuźu.
- ki-ći'-za, v. of kiza; kići kićiza, to quarrel or fight with one—kići wećiza.
- ki-ći'-za-pi, n. a fighting, fight. ki-ćo', v. a. to call to a feast, invite; to call to any assembly or for any purpose—wećo, yećo, unkićopi, mićo, nićo, ćićo.

- ki-ćon'-za, v. See kićunza.
- ki'-cu, v. of ku; to restore to one, give to one what belongs to him—weću, yeću, unkićupi, miću, niću, ćiću. According to analogy this should be kiću, but it is not.
- ki-ćuŋ'-ni, v. to leave off, abstain from what one was about to do; to give over, be discouraged; to excuse, not press any further—wećuŋni. See iyaćuŋni and iyakićuŋni.
- ki-ćuŋ'-ni-yaŋ, adv. carelessly, not heartily: kićuŋniyaŋ epa, I said it but did not wish it.
- ki-ćun'-ske, adv. half full.
- ki-ću n'-ske-han, adv. half full, as a vessel.
- ki-ćuη'-za, v. to determine in regard to—wećuŋza.
- ki-ću'-wa, n. a friend, i. q. koda. Used chiefly by the Sissetons and some of the Teetons of the Missouri. See kićića.
- ki-ću'-wa, v. pos of kuwa; to follow up, pursue, as in giving medicine to one's child—wećuwa.
- ki-ća', v. pos of ka; to dig one's own; to dig for one—weća.
- ki'-ćin, v. pos. of kin; to carry or pack one's own, as one's own child, or one's own corn, etc.—wećin, unkićinpi.
- ki-ćon, v. Same as kićun.
- ki-ćun', v. a. to put on or wear as clothes; to use—wećun, yećun, un-kićunpi: tawaćin kićun, to have one's own way, be stubborn; oie kićun, to use language.

- ki-ćuŋ'-ki-ći-ći-ya, v. a. to put on for one, help one to put on, as clothes—kićuŋwećićiya.
- ki-ćuŋ'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to put on—kićuŋwakiya.
- ki-ćun'-ya, v. a. to cause to put on—kićunwaya.
- ki-da', v. of da, to ask; to ask or beg of one—wakida, yakida, unkidapi, makida
- ki-da', v. pos. of da, to think, esteem. See wastekida.
- ki-da'-ka, v. Same as kida. See wastekidaka.
- ki-de'-de, adv. just as it happens: kidede wohdaka, he talks at random; kidede omawani, I walk without any purpose. This appears to be used when one has no determination to do or not to do a thing.
- ki-do'-wan, v. of dowan; to sing to, as to a child—wakidowan.
- ki-gla', v.n. T. to have gone home; i. q. kihda.
- ki-gni', v. n. T. to go home; wagni, I go home; yagni, you go home.
- ki-gnu'-ni, v. T. to lose one's own—wegnuni.
- ki'- ġe, v. a to scold, vex, quarrel with—wakiġe, yakiġe, unkiġepi, makiġe, ćićiġe.
- ki-hbe', v. to resemble. Same as kihma.
- ki-hda' or kin-hda', v. n. to have gone home. It generally refers to past time, though it may be used in the future. In all the persons except the third, "ya" is in-

- serted, as if from kiyahda—waki-yahda, yakiyahda, unkiyahdapi.
- ki-hda'-pa, v. to dress or paint, as the face and body—wehdapa, unkihdapapi. T., śaićiya.
- ki-hde', v. Same as kihda.
- ki-hde', v. of hde; to place for, make ready for one; to place or lay up one's own—wehde, unkihdepi. See kihnaka and kionpa.
- ki-hde'-ġa, v.a. to overtake onewehdeġa, yehdeġa, unkihdeġapi, mihdeġa. See ehdeġa and ekihdeġa.
- ki-hde'-ya, v. a. to send off home—kihdewaya.
- ki-hdu'-śpa, v. pos. to break in two one's own—kiwahduśpa, kiunhduśpapi.
- ki-hi', v. n. to be fledged. as young birds; to become large enough to provide for one's self. See unćihi.
- ki-hi'-ya, v. a. to raise, as a child, train up to manhood—kihiwaýa, kihiunyanpi. T., unčihiya.
- ki-hi'-ye-ya, v. a. to shoot an arrow as far as one can—kihiyewaya, kihiyeunyanpi. T., kiinyeya.
- ki-hi'-ye-ya-pi, n. a bow-shot. ki-hma', v. n. to look like, resemble, i. q. kinma—wehma, and wakihma, yehma.
- ki-hna', va. to caress, fondle, as a child; to comfort—wehna, yehna, unkihnapi. T., kigna. See kihnayan.
- ki-hnag', cont. of kihnaka; kihnag wahi, I came to lay away.

- ki-hnag'-ya, v. a. to cause to lay up one's own—kihnagwaya.
- ki-hna'-hna, v. red. of kihna.
- ki-hna'-ka, v. a. of hnaka; to lay up for, keep for one; to lay up one's own; to put off, stop proceedings—wehnaka, yehnaka, unkihnakapi. T., kignaka. See kihde.
- ki-hna'-yan, v. a. to caress, to fondle—wakihnayan. T., kigna-yan. See kihna.
- ki-hnug', cont. of kihnuka; kihnug iyaya, to go under water, dive—kihnug imdamde.
- ki-hnug'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to dive—kihnugwakiya.
- ki-hnu'-ka, v. to dive—wehnuka, yehnuka.
- ki-hnu'-ni, v. n. of hnuni; to be bewildered, not able to remember how to do a thing—wakihnuni. T., ki-gnuni and waćingnuni.
- ki-hnu'-ni-ya, v. a. to bewilder, cause to make a mistake—kihnuni-waya, kihnunimayan.
- ki-huŋ'-ni, v. n. to get through, reach home—wakihuŋni, uŋkihuŋ-nipi. See ihuŋni.
- ki'-hu-we, v. of huwe; kihuwe ya, to go to bring something for another—kihuwe mda. T, kićihiyohi.
- ki-han', v of han; to do to one, to treat one in any way—wakihan, makihan. T., okihan. See kiskan.
- ki-haŋ'-na, v. dim. of kihaŋ; kihaŋna hiŋća, to do only a little for one.

- ki-haŋ'-śi-ća, v.n. to be bad or | ki-ki'-hda, or ki-kiŋ'-hda, v. stormy weather, to rain or snow. T.,ośićećake.
- ki-han'-śi-ksu-ya, v. to know by one's feelings that unpleasant weather is coming—kihansiwaksuya.
- ki-han'-yan, v. of hanyan; to be likely to die to or for one, as one's child—makihanyan, nićihanyan. T., kićihanyan.
- ki-hdo', v. pos. of hdo; to growl over one's own, as a dog over his bone.
- ki-ho', v. See akiho.
- ki-i'-hda-ksa, v. reflex. of kićaksa; to injure one's self-kimihdaksa, kinihdaksa.
- ki-i'-hdu-śpa, v. reflex. to free one's self, to wrestle. Perhaps this is only used in the plural; as, kiihduśpapi, they wrestle at arms' length—kiunkihduspapi. *T.*, igluśpa. See kićikśan.
- $ki i\eta' ya\eta ka$, v. n. of inyanka; to run with one; to run with some object in view.
- ki-in'-yan-ka-pi, n. a running, a race.
- $ki i \eta' y e y a$, v. T. to shoot or make fly an arrow: i. q. kihiyeya.
- $ki-i\eta'-ye-ya-pi$, n. T. a bow-
- $ki ka \eta' he \acute{z}a$, v. n. pos. of kanheźa; to be sick for or to one, as one's child—makikanheźa. T., kićikuźa
- ki-ka'-tan-ka, n. a species of duck, about as large as the mallard, with a sharp bill.

- n. to go home and leave one, as one's dog or horse-makikihda, nićićihda, unkikihdapi. T., kićikigla.
- ki-ki'-ta, adj. tough, elastic. T., zigzića.
- ki-ksam', cont. of kiksapa.
- ki-ksa'-pa, v.n. of ksapa; to become wise; to consult—wakiksapa.
- ki-ksu'-ya, v. a. to remember, recollect; to be conscious, have a feelor sense of-weksuya, yeksuya, unkiksuyapi, miksuya, niksuya, ćiksuya.
- ki-ksu'-ye-ki-ya, v. a. cause to remember—kiksuyewakiya.
- ki-ksu'-ye-śni, v.n. to be unconscious, to be numb; as nape weksuyeśni, my hand is numb.
- ki-ksu'-ye-ya, v.a. to cause to remember—kiksuyewaya.
- ki-kśan', v. a. to violate, commit a rape on; to take without leave—wakikśaŋ, uŋkikśaŋpi. T., kiśleya. See kićikśan and kiśdeya.
- ki-kśaŋ'-pi, n. rape. See wikikśanpi. T., wikiśleyapi.
- ki-kta', v. n. to awake from sleep; to be awake-wekta, yekta, unkiktapi.
- ki-kta'-han, part. awake: kiktahan un, to keep awake.
- ki-kte', v. a. of kte; to kill one's own; to kill for one—wekte, yekte, unkiktepi, mikte.
- ki-kto', v.a. to take a boat to, bring over the river—wakikto, makikto.
- ki-kto'-ya, v. a. to cause to come

- over, ferry over—kiktowaya: kiktoićiya, to ferry one's self over.
- ki-ku'-se, v. pos. of kuse; to leak out for one—makikuse, nićikuse, unkikusepi.
- ki-ku'-te, v. of kute; to shoot anything for another, as ducks—wakikute, unkikutepi, makikute.
- ki-ku'-źa. v. pos. of kuźa; to be sick for one; to have one sick, as a child—makikuźa.
- ki-ma'-ka, v. to be renewed, as an old field that has become good again.
- ki'-ma-ma, n. the butterfly. T., kimimela and gmimela.
- ki'-ma-ma-na, n. Same as kimama.
- k i m d e' é a , v. n. of mdeéa; to break up, as a gathering of people. T., kibleéa.
- ki-mde'-za, v. n. of mdeza; to become clear-headed again, to recover from a drunken fit—wakimdeza and wemdeza. T, kibleza.
- ki-mi'-me-la, n. T. the butter-fly; i. q. kimama.
- ki-mna'-haŋ, v. n. to fall off, to rip off for one—makimnahaŋ. See mna and mnahaŋ.
- ki-mni', v. of mni; to spread out one's own to dry in the sun—wemni, yemni, unkimnipi
- ki-na-han', conj. if, when. See kinhan.
- ki-na'-ksa, v. a. of naksa; to break' in two with the foot, to break in the middle—kinawaksa, kinaunksapi.

- ki-na'-pa, v. to come or go forth out of; to have passed through in going home—wakinapa. See inapa.
- ki-na'-psa-ka, v of napsaka; to break in two in the middle with the foot, as a string—kinawapsaka.
- ki-na'-ptu-źa, v. of naptuźa; to split or crack in the middle with the foot or by frost—kinawaptuźa.
- ki-na'-śpa, v. of naśpa; to break off about half with the foot—kinawaśpa.
- ki-na'-źiŋ, v. (ki and naźiŋ) to reach home and stand; to stand again in one's place, recover one's position wakinawaźiŋ, yakinayaźiŋ.
- ki-nbe', v. See kinma.
- ki-ni', v. n. of ni; to live again, to return to life, as one dead; to revive, recover from fainting, etc.—wakini, unkinipi.
- ki'-ni-han, or ki-ni'-han, v. a. to honor, respect, reverence, have confidence in—wakinihan, unkinihanpi.
- ki'-ni-haŋ-pi, part. honored, respected.
- ki'-ni-haŋ-śni-yaŋ, adv. dis-honorably.
- ki'-ni-haŋ-yaŋ, adn. honorably, respectfully
- ki-ni'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to live again—kiniwakiya.
- ki-ni'-wan, v.n. of niwan; to swim home, swim back again—wakiniwan.
 T., kinowan.
- ki-nma', v. a. to be like, to resemble in any respect; to look like in

features or form; to be like in character, as a child resembles its parents—wakinbe, unkinmanpi, makinbe, nićinbe: atkuku kinma, he resembles his father. See kihma.

ki - no' - wan, v. T. of nowan; to swim home, swim back.

ki-nu'-kan, or kin-nu'-kan, separately, between two, divided, each having a part: kinukan ehnaka, to divide, place in two piles.

ki-nu'-kan-ki-ya, adv. rately.

ki-nu'-kan-yan, sepa-

ki-nuŋ'-ka, v. n. to grow, flourish.

 $ki - nu\eta' - ka$, v. T. 2d per sing. of kiyunka; thou liest down.

kin, def. art. thc.When "a" or "an" changed to "e" precedes, kin becomes ćin.

kin'-ća, adj scraping. See yukinća.

kin-ća'-han, part. bare; fallen off, as hair from a dead animal, or as scales.

kin-ća'-wa-han, part. Same as kinćahan.

kin-han' conj. if, when. After "a" or "an" changed to "e," it becomes "ćinhan." See kinahan.

kin-hans', adv. and yet, if.

kin-hda', v. See kihda.

kin-in', v. a.to throw at: inyan on kinin, to pelt with stones, to stonewakinin, makinin, nićinin.

kins, cont. of kinza.

kins-kin'-za, v. red. of kinza; to | ki-pa'-tan, v. of patan; to keep for VOL. VII----19

grate or gnash, as the teeth; to squeak, as shoes do.

kin'-sko-ke-ća, adv. so large. See tinskokeća.

kin'-sko-sko-ke-ća, adv. red. of kinskokeća.

kin'-sko-sko-ya, adv. red. of kinskoya. See tinskoskoya.

kin'-sko-ya, adv. thus far around. kin-sle'-ya, adv. T. grating, as a wagon on snow. 'See kinza.

kin - ska', n. Ih. and T. a horn spoon; spoons; a large kind of tortoise. See tukiha.

 $k i \eta - y a \eta'$, v. n. to fly, as birds do: kinyan iyaya, it has flown.

kin-yan'-pi, n. those that fly, birds.

kin-ye', v. Same as kinyan: taku kinye ćin, birds.

kin'-za, v. n. to creak, to grate.

 $ki - o \eta' - p a$, v pos. of onpa; to layor place on one's own.

ki-pa', v. a. to keep for one, as a puppy or girl, to keep what one has bespoken for him—wakipa, unkipapi, makipa. See kićipa.

ki-pa'-kin-ta, v a. of pakinta; to cleanse away for one, wipe off wakipakinta, unkipakintapi.

ki-pa'-mni, v. a. of pamni; to divide or distribute to-wićawakipamni.

ki-pan', v. of pan; to call to one wakipan, unkipanpi.

ki-pa'-ta, v. pos. of pata; to cut up one's own, as meat: i. q. kpata.

- one; to mash up, as food—wakipatan.
- ki-pa'-ti-tan, v. of patitan; to push with all one's might, i. q. śagiçiyapi—wakipatitan.
- ki-pa'-ya, v. n. See kipayeća.
- ki-pa'-ye-ća, v. n. to rise up again, recover itself, as grass bent down.
- ki-pa'-zo, v. of pazo; to point to for one, to show to one—wakipazo, makipazo.
- ki-pa'-źiŋ, v.a. of paźiŋ; to stand up against, rebel against, oppose one—wakipaźiŋ, makipaźiŋ.
- ki-pa'-źin-yan, adv. opposing.
- ki-pi', v. n. to hold, contain, carry, as a vessel, cart, etc.; to be large enough to admit anything; to be large enough for, as a coat; to be sufficient for—makipi, nićipi, unkipipi. See okipi.
- ki-pi'-ya, v. a. to cause to fit kipiwaya; to go down well, as a bullet that fits the gun.
- ki-pi'-ya, adv. fittingly, fitly, properly: kipiya ećamon, I have done it fitly.
- ki-psi'-ća, v. to jump down from, alight from, as from a horse—waki-psića. See psića.
- ki-san', v. n of san; to become whitish for one—makisan.
- ki-sa'-pa, v. n. of sapa; to become black or bare again, as the ground by the disappearance of snow.
- ki-sa'-pa, n. bare ground.
- ki-sdi'-pa, v. of sdipa; to lick up

- one's own again, as a dog his vomit—wesdipa.
- ki-sna'-han, v. n to break and fall off, as beads from a strand, for one—makisnahan.
- ki-so', v. pos. to cut a string from a hide; to cut up one's own: whence kićiso and kićisoso.
- ki-son', v. pos. of son: to braid one's own—weson and wakison, yeson and yakison, unkisonpi.
- ki-so'-ta, v. n. of sota; to be used up for one—makisota, nicisota. See bosota, yasota, yusota, sonkiya, etc.
- ki-spa'-ya, v. n. of spaya; to be or become wet for one—makispaya: onlidohda nićispaya, thy coat is wet.
- ki-śde'-ya, or ki-śden-ya, v. a. to annoy, vex, continue to press or urge one; to make ashamed, to offend, dishonor—kiśdewaya. T., kiśleya.
- ki-śi'-ća, v. a. to check, oppose, put a stop to; to forbid, command to stop; to drive or kick out, as a dog from the house—wakiśića. See anića, iyokiśni, and kipaźin.
- ki-śkan', v. a. of śkan; to do to, act towards one—wakiśkan. See kihan.
- ki-śka'-ta, v. a. of śkata; to play to or with; to play for—wakiśkata.
- ki-śle'-ya, v. T. to seduce; i q. kiśdeya. See kikśan.
- ki-śto, adv. T. why: i. q kto.
- ki-tan', v. n. to stick to, as an opinion, continue to assert; to insist upon, not yield—wakitan, unkitanpi.

- ki'-tan, adv. scarcely, hardly.
- ki'-taŋ-e-ćiŋ-yaŋ, adv. slightly, just able: kitaŋećiŋyaŋ okihi, he was just able to do it.
- ki-tan'-in, v. of tanin; to appear or be visible for—makitanin.
- ki-taŋ'-iŋ-śni, v. n. to be lost for one—makitaŋiŋśni.
- ki'-taŋ-na, adv. a little, very little, in a slight degree: kitaŋna waśte, but a little good.
- ki'-tan-se, adv. with difficulty.
- ki-tan'-yan, adv. continuously; insisting upon
- ki-tan'-ye-héin, adv. T. poorly, not thoroughly. See kitan.
- ki-ta'-ta, v. a. to shake; i. q., ka-tata.
- ki-ta'-ta, adv. T. near together, frequently, in close succession.
- ki-ton', v. to put on, as clothes; to be clothed with, to wear, as wapaha kiton, to wear a hat—weton and wakiton, unkitonpi; to use, as, oie kiton, to use words
- ki-tu'-ka, v. a. to beg of, ask of—wakituka, makituka, cicituka. T., kila.
- ki'-ta, v. n. of ta; to die or be dead for one, as one's child—makita.
- ki-uŋ'-ni, v. n. to be hurt. See kiuŋniyan.
- ki-uŋ'-ni-ki-ya, v. a. to hurt, injure anything kiunniwakiya, kiunnimakiya.
- ki-uŋ'-ni-yaŋ, v. a. to hurt, injure—kiuŋniwaya, kiuŋniuŋyaŋpi, kiuŋnimayaŋ.

- ki-un'-yan, v. T. to lose for one, lose what belongs to another—waki-unyan.
- ki-wa'-kaŋ-he-źa, v. n. to desire to be with, to be on good terms or be intimate with—wakiwakaŋheźa. See wakaŋheźa.
- ki-wa'-ni, v. n. to be winter anew; said of snow squalls in the spring. See wanikisapa, waniyetu, etc.
- ki-wan'-ka, v. n. (ki and wanka) to go home and lie down, go and sleep at home; to sleep going home or on the way home—wakimunka, yakinunka. T., kiyunka.
- ki-wi'-ta-ya, adv. of witaya; together, assembled together.
- ki'-ya, v. aux. to cause, to make to be: ećon kiya, to cause to do; te kiya, to cause to die; samkiya, to make black. The place of the pronoun is before the "kiya."
- ki'-ya, v. aux. pos. of ya or yan.
- ki'-ya, adv. towards, as in ektakiya; separately, in different ways, in different places, as, yamnikiya yakonpi, they are in three different places.
- ki'-ya-dan, adv. near, nearto. See kiyedan and ikiyadan.
- ki'- ya-hda, v. to have gone home. This is used only in the first and second persons—wakiyahda, yakiyahda, unkiyahdapi. See kihda.
- ki-ya'-hda-pta, v. pos. of kiyakapta; to have passed over, as a hill, in going home—wakiyahdapta.
- ki-ya'-ka-pta, v. n. to have

- passed over, as a hill, in going home wakiyakapta or wakiyawakapta.
- ki-ya'-ksa, v. of yaksa; to bite in two in the middle—kimdaksa, kiunyaksapi.
- ki'-ya-la, T.; and ki'-ya-na, Ih. adv. near to, not far off; i. q., kiyadan.
- ki-ya'-mna, v. of yamna; to acquire for another by talking—wakiyamna, makiyamna. T., kićiyamna.
- ki-yan'-ya, v. to be nearly finish-T., kiyela ya. ing—kiyanmda. Compare hunhikiya and yustan.
- ki-ya'-pa, v. of yapa; to suck for, take in the mouth and suck, as the Dakota conjurers do in the case of a sick person—wakiyapa, makiyapa, unkiyapapi. See kićiyapa.
- **ki**-ya'-pa-pi, n. drawing with the mouth.
- ki-ya'-tan-in, v. a. of yatanin; to make manifest to or for—wakiyatanin.
- ki va' va, v. n. to go by or near a place—kiyawaya, kiyayaya.
- $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, v. of iyaya; to go by or pass. Part., went, gone—unkiyayapi.
- ki'-ye-dan, adv. near, near to. See ikiyedan, kiyadan, and kiyala.
- ki-yo'-hi, v. (ki and iyohi) reach home—wakiyohi, yakiyohi, unkiyohipi.
- ki'-yo-ki-źu, v. n. to unite. See iyokiźu, kokiźu, and okiźu.
- ki'-yo-ki-źu-ya, v. a. to put | Ki-yu'-ksa, n.p. a band of Da-

- together, cause to unite; to add together sum up—kiyokiźuwaya.
- ki'-yo-ki-źu-ya, adv. together, unitedly.
- ki'-yo-tan-ka, v. n. (ki and iyotanka) to arrive and remain at home. Said, by the person who arrives or by another person, when away from the place—wakimdotanka, yakidotanka, unkiyotankapi.
- ki-yu'-gan, v. a. of yugan; to open for one, as a door—wakiyu-
- ki-yu'-ġa-ta, v. a. of yuġata; to open as the hand to, to stretch out the hand to; to implore, as in worship-wakiyugata.
- ki-yu'-ha, v. of yuha; to have or keep for one—wakiyuha, unkiyuhapi. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ kićiyuha.
- ki-yu'-ha, v. a. to copulate, as the male and female of animals. Hence, Takiyuha wi, the moon when the deer copulate, answering to November.
- ki-yu'-kan, v. a. to make room for, as in a tent, give place to; to pass by or away from, leave unmolested—wakiyukan, unkiyukanpi, makiyukan, ćićiyukan. See tiyukan and yukan.
- to | ki-yu'-ksa, v. of yuksa; to break in two one's own; to break or violate, as a law or custom—kimduksa and wakimduksa, kiduksa, uŋkiyuksapi.

- kotas, Wapasha's band. So called, it is said, from the intermarrying of relations among them.
- ki-yu'-śe, v. a. to hate one, do evil to one—wakimduśe, yakiduśe, unkiyuśepi, makiyuśe, ćićiyuśe.
- ki-yu'-śka, v. a. of yuśka; to loose, untie, unharness; to release from prison or confinement—wakiyuśka and wakimduśka, yakiduśka, unkiyuśkapi.
- ki-yu'-śpa, v. a. of yuśpa; to break into pieces, divide, as bread; to divide, as in arithmetic; to deliver or free, as from a trap or evil of any kind—kimduśpa and wakimduśpa, kiduśpa and yakiduśpa, unkiyuśpapi, makiyuśpa.
- ki-yu'-śpa-pi, n. a dividing, delivering; in arithmetic, division.
- ki-yu'-śpa-pi-haŋ-ska, n. long division.
- ki-yu'- $\sin a$ - $\sin a$, v. red. of kiyu- $\sin a$
- ki-yu'-te, n. a strait or channel; an isthmus. See okiyute.
- k i y u' w e ġ a, v. of iyuweġa; to cross, as a stream, in going home wakimduweġa.
- ki-yu'-za, v. a. of yuza; to hold to one—wakiyuza.
 - ki-yu'-za-mni, v. a. of yuzamni; to open to or for one; to uncover for one—wakiyuzamni.
 - ki-yu'-źa-źa, v. of yuźaźa; to wash one's own; to wash for another—wakiyuźaźa.
 - ki'-za, v. a. to fight, quarrel with-

- wakiza, uŋkizapi, makiza, ćićiza. See okićize.
- ki-źo', v. a. of źo; to whistle for, call by whistling; wakiżo. See iwośokiya and iżoka.
- ki-źo'-źo, v. to whistle for, to call one's own by whistling, as one's dog—wakiźoźo.
- k m a, n. Ih. walnuts: i. q. hma. T., gma.
- kn. Yankton words beginning with "kn" will be found under "hn." e. g., knaśka; i. q. hnaśka.
- kni, v. Ih. i. q. hda. The sign of the future changes kda into kni; as, wakni kta, I will go home. See mni.
- ko, conj and, too, also. See kokta, koya, and nakun.
- ko, in comp. quick: waćinko, quick tempered; ohanko, quick at work. See kohan, kohanna, kokedan, and koyahanna.
- ko-a'-ka-ta, and ko-wa'-ka-ta, adv. Ih. and T. the other side, over or across, as a river: i. q. akasanpa.
- ko-a'-ka-taŋ-haŋ, adv. T. over the river; from the other side.
- ko da', n. the particular friend of a Dakota man. The Teetons say "kola" and "kićuwa"—mitakoda, nitakoda, takodaku.
- ko-da'-ki-éi-ya-pi, n. friendship. ko-da'-ya, v.a. to have for a par-
- ticular friend—kodawaya, kodamayan.
- kog, cont. of koka; kog hinhda, to make a sound, to rattle or ring.

- ko-han', adv. soon, quickly, now. T., koyanla.
- ko-han'-na, adv. soon, very soon, too soon, early. See kokohanna and koyahanna.
- ko-hans', adv. since that, so that.
- ko-hda'-mna, adv. around, over: kohdamna iću, to put or take around; surrounding. See ihduksan and oksan.
- ko-hda'-mna-yan, v.a to surround, restrain, cut off retreat—kohdamnawaya.
- ko-hda'-mni, adv. around, surrounding: kohdamni ya, to surround.
- ko-hda'-mni-yan, v. a. to go around, surround; i. q. kokamya kohdamniwaya.
- ko-hdi', adj. clear, translucent.
- ko-hdi'-hdi, adj. red. of kohdi. The flint-corn is so called from its translucency.
- k o'-k a, n. the sound of a bell, a ringing. See kokela.
- ko-ka', n. a keg, barrel, box: ćahdi koka, a powder-keg.
- ko-ka'-dan, n. dim. of koká; a small keg.
- ko-ka'-la, n. T. a keg.
- ko-ka'-la, adv. T. empty; i. q. ćokadan.
- ko-kam', adv. beyond, across, by a near way, before one; i. q. ákokam.
- ko-kam'-tu, adv. by a near way, across.
- ko-kam'-ya, v. to go across, go by a near way.

- soon, quickly, now. | k o k a' o ź u h a , n. an empty barrel.
 - ko-ka'-pa, adv. Same as kokam. ko-ka'-pa-hmi-hma, n. (koka and pahmihma) a keg that is rolled, i. e., a barrel. T., kokapagmiyan.
 - ko-ka'-pa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. by a near way, across. T., akokabya.
 - ko'-ke-dan, adv. quickly, rapidly: oicah kokedan, of quick growth; oyahe kokedan, it boils away fast. See ko and kokokan.
 - k o'-k e-l a, v. T. to make a noise, to rattle, as dishes.
 - ko'-ki-ća-hdo-ka, v. n. to be opened through on both sides: ko-kićahdog iyaya.
 - k o'-k i-ć a-ś p a, v. to dig two holes into one; to shoot twice in the same place—kowećaśpa. See okićaśpa.
 - k o'-ki-ći-wa-śiŋ, adv. See kokićiyasiŋ.
 - ko'-ki-ći-ya-lidan, adv. linked together, as the links of a chain; entangled, as the horns of a deer in brush.
 - k o'-ki-ći-ya-sin, adv. uniting, coming together and flowing on, as two streams in one; stuck or fastened together, as dogs after copulating; used also of potatoes in a bunch. See okićiyasin.
 - ko-ki'-pa, v.a. to fear, be afraid of one—kowakipa, koyakipa, koun-kipapi, komakipa, konićipa, koći-ćipa. See kopa.
 - ko-ki'-pa-pi, part. feared. Hence, wokokipe, fear.

ko-ki'-pe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause | ko-kta' and ko-kto', adj. to fear-kokipewakiya.

ko-ki'-pe-ya, v. a.to cause to fear, make afraid of-kokipewaya.

ko-ki'-pe-ya-han, adv. fearing, fearful, afraid: kokipeyahan waup, I am fearful.

ko'-ki-spa, v. n.to join, unite. T., ićiyakaška. See ośpaye.

ko'-ki-spe-ya, v. a. to cause to *join*—kokiśpewaya.

ko'-ki-źu, v. n. to come together See iyokiźu, kiyokiźu, and okiźu.

k o' - k i - ź u - y a , v. a. to cause to unite together.

ko'-ki-źu-ya, adv. unitedly.

ko'-ko, adv. red. of ko.

ko'-ko-dan, adv. lively. *T.*, kokoyela. See kokedan.

ko-kog'-ya, adv. of kokoka; rattling.

ko'-ko-han-na, adv. lively. See kohanna

 $k \circ -k \circ' - k \circ n$. to rattle, as a stiff skin.

ko-ko'-ya-han-na, n. Ih. a chicken, fowls; i. q. appaohotogna. T., kokoyahanla.

ko-ko'-yan-na, adv. red. of koyanna. See kokohanna.

ko-ko'-ye-la, adv. T. in quick succession.

ko-ko'-źu-ha, n. (koká and oźuha) an empty cask, barrel, or keg. T., kokaoźuha.

ko'-kta, adv. also, besides. See ko and koya.

T. one thousand.

ko'-kta-ya, adv. besides.

ko-kto'-pa-win-ġe, adj. a thousand. See kektopawinge.

kon, v. to desire, to covet—wakon, yakon, unkonpi.

kon, n. mother-in-law; konku, his or her mother-in-law. See kun.

kon'-kon-ta, Same as kon-T., kuntkunta. tkonta.

kon'-ta-han, part. uneven, ridged. kon'-tkon-ta, adj. uneven, with ridges. Hence, ćanbakontkonta, a wash-board.

kon-yan', v. n. to start in sleep wakonyan: konyan hinhda, T, śkan hingla. started suddenly.

 $k \circ \eta' - z a$, v. to determine, influence; to pretend, as, with konza, to pretend to be drunk—wakonza, yakonza, unkonzapi.

ko'-pa, n. a fearful place; fear. T., okope.

ko'-pa, *adj*. insecure, exposed to be killed by an enemy; in fear: kope waun, I am in fear.

ko'-pe-hda, v n. to be afraid, be in fear-kopewahda, kopeyahda, kopeunhdapi. See kokipa.

ko'-pe-ya, v. a. to make afraidkopewaya. T., wakokipekićaġa.

ko'-pe-ya, adv. insecurely.

kos, cont. of koza; nape kos waun, I am beckening with my hand.

ko-say'-ta, adv. from one to another: kosanta wićawaku, I gave away what was given to me.

- $k \circ s k \circ' z a$, $v. red. \circ f koza$.
- kos-ya', v. a. to cause to wave or make a signal—koswaya.
- ko-śka', n. a young man—komaśka, koniśka, kounśkapi. T., kośkala and kośkalaka.
- ko-śka'-la, n. T. a youth, young man; oné younger than a kośka: i. q. kośkana and kośkadan.
- ko-śka'-na, n Ih. a youth: kośka tanka, a man in the prime of life.
- ko-śka'-śka-pi, n. red. of kośka. ko-śkin'-yan, n. one who begins to think himself a young man.
- ko-wa'-ka-ta, adv. T. and Ih. over the river, across the river: i. q. koakata.
- ko-wa'-ka-tan-han, adv. from beyond the river.
- ko'-ya, conj. and, too, also. See ko and kokta.
- ko-yag', cont. of koyaka; koyag waun, I am wearing; koyag han, standing clothed, hitched up, harnessed.
- ko-yag'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to put on or wear—koyagwakiya, koyagmakiya.
- ko-yag'-ya, v. a. to cause to put on; to attach to—koyagwaya.
- ko-ya'-han, v. n. to be quick in doing a thing, to hasten, hurry—ko-yawahan, koyayahan, koyaun-hanpi.
- ko-ya'-haŋ-na, adv. quickly, immediately. See ko, kokodaŋ, ko-yaŋna, etc.

- ko-ya'-ka, v.a. to put on or wear, as clothes—komdaka, kodaka, ko-unyakapi, komayaka.
- ko-ya'-ka-pi, part. clothed: taku koyakapi, clothing. See wokoyake.
- ko-yan'-na, adv. quickly; i. q. kohanna. See kokedan and koko-yanna.
- ko-ya'-non, or ko-ya'-nun, v. n. to be of quick growth, precocious—koyamanon, koyaninon.
- ko-yan'-nun, adj. T. vigorous; le lećala tuka koyannun heon lila tanka, this is of not long ago, but is vigorous, and so is large.—T. L. R.
- ko-ye'-la and ko-yan'-la, adv.
 T. promptly, quickly. See kohan
 and koyanna.
- k o'-za, v. a. to strike at, shake at; to wave, as a signal, brandish, as a sword—wakoza, unkozapi: śina koza, to wave one's blanket; nape koza, to wave the hand.
- ko-źag'-źal, adv. T. striking together: kożagźal mani, to walk striking the knees.
- kpa, a pos. prefix. Verbs that take "pa" as a prefix, make the possessive form by adding "k" or "t," as, paġan or kpaġan. See tpa.
- kpa, v. n. to swell, as rice does, in cooking.
- kpa, adj. durable, lasting, not soon eaten up, as some kinds of food; for instance, rice. See tpa.
- kpa, adj. punched out: noge kpa, deaf: ista kpa, blind. See tpa.

k p a - ġ a ŋ', v. pos. of paġaŋ; to spare or give away one's own—wakpaġaŋ, uŋkpaġaŋi. See tpaġaŋ.

k p a - h a' - h a - p i - k a, n one who is put forward in company—makpahahapika.

k p a - h i', v. pos. of pahi; to pick up one's own—wakpahi, unkpahipi.

kpa-hmon, or kpa-hmun, v. pos. of pahmon; to twist one's own—wakpahmon.

k p a - h d e' - é a , v. pos. of pahdeéa; to make a hole in one's own, to lance wakpahdeéa.

k p a - h p a', v. poss. of pahpa; to lay down or put off one's own load—wakpahpa.

kpa-kin'-ta, v. pos. of pakinta; to wipe one's own—wakpakinta, un-kpakintapi.

k pa-k pi', v. pos. of pakpi; to crack or break one's own, as a chicken breaking its shell.

k p a - k ś i' - ź a , v. pos. of pakśiża; to double up one's own—wakpakśiża.

k pa-ku'-ka, v. pos. of pakuka; to wear out one's own by rubbing wakpakuka.

kpa-man, v. pos. of paman; to file one's own—wakpaman.

k p a - m d e' - é a, v. pos. of pamdeéa; to break in pieces one's own—wakpamdeéa. See tpamdeéa.

kpa-mni', v. pos. of pamni; to divide out one's own—wakpamni, unkpamnipi.

kpa-mni'-pi, n. a distribution.

kpan, adj. fine, as flour. See bakpan, yukpan, etc. See tpan.

kpan'-na, adj. fine, soft.

kpa-pson', v. pos. of papson; to spill over one's own—wakpapson.

kpa-pta', v. to leave a company before it breaks up, to free one's self and go away while the others remain—wakpapta.

kpa-pu'-za, v. pos. of papuza; to make one's own dry by wiping—wakpapuza.

kpa-snon', v. pos. of pasnon; to roast one's own meat—wakpasnon.

kpa-su'-ta, v. pos. of pasuta; to make hard by kneading one's own bread—wakpasuta.

k pa'-ta, v. pos. of páta; to cut up or carve one's own meat—wakpata. T., kipata. See tpata.

kpa-tan', v. pos. of patan; to take care of one's own, think much of so as to spare or not use it up—wakpatan, yakpatan, unkpatanpi.

k pa-ta'-ta, v. n. T. to be numb or asleep: siha wakpatata, my foot is asleep.

kpa'-za, adj. dark. See okpaza. kpa-zan', v. pos. of pazan; to part or separate one's own—wakpazan.

k p a - ź a' - ź a, v. pos. of paźaźa; to wash out one's own, as one's own gun—wakpaźaźa.

k p a - ź u' - ź u , v. pos of paźuźu; to rub out one's own—wakpaźuźu.

kpe, adj. See kpa and tpe.

k p e - h a n', v. pos. of pehan; to fold up one's own—wakpehan.

kpu-kpa', adv. mixed up, as water and grease in soup. See pukpa and tputpa.

kpu-kpe'-ya, adv. mixed up, all kinds together.

kpu-spa', v. pos. of puspa; to glue or seal one's own—wakpuspa.

kpu-ta'-ka, v. pos. of putaka; to touch one's own. See ikputaka.

ksa, adj. See baksa, separated. kaksa, yuksa, etc.

ksa'-han, part. broken in two of itself.

ksa-ksa'-pa, adj. red. of ksapa. ks am, cont. of ksapa.

k s a m - y a', v. a.to make wiseksamwaya.

k s a m - y a', adv. wisely, prudently. ksam-ya'-han, adv. wisely.

ksa'-pa, adj. wise, prudent, having understanding—waksapa, yaksapa, unksapapi.

ksa-wa'-han, part. broken in two. ksi'-ze-ća, adj. grum, growling, i. q. waćinko—maksizeća.

ksu'-we, v. n. to be hurt. See ksuweya.

ksu'-we-ya, v.a. to hurt or injure the flesh or body of any one ksuwewaya, ksuwemayan.

ksu'-ye-ya, v. a. to hurt, injure, inflict pain upon—ksuyewaya. Same as ksuweya.

 $k \le a$, adj. bent, rolled. See yukśa. kśa'-dan, adj. bent.

kśa'-ka, adj. bent up, as an aged person, decrepit—makśaka.

kśan, adj. crooked: kśa and kśan ktan-ktan, adj. crooked.

were probably the same root. See yukśaŋ.

kśan-kśan', red. of kśan.

kśan-kśan', v. n. to wriggle, as a

kśan-kśan'-yan, adv. crookedly. kśan-yan', v.a. to make crooked, · to crook, bend—kśanwaya.

kśan-yan', adv. crookedly.

kśa-wa'-han, part. rolled up.

kśi-kśa', adj. numb, stiff with cold. T., kśikśeća.

kśi-kśan', adj. crooked. See pakśikśaŋ.

kśi-kśe'-ća, adj. T. numb; nape maksikseća, my hands are numb.

kśi-kśi-źa, adj. red. of kśiźa.

k ś i ś, cont. of kśiźa; kśiśićidaka, to regard one's self as bent up.

kśi'-źa, adj. bent, doubled up. See vukśiźa, etc.

kśi-źa'-han, part. bent up, doubled up.

kśi-źa'-wa-han, part. bent up. kta and kte, v. aux. shall or will. The usual sign of the future tense.

kta, v. to wait for, to neglect doing and expect another to do—wakta, yakta. See akta, wakta, ape, etc.

kta'-e, adv. of kta and e; in order that; used in the turning of a sentence, as, hećamon ktae on wahi, I came that I might do this.

kta'-ka, v. to wait, expect another to act—waktaka.

ktan, adj. crooked, curved. See yuktan.

ktan-ktan'-ki-ya, adv. crookedly, indirectly, zigzag.

ktan-ktan'-yan, adv. crookedly ktan-yan', adv. crookedly.

kte, v. Same as kta.

kte, v. a. to kill anything—wakte, yakte, unktepi, makte, nikte, cikte: tin wicakte, to kill one of one's own people, commit murder; akicita kte, to kill as a soldier, that is, to execute a sentence on one, by breaking his gun, cutting up his blanket or tent, or killing his horse. See kata.

kte'-dan, v.a. to overcome, be victorious over; to win, beat in gambling—waktedan, unktepidan; to be overcome—maktedan. See ohiya.

kte-ki'-ya, v.a. to cause to kill—ktewakiya.

k to, adv. why? what of it? This is chiefly used in answering questions; as, hećanon he, didst thou do it? han hećamon, kto, yes, I did it; why?—perhaps; indeed; yes; miye kto, it is I indeed. T., kiśto.

k t o' - k a, adv. T. indeed, surely: i. q. kto.

ku, suffix pron. his, hers, etc.

ku, v.n. to come towards home, to be coming home; to be coming back—waku, yaku, unkupi. See u and hdi.

ku'-će-dan, adv. low, low down, near the ground: wi kućedan, the sun is low. See kutanhan.

ku'-će-e-daŋ, adv. low down: i. q. kućedaŋ. T., kućiyela.

ku'-če-ye-dan, ku'-te-ye-

dan, and ku'-će-ye-na, adv. low down, low of stature, short

ku-ka', adj. rotten, tender, worn out, as clothes; spoiled, as meat.

ku-ke'-ya, v. a. to make rotten, to wear out—kukewaya.

ku-ke'-ya, adv. rotten, spoiled, decayed, fallen to pieces: kukeya śpan, to be cooked too much.

ku-ku'-śe, n. a hog, hogs; pork. ku-ku'-śe-i-hdi, n. hog's lard. ku-ku'-śe-śiŋ, n. fat pork, pickled pork.

ku-ku'-ya, adv. red. of kuya; under, below.

kun, adv. below, under, beneath, down: kun ku, come down.

kun, v. T. to covet: i. q. kon.

kuŋ, n. mother-in-law: nikuŋ, thy mother-in-law; kuŋku, his or her mother-in-law. See uŋći.

kun'-ksi-tku and kun'-ki-sitku. See kunsi.

k u n'-la, v. T. to desire, to covet—wakunla.

kuŋs-ya', adv. of kuŋza; pretending.

kuns-ya'-ken, adv. pretending.

kuŋ'-śi, n. grandmother: nikuŋśi, thy grandmother; kuŋśitku, kuŋkśitku, and kuŋkiśitku, his or her grandmother. See uŋći.

kuŋ'-tki-ya, adv. downwards. See kutkiya.

kuŋ'-tkuŋ-ta, adj. T. grooved. See kontkonta.

kuŋ-ya', v. a. to have for mother-in-law—kuŋwaya.

kuŋ'-za, v. Same as koŋza.

ku-se', v. n. to leak, as a vessel.

ku-śde'-ća, n. the king-fisher.

Ku-śde'-ća-wa-kpa, n. p. the Loup fork of the Platte River.

ku - śe' - ya, v. a. T. to put in the way of.

ku - śe' - ya, adv. T. in the way of: i. q. kaśeýa.

kuś-ku'-źa-pi, adj. red. pl. of kuźa. ku'-taŋ-haŋ, adv. low down. See kućedaŋ and kuyataŋhaŋ.

ku-te', v.a. to shoot anything with a gun or arrow; to shoot at; wakute tuka wao śni, I shot at it but did not hit it: to shoot with the medicine-bag. When a person is introduced into the secret society called "the Sacred Dance," he is shot, or pretended to be shot, by the beads or claws which are contained in the medicine-bags of the When the missile is members. extracted by the same conjuring process, and not until then, do they live again. This is their story wakute, unkutepi, ćićute: wićawakute, I shoot them; kikute, to shoot for one; kićićutepi, they shoot each other.

k u'-t e-y e-d a $\mathfrak n$, adv. Same as kućeyedan. T., kućiyela.

ku'-tki-ya, adv. downwards. See kuntkiya.

ku'-wa, v. imp. come here: kuwa wo, kuwa po. This is used in the imperative only.

ku'-wa, v. a. to follow after, chase, hunt, as, sinkpe kuwa, to hunt musk-rats; to chase, pursue, as kuwa amau, he chases me; to treat or act towards one, as tanyan kuwa, to treat well, sicaya kuwa, to treat ill, persecute; to pursue, prosecute, as work—wakuwa, unkuwapi. See kicuwa.

 $ku - wa' - 6i\eta$, v. to think of coming home.

ku-wa'-śte-śte, v. to hop. See ipsića and psipsića.

ku'-ya, adv. below, beneath, under, underneath, down. See kukuya and kun.

ku'-ya-tan-han, adv. from below. See kutanhan.

k u' - ź a , adj. lazy, idle—makuźa, nikuźa.

ku'-źa, v. n. T. to be dumpish, sick; sometimes said of one about to die; wanna kuźa, now he is slow: makuźa, I am sick.

ku-zi'-ţa, v. to die or be dying of laziness, to be very lazy—kuźimaţa.

K.

alphabet. This sound is made by fixing the organs so as to make "k," and then pressing the back part of the tongue against the roof of the mouth and withdrawing it suddenly, which makes what may The other be denominated a *click*. consonants of this class are é, p, t.

ka, conj. and When "a" or "an" final in words immediately preceding is changed into "e," "ka" becomes "ća." T., na.

ka, v. a. to dig, as the ground waka, yaka, unkapi; ićića, to dig for one's self-mićića; kićića, to dig for another—wećića.

 $k \cdot a - a \cdot s'$, adv. even if, indeed. keyaś.

ka - e s', adv. even if.

ka - e s' - t o s, adv. at any rate. keyastos.

ka'-iś, conj. or.

kaś, adv. even: hee kaś, even that one. T., keś.

ke, v. a. to dig. Same as ka.

ke, adv. as for: he ke, as for that. Perhaps it is used for emphasis. T., keś.

ke'-ća, intj. expressive of unbelief; T., kakeśa. indeed!

 $k e' - \dot{g} a, v$ to grate, scrape. See bokeġa.

k, the thirteenth letter of the Dakota $|k e - h a \eta'$, adv. when. This always refers to past time. It becomes ćehan after "e" which has taken the place of "a" or "an." T., konhan. ķeh, cont. of ķeġa.

> keh-ke'-ġa, v. red. of keġa; scraping along.

> ķeh-ķeh', cont. of ķeliķeġa; ķehkeli ya, to go scraping along.

> keh-keh'-ya, adv. in a scraping manner: kelikeliya mda, I go scraping along.

> kel, adv. T. there; i. q. kin el:malipiya kel, in the heavens.

kes, cont. of keza.

ķes-ķe'-za, adj. red. of keza; smooth, trodden down. See onakeza.

ke s, advemphatic; miye keś, as for me. See ke.

k e' - y a, adv. even, all; that`kind; i. q. kin eya: heća keya maku, he gave me of that kind.

ke'-yaś, adv. although, so, even so. See kaaś.

ke - ya s' - to s', adv. at any rate, even if. See kaestos.

ke'-za, adj. hard, smooth, trodden hard.

kin, v. a. to carry, bear, carry on the back, usually with a strap round the head or breast—waķin, yaķin, unkinpi; kićin, to carry one's own: kićićin, to carry for another.

kin-ki'-ya, v.a. to cause to carry kinwakiya.

kin'-na-pa, v. T. of kin and napa; to run away with, as a horse with a wagon.

k o'- g a, v. n. to rattle, make a rattling noise.

koh, cont. of koga; koh iyeya.

koh-ko'-ga, v. red. of koga.

koh-koh', cont. of kohkoga.

koh-koh'-ya, v. to cause a rattling noise—kohkohwaya.

koh-koh'-ya, adv. rattling.

kon, pron. dem. that. Both kon and cikon refer to the past, to something done or said before, or to some person or thing mentioned in a previous sentence: as, wićaśta kon, that man; hepe ćikon, I said that. T., ćon is used for ćikon.

kon'-han, adv. Ih. and T., i. q. kehan; when.

ku, v. a. to give anything to one—waku, yaku, unkupi, maku, niću, ćiću: wićawaku, I have given to them; kiću, to give one his own.

ķuŋ, pron. dem. Same as koŋ.

ku'-śi, v. to command to give—kuwaśi.

ku-wa'-ćin, v. to be disposed to give—ku waćanmi.

L.

1, the fourteenth letter of the Dakota alphabet. This letter is found only in proper names introduced into the language, and in the Titonwan dialect, where it is used altogether for "d" and sometimes for "n." A few examples are here given.

1 a'-pa, adj.
1 a'-pa, adj.
1 a-tkan', v.
tkan.
1 a-wa', v in the dialect of the Dakota altogether in the part of the part of

la, dim. termination: i. q. na and dan.

la, v. to demand, i. q. da; kila, i. q. kida—wala.

lab-ya', adv. hard, difficult; much, intensely: labya econ, he did with might.

l a'-ka, v. i. q. daka—walaka. l a-ka'-eś, adv. indeed, i. q. nakaeś. L a-ko'-ta, n. p. Dakota. la'-pa, adj. smooth, level. la'-pe-la, adj. level, as a floor. la-tkan', v. i. q. datkan — mlatkan.

la-wa', v i. q. dawa—mlawa. la-za'-ta, adv. T. by the side of, behind.

la'-za-taŋ-haŋ, adv. behind, back from; i. q. dazataŋhaŋ. See ilazataŋhaŋ, which should be in accord with this in its meaning.

le, pron. this, i. q. de.

le, i. q. ye, the sign of the imperative. Not so used here: the women's form for imp. sing. is "na" or "ye": the precative form is "ye."—w. J. C.

le-ća'-la, adv. lately, a little while; | li-li'-ta, adj. i. q. dećana.

 $le'-\acute{e}e-\acute{e}a$, adv. like this, i. q. dećeća.

le'-ćel and le'-ćeŋl, adv. thus,i. q. dećen.

le'-ći-ya, adv. here: i.q. dećiya. le-ći'-yo-tan, adv. in this direction, i. q. dećiyotan.

thus far, now; i. q. le-han', adv dehan.

le-haŋ'-ke-ća, adv. so long, i. q. dehankeća.

le-han'-yang, adv. somewhere else: lehanyang iyaya, he has gone off.

le-hin'-la, v. to forbid, think much of; i. q. tehinda.

le-kśi, n. uncle; i. q. dekśi.

lel and lenl, adv. here; i.q.den.

le'-na, pro. these; i. q. dena.

le-na'-kel, adv. so many.

le-na'-ke-hćin, adv. all these.

le-tan'-han, adv. from this, i. q. detanhan.

le'-tu, adv. here, i. q. detu. li'-la, adv. very, i. q. nina.

warm, hot; i. q. didita.

lo, particle, i. q. do.

lo, n. food.

lo-ćin', v. n. to be hungry—lowaćin.

 $lo-\dot{g}u'-te$, n. the hollow of the flank: i. q. nigute.

lo-ksi', n. i. q. doksi.

lo-ksu', n. the opening of the ear

lo-li'-han, v. to prepare food, cook.

lo-lob'-ye-la, adj. soft, very soft.

lo-lo'-pe-la, adj. withered, soft, pliant, flabby.

lo-lo'-pi-ye, n. a pantry, a warehouse. See dotopiye.

 $1 \circ -t \circ'$, n. i. q. dote.

1o - wan', v. to sing; i. q. dowan.

lu-ha', v. 2d pers. thou hast; i. q. duha.

lu-lu'-ta and o-lu'-lu-ta, adj. hot: i. q. odidita.

lus, adv. swiftly; lus ya, to go quickly: i. q. dus.

lu'-ta, adj. scarlet; i. q. duta.

lu'-za-haŋ, adj. swift; i. duzahan.

M.

alphabet.

ma, pron. objective; me. It is also used ' with a class of neuter and adjective verbs, when it is translated by the nominative I; and with some nouns it is used as the possessive, my, mine. | m a - g a', n. a goose, geese.

m, the fifteenth letter of the Dakota | ma, or mah, intj. of calling; look here! attend!

> $m a - \acute{c} a'$, n. the red of the morning, the aurora.

> m a' - g a, n. a cultivated spot, garden, field.

- $ma \dot{g}a' \dot{g}a$, v. n. to be amused. $ma - \dot{g}a' - \dot{g}a - ki - ya$, v. a. to amuse,
- comfort one—maġaġawakiya.
- ma-ġa'-ġa-ya, v. a. to amuse, divert one—maġaġawaya; maġaġai¢iya, to amuse one's self—maġaġami¢iya.
- ma'-ġa-hu, n. cornstalks.
- ma-ġa'-ksi-ća, n. a duck, ducks, the generic name.
- ma-ġa'-paŋ-paŋ-na, n. the brand-goose or brant. So called from its peculiar voice, i. q. maġa-śekśećadaŋ. T., maġaśekśećala.
- $ma \dot{g}a' ska$, n. Ih. and T. a swan.
- m a ġ a' ś a p a, n. (maġá and śapa) the common wild goose.
- ma-ġa'-śe-kśe-ća-daŋ, n. the brant. Same as maġapaŋpaŋna. Said to be two species of the small goose.—A. L. R.
- ma-ġa'-ta, adv. at or in the field ma-ġa'-taŋ-ka, n. (maġá and taŋka) the swan, swans. Maġataŋka-ota-mde, Swan Lake.
- Ma-ġa'-wa-kpa, n. p. The Laramie River.
- $m a \dot{g} a' \dot{z} u$, n. rain.
- $m a \dot{g} a' \dot{z} u$, v. n. to rain.
- ma-ġa'-źu-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to rain—maġaźuwakiya.
- ma-ġa'-źu-mi-ni, n. rain-water.
- ma-ġa'-źu-ya, v. a. to cause to rain—maġaźuwaya.
- m a ġ i' ć a h i ŋ t e, n. (máġa and kahiŋta) a rake; a harrow. T., mahićahiŋte.

- ma-ġi'-ća-mna, n. (máġa and kamna) a hoe, hoes.
- m a ġ i' n a t a k e, n. (máġa and nataka) a fence, rails.
- ma-ġi'-yu-hiŋ-te, n. (máġa and yuhiŋta) a rake; a har-row.
- ma-ġi'-yu-mdu, n. (máġa and yumdu) a plow.
- ma-hen', prep. within, in, into. T., mahel and mahenl: mahel eonpa, to put or place in.
- ma-hen'-un-pi, n. something worn within, a shirt, chemise.
- ma-hen'-wa-pa, adv. inward, towards the interior.
- ma-he'-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from within; on the inside.
- ma-he'-ta-tan-han, adv. from within.
- ma-he'-tu, adv. within, inward, deep; i. q. temahetu.
- ma-he'-tu-ya, adv. within, deep; i. g. temahetuya.
- ma-he'-tu-ya-ken, adv. within.
- mah, intj. of calling attention; look here! listen! T., ma!
- mah, cont. of mága and magá.
- m a li a' k a t a, v. to hoe, as corn—maliawakata.
- mah-a'-wan-gla-ke-la, n. T. the locust, grasshoppers.
- mah-ćin'-ća, n. (maġá and ćinća) the young of geese and ducks.
- m a li i' é a li i n t e, n. (mága and kahinta) a rake; a harrow. See magicahinte.
- m a h i' c e, n. Ih. a plow.

- m a h i' k ć e k a, n. land, soil, common land. See makikćeka
- mah-i'-kće-ya, adv. on land, as opposed to water. See makikćeya.
- mah-i'-na-ta-ke, n. (máġa and nataka) a fence, rails. See maġinatake.
- m a h i' y u h i n t e, n. (mága and yuhinta) a rake, a harrow. See magiyuhinte.
- mah-i'-yu-hiŋ-he, n. Ih. a harrow: i. g iyuhiŋhe.
- mah-i'-yu-mdu, n. (mága and yumdu) a plow.
- mali-ki'-ćaŋ-yaŋ, v. (máġa and kićaŋyaŋ) to work or till a field.
- mah-pa'-źo, n. (mága and paźo) a corn-hill, potato-hill.
- ma-hpi'-hpi-ya, n red. of mahpiya; scattering clouds.
- ma-hpi'-ya, n. the clouds; the sky; heaven, the heavens.
- ma-hpi'-ya-śa-pa, n. black clouds.
- ma-hpi'-ya-śo-ka, n. thick clouds.
- ma-hpi'-ya-śpu-śpu, n. long broken clouds.
- ma-hpi'-ya-taŋ-iŋ, n. T. northern lights, aurora borealis.
- Ma-lipi'-ya-to, n. p. The Ara-pahoes.
- ma-hpi'-ya-to, n. the blue sky. ma-hpi'-ya-to-la, n. T. clear sky, blue sky: i. q. mahpiyatowanzića.
- ma-lipi'-ya-to-waŋ-źi-ća, n. the blue sky, the firmament.

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- mah-ta'-ni, n. an old field. See tanni, tannika, etc.
- mah-te'-ća, n. (mága and teća) a new field; a breaking.
- ma-ka', n. ground, earth; the earth; a season, a half year, as a summer or winter. See omaka. Considerable discussion has taken place in regard to the proper pronunciation of this word. Some say it should be written man-ka'; but it appears rather to be ma-k'a'.
- ma-ka', n. the skunk or polecat, Viverra mephitis. See manka
- ma-ka'-a-ma-ni, adv. T. afoot:
 i. q. huiŋyuŋ.
- m a k a' é a h l i , n. T. coal: i. q. kangitame.
- ma-ka'-će-ga, n. an earthen vessel or pot, such as the Dakotas are said to have made and used before their intercourse with white people.
- m a k a' d a p a, n. sticky clay.
- ma-ka'-gi, n. brown earth. Makagiyuzapi, the name of a stream emptying into the Minnesota from the west, below Big Stone Lake.
- ma-ka'-hde, adv. end on the ground. Same as makehde.
- ma-ka'-he-ya, v. a. to have a desire to kill or destroy, to think that one will kill, have a presentiment of killing or destroying. T. to finally accomplish what one has long desired. See éaphiya.
- ma-ka'-htaŋ-ya, v.a. to kill or destroy very much—makahtaŋwaya.
- $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{i} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, v. T. to paw

- up the ground, as a horse or mad bull.
- m a k a' i y u t a, v. to measure land, survey.
- ma-ka'-i-yu-ta-pi, n. a measuring-chain, surveyor's chain: an acre of ground.
- ma-kan', adv. (maka and akan) on the ground: makan iwanka, to sleep on the ground.
- m a k a n', n. tamarack roots.
- ma-kan'-o-pi-ye, n. a basket
 Probably so called because the
 Dakotas supposed that willow baskets were made of tamarack roots.
 T., psawognake.
- m a k a' o b a s p e, n. an acre of ground. T., 160 acres.
- ma-ka'-o-bo-hpe, n. a survey mound.
- ma-ka'-o-haŋ-zi, n. the shading of the earth, i. e. dusk.
- ma-ka'-o-i-yu-te, n. a quarter section of land. T., one acre of land.
- ma-ka'-o-wa-ke-ya, n the name of a sacred feast and ceremonies connected with going to war; when, it is said, they carry into the tent pulverized earth, and make hills like the gophers.
- ma-ka'-pa, n. a swamp, where the surface of the earth lies on water. T., wiwila kapanpan.
- $m \cdot a k \cdot a p \cdot a'$, $n \cdot a \cdot skunk's \cdot head$.
- ma-ka'-san, n. whitish or yellow-ish clay.
- ma-ka'-saŋ-pa, n. next year, next season.

- ma-ka'-sin-to-mni, adv. See makasitomni.
- ma-ka'-si-to-mni, adv. all the world over. See makowanća.
- ma-ka'-si-to-mni-yan, adv. the world over. See makowanćaya.
- m a k a' t a, adv. at the ground, on the ground, on the floor: makata muŋka, I lie on the ground.
- ma-ka'-to, n. blue earth. Makatooze, the Makato or Blue Earth River: The original form was Makato-yuza.
- ma-ka'-wa-kśi-ća, n. earthen plates or dishes. See wakśića.
- ma-ka'-wa-se, n. T. red earth used as paint.
- ma-ka'-wa-śe-śa, n. red earth, used by the Dakotas as a paint instead of vermillion; i. q. wase. T., makawase.
- ma-ke'-hde, adv. on end: ćanpeśka makehde inaźin, to kneel. Same as makahde. T., makagle.
- m a k e' h d e y a, v. n. to fall down, as a long stick, endwise: canpeśka makehdeya inaźin, to kneel.
- ma-ki'-ći-ma, n. T. (maka and ićima) last year; a yearling, as a colt or other animal.
- ma-ki'-ći-non, v. of manon; to steal anything for another—mawe-ćinon; maunkićinonpi, they steal from each other.
- ma-ki'-kće, n. See makikćeka. ma-ki'-kće-ka, n. the land, as opposed to water; soil, as opposed to clay or gravel. See mahikćeka.

- m a k i' k ć e y a, adv. on land. See mahikćeya.
- ma-ki'-na-śpe, n. a spade. See makipapte.
- ma-ki'-non, v. of manon; to steal anything from one—mawakinon, mayakinon.
- m a k i' p a p t e, n. T. a spade. See makinaspe.
- ma-ki'-pu-sdi, adv. (maka and ipusdi) with the face on the ground, prostrate, prone.
- ma-ki'-pu-sdi-ya, adv. bowed down to the ground.
- ma-ki'-pu-ski-ća, v. n. (maka and ipuskića) to presson the ground, lie flat on the ground, lick the dust.
- ma-ki'-pu-skin, cont. of makipuskića; makipuskin elipeićiya, to throw one's self on the ground.
- m a k i' s a n p a, n. the next season, $i \neq q$. makasanpa.
- ma-ki'-wan-ya-ke, n. a compass; a surveyor.
- ma-ki'-ya-ka-san-ni, n. a side or part of a country. See iya-kasanni.
- ma-ki'-yu-tan, n. (maku and iyutan) a saddle girth.
- ma-ki'-yu-tin-za, n. a surcingle, girth.
- ma-ko'-će, n. a country, a place:
 makoćaźeyate wanića, a place
 without a name; mitamakoće, my
 country. T. also, a season, a
 year, a time of year.—w. J. c. See
 omaka.

- on land. ma-ko'-će-i-wan-ya-ka-pi,
 n. T. surveyors.
 - ma-ko'-će-o-wa-pi, n. a map, maps. See makowapi.
 - ma-ko'-lido-ka, n. a hole in the ground, a cave, cavern.
 - ma-kon'-éa-ge, n. a season, the seasons.
 - ma-ko'-skan, n. a place where no one dwells, a desert place. See hewoskan, etc.
 - ma-ko'-skan, adv. Ih. and T. for naught, in vain; i. q. ituya See otumakoskan.
 - ma-ko'-skan-tu, adv. in a desert place.
 - ma-ko'-skan-tu-ya, adv. away from any dwelling, away on the prairie.
 - ma-ko'-skan-tu-ya-ken, adv. in a desert place.
 - ma-ko'-sma-ka, n. (maka and osmaka). any low place, a ditch.
 - ma-ko'-śi-ća, n. any prevalent disease, an epidemic, as the small-pox; i. q. makoće śića.
 - ma-ko'-ta-he-daŋ, adv. (maka and otahedaŋ) away from any dwelling, in the desert, on the prairic. See hewotahedaŋ.
 - ma-ko'-wa-ki-ći-pa, n. a place a little hollowing, a slight hollow or depression in the prairie.
 - m a k o' w a ŋ ć a, n. all the earth.

 See makasitomni.
 - ma-ko'-wan-ća-ya, adv. all over the earth. See makasitomni-yan.

- ma-ko'-wa-pi, n. a map of a country, maps.
- ma-ku', n. the breast, the forepart of the thorax.
- ma-ku'-a-gna-ke, n. T. an apron. See ahnaka.
- m a k u' a k a li p e, n. an apron, a woman's kerchief. T., makuagnake.
- ma-ku'-hu, n. the breast-bone, sternum.
- ma-ku'-i-yu-ski-te, n. child's swaddling-band.
- ma-ku'-i-yu-taŋ, n. a girth; i. q. makiyutaŋ.
- ma-ma', n. a woman's breast, milk; mamma or mother. It is a singular fact that with the Dakotas, mama means milk, and papa, meat.
- ma'-ni, v. n. to walk—mawani, mayani.
- m a n i' é a , n. the gopher, a species of Diplostoma. T, wahinheya.
- ma-ni'-ća, v. n. 1st pers. sing. of nića; I have none—ninića.
- m a n i' ć a p a m d u, n. gopherhills. T, wahipheya pablu.
- ma'-ni-han, part. walking.
- ma'-ni-ken, adv. walking.
- ma'-ni-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to walk—maniwakiya.
- ma-nin', adv. abroad, away from the house. T., manil.
- m a'- n i n i n a, n. bed-bugs, i. q. taku mani ninà. T., wabluśkaśaśa.
- ma'-ni-sku-ya, n. a species of plant; prob. the honeysuckle. T., ćanwiskuye.

- mawanon, mayanon, maunnonpi.

 the forepart This is by some written manu.
 - ma-non'-pi, n. a stealing, theft.
 - ma nu', or ma nuy', v. See manon.
 - man, intj. look here! See ma and mah.
 - man, v. to build a nest and hatch young ones, as birds do; to fly about, hover, sail around, as birds over a carcass. See aman and be.
 - man, adj. sharp, i. q. pe. See yuman.
 - maŋ-ća', n. the aurora. T., haŋ-wakaŋ. See maća.
 - maŋ-ka', n. a skunk. See maka. maŋ-ka', v. n. 1st per. sing. of yaŋká.
 - mas'-ćaŋ-ya-pa, n. T. (maza, ćaŋ, and yapa) bridle bits.
 - mas-će'-ġa, n. See mazaćeġa.
 - m a s i' g m u n k e, n. T. a trap: i. q. mazahtakiyapi.
 - mas-wa'-kśi-ća, n. tin plates: i. q. mazawakśića.
 - mas-i'-wan-ya-ke, n. T. a telescope, a microscope.
 - ma-śte', adj. warm, hot, applied to the weather; maśte hinća, very warm: maśte au, it becomes warm, said of the sky clearing off.
 - $ma-ste'-a-gle-ha\eta$, n. T. sunstroke.
 - ma-śte'-i-ṭa, v. n. to be killed by heat; to be struck by the sun.
 - ma-śte'-na-pta-pta, n. hot waving air, as on a hot day.

- ma-ste'-o-sni, n. clear and cold; | ma-ya', n. a steep place, a bank, as cold and bright.
- ma-śte'-śte, adj. red. of maśte.
- ma-śte'-ya, adv. in a warm state, warmly.
- ma-śte'-va-ken, adv. warmly,
- ma-śtin'-ća, n. the rabbit, Lepus cuniculus: tinmastinca, the prairie rabbit or hare. T., mastincala.
- Ma-śtin'-ća, n. the Cree Indians.
- ma stin' ca la, n. T. the rabbit. ma-śtiŋ'-pu-te, n. a bush bearing red edible berries, the leaves of
- which are sometimes used by the Dakotas for tobacco: the berries themselves, the buffalo berry, or rabbit berry.
- ma-ta'-pi-ha, n. T. a toad. See natapeha.
- m a t a' w a z e z e c a, n. moss. ma-te'-te, n. of tete; the side or rim of a boat, the part near the edge; a brow or projection, as of a hill. See watete.
- ma-tka', n. sticky earth. See maka and tkapa.
- m a t k a', n. T. the opossum.
- ma-tka'-śa, n. red earth.
- ma-to', n. the gray or polar bear, Ursus maritimus.
- ma-to'-ho-ta, n. the grizzly bear, a species of the Ursus Americanus.
- m a t u' ś k a, n. the craw-fish.
- Ma-wa'-ta-dan, n. the Mandan Indians. T., Miwatani.
- Ma-wa'-tan-na, n. Same as Mawatadan.

- of a river.
- ma-ya', adj. steep: maya hinća, very steep. T., mayahćake.
- Ma-ya'-wa-kan, n. the Chippewa River which joins the Minnesota, from the north, about fifteen miles below Lac-qui-parle.
- ma'-za, n. metal of any kind; goods, merchandise.
- m a' z a a s p e i é i y e, n. (maza and aspeya) an anchor. wataićaspe.
- ma'-za-bla-ska-pe-sto-la, n. T. (maza, mdaska, and pesto) sharp-pointed shovel.
- ma'-za-ćah-i-ća-zo, T. (maza, ćaġa, and ićazo) skates.
- m a'-z a-ć e- \dot{g} a, n. (maza and će \dot{g} a) an iron pot or kettle. Generally ćega alone is used.
- m a' z a c e s k i k a, n. T. metal buttons.
- m a' z a h u h u, n. (maza and bracelets, arm-bands. huhu) napoktan.
- $\operatorname{m} a'$ $\operatorname{z} a$ $\operatorname{h} d a$ $\operatorname{h} d a$, n. a bell.
- m a' z a h t a k i y a p i, n. (ma-"biting iron": a za and htaka) trap, traps, steel-traps, such as are used in catching the otter, etc. ćabigmunke.
- $m a' z a \acute{c} a \eta k u$, n. T. (maza and ćanku) a railroad.
- m a'-za-i-ća-ko-ke, n. a cow-Commonly used with the "maza." See ićakoke.
- m a' z a i c a s n a, n. a cow-bell.

- m a' z a i é i é a h i h a, n. iron in links, a chain. T., mazaiéiéahaha
- ma'-za-i-ću, n. a gun-screw, the spiral wire which is used to draw wadding from a gun.
- m a'-za-i-yo-ka-taŋ, n. (maza and iyokataŋ) nails.
- m a'-za-i-yo-ka-tku-ġe, n. a nail, nails. T., a nut, iron nuts for bolts. See, also, tiyopa iyokatkuġe and iyokatkuġe.
- ma'-za-i-yu-ta-pi, n. (maza and iyuta) a steel-yard; an iron square. T., mazawiyute.
- m a'-za-ka-ġa, n. (maza and kaġa) a worker in metal, a black-smith. Ih., mazkape.
- m a'-za-kaŋ, n. (maza and wakaŋ)
 a gun. See mazawakaŋ.
- ma'-za-kaŋ-će-ća, n. the butt of a gun: also the gun hammer. T., mazawakaŋ śupute See ćeća.
- ma'-za-kaŋ-e-ćoŋ and ma'-zakaŋ-i-ye-ya, v. to shoot a gun; mazakaŋ bośdoka, to fire off a gun. T., mazawakaŋ uta.
- m a'-za-kaŋ-i-noŋ-pa, n. (mazakaŋ, i, and noŋpa) a double-barreled gun.
- ma'-za-kaŋ-i-yo-pa-zaŋ, n.
 the tubes or ferrules which hold in
 the ramrod.; the ramrod. See iyopazaŋ.
- ma'-za-kaŋ-i-yo-pu-lidi, n. gun-wadding. See iyopulidi.
- m a'-za-kaŋ-i-yo-pu-ski-ée,
 n a ramrod. T., mazawakaŋ iyopazaŋ. See iyopuskića.

- ma'-za-kaŋ-na-wa-te, n. the plate of a gun-lock. See nawate.
- m a'-za-kaŋ-no-ġe, n. a gunlock, especially the pan; the nipple. See noġe.
- m a'-za-kaŋ-no-ġe-yu-hpa, n. (mazakaŋ, no-ġe, and iyuhpa) the whole of a gun-lock.
- ma'-za-kaŋ-o-yu-wi, n. the inside work of a gun-lock. See yuwi.
- m a'-za-kaŋ-pa-hu, n. the breech of a gun. See pahu.
- m a'-za-kaŋ-pte-će-daŋ, n. (mazakaŋ and ptećedaŋ) a short gun, a pistol T., mazawakaŋ pte-ćela: also iśakpe and hutela.
- m a'-za-kaŋ-taŋ-ka, n. (maza-kaŋ and taŋka) a great gun, a cannon. T., mazawakaŋ taŋka.
- m a'-za-kiŋ-śka, n. T. an iron spoon, spoons: i. q. mazkiŋśka.
- m a'-za-m da-ska, n. (maza and mdaska) flat iron; a spade, shovel, etc. T., mazablaska.
- m a'-z a-n a-p é u-p e, n. fingerrings. T., maza napsiolili. See napéupe.
- m a'-za-o-će-ti, n. an iron fireplace, a stove. See oceti.
- m a'-za-o-ka-ze-ze, n. skates: maza okazeze kićun, to skate. T., mazaćahićazo. See okaze.
- m a'-za-sag-ye, n. an iron cane, a sword. T., miwakan and miwakanla.
- ma'-za-sa-pa, n. (maza and sapa) black metal, iron.

- ma'-za-ska, n. (maza and ska) | ma'-za-tu-ki-ha, n. an iron or white metal, silver; money; a dollar.
- ma'-za-ska-han-ke, n. a halfdollar.T., mazaska okise. hanke.
- ma'-za-ska-ka-śpa-pi-dan, n. a twelve-and-a-half or ten-cent piece, a shilling, dime. T., kaspapi. See kaspapidan.
- ma'-za-ska-mi-ni-hu-ha, n. T., minihuha mazaska bank notes. See minihuha.
- m a' z a s k a t a n k a, n. a dollar. T., mazaska wanźina.
- ma'-za-ska-wa-na-pin, n. aSee wanapin. silver medal.
- ma'-za-ska-zi, or ma'-za-skama-za-zi, n. yellow silver, gold.
- ma'-za-su, n. lead; a bullet, bullets. m a'-za-su-i-śdo-ye, n. (maza,
- su, and isdoye) something to melt lead in. See śdoya.
- ma'-za-su-i-yo-ka-stan, n (maza, su, and iyokastan) molds. See okastan.
- ma za śa, n. red metal, copper.
- m a' z a ś do y a p i, n. pewter, so called because used for running on the bowls of Dakota pipes.
- ma'-za-śkan-śkan, n. T. (maza and skanskan) a clock; a watch.
- m a' z a ś ko p a, n. (maza and śkopa) a concave medal for the neck, used as the badge of a soldier.
- ma'-za-ta-śpu, n. metal buttons. T., mazaćeśkika. See taśpu.
- ma'-za-ta-śpu-dan, n. metalbuttons. See taspudan.

- metal spoon. Ih. and T., mazkinska. See tukiha.
- ma'-za-wa-kan, n. a gun. See mazakan.
- ma'-za-wa-kan-u-ta, v. T. to shoot off a gun.
- $m a' z a w a k \pm i c a$, n. tin or iron pans. See waksića.
- ma'-za-wi-yu-te, n. a carpenter's square.
- ma'-za-ya-ho-ton-pi, n. (maza and yahoton) a trumpet.
- ma'-za-ya-pin-za-pi, n. brass instruments.
- $m a' z a y a \acute{z} \circ p i$, n. brass instruments.
- ma'-za-zi, n. yellow metal, brass. $m a z' - \acute{c} a \eta - y a - p a$, n. T. (maza, ćan, and yapa) bridle-bits: i. q.masćanyapa.
- maz-i'-gmun-ke, n. T. a trap. ma-zi'-pa-be, n. (maza and ipabe) a file. T., mazipame.
- maz-i'-pa-bla-pi and mas-i'pa-bla-pi, n. T. sad-irons, flat-irons.
- maz-i'-pa-mda-ye, n. sadirons. See pamdaya.
- m a z i' y a p'e, n. (maza and iyap'a) a hammer.
- ma-zi'-yu-be, n. a file: i, q. mazipabe. T., maziyume.
- m a z'-i-y u-wi, n. (maza and iyuwi) T. bridle-bits.
- ma-zi'-yu-źi-pe, n. (maza and iyuzipe) pincers; tongs. T., imasoyuspe.

- maz-ka'-p'e, n. (maza and kap'a)

 Ih. a blacksmith. See mazakaġa.
- maz-kiŋ'-śka, n. Ih. and T. an iron spoon. See kiŋśka.
- maz-on'-spe, n. (maza and onspe) an ax.
- maz-o'-pi-ye, n. astore, a storehouse. See opiye.
- maz-yu'-ha, n. T. a chief. See naća.
- mda, v. 1st pers. sing. of ya; I go. mda, a prefix. Verbs commencing with "ya" change it into "mda" to form the first person singular, and into "da" for the second; for which the corresponding Teeton words are "bla" and "la."
- m da. See kamda.
- m da-ha', adj. broad at one end, tapering.
- m d a m d a' t a, n. high level land, the divide or high land between two streams. T., blowayzila.
- mdas, cont. of mdaza.
- m da-ska', adj: flat, as, ćan mdaska, boards; broad at one end. T., blaska. See omdaska.
- m d a-s k a'-s k a, adj. red. of mdaska.
- mda-ska'-ya, adv. flatly, on the flat side. See omdaskaya.
- m d a'- y a, adj. level, plain. T., oblaya. See omdaya.
- m d a'-ye, n. a plain. T., oblaye. See omdaye.
- m d a' y e d a ŋ , adj. level, plain.
 T., oblayela.
- m d a' y e y a, adv. evenly. T., oblayeya.

- m d a z a', adv. in strips. See bamdaza.
- m d a z a' h a n, part. ripped open of itself, torn open.
- m d a z a' w a h a n, part. Same as mdazahan.
- mde, n. a lake. T., ble.
- m d e é a', adj. broken. See kamdeéa and ómdeéa.
- mde-ća'-han, part. broken of itself.
- m d e é a' h m i n, n. (mde and kahmin) a bay. T., bleokahmin.
- m d e é a' w a h a n, part. broken of itself.
- m d e' d a n, n. a little lake, a pond. m d e' - g a, n. the pelican.
- M de'-h da-kiŋ-yaŋ, n. p. (mde and hdakiŋyaŋ) Lac Travers, Lake Traverse; so called from its lying in a direction crosswise to Big Stone Lake.
- Mde-i-ye'-dan, n. Lac-qui-parle. This word was evidently supposed by the French to mean the talking lake. If that be the meaning, it is not apparent why the name was given. It is suggested that it is "mde iyahde," changed into "mdeiyedan," referring to the fact that the river is connected by the lake.
- m de-ki'-yu-te, n. (mde and kiyute) an isthmus; a strait or channel in a lake.
- m d e m d e' é a, adj. red of mdeéa. m d e - m d e' - é a - h a n, part. red.
 - of mdećahan.
- m d e m d e' é a w a h a n, part. red. of mdeéawahan.

- m de-m de s'-ya, v. red. of mdesya; mdemdesićiya, to amuse or regale one's self.
- M de-mi'-ni-so-ta, n. Clear Lake, which lies about thirty-five miles from Traverse des Sioux, on the old road to Lac-qui-parle.
- mdes, cont. of mdeza.
- m d e s a', adj. clear, not fuddled: mdesa wauŋ, I am not drunk. See mdeza.
- m d e s a' h a n, part. clear-sighted, clearly.
- m des-ya', v. a. to make clear, cause to recover from stupidity mdeswaya
- m des-ya', adv. clearly.
- m des-ya'-ken, adv. clearly.
- m d e t a n' h u n k a, n. a leader of a war party or any other party.

 T., blotanhunka. See zuyeein.
- m de-ya', n. Mdeyataŋka, Ottertail Lake.
- m de-ya'-ta, adv. at the lake.

 This is used by the Dakotas in referring to Lake Superior, which they used to visit.
- m de'-za, adj. clear; clear-sighted, as, ista mdeza; sober—mamdeza, nimdeza. See mdesa.
- m d e'-z e-d a n, adj. clear, as water: mini mdezedan, clear water.
- m do, n. an esculent root eaten by the Dakotas, in appearance and taste something likesweet potatoes, the Dakota tamdo; potatoes, the Wasicup tamdo. T., blo.
- mdo, n. a ridge or range of hills:

- T., blo; Waziblo owakipamni, Pine Ridge Agency.
- m dog-yan'-ka, v. n. to remain at home when others go out to hunt—mdogmanka, mdognanka, mdogunyankapi.
- m d o' h u, n. potato-tops.
- m do-ka', n. the male of animals.
- m do ka', adj. male, used only of animals, birds, etc., not of men.
- m do-ka'-ska, v. n. to hickup—mdowakaska.
- m do-ka'-ta, adv. at the water, by the shore. T., bleyata; hutata.
- m d o k e' ć o k a y a , n. midsummer. T., blokećokanyan.
- m do-ke'-han, n. låst summer: mdokehan ićima, summer before last T., blokehan.
- m do-ke'-tu, n summer, this summer, next summer. T, bloketu.
- m do-ki'-h da-ka, v. n. to move in the summer—mdokiwahdaka
 T., bloketu ehan iglaka. See ihdaka.
- m do'-ki-ṭa, v. n. to be tired or weary, as by walking—mdowakiṭa, mdounkiṭapi T., watuka.
- m do'-ki-te-ya, v. a. to make tired or weary, to tire, weary, fatigue—mdokitewaya, mdokitemayan.
- m do'-te, n. the mouth or junction of one river with another (a name commonly applied to the country about Fort Snelling, or mouth of the Saint Peters; also the name appropriated to the establishment of

- of the rivers, written Mendota); the outlet of a lake. T., iyoliloke.
- ·m do wan' źi dan, n. high table land; the top of a ridge. T., blowanzila: i. q. mdamdata.
- m do'-za, n. the loon. T., huntka.
- powdered, pulverized, m d u, adj. fine: aguyapi mdu, flour; maka mdu, dust.
- m d u m d u', adj. red. of mdu; mellow and dry, as apples or turnips.
- 1st pers. sing. of m d u - m d u', v.yumdu.
- crumbledm du - wa' - han, part. down, not hard.
- mi, pron. pos. in comp. my or mine; me; for me or to me, as in mikte, he kills for me. See ni.
- mi-be', adj. round, circular: i. q. mima.
- mi-ća', pron. and prep. in comp. of kića; as in opemićaton, he buys from me. T., for me; opemicaton, he buys for me.—w. J. C.
- mi'-ća, n. a small species of wolf: cont. for mićaksića.
- m i ć a', n. the lean meat on the side of an animal near the rump, the small of the back; the lean meat of the thigh.
- mi-ća'-hu, n. the bone near the hip-bone.
- mi'-ća-ġa, v. of kićaġa; to make to or for me.
- mi'-ća-ksi-ća, n. a small wolf. See mića, miyaća, and miyaśleća.
- $mi'-\acute{c}a-pe-\acute{c}a$, n. T. i. q. wićapeća.

- the Fur Company at the junction | mi'-ći, pron. and prep. of kići; with me, for me. T. means only for me: e. g., mići un, is in my stead or for me: with me is "kići maun." w. J. c. See nići and ići.
 - mi-ći', pron. reflex. myself, as, miéikte, I kill myself; for myself, as, mićićaga, I make for myself, or I make myself. See nići and ići.
 - mi-hnag', cont. of mihnaka; mihnag waun.
 - mi-hna'-ka, v.a. to put in under the girdle, as a knife or hatchet; to wear round the loins—miwahnaka. T., mićignaka. See miunpa.
 - mi'-hna-ka, v. of kihnaka; he lays up for me.
 - m i'-la, n. T. a knife. M i' - l a han-ska, n. T. i. q. Minahanska. See isan.
 - mi'-la-pa-ksa, n. T. a caseknife.
 - mi'-la-pi-śla, n. knife.
 - mi'-na, n. Ih. a knife.
 - Mi'-na-han-ska, n. Ih. knife, an American: i. q. Isantanka.
 - mi'-na-yu-kśi-źa-pi, n. a pocket knife. T., miyukśiźa.
 - mi'-ni, n. water.
 - mi'-ni-a-pa-hta, v. T. to carry water in a skin.
 - mi'-ni-a-pa-hta, n. a skin bottle for water.
 - mi'-ni-bo-sdi, n. a syringe. See miniibosdi.
 - mi'-ni-bo-ta, v. n. to be drenched with water. Said also when water.

- comes much into a tent—minibomata. T, miniwota.
- mi'-ni-bo-ha, n. Ih. a gulch, a ravine made by water. T., wakogla.
- mi'-ni-bo-zan, n. mist, fine rain.
 T., miniwozela.
- m i' n i é a d u z a, n. rapid water, strong current.
- mi'-ni-ća-sin-yan, n. T. rippling water.
- mi'-ni-ća-hda, adv. by the water.
- mi'-ni-ćo-ćo, adv. T. slushy; i q. waspanla.
- m i'-n i- é a-p i, n. (mini and ka) T. a well of water: i. q. mniéapi.
- Mi'-ni-du-za, n. the Saskatchawan River.
- mi'-ni-he-ća, v. n. to be smart or active—maminiheća, niminiheća, unminihećapi. T., biliheća.
- mi'-ni-hen-he-ća, v. red. of miniheća.
- m i'-n i-hen-ya, adv actively, industriously.
- mi'-ni-he-ya, v.a. to make active: miniheićiya, to make one's self active, to be industrious—minihemićiya. See mniheya.
- mi'-ni-hiŋ-tkaŋ-ha-ka, n. water-moss, that which grows under water.
- mi'-ni-hi-ya-ya, n T. a flood of water.
- mi'-ni-hdo-ka, n. a fountain or spring of water, a well.
- m i'-n i-liu-ha, n. linen or cotton cloth, calico; paper.

- mi'-ni-hu-ha-čaŋ-noŋ-pa, n. .
 `a cigarette.
- mi'-ni-hu-ha-i-pa-tin, n. T. starch. See patin.
- mi'-ni-hu-ha-i-yo'-wa, n. T. a pen, pencil. See iyowa.
- mi'-ni-hu-ha-kaŋ-śu-ku-te-pi, n. playing-cards. See kaŋsukutepi.
- m i' n i h u h a m a z a s k a, n. T. paper money
- m i'-n i-h u-h a-o-w a-p i, n.
 painted cloth, calico; a letter, a book.
 See owapi.
- mi'-ni-hu-ha-ska, n. white cotton or muslin; white paper, writing paper.
- m i' n i h u h a s k a s o k a, n. bed-ticking.
- mi'-ni-hu-ha-ska-zib-zi-pe-dan, n. fine muslin.
- mi'-ni-hu-ha-to-héa, n. blue cloth as distinguished from green.
- mi'-ni-hu-ha-wi-yu-ma, n. sand-paper. See yuman.
- mi'-ni-i-bo-sdi, n. a syringe; a squirt-gun.
- mi'-ni-ka-a-ta-źa, n. T. of mini and taźa; waves.
- Mi'-ni-kaŋ-ye-wo-źu, n. p the name of one of the bands of Teeton Sioux; the Minneconjoux: meaning those who plant near the water. Some of them pronounce their name thus: Mí-ni-ko'-o-źu.
- mi'-nin, adv. (mini and en) in the water
- m i'-n i-n a- \dot{g} a- \dot{g} a, v. to struggle, as anything shot in the water.

- mi'-nin-ța, v. n. to drown, be drowned—mininmața.
- mi'-nin-te-ya, v. a. to drown, cause to drown—minintewaya.
- mi-ni-o'-ka-bla-ya, n. T. water spread out.
- mi'-ni-o-mni, n. an eddy. See miniyomni. T., owamniyomni.
- m i'-n i-o-ta, v. n. to drown, be drowned—miniomata.
- mi'-ni-o-te-ya, v. a. to drown, cause to drown—miniotewaya.
- m i'-n i-o-w a n é a, n. all over water, the ocean: i. q. miniwanéa.
- mi'-ni-o-we, n. a spring, fountain of water: i. q. miniyowe. T., ominiowe.
- mi'-ni-sa-pa, n. (mini and sapa) ink.
 mi-ni-sku'-ya, n. (mini and skuya) salt, probably so called because salt was first found by them
 in springs or lakes.
- mi'-ni-sku-ya, n. vinegar.
- mi-ni-sku'-ya-o-hna-ka-pi, n. a salt-cellar. See ohnaka.
- Mi'-ni-so-ta, n. the Minnesota or Saint Peters River. It means whitish water, and is the name also of the lake called by white people Clear Lake.
- m i'-n i-śa, n. red water, i. e., wine, cider, ale.
- mi'-ni-ś'e-ś'e, v. n. T. to sprinkle, rain gently.
- mi'-ni-śi-ća, n. bad water, i. e., whisky.
- Mi'-ni-śo-śe, n. turbid water, i. e., the Missouri River.

- to drown, be mi'-ni-ta-ga, n. foam, froth, spittle.
 - mi'-ni-tan, v. n. to flood.
 - mi'-ni-tan, n. (mini and tanka) a flood, high water.
 - mi'-ni-tan-ka-ya, adv. with water spread over.
 - mi'-ni-tan-ya, v. a. to cause to flood—minitanwaya.
 - mi'-ni-wa-kaŋ, n. (mini and wa-kaŋ) water-spirit, i e., whisky.
 - mi'-ni-wa-kaŋ-ti-pi, n. u whisky-shop, groggery.
 - mi'-ni-wa-mnu-ha-dan, n. snails, periwinkles.
 - m i'-n i-w a n é a, n. the sea, the ocean: i. q. miniowanéa.
 - m i' n i w a n c a w a t a, n. T. a ship: i. q. wita wata.
 - mi'-ni-wa-ti-ćo-ġa, n. T. the scum on stagnant water; water-moss.
 - mi'-ni-wi-to-ye, n. frog-spittle, the green that collects on stagnant water. T., minitola.
 - mi'-ni-ya-tkan, n. (mini and iyatkan) a drinking-vessel, a tin cup.
 - mi'-ni-ya-tke, n. Same as miniyatkan.
 - mi'-ni-yo-hpan-yan, v. to soak in water.
 - mi'-ni-yo-mni, n. an eddy, whirlpool: i. q. miniomni.
 - mi'-ni-yo-pa, adj. wet, saturated with water, as wet wood. T., spaya.
 - m i'-n i-yo-waŋ-ća, n. water spread all over, i. e., the ocean: i. q. miniowaŋća.

- m i'-n i-y o-w e, n. a spring, fountain of water: i. q. miniowe
- mi'-ni-yo-we-hde-pi, n. a well of water.
- m i' n i y u s p a s p a y e l a, n.T. water holes.
- m i'-n i-y u-ś p e-d a n, v. to perspire much: miniyuśpedan waśkan, I work perspiring much. T., miniyuśpala.
- mi'-ni-zi, n. (mini and zi) bile, which accumulates in the stomach.
- m i'-o-gla-sin, n. T. a mirror. See mniohdasin.
- mi'-o-gle, n T. a whet-stone; probably of mila, knife, and ogle or egle, to place. See mihnáka.
- mi-o'-zu-ha, n. T. a knife-sheath.
- miś, pron. I: miś miye, I myself. See iś and niś.
- m i ś n a' k a, pron. I alone. See iśnaka.
- miś-na'-ka-se, pro. and adv. T., miśnakase iyuha bluhe kta, as if I were the only one that I should have all: niśnakase, iśnakase.
- m i ś n a' n a, pron. I alone, I only.

 T., miśnala See iśnana and niśnana.
- miś-na'-sa-ni-ća, adv. on my side.
- mi-ta', pron. prefix; my, mine.
- m i t a' h e, n. Ih. a tomahawk. See ćanhpi and onspedan.
- mi-ta'-wa, pron. my, mine. See tawa and nitawa.
- mi-un'-pa, n. something laid on the back to keep a pack from hurting,

- a pad: miunpa kiton, there is a pad under it. T., wagnagton.
- mi-wa'-kan, n. Ih. a sword.
- Mi-wa'-tan-ni, n. T. the Mandans: i. q. Mawatanna.
- m i' y a é a, n. T. the prairie wolf. See miéaksiéa.
- mi-ya'-śle-ća, n. T. a small kind of wolf—the coyote. See mićaksića.
- m i' y e, pron. I; me. See iye and niye.
- mi-ye', pl. imperat. termination, as, econ miye, do ye it. T., pi ye; that is the plural termination "pi" and the precative "ye." Mr. Cleveland thinks these were, probably, corrupted by the Santees into "miye"; Yanktons and others into "biye." In the Lord's Prayer, we say, "Waunhtanipi kin unkicicazupi ye"; but we do not say, in next clause: "ka taku wawiyutan kin ekta unkayapi śni piye," but "unkayapi śni ye."—w. J. c
- mi'-ye-ćin. See miyećinka.
- mi'-ye-ćin-ka, pron. I myself, I alone without aid or counsel. T., miyećuhćin; miyećuhćin ećamon kta, I will do it alone: miyećuhćin kaga yo, make it yourself—iyećuhćin.
- mi'-ye-ćin-ka-han, pron. I
- mi'-ye-ke, pron. even I, such a one as I. See niyeke.
- m i'- y e k e ś, pron. I myself.
- mi'-yeś, pron. I.

mi-yo'-gla-sin, n. T. a mirror, looking-glass. See mioglasin.

mi'-yo-gli, n. T. a razor-strop; whet-stone.

Mi-yo'-glu-ze, n. p. T. Whetstone Agency.

mi-yo'-ka-śiŋ, n. the small of the back.

mi'-yu-kśi-źa, n. T. a pocketknife. Ih., minayukśiźapi.

mna. See yumna, etc.

mna, n. black-haws.

m n a - h a n', n. a rip.

m n a - h a n', part. ripped of itself.

mna-han, red. of mnahan.

m n a'-h u, n. black-haw bushes.

 $m n a - h \acute{e} a' - h \acute{e} a$, n. the prairie lily.

mna-ki'-ya, v.a. to take up a collection for one; to gather one's own.

m n a ŋ' - k a, v. 1st pers. sing. of yáŋka; to braid, plait.

m n a - w a' - h a n, part. ripped.

m n a - y a n', v. a. to gather together, collect—mnawaya, mnaunyanpi.

mna-yan'-pi, n. a collecting, collection; karvest.

mna-ye'-ki-ya, v. a to cause to collect—mnayewakiya.

m n a'-źa, n. a lion; lioness. It is doubtful to what animal this name properly belongs; but it is used by the Dakotas for lion, although they

have never seen one. It may also be used for wolverine.

mni. See yumni.

mni, v. a. to lay up to dry, spread out in the sun to dry—wamni, yamni, unmnipi.

mni, v. Ih. and T., 1st pron. of ya, to go; mni kta, I will go; ni kta, thou wilt go.

m n i, n. Ih. for mini.

mni'-ći-ya, v. to assemble, as to a feast, etc.; to make a feast or call an assembly—mnimićiya, mniunkićiyapi.

mni-ća'-pi, n. a well.

m n i' - ġ a. See yumniġa.

m n i - h e' - ć a, v. n. See miniheća. m n i - h e n' - y a, adv. See mini-

henya.

mni-he'-ya, v.a. See miniheya. mni'-ya-pa-tan-han, adv. Ik. next to the river, by the water.

mni-yo'-hda-sin, n. a lookingglass; window glass. See mioglasin.

m n u'- g a, v. to crunch, as a horse does in eating corn.

mnuh, cont. of mnuga.

m n u h' - m n u - ġ a, v. red. of mnuġa. See yamnumnuġa.

m n u h - y e' - l a, adv. T. in a crunching way.

m n u - m n u' - ġ a - h a, adj. T. soft, as bone not formed; cartilagenous.

N.

- n, the sixteenth letter of the Dakota alphabet. It has the sound of English n in name, not, etc., and, except in a few cases, occurs only in the beginning or middle of a syllable.
- na, a prefix to verbs. It commonly indicates that the action is done with the foot; but it is also used to express the effects of frost, heat, etc.
- na, v. imperat. only; take it: na wo, na po. T., used by women and children: i. q. ye.
- na, conj. T. and, moreover, also: i q. ka.
- na, suffix diminutive. Ih., i. q. dan. na, adverbial exclamation. here; na, iću wo, here, take it, said when passing the pipe around. T. L. Riggs thinks it is not a verb as used by Teetons.
- n a a' ġ a ġ a, v. to plunge, said of fish plunging in water: naaġaġa śkan, it plūys plunging about
- n a a' h d a p ś i ŋ, v. of ahdapśiŋ; to kick over—naawahdapśiŋ.
- na-a'-hda-pśiŋ-yaŋ, v. of ahdapśiŋyaŋ; naahdapśiŋyaŋ iyeya, to kick anything over.
- na-a'-hmus, cont. of naahmuza.
- n a a' h m u z a, v. n. to draw up, as a person dying—naawahmuza.

 T., natib aya.
- n a a' k a m n i, v. naakamni iyeya, to cause to burst or spread

- out, as one's moccasins. T., nabla iyeya and napota.
- n a a' k a ś' i ŋ , v. to bend backwards: naakaś'iŋ iyaya. T., nakaś'iŋ. See kaś'iŋ.
- na-a'-mda-ya, v. to make level by trampling on—naawamdaya; to become level or plain; to swell out full T., naablaya. See amdaya.
- n a a' t i ŋ z a, v. a. to tread down hard—naawatinza.
- na-bag', cont. of nabaka; nabag iyeya, to kick out the foot. T., nagwag.
- na-bag'-ba-ka, v. red. of na-baka.
- na-ba'-ka, v. n. to kick out the foot; to struggle—nawabaka. T., nagwaka.
- nab-kan', n. T. (nape and kan) the cords of the wrist.
- na-bla'-ya, v. T. i. q namdaya. na-bu', v. a. to drum with the foot, beat on the ground, stamp—nawabu, naunbupi.
- na-bu'-bu, v. red. of nabu; to make a noise by stamping—nawa-bubu.
- n a-ć a', n. T. a chief. See mazyuha and itanéan.
- na-ćam'-ćam. See naćapćam.
- na-ćan'-ćan, v. of ćanćan; to make shake with the foot; to shake— • nawaćanćan.

- naćapćam ya, to go on a trot. yućabćab.
- na-ćap'-ćam-ya, v. a. to cause to trot—naćapćamwaya.
- $na-\acute{c}ap'-\acute{c}a-pa$, v. n. to trot, as a horse. T, yućabćapa.
- n a ć e', adv. perhaps: i. q. niće.
- na-će'-ća, adv perhaps, probably, it may be.
- na-ćeg', cont. of naćeka; naćeg iyeya.
- na-ćeg'-ćeg, cont. of naćegćeka.
- na-ćeg'-će-ka, v. red. of naćeka.
- na-će'-ka, v.a. to make stagger by kicking—nawaćeka.
- $na \acute{c}e' ki \acute{s}ku\eta$, v. n. to lie with one's back to the fire—naćeweśkun. T., ćankahu okaltkiya.
- n a ć e n', adv. perhaps, about that.
- na-ćen'-ya, adv. probably.
- na-će'-ya, v. a. (na and ćeva) to make cry by kicking—nawaćeya.
- n a ć i' k a, v. Same as naćikadan.
- na-ći'-ka-dan, v. of ćikadan; to make small by trampling—nawaćikadan; to become less by drying.
- na-ći'-stin-na, v. a. of ćistinna; to make less by trampling on—nawa- \dot{c} istinna. T., naciscila.
- na-gla'-gla, adj. T. moving, as the ribs of a buffalo.
- na-gmu' and na-gmun', v.n. T. to twist of itself.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}', \quad v. \ n.$ to gape open, as a wound: naga iyeya, to cause to spread open. T., naźal.

- na-ćap'-ćam, cont. of naćapćapa; na-ġa'-ġa, v. red. of naġa; to splash with the foot—nawagaga; to spatter or fly out, as grease on the T., to be scorched or cooked on the outside.
 - $na \dot{g}a' \dot{g}a ken$, adv. standing open, as a wound. T., nažalžakel.
 - $n \cdot a \dot{g} \cdot a' \dot{g} \cdot a y \cdot a$, adv. naġaġaya span, partly cooked.
 - $na \dot{g}a' \dot{g}a ye la$, adj. T. partially.
 - na-gam', cont. of nagapa; nagam iyeya. T., nagal.
 - na-ġan', cont. of naġata; naġan iyeya. T., nagal.
 - na-ġan'-ġa-ta, v. red. of naġata. T., naģalģata.
 - na-ġa'-pa, v. a. to strip off the skin of anything with the foot—nawagapa.
 - na-ġa'-ta, v. n. to stretch out the *foot*—nawaġata.
 - na-gi', n. the soul, spirit of a person; manes, shades, ghosts (the Dakotas suppose several to belong to one person); the shadow of anything-minagi, ninagi, unnagipi, wićanagi: nagi iyaya, he is gone to the spirit-land.
 - $n \cdot g \cdot v y \cdot a$, v. n. to go to the spiritworld: nagi mda, I go to the land of spirits.
 - na-ġi'-ya-ta, or wa-na-ġi'ya-ta, adv. at or in the spiritland.
 - na-ġi'-ye-ya, *v. a.* vex, bother one-nagiyewaya, nagiyemayan.

- n a g o' g o, v. to scratch, as a cat; to stick on, as mud on one's foot.
- na-ġu'-ka, v. a. to sprain, as one's ankle.
- naġ-wag', cont. of naġwaka.
- naġ-wa'-ka, v. T. to swing or dangle the feet.
- na-hah', or na-hanh', adv. yet; used with śni, not yet.
- na-ha'-hin, adv. See nahanhin.
- of the way: naha iyewaya, I kick out of the way. T., nakab iyeya.
- 'n a h a n', conj. T. and, then; also; besides; of na and hehan.
- na-haŋ'-hćin, adv. Ih. yet.
- n a h a ŋ' h i ŋ , adv. yet; nahaŋhiŋ śni, not yet: nahaŋhiŋ ećamoŋ śni, I have not yet done it. T., nahaŋhća.
- na-haŋ'-hiŋ-ke-śni, adv. not yet, not time yet. T., nahaŋlićeke śni.
- n a h b a', v. n. to fall off, as quill-work or the feathers of an arrow.

 T., naswa; nasba.
- n a h d a', v. n. to uncoil of itself. T., nagla.
- n a h d a' k a. See inahdaka.
- n a h d a' k a y a, adv. sticking out, as the ribs of an animal: nahdakaya wipi, it is so full that its ribs stick out. T., naglakeya.
- na-hda'-kin-yan, adv. set crosswise or turned out, as the foot: siha nahdakinyan iyeya, to turn the foot out.
- n a h d a' p ś i ŋ y a ŋ , v. nahdavol. vii——21

- pśinyan iyeya, to turn bottom up with the foot. See naohdapśinyan.
- to sprain, as na-hda'-ptus, cont. of nahdaptuza: nahdaptus iyaya.
 - n a h d a' p t u z a, v. n. to fly back, as a bow that is bent, or as a tree that is pulled and let go.
 - n a h d e' h d e z a, v. n. to be checkered or marked.
 - na-hdo'-ka, v. a. to knock and injure, as the joint of one's leg—nawahdoka. T., nagloka, to slip out of place, as a joint.
 - na-hin', cont. of nahinta; nahin iyeya, to scrape off with the foot.
 - n a b i n', v. imperat. See na.
 - n a h i n' t a, v. a. to wipe off with the foot—nawahinta.
 - n a h m i' h m a, v. a. to roll with the foot—nawahmihma. T., nagmigma. See naohmihma.
 - n a h m i' y a ŋ y a ŋ , v. a. to make round with the foot—nawahmiyaŋ-yaŋ. T, nagmiyaŋyaŋ. See nahomni.
 - na-hmun', v. n. to curl or crisp, as bark or burnt leather. T., nagmun.
 - na-hmuŋ-hmuŋ', v. red. of na-hmuŋ. T., nagmugmuŋ.
 - na-hmuŋ'-yaŋ, adv. curled: nahmuŋyaŋ waŋka, it lies curled up. T., nagmuŋyaŋ.
 - n a h n a', v. a. to knock off with the foot, as fruit—nawahna. T., nagna.
 - n a h n a' y a n, v. a. to stumble, miss step; to miss in trying to kick—nawahnayan. T., nagnayan.

- n a h n u' h n u, v. n. to swell up. T., nulinuge.
- n a h o' h o, v. a. to shake or make loose with the foot—nawahoho.
- n a h o' m n i , v. a. to turn round with the foot—nawahomni. T., nahmiyanyan.
- n a h u' h u s, cont. of nahuhuza; nahuhus iyeya. T., nahunhuns.
- n a h u' h u z a, v. a. to shake or rock with the foot—nawahuhuza.

 T., nahunhunza.
- n a h a', v. n. to become rough, as one's hands when chapped by the wind—namaha; to stand up on end, as grains of corn when boiling.
- n a h a m', cont of nahapa; naham iyeya, to scare or drive away by stamping. T., nahab.
- na-ham'-ha-pa, v. red. of na-hapa.
- n a h a n' h i y a, adv. slowly: i. q. iwaśtedan.
- n a h a' p a, v. a. to scare away by stamping—nawahapa.
- n a h b a', v. a. to put to sleep by rocking with the foot—nawahba.

 T, nahwa.
- n a li b e', v. See nahma.
- n a h b e' y a h a \mathfrak{n} , adv. secretly. T, nahmalaha \mathfrak{n} .
- n a h ć i', v. a. to break out a piece with the foot—nawahći.
- n a h é o', v. n. to come loose or untied, as one's moccasins or leggins.

 T., naska. See inahéo, to pull up: onzooge inahéo iyeya wo, pull up your pants.

- n a li ć o' k a, v. n. to come loose, as one's leggins. See naićoġa.
- na-héo'-ya, adv. loose, untied, as the strings that hold up one's leggins.
- n a h d a', v. a. to rattle with the foot—nawahda. T., nahla.
- n a h d a' ġ a ŋ, v. n. to open, spread out, be enlarged. T., nahlaġaŋ.
- na-hda'-hda, v. red. of nahda.
- na-hdan', v. cont. of nahdata.
- n a h d a' t a, v. a. to scratch with the toes—nawahdata.
- n a h d a' y a, v. n. to peel off, come loose, fall off, as a sticking plaster.
- n a h d e' é a , v. a. to rend, tear open with the foot—nawahdeéa, naunhdeéa. See onahdeéa.
- n a h d e' h d e ć a, v. red. of nahdeća.
- n a h d e n', cont. of nahdeća; nahden iyeya. T., nahlel.
- na-hdi', v. to trample in.
- na-hdog', cont. of nahdoka; na-hdog iyeya.
- na-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of na-hdoka.
- na-hdo'-ka, v.a. to make a hole with the foot; to wear a hole in the foot by walking—nawahdoka. T., nahloka. See onahdoka.
- n a h e' y a n, cont. of nalieyata; nalieyan iyeya.
- na-he'-ya-ta, v. a. to kick off to one side—nawaheyata: naheyata iyeya.
- na-hi'-ća, v. a. to wake one up with the foot, by touching or by walking—nawahića.

- na-hin', cont. of nahica; nahin | na-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of nahpu; to iyeya.
- n a h i' y e y a, v. nahiyeya iyeya, to kick to pieces, to destroy: nahiyeya iyewaya.
- n a h m a', v. a. i. q. nahbe; to hide, conceal—nawahbe, naunhmanpi. See analima, to hide on, as in speaking; and inalima, to hide in, as one's actions.
- na-hma'-na, adv. secretly, slyly, covertly. T., nahmalahan.
- na-hmin', v. a. to turn out or make turn out, as one's moccasins—nawalimin. Compare naohmin.
- n a-h o l', cont. of nahota; T., oye nahol iyaya, he makes tracks as he goes.
- na-hon', v.a. to hear anything; to listen to; to attend to, obey—nawahon, 🗸 nayahon, naunhonpi; namayahon, thou hearest me. See nogoptan.
- na-hon'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to hear, relate, and make hear-nahonwakiya.
- n a h o n' y a, v. a. to cause to hear nahonwaya, nahonmayan.
- na-ho'-ta, v. See nahol.
- na-hpa', v.a. to touch or set off a trap with the foot, throw down with the foot—nawahpa.
- n a h p a η' y a η , v. to moisten with the foot nawah panyan and nah pan-
- na-hpe'-ya, v. a. to cause to make fall with the foot—nalipewaya.
- n a h p u', v. a. to knock off with the foot anything sticking—nawahpu; to fall off of itself.

- fall off, as anything that has been stuck on.
- na-htag', cont of nahtaka; nahtag iyeya.
- na-hta'-hta-ka, v. red. of nahtaka.
- na-hta'-ka, v. a. to kick anything — nawahtaka, nayahtaka, naunhtakapi, namahtaka.
- $n \cdot a i' c \cdot o g \cdot a$, v. n. to come loose, to slip down, as one's leggins. See nahćoka.
- n a i' ć o h, cont. of naićoga; naićoh iyeya, o to cause to come untied and slip down, as one's leggins: opposed to inahćo—naićoh iyewaya.
- na-i'-ći-hbe, v. reflex. See naićihma
- na-i'- éi-hma, v. reflex. of nahma; to hide one's self—namićihbe.
- n a -i n ś', conj. T. or; i. q. ka is.
- na-i'-pa-tku-ga, v. naipatkuh iyeya, to kick into a row or line.
- n a i' t p i s k a, v. naitpiska elipeya, to kick over, as a dog, on its back T., naikpiska.
- na-i'-tun-kam, v. naitunkam ehpeya, to kick over backwards.
- n a i' y o w a s, cont. of naiyowaza; naiyowas iyeya.
- na-i'-yo-wa-za, v. a. to cau c an echo by stamping—nawaiyowaza.
- n a' k a, adv. now, lately, but a short time ago, to-day: náka ećamon, I T., lećala. did it just now.
- na'-ka, v. n. to twitch, as the eye or flesh sometimes does involun-

- tarily: iśta manaka, *my eye twitches*. See wićanaka.
- na-ka'-aś, adv. indeed, truly.
- na-ka'-eś, adv. truly, indeed, of course. T., lakaś.
- na-kab', cont. of nakopa; nakab iyeya.
- n a k a' h a, adv. now, lately, today, referring to the past. T., lećala See náka.
- na-ka'-ha-héin, adv. T. at this moment.
- na-ka'-haś, adv. at last, after a long time.
- n a k a h', adv. just now, lately.
- na-ka'-lićin, adv. of náka; Ti just now.
- na-kan', v. to pound or beat out, thresh.
- na-ka'-pa, v. to kick, as a ball—nawakapa.
- na-ka'-po-ġan, v. n. to rise, swell up, as bread rises.
- n a k a' p o , v. to swell, as the stomach.
- n a k a ś', adv. indeed, truly. T., nakeś. See nakaaś.
- n a k a' ś' i ŋ, v. T. to bend backward. See naakaś'iŋ.
- na-ka'-tin, v. to straighten with the foot; to straighten the foot—nawakatin; to become straight of itself.
- na-ka'-wa, v. to spring open; to kick open—nawakawa.
- n a k é a', v. to untie or loosen with the foot—nawakéa; to come loose of itself. T., nakéa. See nahéo.
- na-ke'-nu-na, adv. during a short

- time, a little while: nakenuna wani, I have lived but a little while.
- na-keś', adv. Ih., at last: T., just now; indeed, truly.
- na-ke'-ya, v.n. to slope. See keya. na-ke'-ya, adv. sloping, leaning, not level. See kanakeya, etc.
- na-ki'-ći-bu, v. of nabu; to drum with the foot for one—nawećibu.
- na-ki'-ći-hmun, v. of nahmun; to twist or become twisted for one—namićihmun. T., nakićigmun.
- n a k i' ć i h u h u z a, v. of nahu-. huza; to shake for one—nawećihuhuza. T., nakićihuphupza.
- na-ki'-ći-hu-hu-za-pi, n. see-sawing.
- n a k i' é i h m a, v. of nahma; to conceal for one—naweéihbe, naun-kiéihmanpi.
- na-ki'-ći-hoŋ, v. of nahoŋ; to hear for one—nawećihoŋ; nakićihoŋpi, they hear each other.
- n a k i' ć i h t a k a, v. of nahtaka; to kick for one—nawećihtaka; nakićihtakapi, they kick each other.
- na-ki'-ći-ksa, v. of naksa; to break off with the foot for one—nawećiksa.
- na-ki'-ći-ku-ka, v. of nakuka; to wear out with the foot for one nawećikuka.
- n a k i' é i k ś i ŋ, v. of o nakikśin; to stand up for one in danger, stand by one—nawećikśin.
- na-ki'-ći-mda-ya, v. of namdaya; to make level by trampling on for one—nawećimdaya. T., nakićiblaya.

- n a k i' ć i m d e ć a, v. of namdeća; to break, as a plate, for one with the foot—nawećimdeća; to break for one by freezing, etc.—namićimdeća. T., nakićibleća.
- n a k i' é i p a, v. of napa; to flee from any person or thing—nawecipa, namicipa.
- na-ki'-ći-pan, v. of napan; to trample or tread out, as grain, for one—nawećipan.
- n a k i' é i p o t a, v. of napota; to wear out, as moccasins, for one nawecipota.
- n a k i' ć i p s a k a, v. of napsaka; to break, as a cord, with the foot for one—nawećipsaka.
- n a k i' é i s u t a, v. of nasuta; to tread hard for one—nawećisuta, na-uŋkićisutapi.
- na-ki'-ći-śpa, v. of naśpa; to kick off for one anything sticking—nawećiśpa.
- na-ki'-ći-ta-ka, v. of nataka; to fasten or lock for one—nawećitaka.
- na-ki'-ći-tan-pi, v. recip. of natan; to kick each other, as boys in play—naunkićitanpi.
- n a k i' é i w e ġ a, v. of naweġa; to break, as an ax-handle, for one, by treading on it—nawećiweġa.
- na-ki'-ći-wi-zi-pi, v. recip. of nawizi; they are jealous of each other—naunkićiwizipi.
- n a k i' ć i ź a, v. of naźa or nakiźa; to tread out for one; to hull for one, as rice, by treading—nawećiźa.

- na-ki'-ći-źiŋ, v. of naźiŋ; to stand for one, stand in one's place—nawećiźin.
- n a k i' ć i ź i ŋ k a , v. to stand up for one, stand by one—naweći-źiŋka.
- na-ki'-hmun, v. of nahmun; to become twisted of itself for one—namakihmun. T., nakićigmun.
- na-ki'-hbe, v. See nakihma.
- n a k i' h m a, v a. pos. of nahma; to hide or conceal one's own—nawa-kihbe, nauŋkihmaŋpi.
- na-ki'-hon, v. pos. of nahon; to hear onc's own, as what one has said or is reputed to have said—nawakihon and nawehon.
- na-ki'-kiŋ-ya, adv. tenderly, soft: nakikiŋya śpaŋ, it is well cooked. T., nakintkilya.
- na-ki'-ki-ta, v. n. to be made limber or tender by boiling; to trample and make limber—nawakikita. T., nakintkinta.
- na-ki'-ksa, v. pos. of naksa; to break one's own with the foot—naweksa and nawakiksa.
- n a k i' k ś i ŋ, v. a. to defend one's self—nawekśiŋ. See anakikśiŋ.
- n a k i' m d a y a, v. pos. of namdaya; to trample one's own level—nawakimdaya. T., nakiblaya.
- n a k i' m d e é a , v. pos. of namdeéa; to break one's own by treading on it—nawakimdeéa. T., nakibleéa.
- na-ki'-mni, v. pos. of namni; to turn back to one's home—nawakimni.

- na-kin', cont. of nakinéa and nakinta; nakin iyeya, to scrape off with the foot.
- n a k i ŋ' ć a , v. a. to scrape off, as hair, with the foot—nawakinća, na-uŋkinćapi.
- n a k i n' t a, v. a. to brush off with the foot—nawakinta.
- na-kint'-kil-ya, adv. T. tenderly.
- na-kint'-kin-ta, v. n. T. to be made tender by boiling; to become limber: i. q. nakikita.
- na-ki'-pa, v. pos. of napa; to flee or retreat towards home, turn back for fear—nawakipa.
- na-ki'-pa-ya, v. n. to straighten up of itself, as grass that has been trampled down.
- na-ki'-péa, v. pos. of napéa; to swallow down one's own, as one's spittle—nawakipéa.
- n a-ki'-psa-ka, v. pos. of napsaka; to break with the foot one's own string—nawakipsaka.
- na-ki'-pson, v. pos. of napson; to spill over one's own with the foot—nawakipson.
- n a k i' p u s k i é a , v. a. to press close together with the feet—nawakipuskiéa. See kipuskiéa.
- na-ki'-śdo-ka, v. pos. of naśdoka; to extricate one's self from, kick off one's own moccasins. T., nakiśloka.
- na-ki'-śna, v. pos. of naśna; to miss one's footing, to slip—nawakiśna.

- na-ki'-ta-ka, v. pos. of nataka; to fence, fasten, bolt or bar one's own nawakitaka.
- na-ki'-we-ġa, v. pos of naweġa; to break or splinter one's own with the feet—nawakiweġa.
- na-ki'-wi-zi, v. a. of nawizi; to be envious of, jealoas of—nawakiwizi, namakiwizi.
- n a k i' źa, v. pos. of naźa; to tread out one's own rice.
- n a k o g', cont. of nakoka; nakog iyeya.
- na-ko'-ka, v. a. to rattle, as a bell, with the foot—nawakoka.
- n a k o' k o k a , adj. rough, as a country: he nakokoka, a rough hill. T., hośkiśki.
- na-kpa', n. the external ear, auricle; the ears of animals: i. q. natpa.
- n a k p a', v. n. ista nakpa, to become blind. T., istagonga.
- n a k p a', v. to crackle, as fire. See nakpakpa.
- n a k p a' a ź o g k i y a , v. n. to prick up the ears, as a horse, at anything. T., nakpa yuwankan iki-kéu.
- n a k p a' a ź o k i y a , v. See nakpaaźogkiya.
- n a k p a' ġ i ć a, n. the marten:
 i. q. natpaġića.
- n a k p a' g i é a d a n, n. a small marten: i. q. natpagiéadan.
- n a k p a' i y o t a h e l a, adv. T. between the ears.
- n a k p a' k p a, v. n. to crackle, as wood burning.

- n a k p a n', n. the sinews of the wrist. | n a k ti' h e y a, adv. See napkan. | stumbling; naktiheya n
- na-kpi', v.a. to crack, as a nut, with the foot—nawakpi: i. q. natpi.
- na-kpi'-i-yu-ta-ke, n. T. an ear wrapper, scarf, tippet.
- na-kpi'-kpi, v red. of nakpi; to make successive sounds, as a gun sometimes does in hanging fire.
- n a k s a', v. a. to break off, as a stick, with the foot—nawaksa, naunksapi.
- n a k s a' k sa, v. red. of naksa.
- na-ksa'-ya, v to cause to break with the foot—naksawaya.
- n a k s i' z a, v. n. to split or crack of itself; i. q. napsiza.
- n a $k \le a'$, v. n. to coil, roll up, as anything burnt.
- $na-k \le a'-da\eta$, v.n. See naksa.
- na-kśaŋ, v.a. to crook or bend with the foot—nawakśaŋ.
- n a k ś a ŋ' k ś a ŋ , v. red. of nakśaŋ. n a - k ś i' - k ś i - ź a , v. red. of nakśiźa.
- na-kśiś, cont. of nakśiźa; nakśiś iyeya, to bend up, as one's legs.
- n a k ś i' ź a, 'v. to double up anything with the foot, bend up the leg; to double up itself—nawakśiźa.
- na-ktan', v.a. to bend with the foot—nawaktan. See naoktan.
- na-ktan'-ktan, v. red. of naktan. na-ktan'-yan, v. a. to cause to bend with the foot—naktanwaya.
- n a k t i' h e é a , v. n. to stumble, trip, miss step, knock the feet together in walking—nawaktiheéa. T, hiéahan; siiéiyapapa.

- na-kti'-he-ya, adv. tripping, stumbling; naktiheya mani, to walk stumblingly. T., hićahanyan.
- na-ku'-ka, v. a. to wear out with the feet—rawakuka.
- na-kun', conj. and, also.
- na-le'- \dot{g} a, v. T. to make shine by kicking: i. q. naye \dot{g} a.
- na-leh, cont. of nalega.
- na-leh'-ya, v. T. to make shine or sparkle with the foot.
- n a m d a', v. n. to split off straight. na-mda'-ġa, v. n. to swell out, burst open, as corn boiling. T., nablaġa.
- na-mdah', cont. of namdaga; na-mdah iyaya.
- n a m d a s', cont. of namdaza; namdas iyeya.
- n a m d a' s k a, v. a. to flatten with the foot—nawamdaska. T., nabla-ska.
- n a m d a' y a, v. to make level or smooth with the foot; to become level, spread out—nawamdaya. T., nablaya.
- n a m d a' z a, v. to kick open, make burst by kicking—nawamdaza; to burst, as a kettle, by freezing, to burst open, as hominy, by boiling, or as one's entrails, etc. T., nablaza.
- n a m d e' é a , v. to break, as glass, etc., with the foot—nawamdeéa; to break, as earthenware or glass, by freezing. T., nableéa, to open out, as flowers, blossom; to crack open, as seed.
- n a m d e' m d e \acute{c} a , v. red. of namde \acute{c} a.

- n a m d e n', cont. of namdeća; namden iyeya.
- n a m d e n' y a, v. a. to cause to break with the foot—namdenwaya.
- n a m d e' z a, v. n. to hull, as corn does, by being boiled in ashes. T., naślaya.
- n a m du', v. a. to pulverize, tread up fine—nawamdu
- na-mdu', v.n. to become dry and fine, as sugar stirred up; to wear off, as a gun-lock, so that it will not stand cocked.
- na-mdu'-mdu, v. red. of namdu.
- n a m d u' y a, v. n. to break or wear off, as a gun-lock, so that it will not stand; to be plain or manifest, as tracks not long since made; to blossom.
- n a m d u' y a, v. a. to cause to wear off, as a gun-lock, so that it will not stand cocked—namduwaya. T., natepa.
- n a m k a'-win, v. (nape and kawin)
 to beckon with the hand, wave the
 hand—namwakawin. T., nape
 koza. See napkawin.
- n am k i' ć a w i n, v. a. to beckon to with the hand—namwećawin, nammićawin. T., nape kićoza.
- of one's moccasins—nawamna; to rip of itself.
 - n a m n a' m n a, v. red. of namna. n a - m n a' - y a n, v. a. to cause to rip, as one's moccasins—namnawaya.

- n a m n i', v. n. to turn back when going on a journey, to give out going—nawamni.
 - na-mni'-ġa, v. n. to shrink, draw up, full up, as cloth
- na-mnih', cont. of namniga; namnih iyaya.
- na-mnih'-ki-ya, v. to make shrink, to full up.
- na-mnih'-ya, v. a. to cause to shrink, to full up, as cloth—na-mnihwaya.
- na-mni'-mni, v. red. of namni; to swing, as one's blanket. T, kamnimni.
- n a'-na, intj. This is said to be used by the women when running after a boy they are unable to catch, meaning, well, well! I will do it some time! used by women also in handing anything: red. of na, take it; here it is.
- n a'-n a, adv. alone, only; used with the pronouns miś, niś, iś, uŋkiś. T., nala.
- na-na'-ke-ya, v. a. to push and make slope or lean with the foot—nawanakeya. See nakeya, etc.
- n a n i', v. a. to touch or jog with the foot, rouse up—nawani.
- na-ni'-ni, v. red. of nani; to jog with the foot, wake up—nawanini.
- naŋ-ka', v. 2d pers. sing. of yaŋká, to be.
- n a ŋ' k a , v. 2d pers. sing. of yáŋ-ka, to weave.
- nan-kpa', n. See nakpa.
- na-o'-hda-pśin, v. naohdapśin

- elipeya, to kick anything over bottom up.
- n a o' h d a p ś i n y a n, adv. kicking over: naohdapśinyan iyeya, to kick over. See nahdapśinyan.
- na-o'-hdu-ta, v. naohduta iyeya, to close up or cover with the foot.
- n a o' h m i h m a, v. to roll anything with the foot—naohmihma iyeya. T., naogmigma. See naonminma.
- n a o' h m u s, cont. of naohmuza; naohmus iyaya. T., naogmus.
- n a o'- h m u z a, v. to close up of itself; to close or shut up, as a flower does; to close up or cover with the foot—naowahmuza, naounhmuzapi. T., naogmuza.
- na-o'-haŋ-ko, v. a. to quicken one's movements by kicking him—naowahaŋko. See ohaŋko.
- n a o' h m i n , v. n. to glance off sideways, as a hutinacute: naohmin iyaya.
- n a o' h p a, v. n. to press or sink down into, as into mud or water; to break through, as into a corn-hole.
- n a o' h p e y a, v. a. to cause to sink down into, to make break through—naohpewaya.
- n a o' k i y u te, v. T. to close up or heal, as a wound.
- n a o' k s a, v. to break through, as when walking on ice or crusted snow—naowaksa, naounksapi. See naksa.
- na-o'-kśin, v.n. to turn in the toes, as in walking—naowakśin:

- naoksin mani, to walk with the toes turned in. T., naowinh mani.
- n a o' k t a ŋ, v. a. to bend into with the foot—naowaktaŋ. See na-ktaŋ.
- na-o'-ktan-yan, adv. bent in: naoktanyan wanka, it lies bent in.
- n a o' m n u m n u z a, v. red. of naomnuza.
- na-o'-mnus, cont. of naomnuza: naomnus iyaya
- n a o' m n u z a, v. a. to make creak or sound, as when one walks on newly formed ice—naowa-mnuza.
- n a o' n m i n m a, v. a. to roll, as a ball, etc., with the foot—nawao-nminma and naowanminma. See naohmihma.
- n a o y' z e b o s d a n, v. naoŋzebosdan iyeya, to kick bottom upwards; naoŋzebosdan iyeiçiya, to turn a somersault. See oŋze und bosdan.
- na-o'-pi-źe-la, adv. T. loose fitting.
- na-o'-po, v. n. to warp; to draw together, as a flower, to shut up.
- n a o' ś d i, v. n. to press up around, as when one sits down in soft mud.
- n a o' ś d i y a, adv. puffed up around: naośdiya po, swelled up full.
- na-o'-śiŋ, v. a. to make into a hard knot by kicking, as a horse his traces—naowaśin.
- na-o'-śiŋ-yaŋ, adv. in the manner of a hard knot: naośiŋyaŋ iyaya, to become a hard knot.

- na-o'-țins, cont. of naoținza; naoțins iyeya.
- na-o'-tins-ya, v. a. to cause to press down tight in, as a horse's foot—naotinswaya.
- na-o'-țin-za, v. a. to press in tight with the foot—naowaținza, na-ounținzapi.
- n a o' w i n g a, v. to turn in the toes: naowinli mani, to walk with toes turned in. See naoksin and nasada.
- n a p a', v. n. to run away, flee—nawapa, nayapa.
- na-pa'-hde, v.a. (nape and ahde) to place the hand on, bear down on with the hand—napawahde.
- na-pa'-huŋ-ka and na-pa'huŋ-ke, n. (nape and huŋka) the thumb.
- n a p a' k a h a, n. the back of the hand.
- na-pa'-ko, v.n. to bend up of itself. na-pa'-ko-ya, adv. rounded up:

napakoya po, swelled up.

- na-pa'-nuŋ-kiŋ, adv. with both hands: napanuŋkiŋ yuza, to take hold of with both hands. T, nape nupiŋ.
- na-pan', v. a. to trample fine; to tread out, as grain—nawapan.
- na-pan'-pan, v. red. of napan.
- na-pa'-pa-ga, v. n. to snap or crackle, as corn parching, or as sinews thrown into the fire.
- na-pa'-pah, cont. of napapaga; napapah iyeya.
- n a p a' p a h y a, v. a. to parch, as corn—napapahwaya.

- na-pa'-pa-śde-ća-pi, n. of nape; the distance from the end of the thumb to the end of the middle finger when stretched out, a span.
- n a p a' t a, adv. by the hand: napata yuza, to hold by the hand.
- na-pa'-tu-źa, v. a. of patuźa; to kick and make bend: napatuś iyeya.
- n a p é a', v. a. to swallow, as food—nawapéa, nauppéapi.
- na-pća'-pća, v. red. of napća; napćapća iyeya.
- na-péa'-ya, v. a. to cause to swallow—napéawaya.
- na-péin'-wang-wan-ka, adj. red. of napéinwanka; nine and nine, by nines. T., napéinyungyunka.
- na-pćin'-wan-ka, *num. adj.* nine. T., napćinyunka.
- n a p é o', n. the lean meat near the back bone, the longissimus dorsi. See tanapéo.
- n a p & o' k a, n. (nape and cokaya) the palm of the hand.
- n a p \acute{e} o' k a y a, n. T. the middle finger.
- n a - p é u' p e, n. a finger, fingers: maza napéupe, finger-rings. T., napsu and napsuhu.
- n a p \acute{e} u' p e o h d a, n. Si. fin-· ger-rings.
- na-pe', v. See napa.
- n a p e', n. the hand; the fingers; the fore-foot of animals.
- na-pe'-a-pa-ha, v. to raise the hand to strike anything: napeapaha makuwa, he follows me with his hand raised.

- $na-pe'-hdu-\acute{z}a-\acute{z}a$, v. to wash |na-pe'-ye-ya|, v. to stretch out the one's own hands.
- na-pe'-he-ya-ta-he-dan, n. (little-far-back-hands) the mole. There are no moles in the Dakota country.
- na-pe'-i-pa-hin, v. of nape and ipahin; to lie with the head on the hand
- na-pe'-ki-ćo-za, v. of napekoza; to wave the hand to-napewećoza.
- na-pe'-ko-za, v. to wave the hand—napewakoza. See namkawin and napkoza.
- na-pe'-kśi-kśa, v. to have the hands numb or stiff with cold-napemaksiksa.
- na-pe'-mni, v. n. of pemni; to twist of itself.
- na-pe'-o-ćo-ka-ya, n. themiddle finger. T., napećokaya.
- na-pe'-o-hna-ka, n. a handful.
- na-pe'-o-śtan-na, n. (nape and ostan) a thimble. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ napostan. See napostanna.
- na-pe'-o-stan-pi-dan, n. thimble, thimbles.
- $na-pe'-\sin i-ka-\dot{g}a-pi$, n. (makeno-flight) the name of a dance and feasts connected with it, in which they covenant not to flee in battle.
- na pe' to ka he ya, n. fore-finger. T., waepazo.
- na-pe'-ya', v. a. to cause to flee, to drive off or away—napewaya, napeunyanpi.
- na-pe'-ye-ki-ya, v. to stretch out the hand to.

- hand—napeyewaya.
- na-pi'-ća-śka, v. (nape and kato tie to the hands of one. śka) T., napiićaska.
- na-pi'-ća-śke-ya, adv. tied to the hand, i. e., always with one, following one about: napićaśkeya un, to accompany constantly.
- na-pi'-ćo-za, v. See napekoza. na-pin', adv. they two, both. nupin
- na-pin'-tu, adv. alike, equal, as T., nupintu two things.
- na-pin', adj. satisfying, strong, rich, oily; as some kinds of food. This word expresses that property in food which makes one soon satisfied.
- na-pin'-kpa, n. (nape and inkpa) mittens; gloves.
- na-pin'-kpa-yu-ga-ga, gloves.
- na-pin'-pin, adj. red. of napin. na-pin'-tpa, n. mittens. Same as napiŋkpa.
- na-pin'-yun, adv. with the hands or arms alone, without weapons: napinyun codan, without anything in the hand.
- na-pir; -za, v. n. to creak, make a creaking noise.
- na-pi'-śkan, v. n. to put the hand to for evil, lay hands on; to move the hand about on; to touch with evil design.
- na-pi'-śkan-ki-ya, v. a. cause to move the hands on-napiśkanwakiya.

- na-pi'-śkaŋ-yaŋ, v. a. to hurt or destroy anything, to kill, especially what is not one's own—napiśkaŋwaya. See napiśtaŋyaŋ.
- na-pi' śtan, v. n. Same as napiśkan.
- na-pi'-stan-ka, n. T. one who accomplishes much.
- na-pi'-śtaŋ-yaŋ, v. a. to lay violent hands on, to hurt, injure, or destroy aŋything—napiśtaŋwaya, napiśtaŋuŋyaŋpi.
- na-pi'-wi-ćos, cont. of napiwićoza.
- n a p i' w i é o z a, v. to beckon to with the hand, to make gestures. T., napekiéoza.
- na-pi'-yun, adv. See napinyun. na-pi'-yu-ze-ća, v. to take a thing into one's own hands, to do it one's self—napimduzeća.
- n a p k a n', n. (nape and kan) the sinews of the wrist: i. q. nakpan.
- nap-ka'-wiŋ, v. n. (nape and kawiŋ) to beckon with the hand—nap-wakawiŋ. T., napkoza.
- n a p k i' é a w i n, v. a. of napkawin; to beckon to one—napwećawin.
- n a p k i' ć o z a, v. a. of napkoza; to wave the hand to—napwećoza.
- n a p k o' z a, v. to wave the handnapwakoza.
- na-po', v. n. to swell, as corn soaked.
- na-pob'-ya-pi, n. T. firecrackers. See napopa.
- na-po'-ġaŋ, v. n. to ferment, as yeast.

- na-po'-hna, n. what is in the hand, i. e., a handful.
- n a p o' h n a k a, v. a. to put into the hand—napowahnaka.
- na-po'-hna-ka, n. a handful. See napeohnaka.
- na-poh', cont. of napogan; napoh iyeya.
- na-poh'-ya, v.a. to cause to ferment, to leaven, make light—napohwaya. Hence, on napohyapi, leaven.
- na-po'-ka-śke, n. the wrist.
- n a p o' k a ś k e e n i y e y a p i, n. wristlets.
- na-po'-ktan, n. T. a bracelet.
- na-pom', cont. of napopa; napom hiphda, to burst with a noise; napom iyeya, to cause to burst and make a noise. T., napol.
- na-pon', cont. of napota; napon iyeya. T,, napol.
- n a p o n' p o t a, v. red. of napota.
- na-pon', v. n. to become fine, crumble up of itself.
- na-po'-pa, v. n. to burst, as a boiler, or as a gun.
- n a p o' p a b a ġ a, v. a. to rub in the hands—napowapabaġa.
- na-po'-śtan, n. T. a thimble, thimbles.
- n a p o' ś t a ŋ n a , n. (nape and ośtaŋ) a thimble. T., napośtaŋ. See napeośtaŋna.
- na-po'-śtaŋ-pi-daŋ, n. a thimble, thimbles.
- na-po'-ta, v. a. to wear out with

- the feet, as shoes, etc.—nawapota, naunpotapi.
- na-pot'-po-ta, v. red of napota. T., napolpota.
- n a p o' w a y a, v. n. to spread or open out, as a flower.
- na-psag', cont. of napsaka; napsag iyeya.
- na psa' ka, v.a. to break, as a cord, with the foot—nawapsaka, nauppsakapi.
- nap-san'-ni, n. (nape and sanni) the hand on one side, one hand of a person.
- na-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of napsaka.
- $n p \cdot i' c \cdot i'$ about—nawapsića.
- n a p s i n', cont. of napsića; napsin T., napsil. iyaya
- na-psin'-ya, v.a. to make jumpnapsinwaya. T, napsilya.
- na-psi-psi-ća, v. red. of napsića; to dance about—nawapsipsića: to spatter out, as hot grease when water is dropped into it.
- na-psi'-psin, cont. of napsipsića; napsipsin iyaya
- na-psi'-psin-ya, v. a. to make skip or dance about—napsipsinwaya.
- na-psi'-yo-lili, and na-psi'-olile, n. T. a finger-ring, a ring.
- n p s i' z a, $v \cdot n$. to split or crack of itself.
- nap-ska'-śni, adj. unclean hands; a sinner.
- na-pson', or na-psun', v. a. to kick over and spill; to throw out of a | na-pin', v. a. to wear around the

- canoe; to make a canoe dip waternawapson; naićipson, to throw one's self out.
- T. na-psu', and na-psu'-hu, n. the fingers.
- na-psu'-ka-za, n. (nape and sukaza) the fingers.
- na psun', v.a. See napson.
- na-pśun', v. a. to put out of joint, as a foot or leg—nawapśun.
- na-pta', v. a to sprain, as one's leg; to wear off—nawapta. hunapta.
- na-pta'-hpa-ya, adv. hpaya wanka, to lie on the belly resting on the arms. $T_{,,}$ nape ipahin,
- na-ptan'-yan, v. to kick over nawaptanyan; to turn over of itself.
- na-ptan'-yan-ken, adv. in the manner of turning over.
- na-pte'-ća, adv. less. T., aopteća. na-pten, cont. of napteća. aoptel.
- na-pten'-ya, adv. less. *T.*, aoptelya.
- na-pten'-ye-dan, adv. less, diminished. T., aoptelyela.
- nap-to'-ka-he-ya, n. the fore-T., waepazo: i. q. napetofinger. kaheya.
- na-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of naptuźa.
- na-ptuś, cont. of naptuźa; naptuś iyaya.
- na-ptu'-źa, v. n. to crack, split of itself or by the action of heat or cold.

- neck, as a kerchief or neck ornament, beads, etc.—nawapin.
- na-pin'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to wear on the neck—napinwakiya. See wanapin.
- na-pin'-pi, n. éan napinpi, an ox-yoke. See ptetawanapin.
- na-sa' and na-se', va. to hunt buffalo, to surround and kill, as they do in a buffalo hunt—nawasa. See wanase.
- n a s a', v. n. to stand erect, as hogs' bristles.
- na-sa', adj. sharp, prickly.
- n a s' a', v. n. to simmer, make a slight noise, as water before boiling.
- na-sa'-ki-ya, v. to make stand erect; to bristle up.
- na-sa'-tin, v. nasatin iyeya, to stretch out, as an animal when dying; to become straight.
- na-sa'-tin-tin, v. red. of nasatin; nasatintin iyaya, to go straight, as a hutinacute.
- n a s b a', v. n to fall off, as quill work: i. q. nahba.
- n a s ϵ a \mathfrak{g}' w a p a , n. T. a bridle: i. q. maséanyapa.
- n a s d a', v. a. to grease with the foot—nawasda.
- n a s d a n', cont. of nasdata; without noise, stilly. T., naslal.
- n a s d a' s d a n , cont . of nasdasdata.
- na-sda'-sda-ta, v. red. of nasdata.
- na-sda'-ta, v. a. to go softly up to anything, to crawl up to—nawa-sdata.

- n a s d e' é a , v. n. to crack or split of itself, as wood. T., nasleéa.
- n a s d e n', *cont.* of nasdeća; nasden iyaya. *T.*, naslel.
- na-sden'-ya, v. a. to cause to split or crack—nasdenwaya.
- n a s d e' s d e \acute{e} a, v. red. of nasde \acute{e} a.
- n a s d i', v. n. to hiss, as wet wood burning.
- na-sdi'-sdi, v. red. of nasdi.
- na-sem', cont. of nasepa; nasem iyaya, to go scraping along, cleaning off, brushing off. T., naskeb.
- $n \cdot a s \cdot e \cdot m' s \cdot e p \cdot a$, v. red. of na-sepa.
- n a s e' p a, v. n. to leak out, escape of itself.
- n a s k a', v. n. to bleach, become white.
- n a s k e m', \circ cont. of naskepa. T., naskeb.
- na-ske'-pa, v. of skepa; to leak
- na-ski'-ća, v. to press down with the foot—nawaskića; to go down or become less of itself.
- na-skin', cont. of naskića; naskin iyaya, to abate or go down, as a swelling. T., naskil.
- na-ski'-ta, v. a. to tread on and press down—nawaskita.
- n a s l i' y a, adv. T. oozing out, as sap from a tree.
- na-smin'-yan, v.a. to scrape off with the foot—nawasminyan.
- na-smin'-yan-yan, v. red. of nasminyan; to scrape or wear off

- sminyanyan.
- na sna', v.to make a rattling noise with the feet; to shake off with the foot—nawasna: to fall off of itself, as rice when the tying breaks.
- na sna' sna, v. red. of nasna; nasnasna mani, to make a tinkling as one walks.
- na-son', cont. of nasota; nason iyeya. $T_{\cdot,}$ nasol.
- na-son' or na-sun', v.n. to stretch out the feet and legs—nawason, naunsonpi.
- $na so \eta' so \eta$, v. red. of $naso\eta$; to struggle—nawasonson.
- na so y' ya y, adv. in a struggling manner.
- na-so'-ta, v. a. to use up; to destroy with the feet—nawasota, naun-
- na-spa'-ya, v.a. to wet with the feet; to wet the feet—nawaspaya.
- \dot{n} a s t a \dot{n} ' k a, v. a. to moisten with the feet—nawastanka.
- na-su', n. the upper part of the head; the brain.
- na-su'-ćin-ća, n. the brain, or that part of it which communicates with the spinal marrow.
- na-su'-dan, n. dim. of nasu; the cerebrum; the cerebellum. *T.*, nasula. See nazute.
- na-su'-hu, n. the skull, cranium. T., natahu.
- $na-sul'-pa-k\acute{c}a$, n. T. a comb: i. q. ipakća.

- with the feet and leave bare—nawa- | na-sul'-pa-kća-swu-la, n. T. a fine comb.
 - na sun', v. See nason.
 - na su' su za, v. red. of nasuza; to snap, as ice forming.
 - na-su'-śda, adj. bald-headed.
 - na-su'-ta, v.a. to trample hard nawasuta.
 - na-su'-za, v. n. to splinter or fly off, as a piece of a bone; to snap, as water freezing.
 - n a swa', v. T. to fall off, as feathers. na-śa', v. n. (na and śa) to become
 - red, to blush: ite nasa hiphda, his face colored up.
 - n a ś a' d a , v. to turn out the toes, as in walking; nasada mani, to walk turning out the feet—nawaśada.
 - na-śam', cont. of naśapa; naśam iyeya. T., naśab.
 - na-śam'-ya, v.a. to cause to soil with : the feet—naśamwaya. T., naśabya.
 - na śa' pa, v. a. to soil, blacken, defile with the feet—nawaśapa.
 - n a ś b e', v. See naśma.
 - na śda', v.ato make bare with the *feet*—nawaśda.
 - $na \pm da' ya$, v. n. to come off, as the hull from corn when boiled.
 - na śdi', v. n. to ooze out, as sap from trees, or juice from meat roasting. See nasliya.
 - n a ś d o g', cont of naśdoka; naśdog iyaya, to run or flee away; nasdog hdiću, he starts off home in haste.
 - $na \pm do' ka$, v. a. to pull off, as one's pantaloons; to escape, fly out, as the cork of a bottle—nawaśdoka.

- na-śdun', cont. of naśduta; naśdun | na-śka'-han and na-śka'-wa-T., naślul. iyeya.
- na-śdu'-śdun, cont. of naśdu-T., naśluślul. śduta.
- na-śdu'-śdu-ta, v. to slip often; to make smooth with the foot-nawaśduśduta.
- na-śdu'-ta, v. n. to slip, slide, slip down—nawaśduta. T., naśluta.
- $na-\acute{s}e'-\acute{c}a$, v. a. to make wither by trampling on, as grass—nawaśeća.
- n a ś e n' y a, v. a. to cause to trample on and make wither—nasenwaya.
- n a $\pm i'$ $\pm a$, v. a. to defile, spoil with the feet—nawaśića, naunśićapi.
- n a ś i' ć a h o w a y a, v. a. make cry out by kicking—nawaśićahowaya.
- na-śim', cont. of naśipa; naśim iyaya. T., nasib.
- na-śim'-śim, red. of naśim; naśimśim iyeya. T., naśibśib.
- $na-\sin y'-\sin y$, v. n. to pace, as a horse.
- $na \sin \gamma \sin \gamma$, $na \cos \gamma$, aburn.
- $na \sin \gamma \sin ya$, adv. crisped: nasinsinya span, cooked to a crisp.
- $na-\dot{s}i'-p\cdot a$, v.a. to break off, as branches of a tree, by stepping on them; to put out of joint, as one's knee—nawasipa.
- na-śka', v. a. to untie with the *foot*—nawaśka.
- na-śka, v. n. to come untied of itself.
- n a ś k a', n. a frog. See also hnaśka.
- na-śka'-ćan-di'-dan, n. thetree-frog.

- han, part. untied, loose.
- na-śkan-śkan, v.a. to shake or move about with the foot-nawaskanśkan.
- na-śka'-ton-ton-tan-ka, the bull-frog. T., gnaśkatanka. See tontontanka.
- na-śki-ća, v.a. to press with the foot, press out by trampling on-nawaśkića. See naskića.
- na-śki'-ću-te, n. (naśka and ićute) little arrows, used in shoot-T., gnaskaićute. ing frogs.
- n a śki n', cont. of naśkića; naśkin iyeya. T., naśkil.
- na-śki-śka, v. a. to make rough, as ground, by trampling on it-nawaskiska.
- v. a. na-śko'-kpa, to indent, make a hollow place with the foot nawaskokpa.
- na-śko'-pa, v. to twist with the foot—nawaśkopa; to twist or become crooked of itself.
- na-śko'-śko-pa, v. red. of naśkopa.
- na-śko'-tpa, v. a. Same as naśkokpa.
- n a-s m a', v.a. to hollow out or deepen with the feet—nawasbe. See nasbe.
- na-śna', v. n. to slip, miss one's footing—nawaśna.
- na-śna'-śna, v. red. of naśna.
- na-śni'-źa, v.a. to trample on and kill. as grass—nawaśniża.
- $na \sin u \eta' 2a$, v. n. to become injured of itself; to become withered.

- na-śo'-śa, v. a. to foul or make |na-ta'-ha-la|, n. turbid, as water, with the feet-nawaśośa.
- na-śpa', v.a. to break off anything with the foot; to take anything from a trap—nawaśpa.
- na spa' spa, v. red. of naspa.
- na-śpe'-ya, v. a. to cause to break off with the foot; to break off a piece by shooting, as from a gun—naspewaya.
- na-śpi, v.a. to break off, as fruit, with the foot-nawaśpi.
- na-śpu', v.a. to break off with the foot, as pumpkins—nawaśpu.
- na-śpu'-śpu, v. red. of naśpu; to break off pieces, break in pieces with the foot, as tallow—nawaśpuśpu; to come to pieces, as in boiling.
- na-śuś, cont. of naśuża; naśuś iyeya.
- na-śu'-śuś, cont. of naśuśuża.
- na-śu'-śu-źa, v. red. of naśuża; to bruise or mash by trampling onnawaśuśuźa.
- $n \cdot a \dot{s} \cdot u' \dot{z} \cdot a$, $v \cdot a$. to bruise or crush with the foot; to crack off a piece, as from a leg-bone—nawaśuźa.
- n t a', n. T. the head. See pa.
- na-ta', v. nata iyeya, to kick out of the way; to kick up.
- ħa-ta'-ćo-ku-hpu-hpu, n. T. dandruff: i. q. natakpulipu.
- na-tag', cont. of nataka; natag iyeya, to fasten; natag han, to stand fastened.
- na-ta'-ġu, v. n. T. to be baldheaded.
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- T. the scalp. na-ta'-hu, n T. the skull, cranium: i. q. nasuhu.
- na-ta'-ka, v. a. to fasten, as a house, to bolt, bar or barricade; to fence, as a field—nawataka.
- na-ta'-kpu-hpu, n. T. dandruff.
- Na-ta'-mde-ća, n.p.The Flatheads.The Bannocks.
- to touch with the na-t'an', v. a. foot—nawat'an; to make an attack, go after and rush upon, as on enemies. See anatan.
- na-taŋ'-iŋ-śni, v. a. to walk or run off, to go off, as fatigue or partial sickness: nataninśni iyeyanawataninśni.
- na-tan'-ka, v. n. to enlarge, become larger.
- $n a t'a \eta' t'a \eta$, $v. a. red. of nat'a\eta$; to feel after with the feet—nawat'ant'an: also, to rush upon.
- na-ta'-om, adv. leaning, inclined. T., nataob.
- na-ta'-om-ya, adv. leaning: nataomya han, it stands leaning.
- na-ta'-pe-ha, n. a toad. tapiha and matapiha. See naśka.
- na-ta'-śla, adj. T. bald-headed.
- na-ta'-ta, v. a. to shake off, as dust from one's feet or blanketnawatata.
- na-tem', cont. of natepa; natem T., nateb. iveya.
- na-tem'-ya, v. a. to cause to wear off, as one's horse's hoof-natemwaya. T., natebya.

- na-te'-pa, v. a. to wear off with the foot, wear short, as a hoof or shoe; to wear out—nawatepa.
- na-te'-pa, adj. worn off; worn out. na-ti'-ća, v. a. to scrape with the foot; to paw, as a horse—nawatića.
- na-ti'-kti-ća, v.n. to thicken by boiling; to trample, make thick by tramping.
- na-tim', cont. of natipa; natim iyaya. T., natib; natib aya, to draw up, as a hide in drying.
- n a ti m' ti p a, v. red. of natipa. n a - ti m' - y a, v. a. to cause to draw up—natimwaya. T., natibya.
- n a t i n', *cont*. of natica; natin iyeya.

 T., natil.
- na-tin', v. n. to become stiff, as a dead person. T., wotin.
- na-ti'-pa, v. n. to draw up, as leather, meat, etc., when put on the fire, to crisp; to cramp, contract, as muscles.
- na-ti'-tan, v.a. to pull, pull backwards or forwards by bracing the feet, as a horse in pulling—nawatitan, nauntitanpi.
- na-tku', v. a. to break square off with the foot—nawatku: hu nawatku seéa, it seems as if I had broken my leg.
- na-to'-to, v.a. to make a noise by knocking with the foot; to clear off, as brush, etc.—nawatoto.
- n a t p a', n. the external ear, the ear of animals. Same as nakpa.
- na-tpa', v. noge natpa, to become deaf by sickness.

- n a t p a' ġ i ć a, n. the marten, Mustela martes. Same as nakpaġića.
- $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a'} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{i} \dot{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, \mathbf{n} . the marten.
- na-tpan', v. a. to bruise or mash up fine with the feet—nawatpan.
- na-tpan'-tpan, v. red. of natpan.
- n a t p i', v. to crack by treading on—nawatpi; to crack of itself, as fire snapping: i. q. nakpi.
- na-tpi'-tpi, v. red. of natpi; to crack or snap, as fire burning. Said also of many guns fired off about the same time.
- n a t p i' y o t a h e d a n, adv. of natpa; between the ears. See iyo-tahedan.
- n a t p o' t a, v. pos. of napota; to wear out one's own moccasins, etc.—nawatpota.
- n a t p u' t p a, v. n. to mix together, as in boiling.
- na-tu', n. corn-silk; the hair on the side of the head.
- na-tu'-ka, v.a. to stamp off and destroy, as fur—nawatuka.
- n a t u' t a, v. n. to smart, as one's feet by traveling: siha namatuta, my feet smart.
- na-tu'-tka, v. a. to knock pieces off with the foot—nawatutka.
- n a ṭ a', v. a. to kill by kicking—nawaṭa
- nate'-ki-ni-ća, v. of nata and kinića; to annoy, to vex, to worry; to beg to death.
- na-tins', cont. of natinza; natins iyeya.

- na-ți y'-za, v. a. to press hard with the foot—nawaținza.
- na-tun'-ka, v. n. to refuse to go, hesitate, hold back, as a horse unwilling to go—nawatunka.
- n a t u n' ki y a, v. a. to make afraid, make hesitate—natunwakiya.
- n a w a' n i é a , v. a. to trample to nothing, to destroy by trampling on nawawaniéa.
- na-wa'-nin, cont. of nawanića; nawanin iyeya, to walk or run off sickness or fatigue; to destroy or annihilate, as by the bursting of a boiler.
- n a w a ŋ g', cont. of nawaŋka: nawaŋg iyaya. T., nayuŋg.
- n a wang'-ki-ya, va. to cause to gallop, as a horse—nawangwakiya.
- n a · w a ŋ' k a , v. n. to gallop, as a horse does. T., nayuŋka.
- n a w a n' k a n, v. nawankan hiyu, to spring up, as the boards of a floor.
- na-wa'-te, n. the temples; the ends of a house; the lock of a gun.
- na-wa'-te-ska-dan, n. a kind of small duck with a white spot on each side of the head.
- n a w e' ġ a, v. a. to break, as a stick, with the foot, but not entirely off—nawaweġa.
- n a w e h', cont. of naweġa; naweh iyeya.
- n a w e h' y a, v. a. to cause to break with the foot—nawehwaya.

- n a w i' ć a ś l i, n. T. the measles or rash.
- na-wi'-ća-ti-pa, n. cramping, cramps.
- na-wi'-hnu-ni, v.a. to destroy with the foot—nawawihnuni.
- na-win', v. n. to scrape the foot; to sail around, as an eagle.
- na-winś', cont. of nawinźa; nawinś iyeya.
- n a w i \mathfrak{g} s' w i \mathfrak{g} \mathfrak{z} a, v. red. of nawin \mathfrak{z} a.
- na-winś'-ya, v. a. to cause to trample down—nawinśwaya.
- n a w i ŋ' ź a', v. a. to trample down, as grass, to mat down—nawawiŋźa.
- na-wi'-zi, v. to be jealous, envious—nawawizi.
- n a w i' z i s'a, n. a jealous person.
- na-ye'-ġa, v. a. to make shine or sparkle by kicking, as when one pushes up the fire with his foot—nawayeġa. T., nalehya.
- n a y e h', cont. of nayeġa; nayeh iyeya T., naleh.
- na-yeh'-ye-ġa, v. red. of nayeġa; to kick or punch up the fire with the foot. T., nalehleġa.
- na-zan', v. to hurt; to stun by kicking.
- n a z o η' s p e, n. T. an ax. See mazonspe.
- $naz-o\eta'-spe-\acute{c}i-ka-la$, n. T. a hatchet.
- n a z o η' s p e i h u p \hat{a} , n. T. an ax-helve. See ihupa.
- n a z o η' s p e o p e t a η k a, n. T. a broad-ax. See ope.

- by trampling on—nawaźa. See nakiźa. T., inahuhuga.
- na-źan', cont. of naźata; naźan iyeya. T., naźal; naźal iyeya, to spread or gape open, as a wound.
- $na \acute{z}a' ta$, v. a. (na and $\acute{z}ata$) to make forked by kicking—nawaźata.
- na-źa'-ta-ka-hu, n. a small bush, something like the ćanśaśa.
- $na \acute{z}a' \acute{z}a$, v.a. to wash out with the feet, trample out; to wash out by boiling—nawaźaźa.
- na-źi'-ća, v. n. to run away, flee, retreat.
- na-źi'-će-ya, v.a. to cause to flee-naźićewaya.
- na-źim', cont. of nazipa; nazim iyeya. T., naźib.
- n·a ź i n', cont. of naźića; naźin iyaya. T.. naźil.
- n a'- \dot{z} in, v. n. to stand, rise up; to stand still, stop; to stand on the ground, to get down, alight, as from a horse—nawaźin, naunźinpi.
- n a' ź i n h a n, part. standing: nazinhan nazin, to rise up and stand.
- na'-źin-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to stand, to raise up, lift up—naźinwa-
- na-źi'-pa, v. a. to prick or pinch with the toes; to punch or touch with the foot.
- $na-\acute{z}u'-te$, n. the occipital bone; base of the skull; the back of the head; the cerebellum: i. q. nasudan.
- na-źu'-te-o-śko-kpa, n. hollow of the neck behind.

- na-źa', v. a. to mash up or crush | na-źa'-źa, v. a. to kick to pieces nawaźuźu; to come to pieces of itself.
 - ni, pron. in comp. thee, thou; thy, thine, your, yours. See ma and mi.
 - ni, v. n. to live—wani, yani, unnipi, wićani. Hence, wićoni, life.
 - n i' ć a, v. n. to be destitute of, have none of—manića, ninića, ugnićapi, wanića.
 - ni-ća', v. of ka; he means thee.
 - n i ć e', adv. perhaps. See naće. Nice is objected to, as it is so often used obscenely.
 - ni-će'-ća, *adv*. Ih. probably: i. q. naćeća.
 - ni'-ći, pron. and prep. with thee; for thee. T. for thee, but not with thee, as, nićiyanka, it remains for thee: kići niun, it is with thee. See kići and mići.
 - ni-de', n.water, in the sacred language; i. q. mini.
 - ni'-en or ni'-yen, adv. teća nien toppi, born again, regenerated.
 - n i g e', n. the paunch, stomach.
 - the flank: nigute $ni - \dot{g}u' - te$, n. ośkokpa, the hollow of the flank. logute.
 - ni-haŋ', adv. fearful; nihanśni, not afraid. See inihan.
 - ni-han'-yan, v. a. to scare—nihanwaya. T., inihanyan.
 - | ni-hin'-ći-ya, v. n. to be frightened, scared: to cry or scream, as in fright; to hurry—nihinmićiya, nihinnićiya, nihinunkićiyapi.

- ni-hin'-ći-ya-ken, adv. in fright.
- ni-ki'-ya, v. a. of. ni; to cause to live—niwakiya. See niyan.
- n i n, cont. of nića; tuwe nin un kin, he who has none. T., lil.
- n i'-n a, adv. very, very much, always intensive. T., lila.
- n i'-n a h, adv. See ninahin. T., lilah.
- n i'-n a h i n, adv. exceedingly. T., lilahéin.
- n i'-n a n a, adv. very: ninana ia, to speak loud and fast, speak earnestly. T., liglila.
- n i n i', adj. coagulated, curdled, quivering, said of thick sour milk: asanpi nini, curdled milk, curds
- nin, intj. T. may it be, would that it were Nitokićonze u nin, Thy Kingdom come: i. q. nunwe.
- nin-tpa'-hu, n. the haunch or hip-bone. See nitpahu.
- ni-po', adj. dead. This is probably Ojibwa, but frequently used by the Dakotas when speaking with white people who do not understand their language.
- n i s e' h u, n. the hip-bone, os ilium.
- n i'-sko, adv. so large. See niskokeća, hijsko, and tijsko.
- ni'-sko-ke-ća, adv. so large. See hipskokeća and tipskokeća.
- n i'-sko-sko-ke-ća, adv. red. of niskokeća.
- n i'-sko-tan-ka, adv. so large. See hinskotanka.

- in ni'-sko-tan-ka-dan, adv. so small.
 - n i'-sko-ya, adv. so far around. See hinskoya and tinskoya.
 - n i ś, pron. thou, thee: niś niye, thou thyself. See iś, miś, and unkiś.
 - n i'- ś k o d a ŋ, adv. small, only so large. T., niśkola. See hiŋśkodaŋ and tiŋśkodaŋ.
 - n i'-śko-śko-dan, adv. red. of niśkodan.
 - ni-śko-ye-dan, adv. only so far around.
 - n i ś n a' n a, pron. thou alone; niśnanpidan, you alone. T., niśnala. See iśnana, miśnana, and unkiśnana.
 - ni-śtu'-śte, n. T. the rump, the heavy part near the tail: i. q. nite.
 - ni-ta', pron in comp. thy, thine; your, yours: nitasunke, thy dog. See ta, mita, and unkita.
 - n i ta' wa, pron. thy, thine; your, yours. See tawa, mitawa, and unkitawa.
 - ni-te', n. the lower part of the back, the rump. T., nistuste.
 - ni-te'-he-pi, n. T. a petticoat. ni-te'-hu, n. the os sacrum.
 - ni-to'-śke, n. a. white woman's dress, long gown: nitośke kiton, to put on white woman's clothes. T, ćuwignaka.
 - n i t p a' h u, n. the hip-bone. Same as nisehu.
 - n i'- u n, v. to be living: ni waun, I am alive.
 - n i w a n', v. n. to swim—waniwe, unniwanpi. T., nowan.

- ni-we'-ki-ya, v. a. of niwan; to ni'-ye-ke, pron cause to swim—niwewakiya. T., nowankiya. Thyself, you yourse nivekeś. See iye
- ni-ya', v. n. to breathe—waniya, yaniya, unniyapi: niya śni iyaya, to die; niya śni maṭa nun seća, I am out of breath. See ni.
- ni-ya', n. breath, life. See oniya. ni-ya'-ke, adj. alive; niyake yuza, to take alive; niyake kte, to strike but not kill, as an enemy: niyake kte gli, he came home, having struck an enemy.—w. J. C.
- ni-ya'-ken, adv. alive, in a living manner.
- ni-yan', v. a. of ni; to cause to live, make live, revive, as a sick person; to let live, miss or fail of killing, as an enemy or game—niwaya, niunyanpi, nimayan. See nikiya.
- n i y a n', adv. audibly, with a loud voice: eya niyan, to say with a loud voice.
- n i y a ŋ' h i ŋ, adv. yet. See hinahiŋ. T., nahaŋhéa.
- ni-yaŋ'-hiŋ-ke-śni, adv. not yet time, too soon. T., nahanlićeke śni.
- ni-ye', v. to cause to live. See niyan.
- n i'-ye, pron. thou, thee; niyepi, you. See iye, miye, and unkiye.
- ni'-ye-ću-hćin, pro. T. you at any rate.
- n i'- y e e s, pron. emphatic; thou, thee, you. See iyees.
- n i'- y e k a e ś, pron. even thou. T., niyekaleś. See iyekaeś.

- n i'- y e k e, pron emphatic; thee thyself, you yourself, even you. T., niyekes. See iyeke, miyeke, and unkiyeke.
- no'-će. See nunće.
- n o'- g' e, adj. scabbed; swollen, enlarged, and hardened. See nunga.
- no'-ġe, n. the ear; the sense of hearing, as noġe ninića, thou hast no ears (in this sense it is used in reference to other things as well as men and animals); the pan of a gun-lock, as, mazakan noġe—minoġe.
- n o'- ġ e- a- ź o g-k i- y a, v. to prick up the ears, as a horse, at any sound T., noġe yuwankan iki-kéu.
- n o'-ġe-i-yu-ta-pi, n the distance from the ear to the end of the fingers when the arm is stretched out, a yard. This is the common yard-stick of the traders.
- n o'- ġ e'- k p a, adj. deaf, hard of hearing—noġemakpa.
- n o'- ġ e k p e y a, v. a. to make deaf—noġekpewaya.
- n o'- ge-o-h do-ka, n. the orifice of the ear; the touchhole of a gun.
- n o'- ġ e t p a, adj. See noġekpa.
- n o'- ġ e-t p e- y a, v. See noġekpeya.
- n o ġ i' y u t a p i, n. a yard See noġeiyutapi.
- n o'-ġ o-p t a ŋ, adj. (noġe and ptaŋ)
 "turning the ear towards:" listening, attending to; noġoptan manka,
 I am attending to it.

- nog-su'-hu-te, n. T. base of the ear.
- noh-no'-ġe, adj. red. of noġe.
- noh-pan', n. of noge and pan; the ringing of the ear; lit. the calling of the ear, i. e. the sound; noh mapan, noh nipan: when one has a ringing of the ear, they say, "He will soon hear from afar."—w. J. C.
- $egin{array}{llll} {
 m n \ o \ m \ ,} & {\it cont.} & {
 m of \ nonpa;} & {\it two.} & {\it T.,} \\ {
 m nob.} & & & \end{array}$
- n o m' n a n a, adj. two alone, only two. T., nobnala. See tomnana, yamnina, etc.
- nom'-nom, adj. two and two, by twos. See tomtom.
- nom'-non-pa, red. of nonpa; by twos. See toptopa.
- non. See nun.
- non. See nonske and nunske. T., inske.
- non-će'. See nunće.
- n o n' p a , adj. two, twice. See topa.
- n on'-pa-ki-ya, adv. twice, in two ways. See topakiya, yamnikiya, etc.
- non'-ske or nun'-ske, intj. expressing ignorance or want of recollection; let me see! what do you call it? T., inske; in.
- no-wan', v. n. T. to swim: i. q. niwan—wanowan.
- n u'- ġ e, adj. T. swollen, enlarged, and hardened. See noġe.
- nu-ksi', n. ears, as the long ears of a dog. See nakpa.

- base of nu'-ni, v. to wander, miss the road and wander about, get lost; to be misoge.

 d pan; taken about a thing—wanuni, yanuni, unnunipi. See hnuni and wacinhnuni.
 - n u'-n i-ya, v. a. to cause to wander—nuniwaya, nuniunyanpi.
 - nu'-ni-yan, adv. wandering, lost. nun, v. 2d pers. sing. of un, to use.
 - nun, cont. of nunwe; let it be so, expressive of desire; so be it, amen. It is often equivalent to the sign of the future tense; as, mda nun he, shall I go? token eéamon nun tanin śni, what I shall do is not apparent See nin.
 - nun'-ġa, adj. callous. Said of any hard place, formed by a burn or otherwise, on the skin—manunġa. T., iyanunġa: i. q. noġe.
 - n un'-ka, v. 2d pers. sing. of wanka; thou liest down. T., 2d pers. sing. of yunka.
 - nun-kas', n. a step-son or step-daughter: nunkasku, his or her step-son or step-daughter. This is said to be used only by the generation passing away, that is, by old people. T., tawagan; tawaganku.
 - n uŋ ka s' ya , v. a. to have for nuŋkas—nuŋkaswaya T., tawa-gaŋya.
 - n u ŋ s e', adv. almost, nearly; ṭa nuŋse, about to die.
 - n u η' s k e . See nonske. T., in; inske.

nun - we', v.n. let it be so, expressive | nu - pin' - ca - ska, adv.of desire; may it be so, amen. T., nin.

nun-yan', v. a. to tame, domesticate, as animals—nunwaya. Hence, wanunyanpi, tame cattle. *T.*, niyan: waniyanpi, tame cattle.

T. both together.

nu-pin', adj. T. both: i. q. napin.

nu-śnuŋ'-źa, adj. wrinkled pitted, not smooth. T., piśpi \dot{z} a.

n, the seventeenth letter of the Dakota alphabet. It occurs only after a vowel, and has the sound of the French nasal n in bon.

Ο.

- o, the eighteenth letter of the Dakota o a' gle, n. alphabet, with the sound of English o in no.
- o, a prefixed prep. It is a contraction of ohna, okna, and ogna, meaning in, into, and prefixed to verbs makes the locative form in o': as kastan, to pour out, okastan, to pour into; han to stand, ohan, to stand in. 2d. As a contraction of on, for, it is prefixed to verbs, meaning for, for the purpose of; as, okuwa waste, it is good for following; that is, easily followed.
- o, a prefix, forming nouns of verbs; as, baśpa, to cut off, obaśpe, a piece.
- o, v. a. to shoot, to hit when shooting-wao, yao, unkopi: wakute eća wao eće when I shoot I hit.
- o a' a, v. n. to mold; i. q. aa.
- o a' a , n. mold.
- o-a'-de, n. a load of wood in the arms. T., oakśu.

- T. the end of the pipe-stem which is put in the pipe.
- o-a'-hde, n. a place of holding or resting against, as the shoulder where the gun is held. T., oagle. See ahde.
- o-a'-he, n. something to stand on. T., owahe.
- o-a'-he-će-ca, adj. better, pretty well, said of one sick. See ahećeća.
- o-a'-he-hde, n. a foundation. owaheglepi.
- o a' hi ya ye, n. of ahiyaya; agoing or taking round; a tune, the air of a tune
- o-a'-hta-ni, n. of ahtani; transgression. See woalitani.
- o-a'-i-e, n. of aia; counsel; slander.
- o-a'-i-e-ti-pi, n. a council-house. T., owoglake tipi.
- o-a'-ki-han, n. of akihan; starving. See akihappi.
- o-a'-ki-ni-ća, n. of akinića; disputing.

- o-a'-ki-ye-dan, adv. of akiye-dan; near, not far: e. g., yapi kin otehan, kupi kin oakiyedan, the going is far, the coming is near.
- $o-a'-k \le u$, n. T. a load; an arm-ful: i. q. oade.
- o-a'-p'e, n. of ap'a; strokes, stripes, beatings; the striking of a clock, an hour.
- o-a'-śi-ća, adj. of aśića; unpleasant, disagreeable, as a country, the weather, etc. T., oiyokiśića.
- o-a'-śi-ća-ya, adv. of aśićaya; unpleasantly.
- o-a'-śi-ća-ya-ken, adv. of aśićayaken; disagreeably.
- o-a'-śi-će-ća, adj. See oasićećaka.
- o-a'-śi-će-ća-ka, adj. unpleasant, disagreeable, as the appearance of a country, etc. See aśićećake and ośićećake.
- o-a'-śin-ya, adv. of aśinya; not satisfied or pleased with, unpleasantly: oaśinya unyakonpi, we are uncomfortably situated. T., oiyokiśilya.
- o-a'-sin-ya-ken, adv. of asin-yaken; unpleasantly.
- o-a'-śka-daŋ, adv. of aśkadaŋ; near, short, as a road; short, as time; appetu oaśkadaŋ, the days are short. T., akokabya.
- o-a'-ya-stan, n. of ayastan; a stop, stopping, as in talking.
- o-a'-ya-te, n. of ayate; a guess.
- o-a'-yu-stan, n. of ayustan; a stop, cessation from.

- o-ba'-hon or o-ba'-hun, n. of bahon; a cut, gash. T., owahon.
- o-ba'-hda-ye, n. of bahdaya; something to peel off in.
- o b a' h d o k a, v. a. to cut a hole in, when shaving, as in making a dish—obawahdoka. T., owahloka.
- o b a' h d o k e, n. of bahdoka; a hole cut or made with a knife.
- o-ba'-po-te, n. of bapota; a cutting up, destroying by cutting.
- o-ba'-sde-će, n. of basdeća; a split, splitting. T., owasleće.
- o-ba'-s den, cont. of obasdeća: obasden waste, good to split. T., owaslel.
- o-ba'-sku, v. to pare in any-thing—obawasku.
- o-ba'-sku, n of basku; a paring.
- o-ba'-smin, n. of basmin; something to shave off into.
- o-ba'-śpe, n. of baśpa; a piece cut off: obaśpe wanzidan, one piece, as of pork or meat of any kind.
- o-ba'-tu-tka, v. to make chips or shavings in a place—obawatutka.
- o-be', n. a litter, brood; a division, class, sort. Compare optaye and ospaye. T., owe.
- o-bla'-ya, adv. T. level. See omdaya.
- o b l a' y e, n. T. a plain, a level place. See omdaye.
- o b l a' y e l a, adv. T. level.
- o-blo'-ton, adj. T. cornered.
- o-blo'-ton, n. T. a corner: i. q. omdoton.

- o'-blu-la, n. or adj. T. calm, sheltered, protected: wanna oblula, now it is calm: le oblula, this is a sheltered place: i. q. omnina.
- o b o' h a, v. oboha iyeya, to knock into. T., owoha.
- o-bo'-héi-héi, n. a string or bunch of beads; any bunch that dangles: i. q. bohéihéi. T., opahte.
- o-bo'-hdo-ke, n. of bohdoka; a hole made by punching.
- o-bo'-po-ta, v. a. of bopota; to shoot to pieces in anything—obowapota.
- o-bo'-sdan, n. height. T., owo-slal. See bosdan.
- o b o' s d a t a, n. height. T., owoslata. See bosdata.
- o-bo'-sda-tu, n. height, perpendicularity. See bosdatu.
- o-bo'-ski-ća, v. a. of boskića; to punch or ram hard in a hole obawaskića.
- o b o' s k i n, *cont*. of oboskića; oboskin iyeya.
- o-bo'-śki, v. to make faint, obliterate, as the rain does tracks.
- o-bo'-śpe, n. of bośpa; a piece shot or punched off.
- o-bo'-tan, v. of botan; to ram or pound hard in a hole—obowatan.
- o-bo'-ṭa, v.a. of boṭa; to punch to death in, as in a hole—obowaṭa.
- o-bo'-te, n. a killing or punching to death in.
- o-bo'-ṭiŋ-za, v. a. of boṭiŋza; to pound in hard and tight—obowa-ṭiŋza.

- o b o' y a y a, n. a bunch of beads. T., woyaya, a string of beads.
- o b o' z a, v. oboza hiphda, to rise up with a rush, as in case of an excitement. See boza.
- o-bo'-za-ka, v. to rush: ituli obozaka, the rush was for naught.
- o é a' ġ a, v. n. of éaġa; to freeze or become ice in.
- o-ća'-hde, n. of ćahde; a step. T., ćagle; ćagle yuta, to pace, measure by stepping.
- o-ćan'-ku, n. a road, street, way. See ćanku.
- o é a n' w a n i é a, n. place where there is no timber, prairie.
- o é a ŋ z e, v. n. oćanze kokela, easily made angry.
- o-ća'-źe, n of ćaźe; kind, sort, species, name.
- o-će'-sdi, v. of ćesdi; to ćesdi in: oćesditipi, a privy.
- o-će'-ti, n. of ćeti; a fire-place, place where the fire is made; a chimney: maza oćeti, a stove.
- o'- éi-hin-yan-pi, v. recip. of ohinyan; they are offended at each other, they feel themselves slighted.
- o'-ći-kan, adv. having room, roomy: óćikan śni, without room, crowded.
- o'-ći-kpa-kpa-ni, adj. red. of oćikpani; some longer and some shorter. T., aoćikpakpani.
- o'-éi-kpa-ni, adj. not equal in length. T., aoéikpani.
- o-ći'-ķa-daŋ, adj. of ćiķadaŋ; small within: ti ociķadaŋ, a small room.

- o-ći'-ka-ye-dan, adj. of ćikayedan; small inside, of small dimensions.
- o'- 6 i m, adv. afterwards, after awhile, at length.
- o'- é i m d a ġ a h e , adv. abreast, in a line. T., oéiblaġahe.
- o-ći-mda-ġaŋ, adv. abreast.
- o'-ći-mda-ģe-han, adv. in a row, abreast. T., oćinblagehan.
- o'-éi-mdah, cont. of ocimdagan.
- o-ćin', n. of ćin; desire, wish, disposition.
- o-ćin', v. a. to desire, beg, ask for: taku oćin wahi, I have come to ask for something—owaćin. See woćin.
- o- \dot{c} in \dot{g} \dot{g} e \dot{h} an, adv. T abreast.
- o-ćin'-i-yu-li, n. T. a ladder.
- o ć i n' ś i ć a, v. n. to be cross, badtempered, ill-disposed—oćinmaśića.
- o-ćin'-śi-ća-ya, adv. evilly disposed.
- o-ćin'-yo-pe-ya, v.a. to please, make glad by giving to or in any other way, to reward. It is said to be used in case one is appointed to a difficult service, and well rewarded forit—oćinyopewaya, oćinyopeunyanpi, oćinyopemayan.
- o-ćin'-yo-pe-ya, n. a reward of honor or service. T., iyunwin.
- o'-ći-pte-ća, adj. shorter than.
- o'- éi-pten, adv. not equal to, lacking.
- o'-éi-pte-tu, adv. unequal in length, or otherwise. T., aoéiptetu, smaller than

- o-ći'-sti-la, adv. T. little, for a little while.
- o-ći'-sti-ye-dan, adv. of ćistiyedan; for a little while. T., oćisćiyela
- o'-ći-tkons, cont. of ocitkonza; wićaśta ocitkons wacinpi, men think alike.
- o'-ći-tkon-za, adj. equal, alike, of the same size or length: ćan oći-tkonza, trees of the same height.
- o'-ći-tpa-ni, adj. unequal.
- o'-ći-ṭiŋ-za, v. n. to be crowded together; i. q. óćikaŋ śni.
- o'-ći-ya-ka-pi, v. pl. of oyaka; i. q. okićiyakapi.
- o é i' y o p e y a , v. See oéinyopeya.
- o'-ći-yu-śtan, v. of oyuśtan; to be one in another, as kettles; to be doubled, as a blanket.
- o'-éi-yu-śtan-śtan, v. red. to be placed one inside of another, as kettles
- o-ćo'-ka-ka, v. n. of ćoka; to be empty, not full, as a house, of persons; there is room. T., okan.
- o-ćo'-kam, adv. of ćokam. in the middle.
- o-ćo'-kam-tu, adv. in the midst. T., ćokabtu.
- o-ćo'-ka-ya, adv. of ćokaya; in the middle: ti oćokaya, in the middle of the house.
- o-ćos', cont. of oćoza; oćos manka, I am in a warm place.
- o-ćos'-ya, adv. in a warm condition.
- o-ćo'-wa-sin, adv. all, the whole, all together. T., ataya. See owasin.

- o-ćo'-za, adj. warm in: ti oćoza, a warm house.
- o-ćo'-za, n. of ćoza; warmth, heat.
- o-ću', v. n. of ću; to become damp in; to have drops of water inside.
- od or on, cont. of yuta; od waste, good to eat, good to taste. T., oyul.
- o-da'-kon, cont. of odakota. T. olakol.
- o-da'-kon-ki ći-ya-pi, n. friendship, peace. See dakonkići-yapi.
- o d a' k o n y a , adv. friendly, peaceably. T., olakolya.
- o d a' k o t a, n. friendship, alliance, fraternity. T., olakota. See dakota.
- o-de', v. a. to seek for, hunt for anything—owade, oyade, unkodepi.

 T., ole; taku ole yahi he, what have you come for?
- o-de'-źa, v. of deźa; to urinate in anything—owadeźa. T., oleźa.
- o-de'-źa, n. the bladder; a chamber-pot. T., wićaleźa and taleźa: oleźapi.
- o-di'-di-ta, v. n. of didita; to be warm in, as in a house where it is uncomfortably hot: ti odidita, a hot house. T., oluluta.
- o di' di ta, n. heat.
- o-don', cont. of odota; taku odon wahi, I have come to borrow something T., olol.
- o-do'-ta, v. a. to borrow anything—owadota, oyadota, unkodotapi. T., olota.

- o d'-o-ta, adj. red. of ota; much of various kinds.
- o-do'-wan, n. of dowan; a song, hymn, tune.
- o-du'te, n. the large muscle or flesh on the thigh.
- o-du'za-han, n. of duzahan; swiftness.
- o-e'-će-ća, v. n. to be a little better; i. q. ahećeća.
- o-e'-ée-éa-ka, v. n. to be like one, as a son is like his father, in appearance, demeanor, etc.; to be better, as a sick person—oemaće-éaka. T., aheéeéa and iyeéeéa. See oweéeéaka.
- o e' é e n y a , adv. so, however. T., esa and yesa.
- o-e'-ćon, n. of ećon; doing, work: oećon waśte, good doing it.
- o-e'-ćon-ka, n. one who does a thing very much.
- o-e'-éoŋ-la, v. T. to do frequently at some place; to go often for a special purpose; as to frequent a bawdy-house.
- o-e'-ćoŋ-na, n. gambling, a lottery. Sometimes written oećona. T., yekiyapi.
- o-e'-ha-ke, n. of ehake; the last.
- o-e'-hde, v. a of ehde; to set or place in—oewahde.
- o-e'-hde, n. of ehde; a setting down; a saying, a verse, a sentence.
- o-e'-hna-ka, n. of ehnaka; a placing down, a stop, period.
- o-e'-ti, n. of eti; an encampment ahead.

- ing a story, a relation.
- o-e'-ye, n. of eya; a saying, verse, sentence.
- o-e'-yu-hpa, n. of yuhpa; a place of resting or throwing down burdens.
- O g l a' l a, n. T. The name of one of the clans of Teeton Sioux: i. q. ohdada, to scatter one's own. Ih., Okdada.
- o g l a' y a , v. T. to thrust into, as a stick into a tube.
- o-gla'-ye-ya, v. T. to shove
- o'-gle, n. T.; and o'-kde, Ih. a shirt or coat: i. q. onhohda and onlidolida.
- o'-gle-i-sto-wa-ni-éa, n. T. a vest, that is, a coat without arms.
- o-glu', v. n. T. to befall one owaglu.
- o-glu', n. T. luck, fortune; oglu waste, good fortune.
- o-gmun', v. T. to gurgle, as a bad egg.
- T. in: i. q. ohna: o'-gna, prep. ognapasi, to follow after in: i. q. opasi.
- o g n a' k a, v. a. To place in: i. q. ohnaka—owagnaka.
- o'- gan, n. something that is open, as open cloth. T., ġanġanla.
- to be full of o-ġaŋ'-ġaŋ, v. n. holes. T., ġaŋġaŋla.
- o'- ge, n. clothes, covering; a sheath.
- o'-ġe-ki-ći-toŋ, v. to clothe for one-ogeweciton.

- o-e'-ya-ke-ya, n. the act of tell-|o'-ge-ki-ton, v. pos. of ogeton; to put clothes on one's own-ogewe
 - o'- \dot{g} e- \dot{p} i, n. clothes. T., heyapi. See heyake and wokoyake.
 - o'- ge-ton, v.a. to put on clothes, have clothes on-ogewaton, ogeuntoppi: ogeiciton, to clothe one's self.
 - o'-ġe-źu-ya, v. oġeźuya yuza, to take hold of one's clothes.
 - o'-ġe-źu-ya, adv. together with; among.
 - o'-gin-gin, v. n. to nod: ogingin yanka, he is nodding. See pakapsan.
 - o- \dot{g} i'-y a, v. of \dot{g} i; to paint yellow.
 - o-gu', v. n. of gu; to burn in, as in a kettle.
 - o-gu', n. scraps, cracknels; dregs, as coffee grounds.
 - $o \dot{g} u' \dot{g} u y e$, n. a brand, markburnt in.
 - o-ġu'-ke, n. tallow-scraps.
 - o-ġuŋ'-ġa, v. n. to be half asleep and awake, to slumber, doze-omaġuŋġa, oniġuŋġa.
 - o g u' y a, v. a. to cause to burn in, as meat—oʻguwaya.
 - o'-ha, v. n. to stick to, adhere, as feathers—omaha.
 - o'-ha, n. of yuha; a straight place in a river, the distance between two bends, a reach: oha hanska, a long straight place.
 - o-ha'-kam, adv. afterwards. See ihakam.
 - o-ha'-kam-ya, adv. after. ihakamya

- o h a' k a p a , adv. afterwards. See ihakapa.
- o h a' k a p a t a ŋ h a ŋ , adv. afterwards See ihakapataŋhaŋ.
- o-ha'-mna, adj. smelling of the skin.
- o-han', intj. oh, yes! See ahan and han.
- o-han', adv. when, in the past, at what time.
- o-han', v. n. (ohna and han) to stand in.
- o-han', v. a. to put on socks or moccasins, to wear; to boil, as corn, meat, etc.—owahan, oyahan, unkohanpi.
- o'-han, v. to try, attempt; to apply one's self, study—owahe, oyahan, ounhanpi.
- o'-haŋ, n a straight place in a river. See óha.
- o'-haŋ-haŋ, v. to speak lightly of, to jest.
- o-han'-han, adv. red. of ohan.
- o'-han-hde, v. See óhanhdeya.
- o'-haŋ-hde-ya, v. a. to keep near one, follow about, as a colt its mother; to love—ohanhdewaya, ohanhdemayan.
- o' h a ŋ h a ŋ n a , n. the morning; i. q. haŋhaŋna. T., ohihaŋla.
- o'-han-gle-la, adv. T. in the middle; through the middle.
- o-han'-ke-ta, adv. T. at the last, finally; i. q. unhanketa.
- o-han'-pi, part. boiled.
- o-han'-ska, n. of hanska. length.
- o h a y' s k a y a, adv. in length.

- o'-han-zi, n. shade, defense from the heat; shadow.
- o'-han-zi, v. n. to be shade on—omahanzi.
- o'-haŋ-zi-hde-pi, n. something set up for a shade, as the branches of trees or bushes; an arbor; a porch; an umbrella.
- o'-han-zi-ya, v. a. to shade, make a shade on—ohanziwaya, ohan-ziunyanpi.
- o-hba'-haŋ, part. fallen to pieces in, as a barrel in a corn-hole.
- o-hda'-da, v. pos. of okada.
- o h da g', cont. of ohdaka: he ohdag wahi, I have come to tell that.
- o-hdah'-ni-ġa, v. pos. of okahniġa; to understand one's own affairs—owahdahniġa. T., okiglahniġa—okiweglahniġa.
- o h d a h' n i h, cont. of ohdahniga: ohdahnih manka.
- o-hda'-ka, v. pos. of oyaka; to tell of one's own—owahdaka, un-kohdakapi.
- o h d a' k i n y a n, n. of hdakin-yan; width, breadth.
- o-hda'-pśiŋ-yaŋ, adv. bottom upwards, turned over. T., oglapśiŋyaŋ. See ahdapśiŋyaŋ.
- o-hda'-pta, v pos. of oyapta and okapta; to leave some of one's own—owahdapta.
- o-hde', v. a. of hde; to set or place in—owahde. See ohnaka, oźu, etc.
- o'-hde, n. a coat; suspenders. T., éeśkiyutan, suspenders.

- o-hdi'-han, v. n. to fall in any-o'-hi, v. a. to be able to reach to, tall thing endwise.
- o-hdi'-he-ya, v. a. to cause to fall in endwise—ohdihewaya.
- o-hdu'-ġe, v. pos. of oyuġe; to put on, wear one's own—owahduġe.
 T., ogi¢iton and kiệuŋ.
- o-hdu'-so-ta, v. n. to go off, leave, be all gone, as ducks in the fall of the year. T., oglusota. See yusota.
- o'-hdu-ta, v. n. to be closed up.
- o' h d u t e y a , v. a. to close up óhdutewaya.
- o-hdu'-ze, v. pos. of oyuze; to dip out from into one's own dish—owahduze.
- o h e', v. Same as ohan.
- o-he', n. a place; a niche, a bed; the old or former place—mitohe.
- o'-he, n. of yuha; a having: ohe waste, it is good having; ohe waste-kae, useful. T., oyuha
- o'-he, n. of ohan; a boiling: ohe wanzidan, one boiling. T, owehe.
- o h e' h d e p i , n. a bedstead, bed. T., oyunke and oyunke ihupa.
- o-hem'-ya, adv. not quite full, almost full.
- o h e' y u n, v. a. to wrap up in—ohemun, ohemun. See heyun.
- o-he'-yuŋ, n. a wrapper: oheyuŋpi, wrappers.
- o'-hi, v. n. to hang over, as hair over one's face, or grass over a path: i. q. ćanku peźi kaohduteyapi. T., okahi.

- o'-hi, v. a. to be able to reach to, tall enough to reach up to, long enough to reach down to—ówahi, óunhipi; to reach to one, be large enough for—ómahi.
- o'-hi-dan, v. dim. of óhi.
- o'-hi-haŋ-la, n. T. the morntng, during the forenoon.
- o'-hi-ka, n. one whose hair is always hanging over his face. T., okahika.
- o h i' k a, n. one who has ability, one who is able to accomplish.
- o-hi'-ki-ya, v. pos. of ohiya; to win back one's own; to give something to another of what one has won, to win for another—ohiwakiya.
- o'-hi-na-pe, n of hinapa; $a \dot{p} lace$ of egress.
- o-hin'-hpa-ya, v. (o and hinhpaya) to fall into; to fall from, forsake—omahinhpaya.
- o-hin'-hpa-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to fall into-ohinhpayewaya.
- o'-hi-ni, adv. See óhinni.
- o'-hin-ni, adv. always.
- o'-hiŋ-ni-ki-ya, v. a. to cease from, to finish—óhinniwakiya. T., ihunikiya.
- o'-hin-ni-ya, v. a. to finish—óhinniwaya. T., ihuniya.
- o'-hin-ni-yan, adv. always, all along, all through.
- o h i' t i d a, v. a. to consider furious—ohitiwada: ohitiićida, to think one's self terrible, to bluster, to swagger, to bully—ohitimićida. T., ohitilaka, to consider brave.

- o h i' t i k a, v. n. to be furious, terrible, brave—omahitika, onihitika. See wohitika.
- o h i' t i y a, adv. furiously, terribly, savagely.
- o-hi'-ya, v. a. to get the better of one in any way, to overcome; to gain, win, acquire in a game—ohiwaya, ohiunyanpi.
- o'-hi-ya, v. a. to cause to reach to—ohiwaya.
- o'-hi-ya, adv. reaching to; hanging over, as hair.
- o'-hi-ya, n. the hair that hangs down on the face. T, okahiya.
- o'-hi-ye, n. a string or strand of beads; one length of anything.
- o-hi'-ye-ya, and o-hi'-yeki-ya, v.a. to cause to win ohiyewaya.
- o-hi'-yu, v. of hiyu; to come through, as water through a roof, to leak; to come into, come through on—omahiyu
- o h m u n', adj. faint, not very apparent, as tracks in snow on which more has fallen.
- o-h m u ŋ'-h m u ŋ, adj. red. of ohmuŋ; indistinct, as conversation not plainly heard.
- o-hmuŋ'-hmuŋ-yaŋ, adv. in-distinctly.
- o-hmun'-yan, adv. faintly, not apparent.
- o-hmun'-ye-ća, adj. partly visible, as a chicken peeping out of its shell.
- o'-hmus, cont. of 6hmuza; i ohmus waun, my mouth is shut. T., ogmus; lotogmus yuza, to hold by the throat.

- o'-hmus-ya, v. n. to shut, cause to shut—ohmuswaya.
- o'-hmu-za, v. n. to be shut or closed: ista ohmuza, eyes shut.
- o h n a', prep. in, into, on, upon. T., ogna; Ih., okna. See ahna and ehna.
- o-hnag', cont. of ohnaka; ohnag waśi, I told him to put it in.
- o-hna'-hna, prep. red. of ohna.
- o-h n a'-h n a-k a, v. red. of ohnaka.
- o-hna'-hna-ka-pi, n. something in which things are put or laid away, a chest; a coffin. See canohnahnakapi. T., canwogna.
- o-hna'-ka, prep. in, upon: nape ohnaka, in the hand.
- o h n a' k a, v. a. to put in, place in anything. T., ognaka. See ahnaka, ehnaka, hnaka, ounpa, etc.
- o-hna'-ka-pi, n. a placing in.
- o h n a' n a, adv. napohnana, only a handful.
- o-hni'-hda, v. n. (o and hnihda) to go on a journey, travel from place to place—owahnihda, unkohnihdapi. T., ognigla.
- o h n i' h d e, part. going from place to place: ohnihde ya, to go from place to place.
- o h n i' h d e k i y a, v. a. to cause to go from place to place—ohnihdewakiya. T., ogniglekiya.
- o-hni'-hde-ya, v. a. to send hither and thither—olnihdewaya.
- o-hni'-hde-ya, adv. going from one place to another: ohnihdeya waun, I am going about.

- o-hni'-hde-ya-pi, n. those sent, o-h'a'-ka, adj. messengers, apostles. ing through the
- o-ho'. See ohoka.
- o-ho'-da, v. a. to respect, honor, worship—ohowada, ohoundapi.
- o-ho'-da-ka, 'v. a. to respect, honor, worship—ohowadaka, oho-undapika.
- o h o' h p a, v. a. of hohpa; to cough and spit into—ohowahpa. T., otahośe.
- o-ho'-ka, n. one who is respectable or honorable. T., oholapi.
- o-ho'-ki-da, v. pos. of ohoda; to honor one's own. T, ohokila.
- o-ho'-mni, adv. around, round about: ohomni ya, to go around.
- o-ho'-mni-ku-wa, v. to hint at; go round about in regard to ohomni makuwa.
- o-ho'-mni-yan, adv. around, round about.
- o-huŋ'-kaŋ-kaŋ, n. stories; myths; i. q. hituŋkaŋkapi.
- o'-hu-ta, n. the place where the water meets the land, the edge or shore. See huta.
- o'-hu-tam, adv. at the shore. T., ohuta. See hutam.
- o'-hu-ta-pa, adv. at the edge or shore. See hutapa
- o'-hu-ta-ta, adv. at the shore. See hutata
- o-hu'-te, n. of hute; the root, the bottom. T., hute.
- o-h'a', adj. gray, black and white, white specks on a black ground. T., hota.

- o h' a' k a, adj. gray, black appearing through the white, all colors intermingled.
- o h a' k a , v. n. to be stuffed with food, surfeited; to be injured or made sick by food—omaliaka.
- o-ha'-ka, adj. hurtful, injurious, as some kinds of food.
- o-ha'-ka, adj. T. forked, as a stream.
- o h a' k a, n. the forks of a stream.
- o h a' m n a , v. n. to smell moldy; i. q. aamna.
- o h a n', v. to do, to work—owahan, unkohanpi. See oskan.
- o h a ŋ', n. work, action, custom—miohan, niohan, uŋkohanpi.
- o'-lian, v. n. to be slow, to be long in doing—omalian.
- o-han'-han-han, v.n. to do odd things, to play pranks, cut capers; to do badly—ohanwahanhan.
- o-lian'-han-han-ka, v. Same as olianhanhan.
- o-haŋ'-ki-haŋ-haŋ, v. to play pranks upon one, to do badly to—ohaŋwakihaŋhaŋ.
- o-han'-ko, v. n. to be quick in doing anything, handy—ohanmako, ohanniko.
- o-haŋ'-ko-ya, adv. quickly.
- o-han'-ko-ye-dan, adv. quickly, suddenly.
- o-han'-pi, v. n. (ohan and pi) to begenerous, liberal—ohanmapi. See ohanwaste.
- o-han'-pi-ya, adv. generously, liberally.

- o-lian'-sda-ta, v. n. (olian and sdata) to be slow in one's movements, to work slowly and deliberately—olian masdata. T., olian-slate.
- o-han'-śi-ća, v. n. to be stingy or illiberal; to be of a mean or cross disposition—ohanmasića. See ohanwaste.
- o h a η \pm i' \pm a, v. n. to be ill-be-haved.
- o-han'-śi-ća-ya, adv. badly.
- o-han'-śin-ya, adv. badly, wickedly.
- o-han'-śin-ya, v. a. to make stingy, make bad—ohansinwaya, ohansinunyanpi.
- o-lian'-śun-ke-ća, v. n. (ohan and śunka) to behave ill, act like a dog; to eat up or destroy provisions, or anything that is valued or stored up for use, and to which one has no right; to be selfish—owahan-śunkeća, unkohansunkećapi. T., oh'ansunkeća, also when one who is much trusted in dies, he is said to be oh'ansunkeća.
- o-lian'-te-han, v.n. (ohan and telan) to be long in doing a thing—ohanmatelan.
- o-li a n'-wa-śte, v. n. to behave well, be good, be generous—olian-mawaśte. See olianśića.
- o-han'-yan, v. n. to do, work, act—owahanmda, oyahanda, unko-hanyanpi.
- o'-lian-yan, v.a. to cause to be slow, to hinder—olianwaye.

- o-hanyewaya. to cause to do—ohanyewaya.
- o'-ha-ya, v. a. to fill up, as a hole with brush, etc.—ohawaya, ohaun-yappi. T, oháya.
- o-h'a'-ya, adv. in a grayish or mixed manner. Said of putting paint on the face. T, holya.
- o h ć i' h ć i, adv. hanging, dangling.
- o-h ć i'-h ć i-y a, adv. in bunches.
- o-h ć i'-h ć i y a, v. T. to make dangle.
- o-h d a'-h d a, adj. loose, rattling, as a small bullet in a gun. T., ohlagan. See olidagan and ohtahtadan.
- o-hda'-hda-ye-dan, adv. loosely, as knitting; not stretched, as a cord. *T.*, ohlaganla.
- o-lida'-te, adv. under, beneath. See ohlate.
- o-hda'-te-ya, adv. beneath, under: ohdateya iyaya, it has gone underneath. T., ohlateya.
- o-hda'-te-ya-tan-han, adv. from beneath.
- o'-hdo-hda, n. See ophdohda.
- o-hdo'-ka, n. a hole in anything, an aperture. T., ohloka.
- o h e', n. a hill: oheyahe and oheyawahe, a hill that is much visited, as Pilot-knob near Fort Snelling. See paha and he.
- o'-he-ya, v. n. to have but little in. See ahe.
- o-hin'-yan, v. to pout, be out of humor about, to be dissatisfied with one's portion or treatment; to slight, refuse—owahinyan, unkohinyanpi.

- o-hla'-ġan, adj. T. not fitting, loose. Said of a small thing in a large place.
- o-hla'-gan-la, adv. T. loosely.
- o $\ln \ln a'$ g a η y e $\ln a$, adv. T. loosely.
- o-hla'-te, adv. T. i. q. ohdate; under, as, maya ohlate ćanku iyaya, the road goes under the hill or bank.
- o-hla'-te-ya, adv. T. under, beneath: i. q. ohdateya.
- o-lile', and o-lili'-se, adv. T. crowded about, as people around a tent to see a dance.
- o-hlo'-ka, n. T. a hole: i. q. ohdoka
- o-hmi'-hmi-yan, adj. crooked.
- o-hmi'-yan, adj. crooked.
- o-hno'-ġa, n. the corners that are usually fenced off on each side of the door in a Dakota lodge. T., ungnaġa.
- o-hno'-ga-ta, adv. in the corners of the tent near the door; down at the side of a tent, close under. T., ungnagata.
- o-hno'-gi-ća-dan, n. a bird like a small owl.
- O-hno'-gi-éa-dan, n. an imaginary being worshipped by the Dakotas. Same as Ćanotidan. See Hohnogićadan. T., Ungnagićala.
- o-ho', intj. expressive of disbelief; not so! T., hoh.
- o h p a', v. n. to gather together, flock together, as geese, etc.
- 'o-hpan', v. n. to be wet or moist in.

- o-hpan'-ki-ya, v. a. to dip into, sop or soak in; to wet or soak, so as to take off the hair—ohpanwakiya.
- o-h p a n'-y a n, v. a. to cause to moisten or soak in; to soak, as a skin for dressing—ohpanwaya.
- o-hta'-hta-daŋ, adj. loose, not stretched tight, as a slackened bowstring.
- o-hta'-hta-ye-dan, adv. loosely, not stretched. Same as ohdahda-yedan.
- o-hta'-ni, n. of htani; work, labor—mitohtani, nitohtani: tohtani, his work. T., wowasi.
- o'-hta'-ye-tu, n. of htayetu; the evening.
- oh'-ya, adv. obliquely, from corner to corner, sloping, as the characters in writing See kaohya, yuohya, etc.
- o i' ća ġa, v. n. of ićaġa; to grow in anything; to growup—oimaćaġa, oinićaġa.
- o-i'-éa-ge, n. of ićaġa; a growing, creation; interest on money lent.
- o-i'-éa-hi-ton, v. a. of iéahi; to mingle, mix together in, as tobacco and bark, in anything—oiéahiwaton. T., iéahiton.
- o-i'-ća-hi-ye, n. of ićahiya; a mixture, a mixing: oićahiye wanźidan, one mixing.
- o-i'-éah, cont. of oiéaga; oiéali kokedan, of quick growth; oiéali tehan, of slow growth.
- o-i'-ćah-wan-ka-la, adj. T growing easily.

- o-i'-éali-ya, v. a. to yield, produce; to make grow; to cause to produce, as interest—oićaliwaya.
- o-i'-éa-zo, n. of iéazo; a marking, a mark; credits, taking things on credit, giving credit.
- o-i'-éi-ma-ni, n. of ićimani; traveling, a traveler; oićimani wanića, there is no one traveling; a company of travelers
- o-i'-éu-wa, n. of kuwa; tools of all kinds.
- o-i'-ću-wa-śte, adj. of iću and waśte; good to take, acceptable.
- o-i'-éi-hde, n of hde; what one has laid up, property. T., wakigle; wakignaka.
- o-i'-ći-hi, v. reflex. of okihi; to be able for one's self, be rich; to get for one's self, be selfish—omićihi.
- o-i'-ći-kpa-ni, v. Same as oićitpani.
- o-i'-éi-tpa-ni, v. reflex. of okitpani; not to be able to take care of one's self or family, to be poor—omiéitpani.
- o'-i-¢i-țiŋ-za, v. reflex. of oțiŋza; to have command of one's self—omițițiŋza.
- o i' ¢ i w a, v. reflex. of owa; to write one's self: caze oiciwa, to sign one's own name.
- o'-i-&i-ya, v. reflex of okiya; to help one's self.
- o-i'-de, v. n. of ide; to blaze in.
- o i' de, n. a flame.
- o-i'-e, n. of ia; a word; a saying or speech.

- o-i'-e-ki-ća-ton, v. a. to speak to, John x, 6—oiewećaton.
- o-i'-e-ki-ćuŋ, v. n. to command, enforce obedience—oiewećuŋ.
- o-i'-e-ki-ton, v n. to use language, speak—oiweton.
- o-i'-e-ya, v. n. to use words, to speak—oiewaya.
- o-i'-glag, cont. of oiglaka; oiglag uppi, they are moving.
- o-i'-gla-ka, v. T. to move; be moving, as a family or camp. See ihdaka and unhdaka.
- o-i'-gla-ke, n. T. a moving party.
- o-i'-glu-śkaŋ, v.n. T. to have a relapse, become sick again.
- o-i'-hda-ka, v. reflex. of oyaka; to make one's self known, tell one's own name; to confess—omihdaka. T., oiglaka.
- o-i'-hdo-ye. See ihdoya.
- o-i'-hdu-ġe, v. reflex. to put on one's self—omihduġe.
- o-i'-hdu-ha, v. pos. to have one's self; to be a citizen—omihduha.
 T., oigluha.
- o i' h d u h a p i , n. citizenship. T., oigluhapi.
- o-i'-hdu-so-ta, v. reflex. to use one's self up, to go all away, said of the ducks all leaving. See ohdusota and ihdusota. T, oiglusota.
- o-i'-h d u-śi-ća, v. reflex to injure one's self in the estimation of others, get one's self into difficulty omihduśića. T., oigluśica. See ihduśića.

- o-i'-hdu-ze, n. of ihduza; $what \mid o'$ -iŋ-kpa, n. one puts on, clothing.
- o-i'-he-ya, v. a. of iheya; to shoot | o'-in-kpa-ta, adv. into—oihewaya.
- o-i'-he-ye, n. the place where the shot is sent.
- o-i'-hun-ni, v. a. of ihunni; to land in or at—oiwahunni.
- o-i'-hun-ni, n. a landing, harbor, port: oihunni waste, a good landing.
- o-i'-kpa-ta, v.n. of ikpi and ta; to be still-born.
- o-i'-kpa-ta, n. Tan abortion.
- o i' le le ke, n. T. a thief.
- o-i'-na-pa, v. of inapa; to go or come out into-oinawapa.
- o-i'-na-pe, n. a place of coming
- o-i'-na-pe-dan, n. dim. of oi-
- o-i'-na-pe-ya, *adv*. appearing, as the summits of hills that first become bare of snow.
- o-i'-na-ta-ka, v of nataka; tolock in, as in a house—oinawataka.
- o-i'-na-źin, n. of inaźin; a standing place, starting place.
- o-i'-na-źiŋ-ta, *n*. the place of standing, the goal.
- o i n', v. to wear, as rings, in the ears or nose—owain, oyain, unkoinpi. T., owin.
- o i n', n. an ear or nose jewel. owin.
- o-in'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to wear, as jewels—oinwakiya. T., owinkiya.

- the end of anything. See inkpa.
- at the end. See inkpata.
- o'-in-kpa-ya, *adv*. at the beginning, in the first place.
- o-in'-na, n. ear-jewels. T., owinla. See oin.
- o-in'-pi, n. ear-rings, jewels. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$ owinpi.
- o-in'-pi-dan, ear-drops, jewels.
- o-in'-tan-ka, n. a large ear-drop.
- o'-in-tpa, n. the end of anything; i. q. oinkpa.
- o'-in-tpa-ta', adv. at the end; i. q. oinkpata.
- o-i'-pa-kśan, n. a bend, crook, angle. See ipakśan.
- o-i'-pa-ktan, n. a bend in T. a stream: i. q. oiyuktan.
- o-i'-pe-ya, *n*. T. a sheltered place; a warm place out of the wind: i. q. oblula.
- o-i'-pi-ya-ke, n. of ipiyaka; the place around which the girdle is put, the waist.
- o i'-p u t a k e, n. of iputaka; a kiss.
- o i' s e, n. the outer corner, as of a house.
- o-i'-śta-waŋ-źi-la, n. steady gaze, a fixed look.
- o-i'-śtin-be, n of istinbe; a place to sleep in, a bed-room. T, oistinme.
- o-i'-śtin-ma, n. of istinma; a bed-room.
- $o i' t \circ n s \circ n i$, v. of itonsini; to lie, tell a lie respecting one—oiwatonśni. T., owewakan; owewakankan

- o-i'-ton-śni, n. a lie, falsehood. T., owewakankan.
- o-i'-ton-śni-yan, adv. lying, falsely: T., owewakankanyan.
- o-i'-ya-be, n of iyabe; a dispersion, a hunting.
- o-i'-ya-be-ya, v. a. to make a hunting excursion—oiyabewaya.
- o i' y a b e y e , n. a hunting, hunting-ground.
- o-i'-ya-han, v. n. of iyahan; to alight down in.
- o-i'-ya-hde, v. n. of iyahde; to reach to, reach from one to another.
- o-i'-ya-hde-ya, v. a. to cause to reach to—oiyahdewaya See iyahdeya.
- o-i'-ya-hde-ya, adv. reaching to.
- o-i'-ya-he, n. of iyahan; a light-ing down in.
- o i' y a h p e y a, v. T. cannonpa oiyahpeya, to hold up the pipe to, as the Dakotas do to the Great Spirit before smoking.
- o-i'-ya-lipe-ye, n. what can be thrown over the back of a horse, as, oiyalipeye wanzidan, one load: éanduhupa oiyalipeye, the end of the pipe-stem that is held in the mouth. T., oyape. See iyalipeya.
- o-i'-ya-ka-śka, v.a. to tie into oiyawakaśka. See iyakaśka.
- o-i'-ya-ka-śke, n. a tying into, a knot.
- o-i'-yam, cont. of oiyanpa.
- o-i'-ya-ni-ća, v. n. to be prevented in—oiyamanića. See iyanića.

- o-i'-ya-ni-će, n. prevention; costiveness.
- o i' y a n i n, cont. of oiyanića. T., oiyanil.
- o-i'-ya-nin-ya, v.a. to prevent, be the cause of prevention: oiyanin-içiye sni wo, John xx, 27, do not be yourself prevented, do not stand in your own way, "be not faithless." T, oiyanilya.
- o-i'-yan-pa, v. of iyanpa; to breathe out of, as an otter out of a hole; oiyam wanka, he lies breathing out of the hole. T., oniya yunka.
- o-i'-yan-pe, n. a hole or breathing place. T., oniya ohloka.
- o-i'-yan-pe-dan, n. a hole, as of a muskrat.
- o-i'-ye-ki-ye, n. of iyekiya; recognition.
- o-i'-ye-ya, v. See oieya.
- o-i'-yo-blu-ya and o-i'-yoblu-ye-la, adj. or n. T. a calm; oiyobluya hiyeya, it grows calm. See ioblula and iyoblula.
- o i' yo h n a g, cont. of oiyohnaka; oiyohnag tonana, a few mouthfuls.
- o-i'-yo-hna-ka, n. of iyohnaka; a mouthful, very little.
- o-i'-yo-hlo-ka, n. T. the mouth of a stream; an opening into. See iyohloke.
- o'-i-yo-hpa-ya, v. to fall into—oiyowahpamda. See iyohpaya.
- o'.-i-yo-hpe-ya, v. a. to throw or cast into, to go into, as into a river at a ford—oiyohpewaya. See iyohpeya.

- o'-i-yo-hpe-ye, n. a place of going into, a ford. T., oiyohpaya.
- o'-i-yo-ki-pi, adj. pleasant, agreeable.
- o'-i-yo-ki-pi, v.n. to be pleased with—oiyomakipi, oiyonicipi. See iyokipi.
- o'-i-yo-ki-pi-ya, adv. pleasantly, agreeably.
- o'-i-yo-ki-śi-ća, adj. T. disågreeable, as the weather; unhappy, feeling badly—oiyomakiśića.
- o-i'-yo-kpa-za, n. T. darkness. See okpaza.
- o-i'-yo-kpas-ya, adv. darkty.
- o-i'-yo-k pas-ya, v. a. to make dark.
- o-i'-yo-pe-ye, n. of iyopeya; payment for anything; what is given in exchange; money, as, oiyopeye manića, I have no money.
- o-i'-yo-tan-ke, n. of iyotanka; a seat, a sitting place.
- o-i'-yu-ktan, n. of yuktan; a bend. T, oipaktan.
- o-i'-yau-ski-te, n. of iyuskita; a place where a band goes round.
- o-i'-yu-we-ġe, n. of iyuweġa; the place of crossing a stream, a ford; the name of Traverse des Sioux.
- o-ka'-ća-ġi *and* o-ka'-ća-ġu, v. See okadya. T., oġu.
- o-ka'-da, v.a. to lay eggs, as fowls do: Magáokada wi, the moon when the geese lay eggs, April and sometimes May; to pour out into, as grain of any kind; to scatter in or on, sow, plant—owakada, unkokadapi. T., witka ton, to lay eggs.

- a place of | o k a' d a d a, v. red. of okada.
 - o-ka'-da-i-he-ya, v to load a gun in haste without a wad—okadaihewaya.
 - o-ka'-dus, cont. of okaduza.
 - o-ka'-dus-ya, adv. airy.
 - o-ka'-du-za, v.n. to blow through or into, blow on one—omakaduza. See kaduza.
 - o-ka'-du-za, n. air in motion, a draught of wind
 - o-kad'-ya or o-kan'-ya, v. okadyagi and okadyagu, to be scorched in. T., ogu.
 - o-ka'-gla-ye-la, adv. T. near to, close by.
 - o-ka'-ga, n. things made in the same manner, kinds; a bundle of arrows made alike.
 - o-ka'-ġa, v. a. to make after a model, copy—owakaġa, unkokaġapi.
 - o-ka'-ġa, v n. to stick into, as something sharp: wićape omakaġa, a prickle sticks in me.
 - o'-ka- \dot{g} a, n. the south. T., itoka \dot{g} a.
 - o'-ka-ga, adv. southwards; down stream, since the streams in the Dakota country run southwards. T., itokaga; hutabya.
 - o-ka'-ġa-pi, n. a copy, model, image.
 - o'-ka-ġa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from the south; from below, down stream. T., itokaġataŋhaŋ.
 - o-ka'-ġe, n. of kaġa; something that is made.
 - o k a' ġ e ġ e, n. of kaġeġe; a place where anything is sewed, a seam.

- o-ka'-ġe-źu-ya, adv. whilst, between, beyond: mahpiya okaġeźuya, among or beyond the clouds. See ićaġeźuya.
- o'-ka-hda, adv. of kahda; by the side of; okahda mda. T., okagla and ićagla; okaglayela, near to, close by.
- o-ka'-hi, v. n. T. to hang over, as the hair over the face.
- o k a' h i k a, n. T. one whose hair hangs over the face; one who has bangs.
- o-ka'-hi-ya, v. a. T. to make hang over.
- o-ka'-hi-ya, adv. T. hanging over.
- o-kah', cont. of okága: okah waste, of good form.
- o'-kali, cont. of ókaġa; to the south; ókali unyanpi, we go southwards. T., itokali.
- o'-ka-hbog, cont. of ókahboka. T., kahwog.
- o'-ka-hbog-ya, v.a. to cause to float down stream—ókahbogwaya. T., kahwogya, to make float in the air.
- o'-ka-hbo-ka, v. n. of kahboka; to float along, to be borne on the water or in the air. T., kahwoka, to float on the air. See okahpa.
- o'-ka-hbo-ka, n. a drift, a float; a waif. T., kahwoka.
- o-ka'-hde-ća, v. a. of kahdeća; to tear a hole in, tear in pieces, to fracture—owakahdeća.
- o-ka'-hde-ée, n. a rent, a fracture.

- o-ka'-liden, cont. of okalideća; okaliden iyeya.
- o-ka'-hdog, cont. of okahdoka; okahdog iyeya.
- o-ka'-lido-ka, v. a. to make its way through, as water through cloth, to come through—omaka-lidoka.
- o-ka'-hdo-ke, n. of kahdoka; a hole broken through.
- o'-kah-hi-ya-ya, v. T. to float by; to drift.
- o'-kah-ki-ya, adv. southwards, down stream. T., itokahkiya.
- o-ka'-hmin, n. a corner; a bay. See mdecahmin.
- o k a' h n i ġ a, v. a. to understand, comprehend—owakahniġa, oyakahniġa, unkokahniġapi; omayakahniġa, thou comprehendest me. See okićahniġa.
- o-ka'-h n i h, cont. of okaliniga; okalinih waste, easy to understand; okalinihpića, comprehensible; okalinihpića sni, not capable of being understood.
- o-ka'-hnih-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to understand—okahnihwakiya.
- o-ka'-hnih-ya, v. a. to make to comprehend, explain to one—okahnihwaya.
- o-ka'-ho, v. n. to travel around much, wander about—owakaho, unkokahopi. T., okahwoka.
- o-ka'-hpa, v. a. of kahpa; to make fall into by striking—owakahpa.
- o-ka'-lipa, v. n. to float down on, as on a river. See okaliboka.

- hpa, chips.
- o-ka'-hpu, v. a. of kahpu; to knock or brush off into—owakalipu.
- o-ka'-htan, v. n. of kahtan; to soak in, become soaked.
- o-ka'-htan-yan, v. a. to dip in, sop up, sponge—okahtanwaya: to soak in, absorb. See okapon.
- o-ka'-htan-ye, n. a sponge; i. q. mini iyuhepe.
- o'-kah-wa-pa, adv. southwards.
- o-ka'-hwo-ka, v.n. T. to float See okahboka and in the air. okaho.
- T. o'-kah-ya, v. a. to cause to float down stream.
- o' k a h y a, adv. T. floating.
- o-ka'-kan, v. of kakan; to hew in anything—owakakan.
- o-ka'-ka-pa, v. a. to catch, as a ball in a ball-club or in the handowakakapa.
- $o k a' k i \eta$, v. to peep into. See aokakin and aokasin.
- o-ka'-kiś-ya, adv. T. abusively.
- o-ka'-kpan, v. n. to be broken up in
- o-ka'-ksa, v. a. of kaksa; to cut a hole into or through, as in ice; to break through in, to fall in-owakaksa.
- o-ka'-kse, n. pieces cut out, cuttings; a notch cut in.
- o-ka'-kśan, adv. around about, by a roundabout way.
- o-ka'-kśe, n. of kakśa; a roll of ribbon or cloth, a skein of thread.

- o-ka'-hpa-hpa, n. ćan okahpa- o-ka'-mda, n. of kamda; a piece cut off broad and flat, as meat cut for drying; a slice.
 - o-ka'-mda-ya, adv. of kamdaya; without obstruction, expanded; plain, level; freely, as in discoursing.
 - o-ka'-mda-ye, n. a level place, a plain. T., oblaye.
 - o-ka'-mde-ća, v.a. of kamdeća; to break to pieces in anything—owakamdeća.
 - o-ka'-mde-ća, v. n. forth, spread out, as in freshets: mini okamdeća, the water has spread out.
 - o-ka'-mde-ća-han, part. broken
 - o-ka'-mde-će, n. a breaking in.
 - o-ka'-mden, cont. of okamdeća: okamden iyeya, to break or crush to pieces in.
 - o-ka'-mdu, v. n. to blow into, as the wind does. Compare kamdu.
 - o k a' m d u y a, adv. airy, admitting air: okamduya han, standing open so as to admit air, as a door, etc.
 - to avoid, to go o-ka'-mna, v. around; okamna ećon, to do in a crowd.
 - o-ka'-mna, T. avoiding. eschewing
 - o-ka'-mna, adj. open, as a wood where there is no underbrush
 - o-ka'-mna, n. of kamna; a gathering, collection: okamna waśte, it is good gathering.

- o-ka'-mna-yan, adv. going round, avoiding, taking care, picking one's steps, as in walking: okamnayan mani, he walks carefully.
- o-kan', cont. of okata. T., okal.
- o-kan'-ya, v.a. to heat in—okanwaya. See kanya.
- o-kan'-ya, adv. by the heat, heating: okanya śpanyan, to toast, cook by the heat; okanya ġi, to scorch in anything; okanya ġu, to be scorched by holding near the fire. T., iyokalya.
- o-kan', v. n. there is room, room for; it is not crowded—omakan, un-kokanpi: okan śni, there is no room. See ocikan, kiyukan, etc.
- o-kan', n. of kan; old age. T., kan.
- o-kan'-o-hi, v. to live to be old, reach old age—okanowahi. T., kanihuni.
- o-kan'-ta, adv. at old age; at the last, at the end: okanta waste, good in the end.
- o-kan'-te-han, v. n. (okan and tehan) to be long becoming old, bear old age well.
- o-kan'-te-hi, v. n. (okan and tehi) to be long becoming old.
- o-ka'-pa, v. n. to be spoiled by standing in a vessel.
- o-ka'-pan, v. of kapan; to pound in—owakapan.
- o-ka'-pan, n. something used for pounding in, as a mortar.
- o-ka'-pa-za, v. to make smart, as pepper does the mouth—oma-kapaza.

- o-ka'-pe, n. what is pounded at once.
- o'-ka-pe, n. the mark or boundary, as in ball playing. T., wasabglepi. See kapa or kape.
- o'-ka-pe-ya, v. a. to throw over the mark—okapewaya. T., ekapeya.
- o-ka'-po, v. to make swell in by striking.
- o-ka'-pon, cont. of okapota; to float on: wahpaya mini okapon iyaya, the household stuff has floated off. T., okapol, to soak in water. See okahtanyan.
- o-ka'-pon-ya, v. a. to cause to flout on—okaponwaya. T., okapolya, to put in water to soak.
- o-ka'-po-ta, v. n. to be borne upon, float on water; to soak.
- o-ka'-pta, v. a. 1. to leave, reserve; to pass over, miss. See oyapta, oyupta, etc. 2. to dip out into, lade out. See kapta—owakapta, uŋkokaptapi.
- o-ka'-pta-pi, n. what is left, leavings, remnants.
- o-ka'-pte, v. to lade out into. See okapta.
- o-ka'-sbu, n. of kasbu; T. fringe: sina kasbupi, a shawl with fringe.
- o-ka'-sda-će-dan, adj. gentle, mild. See walibadan.
- o k a' s d a t a, v. n. to stick in, as a splinter.
- o-ka'-sde-ća, v. a. of kasdeća; to split within anything—owakasdeća.

- o-ka'-sdo-han, v. n. of kasdohan; o'-ka-śe-ye-dan, adv. close to: to make a trail by being dragged along T., oyuslohan.
- o-ka'-sdo-he, n. a mark of anything dragged along, a trace, a trail. T., ićaģo; oyuslohe.
- o k a' s d o s d o, v. a. to bruise, mash-or crush in—owakasdosdo.
- o'-ka-sin, v. to look into. aokasin, kas'in, and okakin.
- o-ka'-slo-he, adj. T. bold; immodest.
- o-ka'-spe-ya, v. to make sink into; to immerse.
- o-ka'-stag, cont. of okastaka; okastag iyeya and okastag ehpeya, to throw on or in, as mud.
- o-ka'-sta-ka, v. a. of kastaka; to throw on or in, make stick on, as in daubing a house—owakastaka.
- o-ka'-sto, n. of kasto; a trail in the grass as that made by an otter.
- o-ka'-ś'ag-ya, adv. hindering, preventing, prevented by; 'ókaś'agya waun, I am hindered See kas'agya.
- o'-ka-ś'a-ka, v. n. to be prevented by, have to stop and remedy—6makaś'aka. T., iwaś'akeśni.
- o-ka'-śa-ka, v. n. to be accustomed to, to be hardened by, not affected by, as by annoyances—omakaśaka. T., wakiś'agkićun.
- o'-ka- \acute{s} e, v. n. to touch. See ókaśeya. T., ipuskića.
- o'-ka-śe-ya, *adv*. touching, near to: ti okaśeya, near the house. T.,ikanyela.

- okaśeyeyedan okatan, to drive a nail up to the head. T., ipuskilya; uhutaglezela.
- o-ka'-śka, v. a. of kaśka; to tie into, as a scalp in a hoop; to fasten up, as a green hide to dry—owakaska, unkokaskapi.
- o-ka'-śkan, v.n. to be injured internally, as a woman during pregnancy—omakaśkan: oihdaśkan, to hurt one's self inwardly. See oyuśkaŋ.
- o-ka'-śkan-ton, v. a. to bring forth before its time—okaśkanwaton.
- o-ka'-śkan-ton-pi, n. an abortion.
- o-ka'-śke, n. of kaśka; a binding, tying, fastening up: okaśke waśte. good to tie, good to catch.
- o'-ka-śke, adj. large at one end and small at the other.
- o'-ka-śke, n. T. the large end of a thing.
- o-ka'-śki, v. n. to be mashed in, or become jelly, as berries carried in a vessel; to pound or mash in.
- o-ka'-śki-će, v.n. Т. mashed in, made jelly of.
- o-ka'-śna, v. a. of kaśna; to miss, to pass over, as a day; appetu okaśna śni yahi, thou comest every day—owakaśna, unkokaśnapi.
- o-ka'-śpa, v. a. of kaśpa; to strike a piece off in; to expectorate in owakaśpa.
- o-ka'-śpe, n. a piece struck off.

- o-ka'-śta-ka, v. a. of kaśtaka; to smite one in a place, as in a house—owakaśtaka.
- o-ka'-śta-ke, n. a smiting, punishment.
- o-ka'-śtaŋ, v. a. of kaśtaŋ; to pour into, fill into, said of liquids—owa-kaśtaŋ, uŋkokaśtaŋpi.
- o-ka-ta', v. a. to cover up in, as fire in a stove—owakata. See akata.
- o-ka'-ta, v n. of kata; to be warm inside: tiokata, a warm house. See iyokata.
- o-ka'-ta, n. heat.
- o-ka'-tan, v. a. to drive in, as a nail or pin, to nail, make fast with nails—owakatan See iyokatan and katan.
- o-ka'-tkan, v. See okatkin.
- o-ka'-tkin, v. n. of tkin; to become damp, contract dampness, as a pack of furs; said also of damp warm weather, as, han okatkin, the night is damp. T., oću; ospaye.
- o-ka'-tku, v. to break through, as through ice—owakatk'u. T., ka-oksa. See katku.
- o-ka'-tku-ġe, n. something that turns and makes fast, a screw, a nut of a bolt; a screw-driver: okatkuġe nahomni, he has screwed his legs, said when one is very tired. See katkuġa.
- o-ka'-ton, v. n. to abound; to enlarge in one's operations.
- o-ka'-ţe, n. of kaṭa; to beat to death in; okaṭe śića, it is difficult beating him to death, as anything in a hole.

- o-ka'-tins, cont. of okatinza; okatins iyeya.
- o-ka'-tiŋ-za, v. a. to pound in tight, make tight, fill up—owakatiŋza. See kaṭiŋza.
- o-ka'-wiŋ-ġa, v. n. of kawinġa; to go round and round at a distance: okawinġa waun ka wahdi, I have been round and come home.
- o-ka'-winh, cont. of okawinga; okawinh ya, to go round and round. as the sun does.
- o-ka'-win li-ya, adv. round and round.
- o-ka'-za, n of kazá; an atom, a particle, a string or thread, as of takan. See káza.
- o k a' z e , v. n. okaze kiçun, to skate, slide on the ice—okaze weçun. T., ćahićaze kiçun.
- o-ka'-ze, v. a. of kazé; to dip out into—owakaze, unkokazepi.
- o'-ka-ze-ze, v. n to swing, as anything suspended from a cord,
- o'-ka-ze-ze-ya, adv. swinging, dangling. See kazezeya.
- o'-ka-zi-ća-hde, adv. some distance off, far off: okazićahde iću, to take by reaching or stretching one's arms to. T., kaiyuzeya. See iyokazićahde.
- o'-ka-zi-ća-hde-ya, adv. some distance off.
- o-ka'-źa-ya, adv between, in the forks of. See kaźa.
- o'-k é a ŋ, n. of yukéaŋ; comprehending, understanding; okéaŋ waśte, easy of comprehension. T., iyukéaŋ.

- o k d e', v. Ih. i. q. ohdé.
- o'-kde, n. Ih. a shirt, a coat: i. q. ophohda. See ohde.
- o-ki', a prefix to verbs, signifying through the middle: this is made up of two prepositional particles from ohna and ki.
- o-ki'-ba-ksa, v. a. of baksa; to cut with a knife through the middle—okibawaksa.
- o-ki'-ba-mda-za, v. a. of ba-mdaza; to rip open in the middle—okibawamdaza.
- o-ki'-ba-mde-ća, v. a. of bamdeća; to break through the middle, as a plate by cutting on it—okibawamdeća.
- o-ki'-ba-ptu-źa, v. a. of baptuźa; to crack in the middle with a knife—okibawaptuźa.
- o-ki'-ba-sde-ća, v. a. of basdeća; to slit, rip down, as a log or board, in the middle, with a saw—okibawasdeća.
- o-ki'-ba-śpa, v. a. of baśpa; to cut in two in the middle, or halve with a knife, as an apple—okibawaśpa.
- o-ki'-ba-śpu, v. a. of baśpu; to halve, as a potato, etc., with a knife—okibawaśpu.
- o'-ki-be, n. a seam, a joint. T., okime See ókihe.
- o'-ki-be, v. n. to join, meet, go round, encircle.
- o'-ki-be-ya, v.a. to cause to go round or encircle—okibewaya.
- o'-ki-be-ya, adv. encircling.

- o-ki'-bo-ptu-źa, v. a. of boptuźa; to split in the middle by shooting or punching—okibowaptuźa.
- o k i' ć a h a, v. a. to tie one thing to another—okiwakaha.
- o-ki'-ća-lini-ġa, v. a. of okaliniġa; to understand, to comprehend—okiwakaliniġa.
- o-ki'-ća-ksa, v. a. of kaksa; to cut in two in the middle, as a stick, with an ax—okiwakaksa
- o-ki'-ća-mda-za, v. a. of kamdaza; to cut or rip open in the middle—okiwakamdaza.
- o-ki'-ća-mde-ća, v a. of kamdeća; to break in two in the middle, as a plate, etc., by striking—okiwakamdeća.
- o-ki'-ćaŋ-ye, n. of kićaŋyaŋ; work; tillage, cultivation: okićaŋye ota, complicated, as a piece of mechanism.
- o-ki'-éa-ptuś, cont, of okićaptuźa: okićaptuś iyeya.
- o-ki'-ća-ptu-źa, v. a. of kaptuźa; to crack or split in the middle by striking—okiwakaptuźa.
- o k i' ć a s d e ć a , v. a. to split in two, as a log, in the middle—okiwakasdeća T, okićasleća. See iyokićasdeća
- o-ki' éa-sden, cont. of okićasdeća; okićasden iyeya. T, okićaslel
- o k i' ća ś k a , v. a. of kaśka; to tie into, knot, tie knots—okiwakaśka. See iyokićaśka.

- o-ki'-ća-śpa, v. a. of kaśpa; to smite in two in the middle—okiwa-kaśpa. See iyokićaśpa.
- o-ki'-ća-śtaŋ, v. of okaśtaŋ; to pour one's own into: to pour into for one—owećaśtaŋ.
- o-ki'-ći-ća-śtaŋ, v. of okaśtaŋ; to pour into for one, as into a vial, etc.—owećićaśtaŋ.
- o-ki'-ći-ćiŋ, v. of oćiŋ; to desire of one for another—owećićiŋ: okićićiŋpi, they desire of each other.
- o-ki'-ći-ći-ya, v. of okiya; okićićiyapi, they talk together, make peace.
- o-ki'-ći-ćo, n. of kićo; inviting each other, feasting.
- o-ki'-ći-de, v. of ode; to seek anything for another—owećide, omićide. T., okićile.
- o-ki'-ći-do-ta, v. of odota; to borrow of one for another—oweći-dota: onićidota, he borrows of thee; okićidotapi, they borrow of each other. T., okićilota.
- o k i' ć i ġ e p i, n. of kiġe; scolding each other; mutual recrimination. T., ahoyekićiyapi.
- o-ki'-ći-han, v. of ohan; to boil anything for another—owecihan.
- o-ki'-ći-hna-ka, v. a. of ohnaka; to put or place in for one—oweći-hnaka, omićihnaka.
- o-ki'-ćin, v. of oćin; to ask or desire of one, beg something of one—owakićin, omakićin, unkokićinpi.
- o-ki'-ći-pa, v. of opa; to follow for anything, obey, as commands—owećipa, unkokićipapi.

- o-ki'-ći-wa, v. of owa; to write for one—owećiwa.
- o-ki'-ći-wa-śte, adj. of waśte; good together, as two things eaten together.
- ó'-ki-ći-ya, v. of ókiya; to help another: ókićićiyapi, they help each other.
- o-ki'-ći-ya-pta, v. of oyapta; to leave a part of one's food for him.
- o-ki'-ći-ya-sin, v. n. to cling to each other, as several potatoes hanging together; said also of dogs fastened together after copulation. See okiyasin.
- o-ki'-ći-yu-siŋ-pi, v. recip. of oyusin; to fall out with one another, quarrel.
- o-ki'-ći-yu-śtan, v. of oyuśtan; to put one into another for one, as one kettle into another—owećiyuśtan, omićiyuśtan.
- o-ki'-ći-yu-ze, n. of yuza; taking each other, as in marriage. See oyuze.
- o-ki'-ći-ze, n. of kićiza; war, fighting a battle.
- o-ki'-ći-źi, v. to whisper to one another.
- o-ki'-ći-źi-pi, n. whispering.
- o-ki'-ći-źi-ya, adv. whisperingly.
- o-ki'-ći-źu, v.a. of oźu; to fill for another, plant for another—owećiźu
- o-ki'-ću-ni-ća, v.n. to be made angry, to be offended: ćante owećunića, my heart is disturbed.

- o-ki'-éu-nin, cont. of okićunića.
- o-ki'-ću-nin-ya, v. a. to provoke to anger, to offend—okićunin-waya; ćante okićuninmayaya, thou hast made me angry.
- o k i' ç u ŋ, v. to put paint on one's self: maka okiçuŋ, to daub one's self with earth—owecuŋ. T., kiçuŋ.
- o-ki'-de, v. pos. of ode; to seek for one's own—owakide, unkokidepi.
- o-ki'-do-ta, v. of odota; to borrow anything of one—owakidota, unkokidotapi, odićidota.
- o-ki'-gla-hni-ga, v. reflex. T. i. q. okihdahniga—oweglahniga.
- o-ki'-han, v. pos. of ohan; to put on, wear one's own, as one's own moccasins—owakihan.
- o-ki'-han, v. pos. of ohan; to boil one's own; to boil for one—owakihe. See okićihan.
- o'-ki-haŋ, v. a. to follow or be after one, in traveling; to follow in years, be younger than—owakihaŋ, ouŋkihaŋpi: waniyetu yamni omayakihaŋ, thou art three years younger than I. See ókihe.
- o'-ki-han, v. n. to grow again, as anything cut off.
- o-ki'-hda-hni-ga, v. reflex. to know or understand what pertains to one's self—owehdaliniga. See ohdaliniga and okaliniga.
- o-ki'-hde, v. pos. of ohde.
- o-ki'-hde-ton-ton, adv. in layers. T., okignagtonton. See okimdahan.

- o'-ki-he, n. a joint, as of a finger, etc. See ókibe.
- o'-ki-he, adj. next to, following, second. See iyokihe and ókihan.
- o' k i h e y a, adv. secondly, after.
- o-ki'-hi, v. a. to be able, to be able for, able to accomplish—owakihi, unkokihipi, omakihi. See ohi and ohika.
- o-ki'-hi-dan, v. dim. of okihi.
- o-ki'-hi-ka, v. n. to be able; okihika hećinhan ećon śni, if he is able to do it, why does he not?
- o-ki'-hi-ki-ya, v.a. to make able for—okihiwakiya.
- o-ki'-hi-pi-ća, adj. that can be done, possible: okihipića śni, impossible.
- o-ki'-hi-ya, v. a. to render able, cause to be able for—okihiwaya, okihiunyanpi.
- o-ki'-hi-ya, adv. according to ability.
- o-ki'-hna-ka, v. pos. of ohnaka; to place one's own in.
- o-ki'-hnuŋ-ka, v n. of kihnuŋka or kihnuka; to dive or put one's head under water in a vessel or bath.
- o-ki'-lian, v. of olian; to do to one, commonly used in a bad sense—owakilian.
- o-ki'-haŋ-śuŋ-ke-ća, v.a. to do badly to, treat like a dog; to destroy what one has depended on, as food; not to give food to—owakihaŋśuŋkeća, uŋkokihaŋśuŋkećapi.

- to do to, act towards—owakihanyan, unkokihanyanpi.
- o-ki'-hpa, v. to rest, remain in the same place, not to remove-owakihpa, unkokihpapi.
- o-ki'-hpa-pi, n. a resting, a rest: appetu okihpapi, the day of rest, the Sabbath.
- o-ki'-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to lie by or rest—okihpewakiya.
- o-ki'-hpe-ya, v. a. to cause to lie by or rest—okihpewaya.
- o-ki'-kpa-ni, v. a. to be unable for a thing, be impotent—owakikpani, unkokikpanipi: i. q. oki-
- o-ki'-kpa-ni-ya, v. a. to render unable-okikpaniwaya.
- o-ki'-kpa-ni-yan, adv. not being able, incompetently: okikpaniyan waun, I am unable.
- o-ki'-ksam, cont. of okiksapa.
- o-ki'-ksam-ya, wisely: adv. okiksamya waun, I am acting wisely.
- o-ki'-ksam-ya, v. a. to cause to experience or know—okiksamwaya: okiksamićiya, to make one's self wise.
- o-ki'-ksa-pa, v. n. of ksapa; to be wise in respect to; to have gained wisdom by experience—owakiksapa.
- o-ki'-ksu-ye, n. remembrance.
- o-ki'-ksu-ye, v. a. of kiksuya; to remember; okiksuye waśte, it is easily remembered.
- o-ki'-kśu, v. pos. to fill one's own; to put into one's own, as into one's pocket.

- o-ki'-lian-yan, v. of olianyan; o-ki'-kśu, v. pos. of oźu; to plant or sow one's own, as a field—owekśu, unkokikśupi. T, okiźu. See okśu.
 - o-ki'-mda-han, adj. coated, as an onion; in layers or leaves, as a book. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ okignagtonton. See okihdetonton.
 - o k i' m d a w a h a n, adj. Same as okimdahan. See yumda.
 - o-ki'-mdo-ton-ton, adj. omdoton; having many corners, angular. T., oblotonton.
 - o-ki'-mi-ni-he-ća, v. n. of miniheća; to be smart in doing anything. T., okibliheća—owakibliheća.
 - o'-ki-na-han, adv. Ih. perhaps. It occurs at the beginning of a clause. See ókini and naćeća.
 - o-ki'-na-ksa, v. a of naksa; to break anything in two in the middle with the foot—okinawaksa.
 - o-ki'-na-mda-ġa, v. n. of namdaga; to burst open, as corn in boiling.
 - o-ki'-na-mda-za, v. n. of namdaza; to burst, as corn in boiling
 - o-ki'-na-mde-ća, v.a. to break* in two, as a plate, etc., by trampling on it—okinawamdeća. See namdeća.
 - o-ki'-na-mden, cont. of okinamdeća; okinamden iyeya.
 - o-ki'-na ptuś, cont. of okinaptuźa.
 - o-ki'-na-ptu-źa, v. n. of naptuźa; to crack or burst open.

- o-ki'-na-sde-ća, v. n. of na-|o-kin'-han, v. n. to cease from: sdeća; to split or burst open lengthwise.
- o-ki'-na-śpa, v. a. of naśpa; to divide in the middle, break off—okinawaśpa.
- o'-ki-ni, adv. perhaps, possibly. T., owekinahanś. Used at the beginning of a clause. See okinahan and naćeća. The latter word is used at the end of a clause.
- o-ki'-ni, v. a. to share, receive a part in a division; to obtain a share, in any way, where there is a small amount—owakini, unkokinipi.
- o-ki'-ni-han, v. a. T. to single out, either for praise or blameowakinihan.
- o-ki'-ni-han, adj. of kinihan; honorable.
- o-ki'-ni-han-yan, adv. honored; honorably; okinihanyan un, to be honored; selected, singled out; okinihanyan makuwa.
- o'-ki-nih, adv. suddenly $T_{\cdot \cdot}$ ignuhaŋla
- o'-ki-ni-hin, adv. suddenly.
- o-ki'-ni-ki-ya, v. a. to give a share of, cause to partake—okiniwakiya, okinimakiya.
- o-ki'-ni-ya, v. n. of niya; to gasp, breathe as one dying—owakiniya, unkokiniyapi. T., ćuwi okiniya.
- o-ki'-ni-ya, v. a. See okinikiya. o - k i' - n i - y a, n. the breast, as that
 - part from which one breathes. maku.

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- okinhan wanića, without rest, unceasing.
- o-kin'-yan, v. n. of kinyan; to fly in.
- o-kin'-yan, adj. okinyan waste, docile, gentle. T., okuŋ.
- o-ki'-pa, v. pos. of opa; to go in one's own boat, to follow or obey one's own, to follow, as one does the habits or trade of his father: atkuku olian okipa, he follows his father's business—owakipa.
- o-ki'-pa-kśa, n. a band; a division or bar, as in music.
- o-ki'-pa-ta, v. a. of patá; to join one to the other, to patch on-okiwapata. T., oyaskabton.
- o-ki'-pa-ta-pi, n. patch-work.
- o-ki'-pe, v. Same as okipa.
- o-ki'-pe-ća, v.n. to do as one has been accustomed to do—owakipeća.
- o-ki'-pe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to follow one's own—okipewakiya.
- o-ki'-pe-mni, v. pos. of opemni; to wrap around one's own-owaki-
- o-ki'-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to follow one's own—okipewaya.
- o-ki'-pe-ya, adv. following: okipeya waun.
- o-ki'-pi, v. of kipi; to be large enough for, to hold, admit, receiveomakipi, onićipi, unkokipipi.
- o-ki'-pi, adj. capacious, holding much.
- o-ki'-pi-ya, adv. admitting, receiving.

- o-ki'-sa-pa, v. n. of kisapa; to become bare, as a spot of ground, while the snow remains around.
- o-ki'-se, n. a part, the half, half of anything cut in two, as a potato. See iyokise.
- o-ki'-se-le-ya, adv. T. sidewise: okiseleya yanka, to sit sidewise, as a white woman rides.
- o-ki'-so-ta, v. n. of sota; to be used up, all gone.
- o-ki'-sta-ka, v. n. to be enfeebled by or on account of: witho okistaka, to be enfeebled by debauch; istimma okistaka, to be feeble or listless, as when just awakened from sleep.
- o-ki'-ta-he-dan, adv. between. T., okogna. See iyokitahedan, ituokitahedan, and otahedan.
- o-ki'-ta-he-pi, adv. between one place and another. T, iyokogna. See okootahela and otahepi.
- o-ki'-taŋ-iŋ, v. n. to appear, be conspicuous, as a-hill. See otaŋiŋ.
- o-ki'-taŋ-iŋ, n. manifestation, perspicuity: okitaŋiŋ waśte, a good manifestation.
- o-ki'-tan-in-yan, adv. manifestly, gloriously.
- o-ki'-tpa-ni, v. Same as okikpani.
- o-ki'-tpa-ni-ya, v. to cause to be unable. Same as okikpaniya.
- o-ki'-tpa-ni-yan, adv. Same as okikpaniyan.
- o-ki'-ṭa, v. n. to be tired with, fatigued or worn out by; to be made sick by—owakiţa.

- o-ki'-te-ye-la, adv. T. too large, bulky.
- o-ki'-un-ni-yan, v. of kiunniyan; to be injured internally. T., kiunniyan.
- o-ki'-uŋ-ni-ye, n. an injury, a wound.
- o-ki'-wa, v. pos. of owa; to write one's own, as one's name—owakiwa, unkokiwapi. T., oićiwa.
- o-ki'-wan-ka, v. pos. of owanka; to resemble one's own. See owangya.
- o-ki'-waŋ-źi-la, adv. T. uniform, alike.
- o'-ki-ya, v. a. to help, assist one in anything—ówakiya, óunkiyapi, ómakiya, óciciya.
- o-ki'-ya, va. to talk with; to court, as a man courts a woman; to make peace with—owakiya, unkokiyapi, oćićiya.
- o-ki'-yag, cont. of okiyaka; he okiyag wahi, I have come to tell him that.
- o-ki'-ya-ka, v. a. of oyaka; to tell anything to one—owakiyaka and owakimdaka, oyakidaka, unkokiyakapi, omakiyaka, oćićiyaka.
- o-ki'-ya-pta, v. of oyapta; to leave, as food, for one—owakiyapta.
- o-ki'-ya-sin, v n to stick together, as potatoes growing on the same root. See okićiyasin.
- o-ki'-ya-ska-pa, v. n to stick on, stick together, cleave to, to fall in and become flat, as an animal that is poor. See askapa and oskapa.

- o-ki'-ya-ta-ke-ća, adj. lean, i. q. stodan or ćistinna. Compare ostake śni.
- o-ki'-yu-te, v.n. T. to heal up, as a wound; to grow over, as bark cut on a tree. See ohduta.
- o'-ki-yu-te, n. a strait or channel.
- o-ki'-zi, v. n. to heal up, recover from a hurt or wound—omakizi, onićizi, uŋkokizipi. See ozí, asni, etc
- o-ki'-zi-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to heal up—okiziwakiya.
- o-ki'-zi-ya, v.a. to cause to heal, make well—okiziwaya, okizimayan.
- o-ki'-źa-te, n. the dividing or forks, as of rivers: Wakpa okiźate, the junction of the Yellow Stone and the Missouri Rivers.
- o-ki'-źu, v. of oźu; to sow or plant one's own; to plant for one; to fill up, as a bag; to meet, as two parties owakiźu. See okićiźu and okikśu.
- o'-ki-źu, v. n. to be united. See kokiźu. Iyokiźu is also used T., ićikoyaka.
- o'-ki-źu-ya, v. a. to cause to unite—ókiźuwaya. T., ićikoyagya.
- o'-ki-źu-ya, adv. unitedly, together T., kokiżuya. See ićażeżuya and okokiżuya.
- o k o', n a crack, a hole, an aperture, as in a house.
- o-ko'-da-ki-ći-ye, n. a league, covenant, communion, fellowship: a church, society, community. T., okolakićiye See koda and takoda.
- o-ko'-gna, adv. T. between See okitahedan.

- o-ko'-ki-pe, n. danger, fear. See wokokipe.
- o-ko'-ki-pe-ya, adv. in fear. T., okokipeyakel; okokipeyakel ia, to speak insultingly.
- o-ko'-ki-źu-ya, adv. in the aggregate, collectively. See okiźuya.
- o-ko'-la-ya, v. T. to have for a friend: i. q. kodaya.
- o-kon', n. desire. See kon.
- o-kon'-ka, n. one who desires or is covetous. T., okon s'a.
- o'-koŋ-waŋ-źi-daŋ, adj. unchanging, always the same, expressive of oneness, as being of one mind—okoŋmawaŋźidaŋ. T., okoŋwaŋźila.
- o-kon'-ze, n. a rule, a law. T., wowasukiye. See wokonze.
- o-ko'-o-ta-he-la, adv. T. (oko and otahela) between. See okogna and otahedan.
- o-ko'-pe, adj. T. afraid.
- o-ko'-pe, n. of kope; fear. See okokipe.
- o-ko'-pe-ya, adv. seen through a hole, as one seen through an opening in the bushes; in danger: okopeya nazin, he stands in danger. See oko.
- o-ko'-ton, v. there is a hole.
- o-ko'-ton-yan, n. an opening or communication; expanse, space. This word is used for the expanse of the heavens or the firmament.
- o-kpa'-ġi, v. pos. of opaġi; to fill one's own pipe with one's own to-bacco—owakpaġi: i. q. otpaġi.

- o'-kpa-ni, v.n. to be lacking; less than. See otpani and iyotpani.
- o'-kpas, cont. of okpaza; okpas iću, to become dark. See otpas.
- o'-kpas-ya, v. a. to darken, make dark—okpaswaya. T., oiyokpasya. See otpasya.
- o'-kpas-ya, 'adv. darkly, in the dark; okpasya wanka, it lies in the dark. T., oiyokpasya.
- o'-kpa-za, v. n. to be dark: okpaze hinéa, it is very dark.
- o'-kpa-za, n. darkness, night: i. q. otpaza.
- o'-kpe, v. to meet and assist in carrying a load: okpe ya, to go to assist one; to go to meet; wićokpe unyappi, and okpe wićunyappi, we go to their assistance: i. q. ótpe.
- o-kpu'-kpe, n. of kpukpa. T. dregs, lees.
- o'-ksa, v. n. to break off, as a stick, in a hole. See oyuksa.
- o-ksa'-haŋ, part. broken off in, fallen in, as a corn-hole.
- o-ksa'-he, part. Same as oksahan.
- o'-k s a k a, v. See oksa.
- o'-kse, n. anything broken off short.
- o'-k śaŋ, adv. around, round about: nitaŋ okśaŋ, around thee.
- o-kśu', v. pos. of oźu. T. to load, as one's gun—owekśu. See okikśu and okiźu.
- o-kte'-ton, n. a flaw, something flawed.
- o-kuŋ', adj. T., okuŋ waśte, gentle, mild. See okiŋyaŋ.

- o-kuns'-ton, adv. openly, manifestly. T., taninyan.
- o-kuns'-ton-yan, adv. openly, manifestly, according to custom: okunstonyan tawiću ton, to take a wife according to the custom.
- o-ku'-te, n. of kute; a shooting, a shot; okute wanzidan, one shot; okute waste, a good shot.
- o-ku'-wa, v. a. of kuwa; to chase, follow after anything—owakuwa.
- o-ku'-źa, v. n. of kuźa; to be lazy or sick on account of—omakuźa. See ikuźa, to be sick on account of.
- o k u' ź e , n. laziness. See wićokuźe.
- o k a', v. a. of ka; to dig into, dig through—owaka, unkokapi.
- o-ķa'-pi, n. a digging into.
- o-ke', n. a digging, a mine.
- o-kin', n. of kin; a pack, load; something to carry or pack in, as a blanket or sack.
- o-kin', v. of kin; to carry in—owakin.
- o-ķi'-pe, n. something staked, the prize.
- o'-ko, v. to stick to or on, as feathers or down: pa magá hin ómako, feathers stick to my head; to gather around for something to eat, as crows about a carcass—ómako, óniko.
- o-ko', n. a noise, hum, buzz, bustle
- o-ko'-se, n. T. disturbance, tu mult: i. q. owodutaton.
- o-ko'-ya, v. n. to make a noise or bustle—okowaya, okounyanpi.

- o-ku', v.a. tolend anything to one | o-ma'-ni, n. a walk; omani hanowaku, unkokupi, omaku, oćiću, oniću.
- o k u', v. a. of ku; to give to, as food; give a portion to; dot oku, to give something to eat—owaku.
- o-lab'-ya, adv. T. very much.
- o-lab'-ya-kel, adv. T. exceedingly.
- o-la'-kol, cont. of olakota; olakol kaġa, to make a treaty.
- o l a' k o l y a, v. T.to have for a friend: i. q. kodaya.
- o-la'-ko-ta, n. T. a covenant, treaty; peace.
- o-le', v. T. to hunt, seek for; i. q. ode.
- o-li'-li-ta, adj. T. warm, hot inside, as a room: i. q. odidita.
- o-li'-li-ta, n. T. heat.
- o-lu'-lu-ta, n. T. heat: i. q.olilita.
- om, prep. of opa; with, together with. "Kići" is used when speaking of one—om, when more than one is spoken of; as, he kići waun, I was with him; hena om waun, I was with T., ob. them.
- O-ma'-ha, n. p. the Omaha Indians: formerly called "Mahas" by white men: i. q. Oyatenoppa.
- o'-ma-ka, n. a season, half a year; winter or summer; a year.
- o m a' k i n ća, n. T. a deer's lair.
- o m a' n i, v. of mani; to walk in or according to, as in a road or according to a command, to travel; to ride as well as to walk-omawani, omaunnipi, and unkomanipi.

- ska, a long walk.
- o-ma'-ni-ken, adv. walking: omaniken waun, I am out walking. T., omaniyakel.
- o m a' w a h e t o n, n. the parents of a man and woman who are united in marriage call each other omawaheton.
- o-ma'-wa-he-ton-ki-ći-ya, T. to have each other for v. reflex omawaheton.
- o m a' w a h e t o n y a, v. a. to call one omawaheton—omawahetonwaya.
- o'-ma-ste, v. n. of maste; to be hot in.
- o'-ma-ste, n. heat, warmth; the sunshine; where the sun shines.
- o-mda'-ska, n. of mdaska; the flat side of anything. T., oblaska.
- o m d a' s k a y a, adv. on the flat side, flat: omdaskaya wanka, it lies See mda- $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ oblaskaya. skaya.
- o m d a' y a, adj. mdaya; level.
- o-mda'-ye, n. a level place, a plain, a valley. T., oblaye.
- o-mde'-ća, adj. cornered, edged, as a board. See omdeton and omdoton.
- the edge, as of a o-mde'-ća, n board or blanket, the edge or bit of an ax, etc. T., obleća.
- o'-mde-ća, v. n. to be scattered or distributed here and there. See oyumdeća.

- o-mde'-ća-han, part. broken into fragments; scattered, as a people.
- o m d e' ć a h e y a, v. a. to scatter—omdećahewaya.
- o m d e' ć a y a, adv. on the side, with the sharp part up, not on the flat surface: omdećaya wanka, it lies on the side. T., oblećaya.
- o'-m d e n, cont. of omdeca. T., oblel.
- o'- m d e n y a, adv. scattered. T., oblelya.
- o'-mden-ya-ken, adv. in a scattered condition.
- o m d e s', cont. of omdeza.
- o m d e s' y a, adv. clearly, brightly, soberly. T., oblesya.
- o m d e' t o n, adj. square-edged. See omdoton. T., obloton.
- o-mde'-za, v. n. of mdeza; to be clear, sober—omamdeza.
- o-mdo'-ton, adj. cornered, having corners: yamni omdoton, threecornered, a triangle; topa omdoton, a square. See omdéća and omdeton.
- o-mdo'-ton, n. a corner of anything, an angle; hutkan omdoton, square root: omdoton topa, something with four corners, a square. T., obloton and omloton.
- o m i' n i o w e, n. T. a spring of water, a fountain: i. q. miniowe.
- o-mlo'-ton, adj. T. i.q. omdoton. o'-mna, v. a. to smell—owamna,
- ounmnapi.
 o'-mna, n. smell: omna waste, an
- agreeable smell.
- o m'-na-na, adv. (om and nana) alone with. T., obnala.

- o-mna'-yan, v. of mnayan; to gather into—omnawaya, omnaun-yanpi.
- o'-mni, n. mini omni, an eddy. T., owamniomni. See iyumni.
- o'-mni, adv. round and round: omni waun. T., ohomni.
- o-mni'-6a, n. beans. See onmnica, which is said to be the proper orthography.
- o m n i'-é a h m i y a n y a n, n. "round beans": peas. T., omniéagmigmela. See onmniéa.
- o-mni'-ći-ye, n. of mnićiya; an assembly, a feast: omnićiye każa, he makes a feast.
- o m n i' h e é a , v. n. to be active in doing anything—omamniheéa, onimniheéa. T., okibliheéa. See mniheéa.
- o m n i' h e é a, n. activity, industry. T., wobliheéa.
- o-mni'-mni, n. of omni; something that goes round and round, a whirlpool. T., wamniyomni.
- o'-mni-mni, n. T. a place where the wind whips around.
- o'-mni-mni, adv. round and round: omnimni waun ka wahdi, I have been round and come home. T., oyumnimni.
- o'-m n i m n i k a, v. n. to be destitute of undergrowth or brush; i. q. wohinsbe śni. T., woheśmaśni.
- o'-mni-na, n. a calm place, a shelter: omnina akitapi, they are seeking for shelter. T., oblula. See ioblula, iyomni, and iyomnina.

- o'-mni-na, adv. calmly, in a calm | o-na'-kan, v.a. to strike and knock place where the wind blows not, sheltered: omnina unyakonpi, we are in a sheltered place.
- o m om', prep. red. of om. T., obob. o'-na, n. Ih. a flame, a blaze; i. q. ide.
- o-na'-glo-ġe, v. n. T. to rattle in the throat, as one about to die.
- o-na'-hda-te, n. of nahdata; a scratch.
- o-na'-hde-ća, v. a. to tear a hole in a hole—onawahdeća.
- o-na'-hde-će, n. of nahdeća; a rent.
- o n a' h do k a, v. a. to make a hole either in the ground with the foot or in the foot by walking—onawalidoka.
- o-na'-hdo-ke, n. of nahdoka; a hole made in the foot or with the foot.
- o-na'-lion, v. of nalion; to hear what is reported; to hear of or concerning—onawahon, onaunhonpi.
- o-na'-lion, n. hearing: onahon waste, it is good hearing.
- o n a' h o n k i y a, v. a. to cause to hear of, to communicate to concerning—onahonwakiya.
- o-na'-hon-pi, n. hearing.
- o-na'-lion-ya, v.a. to cause to hear; to communicate to; onahonmayaye, you have told me.
- o-na'-hta-ka, v. of nahtaka; to kick in—onawalitaka.
- o-na'-hta-ke, n. a wound made by kicking.

- off into, as into a canoe, to tread off in—onawakan.
- o-na'-ki-kśin, v. a. of nakikśin; to take shelter or refuge in or behind, as behind a tree in battle—onawekśiŋ, onauŋkikśiŋpi. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, inakikśiŋ.
- o-na'-kpa, v.n. of nakpa; to burst within something.
- o-na'-ksa, v.a. of naksa; to break into or through, as in walking on ice-onawaksa.
- o-na'-kse, n. a breaking in.
- o-na'-kśan, n. of nakśan; a bend, crook.
- o-na'-kśin, v. See onakikśin.
- o-na'-ktan, v. n. to bend into of itself. See naktan and naoktan.
- o-na'-ktan, n. a bend.
- o-na'-kes, cont. of onakeza. T., onatos.
- o-na'-kes-ke-za, v. red. of onakeza. T., onatostoza.
- o-na'-ke-za, v. a. to make smooth by stamping on—onawakeza. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$ onatoza.
- o-na'-kos, cont. of onakoza.
- o-na'-kos-ko-za, v. red. of ona-
- o-na'-ko-za, v. n. to trample on and make hard—onawakoza.
- o n a m', cont. of onapa; onam iyaya, it has taken refuge in. T., onab.
- o-na'-pa, v. a. of napa; to flee to, take refuge in-onawapa, onaunpapi. See onakiksin.
- o-na'-poh-ya, v. n. T. out, puff up, as bread rising.

- o n a' p o h y e, n. leaven. See onnapohyapi. Inapohye is also used T, winapohye.
- o-na'-po-pa, v. n of napopa; to burst within something.
- o-na'-ptan. See onnaptan and unnaptan.
- o n a' s e, n. the buffalo chase: onase wanzidan, one chase. See wanase.
- o'-na-śdog, cont. of ónaśdoka; ónaśdog iyaya.
- o'-na-śdo-ka, v. n. of naśdoka; to leave behind, run off and leave—ónawaśdoka, ónauŋśdokapi.
- o-na'-śdo-ka, v. a. to pull off in, as shoes in the mud—onawaśdoka.
- o-na'-śkan, v. n. to become sick again, to relapse—onawaśkan. See okaśkan and oyuśkan.
- o n a' ś' o , v. n. T. to pace, as a horse.
- o-na'-ś'o-la, n. T. a pacing horse.
- o-na'-s'o-s'o, v. red. of onas'o. o'-na-tag, cont. of onataka; onatag iyeya.
- o'-na-ta-ka, v. a. of nataka; to fasten, bar, bolt, lock, as a door, to fasten, as a fence; to fasten up in—onawataka, onauntakapi.
- o-na'-ta-ke, n. a cage, a pen.
- o-na'-tins, cont. of onatinza; onatins iyeya.
- o-na'-țin-za, v. a. of naținza; to make firm by treading on—onawaținza, onaunținzapi.
- o-na'-tos, cont. of onatoza.

- o-na'-tos-to-za, v. red. of onatoza.
- o-na'-to-za, v. T. to make smooth by stamping on: i. q. onakeza.
- o-na'-źa-źa, v. n. of naźaźa; to cleanse or wash out, as clothes, by boiling.
- o-na'-źiŋ, v. of naźiŋ; to stand in; to take refuge in or at—onawaźiŋ.
- o-ni', n. of ni; life; toni, his life.
- o-ni'-han, v.n. to remain, be remaining.
- o-ni'-haŋ-śni-śni, adv. T. remaining: onihanśniśni hel yaŋka, he stays there constantly.
- o-ni'-han-yan, adv. remaining.
- o n i' s k o k e ć a , *adj. so large*. See iŋskokeća.
- o n i' y a, v. of niya; to breathe into; to breathe out of—owaniya.
- o n i' y a, n. breath, breathing, life: oniya waste, good breathing.
- o-ni'-ya-o-lilo-ka, n. T. a breathing hole.
- o-ni'-ye-ton, v.n. to be affected by some internal hurt or disease; to have the lungs affected, as in pulmonary consumption—oniyewaton.
- o n' o t a, *adj. red.* of ota. *T.*, olota: *i. q.* odota.
- o-nu'-ni, v. n. of nuni; to wander in—owanuni.
- o-nu'-ni-ya, v.a. to cause to wander in a place—onuniwaya.
- o-nu'-ni-yaŋ, adv. wanderingly, lost.
- o-nu'-ni-ya-ta, adv. wandering.

- on, prep. for, on account of; of, as, maza on kagapi, it is made of iron; with, when used with the cause or instrument.
- on, pron. 1st pers. sing. we. See un. Formerly some of the members of the Dakota mission wrote this "on," and many of the Indians do so still.
- on-ći, n. a grandmother. See unći.
- on'-éi-hi, v. n. to be able to take care of one's self, be grown up, of age—onmacihi. See uncihi.
- on'-ći-hi-śni, v. not to be able to take care of one's self; to be lazy.
- on'-ći-hi-ya, v. a. to bring up to self support—onćihiwaya.
- oŋ-ći'-śi, n. a mother-in-law. See uŋćiśi.
- o \mathfrak{g} \mathfrak{e} i' \mathfrak{s} i \mathfrak{e} a \mathfrak{d} a \mathfrak{g} , n. a crow. See un cisicada T., on cisicala.
- o ŋ'- é i k p a n i , v. n. to be poor, not able to sustain one's self; i. q. takudan okihi śni; to be lazy—ónmiéikpani and ónmaéikpani, ónniéikpani, ónunéikpanipi.
- on'-éi-kpa-ni-yan, adv. in a destitute condition: onéikpaniyan waun, I am badly off; lazily.
- on'-ći-tpa-ni, v. n. Same as onćikpani.
- o n'-éi-t pa-ni-yan, adv. Same as onéikpaniyan.
- o n' é u n n i é a , v. n. to be delayed, be prevented; to wait until the thing cannot be done—onmaćunnića, onnićunnića: i. q. unćonnića.

- o n'-ć u n-n i n-y a, v. a. to stop, keep from doing, prevent, hinder—onć unninwaya: i. q. unć onninya. T., onć unilya.
- on'-e- ϵ i-ya-tan-han, adv. by means of; on account of.
- on'-e-tan-han, adv. therefore; for that cause. See heonetanhan.
- on'-glo- \dot{g} e, n. T. a shirt.
- on'- g'e', n. some, a part, portion off, applied to liquids and things which come under the denomination of dry measure. The Yanktons apply this to persons, as the Santees use "apa," which the former do not use.—J. P. W. T., yuge.
- on-ge'-dan, n. a little part, a small quantity. T., yugela.
- on'-han-ke-ta, adv. See unhanketa.
- on'-h do-h da and on'-h do-h da, n. a coat, mantlet, shirt. T, ongloge. See ohde, okde, and onwihdohda.
- on kan', conj T., yunkan. See unkan.
- on kans', conj. T., yunkanś See unkanś.
- on'-ki-éi-śka-ta-pi, v. recip. of onśkata; to jest, joke, or banter each other, as persons within certain degrees of affinity are at liberty to do among the Dakotas.
- on'-ki-śka-ta, v. a. of onskata; to talk as one pleases with, boast, bray, joke with one—onwakiskata. This privilege is allowed only between brothers-in-law and sisters-in law.

- on-mni'-éa, n. Dakota beans; tuberous roots of the wild pea vine: i. q. omniéa. They grow wild in the valleys and low grounds, having a vine-like top. The beans grow on the roots, and are dug up in the fall and spring; beans of all kinds.
- on m n i' é a g m i g m e l a, n. T. peas.
- oŋ-mni'-ća-hmi-yaŋ-yaŋ, n.
 round beans; peas: i. q. omnicahmiyaŋyaŋ.
- on'-na-poh-ya-pi, n. of napohya; leaven.
- on na'-ptan, adj. sideling: heonnaptan, or honnaptan, a side hill. See unnaptan.
- on'-pa, v. a. to place or lay any long object in a reclining attitude: éankahonpapi, a log laid across, a bridge—waonpa, unkonpapi: to keep or reserve, as a puppy or girl, etc. See unpa, ohdé, ohnaka, and oźu.
- on-se'-ya-ka-dan, n. a kind of small duck, the teal. T., śiyaka.
- on-spe', v. n. to know how to do a thing, know how to read or write, etc—onmaspe, onnispe, unkonspepi. See on wićaspe and woonspe.
- on-spe', n. an ax.
- on-spe'-a-pa-tan-han, adv. Ih. at the right hand; i. q. etapatanhan. This would seem to be from onspe, to know how. T., iśloyatanhan. It is curious that while the name for left-hand (catka) is the same in all the three dialects, that for right-hand is different in each.

- o ŋ s p e' é a ŋ d u h u p a, n. (oŋspe and éaŋduhupa) a pipe-hatchet. T., oŋspećanoŋpa.
- oŋ-spe'-ći-ka-la, n. T. a hatchet. oŋ-spe'-daŋ, n. dim. a small ax, a hatchet. T., oŋspećikala.
- oŋ-spe'-daŋ, v. dim. of oŋspe.
- on-spe'-i-hu-pa, n. (onspe and ihupa) an ax-handle. T., nazon-speihupa.
- on-spe'-ka, v. Same as onspe. Sometimes this is used in the sense of onspe śni, not to know how.
- on-spe'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to know how, to teach one anything—onspewakiya, onspeunkiyapi, onspemakiya, onspenićiya, onspećićiya: onspećićiya, to teach one's self, to learn—onspemićićiya, onspenićićiya, onspenićićiya, onspenićićiya, onspenićićiya, onspenićićiya,
- on'-śi, adj. poor, miserable—onmaśi, onunśipi. See onsika and onsiyeća.
- on'-śi-da, v. a. to have mercy on, to pity—onśiwada, onśiundapi, on-śimada, onśicida.
- on'-śi-da, intj. used by women to infants; poor thing!
- on'-śi da-ka, v.a. to have mercy on, to pity—onśiwadaka, onśiundakapi: i. q. onśida.
- on'-śi-han, v. n. (onśi and han) to be humble, to act humbly—onśi-wahan.
- o n'-śi-han-ka, v. n. to be humble, to try to excite compassion, to fawn onśiwahanka: i. q. onśihan.
- on'-śi-han-pi, n. humility.

- o n' ś i k a, adj. poor, destitute, miserable—onmaśika, onniśika, onunśipika: i. q. onśi.
- on'-śi-ki-da, pos. of onśida; to have mercy on one's own—onśiwa-kida, onśiunkidapi
- o n'-śi-ki-da-ka, v. pos. Same as onśikida—onśiwakidaka
- on'-śi-ki-hań, v. a. of onsihan; to humble one's self to another, act humbly towards—onsiwakihan.
- o n'-śi-ya, adv. poorly, miserably. o n'-śi-ye-ća, adj. miserable onśimayeća. See onśi.
- o n'-śka-ta, v. n. to talk as one pleases, brag, jest, as brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are privileged to do among the Dakotas—onwa-śkata, onćiśkata. See onkiśkata and unśkata.
- on-śpa', n. a piece of anything.
- on-śpa'-dan, n. dim. a little piece.
- oŋ-śpa'-śpa, n. red. of oŋśpa; pieces, little pieces, crumbs.
- ony'-ton, v. n. T. to be injured—onmaton. See ton.
- on'-ton-yan, v. a. T. to hurt, to wound, to injure.
- on we'- ya, n. T. provisions: i. q waneya.
- on'-wi-éa-spe, n. of onspe; learn-ing.
- on wi'-hdo-hda, n. a coat. See onlidolida.
- on wi' yu ta pi, n. (on and iyuta) something to weigh or measure with.

- on ze', n. the rump, buttocks, the anus.
- on-ze'-hu, v. to copulate.
- on-ze'-i-hu, v. to commit sodomy.
- on-ze'-kna-ka-tan-han, adv.

 Ih. from behind. See dazatanhan.
- on-ze'-kte, v. T. to give birty to another child while still nursing one. See onzeta.
- on'-ze-o-ġe, n. pantaloons: i. q. onzooġe.
- on ze' o ka stan, v. to give an injection—onzeowakastan.
- on-ze'-o-ka- $\sin \eta$ -pi, n. an injection.
- on-ze'-o-ki-ća-śtan, v. a. to give an injection to one—onzeowećaśtan.
- on-ze'-pi-źe-la, v. T. to be the oldest of two infants, one of which was born before the other was weaned.
- on-ze'-ta, v. n (onze and ta.) This word is used in reference to a child whose mother has again become pregnant—onzemata. What can have originated the use of this coarse but curious form of speech? A. Renville says that it probably arose from the fact that children weaned under such circumstances are likely to become emaciated: seat dead; said of a woman who becomes pregnant while she has an unweaned child. Perhaps it was because it was considered necessary in this case to procure an abortion. She would be unable to walk and carry two children at the same time.—T. s. w.

- on-ze'-yu-hmu-za, v. a. to shut up or hold shut the onze.
- on-zi'-bo-sdan, adv. head over heels: onzibosdan nazin, and onzibosdan yanka, to turn a somersault, stand with the heels up; to be wrong end up; to be in a flurry, not know what one is about. T., onziwoslal. See kaonzebosdan.
- on-zin'-tka, n. musk. T., sin-kpe on zemna.
- on-zin'-tka-mna, v. n. to smell of musk.
- o η' z o o \dot{g} e , n. i. q. on zeo \dot{g} e. T., on zo \dot{g} e.
- on-źin'-źin-tka, n. the rose, roses, rose-buds. T., also tomatoes.
- on-źin-źin-tka-hu, n. rosebushes.
- o o', n. of o; a wound, a place where one is shot.
- o-o'-he, n. of ohan; a boiling, enough to boil at once, as, oohe wanźidan, one boiling.
- O-o'-he-non-pa, n. p. the name of a clan of Teeton Sioux. The Two Kettles—two boilings. It is said to have originated in a boy's asking for meat enough to fill two kettles.
- o-o'-hi-ye, n. of ohiya; victory.
 See woohiye.
- o-o'-ki-ye, n. of ókiya; an assistant, a servant. T., taokiye.
- o o' ki ye ya, v. a. to have for an assistant or servant—ookiyewaya. T., taokiyeya.

- o o' k ś u , n. T. a load; ookśu wanźila, one load: i. q. oade. See okśu.
- o-on'-pa, v. of onpa; to put or place in—owaonpa, ounkonpapi.

 T., mahel eonpa.
- o-o'-o-ka-śtan, n. of okaśtan; the Balsam of Life, so called because poured into wounds; i. q. wićoni peźihuta.
- o o' p e t o n, n. of opeton; tiyopa oopeton, a toll-gate.
- o-o'-tan-in, v. n. of otanin; to be manifest through.
- o-o'-wa, n. of owa; a letter, character, as the letters of the alphabet, a figure or mark of any kind: oowa yukan, and owapi, figured, as calico
- o-o'-wa-pta-ya, n. (oowa and ptaya) the alphabet.
- o-o'-ya-ke, n. of oyaka; the act of telling a story, a relation, a narirative. T., woyake.
- o-o'-źu, v. of oźu; to plant in—oowaźu.
- o o' źu, v. n. to fall in, as the sides of very old people sometimes do.
- o'-pa, v. n. to go with, follow; to pursue, as, opa aya; to go to, attend, as a school or meeting, to be present at; to be a member of, as of an association or church; to go in, as in a canoe—owapa, oyapa, ounpapi, and unkopapi; omapa, onipa.
- o-pa'-ba-ġa, v. a. of pabaġa; to roll over anything in the hands, rub in the hands—owapabaġa.

- o p a' ġ i , v. a. to fill or cram a pipe with tobacco—owapaġi, unko-paġipi.
- o'-pa-gi, n. a pipeful of tobacco; opagi wanzidan, one pipeful.
- o p a' h a, n. a swelling, a protuberance. T., noge; nuge.
- o p a' h a, v. to push; maya opaha, to push over a bank—owapaha.
- o-pa'-hi, v. of pahi; to gather or pick into—owapahi, unkopahipi.
- o-pa'-h é i, n T. a ravine, a hollow; the heads of creeks among the hills.
- o-pa'-lide-éa, v. of palideéa; to tear in—owapalideéa.
- o-pa'-hde-će, n. a rent.
- o-pa'-h do-ka, v. of pahdoka; to pierce in; to wear holes in, as a sick man's bones do when they come through the flesh—owapahdoka, omapalidoka.
- o-pa'-hdo-ke, n. a hole.
- o-pa'-lita, v. of palita; to tie or bind in—opawalita.
- o-pa'-hta, v. a. to gaze at, look at steadfastly—opawahta, opaunhtapi: opalita kuwa, to keep gazing at. T., ayuta: ayul kuwa.
- o-pa'-lite, n. a package, a bundle; a bale of blankets; a bunch of beads.
- o-pam', cont. of opapa; opam ya and opam iyaya, to crawl out from under the edge of a tent T., pagan iyaya.
- o-pa'-mna, n. a clump, as of bushes or weeds. T., wapamna.

- o-pa'-mna, v. n T. to rip, as a seam.
- o-pa'-mna, n. T. a rip or rend.
- o p a' m n i, n. of pamni; a distribution. T., kpamnipi. See wopamni.
- o-pan'-ġa, v. n. to be bulky; to hinder or impede one, as cumbersome clothes do—omapanġa.
- o-pan'-ge-ća, v. n. to be hindered by bulky articles, to be bulky omapangeća.
- o-panh'-ya, v. a. to hinder, impede—opanhwaya.
- o-panh'-ya, adv. bulky, not compressed.
- o-panh'-ya-kel, adv. T. bulkily.
- o-panh'-ye-la, adv. T. not well arranged; bulkily.
- o-pa'-pa, n. the lower edge of a tent. T., opapun. See opepa.
- o-pa'-pa-tan-han, adv. from under the bottom of a tent; opapatanhan manon, to steal from under the side of a tent. T., opapuntanhan. See opepatanhan.
- o-pa'-pon, n. the border of anything, the stripe of a blanket. See opapun.
- o-pa'-pson, v. of papson; to pour out into, spill into—owapapson.
- o-pa'-psun, v. See opapson.
- o-pa'-ptan, v. of paptan; to turn over; opaptan iyeya.
- o-pa'-ptan-ptan, v. n. to roll over and over in anything.
- o-pa'-ptan-yan, v.a. to roll anything on or into—owapaptan-yan.

- o-pa'-pun, n. the border or edge of anything, as of a blanket, book,
 - ·etc.; the list or selvage of cloth; the stripes or points that are put into white blankets to show their size; opapun hota, gray list; opapun ska, white list; he opapun, the edge of the Coteau des Prairies. See opapon.
- o-pa'-puŋ-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from under the edge.
- o-pa'-sem, cont. of opasepa; opasem hnaka, to lay away with care.
- o-pa'-se-pa, va. to keep with care—owapasepa.
- o-pa'-si, v. of pasi; to follow after in, as to follow one in a road—owapasi. T., ogna pasi.
- o-pa'-spa, v. to push under, as in the water; to press down into the water.
- o-pa'-śbo-ka, v. to push in, as a stick, and stir.
- o p a' ś u ś u ź a , v. to mash up in. See paśuźa.
- o-pa'-tan, v. a. to push into; to mash up in—owapatan. See okatan.
- o-pa'-ti-ća, v. a. to stick or push in or under, as a handspike—owapatića. See paġopatića.
- o-pa'-tin, cont. of opatica; opatin iyeya, to push under, as a crow-bar. T., opatil.
- o'-pa-tkons-ye-la, adv. T. in line, fronting one way, facing one way.
- o-pa'-win-ğe, num. adj. one hundred.

- o-pa'-win-ge-ge, adv. by hundreds.
- o-pa'-winh-win-ge, adv. by hundreds.
- o-pa'-wi-wi, adv. T. tangled together, in a mass. See pawiwi.
- o-pa'-wi-wi-se, adv. T. shaking as a mass of anything. See pawiwise
- o-pa'-wi-ya, adv. T. many together, as a herd.
- o-pa'-ya, adv. T. along in; ćanku opaya, along in the way; wakpa opaya, etc.
- o-pa'-zaŋ, v.a. to put into or under, as into a sheath or belt; to put under and over, to interlace, as in making baskets—owapazaŋ.
- o-pa'-zaŋ-yaŋ, adv. running under.
- o-pa'-zaŋ-zaŋ, v. red. of opazaŋ; to weave into—owapazaŋzaŋ.
- o p a' z o, n. a protuberance: i. q. opaha.
- o-pa'-zon-ta, v. a. to wrap around, wind up in, as a dead body in a winding sheet—owapazonta.
- o'-pe, v. Same as ópa.
- o-pe', n. of pe; the edge, the sharp part of anything, as the edge of a knife or ax.
- o-pe'-han, n. the outside or lower border of a tent: opehan iyaya, he went out under the bottom.
- o p e' h a n t a n h a n, adv. from under the bottom of a tent: opehantanhan iéu, he took it out from under the bottom.

- in—owapehan, unkopehanpi: opehan ehnaka, to lay away folded up
- o-pe'-he, n. of pehan; a fold; a bolt of cloth.
- o-pe'-ki-ća-ton, v. of opeton; to buy anything from one; to buy for one—opewecaton, opeunkicatoppi. T. to buy for one only.
- o-pe'-ki-ći-ton, v. of opeton; to buy for another—opeweciton, opemiciton.
- o-pe'-ki-ton, v. pos. of opeton; to buy or purchase one's own, redeem—opewakiton, opeunkitonpi.
- o-pe'-ki-ton-pi, part. redeemed, redeeming.
- o-pe'-ki-ton-yan, v. a. to cause to redeem—opekitonwaya.
- o-pe'-mni, v. a. to wrap around, as a garment—owapemni, unkopemnipi: to be wrapped up in. See pemni.
- o-pe'-mni-yan, adv. wrappedaround.
- o-pe'-pa. See opapa.
- o-pe'-pa-tan-han, adv. under the bottom of a tent: i. q. opapatanhan. T, opapuntanhan.
- o-pe'-ton, v. a. to buy, purchase anything; to hire—opewaton, opeuntonpi: opetonpi, purchased, hired.
- o-pe'-ton-yan, v. a. . to cause to buy—opetonwaya.
- o'-pe-ya, v.a. to cause to go withópewaya.
- o'-pe-ya, adv. with, together.

- o-pe'-han, v. of pehan; to fold up | o-pi'-i-ći-ya, v. reflex. to form an opinion and act for one's self, get ready: token opimićiye kta he, how shall I do?
 - o-pi'-ki-da, v.n. to be satisfied with, as with food—opiwakida, This word is used opiunkidapi. also when mosquitoes bite severely and fill themselves with blood. See pida.
 - o-pi'-ki-da-ka, v. Same as opikida—opiwakidaka.
 - o pi' y e, v. n. of piya: opiye śića, bad to doctor or make well.
 - o-pi'-ye, n. a place where things are put away and kept, as, mazopiye, a store-house; dotopiye, a granary: a roll of anything, as of cloth, ribbon, etc.; also a box, case, or crate, anything for packing goods in.
 - o pi' źe ća, adj. wrinkled, as an old person.
 - o-po', v. n. to be swelled—omapo.
 - o'-po, v. n. to be warped, to be shrunken.
 - o-po'-gan, v. a. to blow in upon, to blow out from—owapogan. pogan.
 - o-poh', cont. of opogan; iyeya, to blow away, blow from the mouth.
 - o-po'-hdi, v. a. to stuff anything into, as an old coat into a broken window. See opuģi.
 - o'-pson-pson, v. a. to draw back. and forth in the water, to rinse. miniyohpaya. See oyupsonpson. o'-psun-psun, v. See opsonpson.

- o'-pta, adv. through, accoss. See aetoopta, iyoopta, etc.
- o'-pta-pta, adv. red. of opta; through and through.
- o-pta'-ye, n. a flock, as of geese or ducks; a herd or drove of animals; a company of men. See ospaye.
- o'-pte, n. of yupta; what is left, leavings. T., okaptapi.
- o-pte'-ća, adv. less. T., aoptetu. o'-pte-he-ća, adv. almost empty, said of vessels.
- o-pten', adv. less. T., aoptel.
- o-pten'-i-çi-ya, v. reflex. to cease from, as from anger or strife, become gentle—optenmiçiya.
- o-pte'-tu, adv. less than. T., aoptetu, less in size.
- o-pu'-ġi, v.a. to push into, as hay into moccasins; to stuff, fill, as with hay, etc.—owapuġi. See opohdi.
- o-pu'-gi-ton, v.a. to put in stuffing, as in moccasins—opugiwaton.
- o-pu'-hdi, v. See opolidi.
- o p u' s k i é a, v. a. to press down in—owapuskića. See kipuskića.
- o p u' s k i n , *cont.* of opuskića. *T.*, opuskil.
- o p u' t a k a, v. of putaka; to touck in—owaputaka. See yut'an.
- o-pu'-tkan, v. a. to dip into, put in, as the fingers; sop, as bread, etc.—owaputkan.
- o p o', n. fog, steam.
- o-po'-sa, adj. clear and cold, with particles of snow in the air. T., oposya

- - o-po'-za, adj. Same as oposa.
 - os, n. of oze or yuza; a hand's breadth.
 - o-s'a'-mna, adj. sour smelling; i. q. śićamna.
 - o'-san, adv all, through the whole: anpetu osan, all the day. T., ataya.
 - o-san'-ka, adj. without leaves, as a tree. T., osmismika.
 - o-san'-ka-ka, adj. red. of osanka.
 - o'-saŋ-saŋ, adv. red. of ósaŋ. T., alataya.
 - o-sda', v. of sda; greased in anything.
 - o-sdo'-éa, v. to know; takudan osdoée śni waun, I know nothing about it, or I am innocent of it. T., oslolya. See osdonya.
 - o-sdo'-han, v. n. to slide; osdohan kiçun, to slide on a board or sled or one's feet—osdohan weçun. See sdohan, yusdohan, etc.
 - o-sdo'-han, n. a drawing or sliding in.
 - o s d o n' y a , v. a. to know, be acquainted with or privy to anything—osdonwaya. T., oslolya.
 - o s d o n' y e, n. knowledge.
 - o-se'-ya-ka-dan, n. i. q. onseyakadan. T., śiyaka.
 - o'-sin, v. to hate. T., oyusinka. See oyusin.
 - o-sin'-sin, v. n. to leave a mark, as tears drying on one. See yuo-sinsin.

- o-ska'-ka, adj bare, as a tree whose leaves are fallen off; open, as a country without thickets. T, osmismika.
- o'-skam, cont. of óskapa.
- o'-skam-ya, adv. sticking to, adhering.
- o'-skan, adv. desert-like: tinta oskan, an uninhabited place. T., makoskan. See hewoskan.
- o'-skan-tu, adv. desert-like, away from trees or dwellings. T., makoskantu.
- o'-ska-pa, v. n to stick in, adhere to; to climb up, as up a pole; i. q. otkapa. See adi.
- o'-ska-pi, n. ornamental work, such as is put on pipe-stems. See ipatapi.
- o'-ski-ća, adj. of yuskića; tight, drawn around, as a garment. T., otinza.
- o'-ski-će-daŋ, adj. tight, well fitting.
- o'-ski-ski-ta, v. red. of óskita.
- o'-ski-ta, v. to bind up in, as a child. See oyuskita.
- o-sku'-ya, adj. sour, turned sour, as milk.
- o-slol'-ya, v. T. to know of: i. q. osdonya
- o'-sma-ka, n a ditch, a hollow, a ravine.
- o-smi'-smi-ka, adj. T. bare, as trees, of leaves.
- o-sna'-ze, n. ascar: also o-sna'ze-ća.
- o-sni', n. cold weather.
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- o-sni', adj. cold in, as, ti osni, cold in the house.
- o-sni-ke, adj. cold.
- o-sni'-sni, red. of osni; very cold.
- o-sni'-ta-wa-na-pin, n. T. (osni and wanapin) a tippet, scarf.
- o-so', v. T. to cut open, as the skin of an animal, in preparing to skin it—owaso.
- o-so'-ta, v. col. of yusota; to be all gone, as a company starting away.
- o-span'-span-he-ća, n. See uspanspanheća.
- o-spa'-ya, v. of spaya; to become damp in.
- o'-stag, cont. of ostaka.
- o'-stag-ya, v. a. to make stick on—óstagwaya.
- o'-sta-ka, v. n. to stick on or in, as dirt on a plow or mud in a house; to stick on, as flesh—ómastaka; takudan ostake śni, very lean. T., otkapa.
- o-sta'-ka, v of staka; to be feeble on account of, to be debilitated; istingma ostaka, he is feeble by reason of sleep.
- o-stan'-mna, n. the smell of a carcass soon after the animal has died; the smell of tainted meat.
- o-su'-kal-yu-za, v. T. to take one's choice, take the best.
- o-su'-kan, adv. taking a thing without having bestowed labor on it, or acquired a proper right: osukan mduza, I took it without permission.
- o-śbe', n. depth. T., osme. See wośbe.

- o-śbu', v. n. to drop in, as water. o'-śkan, n. motion, movement. See T., oś'e.
- $o \pm b u'$, n. a drop. T., $o \pm e$.
- o ś b u' ś b u , v. n. red. of ośbu. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$
- to cause to drop o-śbu'-ya, v. a. into, as water—ośbuwaya. T.,oś'eya.
- $o \hat{s} b u' y e$, n. something into which water, etc., is made to drop, a trough,
- o-śdo'-ka-han, part. pulled off in, as an arrow point; coming off, peeling off, as bark.
- o-śdo'-ka-he, *part*. Same as ośdokahan.
- o-ś'e', v. n. T. to drop into: i. q. ośbu.
- o-ś'e'-ya, v. n. T. to make drop in, as water.
- o ś i' ć a, adj. bad with, as one kind of food with another.
- $o \pm i' \epsilon e \epsilon a$, adj. or v. n. stormy; it storms.
- o-śi'-će-ća-ka, adj. unpleasant, as rainy weather, not pleasing, as a country. See ośićeća.
- o-śi'-će-ća-ki-ksu-ya, v. to know by one's feelings when bad weather is coming.
- o-śil'-ye-o-han, v. T. to act badly
- o-śin'-han-ka, v. n. to do badly, steal, etc., act wickedly—ośinwalianka. T., ośilyeohan. See ohansića.
- o-śi'-tki-hda, v. n. of śitkihda; to be angry with. See canniveya.
- o-ŝi'-tki-hda-ya, v. a. to make angry, cause to suffer-ositkihdawaya.

- o'-śkan-śin-ya, v.a. to impede one's progress, prevent from moving freely—ośkanśinwaya.
- o-śka'-ta, v. of śkata; to play in owaśkata.
- o-śka'-te, n. play, diversion. See wićośkate.
- o-śkin'-ći-ya, v. T. to busy one's self about—ośkinmićiya. See ośkan.
- o-śkiŋ'- ći-ye, n. T. an occupation.
- o-śki-śka, adj. of śkiska; complicated, intricate, confused, difficult.
- o-śki-śken-ya, adv. confusedly.
- o-śki-śke-ya, v. a. to make complicated or confused, create difficulty, perplex—ośkiśkewaya.
- o-śki'-śke-ya, adv. crookedly, with difficulty.
- o-śki'-śki, n. broken land, bad country.
- o-śko'-kpa, n. a concavity.
- o-śku'-mna, adj. sour, spoiled, as food.
- o- \pm m e', n. T. depth: i. q. o\u00e9be.
- o'-śna, n. of yuśna; a piece that is dropped, a scrap, a crumb.
- o'-śna-pi, n. crumbs, scraps.
- o-śni-yan-yan, v. n. about, as worms in the stomach.
- o-śog'-ya, adv. of śogya; thickly.
- o-śo'-ka, adj. of śoka; thick.
- o-śo'-ka, n. thickness.
- o-śo'-ta, adj. of śota; smoky, filled with smoke, as a tent.

- o-śpa'-ye, n. a drove, a herd con- o-śte'-ya-ken, adv. deformedly. sisting of different kinds of animals; a company separated from the main body. See obe and optaye.
- o spa' ye ton ton, adv. T. indroves.
- o-śpe', n. of yuśpa; a breaking off: a piece, a part of a section of land. T., oyuśpe.
- o'-stan, v.a. T. to put in place of; to put in, as a cork—owastan, oyastan.
- o'-śtan, v.n. to be on, as a hoop, or in, as a stopper; to be in agreement with; to be in place of. See oyustan.
- o'- stan-han, part. being in or
- o-stan'-han, n. a running, watery
- $o \pm t a \eta' h a \eta$, v. n. T. to ooze out, as water from a sore.
- o ś t e', adj.deformed—omaste, See osteka. oniste.
- o-ste', intj. T. of surprise, incredulity.
- o-śte'-dan, adj. deformed.
- o-śte'-hda, v. a. (ośte and hda) to mock, speak evil of, call bad names, revile—ośtewahda.
- o-śte'-hda-pi, n. contempt, opprobrious language.
- o-śte'-ka, adj. defective in some part, deformed—omasteka.
- o-ste'-ya, adv. imperfectly, clumsily; by chance, accidentally; osteya econ, he did it imperfectly.

- o-śti, intj. T. oh, ah, alas; it expresses strong disappointment and
 - regret; as, ośti, wanźini yuspin kte śni, alas! he will not catch a single one.
- o-śuŋg'-ye; adv. very much, violently. T., ośungyela.
- o-śuŋ'-ke-ća-daŋ-ka, n. very little thing.
- o'-ta, adj. much; many—unkotapi: wićota, a great company.
- o-tab', cont. T. of otapa: otabaya, to trail, follow tracks.
- o-tab'-tab, red. of otab.
- o-ta'-ġo-śa, v. of taġośa; to spit into anything-otagowaşa, otagounśapi. T., otahośa and otaśośa.
- o-ta'-he-dan, adv. between. See iyotahedan and tahedan.
- o-ta'-he-la, *adv*. T. off to one side; away from others, said of one who has deserted his company and gone off alone. With this meaning it is not proper to apply the word to our Savior, as Mediator or daysman, as Mr. Cleveland says. But with us it appears quite proper to say of Him, "otahedan yanka."
- o-ta'-he-pi, adv. between places. T., iyokogna. See iyotahepi and tahepi.
- o t a' h o s a, n. T. a spittoon
- o'-ta-ka, adj. many, much. See ota.
- o'-ta-ki-ya, adv. oftentimes, frequently.
- o'-ta-kons, adv. opposite to, over against. See iyotakons.

- o'-ta-koŋ-za, adv. over against, opposite to. See iyotakoŋza.
- o-ta'-ku-ye, n. of takuye; brother-hood, relationship, friendship.
- o'-t'an, v. to touch, lay hold of, seize. See oyut'an.
- o-tan'-ćan, n. of tanćan; the chief, the greatest. See itanćan.
- o-tan'-éan-ke, n. the greatest in numbers, as the greatest herd, the largest war-party.
- o-tan'-ćan-ke-ya, adv. in the greatest numbers.
- o-tan'-da, v. to have, to keep: otanda sica, bad to keep; otanda waste, good to keep. T, oyuha.
- o-tan'-hda-kin-yan, *n. breadth. T.*, oglakinyan. See tanhdakin-yan.
- o-tan'-in, v.n. of tanin; to be manifest: taku otanin, something that is manifest.
- o-tan'-in-ka, v. n. to appear, be manifest: taku otaninka, something is manifest: sometimes this is used in the sense of otanin śni, as, taku otaninka, or takudan otanin śni, there is no news.
- o-ta η' -i η -ya η , adv. manifestly.
- o-tan'-ka, n. of tanka; greatness, largeness.
- o-tan'-ka, adj. large, broad.
- o-taŋ'-ka-da. v. a. to have in the greatest estimation—otaŋkawada. T., taŋkala.
- o t a ŋ' k a d a k a , v. a. to esteem most highly—otaŋkawadaka. T., taŋkalaka.

- o-tan'-ka-ya, adv. largely, extensively,
- $o t a \eta' k a y a k a$, $n \cdot greatness$.
- o-tan'-na, v. n. to be proud, vain—omatanna. T., witantan. See itan.
- o-tan'-ton-ka, adj. large, prodigious.
- o-tan'-ton-yan-kel, adv. T., otantonyankel ia, to speak in a dissatisfied way.
- o-tan'-yan, n. well being.
- o-ta'-pa, v. of tapa; to follow after one, as in a road—otawapa, otaunpapi.
- o t a' ś o ś a , v. T. to spit in, to expectorate in—otawaśośa. See otaġośa.
- o-ta'-śo-śe, n. T. a spittoon.
- o-ta'-tkon-za, adj. T. square; equal to; parallel. See otkonza.
- O-ta'-wa, n. p. the Otos or Otawas. See Hotawa.
- o ta' wan źi dan, n. two alike, a pair of one kind.
- o-ta'-wa-ţe-ća, v. n. to be willing to do. T., otawaţelya. See otawaţenya.
- o-ta'-wa-ţel-śi-ća, adj. T. unendurable.
- o-ta'-wa-tel-śil-ya, adv. T. exceedingly bad.
- o-ta'-wa-tel-ya, v. T. to be willing.
- o-ta'-wa-țen, cont. of otawațenya: otawațen waste, it is pleasant to do; otawațen sica, it is unpleasant to decide on doing.

- o-ta'-wa-ten-ya, v. n. to be willing to do—otawatenwaya.
- o t a' w a t e ś i c a, adj. great, fearful, numberless.
- o t a' ź a , n. of taźa: waves. T., kaataźa.
- o-te'-han, adv. far, a long distance: yapi kin otehan, kupi kin oakiyedan, the going is far, the coming back is near. See tehan.
- o-te'-han, v.n. to be long about anything, long in doing—omatehan kta.
- o-te'-haŋ-ya, v. a. to hinder, cause to be long about a thing—ote-haŋwaye.
- o-te'-hi, n. a thicket of bushes or brush; misery, difficulty.
- o-te'-hi-ka, adv. very hard to endure; trying, difficult.
- o ti', v. n. to dwell in—owati, unkotipi.
- o t i', n. a house, dwelling.
- o-tint'-o-ska, n. T. an open place in the woods.
- o-ti'-wi-ta, n. an old encampment, where there has been a cluster of tents. T., otiwota.
- o-ti'-wo-ta, n. an old encampment. See otuwita.
- o'-tkam, cont. of ótkapa.
- o'-tkam-ya, v.a. to make stick on, daub, as with pitch—otkamwaya.
- o'-tka-pa, v. n. to stick on, as pitch, snow, or mud—omatkapa. See oskapa and ostaka.
- o-tke', v. n. to hang from, be lodged on, be suspended from anything, as a tree. See tke.

- o-tke'-ya, v. a. to hang up, suspend anything—otkewaya, otkeunyanpi.
- o-tke'-ya-han, part. hanging up.
- o-tkin', v. n. T. to become damp in.
- o-tkons', cont. of otkonza: otkons yuksa, to break off even.
- $o t k o \eta' s e l a$, adv. T. evenly.
- o-tkon'-za, adj. even, equal, parallel. See otatkonza.
- o-to', adj. cont. of otoiyohi; each one: i q. owasin.
- o-to'-i-yo-hi, adj. each one, every one. T., otoiyohila; iyohila.
- o-to'-ka-he, n. the beginning: otokahe ekta, at the beginning.
- o'-to-ka-he, n. that which goes first.
- o-to'-ka-he-ya, n. the first, the beginning. See tokaheya.
- o-to'-ka-he-ya, adv. at the beginning.
- o'-to-ka-ta, adv. before, foremost. o-to'-ki-he, adj. Ih. the next.
 - T., iyokihe.
- o-to'-kśu, v. of tokśu; to haul or transport in, as in a cart—otowakśu, otoupkśupi.
- o-to'-kśu, n. hauling, transporting: otokśu waśte, it is good hauling.
- o-ton', v. a. to put on and wear, as leggings or pantaloons—owaton.
- o-ton'-wan, v. of tonwan; to look into—owatonwan, unkotonwanpi.
- o-ton'-we, n. a cluster of houses or tents, a village, a town, a city. See ton wan yan.

- o-ton'-yan, adv. of tonyan; suppurating.
- o-to'-sa, adj. blunt, round, not cut up: otosa śpan, cooked whole; said of anything cooked without drawing the entrails. T., otosya. See otoza.
- o-tos'-ya, adj. T. blunt, round.
- o to' to, adv. red. of oto.
- o-to'-to-dan, adv. clear of brush, long grass, etc.
- o-to'-za, adj blunt, round, cylindrical, anything round and long; not split, as, can otoza, a round stick. See otoza.
- o-tpa'-ġi, v. pos. of opaġi; to fill one's own pipe—owatpaġi: i. q. okpaġi.
- o'-tpa-ni, v.n. to lack, be wanting. Hence, cantotpani, to long for: i. q. okpani.
- o'-tpa-ni-yan, adv. less, lacking; not yet, beforehand: otpaniyan wahi, I have come too soon.
- o'-tpas, cont. of otpaza: otpas iću, to become dark: i. q. okpas. T., oiyokpas.
- o'-tpas-ya, v. a. to make dark—otpaswaya: i. q. okpasya. T., oi-yokpasya.
- o'-tpas-ya, adv. darkly, obscurely.
- o'-tpa-za, v. n. to be dark. T., oiyokpaza.
- o'-tpa-za, n. darkness, night. Same as okpaza.
- o'-tpe, v. Same as okpe.
- o-tu'-han, v. T. i. q. ituhan; to give away, make a present.

- o-tu'-ki-han, v. T. to make a present to one—otuwekihan: i. q. itukihan.
- o-tu'-ma-ko-skan, adv. T. in vain; without cause. See otuyaéin, ituh, etc.
- o-tu'-tka, n. crumbs, fragments.
- o t u' w i t a, n. an old encampment. See otiwita and otiwota.
- o-tu'-ya, adv. T. in vain.
- o-tu'-ya-6in, adv. Ih at random: i. q. ituya6in. T., a. in vain, for naught.
- o-ta', v. n. of ta; to die in any place; to have the stomach overloaded, to die of a surfeit—omata.
- o-te', v. n. to die, be dying: ote tehi, hard to die, tenacious of life.
- o-tin', v. n. to roar, as thunder; to make a noise, as the ice cracking.
- o-țins', cont. of oținza; oțins yanka.
- o-tins'-tin-za, red. of otinza.
- o-țin s'-ya, adv. tightly, firmly.
- o-tins'-ya-kel, adv. T. firmly, tightly.
- o-tin'-za, v n. to be tight or fast in, said of clothes that are too small and of food that sticks in the throat; to be too little or too large—omatinga. See itinga.
- o-to'-hnag, cont. of otohnaka.
- o-to'-hnag-ya, adv. at the risk of life.
- o-to'-hna-ka, v. n. to risk life, be foolhardy, be willing to die—otowahnaka. See otoohnaka.

- o t o' o h n a k a, v. a to be willing to die, to dare, risk life—otoowahnaka.
- o-ţo'-za or o-ţo'-źa, adj. blunt, stubbed; cylindrical. See otoza.
- o-un', v. n. of un, to be; to be in-
- o u n', n. of un; to be; condition, state; place.
- o-un', n. of un, to use; a load of a gun; a dose of medicine; what is used at once; ammunition.
- o u n' é a g e , n. likeness, form, kind, growth—ounmaéage, ounniéage.
- o u n' h d a k a, v. n. of unhdaka; to be moving: ounhdaka unpi, they are moving or camping. T., oiglaka.
- o u ŋ' h d a k e, n. a moving party.
 T., oiglake.
- o-uŋ'-pa, v. a. to lay in and bind up, as an infant on a board—owa-uŋpa. See uŋpa, aoŋpa, oźu, etc.
- o u n' p a, n. T. one bound in, an infant.
- o-un'-yan, v. n. to be or exist in, dwell in; to reign over, govern—ounwaya, oununyanpi.
- o u n' y e k i y a, v. a. to cause to dwell in; to cause to rule over—ounyewakiya.
- o-un'-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to dwell in, give power to—ounyewaya, ounyeunyanpi.
- o-u'-ye, n. of uya; the coming, springing up, as of the grass; a quarter of the heavens: tate ouye topa, the four quarters of the wind.

- o w a', v. a. to paint, sketch, figure, write—owawa, unkowapi.
- o w a' ć e k i y a, v. of waćekiya; to pray in.
- o-wa'-će-ki-ye-ti-pi, n. a prayer-house, a church.
- o w a' é i, v. of waći; to dance in—owawaći, owaunćipi.
- o-wa'-ći, n. a dance.
- o-wa'-ćiŋ-ksam, cont. of owaciŋksapa.
- o-wa'-ćiŋ-ksam-ya, adv. intelligently.
- o-wa'-ćiŋ-ksa-pa, adj. of waćiŋksapa; intelligent, wise, understanding—owaćiŋmaksapa.
- o-wa'-hde, n. the set of a guncock. See oahde.
- o-wa'-he, n. of ohan, v. n.; T. something to stand on: i. q. oahe.
- o w a' h e g l e p i, n. T. a foundation. See oahehde.
- o-wa'-hi-na-pe, n. of ahinapa; the springing up of vegetables, water, etc.
- o-wa'-hi-na-pe-ya, v. a. to cause to spring up—owahinape-waya.
- o-wa'-ham-ya, v. (owasin and hamya) to scare all away—owahamwaya.
- o w a' ĥ a m y a , n. one who scares away.
- o wa' h la ġ a n, v. T. to enlarge, as by cutting a hole with a knife: i. q. wahdaġan.
- o-wa'-hla-ye, n. T. parings, as of an apple. See obahdaye.

- o-wa'-hpa-ni, adj. of wahpani; poor, miserable.
- o w a' h p a n i ć a, adj. of wahpanića; poor—omawahpanića.
- o w a' h p a n i y a, v. a. to make poor—owahpaniwaya.
- o w a' h p a n i y a n, adv. poorly, miserably.
- o-wa'-kaŋ-kaŋ, v. T. i. q. owewakaŋ
- o-wa'-ki-be, n. a seam, a joint. T., wakime: i q. okibe and okihe.
- o-wa'-ki-ćoŋ-ze, n. a law, a rule. T., wowasukiye. See wokićoŋze and woope.
- o-wa'-ki-ya, v. a. of owa; to cause to write, etc.—owawakiya, owaunkiyapi.
- o-wa'-ki-ye, v. a. of okiya; to speak to or with; to speak harshly to, to reprimand; to offend—owawa-kiye, owacićiye.
- o wa' koŋ ze, n. of koŋza; determination. See wokoŋze, wokicoŋze, etc.
- o-wa'-kpa-mni, n. an Indian agency; place of distribution. T., owakipamni.
- o-wa'-ma-non, v. of manon; to steal in or from any place—owa-mawanon.
- o w a' m a n o n, n. a thief.
- o-wa'-mni-yo-mni or o-wa'mni-o-mni, n. T. an eddy, a whirlpool.
- o w a' n a s a p i, n. T. a place of chasing buffalo.

- o-wa'-na-se, n. of nasa; a place of chasing buffalo; the buffalo-chase.
- o'-wa-ni-ye-tu, n winter. See waniyetu.
- o'-waŋ-ća, adv. all over.
- o'-wan-éa-ya, adv. everywhere, all over; all together.
- o wang', cont. of owanka.
- o-wang'-i-ća-hin-ta, n. T. a broom: i. q. owankaićahinte.
- o-wang'-ya, v.a. to resemble, imitate, take lessons from one; to follow the example of—owangwaya, owangunyanpi: owangiéiya, to form a habit, be in the habit of.
- o-wang'-ya, adv. through all, through the middle. T., ohanglela and ohangleyela.
- o-wan'-ka, v. n. to resemble, be like—omawanka, oniwanka.
- o wan' ka, v. n. of wanka; to lie in a place—omunka, unkowankapi. T., oyunka.
- o-wan'-ka, n. a place to lie on, a place where persons sleep; a floor; a place of pitching a tent, the ground.

 T., oyunke and owanka.
- o-wan'-ka-i-ća-hin-te and o-wan'-ki-ća-hin-te, n. something to sweep with, a broom. See icahinte.
- o-wan'-ka-i-hu-pa, n. T. a bedstead.
- o-wank'-i-pa-kin-te, n. a mop, floor-cloth. See ipakinte.
- o-wank'-i-yu-hin-te, n. a broom. T., owangicahinte. See iyuhinte.

- o-wan'-yag, cont. of owanyaka: owanyag waste, beautiful; owanyag sica, ugly. T., owanyag.
- o-wan'-ya-ka, v. a. of wanyaka; to look upon—owanmdaka: owan-yake waste, good to look upon, handsome. T., owanyaka.
- o w a n' y a k e, n. a sight, a show; a vision. T., ówanyake.
- o-wan'-ya-ke-ka, n. something delightful to be seen.
- o wan' ye ye, n. a place to look out at, a window, port-hole, a loophole.
- o-wan'-ye-ye-ton, v. to have windows, having port-holes. See ton, v. a.
- o wan' źi, adv. at rest, at leisure: owanżi yanka, to be at rest. See owanżidan.
- o wan' źi dan, adv. at rest, disengaged, unemployed: owanźidan yanka, to be unemployed; owanźidan manke śni, I am not at leisure.
- o'-waŋ-źi-la, adv. T. alike, the same: i. q okonwanźila.
- o-wa'-pi, part. figured, written.
- o-wa'-sin, adj. all, every one; the whole, the greater part. T., oyasin.
- o-wa'-siŋ-siŋ, adj. red. of owasiŋ. T, oyasiŋsiŋ.
- o waś, cont. of owaźa: owaś wauŋ śni, I am not near to, not affected by.
- o'-wa-ś'ag, cont. of ówaś'aka.
- o'-wa-ś'ag-la-ka, v. T. to esteem easy of accomplishment.
- o-wa'-śag-toŋ, adj. easily purchased. T., ówaśakela.

- o'-wa-ś'ag-ye-la, adv. T. almost finished, nearly complete.
- o-wa'-ś'a ka, v. n. of waś'aka; to be strong for the accomplishment of anything—owamaś'aka. T., ówaś'aka.
- o w a' ś a k a d a ŋ, adj. cheap, easily purchased. T., ówaśakela.
- o-wa'-śte, n. of waste; something good with another thing. T., iwaste.
- o-wa'-śte-ća, adj. See owastećaka.
- o-wa'-śte-ća-ka, adj. pleasant, as a pleasant place, pleasant weather.
- o'-wa-śte-kal, adv. T. picking, choosing; owaśtekaliću, to take the pick of.
- o-waś'-ya, v. a. of owaźa; to bring near to, cause to be near: commonly use with the negative, as, owaśwaye śni.
- o-wa'-te-ća, adv. almost. See wawateća.
- o-wa'-u-ye, n. of uya; the growing, springing up of things.
- o-wa'-ya-tpan, n. of yatpan; what is chewed fine, as the muskrat's food. T., owayakpan.
- o-wa'-yu-hi. See wayuhi.
- o-wa'-yu-śna, v. of yuśna; to sacrifice in any place—owamdu-śna. T. owaunyan or owayu-htata, according to the kind of sacrifice.
- o-wa'-yu-śna, n. a place of sacrifice, an altar, a propitiatory. T., owaunyan and owayuhtata.

- o-wa'-yu-tpan, n. of yutpan; what is ground up fine. T., owayu-kpan.
- o w a' ź a , v. n. to be near to; to be concerned in: owaźa śni, not near. See iyowaźa śni.
- o w e', n. a foot-print, track, trail—miowe, unkowepi. T., oye.
- o'-we, n. a spring or well: mini owe, a well or spring of water. See miniyowe.
- o-we', n. T. a class; division; order: i. q. obe.
- o-we'-će-ća-ka, v. n. to be like another in demeanor, appearance, etc.—owemaćećaka: i. q. oećećećaka.
- o'-we-cin-han, adv. in succession, in Indian file, in an extended line.
- o'-we-ćiŋ-haŋ-haŋ, adv. red. of ówećiŋhaŋ.
- o'-we-ćiŋ-haŋ-yaŋ, adv. in Indian file.
- o'-we-haŋ-haŋ, v. n. to jest, make fun—ówewahaŋhaŋ. See aowehaŋ.
- o'-we-han-han-yan, adv. jestingly.
- o-we'-he, n. T. a boiling: i.q. ohe.
- o w e' h e é a, n. T. i. q. iheéa: an arrow thrown for a mark for others to shoot at.
- o w e' h e é a k u t e , v. T. to play oweheća.
- o-we'-kiś, adv. T. perhaps, it may be.
- o-we'-ki-niś, adv. T. perhaps. See okinahan.

- o-we'-ki-na-hanś, adv. T. perhaps.
- o w e' k i w a k a n, v. of owewakan; Ih. and T. to lie about one.
- o-we'-na-pe, n. the place of egress; coming out of: of inapa.
- o-we'-śde-ke, n. awar-prize, as a pipe; a badge of honor. The Teetons give no war prizes, but the victor on his return must give away all his property.—w. J. c.
- o w e' ś t e, v. n. to use a by-word—owewaśte, oweunstepi.
- o-we'-śte, n. a cant phrase.
- $o w e' \acute{s} t e k a$, n. a by-word.
- o-we'-śte-pi, n. by-words, cant phrases
- o-we'-ste-ya, adv. in the manner of a by-word—owesteya ia.
- o-we'-śuŋ-ke-ća, v. n. to be unable to escape, unable by any effort to extricate one's self—owewaśuŋ-keća, oweuŋśuŋkećapi. T., to do badly and persist in denying it, after it is known; to protest innocence in the face of discovery. See ohaŋśuŋ-keća and uŋćoŋnića.
- o-we'-wa-kaŋ, v. n. Ih. to lie, to tell an untruth; i. q. itoŋśni—owemawakaŋ. See hituŋkakaŋ and iewićaka.
- o-we'-wa-kaŋ-kaŋ, v. n. T. to lie, tell a falsehood; to pursue a crooked course—owewawakaŋkaŋ: i. q ie wakaŋkaŋ.
- o-wi'-ća h-k o-k e-d a ŋ, adj. precocious, as a child who walks early. See oićahkokedaŋ.

- o w i' é a h t e h a n, adj. of slow growth or development—owićalimatehan. See oićalitehan.
- o-wi'-ća-ku-źa, n. of kuźa; laziness, debility. T., an unhealthy locality.
- o'-wi-ća-zi, n. of ozi; rest. T., oziićiyapi.
- o-wi'-han-ke, n. of ihanke; the end of time, the end of space; the end of anything, as of a lake.
- o-wi'-haŋ-ke-śni-yaŋ, adv. endlessly, eternally.
- o-wi'-haŋ-ke-ta, adv. at the end.
- O w i' h a ŋ k e w a n i ć a , n. (no end, without end), the Eternal One, Jehovah.
- o-wi'-han-ke-wa-ni-ća, adj. endless.
- o-wi'-han-ke-wa-nin, adv. always, ever; interminably.
- o-wi'-haŋ-ke-ya, v.a. to bring to an end, destroy—owihankewaya, owihankeunyanpi.
- o-wi'-he-ća, n. an arrow laid down or placed to shoot at; a mark to shoot at, a target. T., oweheća. See owinheća.
- o-wi'-han, v. n. to graze in, as cattle in a field.
- o w i' k e, v. Used only with śni. See owikeśni.
- o-wi'-ke-śni, v. n. to be strong, not to fail, as the strength of a person; to accumulate without being used, as property—omawikeśni. T., yuowi śni: wakiś'aka.

- o-win', v. n. T. to wear as an ornament: i. q. oin.
- o'-win-ġe, n. a curl, as of hair: pesdete ówinġe, the curl on the top of the head. See yuwinġa.
- o-win'-he-ća, n. an arrow shot as a mark to shoot at; a target. T., oweheća.
- o-win'-ki-ya, v. T. to cause to wear jewels: i. q. oinkiya.
- o-win'-pi, n. T. ear-rings.
- o-winś, cont. of owinża.
- o-winś'-ki-ća-ton, v.a. to lay or place down a bed for one—owinś-wećaton, owinśmićaton.
- o-win ś'-ki-ya, v. a. to make a bed of, strew or spread down for a bed—owin śwakiya.
- o-winś'-ton, v. to have a bed—owinśwaton.
- o-winś'-ya, v. a. to make a bed of—owinśwaya. See owinskiya.
- o win' źa, n. something spread to lie down or sit on, a bed; a floor. See owanka.
- o w i n' ź a , v a. to make a bed of, use for a bed—ominźa, oninźa, un-kowinźapi.
- o-wiŋ'-źa-a-ka-hpe, *n. a bed-quilt*.
- o-win'-źa-o-ki-pa-ta-pi, n. T. a bed-quilt of patchwork.
- o-wi'-tko, v. n. of witko; to be drunk with—omawitko:
- o-wi'-tko-tko, adj. foolish.
- o-wi'-tko-tko-ya, adv. foolishly.
- o'-wi-tko-ya, adv. acting foolishly from choice, playing the fool.

- o'-wi-tko-ya-ken, adv. foolishly.
- o-wo'-bo-pte, n. of bopta; the place from which a tipsinna or Dakota turnip has been dug. Owobopte wakpa, the river Pomme de Terre, a branch of the Minnesota, which joins it from the north, a few miles above Lac-qui-parle. T., owopte.
- o-wo'-du-ta-ton, v. n. to make a noise or bustle. T., okoya.
- o-wo'-du-ta-ton, n. noise, bustle, clamor. T., okose.
- o-wo'-du-ta-toŋ-yaŋ, adv. clamorously. T., okoyase.
- o-wo'-gla-ke, n. T. a place of counciling.
- o-wo'-gla-ke-ti-pi, n. T. a council-house.
- o-wo'-pte, n. T. the place from which a turnip is dug.
- o w o' ś m a , n. dense leaves. T., ćanwapewoheśma.
- o-wo'-tan-in, adj. of tanin; clear, manifest: owotanin sni, not clear, foggy, hazy, smoky.
- o-wo'-tan-in, n. clearness, appearance: owotanin śni au, a haziness is coming on.
- o-wo'-tan-in-ka. Same as owo-tanin.
- o-wo'-tan-la, adj. T. straight: i. q. owotanna.
- o-wo'-tan-na, adj. straight, not crooked; right, just; having done no wrong, upright—omawotanna and omaowotanna, oniwotanna, unkowotannidan. T., owotanla.

- o w o' t a n t a n n a, adj. red. of owotanna.
- o-wo'-te, n. of yuta; a place to eat in.
- o w o' t e t i p i, n. a hotel.
- o-ya', v. n. and v. a. to stick to, come off on, as whitewash; to stain, sully—omaya; owicaya; i. q. owa.
- o-ya', n. Ih. the arms; the legs, limbs.
- o-ya'-ġi, v. a. to impede, as high grass does in walking; to scratch; to affect, as choke-cherries do the throat—omayaġi.
- o-ya'-ġi-ya, v. a. to cause to impede, as by sending one into the brush—oyaġiwaya.
- o-ya'- \dot{g} i-ye-la, adv. T. impeded by.
- o-ya'-hdo-hdo, v. n. to rattle in the throat, have a rattling in the throat—omdahdohdo. T., onagloglo.
- o y a' h d o h d o k a, v. to begin to speak, as a child—omdahdohdoka.
- o-ya'-h do-ka, v. a. of yahdoka; to bite a hole in anything; to use language—omdahdoka. T., oyahloka, to make a mark with the teeth, to bite in.
- o y a' h d o k a , n. a hole bitten in.
- o-y a'-he, v. n. to dry up, evaporate, as water; to fall or diminish, as water in a stream; said also of a vessel when a little is taken out.
- o-ya'-he-ko-ke-dan, adj. boiling away fast; said of a pot or kettle. See kokedan.

- o-ya'-he-ya, v. a. to cause to boil away or evaporate—oyahewaya.
- o-ya'-hlo-hlog, cont. T. oya-hlohlog ia, to talk like a baby.
- o-ya'-hlo-ka, v. T. to make a mark in with the teeth; to indent.
- o-ya'-ka, v. a. to relate anything, tell, as a story; to introduce one, tell his name—omdaka, odaka, unkoyakapi, oćiyaka.
- o-ya'-kon-pi, v. pl. of yakonpi; they are in a place. T., ounyanpi.
- o-ya'-ksa, v. a. of yaksa; to bite anything off in—omdaksa.
- o y a' k s a k s a, v. red. of oyaksa.
- o-ya'-kse. n. a biting off.
- o-ya'-ko-ga, v. T. to bite or gnaw off in.
- o-ya'-ko-za, v. T. to bite off short, as a horse does.
- o-ya'-ma, v. T. to gnaw in.
- o-yan'-ka, n. of yanká; a place, seat; a place of residence. T., oyanke.
- o y a' p e, n. of yapa; the small end of a pipe-stem which is taken into the mouth.
- o-ya'-pe, v. T. to put or take in the mouth, as a pipe—blapa, lapa, oyapapi.
- o y a' p t a, v. a. to leave, have over and above what one eats—omdapta, unkoyaptapi.
- o-ya'-pta-pi, n. remnants, crumbs.
- o-ya'-sa-ka, adj. dried hard on or in, withered.
- o y a' s i n, adj. T. all: i. q. owasin.

- o-ya'-sin-sin, adj. T. red. of oyasin.
- o-ya'-ska, v.a. to clean off by passing through the mouth—omda-ska: pahin oyaska, to draw porcupine quills through the mouth.
- o-ya'-śi-ća, v a. of yaśića; to speak ill of, give a bad character to—omdaśića. T., śićaya oyake.
- o-ya'-śiŋ-śiŋ, v.n. T. to itch; to feel as if it wanted to be rubbed omayaśiŋśiŋ.
- o-ya'-śki-śka, v. of yaśkiśka; to speak unintelligibly—omdaśkiśka.
- o-ya'-tag, cont. of oyataka.
- o-ya'-tag-ya, v.a. to cause to stick or drag heavy, as a sled on bare ground—oyatagwaya.
- o-ya'-ta-ka, v. n. to stick or drag heavily.
- o y a' t' a n, v. a. to bite or press on with the teeth—omdat'an. T., oyahloka.
- o-ya'-taŋ-iŋ, v.n. to show, manifest, testify—omdataŋiŋ, uŋkoyataŋiŋpi.
- o y a' t'a $\mathfrak n$ t'a $\mathfrak n$, v. red. of oyat'an.
- o y a' t e, n. a people, nation, tribe, band.
- O-ya'-te-non-pa, n. p. The Omahas: lit. "two nations." They camped at times in two concentric circles.—J. o. D.
- O-ya'-te-ya-mni, n. p. The name given to the Ponkas: lit. "three nations." The Ponkas sometimes camped in three concentric circles.—J. o. D.

- o-ya'-tkan, v. a. of yatkan; to drink in anything—omdatkan.
- o-ya'-tkan-tkan, v. T. to come to a head, as a sore.
- o-ya'-tka-pa, v. n. of otkapa; to stick on or in anything.
- o-ya'-tke, n. drink; a draught or drink of anything.
- o-ya'-to-to, v. T. to eat off clean, as a horse does the grass.
- o-ya'-ta, v. a. of yaṭa; to bite to death in—omdaṭa.
- o-ya'-ṭa-ġe, adj. of yaṭaġa; rough, roughened.
- o-ya'-ţe, n. a biting to death.
- o-ya'-wa, v. a. of yawa; to count, to read; to read or count in—omdawa. Hence, oyawa tipi, a schoolhouse.
- o-ya'-ya, v. red. of oya; to be musty, moldy, as hay. See oaa.
- o-ya'-za, n. of yaza; things strung on together, a string of beads, a bunch of fish.
- o-ya'-za, v. T. to string, as beads—oblaza.
- o-ya'-zan, v. n. to be sick for, sick in consequence of—omayazan. See yazan.
- o-ye', n. a track, foot-print, mark or track left by anything: i.q. owé.
- o-yu'-bla-ye, n. T. a page of a book: i. q. yumdapi.
- o-yu'-ćo-ka-ka, v. T. to take all out of, as the load of a gun.
- o-yu'-ge, v. a. to put on or wear anything—omduge. T., kićun. See oge.

- o-yu'-ha, v. of yuha; oyuha waśte, good to have.
- o y u' h i, v. to impede; i. q. ćanku peźi aohduteyapi. T, oyagi. See óhi.
- o-yu'-hi, v. T. to scatter about, to spread, as hay, for many horses to eat.
- o-yu'-hi-hi, v. red. of oyuhi: oyuhihi ehpeya yo.
- o-yu'-hda, v.a. of yuhda; to ring, as a bell, in a place—omduhda. Hence, mazahdahda oyuhda, a belfry.
- o-yu' hda-hda, v red. of oyuhda
- o-yu'-hda-ta, v. a. of yuhdata; to scratch in—omduhdata.
- o-yu'-hda-te, n. a scratch.
- o y u' h d e é a, v. a. of yuhdeéa; to tear in, as in an old hole—omduhdeéa.
- o-yu'-lide-će, n. a rent.
- o-yu'-hdo-ka, v. a. of yuhdoka; to bore or make a hole in, to make holes in, as hard snow does in horses' legs—omduhdoka.
- o-yu'-lido-ke, n. an opening.
- o-yu'-hi, n. of yuhi; a pimple, a rough place.
- o-yu'-hpa, v. a. of yuhpa; to put or pull down in—omduhpa.
- o-yu'-hpe, n. a throwing down.
- o-yu'-kpu-kpa, v. to crumble in.
- o-yu'-ksa, v. a. of yuksa; to break off, as a stick, in a hole—omduksa, unkoyuksapi.

- o-yu'-ktan, v. a. of yuktan; to o-yu'-pte, n. pieces left in cutting bend anything into something else omduktan.
- o-yu'-ktan. n. a bend, a crook.
- o-yu'-ktan-yan, adv. bent into.
- o-y u'-k u n-ta, v. T. to pick in, as in nose or ears. Compare pakota.
- o-yul', cont. of oyuta; T., oyul waste, good to eat.
- o y u' m d e ć a, v. a. of yumdeća; to divide out, scatter, break to pieces. within something—omdumdeća. T., oyubleća.
- o-yu'-mde-će, n. a breaking in.
- o-yu'-mden, cont. of oyumdeća; oyumden iyeya: oyumden ehnaka, to open out. T., oyublel.
- o-yu'-mni-mni, adv. round and round: i. q. ómnimni.
- o-yung', cont. of oyunka.
- o-yun'-ka, v. T. to lie down inomunka.
- $o-yu\eta'-ka$, n. of yunka; T. place to lie down: i. q. owanka.
- o-yuŋ'-ka-i-hu-pa, n. bed with legs, a bedstead.
- o-yu'-paŋ-ġa, adj. of yupanġa; loose, not tied tight. T, nagla, untied.
- o y u' p o t a, v. a. of yupota; to tear to piecs in—omdupota.
- o-yu'-po-te, n. a torn place, a rent.
- o-yu'-pson-pson, v. to spill or sprinkle, as water on a floor.
- o-yu'-pta, v.a. to cut out in: to cut out of-omdupta. See yupta.
- o-yu'-pta-pta-pi, n. scraps, remnants.

- out a garment, scraps, remnants.
- o y u s', coat. of oyuza.
- o-yu'-sin, v.a.to fall out with one, hate, not to be on speaking terms with—omdusin, unkoyusinpi. See osin.
- o-yu'-sin-ka, v. T. to hate.
- o-yu'-sin-yan, adv. out of humor with.
- o-yu'-ski-ta, v.a. of yuskita; to wrap up in, as a babe in its blankets-omduskita.
- o-yu'-spa, v.a. Ih. and T. hold, to catch, to take hold of: i. q. yuza—omduspa and omluspa, oduspa and oluspa. See yuspa.
- o-yu'-spa-ya, v. a. of yuspaya; to make wet with the hands in anything—omduspaya.
- o-yu'-spe-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to lay hold of one—oyuspewakiya.
- o y u s' y a, adv. laying hold of.
- o-yu'-śi-ća, v. a. of yuśića; to do wrong in respect of—omduśića.
- o-yu'-śi-će, n. that which injures.
- o-yu'-śkaŋ, v. to relapse—omihduskan. See okaskan.
- o-yu'-śna, v. a. of yuśna; to let drop or fall into; to waste—omduśna.
- o-yu'-śna, n. something dropped, crumbs, scraps.
- o-yu'-śtan, v. a. of yuśtan; to finish within, as a house; to put one into another, as buckets, or as a cork into a bottle-omdustan, unkoyustanpi. See ostan.

- omdut'an.
- o-yu'-t'an-t'an, v. red. of oyut'an; to feel-omdut'ant'an.
- o-yu'-te, n eating, food. T., oyul; woyute. See woyute.
- o-yu'-te, n. T. the parts just above the hips.
- $o y u' t k o \dot{g} a$, v. a. T. to fasten, as a horse, in a stall; to lock, as a door-oblutkoga. See nataka.
- o-yu'-tko-ga-han, part. fastened, locked.
- o-yu'-tkon-za, v. a. to make equal, break off and make equal with something else—omdutkonza. T., otkonza yuksa. See yutkunza.
- o-yu'-tkon-ze, n. something that makes equal.
- o-y u'-t p u-t p a, v. a. of yutputpa; to crumble and scatter about inomdutputpa. T., oyukpukpa.
- o y u' t a, v. a. of yuta; to kill in omduta.
- o-yu'-ţiŋ-za, v. a. of yuţiŋza; to make firm in—omduţinza.
- o-yu'-ţiŋ-ze, n. a strengthener.
- o-yu'-wi, adj. T. vine-like.
- o-yu'-zan, v. a. to spread out, as a curtain—omduzan.
- o-yu'-ze, v. a. of yuze; to take or dip out food into-omduze.
- o-yu'-ze, n. of yuza; a taking, catching; oyuze waste, good catching. See oze.
- o-yu'-ze-ki-ya, v. to cause to lay hold of.

- o-yu'-t'an, v. a. to touch, feel- o-yu-źun-ta, v. to thrust into, as the hand into a pail.
 - o' z a, adj. both.T., deniyoza and heniyoza. See denaoza and hena-
 - o'-zan, n. a curtain: ózanpi, curtains, as bed-curtains.
 - o'-ze, v. of yuza; to catch: oze waste, good to catch; oze sića, bad to catch: to take or get. Hence. Makatooze (earth-blue-take), the Blue Earth River. T., oyus; oyuze.
 - o'-ze, n. of yuza; a hand's breadth: oze wanźidan, one taking hold of; cante oze, the feeling of the heart, purpose.
 - o'-ze-ki-ya, adv. taking hold of: cante ozekiya, the heart taking hold, thought. T., oyusya.
 - o' z e y a, adv. in the manner of holding: ćante ozeya. T., oyusya.
 - o'-ze-ye-ki-ya, v. to cause to hold the mind John xiii, 2. Perhaps this should have been ozekiya. T., oyuskiya.
 - o-ze'-ze, v. n.to swing, be hanging: ozeze hiyeya. T., zeze.
 - o-ze'-ze-ya, adv. swinging. $T_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$ zezeya.
 - o'-zi, v. n. to rest—omazi, unkozipi.
 - o'-zi, n. rest. See owićazi.
 - o-zi'-ki-ya, v. n. to rest, take rest—oziwakiya. See asnikiya.
 - o-zin'-ya, v. a. to make a smoke, to fumigate—ozinwaya. T., ozilya. See zinya.
 - o-zin'-tka, n. See onzintka.

- o-zi-ta, v.n. to smoke. See izita.
 o'-zi-wa-nin, adv. continually,
 without rest.
- o-zi'-ya, v. of ozi: to rest, take rest: oziiçiya, to rest one's self—ozimiçiya.
- o-zo', n a cape or headland; a peninsula: i. q. izo
- o-zun'-te, n. of zunta; what is connected, connection.
- o-zu'-ye, n. of zuya; war; a warparty, an army.
- o'-źaŋ-źaŋ, n. light, a light.
- o'-źaŋ-źaŋ-hde-pi, n. a window, windows; a looking-glass. T, oźaŋźaŋglepi.
- o-źa'-te, n. of źata; a fork, the forks of a road or stream.
- o-źi', v. a. to whisper about—owaźi.
- o-źiŋ'-źiŋ-tka, n. See oŋźiŋźiŋtka.
- o ź i' ź i , v. red of oźi; to whisper about—owaźiźi, uŋkoźiźipi. See źiźi.
- o-źi'-źi-ya, adv. in a whispering manner.
- o-źi'-źi-ya-han, adv. whispering.
- o-źu', v. a. to plant or put in the ground, as corn, etc., to sow; to load, as a gun—owaźu. See aźu, eźu, ouppa, etc.
- o'-źu, v. n. to be full of days, to be old, about to die of old age—ómaźu, óniźu. T., kap.
- o ź u', n. ammunition.
- o ź u' d a ŋ , adj. full, filled full—
 omaźudaŋ: iśta maka oniźudaŋ,
 thine eye is full of dust. Ih., oźuna.
 T., oźula.
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- See izita. o źu' daŋ ya, v.a. to fill fullentinually, oźudaŋwaya.
 - o-źug'-źu-dan, adj. red. of oźudan; used in reference to vessels.
 - o-źu'-ha, n. a sheath or case for anything, as, isan oźuha, a knife-sheath; an empty bag; something that contains or covers, a box, barrel, etc.: ćahdi oźuha, a powder-flask; tasusu oźuha, a bullet-pouch; kokoźuha, an empty cask.
 - o-źu'-ki-ći-ton, v. of oźuton; to fill a bag for one—oźuwećiton.
 - o-źu'-ki-ton, v. pos. of oźuton; to fill up one's own bags, etc.—oźuwakiton and oźuweton, oźuunkitonpi.
 - o-źu'-la, adv. T., i. q. oźudan: oźula nun se, almost full.
 - o-źu'-pi, part. filled; planted; loaded, as a gun.
 - o-źu'-pi, n. something to plant or sow, seed
 - o-źu'-śni, adv. not full.
 - o-źu'-toŋ, v. a. to fill up into sacks, etc.—oźuwatoŋ.
 - o-źu'-ton-pi, n. filled bags.
 - o ź u' y a, v. a. to fill; load, as a gun; to cause to fill or plant—oźuwaya.
 - o źu' źu, v n. to fall to pieces in any place. See źuźu, kaźuźu, yu-źuźu, etc.
 - o-źu'-źu-haŋ, part. fallen to pieces in.
 - o-źu'-źu-wa-haŋ, part. fallen to pieces in.

P.

- p, the nineteenth letter of the Dakota | pa-a'-zi, adv. paazi iyeya, to push alphabet. It has the same sound as in English.
- pa, a prefix to verbs denoting that the action is done by pushing or drawing, rubbing or pressing with the hands or arms. The pronouns are prefixed.
- pa, n. the head of man or beastmapa, wićapa: the principal part of anything: the nose, as pa we hiyu, the nose bleeds. See nata, natahu, nasu, etc.
- to fall, as snow: wapa, it pa, v. n. See wa and hiphan. snows.
- pa, v. a. to bark at, as a dog does: śunka mapa, a dog barks at me; śunka papi, the dogs bark. T., papa. p'a, adj. bitter.
- pa-a'-hda-pśin, adv. paahdapśin elipeya, to turn bottom upwards by pushing, etc. See ahdapsin, naahdapsin, etc.
- pa-a'-hda-psin-yan, adv. bottom upwards, overturned by pushing, etc: paahdapsinyan iyeya, to turn bottom upwards. See ahdapsinyan, naahdapsinyan, paohdapsinyan, etc.
- pa-a'-ho, adv. paaho iyeya, to brush up, as the hair from the forehead. T., ipaho. See alio.
- pa-a'-wa-kin, n. Ih. a saddle, pack-saddle. See akin and suktankaakin.

- aground. See azi.
- pa-ba'-ġa, v. a. to roll or twist in the hand—wapabaga, unpaba-T., pawa $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ a. ġapi.
- pá-ba'-za, v.a. to annoy or vex by pushing
- pa-be', v. to file. Same as paman. T_{\cdot} , pame.
- pa-bo'-tu-ka, n. See panbo-T., halionta opiye. tuka.
- pa-bu', v. a. to drum on with the fingers—wapabu.
- pa-bu'-bu, v. red. of pabu.
- pa-bu'-ya, v. a. to cause to make a drumming noise with the hand pabuwaya.
- pa-ćan'-ćan, v. a. to push and make tremble, as one's arm by hard pushing—wapaćanćan.
- pa-ćan'-nan, adv. shoved off: paćannan iyeya, to shove out, as a boat from the shore.
- pa-ćeg', cont. of paćeka; paćeg iyeya.
- pa-ćeg'-ćeg, cont. of paćegćeka; paćegćeg iyeya, to push aside and make stagger.
- pa-ćeg'-će-ka, v. red. of paćeka; to make stagger—wapaćegćeka.
- pa-će'-ka, v. a. of ćeka; to push and make stagger—wapaćeka, uppaćekapi,

- pa-ći'-ka-dan, v. a. of ćikadan; to | pa-gan', v. a. to part with, give make small by rubbing—wapaćikadan.
- pa-ćiś'-ći-la, v. T. i q. paćistinna. pa-ći'-stin-na, v. a. of ćistinna; to make small by rubbing or pressing wapaćistina. T., paćisćila.
- $pa-\acute{c}o'-\acute{c}o$, v. a. of $\acute{c}o\acute{c}o$; to rubsoft, as mortar—wapaćoćo.
- pa-ćo'-ka-ka, v. a. to empty, push or draw all out—wapaćokaka. See ćoka.
- pa- \acute{c} o'-za, v. a. of \acute{c} oza; to make warm by rubbing—wapaćoza.
- Pa-da'-ni, n. p. the Pawnee or Pani Indians.
- pa-dom', cont. of padopa; padom iyeya. T, palob.
- pa-dom'-dom, red. of padom; padomdom iyeya. T, paloblob.
- pa-do'-pa, v. a. of dopa; to push into the mud, bemire—wapadopa. T., palopa.
- pa-e'-će-tu, v. a. of ećetu; to adjust as it was or should be, push into the right place, as a dislocated joint wapaećetu.
- pa-e'-ze', v. a. T. to rival, seek to supplant.
- pa-glo'-ka, v. T. i. q pahdoka. pa-gmi'-gma, v.T., i. q. pahmihma.
- pa-gna', v. T. to shell off by rubbing: i q. pahna.
- pa-gna'-yan, v. T. to miss in pushing: i. q. pahnayan.
- pa-ġam', cont. of paġapa; paġam iyeya. T., paġab.

- away, spare; to open, as a door, with the hand—wapagan, unpaganpi.
- pa-ġaŋ'-ġaŋ, v. red. of paġaŋ.
- $pa \dot{g}a\eta' ya$, v. a. to cause to give away; to cause to open—paganwaya.
- pa-gan'-yan, adv. parting with; opening.
- pa-ga'-pa, v. a. to push off with the hand, as the skin of an animal wapagapa. See yugapa, etc.
- pa- \dot{g} e', n. the diaphragm; the abdomen. See ikpi, nige, and tezi.
- pa-ġo', v. a. to carve, engrave wapaġo.
- pa-ġo'-ki-ya, *v. a*. to cause to carve or engrave—pagowakiya.
- pa-gon'-ta, n. the mallard duck, Anas boschas; also the common tame duck.
- $pa-\dot{g}o'-pa-ti-\dot{c}a$, v. (page and opatića) to put in under a girdle, as a knife.
- pa-ġo'-pa-tin, cont. of paġopatića; pagopatin iyeya.
- pa-ġug', cont. of paġuka; paġug iyeya.
- $pa \dot{g}u' ka$, v. a. to sprain by rubbing, etc.; to rub down, as in dressing skins-wapaguka.
- pa-ġuŋ'-ta, n. See paġonta.
- the hair of the head; pa'-ha, n. the scalp. $T_{\cdot \cdot}$, pehin. See páhin.
- pa-ha', n. a mound, hill.
- p a h a', v. a. to raise to strike—wapaha. See apaha.
- pa-ha'-i-ća-sto, n. a hair brush. T., pehinicasto.

- pa-ha'-i-ye-ya, v. a. to push aside; to oppose, reject. T., pato-kan iyeya.
- pa-ha'-pa-źo-dan, n. a prominent or conspicuous hill.
- pa-ha'-ta, adv. at or on the hill, to the hill: pahata mde kta, I will go on the hill.
- pa-ha'-ya, adj. piled up, projecting, prominent.
- p a h a' y e l a, adv. T. abundantly. See iyakiçuya.
- pa-hba', v. a. to shell off, as corn, with the hands—wapahba, unpahbapi. See pahna.
- pa-hbe'-za, v. a. to make somewhat rough by rubbing—wapahbeza. See pahdeza.
- pa-hbu', v. to push into, bury, as in a barrel of corn: pahbu iyeya.

 T., pasbu and paswu
- pa-hda'-ka-ya, adv. spreading out, scattering, as a herd of buffaloes when chased. T., abebeya and aweweya. See hdakeya, nahdakaya, yuhdaka, etc.
- pa-hda'-kiŋ-yaŋ, adv. pushing or crowding to one side. T., paglakiŋyaŋ.
- pa-lide'-za, v. a. of hdeza; to make spotted or ringed by rubbing—wapa-hdeza. See pahbeza and dote-hbeza.
- pa-hdo'-ka, v. a. to dislocate, push out of joint. T., pagloka.
- pa-hi', v. a. to pick up, gather up, gather together—wapahi, uppahipi.

- pa-hin', cont. of pahinta: pahin iyeya, to brush off quickly and completely—pahin iyewaya. T., pahinl.
- pa'-hiŋ, n. the hair of the head. T., pehiŋ. See páha.
- p a h i n', n. the porcupine, the quills of the porcupine, used by the Dakotas in ornamental work.
- p a h i n' t a, v. a. to rub, brush, or wipe off—wapahinta, unpahintapi.
 T., pakinta. See pawinta.
- pa'-hi-yu, v. T. to bleed at the nose: i. q. pa we hiyu.
- pa-hmi'-hma, v.a. to roll with the hand; to roll by pushing against—wapahmihma Hence, canpahmihma.

 T., pagmigma. See panminma.
- pa-hmi'-yan, v. a. to make round, like a ball, with the hands—wapahmiyan. See hmiyan.
- pa-hmi'-yan-yan, v.a. to make a ball with the hands—wapahmiyanyan
- pa-hmon', v. a. of hmon; to twist with the hand; to twist, as yarn, with a wheel—wapahmon, unpahmonpi.
- pa-hmon'-ka, v. to twist. See pahmon.
- pa-hmon'-pi, n. a hank or skein of yarn.
- pa-hmun', v. a. See pahmon.
- pa-hna', v. a. to shake off, as fruit, with the hand; to shell off, as corn, by rubbing—wapahna. T., pagna.
- pa-hna'-śkiŋ-yaŋ, v.a. of hnaśkiŋyaŋ; to make furious by pushing about—wapahnaśkiŋyaŋ.

- pa-lina'-yan, v. a. of hnayan; to deceive with the hand, make deceptive gestures—wapahnayan. T., pagnayan.
- p a h o' h o, v. a. to shake or move, make loose by pushing, as a tooth wapahoho: pahoho śni, immovable.
- pa-ho'-ho-śni-yaŋ, adv. immovably.
- pa-ho'-mni, v. a. to push anything round—wapahomni.
- pa-ho'-ton, v. a. of hoton; to cause to make a noise, as iron by filing, or an animal by stabbing—wapahoton.
- p a' h u, n. the skull-bone. See nasuhu and natahu.
- pa-hu', n. the large part or head of anything; as, canduhupa pahu, the bowl of a pipe; mazakan pahu, the breech of a gun; onspe pahu, the pole of an ax; mdo pahu, the root of a Dakota potato; tipsinna pahu, the upper part of the tipsinna; wamnaheza pahu, the butt-end of a corn-cob. See ipa.
- pahuhus iyeya. T., pahuhuns.
- pa-hu'-hus-ya, v. a to cause to shake with the hand—pahuhuswaya T., pahunhunsya.
- pa-hu'-hu-za, v. a. of huhuza; to shake by pushing, as a tree—wapahuhuza. T., pahuŋhuŋza.
- pa-hu'-kun, adv. (pa and hukun) down: pahukun iyeya, to bow the head, push the head down; to push or shove down. T., pahukul. See pakućedan, pamahdedan, etc.

- pa-hu'-te, n. the ridge of the nose at the base, between the eyes.
- pa-hu'-wa-te-zi, n. the buttend of a gun, when very large. T., pahutanka.
- pa-ha', v. a. to make rough by rub-bing—wapaha.
- paha, buds. to bud: canwapa paha, buds.
- pa-ha'-ha, v. n. to be rough, as ice sometimes is.
- pa-ha'-tka, v. a. to make rough, rub against the grain—wapahatka.
- p a li é i', v. a. to tear out a piece, pick out a piece—wapahéi.
- pa-hći-hći, v. red. of pahći.
- p a h d a' g a n, v. a. to enlarge, to cause to lengthen out—wapahdagan.
- p a h d a' ġ o ź u , n. the internal parts of the nose, the nasal fossæ. T., pahlate.
- pa-hdan', cont. of pahdata: pahdan iyaya, to go scratching or scraping along.
- pa-lida'-ta, v. a. to scratch or scrape along—wapahdata.
- pa-hda'-te, n. the root of the nose: i. q. pahdagoźu. T., pahlate.
- pa-hda'-ya, v. a. to peel off, pull off, as the skin of a potato—wapahdaya T., yuhlaya
- p a h d e' é a, v. a. to tear, pull to pieces—wapahdeéa.
- pa-lide'-lide-ća, v. red. of palideća. pa-liden', cont. of palideća; paliden iyeya. T., palilel.
- pa-hdi', v. a. to stick in the ground, as a stake or stick—wapahdi. T., pahli.

- p a h d i', n. the excretion of the nasal fossæ.
- pa-hdi'-hdi, v. red. of pahdi.
- p a li di'- y a, v. a. to cause to push into the ground—palidiwaya. T., paliliya.
- pa-lidog', cont. of pahdoka; pa-lidog iyeya.
- pa-lido'-han, v. palidohan iyeya, to push down, as one's coat sleeve: i. q. pasdohan.
- pa-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of pahdoka. pa-hdo'-ka, v. a. to make a hole in, pierce, run through, bore, as the ears—wapahdoka. T., pahloka.
- pa-he'-yam, cont. of paheyata: paheyam iyeya, to push aside. T., paheyab.
- pa-he'-ya-pa, v. to shove aside.

 See paheyata.
- pa-he'-ya-ta, v. paheyata iyeya, to push back or out to one side.
- pa-hi'-ya-ya, adv. roughly, not well made, not smooth, as anything rasped.
- parts of the nose: i. q. pahdate.
- pa-hla'-ya, v. T. to peel off of itself: i q. pahdaya.
- pa-hla'-źiŋ-ća, v. T. to sniff or snuff the nose. See yuźnóa.
- pa-hmin'-se, adj. left-handed. T., ćatka.
- pa-hpa', v. a. to throw, as a horse his rider; to take down, as anything hanging up; to lay down or put off, as one's load; to scrape off, as the flesh that sticks to a hide—wapahpa, uppahpapi.

- pa-hpa'-ġa, v. to pop, to burst open, as pop-corn: i. q. papaġa.
- pa-hpe'-ya, v. a. to cause to throw down—pahpewaya.
- pa-hpu', v. a. to pick off, break off in small pieces; to tear down, as birds' nests—wapahpu
- pa-hpu'-hpu, v. red. of pahpu.
- pa-hpu'-ya, v. a. to cause to pick off—pahpuwaya.
- pa-hta', v. a. to tie up, make into bundles or packs—pawahta, paunhtapi. The "pa" in this word is not a prefix.
- pa-hta'-ka, v. a. to bind in bundles—pawahtaka. See heyun.
- pa-hta'-pi, n. a bundle, a pack, packs of furs.
- pa-hte'-ća, n. the sucker, a kind of fish.
- pa-hte'-yu-ko-ki-ya, v. T. to frown.
- pa-hu'-ġa, v. a. to break through or push a hole in, as in a kettle wapahuġa.
- pa-huh', cont. of pahuga; pahuh iyeya.
- pa-hu'-hu-ġa, v. red. of pahuġa.
- pa-in'-yan-ka, v.a of inyanka; to shoot or throw a stick through a hoop when rolling, push through with the hand—wapainyanka: painyanka kićunpi, the game of shooting through a hoop.
- pa-i'-pu-ski-ća, v. a. of ipuskića; to press down on with the hand—wapaipuskića.

- pa-i'-pu-skin, *cont.* of paipuskića; paipuskin iyeya. *T.*, paipuskil.
- pa-i'-tkons, cont. of paitkonza.
- pa-i'-tkon-za, v.a. T. to make even by pressing; to strike off level, as a measure of grain: i. q., paotkonza.
- pa-i'-tpi-ska, adv. paitpiska elipeya, to throw over on the back belly up, as a dog. T., paikpiska.
 - pa-i'-wa-śte-daŋ, adv. of iwaśtedaŋ; slowly: paiwaśtedaŋ iyeya, to shove along slowly. T., paiwaśtela
 - pa-i'-wa-śte-ya, adv. slowly, gently.
 - pa-i'-ya-pa-to, v. n. of iyapato; to be pushed by: paiyapato ihemićiye.
 - pa-i'-ya-pa-to-ya, v.a. to obstruct, push against—paiyapatowaya.
 - pa-i'-yo-wa-za, v. a. to make echo by striking with the hand wapaiyowaza.
 - pa-ka', v.a. to split or cut a slit in for an arrowhead.
 - pa-ka', v. paka iyeya, to push down or break down, as the ribs of an animal.
 - pa-ka'-huŋ-ka, v. n. T. to nod, bow the head. See pahukun, etc.
 - pa-kam', cont. of pakapa: pakam iyeya, to throw or toss, as a ball. T., pakab.
 - pa-kaŋ', v. a. to respect, honor—wapakaŋ. T., ohola. See ohoda.

- pa'-kan, v. n. to prevent: mini pákan, to be prevented by water, as in a journey.
- pa-kan'-ka, v. to honor, respect—wapakanka.
- pa-kan'-yan, adv. prevented by, impassable: pakanyan ya, to go round, as a lake.
- pa-ka'-pa, v. a. to toss, strike a ball that is thrown and send it back; to strike and stab before falling; to pushaway—wapakapa. T., kakapa.
- pa'-ka-psan, v.a. (pa and kapsan) to nod or bow the head, nod assent pawakapsan. T., pakahunka. See ogingin.
- pa-ka'-tin, v. a. of katin; to straighten out, as the arm when bent at the elbow—wapakatin.
- pa-ka'-wa, v. a. to open out with the hand, as a gun-pan—wapakawa.
- pa-kća', v. a. to comb, disentangle, untie—wapakća, unpakćapi. T., kakća.
- pa-kes', cont. of pakeza: pakes paman, to make a noise by filing anything. T., pakes.
- pa-ke'-za, v.a. to make a noise by rubbing, as in filing—wapakeza. T., pakeza.
- pa-ki'-ća-psan, v. a. of pakapsan; to bow or nod the head to one—pawećapsan. T., pakićahunka, which is from pakahunka.
- pa-ki'-hnung, cont. of pakihnunka; pakihnung iyeya.
- pa-ki'-hnuŋ-ka, v. to push under water, make dive. T., opaspa. See kihnuka.

- pa-ki'-hta, v. pos. of pahta: to tie up or bind together one's own, to pack up—pawakihta, payakihta, paunkihtapi.
- pa-kin', cont. of pakinta; pakin iyeya, to wipe or brush all off—pakin iyewaya. T., pakil.
- pa-kin', v. a. to set up slanting, as a stick pointing in the direction one is going—wapakin. Hence, éanpakin, a stick thus set up, a guidestick.
- pa-kin', v. n. to stand leaning: pakin iyaya, to bow down the head—pakin imdamda. See yukin.
- pa-kins', cont. of pakinza.
- pa-kins'-kin-za, v. red. of pa-kinza.
- pa-kin'-ta, v. a. to wipe, as dishes, rub off, cleanse—wapakinta, unpa-kintapi. See pahinta
- pa-kin'-yan, adv. T. bent over: pakinyan mani.
- pa-kin'-za, v.a. to make creak by rubbing—wapakinza.
- pa-ki'-pu-ski-ća, v. n. to be pressed tight together. See pakipu-skita and yukipuskića.
- pa-ki'-pu-skin, cont. of pakipuskića: pakipuskin iyeya, to press together; pakipuskin ehnaka, to lay on for the purpose of pressing down. T., pakipuskil.
- pa-ki'-pu-ski-ta, v. n. to be pressed together.
- pa-ko', adj. crooked, bent round. pa-ko', n. the outside of a bend. See kalmin.

- pa-kon', cont. of pakota; pakon iyeya.
- pa-ko'-ta, v. a. to dig or take out marrow from a bone, to probe—wapakota. T., pako. See oyukunta.
- pa-ko'-za, v. to push back and forth. T., paslo iyeya na yutahena iću.
- pa-kpa', v. a. to pierce, gouge out, as an eye—wapakpa: i. q. patpa.
- pa-kpan', v. a. to crush, make fine by pressing—wapakpan.
- pa-kpan'-kpan, v. red. of pa-kpan.
- pa-kpi', v. a. to pick a hole, break a hole, as a young chicken in its shell; to hatch; to crack open; to mash, as a louse or flea: i. q patpi.
- pa-kpi'-kpi, v. to prick holes in, as in bread before baking.
- pa-ksa', v.a. to break off, as a stick, with the hand, break in two—wapaksa. pa-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of paksa.
- pa-kśa', v. to fold, as a blanket. See kakśa.
- pa-kśa', adj. bent down, like an old person—mapakśa.
- pa-kśaŋ', v. a. to bend, make bend by striking or pushing—wapakśaŋ.
- pa-kśan'-kśan, v. red. of pakśan. pa-kśa'-ye-la, adv. T. in a bent condition.
- pa-kśi'-kśan, adj. crooked, zigzag. pa-kśi'-kśi-źa, v. red. of pakśiźa.
- pa-kśin, n. the kidneys, reins mapakśin, wićapakśin. Ih., the fat that is on the kidneys. See aźontka and aźuntka.

- pa-kśin'-śin, n. kidney-fat, leaflard. Ih., pakśin.
- pa-kśiś, cont. of pakśiźa; pakśiś iyeya.
- pa-kśi'-źa, v. a. to bend or double up, as the arm at the elbow; to double up anything—wapakśiźa.
- pa-ktan', v. a. to bend around with the hand—wapaktan.
- pa-ktan'-ktan, v. red. of paktan.
- pa-ktan'-yan, v. a. to cause to bend.
- pa-ktan'-yan, adv. bent around.
 pa'-ku-će-dan, adv. head down:
 pakućedan yuza, to hold the head
 down, to apply one's self diligently.
 See pahukun.
- pa-ku'-ka, v. a. to rub to pieces, wear out by handling—wapakuka.
- pa-ku'-śke, n. T. the whip-poorwill: in Lakota it seems to say, wo-ko-gli, wo-ko-gli, clearness, translucency!
- pa-ku'-wi-śka, n. the whip-poorwill. T., pakuśke.
- pa-ke'-ga, v. a. to scrape with the hand, with glass, etc.—wapakega.
- pa-keh, cont. of pakega; pakeh iyeya.
- pa-keh'-ke-ga, v. red. of pakega. pa-kes', cont. of pakeza; pakes iyeya.
- pa-kes'-ke-za, v. red. of pakeza. pa-ke'-za, v. a. to scrape, make smooth by scraping—wapakeza.
- pa-kos', cont. of pakoza; pakos iyeya.

- pa-kos'-ko-za, v. red. of pakoza. pa-ko'-za, v. a. to rub and make smooth and hard—wapakoza.
- pa-ma'-hde-dan, adv. head bowed down, prone: pamahdedan un, to go with the head down, as in sorrow.
- pa-ma'-kom, adv. head down, prone, headlong: pamakom yanka. See ahdaskin.
- pa-man', v. a. to file, rub, polish—wapabe, yapabe, unpamanpi. See pabe.
- pa-mdas', cont. of pamdaza; pamdas iyeya.
- pa'-mda-ska, adj. flat-head: onspe pámdaska, a flat-headed ax, in distinction from the club-heads used by the Dakota women. T., pablaska.
- pa-mda'-ska, v.a. of mdaska; to press out flat, to flatten—wapamda-ska.
- pa-mda'-ya, v. a. of mdaya; to spread out, make level; to iron, as clothes; to make smooth—wapa-mdaya, unpamdayapi T., pablaya.
- pa-mda'-za, v. a. to burst open, tear open, as a bag, by sitting on it wapamdaza. See mdaza.
- pa-mde'-ća, v. a. to crush, break, as brittle ware, by pressing—wapamdeća T., pableća.
- pa-mde'-mde-ća, v. red. of pamdeća.
- pa-mden', cont. of pamdeća; pa-mden iyeya. T., pablel.

- crush—pamdenwaya.
- pa-mdu', v. a. to bruise fine, crush to powder—wapamdu, uppamdupi. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ pablu.
- pa mi' ma, v. a. to make round by filing or rubbing—wapamima. See pahmihma.
- pa'-mi-ma, adj. (pa and mima) round pointed: isan pámima, a caseknife. See mibe.
- pa-mna', v. a. to rip, as one's coatsleeve—wapamna.
- pa-mni', v. a. to divide, make a division, distribute anything—wapamni, uppamnipi.
- pa-mni'-mni, v. red. of pamni.
- pa-na'-ke, adv. panake iyeya, to push over on one side. Same as
- pa na' ke ya, adv. of nakeya; lying on one side after being pushed over: panakeya iyeya.
- pa-ni', v. a. to push or jog one with the elbow—wapani.
- pa-ni'-ni, v. a. to push or jog with the elbow or hand; to wake out of sleep by jogging—wapanini.
- pa-nmi'-nma, v. This form is used by the Mdewakantonwans. See pahmihma.
- $pa nu\eta' \dot{g}a$, v. a. to sprain, as the arm or hand—wapanunga.
- pan, v.n. to cry aloud, call, yell, halloo-wapan, unpanpi. See kipan.
- pan-bo'-tu-ka, n. an Indian woman's bag, in which she keeps her sewing apparatus; a work-bag, a reticule. T., halionta opiye.

- pa-mden'-ya, v. a. to cause to pan'-ga, adj. bulky, as buffalorobes, stuffed, filled full.
 - paŋ'-ġe-ća, *adj*. bulky, puffed out-mapangeća.
 - pan-gi', n. the artichoke, Helianthus tubcrosus.
 - paŋ-ġi'-hu, *n*. the stalk of the artichoke.
 - Pan'-ka, n. p. the Ponkas. See Oyate yamni.
 - paŋ-ke'-ska, n. T., i. q. panpeska: crockery, China-ware.
 - pan'-pan, v. red of pan; to yell, make a noise, shout, as the Dakota young men do—wapanpan.
 - pan-pan'-na, adj. soft, as a deerskin or cloth. This may be from "panna," which is not now used.
 - pan-pe'-ska, n. round white ornaments for the neck, slightly curved: can pappeska, the excrescences that grow on trees. Same as kappeska. T., pankeska, large shells; white ware.
 - pan-pe'-ska-dan, n. dim. of panpeska.
 - pan-pe'-ska-wa-kśi-ća, n. white-ware, China-ware.
 - panś-pan'-źa, adj. soft, bunchy. panś-pan'-źe-dan, adj. soft, as furs, bulky.
 - paŋś'-ya, *adv*. bulky, bunchy.
 - pan'-yan, adv. crying out.
 - paŋ-yaŋ'-haŋ, adv. crying out, yelling: panyanhan eya.
 - paŋ'-źa, adj. puffed up, soft, bunchy; one who is lazy—mapanźa.

- pan'-źe-la, adj. T. puffed out, bulky.
- pa-o'-gla-ya, adv. T. singly, one by one.
- pa-o'-hda-pśin, adv. rolled over, scattered about: paohdapśin ehpeya, to turn an object bottom up by pushing it. See paahdapśin.
- pa-o'-hda-pśiŋ-yaŋ, adv. tumbled over, topsy-turvey: paohdapśiŋyaŋ iyeya. See ahdapśiŋyaŋ, ohdapśiŋyaŋ, etc.
- pa-o'-hdu-ta, v.a. of ohduta; to close up or over, as a hole, by rub-bing—wapaohduta.
- pa-o'-hdu-te-ya, v.a. to cause to close up by rubbing—paohdutewaya.
- pa-o'-ka-gla-la, adv. T. to an extraordinary degree.
- p a o' k a g a, adv. T. exceedingly, extravagantly.
- pa-o'-ki-he, n (pa and okihe)

 T. the bridge or ridge of the nose,
 bone and cartilege.
- pa-o'-ki-ya-ska-pa, v. n. to be bent in, jammed in.
- pa-o'-po, v. n. to warp; to push and make a hollow place. T., naopo.
- pa-o'-pu-ski-ća, v. a. to press down into. See pakipuskića.
- pa-o'-pu-skin, cont. of paopuskića; paopuskin iyeya.
- pa-o'-spe. v. a. to push under, as in water—wapaospe: paospe iyeya, to push under, push out of sight.
- pa-o'-tkons, cont. of paotkonza. T., paitkons.

- T. puffed out, pa-o'-tkon-za, v. a. to press in full, make even full, strike off level, as in measuring grain—wapaotkonza.

 T. paitkonza. See tkonza.
 - pa-o'-tins, cont. of paotinza; paotins iyeya.
 - pa-o'-tin-za, v. a. of otinza; to press in hard and tight—wapao-tinza.
 - pa-o'-ze-ze, v. n. to swing, dangle, hang, as berries. T., kaozeze.
 - pa-o'-ze-ze-ya, adv. swinging, dangling. See ozezeya.
 - p a p a', v. T. to bark, as dogs; to bark at one: sunka mapapa. See pa.
 - p a' p a, n. Ih. and T. dried meat;
 i. q. wakablapi. See mama and
 waconica.
 - pa-pa'-ġa, v. n. to pop, as corn in parching: i. q. pahpaġa.
 - pa-pah'-ya, v. a. to parch, as corn—papahwaya, papahunyanpi. Hence, wapapahyapi, parched corn.
 - pa-pin'-kpa, n. T. (pa and inkpa)
 the point of the nose.
 - pa-pin'-za, v. to prick, prick or dot all over: papinzapi se. T., pakpikpi.
 - pa-pom', cont. of papopa; papom iyeya, to make burst. T., papob.
 - pa-po'-pa, v.a. to make burst or pop by squeezing or pressing—wapapopa: papopapi se, said of quilting that is puffed up in little bunches.
 - pa-po'-wa-ya, v. a. of powaya; to rub or brush up, as fur or nap on a hat or blanket—wapapowaya.

- pa-psag', cont. of papsaka; papsag iyeya.
- pa-psag'-ya, v. a. to cause to break, as a cord—papsagwaya.
- pa-psa'-ka, v. a. to break in two with the hand, as a cord—wapa-psaka, unpapsakapi.
- pa-pson', v. a. to pour out, spill, throw out, as a liquid—wapapson.
- pa-psun', v. See papson.
- pa-psun'-psun-la, v. T. to rub and make smooth and round, as an arrow shaft.
- pa-pśun, v. a. to put out of joint or dislocate, as one's arm—wapapśun.
- pa-ptan, v. a. to turn over—wapaptan.
- pa-ptan, v. red. of paptan; to roll over, wallow about wapaptanptan.
- pa-ptan'-ptan-yan, adv. wallowing about.
- pa-ptanyan iyeya, to roll over, roll away.
- pa-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of paptuźa.
- pa-ptus', adv. curled up; paptus iwanka.
- pa-ptuś, cont. of paptuźa; paptuś iyeya.
- pa-ptuś'-ya, v. a. to cause to crack or split—paptuśwaya.
- pa-ptu'-źa, v. a. to split, to crack by working with the hands—wapaptuźa.
- pa-pus', cont. of papuza; papus iyeya.

- pa-pu'-za, v. a. of puza; to rub dry, wipe dry—wapapuza.
- pa-sbu', v. a. to cut into strings; to make rattle, as corn, by pushing in—wapasbu.
- pa-sbu'-pi, n. fringe.
- pa-sbu'-sbu, v. red. of pasbu.
- pa-sbu'-ya, v. a. T. to make rattle by pushing.
- pa-sbu'-ya, adv. rattling.
- pa-sdan', cont. of pasdata. T., paslal.
- parsda'-ta, v. a. to set up a pole in the ground, to drive in, as a stake or tent-pins—wapasdata. T., paslata. See pahdata.
- p a s d e' \acute{c} a , v. a to split by striking or rubbing—wapasde \acute{c} a. T., pasle \acute{c} a See pahde \acute{c} a.
- p a s d e n', cont. of pasdeća; pasden iyeya. T., paslel.
- pa-sde'-sde-ća, v. red. of pasdeća.
- pa-sdo'-han, v. a. to push or shove along—wapasdohan. T., pa-slohan. See pahdohan.
- pa-sdo'-han-han, v. red. of pasdohan.
- pa-sem', cont. of pasepa; pasem iyeya. T., paseb.
- pa-se'-pa. va. to rub off, as white-wash—wapasepa.
- pa-si', v. a. to follow after one, follow in Indian file, follow, as a leader; to chase—wapasi.
- pa-si'-pi-ka, n. one who is followed, a leader; a spokesman—mapasipika.

- pa-si'-sa, v. a. to pin together; to stick in, as a needle or pin—wapasisa.
- pa'-ska, adj. white-headed.
- pa-ska', v.a. to bleach; to rub and make white—wapaska. T., naska.
- pa-ski'-ća, v.a. to press down on with the hand—wapaskića. See paśkića.
- pa-skin', cont. of paskića; paskin iyeya.
- pa-slo'-han-pi, n. T., i. q. hutinacute.
- pa-slul, cont. T. of pasluta.
- pa-slu'-slu-ta, red. of pasluta.
- pa-slu'-ta, v. T. to push out of, as dirt from a pipe-stem.
- pa-slu'-ta, v. a. T. to commit masturbation—wapasluta.
- pa-slu'-ka, n. T. masturbation; onanism.
- pa-smag', cont. of pasmaka; pasmag iyeya.
- pa-sma'-ka, v. a. to make a hollow in by pushing, to indent—wapa-smaka.
- pa-smi', v. a. to do little things to irritate, provoke, pick a quarrel with—wapasmi, unpasmipi. T., yusigla kta kuwa.
- pa-smi'-ka, v. a. Same as pasmi.
- pa-smin'-yan, v. See pasmin-yanyan.
- pa-smin'-yan-yan, v.a. to rub or scrape off, make smooth or clean; to make smooth, as a gun-bore wapasminyanyan.

- pa-sna', v. a. to make rustle; to shake down and make rustle, as leaves—wapasna. T., yusna.
- pa-sni', v. a. to extinguish, as a fire-brand, by pushing it into the ashes—wapasni.
- pa-snon', v. a. to roast, as meat, on a spit or stick—wapasnon, unpasnonpi.
- pa snun', v.a. See pasnon.
- pa-spa'-ya, v. a. to make wet, to sponge—wapaspaya, unpaspayapi. This word is also used with the vulgar meaning of tawinton.
- pa-stan, v. a. to soak and take the hair off, as from a hide—wapastan. T., ohpanyan.
- pa-stan'-ka, v. a. to moisten; in a vulgar sense, tawinton. See paspaya.
- pa-stan'-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to take off the hair, as in dressing a skin—pastanwakiya.
- pa-sto', v. a. to smooth, brush down, as hair—wapasto, unpastopi. T., kasto.
- pa-sto'-sto, v. red. of pasto; to brush down: pastosto iyaya, to go dragging along and brushing down, as a wounded animal brushes down the grass. T., kastosto.
- pa-sto'-ya, v. a. to cause to brush down—pastowaya.
- pa-sto'-ya, adv. brushing down pa-su', n. the nose or snout of animals, sometimes also of man; the beak or bill of birds; the external

nose.

- pa-su'-mda-śka, n. (pasu and mdaśka) a broad-billed duck.
- pa-su'-śko-pa, n. (crooked-bill) the snipe; the prairie curlew, a bird with a very long bill, which in one species is crooked, and hence the name.
- pa-su'-ta, v. a. of suta; to make stiff and hard by kneading, as dough wapasuta. T., patinza
- pa-śa', v. a. of śa; to make red by rubbing—wapaśa.
- pa-ś'a'-ka, v.a. to push or strike with too little force to penetrate wapaś'aka.
- pa-śbo'-ka, v.n. to come up, overflow. T., apaśwoka.
- pa- \pm bu', v. n. to come up or out. pa'- \pm da, adj (pa and \pm da) baldheaded. T, nata \pm la.
- p a ś d a', v. a. of śda; to make bare, rub off, as hair—wapaśda.
- pa-śda'-ya, v. a. to hull, as corn in making hominy, to make hominy—wapaśdaya, unpaśdayapi.
- pa-śda'-ya-pi, n. corn hulled by boiling in ashes, hominy.
- pa-śdo'-ka, v. a. to push or shove off, as one's coat sleeve—wapa-śdoka.
- pa-śi'-ća, v. a. of śića; to spoil with the hands or by rubbing, soil, injure—wapaśića.
- pa-śi'-ća-ho-wa-ya, v. a. of śićahowaya; to make cry out by pushing with the hand; to push or punch and make cry out—wapaśićahowaya.

- pa-śi'-li ti n, v. to make badly; to do incorrectly.
- pa-śim', cont. of paśipa; paśim iyeya. T., yuśib
- pa-śim'-śim, red. of paśim.
- pa-śim'-śi-pa, v. red. of paśipa.
- pa-śiŋ', n. a bunch on a tree. T., ćan nuge.
- pa-śi'-pa, v. a. to break off with the hand, as the branches of a tree, close to the body, or as pins; to push out of joint—wapaśipa.
- pa-śke'-pa, v. T. to rub off, as water.
- pa-śki'-ća, v. a. to press out with the hand—wapaśkića. See paskića.
- pa-śki'-śka, v.a. to disarrange by rubbing—wapaśkiśka
- p a ś k i' t a, v. a. to press, squeeze out by pressing—wapaśkita.
- pa-śpa', v. a. to break off a piece, cut off a piece; to take out the dirt, as in washing; to wash out, as a stain—wapaśpa, unpaśpapi: paśpeśni and paśpapi śni, indelible, as a stain.
- p a ś p a' ś p a , v. red. of paśpa.
- pa-śpe'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to break off; to cause to come out, as a stain—paśpewakiya.
- pa-śpe'-ya, v. a. to cause to come out, as a stain, etc.—paśpewaya.
- p a śpu', v. a. to break off, as a bulb or excrescence, break off, as something bulbous—wapaśpu.
- pa-śpu'-śpu, v. a. red. of paśpu; to break or cut in pieces, as a cake of tallow—wapaśpuśpu

- pa-śuś, cont. of paśuża; paśuś pa-tan'-in-śni, v. n. to rub off,
- pa- $\pm u'$ - $\pm u$ - $\pm a$, v. red. of pa $\pm u$ za: to mash up, break in pieces, as bones—wapaśuśuźa.
- pa śu' źa, v. a. to crush with the hand; to break or mash by punching-wapaśuźa.
- pa-ta', v. a. to cut out and sew up, as in making a tent-wapata.
- pa'-ta, v. a. to cut up or carve, as meat; to cut in pieces, as an animalwapata, unpatapi.
- pa'-ta, n. a grove of timber; i. q. taśkoźu.
- pa-ta', adv. together, crowded: pata iheya, they crowd together. *T*., wi-
- pa-tag', cont. of pataka; patag inawazin, I stand, unable to proceed on account of something.
- pa-ta'-ka, v. T. to dodge about; to run here and there; to come to a stop and then dart off in another direction, as a wild horse; to come to a stand; to touch: hence, ipatake, a brace: to be hindered. See putaka.
- $pa ta \eta'$, v. a. to esteem highly; to take care of; to be unwilling to part with—wapatan.
- pa-t'an', v. a. to push against with the hand; to feel for by pushing with anything, other than the hand: the idea in the prefix "pa" is that of pushing.—w. J. C.—wapat'an.
- pa-t'an'-han, part. pushing against. pa-tan'-in, v. a. to rub and make appear-wapatanin.

- to obliterate—wapataninśni.
- pa'-tan-ka, adj. large-headed. T., nata tanka.
- $pa-ta\eta'-ka$, v.a. to push out, make larger by pushing-wapatanka.
- pa-t'an'-t'an, v. red. of pat'an; to feel for by punching.
- pa-t'an-yan, adv. punching for, as for turtle eggs in the sand; pat'ant'anyan kuwa. See pazi.
- pa-tan'-yan, adj. reserving, keeping. pa-t'an'-yan, adv. pushing against. pa'-ta-pi, n. a cutting up of meat, carving.
- pa'-ta-waŋ-źi-daŋ, adv. directly, in one path, with one purpose, unchangeable. T., pat'anwanzila.
- pa-te'-ća, v. a. to make new, rub up and make new again—wapateća.
- pa-te'-pa, v. a. to wear off by rubbing—wapatepa.
- pa-ti'-ća, v. a. to scrape off, as snow from the ground; to work up by pressing on, as dough when sticky and soft; to shove, to pushwapatića.
- pa-tin', cont. of patića; patin iyeya. T., patil; patimahel patil iyeya, to shove into the house.
- pa-tin', adj. stiff, as a new ribbon, firm, not springing or yielding; stiffened with the cold—mapatin. See katin and satin.
- pa-tin'-ya, v. a. to cause to become stiff—patinwaya.
- pa-ti'-tan, v. a. to push against, push along—wapatitan.

- pa-ti'-tan-yan, adv. pushing against.
- pa-tka'-śa-dan, n a small species of tortoise. See keya, etc.
- pa-tku', v. a. to break off square—wapatku.
- pa-tku'-ġa, v. a. to break in two by striking; to break in two by pushing or punching—wapatkuġa.
- pa-tkuh', cont. of patkuġa; patkuh iyeya.
- pa-tku'-tku-ga, v. red. of patkuga. pa-to'-kan-i-ye-ya, v. T. to push aside.
- pa-tpa', v. a. Same as pakpa.
- pa-tpi', v.a. to break out of the shell, as anything being hatched: i. q. pakpi.
- pa-tuś', cont. of patuźa; patuś inaźin, to stand bent forward.
- pa-tuś'-ya, v. a. to cause to bend forward or stoop, to make bow down—patuśwaya.
- pa-tu'-źa, v. n. to bend over, lean forward, stoop down—wapatuźa. See pakućedan, pamahdedan, etc.
- pa-ta', v. a. to press to death, kill by lying on—wapata.
- pa-ta'-ta, v. n T. to be numb; to be asleep, as a limb. See kpatata. pa-tins', cont. of patinza; patins iyeya.
- pa-tins'-tin-za, v. red. of patinza. pa-tin'-za, v. a. to make stiff by kneading, as in mixing up bread; to press down tight—wapatinza.
- pa-u y'-ka, v. T. to push and make fall down: i. q. pawanka.

- pa-wan'-ka, v.a. to push down-wapawanka. T., paunka.
- pa-wan'-kan, adv. pawankan iéu, to shove up.
- pa'-we, v. to bleed at the nose.
- pa-we'-ġa, v. a. to break with the hand, as a stick, but not entirely off; to break by pushing against; to break by falling on—wapaweġa: to intersect, as one road another. See ipaweġa.
- pa-weh', cont. of pawega; paweh iyeya.
- pa-weh'-we-ga, v. red. of pawega. pa-weh'-ya, v. a. to cause to break; to break by pushing against pawehwaya.
- pa-wi', adv. many, as a great many maggets. T, opawiwi. See pawise.
- pa-wi'-hnu-ni, v. a. to rub to pieces, to destroy—wapawihnuni.
- pa-wi'-ka, adv. many: itu pawika. pa-winh'-ya, adv turning out of a straight direction.
- pa-winś, cont. of pawinźa; pawinś iyeya.
- pa-winś'-win-źa, v. red. of pawinźa; to bend down, to make shake.
- pa-win'-ta, v. a. to rub—wapawinta. See pahinta and pakinta.
- p.a w i n' ź a, v. a. to bend or press down, as grass.
- pa-wi'-se, adv many, as maggots. This word seems to convey the idea of crawling over each other, as a moving mass. See pawiwi and pawiwise. T., opawiwi.

pa-wi'-ta-ya, v. a. of witaya; to | pa-zan', v. a. to part or separate, assemble, collect—wapawitaya. | as in running the fingers or a comb

pa-wi'-wi, adv. red. of pawi; in crowds. See opawiwi.

pa-wi'-wi-se, adv. shaking: pawiwise iyaya, to shake, as the hair of a badger when walking. The idea of motion seems to be implied. See opawiwise.

 pa-wi'-ya-kpa, v. a. of wiyakpa; to rub and make shine, to polish—wapawiyakpa.

pa-wi'-ya-tpa, v. a. Same as pawiyakpa.

pa-wo'-slal, cont. of pawoslata; pawoslal iyeya, to run up, as a flag.

pa-wo'-sla-ta, v. T. to push up straight: i. q. pabosdata.

pa-ya'-ta, adv. in or at the head:
payata o, to shoot in the head: payata ićakśa, to gather in a roll
around the neck, as an Indian sometimes does his blanket. T., nata
ekta.

p a - y e' - ġ a, v. a. to make shine by rubbing—wapayeġa. T., paleliya.

pa-yes', cont. of payeza.

pa-ye'-za, v. a to rub, to scour—wapayeza.

pa-za', v. a to stick up bushes, as the Dakotas do to sleep under when on a journey; to make a booth—wapaza. T., initi yuktan.

pa-za', n. the sacred name for wood.

ра'-za, *adj. bitter*, as gall. vol. vii——27 as in running the fingers or a comb through the hair; to spread out or divide, as the hair—wapazan. See pagan.

pa-zan', v. a. to hurt or kill by striking—wapazan.

pa-zan, adv. T. with the head only concealed, as a hen in the bushes; pazan hpaya.

pa-zan'-yan, v.a. to hurt or kill by striking—wapazanyan

pa-zan'-yan, adv. spread out, as curtains; spread over, as a booth: pazanyan iwanka, to sleep under a booth. T., pazanyan iyunka, to sleep under the brush; the idea is, not concealed.

pa'-ze-ća, adj. bitter.

pa'-ze-ze, v. n. to swing, nod. See ozeze and paozeze.

pa'-ze-ze-dan, adv. swinging, nodding, letting the head drop, as in sleep.

pa'-ze-ze-ya, adv. swinging. See ozezeya.

pa'-ze-ze-ye-dan, adv. nodding, as in sleep.

p a'-zi, n. yellow-head. T., natazi. p a - zi', v. a. to push into, as a stick into the sand in hunting for tortoise eggs—wapazi. T., pat'ant'an.

pa-zi'-ća, v. a. to rub, roll out or stretch with the hand; to stretch by pressing against—wapazića.

pa-zig'-zi-ća, v. red. of pazića. pa-zo', v. a. to show, present anything to view—wapazo, unpazopi.

- pazowakiya.
- pa-zun', cont. of pazunta; pazun owaton, I wear it only run up. pazul.
- pa-zun'-ta, v. a. to sew or run up at the sides some distance from the edge, as leggings—wapazunta.
- $pa \acute{z}a'$ or $pa \acute{z}a\eta'$, adv. through: paźa éap'a, to stab through. ihunniyan.
- pa-źal'. T. cont. of paźata.
- $pa \acute{z} a l' \acute{z} a t a$. T. red. of paźata.
- $pa ža \eta'$, adv. See paźa.
- $pa \acute{z} a \eta' y a$, adv. through and through.
- $pa \acute{z}a' ta$, v. a. to make forked by punching or thrusting something into—wapaźata.
- pa \dot{z} a' \dot{z} a, v. a. to wash, as a gun, by pushing and pulling—wapaźaźa.
- pa-źim', cont. of paźipa; paźim ·iyeya. T., paźib.
- pa zim' zi pa, v. red. of pazipa. pa-źin', v. to prevent. See ipaźin, kipaźin, wipaźin, and wapaźin.
- $pa \dot{z}i' pa$, v. a. to prick with a pin; to press against and make penetrate. See yaźipa and yuźipa.
- $pa-\acute{z}o'-dan$, n. a high knoll or hill, the top of a hill.
- pa-źo'-ya, *adv*. hill-like, swelled
- $pa \dot{z} u \eta'$, v. a. to push down andpry up, as a root; to pull up, as ducks do grass roots in water wapaźuŋ.

- pa-zo'-ki-ya, v. to cause to show— | pa-źu'-źu, v. a. to rub out, cross out, erase—wapaźuźu.
 - pće'-će-na, adj. Ih. short: i. q.ptećedan. T, pćećela.
 - pćel-ye'-la, adv. T. briefly, for a little time.
 - pće-pćel'-ye-la, adv. red. of pćelyela.
 - pće-ya', v. a. to cut and dry meat of any kind—pćewaya. T., kablaya. See wapćeya.
 - pe, adv. modal, plural ending, old form for "pi."
 - pe, the precatory plur. imp. termination of verbs, used commonly by women, as, ećon pe, do ye do it.
 - pe, n. the top of the head.
 - sharp, as edged tools; pe, adj. pointed.
 - pe-a'-gla-ta-ta, v. T. to use all up, to exhaust one's supply by giving to others: i. q. woźuha glatata peawaglatata. See hdatata.
 - pe-ćo'-kan-yan, n. thescalp-lock.
 - Pe-ćo'-kan-yan-han-ska, n. p. the Chinese; a Chinaman.
 - pe'-ćo-ka-ya ki-son-pi, the scalp-lock. T., pećokanyan.
 - pe-ćus', cont. of pećuza: wi pećus wanka, there are sun dogs. T., wi aćeićiti, the sun builds his own fires.
 - pe-ćus'-ya, adv. wi pećusya wanka; said when mock suns are observed.
 - pe-ću'-za, n. sun-dogs, mock-suns.

- pe'-gna-ka, v. T. to wear in the hair or on the head: i q pehin gnaka.
- pe'-gna-ka-pi, v. T. ornaments worn in the hair or on the head, as brooches, feathers, etc.
- pe-ġe', n. the side or height of a vessel. T., ćuwi.
- pe-han', v.a. to fold up anything. wapehan: pehan ehnaka, to fold up and lay away.
- pe-han', n. the crane, of several species.
- pe-han'-gi-dan, n. the gray or sand-hill crane.
- pe-han'-han, v. red. of pehan; to writhe or move about, as one does with the stomach-ache—wapehanhan
- pe-haŋ'-ka-daŋ, n. a small slender bird which frequents the water. Same as siyukaŋśaśa.
- pe-han'-san, n. the large white crane.
- pe-hin', n. T. the hair of the head:
 i. q. pahin.
- pe-hin'-i-ća-sto, n. T. a hair brush.
- pe-hip'-i-sla-ye, n. T. hair-oil; grease for the hair.
- pe-lini'-ġa, v. n. to be red hot, heated to a white heat.
- pe-lini'-ġa, n. that which is heated to a red heat. Compare peśniźa.
- pe-hnih', cont. of pehniga.
- pe-lini'-lini-ga, v. red of pe-liniga.
- pe-hnih'-ya, v. a. to heat red hot—pehnihwaya.

- p e k s u', n. a kind of acorn. T., uta.
- pe-ksu'-dan, n. a species of acorn; a kind of grass with a red flower.
- pel, cont. of peta; n. T. fire.
- pel-i'-le-ya-pi, n. T. something to light a fire with; kindlings.
- pel-kan', adv. T. near the fire. pe-mna', v. n. to smell of fire; as if pet mna.
- pe-mna', adj. smelling of fire, smelling burnt.
- pe-mni', adj. warped, twisted, crooked.
- pe-mni', v. n. to warp, twist; to become crooked, become entangled.
- pe-mni'-mni, v. red. of pemni.
- pe-mni'-yan, adv. crookedly, perversely, twisting.
- pe-mnu'-mnu-ġa, n. the pit of the stomach. See also pimnumnuġa. T., śipute.
- pe-na'-kpa-kpa, v. n. (peta and nakpakpa) to crackle, as a fire.
- pe-na'-tpa-tpa, v.n. to crackle, emit sparks, as fire. This and the preceding word may perhaps be used as nouns, meaning small sparks.
- pe-pe', adj. red. of pe; prickly, jagged.
- pe-pe'-ya, adv. prickly, sharp, or rough, as a frozen road: pepeya hiyeya.
- pe-sde'-te, n. the top of the head; the comb of a rooster. T., peslete.

- pe-sde'-te-o-win-ge, n. the curl of hair on the top of the head.
- pe-sle'-te, n. T. i. q. pesdete.
- pe-sle'-te-śa, n. T. the red comb of a chicken cock.
- pe'-sto, adj. sharp-pointed.
- $p e' s t o d a \eta$, adj. sharp-pointed. T., pestola.
- pe'-sto-la, n. T. the diamond in cards.
- pe'-sto-ya, adv. in a sharp-pointed manner.
- pe'-sto-ye-la, adv T. i. q. pestoya.
- $Pe'-\pm a$, n. p. the Kwapas.
- pe-śka', n. the air-bladder of a fish. This is sometimes used for making glue, hence the name conpeska.
- pe-śni'-źa, n. sparks of fire.
- pet, cont. of peta, as in petiskan, etc. T., pel.
- pe'-ta, n. fire.
- pe-ta'-ga, n. burning coals.
- pe-ta'-ġa-i-će-oŋ-pa, v. to broil on the coals—petaġa ićewaoŋpa.
- pe-tan', adv. on the fire: petan elipeya, to throw on or in the fire. T., petanl.
- pe-tan'-na, adv. in the fire.
- pet-i'-śkaŋ, v.n. to draw near the fire, warm one's self—petimaśkaŋ. T., peliśkaŋ.
- pet'-i-źaŋ-źaŋ and pe-ta'-i-źaŋźaŋ, n. a torch, candle, lamp T., peliźaŋźaŋ.
- pet-i'-źaŋ-źaŋ-i-hu-pa, n. a candlestick, lamp. T., peliźaŋźaŋ ihupa.

- pet-i'-źaŋ-źaŋ-i-yu-kse, n. candle-snuffers. T., peliźaŋźaŋ iyu-kse.
- pet-ka'-hda, adv. (peta and kahda) near the fire, by the fire. T., pelkanye and pelicagla.
- pet-ki'-ye-dan, adv. (peta and kiyedan) near the fire. T., pel-kanyela.
- pe-tu'-spe, n. a fire-brand.
- pe-tu'-ste, n. a fire-brand.
- p e'-wi-wi-la, n. T. the soft spot in the cranium of infants.
- pe-yo'-han, n. a line running over the middle of the head from the forehead, the parting of the hair. T., peyohanla.
- p e y o' h a n l a, n. T. i. q. peyohan.
- pe-yo'-zan, n. the place which is left on the head by separating the hair: i. q. peyohan.
- pe-źi', n. grass, herbs, hay.
- pe-źi'-hiŋ-kpi-la, n. T. moss.
- pe-źi-hu'-ta, n. grass-roots, herbs; medicines of all kinds. T., peźuta.
- pe-źi-hu'-ta-i-ya-tke, n. something to drink medicine out of; teacups. T., peźuta iyatke. See yatkan.
- pe-źi-hu'-ta-i-yo-ka-śtan, n. something to pour medicine into; a coffee-pot, tea-pot; a syringe.
- pe-źi-hu'-ta-sa-pa, n. black medicine, i. e. coffee. T., peźuta sapa.
- pe-źi-hu'-ta-śi-ća, n. bad medicine, i. e. poison. T., peźuta śića.

- T., medicine man; a physician. peźuta wićaśa.
- pe-źi-hu'-ta-zi, n. yellow medi-T., peźutazi. cine; rhubarb.
- Pe-źi-hu'-ta-zi-ka-pi-wathe Yellow Medicine kpa, n. p.River, which joins the Minnesota from the Coteau des Prairies, about thirty miles below Mdeiyedan. See ka and wakpa.
- pe-źi'-ho-ta, n. a kind of grass or herb of a whitish or grayish appearance, which grows abundantly on the prairies; wild sage. In our translations this word is used for hyssop.
- pe-źi'-i-ća-śda, n. (pezi and kasda a scythe.
- pe-źi'-i-na-kse, n. T. a mowing machine.
- $pe-\dot{z}i'-i-to-k\dot{s}u$, n. (peźi and tokśu) a hay-rack.
- $pe-\dot{z}i'-i-yu-hip-te$, n. a hayrake.
- pe-źi'-ka-śda, v. to cut hay or grass, to mow—peźiwakaśda. peźikaśla.
- pe-źi'-o-ka-śla, n. T. a place to cut hay, a meadow.
- $pe-\acute{z}i'-o-na-kse-ya-pi$, n. a place to cut hay in.
- T. (peźi pe-źi'-uŋ-kće-la, n. and unkée) the sand burr.
- pe-źi'-uŋ-kće-kće-la, n. sand burrs.
- peź'-o-wiŋ-źa, n. (peźi and owinźa) grass-bedding in a tent.

- $pe-\acute{z}i-hu'-ta-wi-\acute{c}a-\acute{s}ta$, n. $a \mid pe-\acute{z}u'-ta-gmi-gme-la$, n. T. "round medicine," pills.
 - pi, the common plural termination of verbs, nouns, pronouns, adjectives, and sometimes adverbs and prepositions. In the Titonwan dialect the "pi" often becomes "pe" before "ye lo," when the "ye" is lost: e. g. "hećoppe lo" for "hećoppi ye lo."—w. J. c.
 - pi, adj. good. This word is probably obsolete, but words formed from it are in use, as, yupi, etc.
 - pi, n. the liver—mapi, wićapi: tapi, the liver of animals.
 - pi'-ća, an auxiliary verb with the force of can. It conveys the idea of power or possibility, as econpica, that can be done.
 - pi-ća', adj. good.
 - pi-ća'-ka, an auxiliary verb, sometimes with the force of pica, and sometimes with that of pića śni. The "ka" may in some cases be interrogative.
 - pi-ća'-ka, *adj*. a little good: i. q.kitanna waste: a little better than some other.
 - pi-ća'-la-ke, adj. T. more perfect than some other; picalake cin he iću yo, take the best one.
 - pi-ća'-śni, v. it cannot be, it is impossible.
 - pi-ća'-ya, adv. well.
 - pi-da', v. n. to be glad, thankful; to rejoice—piwada, piundapi. pila.
 - | pi-da'-da, v. red. of pida.

- pi-da'-ki-ya, v. a. to make glad, make thankful—pidawakiya, pidaunkiyapi: pidamakiya, he has made me glad, I am thankful. T., pilakiya.
- pi-da'-ya, v. a. to make glad—pi-dawaya, pidaunyanpi. T., pilaya. pi-da'-ya, adv. gladly.
- pi'-ge-se, adv. T. with a noise, as one in diving into water.
- pi-i'-ći-ya, v. reflex. of piya; to prepare one's self, get ready—pimićiya, piunkićiyapi.
- pi-ki'-ći-da, v. to give thanks to, be glad for—piwećida. T., pikićila, to be glad or thankful with or for another; to take part with one in his thankfulness. There seems to be no word for "to give thanks "Wopila" is not to", to thank. used, so the forms wopila ku, ećiya, etc., are not understood. The only expression of this idea is in the full form, pilayapi oglaka. However, it is contained in such forms as, pilamayaya, you make me thankful, i. e. I thank you.—w. s. c.
- pi-ki'-ći-ya, v. of piya; to mend. for one—piwećiya.
- pi-ki'-da, v. n. to be thankful, glad—piwakida.
- pi-ki'-ya, v. a. to conjure, to pow-wow over the sick, as the Dakotas do; to mend or make new one's own—piwakiya, piunkiyapi, pimakiya.
- pi-ki'-ya-pi, part. conjured, conjuring; mended. T., wapiyapi.

- pi-ksu'-daŋ, n. a kind of acorn. See peksudaŋ.
- pi-ksu'-ta, n. a species of prairie grass—the blue joint.
- pil-i'- \(\chi\)i- ya, v. reflex. T. to make one's self thankful.
- pi-mnu'-mnu-ga, n. the pit of the stomach. T., sipute.
- pins-pin'-za, n. the prairie dog, an animal about the size of a mink or a large ground squirrel, which is found near the Missouri, and is said by the Dakotas to plant its own field.
- pins-pin'-za, v. red. of pinza; to squeal, as a ground squirrel when caught.
- p $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ $\dot{\mathbf{s}}$ l e' $\dot{\mathbf{c}}$ a, n. T. the spleen: i. q. piśniże.
- pinś-pin'-źe-dan, adj. thin, scattering, as hair or grass.
- piŋ'-za, v. n. to creak, as a shoe. T., kiŋza; kiŋskiŋza.
- pin'-ze-dan, n. the prairie dog. pin'-źa, adj. destitute of hair: i q. śmi
- pi-pi'-ya, adv. red. of piya; well, anew, thoroughly.
- pis-pi'-za, v. T. to make a noise with the lips, as in whistling for a dog.
- pi-śka'-te, n. a small species of cranberry.—s. w. r. See potpanka. pi'-śko, n. the night-hawk.
- pi'-śko-ta-haŋ-pe, n. lit. "the night-hawk's moccasin," the lady's-slipper, a flower; mushrooms, fungus: i. q. wićanhpi hinhpaya. T., makaćannakpan.

- p i ś n i' ź e, n. the spleen. See tapiśniże. T., piśleća; tapiśleća.
- p i ś p i' ź a, adj. red. of piźa; wrinkled—mapiśpiźa.
- p i ś p i' ź e d a ŋ, adj. wrinkled or shrivelled, as one's hands from being long in water, withered mapiśpiźedaŋ.
- pi-ya', v. a. of pi, good; to make anew, mend up, repair—piwaya, piunyanpi. T. to conjure the sick. See pikiya.
- pi'-ya, adv. well, anew: piya lıduha, to have again, recover one's own; piya kaga, to mend, make anew.
- pi'-ya-e-haŋ-ke-ća, adv. taller, longer than.
- pi'-ya-e-haŋ-na-ke-ćiŋ-haŋ, adv. presently: i. q. ehakedaŋke ćiŋhaŋ, soon, again: after a pause; resting and then going on afresh.
- pi-ya'-e-haŋ-na-se, adv. little longer.
- pi'-ya-i-yu-kéan, v. to take another view of; to change one's mind.
- pi-ya'-ya, v. n. to run well, as a canoe or hutinaćute.
- pi-ye'. v. See piya.
- pi-ye'-deś, adv. notwithstanding; heedlessly: i. q. iyowinyeśni. Said of one who does not listen to what is said to him. See inihan śni.
- p i y e' p i é a, adj. reparable: piyepiéa śni, that cannot be repaired.
- pi-zi', n. the gall—mapizi. See tapizi.

- See | pi'-źa, adj. wrinkled—mapiźa.
 - po, the plural termination of verbs in the imperative mood. This is probably formed from "pi" and "wo."
 - po, v. n to swell, puff out—mapo, wićapo.
 - po-gan', adv. on the nose.
 - po'-ġaŋ, v. n. to spread out, as a bladder when blown; to blow, as with the mouth.
 - po-ga'-śke, n. the external part of the nose, the sides of the nostrils: i. q. poháśke T., poge osmaka.
 - pog-ćan'-te, n. T. the septum or partition of the nose: i. q. policante.
 - p o'- ġe, n the nose—mapoġe, nipoġe: nostril; used also for outside of nose.
 - Po'-ge-hdo-ke, n. p. the Nez Percé Indians.
 - p o'- ġ e-o-h d o-k a, n. the nostrils. p o'- h a- h a- s e, adv. shaking. Said of a buffalo shaking his head; pohahase inyanka, he runs shaking his head.
 - p o'-h d'-ć o-d a ŋ, adv. (pa and ohde) head covered: i. q. pośmićodan: śina pohdićodan hinmi, I wear my blanket over my head. T., pośmićola.
 - p o' h m i é o d a ŋ, adv. Same as pohdićodaŋ.
 - poli-a'-śke, n. (poge and aśke) the outside of the nostrils: i. q. pogaśke.
 - poli'-ćaŋ-te, n. the cartilage between the nostrils: i. q. poġćaŋte.

- poh-i'-ya, adv. T. crouching down: pohiya yanka, to sit doubled up with hands over the knees.
- poli-yu'-śki, n. the inside of the nose, the nostrils.
- po'-ki-mna-mna, v. a. of pomnamna; to shake the head at one powakimnamna.
- po-kpaŋ'-ka, n. See potpaŋka. pol-po'-ta, adj. T. red. of pota; worn out.
- pol-po'-tan-han, part. T. full of holes.
- pom, cont. of popa; pom iyaya and pom hiphda, to burst out, snap suddenly. T., pob.
- p o' m n a m n a, v. to shake the head—powamnamna.
- po'-mna-mna-ki-ya, v.a. to shake or wag the head at; to cause to wag the head—pomnamnawa-kiya. See poptanptankiya.
- pom-ya', adv snapping, popping.
- pom-yeh', adv. with a snap: pom-yeh iheya, to shoot and kill immediately: pomyeh iyeya.
- pom-ye'-hin, adv. snapping.
- pon, cont. of pota. T., pol.
- pon-pon', adj. rotten, as wood.
- pon-pon'-na, adj. rotten, soft, as rotten wood. T., punpunla.
- po'-pa, v n. to burst. See napopa.
- po-po', v. n. red. of po; to swell, puff out.
- po-po'-pa, adj. full of pith: tipsinna popopa, a stringy turnip.
- po-po'-pe-se, adv. Said of nap on a blanket and of fine fur on a robe.

- po-po'-tka, n. the screech-owl.
- $p \circ -p \circ' -t k \cdot a -d \cdot a \cdot \eta$, n. the screechowl.
- po'-ptan-ptan, v. n. to shake the head, signify dissent—powaptanptan. See pomnamna.
- po'-ptan-ptan-ki-ya, v. a. to shake the head at; to cause to wag the head at—poptanptanwakiya. See apoptanptan.
- po'-ski-ća, v. to clasp around the neck. See pośkin.
- po'-skin, cont. of poskića; by the neck. T., poskil.
- po'-skin-i-ya-ka-śka, v. a. to tie round the neck, as a halter.
- po'-skin-kte, v. to kill by choking—poskinwakte. T., yuṭa.
- po'-skin-ta, v. to die by being strangled.
- po'-skin-yu-ta, v. to put to death by hanging. T, panakseya.
- p o'-skin-yu-za, v. to take by the throat; to put the arms around the neck of one, to embrace—poskin-mduza. T., lotogmus yuza See adokso and kaskita yuza.
- p o'-ś d i -ś d i , v. to have one's face always covered: pośdiśdi waun. T., pośliśli. See pohdićodan and pośmićodan.
- p o ś d i' ś d i k a, n. one who keeps his face covered with his blanket: i. q. pośliśli s'a.
- po'-śiŋ, v. n to sniff, snuff up the nose; make a face at—powaśiŋ. See palilaźiŋća and iteyuśiŋkiya.

- po'-śin-śin, v. red. of pośin; to psa, n. a kind of rush or water make faces at. psa, sometimes used in making
- p o'-śli-śli-s'a, n. T. one who keeps his face covered.
- p o'-ś m i ć o d a ŋ, adv. head covered, as with a blanket: śina pośmićodaŋ hiŋmi, I wear my blanket over my head. See pośdiśdika.
- po'-śtan, v. T. to wear as a hat or head covering—powaśtan.
- p o'- s tan, n. a hood, a child's cloak with a hood. See tapostan.
- po'-ta, adj. worn out; spoiled. See bapota, yupota, etc.
- po'-ta-han, part. worn out, full of holes. T., potahe.
- po-ta'-wa-han, part. full of holes.
- po-tkan'-ka, n. cranberries. Same as potpanka. See piśkate.
- po-tpan'-ka, n. cranberries, the Oxycoccus macrocarpus.
- po-tpaŋ'-ka-hu, n. the cranberry-stalk.
- po-tpo'-ta, red. of pota; worn out. T., polpota:
- po-tpo'-ta-han, part. red. of potahan; full of holes, torn, ragged, as a worn-out garment. T., polpotahan.
- po-wa'-ya, n. nap, fur.
- po-wa'-ya, adj. having nap.
- po-wa'-ye-dan, adj. having nap; śa powayedan, red flannel.
- po'-źaŋ-źaŋ, v. to snuff up, as an animal snuffs the wind; to snuff or scent, as a dog does. See pośin.

- grass, n. a kind of rush or water grass, sometimes used in making mats: Psa-mde-wanke-ćin-wakpa, the little stream that empties into the Minnesota just below Little Rock.
- psa'-ka, adj. broken. See yupsaka.
- psa-ka'-han, part. broken, as a string; said also of the heart.
- psa-ka'-wa-han, part. broken, as a string.
- $p s a' o w i g \acute{z} a$, n. rush mats.
- psa-psa'-ka-haŋ, part. red. of psakahaŋ.
- psa-psa'-ka-wa-han, part. red. of psakawahan.
- p s a' w a p a h a, n. palm or chip hats. T., psawapośtap.
- psa-wo'-gna-ka, n. T. a basket. pse, n. snow-shoes. T., psohappi. pse'-htin, n. the ash
- pse-pa'-ton-na, n. sharp-toed snow-shoes. T., psohanpi pespestola.
- pse-ya'-pi, n. the water-ash, so called because used for making snow-shoes.
- p s i' é a , adj. jumping. See yupsića, ipsića, etc.
- psin, cont. of psića: psin iyaya, to jump or hop away. T., psil.
- psin, n. rice, wild rice: psin ati, to pitch a tent at the rice; psin ska, white rice, barley.
- psin-ća', n. a bulbous esculent root which grows in marshes, about the size of a black walnut with the hull on.

- psip-ćin'-ća, n. a bulbous esculent root much used by the Dakotas of the lower Minnesota. It is about as large as a hen's egg, and grows on the margin of rivers and lakes. T., siptola.
- psip-ska', n. white rice; barley. psi-psi'-ća, v. red. of psića; to jump much, to skip.
- psi-psi'-ća-dan, n. the grasshopper. T., gnugnuśka.
- psi-psi'-ća-la-sa-pa, n. T the black jumper; the field cricket.
- p si -p si n', cont. of psipsića; psipsin ya, to go jumping or skipping along. T., psipsil.
- pso'-han, v. (pse and ohan) to put on or wear snow-shoes—psowahan, psounhanpi. T., psohanpi kićun.
- pso'-haŋ-pi, n. T. snow-shoes. pso-ka', n. a species of fish somewhat resembling the pike.
- pso'-kśan, n. a kind of roundtoed snow-shoes.
- pson-pson, adj. rounded off, having the corners taken off; loose, not firm. T., psonpsonla.
- pson-pson'-na, adj. rounded, having the corners taken off; said also of teeth on edge, as, hi pson-psonna.
- pson-pson'-ye-la. adv. T. loosely, not securely; likely to fall, as a lamp placed on the edge of a table.
- psuŋ-psuŋ'-na, adj. Same as psoŋpsoŋna. T., psuŋpsuŋyela.

- pśa, v. n. to sneeze—wapśa, unpśapi. pśa - pśa', adv. pśapśa se, huddled together; pśapśa se iyaya, to make a noise as when anything is poured into a vessel. See apśapśa.
- pśa-ya', v. a. to cause to sneeze pśawaya.
- pśin, n. leeks, onions.
- pśiŋ-ća', n. the flying-squirrel.
- pśuŋ, adj. shed, fallen off, as horns; drawn out. See yupśuŋ, kapśuŋ.
- pśuŋ-haŋ', part. fallen off, dislocated. T., pśuŋwahaŋ.
- p ś u ŋ k a', adj. round, short, and thick.
- $p \le u \cdot y k \cdot a'$, n. a bulge, a knot on a tree; a pill.
- pśuŋ-ka'-daŋ, n. any tiny round thing.
- pśuŋ-ka'-ka, n. tiny round things, pills.
- pśuŋ-ka'-ya, adv. in a bunch, in a heap, as an animal curled up; pśuŋkaya waŋka: i q. puśki.
- pśuŋ-ka'-ya-ken, adv. in a bunch, drawn up together.
- $p \le u \cdot p k \cdot a' y \cdot e l \cdot a, \quad adv. \quad T. \quad in \quad a$ bunch.
- pśuŋ-wa'-haŋ, part. dropped out, fallen off. See pśuŋhaŋ.
- pta. See yupta.
- pta-han', part. cut off, cut out.
- ptan. See yuptan.
- ptan, n. the otter. In the sacred dialect it is called "hepan"
- ptan-ha', n an otter skin.
- ptan-ptan', adj. unsteady, rocking, as a canoe.

- p taŋ-p taŋ'-na, adj. unsteady, tottering.
- Ptan-sin'-ta, n. p. the name of the village at the upper end of Lake Traverse. Lit. Otter's tail. By a rule, the reason of which is not apparent, the "sinte" becomes "sinta." So, also, in Capsinta.
- ptan'-ta-éan-ku, n. an otter's trail; the trails of small animals in general.
- p t a n' y a n, adv. flurried. See éanteptanyan.
- ptan-ye'-tu, n. autumn. To summer and winter the Dakotas count five months each, and to spring and autumn but one each.
- pta-wa'-han, part. cut off, fallen off. Same as ptahan.
- pta'-ya, adv. together, collectively: ptaya unyanpi kta, we will go together. See witaya and optaye.
- pta'-ye-la, adv. T. together.
- pte, n. a cow, the female buffalo.

 The bison or buffalo is colloquially termed "pte," irrespective of sex.

 The counterpart is "tatanka."
- pte'-a-san-pi, n. cow's milk.
- pte'-a-san-pi-i-hdi, n butter pte'-a-san-pi-ni-ni, n. thick milk, curdled milk. T., asanpinini.
- pte'-a-saŋ-pi-ta-sa-ka, n. cheese. T., asaŋpisamna.
- pte'-a-san-pi-wi-gli, n. T. butter; oil of milk.
- p t e' é e d a ŋ, adj. short—mapteéedaŋ. Ih., péeéena; T., pteéela and péeéela.

- pte'-će-ye-dan, adv. for a short time. T., pćelyela.
- pte'-gle-śka, n. T. cattle, tame cattle, so called from being of different colors.
- pte'-ga, n. a marsh, a low place, a swampy place. T., wiwila.
- pte-gan'-ni-ća-dan, n. the wren.
- pte-go'-pe-ća, n. a kind of hawk, so called because it frequents marshes. See ćetan, etc.
- pte-ha'-hiŋ-śma, n. Ih. and T. a buffalo robe; buffalo skin; hair thick.
- pte-ha'-śla, n. T. a hide with the hair taken off. See śda.
- pte-he'-ća-la, n. T. a calf. See ptezićadan.
- p t e h i η' é a l a , n. T. a calf: i. q. ptehećala.
- pte-hin'-pa-hpa, n. T. tags of buffalo hair; old matted hair fallen from buffalo See pahpa.
- pte-hin'-śma, n. T. a thick or long haired buffalo.
- pte-hin'-śma-ha, n. T. a buffalo robe.
- pteh-wi'-ta, n. (ptega and wita) firm land surrounded by a marsh, a swamp-island.
- pten-ye'-dan, adv. for a short time. T., pćelyela.
- pte-pte'-će-daŋ, adj. red. of ptećedaŋ.
- pte-ta'-ma-ka, n. a lean cow.
- pte-ta'-wa-na-pin, n. T. an ox-yoke.

- pte'-ta-wo-te, n. lit. "buffalo's food": a prairie plant which bears juicy berries
- pte-wa'-kin, n. T. work-oxen. pte-wa'-nun-yan-pi, n. tame cattle. See nunyan, to tame. T., pte-wan'-ni-yan-pi.
- pte-wo'-ya-ka, n. T. the large grasshopper without wings, sometimes found in the west. It would seem that they tell of buffalo.

pte-wi'-ye, n. a cow.

- pte-wi'-ye-na, n. Ih. and T. a cow. pte-źi'-ća-dan, n. (pte and ćinćadan) a calf. T., ptehećala and ptehinćala pte-źi'-će-na, n. Ih. a calf.
- ptin'-han, n. last autumn: ptinhan ićima, the fall before last. See ptanyetu.
- p t u h a', v. n. to crumble down. T., kaoksa.
- ptu-ha'-ha, v. red. of ptuha.
- ptu-ptu'-źa, red. of ptuźa.
- ptu-ptu'-źa-han, part. red. of ptuźahan.
- ptu-ptu'-źa-wa-han, part. red. of ptuźawahan.
- ptu'-źa, adj. split, cracked. See yuptuźa.
- ptu-źa'-han, part. cracked of itself.

 ptu-źa'-wa-han, part. cracked of itself.
- p u'- \dot{g} a, v. n. T. to snort, as a horse when frightened.
- pu-kpa', adj. boiled up, not clear, mixed up, said of water or soup which contains floating particles. See kpukpa.

- puŋ-puŋ'-la, adj. T. rotten, as wood.
- pu-sa', adj. dry: pusa ehnaka, to lay aside to dry or season: i. q. puza. pu-skem', cont. of puskepa: puskem okastan, to strain or filter—puskem owakastan.
- pu-ske'-pa, v. a. to strain or filter—wapuskepa. T., to pour all out, to empty.
- pus-ki'-ya, v. a. to dry or cause to dry, as wet clothes or fruit—pus-wakiya, pusunkiyapi: puskićićiya, to dry for one—puswećićiya.
- pu-spa', v. a. to stick on, glue; to seal—wapuspa.
- pu-spe'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to glue or seal—puspewakiya.
- pu-spe'-ya, v. a. to cause to seal or glue.
- pus-pu'-za, adj. red. of puza.
- pu-stag', cont. of pustaka; pustag iwanka, to squat down; pustag ehpeićiya, to get down so as to hide, bow down, squat down.
- pu-stag'-tu-ken, adv. squatting down.
- pu-sta'-ka, v.n. to squat down—wapustaka. See patuźa.
- p u s y a', v. a. to dry, cause to dry—puswaya, pusunyanpi.
- pus-ya', adv. in a drying manner. pus-ya'-kel, adv. T. in a dry
 - ing manner.
- pu-śki', adv. in a bunch: i. q. pśuŋkaya yaŋka. T., pśuŋkayela. pu-śki'-ća, v. a. to press or rub

out with the hand—wapuśkića.

pu-śki-dan, adv. dim. of puśki. pu-śkin', cont. of puśkića; puśkin yanka. T., puśkil.

pu-śkin'-ya, adv. pressed, squeezed pu-tag', cont. of putaka; putag ihpaya, to fall down with the hands on the ground.

pu-ta'-ka, v. a. to touch, as with the hand when one falls—waputaka. See pataka.

pu-te', n. the upper lip; the snout or nose of an animal.

pu-te'-hip, n. T. the mustache. pu-te'-hni-yan-yan, v. n. to have the lips quiver with cold.

Pu'-te-wa-ta, np. the Potowatomies.

Pu'-te-wa-ta-dan, n. p. Same as Putewata.

pu-tin', n. See putinhin.

pu-tin'-hin, n. the beard, especially what grows on the upper lip, the mustache. T., putehin.

pu-tin'-i-ća-śla, n. T. razor.

pu-tpa', adj. Same as pukpa.

pu-tpe'-ya, adv. scattering, scattered over. T., pukpeya.

pu'-za, adj. dry, thirsty; dry, as cloth, ground, etc., not wet; shallow, as a stream, run dry; puza sni, dry cold. See puzedan and ipuza.

pu-zan', cont. of puzata; puzan iyaya: puzan iyayeya, to run one ashore; to show that one has told a falsehood. T., puzal.

pu-zan'-zan, red. of puzan; puzanzan iyekićićiyapi and puzanzan iyayekićiyapi, they run each other aground.

pu-za'-ta, adv. on dry land.

pu'-ze-dan, adj. shallow, as a stream of water; nearly dry.

pu'-ze-na, adj. Ih. shallow, as a stream of water: i. q. kazedan.

P.

- p, the twentieth letter of the Dakota al- | pe-tu'-tu-pa, n. phabet. It has a click or explosive sound like that of &, k, and t.
- pe, n. the elm; pe can, elm-wood; pe ikćeka, the common water-elm; pe itazipa (bow-elm) the rock-elm; pe tutupa, slippery-elm.
- pe-i'-kće-ka, n. the common elm. pe-tu y'-tuy-pa, n. T. the slippery-elm: i. q. petutupa.
- the slipperyelm.
- po, n. fog, mist.
- po, adj. foggy. misty.
- po'-po, adj. red. of po; foggy.
- po-sa', adj. foggy, not clear; said when the air is filled with particles of snow.
- po'-ze-ća, v.n. to be out of humor mapozeća. T., išikćin.

- s, the twenty-first letter of the Dakota alphabet, having the soft sound of the English c. When marked thus (s'), the sound is prolonged.
- s'a, an auxiliary suffix to verbs, signifying frequency of action, or a habit formed, as, wai s'a, wakage s'a. It frequently gives verbs the force of nouns of the agent; as, wamanon, to steal; wamanon s'a, a thief.
- s'a, v. n. to hiss, as a serpent; s'a wanka, lies hissing.
- s'a, v. n. to roar, as the waves: s'a wanka. T., s'ayela.
- sab, cont. of sapa.
- s a b y a', adv T. darkly, blackly; sabya yunka.
- sab-ya', v. a. to blacken—sabwaya.
- sab-ya'-pi, n. T. a target, a mark to shoot at; something blackened and set up for a guide: sabyapi kutepi.
- Sag-da'-śiŋ and Sag-da'-śa, n. the English, the name which the Dakotas give to the British, the inhabitants of Red River, etc. This word is probably from some other Indian language. T, Śaglaśa.
- sag-ye', n. something used in walking, a staff: can sagye, a cane; maza sagye, a sword. T., miwakan.

- sag-ye'-ki-ton, v. to use a staff in walking, as an old person—sagyeweton
- sag-ye'-ton, v. to use a staff—sagyewaton.
- sag-ye'-ya, v. a. to use anything for a staff—sagyewaya.
- sak, cont. of saka; sakowasin yutapi, eaten raw.
- sa'-ka, adj. raw, uncooked; hard, dried; as, waćoni saka, dried meat. See tasaka.
- sa'-ka-daŋ, adj. green, limber. Hence, caŋ sakadaŋ, a switch.
- sa'-ka-yu-ta-pi, n. what iseaten raw, i. e., melons, cucumbers. T., śpan śni yutapi.
- sa-kim', adv. both, two, both together. T, sakib; nupin sakib, two side by side.
- sa-kim'-tu, adv. two together. T., sakibtu.
- sa-kim'-tu-ken, adv. both together.
- sak'-o-wa-siŋ, adv. entirely raw. T., śpuŋ śni.
- sam, adv. cont. of sanpa; more, beyond, more than: sam iyaya, to go beyond, surpass; sam iyeya, to make go over or beyond.
- sam, cont. of sapa. T., sab.
- sam'-i-ye-ya, adv. more than.
- s'a-mna', adj. T. smelling sour; stinking.

- sam-sam', adv. red. of sam.
- sam-san'-pa, adv. red. of sanpa.
- s a m y a', v. a. of sapa; to blacken, color black—samwaya, samunyanpi. T., sabya.
- sam-ya', adv. beyond, further; black, dark; T., sabya: samya wanka, it lies darkly; T., sabya yunka.
- s a m y a' h a ŋ, adv. dark, blackish, as water at a distance. T., sabyahan.
- sam-ya'-ken, adj. blackish; in sight, fur off.
- san, adj. whitish or yellowish: maka san, white earth: hi san, to show the teeth.
- saŋ-ksaŋ'-ki-toŋ, v.n. to wear or put on a skirt—saŋksaŋwetoŋ: T., éuwignakakiéuŋ.
- saŋ-ksaŋ'-ni-ća, n. a Dakota woman's skirt. T., éuwignaka.
- san-ksan'-ya, v. a. to use for a skirt, make a skirt of—sanksanwaya.

 T., ćuwignagya.
- san ni', adj. of one side, on one side: nape sanni, one hand; si sanni, one foot.
- san-ni'-ća, adv. on one side.
- s a η n i' n a, adv. of only one side. T., sanila.
- san-ni'-na-tan-han, adv. from only one side.
- san-o'-kpu-kpa, adj. T. gray; black and white mixed: i. q. sanopapa.
- san'-o-pa-pa, adj. gray hairs here and there in one's head, turning gray. T., sanokpukpa.

- san'-pa, adv. more, more than, over; beyond: wikéemna sanpa nonpa, two more than ten, i. e., twelve; kitanna sanpa, a little more; sanpa waste, better.
- san'-pa-tan-han, adv. from beyond.
- sanp'-san-pa, adv red. of sanpa. san-to'-hu, n. a species of grass with a hard round stalk and strong blade.
- san-yan', v. a. to whiten, whitewash—sanwaya.
- san-yan', adv. whitish: anpao sanyan hinapa, the dawn appears brightly.
- s a'-pa, adj. black—masapa, nisapa. s a'-pa-taŋ-ka, n. T. the spade in playing-cards.
- Sa'-pa-wi-ća-śa, n. p. the Ute Indians.
- s a'-p a y u ġ a ġ a , n. T. the club in playing-cards.
- sap-sa'-pa, adj. red. of sapa.
- s a'-t a, n. the horizontal stick placed in a tent on which the kettle is hung. T., ćegiyokaske.
- sa-tin', adj. stretched out straight, as in death. See botin, katin, etc.
- sa-tin'-tin, adj. red. of satin.
- sa-tin'-ye-la, adv. T stretched out, as one dead.
- s a t i' y a k a ś k e, n. that which ties up the sata: also sata oiyaka-śke.
- s'a-ye'-la, adv. T. roaring, as waves: mini kaataźa s'ayela, the waves roar. See s'a wanka.

- s b a. See yusba. T., swa
- sba-han', part. ravelled. T., swahan.
- s b a k a', adj. T. ragged: i. q. swaka.
- sba-wa'-han, part. ravelled out
- s b u . See kasbu. T., swu.
- s bu, adv. sbu se ihan, to fall down with a rushing sound, as corn poured out
- s b u'-d a n, n. a grain, a small piece, a particle.
- s b u h a n', part. crumbling. T., swuhan.
- sbu'-la and swu'-la, adj. T. small, fine.
- s b u s b u', red. of sbu.
- sbu'-sbu-la and swu'-swu-la, adj T. red. of sbula.
- s b u w a' h a n, part. crumbling, crumbled.
- sée-pan, n. T. i. q. ićepan.
- sée-pan'-ku, n. T. her sister-in-
- sée-pan'-ya, v. T. to have for sister-in-law.
- Séi'-li, n. p. T. the Pawnee Indians. The Pawnee Loups call themselves "Ski'-di." See Séili.
- s d a, n. grease, oil, ointment, salve, etc. T., sla.
- s da-ki'-ya, v. a. pos. of sdaya; to grease, anoint—sdawakiya, sdaunkiyapi. T., slakiya.
- s d a' o \acute{z} u h a , n. an oil-bag. T., islaye oʻzuha
- sda'-ta, adj. slow, feeble: olian sdata, slow at work; oie sdata, slow of speech.

- s da'-te-ća, *adj. feeble*—masdateća.
- s da-ya', v a. to grease anything, to anoint—sdawaya, sdaunyanpi. T., slaya
- s d a y a' o ź u p i, n. a rifle-gun, so called from its greased wads. T., iwogaga.
- s d e' é a . See kasdeéa.
- s d e é a' h a n, part split of itself.
- sde-ća'-wa-han, part. split of itself.
- sdi, adj. tapering.
- s di, v. a to hiss, as wet wood on the fire, a snake, etc. See nasdi and śdi.
- sdim, cont. of sdipa; sdim iyeya.
 T., slib.
- s dim-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to lick—sdimwakiya. T., slibkiya.
- s d i m y a', v. a. See sdimkiya.
- sdi'- pa, v. a. to lick, lick up anything—wasdipa, unsdipapi. T., slipa.
- sdi-sdi', v red. of sdi.
- s di-s di'-pa, v. red. of sdipa.
- sdi-sdi'-ya, adv. red. of sdiya; sdisdiya apa, to strike with a switching sound.
- s d i-tk a', adj. tapering; rounded off.
- s di-tka'-tka, adj. red. of sditka; knobbed, having knobs or grooves running round.
- sdi-ya', adv. hissing.
- s d o é a', v. n. to know. T., slolya. See sdonya.
- s do h a n', v. n. to crawl—wasdohan, unsdohanpi. T., slohan.

- s do-han'-han, v. red. of sdohan; to crawl along, as in getting near ducks: sdohanhan ilipaya mda, I go creeping along.
- s d o n k i'- y a , v. pos. of sdonya; to know one's own—sdonwakiya, sdonunkiyapi. T., slolkiya.

s d o n - k i' - y e - y a, v. a. See sdotkiyeya.

- s don-ya', v. a. to know, have knowledge of any thing or person—sdonwaya, sdonyaya, sdonunyan-pi, sdonmayan, sdonciya T, slolya.
- s don-ye'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to know—sdonyewakiya, sdonyeunkiyapi. T., slolyekiya.
- s d o n y e' y a , v. a. to cause to know—sdonyewaya T., slolyeya.
- s do-s do'-dan, *adj. soft*, as grease. See śdośdodan.
- sdot-ki'-ya, v. See sdonkiya.
- s dot-ki'-ye-ya, v. a. to cause one to know something that pertains to himself; to alarm, as an enemy or game; to put on one's guard sdotkiyewaya. T., slolkiyeya.

sdot-ya', v. See sdonya.

- se, a particle, used at the end of sentences to give emphasis to what is said. Perhaps it should be regarded as an impersonal verb, it appears so, it seems to me so, I thought: hecetu se, so it seems.
- se, adv. like, as though.
- se'-éa, adv. as though, seemingly, I thought so.

γομ. γιι—<u>-</u>28

- se-će'-ća, adv. it seems as, as if it was. T., selećeća.
- s e' ć e ć i k o n, adv. I had thought so. T., selećeće ćon.
- s e'-e-ć e-ć a, adv as if it was, it seems as if. T., selećeća.
- se'-hin-gla, adv T., wanlaka sehingle cinhan, if you happen to see him.
- se'-ksen, adv. like.
- se-le', adv. T. like; as though.
- se-le'-ća, adv. T. like as.
- se-le'-ce-ca, adv. T as if, it seems so.
- se-le-će-će-ćon, adv. T. I had thought so.
- sen-ya', adv. like, as though. T, sele.
- sen-ya'-ken, adv. as though, like.
- se'-wa-ćaŋ-mi, v. I think it is so. This form is used when speaking of something that is not distinctly recollected.
- se-wi'-mna, adj. rancid, as fat that has stood long.
- s e y a', adv. like as. T., se; sele.
- se-ya'-ken, adv. like as.
- si, cont. of siha; as siksa, club-footed.
- si-ćan', n. the outside of the thigh.
- Si-ćan'-ġu, n. p. the Brules; burnt thighs.
- si-ćan'-o-pi-ye, n. of sićan; a side pocket, as in one's pantaloons or coat; any pocket.
- si-éa'-psaŋ, v. to shake the foot—siwakapsaŋ. See kapsaŋpsaŋ.
- si-ćo'-ćo-dan, adj. red. of sico-dan.

- sićokadan.
- si-ćo'-ġaŋ, n. the calf of the leg.
- si-ćo'-ģiņ, n. T. i. q. sićogan.
- si-ćo'-ka-dan, adj. bare-footedsićomakadan.
- si-ćo'-ka-ka-dan, adj. red. of sićokadan.
- si-ću', n. the sole or bottom of anything: siću wanića, without a bottom, bottomless, unfathomable.
- si-ću'-ha, n. the sole of the foot, shoe or moccasin.
- si-ću'-psan-psan, v. n. to wag the tail, as a dog. T., sintupsanpsaŋ.
- si-ću'-ta, adv. at the bottom or lower part of anything.
- si-ću'-ton. See asićuton.
- si'-gla-psan-psan, v. T. swing the feet. See kapsanpsan and sićapsan.
- si-ha', n. the foot, feet of man; the feet of animals, but especially the hind feet, the fore feet being "nape"—misiha, nisiha, unsihapi.
- Si-ha'-sa-pa, n. p. the Blackfeet Sioux.
- si-hi'-yo-tan-i-ye-ki-ya, v. n. to be troubled about the feet, to have no moccasins. See iyotaniyekiya.
- si-hu', n. the bones of the foot; the toes.
- si-ha'-pe, n. the hollow of the foot. T., siohape.
- si-i'-ći-ya-pa, v. T. to strike the feet together in walking.

- si-ćo'-dan, adj. bare-footed. See | si-i'-ći-ya-pa-pa, v. red. of siićiyapa. See ap'a.
 - si-i'-na-tan, n. stirrups; pantaloon straps
 - si-i'-pu-śin, n. the ball of the foot.
 - si-i'-ta-ka-ha, n. the top of the foot, the instep.
 - si-i-yu'-ta, n. a foot measure.
 - si-i'-yu-tan, n. stirrups.
 - si-ksa', adj. club-footed.
 - $\sin a' za i na hta ke$, n. T. spurs.
 - $\sin w a'$, v. n.Ih.to have the temper stirred up.—J. P. W.
 - sin-wa'-pa-ki-ya, v. to paddle a canoe by one's self, as in hunting muskrats—sinwapawakiya.
 - sin-kpe', n. the muskrat, Mus zibethicus: i. q. sintpe.
 - sin-kpe'-i-ća-pe, n. a muskrat spear.
 - sin-kpe'-i-ću-wa, n. traps, axes, etc.; anything used in killing muskrats.
 - $\sin \ker \cos ze \min a$, n. musk.
 - sin-kpe'-ta-wo-te, n. calamus, sweetflag, the Acorus calamus.
 - sin-sin', adj. besmeared, slimed, as with fish; dried on, glued or glazed over. See sisin.
 - sin-te', n. the tail of an animal.
 - sin-te'-han-ska, T. young buck, a rowdy.
 - sin-te'-hda, n. the tail-rattler, i. e. the rattlesnake.
 - Siŋ-te'-hda-wi-ća-śa, n. p. the Snakes: the Comanches.
 - sin-te'-hla, n. T. i. q. sintehda.

- sin-te'-po-ha, n. Ih. a species of wolf. See sunktokeća.
- sin-te'-sa-pe-na, n. the blacktailed deer; the prince of American deer
- sin-te'-ska, n. white-tail; deer, rabbits, etc., are sometimes so called.
- sin te' śda, n. the opossum; rats. T., hitunktanka.
- sin-to'-mni, adv. See sitomni.
- sin-ton'-pa-hu, n. the tail bone; the os coccyx in man
- sin-tpe', n. the muskrat. Same as sinkpe.
- sin-tpe'-ta-wo-te, n. Same as sinkpetawote.
- si-o'-ha-pe, n. T. the hollow of the foot.
- si-o'-ka-zuŋ-te, n. T. the spaces between the toes. T., siyokaźa.
- si-pa', n. the toes, the end of the big toe.
- si-pa'-huŋ-ka, n. the great toe. The Titoŋwaŋ use sipahuŋka for the toes in general. Sipahuŋka taŋka, the big toe; sipahuŋka cikala, the little toe; sipahuŋka iyokihe, the toe next the great toe: sipahuŋka cokaya, the middle toe; and sipahuŋka cikala iyokihe, the toe next the little one.—w. J. C.
- si-pa'-ksi-ze, n. the lower part of the leg of animals: the hind toes of animals.
- si-pin'-kpa, n. (sipa and inkpa) the toes; the joints of the foot.

- si-pin'-tpa, n Same as sipinkpa. si-pu'-te, n. the breech or lower part of a gunstock, the end of the pahu; the screw in the end of the barrel, the breech-screw.
- si-san'-ni, n. one foot, the foot on one side.
- si-sin', n. Mr. Renville considers this word synonymous with "wiwi," a swamp, and as the source whence the Sisitonwans derived their name. But more recent authority makes "sisin" to be i q. hoganma or sicamna. Thus the Sisitonwan villages were "sisin" on account of the old fish-bones and putrid fish lying about They lived chiefly on fish. See sinsin.
- Si-si'-ton-wan, n. p. a band of the Dakotas living at Swan Lake, Little Rock, at the Two Woods on the Coteau, and at Lake Traverse. They probably number about three thousand.
- si-śa'-śte, n. the little toe of animals and man.
- si-to'-mni, adv. all over, throughout: i. q. sintomni. See ocowasin.
- si-to'-mni-yan, adv. all over
- si-ton'-pa-hu, n. the tail bone. See sintonpahu.
- si-ye'-te, n. the heel.
- si-ye'-te-i-ya-he, n. the ball of the heel.
- si-yo'-ka-źa, n. T. the spaces between the toes: i. q. siokazunte.
- si-yo'-źan, n. between the toes: i. q. siokazunte.

- si-yu'-kan, n. the tendon of the heel.
- si-yu'-kaŋ-śa-śa-daŋ, n a bird having slender reddish legs; the pelankadaŋ.
- si-yu'-ka-za, n. the toes. See sipa and sipahuŋka.
- ska, adj. white; clear, as, mini ska, clear water: clean, new, as, hin ska, new hair; pure in any respect: taku ska, nothing.
- skad, cont. of skadan; taku skad.
- ska'-dan, adj. dim. of ska; white: taku skadan, nothing: Skadan-ti, a common name for Traverse des Sioux, Skadan having been the Dakota name of Mons. Provençalle, an early trader in that place. T., skala.
- skan, v. n. to dissolve, disappear, melt away, as snow: wa skan.
- skan'-yan, v. n. to melt, thaw.
- ska-ska', v. red. of ska.
- s k a s k a' d a η , n. white beads. T., śipto skaska.
- ska-ya', v. a to whiten, make anything white.
- ska'-ya, adv. white; wa skaya wanka, the snow lies white.
- ska-ya'-kel, adv. T. purely, undefiled; skayakel up, to be pure; chaste, as a saintly person.
- ska-ye'-la, adv. purely; whitish.
- skem, cont. of skepa. T., skeb.
- skem-ya', v. a. to draw all out, as a fluid, to exhaust—skemwaya. T., skebya.

- the tendon of the ske'-pa, v. n. to leak out slowly, escape, pass away by evaporation, as sa-dan. n a fluids.
 - s k e s k e' p a , v. red. of skepa.
 - ski'-ća. See kaskića.
 - ski-ća'-han, *part. pressed down, close.
 - s k i \acute{c} a' w a h a \frak{g} , part. pressed.
 - ski-ska', n. the wood-duck
 - ski-ski'-ća, red. of skića.
 - ski-ski'-ća-han, part. all pressed together.
 - ski-ski'-ća-wa-han, part. pressed together.
 - ski-ski'-ta, red. of skita; to be marked, as a log by worms under the bark. See yuskiskita.
 - ski-ski-ta, n. a strip of land pressed or hemmed in, an isthmus.
 - ski'-ta, adj. tied, bound, fastened, as a child on a board. See yuskita.
 - sku, adj. broken out a little. See basku.
 - sku'-mna, adj. sourish; savory; smelling badly or sour, as the scalp when dirty.
 - sku'-sku, red. of sku; shaved off:
 pa skusku.
 - sku-sku'-ya, *adj. red.* of skuya.
 - sku'-ya, adj. sweet; sour; salt.

 The radical idea may be that of having taste or savor.
 - sku'-ye-ya, v. a to make salt, give taste to—skuyewaya, skuyeun-yanpi.
 - sla-ki'-ya, v. T. to anoint one's own. sla-ki'-ya-pi, n. T. ointment; grease for greasing.

- sla'-ya, v. T. to grease; to anoint: i. q. sdaya.
- sli-hin'-gle, n. T. the report of a gun.
- slin'-hin-gla, v. T. to fire a shot; slin wahingla. n. a shot fired, report of a gun.
- slol-i'-&i-ya, v. reflex. T. to know one's self.
- slol-ya', v. T. to know: i. q. sdonya.
- slol-ye'-i-&i-ya, v. T. to make one's self known.
- smag, cont. of smaka.
- smag smag'-ya, adv. red. of smagya.
- s m a g y a', adv. indented, concave: smagya wanka.
- smag-ya'-ken, adv. indented.
- s m a' k a, adj. hollow, concave.
- s m a' k a, n. a hollow, a sunken place. See osmaka.
- smi, adj. See smismi.
- smin. See basmin.
- smi-smi', adj. clear of limbs, as a tree, stripped. See smiyan.
- smi-smi'-yan, adv. T. destitute, deprived of everything.
- smi-wa'-han, part. fallen off bare.
- smi'-yan. See smiyanyan
- smi-yan'-yan or smin-yanyan, adj. clean, nothing extraneous sticking to, bare, smooth, as a worn blanket: tan smiyanyanna, alone, having no relatives.
- sna, v. n to ring. See kasna.
- sna-han', part. ringing, rustling; as leaves falling in autumn.

- sna-han'-han, red. of snahan; falling off, rustling.
- s n a s n a', red. of sna; to ring, rattle.
- sna-sna'-na, *adj. bare*, as a tree when its leaves have all fallen off.
- sna-sna'-wa-haŋ, part. red. of snawahaŋ.
- sna-wa'-han, part. ringing, rattling.
- sna'-za, v. n. to draw up, as burnt skin; to be scarred.
- sna'za, n. a scar
- sni, adj. cold, as the weather, or as ice; gone out, as a fire: peta sni, the fire is out; sni kaeś, although it is cold.
- sni, n cold; sni au, cold is coming; sni aya, it grows cold.
- sni-sni', adj red. of sni; han snisni, cold nights.
- s n i'- y a h o t a, v. n. to take cold, draw in the cold by breathing—snimdahota, snidahota, sniunyahotapi.
- sni-yan', v. sniyan uya, to become cold, grow cold, said of the weather changing to cold.
- sni'-yan-ta, v. to die without apparent cause; to die suddenly.
- so. See soso.
- so, adv. T. a question-mark; i.q. he, hwo; hee so, is that it?
- sok-so'-ta, adj. red of sota: ista soksota, clear eyes. This word is used in reference to the clear blue eyes of some children.
- sol, cont. of sota; T.
- son, cont. of sota; son iyeya. T., sol.

- son-ki'-ya, v. a. from the root sota, used up, expended; to use up or destroy for one, as to burn up fencerails or wood for one—sonwakiya, sonmakiya. T., solkiya. See kasota, yusota, etc.
- son-ya', adv of sota; sonya iyaya, to become a little whitish or clouded.
- son, v. a. to plait or braid, as hair; to braid, as corn in strings—wason, unsonpi.
- son'-pi, n. braids, strings of corn. so-so', v. a. to cut into strings, as a hide—wasoso, unsosopi: cante masosopi seca, it seems as if my heart was cut into strings, i. e., I am greatly afflicted.
- so-so'-pi, n. a strip or string cut from a hide.
- so'-ta, adj. clear, but not perfectly so; slightly clouded, but not turbid; of a milky whitish appearance; sky-colored: Wakpa minisota, the Minnesota River; Mde minisota, Clear Lake: used up. See kasota, yusota, and sonkiya.
- s o t k a' z i, adj. smoked, as an old tent. See śotkazi.
- span, adj. soft, as melting snow.
- span, v. n. to become soft, melt, as snow: wa span See span.
- span-yan', v. a. to cause to thaw, as snow—spanwaya.
- spa-spa'-ya, red. of spaya.
- spa'-ya, v.n. to be wet, as clothes, wet with water, moist, damp—maspa-ya, unspayapi: to sink in water, to drown: spaya iyaya. See stanka.

- spa'-ye-ya, v. a. to wet, cause to be wet or moist—spayewaya.
- spe'-ya, v. a. to sink, make sink. See aspeya.
- stag, cont. of staka
- stag-ya', v. a. to make feeble—stagwaya.
- stag-ya', adv. feebly, languidly.
- stag-ya'-ken, adv. feebly: stag-yaken waun.
- stag-ye'-la, adv. T. feebly.
- sta'-ka, adj. feeble, languid, without appetite, weary, not able to walk—mastaka. See hpeća and stusta; also stasta.
- sta'-ka, v. n. T. to be sick: i. q. wayazan—mastaka.
- stan, adj. moist, wet. See pastan. T, spaya.
- stan, adj. purple, grape-colored: śa stan, dark red; ha stan, dark complexioned.
- stan'-ka, adj purple. See stan.
- stan-ka', adj. moist.
- sto, adj. smooth, lying smooth, as hair. See kasto.
- sto'-dan, adj. small and neat—mastodan. See cistinna and okivatakeća.
- sto-sto', adj. red. of sto; smooth, lying flat.
- s to y a', v.a. to make smooth, smooth down—stowaya.
- sto-ya', adv. smoothly.
- sto-ya'-ken, adv. smoothly.
- sto-ye'-la, adv. T. smoothly.
- stu-sta', adj. tired, weary, unable to move—mastusta. See staka.

- stu-ste'-ya, v. a. to cause fatigue, to weary—stustewaya.
- s u, n. the seed of anything, grain; bullets: su wanzidan, a bullet; mazasu, lead.
- su, adj. good. Probably obsolete. See yasu, suya, éo, and pi.
- su-ći'-kći-ka-daŋ, n. shot. T., sukpanla
- su-ći'-kći-ka-daŋ-se-ća, n. pepper, allspice. T., yamnumnuġapi.
- su-ka'-za, n. a grain of anything, a particle, one, the smallest part. Hence, napsukaza, the fingers.
- su-kpa'-la or su-kpaŋ'-la, n.
 T. shot: i.q. sućikćikadaŋ.
- su-kpa'-na, n. Ih. shot
- su-ksu'-ta, adj. red. of suta.
- su-ma'-ni-ća, n. any kind of wood that has become dead and very hard. T., ćan śeća.
- sun, n. cont. of sunka; misun, my younger brother, used in addressing him.
- sun, v. to braid. See son.
- s u n'-k a, n. a younger brother either of a man or woman. Certain cousins are likewise so called—misunka, nisunka.
- suŋ-ka'-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. brethren, those related as brothers—suŋkauŋkićiyapi.

- to cause fa- sun-ka'-ku, n. his or her younger waya. brother.
 - sun-ka'-ya, v. a. to have for younger brother—sunkawaya, sun-kaunyanpi.
 - sun'ta, n. a stem: canduhupa sunta, a pipe-stem; cankasunta, the spinal marrow. T, sunte.
 - sun-zin'-ća or sun-zi'-ća, n.
 T. the yellow hammer: i. q. zun-zinća.
 - su-sbe'-ća, n. the ant-eater, the mosquito-hawk. T., susweća.
 - s u s b e' é a k a ġ a p i , n. a cross. See éansusbeéa.
 - Su-so'-ni, n. p. the Shoshones. Perhaps Su-su'-ni is better.
 - su-su', n. the testicles: susu elipe-ya and susu baśdoka, to castrate.
 - su-ta', adj. hard, not yielding to the touch; strong, capable of endurance; firm; strong, as coffee or tobacco—masuta, nisuta, unsutapi: cante suta, courageous; stubborn.
 - su-ta'-ya, adv. firmly, hard.
 - su-ta'-ya-ken, adv. firmly.
 - su-ton', v. n. to ripen, have seed; to be ripe, fit for use, as corn, etc.
 - su-ya', adv. of su; rightly, well. T, tanyan. See ayucoya and piya.
 - s w a k a', adj. T. ragged: i. q. sbaka.

- ś, the twenty-second letter of the Dakota alphabet, with the sound of sh in English. When marked thus (ś') its sound is prolonged.
- ś, intj. hist! i. q. śi; but the sibilant, with no vowel sound, is used.
- śa, adj. red
- ś'a, v. n. to shout—waś'a, yaś'a, uŋś'api.
- śag-i'-ći-ya, v. reflex. to restrain one's self—śagmićiya.
- \hat{S} a g l a' \hat{S} a , n. p. T. an Englishman; the English: i. q. Sagdasin.
- $\pm a g l o' g a n$, num. adj. T eight.
- ś'ag-ś'a'-ka, n. corn boiled without hulling. T., catipaslaye śni ohanpi.
- śag-ya', v. See śagićiya.
- śa-hdo'-ġaŋ, num. adj. eight. T., śagloġaŋ. Ih., śakdoġaŋ.
- śa-hdo'-ġaŋ-na, adv. only eight. śa-hdo'-hdo-ġaŋ, adv. by eights.
 - T., śaglogangan.
- s'a'-hiŋ-hda, v. to burst out with a shout.
- Sa-hi'-ye-na, n. p. the Cheyennes.
- śa'-i-a, v. n. to speak a strange language—śaiwaa.
- śa'-i-a-pi, n. a foreign or unknown language.

- ś a' k a , *adj. easy.* See bośaka, kaśaka, waśakadaŋ
- ś'a'-ka, adj. strong. See waś'aka, yuś'aka.
- ś'a'-ka, adj. difficult, hard. See ś'akeća. T., tehika
- śa-ke', n. the nails of the fingers and toes; the claws of birds and
 beasts; the hoofs of animals.
- ś' a'- k e ć a , adj. hard to deal with, severe, austere—maś'akeća, uŋś'akapika. T., tehika.
- śa-ke'-han-ska, n. long-claws, a name given to the grizzly bear.
- śa-ki'-ya, v. a to paint red, to redden, as the Dakotas do scalps śawakiya, śauŋkiyapi. 2. to make glad by gifts.
- śa-ko'-win, num. adj. seven.
- śa-ko'-win-na, adv. only seven.
- śa-ko'-win-win, adv. by sevens.
- śa'-kpe, num. adj. six.
- Śa'-kpe-dan, dim. of śakpe; Little Six, the name of a Dakota chief at Tintatonwe.
- śa'-kpe-kpe, adv. by sixes.
- ś'a k ś'a' ka, n. of ś'aka, hard; corn boiled without being hulled. See ś'agś'aka.
- śam-ya', v. a of śapa; to soil, to defile—śamwaya. T., śabya.
- śam-ya', adv. dirtily.
- śan, n. the vagina.

- śaŋ'-haŋ, conj. Ih. i. q. eśtaŋhaŋ, although.
- śan-hanś', adv. T. well; oh well! ohankoya maku śanhanś, well, hurry and give it me. See śehanś.
- śan-ke', n. a step-mother; a father's other wife.
- śan-ke'-ya, v. a. to have for śanke—śankewaya.
- śa'-pa, adj. dirty, defiled, blackened—maśapa: nape niśapa, thy hands are dirty.
- śa-pe'-sto-la, n. of pesto; the diamond in cards. See kado.
- śap-śa'-pa, adj. red. of śapa.
- śa-śa', adj. red. of śa; red.
- śa-śa'-ya, v. a. to dye or paint red—śaśawaya.
- $\pm a \pm a' y a$, adv. redly.
- śa-śte, n. the little finger: siśaśte, the little toe; the little toe or nail of birds and beasts
- śa-śte'-1-yo-ki-he, n. that which is next to the little finger, the third finger.
- śa-ta'-ćaŋ-te, n. T. the heart in playing-cards. See taćaŋta.
- \hat{S} a w a' 1 a, n. p. the Shawnees.
- śa-ya', v.a. to make red, to paint red—śawaya.
- śa-ye'-dan, adv. reddish: śayedan nazin.
- śbe, adj. deep, as water; dense, as foliage; thick set, as hair. T., śme. See śma.
- ś b e' y a , adv. deeply, densely. T., śmeya.

- ś b e y a' t a, adv. in the deep. T., śmeyata.
- śbu, v. n. to drop, as water or any other liquid. T., ś'e.
- ś b u ś b u', v red. of śbu. T., ś'eś'e.
- ś b u y a', v. a. to drop or cause to drop, as water—śbuwaya, śbuuŋ-yappi. T., ś'eya.
- ś b u y a' p i, n. a drop, drops. T., ś'eyapi.
- Śći'-li, n. p. the Pawnees, so called by the Teeton Sioux, as distinguished from the Rees—probably meaning incorporated. See Sćili.
- śda, adj bald, bare, naked: nasu śda, bald-headed; paśdayapi, corn made bald, i. e., hominy. See kaśda. T., śla.
- \pm d a \pm d a', adj. red. of \pm da. T., \pm sla \pm la.
- ś d a y a', v. a. to make bare—śdawaya, śdauŋyaŋpi. T., ślaya.
- śda-ya', adv. nakedly, without covering.
- śda-ya'-ta, adv. in an open place. śda-ye'-hna, adv. openly, exposed, in full view, uncovered, without a house, defenseless: śdayehna han, standing out, unsheltered; śdayehna wanka, to sleep out. T., ślayegna, also clearly, so as to be easily understood.
- śda-ye'-hna-yaŋ, adv. unsheltered. T., ślayegnayaŋ.
- śdi, adj. many. T., ota.
- śdi, adv. hissing, fizzing. Said of the noise sometimes made by fish in water. See sdi.

- śdo, v. n. to fuse, melt, as metals. | śe-haŋś'-ka, adv. T., ślo. rate: śehaŋśka hiba
- śdo-ka', n. a kind of spotted duck.
- śdo'-ka. See kaśdoka.
- śdo-ka'-haŋ, part. out of place, as an ax-head off the handle, or an eye out of its socket.
- ś d o · k a' w a h a ŋ , part. Same as śdokahan.
- śdo-śdo, v. red. of śdo. T., śloślo.
- śdo-śdo', adj. soft, as fat, melted.
- ś do ś do' daŋ, n. the soft fat parts in an animal. T., pakśiŋ. See sdosdodaŋ.
- śdo'-śdo-daŋ, n. the meadowlark: śdośdodaŋ kiźo, to whistle to the meadow-lark.
- ś do-ya', v. a. to fuse, melt, or smelt metals—śdowaya, śdounyanpi. T., śloya.
- śdo-ya'-pi, n. that which is melted: śdoyapidan and maza śdoyapi, pewter.
- śdun-ya', v. a. to cause to slip. T., ślulya.
- śdu-śdu'-ta, *adj. slippery*, as a road; *smooth*, as ice, etc. *T.*, ślu-śluta.
- śdu'-ta, *adj. slipping*. See yuśduta, naśduta.
- \dot{s} 'e, v. n. T. to drop, as water. See \dot{s} bu.
- ś e' ć a, adj. dry, dead, as wood, rotten.
- śe-hanś, adv. T. denoting impatience: luha hećinhan maku yo śehanś, if you have it, give it to me at any rate. See śanhanś.

- ś e h a ŋ ś' k a , adv. T. at any rate: śehaŋśka hihaŋna ećamoŋ kte lo, at any rate I will do it to-morrow.
- śe-haŋś'-ka-la-ka, adv. T., śehaŋśkalaka ohaŋkoya mayaku śni wamatehaŋ, it is a long time, so now give it me quickly.
- śe-haŋś'-tu-ka, adv T. well, but.
- śe-kśe'-ća, adj. red. of śeća.
- śen-ya', adv. withered; dried or drying, seasoning: śenya hiyeya. T., śelya.
- śen-ya', v. a. to make dry, cause to wither—śenwaya: śenya ehnaka, to lay up to season. T., śelya.
- ś e' p a \mathfrak{p} , n. Ih. i. q. ićepa \mathfrak{p} . See sćepa \mathfrak{p} .
- śi, v. a. to command, bid; to ask. This word is always preceded by another verb, as, ećon śi, eye śi, etc.—waśi, yaśi, unśipi.
- śi, v. imperat. stop, be still.
- śi, intj. hist! hark! Used to call attention privately. See ś.
- ś i' ć a, adj bad, ugly; bad, wicked—maśića, niśića, unśićapi.
- śi-ća'-ho-wa-ya, v. n. to scream out, to moan—śićahowamda, śićahowada.
- śi-ća'-ho-wa-ya, adv. T. moaning, screaming: śićahowaya waup.
- śi-ća'-ki-ho, v. a. to do one's work badly—śićawakiho.
- śi-ća'-mna, adj. bad smelling.
- śi-ća'-wa-ciŋ, adv. thoughtlessly, hurriedly: śićawaćiŋ wau, I came in haste or thoughtlessly.

- śi-ća'-wa-ćin, v.n. T to be frightened; to hurry overmuch; to scream out.
- śi-ća'-ya, adv. badly, not well.
- śi-ća'-ya-ken, adv. badly.
- śi-će'-ća, n. children, family—mitaśićeća. T., wakanheźa.
- ś i' ć e d a , v. a. to esteem as bad, to hate—śićewada, śićeuŋdapi. T, śićela. See wahtedaśni.
- śi'-će-da-ka, v. to think bad, to hate—śićewadaka, śićeyadaka, śi-ćeuŋdakapi, śićećidaka.
- śi'-će-ki-ći-da-pi, v. recip. hating each other.
- śi'-će-ki-da, v. pos. of śićeda; to hate one's own—śićewakida. T., śićekila.
- śi'-će-ki-da'-ka, v. pos. of śićedaka; to hate one's own—śićewakidaka.
- śi-ći'-taŋ-ka, *adj. passionate*—śićimataŋka. *T.*, waćiŋke.
- śi-ći'-ţe, adj. T. (śića and iţa) very bad; worthless; lit. dead of badness.
- śi-ći'-ya, v. n. to be angry—śićiwaya. T, ćanzeka.
- śi-ći'-ye-ki-ya, v. to mourn for—śićiyewakiya. T., waśigla; aćeya.
- śi-ćo'-ki-ya, v. a. of śića and okiya; to speak evil to.
- śi-će', n. a woman's brother-in-law; a woman calls her husband's brother and her sister's husband, śiće: śićeću and śićeku, her brotherin-law.
- śi-će'-ku, n. See śiće.

- to be | śi-će'-śi, n. a woman's male cousin; h; to | śićeśitku, her male cousin.
 - śi-će'-śi-ya, v. a. to have for or call śićeśi—śićeśiwaya.
 - śi-će'-ya, v. a. to have for śiće—śićewaya.
 - śi-hda', v. n. to be or become angry, take offense at—śinwahda, śinyahda, śinunhdapi. In this word an n is introduced before the pronouns. See sinwa.
 - śi-hda'-pi, n. anger, wrath.
 - śi-hda'-ya, v.a. to make angry, provoke—śihdawaya, śihdauŋyaŋpi.
 - śi-haŋ', v. n. to behave badly—śi-wahaŋ. T., śilhaŋ.
 - śi-haŋ'-yaŋ, adv. behaving badly. T., śilhaŋyaŋ.
 - sih-ćin'-yan, adv. T. sternly, saverely.
 - śih-ćin'-yan kel, adv. T. crossly. śi'-htin, adj. feeble, stupid, lazy, sick—maśihtin, unśihtinpi. T., śin-
 - htin, bad; poorly made, imperfect.
 - śi-htiny-ya, v. a. to enfeeble—śihtinwaya, śihtinmayan.
 - śi-htin'-yan, adv. feebly. T., śinhtinyan.
 - śik-śi'-ća, adj. red. of śića.
 - $\pm i k \pm i' \pm a y a$, adv. badly.
 - śik-śil', cont. red. T. badly: śikśil iś taku tokonka, he does very badly.
 - śik-śil'-o-haŋ, v. T. to act badly; do wickedly.
 - śik-śil'-o-han-ka, n. T. one who does badly
 - śik-śin'-ya, adv. red. of śinya; badly.

- śil-la', v. T. to esteem bad—śil-wala. See śićeda.
- śil-ya', adv. T. badly.
- śil-ya'-kel, adv. T. badly.
- śil-ye'-la, adv. T. sadly, badly.
- śi-na', n. a blanket, a cloak or shawl, anything worn as a blanket. Henok thinks this should be written śinna, but, as A. Renville does not agree with him, the shorter orthography is preferred.
- śi-na'-a-pa-lida-te, n. ribbon, ferret.
- śi-na'-a-pa-lida-te-śok-śo-ka, n. cotton ferret.
- śi-na'-a-pa-hda-te-zib-zipe-dan, n. silk ribbon.
- \$i n a' 6 a n k o h e, n. T. a blanket with bead-work across the middle.
- Si-na'-gle-gle-ġa, n. p. the Navajos.
- śi-na'-hiŋ-śma, n. Ih. a buffalo robe.
- śi-na'-ho-ta, n. the common white blanket.
- śi-na'-i-kće-ka. n. T. a buffalo robe.
- $\sin n \cdot a' i p \cdot a t \cdot a p \cdot i$, n. T. a robe ornamented with quill-work.
- śi-na'-ka-su-pi, n. T. a fringed shawl.
- śi-na'-o-ki-pa-ta, n. T. a quilt made of pieces.
- śi-na'-o-pa-puŋ-ći-stiŋ-na, n. a blanket with a small border, savelist cloth.
- śi-na'-o-pa-puŋ-ho-ta, n. gray-list cloth.

- śi-na'-o-pa-puŋ-ska, n. white list and stroud.
- si-na'-o-pe-he, n. T. a bale of blankets.
- $\sin n \cdot a o p \cdot b y \cdot e$, n. a bale of blankets. T., $\sin a \cdot o b e$.
- śi-na'-śa, n. a red blanket.
- śi-na'-to, n. blue skirt cloth; a blue or green blanket.
- śi-na'-to-zib-zi-pe-daŋ, n.
 blue broadcloth.
- śi-na'-wa-to-pe-ki-ya, v. to go by sails, to sail—śinawatopewakiya.
- śi-na'-wa-to-pe-ki-ya-pi, n. sails.
- śi-na'-zib-zi-pė-daŋ, n. broadcloth.
- $\sin n a' 2 a \eta 2 a \eta$, n. a red blanket. T., $\sin a \cot a \sin a$.
- śin-ya', adv. badly, sadly. T. śilya.
- śin-ya'-ken, adv. badly, sadly: ćante śinyaken. T., śilyakel.
- ś'in, intj. T. begone!
- śin, n. the fat part of animals, especially fat meat, as, kukuśe śin, fat pork; the sappy part of wood.
- śin-htin, adj. T.. bad, imperfect.
- śin-htin'-ya, v. T. to injure.
- śin-htin'-yan, adv. T badly, imperfectly.
- śin-hda, adj. See śihda.
- śiŋ-kpaŋ'-ka, n. See śiŋkpaŋkahu.
- sin-kpan'-ka-hu, n. the name of a root that, it is said, grows in low grounds.

- śiŋ-ta', n. the tamarack or hackmatack, the American larch. This is probably so called because the gum is hard, i. e., śiŋ tasaka. The original name seems to have been "makaŋ."—s. w. p.
- śiŋ-ta'-ka, n. the striped bass.
- śin tka' hu, n. the hip-bone, the os ilium. T., śintkanhu.
- śiŋ-tpaŋ'-ka, n. a root that grows, it is said, in low ground: śiŋ-tpaŋkalıu, the stalk and root above referred to.
- śiŋ-śiŋ', adj. wrinkled.
- śiŋ-yaŋ'-ta-ka-daŋ, n. the name of a small bird which frequents the rice lakes.
- śi-pa'. See kaśipa, yuśipa.
- śi-pa'-haŋ, part. broken off close, as the limbs of a tree, the teeth of a comb, pins, etc.
- śi-pa'-wa-han, part. Same as śipahan.
- śi-pto', n. beads.
- śi-pto'-la, n. T. i. q. psincinca.
- $\dot{s}i-pto'-pto$, n. beads.
- śi-pu'-te, n. T. the pit of the stomach, i. e., below the navel.
- śi-śo'-ka, n. the robin.
- śi-tki'-hda, v. n. to be angry; to be afflicted; śitkihda waun.
- śi-tki'-hda-ya, v. to make angry; to afflict, to punish—śitkihdawaya.
- śi-tki'-hda-ya, adv. in trouble, angrily, vexed: śitkihdaya waun.
- śi-u'-ta-ka-hpe or śi-yo'-toa-ka-hpe, n. an apron.

- śi-ya'-ka, n the teal, a kind of duck. The śiyaka are divided into śiyaka taŋka, mde śiyaka, and wakpa śiyaka.
- śi-ya'-ka, n. a boil: śiyaka o, hit by the śiyaka, which results in a boil—śiyaka mao. We have not been able to ascertain the origin of this expression.
- śi'-yo, n. the grouse or prairie hen, the Tetrao cupido.
- śi-yo'-te, n. T. the knees; the lap.
 śi-yo'-to, n. the knees, the front part of the legs; the lap—maśiyoto.
 T., śiyote.
- śka. See yuśka
- śka, conj. T. but: i. q. tuka; eśta.
- śka, śke, and śket, adv. or v. n.
 T. eya śke, though he says; or more likely as a verb, it is said that he says.—T. L. R. See śkeli.
- $\pm k a h a \eta'$, part. come untied of itself.
- śkal, T. cont. of śkata.
- śkal'-wa-yu-pi-ka, adj T. skillful at games.
- \pm kan, cont. of \pm kata; \pm kan uppi. T., \pm kal.
- śkan-ki'-ya, v. to cause to play—śkanwakiya. T., śkalkiya.
- śkan, v. n. to do, to act; to move about: token yaśkan he, what art thou doing?— waśkan, unśkanpi: śkan hinhda, to jump or flutter about, as a bird when caught. See han.
- śkan'-ka-pin, adj. lazy, unwilling to move about.
- śkaŋ'-ka-piŋ-pi, n. laziness.

- śkan-ki'-ya, v. a. to cause to move about—śkanwakiya.
- śkaŋ-śkaŋ', v. red. of śkaŋ; to stir, move about, change place.
- śkan-śkan'-yan, v. a. to cause to move about—śkanskanwaya.
- śkaŋ-śkaŋ'-yaŋ, adv. moving, in motion.
- śkan-yan', adv. moving.
- śka'-ta, v. n. to play—waśkata, unśkatapi.
- śka-wa'-haŋ, part. come untied of itself.
- śke and śke-lo', v. n. T. they say; it is reported: tawiću ton kta śke lo, they say he is going to marry. See śka and śkeli.
- śke-ća', n. the fisher.
- $\pm k e \pm a' \pm a \eta k a$, n. the wolverine.
- śke-du'-ta, n. the name of a small red bird.
- śke'-haŋ, adj. wild, prancing, as a horse; ambitious.
- śke'-haŋ-haŋ, adj. red of śke-haŋ; jumping round, frolicsome.
- śke'-he, adj. Same as śkehan.
- śke-he'-ća, n. an animal that is wild or unsteady.
- śke'-he-śni, adj. gentle.
- śke-he'-ya, v. a. to make wild, make prance about—śkehewaya.
- śke'-he-ya, adv. ambitiously.
- $\pm k e'-li$, adv. T. i. q. $\pm kelo$.
- śki-ća'. See yuśkića.
- śki-ća'-haŋ, part. squeezing, pressed.
- śki-ća'-wa-haŋ, part. pressing, squeezed.

- to cause to skin-ci'-ya, v. to move one's self,
 ya.

 be industrious: i. q. miniheiçiya—
 śkinmićiya. See śkan.
 - śki-śka, adj. rough, not smooth and level. •
 - śki-śke'-ya, v. a. to make rough śkiśkewaya.
 - śki-śke'-ya, adv. roughly.
 - śko-kpa', adj. hollowed out, concave.
 - śkom, cont of śkopa; śkom iyaya. T., śkob.
 - śkom-ya', v. a. to make crooked śkomwaya T., śkobya.
 - śkom-ya', adv. crookedly; śkomya wanka.
 - śko'-pa, adj. crooked, warped; concave.
 - śko-śko'-pa, adj. red. of śkopa. śko-tpa', adj. hollowed out, concave.
 - śku, v. n. to be wholly or partially roasted; to be covered with red spots, as one who lies too close to the fire in cold weather—maśku, niśku.
 - śku-mna', adj. tainted, as meat; sour.
 - Śku'-ta-ni, n. p. the Kootenai.
 - śli, v. n. T. to ooze out, as gum, under the action of the sun. See
 lidi.
 - śli'-ye-la, adv. T. whizzing, as a bullet in the air.
 - śma, adj. deep, as water; dense, as foliage; thickly set, as hair.
 - śma-śma', adj. red. of śma.
 - śmi, adj. bare; i. q. hin wanića: paśmi; said of a head with only a few scattering hairs. See smi.

śna. See yuśna.

śna, adv. T. here, now; used with other adverbs; as, dehan śna, here now; lehan śna, letu śna, etc., anpetu wanżi śna, some days, i. e., occasionally.

ś n a - h a n', part. dropped, missed.

śna-wa'-han, part. dropped.

śni, adv. of negation; not, no. It follows verbs, nouns, pronouns, adjectives, adverbs, etc.

śni-śni-źa, adj. red. of śniża.

śniś-ya', v. a. to make wither or dry up—śniśwaya, śniśunyanpi.

śniś-ya', adv. withered.

śni-yaŋ'-yaŋ, adv. abundantly.

śni'-za, adj. withered, dead, dried up, as leaves by the sun; blurred, indistinct: iśtomaśniża.

śnuŋ-śnuŋ'-źa, adj. red. of śnuŋźa

śnuŋ'-źa, adj. blurred, indistinct, as, iśtośnuŋźa. T., śniźa.

śog, cont. of śoka.

śog-śog'-ya, adv. red. of śogya. śog-ya', adv. strongly, firmly, thickly: śogya awaćin, to think intently.

śog-yeh', adv. strongly, firmly; greatly, much.

śo'-ka, adj. thick, applied to solids. śo'-ka-la, n. T. a quarter of a dollar: lit. a small thick piece.

śo-kśaŋ'-ka-daŋ, n. a species of duck, much smaller than the mallard duck, the teal.

śo-kśan'-ka-tan-ka, n. a large species of the teal.

śo-kśo'-ka, adj. red. of śoka.

śol, T. cont. of śota.

 \pm ol-a'-ni-ni, n. T. soot, smut.

 \pm ol-na'- \dot{g} i, n. T. soot.

 \pm ol-ya', v. T. to make smoky.

śon, cont. of śota.

śon-na'-ġi, n. (smoke-ghost) soot. See śotkazi.

śon-ya', v. a. to smoke, make smoky śonwaya T., śolya.

śong-źo'-ya-ka, n. See śunżoyaka for the better orthography of this word.

śon-ġi'-dan, n. See śunġidan.

śon'-ka, n. See śunka.

śon-pa', n. See śunpa.

śon-śon'-la, n. T. a mule.

śon-śon'-la-i-kpi-ska, n. T. a white-bellied mule, i. e., a donkey.

ś o ŋ'-ś o ŋ - n a , adj. long-eared, hanging down, as the ears of many dogs do; dogs whose ears hang down. Hence, śuktaŋka śoŋśoŋna, a mule. T., śoŋśoŋla.

śon-te', n. the hole by which a beaver goes in and out. T., waśon; ćaboti ohloka.

śo'-śa, adj. turbid, muddy, as water.

ś o' - ś e , adj. Same as śośa: Miniśośe, the Missouri River.

śo-śe'-ya, v. a. to make turbid or muddy, to stir up—śośewaya.

śo-śe'-ya, adv. turbidly.

śo-śka, n. a species of pine; a small kind of fish: i. q. hośka.

śo'-ta, n. smoke.

śo'-ta, v. n. to smoke, as a fire.

śo-tka'-zi, n. soot. See śonnagi.

śo-tka'-zi, adj. smoked black, sooty. See sotkazi.

śot-o'-źu, adj. smoky, full of smoke, applied to a hazy atmosphere.

śpa. See yuśpa.

śpa-han', part. broken off.

śpan, adj. cooked, as food; burnt or frozen, as the face or parts of the body, by heat or cold: noge maśpan, my ears are frozen; siha niśpan, thy feet are frozen. See span.

śpaŋ-ka'-ġa-pi, n. Ih. green corn dried: i. q. waskuya.

śpaŋ-ki'-ći-ći-ya, v. a. to cook for one—śpaŋwećićiya.

śpan-ki'-ya, v. a. pos. to cook one's own food; to cook for another śpanwakiya, spanunkiyapi.

śpan'-śni, adj. T. raw, not cooked:
i. q. saka.

śpaŋ'-śni-yu-ta-pi, n. Ih. and T. anything eaten raw: i. q. sakayutapi, melons.

śpanyaya, śpanunyanpi.

śpa-wa'-han, part. broken off.

śpe. See śpa.

śpi. See yuśpi.

śpi-han', part. fallen off, as berries.

śpi-wa'-haŋ, part. Same as śpihaŋ.

śpu. See yuśpu.

śpu-han, part. See śpuwahan.

śpu-wa'-han, part. fallen off of itself, as anything that adhered.

śta, conj. although. T. śa, eśa, and yeśan. See eśta.

śtag, cont. of śtaka.

śtag-ya', v.a. to mash up; to make preserves—śtagwaya.

stag-ya', adv. free from ice: stagya wanka.

śta'-ka, adj. free from ice, as a river or lake when the ice has broken up and run out: beaten, broken. See kaśtaka.

śtan. See kastan, yustan.

 \dot{s} ta η , adj. blackish, dark-colored. T., sabya. See sta η .

śtan, v. n. to become black, as berries, by the heat of the sun.

śtan'-han, conj. although: hi śtanhan sdonwaye śni, though he may have come I do not know it. T., yeśan.

stan-han', v.n. to ooze out, as water from a sore, to be sore and exude water. T., ostanhan. See hdi

śta-śta', adj. weak, brittle: i. q wankadan. See staka.

śta-śta-dan, adj. brittle.

śta-śta'-ka, adj. red. of śtaka.

śte, adj. deformed. See ośteka, ośtehda, waśte, etc. Śte and hte have good meanings as well as bad ones in Dakota, Ponka, Winnebago, and other cognate languages. See wahtedaśni.

śte-da', v. of śte; to think there is much or many, to rate high—śtewada, śteundapi.

\$te-da'-pi, n. a great many, much.
\$te-i'-&i-da, v. reflex to think
much of one's self.

śte-ya', adv. deformedly.

śtu-ća', v. n. to thaw, as anything that has been frozen. T., śtulya. See śtunya and śtuta.

śtul-ya', v. T. to thaw out: i.q. śtunya.

śtun-ya', v. a. to thaw, cause to thaw—śtunwaya: śtuniciya, to thaw or warm one's self—śtunmiciya.

śtun-ka', adj. unripe, as fruit.

śtun-ka'-la, adj. T. soft, mellow; not ripe yet, as corn in the milk.

śtu-śta, adj. soft, as the flesh of an animal when hard chased, wanting flavor. See śtaśta, etc.

śtu-śte'-ya, v. a. to chase so as
to make weary and render the meat
flavorless—śtuśtewaya.

śtu'-ta, adv. thawed, warmed: nape maśtuta, my hands are warmed. See śtuća.

śuk-ćin'-ća, n. a young wolf. See śunkćinća.

śuk-ćin'-ća-dan, n. a colt. See śunkćinćadan.

śuk-taŋ'-ka, n. (śuŋka and taŋka) the horse, horses. Ih. and T., śuŋ-kawakaŋ.

śuk-taŋ'-ka-a-kiŋ, n. a saddle for a horse; a pack-saddle. T., ćaŋwakiŋ. See śuŋgakiŋ.

śuk-tan'-ka-i-i-yu-wi, n. a horse-bridle, a rope for a horse's mouth.

śuk-taŋ'-ka-wa-na-piŋ, na horse-collar.

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śun, n. the large feathers of birds' wings.

śung, cont of śunka.

śuŋg-a'-ķiŋ, n. a saddle; a saddle blanket. See śuktaŋkaakiŋ.

śuŋg-hu'-daŋ, n. a short-legged horse, a pony, a small horse.

śuŋg-hu'-pte-pte-će-daŋ, n. a short-legged dog or horse.

śuŋg-i'-ća-psiŋ-te, n. a horsewhip.

śung-i'-kte, n. lit. that by means of which a wolf is killed: poison; strychnine. See śunkigmunke.

śung-i'-na-źi-pa, n. T. aspur.

śung-i'-kan, n. harness.

śung-i'-pa-hte, n. a bridle.

śun-gle'-śka, n. T. a spotted horse.

śung-ma'-ki-ći-ma, n. T. a young horse.

śung-ma'-ni-tu, n. T. a wolf.

śuŋg-mdo'-ka, n. the male of the horse or dog.

śung-nah'-po-ġe, n. T. a brown-eared horse.

śung-o'-i-na-źin, n. a stable.

śung-o'-na-śin, n. a pacing horse.

śung-wa'-kin-i-hu-pa, n. the apparatus for packing on a horse or dog, pronounced often śungwakun-hupa and śungwakinhupa. It is made by placing the ends of two

or more poles (usually tent-poles) together, and inclining them at an angle of some forty or fifty degrees. The ends fastened together are placed on the back of the horse or dog, with a strap around the breast. Behind the horse's tail cross-pieces are tied, on which loads are packed and children placed. The Sisitonwans and Ihanktonwans of the prairie keep large dogs for the purpose of packing. T, hupaheunpi.

śuŋg-wi'-ye, n. a mare; a bitch.

śung-wi'-ye-dan, n. dim. of sungwiye.

śun-hpa'-dan, n. a puppy, a little dog.

śuŋ'-ka, n. a dog, commonly; a horse; an ox or cow, occasionally. This latter use obtains only in the language of the braves or warriors of the nation—mitaśuŋke, nitaśuŋke, taśuŋke. See śoŋka.

śuŋ-ka'-ki-i-na-hta-ke, *n. T. a spur.*

śuŋ'-ka-wa-kaŋ, n. Ih. and T. a sacred dog or spirit-dog, i. e., a horse: i. q. śuŋktaŋka.

śuŋ-kće', n. a bulbous esculent root that grows in swamps.

śunk-ćin'-ća, n. a young wolf. See śukcinca, śuŋk-ćiŋ'-ća-daŋ, n. a colt. śuŋk-i'-ća-psiŋ-te, n. a horsewhip.

śuŋk-i'-gmuŋ-ke, n. T. poison; anything to use in trapping wolves: i. q. śuŋgikte.

śuŋk-o'-na-śo-la, n. T. a pacing horse.

śuŋk-taŋ'-ka, n. (śuŋka and taŋka). See śuktaŋka.

śuŋk-ta'-wa-na-piŋ, n. T. a horse collar: i. q. śuŋkawakaŋtawanapiŋ.

śuŋk-ta'-wa-na-piŋ-na, n.
the name of a small bird.

śunk-to'-ke-ća, n. the other dog, i. e., the wolf. T., śungmanitu.

śunk-wi'-ye, n. a mare: i. q. sungwiye. T., sungwiyela.

śuŋ-pa', v. n. to moult, shed, as geese their feathers: i. q. śoŋpa.

śuŋ-pa'-h di-h di, v. to have the feathers partly grown. Said of geese, etc., when their feathers have grown so that they are almost able to fly; i. q. ećadaŋ kihipi kta. T., śuŋtoto.

śun-to'-to, v. n. T. to have the feathers partly grown.

śun - źo' - yag, cont. of śunżoyaka; śunżoyag iću, to make a loop, noose, or lasso; śunżoyag iyakaśka, to tie a noose or running knot.

śun-źo'-ya-ka, n. a noose: i. q. śongźoyaka. T., źożoyagton. śu-pe', n. guts, intestines.

śu-pe'-ćo-wo-źu, n. a species of duck, so called because its entrails are always full.

śu-pe'-o-śi-ća, adj. T. hard to digest; disagreeing with one.

śu-pe'-o-śi-ća, n. T. anything hard to digest.

śu-pu'-te, n.T. a gun-stock. śup-tan'-ka, n. (śupe and tanka) the large intestines.

śu-śka, adj. slow, tardy, good for nothing, worthless-maśuśka, niśuska. T., skankapin.

śu-śka'-ka, n. a worthless fellow. śu-ta', v. to miss, fail of, to be unable to obtain-śuwata, śuuntapi: to miss, as in shooting at anything; to fail of getting, suwate, etc.

śu-te'-ya, v. a. to cause to fail or miss—śutewaya.

T.

alphabet.

the moose. This may propta, n. erly be considered as the generic term for all ruminating animals, since it enters into the composition of the names of most of them; as, tahinéa, deer; tatanka, buffalo, etc.

ta, a prefix to such nouns as signify the various members of the body, limiting them to the corresponding parts in ruminating animals; as, ćeźi, the tongue, taćeźi, a buffalo tongue; pa, the head, tapa, a deer's head.

ta, prep. in comp. at, to, on; suffixed to nouns it gives them the force of adverbs; as, maka, the earth; makata, on the ground. See also "ata" and "yata."

ta, pron. in comp. his, hers, its; with "pi" at the end of the noun, theirs.

the twenty-third letter of the Dakota | ta, adj. one of, a pair: tawanzidan, one pair; tanonpa, two pairs.

tab, cont. of tapa.

tab-i'-ća-ka-pe, n. T. a ballclub.

tab-i'-ća-psi-će, n. T. a ballclub. See takićapsića.

ta - blo' - hu, n. T. i. q. tamdohu. ta-ćaŋ'-ta, n. (ta and ćaŋte) the heart of the buffalo, the ox, etc.

ta-će'-sdi, n. the dung of ruminating animals, especially the buffalo; the "Bois de vache" of the French.

ta-će'-źi, n. the tongue of ruminating animals, especially the buffalo.

ta-ćin'-ća, n. the young of deer, a fawn. T., taćinćala.

ta-ćin'-ća-dan, n. a fawn, a lamb.

ta-ćin'-ća-ha, n. a fawn-skin, calf-skin,

- ta-éin'-éa-la, n. T. the young of deer.
- t a d o', n. fresh meat, the fresh meat of ruminating animals, as the deer and buffalo.
- ta-do'-hde-ska, n. the windpipe of the buffalo. T., taglogleska and taglogloska.
- ta-do'-ta-hu, n. the neck; neckbone of animals.
- ta-glo'-gle-ska and ta-glo'-glo-ska, n. T. the windpipe in animals.
- ta'- ga, n. mini taga, froth, foam
- ta-ġe', n. froth, foam, spittle, scum: taġe ehpeya, to skim, throw off the scum.
- ta-ġ i'-ća, n. a species of tortoise.
 2. the hump of the buffalo; the buffalo itself.
- ta-ġi'-ća-ha, n. a buffalo robe; chiefly used by the Sisitonwans and Ihanktonwans: i. q. ptehaśina. So called from the hump. T., śina ikćeka.
- ta-ġo'-śa, v. n. to spit, expectorate—taġowaśa, taġouŋśapi. T., taliośa and taśośe.
- ta-ġu', n. an old buffalo bull, a poor scabby bull, whether old or not, a singed bull.
- ta-ha', n. a deer-skin.
- ta-ha'-ba-hdo-ke, n. the slits cut in a hide by which it is stretched.
- ta-ha'-daŋ, adv. i. q. hahadaŋ, éante tahadaŋ śni.—A. L. R.
- ta-ha'-ka-la-la, n T. (taha and kalala, to dangle) a woman's buckskin dress, usually ornamented with fringe, etc.

- ta-han', n. a man's brother-in-law, a wife's brother, and a man's sister's husband; my brother-in-law: nitahan, thy brother-in-law.
- ta-haŋ'-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. brothersin-law.
- ta-haŋ'-ku, n. his brother-in-law. ta-haŋ'-śi, n. a man's male cousin, my cousin. This does not include a father's brother's sons, who are brothers—nitahaŋśi.
- ta-han'-śi-tku, n. his male cousin. ta-han'-śi-ya, v. a. to sustain the relation of male cousin to one tahanśiwaya.
- ta-haŋ'-ya, v. a. to have for brother-in-law, sustain the relation of tahaŋ to one—tahaŋwaya.
- ta-ha'-sa-ka, n. dried skin, parchment; a skin with the hair taken off, but not yet dressed.
- ta'-hdo-hu, n. the soft maple, Acer rubrum.
- ta-he'-éa-pśuŋ-wi, n. the moon in which the deer shed their horns; December. See kapśuŋ.
- ta-he'-dan, adv. on this side of. See otahedan.
- ta-he'-dan-tan-han, adv. on this side of.
- ta-he'-na, adv. Ih. on this side:
 i. q. itato; this way; tahena u wo,
 come this way. See tahepi.
- ta-he'-na-taŋ-haŋ, adv. Ih. from this side of.
- ta-he'-pi, adv. by the way, on the road, between one place and another.

 T., tahena. See otahepi.

- ta-he'-pi-ya, adv. between places, in the space between the carth and heaven.
- ta-hin', n. buffalo or deer's hair.
- ta-hiŋ'-i-pa-kiŋ-ée, n. T. an instrument for scraping skins.
- ta-hiŋ'-i-pa-staŋ, n. an instrument for scraping or currying skins.
- ta-hiŋ'-pa-ġu-ke, n. pemmican; the knee-bone used as a pemmican stone.
- ta-hiŋ'-śpa, n. an awl, awls.
- ta-hiŋ'-śpa-ći-ka-daŋ, n. a needle, needles.
- ta-hin'-śpa-ći-ka-la, n. T a needle.
- ta-hin'-ye-te, n. of hinyete; the shoulder of animals.
- ta-hin'-yo-ki-be, n. the joints of animals. T., okihe See okibe.
- ta-ho'-ćo-ka, n. a court or open place. See hoćoka.
- ta-ho'-ka-śke, n. cross bars inside of a tent on which a skin is fastened to dry.
- ta-ho'-ka-ta, n. a spider's web; the pins used in stretching a skin; of taha and okatan. T., unktomi taokaske.
- ta-ho'-ka-tan, v. (taha and okatan) to stretch out, as a hide, with pins—tahowakatan.
- ta-ho'-mni, n. the hoop on which a scalp or hide is stretched.
- ta-hu', n. the back of the neck.
- ta-hu'-a-ka-hpe, n. T. a cape for the neck.
- ta-hu'-am, adv. with outstretched neck.

- ta-hu'-hu-te, n. T. the nape of the neck.
- ta-hu'-i-ćos-ya, n. a scarf or comforter. See ićosya.
- ta-hu'-ka, n. the hide of a buffalo, a green hide.
- ta-hu'-ka-wa-ta, n. a bullhide boat.
- ta-hun'-ske, n. T. stockings: his or her stockings
- ta-hu'-o-gle, n. T. a cape or ruffle. See ogle.
- ta-hu'-ska, n. a shirt-collar; paper collars.
- ta-hu'-ska-i-na-pin, n. a neck-tie ta-hu'-to-stan, n. the nape, the prominent articulation of the neck behind. T., tahuhute.
- ta-haŋ'-hiŋ-hda, v. n. of taġe; to froth or foam, as when anything is thrown into water.
- ta'-héa, n. cont. of tahinéa.
- t a' h ć a s u n k a, n. Ih. sheep: lit. deer-dogs. T., t ah ć a s un kala.
- ta'-hiŋ-ća, n. the common deer, Cervus capreolus.
- ta'-hin-ća-ha, n. a deer-skin. See taha. T., tahćaha.
- ta'-hiŋ-ća-ska, white deer, i. e., sheep. T., tahća suŋkala.
- $t a' hi \eta 6 a 6 a \eta l a, n.$ T. the antelope.
- ta'-h ća wa ni ya n pi, n. T. sheep.
- ta'-hiŋ-ća-wa-nuŋ-yaŋ-pi, n. tame deer, i. e., sheep.
- t a' h i n w a n u n y a n p i, n. sheep. T., tahćawaniyanpi.

- ta-ho'-śa, v. i. q. taģośa.
- ta-lipa', n. the lower part of the neck and breast of animals; the part between the shoulders of a man; the muscle across the abdomen.
- ta-hpa'-pa-ya-ta, n. T. between the shoulders.
- ta-hpi'-yo-gin, n. ground-cherries. T., aunyeyapi.
- ta-hpi'-yo-gin, adj. ripe, fully ripe: i. q. suton; tahpiyogin śni, not ripe.
- tah-ton', v. of tage; to have scum.
- ta-hu'-ha, n. the scrapings of hides or skins.
- ta-hu'-śda-ha, n. a summer robe. T., tawelaha.
- ta-hu'-wa-pa-hpe, n. the flesh that sticks to a hide.
- to roast off the hull, ta'-ka, v. a. as of rice; to roast, as coffee-watáka, untákapi.
- ta-kab'-kab, cont. of takabkapa; takabkab iyeya, to play ball by striking and knocking.
- ta-kan', n. the sinew taken from the back of the deer and buffalo, which is used by the Dakotas for thread, making bows, etc.
- ta-kan'-ġi, n. the knee-pan, the T., ćankpehu patella.
- ta-kaŋ'-he-ća, n. raspberries.
- ta-kaŋ'-he-ća-hu, n. raspberry bushes.
- ta-kan'-i-ta-zi-pe, n. a bow the back of which is overlaid with sinew.
- ta-ka'-po-pa-pi, n. playing ball by striking. T., tabkabkab iyeyapi.

- T. to expectorate; | ta-ka'-psi-ća, v. to play ball by taking up the ball in the club and throwing it—tawakapsića.
 - ta-ka'-psi-ća-pi, n. ball-playing.
 - ta-ki'-ća-po-pe, n. a ball-club for striking. T., tabićakape.
 - ta-ki'-ća-psi-ća, n. a ball-club, a stick with a hoop at the end, interlaced so as to hold and carry the ball in readiness to be thrown. T., tabićapsića, a shinny stick with crook on the end for catching the ball.
 - tak-i'-han, v. (taku and ihan) takihan yahi he, what have you come to do? T., takole.
 - ta-kin', v.n. to lean: takin iyaya, to dodge. T., pakin iyaya.
 - ta-kin'-yan, adv. leaning, not perpendicular: wi takinyan ya, said of the sun when it is half way up to the meridian. T., wi kin atakinyan ya.
 - ta-ki'-yu-ha-wi, n. the moon when the deer copulate; November. See kiyuha.
 - ta-ko'-da, n. Used with the pronouns; as, mitakoda, my friend; nitakoda, thy friend; takodaku, his friend. See koda.
 - ta-ko'-da-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. particular friends.
 - ta-ko'-da-ku, n. his particular friend.
 - ta-ko'-da-ya, v.a. to have one for a particular friend—takodawaya.
 - tak'-o-le, v. T. (taku and ole) tak ole yahi he, what have you come for?

- ta-ko'-mni, adv. nevertheless, still, always, at any time, ever: with śni following, at no time.
- ta-koś', n. a son-in-law or daughterin-law, my son-in-law, etc.; nephews and nieces by marriage.
- ta-koś'-ku, n. his or her son-inlaw or daughter-in-law.
- ta-koś'-ya, v. a. to have for sonin-law or daughter-in-law—takośwaya.
- t a k o' ź a , n. a grandchild, my grandchild—mitakoźa, nitakoźa.
- ta-ko'-źa-kpa-ku, n. his or her grandchild. Takoźakpa is not used alone.
- ta-ko'-źa-tpa-ku, n. his or her grandchild.
- ta-ko'-źa-ya, v. a. to have for grandchild—takoźawaya, takoźaunyanpi.
- ta-kpe', v. a. to come upon, attack; sometimes used in good sense, to visit—tawakpe, taunkpepi: takpe hi, to come to attack; takpe i, to have been to attack; takpe ya, to go to attack; takpe u, to be coming to attack.
- ta-kpe'-ya, adv. attacking.
- ta'-ku, n. something.
- ta'-ku, interrog. pron. what? taku yaéin he, what dost thou want?
- ta-ku', n. a relative, kindred. See takuya.
- ta'-ku-ća, pron interrog. what? ta'-ku-dan, n. dim. of táku; a trifle, nothing, mostly followed by śni, as, takudan waćin śni, I want nothing. T., takuni.

- ta'-ku-da-śni, v. a. to count as nothing, not to regard; to be patient, submissive in suffering—takuwadaśni T., takuni śni.
- ta-ku'-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. relatives, relationship.
- ta'-ku-ku, n. red. of táku; small articles, trinkets.
- ta'-ku-ma-ni-ni-na, *n. moths* and other *small grubs*.
- ta-ku'-mna, v. n. to have taste or smell; takumna śni, to be without smell, taste, or aroma; unpalatable.
- ta'-ku-ni, n. T. a trifle, nothing; generally followed by śni.
- ta'-ku-ni-śni, n. nothing.
- ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. n. to come to nothing, fail, perish—matakuniśni. T., atakuni śni.
- ta'-ku-ni-šni-yan, adv. gone to nothing, perishing.
- ta'-ku-śa-śa, n. bed-bugs; any red thing. T., wabluśkaśaśa.
- Ta'-ku-śkaŋ-skaŋ, n. one of the Dakota gods, the moving god or god of motion. T. a familiar spirit: Takuśkaŋśkaŋ mitawa, my familiar spirit: i. q. Waśićuŋ; which see.
- ta'-ku-śni, n. nothing.
- ta'-ku-śni-śni, n. small articles: trifles, as, takuśniśni omdaka, I tell little things.
- ta-ku'-ya, v. a. to have one for a relation—takuwaya, takuunyanpi, takumayan, takuciya.
- ta-ku'-ye, n. a relative—mitakuye, unkitakuyepi.
- $ta-le'-\acute{z}a$, n. T. i. q. $tade\acute{z}a$.

- ta'-ma-he, n. the pike, a kind of fish. ta'-ma-he-ća or ta-ma'-he-ća, adj. poor, lean, not fat—matamaheća, untamahećapi.
- t a'- m a h e n, adv. See tanmahen. T, tamahel.
- t a'-ma-hen-he-ća, adj. red. of tamaheća.
- ta'-ma-hen-ya, adv. poorby, not in a fat state.
- ta'-ma-ka, adj. poor, lean: pte tamaka, a lean cow.
- ta-mda', n. See tanmda.
- t a' m d o h u, n. the shoulder-blade of animals. T., tablohu.
- ta-mdo'-ka, n. the male of the common deer, a buck. T., tabloka.
- tam-ki'-ya, v. a. to say much to one about anything, to blame, talk roughly to—tamwakiya, tamunkiyapi, tammakiya. The Titonwan does not change the "m" in this and tamya: lila wahokonkiya.
- ta-mni', n. the womb; the after birth or sack which envelopes the fætus.
- ta-mun'-ka, v. 1st pers. sing. of tawanka.
- tam-ya', v. n. to talk earnestly, vociferate; to complain, murmur, blame one tamwamda, tamyada, tamunyanpi.
- ta-na'-gi-dan, n. a species of humming-bird.
- ta-na'-kpa-he-ća, n. a species of flag with a large root growing in water.
- ta-na'-kpan, n. the fleshy part on the leg below the knee of an animal; the cords in the legs of animals.

- ta-na'-su-dan, n. the brain of animals.
- ta-na'-tpa-he-ća, n. Same as tanakpaheća.
- ta-na'-tpa-hu-te, n. Same as tanakpaheća.
- ta-na'-wi-ti-će, n. the little bulbous piece of meat on the foreleg.
- ta-ni', adj. old. See tanni.
- tan'-i-će-la, n. T. (tan'can nićala); small insects; gnats, mosquitoes, etc.
- ta-ni'-ġe, n. the paunch of a buffalo, etc.
- ta-ni'-ge-mi-ni-a-ye, n. T. a pouch for carrying water, made of the paunch of the buffalo.
- ta-ni'-haŋ, adv. long ago. See taŋnihaŋ.
- ta-nih'-yu-sku, v. to empty the paunch of a buffalo, etc.
- ta-ni'-ka,-adj. old. See tannika.
- ta-ni'-ya, *n. his* or *her breath* or *life.* See woniya.
- tan, cont. of tanéan; as, tanton.
- tan, cont. of tanka; as, minitan.
- t'an. See yut'an, pat'an, etc.
- tan, prep. or adv. suffixed; as in hećiyatan.
- tan, n. the side of an animal, the meat taken off the ribs: tan wanzidan, one piece of meat. T. a side of the beef, including the bones; tan wanzila, one side or half the animal cut down the middle of the backbone.—w. J. c.

- taŋ-a'-ta-ye-daŋ, adv. individually, directly, in person: taŋatayedaŋ hdaźuźu, to pay each one for himself. T., iyatayela.
- tan-ćan', n. the body—mitanćan, untanćanpi; the body or principal part of anything, as of a tree, etc. See itanćan, otanćan, etc.
- taŋ-ćaŋ'-ka, n. the chief, the principal T., naća; itaŋćaŋ.
- tan-ćan'-ki-ya, v. a. to make great; to prefer, consider chief tancanwakiya.
- tan-ćan'-ton, v. to have a body; to be ripe, full grown.
- taŋ-ćo'-ćo-daŋ, adj. red. of taŋćodaŋ.
- taŋ-ćo'-daŋ, adj. naked, nearly naked, poorly clad: taŋéodaŋ wauŋ. See siéodaŋ.
- $ta\eta \acute{c}o' ka$, adj. See $ta\eta \acute{c}okada\eta$. $ta\eta \acute{c}o' ka da\eta$, adj. naked, with
 - out clothing—tanéomakadan, tanéounkapidan.
- tan 6o' 1a, adj. T. naked: i. q. tan 6odan.
- tan da', v.a. to love, honor, respect; to be patient—tanwada, tanundapi. T., ohola; kinihan. See ohoda.
- tan da' ka, v. a. Same as tanda.
- taŋ-haŋ', prep. from; as, heciya taŋhaŋ. See etaŋhaŋ.
- taŋ-hda'-kiŋ-yaŋ, adv. crosswise, across something else.
- taŋ-h du'-s'a-s'a-se-ća, v. to be frightened, as at a ghost, frightened at anything; to be made sick by seeing anything—taŋmahdus'as'a seća.

- tan-hdu'-s'a-s'a-ya, adv. in a state of fright.
- taŋ-iŋ', v.n. to appear, be manifest, be visible—mataŋiŋ.
- tan-in'-in, v. n. red. of tanin; to appear occasionally, as one passing under a hill, or as the sun through clouds.
- taŋ-iŋ'-iŋ-yaŋ, adv. red. of taŋiŋyaŋ; appearing occasionally: taŋiŋiŋyaŋ iyaya.
- taŋ-iŋ'-śni, v. n. to be lost, to have disappeared. See, also, kitaŋ-iŋśni.
- tan-in'-śni-yan, adv. out of sight, lost.
- tan-in'-yan, adv. manifestly, openly, without concealment.
- tan-i'-yo-hi-dan, adv. each one, every one. T., taniyohila.
- tan'-i-yo-hi-na, adv. Ih. each. tan'-ka, adj. large, great in any way—matanka, nitanka, untankapi. T., also pronounced than'-ka.
- tan'-ka, n. a woman's younger sister—mitanka, nitanka, tankaku.
- tan-ka'-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. they who are sisters.
- tan'-ka-ki-ya, adv. largely: ho tankakiya, with a loud voice.
- tan-ka'-ku, n. her younger sister. tan-kal', adv. T. without, out of
- tan'-ka-la, v. T. to consider great.

doors: i. q. tankan.

tan-kan', adv. without, out of doors:
tankan iyaya, to go out; tankan
iyeya, to turn out, put out of doors.
T., tankal.

- tan-ka'-ta, adv. out of doors, outside.
- tan-ka'-ya, v. a. to have for a younger sister—tankawaya.
- tan'-ka-ya, v.a. to consider great—tankawaya. T., tankala.
- tan'-ka-ya, adv. greatly, to a great extent: tankaya waun.
- tan ke', n. a man's older sister; my older sister—mitanke, nitanke.
- tan-ke'-ku, n. his older sister.
- taŋ-ke'-ya, v.a. to have for older sister—taŋkewaya.
- tan-kin'-kin-yan, adj. red and pl. of tanka and tankinyan; very large.
- tan-kin'-yan, adj. very great, large.
- tan-kin'-yan-yan, adj. red. of tankinyan.
- tan-ki'-ya-dan, adv. near to one—mitankiyadan. T., tankiyela.
- tan-ki'-ye-la, adv. T. near to one. See kiyala.
- taŋ-kśi', n. a man's younger sister; my younger sister—mitaŋkśi, nitaŋkśi.
- taŋ-kśi'-tku, n. his younger sister.
- tan-kśi-ya, v. a. to have for younger sister—tankśiwaya.
- tan'-ktan-ka, adj. red. of tanka.
- tan'-ktan-ka-ya, adv. red. of tankaya; largely.
- tan'-ku, n. Same as tankeku.
- taŋ'-ma-hel, adv. T. i.q. taŋmahen
- $t a \eta' m a h e l t a \eta h a \eta$, adv. T. from within the body.

- tan'-ma-hen, adv. in the body, within. T., tanmahel.
- $ta \eta' ma hen ta \eta ha \eta$, adv. from within.
- tan m da', n. round snow-shoes: tanmdohan, to put on or wear round snow-shoes. T., psohanpi.
- tan-mdas', cont. of tanmdaza; tanmdas wanka, to lie on the side, as animals.
- tan-mdaskaya wanka, to lie on the side, lie flat.
- taŋ-mda'-za, v. to spread the knees apart. T., kablaźa. See taŋmdas.
- taŋ-na'-ke-ki-ya, adv. on the side; with the head on one side: taŋ-nakekiya waŋka, it lies on its side.
- tan-na'-ke-ya, adv. on the side; with head turned to one side, as a drowsy person: tannakeya wanka. See nakeya.
- tan'-na-pa, v. n. to twitch, as the flesh of an animal, jerk involuntarily. T., nagnaka.
- tan'-na-pa-ki-ya, v. a. to shrug up, as the shoulders—tannapawakiya.
- tan'-na-pa-pa, v. red. of tannapa.
- tan-ni', adj. old, worn out.
- tan-ni', adv. of old: tanni hećeće kta epća, I long thought it would be so; before; already.
- tan-ni'-ćin-ća, n. a yearling calf. T., hećenićela.
- tan-ni'-han, adv. long ago, of old. T., ehanna.

- $ta \eta n i' ha \eta ta \eta ha \eta$, $adv. of | ta \eta' si to mni$, n. the whole body. old, a long time ago. T., ehannatanhan.
- tan-ni'-ka, adj. old, worn out, ancient.
- tan-ni'-la, adj. T. old.
- tan-ni'-na, adj. old. T., tannila.
- tan-ni'-na, adv. long ago, of old. T., ehanna.
- tan-ni'-na-ka, adv. of old, formerly.
- tan-ni'-ni, adj. red. of tanni; worn out.
- tan-o'-ksan, adv. around about, surrounding; unkitanoksanpi, around us.
- tan o' wa sin, n. the whole body. T., tanéan ataya.
- tan-pa', n. the white birch, Betula populifolia; the bark of the birch. T., ćanhasan.
- tan-pa'-ćan-ka-gi-ća, n. spunk taken from the birch.
- tan-pa'-hu, n. the white birch tree.
- tan-pa'-śa-śa-dan, n. a small species of birch.
- tan-pa'-wa-kśi-ća, n. dishes made out of the tappa.
- tan-pa'-wa-ta, n. a birch-bark canoe. T., ćanhawata.
- tan-sag', cont. of tansaka, which is not used: tansag ta, to die of fright; to be much alarmed, to faint tansag mata: tansag ta ehpeya, to frighten very much.
- tan-sag'-te-ya, v. a to frighten very much—tansagtewaya.
- tan-san'-ni, n. one side of the body.

- tan'-si-to-mni-yan, adv. over the body.
- tan-smi'-yan-yan, adv. alone, deprived of everything: tansmiyanyan manka, I am deprived of all. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$, smismiyan.
- tan-smi-yan-yan-ka, n. one who is alone, without relations. T., wablenića.
- tan-śi'-ća, adj. ugly, deformed tanmásica. T., ośteka.
- $ta\eta \dot{s}i\eta'$, n. the fat on the ribs.
- tan śna', adj. alone, single, unmarried, without one's family: tan\(\frac{1}{2}\)na waun, I um alone; wićatanśna, an unmarried man; witanśna, a single woman, a virgin
- taŋ-śna'-na, adj. alone, without one's family: tanénana unhipi, we have come alone.
- $ta\eta' ta\eta ha\eta$, adj. from the body: near to one.
- tan-tan'-yan, adv. red. of tanyan.
- tan-te'-ća, n. a species of red berry that grows on a climbing plant.
- tan-te'-ća-hu, n. the vine producing the tanteca.
- tan-ton', v. n. to have a body, be in the body; to be substantial, as some kinds of food. T. to be ripe, as fruit.
- tan-ton'-ka, adj. increasing in bulk, as rice, etc., by cooking; furnishing much nourishment for the quantity; very much so; exceedingly; exceptionally good.

- tan-ton'-śni, v. n. to have no body, as a spirit; to be unsubstantial, as some kinds of food.
- taŋ-toŋ'-śni-yaŋ, v. a. to annihilate—taŋtoŋśniwaya.
- tan-ton'-śni-yan, adv. without body, unsubstantially; destitute, as after giving away property on the death of one.
- tan-ton'-yan, adv. visibly, bodily: tantonyan han, it stands visibly; a great deal.
- tan-ton'-yan-kel, adv. T. excessively; intemperately: tantonyankel ia, to speak angrily.
- taŋ-wa'-śte, adj. of fine form, handsome—taŋmawaśte.
- tan-yam', adv. tanyam ia, to take one's part, speak for one; i. q. ićiya.
- tan'-yan, adv. well: tanyan un, to be well; tanyan econ, to do anything well; tanyan iyeiciya, to be fortunate.
- tan'-yan-ken, adv. well.
- taŋ-ya'-ta-ki-ya, adv. towards one: taŋyatakiya hiyu, to come towards one.
- tan-yehi, cont. of tanyehin.
- taŋ-ye'-héiŋ, adv. T. very well, exceedingly well: i. q. ṭaŋyehiŋ.
- tan ye'-kel, adv. T. whole, without injury.
- tan-ye'-la, adv. T. well.
- tan-ye'-hin, adv. very well. T., tanyehéin.
- taŋ-za'-ni, adj. healthy, in health, sound, not injured in body.

- taŋ-za'-ni-ke, adv. T. well, in good health.
- tan-za'-ni-ya-ke, adv. without injuring: tanzaniyake kata, to kill without injuring the skin or flesh.
- taŋ-za'-ni-yaŋ, adv. whole, not wounded.
- ta-o', v. a. to wound by shooting, wound, but not kill—tawao.
- ta o m b', cont. of taonpa. T. leaning to one side.
- ta-o'-ki-ye, n his disciple or assistant—mitaokiye: taokiyeya, to have for one's servant or helper.
- ta-oŋ'-pa, v. to lean to one side. See ataoŋpa.
- ta-o'-pi, part. wounded; a wounded person or animal.
- ta o' pi, n. T. a wound.
- ta-o'-un-ye, n. his dwelling.
- ta-o'-ya-te, n. his people—mitaoyate.
- ta'-pa, n. a deer's head.
- ta-pa', v. a. to follow after one who has gone; to follow, as game; to pursue, as an enemy—tawapa.
- ta'-pa, n. a ball, such as the Dakotas use in playing.
- $ta pa' \dot{g}a$, n. the diaphragm of deer, etc.
- ta-pa'-hdo-ge-źu, n the holes in an animal's head communicating with the nostrils; an edible plant having a pod somewhat like that of the Datura stramonium or Jamestown weed T., tapalilate.
- ta p a' h l a t e, n. T. i.q. tapa-lidoġeźu.

- ta-pa'-kśiŋ, n. the kidneys of buffalo, etc. T., taźoŋtka.
- ta-pa'-za-hu, n. a species of plant having a pod.
- ta-pe'-te, n. the upper part of the back across the shoulders. T., tapetu.
- ta-pe'-te-pa, adv. at the back.
 T., tapetupa.
- ta-pe'-te-pa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. at or on the back. T., tapetupataŋhaŋ and tapetutaŋhan. See ilazataŋhaŋ, which is, i. q. tapetutaŋhaŋ, but incorrectly given as meaning "from the side of."
- ta-pet'-o-gna-ka, v. T. t put or place on the back.
- ta-pe'-tu, n. T. the back, the upper part of the back.
- ta-pe'-tu-o-gna-ka, v. T. i. q. tapetognaka.
- ta-pe'-tu-o-gnag-ya, and tapet'-o-gnag-ya, adv. T. placed on the back.
- ta-pe'-tu-pa, adv. T. at the back. ta-pe'-tu-ta, adv. T. on the back.
- ta-pi', n. the liver of animals.
- ta pi' śle ća, n. T. the spleen of animals.
- ta-po', n. the duodenum; one of the stomachs of ruminating animals; the crop of fowls. See tatapo.
- ta-pon', n. the cheek °
- ta-pon'-hu, n. the cheek-bone.
- ta-po'-po-ska, n. T. tadpoles.
- ta-po'-pu-ska, n. tadpoles. T., tapoposka.

- the kidneys of ta-po'-śko-hna-ka, v. n. to ontka.

 a species of blanket—tapośkowahnaka. T., tapetu ognaka.
 - ta-psi'-psi-za, v. red. of tapsiza. ta-psis', cont. of tapsiza; tapsis hinhda, to bubble up, as water when anything is thrown in, or spontaneously.
 - ta-psi'-za, v.n. to bubble up, come up, as bubbles on water.
 - ta-pta'-he-za, n. black currants, Ribes floridum. See ćaptaheza.
 - ta-pun', n. See tapon.
 - ta-sag', cont. of tasaka; tasag hnaka, to expose for the purpose of hardening.
 - ta-sag'-ya, v.a. to cause to harden—tasagwaya.
 - ta-sag'-ya, adv. in a hardened state: tasagya hnaka, to lay away in a hard state.
 - ta-sa'-ka, adj. stiff, hard, frozen, hardened by cooling, whether at a temperature above or below the freezing point; hard, as tallow; cold, as, nape matasaka, my hands are cold.
 - ta-sa'-ka-ćan, n. a kind of wood, a species of hard pine.
 - ta-sa'-pa, n. the black bear, in the sacred dialect.
 - ta-se', intj. of contradiction or discredit, as, tase, wimatko śni, why no, I am not drunk: tase hepe kaćaś, that I said so is absurd: it is followed by ka, kakeća, or kaćaś.—w. J. C.

- ta-ska', n. taska wanunyanpi and tahinéa ska wanunyanpi, sheep.

 T., tahéa sunka.
- ta-ska'-kpa, n. the woodlouse.
- ta ska' tpa, n. the woodlouse.
- ta-span', n the red haw; apples. So used now by the Yanktons and Teetons.—J. P. W.
- ta-span'-ġi, n lemons; oranges.
- ta-spaŋ'-hu, n. the hawthorn; an apple tree.
- ta-spaŋ'-sdo-sdo-daŋ, n. the dwarf red haw.
- ta-span'-tan-ka, n. the crab apple, Pyrus coronaria; the common apple, Pyrus malus.
- ta-span'-tan-ka-hu, n. the crab tree; the apple tree.
- ta-su'-su-o-źu-ha, n. a shot-pouch.
- ta-śa'-ka, n. the hoofs or nails of deer. T., taśake.
- ta-śi'-śa-ke, n. the nails or hoofs of animals, used by the Dakotas for rattles. This was probably tasiśake originally.
- ta-śi-ya-gnoŋ-pa, n. T. i. q. taśiyakapopopa.
- ta-śi'-ya-ka, n. the pylorus or lower orifice of the stomach of ruminating animals; the large intestines.
- ta-śi'-ya-ka-po-po-pa, n. a species of bird. T., taśiyagnonpa.
- ta-śka'-daŋ, n. the box-elder, Acer negundo. Same as ćanśuśka.
- ta-śko'-źu, n. a grove of timber, thickly timbered land.
- ta-śn a'-he-ća, n, the prairie ground-squirrel,

- ta-śna'-he-ća-ho-ta, n. the gray ground-squirrel.
- ta-śpu', n. the stem, as of a pumpkin; a knob, a button. See mazataśpu. T., ćeśkika.
- ta-śpu'-daŋ, n. a knob, a button, the head of a pin.
- $ta-\acute{s}o'-\acute{s}e$, v. T. to spit: i. q. $ta \dot{g}o \dot{s}a$.
- ta'-ta or ta-ta', adj. dull, blunt, bruised up.
- ta-ta'-hpa, n. the breast and neck of animals: i. q. tahpa.
- ta-ta'-mni, n. that which surrounds the fætus, the womb of animals: i. q. tamni.
- ta-taŋ'-ka, n. the male buffalo, the Bos, or Bison americanus; the common ox.
- ta-ta'-po, n. the duodenum of ruminating animals; the omasum or third stomach. See tapo.
- ta ta' wa mdu śka, n. the horse-fly.
- ta ta' wa mdu ka dan, n. the horse-fly.
- ta-te', n. air in motion, wind.
- $ta te' da\eta se ća, n$ the essence of peppermint.
- ta-te'-i-yu-mni, n. a whirlwind.
- ta-te'-ka-s'a, v. the wind whistles.
- ta-te'-on-na-ho-mni, n. (tate, on, nahomni) T. a wind-mill.
- ta-te'-o-u-ye, n. a quarter of the heavens: tate ouye topa, the four quarters of the heavens.

- ta'-te-ya, v. T. to hunt; tate aya, to go on a hunt with a large party; used when a whole camp is moved along.—w. J. c.
- ta-te'-yan-pa, v.n. it blows; the wind blows.
- ta te' yan pa, n. wind.
- ta-tin'-gle-ska, n. T. intestinal worms.
- ta'-to, n. cumfrey, a root with a long branching stalk, the stem of which is eaten by the Dakotas; possibly also the ginseng root.
- ta-to'-han, adv. up stream. T., tatowab. See tatowam.
- ta-to'-he-ki-ya, adv. against the wind, or current, up stream.
- ta-to'-he-ya, adv. against the wind, up stream: tatoheya unyanpi, we go up stream, or against the wind.
- ta-to'-ka, n. the big horned antelope.

 Perhaps the goat of the Rocky

 Mountains, or the Antelope rupicapra.
- ta-to'-ka-dan, n. the gazelle or prairie antelope, the Antelope dorcas, somewhat smaller than the common deer. They go in companies, and are very fleet.
- ta-to'-wam, cont. of tatowapa; up stream: tatowam unyanpi. T., tatowab.
- ta-to'-wa-pa, adv. up stream, up the river.
- ta-to'-wa-pa-tan-han, adv. from above, from up stream.
- ta-tpe', v. to come to, come upon, attack, make an attack on—tawatpe, tauntpepi. T., takpe.

- to hunt; tate ta-tpe'-hi, v. to come to attack—twith a large tatpewahi. See takpe hi, etc.
 - ta-tpe'-i, v. to have been to attack—tatpewai
 - ta-tpe'-ya, v. to go to attack—tatpemda: tatpe iyaya, to have gone to attack; tatpe u, to come to attack.
 - ta-tpe'-ya, adv. attacking.
 - $ta u \eta' k a$, v. T. to be be willing to do: i. q. tawanka.
 - t a'-w a, pron. his, hers, its—mitawa, nitawa.
 - ta-wa'-ćin, n. the mind, will, understanding, disposition, purpose, thought—mitawaćin.
 - ta-wa'-6in-han-ska, adj. Tapatient, long suffering.
 - ta wa' cin han ske ya, adv.patiently.
 - ta wa' cin hin yan' za, adj. morose.
 - ta-wa'-ćiŋ-ki-ćuŋ, v. n. to be resolute, obstinate, have a mind of one's own—tawaćiŋwećuŋ.
 - ta-wa'-ćiŋ-ki-ćuŋ'-yaŋ, adv. resolutely.
 - ta-wa'-ćiŋ-su-ta, adj. firm, resolute, not easily influenced.
 - ta-wa'-ćin-su-ta-ya, adv. resolutely.
 - ta-wa'-ćiŋ-śi-ća, adj. of a bad disposition—tawaćiŋmaśića.
 - ta wa'- éin wan ka-la, adj. T. fickle, easily influenced.
 - ta-wa'-ćin-wa-śte, adj. of a good disposition—tawaćinmawaśte.
 - ta-wa'-ġaŋ, n. a step-son; a stepfather; any step relation.

- ta-wa'-gaŋ-ku, n. his step-son or step-father.
- ta-wa'-ġaŋ-ya, v.a. to have for tawaġaŋ—tawaġaŋwaya.
- ta-wa'-he-ća, n. a sweling, a bubo; the groin.
- ta'-wa-i-&i-ya, v. reflex. to own one's self; to be free.
- ta'-wa-i-ći-ya-pi, n. freedom, liberty.
- ta-wa'-koŋ-ze, n. his influence or purpose. This is used for the Spirit of God—nitawakoŋze T., tawokoŋze.
- ta-wa'-mni-pa, n. the seven stars in the constellation Taurus. T, tayamnipa.
- ta-way'-ka, v. n. to be willing to undertake, disposed to do or attempt. Generally this is used in the negative, as, tawayka śni, not to be disposed to—tamuyka śni. T., tauyka. See tawatenya.
- ta-wan'-źi, n. one of anything, a pair: tanonpa, two of anything, two pairs; tayamni, three pairs.
- ta'-wa-śe, n. T. a woman's female friend: i. q. kola.
- ta'-wa-śe-tku, n. T. her female friend.
- ta'-wa-śe-ya, v. to have for female friend.
- ta-wa'-ţe-ća, v. See tawaţenya. ta-wa'-ţel-śi-ća, adj. T. unendurable, excessive.
- ta-wa'-ten-ki-ya, v.a. to be willing to have such a thing happen to one tawatenwakiya, tawatenciciya.

- ta wa' ten ya, v. a. to be willing for anything, desirous to do or
 suffer—tawatenwaya, tawatenunyanpi. See tawanka.
 - ta'-wa-śi, n. a helper; a helpmate; a friend. T., tawowaśi.
 - ta'-wa-śi-tku, n. his or her helper or friend.
 - ta'-wa-śi-ya, v. a. to have for helper—tawaśiwaya. T., tawowaśiya.
 - ta'-wa-ya, v. a. to possess anything, have for one's own—tawa-waya, tawaunyanpi.
 - ta-wa'-zu-zu-he-ća, n. intestinal worms, lumbrici. T, tatipgleska.
 - ta'-we-la-ha, n. T. a summer robe; a robe from an animal killed in spring or summer: i. q. tahu-śdaha.
 - ta-wi'-ću, n. his wife. See tawin. ta-wi'-ću-ton, v. to have a wife, be married—tawićuwaton, tawićuuntonpi.
 - ta'-wi'-na-pće, n. the gullet of animals.
 - ta'-wi-no-héin, n. T. his wife. ta'-wi-no-hiin, n. a man's sister mitawinolitin, nitawinolitin. T., tanksitku.
 - ta'-wi-no-htin-ya, v.a. to have for tawinohtin—tawinohtinwaya.
 - ta-win', n. a wife, used only with the pronouns: mitawin, my wife; nitawin, thy wife.
 - ta-wiŋ'-ya, v.a. to have sexual intercourse with a woman—tawiŋ-waya, tawiŋmayaŋ.

- ta-wi'-ton, or ta-win'-ton,
 v. a. to have sexual intercourse with
 a woman—tawiwaton, tawiuntonpi.
 The former orthography is preferred.
- ta-wi-ye-dan, n. the female of the common deer, a doe or hind.
- ta-won', n. something to eat, food: tawon manića: tawon ton, to have food. T., tawoyute.
- ta-wo'-kon-ze, n. his influence or purpose. See tawakonze.
- ta-wo'-wa-śi, n. T. his helper or servant: i. q. tawaśi.
- ta-wo'-wa-śi-ya, v. to have for helper, etc.: i. q. tawaśiya.
- ta-wo'-yu-te, n. his food.
- ta-ya'-mni-pa, n. T. the seven stars in Taurus. See tawamnipa.
- ta-zu'-ka, n. white walnuts, butternuts.
- ta-zu'-ka-hu, n. the butternut tree, white walnut, the Juglans cinerea.
- ta'-źa, n. waves. T., minikaataźa. ta'-źa, adj. rough, as water agitated; nina taźa, very rough. T., kaataźa.
- $ta \acute{z} \circ g' tka$, n. T. the kidneys in animals: i. q. tapakśig.
- ta-źo'-pa-wi-wi, n. waves without white caps
- ta-źu'-śka, n. the ant, ants, the emmet.
- te, adj. blue stained. See ate. T., to.
- teb-ki'-ći-ći-ya, v. T. to eat up for one. See temkiya.

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- teb-ki'-ći-ya-pi, v. they eat each other up.
- teb-ki'-ya, v. pos. T. to eat up one's own: i. q. temkiya.
- teb-ya', v. T. to eat up. See temya, etc.
- t e' ć a , adj. new—mateća, niteća, untećapi.
- t'e'-éa, adj. warm, lukewarm, tepid, as water. See it'eéa.
- te'-ća-ya, adv. newly.
- te'-ća-ya, v. a. to make new, renew—tećawaya.
- te'-ća-ya-ken, adv. newly.
- te'-han, adj. far; long, used both in regard to time and place: tehan wai, I have been to a great distance; tehan wanmdaka, I saw it a long time. See thanka.
- te'-haŋ-haŋ, adv. red. of tehaŋ. te'-haŋ-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from afar.
- te'-han-tu, adv. far off, to or at a great distance.
- te'-haŋ-tu-ya, adv. afar, far off.
- te'-han-tu-ya-ken, adv. far
- te-haŋ'-waŋ-kan, adv. high up, very high. T., tehaŋ waŋkaŋl.
- te'-haŋ-waŋ-kaŋl, adv. T. high up.
- te-haŋ'-waŋ-kan-tu, adv. very high.
- te-han'-wan-kan-tu-ya, adv.

 very high: T, tehanwankanltuya.
- te-han'-wan-kan-tu-ya-ken, adv. loftily, high up.

- te-lii', adj. or endured
- te-hi'-hi-ka, *adj*. red. of teliika. te-hi'-hi-ya, adv. red. of tehiya.
- te-hi'-ka, adj. hard to do or bear, difficult; dear, costly, valuable; hard to get along with, unreasonable—matchika.
- te-lii'-ke-da, v. a. to think hard or difficult; to value very much—tehikewada, tehikeundapi.
- te-hi'-ke-da-ka, v. Same as tehikeda.
- te-hi'-ke-ki-da, v. pos. of tehikeda; to value one's own—tehikewakida.
- te-hi'-ke-ki-da-ka, v. Same as tehikekida.
- te-hi'-la, v. T. to love, value very highly; to be unwilling to part with.
- te-hin'-da, v. a. to forbid any one's doing or having a thing, forbid any course of conduct, prohibit, hinder; to value very much, to be sparing of—tewahinda, teyahinda, teuphindapi. T., tehila.
- te-hi'-slol-ye-ki-ya, v. to punish, to cause to suffer. See sdonyekiya.
- te-lii'-ya, adv. hardly, with difficulty; badly: teliiya econ, to do with difficulty, to do badly; tehi śni ećon, to do a thing easily.
- te hi'-ya-ken, adv. with difficulty. te-hi'-ya-ku-wa, v. a. to follow after for evil, to treat badly, to persecute.
- te-limi'-so, n. a leather string, a This is Santee; other bands or clans use "wikan."

- difficult, hard to be done | te-hpi, n. a skin with the hair taken off worn as a blanket. T., ptehaśla.
 - te-ma'-hel, adv. T. i. q. temahen.
 - te-ma'-hen, adv. of mahen; deep, T., temahel. far within.
 - te-ma'-hen-tu, adv. fur down. T., temaheltu. deep down.
 - te-ma'-hen-tu-ya, adv deeply, deep down. T., temaheltuya.
 - tem-ki'-ći-ya, v. of temya, to eat up provisions of any kind for another—temwećiya.
 - tem-ki'-ya, v.a. to eat up one's own; to eat up another's or for another-temwakiya, temunkiyapi, temmakiya. T., tebkiya.
 - to sweat; to pant, te-mni', v. n.give out, always including the idea of sweating—temanni, tenimni, teunmnipi.
 - te-mni'-ța, v. n. to sweat very profusely, to die of sweating: temni mata nun seća, it seems as if I should die of sweating.
 - tem-te'-pa, adj. red. of tepa.
 - tem-ya', v. a. to eat all up, to devour; temwaya. T, tebya.
 - te'-pa, adj. root form; worn off, as in batepa, katepa.
 - te-pa'-han, part. worn off.
 - te-śdag', cont. of teśdaka.
 - te-śdag'-ki-ton, v. to put on or wear a crown or fillet on the head teśdagweton.
 - $te sdag' to \eta$, v. (tesdag and to η) to put on or wear a fillet around the head—tesdagwaton. See wateśdakę,

- te-śda'-ka, v. to wear, as a crown or fillet, around the head—tewaśdaka.
- te-te', n. the rim of a kettle, the rim or lip of anything. T., icete.
- te-te', adj. red. of te; blue, grape-colored. T., tosapa.
- te-te'-ni-ća, n. the blue jay. T., zitkato.
- te-wan'-han-kan, adv. high up. T., tehanwankanl.
- te-waŋ'-haŋ-kan-tu, adv. up high.
- te-wan'-han-kan-tu-ya, adv. high up.
- te-waŋ'-haŋ-kan-tu-ya-ken, adv. up high.
- te-wan'-kan, adv. high up. T. tehan wankanl.
- te-wan-kan-tu, adv. high up.
- te-wan'-kan-tu-ya, adv. high up.
- te-wa'-pa, n. an esculent root, growing in the water, which the Dakotas boil and eat.
- te-wa'-pa-a-he, n. a plant somewhat like the tewapa, but not eaten.
- te-wa'-pa-hu, n. the stalk of the tewapa.
- te-wi'-ća-mni, n. of temni; sweating.
- te'-ya, n. when a man has more than one wife, one calls the other teya.
- te'-ya-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. those who stand in the relation of teya to each other.
- te'-ya-ku, n. her teya.
- te'-ya-ya, v. a. to have one for teya—teyawaya, teyamayan.

- te-zi', n. the stomach or paunch of animals; the gizzard of fowls; the belly.
- te-źig'-źi-će, n. T. the fat around the paunch.
- te-źi'-kśi-źe, n. the fat around the paunch. T., teżigźići.
- than'-ka, adj. T. i.q. tanka, large.
 The "h" sound is introduced between "t" and its vowel quiet frequently by the Titonwan; perhaps with the idea of giving emphasis. I am more inclined, however, to regard it as a conventionality. I give some examples: tho, i.q. to, blue; thokeća, i.q. tokeća, different; thehan, i.q. tehan, far.—w. J. c.
- ti, v. n. to live, dwell, abide—wati, untipi.
- ti, n. a house. See tipi.
- ti'-a-no-ka-tan-han, adv. on both sides of the house.
- ti-a'-waŋ-ya-ka, v. to stand guard about a house; to stay at home and watch the house: i. q. beyankeća.
- ti-blo', n. T. i. q. timdo.
- ti-blo'-ku, n. T i. q. timdoku.
- ti'-ća. See patića, to scrape off.
- ti-ća'-bu-dan, n. the pheasant.
- ti-ća'-ġa, v. to put up a tent, pitch a tent; to build a house—tiwakaġa, tiunkaġapi.
- ti-ća'-han, part. scraped off; fulling off of itself.
- ti'-ća-ni-će, n. See tićaniće-tanka.
- ti-'ca-ni-ce-tan-ka, n. a species of curlew.

- ti-ća'-tku, n. the part of the tent or house opposite the door, the place of honor.
- ti-ća'-tku-ta, adv. opposite the door.
- ti ća'-wa-han, part. scraped off; falling off, as hair from a soaked hide.
- ti-će', n. the top of a tent or house, the comb; the hole where the smoke goes out: tiće iyakaśka, to tie up to the top of a tent.
- ti-će'-iŋ-kpa, n. the top of a tent, the ridge of a house.
- ti-će'-śka, n. the top of a tent, the ridge of a house.
- ti-će'-śka-o-hdo-ka, n. the hole at the top of the tent by which the smoke escapes.
- ti'-dan, v. kići tidan, to take sides with one on a question, to be on the same side in a game: miśnana watidan, I am alone, that is, no one takes my side—untipidan. T., tila.
- ti'-haŋ-mde, v. See tihanmdeya.
- ti'-haŋ-mde-ya, v. to have been acquainted with in a former state of existence—tihanmdewaya. T., će-kpata un slolya.
- ti-hde', v. to have a family; to make a home. T., tigle.
- ti-hdo'-ni-ća, v. to forbid one's house, to prevent others from coming in—tiwahdonića.
- ti-gle', v. T. to be married; to have a house to live in.
- ti-hu'-ha, n the poles of a tent left stunding, the skeleton of a tent.

- ti-hu'-ha-ka, n. T. the skeleton of a tent; the frame of a house.
- ti'-ha-ha, n. the manyplies or omasum of animals. T. tihamnamna.
- ti'-ha-mna, adj. T. having manyplies.
- ti'-ha-mna-mna, n. T. the omasum or manyplies, next in size to the taniga. The four divisions are according to size, respectively, taniga, tihamnamna, tatapo, and imnamnahića.—w. J. c.
- tih-mun'-ġa, n. T. the house fly, flies. See tulmaġa.
- ti-kti'-ća, adj. thick, stiff, as mush; sticky. Hence, ćanhanpi tiktića, molasses.
- til, cont. of ti en. T.
- ti'-la, v. of ti. T. to dwell; hel watila, I live there; to take sides with. See tidan.
- ti-le'-haŋ-yag, and ti-le'-haŋyaŋk, adv. T. i. q. titokaŋ; tilehaŋyag iyaya, he has gone to another house.
- tim, cont. T. for tin.
- ti'-ma-hel, adv. T. inside the house; within.
- ti'-ma-hen, adv. within, in the house or inclosure. T., timahel.
- ti'-ma-he-tan-han, adv. from within.
- ti'-ma-he-tu, adv. within.
- ti-ma'-ta, v. to ask for, beg: timata hi, to come begging.
- ti-mdo', n. a woman's elder brother, my elder brother: nitimdo, thy elder brother. T., tiblo.

- ti-mdo'-ku, n. her elder brother.
 T., tibloku.
- ti-mdo'-ya, v. a. to have for elder brother—timdowaya. T., tibloya.
- ti-mlo', n. T. i.q. timdo. See tiblo.
- tin, adv. cont. (ti and en) in the house: tin yanka, he is in the house; also, cont. of tinta, as, tinmastinca, the hare T., til.
- ti'-na-zi-pe, n. of itazipe; his bow—mitinazipe, nitinazipe. T., titazipe.
- tin'-ćan-nan, adv. out on the prairie. T., tiilieyapaya.
- tin'-kte, v. to kill in the house, to commit homicide, in distinction from killing in war—tinwakte, tinwićakte. T., tiokte.
- tin'-ma-stin'-ća, n. the hare, rabbit of the prairie, the Lepus timidus. T., mastinska.
- tin'-wa-ki-ye-dan, n. the house-pigeon; the turtle dove. T., wakinyela.
- tin'-wi-ća-kte, v. a. to commit murder—tinwićawakte. Also, a murderer. T., tilwicakte.
- tin'-wi-ća-kte-pi, n. murder.
- tin-gle'-śka, n. T. a fawn.
- tin'-ga, v.n. to press, to be in labor, as a woman in childbirth. See tinga.
- tin'-sko, adv. how large? See hinsko.
- tin'-sko-ke-ća, adv. how big? how large? See hinskokeća.
- tin'-sko-sko-ke-ća, adv. red. of tinskokeća.

- tin'-sko-sko-ya, adv. red. of tinskoya.
- tin'-sko-ya, adv. how far around? how extensively? See hinskoya.
- tin'-sko-dan, adv. of what size? how small? See hinskodan.
- tin'-ta, n. land without timber, the prairie.
- tin'-ta-ma-ko-bla-bla-ya, adv. T. timbered land with open spaces.
- tin'-tan, adv. on or at the prairie.
- tin'-ta-o-skan, adv. on the prairie, far from dwellings.
- tin'-ta-pa, adv. belonging to the prairie; as, tintapa wićaśta, men of the prairie; tintapa ia, to speak as the men of the prairie do.
- tin'-ta-ta, adv. at or on the prairie.
- tin'-ta-ta-pa, adv. at the prairie.
- tin'-ta-wa-pa, adv. on or towards the prairie.
- tin o' p ta, adv. across the prairie.
- tint-o'-ska, n. T. an opening in the woods.
- tin t-o'-ska-ska-ya, adv. T. with open spaces
- tint-o'-skan, adv. on the prairie; far from dwellings.
- tin'-za, adj. firm, tight: otinza.
- ti-o'-ko, n. a house yard.
- ti-o'-kte, v. T. to kill; to commit murder: i. q. tinkte.
- ti-o'-ta-he-la, adv. T. among the houses.
- ti-o'-le, v. T. to hunt a house for lodging or for a meal; tiole mni kta.
- ti-o'-na-ki-pa, v. to flee to the house.

- ti-o'-spa-ye, n T. a band; clan; a party under one chief.
- ti'-pa. See yutipa.
- ti-pa'-han, part. drawn up, cramped; crisped.
- ti'-pa-hin, n. of ipahin; his pil-
- ti-pa'-wa-haŋ, part. drawn up, cramped.
- ti'-pi, n. a tent, house, dwelling, abode. See ti.
- ti'-pi-wa-kan, n. a sacred house, a church.
- ti'-psin, n. See tipsinna.
- ti'-psin-la, n. T.: i. q. tipsinna.
- ti'-psin-la-śa-śa, n. T. radishes, beets. See pangiśaśa.
- ti'-psin-na, n. the Dakota turnip, a bulbous root much eaten by the Dakotas in the beginning of summer. It grows on the high dry prairies. T., tipsinla.
- ti'-psin-na-ska, n. the white turnip.
- ti'-psin-na-zi, n. the rutabaga. ti'-śka-kan, n. of iśkakan; the large sinew in the neck of animals.
- ti'-śko-na-ġi, n. of iśkonaġi (the ghost of the leg); the bunch of hair growing on the inside of a deer's leg.
- ti'-śti, n. of iśti; the lower lip of animals: also, his lower lip.
- ti-ta'-ku-ye, n. T. a relative. See takuye.
- ti-ta'-zi-pe, n. T. his bow. See tinazipe.

- T. a band; a Ti'-ton-wan, n. i. q. tinta-tonone chief.

 drawn up,

 compose a majority of the whole
 nation. Their language differs
 from the dialects of the other
 bands, especially in their use of l
 for d.
 - ti'-ton-wan-se, adj. proud, haughty, because the Teetons are thought to be so.
 - ti-un'-na-ptan-yan, n. of unnaptan; the sides of a house, sides of the roof.
 - ti-wa'-he, n. a household, including persons as well as things. See tiyohe.
 - ti-wo'-ta-he-dan, adv. of otahedan; away from any house. T., tiotahela.
 - ti-yan', cont. of tiyata.
 - ti'-yan-ka, intj. T. wait! hold on! i. q. hinyankaha.
 - ti-ya'-ta, adv. at the house, at home.
 - ti-ya'-ta-ki-ya, adv. towards the house: tiyatakiya wahde kta, I will go towards home.
 - ti-ye'-pa, n. T. a door: i.q. tiyopa.
 - ti-y e'-p a-ta, adv. T. at the door.
 - ti-y o'-ble-éa and ti-o'-ble-éa, n. T. an A tent, or a square tent; not a Dakota tent
 - ti-yo'-gna-ka, n. T. i. q. tiyo-hnaka.
 - ti-yo'-he, n. a household; a place where a house once stood, a deserted house. See tiwahe.

- ti-yo'-hna-ka, n. (ti and ohna- ti-yu'-kan, v. of yukan; to leave ka.) the household. T., tiyognaka. the house. Said when the women
- ti-yo'-ki-ta-he-dan, adv. between houses. See okitahedan.
- ti-yom', cont. of tiyopa. T., tiyob.
- ti-yom'-i-na-ta-ke, n. a door lock. T., tiyobinatake See nataka.
- ti-yom'-ya, v. a. to have or use for a door—tiyomwaya.
- ti-yo'-pa, n. a door, the place of entrance; that which covers the entrance in a Dakota tent, a door. T., tiyepa.
- ti-yo'-pa-gmi-gme-la and tiye'-pa-gmi-gme-la, n. T. a door knob.
- ti-yo'-pa-i-yo-ka-tku-ġe, n. a nail, nails.; screws. So called perhaps from their being first used among the Dakotas only in making doors. T., tiyepa iyokatkuġe.
- ti-yo'-pa-ta, adv. at the door. T., tiyepata.
- ti-yo'-ślo-la, n. T. a cricket, crickets.
- ti-yo'-śpa-ye, n. a band, a division of a tribe: i. q. tiośpaye.
- ti-yo'-ti, v. to set up a soldiers' lodge—tiyountipi.
- ti-yo'-ti-pi, n. a soldiers' lodge.

 This is established for the purpose of making laws and providing for their execution. The object is generally to regulate the buffalo chase.
- ti-yo'-ton-wan, v. (ti and otonwan) to look into a house.

- ti-yu'-kan, v. of yukan; to leave the house. Said when the women and children leave the tent for the men to feast in. See kiyukan.
- tka, v. a. to scrape the hair off a hide—watka, untkapi.
- tka, adj. T. heavy: i. q. tke.
- tka, conj. cont. of tuka; but.
- tkab'-ya, adv. T. stiffly: i. q. damya.
- t k a' e s', conj. T. but, although.
- tka'-pa, adj. adhesive, clammy. See oskapa.
- tke, adj. heavy.
- tke'-i-yu-ta, v a. to take up and feel the weight, to weigh tkeimduta. See tkeuta.
- tke-tke', adj. red. of tke.
- tke-u'-ta, v. a. to weigh anything—tkeuwata.
- tke-u'-ta-pi, n. a pound; measures of weight; weights: on tkeutapi, scales, a steel-yard. T., witkeyute.
- tke'-ya, adv. heavily: tkeya kin, she carries heavily.
- fke'-ya-wa-kin-ki-ya, v. to load heavily, to overload.
- tkin, adj damp, said of a less degree of wet than is denoted by "spaya."
- tkin'-yan, adj. damp, as clothes.
- tkin'-tkin, red. of tkin.
- tki-tka', adj. slushy, as snow when soft.
- t k i t k a' t k a, adj. red. of tkitka.
- tkon-sa', n. a cipher, in arithmetic.

tkoŋ-sa', adj. even, just, exactly: wikćemna nom tkoŋsa, just twenty. See tkoŋza, tkuŋsa, and otkoŋza.

tkon-se'-dan, adj. even, in numbers, as twenty, thirty, etc.

tkons'-ye-la, adv. T. evenly.

tkon'-za, adj even. See tkonsa-

tku. See yutku, natku, etc.

tku'-ġa. See katkuġa.

tku-ga'-han, part. broken off.

tku-ga'-wa-han, part. broken off.

tkuŋ-sa', adj even, just so much. See tkoŋsa and tkuŋza.

tkuŋ-sa'-ya, adv. evenly.

tkuns-ya', adv. evenly.

tkuŋ'-za, adj. even, square with.

tku-tku', red. of tku.

tku-tku'-ġa, red. of tkuġa.

tku-tku'-ġa-haŋ, part. broken off in several places.

 $t k u - t k u' - \dot{g} a - w a - h a \eta$, part. broken off.

tku-wa'-han, part. broken off, as a spoon-handle, flawed: tkuwahe se mahinhda; said when one's legs are very tired and refuse further support.

to, adv. interrog. cont. of tokeća; why? This is used at the end of the sentence; as, ećanon śni to, why don't you do it?

to and to'-i, adv. T.: i. q. toś, yes; used by men commonly.

to, adj. blue; green, and the intermediate shades.

to for ta, pron. Used in some cases when the noun commences with wo, as woćanniye, anger; to-ćanniye, his anger.

to, n. T. the noise made by a blow.

to'-ćaŋ-te-ptaŋ-ye, n. of woćaŋteptaŋye; his wrath. T., toćaŋniye.

tog, cont. of toki and tokeća.

tog'-e-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. to lose anything, throw away one knows not where—togelipewakiya. T., tokiehpekiya.

tog'-e-hpe-ya, v.a. to lose anything—togehpewaya, togehpeunyanpi.

to g'-gla, adj. T. dirty; indecent, unkempt.

tog-hda', v. a. to count as a stranger, not to be familiar with, to be shy of—togwahda, togunhdapi: toghda śni, to be familiar with.

tog'-i-a, v. T. to talk a strange language: i. q. śaia.

tog-tog'-ye, adv. red. of togye; in different ways.

tog-ye', adv. in a different manner, differently.

to-han', adv. when, at what time?

T., tohanl. See dehan, dehan, ehan, iyehan, etc.

to-han'-han, adv. red. of tohan; at what times? T., tohanlhanl.

to'-han-śna, adv. T. sometime.

to-han'-tu, adv. when? T., to-hanltu. See dehantu, ehantu, kahantu, etc.

to-han'-tu-ka-sta, adv. whenever, at any time. T., tohanltukasa.

to-han'-tu-ya-ka-śta, adv. whenever.

- to-han', adv. how far, to what place, where? T., tohanl. See dehan, hehan, kahan, etc.
- to-han'-han, adv. red. of tohan; at what places? how far?
- to-haŋ'-haŋ-ke-ća, adv. red. of tohaŋkeća.
- to-han'-han-yan, adv. red of tohanyan.
- to-han'-ke-ća, adv. how long? usually referring to space. See dehankeća, hehankeća, etc.
- to-hanl, adv. T. when, where?
- to-han'-tu-keś, adv. wherever, at any place.
- to-han'-yan, adv. how long, to what time? how far, to what place? See dehanyan, kahanyan, etc.
- to'-he, n. his place, his camp; his office or position.
- to'-hiŋ-gla, v. n. T. to resound.
 to'-hiŋ-ni, adv. when? This word
 is an interrogative, always referring to past time; as, tohinni yahdi
 he, when didst thou come home?
 With "śni" following, it is used
 affirmatively, and means never; as,
 tohinni ećamon śni, I never did it.
 T., tonwel. See ohinni.
- to'-ho-win-ni, adv. See tohinni, which seems to be the better orthography.
- to'-han, n. his acts. See ohan.
- to'-héa, adj. T blue, as distinguished from green.
- to'-hta-ni, n. his or her work—mitohtani, nitohtani. See wićo-htani. T., wowaśi tawa.

- how far, to what to'-i-yo-ki-tan-in, n. his mani-T, tohanl See festation.
 - to-ka', adv. at the first. See tokaheya.
 - to'-ka, n. an enemy, one of a hostile nation.
 - to'-ka, adv. See tókadan: tóka eéamon śni, I cannot do it.
 - to'-ka and to'-ka-e, adv. Ih. and T. why? how is it?
 - to'-ka-dan, adv. with śni following, in no way; as, tókadan ećamon śni, I could do it in no way. T., tokani.
 - to-ka'-dan, and to-ka'-na, n. a small wolf—the swift. T., tokala.
 - to-kag'-e-han, adv. at the first, formerly. T., tokagohan.
 - to-kag'-o-han, adv. T. at the first.
 - to-kag'-o-he-e-han, adv. T. at the beginning.
 - to-ka'-han, v. n. to travel foremost, to be foremost—tokawahan. T., tokahe. See otokahe.
 - to-ka'-he, n. the first, the beginning. See otokahe.
 - to-ka'-he, v. T. to be first; to go before.
 - to-ka'-he-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to go before—tokahewakiya.
 - to-ka'-he-ya, n the first.
 - to-ka'-he-ya, adv. at the first, before: tokaheya ya, to go before.
 - to'-ka-hu, n. the thistle, Carduus lanceolatus.
 - to-kah', adv. at the first.
 - to-ka'-héin, adv. T. at the first.

- very first. T, tokalićin.
- to'-ka-hon or to'-ka-han, v. n. to lose, to suffer loss: what has become
- to-ka'-lita, n. See tokalitayetu. to-ka'-hta-ye-tu, n. the first of the night, dusk.
- to'-ka-hun, adv. T. lost, misplaced. to'-ka-i-a-pi, n. a foreign language; enemy's language.
- to'-ka-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. enemies, those who are at variance with each other.
- to'-ka-ki-ćon, v. of tokon; to do to, for one: tokamiyećon, what hast thou done with it for me?—tokawećon, takaćićon, John xiii, 12.
- to'-ka-ki-han and to'-ka-kihon, v. to suffer injury or loss; to lose something: tokamakihon, tokanićihon.
- to-ka'-ke-han, adv. at the first. See tokagehan.
- to-ka'-la, n. T. a small gray fox: i q. tokadan.
- to-kam', cont. of tokapa; kahin tokam ya, to go before, break the road. T., tokab.
- to'-ka-mon, v. 1st pers. sing. of tokon.
- to'-ka-no-ge, n. (enemies' ears), a species of red fungus growing on logs.
- to'-ka-non, v. 2d pers. sing. of tokon.
- to-kan', n. another, as, another person: tokan tawa, it is another's See tokeća.

- to-ka'-hin, adv. at the first, the | to-kan', adv. in another place, elsewhere; another way: tokan un, to be somewhere else; tokan ehnaka, to put somewhere else.
 - to-kan'-kan, red. of tokan.
 - to kan'-tan-han, adv. from another source, place, or person.
 - to-kan'-yan, adv. having reference to another place.
 - to-ka'-o-hdo-ka, n. See tokawohdoka and tokayuhdokeća.
 - to-ka'-pa, n. the first, first born, eldest-matokapa, nitokapa, untokapapi.
 - to-ka'-pa-tan-han, adv. ahead, before; i. q. tokata tanhan.
 - to-kaś, adv. T. perhaps.
 - to'-ka-śni, adv. T. for no reason; in vain.
 - to-ka'-ta, adv. before, ahead, forward; future, yet to come: tokata ihan, to be yet future. toka
 - to-ka'-ta, n. the future: tokata
 - to-ka'-tam, adv. cont. of tokatapa: tokatam yeye cin, in future, what T., tokatab. is ahead.
 - to-ka'-ta-pa, adv. in advance, in future.
 - to-ka'-ta-pa-tan-han, adv. ahead, future.
 - to-ka'-ta-wa-pa, adv. vance, ahead.
 - to-ka'-ton-pi, n. first birth, one's
 - to-ka'-wo-hdo-ka, n. See tokaohdoka.

to'-ka-ya, v. a. to count one as at all events, any how: tokeli da esta tokamayan.

tokamayan.

to-keh', adv. however, at any rate, at all events, any how: tokeli da esta ciyalma waun kta, go where you

to-ka'-yu-hdo-ke-ća, v. to invent anything—tokamduhdokeća.

to k'- \acute{e} e l and to k'- \acute{e} e \acute{n} l, adv. T. perhaps; I don't know.

to'-ke, adv. how? John ix, 8.

to'-ke-ća, adj. different, another: wićaśta tokeća, another man—matokeća, nitokeća, untokećapi: tomakeća, tonikeća, tounkećapi—with this use of the pronouns it expresses the idea of how am I? etc. See tokan and tokeća.

to'-ke-ća, adv. why, wherefore?
tokeća hećanon he, why did you do
it? hetanhan tokeća, it makes no
difference. T., toka (why) and ća
(and): toka ća ećanon śni he?
why is it and (that) you have not
done it? Query—Is not the Santee the same, with the final "ća"
gradually smoothed by use from
"ća" to "ća"?—w. J. c.

to'-ke-ća-ća, adv. T. slowly; unconcernedly.

to'-ke-ća-će, adv. why?

 $to'-ke-\acute{c}a-e$, adv. why?

to'-ke-ća-ka-ćen, adv. for no reason.

to'-ke-ćin, adv. any how.

to'-ke-ćiŋ-ćiŋ, adv. any how, as one pleases: tokećinćin waun, I do just as I please. See token-ćinćin.

to'-ke-ćin-ćin-yan, adv. as pleases.

to-keh', adv. however, at any rate, at all events, any how: tokeh da esta ciyahna waun kta, yo where you will I will be with you; tokeh ecanon esta duhe kte sni, do as you will you shall not have it.

to'-ke-héin, adv. i. q. tokehin. to'-ke-hin, adv. howsoever. See tokeh. T., tokehéin.

to-kel', adv. T. how?

to'-ken, adv. how, in what way? T, tokel.

to'-ken-ćin-ćin, adv in any way, as it happens: i. q. tokećinćin. to'-ken-ken, adv. red. of token. to'-ken-ken-tu, adv. in whatever way.

to'-ken-ken-tu-ya, adv. in what way soever.

to'-ken-tken, adv. See tokenken.
to'-keś, adv. indeed. See tokinś.
to'-keś, adv. tokeś he niye se waćanmi, I thought that was you; tokeś
he miye mićića, as though I meant
myself, that is, I do not mean myself.
to'-ke-śa, adv. T. i. q. tokeśta.
to'-ke-śke, adv T. how; in
whatsoever way.

to'-ke-śta, adv. of assent; presently, at any rate: tokeśta ećamon kta, I will do it presently. T., tokeśa See tokśa.

to'-ke-tu, adv. how is it? as it is:
toketu kin ecen omdake kta, I will
tell it as it is; toketu he, how is it?
what is the matter? toniketu, how is
it with thee? used in inquiring of
one who is sick, how are you? to-

- fest, an expression often used when a thing is doubtful: toketu kakeś, as it happens; toketu kasta, at all events, at any rate; toketu kasta mde kta, whatever happens I will go. T., toketu kaćil. See tokeća.
- to'-ke-tu-ya, adv. toketuya kasta, in whatever way; toketuya keś, at random: toketuya kakeś.
- to'-ki, adv. where?somewhere: toki skadan, nowhere. See tokiya.
- to-ki'-ći-ćon, v. of tokićon; to take vengeance on for one—towećićon, tounkićićonpi.
- to-ki'-ći-kśu, v. of tokśu; to transport for one—towećikśu, tounkićiksupi.
- to'-ki-ćoŋ-ze, n. of wokićoŋze; his law or determination.
- to-ki'-ćon, v. a. to revenge, take vengeance on—towećon, tounkićonpi.
- to'-ki-dan, adv. where; used with sni, nowhere: tokidan mde kte śni, I will go nowhere; tokidan wai śni, I went nowhere T., tokiyala. See tokiskadan.
- to'-ki-e-hpe-ki-ya, v. a. (toki and elipekiya) to drop somewhere, lose anything—tokiehpewakiya.
- to'-ki-e-hpe-ya, v. a. (toki and ehpeya) · to lose, drop somewhere tokiehpewaya, tokiehpeunyanpi. See togelipeya.
- to'-ki-i-ya-ye-s'a, n. cne who is gone much; a strumpet: i. q inahmanpi. T., tigleśni s'a: witkowinla.

- ketu tanin śni, how it is is not mani- 't o k i n', adv. oh that, I wish; tokin mduhen, oh that I had it. An "n" follows the use of this word, commonly at the end of the sentence or phrase, as in "mduhen" of the above example. In Titonwan the "n" is "nin"; as, tokin he bluha nin, ećanmi.
 - to-kins', adv. well, with difficulty: tokinś maku: tokinś he niye se waćanmi, I thought that was you.
 - to-kinś'-eś-eś, adv. T. at the first.
 - to-kinś'-ya-kel, adv. T. carelessly, without care.
 - to'-ki-ska-dan, adv. nowhere: toki skad. See skad and tokidan.
 - to'-ki-ya, adv. where? in what place? See toki.
 - to'-ki-ya-la, adv. T. where? when followed by sni, nowhere.
 - to'-ki-yam, adv. cont. of tokiyapa; where? in what direction? tokiyab.
 - to'-ki-ya-pa, *adv*.
 - to'-ki-ya-tan-han, adv. whence, from what place? See deciyatanhan, ećiyatanhan, hećiyatanhan, kakiyatanhan, and totanhan.
 - to'-ki-ya-wa-pa, adv. where, in what place?
 - to-ki-yo'-pe-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. barter, exchange.
 - to-ki-yo'-pe-ki-ya. v. a. barter, exchange one thing for another with one—tokiyopewakiya: tokiyopećićiya, I exchange with See iyopekiya.

- to-ki-yo'-pe-ya, v.a. (toki and | tom'-tom, adv. red. of tom; by iyopeya) to barter, exchange one thing for another—tokiyopewaya, tokiyopeunyanpi.
- to-ki'-yo-tan, adv. in what direction? how or in what manner it is or will be: tokiyotan tanin śni, it does not appear how it is. See dećiyotan, hećiyotan, and kakiyotan.
- to-ki'-yo-tan-han, adv. in what direction, from what course? See dećiyotanhan and hećiyotanhan.
- to'-kon, v. a. to do—tokamon, tokanon, tokunkonpi: takudan tokamon śni, I-am doing nothing.
- to-koŋ'-pi-ća, adj. T. useful, good for something.
- to-ko'-yu-śtan, v.a. to displace, dislocate, put one in the place of another-tokomdustan, tokomayustan.
- to'-ksa-pe, n. of woksape; his wisdom—nitoksape.
- to k'- $\pm a$, adv. Ih. and T. presently, by and by, before long: i. q. tokeśa.
- tok'-śta, adv. See tokeśta.
- .to-kśu', v. a. to transport, carry, draw; to go back and bring—towakśu, tounkśupi.
- tok-tog'-ye, adv. red. of togye; in different ways.
- tok-tog'-ye-kel, adv. T. in different ways.
- tok-to'-ke-ća, adj. red. of tokeća; different.
- tom, cont. of topa; four. T. tob.
- tom'-na-na, adv. only four. tobnala,

- fours, four and four: i. q. toptopa. T., tobtob.
- \mathbf{t} o' n a, adv. how many? which? tona ee he, which are they? dena, hena, iyena and kana.
- to'-nag-na, adv. how many? otoiyohi tonagna yuhapi kta, how many shall each one have?
- to'-nag-nag, adv. how many? tonagnag yuhapi kte.
- to'-nag-na-ke-ća, adv. red. of tonakeća; how many?
- to'-nag-na-na, adv. red. of tonana. T., ćokćonala.
- to'-na-ka, adv. how many? nitonakapi, how many are there of you? See henaka and iyenaka.
- to'-na-ke-ća, adv. how many? how much? See denakeća, henakeća, iyenakeća, and kanakeća.
- to-na'-ke-će-yaś, adv. T. how many soever.
- to'-na-ki-ya, adv. how many, how many times? in how many ways? See henakiya and kanakiya.
- to'-na-na, adv. a few: tonana hip, very few; untonanappidan, we are few. T., conala. See denana, henana, and kanana.
- to'-nang-nang, cont. See tonagnag.
- ton, v. a. to have, to give birth to, as, ćinća ton, to have a child, to possess, acquire—waton, untonpi.
- ton, v. n. to form pus, to suppurate: ton kta.
- ton, n. matter, pus: ton yuke kta.

- ton'-han, v. a. to be afraid of—tonwahan, tonunhanpi, tonmahan.
- ton'-he-ća, v.a. to be afraid of, as of a person or animal—tonwaheća.
- to n' ka spa, v. to expectorate. See kaspa.
- to n'-kée or tu n'-kée, n. T. excrement: i. q. éesdi. See unkée
- ton'-la, v. T. to have, possess: i. q. tonna.
- ton'-na, v. dim. of ton; to have; used in speaking of children—watonna, yatonna T., tonla.
- ton'-pi, n. birth—matonpi, untonpi. ton-śka', n. a nephew, my nephew mitonśka, nitonśka. The women say "tośka."
- ton-śka'-ku, n. his nephew.
- ton-śka'-ya, v. a. to have for nephew—tonskawaya.
- ton'-ton, v. red. of ton.
- ton-ton'-tan-ka, n. the bull-frog, Rana ocellata. T., gnaśkatanka.
- ton-wan', v. n. to look, see—watonwan, untonwanpi. See wanyaka.
- ton-wan'-han, part. looking, seeing: tonwanhan manka.
- ton-wan' yan, v. n to make a village, dwell at a place—tonwanun-yanpi. T., otonweya.
- ton-wel', adv. T. once on a time. See tohinni.
- ton-we'-ya, v. a. to cause one to see, give sight to—tonwewaya.
- ton-we'-ya, v.n. to go to see, to go as a spy, go before a war party to spy out the enemy—tonwemda, tonweunyanpi

- ton-we'-ya, n. T. a spy; a guide. ton-yan', v. n. to suppurate.
- toŋ-źaŋ', n. a man's niece: i. q. tuźaŋ. The women say "toźaŋ."
- to'-o-pe, n. his law—mitoope, nitoope. See woope.
- to'-pa, num. adj. four.
- to'-pa-ki-ya, adv. in four ways, four times. See kontakiya, etc.
- to p'-to-pa, adj. red. of topa. See tomtom.
- to-ska'-dan, n. the common woodpecker. See hanketanka, etc.
- to-sti'-éa-du, n. See tustiéadu and tuskiéadu. T., iéalu.
- toś, adv. yes, yea. Used by both men and women. See to and han.
- to-śe', adj. T. dull, blunt.
- to-śe'-ya-kel, adv. T. bluntly.
- to-śka, n. a nephew, my nephew—mitośka, nitośka. This form is used by the women. See toŋśka.
- to-śka'-ku, n. her nephew.
- to'-śkaŋ-śkaŋ, n. of wośkaŋśkaŋ; his moving about; his kingdom—nitośkaŋśkaŋ. See tokićoŋze.
- to-śka'-ya, v. a. to have for tośka—tośkawaya
- to-śu', n. a tent-pole, tent-poles. T. also has tuśu.
- to-tay'-hay, adv. whence, from what place? from what time? See tokiyatayhay, detayhay, etc.
- to-to', adj. red. of to.
- to-to'-dan, n blue beads; green beads. T, sipto toto.
- to'-wa-kan, n. his wakan or spirit. See wowakan.

- to-wa'-na-ke-ća, adv. so many, how many soever; so much, by how much. See tonakeća.
- to-wan'-źi-ća, n. the blue sky, all blue. T., mahpiya tola.
- to'-wa-oŋ-śi-da, n. of wowaoŋśida; his mercy—nitowaoŋśida.
- to'-wa-ś'a-ke, n. of wowaś'ake; his power or strength—nitowaś'ake.
- to'-wa-śte, n. of wowaste; his goodness—nitowaste.
- to'-wi-ća-ke, n. of wowićake; his truth—nitowićake.
- to'-wiŋ-źe, n. of owinźa; his bed—mitowinźe, nitowinźe.
- to y a', v. a. to dye or paint anything blue or green.
- to'-ya, adv. in a blue or green manner.
- to-ya'-kel, adv. T. i. q. toyahen.
- to-ya'-ken, adv. in a blue or green form. T., toyakel.
- to źaŋ', n. a niece; my niece when the person is addressed—mitoźaŋ, nitoźaŋ. This form is used by the women. See toŋźaŋ and tuźaŋ.
- to-źaŋ'-ku, n. her niece. See toźaŋ.
- to-źan'-ya, v. a. to have for a niece—toźanwaya.
- t pa, pos. prefix of some verbs, as, pagan, tpagan; patan, tpatan. See kpa.
- tpa, adj. durable; having the property of swelling; said of things that increase in bulk by boiling, as corn, rice, etc. See kpa

- tpa and tpe, adj. noge tpa, deaf; ista tpa, blind. This probably conveys the idea of putting out or piercing. See katpa and kpa.
- tpa-ġaŋ', v. pos. of paġaŋ; to leave or separate from one's own; to spare or part with one's own—watpaġaŋ, yatpaġaŋ, untpaġaŋpi. Same as kpaġaŋ. T, kpaġaŋ; and so of all the rest.
- t p a h i', v.` pos. of pahi; to gather or pick up one's own—watpahi, untpahipi. Same as kpahi.
- t p a m d e' é a, v. pos. of pamdeéa; to break in pieces one's own—watpamdeéa. T., kpableéa. Same as kpamdeéa.
- tpan, adj. soft, as dressed leather; fine, as flour: i. q. kpan.
- t p a ŋ' n a , adj. soft, fine: i. q. kpaŋna. T., kpaŋla.
- tpan'-tpan-na, adj. red. of tpanna; soft.
- tpaŋ-yaŋ', v.a. to dress, as skins, make soft, tan, as leather — tpaŋwaya, tpaŋuŋyaŋpi. Same as kpaŋyaŋ
- t p a s p a', v. to put out of sight, push under, as in water: i. q. paospa—watpaspa See atpaspa
- t p a s y a', v. a. to make dark—tpaswaya, tpasunyanpi.
- t p a'-t a, v. pos. of páta; to carve or cut up one's own, as a slaughtered animal—watpata, untpatapi: i. q. kpata.
- t p a t a', v. a. pos. of patá; to join together as skins in making one's own tent—watpatá. T., kipata.

- tpa-tan', v. a. pos. of patan; to keep choice, set store by one's own, be sparing of it—watpatan, untpatanpi. See kpatan.
- tpa'-za, adj dark: i. q. kpaza:
- tpa'-za, n. darkness. See otpaza.
- tpe. Same as tpa.
- tpe'-ya, adv. tpeya han, said of a hole which runs in straight: tpeya ap'a, to strike anything and make a sound.
- tpi, adj. breaking open. See patpi and pakpi.
- tpi-han', part. cracked open of itself.
- tpi-tpi'-han, part. red. of tpihan. tpu-tpa', adj. mixed up, slightly turbid, as water: i. q. mdezedan śni. See kpukpa.
- tpu-tpe'-ya, adv. in a roiled manner.
- tpu-tpu'-wa-han and tpu-wa'-han, part crumbled.
- t u h m a' ġ a, n. bees; wasps, hornets, etc T., also tuhmunga.
- t u h m a' ġ a ć a ŋ h a ŋ p i, n.
 honey. T., tuhmaġa toŋkće.
- t u h m a' ġ a ć e s d i , n. beeswax; honey; molasses. T, tuhmaġa ćesli. See ćesdi.
- tuh-ma'-ga-taŋ-ka, n. the humble-bee.
- t u h m u η' \dot{g} a, n. T. bees, wasps, etc: i. q. tuhmaga
- tu-ka', conj. but: i. q. tka.
- tu'-ka. See katuka.
- tu-ka'-eś, adv. but. T., tkaeś.
- tu-ka'-han, part. spoiled, destroyed, said of furs.

- tu-kan, n. See tunkan.
- tu-kaś', adv. but. See tukaeś. T., tkaeś.
- tu-ka'-wa-haŋ, part. spoiled, said of furs. T., tuktukawahaŋ.
- tu-ki', n. T. a shell.
- tu-ki'-ha, n. a spoon, a ladle: maza tukiha, a metallic spoon. T. a shell.
- tu-ki'-ha-saŋ, n. muscle shells; muscles, oysters.
- tu-kta'. Same as tukte; not in common use.
- tu-kta'-daŋ, adv. See tuktedaŋ tu-kte', pron. interrog. which? uŋma tukte, which of the two? tukte ehaŋ, when? tukte e, which is it?
- tu-kte'-dan, adv. with the negative śni, nowhere: tuktedan un śni, it is nowhere T., tukteni and tuktelna.
- tu-kte'-kte, pron. red. of tukte. tu-kte'-kten, adv. red. of tukten; sometimes, once in a while, now and then; in some places.
- tu-ktel', adv. T. somewhere.
- tu-ktel'-na, adv. T. with śni following, nowhere.
- tu-kten', adv. (tukte and en) where? in what place?
- tu-kte'-ni, adv. T. i.q. tuktedan
- tu-kte'-tu, adv. at what place?
- tu-ktu'-ka-wa-han, adj. T. spoiled, as furs.
- tu ktun'-ma, adv. T. either one of two.
- tu-la', intj. T. exclamation of surprise or protest; for shame!

- sound made by a flying bullet.
- tun-kan', n. a father-in-law: nitunkan, thy father-in-law; tunkanku, his father-in-law: a grandfather. In the sacred language, a stone, and See tukan, tunkansi, the moon. and tunkansidan.
- tun-kan'-ki-śi-tku, n. his or her grandfather. T., tunkansitku.
- tun-kan'-kśi-tku, n. Same as tunkankisitku.
- tun-kan'-ku, n. his or her fatherin-law. See tunkan.
- tuŋ-kaŋ'-śi, n. my father-in-law: nitunkan, thy father-in-law; nitunkansi, thy grandfather; nitunkanśipi, your father-in-law.
- tun-kan'-śi-dan, n. a grandfather, my grandfather: nitunkanśi, thy grandfather: the President. tuŋkaŋśila.
- tun-kan'-śi-dan-ya, v. n. to have for grandfather—tunkansidanwaya.
- tun-kan'-śi-la, n. T. a grandfather; the President of the United States; the Supreme Being; God.
- tun-kan'-śi-na, n. Ih. Same as tunkansidan.
- tun-kan'-śi-tku, n. his or her grandfather.
- tun-kan'-śi-ya, v.a. to have for tunkanśi—tunkanśiwaya.
- tun-kan'-ya, v. a. to have for tunkan—tunkanwaya.
- tuŋ-kće', n. T. See tonkće.
- tun-wan', n. a style of arrowsmitunwan, nitunwan.

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- tum, n. the whistling or whizzing | tun wel, adv. T. when; tunwel yahi so, when did you come? tonwel.
 - tuŋ-wi'-ću, n. his or her aunt. See tunwin.
 - tun-wi'-ću-ya, v.a. to have for one's aunt—tunwićuwaya.
 - tun-win', n. aunt, my aunt; nitunwin, thy aunt. This word has the sense of aunt in English, though a mother's sisters are called "ina," mother.
 - tun-win'-ya, v. a. to have for aunt-tunwinwaya.
 - tun-źan', n. a niece, my niece mitunźan, nitunźan. "Tunźan" and "tuźan" are both in good usage. A man's brother's children and a woman's sister's children are considered as children, and are not called "tonska" and "tunzan."
 - tuŋ-źaŋ'-ku, n. his niece.
 - tun-źan'-ya, v.a. to have for niece—tunźanwaya.
 - tu-pan'-ka, n. the black bass.
 - tu-sda', n. the leech!

tutka.

- tu-ski'-ća-du, n. a fan. T.,ićadu. See tustićadu.
- tu-sti'-ća-du, n. a fan; a wing.
- tu-śu', n T. a lodge-pole. See tośu. smarting, chapped by tu-ta', *adj*. the wind: ite matuta, my face is
- chapped. tu-tka', n. small insects. See wa-
- tu-tka'-dan, n. small insects.
- tu-tka'-tka, n. small articles, trinkets.

tu-tu'-pa, adj. slippery, ropy, slimy. Hence pe tutupa, the slippery elm.

tu'-wa, pron. Ih. and T. who: i. q. tuwe.

tu'-we, pron. interrog. who? rarely which?

tu'-we-dan, pron. used with śni following; no one, nobody: tu-wedan econ śni, no one did it. T., tuweni.

tu'-we-héa, pron. who indeed? tu'-we-ka-kśa and tu'-we-kake-śa and tu'-wa-ka-kśa, intj. T. oh pshaw! absurd!

tu'-we-ka-leś and tu'-we-kaśa, pron. T. whoever. tu'-we-ka-śta, pron. whoever. T, tuwekaleś; tuwekećeyas. tu'-we-ni, pron. T. nobody. tu'-we-ska and tu'-we-skadan, n. nobody. T., tuweni śni. tu'-we-ta-wa, pron. whose? tu'-we-we, pron. red. of tuwe. tu-źan', n. a niece, my niece—mituźan, nituźan: tuźanku, his niece.

tu-źaŋ'-ku, n. his niece. See tuźaŋ. tu-źaŋ'-ya, v. a. to have for niece—tuźaŋwaya, tuźaŋuŋyaŋpi.

See tunžan.

Ţ.

t, the twenty-fourth letter of the Dakota | te-ća', adj. alphabet. It has the click or explosive sound of t, and corresponds to | te'-ća-kiś | adv. in a dv.

ta, v.n. to die; to faint away, lose consciousness temporarily—mata, nita, untapi.

ta'-ga, adj. rough: bitter, astringent, as oak bark.

ta'-hi-yu-ya, v. n. to be still-born.

tah-ta'-ġa, adj. red. of ṭaġa; rough, not smooth.

ta'-nun-se, adv., about dead.

ta-ta', adj. palsied, withered, numb—matata.

ța-ța'-ka, adj. palsied—mațațaka. țe, v. n. to die. See ța. te-ća', adj. dead: ho teća, dead fish.

te'-ća-kiś and te'-ća-kiś-ya, adv. in a dying state. See kakiśya. te'-ća-ya and te'-ća-ya-ken, adv. in a dead state.

te - ca' - ze - yan, adv. half dead. T., tanunse.

te-ho'-wa-ya, v. n. to cry out badly, to scream—watehowamda.

te-ho'-wa-ye-ya, v.a. to cause to cry out—tehowayewaya.

te-ki'-ni-éa, v. n. to contend with death; to be doubtful whether one dies or lives: temakinića.

te-ki'-ya, v.a to cause to die—tewakiya.

te-ko', v. See tekon.

- te-kon', v. to wish one dead, to tin-s'a'-dan, adv. firmly, perma-T., tekonza. imprecate—tewakon.
- $te-ko\eta'-za$, v. T. to wish one dead; to determine one's death, as a medicine man is supposed to do.
- to cause to die—tete-ya', v. a. waya.
- te-ya'-su, v. T. to condemn to
- te-ya'-su-pi, part. T. condemned to die.
- tin, v. n. Ih and T. to die: i. q. This form usually, perhaps always and only, occurs when followed by "kta," the sign of the future, as, matin kta, nitin kta, tin kta, for maté kta, etc.
- tin'-ga, v.n. to snivel, to grunt; to labor, as a woman in travail—watinga, untingapi.
- tin s'a', adv. fast, tightly, fixedly, permanently. See tinza.

- nently, established: tins'adan manke śni, I am not established.
- tins-ya', v. a. to make firm—tinswaya: ținsiciya, to restrain one's *self*—ţiŋsmiçiya.
- tins-ya', adv. firmly.
- tins-ya'-kel, adv. T. firmly, bravely.
- tin'-za, adj. stiff, as mud; firm, hard, fast; brave, as cante tinza. See tins'a.
- toś'-ya, adv. of toźa; bluntly.
- to'-źa, adj. dull, pointless.
- tung-ya', v. a. to suspect, have a suspicion of a thing—tungwaya, tungunyanpi.
- ţuŋ'-ka, v. See ţuŋkeća.
- tun'-ke-ća, v.n. to be suspicious; to be suspected—maṭunkeća.
- tun-ki'-ya, v. T. to suspect concerning one's self.

U.

- u, the twenty-fifth letter of the Da-|u-hla'-gla, v. n. kota alphabet, with the sound of English "oo," as in moon. When preceded by "y," or followed by a nasal "n," it is somewhat modified.
- u, v. n. to come, to be coming—wau, yau, unkupi.
- $\mathbf{u} \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{n} \, \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{h} \, \mathbf{e} \mathbf{l} \, \mathbf{a}, \quad adv.$ T. suddenly: i. q. ihnuhanna. See unknuhanna and ungnahanla.
- $\mathbf{u} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e}', n. \quad T. \quad some: i. q. \text{ on } \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e}.$

- T. to be torn or broken; to be ragged.
- u k a', n. the skin, hile, especially the skin of a living animal
- u-ki'-ta, v. pos. of uta; to try, prove, as any new thing—uwakita, uunkitapi. T., igluta.
- u k i' y a, v. a. to cause to come uwakiya.
- u k u' h u , *intj*. When a deer is brought into camp, the children shout "ukuhu": i. q. wáhdiaś'api.

- u-ku'-hu-hu, intj. When an elk is brought in they sing "ukuhu-hu."—s. w. pond.
- u'-ma, n. hazel-nuts.
- u'-ma-hu, n. hazel-bushes.
- u m a n', adj. the one, the other. See unma.
- $\mathbf{u} \mathbf{m} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y}' \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a}$, adj. See unmana.
- u m a η' -n a p é i η w a η k a, adj. See uŋmanapéiŋwaŋka. T, akenapéiŋyuŋka.
- un, v. n. to be: en un, to be in—waun, yaun, unyakonpi.
- un, v. a. to use anything, have for use—mun, nun, unkunpi.
- un, pron. in comp. we, us.
- un'-éa, v. a. to mock, imitate, ridicule one—unwaéa, ununéapi, unmaéa.
- un-ci', n. a grandmother, my grandmother; nıkunsi, thy grandmother: kunksitku, his or her grandmother; the sun, in the sacred language. A woman calls her mother-in-law "unci."
- uŋ-ći'-daŋ, n. dim. of uŋći.
- un'-éi-hi, v. n. to have attained one's growth; to be able to take care of one's self—unmaéihi, unniéihi, ununéihipi: with the negative "śni," unéihiśni, to be incapable, lazy, indolent.
- un'-éi-hi-ya, v. a. to cause to sustain one's self; to raise, train up to manhood—unéihiwaya.
- un-éi'-śi, n. a mother-in-law, my mother-in-law: nikunśi, thy motherin-law. This is said to be the proper word for mother-in-law, but shortened by the women into "unéi."

- uŋ-ći'-śi-ća-daŋ, n. the crow, crows, the Corvus americanus.
- uŋ-ći'-śi-daŋ, n. dim. of uŋćiśi.
- uŋ-ći'-śi-ya, v. a. to have one for uŋćiśi—uŋćiśiwaya.
- uŋ-ći'-ya, v. a. to have for uŋći uŋćiwaya.
- u n'- é o n n i é a, v. n. to give up, yield, not try to escape; to be prevented, penned up—unmaçonnica. See onéunnica.
- un ¢on' nil ya, v. a. T. to obstruct, prevent.
- u n' ¢ o n n i n, v. n. cont. of unçonnica.
- un'-ćon-nin-ya, v. a to obstruct, prevent from escaping, frighten so as to make unable to escape—unconninwaya.
- u n' é o n n i n y a, adv. prevented: unéonninya nazin. T., unéonnilya.
- u n'-é u n-n i-é a, v. See un é onniéa.
- un'-ćun-nin-ya, adv. See unćonninya.
- un-gna', intj. T. beware lest.
- un gn a' ga, n. T. the place fenced off on each side the door of a Dakota lodge: i. q. ohnoga.
- un-gna'-ġa-ta, adv. T. at or in the ungnaġa; by the door: i. q. ohnoġata.
- un-gna'-ġi-ća-la, n. T. a bird like a small owl. See Hohnoġićadan and Ohnoġićadan.
- un-gna'-han, adv. T. i.q. ihuhan. See ihnuhan.
- un-gna'-han-héin, adv. T. possibly, it may be so.

- un-gna'-han-la, adv. T. sud-|un-kiś'-na-la, pron. denly; i. q. ihnuhanna.
- uŋ'-haŋ-ke-ta, adv. at length, after a while, at the end. ohanketa. See ihanketa and unnahan.
- to move, be un'-hda-ka, v. n. moving about; to travel about with a family, pitching one's tent at short stages: unhdaka waun, I am mov-

ing; unhdaka unyakonpi, we are camping. T., iglaka.

- un-hée'-ġi-la, n. T. probably the mastodon, or other large animal, whose petrified remains are found in Dakota Territory.
- uŋ-hće'-ġi-la-hu, n. the bones of the unhćegila. See unktehi.
- un'-kan, conj. and. T., yunkan. See onkan.
- un'-kanś, conj. if; the sign of the subjunctive mood, and usually T., yunkanś. of past time.
- un'-kće, v. n. to defecate; to break wind—unwakće, ununkćepi.
- un'-kée, n. fæces; breaking wind. T., tuŋkće.
- un-kće'-kće-na, n. the cactus.
- un-kće'-hi, n. Ih. i. q. unktehi.
- un-kće'-ki-ha, n. the magpie.
- un-kće'-pa-gmi-gma, n. T. the beetle.
- uŋ-kće'-pa-hmi-yaŋ-yaŋ, n. the beetle, the tumble-bug.
- un-ki', pron. in comp., with "pi" at the end of the word; we; us.
- un-kiś', pron. we, ourselves. See iś, miś, and niś.

- i. q.unkiśnana.
- uŋ-kiś'-na-na, pron. dual; we two alone: plur., unkiśnanpidan. See isnana, misnana, etc.
- un ki' ta, pron. pos. in comp., with "pi" at the end of the word; ours.
- uŋ-ki'-ta-wa, pron. dual; ours, that is, thine and mine.
- uŋ-ki'-ta-wa-pi, pron. plur. ours. See tawapi.
- un-ki'-ye, pron. we, we two; us. See iye, mive, etc.
- uŋ-ki'-ye-ke, pron. we ourselves.
- uŋ-ki'-ye-pi, pron. plur. we; us.
- uŋ-knu'-haŋ-na, adv. Ih. suddenly: i. q. ihnuhanna. See ugnahela.
- uŋ'-kśu, n. a woman's work-bag; i. q. panbotuka. T., unkśula.
- uŋ'-kśu-daŋ, n. dim. of uŋkśu; a reticule.
- uŋ-kśu'-la, n. T. a reticule.
- uŋ'-kśu-la, n. T. a hood or case for a baby.
- Un-kte'-hi, n. the Dakota god of the waters; a fabled monster of the deep; the whale: an extinct animal, the bones of which are said to be sometimes found by the Indians, probably the *mastodon*. See unhćegila.
- un-kto'-mi, n. the spider; also a fabulous creature, a Dakota god.
- un-kto'-mi-ta-o-ka-śke, n. a spider's web.
- uŋ-kuŋ'-pi, v. pl. we are: i. q. unyakonpi.

- un'-ma, adj. the one, the other: unma tukte, which of the two? unma itoto, one after the other, turn about. See uman.
- un'-ma-e-će-tki-ya, adv. on the contrary.
- un'-ma-e-ći-ya-tan-han, adv. from the other side; on the contrary
- u n' m a l a, adj. T. i. q. unmana.
- u n'-ma-na, adj. with "śni" following, neither: unmana iwaću śni, I took neither. T., unmala.
- u n' m a n a p ć i n w a n k a, num. adj. nineteen. T., akenapćinyunka.
- u y'-la, v. dim. T. to be; to use.
- u n'-na, v. dim. of un, to be, and un, to use. T., unla
- un'-na-han, adv. at last; i q. un-hanketa: soon, shortly.
- uŋ'-na-ptaŋ, adj. sideling: he uŋnaptaŋ and huŋnaptaŋ, a side hill.
- un'-na-ptan-yan, adv. slantingly.
- un'-pa, v. a. to place or leave, as a boat; to raise for one's self, as a dog or girl—waunpa, unkunpapi. See onpa, oonpa, etc.
- u n' p a, v. n. to smoke, as tobacco unmunpa, unnunpa, unkunpapi See éannunpa.
- un-pan', n. T. the female elk: i. q. upan. un-pan'-ha, n. T. elk skin.
- un-pan'-hin-ske, n. T. elk teeth.
- un'-pan-min-ske, n. 1. en teen un'-pi, v. pl. of un; they are.
- u ŋ p ś i' ź a , n. T. i. q. upśiźa.
- un-pśiś-ya, adv. muddy. un-sin', n. the small end of a porcupine quill; the large quills in the

porcupine's tail.

- un-śtan', v. imperat. stop, quit. Used only in this form. T., ayu-śtan.
- uŋ-tkaŋ'-na, adv. much. T., yutkaŋla. See utkaŋna.
- un-we'-ya, n. Ih. provisions for a journey: i. q. waneya.
- uŋ-ya, v. T. to lose, waunbla, yaunla.—T. L. R.
- un'-yan, adv. T. without, as unyan wahi, I come without it; out of sight, lost; unyan iyaya, it has gone.
- un-ya'-kon, v. dual, we two live together, especially as man and wife.
- un-ya'-kon-pi, v. 1st pers. plur.
- uŋ-źiŋ'-ća, n. a fledgling; a bird before the tail has grown.
- u p a n', n. the female of the elk, or Cervus alces. T., unpan.
- u-pi', n. the tail of a bird; the lower border of a garment.
- u-pi'-hde-ga, n. a balmoral skirt.
- u p i' z i é a, n. a yellow-tailed hawk.
- u-pi'-źa-ta, n. the forked-tailed swallow.
- u p ś i ś' y a, adv. muddily: upśiśya waŋka.
- $u p \le i' i = n$, mud. T., $upp \le ii = n$.
- u-sku'-ye-ća, n. the acorns of the white oak: uskuyeća ćan, the white oak.
- u-sku'-ye-ća-hu, n. the white oak, Quercus alba. See utuhu.
- u s p a n' s p a n h e é a, n. the iron wood or hornbeam, perhaps the Ostrya virginica.

u-śdo'-ni-ya, n. a mineral spring; mineral sediment deposited from water, as sulphate of iron or copperas. This word would seem to be formed from "u," to come, "śdo," to melt or liquefy, as metals, and "niya," to breathe, as if the metal came out liquefied by the earth's breath.

u-śdo'-wi-wi, n. a swamp with a yellow sediment. See wiwi.

u - ś i', v a. (u and śi) to command to come, send—uwaśi.

u - śtan', v. imperat. only; stop. See unstan.

u'-ta, n. an acorn, acorns, black oak acorns.

u'-ta, v. a. to try, taste anything, to attempt, try to do a thing—uwata, unkutapi: to try, as a gun in firing it off; to fire off. T., iyuta.

u'-ta-hu, n. an oak tree. See utuhu. u'-ta-hu-ćan, n. T. oak wood. u-tam', n. a load or charge of a gun, plural, utapi, loads: ota utam, a gun of many charges—a repeater: ota utapi.

u-tkan'-na, adv. much, a great deal. T., yutkanla.

u-tkaŋ'-tkaŋ-na, adv. red. of utkaŋna. T., yutkaŋtkaŋla.

u-tu'-hu, n. the black oak, Quercus nigra. See uskuyećahu.

u-tu'-han, v. T. i. q. ituhan.

u-tu'-héin, adv. T. in vain.

 \mid u-t u'-k i-h a $\mathfrak p$, v T. i. q. itukiha $\mathfrak p$.

u - t u' - y a, adv. T. i. q. ituya.

u-tu'-ya-ćin, adv. T. for naught. u'-wa, v. imperat. come. Used by women.

u - y a', v. a. to cause to go; to send, to start—uwaya, uyaya.

u-ya', v. n. to come; to become: sniyan uya, it is becoming cold; to grow, spring up, as grass.

u-ye'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to grow or spring up—uyewakiya.

u-ye'-ya, v. a. to cause to come uyewaya.

W.

w, the twenty-sixth letter of the Dakota alphabet, having the same sound that it has in the beginning of words in English.

wa, pron. in comp. I.

wa, n. snow.

wa, v.n. to snow. See wapa.

wa, an abbreviation of wahanksića.

wa, a prefix. When used with verbs it usually puts them in the absolute or intransitive state,

that is, the verb is changed into an adjective, or neuter, or passive verb; as, waonsida, merciful, from onsida, to have mercy upon. In some cases it forms of them nouns denoting the agent or actor. Indeed, the absolute forms may all be so used; as, wanikiya, a savior. When prefixed to nouns, it makes their signification more general.

- wa, a prefix. T. i. q, ba, a prefix: it indicates that the action is done by a sawing motion, as with a knife or saw.
- wa-a'-bles, cont. of waableza.
- wa-a'-bleza, v. T. i. q. waamdeza.
- wa-a'-ćaŋ-ksi, v. n. of ćaŋksi; to be ill-tempered, out of humor; to be threatening every one—waaćaŋwaksi. T., waaćaŋzeka.
- wa-a'-ćaŋ-kśi-ya, adv. in a cross, surly manner. T., waaćaŋzeya.
- wa-a'-ćaŋ-ze-ka, v. n. T. to be ill-tempered.
- wa-a'-ćaŋ-ze-ya, adv. T. in a surly manner.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{g} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{a}$, v. T. i. q. \mathbf{w} aahda.
- wa-a'-hda, v. of ahda; to take home—waawahda. T., waagla.
- wa-a'-hde-éa, v. to take home; one who takes home—waawahdeéa.
- wa-a'-hdi, v. See wahdi.
- wa-a'-ho-tan-ka, n. one who bawls out, one who vociferates—waa-howatanka. See hotanke
- wa-a'-ho-ton, n. something that makes a noise, as thunder, etc.
- wa-a'-ho-ye-ya, v. of hoyeya; to reprove, scold.
- wa-a'-i-a, v. of aia; to talk about, to slander; to try, as a case in court—waawaia, waaunkiapi.
- wa-a'-i-a-pi, n. a talking against, slander; consultation; a trial in court.
- wa-a'-i-a-ti-pi, n. a councilhouse; a court-house.
- wa-a'-i-e-s'a, n. a slanderer, a tattler.

- wa-a'-ka-ġa, v. of akaġa; to add to; to transgress; to make a lie on; to blaspheme—waawakaġa.
- wa-a'-ka-ġa-pi, n. making on, blasphemy.
- wa-a'-ka-hpa, v. of akahpa; to cover—waawakahpa.
- wa-a'-ka-hpe, n. a covering. See woakahpe.
- wa'-a-ka-ta, v. to cover with snow: i. q. kasa.
- wa-a'-ki-ća-ġa, v. T. to play jokes on; make sport of.
- wa-a'-ki-ći-ya-taŋ-iŋ, n of kićiyataŋiŋ; manifestation.
- wa-a'-ki-ktoŋ-źa, v. of akiktoŋźa; to forget—waawektoŋźa. See wákiktoŋźa.
- wa-a'-ki-kton-źa-pi, n. forgetfulness. See wákiktonźapi.
- wa-a'-kin, cont. of waakita. T., waakil.
- wa-a'-ki-ni-ća, v. of akinića; to dispute; one who disputes—waa-wakinića.
- wa-a'-ki-ni-ća-pi, n. disputation.
- wa-a'-ki-nin, cont. of waakinića; waakinin uppi, they are disputing. T., waakinil.
- wa-a'-ki-nin-ya, adv. in the way of disputing. T., waakinilya.
- wa-a'-ki-ta, v. of akita; to hunt, seek—waawakita.
- wa-a'-mdes, cont. of waamdeza.
- wa-a'-mde-za, v. to be observing, to be clear sighted—waawamdeza. T., waableza.

- wa-a'-na-go-ptan, v. of anagoptan; to listen to, obey, be obedient—waanawagoptan. T., also waanogoptan.
- wa-a'-na-ġo-ptaŋ-yaŋ, adv.
 obediently: waanaġoptaŋyaŋ wauŋ,
 I am obedient. T., waanoġoptaŋyaŋ
- w a a' n a k i k ś i n , v. of anakikśin; to expose one's self for others, take the place of danger—waanawekśin, waanaunkikśinpi.
- wa-a'-na-ki-kśin-yan, adv. exposing one's self for others.
- w a a' n a ś a p a , v. of anaśapa; to defile, soil by trampling on—waanawaśapa.
- wa-a'-na-śdo-ka, n. something that flies out or refuses to stay in, as a cork, etc.
- wa-a'-na-tan, v. of anatan; to rush on, make an attack—waanawatan.
- Wa-a'-na-tan, n. (one who makes an attack); a distinguished Sisitonwan chief who was killed in 1839; a county of Minnesota.
- wa-a'-na-zin, v. of anazin; to stand and shoot the image of that which is supposed to be the cause of the disease. This is a part of the ceremony of Dakota conjuring—waanawazin, waanaunzinpi.
- w a a' n u n u, n. moss. T., peźi hiŋkpila.
- wa-a'-p'a, v. of ap'a; to strike—waawap'a.
- wa-a'-pa-to-ya, v. of apatoya; to hinder, obstruct—waapatowaya.

- wa-a'-pe, v. of ape; to wait, be in waiting—waawape.
- wa-a'-s'in, v. of as'in; to covet, desire what is another's; to stay where others are eating, expecting to share—waawas'in.
- wa-a'-skam, *cont.* of waaskapa. T., waaskab.
- wa-a'-skam-ya, v. of askamya; to cause to stick on, make adhere waaskamwaya.
- wa-a'-skam-ya-pi, n. sticking plaster.
- w a a' s k a p a, v. of askapa; to stick on.
- w a a' s k a p e, n. something that sticks, a sticking plaster.
- wa-a'-sni-yan, v. of asniyan; to heal, make well—waasniwaya.
- wa-a'-sni-yan, n. a healer, healing.
- wa-a'-s'a-ka, v. n. to be loaded with or coated, as the tongue in sickness. See wás'aka.
- wa-a'-śa-pa, v. of aśapa; to be defiled—waamaśapa.
- wa-a'-śa-pe, n. a blotter.
- wa-a'-taŋ-ka. See wátaŋka.
- wa-a'-ta-ya, v. of ataya; to be lucky, fortunate—waatawaya.
- wa-a'-ta-ye-s'a, n. a fortunate one, as a good hunter.
- wa-a'-ton-wan, v. of atonwan; to be observing—waawatonwan.
- wa-a'-ton-we, n. an observer.
- wa-a'-wa-ćiŋ, v. of awaćiŋ; to think about, consider, be thoughtful—waawaćaŋmi.

- wa-a'-wa-éiŋ-yaŋ, v. a. to cause to think or consider; one who makes others think—waawaéiŋwaya.
- wa-a'-wan-hdag, cont. of waawanhdaka.
- wa-a'-wan-hda-ka, v. of awan-hdaka; to watch over one's own—waawanwahdaka. See wawan-hdaka.
- wa-a' wan-hda-ke, n. one who watches over, a shepherd, a bishop.
- wa-a'-wan-yag, cont. of waawanyaka.
- wa-a'-waŋ-yag-ki-ya-pi, n. one who is employed to oversee, a steward.
- wa-a'-waŋ-ya-ka, v. of awaŋ-yaka; to oversee, watch over, take care of—waawanmdaka.
- wa-a'-wan-ya-ka, n. some spiritual being who watches the Dakotas to do them hurt.
- wa-a'-wan-ya-ke, n. a watchman. wa-a'-ya, v. of aya; to take or
- bear to—waamda.
- wa-a'-ya-ta, v. of ayata; to guess, predict, foretell—waamdata.
- wa-a'-ya-taŋ-iŋ, v. of ayataŋiŋ; to proclaim, make manifest, bear witness—waamdataŋiŋ.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n}$, n. a witness.
- wa a' ya tan in yan, adv. testifying.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e}$, n. a prophet.
- wa-a'-yu-pta, v. of ayupta; to answer—waamdupta.
- wa-a'-yu-pte, n. one who answers.

- wa-a'-zil-ton, v. T. i. q. waa-zinton.
- wa-a'-zin-ton, v. of azinton; to burn incense to or for—waazinwaton. T., waazilton.
- wa-ba'-ġa-pa, v. of baġapa; to skin animals, be in the habit of taking off skins—wabawaġapa. T., wawaġapa.
- wa-ba'-ġo, v. of baġo; to carve, engrave—wabawaġo.
- wa-ba'-hba, v. of bahba; to cut off, as in shelling corn with a knife—wabawahba. T., wawagna.
- wa-ba'-hbe-za, v. of bahbeza; to make rough; to haggle—wabawa-hbeza.
- wa-ba'-hda, v. of bahda; to make uncoil by cutting.
- wa-ba'-hna, v. of bahna; to make fall off by cutting.
- wa-ba'-hna-yan, v. of bahna-yan; to miss in trying to cut—wa-bawahnayan.
- wa-ba'-huŋ, v. of bahuŋ; to cut, gash—wabawahuŋ.
- wa-ba'-huŋ-huŋ, v. red. of wabahuŋ; to cut, as a piece of meat nearly off, in many places. wabahuŋhuŋ waku, I gave it to him to cut in pieces.
- wa-ba'-hu-te-dan, v. of bahutedan; to wear off to a stump, as a knife—wabawahutedan. T., wawatepa. See wabatepa.
- wa-ba'-hda-ġaŋ, v. of bahdaġaŋ; to make large, to cut so that it becomes larger—wabawahdaġaŋ.

- wa-ba'-hda-ya, v. of bahdaya; to pare, to cut off the rind or skin wabawahdaya. See wabasku.
- wa-ba'-hda-ye-dan, n. parings.
- wa-ba'-hde-ća, v. of bahdeća; to tear in attempting to cut—wabawahdeća.
- wa-ba'-hdo-ka, v. of bahdoka; to cut holes—wabawahdoka. See wabaśdoka.
- wa-ba'-hu, v. of bahu; to peel, pare—wabawahu. See wabasku.
- wa-ba'-ke-za, v. of bakeza; to make smooth with a knife; to trim off the feather, as in making arrows—wabawakeza. T., wawakeza. See wabakeza.
- wa'-ba-ke-ze, n. a board on which to trim the feather in making arrows.
- wa-ba'-kon-ta, v. of bakonta. See wabakontkonta.
- wa-ba'-kon-tkon, adj. cut or notched, as a piece of meat given to a child.
- wa-ba'-kon-tkon-ta, v. of bakontkonta; to cut or notch—wabawakontkonta.
- wa-ba'-kpan, v. of bakpan; to cut up fine—wabawakpan.
- w a b a' k s a, v. of baksa; to cut off wabawaksa, wabaunksapi.
- wa-ba'-ktan, v. of baktan; to cut so as to make crook—wabawaktan.
- wa-ba'-ke-za, v. of bakeza; to make smooth by cutting—wabawa-keza. See wabakeza.

- wa-ba'-mda, v. of bamda; to cut in slices—wabawamda.
- w a b a' m d a m d a z a, v. red. of wabamdaza.
- wa-ba'-mda-za, v. of bamdaza; to rip open or up—wabawamdaza.
- wa-ba'-mde-ća, v. of bamdeća; to cut up, break to pieces with a knife—wabawamdeća.
- wa-ba'-mna, v. of bamna; to rip with a knife—wabawamna.
- wa-ba'-pe-sto, v. of bapesto; to shave to a point—wabawapesto.
- wa-ba'-po-ta, v. of bapota; to destroy by cutting—wabawapota.
- wa-ba'-psa-ka v. of bapsaka; to cut off, as cords—wabawapsaka.
- wa-ba'-pta, v. of bapta; to cut out, pare around wabawapta.
- wa'-ba-pte, n. a cutting-board. T., awawapte.
- wa-ba'-pte-će-dan, v. of baptećedan; to cut off short—wabawaptećedan. T., wawaptećela.
- w a b a' p t u ź a , v. of baptuźa; to crack or split with a knife—wabawaptuźa.
- wa-ba'-sku, v. of basku; to pare, as potatoes—wabawasku, wabauŋ-skupi. See wabahu.
- wa-ba'-smin, v. of basmin; to make bare with a knife—wabawa-smin.
- w a b a' ś d a , v. of baśda; to shave off—wabawaśda
- wa-ba'-śdo-ka, v. of baśdoka; to cut out of—wabawaśdoka. See wabahdoka.

- *cut, gash*—wabawaśkita.
- wa-ba'-śpa, v. of baśpa; to cut off pieces—wabawaśpa.
- wa-ba'-śpu, v. of baśpu; to cut in pieces—wabawaśpu.
- wa-ba'-śpu-śpu, v. red. of wabaśpu; to cut up in pieces, as tallow wabawaśpuśpu.
- wa-ba'-ta-ku-śni, v. of batakuśni; to destroy.
- wa-ba'-te-pa, v. of batepa; to cut off short—wabawatepa. See wabahutedan.
- wa-ba'-tpaŋ, *v*. Same as wabakpan.
- wa-ba'-ţa, v. of baţa; to kill.
- wa-be', n. of be; a hatching-place.
- w $a b l e' n i é^a$, n. T. an orphan; i. q. wamdenića.
- w a b l o' ś a, n. T. i. q. amdośa.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, n. \quad T. \quad a \quad snake; a$ bug; an insect. i. q. wamduśka.
- wa-blu'-śka-śa-śa, n. T. bed-bugs.
- wa-bo'-će-ka, v. waboćeg iyeya, to make stagger by shooting. T, wawoćeka. Noте.—All words change in Titonwan, the prefix "bo" to "wo."
- wa-bo'-ço, v. of boço; to churnwabowaćo.
- wa-bo'-ha-i-ye-ya, v. of bohaiyeya; to make tumble over by shooting
- wa-bo'-hin-ta, v. of bohinta; to sweep all off by shooting—wabowahinta.
- wa-bo'-hna, v. of bohna; to knock off, as fruit, by shooting-wabowahna.

- wa-ba'-śki-ta, v. of baśkita; to | wa-bo'-hna-śkin-yan, v. of bohnaskinyan; to make crazy by punching or shooting—wabowahnaśkinyan.
 - wa-bo'-hna-yan, v. of bohnayan; to miss in shooting—wabowahnayan.
 - wa-bo'-ho-ho, v. of bohoho; to make loose by shooting—wabowahoho.
 - wa-bo'-hu-hu-za, v. of bohuhuza; to make shake by shooting wabowahuhuza.
 - wa-bo'-héi, v. of bohéi; to shoot or punch out pieces—wabowalići.
 - wa-bo'-hdo-ka, v. of bohdoka; to shoot or punch holes—wabowalidoka. T., wawohloka. See wabośdoka.
 - wa-bo'-hmin, v. of bolimin; to make crook by shooting—wabowalimin. See waboktan.
 - wa-bo'-hpa, v. of bohpa; to shoot on the wing.
 - wa-bo'-kpan, v. of bokpan; to pound fine—wabowakpan.
 - wa-bo'-ksa, v. of boksa; to break off by shooting or punching—wabo-T., wawoksa. waksa.
 - wa-bo'-ktan, v. of boktan; to bend by shooting or pounding-wabowaktan. See wabolimin.
 - wa-bo'-ku-ka, v. of bokuka; to destroy by pounding or shootingwabowakuka.
 - wa bo' mda ya, v. of bomdaya; to make spread out by shooting or punching—wabowamdaya. T., wawoblaya.

- to tear open by shooting, etc.—wabowamdaza. T., wawoblaza.
- wa-bo'-mde-ća, v. of bomdeća; to break in pieces by shooting or punching—wabowamdeća. T., wawobleća.
- wa'-bo-mdu, v. the snow flies. T., wa'woblu.
- wa-bo'-mdu, v. of bomdu; to pound fine, to pulverize—wabowamdu. T., wawóblu.
- wa-bo'-pan, v. of bopan; to pound fine, as hominy—wabowapan.
- wa-bo'-pan-pan, v. of bopanpan; to make soft by pounding.
- wa-bo'-pe-mni, v. of bopemni; to twist by shooting, etc.—wabowapemni.
- wa-bo'-po-ta, v. of bopota; to shoot or pound to pieces-wabowapota.
- wa-bo'-psa-ka, v. of bopsaka; to shoot off, as strings—wabowapsaka.
- wa-bo'-pta, v. of bopta; to dig up by striking with a stick endwise, as in digging tipsinna—wabowapta. T., wawopta.
- wa-bo'-ptu-źa, v. of boptuźa; to crack by pounding or shooting wabowaptuźa.
- wa-bo'-sda-ta, n. a kind of long beads, large in the middle, worn by the Dakotas.
- wa-bo'-sde-ća, v. of bosdeća; to split by shooting—wabowasdeća.
- wa-bo'-sni, v. of bosni; to blow out, extinguish-wabowasni.

- wa-bo'-mda-za, v. of bomdaza; | wa-bo'-so-ta, v. of bosota; to exterminate by shooting—wabowa-T., wawosota.
 - wa-bo'-śa-ka, v. of bośaka; to shoot or punch with too little force to penetrate—wabowaśaka.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of bosda; to shoot off bare—wabowaśda.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of bosdoka; to shoot or punch out, as an eyewabowaśdoka. T., wawośloka. See wabohdoka.
 - wa-bo'-śki, v. of bośki; to pound, as corn not well dried-wabowaśki.
 - wa-bo'-śna, v. of bośna; to miss in shooting—wabowaśna. T., wa-·wośna.
 - wa-bo'-śpa, v. of bośpa; to shoot off a piece—wabowaśpa.
 - wa bo' śu źa, v. of bośuźa; to shoot to splinters.
 - w a b o' t a k u n i ś n i, v. of botakuniśni; to shoot to pieces or destroy—wabowatakuniśni.
 - wa-bo'-ti-ća, v. of botića; to snatch away, rob—wabowatića. wamanon.
 - wa-bo'-ti-će, n. T., a robber. wamanon s'a.
 - wa-bo'-tpan, v. of botpan. Same as wabokpan.
 - wa-bo'-tpi, v. of botpi; to crack, as nuts, by pounding with a pestle wabowatpi. T., wawokpi.
 - wa-bo'-ta, v. of bota; to kill by punching.
 - wa-bo'-tin-za, v. of botinza; to pound tight-wabowaținza.

- wa-bo'-we-ga, v. of bowega; to break or fracture by shooting, etc.— wabowawega.
- w a b o' ź a ź a , v. of boźaźa; to wash out by punching—wabowaźaźa
- wa-ćan'-ki-ya, adj. of ćantekiya; kind, benevolent. See waćantkiya.
- wa-ćan'-śin-ya, v. a. of ćanśinya; to make sad—waćanśinwaya. T., waćanśilya.
- w a \acute{c} a \acute{g} a, n. a species of sweet-smelling grass.
- w a ć a ŋ' t e ś i ć a, adj. of ćaŋteśića; unhappy—waćaŋtemaśića.
- wa-ćaŋ'-te-śin-ya, v. a. to make sad—waćaŋteśinwaya.
- wa-ća n t'-ki-ya, adj. of ćantekiya; benevolent— waćanwakiya, waćanyakiya, waćanunkiyapi.
- wa-ćant'-ki-ya-pi, n. benevolence.
- wa-ćan t'-o-h n a-ka, v. of ćant-ohnaka; to be generous, affection-ate—waćantowahnaka.
- wa-ćaŋt'-o-hna-ka, adj. generous; affectionate.
- wa-ćaŋt'-o-hna-ka-pi, n. generosity; affection
- wa-ćaŋ t'-o-k pa-ni, v. of ćaŋtokpani; to desire much, long for; to be impatient—waćaŋtowakpani.
- wa-ćant'-o-tpa-ni, v. Same as waćantokpani.
- wa-ćan'-ze-ya, v. of ćanzeya; to make angry.
- wa-ćan'-ze-ze-ka, n. one easily made angry.

- wa-ćaś'-ton, v. of ćaśton; to name, give names—waćaśwaton.
- wa-ćaś'-toŋ, n. a namer, one who names.
- wa-ća'-źe-ki-ya-ta, v. a. to mention the names of deceased relatives to one, and beg for their sakes waćaźewakimdata.
- wa-ća'-źe-yan, cont. of waćaźeyata.
- wa-ća'-źe-ya-ta, v. of ćaźe-yata; to ask for or beg in the name of the dead—waćaźemdata.
- wa'-će-he, n. See waćinhe.
- wa-će'-hin, n. the long slender feathers growing near the tail of an eagle, etc.
- wa-će'-ki-ya, v. of ćekiya; to pray to, ask for help, pray for assistance in war, etc.—waćewakiya, waćeunkiyapi.
- wa-će'-oŋ-pa, v. of ćeoŋpa; to roast, as corn in the ear; one who roasts corn—waćewaoŋpa.
- Wa-će'-uŋ-pa, n. p. the name of a clan of the Yanktons and Si-ćangu.—J. o. D.
- wa-će'-on-pa-pi, n. roasting-corn.
- wa-će'-tuŋ-hda, v. of ćetuŋhda; to doubt, disbelieve; one who always doubts—waćetuŋwahda.
- wa-će'-ţuŋ-hda-pi, n. unbelief, doubting.
- wa-će'-tuŋ-hda-ya, adv. doubtingly.
- w a ć i', v. n. to dance—wawaći, wayaći.
- \mathbf{w} a $\acute{\mathbf{c}}$ i $\mathbf{\eta}'$, v. 1st pers. sing. of $\acute{\mathbf{c}}$ in.

- wa-ćiŋ', v. n. to think, purpose—waćaŋmi, waćaŋni, wauŋćiŋpi. This word requires an other verb in the infinitive mood to precede, as ećoŋ waćaŋmi, I thought to do.
- wa-ćin'-ble-za, v. n. T. to be clear-headed; smart; quick to comprehend: i. q. waćinmdeza.
- wa-ćin'-ća-dan, n. a young bear, a cub. T., mato ćinćala.
- wa-ćiŋ'-ći-ka-ye-daŋ, adj. fickle-minded—waćiŋmaćikayedaŋ.
- wa-ćin'-ći-sti-ye-dan, adj. fickle-minded—waćinmaćistiyedan.
 T., waćinćisćiyela.
- wa-ćiŋ'-ha-ha-daŋ, adj. cowardly, easily alarmed—waćinmahahadaŋ.
- wa'-ćiŋ-he, n. the head-dress of a Dakota man; anything standing up on the head, as feathers; a plume: i. q. waćehe.
- wa'-ćin-he-sap-sa-pa, n. black plumes, ostrich feathers.
- wa'-ćiŋ-he-ya, v.a. to use for a plume—waćiŋhewaya.
- wa-ćiŋ'-hiŋ-yaŋ-za, adj. cruel, morose — waćiŋmahiŋyaŋza. See wahiŋyaŋza.
- wa-ćin'-hnu-hnu-ni, adj. red. of waćinhnuni; wandering in mind, bewildered, oblivious—waćinmahnu-hnuni.
- wa-ćin'-hnu-ni, adj. wandering, bewildered—waćinmalinuni.
- wa-ćin'-hnu-ni-ya, v.a. to cause one's mind to wander, to bewilder—waćinhnuniwaya

- w a-ćin'-i-b o-śa-k a, v. n. to be out of heart about, to be discouraged—wa-ćinibowaśaka. T., waćiniwośaka.
- wa-ćin'-i-wo-śag, cont. of waćiniwośaka.
- wa-ćin'-i-wo-śag-ya, v. T. to discourage.
- wa- \acute{c} i \acute{n} '- \acute{i} -wo- \acute{s} a-ka, $\emph{v. n.}$ $\emph{T.}$ to be discouraged, be out of heart.
- wa-ćiŋ'-i-yo-ki-pi, v. n. to be contented, satisfied with—waćiniyowakipi.
- wa-ćin'-i-yo-ki-pi-ya, adv. contentedly.
- wa-ćin'-i-yo-ki-śi-ća, v. n.
 to be displeased with; to be sad on
 account of, to regret—waćiniyowakiśića; waćiniyowićawakiśića, I
 am displeased with them.
- wa-ćin'-i-yo-ki-śin-ya, adv. displeased with. T, waćiniyoki-śilya.
- wa-ćiŋ'-ka, v. Same as waćin.
- wa-ćin'-ki-ći-yu-za-pi, v. recip. having regard for each other. See waćinkiyuza.
- wa-ćin'-ki-ya, v. pos. of waćinyan; to trust in, as in anything laid up for one's own use; to trust to or have confidence in, as a friend, Jesus Christ our Saviour, etc—waćinwakiya.
- wa-ćin'-ki-yu-za, v.a. to think of, hold in the mind, either for good or ill—waćinwakiyuza.
- wa-ćin'-ko, adj. (waćin and ko) easily made angry, ill-natured, passionate—waćinmako, waćinunkopi.

- wa-ćin'-ko-ke-la, adj T. easily made angry.
- wa-ćin'-ko-pi, n. passionateness. wa-ćin'-ko-ya, adv. passion-
- ately; crossly.
- wa-ćin'-ksam, *cont.* of waćinksapa. *T.*, waćinksab.
- wa-ćin'-ksam-ya, adv. wisely, discreetly.
- wa-ćin'-ksa-pa, adj. intelligent, wise—waćinmaksapa, waćinunksa-papi.
- wa-ćin'-o-a-ye, n. inclination: waćinioaye manića, I am discouraged.
- wa-ćiŋ'-o-ze, n of waćiŋyuza; thought, thinking.
- wa-ćin'-pi-ya-hna-ka, v. (waćin, piya, and hnaka) to take another view of a thing, be of another mind.
- wa-ćin'-śi-ća, adj. bad dispositioned.
- wa-ćiŋ'-taŋ-ka, adj. patient, magnanimous, long-suffering, enduring long—waćinmataŋka.
- wa-ćin'-ton, v. to have understanding, have a mind of one's own, be wise—waćinwaton.
- wa-ćin'-ton-hnag-ya, v. a. to comfort, usually by giving to the afflicted; to cause to have a different view—waćintonhnagwaya.
- wa-ćin'-ton hna-ke, n. (wa ćin, ton, and hnaka) a comforter.
 T., wakićanpte.
- wa-ćiŋ-toŋ-śni, v.n. to be foolish—waćiŋwatoŋśni.

- wa-ćin'-ta, v. n. to be feebleminded, forgetful.
- wa-ćin'-ṭa-ṭa-ke, n. one who is feeble-minded.
- \mathbf{w} a \mathbf{c} i \mathbf{n}' \mathbf{w} i \mathbf{k} i \mathbf{c} u \mathbf{n} \mathbf{s} n i, v. n. to be indifferent about.
- wa-ćin'-yan, v.a. to trust in, depend upon; to believe in; originally, to desire, to wish for—waćinwaya, waćinunyanpi, waćinmayan, waćinćiya. See waćinkiya.
- wa-ćin'-yan, adj. confiding:
 waćinyan waun.
- wa-éin'-yan-pi, n. trusting in, confidence, faith; trusted in, trustiness.
- wa-ćin'-ye-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to trust in—waćinyewakiya.
- wa-ćin'-ye-pi-ća, n. something that can be trusted in: waćinyepića śni, that cannot be trusted in.
- wa-ćin'-ye-ya, v. n. to purpose, set the mind to; to cause to trust in.
- w a ć i ŋ' ź a t a, adj. forked mind, i. e., undecided, hesitating—waćinmaźata
- wa-ći'-pi, n. of waći; dancing, the dance
- wa-ćo'-ka, n. low land lying near a river or lake without timber.
- wa-ćo'-kon, v. of ćokon; to desire to take life—waćowakon, waćoma-konpi.
- wa-ćo'-kon-pi, n. a desire of taking life.
- wa-ćo'-ni-ća, n. of ćonića; dried meat, especially dried buffalo or deer meat; venison; wild meat of any kind, fresh or dried

- wa-ćo'-ni-ća-ka, n. T. wild meat dried.
- wa-ćo'-ni-sa-ka, n. hard dried meat.
- wa-ću'-tu-hu, n. of ćutuhu; the ribs or knees of a boat; the ribs of a bear. T., waltućuhu; matoćuhu.
- wada: also !st pers. sing. of da.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a}, v. \quad red. \text{ of } \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a}.$
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, n. \quad a \text{ beggar}.$
- w a d a' k o t a ś n i, adj. of dal. ota; not caring for relations, without natural affection—wadamakotaśni. T., olakolwićaye śni
- w a d i' t a, *adj. brave*—wamadita. See waditaka.
- wa-di'-ta-ka, adj. brave, courageous—wamaditaka and wadimataka, wadinitaka, wadiuntakapi. T., ćante tinza.
- wad-i-yo'-pe-ya, v.a. to accuse one of doing what another has done—wadiyopewaya.
- wa'-do-wan, v. abs. See adowan. wa-dun'-ya, v. of dunya; to dye red or scarlet—wadunwaya. T., walulya.
- wa-dun'-ye, n. a dyer of scarlet. T., walulye.
- wa-du'-ta, n. a red root used for dyeing scarlet.
- wa-e'-kta-śni, adv. waektaśni iću, to take the wrong one; to accuse falsely.
- wa-e'-kta-śni-yan, adv. improperly, falsely.
- wa-e'-pa-zo, n. T. the fore-finger.
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- wild wa-gla'-mni, v. T. to go after what one has left. See hdamni.
 - wa-gle'-kśuŋ, n. T. the wild turkey. wa-gli'-yo'-ya, v. T. to go after one's own; i. q. wahduwe.
 - wa-glu'-ha-ha-ka, adj. T. saving, frugal, parsimonious.
 - wa-glu'-ha-ha-ke-ćin, n. a parsimonious person.
 - w a'-glu-lie, v.n. T. to be a hangeron with one's relations.
 - Wa'-glu-he, n. p. the Loafer Band of the Oglalas.
 - wa-glu'-la, n. T. maggots, worms: i. q. wamdudan.
 - wa-glu'-śna, v. T. for to drop one's own: i q. wahduśna.
 - wa-glu'-za, v. T. to take back what one has given.
 - w a g m e' z a, n. T. corn: i. q. wamnaheza.
 - wa gme'-za-hu, n. T. corn-stalks. wa-gmu', n. T. pumpkins: i. q. wamnu. See wakmu.
 - wa'-gna-wa-uŋ-yaŋ-pi, n. T. an altar; a place on which offerings are made.
 - wa'-gna-wa-yu-hta-ta-pi, n.
 T. an altar for sacrifice; especially a
 place on which living ones are offered
 - wa'-ga, n. the cotton-wood: waga can, the cotton-wood tree, the Populus canadensis.
 - wa-gi'-yo-gi, n. There are two birds bearing this name, one of which is probably a species of thrush; both are so called from their song.

- wa-ġi'-yo-ġiŋ, n. ground cherries. wa'-ġoŋ, n. rush mats; Chippewa tents. T., psa owinźa.
- wa-ġu'-ġe-ća, n. round heavy snow; sharp snow, crusted; hardened snow.
- wa-ġu'-ġu-ya, v. a. to cause to burn, to scorch—waġuġuwaya.
- wa-ġu'-ya, v. a. to scorch—waġuwaya.
- w a h a'. n. a bear-skin T., matchaw a h a' \acute{e} a \acute{g} k a , n. a shield.
- wa-ha'-ćaŋ-ka-ska-kiŋ, v.

 T. to be generous; liberal; benevolent; especially to give much away
 when one cannot well spare it. In
 old times the one most ohitika in
 the matter of giving to the poor,
 etc, was said to have the "ska"
 or unsullied shield: waháćaŋka ska
 wakiŋ, I give freely, &c.
- wa-ha'-ka-kta, n. the last, the youngest T, hakakta. See wo-hakakta..
- wa-hang'-ya, v.a. to destroy—wa-hangwaya, wahangunyanpi. See ihangya.
- wa-hang'-ye-ća, n. one who destroys everything.
- wa-han'-pi, n. of hanpi; broth, soup of any kind
- wa-ha'-pa-hpa, v. to flesh a robe or skin—wahawapahpe, etc.
- wa-hda'-ta, v. of hdata; to steal up to, as to game—wawahdata: also the 1st pers. sing. of hdata.
- wa-hda'-ta-pi, n. stealing or crawling up to, as to game,

- w a h d e'-ća, v. to be in sympathy with, as the Dakotas say a mother is with her absent children, when they think about her. The Indians assert that mothers feel peculiar pains in their breasts when anything of importance happens to their absent children, or when about to hear from them. This feeling is regarded as an omen—wawahdeća, waunhdećapi. See wakihdeća.
- wa-hde'-ća-pi, n. the sympathy that is said to exist between a mother and her absent children, producing peculiar sensations in the breast.
- w a h d i', v. 1st pers. sing. of hdi.
- wa'-h di, v. of ahdi; to bring home—wáwahdi, wáunhdipi.
- w a'-h d i a s' a p i, n. the shout that is made by the children when meat, etc., is brought into the camp.
- wa-hdu'-ha, v. of hduha; to have one's own, to keep—wawahduha: also the 1st pers. sing. of hduha.
- w a h d u' h a h a k t e é a , adj. parsimonious—wawahduhahakteéa. T, wagluhahaka.
- wa-hdu'-ha-ha-kte-će-ćiŋ, n. one who is parsimonious: wahduhahapiktećećiŋ, parsimony.
- wa-hdu'-we, v. of hduwe; wahduwe ya, to go to bring one's own, without specifying what
- wa-he'-ha-ka, n. the "hehaka" and "unktehi" are sometimes so called.

- wa-he'-ki-ćuŋ, v. pos. to pack up or tie one's own—wahewećuŋ. See waheyuŋ.
- wa-he'-ktam, cont. of wahektapa; at the stern. T., walhektab.
- wa-he'-kta-pa, v. to pilot or steer a boat of any kind—wahektawapa. T, walsinte yuhomni.
- wa-he'-kta-pa, n. a pilot, helmsman.
- wa-he'-kta-pa-tan-han, n.
 the stern of a boat, at the stern T.,
 walhektapatanhan.
- wa-he'-sdo-ye, n. a smooth shining horn.
- wa-he'-yun, v. of heyun; to pack up in bundles—wahemun, wahenun.
- wa-he'-yun-pi, n. packing up. wa-hi', n. See wanhi.
- wa-hi'-bu, v. Same as hibu, I come. T., hibu.
- wa-hi'-hbu, v. 1st pers. sing. of hiyu. Same as wahibu.
- wa-hi'-na-wa-pa, v. 1st pers. sing. of hinapa; double pronoun.
- wa-hin', n. hairs: wahinhdapi, the hair that is sometimes attached to a pipe-stem.
- w a h i ŋ' ć a ć i ć e, n. a smoothing instrument used in dressing hides.
- wa-hin'-he, v. T of hinhan; it snows: future, wahinhin kta.
- wa-hin'-he-ya, n. T. the gopher: i. q. manića.
- wa-hin'-he-ya-pa-blu, n. To gopher hills.

- wa-hin'-pa-hpa, n. T. a fleshing-knife or chisel used in preparing green hides for drying.
- wa-hin'-pe-ya, n. cobwebs.
- wa-hin'-ske, n. the long-grained or southern corn; so called because the grains resemble the canine teeth of animals: i. q. hinske.
- wa-hin'-tka, n. an instrument used in scraping hides; a bit of steel fastened to an elk-horn handle and used as a hoe on the flesh side, making it the same thickness.
- Wa-hin'-wa-kpa, n. the Arkansas River.—J. P. W.
- wa-hiŋ'-yaŋ-za, *adj. morose* wamahiŋyaŋza. *T.*, wawahiŋyaŋzeća. See waćiŋhiŋyaŋza.
- wa-hiŋ'-ya-źi-će, n. down, fur, such as is used by the Dakotas in their sacred ceremonies.
- wa-hin'-yun-ton, v. See wainyunton.
- wa-hin'-yu-za, n. T. a bracelet. See napoktan.
- wa-hi'-pa-spe, n. T. tent-pins: i. q. hutipaspe.
- wa-hi'-śna-he-ća, n. soft new snow. See ważużeća.
- wa-hi'-ti-hda, v. of hitihda; to be fastidious, to loathe; a fastidious person—wahitiwahda
- w a h i' y o, v. abs. of hiyo; T.: i. q. wahuwe.
- wa-hi'-yo-hi, v. T. to go for; go to get, without mentioning what.
- wa-hi'-yu, v. of hiyu; to start to come—wahihbu. T., hiyu.

wa-hmu', n. Sis. Same as wamnu, wagmu, and wakmu.

wa-hmung', cont of wahmunka: wahmung mda, I am going trapping.

wa-hmun'-ka, v. of hmunka; to trap, hunt with traps—wawahmun-ka: also 1st pers. sing. of hmunka.

wa-hmuŋ'-ka-pi, n. trappingwa'-hnag, cont. of wáhnaka.

wa'-hnag-ton, n. something put with another thing: wahnag codan, one thing alone; wahnag ton ku, to give, as a blanket, with a gun; a pad, as on a horse's back when sore.

wa'-hna-ka, v. of ahnaka; to place on, put on, as poultices on sores, etc.—wawahnaka. See wákićihnaka

wa-hna'-ka, v. 1st pers. sing. of hnaka.

wa'-hna-wo-śna-pi, n. (ahna and wośna) an altar for sacrifice.

T., wagnawaunyanpi, or wagnawayuhtatapi, according as the sacrifice is inanimate or animate.

wa'-hna-wo-tapi, n. (ahna and wotapi) something to eat from, a table.

wa-hna'-yan, v. of hnayan; to deceive—wawahnayan: also 1st pers. sing. of hnayan.

wa-hni'-hda, v. of hnihda; to travel; to go about from place to place: wahnihda waun, I am traveling.

wa-hni'-hde-ća, n. one who is always traveling.

wa-hnun'-ka, n. the red-headed woodpecker. See kanketanka and toskadan.

Same as waakmu.

of wahmunka:
going trapping.
of hmunka; to
—wawahmunag. of hmunka
n. trappingwahnaka.
something put
wahnag codan,
nag ton ku, to
pith a gun; a

wa-ho'-co-ka, n. an area surrounded by tents. Probably not
used by the Indians generally.
This hocoka or wahocoka was
formerly used by the Dakotas, according to what men of different
tribes have told me. I have the
order in which each camped. The
Winnebagoes did not have it. The
Omahas, Ponkas, Iowas, and kindred tribes observed it during the
summer hunt.—J. o. D. See hocoka.

wa-ho'-hpi, n. nests. See holipi. wa-ho'-ki-ya, v.a. to send word to—wahowakiya, wahounkiyapi. See wahoya.

wa-ho'-koŋ-ki-ya, v.a. to instruct, counsel, advise one—wahokoŋwakiya, wahokoŋuŋkiyapi

wa-ho'-koŋ-ki-ya-pi, n. instruction, counsel, advice; counselled. wa-ho'-śi, v. of hośi; to carry

word; always used with another verb, as, wahośi i, wahośi hi, wahośi ya, etc.; to bring or carry news.

wa-ho'-śi-wa-kaŋ, n. a formation used by some for angel, messenger. See ohnihde and ohnihdeyapi.

wa-ho'-śi-ya-pi, n. T. one sent with a message: wahośiyapi wakan, sacred messengers, the apostles of Christ.

wa-ho'-ya, v. a. to send for one, to send word to one, to promise something to one—wahowaya.

wa-ho'-ya-pi, n. sending word to.

- w a h u' a t a y a, v. See wahu- | w a h a y' k a, v. wataya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$, n. a spear, such as is used in spearing muskrats; a war-spear. See huhaka.
- wa-hu'-non-pa, n. a biped; an appellation of man, not much used.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}, \quad n.$ quadrupeds, but used only for the dog and wolf, in the sacred dialect. See huhatopa.
- wa-hu'-wa-pa, n. corn, an ear of corn; sometimes corn in bags. See wamnaheza.
- w a h u' w a t a y a , v. n. to find one's self all at once unable to proceed, to be unable to escape from fright, or some other cause—wahuwatawaya
- wa-hu'-wa-ta-ye-ya, v. a. to frighten, or in some way make unable to escape—wahuwatayewaya.
- w a h a', v. of ha; to bury—wawaha, waunhapi: also 1st pers. sing. of ha.
- wa-ham'-ya, v. of hamya; to frighten or scare away—waliamwaya. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ waliabya.
- wa-han'-da, v. a. to esteem, think highly of one—wahanwada.
- wa-haŋ'-haŋ-i-ći-da, v. reflex. to be self-sufficient, self-importantwahanhanmićida.
- wa-han'-i-ći-da, v. reflex. of wahanda; to think highly of one's self, be proud—walianmićida.
- wa han'-i-ći-da-pi, n. pride. wa-han'-i-te-ya, v. a. to tire one out-wahanitewaya.

- to do difficult things well—wawahanka.
- wa-han'-ksi-ća, n. the black bear, the Ursus americanus: i. q. wasapedan. See mato.
- wa-haŋ'-ksi-ća-ta-ha-za, n. a kind of berry growing on small bushes resembling the whortleberry.
- $w \cdot a h \cdot a \cdot y' l \cdot a s \cdot e$, n. T. a proudor vain person.
- wa-ha'-pi, n. burying; something buried.
- w a' li b a, adj. mild, gentle.
- wa'-hba-daŋ, *adj*. gentle—mawalibadan, niwalibadan, unwalibapidan. T., wahwala.
- wa'-hba-ka, adj. mild, gentle, mawahbaka: wićasta walibaka, a gentleman; wiwahbaka, a lady. T., waliwaka.
- w a' li b a y a, adv. mildly, gently. wa'-hba-ya, v. of hbaya; to make sleepy—walibawaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, adv. mildly, gently: wahbayedan waun, I am conducting mildly. T., waliwayela.
- w a h é a', n. the generic name for flowers: walića kamdu and walića namdu, to unfold or blossom.
- wa-hća'-hća, n. red. of wahća; flowers, blossoms.
- wa-hća'-zi-zi, n. yellow flowers, the sunflower.
- wah-ćin'-ća, n. the aspen or small cotton-wood, the Populus canadensis.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{e}' \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}, n.$ round white hail; snow-flakes, round like shot.

- w a h e t' a ź u , v. a. to discharge freight, unload, as a vessel—walietawaźu.
- wa-het'-a-źu-pi, n. unloading. wa-he'-ya-ta-i-ye-ya, v. to push back; one who pushes others back.
- wa-hna'-hna, n. the coffee-nut. wa-hna'-hna-hu, n. the coffee-nut tree.
- wa-hna'-wa-he-ća, adj. lean, poor; ill-looking, but much better than it looks: walinawaheća tuka waśte, it is good although it looks badly.
- w a h p a' h o t a, n. T. a brown bird that follows cattle: the cow-bird.
- wa-hpa'-ho-ta, n. T. a species of blackbird.
- wa-hpa'-ni, adj. poor, destitute.
- w a h p a' n i é a, adj. poor, destitute, having no wahpaya—mawahpaniéa, unwahpaniéapi.
- wa-hpa'-ni-da, v.a. *to consider poor; to feel compassion for, have mercy on — wahpaniwada
- wa-hpa'-ni-ya, v.a. to make poor, cause to be poor—walipaniwa-ya, walipanimayan.
- wa-hpa'-ni-yan, adv. poorly, in a destitute way.
- wa-hpan'-yan, v. T. to soak and take off the hair: i. q. wakpanyan.
- wa-hpa'-tan-ka, n. T. the common blackbird: i. q. zitkatanka.
- wa-hpa'-ya, n. anything one has of movable goods, baggage.

- wa-lipa'-ye-ća, n. baggage.
- wa-hpe', n. a leaf, leaves; tea.
- wa-hpe'-éan-li, n. T. a leaf used for tobacco: a small vine which runs on the ground like wintergreen, the leaf of which is used for tobacco.
- Wa-hpe'-ku-te, n. the Leafshooters; a band of the Dakotas who lived chiefly on the headwaters of the Blue Earth and Cannon rivers. They are now with the Mdewakantonwan at the Santee Reservation, Neb.
- wa-hpe'-mda-ska-ska, n. wintergreens.
- wa-hpe'-pe-źi-hu-ta, n. leafmedicine, i. e., tea.
- wa-hpe'-tan-ka, n. large leaf, i. e., cabbage.
- Wa-hpe-ton-wan, n. a band of the Dakotas, who resided chiefly at the Little Rapids, at Lac-quiparle, and at the lower extremity of Big Stone Lake, but are now on the Lake Traverse Reservation.
- wa-hpo'-pa, n. the large species of willow.
- wa'-hta-ni, v. of ahtani; to transgress a usage or custom, to omit a ceremony; to do wickedly; to sin wawahtani, wayahtani, waunhtanipi.
- wa-hta'-ni-sa, n. a transgressor; a sinner.
- wa'-hta-ni-ya, v. a. to cause to transgress or sin—wahtaniwaya.
- w a h t e', adj. good. See waliteśni and waste.

- wa-hte'-da, v. to esteem good; used only in the negative.
- w a h t e' d a k a , v. a. to dislike: i. q. wahtedaśni.
- w a h t e' d a śn i , v. a. to dislike, abominate—wahtewadaśni, wahteundapiśni, wahtecidaśni.
- wa-hte'-ka, adj. bad: i. q. wahteśni.
- wa-hte'-śni, adj. bad, worthless, wicked—mawahteśni.
- wa-hun'-te-ya, v. T. to tire one out
- wa-hu'-pa-ko-za, n. wing-flappers, i. e., fowls, domestic fowls.
- w a h w a' k e ć a, adj. T. mild, gentle: i q. wahbaka.
- w a-h w a'-l a, adj. T. gentle, mild: $i \ q$. wahbadan.
- w a h w a' y a, adv. T. gently: i. q. wahbaya.
- wa-hwa'-ye-la, adv. T. mildly, gently: i. q. walibaye dap.
- w a i' \acute{e} a \acute{g} a, v. of ića \acute{g} a; to grow, produce.
- wa-i'-ćali-ya, v. a. to cause to produce, to create—waićaliwaya.
- wa-i'-ćah-ya-pi, n. that which is created.
- Wa-i'-ćah-ye, n. the Creator.
- wa-i'- \acute{e} i-a, v. of aia; to slander. T, waaia.
- wa-i'-ći-a-pi, n. slander.
- wa-i'-ći-e-s'a, n. a tattler, a slanderer.
- wa-i'-ći-ha-ha, n. a jester, an insolent fellow; one who does evil to others, and laughs at the mischief he has done.

- to esteem good; | wa-i'-ći-ha-ha-pi, n. insolence. egative. | wa-i'-ći-wan-ġa-pi, n. mutual
 - wa-1'-61-wan-ga-p1, *n. mutual*inquiry. T., wikićiyungapi. See
 ićiwanga.
 - wa-i'-ci-ya, v. of iciya; to assist, take one's part; an advocate. T., wawiciya. See wawiciya.
 - wa-i'-ću, v. of iću; to take—waiwaću.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{\acute{e}} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{\acute{e}} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{\acute{e}} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{n} . \mathbf{a} pilferer.
 - wa-i'-ću-ću-kte-ća, v. to desire to take, to covet; one who covets. T., waićućuktehćin.
 - w a i' ć u ć u p i k t e ć e ć i n, n. covetousness. T., waićućupiktećehćin.
 - wa-i'-ci-glu-hta-ta, v. T. to offer a sacrifice for one's self.
 - w a i' & i h d u \section a, v. reflex. of wayusna; to sacrifice one's self; to let one's self fall—wami&ihdusna. See waihdusna.
 - w a'-i-ći-h ta-ni, v reflex. of walitani; to sin against one's self—wamićihtani. Note. — See awáićihtani: To transgress any law or custom is to awalitani the law or custom, and the person so doing is said thereby to become awáićihtani: e. g, if he vows to dance the sun-dance and fails to do it, he awalitani's the custom of his people, and, having broken his vow, is awaićihtani; in consequence he may expect to suffer some misfortune, as retribution for his offense; and then he is said to be wóalitani akipa. Hence to

break God's law is to awahtani the law of God, and having vowed in baptism to keep it, he is also thereby awaiéilitani, and any misfortune befalling him thereafter would be considered as a wóahtani, or retribution visited upon him in consequence of his having become awahtani as regards one of God's laws.—w. J. c.

- w a-i'-el-gle, n. T.: i..q., waienhde.
- w a i' e n h d e, n. of ienhde; one who casts up to another; an accuser. T., waielgle.
- wa-i'-en-hi-ye-ya, v. of ienhiyeya; to cast up to—waienhiyewaya. T., waieliyeya, to reply to one who is talking badly.
- wa-i'-glu-hta-ta, v. T. to offer one's self in sacrifice, as our Saviour did—wamigluhtata.
- w a i' h d u ś n a, v. reflex. of wayuśna; to sacrifice one's self—wamihduśna.
- wa-i'-hdu-śtaŋ, v. reflex. of yuśtaŋ; to finish what pertains to one's self—wamihduśtaŋ.
- wa-i'-hdu-śtaŋ-ke, n. one who has finished what pertains to himself.
- wa-i'-h pe-ya, v. of aihpeya; to throw on, place on, impute to; to leave to, when one dies, as property; to give to others; to sacrifice; give to the gods—waihpewaya.
- wa-i'-hpe-ya-pi, n. leaving to, bequeathing; an heir; a sacrifice. wa-i'-hpe-ye, n. a testator.

- wa-i'-le-pi, n. T. of ile; matches.
- wa-in'-yun-ton, v. of inyunton; to rub brains, grease, etc., on hides to prepare them for dressing. T, wahinyunton.
- wa-i'-pi-da, n of ipida; one who forbids or refuses to part with what he has. T., wawipila. See wawipida.
- wa-i'-śte-ća, adj. bashful. See wiśteća.
- wa-i'-śten-ya, v. a. to put to shame—waiśtenwaya. T., wawiśtelya.
- wa-i'-ya-pe, v. of iyape; to lie in wait. See wawiyape.
- wa-i'-ya-pe-pi, n. an ambush. T., wawiyapepi.
- wa-i'-ya-ta-gle-i-ći-ya, v. T. reflex. to be intemperate; to overdo one's self.
- wa-i'-ya-ta-hde, v. to have exceeding much—waiyamatahde. T., wawiyakapeya. See wiyatahde.
- wa-i'-ya-ta-hde-ya, v. to exceed, go beyond; to be intemperate; to crowd from behind; to urge on over much—waiyatahdewaya. T, iyatagleya. See wiyatahdeya.
- wa-i'-ye-ki-ya, v. of iyekiya; to recognize—waiyewakiya.
- wa-i'-ye-ya, v. of iyeya; to find—waiyewaya.
- wa-i'-ye-ye-ća, n. one who finds much.
- w a k a'- a \pm l a, v T. to uncover, lay bare.
- wa-ka'-a-źa-źa, v. T. to lay bare, to uncover, as by sweeping.

- wa-ka'-bla-pi and wa-ka'-blaya-pi, n. T. meat cut up for drying. See wakamda.
- wa-ka'-bla-ya, v. T. to cut in thin slices, as meat for drying.
- wa-ka'-će-ya, v. of kaćeya; to make cry by striking
- wa-ka'-dan, n. the roach, sunfish.
- wa-ka'-dan-hi-yu-za-pi, n. a kind of fish, perhaps the perch. So called because the teeth and some of the small bones of the head are put in gourd shells, which are used as rattles in their powwowing, and in making their sacred feasts and dances.
- wa-ka'-du-ġa, v. of kaduġa; to fan; fanning, blowing wawaka-duġa: also 1st pers. sing. of ka-duġa
- wa-kad'-ya-pi, n. of kadya; coffee or tea; anything to be warmed.
- wa-ka'-ġa, v. of kaġa; to make wawakaġa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaġa
- w a k a' g a p i, n. an image, picture, something made; a brand, as on an animal
- wa-ka'-ġe-ġe, v. of kaġeġe; to sew—wawakaġeġe, wauŋkaġeġepi: also 1st pers. sing of kaġeġe.
- wa-ka'-gi, v. of kaġi; to hinder or prevent by one's presence, as to keep one from speaking or from doing something; to be feared; to be revered—wawakaġi, wamakaġi; also 1st pers. sing of kaġi.

- w a k a' ġ i , n. one who restrains by his presence.
- wa-ka'-ġi-ya, v. a. to hinder, obstruct, keep others from going fast wakagiwaya.
- wa-ka'-gi-ya, adv. slowly, preventing, detaining.
- wa-ka'-ha-i-ye-ya, v. to put out of the way; one who pushes things out of the way. See kaha.
- wa-ka'-hi, v. of kahi; to rummage wawakahi: also 1st pers. sing. of kahi.
- wa-ka'-hi-ka, n. one who rummages. wa-ka'-hin-ta, v. of kahinta; to sweep—wawakahinta: also 1st pers. sing. of kahinta.
- wa-ka'-hmi-hma, v. of kahmihma; to roll—wawakahmihma: also 1st pers. sing. of kahmihma. T., wakagmigma.
- wa-ka'-hmi-yaŋ-yaŋ, v. of kahmiyaŋyaŋ; to make round—wawakahmiyaŋyaŋ; also 1st pers. sing. of kahmiyaŋyaŋ. T., wakagmiyaŋyaŋ.
- wa-ka'-hmon, v. See wakahmun. wa-ka'-hmun, v. of kahmun; to spin, twist—wawakahmun: also 1st pers. sing. of kahmun. T., wakagmun.
- wa-ka'-hmuŋ-pi, n. spinning. wa-ka'-ho-ho, v. of kahoho; to shuke, make loose—wawakahoho: also 1st pers. sing. of kahoho.
- wa-ka'-ho-mni, v. of kahomni; to make turn round—wawakahomni: also 1st pers. sing. of kahomni.

- wa-ka'-hu-hu-za, v. of kahuhuza; to shake by striking—wawakahuhuza: also 1st pers. sing. of kahuhuza.
- w a k a' h u ŋ h u ŋ z a , v. T.:
 i. q. wakahuhuza.
- wa-ka'-ha-pa, v. of kahapa; to drive along—wawakahapa: also 1st pers. sing. of kahapa.
- wå-ka'-hda, v. of kahda; to rattle; to rummage—wawakahda: also 1st pers. sing of kahda.
- wa-ka'-hda-ka, n. one who pilfers much. T, wakahlaka.
- wa-ka'-lide-ća, v. of kahdeća; to break open, to fracture—wawakahdeća: also 1st pers. sing. of kahdeća.
- wa-ka'-hdi-ya, v. of kahdiya; to make mire—wakahdiwaya.
- wa-ka'-hdo-ka, v. of kahdoka; to make a hole in—wawakahdoka: also 1st pers. sing. of kahdoka. T., wakahloka.
- wa-ka'-he-pa, v. of kahepa; to bail out—wawakahepa: also 1st pers. sing of kahepa. T., wakaskepa.
- wa-ka'-hi-ća, v. of kahića; to waken up by striking—wawakahića: also 1st pers sing. of kahića
- wa-kah'-ni-ġa, v of kahniġa; to choose—wawakahniġa: also 1st pers. sing. of kahniġa.
- wa-ka'-hpa, v. of kahpa; to throw down—wawakahpa: also 1st pers. sing. of kahpa.
- wa'-ka-hpa, v. of akalipa; to cover—wawakalipa.

- wa-ka'-hpu, v. of kahpu; to tear down; to strike and make fall; to strike and loosen from its fastenings—wawakahpu: also 1st pers. sing. of kahpu.
- wa-ka'-hta-ka, v. n. to be easily hurt, touchy, nervous wamaka-htaka. T., wakahteke.
- wa-ka'-hta-ke-ća, n. one who is made sick by a little matter, one who is nervous—wamakahtakeća.
- wa-ka'-hta-ka-ka, n. T. one who is nervous, fretful, dissatisfied with everything.
- wa-ka'-hte-ke, v. T.: i. q. wa-kahtaka.
- wa-ka'-htan, v. n. of kahtan; to absorb.
- wa-ka'-htan-ka, adj. absorbent, absorbing.
- wa-ka'-htan-yan, adj. rough, roughened, as corn pulled open by the birds.
- wa-ka'-hu, v. of kahu; to peel off, as bark—wawakahu: also 1st pers. sing. of kahu.
- wa-ka'-hu-ġa, v. of kahuġa; to break, as the skull, kettles, etc.—wawakahuġa: also 1st pers. sing. of kahuġa.
- wa-ka'-hu-ge-ća, n. one who kills much game. T., wigni wayu-pika.
- wa-ka'-hun-ta, v. of kahunta; to make rough, as the birds do by tearing open the husks of corn.
- wa-ka'-i-de, v. of kaide; to make blaze—wawakaide.

- wa-ka'-i-pan-pan, n. T. a harrow. wa-ka'-kan, v. of kakan; to hew; to beat or strike off, as berries; to hammer on, strike, as in shaping a stone—wawakakan: also ist pers.
- wa-ka'-kća, v. of kakća; to comb, to disentangle — wawakakća: also 1st pers. sing. of kakća.

sing. of kakan.

- wa-ka'-kiŋ-ća, v. of kakiŋća; to scrape wawakakiŋća: also 1st pers. sing. of kakiŋća.
- w a k a' k i ś y a, v. of kakiśya; to cause to suffer—wakakiśwaya.
- wa-ka'-ko-ka, v. of kakoka; to make rattle—wawakakoka: also 1st pers. sing. of kakoka.
- wa-ka'-kpan, v. of kakpan; to pound fine—wawakakpan: also 1st pers. sing. of kakpan.
- wa-ka'-ksa, v. of kaksa; to cut off with an ax—wawakaksa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaksa.
- wa-ka'-kśa, v. of kakśa; to roll up—wawakakśa.
- wa-ka'-kśaŋ, v. of kakśaŋ; to bend—wawakakśaŋ: also 1st pers. sing. of kakśaŋ.
- w a k a' k ś i ź a, v of kakśiźa; to double up—wawakakśiźa: also 1st pers. sing. of kakśiźa.
- wa-ka'-ktan, v. of kaktan; to make bend—wawakaktan: also 1st pers. sing. of kaktan.
- wa-ka'-ku-ka, v. of kakuka; to pound to pieces, destroy—wawaka-kuka: also 1st pers. sing. of ka-kuka.

- wa-ka'-mda, v. of kamda; to slice—wawakamda: also 1st pers. sing. of kamda. T., wakabla. See wakablapi.
- wa-ka'-mda-ya, v. of kamdaya; to make level, spread out—wawakamdaya; also 1st pers sing. of kamdaya. T., wakablaya.
- wa-ka'-mda-za, v. of kamdaza; to rip open—wawakamdaza: also 1st pers. sing. of kamdaza. T., wakablaza.
- wa-ka'-mde-ća, v. of kamdeća; to dash to pieces—wawakamdeća: also 1st pers. sing. of kamdeća. T., wakableća.
- wa-ka'-mdu, v. of kamdu; to pulverize—wawakamdu: also 1st pers. sing. of kamdu. T., wakablu.
- wa-ka'-mna, v. of kamna; to collect, gather together—wawakamna: also 1st pers. sing of kamna.
- wa-ka'-mna-ka, n. one who collects.
- wa-ka'-mnaŋ-pi, n. gathering together, collecting.
- wa-ka'-mni, v. of kamni; to make mellow, prepare, as a field—wawa-kamni: also 1st pers. sing. of kamni T., yupanpan.
- w a k a n', adv. above. See wankan. T, wakanl.
- wa-kan', adj. spiritual, sacred, consecrated; wonderful, incomprehensible; said also of women at the menstrual period—mawakan, niwakan, unwakanpi. T. Note.—mysterious: incomprehensible; in a

peculiar state, which, from not being understood, it is dangerous to meddle with; hence the application of this word to women at the menstrual period, and from hence, too, arises the feeling among the wilder Indians that if the Bible, the Church, the Missionary, etc., are "wakan," they are to be avoided, or shunned, not as being bad or dangerous, but as wakan. The word seems to be the only one suitable for holy, sacred, etc., but the common acceptation of it, given above, makes it quite misleading to the heathen.—w. J. C.

wa-kan', n. a spirit, something consecrated: Taku wakan and Wakan tanka, the Great Spirit.

wa-kan'-da, v. a. to reckon as holy or sacred; to worship—wakan-wada, wakanundapi. T., wakanla.

wa-kaŋ'-da-ka, v.a. Same as wakaŋda.

wa-kan'-e-éon, v. to do tricks of jugglery—wakaneéamon.

wa-kan'-e-ćon-pi-dan, n. magic, tricks of jugglery.

w a-k a η' -h a, n. a bear's skin. T, matcha.

wa-kan'-hdi, n. the lightning. Ih., wakankdi. T., wakangli.

w a - k a \mathfrak{g}' - h e - $\acute{\mathbf{z}}$ a , n. children: i. q. siceca.

wa-kaŋ'-i-¢i-da, v. reftex. of wakaŋda; to esteem one's self holy or wakaŋ; to be proud—wakaŋmi¢ida.

wa-kaŋ'-i-ći-da-pi, n. pride.

wa-kan'-ka, n. an old woman—wamakanka.

wa-kan'-ka-dan, n. Same as wakanka. T., wakankala.

wa-kan'-ka-ġa, v. to make wakan, perform acts of worship according to the ideas of the Dakotas—wakanwakaġa.

wa-kan'-ka-to-pa-snon, n.
the lumbar vertebræ; so called because the old women roast that
part. See pasnon.

wa-kan'-ki-ći-yu-za-pi, n. taking each other sacredly, i.e., marriage according to law.

wa-kan'-ki-da, v. pos. of wakanda; to regard one's own as sacred—wakanwakida.

wa-kan l', adv. T.: i. q. wankan.

wa-kan'-la, v. T. to esteem sacred: i. q. wakanda.

Wa-kaŋ'-śi-ća, n. the Bad Spirit; the devil.

wa-kan'-ta-éan-pa, n. a species of wild cherry. See éanpa.

wa-kan'-ta-ko-pa-za, n. wood, of all kinds, in the sacred language. See paza.

wa-kan'-ta-ko-źu, n. water, in the sacred language. See also "nide."

Wa-kan'-tan-ka, n. the Great Spirit, the Creator of all things and the god of war.

wa-kan'-wa-éi-pi, n. the sacred dance. This is the name of a secret society among the Dakotas which purports to be the deposi-

tory of their sacred mysteries. The medicine-sack is the badge of membership. With the claws or beads contained in this they pretend to shoot mysteriously, and The making of a cause death. sacred dance is a great occasion. The high priests of the ceremonies spend the night previous in heating stones, in sweating and singing, and holding communion with the spirit world. In the dance, those who belong to the society appear in their best attire, gaily painted, and drum, sing, dance, and feast together.

- wa-kan'-wo-han, v. to make a sacred feast—wakan wowahe.
- wa-kan'-wo-han-pi, n. a sacred feast. This is made by such as belong to the wakanwacipi, and is preceded and accompanied by drumming, singing, etc.
- wa-kan'-wo-hpa, n. meteoric stones, a meteor.
- wa-kan'-yan, adv. sacredly, holily, mysteriously: wakanyan yuza, to take a wife or husband after the Christian mode. See wakankićiyuzapi.
- wa-kan'-yu-za, v. to take a wife after the manner of Christians—wakanmduza.
- wa-ka'-o-hpa, v. of kaohpa: to break through—wawakaohpa; also 1st pers. sing. of kaohpa.
- w a k a' p a , v. of kapa; to excel, exceed, surpass—wakawapa, wakauŋ-papi.

- wa-ka'-pa, v. of kapa; to pound off—wawakapa: also !st pers. sing. of kapa. See wakapap.
- wa-ka'-pan, v. of kapan; to pound off, as corn—wawakapan; also 1st pers. sing. of kapan.
- wa-ka'-paŋ-pan, v. of kapaŋpaŋ; to pound soft—wawakapaŋpaŋ: also 1st pers. sing. of kapaŋpaŋ.
- wa-ka'-pan-pi, n. pounded meat mixed with marrow or fat, pemmican.
- wa-ka'-pa-pi, n. pemmican.
- wa-ka'-pée-ée-la, v. T., i. q. wakapteéedan.
- wa-ka'-pe-mni, v. of kapemni; to twist—wawakapemni: also 1st pers. sing. of kapemni. T. to swing around, as a rope in the hand before throwing it
- wa-ka'-pe-sto, v. of kapesto; to sharpen—wawakapesto: also 1st pers. sing. of kapesto.
- wa-ka'-pe-ya, v. to excel, cause to excel—wakapewaya.
- wa-ka'-po-ġaŋ, v. of kapoġaŋ; to make swell out; to enlarge by blowing.
- wa-ka'-po-pa, v. of kapopa; to make burst—wawakapopa; also 1st pers. sing. of kapopa.
- wa-ka'-po-ta, v. of kapota; to pound to pieces—wawakatopa; also 1st pers. sing. of kapota.
- wa-ka'-psa-ka, v. of kapsaka; to break in two, as a string—wawakapsaka: also 1st pers. sing. of kapsaka.

- wa-ka'-psi-ća, v. of kapsića; to make hop—wawakapsića: also 1st pers. sing. of kapsića.
- wa-ka'-psin-psin-ta, v. of kapsinpsinta; to whip—wawakapsinpsinta; also 1st pers. sing. of kapsinpsinta.
- wa-ka'-pson, v. of kapson; to spill—wawakapson: also 1st pers. sing. of kapson.
- wa-ka'-pśuŋ, v. of kapśuŋ; to dislocate—wawakapśuŋ: also 1st pers. sing. of kapśuŋ.
- wa-ka'-pta, v. of kapta; to dip out—wawakapta: also 1st pers. sing. of kapta.
- wa-ka'-pte-će-da, v. of kaptećedan; to cut off shorter—wawakaptećedan: also 1st pers. sing of kaptećedan. T., wakapćećela.
- w a k a'-p t ū ź a, v. of kaptuźa; to split or crack—wawakaptuźa; also 1st pers. sing of kaptuźa.
- wa-ka'-sa, v. of kasa; to bury in the snow—wawakasa
- wa'-ka-saŋ-saŋ, n. See waka-saŋsaŋna.
- w a'-k a-s a ŋ-s a ŋ-n a, n. the snow bird T., istanicatanka.
- wa-ka'-sbu, v of kasbu; to cut in strips—wawakasbu: also 1st pers. sing. of kasbu. T., wakaswu.
- wa-ka'-sbu-pi, n. dangles. T., wakaswupi.
- wa'-ka-sda-ta, v. to do a thing slowly—wawakasdata. T., wayu-slata.

- w a k a' s d e ć a , v. of kasdeća; to split—wawakasdeća: also 1st pers. sing. of kasdeća.
- wa-ka'-sdi, v. of kasdi; to strike and make fly out; to make spirt out by striking, as matter from a sore wawakasdi.
- wa-ka'-sdi-tka, v. of kasditka; to make knobbed—wawakasditka.
- wa-ka'-sdo-han, v. n. to drive along, as the wind does a boat.
- wa-ka'-ska, v. 1st pers. sing. of kaska, to whiten.
- wa'-ka-ska, v. of akaska; to eat greedily, eat long—wawakaska.
- wa-ka'-ske-pa, v. of kaskepa; to bail out.
- wa-ka'-ski-ća, v. of kaskića; to press or pound tight—wawakaskića.
- wa-ka' sma-ka, v. of kasmaka; to indent by pounding—wawakasmaka.
- wa-ka'-smin-yan-yan, v. to make bare, as the wind does the ground by driving off the snow.
- wa-ka'-sna, v. of kasna; to make ring; to shake off, as the wind does leaves from a tree: also 1st pers. sing. of kasna.
- wa-ka'-sni, v. of kasni; to extinguish—wawakasni: also 1st pers. sing. of kasni.
- wa-ka'-so-ta, v. of kasota; to use up, expend, make an end of—wawa-kasota: also 1st pers. sing. of kasota.
- wa-ka'-sto, v. of kasto; to smooth down.

- wa-ka'-śa-ka, v. of kaśaka; to strike with too little force to penetrate—wawakaśaka: also 1st perssing. of kaśaka.
- wa-ka'-śa-pa, v. to make black or dirty by smiting—wawakaśapa.
- w a k a' ś d o k a , v. of kaśdoka; to knock off, as an axe from the handle—wawakaśdoka; also 1st pers. sing. of kaśdoka.
- w a k a' ś d u t a , v. of kaśduta; to make glance, as an axe—wawaka-śduta: also 1st pers. sing. of ka-śduta.
- w a k a' ś e ć a , v. of kaśeća; to deaden—wawakaśeća: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśeća.
- wa-ka'-śe-ya, v. of kaśeya; to obstruct—wakaśewaya.
- wa-ka'-śi-ća-ho-wa-ya, v. of kaśićahowaya; to cause to cry out by smiting—wawakaśićahowaya.
- wa-ka'-śi-pa, v. of kaśipa; to break off, as limbs from a tree—wawaka-śipa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśipa.
- w a k a' ś k a , v. of kaśka; to bind wawakaśka: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśka
- wa-ka'-śki-ća, v. of kaśkića; to press, pound—wawakaśkića: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśkića.
- w a k a' ś k o k p a, v. of kaśkokpa; to hollow out, as a trough—wawakaśkokpa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśkokpa.
- wa-ka'-śko-pa, v. of kaśkopa; to cut crookedly—wawakaśkopa; also 1st pers. sing. of kaśkopa.

- w a k a' ś k o t p a , v. Same as wakaśkokpa.
- wa-ka'-śna, v. of kaśna; to miss in striking—wawakaśna: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśna.
- w a'-k a-śo-ta, adj. blackened with smoke.
- w a'-k a-śo-t e-śni, adj. clean, not defiled, pure: wakaśoteśni waun, I am undefiled.
- w a'-k a-s o-t e-s n i-y a n, adv. purely, undefiledly.
- wa-ka'-śpa, v. of kaśpa; to cut off a piece; to expectorate—wawakaśpa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśpa.
- wa-ka'-śta-ka, v. of kaśtaka; to smite—wawakaśtaka: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśtaka.
- wa-ka'-śtaŋ, v. of kaśtaŋ; to pour out—wawakaśtaŋ: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśtaŋ.
- wa-ka'-śu-źa, v. of kaśuźa; to crushby striking—wawakaśuźa: also 1st pers. sing. of kaśuźa.
- wa-ka'-taŋ-ni, v. of kataŋni; to wear out by striking—wawakataŋni: also 1st pers. sing of kataŋni.
- wa-ka'-ta-ta, v. of katata; to shake, as a bed—wawakatata: also ist pers. sing. of katata.
- wa-ka'-te-pa, v. of katepa; to cut to a stump—wawakatepa: also 1st pers. sing. of katepa.
- w a k a' ti ća, v. of katića; to scrape off—wawakatića. T., to mix up, as mortar.
- w a k a' t k a , v. of katka; to choke—wamakatka.

- w a k a' t k u ġ a, v. of katkuġa; to cut up short.
- . w a k a' t k u ŋ z a, v. of katkuŋza; to cut off square—wawakatkuŋza.
- wa-ka'-to-to, v. of katoto; to knock, as on a door; to clear off, as land for plowing—wawakatoto.
- wa-ka'-tu-ka, v. of katuka; to spoil by striking, as furs—wawakatuka.
- wa-ka'-tu-tka, v. of katutka; to break into small pieces—wawakatu-tka.
- wa-ka'-ṭa, v. of kaṭa; to kill by striking—wawakaṭa.
- wa-ka'-ți ŋ-za, v. of kațiŋza; to pound in tight—wawakațiŋza.
- wa-ka'-uŋ-ka, v. T. i. q. wakawaŋka.
- wa-ka'-wan-ka, v. of kawanka; to chop down, as timber; to blow down, as the wind does trees. T., wakaunka.
- wa-ka'-we-ġa, v. of kaweġa; to break or fracture—wawakaweġa.
- wa-ka'-wi-hnu-ni, v. of kawihnuni; to destroy—wawakawihnuni.
- w a k a' w i ŋ ź a , v. of kawiŋźa; to bend down by striking—wawakawiŋźa
- wa-ka'-zan, v. of kazan; to strike and make sick—wawakazan.
- wa-ka'-ze, v. of kaze; to lade or dip out, as food from a kettle; to lade or dip out, as meat or other solids—wawakaze.
- wa-ka'-zon-ta, v. to weave—wawakazonta: also 1st pers. sing. of kazonta.

- wa-ka'-źa-źa, v. of kaźaźa; to wash by drawing back and forth in the water; to see well—wawakaźaźa: also |st pers. sing. of kaźaźa.
- wa-ka'-źi-pa, v. of kaźipa; to shave—wawakaźipa.
- wa-ka'-źuŋ, v. of kaźuŋ; to tear up by the roots.
- w a k a' ź u ź u , v. of kaźuźu; to pay off; to erase; to forgive—wawa-kaźuźu: also 1st pers. sing. of kaźuźu.
- wa-kéan'-yan, v. to observe and report: wakéanyan ya, to go to spy out; wakéanyan hdi, to come home and make report of what one has learned, as in the case of a man sent out by the hunters to discover where the buffalo are. T., tonweyagli.
- wa-kćan'-ye-ya, v. a. to cause to go and spy out—wakćanyewaya.
- wa-kće'-ya, v. T. to hang over the fire to roast. See wapćeya
- wa-kće'-ya-pi, n. T. the ribs of an animal, the roasting piece; because the ribs are generally so cooked. See wapćeyapi.
- \mathbf{w} a \mathbf{k} d \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{h} a , \mathbf{v} . abs. Ih. i. q. \mathbf{w} a \mathbf{h} duha.
- wa-kdu'-lie, v. n. Ih. to live with one's wife's relatives: wawakdulie.
- Wa-kdu'-he, n. p the loafer band of Brule Sioux; to live with connections by marriage; a band of Oglalas. T., Wagluhe.
- wa-ke'-ya, n. a skin tent, a Dakota lodge. See wokeya.

- w a k e' y a, v. a. to have for a tent—wakewaya.
- wa-ke'-ya-ska, n. a linen or cotton tent.
- wa-ki', v. 1st pers. sing. of ki, to arrive at home, and of ki, to rob.
- wa-ki', v of ki; to rob-wawaki.
- w a k i' ć a ŋ p t a, v. a. to comfort, console — wawećanpta: wawićakićanpta, he comforts them.
- wa-ki'-ćan-pta, adj. compassionate.
- wa-ki'-ćan-pte, n. a comforter.
- wa-ki'-ći-glu-hta-ta, v. T. to offer something of one's own, as a sacrifice, for another; as God gave His Son for the world.
- wa-ki'-ći-hna-ka, v. of hnaka; to lay away for one—wawećihnaka.
- wa'-ki-ći-hna-ka, v of ahnaka; to lay on for one, apply a poultice or cataplasm to one—wáwećihnaka.
- wa-ki'-ci-un-yan, v. T. to offer sacrifice for one.
- wa'-ki-ći-źu, v. a. to lay on a poultice for one—wáwećiźu, wámićiźu.
- wa-ki'-ćoŋ-za, v. a. to purpose, determine for one; to resolve to do to or for one—wawećoŋza.
- wa-ki'-ćoŋ-za, n. one who determines or decides.
- wa-ki'-ćon-ze, n. T. a leader or chief; one who decides.
- wa-ki'-ćun-pi, n. what is taken and used by all, common property.
- wa-ki'-gle, n. T. what one has laid up; stores.

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- wa-ki'-glu-lita-ta, v. T. to sacrifice one's own.
- w a k i' g n a k a, n. T. i. q. wakigle.
- wa-ki'-ġe, v. of kiġe; to scold wawakiġe: also 1st pers. sing. of kiġe.
- wa-ki'-hda-ka, n. dressed skin, leather, such as is used to make and mend moccasins with.
- wa-ki'-hde-ća, va. to have a feeling for, or be in sympathy with an absent friend, that causes a nervous sensation in the breast or an involuntary twitching of the muscles, said to be premonitory of what is to happen to the person—wawehdeća, wawićawehdeća. See naka.
- wa ki' h n ag, cont of wakihnaka; wakihnag wahi, I have come to lay away.
- wa-ki'-hna-ka, v. of kihnaka; to store away one's own—wawehnaka, waunkihnakapi.
- wa-ki'-hna-ka-pi, n. what is laid up, an inheritance.
- w a'-k i-h t a-n i, v. of wáhtani; to sin against. T., awahtani: See under wai¢ihtani.
- w.a-ki'-kaŋ-he-źa, v.a. of kaŋheźa; to conciliate by presents or by fawning, to make friends with by submission to—wakiwakaŋheźa.
- wa-ki'-ksu-ya, v. of kiksuya; to remember; to hold communion with and receive communications from supernatural beings, as the Dakotas pretend to do; to call to remem-

- brance a dead friend—waweksuya, wauŋkiksuyapi. T., to see signs of enemies; to be frightened by signs.
- wa-ki'-ksu-ya-pi, n. remembering the past; having dreams or visions.
- w a' k i k t o ŋ ź a, v. of akiktoŋźa; to forget—wáwektoŋźa.
- wa'-kil. T. cont. of wakita.
- wa-ki'-la, v. T. to ask or beg of one—wawakila
- wa-ki'-mna-yan, n. of mnayan; one who has collected much, one who is rich.
- w a'-k i-n i-ć a, v. of akinića; to dispute—wáwakinića, wáunkinićapi.
- wa'-ki-ni-ća-pi, n. disputation, contest.
- wa-ki'-ni-han, v. 1st pers. sing. of kinihan.
- wa'-ki-nin, cont. of wákinića; wakinin un.
- wa-ki'-ni-ya, v. n. to be touchy, get out of humor—wawakiniya.
- wa-kin'-in, v. of kinin; to throw at, to stone—wawakinin: also 1st pers. sing. of kinin.
- wa-kiŋ'-yaŋ, v. of kiŋyaŋ; to fly, as birds.
- wa-kin'-yan, n. of kinyan; the thunder; the cause of thunder and lightning, supposed by the Dakotas to be a great bird.
- wa-kin'-yan-ho-ton, v. the thunder utters his voice; to thunder.
- wa-kiŋ'-yaŋ-na, n. birds, fowls. wa-kiŋ'-yaŋ-pi, n. of kiŋyaŋ; those that fly, birds.

- wa-kin'-yan-ton-wan-pi, n.
 T. heat lightning; lit. the thunder bird's look.
- wa-kin'-ye-la, n. T. the pigeon; a dove.
- wa-ki'-pa-źin, v. of kipaźin; to oppose wawakipaźin: also 1st pers. sing. of kipaźin.
- wa-ki'-pi, n. robbery, spoiling. See wawićakipi.
- w a k i' p ś a p ś a, adv. thick, close together. T., itupśapśase. See akipśapśa.
- wa'-ki-son, v. of akison; to put edging around quill work—wawakison. T., oksanipata.
- wa-ki'-ś'ag, cont. of wakiś'aka.
- wa-ki-ś'ag-ya, v. a. to make endure—wakiś'agwaya.
- wa-ki'-ś'ag-ya, adv. enduring. wa-ki'-ś'a-ka, adj. capable of endurance, strong to endure hardship
- or suffering, not easily exhausted or overcome, indefatigable—wamakiś'-aka, wanićiś'aka. See waś'aka.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{s'} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{e}, n.$ strength.
- wa-ki'-śde-ya, v. of kiśdeya; to annoy, vex; one who annoys wakiśdewaya. T., nagiyeya.
- wa-ki'-śko-kpa, n. a bucket made of bark, a basket, a pitcher, etc.
- wa-ki'-śko-tpa, n. Same as wakiśkokpa.
- wa'-ki-ta, v. of akita; to seek for; to look for—wawakita, waunkitapi.
- wa-ki'-tan, v. of kitan; to insist upon; to persist in doing—wawakitan: also 1st pers. sing. of kitan.

- wa-ki'-tan-ka, n. one who insists upon.
- wa-ki'-te-hi, adj. stingy, covetous—wamakitehi.
- wa-ki'-ton-ton-ka, v. n. to be frugal, economical; one who is frugal, etc.—wawakitontonka. T., wagluhahaka.
- wa-ki'-tu-ka, v. of kituka; to beg of—wawakituka: also 1st pers. sing. of kituka. T., wakila.
- wa-ki'-uŋ-ni-ya, v. of kiuŋniya; to injure, hurt—wakiuŋniwaya.
- wa-ki'-un-yan, v. T. to sacrifice or make an offering to one; to sacrifice one's own.
- wa'-ki-ya, v. T. to talk about, discuss; try, as a case in court.
- wa'-ki-ya-pi, n. T. a trial.
- wa'-ki-ya-ti-pi, n. T. a court house; a council house.
- wa'-ki-ya-wi-ća-śa, n. T. a lawyer; a Congressman.
- wa-ki'-ya-zaŋ, v. pos. of wayazaŋ; to become sick for one, as one's child — wamakiyazaŋ, waniciyazaŋ, wauŋkiyazaŋpi.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e}, n.$ birds. See wakinyanpi.
- wa-ki'-ye-dan, n. a pigeon, pigesns.
- wa-ki'-yu-śe, v. of kiyuśe; to oppose, to hate.
- w a k i' y u ś k a , v. of kiyuśka; to loosen, release—wawakiyuśka and wawakimduśka: also 1st pers. sing. of kiyuśka

- wa-ki'-yu-śna, v. a. to sacrifice to, offer to in sacrifice—wawakiyuśna, waunkiyuśnapi, waćićiyuśna. T., to drop for one. See wakiyuhtata.
- wa-ki'-yu-śna-pi, n. sacrificing to. T., wakiyuhtatapi, and wakiunyanpi.
- wa-ki'-yu-za, v. a. to take away the clothes of one who comes home in triumph. This is done when the braves first come home in triumph; and their blankets may afterwards be taken from them on each occasion of painting the scalps red, which ceremony is commonly performed four times. Hence to take advantage of—wawakiyuza, wawi-ćakiyuzapi.
- wa-kma'-he-za, n. Ih. corn: i. q. wamnaheza. T.. wagmaheza.
- wa-kmu', n. pumpkins. Ih. i. q. wamnu. T., wagmu.
- wa-ko'-gla, n. T. a gully, made by the action of water in a ravine.
- wa-ko'-ki-pa, v. of kokipa; to be afraid, fearful—wakowakipa.
- wa-ko'-ki-pe-ki-ća-ġa, v. a (wakokipa and kićaġa) to make afraid, frighten into a measure wakokipewećaga, wakokipemićaġa.
- wa-ko'-ni-ya, n. a fountain or spring of water. T., miniyowe.
- wa-kon', v. of kon; to desire—wawakon: also 1st pers. sing. of kon
- wa-kon'-la, v. T. to covet.
- wa-kon'-za, v of konza; to influence, to determine—wawakonza: also 1st pers. sing of konza.

- wa-koŋ'-ze, n. influence: nitawakoŋze, thy influence or spirit.
- wa-ko'-yag-ya, v. of koyagya; to put on, to clothe; to cause to put on—wakoyagwaya.
- wa-ko'-ya-ka, v. of koyaka; to put on clothes—wakomdaka, wa-kounyakapi.
- wa-ko'-ya-ke-ća, n. one who puts on clothes, one who dresses up, a fop—wakomayakeća.
- wa-kpa', n. a stream of water, a river: i. q. watpa.
- wa-kpa'-daŋ, n. a small stream, a rivulet, a creek: i. q. watpadaŋ. T., wakpala; also, a ravine, although there is no water.
- wa-kpa'-la, n. T. i. q. wakpadan. wa-kpa'-la-ho- \dot{g} an, n. T. the sun fish.
- wa-kpa'-tan-ka, n. T. of kpatan: one who is economical.
- w a k p i' ć a h d a, adv. by the side of a stream. See watpićahda.
- wa-kpo'-hna, adv. on the stream. T., wakpa ogna.
- wa-kpo'-pta, adv. across the stream.
- wa-kpu'-kpa, n. dust, motes of dust; i. q. watuśekśeća and watputpa.
- wa-kpu'-kpe-ća, n. anything scattered about, dust.
- wa-kśi'-ća, n. a dish, a bowl, a pan, a plate.
- w a k ś i' ć a o p i y e , n. a cupboard.
- wa-kśi-ća-ska-dan, n. earthen plates.

- wa-kśin'-o-pi-ye, n. a cupboard—dish cupboard.
- wa- $k \le i' \le k \circ k \circ n$. T. soup plates; saucers.
- wa-kta', n. a sign, a mark. T., waktawićaye. See wowakta.
- wa-kta', v. n. to look out for, watch for, be on one's guard—wawakta, waunktapi. See akta
- wa-kta'-ken, adv. on the look out for, guardedly.
- wa-kta'-ya, v. a. to put on one's guard, to warn—waktawaya, waktaunyanpi.
- wa-kta'-ya, adv. on one's guard, warily, prudently.
- wa-kta'-ya-ken, adv. on the look out.
- wa-kte', v. 1st pers. sing. of kte.
- wa-kte', v. of kte; to kill, to have killed and scalped, to triumph—wawakte, waunktepi: wakte ahda, they go home in triumph; wakte ahdi, they come home in triumph; wakte hi, to come in triumph; wakte hda, to go home in triumph, having taken scalps; wakte hdi, to come home bringing the scalps of enemies; wakte ki, etc.
- wa-kto'-hdag, cont. of wakto-hdaka.
- w a k t o' h d a g k i y a, v. a. to cause to tell how many scalps one has taken—wakdohdagwakiya.
- wa-kto'-hda-ka, v. pos. (wakte and ohdaka) to tell over one's own warlike exploits, tell how many scalps one has helped to take—waktowahdaka,

- wa-kto'-ki-ći-ya-ka, v. (wakte and okićiyaka) to tell to one the warlike deeds of another for him waktowećiyaka.
- wa-kto'-ki-ya-ka, v. (wakte and okiyaka) to tell to one of war-like exploits—waktowakiyaka.
- wa-kto'-ya-ka, v. (wakte and oyaka) to tell what one has done in killing enemies—waktomdaka.
- wa-kuŋ'-za, v. See wakoŋza.
- wa-ku'-te, v of kute; to shoot, to be shooting—wawakute, waunkute-pi: wakute mde kta, I will go shooting: also 1st pers. sing. of kute, to shoot, as fowls.
- wa-ku'-te-pi, n. shooting.
- wa-ku'-wa, v. of kuwa; to hunt, hunt for furs, as those of muskrats, otters, etc.: hunting—wawakuwa, waunkuwapi: also 1st pers. sing. of kuwa.
- w a k u' w a p i, n. hunting, as for furs.
- wa-ka', v. of ka; to dig—wawaka, waunkapi: also 1st pers. sing. of ka-
- wa-ke'-dan, n. the places from which squirrels dig up food.
- wa-kin', v. of kin; to pack, carry on one's back—wawakin, waunkin-pi: also 1st pers. sing. of kin.
- wa-kin', n. a pack, a burden.
- wa-kin'-ćan-ki-ća-śka, n. a place of deposit for meat, etc., in the woods.
- wa-kin'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to pack or carry on the back, as a horse wakinwakiya.

- wa-kin'-kin-na-se, n. like a pack, i e. a square.
- wa-kin'-la-se, n. I. like a pack; i. e., a square or cube.
- wa-kin'-pi, n. a burden, a pack.
- wa-ku, v. of ku; to give—wawaku, waunkupi: also 1st pers. sing. of ku.
- wa-ku'-pi, n. giving; receiving.
- wal, T. cont. of wata; a boat.
- wal-će'-te, n. T. the bottom or keel of a boat.
- wal-he'-ktab, cont. T. adv. at. the stern.
- wal-he'-kta-pa, n. T. the stern of a boat.
- wal-i'-ća-śke, n. T. an anchor.
- wal-i'-ća-spe, n. T. a tool for hollowing out a canoe.
- wal-i'-to-pe, n. T. an oar, a paddle.
- wal-o'-i-hu-ni, n. T. a boat landing.
- wal-o'-i-na-źiŋ, n. T. a boat landing.
- wal-pa', n. T. the bow of a boat.
- wal-sin'-te, n. T. the rudder of a boat.
- wal-sin'-te-yu-ho-mni, v. T. to steer a boat.
- wal-sin'-te-yu-ze, n. T. a helmsman.
- wal-te'-te, n. T. the rim or gunwale.
- wal-tu'-ću-hu, n. T. the ribs of a boat.

- wa-ma'-ka-śkan, n. creeping things, the generic name for vermin. The western Sioux use this word for game, especially the buffalo. I should rather conclude that it had been the generic word for the animal kingdom—all things that move upon the earth.—J. P. W.
- wa-ma'-ki-non, v. of makinon; to steal from one—wamawakinon, wamaunkinonpi.
- wa-ma'-ko-hna-ka, n. of maka and ohnaka; the contents of the world; the whole creation, animate and inanimate.
- wa-ma'-ni-ća, n. the generic name for carnivorous animals. T. wamakaskan.
- wa-ma'-ni-ti, n. a bear's den.
 T., mato oti.
- wa-ma'-non, v. of manon; to steal—wamawanon, wamaunnonpi.
- wa-ma'-non-pi, n. stealing, theft. wa-ma'-non-s'a, n a thief.
- wa-ma'-nu, v. See wamanon.
- wa-mde'-ni-ća, n. an orphan, a fatherless or motherless child—wa-mamdenića, waunmdenićapi: wa-mdenića ehpećiyapi śni, "I will not leave you orphans." T., wablenića, without relatives.
- wa'-mde-za, v. n. to see clearly—wáwamdeza, wáyamdeza. T., wa-bleza.
- wa'-mde-za, n. an inspector.
- wa-mdi, n. See wanmdi.
- wa-mdo'-ka, n. the he-bear. T., mato bloka.

- wa'-mdo-ska, n. a species of blackbird with white on its wings; the wapagića.
- wa'-mdo-śa, n. a species of blackbird with red on its wings
- wa-mdu'-dan, n. maggots. T., waglula.
- wa-mdu'-śka, n. snakes; serpents.
- w a m d u' \pm k a d a η , n. snakes; worms; bugs.
- wa'-mi-ni, n. snow-water.
- wa-mi'-ni-tu, n. T. a whale
- wa-mna'-da, v. a. to honor, respect, fear; to consider brave or energetic wamnawada, wamnaundapi. See ahopa, akta, kinihan, etc.
- wa-mna'-da-śni, v. a. to have no respect for one's ability—wamnawadaśni.
- wa-mna'-he-ća, n. an oar, a paddle. T, walitope.
- wa-mna'-he-za, n. maize, Indian corn. See wakmaheza, etc. T., wagmeza.
- wa-mna'-he-za-hu, n. cornstalks.
- wa-mna'-he-za-ki-ći-i-ća-ge, n. a blue flower that appears about the time corn is ripe.
- wa-mna'-i-&i-da, v. reflex. of wamnada; to be proud, to think much of one's own abilities—wamnami&ida. wa-mna'-i-&i-da-pi, n. pride.

- wa-mna'-yan, v. of mnayan; to gather, collect—wamnawaya, wa-mnaunyanpi.
- wa-mna'-yan, n. a collector; in the Dakota churches, a deacon.
- wa-mna'-yan-pi, n. gathering, harvest; a collection.
- wa-mni', v. of mni; to dry by spreading out, as shelled corn—wawamni: also 1st pers. sing. of mni.
- wa'-mni-mni, v. of amnimni; to sprinkle; one who sprinkles—wawa-mnimni.
- wa'-mni-o-mni, n. a small worm, perhaps a chrysalis; a whirl of wind, a hurricane.
- wa-mnu', n. gourds; pumpkins, squashes, etc. See wakmu, etc. T., wagmu.
- wa-mnu'-ha, n. gourd-shells. The Indian rattle is usually made of a gourd-shell. T., wagmuha.
- wa-mnu'-hu, n. pumpkin vines.
- wa-mnu'-lia, n. large beads; small spiral shells; snails.
- wa-mnu'-ha-dan, n large beads; snail-shells.
- wa-mnu'- \pm a-dan, n. a kind of bird, the snipe.
- wa-mnu'-taŋ-ka, n. pumpkins. T., wagmutaŋka.
- wa-mun'-ta, n. an ear of corn well filled and flat at the end.
- wa'-na, adv. See wanna.
- wa-na'-bag-i-ye-ya, v. of nabaka; to kick away, kick out the foot.

- wa'-na-bu, v. of anabu; to make a drumming noise with the foot on the ground—wanawabù.
- wa'-na-bu-bu, v. red. of wánabu.
- wa-na'-ćaŋ-ćaŋ, v. of naćaŋćaŋ; to shake with the foot—wanawaćaŋćaŋ.
- wa-na'-će-kće-ka, v. of naćekćeka; to make stagger by kicking wanawaćekćeka.
- wa-na'-će-ya, v. of naćeya; to kick and make cry—wanawaćeya.
- wa-na'-će-ye-s'a, n one who kicks and makes cry.
- wa-nag'-bag-i-ye-ya, v. T. to kick out of the way.
- wa-nag'-ba-ka, v. T. to kick out the foot.
- wa-na'-ġi, n. of naġi; the soul when separated from the body; a ghost, the manes; a shadow.
- wa na'- \dot{g} i-ta-ćan-ku, n. the milky way.
- wa-na'-ġi-ta-ġo-śa, n. ghostspittle; a kind of exudation found around some plants; cuckoo-spittle; heavy dew. T, wanaġitaliośa.
- wa-na'-ġi-ta-ma-ko-će, n.
 the world of spirits.
- wa-na'-gi-ti-pi, n. the house of spirits, the abode of the dead, hades.
- wa-na'-ġi-ya-ta, adv. in the world of spirits, at the spirit-land, to the abode of spirits: wanaġiyata mde kta, I will go to the spirit-land.
- wa-na'-ġi-ye-ya, v. of naġiyeya; to annoy, trouble, vex—wanaġiyewaya.

- wa na'-ġu-ka, v. of naġuka; to sprain—wanawaġuka.
- wa-na'-ha-i-ye-ya, v. of naha iyeya; to knock down with the foot, to kick aside.
- wa-na'-hin-ta, v. of nahinta; to scrape off with the foot—wanawahinta.
- wa-na'-hmun, v. of nahmun; to curl or twist up.
- wa-na'-hna, v. to kick off, as fruit—wanawahna.
- wa-na'-hna-yan, v. to slip, slide, deceive.
- wa-na'-hna-ye, n. slipping, deception.
- wa-na'-ho-ho, v. of nahoho; to make loose with the foot—wanawa-hoho
- wa-na'-ho-mni, v. of nahomni; to turn round with the foot—wanawahomni.
- wa-na'-ho-ton, v. of nahoton; to cause to make a noise by kicking wanawahoton.
- wa-na'-hu-hu-za, v. of nahu-huza; to shake with the foot—wana-wahuhuza. T., wanahunhunza.
- wa-na'-ha-pa, v. of nahapa; to scare away by walking; one who frightens game—wanawahapa.
- w a'-n a-h be, v. of anahma; to conceal—wánawahbe. T., wanahme.
- wa-na'-héa, n. T. flowers, especially cultivated flowers.
- wa-na'-héi, v. of nahéi; to break out a piece with the foot; to break out pieces, as from a horse's hoof.

- wa-na'-hda, v. of nahda; to rattle with the foot—wanawahda.
- wa-na'-hda-ta, v. of nahdata; to scratch with the foot; one who scratches with the foot, as a cat—wanawahdata.
- wa-na'-hde-ea, v. of nahdeea; to tear with the foot; one who tears wanawahdeea.
- wa-na'-hdo-ka, v. of nahdoka; to wear holes in the feet by means of something—wanawahdoka.
- wa-na'-he-ya-ta, v. of naheyata; to kick out of the way: wanaheyata iyeya.
- wa-na'-hi-éa, v. of nahiéa; to waken up with the foot—wanawahiéa.
- wa-na'-hma, v. of nahma; to conceal—wanawahma.
- wa'-na-lima, v. of analima; to conceal; to deny a charge wánawahma. T., wanalime.
- wa-na'-hon, v. of nahon; to hear, hearken, obcy wanawahon. See anagoptan and akta.
- wa-na'-hon, adj. hearkening, obedient.
- wa-na'-hon-pi, n. the act of listening, hearkening.
- wa-na'-hoŋ-śni, v. to be disobedient, not to hearken to—wanawahoŋśni.
- wa-na'-hon-śni-yan, adv. heedlessly
- wa-na'-hpa, v. of nahpa; to knock or shake down, as one may do by walking on an upper floor—wanawahpa.

- wa'-na-hpa, v. to kick or cast about snow with the feet, as buffaloes and horses do.
- w a n a' h p e \dot{c} a, v. Same as wanáhpa.
- wa-na'-hpu, v. of nahpu; to kick off pieces.
- wa-na'-hta-ka, v. of nahtaka; to be in the habit of kicking—wanawahtaka.
- wa-na'-i-éi-hmaŋ-pi, n. those who conceal themselves; hypocrites: i. q. wanakihmaŋpi.
- wa-na'-ka-ka, v. of nakaka; to make rattle with the foot, as icicles, stiff hides, etc—wanawakaka. T., wanakakaka.
- wa-na'-kaś, adv. cont. of wanakaźa; long ago. T., ehanna.
- wa-na'-kaś-wo-ta, adj. aged wanakaśmawota.
- wa-na'-ka-tin, v of nakatin; to stretch out with the foot—wanawa-katin.
- w a n a' k a \acute{z} a, adv. long ago. T., ehanna.
- wa-na'-ka-źa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. long since, of old, of a long time.
- wa'-na-ki-hma and wa'-naki-hbe, v. of anakihma; to conceal — wanawakihbe, wanaunkihmanpi.
- wa'-na-ki-hman-pi, n. hypocrites; i. q. wanaiçihmanpi.
- wa'-na-ki-kśiŋ, v. of anakikśiŋ; to interpose and defend one by taking his place in danger—wánawekśiŋ, wánamikśiŋ.

- wa-na'-ki-źa, v. of nakiźa; to tread out, as rice—wanawakiźa.
- wa-na'-ko-ka, v of nakoka; to rattle with the foot—wanawakoka.
- w a n a' k p a, n. bears' ears: i. q. wanatpa. T., mato nakpa.
- wa-na'-ksa, v. of naksa; to break off with the foot—wanawaksa, wanaunksapi.
- wa-na'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of wanaksa.
- wa-na'-kse-ya, v. T. to harvest grain; to mow grass.
- wa-na'-kśi-źa, v. of nakśiźa; to double up with the foot—wanawa-kśiźa.
- wa-na'-ktan, v. of naktan; to bend with the foot—wanawaktan.
- wa-na'-ku-ka, v. of nakuka; to wear out with the feet—wanawakuka.
- wa-na'-ku-ke-ća, n. one who wears out moccasins badly.
- wa-na'-mda-ska, v. of namda-ska; to flatten with the foot—wana-wamdaska.
- wa-na'-mda-ya, v. of namdaya; to spread out with the foot—wana-wamdaya.
- wa-na'-mda-za, v. of namdaza; to burst open.
- wa-na'-mde-ća, v. of namdeća; to break in pieces with the foot wanawamdeća.
- wa-na'-mna, v. of namna; to rip with the foot, as moccasins—wanawamna.
- wa-na'-mna-ka, n. one who rips his moccasins much.

- wa'-nan, adv. See wanna.
- w a n a' o h p a, v. of naohpa; to break into with the feet—wanawaohpa.
- wa-na'-o-ksa, v. of naoksa; to break through, as through ice in killing muskrats—wanawaoksa.
- wa-na'-o-ktan, v. of naoktan; to bend into with the foot—wana-waoktan.
- wa-na'-o-tin-za, v. of naotinza; to tread in tight—wanaowatinza.
- wa-na'-pa, v. of napa; to flee—wanawapa.
- wa-na'-pan, v. of napan; to tread out, as grain—wanawapan.
- wa-na'-paŋ-paŋ, v. of napaŋpaŋ; to make soft by treading—wanawapaŋpaŋ.
- w a n a' p é a, v of napéa; to swallow—wanawapéa: wanapéa iyeya.
- wa-na'-pe-ya, v. to drive off, cause to flee; one who makes flee—wanapewaya.
- wa-na'-pi-ća-ġe-yu-za, v. (wanapa, ićaġa, and yuza) to have it in one's power to make all flee; to be feared by all—wanapićaġemduza.
- wa-na'-pi-śkaŋ-yaŋ, n. Ih. a toy, a plaything; amusements, shows.
- wa-na'-pi-śkan-yan, v. T. to play with, as children with toys; to exhibit, perform, as a circus. See wanapiśtanyan.
- wa-na'-pi-śtaŋ-yaŋ, v. of napiśtaŋyaŋ; to destroy or injure everything—wanipiśtaŋwaya.

- wa-na'-po-hna-ka, v. to put or hold in the hands.
- wa-na'-poh-ya, v. of napohya; to leaven, cause to rise—wanapoh-waya.
- wa-na'-pom-ya, v. to cause to burst—wanapomwaya.
- wa-na'-po-pa, v. of napopa; to burst.
- wa-na'-po-ta, v. of napota; to wear out with the feet—wanawapota.
- wa-na'-po-te-ća, n. one who wears out with the feet—wanawapo-teća.
- wa-na'-psa-ka, v. of napsaka; to break, as a string, with the foot—wanawapsaka.
- wa-na'-pson, v. of napson; to spill by kicking, kick over—wanawapson.
- wa-na'-ptu-źa, v. of naptuźa; to split or crack.
- wa-na'-pin, n. a medal; a necklace of beads; a handkerchief; anything worn around the neck, a comforter, etc.
- wa-na'-piŋ-ki-ća-toŋ, v. a. to put on, as a wanapiŋ; to cause to wear a necklace, etc.—wanapiŋwe-ćatoŋ.
- wa-na'-pin-mda-ska. n. a necklace of beads interwoven.
- wa-na'-pin-ya, v. a. to have or use for a wanapin—wanapinwaya.
- wa-na'-sa, v. of nasa; to hunt by surrounding and shooting, as buffalo; to chase buffulo—wanawasa, wanaunsapi. See howanasekiyapi.

- wa-na'-sa-pi, n. the buffalo chase.
- wa-na'-sda-ta, v. of nasdata; to crawl up to.
- w a n a' s d e ć a, v. of nasdeća; to split.
- wa-na'-se-ya, v. to go on a buffalo hunt; to make a surround.
- wa-na'-sna, v. of nasna; to make ring with the feet—wanawasna.
- wa-na'-sni, v. of nasni; to trample out, as fire.
- wa-na'-śa-pa, v. of naśapa; to defile with the feet—wanawaśapa.
- wa-na'-śda, v. of naśda; to make bare with the feet.
- w a n a' ś d o k a , v. of naśdoka; to pull off, as pantaloons—wanawa-śdoka.
- wa-na'-śe-ća, v of naśeća; to trample and make dry, as grass—wanawaśeća.
- w a n a' ś i ć a , v. of naśića; to injure with the feet—wanawaśića.
- wa-na'-śi-pa, v of naśipa; to break off with the feet—wanawaśipa.
- wa-na'-śki-ća, v. of naśkića; to press with the foot, one who presses with the foot—wanawaśkića.
- wa-na'-śna, v. of naśna; to miss with the foot; wanaśna iyeye s'a, one who kicks.
- w a n a' ś n i ź a , v. of naśniża; to trample down, as grass, and make wither—wanawaśniża.
- wa-na'-śo-śa, v. of naśośa; to foul, as water, with the feet—wanawaśośa.

- the buffalo wa-na'-spa, v of naspa; to break off with the feet—wanawaspa.
 - w a n a' ś p u , v. of naśpu; to break off, as in trampling on pumpkins—wanawaśpu.
 - wa-na'-śu-źa, v. of naśuźa; to bruise with the feet—wanawaśuźa
 - wa-na'-ta-ka, v. of nataka; to fasten up—wanawataka.
 - wa'-na-tan, v. of anatan; to run upon, to attack—wanawatan.
 - wa-na'-te-pa, v. of natepa; to wear off short with the foot—wanawatepa.
 - w a'-n a-ti-ća, v. of natica; to scrape away, as snow; to paw, as a horse—wanawatica.
 - w a n a' ti p a, v. of natipa; to cramp.
 - wa-na'-ti-tan, v. of natitan; to pull or push against—wanawatitan.
 - wa-na'-tpa, n. a bear's ears: i. q. wanakpa.
 - wa-na'-tu-ka, v. of natuka; to stamp to pieces, as furs; one who destroys by stamping—wanawatuka. T., wanakuka.
 - wa-na'-ta, v. of nata; to kick to death—wanawata.
 - wa-na'-uŋ-ka, v. T. to kick and make fall down.
 - wa-na'-wan-ka, v. of nawanka; to kick down; to start off on the gallop, as a herd of buffalo. T., wanaunka.
 - wa-na'-we-ġa, v. of naweġa; to break with the foot—wanawaweġa.

- wa'-na-win, v. of anawin; to tell what is not true, to conceal—wanawawin. T., anahme.
- w a n a' w i ŋ ź a, v. of nawiŋźa; to bend down with the foot, as grass wanawawiŋźa.
- wa-na'-źa-źa, v. of naźaźa; to wash by boiling, as clothes.
- w a n a' ź a ź a y a , v. a. to cause to wash out or come clean by boiling wanaźaźawaya.
- wa-na'-źi-pa, v of naźipa; to pinch or scratch with the toes—wa-nawaźipa.
- wa-na'-źu-źu, v. of naźuźu; to kick down, kick to pieces: one who kicks to pieces—wanawaźuźu.
- wa-ni-éa', n. meat of all kinds: wanića waćin, I desire meat. T., waćonića. See ćonića.
- w a n i' é a , adj. of niéa; none, without any—maniéa, niniéa, unniéapi.
- w a'-ni-éa, v. of anića; to refuse to give up—wawanića.
- wa-ni'-ća-daŋ, adj. none, very little.
- wa-nig'-ni-ća, adj. red. of wanića.
- wa-ni'-han, n. last winter.
- wa-ni'-ki-sa-pa, n. a winter in which the ground is not covered with snow. T., waniyetu kisapa
- w a n i'-k i y a, v. of nikiya; to save, cause to live—waniwakiya.
- w a n i' k i y a, n. one who makes live; the Saviour.
- w a'-n i-ka-d a n, n. a very little. T.. wanikala.

- wa'-ni-ka-la, n T. i. q. wani-kadan.
- w a n i n', cont. of wanića: owihanke wanin wićoni, life without end.
- wa-ning'-ni-ća, adj red. of wanića. See wanignića.
- wa'-ni-stin-na, n. a little, very little. wa-ni'-ti, v. to spend the winter, to winter.
- wa-ni'-ti-pi, n. a winter encampment.
- wa-ni'-un, v. to winter, spend the winter.
- wa-ni'-ya, v. of niya; to cause to live—waniwaya.
- wa-ni'-ya-ka-tan-ka, n. the hen hawk, a species of kite.
- wa-ni'-yaŋ-pi, n. T. domestic animals: i. q. wanunyaŋpi.
- wa-ni'-ye, n. one who makes live; the Saviour.
- wa-ni'-ye-tu, n. winter, a winter; a year. See kiwani.
- wa-nu', adv. See wanun.
- wa-nun', adv. by chance, accidentally: wanun econ, to do by accident; wanun econpi, an accident.
- wa-nunh', adv. by accident.
- wa-nuŋ'-ken, adv. accidentally.
- wa-nun'-yan, v. of nunyan; to tame, domesticate—wanunwaya.
- wa-nuŋ'-yaŋ-pi, n. tame animals, domestic cattle. T., waniyaŋpi. See woteća.
- wan, art. indef. a or an.
- wan, intj. look! see!
- wan, n a large blackish snake five or six feet long. T, wanto.

- wan, n. cont. of wanzu, a quiver; and | wan hi' śa dan, n.of wanhinkpe, an arrow.
- wan-a'-pe- $\sin i$, adv. T. without wounding: wanapeśni kte, to kill without wounding.
- waŋ'-ća, num adj. one; i. q. wanźidan.
- waŋ'-ća, adv. once.
- waŋ'-ća-daŋ, adv. only once.
- wan'-ćag, cont. of wanćake.
- wan'-ća-hna, adv. at once, immediately.
- wan'-ća-kća-dan, adv. red. of wanéadan; a few times; now and then once; once apiece.
- $w a \eta' \acute{c} a k e$, adv. at once.
- wan'-ći, adj. T. one: i. q. wanźi.
- wan-e'-ya, n. what is prepared for eating on a journey, provisions. T., on we ya. See un we ya.
- wan-hda'-ka, v. pos. of wanyaka; to see one's own-wan wahdaka, wanuŋhdakapi.
- wan-hi', n. (wan and hi) a flint, flints: perhaps so called from the fact that arrow-heads were formerly made of *flints*.
- wan-hin'-kpe, n. an arrow, arrows—tiwanhinkpe, nitiwanhinkpe, mitiwanhinkpe
- w a ŋ h i ŋ' k p e k i h i y e y a pi, n. a bow-shot. T., wanhinkpe kinin yeyapi. See kihiyeya.
- wan-hin'-kpe-o-i-na-źin, n. T. the notch in the end of an arrow.
- wan-hin'-tpe, n. Same as wanhinkpe.
- wan-hi'-śa, n. gun caps.

- gun caps, percussion caps.
- wan-hi'-yu-za, n. flat arm or wrist-bands.
- wan-i-ya', intj. of surprise; indeed! used on meeting one unexpectedly. T., honhonhe!
- waŋ'-i-ya-hpe-ya, v. shoot arrows.
- waŋ'-i-yu'-ke-ze, n. an instrument for making arrows.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}', v. n.$ to be; to lie, as a lake, field, or log; to lie down; to spend the night; to continue, as, ya wanka, to keep going on--munka, nunka, unwankapi. T., iyunka.
- wan'-ka. See ćanwanka.
- wan'-ka-dan, adj. weak, tender; soft, brittle, easily broken or torn mawankadan. T., wankala; Ih, wankana
- wan-ka'-han, part. lying down, T., yunkahan. fallen down.
- wan-ka'-he-ya, v. a. to throw down, cause to fall-wankahewaya. T., yunkaheya.
- wan'-ka-la, adj. T. i. q. wanka-· daŋ.
- wan kan', adv. above, up high. T., wankanl.
- wan-kan'-tan-han, adv. from above. T., wankanltanhan.
- wan-kan'-ta-tan-han, adv. from above.
- wan-kan'-ti-pi, n. an upper room, up stairs. T., wankanltipi.
- wan-kan'-tki-ya, adv. upwards. wan-kan'-tu, adv. up above, high up.

- wan-kan'-tu-ya, adv. high up. wan-kan'-tu-ya-ken, adv. up high.
- wan-kan l', adv. T. i. q. wankan. wan-kan l'-tu, adv. T. i. q. wankantu.
- wan'-kan-ye-la, adv. T. loose, free to turn.
- wan'-ka-pi, n. a lying down, an encampment. T., yunkapi.
- wan-ki'-ći-ya-ka-pi, v. recip. of wanyaka; to see each other.
- wan-mdi', n. the royal or wareagle, the Faleo imperialis or Aquila heliaca. T., wanbli.
- wan-mdu'-dan, n. T., waglula. See wamdudan, the better orthography.
- wan-mdu'-śka, n. See wamduśka.
- waŋ m d u' ś k a d aŋ, n. See wamduśkadaŋ.
- wan mli', or wan bli', n. T. i q. wanmdi.
- waŋ-mlu'-la, or waŋ-blu'-la, n. T. i. q. waŋmdudaŋ.
- waŋ-mlu'-śka-la, or waŋ-blu'śka-la, n. T. i. q. waŋmduśkadaŋ.
- wan'-na, adv. now, quickly; lately, already: wanna ećamon, I have now done it; wanna ećamon kta, I will now do it.
- waŋ'-naś, adv. now.
- wan'-ske, n. the family name of a fourth child, if a daughter.
- waŋ-ske'-pa, n. an arrow-head not barbed. T., kestonśni.
- wan-sma'-hi, n. an iron arrowhead.

- wan'-to, n. T. a blackish blue snake. See wan.
- wan-yag', cont. of wanyaka; wanyag hi, to come to see; wanyag iheya, to see all at once, to perceive, discover.
- wan-yag'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to see any thing—wanyagwakiya, wanyagmakiya.
- wan-yag'-ya, v. a. to cause to see or perceive—wanyagwaya.
- wan-ya'-ka, v. a. to see or perceive anything; to have seen—wan-mdaka, wandaka, wanunyakapi, wanciyaka. See tonwan.
- wan-ye', v. wanye ya, to go to see or examine; i. q. wakéanyan.
- wan ye' ća, n. rushes; the lightning bug, the fire-fly.
- wan-ye'-ya, v.a. to shoot arrows; to shoot in the sacred dance—wanyewaya. T, wanhinkpe yeya.
- wan-yu'-go, v. a. to make the crooked marks on arrows, which are considered essential to their goodness. See yugo.
- waŋ-yu'-ġo-daŋ, n. the striped lizard. T., agleśkala.
- wan-yu'-ġu-ka, v. to draw an arrow out of the quiver.
- wan'-yu-kpan, v. to shoot an arrow.
- wan'-yu-kpan-han, v. to shoot arrows one after another—wanmdukpanhan.
- wan-yu'-la-śa, v. T. to draw and shoot a bow; to shoot arrows from a bow.

- wanyukpanhan. See wanyukpanhan.
- w å ŋ ź i', num. adj. one; also used for an indefinite number, some.
- wan- \acute{z} i'- \acute{c} a, adj. one.
- wan-źi'-ća, adv. in one way; as, hećetu wanźića, in the same state, without change.
- w a ŋ ź i' d a ŋ , num. adj. one—mawanźidaŋ, uŋwanźipidaŋ: wanźipidaŋ, they are one. Ih., wanźina. T., wanźila.
- $wan-\acute{z}i'-dan-ken$, adv. in one manner.
- wan-źi'-dan-ki-ya, adv. in one way.
- wan-źig'-źi, adj. red. of wanźi; some.
- wan-źig'-źi-dan, adj. red. of wanźidan; some.
- wan-źig'-źi-la, adj. T. one by one; singly; one apiece
- wan-źi'-i-to-kto or wan-źi'i-to-to, adv. turn about, i. q. unma itoto. T., wanźiitoktog.
- wan-źi'-kśi, adj. red. of wanźi; some. T., wanźigźi.
- wan-źi'-la, num. adj. T. i. q. wanźidan.
- wan-źi'-na, num. adj. Ih. one. wan'-źu, n. a quiver: wanźu kin, to carry a quiver.
- wan'-źu-ya-pi, n. a name given to the śkeća, fisher, Mustela canadensis, as the skin of that animal alone, it is said, was formerly used for making quivers; any skin used to make a quiver.

- See wa-o', v. of o; to hit in shooting—wawao: also 1st pers. sing. of o.
 - wa-o'-ho-da, v. of ohoda; to honor, worship—waohowada.
 - wa-o'-ka, n. a marksmun; a good hunter—wawaoka.
 - w a o' k i h i, v. of okihi; to be able, to have ability—waowakibi.
 - wa-o'-ki-hi-ka, n. one who is able—waowakihika.
 - wa-o'-ki-hi-ya, v. a. to make able—waokihiwaya.
 - wa-o'-ki-hi-ya, adv. ably, power-fully.
 - wa-o'-ki-ya, n. one who communicates with or commands.
 - wa-o'-ki-ya, v. of ókiya; to help, aid—waowakiya. T., wawokiya.
 - wa-o'-ki-ye, n. a helper; a lawyer
 - wa-o'-ku, v. of oku; to lend—waowaku.
 - wa-on'-spe, v. of onspe; to know how—waonmaspe, waonnispe.
 - wa-oŋ'-spe-ki-ya, v. of oŋspekiya; to teach—waoŋspewakiya.
 - $wa-o\eta'-spe-ki-ya$, n. a teacher
 - wa-oŋ'-śi-da, adj. merciful, gracious—waoŋśiwada, waoŋśiuŋdapi.
 - wa-o'-po, n. T. light snow flying in the sunlight.
 - wa-o'-ste-hda, v. of ostehda; to speak evil of, call bad names; to revile, to slander—waostewahda.
 - wa-o'-wa-ki-ye, v. of owakiye; to speak with—waowawakiye.
 - wa-o'-yu-sin, v. T. to hate, to be out of humor with.

- wa-o'-yu-sin-ke, n. T. one who hates.
- w a o' ź i ź i, v. of oźiźi; to whisper; a whisperer—waowaźiźi.
- wa-pa', v. of pa; to bark, as a dog. wa-pa', v. n. to snow; it is snowing. T, wahiphe.
- wa-pa', adv. towards, at: wankan wapa, upwards; tokata wapa, forwards; tinta wapa, at the prairie.
- wa'-pa, n. a bear's head. T., mato pa. wa'-pa, n. leaves; éanwápa, foliage: éanwapatowi, the month of May.
- wa-pa'-ba-ġa, v. of pabaġa; to roll, twist: also 1st pers. sing. of pabaġa.
- wa-pa'-be, v. of paman; to file—wawapabe: also 1st pers. sing. of pabe. T., wapame.
- w.a p a' b u , v. of pabu; to beat, drum—wawapabu: also 1st pers. sing. of pabu.
- wa-pa'-ćaŋ-ćaŋ, v. of paćaŋćaŋ; to make shake: also 1st pers. sing. of paćaŋćaŋ.
- wa-pa'-ćaŋ-nan-i-ye-ya, v.
 to shove out from the shore, as a boat.
 See paćaŋnaniyeya.
- w a p a' ć e k a , v. See wapaćekćeka.
- wa-pa'-će-kće-ka, v. of paćekćeka; to push and make stagger wawapaćekćeka: also 1st pers. sing. of paćekćeka.
- wa-pa'-gmi-gma, v. T. i. q. wapahmihma.
- wa-pa'-ġaŋ, v. of paġaŋ; to part with; to open—wawapaġaŋ: also 1st pers. sing. of paġaŋ.

- wa-pa'-ġa-pa, v. of paġapa; to push off, as the skin of animals—wawapaġapa: also 1st pers. sing. of paġapa.
- wa-pa'-go, v. of pago; to carve; one who carves or engraves—wa-wapago: also 1st pers. sing. of pago.
- wa-pa'-ġo-ya, v. a. to cause to carve.
- wa-pa'-ha, n. a hat, cap, bonnet; a covering for the head: wapaha kićun, to wear one's hat; wapaha hduśdoka, to take off one's hat. T., a headdress of feathers. See wapośtan.
- wa'-pa-ha, n. the shaft or pole on which are tied feathers of various colors, used in the Dakota dances; a standard, a banner, a flag.
- wa-pa'-ha-i-ye-ya, v. of pa-haiyeya; to push down.
- wa-pa'-ha-ka-mni-mni-la, n. T. a war bonnet with feathers dangling down the back.
- wa'-pa-ha-ka-mni-mni-la, n.
 T. a standard with a tuft of feathers dangling.
- wa-pa'-ha-ki-toŋ, v. to wear a hat; one who wears a hat, i. e. a white man, as distinguished from an Indian. T., wapośtan kićun.
- wa-pa'-ha-mi-me-la, n. T. a round war-bonnet.
- wa-pa'-ha-o-ge-dan, n. a handkerchief, commonly pronounced "wapaogedan." So called from being tied around the head.

- Wa'-pa-ha-śa, n. of wápaha; the hereditary name of the Dakota chief at the lowest village on the Mississippi, commonly pronounced by the Dakotas Wápaśa; and as the name of a county in Minnesota, written, with some want of judgment and taste, Wabashaw.
- wa-pa'-hba, v. of pahba; to shell, as corn—wawapahba.
- wa-pa'-hbe-za, v. of pahbeza; to make rough—wawapahbeza: also 1st pers. sing. of pahbeza.
- wa-pa'-hi, v. of pahi; to gather or pick up—wawapahi: also 1st pers. sing. of pahi.
- wa-pa'-hin-ta, v. of pahinta; to brush off—wawapahinta: also 1st pers. sing. of pahinta.
- wa-pa'-hi-pi, n. gathering, picking up. wa-pa'-hmi-hma, v. of pahmi-
- hma: to roll—wawapahmihma: also 1st pers. sing. of pahmihma. T., wapagmigma.
- wa-pa'-hmin-yan-yan, v. of pahminyanyan; to make round—wawapahminyanyan: also 1st pers. sing. of pahminyanyan.
- wa-pa'-hmun, v. of pahmun; to twist—wawapahmun: also 1st pers. sing. of pahmun.
- wa-pa'-hmuŋ-ka, n. one who twists, a spinner.
- wa-pa'-hmuŋ-pi, n twisted thread, yarn.
- wa-pa'-hna-śkiŋ-yaŋ, v. to make crazy: also 1st pers. sing. of pahnaśkiŋyaŋ.

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- wa-pa'-hna-yan, v. of pahnayan; to miss, as in attempting to stab: also 1st pers. sing. of pahnayan. T., wapagnayan
- wa-pa'-ho-ho, v. of pahoho; to shake or make loose.
- wa-pa'-ho-mni, v. of pahomni; to turn round—wawapahomni: also 1st pers. sing. of pahomni.
- wa-pa'-ho-ton, v. of pahoton; tomake cryout—wawapahoton: also 1st pers. sing. of pahoton.
- wa-pa'-hu-hu-za, v. of pahu-huza; to shake with the hand—wa-wapahuhuza: also 1st pers. sing. of pahuhuza. T., wapahunhunza, to shake by pushing against.
- wa-pa'-ha-tka, v. to rub against the grain: also 1st pers. sing. of pahatka.
- wa-pa'-héi, v. of pahéi; to tear out pieces: also 1st pers. sing. of pahéi.
- wa-pa'-hda-ġaŋ, v. of pahdaġan; to enlarge: also 1st pers. sing. of pahdaġaŋ.
- wa-pa'-lida-ka, n. one who is a good hunter—wawapalidaka.
- wa'-pa-hdan-ton, v. to work with ribbon; to embroider—wapa-hdanwaton.
- wa'-pa-hda-ta, v. of apahdata; to embroider.
- w a p a' h d e é a, v. of pahdeéa; to tear, rend—wawapahdeéa: also 1st pers. sing. of pahdeéa.
- wa-pa'-hdi, v. of pahdi; to push into the ground—wawapahdi: also 1st pers, sing. of pahdi.

- wa-pa'-hdo-ka, v. of pahdoka; to make holes, to pierce—wawapa-hdoka: also 1st pers. sing. of pahdoka.
- wa-pa'-hmin, v. of pahmin; to make crooked.
- wa-pa'-hpa, v. of pahpa; to throw down—wawapahpa: also 1st pers. sing. of pahpa.
- wa-pa'-hpu, v. of pahpu; to pick off—wawapahpu: also 1st pers. sing. of pahpu.
- wa-pa'-hta, v. of pahta; to tie in bundles—wapawahta, wapaunhtapi.
- wa-pa'-lita, n. a bundle, a pack.
- wa-pa'-hu-ġa, v. of pahuġa; to break holes in—wawapahuġa: also 1st pers. sing. of pahuġa.
- wa-pa'-ka-tin, v. of pakatin; to straighten out.
- wa-pa'-ka-wa, v. of pakawa; to open out.
- wa-pa'-k ća, v. of pakća; to comb wawapakća; also 1st pers. sing. of pakća.
- wa-pa'-ke-za, v. of pakeza; to make smooth and hard: also 1st pers. sing. of pakeza.
- wa-pa'-kin, v. to set up in the ground, as a stick leaning in the direction one is going; to set up a sign post—wawapakin: also 1st pers. sing. of pakin.
- wa-pa'-kin-ta, v. of pakinta; to wipe—wawapakinta: also 1st pers. sing. of pakinta.
- wa-pa'-kiŋ-za, v. of pakinza; to make creak,

- wa-pa'-ko-ta, v. to probe or dig out—wawapakota: also 1st pers. sing of pakota.
- wa-pa'-kpa, v. to pierce—wawapakpa: also 1st pers. sing. of pakpa.
- wa-pa'-kpi, v. to pick open, as eggs: also 1st pers. sing. of pakpi.
- wa-pa'-ksa, v. of paksa; to break off with the hand—wawapaksa: also 1st pers. sing. of paksa.
- wa-pa'-kśi-źa, v. to make double up—wawapakśiźa: also 1st pers. sing. of pakśiźa.
- wa-pa'-ktan, v. to crook, make crook—wawapaktan: also 1st pers. sing. of paktan.
- wa-pa'-ke-ġa, v. to scratch: also 1st pers. sing. of pakeġa.
- wa-pa'-ke-za, v. to make hard and smooth—wawapakeza: also 1st pers. sing. of pakeza.
- wa-pa'-man, v. of paman; to file—wawapaman: also 1st pers. sing. of paman.
- wa-pa'-mda-ska, v. to make flat—wawapamdaska: also 1st pers. sing. of pamdaska. T., wapablaska.
- wa-pa'-mda-ya, v. of pamdaya; to make smooth, to iron, as clothes wawapamdaya: also 1st pers. sing. of pamdaya. T., wapablaya.
- wa-pa'-mda-za, v. to make burst by pressing—wawapamdaza: also 1st pers. sing. of pamdaza.
- wa-pa'-mde-ća, v. to crush, break to pieces—wawapamdeća: also 1st pers. sing. of pamdeća. T., wapableća.

- wa-pa'-mdu, v. to pulverize—wawapamdu: also 1st pers. sing. of pamdu. T., wapablu.
- wa-pa'-mi-ma, v. to make round—wawapamima: also 1st pers sing. of pamima.
- wa-pa'-mna, n. a bunch, as of grass or shrubs.
- wa-pa'-mna, v. 1st pers. sing. of pamna.
- wa-pa'-mni, v. of pamni; to serve out, to distribute—wawapamni: also 1st pers. sing. of pamni.
- wa-pa'-mni-pi, n. a distribution.
- w a p a' n a k e y a, v. 1st pers. sing. of panakeya.
- wa-pa'-ni-ni, v. 1st pers. sing. of panini.
- wa-pa'-o-ge-dan, n. a handkerchief. T, itepakinte
- w a p a' o h d a p ś i ŋ y a ŋ, v. of paohdapśiŋyaŋ; wapaohdapśiŋyaŋ iyeya, to turn bottom upwards.
- wa-pa'-o-hdu-ta, v. to close up: wapaohduta iyeya: also 1st pers. sing of paohduta.
- wa-pa'-o-ksa, v. to push or break through: also 1st pers sing. of paoksa.
- wa-pa'-o-spa, v. to push under, as in water: also 1st pers. sing. of paospa.
- wa-pa'-o-tin-za, v. to press in tight: also 1st pers. sing. of paotin-za.
- wa-pa'-o-wo-tan, v. to make straight: also 1st pers. sing. of paowotan. T., wapaowotanla.

- wa-pa'-pah-ya, v. of papahya; to parch, as com—wapapahwaya.
- wa-pa'-pah-ya; parched corn.
- w a-p a'-p o-p a, v. to burst open, as corn: also 1st pers. sing. of papopa.
- wa-pa'-psa-ka, v. of papsaka; to break, as cords: also 1st pers. sing. of papsaka.
- wa-pa'-pson, v. of papson; to spill, as water—wawapapson; also 1st pers. sing. of papson.
- wa-pa'-pśuŋ-ka, n. a provision bag, a small bundle.
- wa-pa'-ptu-źa, v. to split or crack: also 1st pers. sing. of paptuźa.
- wa-pa'-pu-za, v. of papuza; to make dry by wiping—wawapapuza: also 1st pers. sing. of papuza.
- wa-pa'-sda-ta, v. to set up, as a pole in the ground—wawapasdata: also 1st pers. sing. of pasdata.
- wæ-pa'-sde-ća, v. of pasdeća; to split—wawapasdeća: also 1st pers. sing. of pasdeća.
- wa-pa'-ska, v. to make white by rubbing—wawapaska: also 1st pers. sing. of paska.
- wa-pa'-sma-ka, v. to indent—wawapasmaka: also 1st pers. sing. of pasmaka.
- wa-pa'-smin-yan-yan, v. to make bare and clean: also 1st pers. sing. of pasminyanyan.
- wa-pa'-snon, v. of pasnon; to roast, as meat—wawapasnon, waun-pasnonpi: also 1st pers. sing. of pasnon.

- wa-pa'-stan, v. to soak off hair wawapastan: also 1st pers. sing. of pastaŋ. T., walipanyan.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, v. \text{ of pastanka};$ to moisten—wawapastanka.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{o}$, \mathbf{v} . of pasto; to brush down—wawapasto,
- wa-pa'-sto-ka, n. one who is gentle—wawapastoka.
- wa-pa'-śa-ka, v. of paśaka; to push or stab with too little force—wawapaśaka: also 1st pers. sing. of paśaka.
- wa-pa'-śa-pa, v. of paśapa; to defile—wawapaśapa.
- wa-pa'-śi-pa, v. of paśipa; to break off close, as the limbs of a tree—wawapaśipa: also 1st pers. sing. of pasipa.
- w a p a' \pm k i \pm a, v. of paski \pm a; topress, squeeze—wawapaśkića.
- w a p a' \pm k i \pm k a , v. of pa \pm ki \pm ka ; to make rough.
- w a p a' \pm k o k p a, ν . of pa \pm kokpa; to make hollow, to cut or dig out.
- w a p a' \pm k o p a, ν . of pa \pm kopa; to make twisting.
- wa-pa'- \pm ko-tpa, v. Same as wapaskokpa.
- w a p a' \pm n a, v. of pa \pm na; to miss wawapaśna.
- wa-pa'-śpa, v. of paśpa; to push away; to break off; to wash out, as stains; that which is capable of being washed out—wawapaśpa: also 1st pers. sing. of paspa.
- wa-pa'-śpu, v. of paśpu; to break off—wawapaśpu.

- wa pa' snun, v. See wapasnon, wa pa' śu źa, v. of paśuźa; to crush—wawapaśuźa: also 1st pers. sing. of paśuża.
 - wa-pa'-ta, v. of páta; to cut up, as a butcher does an animal—wawapata: 1st pers. sing. of pata.
 - wa-pa'-tan, v. of patan; to push; to mash; to be saving of—wawapatan: also 1st pers. sing. of patan.
 - wa-pa'-tan-ka, n. one who is saving. T., wakpatanka.
 - wa-pa'-ta-pi, n. meat cut up; the act of cutting up meat.
 - wa-pa'-ti-ća, v. to scrape away, as snow-wawapatića: also 1st pers. sing. of patića. T, wapahinta.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}, v.$ to press hard wawapatinza: also 1st pers. sing. of patinza.
 - wa-pa'-to-ya, v. to obstruct, bear down on—wapatowaya.
 - $wa-pa'-we-\dot{g}a$, v. to break or fracture—wawapawega: also 1st pers. sing. of pawega.
 - wa-pa'-wi-hnu-ni, v: to destroy—wawapawihnuni: also 1st pers. sing. of pawihnuni.
 - wa'-pa-win-ta, v. of apawinta; to rub on, to plaster: what is put on as plastering—wawapawinta.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{w} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}, v.$ of pawin $\mathbf{z} \mathbf{a}$; to bend down, as grass: also 1st pers. sing. of pawinźa.
 - wa'-pa-ye, n. grease, meat; seasoning of any kind. T., wićahiyayutapi.
 - wa'-pa-ye-ya, v. a. to use for seasoning—wapayewaya

- wa-pa'-ye-za-ha, n. T. arival; a jealous person.
- wa-pa'-zan, v. to separate, part, as hair—wawapazan: also 1st pers. sing. of pazan.
- wa-pa'-ze-ze, v. 1st pers. sing. of pazeze.
- wa-pa'-zo, v. of pazo; to show—wawapazo: also 1st pers. sing. of pazo.
- wa-pa'-zon-ta, v. to sew up with a running thread, to baste—wawapazonta: also 1st pers. sing. of pazonta.
- wa-pa'-zo-pi, n. a show, an exhibition.
- w a p a' ź a ź a , v. of paźaźa; to wash—wawapaźaźa: also 1st pers. sing. of paźaźa.
- wa-pa'-źiŋ, v.n. to be prevented, not to be able to accomplish—wamapaźiŋ
- wa-pa'-źi-pa, v. of paźipa; to pinch—wawapaźipa: also 1st pers. sing. of paźipa.
- wa-pa'-źuŋ, v. of paźuŋ; to dig up with the bill, as ducks feeding under water.
- wa-pa'-źu-źu, v. of paźuźu; to erase; to demolish—wawapaźuźu: also 1st pers. sing. of paźuźu.
- wa-pée'-ya, v. of péeya; to cut and dry meat—wapéewaya, wapéeuŋ-yaŋpi. T., wakablaya.
- wa-pée'-ya-pi, n. drying meat of any kind.
- w a p e', v. to snow. T., ićamna. See wapa.

- wa-pe'-han, v. to fold—wawapehan: also 1st pers. sing. of pehan.
- wa-pe'-pe-ka, n. prickles, briers, thorns; the prickly ash.
- wa'-pe-tog-tog-ya, adv. marvellously, miraculously.
- wa'-pe-tog-to-ke-ća, n. signs, marks; miracles, wonders.
- wa'-pe-tog-ton, v. a. to mark any thing, have a sign—wapetogwaton, wapetoguntonpi.
- wa'-pe-tog-ton-pi, n. marks, signs.
- wa'-pe-tog-ya, adv. marvellously. wa'-pe-to-ke-ća, n. a sign, a mark, a bound; a miracle.
- wa'-pi, adj. lucky, fortunate—wamapi, wanipi, waunpipi.
- wa-pi'-da, v. n. to be thankful, glad—wawapida. See pida and wopida.
- wa-pi'-da-pi, n. gratitude.
- wa-pi'-da-pi-śni, n. ingratitude.
- wa-pi'-da-śni, v. n. to be unthankful, ungrateful—wawapidaśni.
- wa'-pi-ka, adj. skillful.
- wa'-pi-ke, n. one who is fortunate. wa-pi'-ki-ya, v. to put up and
- lay away things well, to rearrange—wapiwakiya.
- w a' p i ś n i , adj. unfortunate.
- wa'-pi-ya, adv. fortunately.
- wa'-pi-ya, v. a. to make fortunate—wápiwaya.
- wa-pi'-ya, v. to conjure the sick, to powwow in the Indian way—wapiwaya. See pikiya.

- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i}, n.$ conjuring.
- wa-pi'-ye, n. a conjurer, an Indian doctor.
- wa-po'-ble-ća, n. T., wapaha and obleća; a war bonnet with feathers standing out around the head and hanging down.
- $wa po' \dot{g}e hna ka$, n. a nose jewel.
- w a p o' \pm t a p, n. Ih. and T., α hat or cap; a bonnet. See tapostap.
- w a p o' ś t a ŋ g m i g m a, n. T. a cap.
- w a p o' sta n g m i g m e l a, n. T., a cap.
- wa-pus'-a-śpan, adj. well cooked, well done, cooked dry. T., wapus-yaśpan.
- wa-pus'-a-śpaŋ-yaŋ, v. to cook thoroughly — wapusaśpaŋwaya.
- wa-pu'-ske-pa, v. to filter: also 1st pers. sing. of puskepa.
- wa-pu'-spa, v. of puspa; to glue, to seal—wawapuspa: also 1st pers. sing. of puspa.
- wa-pu'-sta-ka, v. of pustaka; to stoop down—wawapustaka: also 1st pers. sing. of pustaka.
- wa-pus'-ya-śpan, adj. cooked thoroughly.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{s}' \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}, v.$ to cook thoroughly.
- wa'-pu-ta-ka, v. of aputaka; to touch with the hand, press upon—wawaputaka.
- wa-sab'-gle, v. T. to place for a landmark.

- wa-sab'-gle-pi, n. T. (sapa and gle) the mark or boundary, as in playing ball, i. q ókape.
- wa-sag'-kde, v. n. Ih. to erect landmarks. T., wasabgle.
- wa-sag'-kde-pi, n. Ih. a landmark.
- wa-sam'-hde, v. to place up something black for a sign or scarecrow wasamwahde.
- wa-sam'-hde-ya, adv. in the manner of a scarecrow.
- wa-sam'-ya, v. of samya; to blacken—wasamwaya.
- wa-sam'-ya-hde-pi, n. something placed for a scarecrow. T., wasabglepi.
- wa-san'-ka, n. T. arrows before they are ready to be used.
- wa-san'-yan, v. of sanyan; to whiten—wasanwaya.
- wa-san'-yan-hde-pi, n. a scarecrow, any thing white put up to scare away birds.
- wa-sa'-pe-daŋ, n. the black bear; i. q. wahaŋksića. T., mato sapa.
- wa-sas', cont. of wasaza.
- wa-sas'-ki-ya, v. T. to care for tenderly.
- wa-sas'-ye-la, adv. T. mildly, gently.
- wa-sa'-za, v. n. to be nervous, easily excited; to be convalescent—wamasaza.
- wa-sa'-ze-ća, n. one who is easily made sick; one who is getting well; i. q. wakahtakeća—wamasazeća.

wa-sda'-ya, v. of sdaya; to oil, to grease—wasdawaya.

wa-sdi'-pa, v. of sdipa; to lick wawasdipa: also 1st pers. sing. of sdipa.

wa-sdo-ća, v. of sdoća; to know.

wa-sdon'-ya, v. of sdonya; to know—wasdonwaya, wasdonun-yanpi. T., waslolya.

wa-sdon'-ya-pi, n. knowledge. T., waslolyapi.

wa-sdon'-ye, n. one who knows.

w a - s d o n' - y e - y a , v a. to cause to know—wasdonyewaya. T., waslolyeya.

wa-se', n. red earth, vermilion: Waseyuzapi, Vermilion River.

wa-se'-ki-ćuŋ, v. to paint red; to put on vermilion.

wa-se'-yan-ka, v.n. to have a spot on one's face, etc.—wasemayanka.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{s} \mathbf{e'} - \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} - \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, n. \quad a \text{ pimple}.$

wa-si'-ću, n. the keel or bottom of a boat.

wa-si'-ću-ha, n. the bottom of a boat; the bottom of a bear's foot.

wa-sin'-te, n. See walsinte.

wa-sin'-te-yu-ho-mni, n. steering oar.

wa'-skam-ya, v. of askamya; to make stick on, as a plaster—wa-skamwaya. T., waskabya

wa'-skam-ya-pi, n. a pitch plaster.

wa'-ska-pe, n. sticking plaster.

wa-sku'-ya, n. Santee only. green corn boiled and afterwards shelled and dried; sweet corn.

wa-sku'-ye-ća, n. fruit of all kinds. T., watokeća.

w a - s n a', n. lard, grease, tallow.

wa-sna'-po-hdi, n. pimples.

wa-sna'-ta-sa-ka, n. tallow; hardened grease.

wa-so', v T to cut a strip or string, as from a hide.

wa-so'-so, v. red. to cut in strips.

wa-son', v. of son; to braid in strings, as corn or hair—wawason: also 1st pers sing. of son.

wa-spay'-la, adv. T. slushy.

wa-span'-ta-ha-za, n. service berries.

wa-span'-ta-he-ya, n. (wa span and heya) small black bugs or grubs which appear when the snow melts off: hence the name.

wa-stu'-ste-ya, v. to weary one
—wastustewaya. T., watukakiya.
See wastusteya.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{s} \mathbf{u}', n. \quad hail.$

wa-su'-hu-la, n. T. Iroquois, used for necklaces.

wa-su'-ki-ya, v. a. to hold sacred, to honor. This is from su, well, and kiya, to cause; 2d, to divine: 3d, to decree, make a decree.—J. P. w.

wa-su'-ton, v. of suton; to get ripe, ripens, as grain or fruit.

wa-su'-ton-pi, n. harvest.

wa-su'-ton-wi, n. the moon in which corn ripens, answering to August.

wa-su'-ya, v. T. to make a law; to judge, condemn.

- w a ś' a g', cont. of waś'aka: waś' ag hinhda, to become strong; waś' agi ćiya, to strengthen one's self.
- was'agwaya, was'agunyanpi.
- w a ś'a' k a , *adj. strong*—wamaś'a-ka, waniś'aka, wauŋś'akapi.
- wa-ś'a'-ka, adv. T. almost; nearly: waś'aka ećon tka, he almost did it.
- wa-śa'-ka-daŋ, adj. cheap; easy, opposed to tehika.
- w a -ś a' -k a y e d a \mathfrak{g} , adv. easily, cheaply.
- wa-śe, n. T., a woman's female friend; corresponding to kola, a man's male friend.
- wa-śe'-ki-ći-ya, v. T. to have each other for special friends.
- w a -śe' y a, v. T. to have for friend. w a -śe' - ća, adj. rich, especially in provisions— wamaśeća, waniśeća,
- w a ś e' ś a, n. red paint, vermilion. See wase.

waunśećapi.

- wa-śi', v. n. Ih. and T. to do, to work: to command—wawaśi: i. q. htani.
- w a ś i' ć a h o w a y a , v. to cry out badly, to moan, to groan—waśićahowamda.
- w a śi će da ka, v. of śićedaka; to dislike; one who dislikes—waśićewadaka.
- Wa-śi'-ćuŋ, n. Frenchmen, in particular; all white men, in general. It is said that this word is nearly synonymous with "wakaŋ" Wamaśićuŋ, Waniśićuŋ. See

- wićaśa, wićaśta, and ikćewićaśta. T., a familiar spirit; some mysterious forces or beings which are supposed to communicate with men: mitawaśićun he omakiyaka, my familiar spirit told me that; i. q., takuśkanskan.
- Wa-śi'-ćuŋ-ćiŋ-ća, n. a half-breed. Wa-śi'-ćuŋ-ho-kśi-daŋ, n. a French boy; the common name for Canadians in the Dakota country; any one who labors.
- Wa-śi'-ćuŋ-hiŋ-ća, n. aFrenchman from France. T., Waśićuŋikćeka.
- Wa-śi'-ćuŋ-wa-kaŋ, n. the name given to missionaries and ministers of the Gospel generally, including all who are not Indians. Same as wićaśtawakaŋ.
- wa-śi'-gla, v. T. i. q. waśihda. wa-śi'-gla-ke, n T. one who gets angry easily.
- wa-śi'-hda, v. to mourn for the dead, put on mourning; to paint one's self black, as in mourning—waśinwahda, waśinunhdapi.
- wa-śi'-hda, n. mourning habiliments.
- wa-śi'-hda-ka, n. one who gets angry at every thing See śihda.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}$, adv. in mourning.
- wa-śi'-han, v. of śihan; to act wick-edly—wasiwahan. T., śikśilohan.
- wa-śi'-kte, n. pulmonary consumption, any lingering disease. See waśiŋkte.

- wa-śiŋ', n. T., tallow. meat, pork.
- wa-śin-kte, n. pulmonary consumption, a lingering disease.
- $W a \sin \gamma' w a k p a$, n. p. the South Platte River.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n}' \mathbf{v} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}, \cdot \mathbf{n}, \cdot \mathbf{a} \mathbf{spe}$ cies of fish with red fins.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a}, v.$ to be angry.
- wa-śi'-tki-hda-ya, v. of śitkihdaya; todistress or make angry; one who makes angry.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\eta}' \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\eta} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\eta}, v. \text{ of } \mathbf{s} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\eta};$ to cause to move; one who causes to move or live—waskanskanwaya.
- wa-śki'-ta, v. T. to mark, cut, engrave; i. q. bago.
- wa'-śna-he-ća, n. soft snow, snow that fulls in soft flakes. wahiśnaheća.
- wa-śniś'-ya, v. to cause to wither; one who causes to wither—waśniśwaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{\acute{z}} \mathbf{a}, \quad adj.$ withered. See śniża.
- wa-śon, n. See wasun.
- wa-śpan'-ka, n. cooked food.
- wa-śpan'-yan, v. of śpanyan; to · cook, as food—waśpanwaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\hat{s}} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}', v. \quad T. \quad i. \ q. \text{ baspu.}$
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\hat{s}} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{\hat{s}} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{u}, v. \quad T. \quad red.$ off in small bits.
- wa-śte', adj. good; pretty—mawašte, unwaštepi. See ošte, walite, pi, etc.
- w a s t e' c a, adj. See wastecaka.
- wa-śte'-ća-ka, adj. good, well disposed.

- fat not fried out, fat | wa-ste'-da, va. to esteem good, to love—wastewada, wasteundapi, wastecida. T., wastela.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e'} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}, v. a.$ to love— $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}$ -T., wastelaka. stewadaka.
 - wa-ste'-da-ka-pi, n. love; one who is loved.
 - wa-śte'-hin-ća, adj. very good.
 - w a ś t e' i ¢ i d a, v. reflex. of wasteda; to love one's self, to be selfish; to be proud—wastemićida.
 - wa-ste'-ka, adj. good—little good, doubtfully good.
 - wa-śte'-ki-ći-da-pi, v. recip. loving each other; wastekićidakapi, loving one another.
 - w a st e' k i d a, v. pos. of wasteda; to love one's own—wastewakida.
 - w a śte' ki da ka, v. pos. of wastedaka: to love one's own—wastewakidaka,
 - wa-śte'-la-ka, *v. a.* wastedaka.
 - wa-śte'-mna, adj. of waste and omna; sweet smelling, odoriferous.
 - $wa-\acute{s}te'-mna-ya$, v. a. to perfume, to embalm—wastemnawaya, wastemnamayan.
 - wa-śte'-śte, adj. red. of waste.
 - wa-śte-śte-ya, adv. red. of waśteya.
 - wa-śte'-ya, v. a. to make good wastewaya.
 - wa-śte'-ya, adv. well, in a good manner.
 - wa-śte'-ya-ken, adv. well.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\hat{s}} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{\hat{c}} \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{v}.$ to thaw. T., waśtulya.

- wa-śtun'-ya, v. of śtunya; to thaw, cause to thaw, as any thing frozen—waśtunwaya. T., waśtulya.
- wa-śtuŋ'-ka-la, n. T. corn boiled and dried.
- wa-śtu'-śte-ya, v. of śtuśteya; to weary out—wastuśtewaya.
- wa-śuŋ', n. the den or hole of animals who live in water, as the beaver, etc.; a bear's den.
- w a \pm u η' p a, v. of \pm suppa; to moult or shed feathers.
- wa-śuŋ'-pa-wi, n. the moon in which geese, etc., shed their feathers; July.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{u'} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a}$, v. T. to shoot and miss.
- wa'-ta, v. of yuta; to eat—wawata, wayata, wauntapi: wota is the form used in the third person: also 1st pers sing of yuta.
- wa-ta', n. old hard snow. See wahiśnaheća, wateća, etc. T., ważu-żeća.
- wa'-ta, n. a canoe, a boat: can wata, a dug-out; wata tanka, a large boat; peta wata, a steam-boat; wita wata, a ship.
- wa-ta'-kpe, v. of takpe; to attack, attempt to seize—watawakpe; watakpe mda.
- wa-tan', adv. (wata and en) in the boat. T., wata el.
- wa-tan'-o-pa, v. (wata en and opa) to embark.
- wa-tan', n. bait, used in fishing, etc.

- wa-tan'-in- $\sin i$, adj. lost.
- wa-tan'-ka, n. one who is great or rich.
- wa-tan'-ka-da, v. a. to esteem great—watankawada. T., watan-kala.
- w a t a ŋ' k a i ệ i d a , v. reflex. to esteem oneself highly, to be proud wataŋkamiệida. T., wataŋkaiệila
- wa-tan'-ka-i-ći-da-pi, n. pride, haughtiness.
- wa'-tan-ton, v. T. to be lucky or fortunate: i. q. wapi.
- w a'-tan-ton- $\sin i$ -yan, adv. T. unluckily.
- wa-tan'-ya, v. a. to use a thing for bait—watanwaya.
- wa-tan'-ye-ya, v. T. to be skill-ful in shooting—watan yewaya.
- wa-ta'-pa, v. of tapá; to pursue—watawapa.
- w a' t a p e t a, n. T. a steamboat: i. q peta wata.
- wa ta'-tpe, v. Same as watakpe. wa-ta'-tpe-ya-pi, n. attacking,
- an attack.

 wa-ta'-wa-ten-ya, v. of tawatenya; to be willing to do or suffer—
- wa-ta'-wa-ya, v. of tawaya; to own, possess—watawawaya.

watawatenwaya.

- wa'-te-ća, n. snow lately fallen. See watá and wasnaheća.
- wa-te'-éa, n. a part of one's food: wateéa hduha, he has food.
- wa-te'-hi-ka, adj. difficult, hard, as a man in his dealings; dear, as goods, etc.

- wa-te'-hin-da, v. of tehinda; to withhold what one has; not to give away; to be stingy: one who withholds—watewahinda.
- wa-te'-hin-da-pi, n. parsimony. wa-tem'-ki-ci-ci-ya, v. of temya; to eat up for one—watemweciciya.
- wa-tem'-ki-ya, v. pos. of watemya; to eat up one's own; to eat up for one—watemwakiya, watemmakiya.
- wa-tem'-ya, v. of temya; to eat all up, to devour: one who eats up, as a wolf, etc.—watemwaya, watemunyanpi. T., watebya.
- wa-ten', v. tokin aguyapi waten, oh! that I had bread to eat. See yuta and tokin. T., wata nin.
- wa-te'-pa, v. T. to wear off short: worn out.
- wa-te'-śdag-ki-ton, v. n. to wear a fillet or garland around the head—wateśdagweton.
- wa-te'-śdag-ton, v. n. to have or wear a garland or civic crown wateśdagwaton.
- wa-te'-śda-ke, n. a fillet, a wreath, a civic crown, any thing wrapped around the head.
- wa-te'-te, n. the rim or edge of a boat, the gunwale. See matete.
- wa-te'-zi, n. the stomach of a bear. wa-te'-źi-kśi-źa, n. the omentum fat; "fat that covereth the inwards."
- wa-tka', v. of tka; to scrape, as hides—wawatka: also 1st pers. sing. of tka.

- wa-to', n. grass, green grass, weeds.
- wa-tog'-hda, adj. wild, hostile. See watokda.
- wa-to'-gla, adj. T. wild, untrained, skittish: i. q. skehe.
- wa-tog'-ya, v. a. to take vengeance, to retaliate—watogwaya.
- wa-to'-ha, n. (wata and yuha) a portage.
- Wa-to'-hta-ta, n. p. the Otos: i. q. Hotawa.
- wa-to'-i-hu-ni, v. n. to come to land with a boat.
- wa-to'-i-hu-ni, n. a landingplace.
- wa-to'-ka, n. the bow of a boat. See watokapa and watopa.
- wa-to'-ka-han, v.n. to stand in the bow of a boat: one who stands in the bow of a boat—watokawahan.
- wa-to'-ka-pa, n. of tokapa; the first-born; the birthright; the bow of a boat: one who sits in the bow of a boat—watomakapa, watonikapa.
- wa-to'-ka-pa-tan-han, adv. on or at the bow of a boat.
- $wa-to'-kda, \ adj. \ Ih. \ wild, \ hostile: i. \ q. \ watoghda.$
- wa-to'-ke-ća, n. of tokeća; a different kind of food from what one has been accustomed to. T. fruits; vegetables.
- w a t o' k i ć o n, v. abs. of tokićon; to take vengeance.
- wa-to'-ki-ć-on, n. an avenger.
- w a t o' k ś u , v. of tokśu; to carry, transport—watowakśu, watounkśupi.

- wa-to'-kśu-pi, n. transportation. wa-tom', cont. of watopa: watom mda.
- wa-ton', v. of ton; to have, possess—wawaton: 1st pers. sing. of ton
- wa-ton'-ka, n. one who is rich.
- wa-to'-pa, v. to paddle a canoe—watowapa, watouppapi: ite hekta watopa, to row. See watoka.
- wa-to'-pa-pi, n. rowing, paddling.
- wa-to'-pa-pi-wi, n. the moon in which the waters become navigable, April. Same as magaokadawi.
- wa-to'-pe-ki-ya, v. a. to make paddle or row—watopewakiya: śina watopekiya, to sail.
- wa-to'-to-ya, adv. grass-like, green. See wato.
- wa-to'-ya, adv. greenly.
- wa-tpa', n. a river, a stream, a creek; the bow of a boat, compounded of wata and pa; the outside and bottom of a canoe or boat: i g. wakpa.
- wa-tpa'-daŋ, n. a brook, a rivulet.
- wa-tpi'-ća-hda, adv. by the side of a stream.
- wa-tpo'-hna, adv. on a stream, by a stream.
- w a t p o' k i ź u, n. the junction of streams: watpokiźu mdote, the mouth of a river.
- wa-tpo'-ki-źu-ya, v. a. to cause the junction of streams—watpokiźuwaya.
- wa-tpo'-pa, adv. in a stream. T., wakpa opaya.

- wa-tpo'-pta, adv. across a stream: i. q. wakpopta. T., wakpa opta.
- wa-tpu'-tpa, n. dust: i. q. wa-kpukpa. T, wakpukpa.
- wa-tu'-ka, adj. faint, weary, exhausted—wamatuka.
- wa-tu'-ka-ya, v. to make tired, to weary.
- wa-tul'-ka, n. T. sweepings; little bits.
- wa-tu'-śe-kśe-ća, n. dust, dirt, sweepings; manure. T., watulka.
- wa-tu'-tka, n. small animals; little things.
- wa-tu'-tka-dan, n. small animals. T., wamakaskan.
- wa-tu'-tka-tka, n. trifles. See tutkatka.
- w a t e' ć a , adj. gentle, mild, docile, tractable. T., wawateća
- wa-te'-ća-ka, adj. Same as wateća.
- wa-ti'-yu-wi, n running vines. wa-tung'-ya, v. a. to try to pre
 - variung ya, v. a. to try to prevent—watungwaya. Perhaps this word may also be used in the sense of "tungya," to suspect, have an indistinct knowledge of. See itunkeća.
- w a u' k a, n. the skin of a bear. T., matcha.
- wa-un', v. of un; to be; to be well off—wawaun: also 1st pers. sing. of un.
- wa-uŋ'-ća, v. of uŋća; to mock, imitate—wauŋwaća, wauŋuŋćapi.
- \mathbf{w} a \mathbf{u} \mathbf{y}' $\mathbf{\acute{c}}$ a, n. a mocker; a monkey.
- wa-uŋ'-ća-daŋ, n. a mocker; a monkey.

- wa-un'-ka, v. to live well; one | wa-wa'-ki-pa-źin-pi, n. oppowho lives well—wawaunka.
- wa-uŋ'-uŋ-ka, n. one who wanders about, a vagabond.
- wa-un'-yan, v. T. to offer sacrifice, as money or other inanimate things: 2. to lose—wawaunyaŋ.
- wa un'-yan-pi, n. T. a place for cutting up meat.
- $wa'-wa-\acute{c}ig$, v.of awaćig; to think of—wáwaćanmi.
- wa-wa'-ćin-kta-yu-za, or waw a - ć i ŋ - e - k t a - y u - z a, v. n. to be kind, forbearing, long-suffer*ing*—wawaćiŋktamduza
- wa-wa'-gna, v. T. of wagna; to cut off, as in shelling corn.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}' \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a}, v. \quad T. \quad i. \ q. \ \mathbf{wa}$ baġapa.
- wa-wa'-ha, n. furs, peltries.
- wa-wa'-ha, a. T. the "points" on a blanket: this word originally meant a buffalo robe, and in trading with the whites a blanket which was valued at two robes was called wawaha noppa, etc., sina wawahe, blanket points.
- w a w a' h i y a n s k a l a k a, T. morose, cross.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{h} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}, n. \quad T. \quad a$ morose person.
- wa-wa'-hpa-ni-yan, v. of walipaniyan; to make poor—wawahpaniwaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{n}$, v. n. to rebel against, oppose; to be a rebel-wawawakipazin, wawaunkipazinpi.

- sition, rebellion.
- wa-wa'-ki-pa-źiŋ-yaŋ, *adv*. rebelliously.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{e}, n. \quad T. \quad a \text{ board on}$ which to trim feathers. See wabakeze.
- wa-wa'-kpan-śni, adj. T., of kpan, fine, active, stirring, as a man; nervous, quick stepping, as a horse; fleet, as a dog: wawamakpan śni. This word appears to be and is in the negative form only.—T. L. R.
- wa wa' mna da, v. of wamnada; to respect, honor, have a high opinion of; one who respects—wawamnawada.
- wa-wa'-mna-da-śni, n. who respects nothing.
- wa-wa'-ni-ća, n. one who is nothing, an insignificant fellow.
- wa-wa'-ni-će-ća, v. there is nothing.
- wa-wa'-te-pa, v. T. to wear off to a stump.
- wa-wan'-yag, cont. of wawanyaka; wawanyag mde kta, I will go to see.
- wa-wan'-ya-ka, v. of wanyaka; to look on, see-wawanmdaka, wawandaka, wawanunyakapi.
- $wa wa \eta' ya ke$, n. a looker-on.
- w a w a' p i d a k i y a, v. of pidakiya; to make glad; one who makes glad—wawapidawakiya.
- wa-wa'-śi-ćuŋ-ke, n. T. who imitates or tries to be like a white man.

- wa-wa'-śi-ćuŋ-yaŋ, adv. of waśićuŋ; like a white man; said of a good dog that finds much game.
- wa-wa'-śi-ćuŋ-yaŋ-ka, n. one who finds much, as game.
- wa-wa'-śi-tki-hda, v. n. to be angry, vexed; one who is angry. See śitkihda.
- wa-wa'-śi-tki-hda-ya, v. of śitkihdaya; to make angry—wawa-śitkihdawaya.
- wa-wa'-te-ća, adj T. gentle; mild. wa-wa'-te-ća-ka, n. T. one who is kind, as a gentle horse.
- w a w a' ţ e ć a , adv. nearly, almost, i. q. iśnikaeś: wawateća ećamon kta, I had almost done it. T., iśnikaleś.
- wa-wa'-yu-śna, v. of wayuśna; to sacrifice; one who sacrifices, a priest—wawamduśna. T., waunyan and wayuhtata.
- w a w i' ć a h y a, v. of ićaliya; to cause to grow, to form; to create—wawićaliwaya.
- Wa-wi'-ćah-ye, n. a maker, a former; the Creator.
- wa'-wi-ćaŋ-ksi, v. n. of ćaŋksi; to be cross, ill-natured—wawićaŋwaksi.
- wa'-wi-ćaŋ-ksi-ka, n. awrangler, a contentious person T., wawahiyaŋzeća.
- wa'-wi-ćan-ksi-ya, adv. crossly, roughly. T., wawahiyansyakel.
- wa-wi'-ći-ha-ha, n. one who commits adultery; one who sins against others and makes light of it.

- wa-wi'-ći-ha-ha-pi, n. a laughing-stock; adultery: wawićihahapi ećanon kte śni, thou shalt not commit adultery: making light of sin.
- wa-wi-ći-ya, n. of ićiya; an advocate.
- wa-wi'-da-ke, n. of idake; a master, a king, a ruler; a kingdom. See wowidake.
- wa-wi'-hang-ya, v. of ihangya; to destroy—wawihangwaya.
- wa-wi'-hang-ye, n. a destroyer. wa-wi'-ha, v. of iha; to laugh at wawiwaha.
- wa-wi'-ha-ha, v. red. of wawiha. wa-wi'-ha-ka, n. one who makes sport, a jester.
- wa-wi'-ha-pi, n. jesting, making sport.
- wa-wi'-ha-ya, v. a. to cause to laugh at—wawihawaya.
- wa-wi'-na-hni, v. of inalini; to be in haste.
- wa-wi'-na-hni-yan, v. to hasten, cause to hurry—wawinahniwaya.
- wa-wi'-na-ki-lini, v. to be in haste, to do beforehand—wawinawa-kilini.
- wa-wi'-na-ki-hni-ka, n. one who is in haste.
- wa-wi'-ni-han, adj. of inihan; fearful, afraid; inspiring fear: wa-winihan manka.
- wa-wi'-ni-haŋ-yaŋ, n. to make afraid—wawinihaŋwaya.
- wa-wi'-ni-han-yan, adv. fearfully. wa-wi'-pi-da, v of ipida; not to give, to refuse—wawipiwada.

- wa-wi'-pi-i-ći-da, v. reflex. of wawipida; to think more of one's self than of any one else, said of a woman who is unwilling to marry—wawipimićida.
- w a w i' ś t e ć a , adj. modest, ashamed. See wiśteća, the better form.
- wa-wi'-śten-ya, v. to make ashamed—wawistenwaya.
- wa-wi'-śten-ya, adv. ashamedly; bashfully.
- wa-wi'-tko-ya, v. of witkoya; to make drunk—wawitkowaya.
- wa-wi'-ton-pa, v. of itonpa; to be careful—wawitonwapa.
- wa-wi'-ton-pa-pi, n. carefulness.
- wa-wi'-ton-pa-pi-śni, n. carelessness.
- wa-wi'-wan-ġa, v. of iwanga; to inquire, ask questions. T., wawiyunga
- wa-wi'-wan-ġa-pi, n. inquiring. wa-wi'-wanh, cont. of wawiwanġa: wawiwanh mda, I go to inquire. T., wawiyunh.
- wa-wi'-wan h-tu-ken, adv. in an inquiring manner.
- wa-wi'-wan li-ya, adv. inquiringly.
- wa-wi'-ya-ćin, v. of iyaćin; to liken to, to use parables—wawi-mdaćin.
- wa-wi'-ya-ćin-yan, adv. figuratively.
- wa-wi'-ya-htag-i-a, v. to find fault—wawiyahtagiwaa. T., waya-htagia.

- wa-wi'-ya-hta-ka, v. of yahtaka; to bite.
- wa-wi'-ya-ka-pa, v. T. to overcome; to beat in an argument.
- w a w i' y a k a p e y a , v. T. to exceed, go beyond: wawiyakapeićiya, to exceed one's self, to be intemperate.
- wa-wi'-ya-pe, v. of iyape; to lie in wait—wawiyawape.
- wa-wi'-ya-yu-ha, n. one who follows.
- wa-wi'-ya-yuh-ya, adv. T. following.
- wa-wi'-ya-pe, n. an ambush.
- wa-wi'-ya-yuh, cont. T. following, as a colt its mother.
- w a w i' y e k i y a, v. of iyekiya; to recognize—wawiyewakiya.
- wa-wi'-ye-ya, v. of iyeya; to find—wawiyewaya.
- wa-wi'-ye-ye-ća, n. one that finds much, as a good dog.
- wa-wi'-yo-hi, v. of iyohi; to reach to, extend to, arrive at; to be sufficient for—wawiyowahi.
- wa-wi'-yo-hi-ya, v.a. to cause to reach to—wawiyohiwaya.
- wa-wi'-yo-hi-ya, adv. reaching to, arriving at.
- wa-wi'-yo-ki-pi, v. of iyokipi; to be pleased with—wawiyomakipi.
- wa-wi'-yo-ki-pi-ya, adv. joyfully, gladly, pleasingly.
- wa-wi'-yo-ki-śi-ća, v. of iyokiśića; to be sad—wawiyomakiśića.
- wa-wi'-yo-ki-śin, cont. of wawiyokiśića; sad: wawiyokiśin waun, I am sad.

- w a w i'- y o k i ś i n y a, v. of iyokiśinya; to make sad—wawiyokiśinwaya.
- wa-wi'-yo-ki-śin-ya, adv. sadly, sorrowfully.
- wa-wi'-yo-pa-śta-ka, v. of iyopaśtaka; to encourage; urge on.
- wa-wi'-yo-pe-ki-ya, v. of iyopekiya; to sell; to reprove—wawiyopewakiya.
- w a-w i'- y o-p e-ya, v. of iyopeya; to reprove—wawiyopewaya.
- wa-wi'-yu-ka-ki-źa, v. of yukakiźa; to make suffer—wawimdukakiźa.
- wa-wi'-yu-kéan, v. of iyukéan; to judge, to examine—wawimdukéan.
- wa-wi'-yu-kéaŋ-ka, n. one who examines and judges.
- w a w i' y u η \dot{g} a, v. T. i. q. wawiwan \dot{g} a.
- wa-wi'-yun-ga-pi, n. T. in-quiring.
- wa-wi'-yuŋh, cont. T.
- wa-wi'-yunh-tu-kel, adv. T. inquiringly.
- wa-wi'-yu-pi-ya, adv. well, expertly.
- wa-wi'-yu-tan-yan, v. of iyu-tanyan; to tempt: taku wawiyutan-yan un kin, the tempter; temptation.
- wa-wi'-yu-taŋ-ye, n. one who tempts.
- w a w o' \acute{e} e k a , v. T. i. q. waboéeka
- wa-wo'-hiŋ-yaŋ, v. of ohiŋyaŋ; to be dissatisfied with—wawowahiŋyaŋ.

- wa-wo'-ki-ća-hni-ġa, adj. of quick understanding.
- wa-wo'-ki-hi, v. of okihi; to be able—wawowakihi
- w a w o'- k i h i k a, n. one who is able: wićaśta wawokihika, a man of ability.
- wa-wo'-ki-hi-ya, v. to make able—wawokihiwaya.
- wa-wo'-ki-ya, v. of ókiya; to help; to be with, to accompany—wa-wowakiya.
- wa-wo'-ki-ye, n. one who helps; help. See ookiye.
- wa-won'-spe-ki-ya. See waonspekiya.
- wa-wo'-pan, v. T. to pound fine.
- w a w o' -s l a t a, n. T. hair-pipe, used for ornament.
- w a w o' ś t e h d a, v. of ośtehda; to call bad names; one who speaks evil of—wawośtewahda.
- wa-wo'-ya-ka, v. of oyaka; to relate; one who relates, a narrator—wawomdaka.
- wa-wo'-yu-spa, v. T. of oyu-spa; to seize; to arrest, as a prisoner.
- wa-wo'-yu-spa, n. T. a policeman.
- wa-wo'-yu-spa-pi, n. T. making arrests.
- w a w o' ź i , v. of aźiźi; to tell secretly: wawowaźi.
- wa-ya'-a-taŋ-iŋ, v. of yaataŋiŋ; to make manifest, proclaim--wamdaataŋiŋ.
- wa-ya'-a-śda, v. of yaaśda; to graze.

- wa-ya'-a-śda-ya, adv. of yaaśdaya; explaining, unfolding.
- w a y a' a ś k a d a ŋ, v. of yaaśkadaŋ; to speak of as near—wamdaaśkadaŋ.
- wa-ya'-ba-za, v. of yabaza; to bite, as dogs do in playing with one another. T., wayawaza.
- wa-ya'-ba-źa, v. of yabaźa; to bite or gnaw at, as dogs. T., wayawaźa.
- wa-ya'-ćaŋ-ćaŋ, v. of yaćaŋćaŋ; to make shake with the mouth wamdaćaŋćaŋ.
- wa-ya'-će-kće-ka, v. of yaćekćeka; to make stagger by biting, etc.—wamdaćekćeka.
- wa-ya'-će-ya, v. of yaćeya; to make cry by scolding, etc.—wamdaćeya
- wa-ya'-ći-ka-dan, v. See wayaćistinna.
- wa-ya'-ćis-ći-la, v. T. to underrate.
- wa-ya'-éi-stin-na, v. of yaéistinna; to speak of as small, to underrate—wamdaéistinna. T., wayaéiséila.
- wa-ya'-ćo, v. of yaćo; to judge, condemn—wamdaćo. Ih. and T., wayasu.—J. o. D.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{c} \mathbf{o}$, n. a judge: i. q. $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a}$ -yasu.
- wa-ya'-ćo-ćo, v. of yaćoćo; to make soft by biting, to chew—wamdaćoćo.
- wa-ya'-ćo-ćo-ka, n. one who always gives his opinion.
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- wa-ya'-ćo-ya, adv. in the manner of judging.
- wa-ya'-ćo-za, v. of yaćoza; to make warm by biting, etc.—wamda-ćoza.
- wa-ya'-e-će-tu, v. of yaećetu; to accomplish or bring to pass by speaking—wamdaećetu.
- wa-ya'-g mi-yan, v. T. i. q. wa-yamima.
- wa-ya'-ġa, v. of yaġa; to bite off, as husks.
- wa-ya'-ġa-pa, v. of yaġapa; to bite off the skin or husk; one who bites, as a horse.
- wa-ya'-ha-ha-ke, n. one who causes to waver by biting.
- wa-ya'-ha-ha-ye-dan, v. of yahahayedan; to make waver or to render unstable by biting—wamdahahayedan.
- wa-ya'-ha-i-ye-ya, v. to throw down by biting, as one horse does another.
- wa-ya'-hba, v. of yahba; to shell off with the teeth—wamdahba
- wa-ya'-hda, n. of yahda; to draw out or uncoil, as a dog does when eating the fat from entrails.
- wa-ya'-hda-he-ya, adv. of yahdaheya; continuously, connectedly: wayahdaheya ia.
- wa-ya'-hdo-ka, v. of yahdoka; to put out of joint with the teeth.
- wa-ya'-hiŋ-ta, v. of yahiŋta; to brush away with the mouth: one who names every point in his speech and thus brushes it away—wamdahiŋta.

- wa-ya'-hmi-hma, v. of yahmihma; to make roll with the mouth wamdahmihma. T., wayagmigma See wayanminma.
- wa-ya'-hmi-yaŋ-yaŋ, v. to make round with the mouth—wamdahmiyaŋyaŋ.
- wa-ya'-hna-śkin-yan, v. to make crazy by talking to—wamdahnaśkinyan. T., wayagnaśkinyan.
- wa-ya'-hna-yan, v. to miss with the mouth, to deceive, to tell a falsehood—wamdahnayan. T., wayagnayan.
- wa-ya'-hnu-ni, v. to make wander in mind by talking to, to confuse wamdahnuni.
- wa-ya'-ho-ho, v. of yahoho; to make loose by biting—wamdahoho.
- wa-ya'-ho-mni, v. of yahomni; to turn one around by talking, persuade one to change his opinions wamdahomni.
- wa-ya'-ho-ta, n. a species of wild rye; tares: oats.
- wa-ya'-ho-ton, v. of yahoton; to make cry out by biting—wamdahoton.
- wa-ya'-hu-hu-za, v. of yahu-huza; to shake with the mouth—wa-mdahuhuza. T., wayahunhunza.
- wa-ya'-huŋ-huŋ-za, v. T. to shake with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-hu-te-dan, v. to bite off short.
- wa-ya'-ha-pa, v. of yahapa; to scare up by talking, as game—wa-mdahapa.

- wa-ya'-li b'a, v. of yaliba; to make sleepy by talking to—wamdaliba.
- w a y a' h é i , v. of yahéi; to bite out a piece—wamdahéi.
- wa-ya'-lida, v. of yalida; to rattle with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-lida-ta, v. of yalidata; to scratch with the teeth.
- wa-ya'-hde-ća, v. of yahdeća; to tear with the teeth—wamdahdeća.
- wa-ya'-lido-ka, v. of yalidoka; to bite a_hole in—wamdalidoka.
- wa-ya'-he-pa, v. of yahepa; to drink all up—wamdahepa.
- wa-ya'-he-ya-ta, v. of yaheyata; to put one back by talking; one who disparages others by what he says—wamdaheyata.
- wa-ya'-hi-ća, v. of yahića; to waken up, cause one to awaken by speaking to him—wamdahića.
- wa-ya'-hi-ya-ya, v. of yahiyaya; to be awkward in doing any thing with the mouth, as in singing, making a bullet round, etc.—wamdahiyaya.
- wa-ya'-hpa, v. of yahpa; to throw down with the mouth—wamdahpa.
- wa-ya'-hpu, v. of yahpu; to bite off any thing that had been glued on—wamdahpu.
- wa-ya'-hta-ka, v. of yahtaka; to bite; to abuse by speaking evil of: one that bites, as a dog—wamdahtaka.
- wa-ya'-hu, v. of yahu; to peel off with the teeth—wamdahu.
- wa-ya'-hu-ġa, v. of yahuġa; to crush with the teeth—wamdahuġa.

- wa-ya'-i-de, v. of yaide; to blow and make blaze—wamdaide. T., waile.
- w a y a' i h a, v. of yaiha; to make laugh by talking; one who jests and makes others laugh.
- wa-ya'-i-na-hni, v. to hasten, make hurry—wamdainahni.
- w a y a' i n i n a, v. of yainina; to put to silence by speaking—wamdainina.
- wa-ya'-i-nin-ya, adv. putting to silence: wayaininya ia.
- wa-ya'-i-śte-ća, v. to make ashamed by talking to.
- wa-ya'-i-yo-ka, v. of yaiyoka; to set aside by counter argument; one who in argument refutes what has been said by others. T., wawiyakapa
- wa-ya'-i-yo-wa, v. of yaiyowa; to make yawn by talking. T., iyoyaya.
- wa-ya'-i-yo-wa-za, v. to speak of as pertaining to.
- wa-ya'-ka, n. a captive taken in war, a prisoner: wayaka ahdi, to bring home a captive.
- wa-ya'-ka-ka, v. of yakaka; to champ, as a horse. T., wayatata.
- wa-ya'-ka-pa, v. of yakapa; to catch in the mouth—wamdakapa.
- wa-ya'-ka-tin, v. to straighten with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-ka-wa, v. of yakawa; to open with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-kéa, v. of yakéa; to untie with the mouth, to disentangle—wamdakéa.

- wa-ya'-ke-za, v. to make smooth with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-kiŋ-za, v. to grit or grind the teeth, as a cow. T., higla-kiŋza.
- wa-ya'-ko-ke-daŋ, v. to make active by talking to—wamdakokedaŋ.
- wa-ya'-ko-ko-ka, v. to make the teeth rattle—wamdakokoka.
- wa-ya'-kon-tkon-ta, v to indent or notch with the teeth—wa-mdakontkonta.
- wa-ya'-ko-ya-han-na, v. to hasten one by speaking to him. T, wayainahniya.
- wa-ya'-kpan, v. of yakpan; to masticate—wamdakpan.
- wa-ya'-kpi, v. of yakpi; to crack with the teeth, as a louse—wamdakpi
- wa-ya'-ksa, v. of yaksa; to bite off—wamdaksa.
- wa-ya'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of wayaksa.
- wa-ya'-ksa-pa, v. of yaksapa; to make wise by instructing, to teach wamdaksapa.
- wa-ya'-kśi-źa, v. of yakśiźa; to double up with the teeth—wamdakśiźa.
- wa-ya'-ktan, v. of yaktan; to bend with the teeth—wamdaktan.
- wa-ya'-ktan-yan, adv. bending with the teeth.
- waya'-ku-ka, v. of yakuka; to bite to pieces—wamdakuka.
- wa-ya'-ke-ga, v. of yakega; to gnaw—wamdakega.

- wa-ya'-ke-za, v. of yakeza; to bite smooth—wamdakeza.
- w a y a' k o g a, v. of yakoga; to gnaw—wamdakoga.
- wa-ya'-mda-ska, v. of yamdaska; to make flat with the mouth wamdamdaska.
- w a y a' m d a y a, v. of yamdaya; to make level with the mouth—wamdamdaya.
- w a y a' m d a z a, v. of yamdaza; to bite or tear open with the teeth—wamdamdaza.
- wa ya' mde ća, v. of yamdeća; to break, crush, or tear in pieces with the teeth—wamdamdeća.
- wa-ya'-mde-za, v. of yamdeza; to cheer up by speaking—wamdamdeza.
- wa-ya'-mdu, v. of yamdu; to chew fine—wamdamdu.
- w a y a' m d u m d u, v. red. of wayamdu.
- wa-ya'-mi-ma, v. of yamima; to make round in the mouth—wamda-mima. T, wayagmiyan.
- wa-ya'-mna, v. of yamna; to rip with the teeth; to gain by talking—wa-mdamna.
- wa-ya'-mnu-ga, v. to grind, as in eating parched corn—wamda-mnuga.
- wa-ya'-mnu-mnu-ġa, v. red. of wayamnuġa; to gnaw, as a dog does bone. See yamnumnuġa.
- wa-ya'-n mi-n ma, v. of yanminma; to roll with the mouth—wamdanminma. See wayahmihma. wa-ya'-o-ći-pte-ća, v. of yao-

- cipteca; to lessen; to count less, to depreciate—wamdaocipteca.
- wa-ya'-o-éi-pten, cont. of wayaocipteca.
- wa-ya'-o-ći-pten-ya, adv. counting less.
- wa-ya'-o-ći-pte-tu, adv. in a lessening manner.
- wa-ya'-o-ći-tpa-ni, v. to speak of as unequal; to make unequal with the mouth. T., wayaokpaniyan.
- wa-ya'-o-ġaŋ, v. to bite a hole in. T., yaóhloka.
- wa-ya'-o-hda-pśin-yan, v. of yaohdapśinyan; to root over, as a hog does any thing: wayaohdapśinyan iyeya. T., wayaptan iyeya.
- wa-ya'-o-han-ko, v. of yaohanko; to make quick by speaking to wamdaohanko.
- wa-ya'-o-ksa, v. of yaoksa; to bite through—wamdaoksa.
- wa-ya'-o-ktan, v. of yaoktan; to bendinto with the teeth—wamdaoktan.
- w a ya'-o-n i-h a n, v. of yaonihan; to praise, to honor—wamdaonihan.
- wa-ya'-o-ni-han-yan, adv. praising.
- wa-ya'-o-ptel-ya, v. T. to make less with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-o-tan, v. to exhort—wamdaotan. T., also to praise; i. q. yaonihan.
- wa-ya'-o-tan-in, v. of yaotanin; to make manifest; one who makes manifest—wamdaotanin.
- wa-ya'-pa, v. of yapa; to hold in the mouth—wamdapa.

- wa-ya'-pa-ko, v. of yapako; to bend with the teeth—wamdapako. T. wayaktan.
- wa-ya'-pe-mni, v. of yapemni; to twist with the teeth—wamdapemni.
- wa-ya'-pe-sto, v. of yapesto; to bite to a point—wamdapesto.
- wa-ya'-pi, v. See wayapika.
- w a y a' p i k a , v. n. to be fluent, to speak a language well, to be eloquent—wamdapika, wadapika.
- wa-ya'-pi-ya, adv. fluently.
- wa-ya'-po-pa, v. of yapopa; to make burst by biting—wamdapopa.
- wa-ya'-po-ta, v. of yapota; to tear in pieces with the mouth, to rend; one who tears in pieces with the teeth, as a dog—wamdapota.
- wa-ya'-psa-ka, v. of yapsaka; to bite off, as cords—wamdapsaka.
- w a y a' p s i é a, v. of yapsića; to make hop by biting—wamdapsića.
- wa-ya'-pson, v. of yapson; to spill with the mouth—wamdapson.
- w a y a' p s u \mathfrak{n} , v. Same as waya-pso \mathfrak{n} .
- wa-ya'-pśuŋ, v. of yapśuŋ; to shed, as a horse his teeth.
- wa-ya'-ptan-yan, v. of yaptanyan; to turn over with the mouth, roll over—wamdaptanyan. T., to root over, as a hog the ground.
- wa-ya'-pte-će-dan, v. of yaptećedan; to bite off short.
- w a y a' p t u ź a , v. of yaptuźa; to split, as a tooth—wamdaptuźa.
- w a y a' s b a, v. to pick off with the teeth—wamdasba.

- w a y a' s d e 6 a, v. of yasde6a; to split with the teeth.
- wa-ya'-sdo-han, v. of yasdohan; to drag along with the mouth, as a wolf or other animal does his prey.
- wa-ya'-sdu-ta, v. to pull out with the teeth, as a dog does.
- wa-ya'-ska-pa, v. ho wayaskapa, said of the creaking noise made by fish when they come to the top of the water. T., to make a noise, as in kissing; to kiss. See howaskapa.
- wa-ya'-ske-pa, v. of yaskepa; to drink all out.
- wa-ya'-ski-ća, v. of yaskića; to press on with the mouth—wamda-skića.
- wa-ya'-ski-ta, v. to press on with the mouth, make tight—wamdaskita.
- wa-ya'-sku, v. of yaska; to peel off with the teeth, bite off the skin or rind—wamdasku.
- wa-ya'-sku-sku, v. red. of wayasku; to bite off the rind or hull wamdaskusku.
- wa-ya'-sma-ka, v. of yasmaka; to bite and make indentations.
- wa-ya'-smin, v. of yasmin; to gnaw off, as dogs do.
- wa-ya'-smin-yan-yan, v. to be eaten off smooth.
- wa-ya'-sna, v. of yasna; to make ring with the mouth; to ravel—wamdasna.
- wa-ya'-sni, v. to make go out by talking, talk until the fire goes out.

- wa-ya'-so-ta, v. of yasota; to eat all up, as food; to use up, as words—wamdasota.
- wa-ya'-so-te-ća, n one who eats up much.
- wa-ya'-spa-ya, v. of yaspaya; to wet with the mouth—wamdaspaya.
- w a y a' s t a n k a, v. of yastanka; to moisten with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-sto, v. of yasto; to lick down, as one cow does the hair of another.
- wa-ya'-su, v. of yasu; to make good with the mouth, by speaking, etc.—wamdasu. T., to judge; pronounce sentence; to condemn.
- wa-ya'-su, n. T. and Ih. a judge.
- wa-ya'-su-ta, v. of yasuta; to make firm with the mouth, to establish or decree—wamdasuta.
- wa-ya'-śa-pa, v. of yaśapa; to soil with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-śda, v. of yaśda; to graze off, make bare, as cattle do by grazing.
- wa-ya'-śdo-ka, v of yaśdoka; to bite out.
- wa-ya'-śi-ća, v. of yaśića; to speak evil of, to curse—wamdaśića, waunyaśićapi.
- w a y a' ś i h d a, v. of yaśihda; to make angry by talking to.
- wa-ya'-śi-htin, v. of yaśihtin; to enfeeble by biting or talking to wamdaśihtin. T., to spoil or make bad with the mouth; to talk badly about; to find fault with.
- wa-ya'-śi-htiŋ-ka, n. T. one who always finds fault.

- wa-ya'-śi-pa, v. of yaśipa; to bite off close.
- wa-ya'-śka, v. of yaśka; to untie with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-śkan-śkan, v. of yaśkanśkan; to cause to move with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-śki-ća, v. of yaśkića; to chew and press with the mouth, as in chewing tobacco—wamdaśkića.
- wa-ya'-śki-śka, v. of yaśkiśka; to bite and make rough; to get into difficulty by talking; to make difficulty by talking; to misrepresent wamdaśkiśka.
- w a y a' ś k o k p a, v. of yaśkokpa; to gnaw out a hollow place—wamdaśkokpa.
- wa-ya'-śko-pa, v. of yaśkopa; to make warp or twist with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-śko-tpa, v. Same as wayaśkokpa.
- wa-ya'-śna, v. of yaśna; to miss or let fall from the mouth; to make mistakes in talking; to stammer wamdaśna.
- w a y a' \pm p a , v. of yaspa; to bite off pieces—wamdaspa.
- wa-ya'-śpi, v. of yaśpi; to pick off fruit, as birds do.
- wā-ya'-śpu, v. of yaśpu; to pick off with the mouth something that has been stuck on.
- wa-ya'-śpu-ya, v. of yaśpuya; to tickle by biting, as lice or fleas.
- wa'-ya-stan, v. of ayastan; to complete with the mouth, as eating or speaking—wamdastan.

- crush with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-ta, v. 2d pers. sing. of wota. wa - ya' - ta, v. of wota; to chew wamdata.
- wa-ya'-ta-ta, v. T. $to \ champ,$ as a horse.
- wa-ya'-ta-ku-ni-śni, v. of yatakuniśni; to destroy with the mouthwamdatakuniśni
- wa-ya'-tan, n. a blister, blister salve.
- wa-ya'-tan-in, v. of yatanin; to*make manifest*—wamdataŋiŋ.
- wa ya' tan ka, v. of yatanka; to speak of as large—wamdatanka.
- wa-ya'-te-han, v. to speak of as far.
- wa-ya'-te-han-han, v. to speak slowly—wamdatehanhan.
- wa-ya'-te-hi-ka, v. of yatehika; to speak of as difficult—wamdatehika.
- wa-ya'-te-kon-za, v. (wayata and konza) to chew the cud, as cows.
- wa ya' te pa, v. of yatepa; towear off the teeth—wamdatepa.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{n}$, \mathbf{v} . of yatitan; \mathbf{to} pull with the teeth—wamdatitan.
- wa-ya'-tkan, v. of yatkan; to drink—wamdatkan, waunyatkanpi.
- wa-ya'-tke-ki-ya, v.a. to cause to drink; to give medicine to-wayatkewakiya.
- wa-ya'-tkon-tkon-ta, v. See wayakontkonta.
- wa ya' tkon za, v. of yatkonza; to make equal—wamdatkonza.
- wa-ya'-tkun-za, v. See wayatkonża.

- w a y a' \pm u \pm a, v. of yasuza; to | w a y a' t o g y a, adv. wayatogya ia, to speak of other things.
 - wa-ya'-to-kan, v. of yatokan; to speak off as in another place—wamdatokan.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{t} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{a}$, v. of yatokeća; to alter, change, speak of as different wamdatokeća.
 - wa-ya'-tpan, v. of yatpan; to chew up fine—wamdatpan, waunyatpanpi. T., wayakpan.
 - wa ya' tpu tpa, v. of yatputpa; to bite up into crumbs-wamdatputpa. T., wayakpukpa.
 - wa-ya'-tu-ka, v. of yatuka; to nibble off, as hair, etc —wamdatuka.
 - wa-ya'-tu-ta, v. to make smart by biting—wamdatuta.
 - wa-ya'-tu-tka, v. to bite off in little pieces—wamdatutka.
 - wa-ya'-ta, v. of yata; to bite to death—wamdaṭa.
 - wa-ya'-tin-za, v. of yatinza; to make firm with the mouth; to estab-. lish, declare.
 - $wa-ya'-u\eta-ka$, v. to bite and make fall, as a beaver does trees.
 - wa-ya'-wa, v. of yawa; to read; to count—wamdawa, waunyawapi.
 - wa-ya'-wa-hin-yan-za, v. of yawahinyanza; to bite and make cross: wayawahinyansya kuwa, to keep biting for the purpose of making cross.
 - wa-ya'-wa-kan, v. to speak of as sacred—wamdawakan.
 - wa-ya'-wan-ka, v. to bite down, as a beaver does trees.

- wa-ya'-wa-pi, n. reading; numeration, arithmetic.
- wa-ya'-wa-ś'a-ka, v. to call strong—wamdawaś'aka.
- wa-ya'-wa-śa-ka-dan, v. to speak of as easy or cheap—wamdawaśakadan.
- wa-ya'-wa-śte, v. of yawaśte; to bless—wamdawaśte, wadawaśte, waunyawaśtepi.
- wa-ya'-we-ġa, v. of yaweġa; to break partly off with the mouth—wamdaweġa.
- w a y a' w i 6 a k a, v. to call true—wamdawićaka.
- wa-ya'-wi-ća-śta-śni, v. to speak of as wicked—wamdawićaśtaśni.
- wa-ya'-wi-hnu-ni, v. of yawihnuni; to destroy with the mouth wamdawihnuni.
- w a y a' w i n ź a, v. to bend down with the mouth—wamdawinźa.
- wa-ya'-za, v. to string, as beads—wamdaza.
- wa-ya'-za-mni, v. of yazanini; to uncover with the mouth.
- wa-ya'-zan, v. of yazan; to be sick wamayazan, waniyazan, waunyazanpi: wayazan hinhda, to be taken sick suddenly.
- wa-ya'-zaŋ-hda, v. to become sick, to feel sick—wayazaŋ wahda.
- wa-ya'-zaŋ-ka, v. to be sick wamayazaŋka: wayazaŋke ćiŋ, one who is sick.
- wa-ya'-ze, v. of yaze; to take out food with the mouth, as a dog.

- wa-ya'-zi-ća, v. to stretch anything with the mouth—wamdazića.
- wa-ya'-zo-ka, v. of yazoka: to suck, as sugar or candy—wamda-zoka.
- wa-ya'-zon-ta, v. of yazonta; to connect, as language—wamdazon-ta. T., to praise an undeserving person.
- wa-ya'-za, v. to crush or bite up.
- wa-ya'-źa-źa, v. of yaźaźa; to wash or make clean with the mouth, as a wolf or dog does by licking bones
- wa-ya'-źi-pa, v. of yaźipa; to bite, as mosquitoes do.
- wa-ya'-źo, v. of yaźo; to blow on instruments—wamdaźo.
- wa-ya'-źu-źu, v. of yaźuźu; to demolish with the mouth, as an argument by counter argument; to tear in pieces, as a dog does anything with his mouth; one who demolishes with his mouth—wamdaźuźu.
- wa-ye', v. a. T. to hunt: waye omani, wayei, etc.
- wa-ye'-ki-ya-pi, n. T. gambling. See oeconna.
- wa-ye'-ki-ya-śka-ta, v. T. to play for stakes, to gamble.
- wa-yu'-a-ki-han, v. of yuakihan; to make starve.
- wa-yu'-a-ki-pam, adv. separately. See yuakipam.
- wa-yu'-a-mda-ya, v. of yuamdaya; to make level.

- wa-yu'-a-śda-ya, v. of yuaśdaya; to make manifest; to uncover—wamduaśdaya.
- wa-yu'-a-śka-daŋ, v. of yuaśkadaŋ; to make near.
- wa-yu'-a-zi, v of yuazi; to run aground, as a boat.
- wa-yu'-ba-za, v. of yubaza; to trouble, annoy, vex; to twist, roll—wamdubaza.
- wa-yu'-bo-sda-ta, v. of yubosdata: to set upright.
- wa-yu'-bu, v. of yubu; to make a drumming noise.
- \mathbf{w} a \mathbf{y} u' \mathbf{b} u \mathbf{b} u, v. red. of wayubu
- wa-yu'-ćaŋ, v. of yućaŋ; to sift—wamdućaŋ.
- wa-yu'-ćaŋ-ćaŋ, v. red. of wa-yućaŋ; to shake, sift.
- wa-yu'-će-ka, v. See wayućekćeka.
- wa-yu'-će-kće-ka, v. of yućekćeka; to make stagger—wamdućekćeka.
- wa-yu'-će-ya, v. of yućeya; to make cry.
- wa-yu'-ći-ka-dan, v. of yućikadan; to make small, to compress wamdućikadan.
- wa-yu'-ći-stiŋ-na, v. to make small—wamdućistiŋna. T., wayu-ćisćila.
- wa-yu'-ćo, adv. of ayućo; well, neatly: wayućo śni, carelessly.
- wa-yu'-ćo-ćo, adv. red. of wayućo.
- wa-yu'-ćo-ka-ka, v. of yućokaka; to take out, empty, as the load from a gun—wamdućokaka. T., oyúćokaka.

- wa-yu'-ćo-ya, adv. well. See ayućoya.
- wa-yu'-ćo-za, v. of yućoza; to make warm by kindling a fire—wa-indućoza.
- wa-yu'-e-će-dan, v. of yuećedan; to purify—wamduećedan.
- wa-yu'-e-će-tu, v. of yuećetu; to make right, fulfil, accomplish wamduećetu.
- wa-yu'-e-ći, v. of yueći; to turn wrong side out—wamdueći.
- wa-yu'-ġa, v. of yuġa; to open out or pull off, as in husking corn wamduġa.
- wa-yu'-ġaŋ, v. of yuġaŋ; to open—wamduġaŋ.
- wa-yu'-ġa-pa, v. of yuġapa; to take off the skin, as from an animal, to flay—wamduġapa.
- wa-yu'-ġa-ta, v. of yuġata; to spread out, as the hands—wamduġata.
- wa-yu'-go, v. of yugo; to make crooked grooves, as in arrows.
- wa-yu'-ġo-dan, n. See wanyuġodan.
- wa-yu'-gu-ka, v. of yuguka; to stretch, strain; to sprain—wamdu-guka.
- wa-yu'-ha-ha-ka, n. of yuha; one who possesses much—wamduhahaka.
- wa-yu'-ba-ha-ye-dan, v. of yuhahayedan; to make unsteady—wamduhahayedan; to make unsteady—wamduhahayedan.
- wa-yu'-ha-i-ye-ya, v. of yuha iyeya; to throw or push down.

- wa-yu'-hba; v. of yuhba; to shell off—wamduhba.
- wa-yu'-hbe-za, v. of yuhbeza; to make rough.
- wa-yu'-hda, v. of yuhda; to untwist, uncoil—wamduhda.
- wa-yu'-hdo-ka, v. to dislocate—wamduhdoka.
- wa-yu'-he-ća, n. one who possesses much—wamduheća.
- wa-yu'-hi, v. of yuhi; to drive off, as game—wamduhi. T., to arouse, startle, etc.
- wa-yu'-hi-ka, adj. T. disturbing; troublesome.
- wa-yu'-hiŋ-ta, v. of yuhiŋta; to sweep off—wamduhiŋta.
- wa-yu'-hmi-hma, v. of yuhmi-hma; to roll—wamduhmihma.
- wa-yu'-hmi-yan-yan, v. of yuhmiyanyan; to make round—wamduhmiyanyan.
- wa-yu'-hmuŋ, v. of yuhmuŋ; to twist—wamduhmuŋ.
- wa-yu'-hna, v. of yuhna; to shake off, as fruit.
- wa-yu'-h na-śkiŋ-yaŋ, v. of yuhnaśkiŋyaŋ; to make crazy—wa-mduhnaśkiŋyaŋ.
- wa-yu'-hna-yan, v. to miss, deceive.
- wa-yu'-hnu-ni, v. of yuhnuni; to make wander.
- wa-yu'-ho-ho, v. of yuhoho; to catch and hold loosely, as something too large to grasp—wamduhoho.
- w a' y u h o m n i, v. of ayuhomni; to turn round on.

- w a'- y u h o t a, v. to desire much—as food—wamduhota.
- wa-yu'-ho-ton, v. to cause to make a noise.
- wa-yu'-hu-hu-za, v. of yuhu-huza; to shake—wamduhuhuza. T., wayuhunhunza.
- wa-yu'-hu-te-daŋ, v. of yuhutedaŋ; to make short, wear to a stump—wamduhutedaŋ. T., hute okaŋyela yutepa. See okaŋyela and otehaŋ.
- wa-yu'-haŋ-di-ta, v. to make quick or active. T, wayuohaŋko. See yuhaŋdita.
- wa-yu'-han-hi, v. to make slow, to retard. See yuhanhi.
- wa-yu'-ha-tka, v. of yuhatka; to make rough.
- wa-yu'-lida, v. of yulida; $to \ make \ rattle$.
- wa-yu'-hda-gan, v. of yuhda-gan; to make larger, to enlarge.
- wa-yu'-hda-ta, v. of yuhdata; to scratch; to dig under.
- w a y u' h d e é a, v. of yuhdeéa; to tear—wamduhdeéa.
- wa-yu'-hdo-ka, v. of yulidoka; to make a hole; to open—wamdulidoka.
- wa-yu'-he-pa, v. of yuhepa; to drain off; to absorb.
- wa-yu'-he-ya-ta, v. of yuhe-yata; to shove aside, push back.
- wa-yu'-hi-ća, v. of yuhića; to waken one up, cause to awake—wamduhića.
- wa-yu'-hi-ya-ya, v. of yuliyaya; to be awkward, to bungle wamduliyaya.

- wa-yu'-hi-ya-ya-ka, n. a bungler. wa-yu'-hmi, v. of yuhmi; to make crooked.
- wa-yu'-hmin, v. of yuhmin; to throw off sideways.
- wa-yu'-hmun, v. of yuhmun; to make buzz.
- wa-yu'-hpa, v. of yuhpa; to lay down, throw down; to buy a wife—wamdulipa. See wohpa. T., "to buy a wife" is winyan cin.—w. J. c.
- wa-yu'-hpu, v. of yuhpu; to pick off pieces.
- wa-yu'-hta-ta, v.a. T. to offer sacrifice; to kill in sacrifice—wablu-htata: generally used of animate objects, as waunyan is of inanimate ones
- wa-yu'-hta-ta, n. T. a priest; one who offers sacrifice: wayuhtata itanéan, a chief priest.
- wa-yu'-hta-ta-pi, n. T. sacrifices; animals or things offered in sacrifice.
- wa-yu'-htan-yan, v. of yuhtan-yan; to make rough.
- wa-yu'-htu-ta, v. of yuhtuta; to make rough, break the grain of a skin in dressing—wamduhtuta.
- wa-yu'-hu, v. of yuhu; to peel—wamduhu
- wa-yu'-hu-ġa, v. of yuhuġa; to break holes in—wamduhuġa.
- wa-yu'-huŋ-ta, v. of yuhuŋta; to make soft or pliant, as a skin by rubbing—wamduhuŋta.
- wa-yu'-huŋ-wiŋ, v. of yuhuŋwiŋ; to cause to putrefy.

- wa-yu'-i- \acute{e} i- \acute{e} a-hi, v. of yui \acute{e} i- \acute{e} ahi; to mingle.
- wa-yu'-i-de, v. of yuide; to make blaze.
- wa-yu'-i-na-hni, v. of yuinahni; to cause to hasten—wamduinahni.
- w a y u' i s t e ć a, v. of yuisteća; to make ashamed.
- wa-yu'-i-yo-ka, v. wayuiyog iyeya, to push aside, put out of the way. T., yutokaniyeya.
- wa-yu'-i-yo-wa-za, v. of yui-yowaza; to cause an echo.
- w a y u' k a k i ź a , v. of yukakiźa; to make suffer—wamdukakiźa.
- wa-yu'-kan, v. of yukan; to shake off, as dew.
- wa-yu'-ka-pa, v. of yukapa; to catch in the hand, as a ball—wamdu-kapa.
- wa-yu'-ka-tin, v. of yukatin; to straighten out.
- wa-yu'-ka-wa, v. of yukawa; to open out, push back—wamdukawa.
- wa-yu'-kéa, v. of yukéa; to unfold, untie—wamdukéa.
- wa-yu'-kéaŋ, v. of yukéaŋ; to examine, investigate—wamdukéaŋ.
- wa-yu'-ke-ća, v. n. of yukan; there is some.
- wa-yu'-kiŋ-ća, v. of yukiŋća; to scrape.
- wa-yu'-kiŋ-za, v. of yukiŋza; to make creak—wamdukiŋza.
- wa-yu'-ki-pa-źa, v. of yukipaźa; to double or fold up.
- wa-yu'-ki-pe-han, v. of yuki-pehan; to fold up.

- rattle.
- wa-yu'-ko-ke-dan, v. of yukokedan; to make active.
- wa-yu'-ko-ko-ka, v. of yukokoka; to rattle.
- w a y u' k o p e h d a, v. of yukopehda; to frighten.
- wa-yu'-ko-ya-han-na, v. to make hasten.
- wa-yu'-kpan, v. of yukpan; to make fine, pulverize, grind, as grain wamdukpan, wadukpan, waunyukpanpi. See wokpan and wayutpan.
- wa-yu'-kpi, v. of yukpi; to crack. wa-yu'-ksa, v. of yuksa; to break off-wamduksa, waduksa, waunyuksapi. See woksa.
- wa-yu'-kse, v.a. T. to break off, as ears of corn; to harvest, as corn.
- wa-yu'-ksa-ksa, v. red. of wayuksa.
- wa-yu'-ksa-pa, v. of yuksapa; to make wise; one who makes wise, an instructor—wamduksapa.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{u}' \mathbf{k} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{a}$, \mathbf{v} . of $\mathbf{y} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{a}$; to \mathbf{roll}
- wa-yu'-kśa-dan, v. of yukśadan; to bend up.
- wa-yu'-kśan, v. of yukśan; to bend.
- wa-yu'-kśi-źa, v. of yukśiźa; to double up.
- wa-yu'-ktan, v. of yuktan; to bend-wamduktan.
- wa-yu'-ku-ka, v. of yukuka; to spoil, wear out.

- wa-yu'-ko-ka, v. of yukoka; to | wa-yu'-ke-ga, v. of yukega; to scratch.
 - wa-yu'-ke-za, v. of yukeza; to make smooth.
 - $wa-yu'-ko-\dot{g}a$, v. of $yuko\dot{g}a$; to scratch, make rough.
 - wa-yu'-ko-za, v. of yukoza; to make smooth.
 - wa-yu'-ma-hen-i-ye-ya, v. to put or push into.
 - wa-yu'-man, v. of yuman; to whet, *file, grind,* as edged tools—wamdube.
 - wa yu' mda ska, v. of yumdaska; to make flat.
 - wa yu' mda ya, v. of yumdaya;to spread out, make level-wamdumdaya.
 - wa yu' mda za, v. of yumdaza; to rip open.
 - wa yu' mde ća, v. of yumdeća;to crush, break in pieces—wamdumdeća.
 - wa yu' mdu, v. of yumdu; to make mellow; to plough—wamdumdu, wadumdu. See womdu.
 - wa-yu'-mi-ma, v. of yumima; to make round by grinding-wamdumima.
 - wa-yu'-mna, v. of yumna; to rip.
 - wa'-yu-mni, v. of ayumni; to turn round on.
 - wa-yu'-mni-ga, v. of yumniga; to make shrink or draw up.
 - wa-yu'-na-ke-ya, v. of yunakeya; to turn on one side.
 - wa yu' na zin, v. of yunazin; to cause to stand up—wamdunazin.

- wa-yu'-ni-ya-śni, v. of yuniyaśni; to suffocate, to strangle—wamduniyaśni.
- wa-yu'-nmi-nma, v. of yu-nminma; to roll. T., wayugmigma.
- wa-yu'-o-éin-éi-éa, v. of yuoéinsiéa: to make cross.
- w a y u' o é i p t e é a, v. of yuoéipteéa; to make of different lengths. T., wayuoptetu.
- wa-yu'-o-ci-pten, cont. of wayuocipteca. T., wayuoptel.
- wa-yu'-o-ći-pten-ya, adv. diminishing in size.
- wa-yu'-o-ci-pte-tu, v. to make longer and shorter, to lessen—wamduociptetu.
- wa-yu'-o-ći-tkoŋ-za, v. of yuoćitkoŋza; to make equal. T., wayuotkoŋza.
- wa-yu'-o-ći-tpa-ni, v. of yuoćitpani; to make unequal. T., wayuoćikpani.
- wa-yu'-o-hda-pśiŋ-yaŋ-iye-ya, v. to turn bottom up.
- w a y u' o h a h a, v. of yuohaha; to fill up, as holes. T., okáta, of o and katá.
- wa-yu'-o-han-ko, v. of yuohanko; to make hasten—wamduohanko. See wayuhandita.
- wa-yu'-o-hmin, v. of yuohmin; to miss, to throw on one side of the mark.
- wa-yu'-o-hpa, v. of yuohpa; to break through into.
- wa-yu'-o-ka-hbo-ka, v. of yuokahboka; to cause to float.

- wa-yu'-o-ki-ni-han, v. of yuo-kinihan; to make honorable.
- w a y u' o k o n w a n ź i d a n, v. of yuokonwanźidan; to make into one, to unite.
- wa-yu'-o-mde-ća, v. of yuomdeća; to scatter abroad, to disperse—wamduomdeća.
- wa-yu'-o-ni-han, v. of yuonihan; to honor; to be respectful wamduonihan.
- wa-yu'-o-ni-han-yan, adv. respectfully.
- wa-yu'-o-s'in, v. of yuos'in; to hate—wainduos'in. T., waóyus'in.
- wa-yu'-o-śin, v. of yuośin; to tie in a fast knot—wamduośin. T., wayúoseya.
- wa-yu'-o-ta, v. of yuota; to multiply—wamduota.
- wa-yu'-o-taŋ-iŋ, v. of yuotaŋiŋ; to make manifest—wamduotaŋiŋ.
- w a y u' o ț i ŋ z a, v. of yuoțiŋza; to make tight in—wamduoțiŋza.
- wa-yu'-o-wo-tan, v. of yuowotan; to straighten, to make upright—wamduowotan.
- wa-yu'-o-wo-tan-na, v. Same as wayuowotan.
- wa-yu'-pa-ko, v. of yupako; to make crooked.
- wa-yu'-paŋ-ġa, v. of yupaŋġa; to tie up loosely, make puff out—wamdupaŋġa
- wa-yu'-paŋ-ge-ća, n. one who ties nothing up well, one who ties so that it always puffs out—wamdupaŋġeća.

- wa-yu'-paŋ-paŋ, v. of yupaŋpaŋ; to make soft — wamdupaŋpaŋ..
- wa-yu'-paŋ-paŋ-na, v. See wayupaŋpaŋ.
- wa-yu'-pa-tu-źa, v. of yupatuźa; to bend down
- wa-yu'-pe-han, v of yupehan; to fold up.
- wa-yu'-pe-mni, v. of yupemni; to twist.
- wa-yu'-pi, v. n. to be skillful, ingenious—wamdupi, wadupi, waunyupipi.
- wa-yu'-pi-ka, v.n. to be expert, skillful, dexterous—wamdupika, wadupika.
- wa-yu'-pi-ya, adv. skillfully, expertly, well.
- wa-yu'-pi-ya-han, adv. well, skillfully. T., wayúpiyakel.
- wa-yu'-po-pa, v. of yupopa; to cause to burst.
- wa-yu'-po-ta, v. of yupota; to wear out, cutup—wamdupota, waun-yupotapi.
- wa-yu'-po-te-ća, n. one who wears out or uses up much.
- w a y u' p o w a y a, v. of yupowaya; to brush up, as fur.
- wa-yu'-psa-ka, v. of yupsaka; to break, as cords—wamdupsaka.
- w a y u' p s i ć a , v. of yupsića; to make jump—wamdupsića.
- wa-yu'-pson, v. of yupson; to spill out—wamdupson.
- wa-yu'-pśuŋ, v. of yupśuŋ; to pull out by the roots, to dislocate—wamdupśuŋ.

- wa-yu'-pta, v. of yupta; to cut out, as clothes—wamdupta.
- wa'-yu-pta, v. of ayupta; to answer—wamdupta
- wa-yu'-ptaŋ-yaŋ, v. of yuptaŋyaŋ; to turn over—wamduptaŋyaŋ.
- wa'-yu-ptaŋ-yaŋ, v. of ayuptaŋyaŋ; to turn back on one, redound on one's self or one's relatives.
- wa-yu'-pta-ya, n. of yuptaya; one who collects.
- wa-yu'-pte-će-dan, v. of yuptećedan; to shorten. T., wayupćećela.
- wa-yu'-ptu-ha, v. of yuptuha; to pick to pieces.
- wa-yu'-ptu-źa, v. of yuptuźa; to crack, split.
- wa-yu'-san, v. of yusan; to whiten, to whitewash. See wayuska.
- wa-yu'-sa-pa, v. of yusapa; to blacken.
- wa-yu'-sba, v. of yusba; to pick in pieces.
- wa-yu'-sbu, v. of yusbu; to make a noise, as in handling shelled corn.
- w a y u' s d e ć a, v. of yusdeća; to split—wamdusdeća.
- wa-yu'-sdo-han, v. of yusdo-han; to draw along—wamdusdo-han.
- wa-yu'-sdu-ta, v. of yusduta; to pull out—wamdusduta.
- wa-yu'-se-pa, v. of yusepa; to rub off, as dirt or paint—wamdu-sepa. T., wayutepa.

- wa-yu'-ska, v. of yuska; to whiten, make white; to clear one who has been charged with a crime, to acquit—wamduska. See wayusan.
- wa-yu'-ska-pi, n. onewho hasbeen cleared from charges laid against him.
- wa-yu'-ske-pa, v. of yuskepa; to draw all out, to exhaust.
- wa-yu'-ski-ća, v. of yuskića; to press; to be neat and tidy; to surpass all others: one who is feared by or restrains others—wamduskića.
- wa-yu'-ski-ta, v. Same as wayuskića; to bind, press.
- wa-yu'-sku, v. of yusku; to shear off close; pare, shave off—wamdusku.
- wa-yu'-sku-sku, v. red. of wayusku.
- wa-yu'-sla-ta, v. T. to do v thing slowly, deliberately.
- wa-yu'-sla-sla-ta, v. red. T. to do a thing slowly, deliberately. See wákasdata.
- wa-yu'-sma-ka, v. of yusmaka; to hollow out; to indent.
- wa-yu'-smin, v. of yusmin; to pick off, make bare.
- wa-yu'-sna, v. of yusna; to ring, to rustle, as leaves falling; to ravel out—wamdusna.
- wa-yu'-sni, v. of yusni; to make cold, to extinguish.
- wa'-yus-o, v. of ayuso; to wade after; to pare off—wamduso. L., to pare off, to cut in strips or strings. But "to wade after" is copa hiyohi ya.—w. J. c.

- wa'-yus-os-o, v. red. of wáyuso.
- wa-yu'-so-ta, v. of yusota; to spend, use up, consume—wamdu-sota.
- wa-yu'-sto, v. of yusto; to smooth down—wamdusto.
- wa-yu'-sto-ka, n. one who makes smooth.
- wa-yu'-su, v. of yusu; to make good—wamdusu. T., yuwaste.
- wa-yu'-su-ta, v. of yusuta; to make strong, to establish—wamdu-suta.
- wa-yu'-śa, v. of yuśa; to make red.
- wa-yu'-ś'ag-ya, v. a. to overload, as an animal —wayuś'agwaya. T., tkeya wakinkiya.
- w a y u' ś' a k a, v. of yuś'aka; to be overloaded—wamduś'aka.
- wa-yu'-śa-pa, v. of yuśapa; to soil—wamduśapa.
- wa-yu'-śda, v. of yuśda; to make bare, cut off—wamduśda.
- wa-yu'-śdo-ka, v. of yuśdoka; to pull out.
- wa-yu'-śdu-śdu-ta, v. of yuśduśduta; to make slippery.
- w a y u' ś e ć a , v. to make dry up or wither.
- w a y u' ś i ć a, v. of y uśića; to make bad, to speil—wamduśića.
- wa-yu'-śi-htin, v of yuśihtin; to enfeeble—wamduśihtin. T., to make bad; to injure in any way.
- wa-yu'-śik-śi-će-ća, n. T. of wayuśića; one who does nothing well.

- wa-yu'-śiŋ-śiŋ, v. of yuśiŋśiŋ; to tickle—wamduśiŋśiŋ.
- wa-yu'-śiŋ-ye-ya, v. of yuśiŋyeya; to frighten — wayuśiŋyewaya.
- wa-yu'-śi-pa, v. of yuśipa; to break off close. See wayutkuġa.
- wa-yu'-śka, v. of yuśka; to untie.wa-yu'-śkan-śkan, v. of yu-
- śkanskan; to cause to move or stir about—wamduskanskan.
- wa-yu'-śke-han, v. of yuśkehan; to make wild or unsteady, to cause to prance—wamduśkehan.
- w a y u' ś k i , v. of y uśki; to plait—wamduśki.
- wa-yu'-śki-śka, v. of yuśkiśka; to make rough; to make difficult or confused; to make mischief—wamduśkiśka.
- w a y u' ś k o k p a, v. of yuśkokpa; to hollow out.
- wa-yu'-śko-pa, v. of yuśkopa; to make twisting.
- wa-yu'-śko-tpa, v. Same as wayuśkokpa.
- wa-yu'-śna, v. of yuśna; to drop, let slip, make a mistake—wamduśna.
- wa-yu'-śna, v. a. to sacrifice, offer sacrifice—wamduśna, waduśna, waunyuśnapi. See wośna. T., waunyan and wayuhtata.
- wa-yu'-śna-pi, n. sacrificing. T., waunyanpi and wayuhtatapi.
- wa-yu'-śo-śa, v. of yuśośa; to make turbid.
- wa-yu'-śpa, v. of yuśpa; to break off pieces—wamduśpa.

- wa-yu'-śpi, v. of yuśpi; to pick off, as berries—wamduśpi, wadu-śpi, waunyuśpipi. See wośpi.
- wa-yu'-śpu, v. of yuśpu; to pick off anything stuck on—wamduśpu.
- wa-yu'-śpu-ya, v. of yuśpuya; to scratch—wamduśpuya.
- wa-yu'-śtan, v. of yuśtan; to finish—wamduśtan.
- wa-yu'-śtan-ka, n. one who finishes.
- wa-yu'-śu-źa, v. of yuśuża; to crush.
- wa-yu'-ta, v. of yuta; to be eaten up, as by wolves; to eat up; one who eats all up—wawata, wauntapi. See wota.
- wa-yu'-t'an, v. of yut'an; to touch.
- wa-yu'-tan, n. a servant; a master of ceremonies. T., one who passes the food around.
- wa-yu'-tan-ćo-dan, v. of yu-tancodan; to make naked.
- wa-yu'-taŋ-iŋ, v. of yutaŋiŋ; to make manifest, to expose—wamdutaŋiŋ.
- wa-yu'-tan-ka, v. of yutanka; to make large.
- wa-yu'-taŋ-ki-ya, v. of wayutaŋ; to have for cook or master of ceremonies: wayutaŋwićakiyapi, servants.
- wa-yu'-taŋ-ni, v. of yutaŋni; to wear out, make old—wamdutaŋni.
- wa-yu'-tan-ni-ka, n. one who wears out much.
- wa-yu'-t'an-t'an, v. red. of yut'an; to feel all over.
- wa-yu'-tan-ton- $\sin i$, v of yu-tanton $\sin i$; to make an end of, destroy.

- wa-yu'-tan-ya, v. of wayutan; to make master of ceremonies at a feast—wayutanwaya.
- wa-yu'-te-ća, v. of yuteća; to make new, to renew—wamduteća.
- wa-yu'-te-han, v. of yutehan; to make long, to be slow:
- wa-yu'-te-han-han-ka, v. to be always long in doing a thing wamdutehanhanka.
- w a y u' t e h i k a, v. of yutehika; to make difficult—wamdutehika.
- wa-yu'-te-pa, v. of yutepa; to wear off. T., also to rub off, as paint, etc. See wayusepa.
- wa-yu'-te-pe-ća, n. one who wears off.
- wa-yu'-ti-ća, v. of yutića; to scrape away, as a horse does snow by pawing.
- wa-yu'-ti-pa, v. of yutipa; to cramp, draw up.
- wa-yu'-ti-tan, v. of yutitan; to pull.
- w a y u' t k o ŋ z a, v. of yutkoŋza; to make even—wamdutkoŋza. T., wayúotkoŋza.
- wa-yu'-tku-ġa, v. of yutkuġa; to break off square. T., to break off; but "to break off square" is ótkons yuksa.—w. J. c.
- wa-yu'-to-kan, v. of yutokan; to put in another place, to remove wamdutokan.
- wa-yu'-to-ke-ća, v. of yutokeća; to make different, to alter wamdutokeća.

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- wa-yu'-tpan, v. of yutpan; to make fine, to grind—wamdutpan, waunyutpanpi. T., wayukpan. See wotpan and wayukpan.
- wa-yu'-tpu-tpa, v. of yuputpa; to pick to pieces, to make crumble wamdutputpa. T., wayukpukpa.
- wa-yu'-tpu-tpe-ća, n. one who crumbles up or makes fine:
- wa-yu'-tu-ta, v of yututa; to make smart by rubbing—wamdu-tuta.
- wa-yu'-tu-tka, v. of yututka; to break into small pieces.
- wa-yu'-ṭa, v. of yuṭa; to kill, choke to death—wamduṭa.
- wa-yu'-tin-za, v of yutinza; to make firm—wamdutinza.
- wa-yu'-wa-ćin-ton, v. of yuwacinton; to make intelligent.
- wa-yu'-wa-hiŋ-yaŋ-za, v. to make morose or ill disposed. See waciŋhiŋyaŋza, yuwaciŋhiŋyaŋza and wayawahiŋyaŋza.
- wa-yu'-wa-hba-dan, v. of yu-wahbadan; to make gentle or mild—wamduwahbadan.
- wa-yu'-wa-hpa-ni-ća, v. of yuwahpanića; to make poor—wa-mduwahpanića.
- wa-yu'-wa-hte-ka, v. to make unable to do well, to incapacitate; i. q. onspeśni daka.
- wa-yu'-wa-kan, v. of yuwakan; to make sacred, to consecrate—wa-mduwakan.
- wa-yu'-wan-ka, v. of yuwanka; to throw down. T., wayuunka.

- wa-yu'-wan-kan-i-éu, v. to lift up: wayuwankan iyeya, to raise or pry up.
- wa-yu'-wa-ś'a-ka, v. of yuwaś'aka; to make strong, to invigorate—wamduwaś'aka.
- wa-yu'-wa-śa-ka-daŋ, v. of yuwaśakadaŋ; to make cheap or easy—wamduwaśakadaŋ.
- wa-yu'-wa-ś'a-ke-śni, v. to make weak—wamduwaś'akeśni.
- wa-yu'-wa-śte, v. of yuwaśte; to make good, to improve—wamduwaśte, waduwaśte, waunyuwaśtepi. See wayusu.
- wa-yu'-we-ġa, v. of yuweġa; to break partly off—wamduweġa.
- wa-yu'-wi, v. of yuwi; to wrap around.
- wa-yu'-wi-ća-ka, v. of yuwićaka; to make true.
- wa-yu'-wi-ća-śta-śni, v. of yuwićaśtaśni; to make bad, debase, corrupt—wamduwićaśtaśni.
- wa-yu'-wi-hnu-ni, v. of yuwihnuni; to destroy—wamduwihnuni.
- wa-yu'-win-ġa, v. of yuwinġa; to turn around.
- wa-yu'-win-ge-ća, n. one who turns about.
- wa-yu'-win-ta, v. of yuwinta; to spread out the hands to; to stroke—wamduwinta. T., to stroke; to spread out the hands to one in salutation only (for any other purpose they use kiyugata).
- •wa-yu'-win-źa, v. of yuwinźa; to bend down.

- wa-yu'-wi-tan-tan, v. to make proud. See yuwitan.
- wa-yu'-wi-ta-ya, v. of yuwitaya; to gather together, to collect wamduwitaya.
- wa-yu'-wi-tko, v. of yuwitko; to make drunk—wamduwitko.
- wa-yu'-wi-tko-tko-ka, v. to make foolish.
- wa-yu'-wi-ye-ya, v. of yuwiyeya; to make ready—wamduwiyeya.
- wa-yu'-za, v. of yuza; to take; to take the clothes of those who come home in triumph—wamduza. See wakiyuza.
- wa-yu'-za-mni, v. of yuzamni; to uncover—wamduzamni.
- wa-yu'-zan, v. of yuzan; to part or separate, as hair on the head.
- wa-yu'-ze, v. of yuze; to lade or dip out from a kettle—wamduze.
- wa-yu'-zi-ća, v. of yuźića; to stretch—wamduzića.
- wa-yu'-zon-ta, v. of yuzonta; to make connected; to decide—wamduzonta. T., ićikoyagya, to make connected; but iyukćan, to decide.
- wa-yu'-zuŋ-ća, v. Same as wayuzonta.
- wa-yu'-źa, v. of yuźa; to stir up; to make mush or hasty pudding wamduźa.
- wa-yu'-źa-ka, v. of yuźaka; to pull open—wamduźaka.
- wa-yu'-źa-źa, v. of yuźaźa; to wash, as clothes; to do a washing—wamduźaźa, waduźaźa, wauŋyu-źaźapi. See woźaźa.

wa-yu'-źiŋ-ća, v. of yuźiŋća; to pull or blow, as the nose—wamdu-źiŋća.

wa-yu'-źi-pa, v. of yuźipa; to pinch; one who pinches—wamdu-źipa.

wa-yu'-źuŋ, v. of yuźuŋ; to pull out by the roots—wamduźuŋ.

wa-yu'-źu-źu, v. of yùźuźu; to tear down, to demolish—wamduźuźu.

wa-za'-za, v. n. to dangle; to be fringed. See kazaza.

wa-za'-za-pi, n. fringe, dangles. wa-zi', n. a pine, pines.

Wa-zi'-he, n. the Cypress Mountains.

wa-zil'-ya, v. a. T., to burn, as incense—wazilwaya. See zinya.

wa-zi'-sa-ka, n. (wazi and saka) a species of pine, perhaps the pitch pine, the fir.

wa-zi'-se, n. like pines; giants.

Wa-zi'-ya, n. the northern god or god of the north; a fabled giant who lives at the north and blows cold out of his mouth. He draws near in winter and recedes in summer. By some Waziya is confounded with Heyoka, but he seems to be a different being. This is now become the designation of Santa Claus.

wa-zi'-ya-pa, adv. at the north, to the north.

wa-zi'-ya-pa-tan-han, adv. northwards; from the north.

wa-zi'-ya-ta, n. at the pines, the north.

wa-zi'-ya-taŋ-haŋ, adv. at the north, from the north.

 $wa-zi'-ya-ta-ta\eta-ha\eta$, adv. from the north.

Wa-zi'-ya-wi-ća-śa, n. the name of a branch of the Assiniboins.

wa-źu', v. 1st pers. sing. of źu.

w a'-źu, v. of aźu; to lay up to dry, as rice, etc.; to apply externally, as a poultice—wáwaźu, wáuŋźupi.

wa'-źu-daŋ, n. the hoards or deposits of squirrels, etc.

wa-źuŋ'-tka, n. the name of a small yellow bird.

wa-źuŋ'-tka-daŋ, n. Same as waźuŋtka.

wa'-źu-pi-wi or wi-wa-źu-pi, n. the moon in which the Indians lay up rice, answering nearly to October.

 $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{\acute{z}} \mathbf{u'} - \mathbf{\acute{s}} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e} - \mathbf{\acute{c}} \mathbf{a}, \quad n. \quad strawberries.$

wa-źu'-śte-ća-hu, n. strawberry vines.

wa-źu'-śte-ća-śa-wi, n. the moon in which strawberries are ripe; June or July.

we, n. blood.

we, adj. bloody.

we, v. n. to bleed: poge mawe, my nose bleeds.

we, sign of the imperat. sing.; used by the women; as, econ we, do thou it.

we, pron. compounded of "wa" and "ki." See Grammar, Pronouns.

we'-će-ya, v. a. to have regard for one, to consult one's wishes wećewaya, wećeunyanpi. T., to follow, as a leader.

- we'-ġa, adj. broken. See yuweġa, etc. we-ġa'-haŋ, part. broken, but not entirely off.
- we-ġa'-wa-haŋ, part. broken, but not off; thus distinguished from ksawahaŋ.
- we'-han, n. last spring: wehan ićima, the spring before last.
- weh'-weh-weh, intj T. used by the women in calling a dog.
- we'-hna, prep. among. See ehna.
- we-i'-&i-ya, v. ref. T. to bleed himself.
- we-ki'-ći-ya, v. a. T. to bleed each other.
- we-śde'-ka-pi, n. the wearing of honors, especially the feathers, signs of honorable wounds.
- we'-tu, n. spring, the spring of the year; next spring. See wehap.
- we-we', adj. red. of we; bloody.
- We'-wi-ća-śa, n. The Bloods.
- we-ya', v. a. to shed blood, make bleed; hence to put to death—wewaya, weunyanpi.
- we'-yo-ta-ni-će and wo'-tani-će, n. a clot of blood.
- wi, n. the sun; the moon: wi hinapa, the sun rises; wi iyaya, the sun has set; appetu wi, the daysun; hapyetu wi, the night-sun or moon (T., haphepi wi).
- wi, n. a moon, a lunar month. The names of the moons are as follows:
 - 1. Wi-tehi, January; the hard moon.
 - 2. Wićata-wi, February; the raccoon moon,

- 3. Istawićayazan-wi, March; the sore-eye moon.
- 4. Maġaokada-wi, April; the moon in which the geese lay eggs: also called Wokada-wi; and sometimes Watopapi-wi, the moon when the streams are again navigable. T., Maġaksića-agli-wi, the moon when the ducks come back.
- 5. Woźupi-wi, May; the planting moon. See ćanwapton-wi.
- 6. Waźuśtećaśa-wi, June; the moon when the strawberries are red.

 T., Tipsinla-itkalića-wi, the moon when the seed-pods of the Indian turnip mature; and Wipazoka-waśte-wi, the moon when the wipazoka (berries) are good.
- 7. Canpasapa-wi and Wasunpa-wi, July; the moon when the choke-cherries are ripe, and when the geese shed their feathers. T., Canpasapa-wi and Takiyuha-wi, the deer-rutting moon.
- 8. Wasuton-wi, August; the harvest moon. T., Kanta-śa-wi, the moon when plums are red.
- 9. Psinhnaketu-wi, September; the moon when rice is laid up to dry.

 T., Ćanwapeġi-wi (ćanwapa, ġi, and wi), the moon in which the leaves become brown.
- 10. Wi-waźupi, October; the drying rice moon; sometimes written Waźupi-wi. T., Ćanwape-kasna-wi, the moon when the wind shakes off the leaves; and Wayuksapi-wi, corn-harvest moon.

- T., Wanideer-rutting moon. yetu-wi, the winter moon.
- 12. Tahećapśuŋ-wi, December; the moon when the deer shed their horns T., Wanićokan-wi (waniyetu ćokanyan wi), the midwinter moon See ćokaya.
- wi, cont. of winyan or winohinéa; as in wihdastaka and wiinahma.
- wi, some verbs commencing with "i" make the absolute form by prefixing "w," instead of "wa;" as, ihanmna, wihanmna.
- wi'-a-će-i-ći-ti (wi and aćeti). n. T. sun-dogs; there are sun-dogs; a ring around the moon; there is a ring around the moon.
- wi'-a-hi-na-pa, v. to have the sun rise on one.
- wi-a'-i-ći-i-ći-ta, n. T. sundogs.
- wi'-a-ta-om-ya, adv. when the sun is leaning; afternoon.
- wi'-bo-pe, n. a mortar, a hominy-block.
- wi'-bo-pe-i-hu-pa, n. a pestle.
- the raccoon, Procyon wi-ća', n. lotor.
- a male of the human wi-ća', n. man—wimaća, winića, species, a wiunćapi.
- wi-ća', adj. male, pertaining to sex; human. This adjective is prefixed to nouns that have reference to man. When the noun begins with a vowel, the "a" in wića is dropped; as, ista, an eye, wićista.

- 11. Takiyuha-wi, November; the | wi-ća', pron. in comp. With active verbs this represents the third pers. plur. objective, them; as, wićawakte, I killed them: but when used with neuter verbs and adjectives it generally forms what may be regarded as abstract nouns; as, ćanćan, to shake, wićaćanćan, the ague; waste, good, wićowaste, goodness.
 - wi-ća'-a-ki-han, n. starving, famine.
 - wi-ća'-a-tku-ku, *n*. a father, their father.
 - wi-ća'-ba-pi, n. blame.
 - wi'-ćab-wo-ta-pi, n. T. a tablefork. See wićape and wota.
 - wi-ća-ćan, n. T. of kaćan; asieve.
 - wi-ća'-ćan-ćan, n. the ague.
 - $wi-\acute{c}a'-\acute{c}a\eta-te$, nthehumanheart.
 - $wi-\acute{c}a'-\acute{c}an-te-o-ze$, n. thethought of the heart.
 - $wi-\acute{c}a'-\acute{c}a-\acute{z}e$, n. names, names of persons.
 - wi-ća'-će, n. the penis.
 - wi-ća'-će-hpi, n. human flesh.
 - wi-ća'-će-pa, n. human fatness, obesity.
 - wi-ća'-će-sdi, n. the excrement of the raccoon: also the human excrement.
 - wi-ća'-će-ya, n. weeping, crying.
 - wi-ća'-će-źi, n. the human tongue.
 - wi'-ća-ći-će, n. an instrument used in brushing up the fur of skins. See katića.

- wi-ća'-ćin-ća, n. children.
- wi-ća'-ću-wi-ta, n. the sense of cold experienced by human beings. See ćuwita.
- wi-ća'-da, v. a. to believe, put confidence in; to agree to—wićawada, wićayada, wićaundapi, wićamada.
- wi-ća'-da-ka, v. a. to believe—wićawadaka, wićaundapika.
- wi-ća'-da-pi, n. belief, believing; faith.
- wi-ća'-da-pi-ća, adj. worthy of belief.
- wi-ća'-da-ya, v. a. to cause one to believe; to persuade—wićadawaya.
- wi-ća'-de-źa, n. human urine.
- wi'-ća-du-ge, n. of kaduga; a fan to winnow with.
- wi-ća'-gna-śka, n. T. gooseberries; wićagnaśkahu, gooseberry bushes.
- wi-ća'-gla-ta, n. T. the women who follow the men in singing at the war dance or other like dances See ahdata.
- wi'-ća-ġe, n. of kaġa; an instrument to make with.
- wi'-ća-ġe-ġe, n. of kaġeġe; anything to sew with—thread.
- wi'-ća-ġo, n. of kaġo; an instrument to mark with.
- wi'-ća-ġu-ke, n. Same as wićaćiće.
- wi-ća'-hde-śka, n. gooseberries. T., wićagnaśka.
- wi-ća'-hde-śka-hu, n. the youseberry bush, Ribes grossularia.

- wi-ća'-hi, n. human teeth.
- wi'-ća-hi, .n. something to mix with, as a mush-stick.
- wi'-ća-hin-te, n. of kahinta; a broom, a rake.
- wi'-ća-hi-ya, v. of icahiya; to mingle—wićahiwaya.
- wi'-ća-hi-ya-yu-ta-pi, n. T. cucumbers; seasoning, spices, etc.
- wi-ća'-hna-ka-pi, v. dead bodies laid up; tombs; burial-places. T., wićagnakapi, bodies laid up on top of the ground or on scaffolds. See wićahapi.
- wi-ća'-hna-ye, n. of hnayan; deception.
- wi-ća'-ho, n. the human voice.
- wi-ća'-hu, n. human bones.
- wi-ća'-hu-ha, n. the limbs of the body.
- wi-ća'-hu-hu, n. a human skeleton.
- wi-ća'-huŋ-ka-ke, n ancestors.
- wi-ća'-huŋ-ku, n. a mother, mothers.
- wi-ća-ha-pi, n. T. of ha; bodies interred; graves, tombs. Not properly used of burial on the surface of the ground or on scaffolds.
- wi-ća'-han-han, n. T. the smallpox. See han, scab.
- wi-ća'-hba, n. of hba; drowsiness.
- wi'-ća-hbo-ke, n. a paddle, i. q. wamnaheća. T., walitope.
- wi-ća-hća-la, n. T. an old man; an old male of any kind
- wi'-ća-hde-će, n of kahdeća; something to tear or bruise with.

- wi'-ća-hdo-ke, n. of kahdoka; something to make holes with, as a gimlet.
- wi-ća'-hća, n See wićahinća.
- wi-ća-he-pe, n. of kahepa; a ladle.
- wi-ća'-hiŋ-ća, n. an old man wimaćahiŋća and wićamahiŋća, winićahiŋća and wićanihiŋća, wiuŋćahiŋćapi. See wićahćala.
- wi-ća'-hmuŋ-ġa, v. T. to shoot or send by magic something (as a knife, nail, or bullet) into one, as the Dakota wizards pretend to do. To remove such things by magic is wokab iyeya.
- wi-ća'-hmuŋ-ġa, n. T. one who practices such shooting, a magician.
- wi-ća'-hmun-ge-s'a, n. T. onewho practices such shooting, a magician.
- wi'-ća-hpe, n. an instrument to throw down with. See kahpa.
- wi'-ća-hpu, n. of kahpu; an instrument to pick off with.
- w i' ć a h u ġ e, n. of kahuġa; something to break in with.
- wi-ća'-liuŋ-wiŋ, n. of huŋwiŋ; putrefaction.
- wi-ća'-i, n. the human mouth.
- wi-ća'-i-ha, n. the human lips.
- wi-éa-ka', v. of ka, to mean; he means them.
- wi-ća'-ka, v. n. to speak truth, to be true—wićawaka, wićaunkapi.
- wi-ća'-ka-hi-ya-ya, v. of kahiyaya; to carry round to them, to sing to them.
- wi-ća'-ka-ha-pa, n of kahapa; a driver, one who drives.

- w i' é a k é a, n. of kakéa; a currycomb.
- wi-ća'-ke-da, v.a. (wićáka and da) to esteem true, to believe—wića-kewada; wićakeićida, to believe one's self true, to continue to affirm.
- wi-ća'-ki-ćaŋ-pte, n. of kićaŋpta; one who consoles, a comforter.
- wi-ća'-ki-ći-ća-źu-źu-pi, n. forgiveness.
- wi-ća'-ki-ći-lo-wan, v. T. of lowan; to wail or sing for, as for those who have gone on the war path, etc. See wiwakonza.
- w i 6 a' k i 6 o p i, n. of kićo; calling, inviting.
- wi-ća'-ki-ġe-pi, n. T. of kiġe; quarreling.
- wi-ća-kiŋ-će, n. of kakinéa; something to scrape with, a scraper.
- wi-ća-ki'-pi, n. robbery.
- wi'-ća-kiś-ya, v. to cause to suffer—wićakiśwaya.
- wi-ća'-ki-ya-pa, v. See kiyapa.
- w i'- ća k i źe, n. of ićakiźa; distress, suffering.
- w i'-ća-ko-ke, n. of kakoka; a rattle, a rattler.
- wi'-ća-kpe, n. a lancet; i. q. kanićakpe. See wićatpe.
- wi-ća'-ksa-pa, n. wisdom.. See wićoksape.
- wi'-ća-kse, n. of kaksa; an instrument to cut off with.
- wi-ća'-kte-pi, n. killing.
- wi-éa'-kte-s'a, n. one who kills.

- wi ća' ku pi, n giving.
- wi'-ća-mde-će, n. of kamdeća; an instrument to break in pieces with, as a sledge.
- wi-ća'-na-ka, n. tremor. See náka.
- wi-ća'-na-kśe-ća-pi, n. of nakśeća; the cholera.
- w i α n a s u, n. the human brain. T., wićanasula.
- wi-ća'-ni, v. and n. T. they live; life; prosperity; used of many, as wićoni is of one.
- wi-ća'-ni-te, n. the loins.
- wi-ća'-no-ġe, n. human ears.
- $\mathbf{w}\,\mathbf{i}$ $\mathbf{\acute{e}}\,\mathbf{a}\,\mathbf{\jmath'}$ $\mathbf{\ddot{h}}\,\mathbf{p}\,\mathbf{i}$, n a star, the stars.
- wi-ćan'-lipi-lip a-ya, n. the falling of the stars—applied to 1833.
- wi-ćan'-hpi-tan-ka, n. large stars. The name given to both Venus and Jupiter, as the morning and evening stars.
- Wi-ćan'-hpi-ya-mni, n. three stars—the name given to General Crook.
- wi-ća'-o-haŋ-ko, n. T. of ohaŋ-ko; dexterity.
- wi-ća'-pa-ha, n. the human scalp.
- wi-éa'-pa-hu, n. the human skull.
- wi-ća'-pa-kśin, n. the human kidneys, the reins. T., wićaśa azontka.
- wi'-ća-p'e, n. of ćap'a; a piercer; the spines or beard of one or more species of grass or weed; a fork, a table-fork. See wićabwotapi.
- wi'-ća-p'e-ća, n. a kind of grass armed with a long sharp beard. T., mićapeća.

- wi'-ća-p'e-dan, n. dim. of wićape.
- wi-ća'-pi, 'n. the human liver.
- wi-ća'-po, n. a swelling.
- wi-ća'-po-ge, n. the human nose.
- wi'-ća-po-te, n. of kapota; an instrument to rend with.
- w i'- é a p s i é e, n. of kapsiéa; anything to make jump with.
- wi'-ća-psiŋ-te, n. a whip. See ićapsiŋte.
- wi'-ća-saŋ, n. a razor. T., putiŋićaśla. See ićasaŋ.
- wi'-ća-sde-će, n. of kasdeća; something to split with, a wedge.
- wi'-ća-ski-će, n. of kaskića; a press.
- wi'-ća-spe-ye, n. a weight, a balance; scales. T., scales, weights, etc, are witkeyute.
- wi'-ca-sto, n of kasto; anything to smooth with, a brush.
- w i \acute{c} a' \acute{s} a, n. Ih. and T. i. q. wića \acute{s} ta.
- wi-ća'-śa-i-kte, n. T. poison.
- wi-ća'-śa-ke, n. human nails.
- wi-ća'-śa-ya-ta-pi-ka, n. T. See wićaśtayatapi.
- w i' é a ś d a , n. of kaśda; a scythe. T., peźićaśle. See ićaśda.
- wi'-ća-śke, n. something to tie with, bonds.
- wi'-ća-śki-će, n. a press.
- wi-ća'-śta, n. man, a man; mankind—wimaćaśta and wićamaśta, wiunćaśtapi. See wićaśa and waśićun.
- wi-ća'-śta-a-kan-tu, n. one of human kind, a mortal, distinguished from the dead and spirits.

- wi-ća'-śta-i-hda-wa, n. one who counts himself a man: a chief.
- wi-ća'-śta-śni, adj unmanly, mean, wicked—wićamaśtaśni and wimaćaśtaśni, wićaniśtaśni and winićaśtaśni, wićauŋśtapiśni.
- wi-ća'-śta-śni-yan, adv. unmanly, wickedly.
- wi- \acute{c} a'- \acute{s} ta-ta η -ka, n. a middle-aged man.
- wi-ća'-śta-wa-kaŋ, n. a minister. (In 1871 this was applied to Indian ministers, as waśićuŋ wakaŋ was to white ministers.— J. O. D.)
- wi-ća'-śta-ya-ta-pi, n a chief, a ruler, a sachem. The Dakota chiefs have little authority, not much honor, and no emolument. T., wićaśayatapika.
- wi-ća'-ta-ku-ni-śni, n. destruction. See wićotakuniśni.
- $wi \acute{c}a' ta\eta \acute{c}a\eta$, n. the human body.
- wi-ća'-taŋ-ktaŋ-ka, n. the gull.
- wi-ća'-tan-ktan-ka-dan, n. the gull, somewhat larger than a pigeon.
- wi-ća'-ta-wi, n. the raccoon moon, February.
- wi'-ća-ti-će, n. a thing to scrape with, a scraper.
- wi-ća'-to-ka, n. a male captive; a man-servant. T., toka wićaśa.
- wi-ća'-to-ke-ća, n difference; things different.
- wi-ća'-to-kto-ke-ća, n. red. of wićatokeća.

- wi'-ća-tpe, n. a lancet. See ićatpe and wićakpe.
- wi'-ća-tpi, n. of katpi; something to crack with.
- wi-ća'-tu-te, n. chapping, as of the hands.
- wi-ća'-ţa, n. the dead.
- wi'-ća-te, n. an instrument to kill with.
- wi'-ća-tin-ze, n. something to make tight with, a screw or nail.
- wi-ća'-uŋ-pi, n. a man's shirt.
- wi'-ća-we-ġe, n. something to break with.
- wi-ća'-wi-ho-mni, n. a lewd fellow, a whore-monger—wićawimahomni. T., witkowin wastelaka.
- wi-ća'-wi-tko-win-la, n. T. a man who takes many women in succession, but does not keep any of them long.
- wi-ća'-wo-ha, n. a man who lives with his wife's relations, literally a buried man—wicawoha waun. See wiwayuha. T., a son-in-law, i. q. takośku.
- wi-ća'-ya, adv. manly. T., wićasa tanka se.
- wi-ća'-ya-ćo-pi, n. of yaćo; condemnation; pronouncing sentence. T., wićayasupi
- wi-ća'-ya-tan-pi, n. praise, compliments.
- wi-ća'-ya-zaŋ, n. a being sick, a sickness.
- wi-ća'-yu-he, n. a master.
- wi-ća'-yu-wa-hpa-ni-ća, n. making poor.

- wi-ća'-yu-win-ta-pi, n. honoring, as the Dakotas do at feasts, calling the maker of the feast by some name signifying relationship or friendship. T., stroking in or before the face, in token of respect or friendly greeting.
- wi'-ća-zo, n. a pen, a pencil.
- wi'-ća-zi-pe, n. of kazipa; something to smooth or shave with, a plane.
- wi-će'-śka, n. the hole in the top of a tent.
- wi-će'-śka-i-pa-si-se, n. the pins that fasten a tent in front.
- wi-ći'-a-tku-ku, n. See wićaatkuku.
- wi-ći'-ća-ġe, n. a growth of men, a generation.
- wi-ći'-ća-śke, n. T., strips of blanket, or ornamented strips of any thing, worn over the shoulders and trailing on the ground.
- wi'-ći'-ćiŋ-ća, n. Same as wićaćiŋća.
- w i'- é i'- m d e z a, n. clearness, pleasantness.
- wi-ći'-na-pćiŋ-waŋ-ka, num. adj. the ninth. T., wićinapćiŋyuŋ-ka.
- wi-ći'-non-pa, num. adj. the second.
- wi-ćin', v. to desire women, hunt after women—wiwaćin.
- wi-ćin'-ća, n. a girl.
- wi-ćin'-ća-dan, n. a little girl: wićinćapidan.
- wi-ćin'-ća-la, n. T. a girl.
- wi-ćin'-ća-na, n. Ih. a girl.

- wi-ćin'-pi, n. desiring women.
- wi-ćin'-śkan, v. T. to be flirting or courting while busy at some kind of work.
- wi-ćin'-yan-na, n. a girl, a damsel, a little girl, applied also to to young women: wićinyanpidan, girls—wimaćinyanna. T., wićin-ćana.
- wi-ći'-śa-hdo-ġaŋ, num. adj. the eighth: i. q. ićiśahdoġaŋ.
- wi- $\dot{\epsilon}$ i'- $\dot{\epsilon}$ a-kdo- \dot{g} an, num. adj. Ih. the eighth.
- wi-ći'-śa-ko-wiŋ, num. adj. the seventh: i. q. ićiśakowiŋ.
- wi-ći'-śa-kpe, num. adj. the sixth: i. q. ićiśakpe.
- wić-iś'-na-na, adj. none with one, alone.
- wi' ći-śni-yan, adv away off, not near anything: wićiśniyan ehpeya, to throw off at a distance, to lose.
- wić-i'-śpa, n. the fore-arm; the distance from the elbow to the end of the middle finger, a cubit.
- wić-i'-śta, n. the human eye.
- wić-i'-śtin-be, n. sleep; they are asleep: wićiśtinbe hiyeya, they are all asleep. See wićoiśtinbe.
- wić-i'-te, n. the human face, the countenance.
- wić-i'-te-gle- \dot{g} a, n. T. the raccoon: i. q. itehde \dot{g} adap.
- wić-i'-te-o-wa-pi, n. T. the picture of a face; a photograph, etc.
- wić-i'-to-ka-pa, n. the eldest born.

- wi-ći'-to-pa, num.adj. the fourth:
 i. q. itopa.
- wić-i'-tpi, n. the human stomach.
 T., wićikpi.
- wi-ći'-wi-kće-mna, num. adj. the tenth: i. q. iwikćemna.
- wi-ći'-ya-mni, num. adj. the third: i. q. iyamni.
- wi-ći'-ye, pron. one's self; themselves.
- wi'-ći-ye-ća, v. n. not to lay to heart; not to think about; it is of no use—wimićiyeća. This is one of the words to which we have long endeavored to attach an intelligible idea, but in vain. The meanings given are simply approximative. See wićiyeśni.
- w i' 6 i y e 6 a e, v. Same as wićiyeća.
- Wi-ći'-ye-la, n. T. the name applied by the Tetons to the Yankton and Yanktonnais Dakotas.
- wi'-ći-ye-śni, v. n. winićiyeśni ake nakun den yahi, not caring, thou hast come back again.
- wi-ći'-yo-ki-pi, n. excellence, beauty, pleasantness.
- wić-i'-yuŋ-ka, n. T. bed-time. See iwaŋka.
- wi-éi'-za-ptan, num. adj. the fifth. wi-éo'-a-ho-pe, n. of ahopa; law, custom, ceremony.
- wi-ćo'-a-i-e, n. of aia; slander.
- wi- \acute{e} o'-a-yu- \acute{e} tan, n. of ayu- \acute{e} stan; leaving off.
- wi-ćo'-be, n. of obe; a company. T, wićowe.

- wi-ćo'-bi-li-he-ća, n. T. See wićomniheća.
- wi-ćo'-ćaŋ-ni-ye, n. of ćaŋniyaŋ; anger, malice T., wićoćaŋzeka.
- wi-ćo'-ćant-a-hde, n. of ćant-ahde; evil intention, malice.
- wi-ćo'-ćaŋ-te, n. the human heart. See wićaćaŋte.
- wi-ćo'-ćan-te-i-yu-tan-ye, n. temptation. See wowiyutanye.
- wi-ćo'-ćaŋ-te-o-ze, n. thought, purpose. T., wićoćanteoyuze.
- wi-ćo'-ćaŋ-te-ptaŋ-ye, n. of ćaŋteptaŋyaŋ; passion.
- wi-ćo'-ćan-te-śi-ća, n. sadness.
- wi-ćo'-ćaŋ-te-wa-śte, n. gladness.
- wi- ϵ o'- ϵ an-te-yu-ze, n. disposition, wish.
- wi-ćo'-ćant-i-he-ye, n. desire, covetousness.
- wi-ćo'-ćant-i-ya-hde-ye, nwhat is desired.
- w i ć o' ć a ź e y a t e, n. of ćaźe-yata; traditions. See wićoie.
- wi-ćo'-će-ya, n. of ćeya; crying, weeping. T., wićaćeya.
- wi-ćo'-ćo-kon, n. of cokon; threatening, intending evil.
- wi-ćo'-ću-wi-ta, n. the feeling of coldness.
- wi-ćo'-du-za-he, n. of duzahan; swiftness.
- wi-ćo'-e-će-tu, n. of ećetu; uprightness.
- wi-ćo'-e-ki-će-tu-ye, n. of ekićetuya; restoration.

- wi-ćo'-han, adv. into the crowd—prob. wića and ohna.
- wi-ćo'-hni-hde, n. traveling.
- wi-ćo'-han, n. of ohan; work, custom, habit.
- wi-ćo'-lita-ni, n. of litani; labor, work. T., wowaśi; wowaśi ećoppi.
- wi-ćo'-i-ća-ge, n. of ićaga; a generation
- wi-ćo'-i-e, n. of oie; a word, a speech. T., also a story, legend, etc.
- wi-ćo'-i-hda-tan, n. of ihdatan; boasting.
- wi-ćo'-i-na-hni, n. of inahni; haste, hurrying.
- wi-ćo'-i-śtin-be, n. of istinma; sleep. See wicistinbe.
- wi-ćo'-i-ton-pe, n. of itonpa; carefulness.
- wi-ćo'-i-toŋ-śni, n of itoŋśni; a lie, a falsehood. T., wićoowewakaŋ.
- wi-ćo'-i-tu-ka-ġe, n. of itukaġa; falsehood, calumny. T., wićoie otuya kaġe
- wi-ćo'-i-yo-ki-śi-će, n. sorrow.
- wi-ćo'-i-yo-pe-i-ći-ye, n. repentance.
- wi-60'-ka-gi, n. of kagi; a hindrance.
- wi-ćo'-ka-gi-ye, n. an obstruction.
- wi-ćo'-ka-ki-źe, n. of kakiźa; suffering.
- wi'-ćo-kan-hi-ya-ya, n. T. noon.

- wi'- 60 kan hi ya ya sam i ya ya, n. T. afternoon. See witakinyanyanka.
- wi'éo-kan-hi-ya-ya-yan-ka, adv. T. just at noon.
- wi-ćo'-kaŋ-hi-yu-i-ći-ya, v T. to come in unasked: i. q. ipasbu-iyeićiya.
- wi'-ćo-ka'-ya, n. Ih. noon.
- wi-ćo'-ki-ći-yu-wa-ste, n. a blessing, peace
- wi-ćo'-ki-ći-ze, n. of kićiza; fighting
- wi-ćo'-ki-pa-źiŋ, n. of kipaźiŋ; opposition.
- wi-ćo'-koŋ-ze, n. influence, law; a kingdom.
- wi-ćo'-ksa-pe, n. of ksapa; wisdom.
- wi-ćo'-ku-źe, n. of kuźa; laziness. T., sickness. See wokwźe.
- wi-ćo'-ku-źi-ṭa, n. dying of laziness.
- wi-ćo'-mni-ći-ye, n. of mnićiya; an assembly.
- wi-ćo'-mni-he-ća, n. of mni-heća; activity. T., wićobiliheća.
- wi-ćo'-ni, n. (wića and oni) life, present but especially to come; a life-time: wićoni owihanke wanića, eternal life.
- wi-ćo'-ni-pe-źi-hu-ta, n. the balsam of life.
- wi-ćo'-ni-wo-wa-pi, n. the book of life, the Bible.
- wi-ćon'-te, n. (wića, on and ta) death.
- wi-ćo'-oŋ-śi-ke, n. of oŋśika; poverty.

- wi-ćo'-o-pe, n. law, custom.
- wi-ćo'-o-uŋ-hda-ka, n. of uŋ-hdaka; a moving party. T., oiglake.
- wi-ćo-o-we-wa-kan, n. T. a lie, a falsehood.—w. J. c.
- wi-ćo'-o-we-wa-kaŋ-kaŋ, n.

 Ih. deceit: i. q. wohnaye.—

 J. O. D.
- wi-ćo'-o-wo-tan-na, n. of owo-tanna; righteousness.
- wi-ćo'-o-yu-mde-će, n. breaking in pieces, separation.
- wi-ćo'-su-ta, n. of suta; firm-ness, strength.
- wi-ćo'-śi-će, n. of śića; evil.
- wi-ćo'-śi-htin, n. of śihtin; debility. T., imperfection; badness
- wi-ćo'-śkan-śkan, n. of śkanśkan; moving, motion; used for government, reign.
- wi-ćo'-śka-te, n. of śkata; play.
- wi-ćo'-śki-śke, n. of ośkiśke; difficulty, distraction.
- wi-ćo'-ta, n. many persons, a multitude.
- wi-ćo'-ta-ku-ni-śni, n. destruction.
- wi-ćo'-ta-ku-ye, n. of takuya; relationship, brotherhood.
- wi-ćo'-ta-wa-ćin, n. disposition.
- wi-ćo'-te-ća, n. of teća; new-ness.
- wi-6o'-ti, n. a village, i. q. otonwe; a camp.
- wi-ćo'-to-ke-tu, adv. how is it? wićotoketu tanin śni, how it is is not apparent.

- wi-ćo'-un, n. a family, all that are related by blood. This word, and also "wićotakuye," we have used for covenant. See wićowazi.
- wi-ćo'-un-hda'-ka, n. of un-hdaka; a moving.
- wi-ćo'-wa-ćin, n. thought.
- wi-ćo'-wa-ćiŋ-ko, n. of waćiŋko; bad temper.
- wi-ćo'-wa-hba-dan, n. gentleness.
- wi-ćo'-wa-kan-he-źa, n. debility.
- wi-ćo'-wa-mna-da-śni, n. disrespect, contempt.
- wi-ćo'-wa-ś'a-ke, n. human strength.
- wi-ćo'-wa-śte, n. of waśte; goodness.
- wi-ćo'-wa-zi, n. a family, kin-dred. See waohećon.
- wi-ćo-we-pi, n. T. relatives; family; ancestry. See wićobe.
- wi-ćo'-wi-ća-śta-śni, n. villainy. T., wićowićaśaśni, mischief, meanness, etc.
- wi-ćo'-wo-hda-ke, n. relating stories, biography.
- wi-ćo'-wo-ya-ke, n. of oyaka; declaration, narration, doctrine We have used this word for chapter.
- wi-ćo'-yu-ta-ku-ni-śni, n. that which causes destruction.
- wi-ćo'-yu-tkoŋ-ze, n. that which makes equal.
- wi-ćo'-zun-ye, n. of zunta; connectedness, relationship. T., otakuye.

- wi- \acute{e} o'- \acute{z} i- \acute{e} e, n. of \acute{z} ića; riches. T, wi \acute{z} iće.
- wi-ćo'-źu-daŋ, n. of oźudaŋ; fullness; full of people.
- wi-ći'-ćah, adv. uneasily: wićićah yanka: according to habit, in his own way. T., iyaye kinil
- wi-ći'-ćah-ćah, adv. red. of wićićah. These words are used when one, getting uneasy and wishing to leave, pulls his blanket up, rises and walks about, but says nothing.
- wi'- ¢iŋ, n. of kiŋ; the strap which the Dakotas use in packing.
- wid'-wi-ta-ya, adv. red. of witaya; in groups, assembled in different places: widwitaya yakonpi.
- wi'-dun-ye, n. anything to color red with, cochineal. T., wilulye
- wi'-ha-ha, adj. jovial, good natured.
- wi'-ha-ha-ka, n. one who is pleased with trifles.
- wi'-ha-ha-ya, adv. wihahaya iću, to take trifles gladly.
- wi-ha'-ke, n. the fifth child, if a daughter; so called, probably, from its usually being the last. T., wihakakta.
- wi'-haŋ-mde, v. Same as wi-haŋmna.
- $wi'-ha\eta-mde-ś'a$, n. adreamer.
- wi'-haŋ-mna, v. of ihaŋmna; to dream wiwahaŋmna, wiuŋhaŋ-mnaŋpi.
- wi'-haŋ-mnaŋ-pi, n. a dreaming. wi'-hda-hpa, v. pos. to strike or take down one's own tent—wiwahdahpa. T., glahpá. See kahpa.

- wi'-hda-śta-ka, v. pos. to beat one's wife wiwahdaśtaka. T., wikte. See hdaśtaka.
- w i'-h da-wa, v. of ihdawa; to count one's self—wiwahdawa.
- wi'-hdi, n. of ihdi; oil, grease.
- wi'-hdu-kéaŋ, v. of ihdukéaŋ; to understand one's own or one's self, to form an opinion—wiwahdukéaŋ.
- wi'-hi-na-pa, n. the sun rising, the east.
- wi'-hi-na-pa-taŋ-haŋ, adv. from the east.
- wi-hiŋ'-pa-spa, n. T. a tent-pin. wi'-hi-ya-ye-daŋ, n. a clock, a watch. T., mazaśkaŋśkaŋ.
- wi'-hmuŋ-ke, n. of hmuŋka; the rainbow; a trap, a snare. In this latter sense, however, it is not much used. T., wigmuŋke, a rainbow; but mas-igmuŋke, a trap or snare.
- wi'-hni, v. of ihni; to hunt, as deer—wiwahni. T., wigni.
- wi'-hni-pi, n. a chasing deer.
- wi'-hnu, v. of ihnu; to murmur; to reproach, accuse; to be displeased with—wiwahnu.
- wi'-hnu-pi, n. a murmuring.
- wi-ho'-mni, n. turning round; a prostitute. T, turning round; but a prostitute is wihomniwin
- wi-hu'-ta, u. the lower border of a tent.
- wi-hu'-ta-i-na-ta-ke, n. something used to fasten up around the bottom of a tent, as grass.
- See kahpa. | wi-hu'-ti-pa-spe, n. tent-pins.

- wi'-han, v. of ihan; to graze, eat | wi'-i-ya-pa-hi-će, n. grass, like cattle.
- wi-lian-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to graze; to keep cattle—wihan wakiya.
- wi'-han-pi, n. a feeding, as cattle, a grazing
- wi-han-wi-ća-ki-ye, n. grazier.
- wi-hi'-pa, n. Sisit. See wihupa-
- wi'-hmuŋ-ġe, n. witch-medicine; i. q. on kićihmungapi.
- wi'-hpe-ya, v. a. to throw away a woman; leave a wife-wihpewaya. T., to give away things after a death in the family.
- wi'-hpe-ya-pi, n. T. the practice of giving away property on the death of a member of the family.
- wi-hu'-pa, n. the flaps of a tent. T., wipipa.
- wi-i'-ći-hni, v. to scold or whip a woman-wiiwećihni and wiiwakihni.
- wi-i'-hni, v. to maltreat a woman —wiiwahni. See ihni.
- wi'-i-na-hma, v. to conceal a woman, take her off; to commit fornication-wiinawahbe, wiinaunhmanpi.
- w i' i y a h p a y a , v. T. to commit rape, to force a woman: i. q. wikiśleya.
- wi'-i-ya-on-pa, v. to charge a man or woman with infidelity, accuse in reference to a woman—wiiyawaonpa, wiiyaunkonpapi.
- wi'-i-ya-on-pa-pi, n. charging with infidelity or with having had illicit intercourse.

- enings of a tent at the top.
- wi'-i-ya-ta-pi, n. a girl betrothed or given to one without his asking for her. T, winyan wićakupi. See iyata.
- wi'-i-ya-ya, v. the sun sets; sun-
- wi'-i-ya-yu-ha, v. to leave home and take a wife at another village and live with her friends—wiiyamduha.
- wi'-i-ya-yu-hi-ya, adv. with the course of the sun, from east to west.
- wi'-kal-ye, n. T. a tea-kettle; a coffee-pot.
- wi'-kan, n. Ih. a leather cord, a packing-strap; i. q. telimiso.
- wi-ka-wan-ka-bu, n. T. about 7 or 8 a.m.
- wi'-kće-kće-ya, adv. T. for nothing; to no purpose: wikćekćeya omani, to walk about aim lessly.
- wi-kće'-mna, num. adj. ten: wikćemna nonpa, twenty, etc.
- wi'-ki-ćan-ye, n. tools, implements.
- wi'-ki-ći-yun-ġa-pi, n. T., of iyunga; a questioning of one another.
- wi'-ki-ćun, adv. T. waćin wikićunśni, one who is indifferent.
- wi-ki'-kśan, v. to commit a rape —wiwakikśaŋ.
- w i k i' k \pm a η p i , n. rape.
- wi-ki'-śde, v. to offer indignities to women—wiwakiśde. T., wikiśle.
- $w i k i' \acute{s} d e p i$, n = a molesting ortaking liberties with women.

- wi-ki'-śde-śde, v. red. of wikiśde.
- wi-ki'-śde-ya, va. to offer insults to a woman—wikiśdewaya. See wiiyalipaya.
- wi-ki'-śkaŋ, v. T. to play with a woman, but not in a bad sense: i. q. wikiśkata.
- wi-ki'-śkaŋ-pi, n. T. playing or romping with a woman.
- wi-ki'-śka-ta (wi and kiśkata), v. T. i. q. wikiśkan.
- wi-ki-śle-ya-pi, n. T. rape. wi-ki-yu-ta, v. to beckon to, talk by signs—wiwakiyuta.
- w i k o', n. cont. of wikośka.
- wi'-ko-pa, v. of ikopa; to fear, be afraid—wikowapa.
- wi'-ko-pe-ća, u. one who is to be feared.
- wi-ko-pe-śni-yan, adv. without fear, securely.
- wi-ko'-śka, n. a young woman—wimakośka, wiunkośkapi. This word, like kośka, had a bad meaning in T., and should be avoided: wiśan yazan, "a woman who is kośka, or affected with the venereal disease."—w. J. C.
- wi-ko'-śka-la-ka, n. T. a young woman; i. q. wikośka.
- wi-ko'-śka-taŋ-ka, n. a developed woman.
- wi'-ksa-pa, v. of iksapa; to comprehend well, to have experience—wiwaksapa.
- wi'-kte, v. to beat a woman—wiwakte. T., to beat one's wife. See wihdastaka.

- wi-ku'-ći-ye-la, n. T. towards sunset, late in the afternoon.
- wi-ku'-wa-yab-ya-ya, n. T. about three p. m.
- wi'-ma-ka-he-ya, n. that which tempts, that which leads one to kill any thing. T., that which enables one to earn or accomplish much.
- wi'-ma-hel-i-ya'-ya, n. T. sunset. wi'-mna-śni, adj. not having known women. See wipemnaśni.
- win, cont. of winta; win un, it is creeping. T., slohan.
- wi'-na-hma, v. of inahma; to hide, conceal. See wiinahma.
- wi'-na-hon, v. of nahon; to hear, to be able to hear—winawahon: winahon sni, deaf.
- wi'-na-ka-po, n. T. hops; yeast. wi'-na-ki-wi-zi, v. to be jealous or envious of—winawakiwizi.
- wi'-na-pće, n. T. the esophagus. wi'-na-pi-śkan-ye, n. T. a toy, toys, playthings. See inapiśkanyanpi.
- wi'-na-poh-ya-pi or wi'-napoh-ye, n. T. of napogan; yeast.
- wi'-na-ta-ke, n. of inatake; a fastening, a lock.
- wi'-na-wi-zi, v. to be jealous or envious—winawawizi, winaunwizipi.
- wi-na'-wi-zi-dan, n. the cockleburr, or clot-burr, a species of Xanthium.
- wi'-na-wi-zi-pi, n. jealousy.
- wi-na'-wi-zi-s'a, n. a jealous person; of a jealous disposition.

- wi-no'-héa, n. Ih. and T. an old | win'-yan, n. Ih. and T. a woman; In *Ih.* and *T.* winyan is used for woman. T., winohća is never used of a middle-aged woman-
- wi-no'-hća-la, n. T. an old woman.
- wi-no'-hin-ća, n. a woman, wo-
- wi-no'-na, n. the first-born child, if a daughter. T., witokapa.
- wi-no'-za-ta, n. See winuzata.
- wi-nu', n. a name given to a woman who is a captive from another T., wi-wayaka.
- wi'-nu-ke, n. something that makes grow, as manure on a field, and food for man. T., wićaliye.
- wi-nu'-za-ta, n. the lower part of a tent or house in the inside.
- win, adj. female, woman, wife; i. q. winohinéa. This is commonly suffixed to the names of women.
- win'- ga, v. root. bending.
- winh, cont. of winga.
- winh-ya, adv. in a bent manner.
- win'-kta, n. a hermaphrodite; i. q. wiŋyaŋiçida. T., winkte.
- win'-kta-pi, n. sodomy. T., winktépi.
- win'-na, adj. dim. of win.
- wins, cont. of winza.
- winś-ki'-ya, v. a: to make bend, bend down—winśwakiya.
- win \dot{s} win' \dot{z} e dan, adj. limber, pliant, not stiff; tender.
- win'-ta, v.n. to creep, crawl, as a child—wawinta, unwintapi. See win.

- plur. winyanpi. See winolića. T., winyan witkowin se un, one who takes many wives but is constant to
- win'-yan, adj female—wimayan, winiyan.
- win'-yan-ćin, v. T. to buy a wife: i. q. winyan opeton.
- win'-źa. See yuwinźa.
- win-źa'-han, part. bent down, as grass.
- wiŋ-źa'-wa-haŋ, part. bent down.
- wi-o'-ki-he-dan, n. See wiyokihedan. T, wowapi.
- wi-o'-ki-ya, v. of okiya; to court or talk with a woman; to gratify lust —wiowakiya, wioyakiya.
- wi-o'-ki-ya-pi, n. courting.
- wi-o'-wa, n. a painted tent. T., tiowapi.
- wi-pa-ġu-ke, n. of paġuka; a bone or iron used for scraping down skins in the process of dressing.
- wi'-pa-hte, n. T. string; any thing used for tying; a bridle. ipalite.
- wi'-pa-mda-ye, n. of pamdaya; something to smooth with, smoothing irons, flat-irons.
- wi'-pa-śki-će, n. of paśkića; a press; a washboard.
- wi'-pa-ta, v. of ipata; to ornament, work with porcupine quills—wiwapata, wiunpatapi.
- wi'-pa-ta-pi, n. quill-work, embroidery.
- wi' pa tin, n. T. starch.

- wi-pa'-zu-ka, n. a species of red berry growing on small bushes, which is good to eat: the service berry, sometimes called June berry.
- wi-pa'-zu-ka-hu, n. a small bushy shrub used by the Dakotas for making arrows, arrow-wood; the service berry bush.
- w i'- p a \acute{z} a \acute{z} a, n. of paźaźa; soap. T., ha-ipaźaźa.
- wi'-pa-źiŋ, v. to be prevented from succeeding in what one attempts to do by having lost a friend, etc.—wimapaźiŋ. When the Dakotas are unsuccessful in fishing or hunting, they attribute the fact to the presence of ghosts who scare away the fish or the deer. In some instances they think it is their own spirit which is already leaving the body, and they regard it as an omen of approaching death.
- wi'-pe, n. of pe; sharp instruments, arms; weapons of any kind, firearms.
- wi'-pe-mna-śni, adv. T. without being wounded; dead but not wounded; dead without apparent cause. Compare wimnaśni.
- wi'-pe-o-hdo-ka, n a wound made by a spear.
- wi-pe'-ya, v. T. to sell a woman or girl in marriage, as the Dakotas do.
- wi-pe'-ya-pi, n. T. a woman or girl thus sold. See wiiyatapi.
- wi'-pi, v. n. to be full of food, to be satisfied—wimapi, winipi, wiunpipi,

- w i p i' p a, n. T. tent-flaps: i. q. wihipa.
- w i' p i y a , v. a. to fill, cause to be full—wipiwaya; wipiićiya, to satisfyone's self with eating—wipimićiya.
- wi'-pi-ya, adv. full.
- w i'-pu-spe, n. of puspa; a seal, a wafer.
- wi'-sam-ye, n. any thing which gives a black hue, blacking.
- wi'-san-ye, n. whiting.
- wi'-si-te-ton-na, n. a harlot, a whore. See witkowin.
- wi'-sku-ye, n. any thing which fastens colors, such as alum or cranberries. T., anything which sweetens or sours other things.
- wi-sma'-hi, n. T. an arrow-head.
- wi'-spe-ya, v. to cast anchor—wispewaya. T, walićaške ehpeya. See speya.
- wi'-spe-ye, n. an anchor. T. walićaśke.
- wi-śan', n. the "mons veneris;" the vagina: i. q. śan.
- wi'-śa-ye, n. any thing used in coloring red.
- wi'-śi, n Ih. and T. hire, pay for work, remuneration.
- wi-ś'o'-ś'o, adj. hasty, quick—wimaś'oś'o.
- wi-ś'o'-ś'o-ka, n. one who is hasty.
- w i'- ś t e ć a , adj. modest, bashful wimaśteća, winiśteća
- wi'-śten-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. the being ashamed of each other. T., wistelkićiyapi. See wistenkiya.

- wi'-sten-ki-ya, v.a to be bashful or reserved, to be ashamed of, as
 a Dakota man is of some of his
 wife's relations, especially the females, and a woman of her husband's relations, especially the
 males. By this custom, which is
 universal, they are not permitted
 to mention the names of these connections, nor to look them in the
 face or communicate directly with
 them—wistenwakiya, wistenmakiya. T., wistelkiya.
- wi'-śten-ki-ya-pi, n. the custom above spoken of.
- wi'-śten-ya, v. n. to cause to be ashamed—wistenwaya. T., wistel-ya
- w i' ste ste sa, adj. red of wisteća; modest.
- wiś-wi', intj almost, nearly; oh! i.q. wawateća and iśnikaeś.
- wi'-ta, n. an island.
- wi' ta ke, n. T. a frying-pan.
- wi'-ta-kiŋ-yaŋ-yaŋ-ka, n. afternoon. T, wićokanhiyaya sam iyaya and witanunaptanhiyaya.
- wi'-ta-ki-ya, adv. together, en masse.
- wi'-tan, adj. proud, elated—wimatan. See itan, wowitan, and yutan.
- wi-tan'-śna, n a maiden, one who is without a husband, one who lives alone: witanśna un. Mr. Renville has used this word to designate figs, but with doubtful propriety. Witanśna tanke, an old maid,

- wi-tan'-śna-hu, n. a name given by Mr. Renville to the fig-tree.
- wi'-tan-tan, v. red. of witan; proud, vain—wimatantan
- wi'-tan-tan-ka, n. one who is proud.
- wi'-tan-tan-pi, n. vain-glory, pride.
- wi' tan tan yan, va. to make proud.
- wi'-tan-tan-yan, adv. glorying. Wi'-ta-pa-ha, n. p. a tribe of Indians—the Kiowas.
- wi'-ta-wa-ta, n. a ship. T., miniwanéa wata.
- wi-ta'-wa-ţen-ya, v. to be willing. See tawaţenya.
- wi'-ta-ya, adv. together, in company. See ptaya
- wi'-ta-ya-i-he-ya, v. to assemble together—witaya iheunyanpi.
- w i'-te-ha-ka, n. one who is dissatisfied with every little thing. T., wakahtakeka.
- wi-te'-śdag-ki-ton, v. the moon or sun wears a crown; said of the halo sometimes observed. T., wiaćeićiti.
- wi'-tka, n. of itka; an egg; a testicle. T., a testicle is "susu." Witka eś kahuge śni, slowly, gently; so as not to break even eggs. The phrase comes from the habit of carrying eggs for long distances.
- wi'-tka-ton, v. T. to lay eggs, as fowls.
- wi'-tke-u-ta, n. a steelyard, scales, T., witkeyute,

- wi-tko', n. a kind of fish with a thick short body, the dog fish.
- wi-tko', adj. drunk, drunken; foolish—wimatko, winitko, wiun-tkopi.
- Wi-tko'-ka-ga, n. the fool-maker; an imaginary being worshipped by the Dakotas, and said to visit them in dreams.
- wi-tko'-koŋ-za, v.n. to pretend to be drunk—witkowakoŋza.
- wi-tko'-pi, n. drunkenness.
- wi-tko'-tko, adj. foolish—wimatkotko, wiuntkotkopi.
- wi-tko'-tko-ka, n. a fool-wi-matkotkoka.
- wi-tko'-tko-pi, n. foolishness.
- wi-tko'-tko-ya, adv. foolishly.
- wi-tko'-wiŋ, n. a foolish woman, a harlot. T., witkowiŋwaśtelaka, a lewd fellow: i. q. wićawihomni. See wisitetoŋna.
- wi-tko'-win-na, n. Same as witkowin. T., witkowinla.
- wi-tko'-ya, v.a. to make drunk—witkowaya, witkomayan.
- wi-tko'-ya, adv. foolishly, like a drunken man.
- wi-tko'-ya-han, adv. foolishly, sillily.
- wi-to'-ka, n. a female captive. T., toka winyan. See winu.
- wi'-toŋ-pe-śni, adv. T. without fear or regard for anything: i. q kaġiśniśni. See itoŋpa.
- wi'-to-ye, n. something that dyes blue or green; green or blue blanketing.

- wi'-wa-koŋ-za, v. a. to wail for those who have gone out on awar party —wiwawakoŋza, wiwicayawakoŋza. T., wićakićilowaŋ.
- wi'-waŋ-ġa, v. of iwaŋġa; to ask questions, to inqūire—wimuŋġa, wi-uŋwaŋġapi, wimawaŋġa. T., wi-yuŋġa.
- $w i' w a n \dot{g} a p i$, n. questions.
- wi'-wanh, cont. of wiwanga; wiwanh wahi, I have come to ask questions. T., wiyunh.
- wi'-wanh-tu-ken, adv. in an inquiring way.
- wi'-wanh-ya, v. a. to cause to inquire—wiwanhwaya.
- wi'-waŋ-kaŋ-tu-ya, n. T. wiwaŋkaŋtuya u or hiyu, about 9 a. m.
- wi-wa'-śte, n. See wiwaśteka.
- wi-wa'-śte-ka, n. a beautiful woman, a lady.
- wi-wa'-ya, adj. boggy, marshy. See wiwiyela.
- wi-wa'-yu-ha, v. to live with the relatives of one's husband; a woman who lives with her husband's relations—wiwamduha. See wićawoha and wiwoha.
- wi-wa'-zi-ća, n. a widow.
- wi-wi', n. a bog, a quagmire. T., wiwila.
- w i'-w i-ća-h n u-p i, n. accusation, blaming.
- wi'-wi-ća-waŋ-ġa-pi, n. questions. T., wiwićayuŋġapi.
- wi'-wi-ća-źi-će, n. riches.
- wi-wi'-la, n. T. a spring, a bog: i. q. wiwi.

- wi-wi-ya, adj. T. springy, boggy, marshy.
- wi-wi'-ye-la, adj. T. ditto.
- wi-wo'-ha, n. T. i. q. wiwa-yuha.
- wi'-wo-śta-ke, n. T. a blunt arrow, such as boys use.
- wi-wo'-ti-ki-ya, v. T. See wotikiya.
- wi'-ya-ćin, v. of iyaćin; to liken to, compare to or with—wimdaćin, wiunyaćinpi.
- wi'-ya-ćin-i-a-pi, n. parables, similitudes.
- wi'-ya-ćin-pi, n. likeness, resemblance, similitude.
- wi'-ya-6in-yan, adv. parabolic, in the form of similitude.
- wi'-ya-han, v. of iyahan; to alight in, as birds.
- wi'-ya-ka, n. a quill, a feather of the wing or tail of geese, etc.
- wi-ya'-ka, n. sand. T., ćasmu, ćasmuska.
- wi'-ya-ka-skab-ye, n. T. mucilage; solder.
- wi'-ya-ka-śke, n. a band, i. q. telimiso.
- wi-ya'-kpa, v.n. to shine, glisten.
- wi-ya'-kpa, adj. bright, glistening.
- wi-ya'-kpa-kpa, red. of wiyakpa.
- wi-ya'-kpa-pi, n. brightness.
- wi ya' kpa ya, adv. brightly.
- wi'-ya-oŋ-pa, v. of iyaoŋpa; to blame, charge with—wiyawaoŋpa. See wiiyaoŋpa.

- wi'-ya-pe, v. of iyape; to lie in wait—wiyawape.
- wi'-ya-śpa-pi, n. the moon is nibbled; an expression used in reference to the moon when it has commenced waning.
- wi-ya'-śpu-ye-dan, n. a large species of field-mouse with a pointed nose, which is said to eat up the moon.
- wi'-ya-ta-hde, v. to have exceeding much—wiyatamahde. T., iyakapeya—iyakapeya ehaś bluha, I have more than I need.
- wi'-ya-ta-hde-ya, adv. having much, surpassingly.
- wi'-ya-ta-om-ya, n. See wiataomya.
- wi-ya'-te-6a, n. a species of red, sour berry, growing on bushes five or six feet high: a species of cranberry.
- wi'-ya-tkan, n. a drinking vessel, a cup. T, miniyatke, the better form.
- wi'-ya-tke, n. Same as wiyatkan.
- wi-ya'-tpa, adj. bright, glittering: i. q. wiyakpa.
- wi-ya'-tpa-tpa, adj. red. of wi-yatpa.
- wi-ya'-tpa-ya, adv. brightly.
- wi-ya'-tpa-ya, v. a. to cause to glisten.
- wi'-ya-ya, adv. ready: wiyaya hnaka, to make ready. See wiyeya.
- wi'-ya-yu-ski-ta, v. to bind around—wiyamduskita.
- wi'-y_a-yu-ski-te, n. a bandage.

- wi'-ye, n. the female of animals.
- wi'-ye, adj. female, used only in reference to animals.
- wi'-ye-dan, dim. of wiye; the female of animals, birds, etc.
- wi'-ye-la, n. T. a female animal: i. q. wiyedan and wiyena.
- wi'-ye-ya, adv. ready, prepared; wiyeya manka, I am ready; wiyeya hnaka, to make ready, prepare.
- wi-yo'-ćo-kam-tu, n. the middle moon, applied to January and July.
- wi'-yo-hi, v. of iyohi; to reach to, to be sufficient for. See iyohi, etc.
- wi-yo'-hi-yan-pa, n. the east, the sun-rising.
- wi-yo'-hi-yan-pa-ta, adv. at the east, eastward.
- wi-yo'-hi-yan-pa-ta, n the east: wiyohiyanpata ećiyatanhan, from the east.
- wi-yo'-hi-yan-pa-tan-han, adv. from the east.
- wi'-yo-hpe-ya, v. of iyohpeya; to put or throw into, as meat into a kettle to boil—wiyohpewaya.
- wi-yo'-hpe-ya-ta, n. the west, where the sun sets; at the west.
- wi-yo'-hpe-ya-ta-ki-ya, adv. westward; towards the west.
- wi-yo'-hpe-ya-tan-han, adv. from the west.
- wi-yo'-hpe-ya-ta-wi-ća-śta, n. the man of the west, a name given to the thunder.

- Wi'-yo-ke-ze-pa-ha, n. p. the Bijou Hills. So called from the stones found there, with which arrows are marked in zigzag lines.—w. J. c. See wiyukeza.
- wi-yo'-ki-he-dan, n. wampum; a flag, a banner; a flag of peace. Used only by the Santees. T., a flag or banner is wowapi.
- wi'-yo-ki-he-he-la, n. T. wampum, like the wasuhula, but straight; much used by the Omahas.
- wi-yo'-ki-ya, v. to court a woman. Same as wiokiya.
- wi-yo'-ki-ye-dan, n Same as wiyokihedan.
- wi'-yo-pe-ki-ya, v. of iyopekiya; to sell—wiyopewakiya.
- wi'-yo-pe-ya, v. of iyopeya; to sell, trade—wiyopewaya.
- wi'-yo-pe-ye, n. a seller, a merchant; something to trade for, merchandise. T., a trader; but merchandise is maza.
- wi-yo'-taŋ-haŋ, n. noon; the south. T., wićokanhiyaya.
- wi-yo'-taŋ-haŋ-i-na-śdo-ke, n. afternoon, past noon.
- wi-yo'-tan-he-ćin, n. noon.
- wi'-yo-wa, n. paint, something to mark or write with; ink, etc.: a pen. T., a pen, maza wiyowa; a pencil, ćanwiyowa. See wowapiićaże.
- wi-yo'-yan-pa, n. the east: i. q. wiyohiyanpa.
- w i' y o ź a ŋ ź a ŋ, v. of iyoźaŋźaŋ; to shine.

- w i' y u ć a n, n. a sieve; a riddle.

 T., wićaćan. See iyućan.
- wi'-yu-ćan-ćan, n. a sieve.
- wi'-yu-ha, v. of yuha; to obtain, possess; to have or be with a woman—wimduha.
- wi-yu-hin-te, n. T. a rake.
- wi'-yu-hdo-ke, n. an opener, a key. See iyuhdoke.
- wi'-yu-kćan, v. of iyukćan; to understand, have an opinion; one who forms an opinion—wimdukćan. See wokćan.
- wi'-yu-kéan-pi, n. forming an opinion.
- wi'-yu-ke-za, n. T. the instrument for making the zigzag or winding marks on arrows.
- wi'-yu-kin-će, n. something to scrape with, a scraper.
- wi'-yu-kpan, n. a mill to grind with; i. q. iyukpan
- wi'-yuŋ-ġa, v. T. See wiwanġa.
- wi'-yu-sdo-han, n. a sled; a sleigh.
- wi'-yu-sdo-he, n. Same as wiyusdohan. See iyusdohe.
- wi'-yu-ski-te, n. a bandage; a press.
- wi'-yu-śki-će, n. a press.
- wi'-yu-śkiŋ, v. of iyuśkiŋ; to rejoice, be glad—wimduśkiŋ, wiuŋyuśkiŋpi.
- wi'- yu-śkin-ki- ya, v. a. to cause to rejoice.
- wi'-yu-śkin-pi, n. rejoicing.
- wi'- yu-śkiŋ-śkiŋ, v. red. of wiyuśkiŋ.

- wi'-yu-śkiŋ-śkiŋ-na, n. the chickadeedee, the black-cap titmouse.
- wi'-yu-śkiŋ-yaŋ, v.a. to cause to rejoice—wiyuśkiŋwaya.
- wi'-yu-śkiŋ-yaŋ, adv. rejoicingly, gladly. See iyuśkiŋ.
- wi'-yu-śla, n. T. an instrument for shearing; shears. See yuśda.
- wi'-yu-ta, v. of iyuta; to measure; to weigh—wimduta, wiunyutapi. T., to make signs; to talk by signs—wibluta.
- wi'-yu-ta, v. of yuta; to eat one thing with another—wiwata.
- wi'-yu-ta-pi, n. a measure.
- wi'-yu-te, n. a measure; a steel-yard.
- wi'-yu-tpan, n. a mill. Same as wiyukpan.
- wi'-yu-wi, n. avine.
- wi'-yu-źa-źa, n. something to wash in, as corn; a colander, a basket; a tub.
- wi-zi', n. an old smoky tent, or part of one.
- wi'-zi-će, n. incense, as cedar leaves, etc. T., wizilye.
- wi-zi'-dan, n. an old smoky tent.
- wi'-zin-ya, v. to offer incense—wizinwaya. T., wizilya.
- wi-zi'-paŋ, n. Ih. and T. the rawhide sack or satchel made by western Sioux. The native trunk or carpet bag, a case made from untanned hide, to serve as a trunk. A half a buffalo hide, if large, will make two small wizipans. The hide is fleshed and pinned to the ground

to dry in the sun. Such painting as is desired is done at once on the upper side, while the hide is green. When dry the hair is scraped off, and the cases are made, folding and lacing the ends together. Usually a hide makes but two wizipans—a side for each. Bull's hides are commonly used.

wi-zi'-pan-he-ća, n. Ih. and T. a black bag; a common satchel.

wi-zi-pan-sa-pa, v. a satchelwi'-zi-ye, n. something to color yellow with.

 $wi'-\acute{z}i-\acute{c}a$, n. T. riches.

w i' - ź i - ć a , adj. of iźića; rich—wimaźića. T., źića.

wo, n. food. See woyute.

wo, the sign of the imperat. sing. used by men; as, ećon wo. T., also yo, the more common form.

wo, a prefix. 1. Verbs commencing with "o" make their absolute form by prefixing "w" instead of "wa," the "a" being dropped; as, oyaka, to tell, woyaka; woźu, etc. 2. "Wo" prefixed to verbs and adjectives generally converts them into abstract nouns; as, wowaśte, goodness; wokiksuye, remembrance.

wo, a. T. prefix to verbs, signifying that the action is done by shooting, punching, pounding with the end of a stick, or by blowing. It is also used when the action of rain is expressed. The pronoun's place is after the prefix See bo.

wo'-a-ća-kśiŋ, n. of aćakśiŋ; a stepping over. This has been used for the Passover.

w o' - a - h d a, n. a taking home.

wo'-a-hdi, n. a bringing home.

w o'-a-he-ćoŋ, n. family connexions. See wowahećoŋ.

 $\mathbf{w} \circ \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{h} \mathbf{i}$, \mathbf{n} . $\mathbf{a} \ bringing$

wo'-a-ho-pe, n. of ahopa; a ceremony, a custom; a law, a commandment: woahope wikéemna kin, the ten commandments. T., see, also, wowasukiye.

wo'-a-hta-ni, n. of ahtani; a transgression of superstitious customs; sin. T., a misfortune; when one meets with unlooked-for trouble he is "woahtani akipa." Perhaps this does not mean that he has "met with misfortune," but that his "sin has found him out." See waifihtani. "A transgression of customs, a sin," is woahope awahtanipi and awaifihtanipi.

wo'-a-i, n. the act of taking to a place. wo'-a-i-e, n. of aia; a talking about, slander.

wo'-a-i-hpe-ye, n. of aihpeya; leaving to; a will, a testament; that which is left to one, a legacy.

wo'-a-ka-ġe, n. a making on, blasphemy.

wo'-a-ka-hpe, n. of akahpa; a covering.

wo'-a-ke-ye, n. a curtain, a screen, something thrown up around like a tent. T., awakeyapi. See wakeya.

- w o'-a-k r-h o, n. of akiho; a habit; a trade. T., wićohan.
- w o'-a-k i-k to n-źe, n. of akiktonźa; forgetfulness.
- w o'-a-kta, n. of akta; regard, but not used without śni.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{i}$, n. disregard.
- w o'-a-na-g o-ptan, n. of anagoptan; obedience.
- wo'-a-na-go-ptan-yan, adv. obediently.
- wo'-a-na-libe, n. of anahma; concealment; a secret. T., woanahme.
- w o'- a n a h m a, n. Same as woanahbe.
- wo'-a-pe, n. of ape; waiting for, expectation, hope.
- wo'-a-na-pte, n. of anapta; a stopping, restraint; something astringent.
- wo'-a-sni, n. of asni; recovery from sickness. T., woasnikiye
- w o'-a-śa-pe, n. of aśapa; defilement.
- w o' a t a k u n i s n i , n. of takunisni; destruction.
- wo'-a-wa-ćin, n. of awaćin; thinking on, faith.
- wo'-a-ya-te, n. of ayate; prediction.
- wo'-a-yu-pte, n. of ayupta; an answer.
- w o'-ba-śpe, n. of baśpa; a piece cut off.
- w o'-bi-li-he-éa, n. T. activity; industry.
- wo'-ble-ća, n. T. a breaking open, a splitting apart.

- wo'-bo-pte, n. See owobopte.
- w o' é a n ś i é e , n. sorrow. See éanteśića and éanśinya.
- wo'-ćaŋ-hi-ya, v.n. of ćaŋhiya; not to be prevented from succeeding in any thing by any event, as the loss of a friend, etc.; to be lucky—woćaŋhimayaŋ.
- w o' é a n k s i, n. of éanksi; ill humor.
- wo'-ćan-ni-ye, n. of ćanniyan; malice, wrath, anger. T., woćan-zeka.
- w o'-é a n t a h d e, n. of éantahde; evil intention against, malice; the object of evil nurpose.
- wo'-ćan-te, n. of cante. See its use in the following words.
- wo'-ćaŋ-te-i-yu-taŋ-ye, n. temptation.
- wo'-ćaŋ-te-ki-ye, n. love. See woćantkiye.
- wo'-ćan-te-ptan-ye, n. anger.
- wo'-ćaŋ-te-śi-će, n. sorrow.
- wo'-ćan-te-wa-śte, n. gladness.
- wo'- éant-i-he-ye, n. ardent desire.
- wo'-ćant-i-yu-tan, n. temptation.
- w o'- é a n t k i y e, n. love, benevolence.
- wo'-ćant-o-hna-ke, n. compassion.
- wo'-ćant-o-kpa-ni, n. a longing for.
- wo'-ćant-o-tpa-ni, n. a. longing for.

- wo-ća'-źe-ya-te, n. the naming of things; in Dakota singing, the words that follow "hi-hi-hi."
- wo'-će-ki-ye, n. of ćekiya; crying to, prayer, petition.
- w o' ć e t u ŋ h d a, n. of ćetunhda; unbelief.
- wo'-će-ye, n. of ćeya; crying. See wićaćeya,
- wo'-éin, v. of oéin; to beg, ask for; to be begging, on an errand: woéin wahi, I have come to ask for something; wokiéin and wokiéiéin, to ask of one.
- wo'-ćin-pi, n. T. begging.
- wo'-ćo-kon, n. of ćokon; a threat, a curse.
- wo'-da, v. to beg food; begging.
- wo'-da-s'a, n. a beggar.
- wo'-de, v. of ode; to seek for—wo-wade.
- wo'-don, cont. of wodota; wodon wahi, I have come to borrow. T., wolol.
- w o'-do-ta, v. of odota; to borrow, borrowing; to hire—wowadota, wo-undotapi. T., wolota.
- wo'-do-ta-pi, n. borrowing.
- wo'-du-ta, n. the round of an animal when dried. See odute.
- w o'-d u z a h e, n. swiftness; also one who is swift See wićoduzahe.
- w o'-e-će-tu, n. of ećetu; fulfillment.
- wo'-e-ćon, n. work, doing.
- w o' e é o ŋ n a , n. gambling. See oećonna. T., wayékiyapi.
- wo'-e-ćoŋ-yaŋ, v. to do; one who is always doing—woećoŋwaya.

- w o'-e-h d a-k u, n. of ehdaku; deliverance.
- wo'-e-hpe-ye, n. of ehpeya; putting or throwing away.
- wo'-e-ki-će-tu, n. renewal, resurrection.
- wo'-e-ye, n. T. a speech, word, or saying. See iapi.
- wo'-glu-ze, n. T. a giving and taking it back again.
- wo-gna', v. a. T. to shell off by shooting or punching. See bohba.
- wo'-gna-ka-pi, n. T. a basket or receptacle. See wohnaka.
- wo'-e-ki-će-tu-ye, n. restoration.
- wo'-gna-ye, v.a. T. to miss in shooting. See bohnayan.
- wo'-ga, v. to husk, as corn—wa-mduga, waunyugapi.
- wo'-ġaŋ, n. a snow-drift. T., wáwotaikeya.
- wo'-ga-pi, n. the act of husking corn.
- wo'-ġi, n. of ġi; brownness.
- wo'- gu, n. scraps, as of tallow tried out.
- w o'-h a-k a-k ta, n. the youngest, the last: i. q. wahakakta.
- wo'-han, v. of ohan; to cook, boil; to make a feast—wowahe, wounhanpi.
- wo'-han-pi, n. a boiling; a feast: wakan wohanpi, a sacred feast.
- w o' h d a h d a k a , v. red. of wo-hdaka.
- wo'-hda-ka, v. of ohdaka; to converse of or detail one's own affairs; to talk—wowahdaka, wounhdakapi.

 T., woglaka, also means to counsel.

- w o'-h d a k a p i, n. telling one's own affairs. T., woglakapi, counseling.
- wo'-hde-će, n. an omen, a presentiment: wohdeće mduha. T., taku inihanwićaya.
- wo'-hdu-ze, n. something sacred or forbidden, as the heart, etc., of animals. When a young man engages to hold anything as "wohduze" he must not eat of it until, by killing an enemy, the taboo is taken off. It is something abstained from and considered sacred, including the idea of an oath or sacrament or binding of one's self. Hence the word is used for baptism and the Lord's supper, to the partakers of which many things are forbidden to be done. T., ićićonzapi; woićićonze. See wogluze.
- wo'-hdu-ze-ton, v. a. to set apart, consecrate.
- wo'-hdu-ze-ya, v. a. to have for wohduze—wohduzewaya.
- wo'-he, v. See wohan.
- wo'-he-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to cook: to have for a cook—wohewakiya.
- w o' h e k i y a p i, n. a cook: wohewićakiyapi, cooks. T., wohela, a cook.
- wo'-he-yun, n. of heyun; a package, a bundle, as of dried meat.
- wo'-hin-hpe-ya, v. a. T. to shoot and make fall; to punch over. See boha.
- w o' h i n y a n s y a, adv. T. crossly; sternly. See hinyansya.

- wo'-hi-ti, adj. furious, terrible.
- w o'-hi-ti-da, v a. to regard as furious—wohiwada: wohitiićida, to think one's self terrible—wohitimićida. See ohitida.
- wo'-hi-ti-da-ka, v. Same as wohitida.
- w o'-hi-ti-hda, n. of hitihda; something loathed.
- w o'-hi-ti-ka, adj. of ohitika; terrible, furious, violent; energetic womahitika, wounhitipika.
- w o'-hi-ti-ya, adv. furiously, violently; energetically.
- wo'-hi-ya, v. to overcome, conquer. See ohiya.
- wo'-hmun-ke, n. something to be trapped, as beaver, etc.
- wo'-hna, prep. in. See ohna.
- wo' hna-ka, v. of ohnaka; to put or place in—wowahnaka.
- wo'-hna-ye, n. of hnayan; deceit. wo'-ho-da, v. of ohoda; to honor. See woohoda.
- wo'-ha, n. of ha; a place to bury in, a corn-hole or other place of deposit in the ground, a caché; a cellar, a pit; something buried.
- w o'-h a-k a, n of ohaka; something that hurts or injures, whether externally or internally; something eaten that does not agree with the stomach; poison. See wota. T, supéosica.
- w o'- h a k a, v. of ohaka; to be poisoned—womahaka. T., supéosića—supéomasića, etc.
- wo'-hdo-ke-ća, n. one who invents, an inventor.

- wo'-he-śma, adj. T. thick, as grass or underbrush; dense.
- wo'-he-śma-śni, adj. T. destitute of undergrowth, as a forest; not thick, as grass growing thinly.
- wo'-hin-yan, v. of ohinyan; to be dissatisfied with, to take offence at—wowahinyan.
- wo'-hin-yan-pi, n. dissatisfaction, offence.
- wo'-hla, v. T. to ring, as a bell—wowahla. See yuhla.
- wo'-hpa, v. a. to carry presents to give in exchange for a woman, to buy a wife—wowahpa and wamduhpa. Buying is the honorable way of taking a wife among the Dakotas. Usually they pay about the value of \$40—a horse, four or five guns, or six or eight blankets.
- w o' h p a p i, n. buying a wife. T., winyanéinpi
- w o'-h t a-k a, v. a. T. i. q. bohtaka. w o'-i-é a-ġ e, n. of ićaġa; a growth; a creation.
- w o'-i-éaŋ-ksi, n. of iéaŋksi; ill-temper.
- wo'-i-ćaŋ-śi-ća, n. T. sadness; a cause of sadness. See wokahake.
- w o'-i-ća-zo, n. of ićazo; debt; credit.
- w o'-i-ć a-ź e, adj. many, very many: wićaśta woićaźe. T., many kinds; a great variety.
- w o'-i-c a-ź e-k a, adj. very many. T, same as woićaźe.
- wo'-i-ću, n. of iću; a receiving.

- wo'-i-éi-éoŋ-ze, n. T. of koŋza; a resolution; a sacrament; a binding one's self by an oath or resolution. See wohduze.
- wo'-i-¢i-hde, n. one who lays up for himself; substance. See hde.
- wo'-i-en-hde, n. a casting up to, charging with.
- wo'-i-han-mde, n. a dream.
- w o'-i-h d a k a, v. reflex. of wo-hdaka; to declare one's self, declare one's purposes; to vow—womihdaka.
- wo'-i-hda-tan, n. of ihdatan; boasting.
- wo'-i-hnu, n. murmuring. See wowihnu.
- wo'-i-ha, n. of iha; something laughable.
- wo'-i-ha-dan, n. something that causes laughter. See wowihadan.
- wo'-i-ha-ha, n. raillery.
- w o'-i-ha-ya, adv. laughably, lu-dicrously.
- wo'-i-ha-ya-ken, adv. ludicrously.
- w o'-i-ki-ksa-pe, n. of ikiksapa; experience.
- wo'-i-ko-pe, n. T. of ikopa; fear; anything frightful or discouraging.
- wo'-i-ksa-pe, n. something difficult.
- wo'-i-ksa-pe-ća, n. that which is difficult.
- wo'-i-la-ke, n. T. a servant; an instrument; anything made to serve for a definite purpose. See wowidake.

- wo-i'-le, v. a. T. to make blaze by blowing: i. q. boide.
- w o'-i-m a-ġ a-ġ a, n. T. an amusement. See imaġaġa.
- wo'-i-mnaŋ-ka, adj. T. powerful, strong; capable.
- w o'-i-n a-h b e, n. of inahma; con-cealment.
- wo'-i-na-pe, n. See wowinape.
- wo'-i-pu-za, n. of ipuza; thirst.
- wo'-i-stin-be, n. of istinma; sleep.
- w o'-i- \pm tin-ma, n. of istinma; sleep.
- wo'-i-ton-pe, n. carefulness. See wowitonpe. T., a surprise; a cause for wonder.
- wo'-i-ton-pe-ya, adv. T. angrily—woitonpeya ia, to speak angrily; insecurely, in danger—woitonpeya egle, to place insecurely, as a lamp.
- w o'-i-ton-śni, n. of itonśni; a lie, falsehood. T., owewakan, wićo-owewakan.
- w o'-i-tu-ka-ġe, n. of itukaġa; a falsehood.
- wo'-i-ye-će-tu, n. fulfillment, uprightness.
- w o'-i-y o-ki-śi-će, n. sorrow, sadness.
- wo'-i-yo-tan-i-ye'-ki-ye, n. difficulty.
- wo'-i-yu-śkin, n. gladness. See wowiyuśkin.
- wo-kab'-i-ye-ya, v. a. T. to remove what has been sent into another's body by magic or the wi-cahmunga process.

- wo'-ka-ġa, v. of okaġa; to make like. wo'-ka-ġe, n. of kaġa; anything made, forms.
- wo'-ka-ġe, adj. stuck full of splinters or briers—womakaġe. T., wokaġa.
- w o'-k a-gi, n. of kagi; a hindrance. w o'-k a-gi-ye, n. one who obstructs.
- wo'-ka-ha-ke, n. the cause of sadness or evil: wokahake wanin waun, I have no cause of sadness.

 T., woićanśića
- w o'-k a h n i ġ a, v. okahniġa; to understand—wowakahniġa. T.,wo-kićahniġa.
- wo'-kah-ni-ge, n. of kahniga; choice.
- wo'-ka-kiś-ye, n. the cause of suffering.
- w o'-ka-ki-źe, n. of kakiźa; suffering, misery.
- wo'-ka-mna, n. of kamna; a gathering, a hoard.
- wo'-ka-pan, n. pounded meat; a meat-block. T, wokapanpi.
- wo-ka'-pa-za, n. pungency, anything pungent, as pepper.
- wo'-ka-pe, n. of kapa; going beyond, transgression; one who catches a ball.
- w o'-ka-sda-ta, v. of okasdata; to stick in, as a splinter—womakasdata, wonićasdata T., okásleća.
- wo-ka'-sda-te, n. a splinter. T, wokasleće.
- wo'-ka-se, n. of kasa; a deposit in the snow.

- wo'-ka-śe-ye, n. something opposing, a hindrance.
- wo'-kéan, v. of yukéan; to judge, understand, form an opinion, decide wamdukéan.
- w o'-k é a n, n. wićasta wokćan, a prophet.
- wo'-kéaŋ-ka, n. one who understands things.
- wo'-ke-ya, n. a shelter, a cover, a booth. See wakeya and keya.
- wo'-ki-ća-hni-ġa, v. T. to detect, see through, understand, as the deception or untruthfulness of another. See okićahniga.
- wo'-ki-ćan-pte, n. of kićanpta; comfort, consolation.
- wo'-ki-6i-6i-ya-pi, n. talking to each other, friendly intercourse.
- wo'-ki-ći-ze, n. of kićiza; fighting.
- w o'-ki-ći-źu, n. of woźu; to sow or plant for one—wowećiźu.
- wo'-ki-ćoŋ-ze, n. law, government, kingdom. See kićoŋza and koŋza.
- wo'-ki-da-pi, n. the act of requesting.
- wo'-ki-ksu-ye, n. of kiksuya; remembrance.
- wo'-ki-kśaŋ, n. rape. See wi-kikśaŋ.
- wo'-ki-kta, n. of kikta; watching, waking.
- wo'-ki-mnaŋ-ka, adj. liberal, large; good, wise, honored. T., wide awake, on the alert, as a wolf.
- wo'-ki-ni, v. of okini; to get a share, acquire—wowakini, wounkinipi.

- wo'-ki-ni-han, n. of kinihan; honor, respect.
- wo-kin'-éa, va. T. to make sting or smart by shooting. See bokinéa.
- w o-k i n t'-k i n-ća, v. red. of above. See botukaka.
- w o'-ki-pa-źiŋ, n. opposition, rebellion.
- wo'-ki-tan, n. a little of any thing; wokitan mayaku, thou hast given me very little. See kitan, kitanna, etc.
- w o'-ki-tan, n. of kitan; obstinacy. T., wanáhonpiśni.
- wo'-ki-tan-in, n. of okitanin; manifestation.
- wo'-ki-tan-in-yan, adv. gloriously.
- w o'-ki-taŋ-yaŋ, adv. `obstinately, perseveringly. T., wanahoŋpiśniyaŋ.
- wo'-ki-u-ni, n. T. a hurt, an injury. See ontonyanpi.
- wo'-ki-ya, v. of okiya; to speak with, talk with; to make peace—wowakiya, wounkiyapi.
- w o'-ki-ya, v. of ókiya; to help. See wawokiya.
- wo'-ki-yag, cont. of wokiyaka; wokiyag wahi, I have come to announce to one.
- wo'-ki-ya-ka, v. of okiyaka; to tell to one, declare to—wowakiyaka and wowakimdaka, woyakiyaka and woyakidaka, wounkiyakapi.
- w o'-ki-ya-pi, n. making peace, peace, a covenant. T., olakol kagapi.
- wo'-ki-ye, n. peace. See wookiye. T., olakota.

- ya-pi, *n*. (wokiya *and* aiekiya) councillors. T., wakiya wićaśa.
- w o' k i y u h e, n. of kiyuha; copulation. T; kiyuhapi.
- wo'-ki-yu-śke, n. of kiyuśka; setting free, deliverance.
- wo'-ki-zi, n. of okizi; healing; salve.
- wo'-ki-zi-ya, v. to heal-wokiziwaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o'} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{e}, n.$ a healer; that which heals, salve.
- w o'-ki-źa, v. of woźa; to make hasty-pudding for one-wowakiźa. T., wokićiźa.
- · w o'-k o k i-p e, n. of kokipa; *fear;* the cause of fear.
 - wo'-ko-ki-pe-ya, adv. fearfully.
 - wo'-kon, n. of kon; desire, something desirable.
 - wo'-kon-ka, n. something desired.
 - w o'-k o n z e, n. of konza; a decree, law, influence.
 - wo'-ko-ya-ke, n. of koyaka; clothing. See heyake and ogepi.
 - w o'-ko-ze, n. of koza; a swinging, a brandishing.
 - wo'-kpan, v. of yukpan; to grind, as grain—wamdukpan: wokpan wahi, I have come to grind. See wotpan.
 - a grinding wo'-kpaŋ-ti-pi, n. mill.
 - wo'-ksa, v. of yuksa; to break off, to pull, as corn—wamduksa, waunyuksapi.
 - wo'-ksa-pe, n. of ksapa; wisdom,

- wo'-ki-ye-a-i-e-wi-ća-ki-|wo'-ksa-pi, n. pulling corn, harvest; those engaged in harvesting. reapers.
 - wo'-ksa-pi-wi, n. the harvest moon, August.
 - wo'-kte, n. of kte; a killing.
 - wo'-kte-ka, n. one who kills much.
 - wo'-kte-ya, v.a. to have for the purpose of killing things, as a gun or dog-woktewaya.
 - w o'-ku-źe, n. of kuźa; idleness, laziness. T., sickness, indisposition.
 - w o' k u ź i ṭ e , n. laziness.
 - wo'-ke, n. of ka; a digging; a place dug to bury in.
 - wo'-kin, n. of kin; a pack; a carrying. See wakin.
 - wo'-kin-yu-te-ya, v. a. T. to overload.
 - wo'-ku, v. of oku; to give food to; to lend—wowaķu.
 - wo'-ku-pi, n. a lending, giving to.
 - wo'-la-ko-ta, n. T. peace; friend-
 - wo'-mdu, v. of yumdu; to pulverize, to plough—wamdumdu. T., woblu.
 - wo'-mna, v. of omna; to smell, perceive smell; to have smell—wowa-
 - wo'-mna-ka, n. any thing that gives forth much odor.
 - wo'-mna-śni, *adj*. pure, clean, inodorous; i. q. wimnaśni and winmnaśni. Said of one who is unmarried See witansna and wotivemnaśni.
 - w o' m n a y e, n. of mnayan; $a col_{\mathbf{x}}$ lection

- See wićomnićiye.
- w o' m n i h e ć a, n. activity. wobiliheća. See wićomniheća and miniheća.
- won, cont. of wota: won mani, he walks eating. T., wol.
- wo'-na-ke, v. of naka; a tremor, an omen.
- wo'-na-se, n. of nasa; a hunting of buffalo.
- wo'-na-te, v. T. to beat as in a race; to excel: i. q. kapa.
- wo'-na-te, v. to stop giving to one, to. withhold—wonawate, wonama-T., hehanyela ayustan.
- wo'-na-te-ya, v. a. not to give to one as one has been accustomed to do-wonatewaya.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}, v. a.$ T. to cause to excel, etc.
- wo'-na-ti-će, v. n. not to have received any thing; to be disappointed —wonamatiće. T., wonatape. See ivohiśni.
- wo'-ni-hin-ći-ye, n. of nihinćiya; fright.
- wo-ni'-ya, n. spirit, life, breath: Woniya Wakan, the Holy Spirit.
- won'-ki-ya, v. a. of wota; to cause to eat, to feast—wonwakiya. T., wolkiya.
- wo'-nu-ka, adj. fertile, as land, producing well: maka wonuka, fertile land. T., owoźu waśte.
- won'-ya, v. a. to cause to eat, to make a feast: wonwićawaya, I cause them to eat. T., wolya.

- wo'-mni-ći-ye, n. an assembly. | wo'-o-hda-ke, n. of ohdaka; a declaring of one's own rights or intentions.
 - wo'-o-hi-ye, n. of ohiya; victory.
 - wo'-o-ka-hni-ġe, n of okahniga; the understanding of things, comprehension. wookićahniga.
 - wo'-o-ki-hi, n. of okihi; power, ability.
 - wo'-o-ki-tan-in, n. manifesta-
 - wo'-o-ki-ye, n. of okiya; peace. T., wookiye kahya, at peace, quiet, as a people not at war; peaceably.
 - w o'- o k i y e, n. of ókiya; help.
 - w o' o k i z i, n. of okizi; healing.
 - wo'-o-mna, n. smell, that which produces smell.
 - wo'-on-spe, n. of onspe; a precept, a lesson.
 - wo'-on-spe-ka, n. something that teaches, a lesson.
 - wo'-on-spe-ki-ye, n. of onspekiya; teaching.
 - wo'-o-pe, n. of opa; law, custom. See woahope.
 - w o'-o-śki-śke, n. of śkiśka; confusion, difficulty, complexity.
 - wo'-o-tan-in, n. of otanin; manifestation, news.
 - w o' o w o t a n n a, n. of owotanna; righteousness, uprightness.
 - w o' o z i i ¢ i y e, n. rest, repose. T., woasnikiye. See oziya.
 - wo'-o-źi-źi, n. of oźiźi; whispering.
 - $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{e}, n.$ something bulky, for which there is no room. Compare panga. T. See okiteyela.

- w o' p a ġ i, n. (T., opugiton); the noise made by a blow (T, to).
- wo'-pa-gi-ya, adv. in a stuffed manner. T., opugitonyan.
- wo'-pa-kan, v. n. of pakan; to be honored; i. q. ohodapi—womapakan. $T_{\cdot,\cdot}$ okinihan.
- wo'-pa-kin-te, n. of pakinta; wiping.
- wo'-pa-mna-yan, adv. collected together.
- wo'-pa-mni, n. a pile, a share, a distribution. See wakipamni and wapamnipi.
- wo'-pa-ni-ća, v.n. to be easily made angry, to be sensitive or irritable-T., waćanzezeka. wopamanića.
- wo'-pa-smi, n. of pasmi; spite, anger. T. See wowićaśaśni.
- $\mathbf{w} \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n}$, $n \mathbf{o} \mathbf{f} \mathbf{p} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{s} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{n}$; $a \mathbf{o} \mathbf{f} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{f} \mathbf{o} \mathbf{f}$ roast, a roasting of meat
- wo'-pa-ta, n. of pata; a place for cutting up meat; the act of cutting up meat.
- wo'-pa-to-ye, n. a hindrance.
- wo'-pa-źin, v. n. of paźin; to be prevented by, to be made unsuccessful—womapaźin.
- wo'-pe-mni, n. a rolling up; an accumulation. See penni.
- wo'-pe-mni-ka-ga-pi, n. something made into a roll; a pie, pies.
- wo'-pe-ton, v. of opeton; to buy, to buy and sell, to trade-wopewaton, wopeuntonpi.
- wo'-pe-ton, n. a trader, a merchant.

- something stuffed | w o' p i d a, n. of pida; thanks; joy, gladness.T., pilapi. wopida ku, wopida ećiya, etc., have no corresponding T. forms. They are equivalent, I suppose, to pila kin oglaka, pilayapi kin oglaka (or okiyaka), and the like.—w. л. с.
 - wo'-pi-da-ki-ye, n. something that makes glad. T., ipilaye.
 - $\mathbf{w} \circ \mathbf{o}' \mathbf{p} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{a}, \quad v. \quad a. \quad to \quad make \quad joy$ or gladness—wopidawaya. T, pilaya.
 - wo'-pi-da-ye, n. something that makes glad.
 - wo'-pi-ka, adj. T. skillful in making anything. See wayupika.
 - wo'-pi-ye, n. of opiye; a case, a bag, a box, a medicine sack; a storehouse; any place in which things are kept.
 - wo'-pi-ye-ya, v.a. to have for a wopiye—wopiyewaya.
 - wo'-pta, v. of yupta; to cut out, as clothes. T., oyupta.
 - wo'-pte, n. scraps, cuttings. Toyupte. See woptuha.
 - wo'-pte-ća, n. one who cuts out clothes. T., oyupte.
 - wo'-pte-ća, adj. what can be See woptemeasured or counted ćaśni.
 - wo'-pte-ća-ka, adj. immense, abundant.
 - wo'-pte-ća-śni, adj. immense, innumerable, immeasurable: taku woptećaśni.
 - w o'-p t u h a, n. T. remnants; leavings; chips; scraps.

- wo'-saŋ-ka, n. a place where nothing can be obtained, a country destitute of game. T, wamakaskan wanica.
- wo'-sa-pa, n. of sapa; blackness.
- wo'-sde-ća, n Ih. cracked corn.
- wo'-sdo-he, n. Ih. a drag, a sled.
- wo'-sdo-he-dan, n. paths made by squirrels in the grass.
- w o'-s d o n-y e, n. of sdonya; knowl-edge.
- wos'-i-éu, v. a. T. to take by force. wo-ska', v. a. T. i. q. boska, to
- wash off, as rain does whitewash, etc. See boźaźa.
- wo'-ska, n. one who makes white T., waska); ornamental work (T., wipatapi).
- wo'-ska-ka, n. one who makes white or works moccasins.
- wo-ska'-pa, v. T. to miss fire: said when the cap explodes but does not ignite the charge. Same as boskapa.
- w o'-ska-pi, n. quill-work. T., wipatapi. See oskapi.
- wo'-sku-ye, n. of skuya; taste, savor.
- w o' s m a k a , n. T. a valley. See osmaka and kaksiza.
- wo'-spa-ye, n. wetness. See spaya.
- w o'-su-kan-yu-za, v. to take openly when one has no right. See osukanyuza. T., owaśtekal iću; taninyankel manon.
- wo'-su-ki-ye, n. Ih. completion. See su and yasu.

- wo'-śa, n. of śa; redness.
- wo'-ś'a-ka, adj. overloaded. T., wokinyuteyapi. See yuś'aka.
- wo'-śa-pa, n. of śapa; anything that blackens or defiles.
- w o'-śi-će, n. of śića; evil, badness, the cause of disease.
- wo'-śi-hda, n of śihda; anger.
- wo'-śi-haŋ, n. of śihaŋ; wickedness. T., śićayaohaŋyaŋpi.
- w o'-śi-h tin, n. of śihtin; feebleness, debility. T. i q. waśiće.
- w o'-śi-tki-hda, n. of śitkihda; affliction, displeasure.
- wo'-śi-tki-hda-ya, v. to afflict; to make angry.
- w o'-śka-te, n. of śkata; play. See wićośkate.
- w o'-śki-ća, v. of yuśkića; to press. w o'-śki-śke, n. of ośkiśke; trouble, confusion.
- wo'-śna, v. of yuśna; to sacrifice; to drop—wowaśna. T., waunyan; wayulitata.
- w o'-sna, n. something offered to the gods, a sacrifice.
- w o'-ś n a k a ġ a , n. one who offers sacrifice, a priest. T., waunyan-kaġa; wayuhtata-kaġa.
- w o'- ś n a k i y a, v. a. to cause to sacrifice—wośnawakiya.
- wo'-śna-pi-ka-ġa, n. a priest.
- wo'-śpaŋ-ka, n. of śpaŋ; something to cook in. T., wośpaŋyaŋpi.
- wo'-śpi, v. of yuśpi; to pick, as berries—wamduśpi.
- wo-ste', intj. T. horrible!

- w o'- s t e k i d a , v. to consider difficult—wostewakida. T., otehila.
- w o'-śung-ya, adv. violently; very; i. q. nina. T., ośungyela.
- w o'-ta, v of yuta; to eat—wawata, wauntapi: aśkatudan mawota tuka nina wawata heon matanka, I have been eating only a little while, but have eaten much, and therefore I am large.
- wo'-ta-kpe, n. of takpe; an attack, an assault.
- wo'-t'an, v. of yut'an; to touch, to feel; anything that feels about for food, as the raccoon.
- wo'-tan-da, n. respect. T., yu-onihanpi.
- wo'-tan-in, v. of otanin; to be apparent.
- wo'-tan-in, n. news.
- wo'-tan-in-wo-wa-pi, n. onewspaper.
- wo'-taŋ-ka, v. n. to be in need of—womataŋka. T., ićakiś uŋ.
- w o'-taŋ-ka, n. largeness, anything large— can wanzi wotaŋka: a great matter, as, wogupi heceena woawa-ciŋ wotaŋka.
- wo'-ta-pi, n. eating.
- wo'-ta-tpe, n. an attack. See wotakpe.
- w o'-ta-we, n. armor; weapons consecrated by religious ceremonies; whatever is relied upon in war.
- wo'-ta-we-wo-han-pi, n. the armor feast. This feast is usually made by young men who wish to kill an enemy. They cry and howl frightfully.

- wo'-te-ća, n. wild beasts, cattle, ruminating animals. This term includes such as are granivorous and herbivorous. T., wamakaskan. See wanunyanpi.
- wo-te'-ća, n. of teća; newness.
- wo'-te-hni, v. See wotihni.
- wo'-te-hi, n. something hard to be endured, difficulty, trouble. See otehi.
- wo'-te-hi-ke, n. difficulty.
- w o'-te-k te-h da, v. n. to be hungry—wotektewahda, wotekteunhdapi. T, loćin. See akihan.
- w o'-te-k te-h d a-pi, n. hunger. T., loćinpi.
- wo'-ti-ća, n of tića; scraping or pawing, as an ox or horse does snow.
- wo'-ti-hni, v. of ihni; to hunt large animals, as deer and elk—wotiwahni, wotiunhnipi.
- wo'-ti-hni-pi, n. the hunting of deer, etc.
- wo'-ti-ki-ya, v. T. to ask of one for another; i. q. ikićituka: wi-wotikiya, to ask for a wife for another man—wotiwakiya.
- wo-ti'-ti, adv. T. irresolutely; unsteadily: wotiti mani, to walk unsteadily or as a blind man; wotiti econ, to do hesitatingly; wotiti inazin, to stand undecided.
- w o'-ti-ye-mna-śni, adj. T.
 pure; clean, as a person or a house.
 See womnaśni.
- wot'-ki-ya, v. See wonkiya.
- wo-to', v. n. T. to miss fire. See boto.

- w o' t o k i é o n, n. of tokiéon; revenge.
- wo'-ton, n. of ton; property. 1., woyuha.
- wo'-tpan, v. of yutpan; to grind, as grain—wamdutpan. See wo-kpan.
- wo'-tpan-ti-pi, n. a grist mill. wo'-ta, v. to be dead of food, to have eaten too much, to be surfeited—womata. See wohaka.
- wo'-te, n. death.
- w o' t e y e, n. the cause of death.
- wo'-wa, v. of owa; to mark, to paint, to write—wowawa, woyawa.
- wo'-wa-ci, n. of waci; the dance, dancing.
- wo'-wa-ćin-ko, n. of waćinko; irascibility.
- wo'-wa-ćin-tan-ka, n. patience, perseverance.
- wo'-wa-ćiŋ-yaŋ, n. of waćiŋyaŋ; trusting in, reliance upon, faith.
- wo'-wa-ćiŋ-ye, n. Same as wowaćiŋyaŋ.
- w o'- w a h d e é e , n a twitching, an omen. T., taku inihanwiéaya. See wahdeéa.
- w o'- w a h e é o ŋ, n. kindred, relationship; names expressing relationship. See takukićiyapi.
- wo'-wa-ho-koŋ-ki-ye, n. of wahokoŋkiya; instruction, advice.
- wo'-wa-hba-dan, n. of waliba-dan; gentleness, meekness.
- w o' w a h p a n i ć a, n. of wahpanića; poverty.

- w o'- w a-lita-ni, n. See woahtani. w o'- w a-lite-d a-śni, n. of walitedaśni; dissatisfaction.
- wo'-wa-lite-da-śni-yan, adv. not pleased with.
- wo'-wa-hte-śni, n. a hated thing; a disgrace.
- wo'-wa-kan, n. of wakan; something supernatural. This word we have used for holiness.
- w o'- w a k a ś o t e ś n i, n. of wakasoteśni; purity.
- wo'-wa-ki-ćoŋ-ze, n. of wakićoŋza; law, government, influence.
- wo'-wa-ki-tan, n. of wakitan; something that is contended for
- w o' w a k i t a n y e, n. that which causes obstinacy or determination, resolution.
- wo'-wa-koŋ-ze, n. of wakoŋze; determination; law, rule, justice.
- w o'- w a k t a, n. of wakta; a mark, a sign; circumspection.
- wo'-wa-ma-non, n. theft.
- wo'-wa-mna-da, n. of wamnada; respect.
- wo'-wa-ni-ki-ye, n. of wanikiya; salvation
- wo'-wan-ya-ke, n. a vision, a sight, a show.
- wo'-wa-oŋ-spe, n. of waoŋspe; precept, instruction
- wo'-wa-oŋ-spe-ki-ye, n. instruction.
- w o' w a o n s i d a, n. of waonsida; mercy; pity, kindness.
- wo'-wa-pe-tog-ton, n. of wapetogton; a mark, a sign.

- w o'-w a-p e-t o-k e-ć a, n. a sign, a wonder, a miracle.
- wo'-wa-pi, n. of owa; a painting or carving in hieroglyphics; a painting or representation, a picture; a writing, a letter; a book. T., a flag, banner or signal: wowapi pawoslal iyeya, to run up a flag. "A letter" or "book" is minihúowapi, though wowapi is slowly coming into use here for these also.—w. J. c.
- wo'-wa-pi-i-ća-ge, n. something used to paint or write with, a pen or pencil. See wiyowa.
- w o'-w a-p i-k a-g a, v. to write, to make a book—wowapi wakaga.
- w o' w a p i k a ġ a, n. a scribe, a clerk.
- wo'-wa-pi-o-hni-hde, n. a newspaper. Wotanin-wowapi is better.
- $w o' w a p i o k i \acute{z} a t e, n.$ The a flag of truce.
- wo'-wa-pi-wa-kaŋ, n. the holy book, the Bible.
- wo'-wa-pi-wi-ćo-ni, n. the book of life. Wićoni-wowapi is thought to be the better form.
- wo'-wa-su-ki-ye, n. Ih. a law; a prophecy. T., a rule; law; regulation; determination to be followed as a law.
- w o' w a ś' a g y a, adv. strongly. w o' - w a - ś' a - k e, n. of waś' aka; strength.
- wo'-wa-śi, n. Ih and T. labor, work: i. q. wohtani. T., also a worker or servant. See wićohtani. wo'-wa-śte, n. of waste; goodness.

- w o' w a ste da ke, n. love, complacency.
- wo'-wa-wo-ki-ye, n. of wawo-kiya; help.
- w o'-w a-y a-z an, n. of wayazan; sickness, disease.
- w o'-wi-ća-da, n. of wićada; belief, faith.
- w o'- w i é a d a y a, v a. to cause belief, to persuade—wowićadawaya.
- w o'-wi-ća-h n a-ye, n. deception. See wohnaye:
- w o'-wi-ća-htag-ni-ća, v. n. (ićahtaka and nića) to be irritable, easily provoked; to be unwilling to be touched—wowićahtagmanića. T., wowićahtake wanića.
- w o'-wi-ća-ke, n.of wićaka; truth: wowićake ećiyatanhan, of a truth, truly.
- wo'-wi-ća-ke-ya-taŋ-haŋ,
 adv. of a truth, truly.
- w o'-wi-ća-śa-śni, n. T. spite; mischief; meanness.
- wo'-wi-ćin, n. See wićinpi.
- wo'-wi-dag-ya, v. a. to make a servant of, to have for a servant, to cause to serve—wowidagwaya, wowidagunyanpi, wowidagmayan.
- w o'- w i-da-ke, n. of idaka; a servant. T., woilake.
- w o'-wi-haŋ-mde, n of ihaŋmna; a dream, dreams.
- w o' w i h a n m n a, n. dreams.
- w o'-wi-hnu, n. of ihnu; murmur-ing.
- wo'-wi-ha, n. of iha; something laughable.

- wo'-wi-ha-dan, n. fun; something laughable.
- w o'- w i h a h a, n. laughing, making fun.
- wo'-wi-ha-ha-ki-ya, v. to laugh at one's own—wowihahawakiya.
- wo'-wi-ha-ha-ya, adv shamefully.
- wo'-wi-han, n. T of wihan; graz-ing.
- wo'-wi-ha-ya, adv. laughably.
- w o'-wi-ha-ya-ken, adv. ridiculously.
- w o'-wi-ma-ġa-ġa, v. n. of imaġaġa; to be cheerful or merry—wowimamaġaġa, wowinimaġaġa. T., also an amusement. See woimaġaġa.
- w o' w i m a ġ a ġ a, n. of imaġaġa; something cheering.
- wo'-wi-na-hni, n. of inahni;
- wo'-wi-na-ki-wi-zi, n. of ina-kiwizi; jealousy.
- wo'-wi-na-pe, n. of inapa; a refuge, a retreat.
- wo'-wi-na-pe-ya, v. a. to have for a refuge.
- wo'-wi-na-wi-zi, n. of inawizi; jealousy, envy; the cause of envy.
- wo'-wi-ni-han, n. of inihan; something frightful, fear.
- wo'-wi-ni-han-yan, adv. fear-fully.
- w o'-win-kta, n. of iwinkta; gladness; glory.
- wo'-win-yun-yan, v. a. to use as an instrument—wowinyunwaya. See iyun and wowiyunyan.

- wo'-win-yun-yan-pi, n. tools, instruments.
- w o'- w i śte će, n. of iśteća; shame.
- w o'-wi-śten-ya, adv. disgracefully, shamefully: wowistenya ećamon, I have acted shamefully.
- wo'-wi-śten-ye, n. the cause of shame.
- w o'- w i \pm u t e, adj. of isute; very much: taku wowisute. T, lila ota.
- wo'-wi-śu-te-ka, adj. very much.
- wo'-wi-śu-te-ya, adv. very much, abundantly.
- wo'-wi-tan, n. of itan; honor, glory; pride.
- wo'-wi-tan-yan, v. a. to glory in—wowitanwaya.
- wo'-wi-tan-yan, adv. honorably, gloriously.
- wo'-wi-ton-pe, n. of itonpa; something to be feared or guarded against; danger.
- wo'-wi-yun-yan, v. See wo-winyunyan.
- w o'-wi-yu-śkin, n. of iyuśkin; gladness, rejoicing.
- wo'-wi-yu-skin-yan, adv. gladly, rejoicingly.
- wo'-wi-yu-tan, n. of iyutan; temptation.
- wo'-wi-yu-tan-ye, n. temptation.
- w o'-w i ź i ć e , n. of wiźića; riches.
- wo'-ya-60, n. of ya60; judgment, condemnation T, woyasu.
- wo'-yad-ya. See Woonspe Itakihna, p. 97, l. 8.

- wo'-yag, cont. of woyaka; woyag wahi, I have come to tell.
- wo'-yag-ki-ya-pi, n. T. a witness; one made to testify.
- wo'-ya-ka, v. of oyaka; to tell, relate, declare, publish—womdaka, wounyakapi.
- wo'-ya-ka-pi, n. a declaration, a narration.
- wo'-ya-ke, n. a relation, a declaration, a vow.
- wo'-ya-pta-pi, n. of oyapta; leavings, fragments of food.
- wo'-ya-pte, n. See woyaptapi.
- w o'-ya-su, n. of yasu; finishing, i. q. yaćopi. See woyaćo.
- wo'-ya-tan, n. of yatan; praise.
- wo'-ya-tke, n. of yatkan; drink.
- w o' y a t a g a, n. of yataga; something astringent.
- wo'-ya-wa, n. of yawa; a counting.
- wo'-ya-wa-ste, n. of yawaste; blessing, praise.
- wo'-ya-wa-tan-ka, n. a great count, a million. T., kokta śića.
- wo'-ya-ya, n. T. a skein; a bunch, as of beads or thread; a string, as of beads.
- wo'-ye-tan-in, v. n. T. there are tracks.
- wo'-yu-e-će-tu, n. of yuećetu; a making right.
- wo'-yu-ha, n. of yuha; possessions, property.
- wo'-yu-htan-yan, n. small burrs of several varieties of plants, probably species of Xanthium.

- wo'-yu-kéan, n of yukéan; opinion, judgment.
- wo'-yu-o-ni-han, n. T. an honor; honor
- wo'-yu-ska, n. ornamental work, such as cutting strips into skin, and winding them with quills.
- wo'-yu-su, n. of yusu; a making right, finishing. T., yuećetu; waśte kaġa.
- wo'-yu-su-ta, n. of yusuta; a making firm.
- w o'- y u \pm d a y e h n a, n. See \pm sdayehna.
- wo'-yu-śi-će, n. of yuśića; that which makes bad.
- wo'-yu-śi-htin, n. that which makes feeble. T., that which injures or makes bad.
- w o'- y u ś k i ś k e, n. of yuśkiśka; that which causes difficulty.
- w o'-y u-śna, n. of yuśna; missing, letting fall; sacrificing.
- wo'-yu-stan, n. of yustan; finishing, completion, perfection; putting one in another.
- wo'-yu-te, n. of yuta; something to eat, food.
- wo'-yu-te-ya, v. a. to have or use as food—woyutewaya.
- w o'- y u t k o n z e, n. of yutkonza; finishing, perfecting. T., also making equal.
- w o' y u t p a n, n. T., woyukpan. See wiyutpan.
- w o'-y u-w a-śte, n. of yuwaśte; that which makes good.
- wo'-zan-ni, n. of zani; health.

wo'-ze, n. of yuze; taking out, lading out of a kettle.

wo'-ze-pi, part. laded out.

wo'-zi, n. See zi.

w o'-źa, v. of yuźa; to mash; to stir, as mush, to make mush—wowaźa and wamduźa.

w o'-źa-pi, n. something mashed and stirred up; hasty-pudding, mush: also a stew of any kind mixed; ćanpa woźapi, kanta woźapi.

w o' - źa - źa, v. of yuźaźa; to wash, do a washing—wamduźaźa.

wo'-źa-źa-pi, n. washing.

wo'-źi-će, n. of źića; riches.

w o' - ź u, v. of oźu; to sow, to plant—wowaźu, woyaźu, wounźupi.

wo'-źu, n. a sower.

w o'- źu-ha, n. an empty bag, a sack, a case. See oźuha.

wo'-źu-ha-daŋ, n. a small bag. wo-źu-ha-gla-ta-ta, v. a. T. to exhaust, use all up, as one's supply by giving to others: i. q. peaglatata—wozuhawaglatata.

wo'-źu-pi, n. seed for planting (T., iwóźu; woźupi su); sowing or planting; a field or garden (T., woźupi).

wo'-źu-pi-wi, n. the planting moon, May.

wo'-źu-ti, n. a farm-house; a farmer. wo'-źu-ton, v. of oźuton; to fill up into bags or sacks—woźuwaton.

wo'-źu-toŋ-pi,n. a bag or sack filled, a bag of corn.

w o'-źu-źu, v. of yuźuźu; to take to pieces; to demolish; to unpack—wowaźuźu and wamduźuźu.

w o' - \acute{z} u - \acute{z} u - p i, n. taking to pieces. w u h, intj. T. of surprise; oh!

w u h'- w u h - w u h, *intj.* Used by the Dakota women in calling a dog. *T.*, wehwehweh.

Y.

- y, the twenty-seventh letter of the Dakota alphabet, with the common sound of "y" in English.
- ya, a prefix.
 - 1. It is prefixed to a large class of verbs, and signifies that the action is done with the mouth, by biting, talking, etc.; as, yaksa, to bite off.
 - 2. It is prefixed to adjectives, and sometimes nouns, making of them verbs signifying to speak of as such or to make so with
- the mouth; as, waste, good, yawaste, to call good, to bless; wisasta, man, yawisasta, to speak of as a man. In these cases the different persons are formed as in ya, to go.
- ya, v. aux. causative; to cause, to make. This is suffixed to verbs, adjectives, etc.; as, ećonya, to cause to do; samya, to make black; waś'agya, to make strong. The place of the pronoun is before the "ya."

- ya, v. aux. suffix to nouns; to have for, regard as; as, tiyopa-ya, to have for a door; isan-ya, to have for or use as a knife. It is also used in cases of relationship; as, ate-ya, to have for father—atewaya, ateunyanpi: tankśiwaya, she is my sister or I have her for sister.
- ya, pron. in comp. thou, you.
- y a, v. n. to go, to start, to proceed—mda, da, unyanpi. T., mla, la—future, mni kta, ni kta, yin kta.
- y a, exclamation of scolding, used by T, women.
- y a or y a n, an adverbial termination of adjectives and an adverbial or participial termination of verbs; as, śića, bad, śićaya, badly; yuktan, to bend, yuktanyan, bending. T., also yakel.
- y a a' d o s d o z a, v. of adosdoza; yaadosdoza se iyeya, to say something that makes another feel uncomfortable, to injure one's feelings. T., yaéantiyap'a iyeya.
- y a a' o p t e é a, v. a. of aopteéa; to speak of as being small, to underrate—mdaaopteéa.
- y a a' o p t e n, cont. of yaopteća; yaaopten iyeya.
- y a a' o p t e n y a, adv. in a depreciating manner.
- y a a' o p t e t u, v. a. of aoptetu; to speak of as less, to underrate mdaaoptetu.
- y a a' o pte tu ya, adv. underrating.
- y a a' ś d a , v. n. to graze, as cattle. See aśda.

- y a a' ś d a y a, v. a. to make bare, as a falsehood; to unfold, tell, explain; to make bare with the teeth—mdaaśdaya.
- y a a' ś k a d a ŋ, v. a. of aśkadaŋ; to speak of as near—ındaaśkadaŋ. T, yakiyela.
- ya-a'-śka-śka-daŋ, v. red. of yaaśkadaŋ.
- y a a' śka ya ken, adv. speaking of as near.
- y a a' ś k a y e d a ŋ , v. a. to speak of us near—mdaaśkayedaŋ.
- y a b a' ġ a , v. a. to turn about with the mouth, to twist; to bite or vex, as one dog does another; to vex or annoy by begging—mdabaġa. T., yawazeća. See yabaza, pabaġa, etc.
- y a b a' ġ a k a, v. a. to annoy, to beg of—mdabaġaka.
- y a b a' z a, v. a. to annoy, as one dog does another by biting. See yabaga, yubaza, etc.
- y a b a' źa, v. a. to bite or gnaw, as a horse does wood.
- y a b i' l i h e é a, v. a T. to make active by talking to. See miniheéa.
- ya-bo'-sdan, v. of bosdan; to set up with the mouth: yabosdan yapa and yabosdan ehnaka, to hold upright with the mouth.
- y a b u', v. a of bu; to growl, to speak or sing with a hoarse voice—mdabu. T., also to make any loud but indistinct noise or a disagreeable noise, as children with horns, etc.
- y a b u' b u, v. red. of yabu; to speak with a hoarse rough voice—mdabubu.

- y a b u' y a, adv. hoarsely: yabuya ia, to speak with a hoarse voice.
- y a é a n' é a n, v. a. of éanéan; to make shake with the mouth.
- y a é a n t i y a p' a i y e y a, v. T. to say something to hurt another's feelings: i. q. yalos iyeya. See yaadosdoza.
- ya-ćan'-ze-ka, v. a. T. to make angry by talking to.
- y a ć e' k a , v. a. See yaćekćeka.
- y a é e' k é e k a , v. a. to bite and make stagger—mdaéekéeka.
- y a ć e' y a, v. a. of ćeya; to make cry by talking to or biting—mdaćeya, mayaćeya.
- y a é i' k a d a n, v. a. of éikadan; to count small; to make small with the mouth; to undervalue—mdaéikadan.
- y a é i' s t i ŋ n a, v. a. of éistinna; to speak of as small—mdaéistinna. T., yaéiséiyela.
- y a é o', v.a. to judge, condemn, fine—mdaéo, daéo, unyaéopi. See yasu.
- y a ć o' ć o, v. a. to chew up fine—mdaćoćo.
- y a-6 o'-k a, v.a. to judge, to condemn (T., same meaning); to make empty.
- y a 6 o' k a k a, v. a. to empty by eating out the inside, as dogs do a dead animal.
- y a 6 o' n a l a, v. a. T. to speak of as few.
- y a é o' p i , n. condemnation; i. q. woyaćo. T., yasupi.
- y a 6 o' y a, adv. condemning. T., yasuya.

- ya-ćo'-ya-ken, adv. in the way of condemning. T., yasuyakel.
- y a 6 o' z a, v. a. to call warm, to make warm with the mouth—mdaćoza.
- y a d e m' d e p a, v. a. to bite notches in—mdademdepa.
- y a-d u'-z a-h a n, v.a. to callswift—mdaduzahan: also 2d pers. sing. of duzahan.
- ya-e'-ćah, adv. Same as yaećayah. T., yawićakeya se.
- y a e' é a y a h, adv. deceptively; ironically: yaećayah oyaka, to tell a thing not as it is, to make a statement of which the very reverse is true—yaećayah omdaka.
- y a e' é e d a n, v. a. to speak of as right, to make right with the mouth—mdaeéedan.
- y a e' é e n y a , adv. yaeéenya oyaka, to tell a thing as it ought to be told.
- y a e' é e t u, v. a. to consummate by speaking; to speak correctly—mdaeéetu.
- y a e' é e t u y a, adv. speaking correctly.
- ya-ġa', v. a. to peel off with the teeth; to husk with the mouth—mdaġa.
- ya-ġa'-ġa, v. red. of yaġa; yaġaġa iyeya.
- ya-ġam', cont. of yaġapa; yaġam iyeya.
- y a ġ a n' ġ a t a , v. a. to make forked with the mouth, to prevaricate—mdaġanġata.

- y a g a n', v. a. to suck out or open— mdagan.
- y a ġ a' p a, v. a. to bite off, as the skin or bark from anything—mdaġapa.
- ya-ġa'-ta, v. See yaġanġata.
- y a g e', v. a to drink up, as water from a spring—mdage: to gather with the mouth, as an ox does grass.
- y a g e' g e, v. a. to gather with the mouth, as an ox does grass.
- y a g i'- t a, v. ho yagita, to make the voice hoarse by speaking. See hogita.
- y a g o', v. a. to make a mark with the teeth—mdago.
- y a ġ o m', cont. of yaġopa; yaġom yatkan, to sip, as water: yaġom iću.
- y a g o' p a, v. a. to suck up, to make a noise with the mouth, as in eating soup, etc.—mdagopa.
- y a ġ u' k a , v. a. to strain, as one's neck, by biting anything—mdaġuka. See yuġuka.
- y a h a', v. n. to prick or run into, as beards of rice or porcupine quills—mayaha, wićayaha. T, yahan.
- ya-ha'-ha, n. See yahahadan.
- y a h a' h a d a n, v. a. to shake or move with the mouth; to move one in his purpose by talking to, to persuade—mdahahadan. See yuhahadan.
- y a h a' h a y e d a n, v. a. to move by talking to, to shake in one's purpose—mdahahayedan: ćante yahahayedan.

- ya-ha'-i-ye-ya, v. a. to throw down with the mouth, to turn aside with the mouth.
- y a h b a', v. a. to shell with the mouth, to bite off—mdahba.
- y a h b e' z a, v. a. to bite and make rough—mdahbeza. See yuhbeza.
- y a h b u' y a i y e y a, v. to push into with the nose and make a noise, as into a barrel of corn.
- y a h d a', v. a. to bite off, as a dog does the fat from entrails; to uncoil with the mouth.
- y a h d a' h d a, v. a. to uncoil, as a dog does entrails, with the mouth.
- ya-hda'-he-ya, adv. yahdaheya ia, to set in order; to lay open, explain.
- y a h d a' k a, v. a. to bite off and make toothed or notched, as a beaver does—mdahdaka.
- y a h d a' k i n y a n, v. a. of hdakinyan; to go across in one's speech, to contradict one's self, to tell what is false—mdakdakinyan.
- ya-hda'-pi-se, adv. fluently, plainly: yahdapise oyaka.
- ya-hdo'-ka, v. a. to put out of place by means of the teeth—mdahdo-ka. See yahdoka and yasdoka.
- y a h i n', cont. of yahinta; yahin iyeya, to eat all up.
- y a h i n' t a, v. a. to brush away with the mouth, to eat all up—mdahinta.
- y a h m i', v. a. to clear off, to bite off, as grass, etc.
- y a h m i' ć a, v. to catch by the hair in the mouth.

- y a h m i' h m a, v. a. to roll with the mouth—mdahmihma.
- y a h m i' p i s e, adv. rounded off, as a bunch of grass or weeds whose tops have been bitten off.
- ya-hmi'-yaŋ-yaŋ, v.a. to make round in the mouth, as bullets—mdahmiyaŋyaŋ. See yamima.
- y a h n a', v. a. to shake off, as fruit, with the mouth—mdahna.
- y a h n a' y a n, v. a. to miss with the mouth, as in attempting to catch in it; to miss with the mouth, tell a falsehood mdahnayan: also 2d pers. sing. of hnayan.
- y a h n u' n i, v. a. of hnuni; to cause to wander in mind by talking to, to confuse—mdahnuni.
- y a h o'- g i l y a, adv. T. hoarsely. y a - h o'- g i - t a, v. n. T. to become hoarse from singing—blahogita. To become hoarse from speaking is iglá-
- y a h o' h o, v. a. to shake or make loose with the mouth—mdahoho.

hogita.

- y a h o' h o y a, adv. shaking with the mouth.
- y a h o' m n i, v. a. to turn one round by argument, to make one change his views, to convert—mdahomni, mayahomni.
- y a-ho'-ta, v. to draw in with the breath, to inhale, as cold air, dust, etc —mdahota: sni dahota, thou hast taken cold.
- y a h o' t o n, v. a. of hoton; to bite and make cry out—mdahoton.
- ya-hu'-hus, cont. of yahuhuza: yahuhus iyeya. T., yahunhuns.

- y a h u' h u z a, v. a to shake with the mouth; to shake one's resolution by talking to—mdahuhuza. T., yahunhunza.
- y a h u' t e d a n, v. a. to bite off short, to wear off to a stump, as the teeth—mdahutedan.
- y a h a h a , v. a. to tangle with the teeth—mdahaha.
- ya-ha'-kpa, v. a. to bite and make rough—mdahakpa; i. q. ya-hatpa.
- y a h a m', cont. of yahapa; yaham iyeya, to scare away, as game, by talking.
- y a h a n' h i y a, adv. of hanhi; making slow by talking to.
- ya-haŋ'-i-ṭe-ya, adv. making weary by talking to.
- y a h a' p a, v. to frighten or scare up, as game, by talking—mdahapa. See kahapa.
- ya-ha'-tpa, v. a. to make rough with the teeth—mdahatpa; i. q. ya-hakpa.
- y a h b a', v. a. to make sleepy by talking to—mdahba.
- y a h é i', v. a. to tear out a little piece with the teeth—mdahéi.
- y a h ć i' h ć i , v. red. of yahći.
- y a h d a', v. a. to make rattle with the mouth—mdahda.
- y a h d a' g a n, v a. to enlarge with the mouth.
- y a h d a' h d a, v. red. of yahda.
- y a h d a n', cont. of yahdata; yahdan ia, to speak as one does who is starving to death.

- y a h d a' t a, v. to speak as one dying of hunger is said to speak—mdahdata. T., akihan tin kta se hotanin śni.
- y a h d a' y a, v. a. to bite or peel off the skin or rind of any thing with the teeth; to tell a lie—mdahdaya, dahdaya.
- y a h d e' é a, v. a. to tear with the mouth, to bite to pieces—mdahdeéa, uŋyahdeéapi.
- y a h d e' h d e ć a, v. red. of yahdeća.
- y a -h d e n', cont. of yahdeća: yahden iyeya.
- ya-hdog', cont. of yahdoka: ya-hdog iyeya.
- y a h d o' h d o k a, v. red. of yahdoka; to bite and tear, as dogs do—mdahdohdoka.
- y a h d o' k a , v. a. to bite a hole in, to bite open, to make an impression on with the teeth—mdahdoka, dahdoka, unyahdokapi. See yahdoka.
- y a h e m', cont. of yahepa; yahem iyeya, to drink up at once.
- ya-hem'-he-pa, v. red. of yahepa. ya-he'-pa, v. a. to drink up, as
- ya-ne-pa, v. a. w armk up, as water, etc.—mdaliepa, daliepa, unyaliepapi.
- ya-he'-yan, cont. of yaheyata: yaheyan iyeya.
- y a h e' y a t a, v. to put aside with the mouth or in speaking, to reject—mdaheyata, mayaheyata.
- y a h i' 6 a, v a. to waken one up with the mouth or by talking—mdahića.

- y a h d a' t a, v. to speak as one y a h i n', cont. of yahića: yahin iyedying of hunger is said to speak— ya.
 - y a h i' y a y a, v. to be awkward with the mouth, as in speaking or making a bullet round in the mouth—mdahiyaya.
 - y a h l e' \acute{e} a , v. T. i. q. yahde \acute{e} a.
 - ya h l o' k a, v. T. i. q. yahdoka.
 - y a h m i n', v. a. to crook or turn aside with the mouth; to distort—mdahmin.
 - ya-h m i ŋ'- ya ŋ, adv. turning aside with the mouth: yahminyan ehnaka.
 - ya-hmun', v. to make a humming or rattling noise with the mouth: yahmun se yutapi.
 - y a h p a', v. a. to throw any thing down with the mouth—mdahpa.
 - y a h p a' h p a , v. red. of yahpa.
 - y a h p a n', v a. to moisten or soak in the mouth—mdahpan.
 - ya-hpan'-hpan, v. red. of ya-hpan; to make soft with the mouth, as a quill or takan—mdahpanhpan.
 - y a li p e' y a, v. a. to cause to throw down with the mouth—yalipewaya.
 - y a h p u', v. a. to bite off, as any thing sticking on, bite off in small pieces, as gum—mdahpu.
 - y a li p u' li p u , v. red. of yalipu.
 - y a li t a g', cont. of yahtaka: yahtag iyeya.
 - ya-htag'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to bite anything—yahtagwakiya.
 - y a h t a g' y a, v. a. to cause to bite—yahtagwaya.
 - ya-htag-ya, adv. biting.

- y a h t a' k a, v. a. to bite, to take hold of with the teeth—mdahtaka, dahtaka, unyahtakapi.
- y a h u', v. a. to peel off, as the hull or rind, with the teeth—mdahu.
- y a h u' ġ a, v. a. to bite into; to crush with the teeth—mdahuġa.
- y a h u' g a p i, n. T nuts, because cracked with the teeth, especially peanuts.
- ya-huh', cont. of yahuġa: yahuh iyeya.
- y a h u h' k i y a, v. a. to cause to crush or bite into—yahuhwakiya.
- y a li u' li n a g a, v. a of huhnaga; to speak evil of, to destroy one's character, as if burnt up—mdahuhnaga. T., yaatakunisni.
- y a h u' h u g a, v. red. of yahuga. y a - h u h' - y a, v a. to cause to crush with the teeth—yahuhwaya.
- ya-hun'-hun-ta, v. red. of ya-hunta.
- y a h u n' t a, v. a. to draw through the mouth and make pliable, as sinew for sewing and bark for tying mdahunta.
- y a i' de, v. a. of ide; to make blaze by blowing with the mouth—mdaide.
- y a i' h a, v. of iha; to make laugh by talking to—mdaiha.
- y a i m n i ź a, v. a. T. to speak of as if (it) were a rock.
- ya-i'-na-hni, v. a. of inahni; to make hasten by speaking to—mdainahni.
- y a i' n a h n i y a, adv. hastening by speaking to,

- y a i' n i n, cont. of yainina; yainin elipeya, yainin iyeya, and yainin ya, to put to silence by argument. T., yainil.
- y a i' n i n a, v. a. of inina; to put to silence by speaking to—mdainina. T., yainila.
- y a i' ś t e ć a , v. a. of iśteća: to make ashamed by speaking to—mdaiśteća.
- y a i' stel y a, v. a. T. Same.
- y a i' s t e n y a, adv. making ashamed by speaking to.
- y a i' to k a n, v. a. T. i. q. yaiyoka.
- y a i' t p i s k a e h p e y a, v. (itpi, ska, and ehpeya) to make turn over on the back, as a dog, by speaking to or biting.
- ya-i'-yog, cont. of yaiyoka; yaiyog iyeya, to put aside with the mouth, reject.
- y a i' y o k a, v. a. of iyoka; to put aside, reject—mdaiyoka.
- y a i' y o w a, v. a. of iyowa; to make yawn by speaking—mdaiyowa.

 T.. yaiyoya.
- ya-i'-yo-was, cont. of yaiyowaza; yaiyowas iyeya.
- y a i' y o w a ś, cont of yaiyowaźa: yaiyowaś ie śni, he does not speak to the point.
- y a i' y o w a z a, v. a. to make echo by speaking—mdaiyowaza.
- ya-i'-yo wa-za, n an echo.
- y a i' y o w a ź a, v. a. of iyowaźa; to speak of as near, to speak to the point. See yaiyowaźaśni

- y a i' y o w a ź a s n i , v. a. not to speak to the point—mdaiyowa-źaśni.
- y a i'-y o-y ag, cont. of yaiyoyaka; yaiyoyag iyeya.
- y a i' y o y a k a, v. a. of iyo-yaka; to make sad by speaking to.
- ya-ka', v. a. to split with the mouth, as the feather end of a quill—mdaka.
- y a k a' k a, v. a. to champ, as a horse his bit
- y a k a' k i ś y a , adv. making suffer by scolding: yakakiśya ia.
- y a k a' k i ź a , v. a. of kakiźa; to make suffer by scolding or biting mdakakiźa.
- ya-kam', cont. of yakapa; yakam iyeya. T., yakab.
- ya-kan'-ye-la, v. T. to speak of as near: i. q. yakiyela. See ya-aśkadan.
- ya-ka'-pa, v. a. to catch in the mouth anything that is tossed—mdakapa.
- ya-ka'-tin, v. a. to straighten or bend out straight with the mouth mdakatin.
- y a k a' w a, v. a. to open or push back anything with the mouth—mda-kawa.
- y a k ć a', v. a. to untie with the mouth, disentangle—mdakća, unyakćapi.
- y a k e l, adv. termination very common in T.
- y a k i' k i ta, v. a. to make limber or pliable by biting, as in making moccasins—mdakikita. T., yapan-pan,

- ya-kiŋs', cont. of yakiŋza; yakiŋs iyeya.
- ya-kins'-kin-za, v. red. of ya-kinza.
- y a k i n' z a, v. a. to make a grating or creaking noise with the teeth, to gnash—mdakinza.
- y a-ki'-pe-han, v. a. of pehan; to double or fold up with the mouth, so as to make the ends meet—mdakipehan.
- ya-ki'-pu-ski-ća, va. to press close together with the mouth—mdakipuskića.
- ya-ki'-pu-skin-ya, adv. putting close together.
- ya-ki'-ye-la, v. T. i. q. yakanyela.
- ya-ki'-ye-la-kel, adv. T. of the foregoing verb.
- ya-kog', cont. of yakoka; yakog iyeya.
- y a k o' k a, v. a. to rattle with the teeth, chatter, gnash—mdakoka.
- y a k o' k e d a n; v. a. of kokedan; to make active by talking to—mdakokedan. T, yabiliheća.
- y a k o' k i p a, v a. of kokipa; to make afraid by talking to—mdakokipa
- y a k o' k o g, cont. of yakokoka.
- ya-ko'-kog-ya, v. a to cause to make a chattering with the teeth yakokogwaya.
- ya-ko'-kog-ya, adv. chattering. ya-ko'-ko-ka, v. a. red. of yakoka; to rattle the teeth, chatter, gnash—mdakokoka.

- ya-kon'-pi, v. pl they are—unyakonpi, dakanonpi. Perhaps the singular may be yanka. T., unpi.
- y a k o ŋ' p i s' a, n. inhabitants. T., uŋpis'a.
- y a k o' p e h d a, v. a. of kopehda; to make one afraid by talking to mdakopehda.
- y a k o' y a h a ŋ n a, v. a. of ko-yahanna; to make hasten by talking to—mdakoyahanna.
- y a k p a', v. a. to bite out, bite through—mdakpa: ista yakpa, to bite out the eye, make blind. See yatpa.
- y a k p a' k p a, v. red. of yakpa.
- y a k p a n', v. a. to chew fine, masticate -- mdakpan, dakpan, unyakpanpi: i. q. yatpan.
- ya-kpan'-kpan, v. red. of ya-kpan.
- y a k p a n' y a n, adv. chewing fine. y a - k p i', v. a. to crack with the teeth, as lice, etc.—mdakpi: i q yatpi.
- ya-kpi'-kpi, v. red. of yakpi.
- y a k p u' k p a, v. a. to bite in small pieces, to crumble up with the teeth—mdakpukpa: i. q. yatputpa.
- y a k s a', v. a. to bite off, as a stick—mdaksa, daksa, uŋyaksapi.
- ya-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of yaksa; to bite off often—mdaksaksa.
- y a k s a' p a, v. a. to make wise by talking to—mdaksapa: also 2d pers. sing. of ksapa.
- ya-ksa'-ya, v. a. to cause to bite off—yaksawaya.
- ya-ksa'-ya, adv. biting off.

- y a k ś a', v. a. to bend up with the mouth—mdakśa.
- y a k ś a' d a \mathfrak{n} , v.a. Same as yakśa.
- y a $k \le a'$ $k \le a$, v. red. of yaksa.
- y a $k \le a \eta'$, v. a to bend with the mouth—mdak $\le a \eta$.
- y a k śa n' k śa n, v. red. of yak śan; to bend or curl up.
- y a k ś i' k ś i ź a, v. red. of yakśiźa.
- y a k ś i ś', cont. of yakśiźa; yakśiś iyeya.
- y a k ś i' ź a , v. a. to double up with the teeth
- ya-ktan', v. a. to bend with the mouth—mdaktan. See yaoktan.
- ya-ktan'-ktan, v. red. of yaktan; to bend in several places with the mouth.
- ya-ktan'-yan, v. a. to cause to bend with the mouth—yaktanwaya.
- y a k t a n' y a n, adv. bending with the mouth.
- y a k u' k a, v. a. to destroy with the teeth, bite to pieces—mdakuka.
- y a k u ŋ' t k u ŋ t a, v. a. to bite notches in—mdakuntkunta.
- y a k e' g a, v. a. to make a grating noise with the teeth, to gnaw—mdakega. See yakoga.
- ya-keh', cont. of yakeġa; yakeh iyeya.
- y a k e h' k e g a, v. red. of yakega.
- ya-ķes', cont. of yakeza; yakes iyeya.
- y a $k \in s'$ $k \in -z$ a, v. red of yakeza. y a - $k \in -z$ a, v. a. to make smooth
 - with the teeth—mdakeza

- y a k o' g a, v. a. to bite or gnaw off, as something hard—mdakoga. y a k o h', cont. of yakoga; yakoh iyeya.
- ya-koh'-ko-ga, v. red. of yakoga. ya-kos', cont. of yakoza; yakos iyeya.
- y a k o s' k o z a, v. red. of yakoza. y a - k o' - z a, v. a. to make smooth with the mouth; to eat all off smooth, as grass—mdakoza. See yakeza.
- y a los' y e y a, v. T. i. q. ya-adosdoza se iyeya.
- y a m a', v. a. to gnaw—mdama.
- ya-ma'-hen-i-ye-ya, v. a. to push into with the mouth. See mahen.
- y a m d a s', cont. of yamdaza; yamdas iyeya. *T.*, yablas.
- y a m d a' s k a , v. a of mdaska; to flatten with the mouth—mdamdaska.

 T., yablaska.
- y a m d a' y a, v. a. of mdaya; to make level with the teeth—mdamda-ya. T., yablaya.
- y a m d a' z a, v. a. of mdaza; to tear open with the teeth—mdamdaza.

 T., yablaza.
- y a -m d e'-é a, v. a. to break or crush with the teeth—mdamdeéa. T., yableéa.
- y a m d e' m d e ć a, v. red. of yamdeća.
- y a m d e' m d e z a, v. red. of yamdeza.
- y a m d e n', cont of yamdeća; yamden iyeya.
- y a m d e s' y a, adv. cheeringly: yamdesya ia, to speak cheeringly. you, yii—39

- y a m d e' z a, v. a. of mdeza; to make sober by talking to; to enlighten, cheer—mdamdeza. T., yableza.
- y a m d u', v. a. to make fine by chewing—mdamdu.
- y a m d u' m d u , v. red. of yamdu.
- y a m i' m a, v. a. to make round, as a wheel, with the mouth—mdamima. See yahmiyanyan.
- y a m n a', v. a. to acquire by talking, or in any way with the mouth, to gain—mdamna. See kamna.
- y a m n a' k i y a, v. a. to cause to gain by talking—yamnawakiya.
- ya-mna'-yan, v. a. to cause to gain with the mouth—yamnawaya.
- y a'-mni, num. adj. three.
- y a m n i', v. 2d pers. sing. of mni.
- y a m n i', v. a. to turn or change the course or plan of one by speaking to or with: mdamni.
- y a m n i' ġ a, v. a. to make shrink by biting—mdamniġa.
- y a'-mni-ki-ya, adv. in three different ways. See topakiya.
- y a'-mni-mni, adv. by threεs, three each. See tomtom.
- y a'-mni-na, adv. only three. T., yamnila. See tomnana.
- y a m n i' ź a k a , v a. to speak of any thing as if it were a rock—mdamniźaka. T., yaimniźa.
- y a m n u'-m n u g a, v. a. to crunch, crush, grind, champ, or make a noise with the teeth, as in eating; to gnaw, as a dog a bone, etc.—mdamnumnuga,

- y a m n u' m n u ġ a p i, n. the hackberry tree; so called because animals crunch its berries; the Celtis crassifolia. Ih., also black pepper. T., also pepper.
- y an, cont. of yata; as, ćaźcyata, ćaźcyan, in the name of. T, yal.
- y a n a' k e y a, v. a to turn aside with the mouth; to give a one-sided account of any thing—mdanakeya. See kanakeya, nakeya, etc.
- y a n a' ź i ŋ, v. a. of naźiŋ; to cause to stand by speaking—mdanaźiŋ.
- y a n m i' n m a, v. a. to roll with the mouth—mdanminma: i. q. yahmihma. T., yagmigma.
- y an, an adverbial or participial termination.
- yan, or ya, v. a causative suffix to verbs.
- y a ŋ k a', v. n. to be, exist, having reference to place—maŋká, naŋká, uŋyáŋkapi. Perhaps also yakoŋpi, uŋyakoŋpi, etc., belong to this word.
- y a ŋ'- k a , v. a. to weave, as snowshoes, or as in basket-making mnáŋka, náŋka, uŋyaŋkapi. T., kazoŋ.
- y a o' ć i k p a n i, v. See yaoćitpani.
- y a o' é i p t e é a , v. a. to count less, make less, under-estimate—mdaocipte é a. See yaaopte é a.
- y a o' é i p t e n , cont. of yaocipteéa.
- y a o' é i p t e n y a, adv. speaking of as less or unequal.

- ya-o'-éi-pte-tu, v. a. to count less—mdaociptetu. See ociptetu and yaaoptetu.
- ya-o'-ći-pte-tu-ya, adv. speaking of as less.
- y a o' é i p te tu y a k e n, adv. speaking of as unequal.
- y a o' é i t p a n i , v. a. of oéitpani; to make unequal with the mouth mdaoéitpani, daoéitpani. T., yaoéikpani.
- y a o' h d a p sin, v. yaohdapsin ehpeya, to turn over with the mouth.
- y a o' h d a p ś i ŋ y a ŋ, adv. of ohdapśiŋyaŋ; turning over with the mouth: yaohdapśiŋyaŋ iyeya.
- y a o' h m u s, adv. of ohmus; yaohmus se ia, to talk with the mouth full. T., yaogmus.
- y a o' h a n k o, v. a. of ohanko; to hasten one by speaking to—mdaohanko.
- y a o' h lo ka, v. a. T. to bite a hole in. See yahdoka
- y a o' h m i n, v. yaohmin iyeya, to say anything sideways, to speak so as to hit one obliquely; to hint, insinuate. See ohmiyan.
- y a o' h p a, v. a. to bite into—mdaohpa.
- y a o' ki ni han, v. a. of okinihan; to honor with the mouth, to praise—mdaokinihan.
- y a o' k s a, v. to bite through—mdaoksa, daoksa.
- y a o' k s a k s a , v. red. of yaoksa.
- ya-o'-ktan, v.a. to bend in with the mouth. See yaktan.

- ya-o'-ktan-yan, adv. bending with the mouth.
- y a o' n i h a n, v. a. to praise, honor—mdaonihan. See nihan, inihan, okinihan, etc.
- ya-o'-ni-haŋ-yaŋ, adv. praising. ya-o'-po, v. a. to compress by biting—mdaopo.
- y a o' p o n, v. T. to bite off and blow away, as flowers; to spread, as news, by telling it—blaopon.
- y a o' t a, v. a. of ota; to speak of as many, to multiply mdaota, daota, unyaotapi.
- y a o' t a ŋ i ŋ , v. a. of otaŋiŋ; to make manifest, proclaim—mdaotaŋiŋ, uŋyaotaŋinpi.
- ya-o'-tan-in-yan, adv. declaring. ya-o'-tins, cont. of yaotinza; yaotins iyeya
- y a o' tin za, v. a. of otinza; to press in tight with the mouth—mdao-tinza.
- y a p a', v. a. to take in the mouth, as a pipe in smoking; to hold in the mouth, as a dog does a bone; to bite—mdapa.
- y a p a' k o, v. of pako; to bend or twist with the mouth.
- y a p a n' p a n n a, v. a. of panpanna; to make soft with the mouth mdapanpanna.
- y a p ć e' ć e l a , v. a. T. to shorten with the mouth; to speak of as short: i. q. yaptećedan.
- y a p e', v. a. of pe; to bite sharp: yape śni, to make dull, as the teeth, by biting—mdapeśni.

- y a p e' h a n, v. a. of pehan; to fold up with the teeth—mdapehan.
- ya-pe'-mni, v. a. of pemni; to twist, turn, or make crooked with the mouth—mdapemni, dapemni.
- ya-pe'-mni-yan, adv. twisting with the teeth.
- y a p e' s t o, v. a. to make sharppointed with the teeth—mdapesto.
- y a p i', v. a. of pi; to declare good—mdapi, dapi. T., yawaśte.
- ya'-pi, v. pl. of ya; they go.
- y a p i n' z a, v. a. of pinza; to make squeak with the mouth—mdapinza.
- y a p i ŋ' ź a, v. a. of piŋźa; to pull out long hairs from a skin with the teeth—mdapiŋźa.
- y a p o m', cont. of yapopa; yapom iyeya. T., yapob.
- ya-pon', cont. of yapota; yapon iyeya. T., yapol.
- y a p o' p a, v. a. of popa; to make pop, as in blowing a leaf—mdapopa.
- y a p o' t a, v. u. of pota; to tear in pieces with the mouth—mdapota, dapota, unyapotapi.
- ya-pot'-po-ta or ya-pon'-po-ta, v. red. of yapota.
- y a p o' w a y a, v. a. of powaya; to blow up or make rough, as nap or fur—mdapowaya.
- y a-p s a g', cont. of yapsaka; yapsag iyeya.
- y a p s a g' y a, v. a. to cause to bite off—yapsagwaya.
- y a p s a g' y a, adv. biting off, as cords.

- y a p s a' k a, v. a. of psaka; to bite off, as a cord or string—mdapsaka, unyapsakapi.
- ya-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of yapsaka.
- y a p s i' é a, v. a. of psiéa; to cause to skip or jump by biting—mdapsiéa.
- y a p s i n', cont. of yapsića; yapsin iyeya. T, yapsil.
- y a p s o n', v. a. to turn over and spill with the mouth—mdapson.
- y a p s o n' p s o n, v. red. of yapson.
- y a p s u \mathfrak{n}' , v. a. Same as yapson.
- y a p ś a', v. n. T. i.q. pśamayapśa, I sneeze. Adage: "Some one is speaking his name," said of him who sneezes; especially if two friends or lovers are separated, and one sneezes, it means that his name is then mentioned by the other, and in recognition of it (and remembering their past happiness when together), after sneezing he says, "Han, han," with a long-drawn sigh.—w. J c.
- y a p ś u ŋ', v. a. to cast or shed, as teeth; to pull out by the roots with the mouth—mdapśun.
- y a p t a', v. a. to bite off around—mdapta, dapta.
- y a p t a n' y a n, v. a. of ptanyan; to turn over with the mouth—mdaptanyan.
- y a p t e' é e d a n, v. a. of pteéedan; to bite off short, to shorten with the mouth—mdapteéedan. T., yapéeéela.

- y a p t u' p t u ź a, v. red. of yaptuźa.
- y a p t u ś', cont. of yaptuźa; yaptuś iyeya.
- y a p t u ś' y a, v. a. to cause to crack with the mouth—yaptuśwaya.
- y a p t u' ź a, v. a of ptuźa; to crack or split with the mouth—mdaptuźa.
- y a p o', v. of po; to make steam with the mouth, as in breathing in cold air—mdapo.
- ya-s'a', v.a. of s'a; to make a ringing or roaring noise in speaking mdas'a; noge omayas'a.
- y a s a n', v. a. to whiten with the mouth—mdasan.
- ya-san'-ka, v. See yasan.
- y a s b a', v. a. to pick in pieces with the teeth—mdasba.
- y a s b a' s b a, v. red. of yasba.
- y a s b u', v. yasbu se yuta, to eat in little pieces or strings.
- y a s d a', v. a. to grease with the mouth, as a dog does anything.
- y a s d e' é a , v. a. to split with the teeth mdasdeéa.
- y a s d e n', cont. of yasdeća; yasden iyeya. T., yaslel.
- y a s d e ć a, v. red. of yasdeća.
- y a s d i', v. a. to bite and press out, as grease from a bag—mdasdi.
- y a s d i' t k a, v. a. of sditka; to make knobbed or tapering with the teeth—mdasditka.
- y a s d o' h a n, v. a. of sdohan; to drag along with the mouth—mdasdohan, dasdohan.

- y a s d o' h a n h a n, v. red. of yasdohan.
- y a-s d u n', cont. of yasduta: yasdun iyeya; yasdun iću, to pull out with the teeth T, yaslul.
- y a s d u' t a, v. a. to pull out with the mouth.
- y a s k a', v. a. to make clean, to suck off, as the women put "pahin" into their mouths to prepare them for working—mdaska.
- y a s k a' p a, v. a to make a sucking noise with the mouth, to press the mouth on and suddenly withdraw it mdaskapa. T., to make a noise, as in kissing.
- y a s k e m', cont. of yaskepa; yaskem iyeya. T., yaskeb.
- y a s k e' p a, v. a. of skepa; to drink up—mdaskepa, daskepa.
- y a s k i' é a, v. a. to press with the mouth, to such or lick, as bones—mdaskiéa.
- ya-skin', cont. of yaskića; yaskin iyeya. T., yaskil.
- y a-ski'-ski-ta, v. a. to bite and make soft, as a hard string—mdaskiskita.
- ya-sku', v.a. to bite off or peel off with the teeth, as the skin from an apple or corn from the cob—mdasku.
- ya-sku'-sku, v. red. of yasku.
- ya-smag', cont. of yasmaka; yasmag iyeya
- y a s m a g' s m a k a, v. red. of ya-smaka.
 - y a s m a' k a, v. a. of smaka; to make a hollow place with the teeth, indent—mdasmaka.

- y a s m i n', v. a. to bite off, as meat from a bone; to make bare with the mouth—mdasmin.
- y a s m i n' k i y a, v a. to cause to make bare with the teeth—yasminwakiya.
- y a s m i n' s m i n, v. red. of yasmin. y a - s m i n' - y a n, v. a. to cause to make
- ya-sm1ŋ-yaŋ, v. a. to cause to mak bare with the teeth—yasmiŋwaya.
- y a s m i n' y a n y a n, v. a to make bare with the mouth; to eat off close and smooth.
- y a s n a', v. a. to cause to ring with the mouth; to ravel with the teeth mdasna.
- y a s n i', v. a. of sni; to blow, cool by blowing—mdasni.
- y a s o n', cont. of yasota; yason iye-ya. T., yasol.
- y a s o n' y a, adv. eating up.
- y a s o' t a, v. a. of sota, to expend; to use up words, finish speaking; to use up with the mouth, eat all up—mdasota, dasota, unyasotapi.
- y a s p a' y a, v. a. of spaya; to wet with the mouth—mdaspaya.
- y a s t a y' k a, v. a. to moisten with the mouth—mdastanka.
- y a s t a ŋ' k a ś n i , v. n. to lie, tell a lie—mdastaŋkaśni T., owewakaŋkaŋ.
- y a s t o', v. a. to lick smooth, as hair mdasto.
- y = -sto' sto, v. red. of yasto.
- y a s u', v. a. to make right by speaking, to judge; to decree. T., to judge; condemn; pronounce sentence on: i.q. ya6o.

- ya-suk'-su-ta, v. red. of yasuta.
- y a s u' t a, v. a. of suta; to make firm with the mouth, to establish—mdasuta, dasuta.
- y a s u' y a , adv. rightly: yasuya oyaka, to tell rightly. T., judging; condemning.
- y as y a' z a n, v. red. of yazan; to be lame or sick all over, as from hard labor—mayasyazan.
- y a ś' a' k a , v. a. to make no impression with the mouth; i. q. yahdoke śni—mdaś'aka: ia yaś'aka. See kaś'aka, yuś'aka, etc.
- y a ś a m', cont. of yaśapa; yaśam iyeya. T., yaśab.
- y a-śa'-pa, v. a. of śapa; to soil with the mouth—mdaśapa.
- y a ś d a', v. a. to bite or graze off, make bare—mdaśda
- y a $\pm\,\mathrm{d}\,\,\mathrm{a}'$ $\pm\,\mathrm{d}\,\,\mathrm{a}$, v. red. of yaśda.
- ya-śda'-ya, adv. grazing off.
- ya-śda'-ye-hna. See yaaśdayehna.
- y a ś d o g', cont. of yaśdoka; yaśdog iyeya.
- y a ś d o g' y a , adv. pulling out with the teeth.
- y a ś d o' i a, v. to speak with much saliva in the mouth. T., to make a whistling or hissing sound with the teeth in talking—yaśdoiwaa.
- y a ś d o' k a , v. a. to pull out with the teeth, as a cork; to bite out, as an eye—mdaśdoka. See yalidoka.
- y a ś d u n', cont. of yaśduta; yaśdun iyeya. T., yaślul.

- y a ś d u ś d u t a, v. a. to make slippery with the mouth—mdaśduśduta.
- y a ś d u' t a, v. a. to let slip from the mouth; to have the teeth slip off from any thing—mdaśduta.
- y a ś i' ć a, v. a. of śića; to make bad with the mouth; to speak evil of, curse—mdaśića, mayaśića. See yaśilitin.
- y a ś i' h d a , v. a. to insult by talking to—mdaśihda.
- y a śi'- h t i ŋ, v. a. to make feeble by biting, etc.—mdaśihtin. T., to make bad with the mouth: i. q. yaśića.
- y a \pm i m', cont. of yasipa; yasim iyeya. T, yasib.
- y a ś i m' ś i p a , v. red. of yaśipa.
- y a ś i ŋ' ś i ŋ , v. Said of copulating—mdaśiŋśiŋ. See yuśiŋśiŋ.
- y a śi' pa, v. a. to bite off close, as an animal the branches or twigs of a tree—mdaśipa.
- y a ś k a', v. a. to untie with the mouth—mdaśka.
- y a ś k a ŋ' ś k a ŋ , v. a. to make move about by talking to—mdaśkaŋśkaŋ.
- y a ś k i' ć a , v. a. to press with the teeth or mouth—mdaśkića: ćaŋdi yaśkića, to chew tobacco. Perhaps yaskića ma sometimes be so used.
- ya-śkin', cont. of yaśkića; ćandi yaśkin un. T., yaśkil.
- y a ś k i' p a, v. T. to bite and make full up.

- y a ś k i' ś k a , v. a. to make rough with the mouth; to disarrange by talking to, raise objections; to make difficulty—mdaśkiśka.
- y a ś k o' k p a , v. a. to bite out and make concave—mdaśkokpa.
- ya-śkom', cont. of yaśkopa; yaśkom iyeya. T., yaśkob.
- y a śko' pa, v. a. to make crooked or twisting with the mouth—mdaśko-pa.
- ya-śko'-śko-pa, v. red. of yaśkopa.
- y a ś k o' t p a , v. a. to hollow out with the mouth—mdaśkotpa T., yaśkokpa.
- y a ś n a', v. a. to miss or let slip, as in taking any thing into the mouth; to blunder in speaking or reading—mdaśna, unyaśnapi. See yaś'aka, yuśna, yahnayan, etc.
- ya-śna'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to miss with the mouth—yaśnawa-kiya.
- y a ś n a' ś n a , v. red. of yaśna; to stammer.
- y a ś n a' y a , v. a. to cause to miss with the mouth, to make stammer—yaśnawaya.
- ya-śna'-yaŋ, adv. mistaking, blundering with the mouth.
- y a ś n i ś', cont. of yaśniźa; yaśniś iyeya.
- y a \pm n i' \pm n i \pm a, v. red. of yasniźa. y a - \pm n i' - \pm a, v. a. to make wither
- y a s n r z a , v. u. u muke wunes by biting—mdaśniźa.
- y a ś p a', v. a. to bite off a piece—mdaśpa, daśpa, unyaśpapi.

- y a s p a' p i, part. bitten off: said of the moon when it has commenced waning
- y a \pm p a' \pm p a , v. red. of ya \pm pa.
- y a ś p e' k i y a , v. a. to cause to bite off a piece—yaśpewakiya.
- y a ś p e' y a, v. a. to cause to bite a piece off—yaśpewaya.
- y a ś p i', v. a. to pick off, as birds do berries.
- y a ś p u', v. a. to bite off any thing stuck on—mdaśpu. See yalipu.
- y a ś p u' ś p u , v. red. of yaśpu; to bite in pieces, as ice or gum—mda-śpuśpu.
- y a ś p u' y a , v. to bite, as lice do, make itch; hence, to itch—mdaśpuya.
- y a ś t a ŋ', v. a. to finish speaking or eating—mdaśtaŋ, daśtaŋ, uŋyaśtaŋ-pi. See kaśtaŋ and yuśtaŋ.
- y a-ś u ś', cont . of yaśuźa; yaśuś iyeya.
- y a ś u ś u ź a, v. red. of yaśuźa.
- y a ś u' ź a , v. a. to crush, as a dog does bones, to bite or mash up mdaśuźa. See yahuga.
- y a'-ta, prep. in comp. at, by, to; as in canyata.
- y a'-ta, v. 2d pers. sing. of yuta.
- y a'-t a, v. to speak, utter, as in éazeyata and wiéasta-yatapi.
- y a t a', v. a. to chew; to try by the taste—mdata.
- y a t a' k i n, v. a. to make leaning with the mouth, as a dog in trying to pull down a stick.
- ya-ta'-kiŋ-yaŋ, adv. making leaning with the mouth.

- something of in relating, make up a story about—mdataku.
- va-ta'-ku-ka, v. a. to make something of nothing in narration, overestimate—mdatakuka.
- ya-ta'-ku-ni-śni, v. a. to eat up, destroy with the mouth; to speak contemptuously of-mdatakuniśni.
- ya-ta'-ku-ni-śni-yan, adv. destroying with the mouth.
- ya-ta'-ku-śni, v.a. to speak of as being of no value, depreciatemdatakuśni. See yataku.
- ya-ta'-ku-ya, *adv*. speaking of as if it were something: yatakuya omdaka.
- y a t a y', v. a. to speak well of, praise —mdataŋ.
- ya-t'an', v. a. to touch with the mouth, to pull, as in sucking—mdat'an, unyat'anpi. T., to pull with the mouth, as in smoking—yat'an yo, draw or pull the smoke.
- $y a t a \eta' i \eta$, v. a. of tanin; to declareanything, make manifest—mdatanin.
- $y a t a \eta' i \eta y a \eta$, adv. manifestly.
- ya-tan'-ka, v. a. to speak of as large—mdatanka.
- ya-tan'-ni, v.a. to wear out or make old with the mouth—mdatanni. ya-taŋ'-yaŋ, adv. praising.
- ya-te'-han, v.a. of tehan; to speak long, to be long finishing; to speak of
 - as long or as far in the future—mdatehan. See yutehan.
- ya-te'-han-han, v. red. of yatehan.

- ya-ta'-ku, v. a. of taku; to make | ya-te'-hi-ka, v. a. of tehika; to make difficult with the mouth, speak of as difficult—mdatehika.
 - ya-tem', cont. of yatepa; yatem iyeya. T., yateb.
 - ya-te'-pa, v. a. to bite off short, wear off, as the teeth—mdatepa, unyatepapi.
 - y a ti' ć a, v. a. to scrape away with the mouth, as snow.
 - y a tin', cont. of yatića; yatin iyeya. T., yatil.
 - ya-ti'-tan, v. a. to pull with the mouth or teeth—mdatitan.
 - ya-ti'-tan-yan, adv. pulling with the teeth.
 - ya-ti'-tan-yan, v.a. to cause to pull with the teeth—yatitanwaya.
 - y a t k a n', v. a. to drink—mdatkan, datkan.
 - ya tkan' yan, adv. drinking.
 - y a t k a' p a, v a. to eat, as something that is viscid or sticks in the mouth—mdatkapa. See yaskapa.
 - ya-tke'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to drink—yatkewakiya, yatkemakiya.
 - ya-tku'-ġa, v. a. to bite or pull and break with the mouth—mdatkuġa.
 - ya-tkuns', cont. of yatkunza; yatkuns iyeya.
 - ya-tkuŋ'-tkuŋ-ta, v. See yakuntkunta.
 - ya-tkuŋ'-za, v. a to bite off even —mdatkuŋza.
 - ya-tku'-tku-ġa, v. red. of yatkuga.
 - y a t o g' y e, adv. yatogye oyaka, to relate a thing differently.

- y a t o' k a n, v. a. to put in another place with the mouth, speak of as being in another place—mdatokan.
- y a t o' k e é a, v. a. of tokeéa; to alter with the mouth, to speak of as different—mdatokeéa.
- y a t o' n a n a, v. a. of tonana; to speak of as few—mdatonana. T., yaćonala.
- y a t o' t o, v. a. to eat up, as a horse does grass: yatoto ehpeya. T., oyátoto.
- y a t p a', v. a. to bite through: noge yatpa, to make deaf by talking to—mdatpa. i. q. yakpa.
- y a t p a n', v. a. to chew fine, masticate—mdatpan. i. q. yakpan.
- y a t p a n' t p a n, v. red. of yatpan. y a - t p i', v. a. to crack with the teeth, as lice or nuts—mdatpi. i. q. yakpi.
- ya-tpi'-tpi, v. red. of yatpi.
- y a t p u' t p a, v. a. to bite in pieces, to crumble up with the teeth—mdatputpa. See yakpukpa.
- y a t u' k a, v. a. to nibble off, spoil, as mice do furs.
- y a t u' t k a , v. a. to bite into little pieces—mdatutka.
- y a t a', v. a. to bite to death-mdata.
- y a t a' g a, v. a. to make rough by biting—mdataga.
- y a tins', cont. of yatinza; yatins iyeya.
- ya-tin'-sa, adv. firmly; yatinsa oyaka, to relate firmly or with authority. See yatinza.
- ya-țin'-sa-sa, red. of yaținsa.

- ya-ţiŋs'-ya, adv. firmly.
- y a tin' za, v. a. to make firm with the mouth, to affirm—mdatinza: cante yatinza, to strengthen one's heart, encourage one.
- y a w a', v. a. to count, say over; to read—mdawa, dawa, unyawapi.
- y a w a' é i n h i n y a n z a, v. a. to make cross or surly by talking to.
- y a wa'-éin-ko, v. a. T. to make angry by talking.
- y a w a' é i n t o n, v. a. to make intelligent, to instruct—mdawaéinton
- y a w a' h b a d a n, v. a. to make gentle by talking to, to soothe—mdawahbadan.
- y a w a' h b a k a , v. o. to make gentle, pacify by talking kindly mdawahbaka.
- y a w a'- h t e ś n i, v. a. of walite; to speak contemptuously of—mdawahteśni.
- ya-wa'-kan, v. a to consider supernatural or wakan—mdawakan.
- y a w a' n i s t i n n a, v. a. to count as little or few—mdawanistin-na. T., yaćisćila.
- ya-wang', cont. of yawanka; yawang iyeya.
- ya-wan'-ka, v. a. to throw down with the mouth, as beavers do trees, or as a dog does a deer; to defeat in debate—mdawanka.
- ya-wan'-kan, v. yawankan iyeya and yawankan iéu, to raise or elevate the voice.
- ya-was', cont. of yawaza.

- y a w a' s' a g , cont. of yawas'aka. y a - w a' - s' a g - y a , adv. in a strengthening manner.
- y a w a' ś' a k a, v. a. to strengthen by talking to, to speak of as strong mdawaś'aka.
- y a w a' \pm a k a, v. Same as yawasakadan.
- y a w a' ś a k a d a ŋ , v. a. to count cheap or easy, to underrate—mdawaśakadaŋ.
- y a w a' ś' a k e ś n i , v. a. to make weak by talking to—mdawaś'akeśni.
- y a w a' ś t e , v. a. to call good, to bless—mdawaśte, dawaśte, unyawaśtepi.
- y a w a' z a, v. a. T. to bite in play, as horses and dogs do. See yabaza.
- y a w a' z e é a, n. T. one who annoys others by begging.
- y a w a' z e ć a , v. a. T. to annoy one by frequent begging—blawazeća.
- y a w e' g a, v. a. to break, as a stick, with the mouth, but not entirely off—mdawega.
- y a w e h', cont. of yawega; yaweh iyeya.
- y a w e h' w e \dot{g} a, v. red. of yawega.
- y a w e h' y a , v. a. to cause to break with the mouth—yawehwaya.
- y a w i' \(\delta\) a, v. a. of wi\(\delta\); to call a man, to call brave—mdawi\(\delta\).
- y a w i' ć a k a, v. of wićaka; to speak of as true; to affirm to be true—mdawićaka.

- y a w i'-ć a k e y a h ć a, adv. T., yawićakeyahća oyaka, to try to make a thing appear true by telling it as true. See yaećayah.
- y a w i' é a k e y a s e , adv. T. i. q. yaeéah.
- y a w i' ć a ś t a , v. a. of wićaśta; to call a man—mdawićaśta. See wićaśa
- y a w i' ć a ś t a ś n i , v. a. to call bad; to make bad by talking to, corrupt—mdawićaśtaśni.
- y a w i' h n u n i, v. a. to destroy with the mouth. See hnuni.
- y a w i' n o h i n é a, v. of winohinéa; to call a woman, to speak to as to a woman. T., yawinyan.
- y a win' ġ a, v. a. to bite or pull round with the teeth, as in making moccasins—mdawinġa.
- ya-winh', cont. of yawinga; yawinh iyeya.
- y a w i n h' w i n g a, v. red. of yawinga.
- ya-winś, cont. of yawinźa; yawinś iyeya.
- y a w i ŋ ś' k i y a , v. a. to cause to bend down with the mouth—yawiŋśwakiya.
- y a w i n ś' w i n ź a, v. red. of yawin źa.
- y a-win'-źa, v. a. of winźa; to bend down with the mouth—mdawinźa
- y a w i' t a y a, v. a. of witaya; to collect together with the mouth—mdawitaya.
- y a z a', v. a. to string, as beads—mdaza, daza. T., oyaza.

- to continue to string, as beads mdazahan.
- ya-za'-mni, v. a. to open or uncover with the mouth; to lay bare or expose by argument—mdazamni.
- $y a z a \eta'$, v. n. to be sick, to be in pain; to be tired—mayazan, niyazan, unyazanpi: pa yazan, to have the headache.
- y a z a n' h d a, v. n. to become sick suddenly, to be taken sick; to be in pain—yazanwahda.
- $y a z a \eta' k i y a$, v. a. to make one sick—yazanwakiya.
- y a z a y' y a, v. a. to make onesick—yazanwaya
- y a z a' z a, v. red. of yaza. T., oyazaza.
- y a z e', v. a. to take out food from a kettle, as a dog does, with the mouth.
- y a z e' z e, v. a. to make swing with the mouth.
- y a z i' ć a, v. a. to stretch anything with the teeth—mdazića.
- y a z i n', cont. of yazića; yazin iyeya. T, yazil.
- ya-zo'-ka, v. a. to suck-mdazoka, unyazokapi.
- y a z o y' t a, v. a. T. to praise onewho ought to be reproved.
- ya-zun'-ća, *v. a.* to weave together, connect, as language. See yazuŋta.
- y a z u ŋ' ć a y a, adv. connectedly, as in speaking.
- ya-zun'-ta, v. a. to connect, as words in speaking—mdazunta.

- ya-za'-han, v. (yaza and han?) | ya-źa'-han, adv. yaźahan ia, to speak roughly or hoarsely. źahan.
 - va-źa'-źa, v. a. to lick or wash with the mouth, as a cat. See boźaźa, yuźaźa, etc.
 - y a ź i m', cont. of yaźipa; yaźim iyeya. T., yaźib.
 - y a ź i m' ź i p a, v. red. of yaźipa. ya-źiŋ'-ća, v. a. to snuff anything up the nose: canli yazinca, to take snuff.
 - y a z i' p a, v. a. to bite or pinch with the teeth, bite, as bugs or mosquitoes; to sting, as one's foot asleep—mdaźipa, mayaźipa. paźipa, etc.
 - y a ź o', v. a. to blow on an instrument, play on a fife or flute—mdazo, daźo, unyażopi.
 - ya-źo'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to blow on an instrument—yaźowakiya.
 - $y a \acute{z} o' y a$, v. a. to make one blow a fife or flute—yaźowaya.
 - ya zuy', v. a. to pull up by the roots with the mouth, as birds do corn—mdaźun.
 - $y a \acute{z} u' \acute{z} u$, v. ato tear down or tear to pieces with the mouth; to refute or demolish, as an argument— See yuźuźu, etc. mdaźuźu.
 - oh! expressing fear. ye, *intj*.
 - ye, intj. shame on you.
 - ye, a precatory form of the imperat. sing.; used by women and not unfrequently by men also; as, econ ye.

- ye, a particle, which often follows at the close of a sentence to give emphasis to what is said. It is used by the women as "do" is by the men; as, wanna mdustan ye, I have already finished. Sometimes this is used by the men, and is not unfrequently followed by "do;" as, ecamon yedo, maku yedo.
- ye, pron. 2d pers. compounded of "ya" and "ki;" as in yeksuya, of kiksuya.
- y e'- \dot{g} a, v. n. to shine, glitter. T., ile \dot{g} a.
- yeli, cont. of yeġa. T., ileh.
- yeh-ya', v. a. to cause to shine, to make shine—yehwaya. T, ilehya.
- yeh-ye'-ġa, v. red. of yeġa; to glisten, twinkle, sparkle. T., ilehleġa.
- ye-ki'-ya, v. a. of ya; to cause to go, to send, drive; to extend to, as the hand; nape yewakiya.
- y e k i' y a, v. a. to bet, to stake anything. This is connected with the one preceding, as the Dakotas tie on to a stick the articles staked in a dance, for example: yewakiya.
- y e'-la-kaś, adv. T. i. q. nakaeś; indeed, truly, etc.; since; as, because.
- y e l o', T. i. q. yedo; but after the plur termination "pi" the "ye" is often dropped, and the "pi" becomes "pe," e. g., hećel ećonpe lo.
- y e \pm a' or y e \pm a η , conj. T. i. q. \pm e \pm a; although
- y e \pm a' h a \pm , conj. T. i. q. estanhan.
- $y e \hat{s} a \hat{s}'$, intj. T. i. q. estas.

- y e ś i', v. a. to command to go, to send—yewaśi.
- y e y a', v. a. to cause to go, to send; to extend to.
- y e y e', v. to be, exist.
- yo, Ih. and T. the sign of the imperative singular, used by men: i. q. wo—ćeti yo, make a fire.
- yo-tan'-ka, v. n. to sit; suktanka akan yotanka and sunk akan yotanka, to ride on horseback—mdotanka. See iyotanka.
- y u, a causative prefix. It expresses the idea of causation in some way not conveyed by "ba," "bo," "ka," "na," "pa," and "ya;" as, yuna-źiŋ, to cause to stand or to lift up; yukakiźa, to cause to suffer. Sometimes it conveys the idea of pulling. As a prefix to adjectives, and sometimes nouns, it forms verbs of them, and means to make or cause to be; as, yuwaśte, to make good.
- y u or y u n, intj. Said when one is hurt, ugh! See yuhuhu.
- y u a' d o s d o z a s e i y e y a, v. a. to injure one's feelings in any way. See adosdoza and yacantiyap'a iyeya.
- y u a' k a h p a, v. of akahpa; yu-akahpa iću, to draw anything over one, as a blanket turned down.
- yu-a'-kan', v. of akan; yuakan hiyuya, to cause to come up to the top.
- yu-a'-ka-za-mni, v. a. of akazamni; to open out, uncover: yuakazamni iyeya.

- yu-a'-ki-han, v. a of akihan; to | yu-bas', cont. of yubaza; yubas cause to starve—mduakihan.
- yu a' ki pam, adv. of akipam; separately: yuakipam ehnaka, to separate, divide. T., yuakipab.
- yu-a'-ki-pa-pam, adv. red. of yuakipam.
- yu-a'-ki-paś, cont. of yuakipaźa; crossing each other; in bows: yuakipaś iću, to tie in a bow-knot. T., yuwose iću, to tie a bow-knot.
- y u a' ki pa $\acute{z}a$, va. of akipa $\acute{z}a$; to place across—mduakipaźa. yuakipaś.
- yu-a'-mda-ya, v.a. to make level on-mduamdaya.
- yu-a'-o-pte-ća, v. a. to make less—mduaopteća.
- y u a' o p t e n, cont. of yuaopteća; T., yuaoptel yuaopten iyeya
- yu-a'-o-pte-tu, v. a. to make less, lessen—mduaoptetu.
- y u a' o p t e t u y a , adv. lessening.
- y u a' s n i, v. T. i. q. asnikiya.
- y u a' ś a p a, v. a. of aśapa; to de*file*—mduaśapa.
- yu a' śda ya, v. a. to uncover, expose.
- $yu-a'-śka-da\eta$, v. a. to make near, to bring near—mduaskadan. See yukiyela and yuhanska.
- yu-a'-śka-ke, v. See yuaśkadan. yu-a'-zi, v. a. of azi; to run aground, as a boat, *pull askore*—mduazi.
- yu-ba'-ġa, v. a. to twist, roll, turn, as the hands in running—mdubaga. See yubaza.

- iyeva.
- yu bas' ba za, v. red. of yubaza.
- yu-bas'-ya, adv. in a twisting manner; vexing.
- yu-ba'-za, v. a. to twist or turn, as the hands in running; to vex, tease, annoy, and continue to do so mdubaza. See yubaga, yabaga, etc. T., to twist or rub around, as the hair on a horse, or the arm against anything when the former itches.
- y u b e', v. a. Same as yuman.
- yu-bi'-li-he-ća, v. a. make-active, to stimulate.
- yu-bo'-sdan, v. of bosdan; yubosdan ehde, to set up on end. yuwoslal.
- yu-bo'-sda-ta, v. a. to set upright—mdubosdata.
- yu-bu', v. a. to make a drumming *noise*—mdubu.
- yu-bu'-bu, v. red. of yubu.
- yu-bu'-ya, adv. in a drumming
- y u ć a b', cont. T. of yućapa.
- yu-ćab'-ćab-ki-ya, v. red. T. to cause to trot.
- yu-ćab'-ća-pa, v. red. T. of yućapa.
- yu-ćab'-lu-za-han, v. T. trot rapidly.
- yu-ćab'-lu-za-han, adj fast trotting, as a fast trotting horse.
- yu-ćan', v. a. to shift, shake in a sieve—mdućan, dućan, unćanpi.

- y u é a n' é a n, v. a. to make shake | y u d e m' d e p a, v. a.
 —mdućanjćan. notches in—mdudemdepa
- y u ć a n' n a n, v. yućannan iyeya, to push out into the stream.
- y u ć a n' z e k a, v. a. T. to make angry.
- y u é a' p a , v. T. to trot as a horse.
- y u é a p' é a p a , v. red. T. i. q. yuéabéapa.
- y u ć e'-k a, v. a. to make stagger mdućeka.
- y u ć e' k ć e k a , v. a. to make stagger—mdućekćeka.
- y u ć e' y a, v. a. to make cry-mdućeya, mayućeya.
- y u ć i' k a d a n, v. a. to make small, compress—mdućikadan.
- yu-6i'-ka-ye-dan, adv. in a small space, pressed together, compactly.
- y u ć i' s t i ŋ n a, v. a. to make small—mdućistinna. T., yućisćila.
- y u ć o', v. a. to make good (T., yuwaśte); to perfect, finish—mdućo, dućo, unyućopi. See yusu.
- y u ć o' ć o, v. a. to make soft, as mortar—mdućoćo.
- y u ć o' k a , v. a. to empty, make empty—mdućoka.
- y u é o' k a k a , v. red. of yućoka.
- y u 6 o' n a 1 a, v. a. T. to make few; to lessen in number or quantity: i. q. yutonana.
- y u ć o s' ć o z a, v. red. of yućoza. y u - ć o' - y a, adv. finished; well.
 - T., ayućoyakel.
- y u ć o' z a, v. a of ćoza; to make comfortably warm, as a house or clothes—mdućoza.

- y u d e m' d e p a , v. a. to make notches in—mdudemdepa T., yuleblepa.
- y u d u' · z a h a n, v. a. of duzahan; to make swift—mduduzahan.
- y u e' é e d a ŋ , v. a. of ecedaŋ; to purify—mduecedaŋ, uŋyuecepidaŋ.
- y u e' é e l y a, adv. T. rightly, correctly—yuećelya iću, place it rightly. But less is yuoptetuya.
- yu-e'-éen-ya, adv. less: yuećenya ećamon.
- y u e' é e t u , v. a. of eéetu; to fulfill, accomplish; to restore—mdueéetu, dueéetu, unyueéetupi.
- y u e' é e t u y a , v. a. to cause to fulfill—yueéetuwaya.
- y u e' é e t u y a , adv. fulfilling; making right.
- y u e' é i , v. a. to turn wrong side out, as a garment or bag—mdueéi, dueéi. T., yueéiya.
- yu-gla'-kśiŋ-kśiŋ, adv. T. zig-zag, or in all kinds of ways, as children mark on the snow. See kayowedan.
- y u ġ a', v. a. to husk, as corn—mduġa, duġa, unġapi.
- y u g a' g a , adv. spread out, open.
- y u g a d' y a, v. to speak out to, to worship.
- y u ġ a d' y a p i, n. worshiping, worship.
- y u ġ a' ġ a , v. n. to spread out, open out, display.
- yu-ġam', cont. of yuġapa; yuġam iyeya. T., yuġab.

- yu-ġan', cont. of yuġata. T., yuġal.
- y u ġ a n' ġ a t a , v. red. of yuġata. y u - ġ a n', v. a. to open, as a door;
- to tear open, as a corn husk, to husk corn—mdugan, unyuganpi.
- y u ġ a ŋ ' ġ a ŋ n a , v. a. to make open or flimsy—mduġaŋġaŋna.
- yu-ġaŋ'-pi, n a husking. See woġaŋpi.
- yu-gan'-yan, v. a. to cause to open, to cause to husk—yuganwaya.
- y u ġ a' p a, v. a to strip or pull off, as the skin from an animal, to flay—mduġapa.
- y u-g a'-ta, v.a. to open out, as the hand; to open, as a door—mdugata, dugata. T., to spread out the hands, to stretch out or raise the arm. See yuwinta.
- y u \dot{g} a t' \dot{g} a t a, v. red. See yugangata. T., yugalgata.
- yu-ġe', v. a. to take out with the hand—mduġe. T., kaġe.
- yu-ge', n. T. a part or portion; - some. See uge and onge.
- yu-ġe'-ġe, v. a. to gather up in the hand, to take up by handfuls: yuġeġe iwaću.
- yu-ġi'-mna-na, v. to pinch up with the fingers: yuġimnana mduza. T., yuźibyela.
- y u g o', v.a. to make marks such as are made on arrows—mdugo. T., also to scratch, to make scratches on.
- y u ġ o', v. n. T. to be tired, fatigued—bluġo: i. q. watuka and mdokiṭa.

- yu- \dot{g} o'- \dot{g} o, v. red. of yu \dot{g} o.
- y u ġ u' k a, v. a. to stretch, strain; to pull out, as an arrow from the quiver—mduġuka.
- y u h a', v. a. to have, own, possess—mduha, duha, unhapi and unyuhapi: to lift, be able to carry. With this latter meaning the "a" is not changed to "e" on assuming the "kta" or "śni;" as, mduha śni.
- y u h a' h a d a n, v. a. to make not firm, to unsettle—mduhahadan.
- y u h a' h a y e d a n, v. a. to move, shake, make unstable—mduhahayedan.
- yu-ha'-i-ye-ya, v. a. to push down.
- yu-han'-ska, v. a. T. to make longer, to prolong. See yutehan.
- yu-ha'-pi, part. owned, held; a servant: yuhapi cip, he wants to be held.
- yu-ha'-ya, adv. T. in the manner of having; having—yuhaya un.
- y u h b a', v. a. to shell, as corn; to open, as pods—mduhba. T., yugba.
- y u h b e' z a, v. a. to make rough—mduhbeza. T., yugbeza.
- y u h b u', v. a. to make a noise, as in taking hold of a bag of shelled corn; to make rattle, as corn—mduhbu. T., pasbu.
- yu-hbu'-hbu, v. red. of yuhbu.
- yu-hbu'ya, adv. making a rattling noise, as in pushing anything into shelled corn: yuhbuya iyeya.
- y u h d a', v. a. to untwist, unroll, uncoil, stretch out—mduhda. T., yugla.

- yu-hda'-hda, v. red. of yuhda; to stretch out: yuhdahda aya, to go one after another, to follow in Indian file.
- yu-hda'-ka, v. a. to make far apart—mduhdaka. T., paóglaya egnaka.
- y u h d a' k a y a , adv. separately, singly: yuhdakaya enaźin. T., paóglaya.
- y u h d a' k i n y a n, adv. across: yuhdakinyan iću, to take across, put across.
- yu-hda'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to uncoil or stretch out—yuhdawakiya.
- y u h d a' y a , v. a. to cause to uncoil—yuhdawaya.
- y u h d o' h d o, v. a. to make grunt, as a buffalo calf, by catching it—mduhdohdo.
- y u h d o' k a, v. a. to sprain badly, dislocate—mduhdoka.
- y u h e', v. Same as yuha: yuhe 6in, one who owns, a master.
- yu-he'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to have; to give to—yuhewakiya.
- y u h i', v. a. to drive off, as game—mduhi. T., to arouse, startle, stir up, as game; to throw into confusion, as the wind does feathers.
- yu-hin', cont. of yuhinta; yuhin iyeya. T., yuhinl.
- yu-hin'-ta, v. a. to sweep off, brush off, rake away—mduhinta, unyuhintapi. See yuhotapise.
- y u-h i'-y a-h a n, v. to prolong one's days. T., tehan niya.

- y u h i' y a h a n n a k e ć i n h a n, adv. waiting a little, not in haste. T., ćisćiyela ape.
- y u h m i', v. a. to clear off, as grass, etc., from a field—mduhmi, duhmi. T., yugmi.
- y u h m i' é a , v. a. to catch by the hair of the head, pull one's hair—mduhmiéa, mayuhmiéa.
- y u h m i' h m a, v. a. to roll, as a wheel, etc., with the hand—mdu-hmihma. T., yugmigma. See yuhomni.
- yu-hmin', cont. of yuhmića: yuhmin yuza, to take hold of the hair of the head.
- yu-hmi'-yaŋ-yaŋ, v.a. to make round, as a ball, with the hand—mduhmiyaŋyaŋ. See yumima.
- yu-hmun', v. a. to twist, as a string—mduhmun, duhmun, un-yuhmunpi. T., yugmun.
- yu-hna', v. a. to shake, as fruit from a tree—mduhna. T., yugna.
- yu-hna'-hna, v. red. of yuhna; to take a loose hold of: yuhnahna wakuwa. T., yugnagna.
- y u h n a' ś k i ŋ y a ŋ, v. a. to make one crazy; to possess, as a demon or spirit—mayuhnaśkiŋyaŋ.
- yu-hna'-yan, v.a. to miss, as in attempting to grasp anything—mduhnayan. T., yugnayan.
- yu-hnu'-ni, v. a. to cause to wander—mduhnuni: waćinyuhnuni, to distract, bewilder. T., yugnuni.
- y u h o' h o, v. a. to move, shake, as something not firm—mduhoho.

- yu-ho'-ho-dan, v. a. to shake, as something not solid—mduhohodan.
- y u h o' h o p i ć a ś n i, adj. immovable.
- yu-ho'-ho-ya, v.a. to cause to shake. yu-ho'-ho-ya, adv. shaking.
- yu-ho'-mni, v.a. to turn around anything, to turn, as a grindstone—mduhomni, duhomni, unhomnipi, and unyuhomnipi: ihduhomni, to turn one's self around. See yuhmihma.
- yu-ho'-mni-mni, v. red. of yuhomni.
- yu-hon'-hon-za, v. a. Ih. shake; i. q. yuhuhuza.
- yu-ho'-ta-pi-se, *adv*. clearing away obstacles: yuhotapise iyaya, he has gone to clear the way. yuhintapi se.
- yu-hu'-hu, intj. Said when one is hurt, i. q. yun. T., yu.
- yu-hu'-hus, cont. of yuhuhuza; yuhuhus waun. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ yuhunhuns.
- yu-hu'-hus-ya, v.a. to cause to shake—yuhuhuswaya.
- yu-hu'-hus-ya, adv. shaking, moving.
- yu-hu'-hu-za, v.a. to shake with the hand—mduhuhuza. *Ih.*, yuhonhonza. T, yuhunhunza.
- yu-hu'-ku-ya, v. a. of hukuya; yu-hda'-hda-ta, v. red. of yuto humble, bring down; mduhukuya: yuhukun iyeya, to cast down.
- yu-huŋ'-ka, v. to shake, to rock from side to side (T., yungyunka) -mduhunka: yuhunke se mani, to walk as a sailor (T., yungyunka semani).

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- yu-hu'-te-dan, v. a. to make short, wear off—mduhutedan. yutepa.
- y u h a', v. n. to curl, branch out.
- y u h a', *adj*. curled, frizzled: pa yuha, a curly head
- yu-ha'-ha, v. red. of yuha; to become curled or branched.
- y u li a' li a, adj. curly, having many branches or prongs.
- yu-ha'-kpa, v.a. to make curved, as the edge of a knife that has been long in use—mduliakpa.
- yu-han'-hi, v. a. to make slowmduhanhi.
- yu-haŋ'-hi-ka, *adŋ*. T. slow.
- yu-ha'-tka, v. a. to ruffle, as hair or feathers—mduhatka.
- yu-ha'-tpa, v. a. Same as yuhakpa.
- yu-hba', v. a. to make drowsy; mduliba.
- y u h d a', v. a. to ring, as a bell, to rattle—mdulida, dulida, unlidapi. T., yulila. See also wolila.
- yu-lida'-gan, v. a. to enlarge; to separate from, leave—mduhdagan: ti hduhdagan śni, to stay always at home.
- y u h d a' h d a, v. red. of yuhda.
- lidata.
- yu-hda'-hda-ya, v. red. of yulidaya.
- yu-hdan', cont. of yuhdata; yulidata; yulidan iyeya. T., yuhlal.
- yu-hda'-ta, v. a. to scratch, as a cat; to scratch off—mduhdata.

- y u h d a' y a, v. to peel off, to skin; to take off, as a sticking plaster mduhdaya, duhdaya.
- y u h d e' é a , v. a. to tear in pieces, tear up, rend—mduhdeéa, unyuhdeéapi. T., yuhleéa.
- y u h d e' h d e é a, v. red. of yuhdeéa.
- yu-hden', cont. of yuhdeća; yu-hden iyeya. T., yuhlel.
- y u h d e n' k i y a, v. a. to cause to rend—yuhdenwakiya.
- yu-hden'-ya, v. a. to cause to tear up—yuhdenwaya.
- y u h d o', v. i. q. yuhdoka.—w. J. C.
- yu-hdog', cont. of yuhdoka; yuhdog iyeya: yuhdog han, to stand open.
- y u h d o g' k i y a, v. a. to cause to open—yuhdogwakiya.
- yu-hdo'-hdo-ka, v. red. of yu-hdoka; to make holes in.
- y u h d o' k a, v. a. to make a hole; to bore a hole; to open, as a door, as, tiyopa yuhdoka; to open, as a box, barrel, etc.—mduhdoka, duhdoka, unhdokapi and unyuhdokapi. T., yuhloka.
- y u h e m', cont. of yuhepa; yuhem iyeya. T., yuheb.
- y u h e m' h e p a, v. red. of yuhepa.
- y u-h e'-pa, v. a. to absorb, empty, exhaust, as a fluid, by lading out—mduhepa, unyuhepapi.
- yu-he'-yam, cont. of yuheyapa; yuheyam iyeya, to put aside. T., yuheyab.

- y u h e' y a n, cont. of yuheyata; yuheyan iyeya. T., yuheyal.
- y u li e' y a p a, v. a. to put a little back, put aside—mdulieyapa.
- y u h e' y a t a, v a. to put back, reject.
- y u h i', v. n. to pimple; to be pimpled—mayuhi: hence, oyuhi, pimples. T., yuh'i.
- y u h i' ć a, v. a. to waken one up —mduhića, duhića, unyuhićapi, mayuhića.
- yu-hi'-hi, v. red. of yuhi; to be pimpled, marked, rough. T., yu-h'ih'i.
- yu-hin', cont. of yuhića; yuhin iyeya. T., yuhil.
- y u h i'-se, adj. like pimples; striped, figured, as dimity or diaper. T., yuh'ise.
- y u h i' y a y a, v. a. to do badly, bungle—mduhiyaya.
- yu-hla', v. a. T. i. q. yuhda
- y u h l e' \acute{c} a , v. T. i q. yuhde \acute{c} a.
- yu-hlo'-ka, v. T. i. q. yuhdoka.
- y u h m i n', v. a. to sling, as a stone, sidewise; to make go crooked. T., to make crooked, as writing.
- yu-hmin'-yan, adv. off sidewise, crookedly; yuhminyan ehnaka, to place out of line, or crookedly.
- y u h m u n', v. a to make whizz, as in throwing a stone from a sling—mduhmun.
- yu-hmun'-hmun, v. red. of yu-hmun.
- yu-hmun'-yan, adv. making whizz.

- y u h o n' t a , v. a. to make soft, as thread, to rub soft, as skin—mdu-honta. See yuhunta.
- y u h p a', v. a. to throw down, as one's load; to unharness or unload a horse; to shake off, as leaves from a tree; to buy a wife—mduhpa, duhpa, unyuhpapi. T., also to put down or shut down, as a window-sash.
- y u h p a' h p a, v. red. of yuhpa; to throw over or down in lumps, as in ploughing hard ground.
- y u h p a n', v. a. to soak and make soft, as leather—mduhpan.
- yu-hpan'-hpan, v. red. of yuhpan; to soak and make a little soft, as leather—mduhpanhpan. See yuhtuta.
- y u h p e' y a, v. a. to cause to throw down—yuhpewaya.
- y u h p u', v. a. to pick off a piece, break off, crumble off—mduhpu.
- y u h p u' h p u , v. red. of yuhpu.
- yu-htany, v. a. to make rough. See yuhtanyan.
- yu-litan'-yan, v.a. to make rough, to whet to a rough edge—mdulitanyan.
- y u h t u' ta, v. a. to mash or break a skin for dressing, to make pliant —mdulituta. T., yupanpan.
- y u h u', v. a. to take off the hull or rind, to peel, as bark with the hand —mduhu.
- y u h u' ġ a, v. a. to break a hole in, to stave in; to break to pieces—mduhuġa. See yuśuźu.
- yu-huh', cont of yuhuga; yuhuh iyeya.

- y u h u h' n a ġ a, v. a. to cause to burn up—mduhuhnaġa. _
- yu-hu'-hu-ġa, v. red. of yuhuġa.
- yu-huŋ-huŋ-ta, v. red. of yu-huŋta.
- y u h u n' t a, v. a. to make soft, as flax, in dressing it, or as a skin, by rubbing—mduhunta.
- yu-hun'-win, v. a. to make putrefy, as flesh—mduhunwin. T., see hunwinya.
- y u h w i n', v. See yuhunwin.
- y u i' é i é a h i, v. a. to mix together, to mingle.
- y u i' ć i ć a h i y a , adv. mingling: yuićićahiya iyeya.
- y u i' éi éa w i n, v. a. to make turn back on the same way (T., the same); to cause to pass by, as the two ends of anything—mduicicawin. See next word.
- y u-i'-&i-&u-ya, v. a. I. to cause to pass by over or alongside of each other, as the two ends of anything; to make overlap each other.
- y u i' d e, v. a. to cause to blaze, to kindle a fire—mduide.
- y u i' d e p i, n. Ih. something to make a blaze—friction matches.
- yu-i'-ha, v. a. to make laugh—mduiha.
- yu-i'-le-pi, n. T. i. q. yuidepi: ćan kaidepi.
- y u i' n a h n i, v. a. to hasten one mduinahni.
- yu-i'-na-hni-ki-ya, v. a. to cause one to hasten.

- y u i' n a lin i y a n, adv. hastening.
- y u i' n i n a, v. a. of inina; to make still, put to silence—mduinina. T., yuinila.
- yu-i'-nin-ya, adv. putting to silence. T., yuinilya.
- yu-i'-pa-tku-ġa, v. a. of ipatkuġa; to place in a row—mduipatkuġa. T., yuowećinhan.
- y u i' p a t k u li y a, adv. placing in a row.
- y u i' ś t e ć a , v. a. to make one ashamed—mduisteća.
- y u i' s to h m u s, cont. of yuistohmuza.
- y u i' ś t o h m u z a, v. a. of iśtohmuza; to make one shut his eyes; to deceive—mduiśtohmuza.
- y u i'-t o k a n, v. a. T. to put out of the way; to remove from; to reject. See yulieyata, etc.
- y u i' t p i s k a e h p e y a, v.
 to turn any thing over on its back,
 as a dog, etc.
- yu-i'-ya-ki-pam, adv. dividing, separating. T., yuiyakipab.
- yu-i'-ya-ki-pa-pam, adv. red. of yuiyakipam.
- yu-i'-yog, cont. of yuiyoka; yuiyog iyeya, to put out of the way, reject. T., yuitokan; yutokan.
- yu-i'-yo-ka, v. a. to shun. See yuiyog.
- yu-i'-yo-tan, v. of iyotan; yuiyotan iyeya, to cause one to do more by telling him to stop, to make more determined.

- yu-i'-yo-tang, cont. of yuiyotanka: yuiyotang elipeya, to push one down, make sit down.
- y u i' y o t a n h a n, v. yuiyotanhan iyekiya, to afflict, to trouble.
- y u i' y o w a s, cont. of yuiyowaza.
- y u i' y o w a ś , *cont*. of yuiyowaźa; yuiyowaś iyeye śni. See yuiyowaźaśni.
- y u i' y o w a z a , v. a. to make resound, to make echo—mduiyowaza.
- y u.-i'-y o w a ź a ś n i, v. to place afar off.
- y u i' ź e n a, v. T. to stir or mix together.
- yu-ka', v. a. to strip off, as the feather part of a quill—mduka.
- y u k a' k i ź a , v. a. to cause to suffer—mdukakiźa.
- yu-kam', cont. of yukapa; yukam iyeya. T., yukab—yukab emayaya, you jerk me.
- yu-kaŋ', v. n. to be; there is. This verb wants the forms of the first and second persons singular; plur., uŋkaŋpi, dukaŋpi, yukaŋpi. Yukaŋ is often used with a plural signification, as, taliŋća yukaŋ, there are deer; hu mayukaŋ, legs are to me, i. e., I have legs. See yuke and yuki.
- yu-kan', v. to give room. See tiyu-kan, kiyukan, and yukin.
- y u k a n', v. a. of kan; to make old—mdukan.
- yu-kan', v. a. to shake off, as dew —mdukan.
- yu-kan'-kan, v. red. of yukan.

- yu-ka'-pa, v. a. to catch, as a ball, in the hand—mdukapa. T, to jerk away from. See yakapa, yukab, etc.
- y u k a' t a, v. a. of kata; to make warm by rubbing; to heat by making a fire—mdukata.
- y u k a' t i n, v. a. to straighten out with the hand—mdukatin.
- y u k a' w a, v. a. to open, as the mouth, eyes, etc.—mdukawa, du-kawa, unyukawapi.
- y u k a' w a k i y a, v. a. to cause to open—yukawawakiya
- y u k é a', v. a. to loose a knot, untie, unwrap, open what is tangled—mdukéa.
- yu-kéan', v. a. to comprehend anything, to understand, know, guess; to have an opinion, to judge—mdu-kéan, dukéan, unkéanpi. See iyukéan.
- yu-kéan'-yan, v. comprehending, guessing.
- y u k ć e' k a , v. i. q. yućeka. w. j. c.
- yu-ke', v. n. to be. See yukan.
- yu-kes', cont. of yukeza; yukes iyeya.
- yu-ke'-ya, adv. T. being; having, possessing—walitani yukeya un, a sinner, i. e., one who is leading a sinful life.
- y u k e' z a, v. a. to make smooth—mdukeza.
- yu-ki', cont. T. of yukan; tato yuki nahan canli yukan, there is beef and there is tobacco.

- y u k i' k i t a , v. a. to make limber—mdukikita. T., yuwinświnźa.
- yu-kin', cont. of yukinéa; yukin iwaću. T., tahu akahpe ogle.
- yu-kiŋ'-iŋ-pi, n. a cloak. T., yukiŋl.
- yu-ki'-nu-kaŋ, v. a. to divide between, to separate—mdukinukaŋ, dukinukaŋ.
- yu-ki'-nu-kaŋ, adv. divided: yukinukaŋ ehnaka, to place out separately.
- yu-ki'-nu-kaŋ-ki-ya, adv. divided, separately.
- yu-ki'-nu-kan-yan, adv. separately.
- yu-kin', v. a. to give room to pass, to lean to one side—mdukin, mayukin.
- y u-k i n'-é a, v. a. to scrape off with the hand—mdukinéa.
- yu-kin'-kin, adv. to and fro or from side to side, as a sailor in walking. T., from side to side, as in working a stick in a hole; but "as a sailor walking" is yungyunka se.
- yu-kiŋs', cont. of yukiŋza; yukiŋs iyeya.
- yu-kins'-kin-za, v. red. of yu-kinza.
- y u k i n' z a , v. a. to make creak—mdukinza
- y u k i' p a s, cont of yukipaza; yukipas yuza, to seize by the hair of the head—yukipas mduza. T., yupans.
- yu-ki'-paś, cont. of yukipaźa; yukipas iyeya: yukipaś yuza, to double around and hold.

- yu-ki'-pa-za, v. See yukipas, yu-kon'-ta, v. See yukunta the form in use.
- yu ki' pa źa, v. a. to bend anything around, to double over, to bend so as to make the ends meet-mdukipaźa. See yuakipaźa.
- yu ki' pe han, v. a. to fold, to lay in folds—mdukipehan: yukipehan ehnaka.
- yu-ki'-pu-ski-ća, v. a. to put close together, to press—mdukipuskića.
- yu-ki'-pu-skin, cont. of yukipuskića; yukipuskin yuza, to hold one thing close to another. T., yukipuskil.
- yu-ki'-pu-skin-ya, adv. pressed close to.
- yu-ki'-yela, v. a. T. to make near See yuaskadan.
- yu-ki'-yu-te-ya, adv. Said of any thing crisped or drawn up. T., natipa.
- y u k m i' ć a, v. *Ih. i. q.* yuhmića.
- y u k o', v. a. to make a hole—mduko: yuko elipeya, to throw open. T., to enlarge an opening.
- yu-kog', cont. of yukoka; yukog
- yu-ko'-ka, v. a. to ring or rattle, as an old kettle—mdukoka.
- yu-ko'-ke-dan, v. a. to make active, to stimulate—mdukokedan. T., yubiliheća.
- yu-ko-ki'-ya, v. a. T. to make wrinkle: ite yukokiya, to frown or scowl.
- y u k o' k o k a , v. red. of yukoka.

- yu ko' ya han, v.a. to cause to be quick, to hasten—mdukoyahan. See yuinalini.
- yu-kpa', v. a. ista yukpa, to make blind; noge yukpa, to make deaf mdukpa. See yutpa.
- yu-kpan', v. a. to grind, as corn, etc., to make fine, to pulverize—mdukpan, dukpan, unkpanpi. See yu-
- yu-kpan'-kpan, v. red. of yukpaŋ.
- yu-kpan'-pi, n. grinding.
- yu-kpan' yan, v. a. to cause to grind—yukpanwaya.
- yu-kpi', *v. a* to crack or burst, as a louse. i. q yutpi.
- yu-kpi'-kpi, v. red. of yukpi.
- yu-kpu'-kpa, v. a. to make fine, to crumble up and scatter aboutmdukpukpa. See yukpukpa.
- yu ksa', v. a. to break off, as a stick, with the hand; to pull, as corn; to cut off or out with shears—mduksa, duksa, unksapi.
- yu-ksa'-ksa, v. red. of yuksa.
- yu-ksa'-pa, v. a. of ksapa; to make wise—mduksapa. Said also of an animal who breaks away from a trap, as he is made wise or wary by it.
- yu-ksa'-pi, n. a breaking off, a gathering of corn.
- yu-kse'-kse-ya, v. red. of yu-kse'-kse-yakseya.
- yu-kse'-ya, v. a. to cause to break off, as in trapping—yuksewaya.

- yu-kse'-ya, adv. broken off; straight down, as if broken off; said of a bluff shore where the water is deep; i. q. hutotkonza.
- y u k ś a', v. a. to bend or double up, as a blanket—mdukśa.
- y u k ś a' dan, adv. bent up, crooked: yukśadan iću. See yakśadan.
- y u k ś a n', v. a. to bend, fold up—mdukśan.
- y u k ś a n' k i y a, v. a. to cause to bend or fold up—yukśanwakiya.
- yu-kśaŋ'-kśaŋ, v. red. of yukśaŋ.
- yu-kśan'-kśan, adv. crooked, curled about.
- yu-kśan'-yan, va. to cause to bend—yukśanwaya.
- y u k śan' y e y a, adv. bent around, in a circle.
- y u k ś i' k ś i ź a , v. red. of yukśiźa.
- yu-kśiś', cont. of yukśiza; yukśiś iyeya.
- y u k ś i ś' y a, v. a. to cause to double up—yukśiśwaya.
- y u k ś i' ź a , v. a. to double up, to bend, as the arm at the elbow; to double up, as iron, etc.; to pull the trigger of a gun—mdukśiźa.
- yu-ktan', v. a. to bend with the hand—mduktan.
- yu-ktan'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to bend anything.
- yu-ktan'-ki-ya, adv. crookedly.
- y u k t a n' k t a n, v. red. of yuktan; to bend, crook.
- yu-ktan'-ktan, adj. or adv. zigzag; bent.

- yu-ktan'-ktan-ki-ya, adv. red. yuktankiya.
- yu-ktan'-ktan-yan, adv. red. of yuktanyan.
- yu-ktan'-yan, adv. crookedly.
- yu-ktan'-ye-ya, adv. crookedly, not in a straight line: yuktanyeya wanka.
- y u k u' k a, v. a. to pull to pieces; to make rotten, to destroy—mdukuka.
- y u k u ŋ' t a, v. a. T. to pick with any thing in a hole or cavity, as to pick the ears or nose.
- y u k e' g a, v. a. to scratch, scrape mdukega. See yukoga.
- yu-keh', cont. of yukeġa; yukeh iyeya.
- yu-keh'-ke-ga, v. red. of yukega.
- y u k e h' y a, adv. scratching, scraping.
- yu-kes', cont. of yukeza; yukes iyeya.
- y u k e s' k e z a, v. red. of yukeza; to shave off close and smooth, as the hair of the head—mdukeskeza.
- y u k e' z a, v. a to make hard and smooth; to shear off close, as the hair of the head—mdukeza. See yukoza.
- yu-ko'-ga, v. a. to scratch up, make rough with the nails—mdukoga. See yukega.
- yu-koh', cont. of yukoga; yukoh iyeya.
- y u k o h'- k o ġ a, $\it v.~\it red.$ of yukoġa.
- yu-kos', cont. of yukoza; yukos iyeya.

- yu-kos'-ko-za, v. red. of yukoza.
- y u-k o'-za, v.a. to make smooth and hard by taking off the grass, etc.—mdukoza, dukoza. See yukeza.
- yu-lab', cont. of yulapa.
- y u l a b' l a p a, v. red. of yulapa.
- y u 1 a' p a, v. a. T. to make smooth.
- y u m a' h e n i y e y a, v. a. to push one thing into something else, to insert.
- y u m a n', v. a. to sharpen by grinding, filing, or whetting, as an ax, etc.—mduman, unyumanpi.
- yu-mda', v. a. to separate, as the layers of bark or the leaves of a book—mdumda. T., yubla.
- y u m d a' p i, n. a page or leaf of a book, etc. T., yublapi.
- yu-mdas', cont. of yumdaza; yumdas ehnaka, to open out, as in dressing a cow; yumdas iyeya.
- y u m d a' s k a , v. a. to make flat—mdumdaska T., yublaska.
- yu-mda'-ya, v. a. to open, spread out, unfold; to make level—mdumdaya, unyumdayapi. T., yublaya.
- y u m d a' y a p i, n. a spreading out; a page in a book.
- yu-mda'-za, v.a. to burst open, as the bowels, or as a bag of corn; to break open by hauling; to make a longitudinal incision—mdumdaza. T., yublaza
- y u m d e' é a , v. a. to break to pieces or crush, as brittle ware; to rend or tear open—mdumdeéa. T., yubleéa.

- y \mathbf{n} \mathbf{m} d \mathbf{e}' \mathbf{m} d \mathbf{e} \mathbf{e} a, v. red. of yumdeéa.
- yu-mden', cont. of yumdeća; yu-mden iyeya. T., yublel.
- yu-mden'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to break to pieces—yumdenwakiya.
- y u m d u', v. a. to make mellow, to pulverize, to plough, as ground—mdumdu, dumdu, unmdupi, and unyumdupi. T., yublu.
- yu-mdu'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to plough—yumduwakiya.
- y u m d u' m d u , v. red. of yumdu.
- y u m d u' y a , v. a. to cause to pulverize—yumduwaya. See yumdukiya.
- yu-mi'-ma, v. a. to make round, as a wheel. See yuhmiyanyan.
- y u mi' me ya, adv. T. in a circle; circular: yumimeya yanka po, sit round in a circle.
- y u m n a', v. a. to rip a seam with scissors, to rip a seam in any way by pulling, etc.—mdumna. T., blumna, lumna, etc.
- yu-mna'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to rip—yumnawakiya.
- y u m n a' m n a, v. red. of yumna.
- y u m n i', v. n. to turn round, to go round in circles.
- y u m n i'- ġ a, v. to shrink, draw up; to cause to shrink—mdumniġa. T., to twist, as clothes, in wringing them; but "to shrink, draw up" is namniġa; and "to cause to shrink" is namnihkiya.
- yu-mni'-mni, v. red. of yumni; to turn round and round.

- yu-mni'-mni-ġa, v. red. of yumniġa.
- yu-mni'-mniś, cont. of yumnimniźa; curled: yumnimniś iyeya.
- yu-mni'-mniś-ya, v.a. to cause to curl.
- yu-mni'-mniś-ya, adv. curly. yu-mni'-mni-źa, adj. red. of yumniźa; curled, as hair T., wavy, as hair; ruffled up.
- y u m n i' m n i źa, v. a. to ruffle, to pleat—mdumnimniźa.
- y u-mni'-wa-ći-pi, n. the circle dance. In this dance a pole is set up in the center, which is encircled at a distance of twenty or thirty feet by branches of trees. By the central pole a small arbor is made, which is occupied by the high priest of the ceremonies. The young men dance around.
- y u m n i' \(\tilde{a} \) , adj. curled, not straight, as hair. T., wavy.
- y u m n u' m n u ġ a , v. a. to make a noise, as in handling corn—mdumnumnuġa. T., to craunch, to make a noise, as a horse in eating corn. See yamnumnuġa.
- yun, cont. of yuta; yun mani, he walks eating. T., yul.
- yu-na'-ke, v. See yunakeya.
- y u n a' k e y a, v. a. to turn anything partly up, turn on one side—mdunakeya. T., to tip. See kanakeya, panakeya, etc.
- y u n a' ź in, v. a. to cause to stand, to raise or lift up—mdunaźin.

- yu-ni', v. a. to touch one so as to call his attention to anything—mduni, duni, mayuni. T., pani. See bonini, etc.
- yu-ni'-ni, v. red. of yuni; to touch so as to arouse one, or call his attention to anything—mdunini.
- y u n i' y a ś n i, v. a. to put out of breath, to strangle—mduniyaśni.
- y u n k i' y a, v. a. of yuta; to cause to eat, to feed—yunwakiya.
- yu-nmi'-nma, v. a. to roll with the hand—mdunminma. T., yugmigma. Same as yuhmihma.
- y u n u n' ġ a, v. a. to make a hard or callous place, by sprain or otherwise—mdununġa. T., yunoġa.
- y u n y a', v. a. to feed, cause to eat—yunwaya. T., yulya; yulkiya.
- yun, intj. oh! O dear me!
- y ung-yun'-ka, v. T. to rock or sway from side to side, as a sailor in walking; yungyunka se mani. See yukinkin.
- y u n g e', n. T. part, some: i. q. uge and onge.
- y u ŋ k a', v. T. i. q. waŋka; to lie along—muŋka.
- y u ŋ k a' h e , adv. T. lying prone, as a tree cut down: i. q. wankahe.
- yun'-kan, conj. T. and; also; then: i. q. unkan.
- yun-kanś', conj. T. used only of past time; if, provided; i. q. unkanś.
- y u n ś, conj. T. i. q. yunkanś; if, provided: refers to the past only. Hećon śni yunś, if he had not done it.

- y u o' é i k p a n i , v a. Same as yuoéitpani.
- y u o' é i ŋ ś i é a , v. a. to make cross—mduoćinśića.
- y u o' éi p t e éa, v. a. to make one shorter than another; to make a difference, diminish—mduocipteca.
- yu-o'-éi-pten, cont. of yuoéipteéa.
- yu-o'-ći-pten-ya, adv. diminishing by degrees.
- y u o' é i p t e t.u, v. a. to make of different sizes, to lessen—mduociptetu.
- yu-o'-ći-pte-tu-ya, adv. lessening.
- y u o' é i p t e t u y a k e n, adv. of different sizes.
- y u o' é i t k o ŋ z a , v. a to make equal—mduoéitkoŋza. See yuotkoŋza.
- yu-o'-ći-tpa-ni, v. a. to make unequal—mduoćitpani. T., yuoći-kpani.
- yu-o'-hda-pśin, v. yuohdapśin elipeya, to turn any thing over.
- y u o' h d a p s i n y a n, adv. turning over.
- y u o' h a n k o, v. a. to make hasten—induohanko.
- yu-o'-han-ko-ya, adv. hastening.
- y u o' h d a g a n, v. n. to become loose.
- y u o' h d a h, cont. of yuohdagan; yuohdah iću, to become loose.
- y u o' h p a, v. a. to break into, break•through—mduohpa.

- yu-o'-hpe-ya, v. a. to cause to break through—yuohpewaya.
- yu-oh'-ya, adv. obliquely, as the characters are placed in writing: yuohya ehnaka. See kaohya.
- y u o' k a h b o k a , v. a. to make float, to send afloat—mduokahboka.
- yu-o'-ka-hpa, v. to cause to float.
- y u o' k a p o t a, v. to cause to be borne up, as on water.
- y u o' k i n i h a n, v. a. to make honorable—mduokinihan.
- yu-o'-ko, v. a. to make a hole—mduoko.
- y u o' k o n w a n ź i d a n, v. a. of okonwanźidan; to make one of, join one to another mduokonwanźidan. T., rather to make alike or similar.
- y u-o'-ksa, v.a. to break off intomduoksa. See oyuksa.
- yu-o'-ktan, v. a to bend intomduoktan. See oyuktan.
- y u o' m d e é a , v. a. to divide, disperse, break in pieces, scatter abroad, as a people—mduomdeéa. See oyumdeéa.
- yu-o'-mde-éa, v. n. yuomdeéa yuza, to hold the sharp part up, as the edge of a board.
- y u o' m d e é a h a n, part. in a dispersed state, scattered.
- yu-o'-mden, cont. of yuomdeéa; yuomden iyaya, to go off, disperse; yuomden iyeya, to cause to scatter abroad. T., yuoblel.

- yu-o'-mni-na, v. a. to shelter from the wind, make a calm—mduomnina. T., yuoblula.
- y u o' n i h a n, v. a. to honor, treat with attention—mduonihan, unyuonihan, mayuonihan.
- yu-o'-ni-haŋ-yaŋ, adv. honoring, treating politely.
- y u o' p o', v. a. to press out of shape, press in at the sides, as a kettle; to make warp—mduopo.
- y u o' p t e 6 a, v. a. to make less—mduopteéa.
- y u o' p t e n , cont. of yuopteća. T., yuoptel.
- yu-o'-pten-ya, adv. making less. yu-o'-pte-tu, v.a. to make less—
- mduoptetu. yu-o'-pte-tu-ya, adv. lessen-
- yu-o'-pon, v. to scatter, spread abroad.
- y u o' s e, and y u o' s e k se, n. one who shoots but does not hit. This would seem to be used ironically.
- y u o' s e y a, v. T. to get into a hard knot. See yuośin.
- yu-o' se-ya, adv. T. tightly; in a hard knot; yuoseya iyakaska.
- $yu o' s'i\eta$, v. to hate. T., oyus'in.
- yu-o'-siŋ-siŋ, v. a. to bedaub one with semen—mduosiŋsiŋ. See osiŋsiŋ and yaśiŋśiŋ.
- y u o' ś i ŋ, v. n. to get into a hard knot, become hard to untie. T., to tie in a bow knot or loosely.
- yu-o'-śiŋ-yaŋ, adv. T. loosely; tied in a bow knot.

- y u-o'-ta, v.a. to make many, to multiply—mduota, duota, unyuotapi.
- yu-o'-taŋ-iŋ, v. a. to make appear, make manifest; to celebrate mduotaŋiŋ.
- y u o' t a n i n y a n, adv. making manifest, celebrating.
- y u o' t a p i, n. a multiplying; multiplication.
- yu-o'-tkoŋ-za, v. a. to make of equal length; to do right; to finish—mduotkoŋza. See yuocitkoŋza.
- yu-o'-tins, cont of yuotinza; yuotins iću, to draw in tight: yuotins iyeya.
- yu-o'-tins-tin-za, v. red. of yuotinza.
- yu-o'-tin-za, v. a. to press in tight; to make firm in—mduotinza. See oyutinza.
- yu-o'-we-ćin-han, v. T. to place in a row: i. q. yuipatkuġa.
- y u o' w i ś n i , v. i. q. owikeśni; to be unused; to accumulate without being drawn upon, as provisions: yuowiśni mićiyanka.
- y u o' w o t a n, v. Same as yuowotanna.
- y u o' w o t a n n a, v. a. to make straight; to make upright, justify—mduowotanna.
- yu-o'-ya-he, v. T. to absorb; to cause to absorb. See yuhepa.
- y u p a', v. a. to make bitter—mdupa.
- $yu pa' \dot{g}a$, v. to grasp tightly.
- yu-pah', cont. of yupaga; yupah yuza, to hold in a bunch; yupah nawanka, to gallop slowly and with the body bent together. See iyupaga.

- y u p a' k o, v. a. to make crooked—mdupako.
- yu-pa'-ko-ya, adv. making erooked, twisting.
- y u p a n' g a, v. a. to tie up loosely, to make a large bundle—mdupanga.
- yu-panh', cont. of yupanga; yupanh iyeya.
- yu-panh'-ya, adv. loosely, in a large bundle.
- y u p a n p a n n a, v. a. to make soft—mdupanpanna.
- y u p a ŋ ś', cont of yu-paŋ'-źa; v. a.

 T. to seize by the hair of the head:
 i. q. yuhmića.
- yu-pa'-tuś, *cont*. of yupatuźa; yupatuś iyeya.
- y u p a' t u ź a , v. a. of patuźa; to cause to stoop down, to bend down—mdupatuźa.
- yu-pée'-ée-la, v. a. T. to make short; to shorten: i. q. yupteéedan.
- y u p é e l' y e l a , v. a. T. Same meaning.
- y u p e', v. a. to make sharp—mdupe.
- yu-pe'-han, v. a. to fold up—mdupehan.
- y u p e' m n i, v. a. of pemni; to twist, make warp, as a board—mdupemni.
- yu-pe'-mni-mni, v. red. of yupemni; to warp, crook, twist.
- y u p e' m n i y a n, adv. crookedly.
- y u p i', v. a. to make good—mdupi, dupi.
- y u p i' k a , v. a. to clothe one up well, to make look well—mdupika. T., yupiya kaga.

- y u p i' k a, n. one who dresses well; one who does things neatly. T., yupiyakel up.
- yu-pins', cont of yupinza; yupins iyeya.
- yu-pin s'-pin za, v. red. of yu-pinza.
- y u p i n ś', cont. of yupinźa; yupinś iyeya.
- yu-pinś'-pin-źa, v. red. of yupinźa.
- y u p i n' z a, v. a. to make creak—mdupinza.
- y u p i n' źa, v. a. to pull out the coarse hair from a skin; to pull off all the hair or fur—mdupinźa.
- y u p i' y a , adv. T. well; nicely; finely; beautifully.
- yu-pi'-ya-kel, adv. T. Same meaning.
- y u p o', v. a. to make swell—mdupo.
- yu-pom', cont. of yupopa: yupom yuza, to catch or hold with a snap or spring, as a trap, to catch round the body. T., yupob.
- yu-pon', cont. of yupota; yupon iyeya. T., yupol.
- y u p o n' p o t a , v. red. of yupota. T., yupolpota.
- y u p o' p a, v. a. to cause to snap or burst, to make a snapping noise mdupopa.
- y u p o' ta, v. a. to wear out, tear to pieces, as a garment; to use up, destroy—mdupota, dupota.
- y u p o t' p o t a , $v. \, red.$ of yupota.
- yu-po'-wa-ya, v. a. to roughen up, as fur or nap—mdupowaya.

- yu-psag', cont. of yupsaka; yu- yu-psun', v. a. psag iyeya. yu-pśun', v. a.
- yu-psag'-ya, v. a. to cause to break, as a string.
- y u p s a g' y a , adv. breaking, as a cord.
- y u p s a' k a, v. a. to break or pull in two, as a string—mdupsaka, uppsakapi.
- yu-psan'-psan, v.a. T. to wag, as a tail; to cause to move back and forth.
- yu-psa'-psa-ka, v. red. of yupsaka.
- yu-pse', v. yupse hinhda; yupse hiyeya.
- y u p s i' ć a, v. a. to make jump, to toss—mdupsića: hoyupsića, to fish with hook and line.
- y u p s i n', cont. of yupsića; yupsin iyeya. T., yupsil.
- yu-psi'-psi-ća, v. red. of yupsića.
- yu-psi'-psin, cont. of yupsipsića.
- y u p s o n', v. a. to turn over and spill, as water, etc.—mdupson, dupson.
- y u-pson'-pson, v. red. of yupson; to turn over on the belly, as the Dakotas do in skinning an animal; yupsonpson ehnaka. T. This refers especially, if not altogether, to the buffalo, other animals being cut down the belly after they are turned over on the back.
- y u p s o n' p s o n n a, v. a. to make round, to take off the corners—mdu-psonpsonna.

- yu psu y', v. a. Same as yupson. yu - psu y', v. a. to pull out by the
- roots, to extract, as a tooth; to put out of joint—mdupsun, dupsun, unyupsunpi.
- y u p ś u ŋ' k a , v. a. to double up in a round bunch: nape hdupśuŋka, to clench the fist—mdupśuŋka.
- yu-pśuŋ'-pśuŋ, *v. red.* of yupśuŋ.
- y u p t a', v. a. to cut out, as a garment; to cut off, as the border of a buffalo-skin, etc.—mdupta, dupta, unyuptapi.
- yu-pta'-hnag, adv. (yupta and hnaka?). all together, collectively. See witaya and yuptaya.
- y u p t a n' p t a n, v. a. to turn or roll back and forth with the hand, to rock—mduptanptan.
- y u p t a n' p t a n y a n, v. a. to roll back and forth, to roll over and over—mduptanptanyan.
- y u p t a n' y a n, v. a. to roll over, to turn over — mduptanyan, duptanyan.
- yu-pta'-pta, v. red. of yupta.
- y u p t a' y a , adv. of ptaya; together, collectively: yuptaya ehnaka
- y u-p t e'-ć e-d a ŋ, v. a. to shorten mduptećedaŋ. T., yupćećela.
- y u p t e n' y e d a n, adv. hastening, shortening; yuptenyedan ehnaka. T., yupćelyela.
- y u-p t u'-h a, v. a. to pickin pieces—mduptuha.
- yu-ptu'-ptu-źa, v. red. of yuptuźa.

- yu-ptuś', cont. of yuptuźa; yuptuś iyeya.
- yu-ptuś'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to split or crack—yuptuśwaya.
- yu-ptu'-źa, v. a. to make crack or split, as a board, by boringmduptuźa.
- yu pu' za, v. to make dry, to wipe
- yus, cont. of yuza; yus nazin; yus aya, to lead.
- y u s a', adv. prickly, knobby, sharp; i. q. owasin pepeya bosdan yanka. T., nasa.
- yu sa' kim, adv. both together. T., yusakib.
- yu-sa'-kim-tu, adv. both together.
- y u s a η' , v. a to make brownish or whitish, to make fade—mdusan.
- y u-sa y'-pa, v. a. of sanpa; to make more, cause to increase—mdusappa.
- yu-sa'-pa, va. to blacken—mdusapa.
- yu-sba', v. a. to ravel out; to pick to pieces, as wool—mdusba, dusba.
- yu sba' sba, v. red. of yusba.
- yu-sbu', v. a. to make a rattling or rustling noise, as in taking hold of shelled corn—mdusba. See pasbu.
- yu sbu' pi se, adv. noise; said of one diving. T, going gradually under (water) as a
- yu sbu' sbu, v. red. of yusbu.
- yu sde' ća, v. a. to $\varepsilon plit$ —indusdeća, unyusdećapi. T., yusleća.
- yu-sden', cont. of yusdefa; yusden iyeya. T., yuslel.

- yu-sden'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to split—yusdenwakiya.
- yu-sden'-ya, v. a. to cause to split—yusdenwaya.
- yu-sde'-sde-ća, v. red. of yusdeća.
- yu-sdi', v. a. to press out, as fat with the hand, to make ooze out mdusdi. Ih., to milk, as a cow: i. q. See yusli. yuskića.
- yu-sdi'-tka, v.a. to make taper; to make small by pinching-mdusditka.
- yu-sdo'-han, v. a. to draw or drag along, to draw, as a horse does a load; to lead a horsé-mdusdohan.
- yu-sdo'-han-han, v. red. of yusdohan.
- yu-sdo'-han-yan, adv. dragging along.
- yu sdo' he ki ya, v.a. to cause to draw along—yusdohewakiya.
- yu-sdo'-sdo, v. a. to make soft by pressing with the hand, as an apple—mdusdosdo.
- yu-sdun', cont. of yusduta; yusdun iću and yusdun iyeya. yuslul.
- yu-sdu'-ta, v. a. to pull out, to draw out from under-mdusduta, dusduta.
- swimmer; but with a noise is pigese. yu sem', cont. of yusepa; yusem iyeya. T, yuseb.
 - yu-se'-pa, v. a. to rub off, as paint, to deface; to wear off, as the skin from the hand—mdusepa. $T_{\cdot, \cdot}$ yutepa.

- yu-ska', v. a. to whiten, cleanse; to clean up; to gather with the fingers—mduska, duska.
- y u s k a' k i y a , v. a. to cause to bleach—yuskawakiya.
- yu-ska'-pi-daŋ-se, adv. in a compact body.
- yu-ska'-pi-se, adv. close together.
- yu-skem', cont. of yuskepa; yuskem iyeya. T., yuskeb.
- y u s k e' p a, v. a. to cause to escape, make evaporate; to drain off—mduskepa.
- y u s k i' é a , v. a. to press, make tight—mduskiéa.
- yu-skin', cont. of yuskića and yuskita; yuskin iyeya. T., yuskil.
- yu-ski'-ski-ća, v. red. of yuskića.
- y u s k i' s k in, cont. of yuskiskića and yuskiskita.
- yu-ski'-ski-ta, v. red. of yuskita; to wrap round and round, as in fastening a child on a board mduskiskita.
- y u s k i' t a, v. a to bind, bandage; to hoop, as a barrel—mduskita.
- y u s ki' y a, v. a. of yuza; to cause to hold—yuswakiya.
- yu-sku', v. a. to peel off the skin with the hand; to pare; to shave or cut off short, as hair—mdusku.
- yu-sku'-sku, v. red. of yusku; to shave or cut off short, as the hair.
- yu-sku'-ya, v. a. to make sweet or sour, etc., to flavor—mduskuya.

- yu-sli', v. a. T. to press out, to milk, as a cow: i. q. yusdi.
- yu-smag', cont. of yusmaka; yusmag iyeya.
- y u s m a g' s m a k a, v. red. of yusmaka.
- y u s m a' k a, v. a. to make a hollow place, indent—mdusmaka.
- yu-sma'-ka, n. a hollow place. See osmaka.
- y u -s m a' -s m a -k a , v.red. of yusmaka.
- yu-sma'-sma-ka, n. hollow places.
- y u s m i n', v. a. to pick off, as meat from a bone—mdusmin.
- yu-smin'-smin, v. red. of yusmin.
- yu-smin'-yan-yan, v. a. to make smooth or bare; to wear off smooth—mdusminyanyan.
- yu-smi'-smi, v red. of yusmi; to shave off short, as hair—mdusmismi.
- y u s n a', v. a. to ring or tinkle, as little bells; to ravel out, as a stocking; to shake off, as leaves or fruit from a tree—mdusna, dusna.
- yu-sna'-sna, v. red. of yusna.
- y u s n i', v. a. to put out, extinguish, as a fire; to make cold—mdusni.
- yu-sni'-sni, v. red. of yusni.
- y u s o', v. a. T. to cut in strings or strips, as a hide.
- y u s'o', v. n. T. Same as following.
- y u s o', v. n. to swim, as a duck or muskrat: said of a muskrat when it brings its head above the water: yusoniwan.

- y u s o' d a ŋ k a , v. n. to be slow, to loiter: eéen mdusodaŋka. T., yus'olaŋka, to be tired out, used up.
- yus-o'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to swim, in the manner of a duck—yusowakiya.
- y u s' o' l a k a, v. n. T. to be exhausted, tired out.
- yu-s'o'-la-se, adv. T in an exhausted manner, as one tired.
- yu-son', cont. of yusota; yuson iyeya. T., yusol.
- yu-son'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to use up—yusonwakiya.
- y u s o n' y a , v. a. to cause to use up—yusonwaya.
- yu-s'o'-s'o, v. red. T. of yus'o.
- y u s o s' o , *v. red.* of yuso: *i. q.* yu-s'os'o.
- y u s o' t a, v. a. to use up, make an end of, expend—mdusota, dusota, unsotapi.
- y u s p a' and y u s p e', v. a. Ih. and T. to catch with the hand—mdu-spa. (T., bluspe): napeyuspe, to shake hands. See napeyuza.
- y u s p a'-i ć u s e m a n i, v. to limp; to go with a catching gait. T., huśteśteyakel mani.
- yu-stan'-ka, v. a. to moisten mdustanka.
- y u s t o', v. a. to smooth down, as the hair, to make smooth: pa yusto, to oil and smooth the head—mdusto.
- y u s t o' k i y a, v. a. to cause to make smooth—yustowakiya.
- yu-sto'-sto, v. red. of yusto.

- y u s t o' y a, v. a. to cause to make smooth—yustowaya.
- y u s u', v. a. to make right—mdusu. T., yuećetu; yuowotanla. See yućo.
- y u s u' t a, v. a. to make firm—mdusuta, unyusutapi.
- yu-su'-ya, v. a. to cause to make well—yusuwaya. T., yuwaśtekiya.
- y u ś a', v. a. to make red by touching—mduśa.
- yu-ś'ag', cont. of yuś'aka.
- y u ś' a g' y a , v. a. to overburden, overload— yuś'agwaya. T., tkeya waķin.
- yu-ś'a'-ka, v. n. to be heavily laden, have as much as one can carry—mduś'aka, duś'aka. T., tkeya wakin.
- y u ś a m', cont. of yuśapa; yuśam iyeya. T., yuśab.
- y u ś a m' y a , v. a. to cause to soil —yuśamwaya.
- y u ś a' p a , v. a. to soil, blacken, or defile any thing—mduśapa, uŋyu-śapapi
- y u ś b e', v. a. to make deep—mduśbe. T., yuśme.
- yu-śbe' ya, adv. deeply; yuśbeya wanka.
- yu-śda', v.a. to make bare or bald; to cut off, as hair; to shear, as sheep; to pull out, as grass or weeds, to weed; to reap; to pick off, as the feathers of ducks, etc.—mduśda, duśda, uŋśdapi.
- yu-śda'-ki-ya, v. a. to cause to pull, pluck, or shear off—yuśdawakiya.

- y u $\pm d$ a' $\pm d$ a , v. red. of yu $\pm d$ a.
- y u ś d a' y a, v a. to uncover; to pull off—mduśdaya.
- y u ś d a' y e h n a , adv. of śdayehna; plainly, manifestly, openly: yuśdayehna yuza.
- y u ś d i', v. a. to press or squeeze with the hand—mduśdi.
- yu-śdi'-ya, adv. pressing: yuśdiya iyakaśka, to squeeze up and tie tight.
- yu-śdog', cont. of yuśdoka; yuśdog iyeya
- y u ś d o g' y a, v. a. to cause to pull off or out—yuśdogwaya.
- y u ś d o' k a, v. a. to pull off, as a garment; to pull out, as a cork from a bottle mduśdoka, unśdokapi and unyuśdokapi.
- y u ś d o' ś d o k a, v. red. of yuśdoka.
- y u ś d u n', cont. of yuśduta; yuśdun iyeya. T., yuślul.
- y u ś d u' ś d u t a, v. red. of yuśduta; to make smooth or slippery—mduśduśduta
- y u ś d u' t a, v. a to slip out, to let slip from one—mduśduta.
- y u ś' e', v. a. T. to cause to fall in drops; to make drip.
- y u ś e ' ć a , v. a. to deaden, to make dry—mduśeća.
- y u ś e' k ś e ć a, v. red. of yuśeća. y u - ś e n', cont. of yuśeća; yuśen iyeya, to cause to wither. T, yuśel.
- yu-ś'e'-ś'e, v. red. T. of yuś'e.
- y u ś i' ć a , v. a. to make bad; to injure, spoil—mduśića. See yuwahteśni.

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- yu- $\sin g \ln v$. T. yu $\sin g \ln k \tan k$ uwa: i. q. pasmi.
- y u ś i' h d a, v. a. to make angry—mudśihda.
- y u ś i' h a ŋ , v. a. of śihaŋ; to make act badly—mdusihaŋ. T., yuohaŋ-śića; yuśića.
- yu-śi'-haŋ-yaŋ, adv. causing to do badly.
- yu-śi'-htin, v. a. to enfeeble—mduśihtin, mayuśihtin. T., to make bad; to injure in any way; to do a thing badly.
- yu-śi'-htiŋ-pi, n. feebleness. T., badness; imperfection.
- y u ś i' h t i ŋ y a ŋ , adv. feebly: yuśihtinyan ećonpi. T., badly; imperfectly.
- y u ś i m', cont. of yuśipa; yuśim iyeya. T., yuśib.
- y u \pm i m' \pm i p a , v. red. of yusipa.
- yu-śiŋ', v. n. to wrinkle.
- yu-śiŋ'-pi, n. wrinkles.
- yu-śiŋ'-śiŋ, v. red. of yuśiŋ; to wrinkle.
- y u śi n' śi n, v. a. to tickle—mduśinśin. T., yuś'inś'in; also to amuse, make laugh.
- y u-śiŋ'-y a-y a, v. n. to be afraid; to be frightened—mayuśiŋyaya, niyu-śiŋyaya, uŋuśiŋŷayapi. T., to startle, surprise.
- y u ś i n' y e y a, v. a to frighten, terrify—yuśinyewaya, yuśinyeunyanpi.
- y u ś i'-pa, v. a. to break off close, as the limbs of a tree, the teeth of a comb, or projecting pins—mduśipa. T., to slip past the joint or bearing.

- y u ś k a', v. a. to loosen, untie—mduśka, duśka, unyuśkapi.
- y u ś k a ŋ' ś k a ŋ , v. a. to cause to move about—mduśkaŋśkaŋ.
- y u ś k e' h a ŋ , v. a. to make wild—mduśkehaŋ.
- yu-śke'-haŋ-haŋ, v. red. of yuśkehaŋ; to make prance about—mduśkehaŋhaŋ.
- y u ś k i', v. a. to plait, to gather—mduśki, unyuśkipi.
- y u ś k i' ć a , v. a. to press, squeeze, wring, as clothes (T., same); to milk, as a cow (T., yusli)—mduśkića.
- y u ś k i n', cont. of yuśkića; pte yuśkin mda, I go to milk the cow. T., yuśkil.
- y u ś k i' p i, part. plaited, gathered in folds.
- y u ś k i' ś k a , v. a. to make rough, difficult, or complicated—mduśkiśka.
- yu-śki'-śke-ya, v. a. to cause to make difficult—yuśkiśkewaya.
- yu-śki-śki-ća, v. red. of yuśkića.
- y u ś k o' k p a , v. a. to hollow out, as a trough—mduśkokpa.
- yu-śkom', cont. of yuśkopa; yuśkom iyeya. T., yuśkob.
- y u śko' pa, v. a. to bend, to make crooked or twisting—mduśkopa.
- yu- $\pm k o'$ - $\pm k o$ -pa, v. red. of yu- $\pm k o$ pa.
- yu-śko'-tpa, v. a. to hollow—mduśkotpa. T., yuśkokpa.
- yu-śku', v. a. to shell off, as corn with the hands—mduśku.
- y u $\pm k$ u' $\pm k$ u , v. red. of yu $\pm k$ u.

- y u ś n a', v. a. to drop any thing, to let slip, to make a mistake—mduśna, duśna, uŋśnapi.
- yu-śna'-koŋ-za, v. (yuśna and koŋza) to pretend to make a mistake yuśnawakoŋza.
- yu-śna'-pi, n. a mistake.
- y u ś n a' ś n a , v. red. of yuśna; to try to catch and fuil often, to miss—mduśnaśna.
- y u ś n i' ś n i ź a, v. red. of yuśniża.
- y u ś n i' ź a , v. a. to cause to wither —mduśniża.
- y u ś o' ś a , v. a. to make muddy, to roil up—mduśośa.
- y u ś p a', v. a. to break off, to separate from, to detach; to break loose from, break away, escape; to free from; to break open; to divide—mduśpa, unyuśpapi: ihduśpa, to free one's self from.
- yu-śpai-pi, n. fractions; topa yuśpapi wanźi, one-fourth; kiyuśpapi, division.
- y u ś p a' ś p a , v. red. of yuśpa; to break in pieces—mduśpaśpa.
- y u ś p i', v. a. to pick or gather, as berries; to pull off—mduśpi, unśpipi.
- yu-śpi-śpi, v. red. of yuśpi.
- yu-śpu', v. a. to pick off with the hand any thing that adheres, to pull off—mduśpu.
- yu-śpu'-śpu, v. red. of yuśpu.
- yu-śpu-śpu-pi, n. pieces broken off; slugs.
- y u ś p u y a , v. red. of yuśpuya.

- y u ś p u' y a, v. a. to scratch, as the skin when it itches—mduśpuya, unyuśpuyapi.
- yu-śtan, v. a. to finish any thing; to perfect—mduśtan, duśtan, unstanpi and unyustanpi. See yastan, etc.
- y u ś t a'- ś t a, v. to soak a skin preparatory to dressing it—mduśtaśta.
- yu-śuś, cont. of yuśuźa; yuśuś iyeya.
- y u \pm u' \pm u \pm a , v. red. of yu \pm u \pm a.
- y u ś u' ź a , v. a. to crush, as bones mduśuża. T., to break in slivers, as a tough piece of wood, by twisting; to break, as a bear does the bushes in getting cherries, or as a tent pole slivered. See yuhuga, yuhdeća, yumdeća, etc.
- yu'-ta, v. a. to eat any thing—wata, yata, untapi: taku yutapi, something to eat, food.
- yu-ta'-hen-la, v. a. T. to make nearer; to put towards: yutahenla iću, to draw it this way or towards himself.
- y u t a' k i n, v. a. to cause to lean—mdutakin.
- yu-ta'-kin-yan, adv. leaning.
- y u t a' k u n i ś n i , v. a. to destroy—mdutakuniśni.
- yu-ta'-ku-ni-śni-yan, adv. destroying.
- y u t a' k u ś n i , v. a. to bring to naught; to frustrate—mdutakuśni.
- y u t a n', v. a to honor, glorify—mdutan. See yuwitan.
- y u t' a n', v. a. to touch, to feel; to pull, stretch (i.q. yutitan)—mdut'an.

- y u t a n' é o d a n, v. a. to make naked—mdutanéodan.
- y u t a n' i n, v. a. to make manifest, to expose—mdutanin.
- y u t a $\mathfrak y'$ i $\mathfrak y$ y a $\mathfrak y$, adv. manifestly.
- yu-tan'-ka, v. a. to make great or large, to enlarge—mdutanka
- yu-tan'-ka-ya, adv. largely, greatly.
- y u tan'-ni, v a. to make old, to wear out—mdutanni.
- yu-tan'-ni-ka, v.a. to wear out, as clothes; to make old—mdutannika
- y u-t'a n'-pi, n. T. semen: i. q. hiyáye.
- y u t'a n' t'a n, v. red. of yut'an.
- yu-tan'-ton, v. a. to make last well, to make substantial—mdutanton.
- y u t a n' t o n s n i, v. a. to use up, expend—mdutantonsni.
- yu-tan'-ton-śni-yan, adv. expending.
- yu-tan'-yan, adv. praising.
- y u -t a' o m, adv. leaning: yutaom ehde, to place leaning. T., yutaob.
- yu-ta'-oŋ-pa, v. n. to lean See yutaom.
- y u t a' t a, v. a. to shake off, as dust from a garment; to scrape or brush off with the hand—mdutata
- y u t e' é a , v. a. to make new, renew—mduteéa, duteéa, unyuteéapi.
- yu-te'-han, v.a. to put off, prolong; to make slow, retard—mdutehan.
- y u t e' h i k a, v. a. to make difficult, make hard to be endured—mdutehika.

- yu-tem', cont. of yutepa; yutem iyeya. T., yuteb.
- y u t e m' t e p a, v. red. of yutepa. y u - t e' - p a, v. a. to wear off short—mdutepa. T., to rub off, as paint.
- y u ti'- ća, v.a. to scrape away, as snow, with the hand; to paw, as a horse does—mdutića.
- yu-tim', cont. of yutipa; yutim iyeya. T., yutib.
- y u t i m' t i p a , v. red. of yutipa.
- y u -tin', cont. of yutića; yutin iyeya.
 T., yutil.
- y u t i n' t a , v. a to pull out long hairs, to strip off long hairs—mdutinta. T., yupinźa.
- y u t i'- p a, v. a. to cramp, as muscles; to make crisp or draw up, as burnt leather. T.—See natipa.
- y u t i' t a n, v. a. to pull—mdutitan, dutitan.
- y u t i' t a ŋ y a ŋ , v. a. to cause to pull at—yutitaŋwaya.
- y u t k a n' l a, n. T. much, abundance.
- y u t k e' y a, adv. deeply; said of a bluff shore where the water is deep, i. q. yukseya.
- yu-tki'-tka, v. yutkitka yuza, to take hold of a bunch of any thing.
- y u t k o' \dot{g} a, v. a. T. to lock or fasten, as a door.
- yu-tku'-ga, v. a. to break off square—mdutkuga. T., to break off; but to break off square is otkons yuksa.
- yu-tkuh', cont. of yutkuga; yu-tkuh iyeya.

- y u t k u n s', cont. of yutkunza; yutkuns iyeya.
- yu-tkuŋ'-tkuŋ-ta, v. See yukuŋtkuŋta.
- yu-tkuŋ'-za or yu-tkoŋ-za, v. a. to cut off even, as with shears —mdutkuŋza. T., yuotkuŋza. See oyutkoŋza.
- yu-tku'-tku-ġa, v. red. of yutkuġa; to break or divide in several pieces.
- y u t o g' y e, v a. to make different. See yutokeća.
- y u t o' k a n, v. a. to put in another place, remove: to reject—mdutokan.
- yu-to'-kaŋ-kaŋ, v. red. of yutokaŋ; yutokaŋkaŋ iyeya, to scatter abroad.
- y u t o' k a ŋ y a ŋ, adv. in another place, removed: yutokaŋyaŋ iyeya.
- y u t o' k e é a , v. a. to make different, to alter—mdutokeéa.
- y u t o' n a n a, v. a. to diminish—mdutonana. T., yućonala.
- yu-to'-to, v. a. to clear off, as a field—mdutoto.
- yu-to'-tom-ya, v. a. of yutotopa; to soak and make soft—yutotomwaya. T., yutotobya.
- yu-to'-to-pa, v.n. to become soft, as leather, by soaking. See yutu-tupa.
- yu-tpa', v. a. noge yutpa, to make deaf; ista yutpa, to make blind: yutpapi se han and yutpapi se iyeya. See yukpa.
- yu-tpan', v. a. to mash or grind fine, as corn—mdutpan. See yukpan.

- yu-tpan'-tpan, v. red. of yutpan.
- yu tpa' tpa, v. red. of yutpa.
- yu-tpi', v. a. to crack with the fingers—mdutpi. See yukpi.
- yu-tpi'-tpi, v. red. of yutpi.
- y u t p u' t p a, v. a. to crumble and throw about; to mix up together—mdutputpa. See yukpukpa.
- y u t u g' t u k a, v. red. of yutuka; to pick to pieces, as furs.
- y u t u h' y e l a, adv. T. bent, doubled up: yutuhyela mani, to walk bent over, as an old man. See pakśayela.
- y u t u' k a, v. a. to pull off or destroy, as fur; to spoil—mdutuka: yutukahan, to be pulling off, as hair, etc.
- y u t u' k a k a, v. red. of yutuka; to bend up, to hurt, as in a trap; to destroy—mdutukaka.
- y u t u' t a, v. a. to make smart—mdututa.
- y u t u' t k a, v. a. to break in small pieces—mdututka.
- yu-tu-tu-ka, v. red. of yutuka.
- y u t u' t u p a, v. a. to make slimy or slippery—mdututupa. See yutotopa.
- y u ţ a', v. a. to kill; poskin yuţa, to choke to death (T., yuţa), kill by hanging (T., pa nakseya)—mduţa.
- yu-tins', cont. of yutinza; yutins iyeya.
- yu-tins'-tin-za, v. red. of yutinza.
- y u t i n' z a, v. a. to draw tight, to tighten—mdutinza.

- y u w a' é i ŋ h i ŋ y a ŋ z a, v. a. to muke cross—mduwaéiŋhiŋyaŋza.
- y u w a' é i ŋ k o , v. a. T. to make angry. See yawaciŋko, etc.
- y u w a' ć iŋ k sa pa, v. a. to make wise—mduwaćiŋksapa.
- y u w a' ć i ŋ t a ŋ k a, v. a. to make magnanimous; to make obstinate—mduwaćiŋtaŋka.
- yu-wa'-ćiŋ-toŋ, v. a. to make intelligent—mduwaćiŋtoŋ.
- y u w a'- h b a d a ŋ, v. a. to make gentle—mduwahbadaŋ.
- y u w a' h b a k a , v a. to make mild or gentle—mduwahbaka.
- y u w a'- h p a n i é a, v. a. to make poor mduwahpaniéa, may uwahpaniéa.
- yu-wa'-lite-śni, v. a. to make bad, do badly—mduwaliteśni. See yuśića.
- yu-wa'-kan, v. a. to set apart, consecrate—mduwakan.
- yu-wa'-kaŋ-yaŋ, adv. consecrating
- yu-wang', cont. of yuwanka; yu-wang iyeya. T., yuung.
- y u w a n' k a, v. a to throw down, to make lie down; to demolish—mduwanka. T., yuunka.
- y u w a ŋ' k a d a ŋ, v. a. to make soft or tender—mduwaŋkadaŋ.
- yu-wan'-kan, v. yuwankan iéu, to lift or raise up; yuwankan iyeya. T., yuwankanl.
- yu-wan'-kan-tu-ya, adv. up-wards, above.
- yu-waŋ'-kaŋ'-yaŋ, adv. up.

- yu-wa'-ś'ag, cont of yuwaś'aka; | yuwaś'ag iyeya.
- yu-wa'-ś'ag-ya, v. a. to cause to make strong—yuwaś'agwaya.
- y u w a' ś' a k a , v. a. to make strong, strengthen — mduwaś'aka, mduwaś'akapi.
- yu-wa'-śa-ka-dan, v. a. to make cheap or easy—mduwaśakadan.
- y u-w a'-ś' a-k e-ś n i, v. a. to make weak, enfeeble—mduwaś'akeśni.
- y u w a' ś t e, v. a. to make good, to bless—mduwaśte, unyuwaśtepi.
- yu-we'-ći, v. See yueći.
- yu-we'-ġa, v. a. to break, as a stick, with the hands, but not entirely off; to break, as a bone—mduweġa, unyuweġapi. See yuksa, yumdeća, etc.
- y u w e h', cont. of yuwega; yuweh iyeya.
- yu weh' we ga, v. red. of yu-wega.
- yu-weh-weja.
- yu-weh'-ya, v. a. to cause to break, etc., yuwehwaya.
- y u w i', v. a. to wrap around, bind up, bandage—mduwi, uŋyuwipi.
- y u w i' ć a k a , v. a. to make true; to prove, convince; to show that a cause is true, to establish it—mduwićaka.
- yu-wi'-ća-ke-ya-hća, adv. T. yuwićakeyahća oyaka, to tell a thing not as it is, to make a thing appear true by telling it as true. See yawićakeyahća.

- yu-wi'-ća-ke-ya-se, adv T. Same meaning.
- y u w i' ć a ś t a, v. a. to make manly: y uwićaśta se un, one who is bad but always wishes to be thought good. See wićaśa.
- y u w i' ć a ś t a ś n i , v. a. to seduce, corrupt—mduwićaśtaśni. T., yuwićaśaśni, to make mean.
- y u w i' h n u n i, v. a. to cause to perish, to destroy—mduwihnuni.
- yu-wi'-hnu-ni-yan, v. a. to cause to destroy—yuwihnuniwaya.
- yu-wi'-no-hiŋ-ća, v.a. to make a woman of, to render effeminate mduwinohiŋća. T., yuwiŋyaŋ.
- y u w i n' ġ a , v a. to turn around, turn back—mduwinġa.
- yu-winh', cont. of yuwinga; yuwinh iyeya.
- yu-wiŋ h'-wiŋ-ġa, v. red. of yuwiŋġa.
- yu-winhya hdiću. coming round:
- yu-winś', cont. of yuwinźa; yuwinś iyeya.
- yu-winś'-win-źa, v. red. of yuwinźa.
- yu-winś'-ya, v. a. to cause to bend down—yuwinśwaya.
- y u w i n'-ta, v. a. to spread out the hands, to worship; to salute. The cere mony of salutation among the Dakotas consists in extending the hand towards the person saluted It is, however, I believe, confined to their feasts. T., ite yuwinta, to salute, as the Dakotas

do when they desire peace, etc.; to spread both hands out toward or over the face of another in salutation; to wipe the face of another with the hands, not actually, but in gesture—a sign of friendly salutation. To smooth with the hands, to spread out the hands is yugata.—w. J. C. See yusto.

- y u w i n' y a n k e s e, adv. T., yuwinyankese un, one who is a bad woman, but who wishes to be thought good.
- y u w i y' ź a, v a. to bend or break down—mduwinźa. T., to make limber or pliant. See yukikita
- y u w i' t a n, v. a. to honor one, to glorify—mduwitan. See yutan.
- y u w i' t a y a, v. a. to collect together, assemble—mduwitaya.
- y u w i' t a y a , adv. all together, assembled.
- y u w i' t k o, v. a. to make drunk—mduwitko.
- yu-wi'-tko-tko, v. a. to make foolish—mduwitkotko.
- y u w i' t k o t k o k a, v. a. to make foolish—mduwitkotkoka.
- yu-wi'-ya-kpa and yu-wi'ya-tpa, v. a. to make shine.
- yu-wi'-ya-ya, v. a. to make ready, prepare. T., yuwiyeya.
- yu-wi'-ye-ya, v. a. to make ready, prepare—mduwiyeya.
- y u w o' h d u z e, v. a. to make wohduze—mduwohduze.
- yu-wo'-hdu-ze-ton, v.a. to consecrate, dedicate—yuwohduzewaton.

- y u w o' s e, v. T. yuwose iću, to tie in a bow knot. See yuoseya and yuośin.
- y u'-za, v. a. to take hold of, catch, hold; to take a wife—mduza, duza, unzapi.
- yu-za'-haŋ, v.a. to make a noise, as by tearing cloth nduzahaŋ.
- y u z a' m n i , v. a. to open, uncover; (T., to spread out, as a cloth); to open out, as a door—mduzamni: yuzamni ehde, to set open.
- y u za' m n i h a n, adv. standing open: yuzamnihan ehde.
- yu-za'-mni-mni, v. red. of yu-zamni.
- y u z a n', v. a. to part or separate, as high grass; to push aside or raise up, as a curtain—mduzan See kazan, pazan, zanzan, etc.
- yu-za'-pa-pi-se, adv. with a rush, impetuously: yuzapapise na-peunyanpi. T., kosela.
- y u z e', v. a. to dip, lade out, as food from a kettle; to skim—mduze, duze, unzepi.
- y u z i' é a , v. a. to stretch, as a skin—mduziéa.
- y u z i g' z i é a , v. red. of yuziéa; to stretch, make pliable—mduzigziéa.
- y u z i n', cont. of yuzića; stretching: en yuzin amaupi, they stretch it to me, they charge all upon me: yuzin iću, to stretch. T., yuzil.
- yu-zog', cont. of yuzoka; yuzog iću.
- y u z o' k a, v. a. to stretch out from one—mduzoka.

- y u z u n'- y a, adv. connectedly. T.; ićikoyaka.
- y u z u n' é a, v. a. to connect. See yuzunta.
- yu-zuŋ'-ća-ya, adv. connectedly.
- y u z u n' t a, v a. to connect—mduzunta.
- y u ź a', v. a to mash; to stir up, as mush, to make mush—mduźa, uŋ-yuźapi.
- yu-źag', cont. of yuźaka; yuźag iyeya.
- y u ź a' h a ŋ, v. a. to make a jarring noisc—mduźahaŋ. See źahaŋ.
- yu-źa'-han, adj. sounding.
- y u ź a' h e y a, adv. sounding, harshly. See źaheya.
- y u ź a' k a, v. a. to pull open, strain open, as the eyes—mduźaka.
- y u ź a' p i, part. mixed up, as mush; i. q. woźapi.
- y u ź a' ź a , v. a. to wash, as clothes, etc.—mduźaźa, duźaźa, uŋźaźapi and uŋyuźaźapi.
- yu-źib'-ye-la, adv. T. pinching up with the fingers; i. q. yugimnana.
- y u ź i m', cont. of yuźipa; yuźim iyeya. T., yuźib.

- T., yu-źim'-na-na, adv. pinching a little: yuźimnana mduza. T., yu-źibnala.
 - yu-źim'-źi-pa, v. red. of yuźipa. yu-źin', v a. to stretch out, as a
 - skin on a board or stick—mduźiŋ. yu-źiŋ'-ća, v. a. to pull or blow, as
 - the nose—mduźinća: poge yużinća.
 - y u ź i' p a, v. a. to pinch—mduźipa, mayuźipa.
 - y u ź i p' ź i p a. See yuźimźipa.
 - y u ź o', v. a. to scratch—mduźo. T., to whistle to; to scratch is yugo.
 - yu-źo'-han, n. a scratch. T., yugo.
 - y u ź o' ź o, v. red of yuźo; to scratch or make rough, as cats, by clawing mduźoźo. T., to whistle to.
 - yu-źuŋ', v. a. to pull out by the roots, as a tooth or quill; to pull up, as any thing growing—mduźuŋ.
 - y u ź u ŋ' t a, v. a. T. to thrust into; iśta yuźunta, to thrust something into the eye and make it water.
 - y u ź u' ź u , v. a. to tear down, destroy, deface; to pull in pieces, undo, open, as a bundle; to make void, as an agreement, etc.—mduźuźu, unyuźuźupi and unźuźupi.

z, the twenty-eighth letter of the Dakota | za-za'-han, adj. ragged. See zahan, alphabet, with the same sound as in English.

za. See yuza.

za-han', *adj*. See zazahan.

Za'-ke, n. p. the Sac or Sauk Indians.

za'-mni. See yuzamni.

za'-mni-han, part. uncovered

za'-mni-wa-han, part. ered.

za-ni', adj. well, not sick—mazani, unzanipi; also said of a part of the country from which the game has not been hunted, unmolested.

za-ni'-ka, adj. healthy, sound, well —mazanika. T., tanzanika.

za-ni'-ken, adv. in health. T., tanzani.

za-ni'-yan, adv. well, in health; zaniyan waun. T., tanzaniyan.

za-ni'-yaŋ-ken, adv. in health. T., tanzanikel.

separate, standing zan-zan, adv. far apart, as stalks of grass. yuzan, etc.

zaŋ-zaŋ'-na, adv. scattered, stand-T., zanzanla. ing far apart.

za'-ptan, num. adj. five.

za'-ptan-ki-ya, adv. in five ways, in five places.

za'-ptan-na, adv. only five. $T_{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$ zaptanla.

za'-ptan-ptan, adv. by fives, five apiece.

kaza, etc.; also T., h'eh'e and sbaka. ze, adj. disturbed See ćanze.

z e' - k a , adj. disturbed. See ćanzeka.

z e' - y a, v. a. to make angry—zewaya, zemayan. T., ćanzeya.

ze-ze'-ya, adv. swinging: zezeya ehnaka. T., also dangling, as earrings

zi, adj. yellow.

zib-zi'-pe-dan, adj. thin, fine, as silk or fine cloth.

zi'-ća. See yuzića.

zi-ća', n the reddish grey squirrel, common in the Dakota country.

zi'-ća, n. the partridge or pheasant. zi-ća'-ho-ta, n. the common grey squirrel, the grey ground squirrel.

zi'- $\acute{c}a$ - tan- ka, n. the turkey. T. wagleksuntanka.

zi'-ća-ti-hda-bu-dan, n. the drumming partridge.

zig-zi'-ća, adj. flimsy, not firm; elastic.

zin-ya', v. a. to smoke, fumigate zinwaya. T., zilya.

zi'-pe-dan, adj. thin, fine. See zibzipedan.

zip-zi'-pe-dan, adj. See zibzipedan.

zi'-ta, v. n. to smoke. See izita.

zi-tka', n. a bird, birds of all kinds.

- zi-tka'-ćan-hpan-na, n. a small bird with a large bill.
- zi-tka'-dan, n. the generic name for small birds.
- zi-tka'-na, n. Ih. i. q. zitkadan.
- zi-tka'-na-i-pa-ta-pi, n. Ih. moss; mold.
- zi-tka'-sdi-dan, n. a kind of bird.
- zi-tka'-taŋ-ka, n. the common blackbird. T., wáhpataŋka.
- zi-tka'-to, n. T. the blue jay.
- zi-tka'-wa-kaŋ-taŋ-haŋ, n. the magpie, i. q. uŋkćekiha.
- zi-ya', v. a. to dye or paint yellow—ziwaya.
- zi-ya', adj. yellowish.
- zi-ya'-to, adj. green: from zi and to.
- zi-zi', adj. red. of zi; yellow.
- zi-zi'-pe-dan, adj. fine, thin. See zibzipedan.
- z o h e' l a , adv. T. slowly: i. q. slohe se; iwaśtela.
- zon'-ta, adj. T. honest; trustworthy. See zunta.
- zon'-ta'-he-ća, n. T. an honest person.
- zon-ta'-he-ya, adv. T. in close succession; connectedly.
- z u h a n', adj. striped. T., gleglézela.

- zu-han'-han, adj. red. striped. i. q. zuzuhan.
- zu-he'-ya, adv. in a striped manner. T., gleglezela.
- z u n y a', adv. well, correctly; joined: zunya ećamon. T., tanyeličin. See zunta.
- zun-ya'-ken, adv. well, correctly. zun'-éa, adj. joined together, connected; braided, woven.
- zun'-ća-ya, adv. connectedly. See zontaheya and ićikoyagya.
- zun'-ta, adj. connected, braided, woven together.
- zuŋ'-te-śni, adj. incorrect, disjoined, as language.
- zun-ya'-kel, adv. T. well; finely: iyeś kalaka zunyakel woglaka, he speaks eloquently.
- z u n z i n' é a, n. the yellow-hammer, a kind of bird. T, sunziéa.
- zu-ya', v. n. to go on a war party, to make war; to lead out a war party — zuwaya, zuyaya, zuunyanpi.
- zu-ye'-ćin, n. (zuye and ćin) the maker or leader of a war party.
- zu-ze' ća, n. T. a rattlesnake.
- zu-zu'-haŋ, adj. striped. T., glegleġa, gleglezela.
- zu-zu'-he-ća-dan, n. the common striped ground snake.

- ź, the twenty-ninth letter of the Dakota | ź a' t a , adj. alphabet, having nearly the sound of the French j or English zh. | stream, etc.; or false, as the
- źa. See yuźa.
- źag, cont. of źata.
- źag-źan'-ya, adv. red. of źanya; forkedly.
- ź a g ź a' t a, adj. red. of źata; forked, brushy, rough.
- źa-haŋ', adj. rough, harsh, making a loud noise, as an animal; ho źahaŋ. See yuźahaŋ.
- ź a h a ŋ' h a ŋ, adj. rough, unpleasant, grating: ho źahaŋhaŋ.
- źa-he'-sa, adv. T. i. q. źaheya: źahesa ap'a, to strike and make a loud noise.
- źa-he'-ya, adv. roughly, harshly, not melodious, as the voice: źaheya ia. See yuźaheya
- ź a' k a, adj. rolling or straining, as the eyes. See yuźaka.
- źal-ya', adv. T. źalya wiyukéan, to be of two minds, to be undecided: i. q. ćanżalya.
- źan, cont. of źata. T., źal.
- ź a n y a', adv. forkedly: źanya han. T., źalya
- źaŋ-źaŋ', n. a vial, a bottle, a glass of any kind, window-glass: śina źaŋźaŋ, a red blanket, so called by the Missouri Indians.
- źaŋ-źaŋ'-hde-pi, n. a window. See oźaŋźaŋhdepi.

- ź a'-ta, adj. forked, as a stick, stream, etc.; double or forked, lying or false, as the tongue: ćeźi źata, to lie, speak falsely. Henok says this use of the word has been introduced by white people. See ġata.
- ź a ź a'. See yuźaźa.
- źa-źa'-ya, adj. exposed; i. q. śdayehna: clearly, plainly; i. q. taninyan.
- źa-źa'-ye-la, adv. T. clearly, distinctly: źaźayela wanyaka, i. q. kaźaźa wanyaka.
- źi, adj. thin and briskly, as the hair on the hands and arms, also like a young duck: pteźićadan ha kin he "źi."
- ź i' ć a, adj. rich—maźića. See iźića and wiźića.
- ź i ć a' k a, adj. rich-maźićaka.
- źi-će'-na, *Ih.* and *T. i. q.* zićadap. See ptezićadap.
- ź i' d a n, adj. thin and briskly, as hair. See źi.
- źin-ya', v. a. to make rich—źinwaya. See wiźinya
- źin ya', adv. richly. T., źilya. See źića
- źin-ye'-ća, v. a. to make rich zinwayeća.
- źin', v. n. to stand erect, stiffen up maźin. See yuźin, ćeźin, etc.
- źiŋ-ća', v. n. to snuff up; to hiss waźiŋća, uŋźiŋćapi. T., to blow out from the nose, to blow the nose. To

snuff up is yaźinća; to hiss is s'a. See yuźinća.

źi'-pa. See kaźipa.

źi-pa'-han, part. See źipaheća.

ź i - p a' - h e - ć a, part. becoming smooth or hollowed out of itself, i. q. h'apeća T., źipawahan.

źi'-ya, adv. thin and standing up, as hair; thin, scattered, and sparkling in the sunbeams.

źi-ye'-la, adv. T. thinly, sparsely, as hair on the hands

ź i - ź i', v. to whisper—waźiźi, yaźiźi, uŋźiźipi.

źi-źi'-do-waŋ, v. to sing in a low, whispering, drawling manner, as the Dakota women do when lulling their infants to sleep—źiźiwadowaŋ, źiźiuŋdowaŋpi.

źi-źi'-ya, adv. red. of źiya; standing up, as the hair on one's hand.

źi-źi'-ya-han, adv. whispering.

źo, v. to whistle, as a man does ważo, yażo, unżopi.

źo-źo', v. red. of źo; to whistle, whistle for, as for young ducks waźoźo, upźoźopi. See kiźoźo.

ź o - ź o' - d o - w a ŋ, v. to whistle a tune—źoźowadowaŋ.

źo-źo'-ka, n. a fish-hawk.

źo-źo'-yag-ton, adv. T. in a noose: źożoyagton iću yo, make it into a noose. See śungźoyake.

źo-źo'-ya-ke, n. T. a noose or slip-knot.

ź u, v. a. to put, place, lay up—waźu, yaźu, uŋźupi. See aźu, oźu, etc.

źun. See yużun.

źu'-źu. See kaźuźu, etc.

źu-źu'-haŋ, part. See źuźuwahaŋ

źu-źu'-wa-haŋ, part. broken, fallen to pieces, demolished, as a house; become loose, etc.

APPENDIX.

While the copy for this edition of the Dictionary was in the course of preparation, some correspondence was had with Rev. W. J. Cleveland, of Rosebud Agency, in regard to furnishing on a somewhat extended scale the Titonwan forms of the Language. But it was not known that he could undertake the task until after the work had gone into the hands of the printer. When his first installment of notes came thirty pages had been It was important that, in some form, these words should electrotyped. appear in the Dictionary. Hence these, with other words, some of them not Titonwan, that have come from various quarters during the progress of the work, are here given in an appendix.

S. R. RIGGS.

${\bf A}.$

- a b a' g l a and a w a' g l a , v. T. | a b l a' k e l a , adv. T. i. q. amda-The Titonwan diai. q. abahda. lect always changes "hd" of the Santee into "gl;" and generally, but not always, the prefix "ba" is changed to "wa," and "bo," to "wo."
- a b a' ś l a, v. T. i. q. abaśda.
- a b i' l i h e c a, v. T. i. q. aminiheća. Here it will be noted that "m" is changed to "b," and "n" to "l."
- a-bi'-li-hel-ya, *adv*. aminihenya.

- kedan.
- a b l a' y a, adv. T. i. q. amdaya. a - b l e' - c a, adv. T. i. g. amdeća.
- a b l e s', cont. i. q., amdes.
- a b l e s' y a k e l, adv. T. amdesyaken.
- $a \acute{c} a \eta' te \acute{s} il y a$, adv. T. i. q. aćanteśinya.
- a-ćaŋ'-te-śil-ya-kel, adv. i. q. aćanteśinyaken.
- $a \acute{c} e b' y a$, v. T. i. q. aćemya.
- a ć e b' ya k e l, adv. T. i. q. aćemyaken.

- a-će'-sli, v. and n. T. i. q. aće-sdi.
- a'-e-ta-gnag-ya, adv. T. i. q. aetahnagya: "h" becomes "g" in the combinations "hd," "hm" and "hn."
- a'-e-ta-gla-ka, v. T. i. q. aeta-hnaka.
- a-gla'-gla, adv. T. along-side of, in front of; aglagla inyanka, to run in front of one.
- a-gla'-han, v. n. T. to slip or slide out, as a tent-pole when a number are dragged along.
- a-gla'-ptus, cont. adv. T. prone; aglaptus ihpaya, to fall flat on the ground.
- a g l a' \pm k i \pm a , ν . T. i. q. ahda- \pm ki \pm a.
- $a g \cdot e' s \cdot k \cdot a 1 \cdot a, n$. T. i. q. abdeskadan.
- a g l i' y u lı p a, v. T. i. q. ahdiyuhpa.
- a-g m i'-g b e y a , v. T. i. q. ahmihbeya.
- a-g m i'-g m a, v. T. i. q. ahmihma.
- a'-g n a and a-g n a', prep. T. i. q. ahna.
- a-gna'-gna, red. T. i.q. ahnahna.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \cdot \mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, v = T. i = q. ahnaka.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{g} \cdot \mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{a}' \mathbf{l} \cdot \mathbf{a}$, adv. T. i. q. ahnana.
- a'-gna-wo-ta-pi, n. T. i. q. ahnawotapi.
- $a \dot{g} u' y a p i b l u$, n. T. i. q. $a\dot{g}uyapimdu$.
- a- \dot{g} u'-ya-pi-i- \dot{e} a- \dot{s} la, n T. i. q. a \dot{g} uyapii \dot{e} as \dot{s} da.

- a-ha'-ha-ye-la, adv. T. i. q. ahahayedan.
- a h a' k a b, adv. T. i. q. ahakam.
- a h a n' b l e, v. T. i. q. ahanmde.
- a h a n' k e y e l a, adv. T. previously, just before: i. q. ecahankeyela.
- a h e' \acute{e} e l , adv. T. i. q. ahećen.
- a h e' \acute{c} e l y a, adv. T. i. q. ahećenya.
- a-hi'-pa-ni, v. of ahi and pani; to shove with the elbow; to push or crowd against—ahiwapani.
- a-hi'-uŋ-pa, v. T. to bring and place See ahi and uŋpa or oŋpa.
- a h i' y a g l e, v. T. i. q. ahiyahde.
- a-hi'-yu-śtaŋ, v. of ahi and yuśtaŋ; to come and finish; to come to the end; to say the last word in a talk.
- a-han'-han-yan, adv. T. carelessly.
- a h e' y u ŋ ka, v. T. i. q. ahewaŋka.
- \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{o}' , \mathbf{v} . T. i. q., \mathbf{a} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{o} .
- a h w a' y a, adv. T. i. q alibaya.
- a h w a' y e l a, adv. T. i. q. ahbayedap.
- a-i'-gla-gla, adv. T. of aglagla.
- a-i'-gla-lipa, v. T. i. q. aihda-lipa.
- $a i' g l u t a \eta$, v. T. i. q. aihdutan
- a-i'-glu-za, v. T. to refuse to give up one's own; i. q. aihduza.
- a-i'-k ć a-p t a, v. T. to talk much to, reprove, scold. See aikapa.

- a-i'-kpa-bla, v. T. to talk to no purpose; to do mischief by talking—amikpabla.
- a i' le, v. T. i. q. aide.
- a i' n i l a, adv. T. i. q. ainina.
- a-i'-śta-gna-ke-śni, v. T. i. q. aiśtahnake śni. The use of the negative, as in words like this, for a strong affirmative, is common.
- a'-i-t a-g l a-h w e, adv. T. i. q. aitahdahbe.
- a'-i-ta-gla-hwe-ya, adv. T. i. g. aitahdahbeya.
- a'-i-to-pta, adv. T. i. q. aetopta.
- a'-i-to-pte-ya, adv. T. i. q aetopteya.
- a i' y a g le, v. T. i. q. aiyahde.
- a-i'-ya-ka-pte-ya, adv. T. up hill, ascending.
- a-i'-yo-ptel and a-i'-yo-ptetu, adv. T. towards, in the direction of.
- a k a b', adv. T. i. q. akam.
- $\mathbf{a} \mathbf{k} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{l} \mathbf{a}$, v = T. *i. q.* akamda.
- a k a' b l e l, adv. T. i. q. akamden.
- a'-ka-ġalt-ki-ya, adv. T. i. q. akaġatkiya.
- a-ka'-htan, v. n. T. to boil over on.
- a-ka'-kan, v. T. to shake or beat off on. See kakan.
- a-kal'-mna, v. T. i q. akanmna
- $a k a \eta l'$, prep. T. i. q. akan.
- $a k a \eta l' t a$, adv. T. i. q. akanta.
- $a k a \eta l' t a \eta h a \eta$, adv. T. i. q. akantanhan.

- a-kanl'-tu, *adv. T. i. q.* akantu. a-kanl'-tu-ya-kel, *adv. T. i. q.* akantuyaken.
- a'-ka-pa, adv. T. afterwards, following.
- a-ka'-pol, cont. T. i. q. akapon.
- a k a' p o l y a, adv. T. i. q. akaponya.
- a-ka'-pte-će-la, adv. T. i. q. akaptećedan.
- a'-ka-ta, v. T. to draw a bow: i. q. ecate.
- $a k a' y u \eta g$, cont. T. i. q. akawang.
- a k a' y u ŋ k a , v. T. i. q. akawaŋka.
- a-ke'-śa-glo- \dot{g} an, adj. T. i. q. akeśahdożan.
- a-ke'-wan źi-la, adv. T. i. q. akewan źidan.
- a-ki'-ći-ćuŋ-ćuŋ-ka, v. T. to overdo; to be importunate.
- a-ki'-ći-yul, cont. of akićiyuta; adv. T. face to face, looking at each other.
- a-ki'-ći-yu-ta, adv. T. face to face.
- a-ki'-gla-ski-ća, v. T. to lie on one's own; i. q. akihdaskića.
- a-ki'-gla-skil, cont. of akigla-skića.
- a-ki'-gla-skil-ya, adv. T. i.q. akihdaskinya.
- a k i' g n a, adv. T. i. q. akihna.
- a-ki'-gna, v. T. to sit as a hen on eggs.
- a-ki'-gna-ka, v. T. i. q. akihnaka.

- a k i' h d e, v. pos. of ahde: Ih. aki- kde; T., akigle.
- a k i' h e l h e c a , adv. T. i. q. akihenheća.
- a-kil', cont. T. i. q. akin.
- $a'-ki-le-\acute{e}el$, adv. T. i. q. akidećen.
- a'-ki-le- \acute{c} el-ya, adv. T. i. q. akidećenya.
- a-ki'-nil, cont. T. i. q. akinin.
- a-ki'-nil-ya, adv. T. i. q. akininya.
- a-ki'-pśa-pśa, v. T. to come home and vomit.
- a k i' p t a ŋ, v. n. T. to do together uŋkakiptaŋpi.
- $a k i' s \circ g$, cont. i. q. akis'ag.
- a ki'-te-ya, adv. T. crowded together.
- a-ki'-ya-ta-ke-ća, adv. T. touching; as, hinyete akiyatakeća, shoulders shrugged up; hu akiyatakeća, knock-kneed.
- a k i' y e l a , adv. T, i. q. akiyedan.
- a-ko'-ki-ya, adv. T. beyond; from one: akokiya eś patitan yo, push it away.
- $a k o' \acute{z} a l$, adv T. i. q. akoʻzan.
- a-ko'-źal-ya, adv. T. i. q. akoźanya.
- a-kpa'-spe-ya, adv. T. patiently; out of sight.
- $a k \le a' k a$, adv. T. i. q aksa.
- a-kśu', v. T. to pile up on, to load on. See aźu.
- $a k \le u'$, n. T. a load.
- al-a'-ta-ya, adv. T. i.q. adataya.

- a le' tka, n. T. i, q. adetka.
- a-li', v. T. i. q. adi.
- a-li'-li-ya, v. T. red. of aliya.
- a-li'-li-ya-kel, adv. T. i. q. adidiyaken.
- a-li'-ya, v. T. i. q. adiya.
- a-li'-ya-kel; adv. T. i. q. adi-yaken.
- a 1 o' s a b y a, v. T. i. q. adosya.
- a m a' śte ṭa, v.n. to have a sun stroke.
- a n a' h a h a , adv. T. slowly, carefully: anahaha mani.
- a-na'-hla-ta, v. T. to hold on carefully; to crawl cautiously: i. q. analidate.
- a n a' h w e, v. T. i. q. analibe.
- a n a' h w e y a , adv. T. i. q. anahbeya.
- a n a' ź i p a, v. to pinch—anawaźipa. See naźipa.
- a o' $\acute{\mathbf{c}}$ i k p a n i , adv. T. i. q. $\acute{\mathbf{c}}$ ikpani.
- a-o'-ći-kpa-ni-ya, adv. i. q. óćikpaniya.
- $a o' \acute{e}i p + el$, adv. T. i. q. $o\acute{e}i$ pten.
- a o' ci ptel ya, adv. T. i. q. ociptenya.
- a o' h o m n i, adv. around, surrounding. See ohomni.
- a o' h o m n i y a, v. T. to go around.
- a o' śla, n. T. the part behind the shoulder over which the shoulder blade moves.
- a-o'-to-gnag-ya, adv. T. dar-ingly.

- a p a' b a g a, v. a. to rub together a w a' h t a n i, v. a. of wahtani; as two hard surfaces; to card, as wool.

 to transgress a usage or law, to offend against a custom; to fail to perform a
- a p a' l a p a, v. T. to make smooth, to plane.
- a'-pa-ma-gle, adv. T. i. q. apamahde.
- a'-pa-ma-gle-ya, adv. T. i. q. apamahdeya.
- a p a' w a $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ a , v. T. i. q. apabaga.
- a p a' w a h w a ġ a, v. red. of apawaġa.
- a-saŋ'-pi-gbu-gbu and a-saŋ'pi-gwu-gwu, n. T. thick milk; i. q. asaŋpinini.
- a t a' ś o ś a , v. T. i. q. ataġośa.
- $a t k a \eta'$, v. n. T. i. q. atkin.
- a-te'-ća, adj. T. luke-warm, as water.
- a-te'-ća-ha, adj. T. i. q. iteća and it'eća.
- a w a' b l a z a, v. T. i. q. abamdaza.
- a w a' b l e 6 a, v. T. i. q. abamdeća.
- a-wa'-blel, cont. T. i. q. abamden.
- a w a' g l a, v. T. i. q. abahda.

- a-wa'-hta-ni, v. a. of wahtani; to transgress a usage or law, to offend against a custom; to fail to perform a vow; the person offending is awahtani towards the custom, and himself awaićihtani. The idea seems to be that some evil is brought on one's self by the transgression.—w. J. c. See under wahtani.
- a-wa'-ka, v. T. to cut the feather from a quill, as in making arrows; i. q. abaka.
- a w a' k e z a, v. T. i. q. abakeza.
- a w a' \acute{z} a 1, cont. T. i. q. abaźan a' w e w e y a, adv. red. of áweya.
- a' w e y a , adv T. i. q. abey a.
- a w o' b l a z a, v. T. i. q. abomdaza.
- a w o' b l e c a, v. T. i. q. abomdeća
- a-wo'-blel, cont. T. i. q. abomden.
- a w o' b l u, v. T. i. q. abomdu.
- a w o' k s a, v. T. i. q. aboksa.
- a y u' 6 o y a k e l, adv. T. i. q. $\cdot ayu$ 60ya.
- a-yu'-hin-han, v. of yuhinhan; to rake or harrow over.
- a-yu'-ham, adv. crawling, creeping on, or towards: ayuham iyaya.

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В.

bo-śo'-ka, adj. T. puffed out; enlarged, ending in a knob. See ibośoka.

$\mathbf{C}.$

- ć a h ć a ŋ' ġ a , adj. T. gristly, cartilaginous.
- ćan-gle-pi, n. T. cord-wood.
- é a ŋ h a ŋ l', adv. T. perhaps, possibly; I don't know: i. q. naćeća.
- éan-na'-kse-yu-ha, n. T. one who carries a club, a policeman.
- éan-te'-i-ya-pa and éan t-i'ya-pa, v. n. T. (éante and iyapa) to be flurried or excited; to have the heart beat unnaturally.
- éan te' i ya pa ki ya, v. a. to cause to be excited, to make one's heart beat quickly.
- čan-te'-ya-pa-ya and ćan t-i'ya-pa-ya, adv. T. excitedly.
- ć a ŋ t e' i y a p a p i and ć a ŋ t i' y a p a p i, n. T. heart-beating, excitement.
- éan-te'-wa-kan-he-źa, v. T. to be childlike; weak-hearted.
- ćan'-yu-ktan, n. bent wood: ćanpagmiyanpi ćanyuktan, a wagon bow.
- é a p i' h m u ŋ k e, n. (éapa and hmuŋka), a trap for catching beavers. T., éabihmuŋke.

- gristly, cat-i'-pa-śla-ya, v. T. (cahota and paślaya); to hull corn with ashes; to make hominy.
 - ćeh-i'-yo-ka-śke, n. the stick or thong on which a kettle is hung over the five.
 - ée-kpa'-ta, adv. of éekpa; éekpata un slolya, to have known before birth; i. q. hiśni itokab slolya.
 - ć e p a \mathfrak{g}' ś i , n. T. i. q. ićepa \mathfrak{g} śi. ć e p a \mathfrak{g}' ś i t k u , n. i. q. ićepa \mathfrak{g} śitku.
 - će-pan'-śi-ya, v. i. q. ićepansiya.
 - ćo-kan'-hi-yu-i-ći-ya, v. reflex. to thrust one's self into; to come uninvited.
 - ću-wi'-gna-ka, n. T. a white woman's gown. See ćuwi and hna-ka.
 - ć u w i' p u s k i ć a, v. n. T. to be oppressed with anger.
 - ću-wi'-pu-ski-ća-to-ki nića, v. to be dying with pent up rage; bursting with anger.
 - ću-wi'-yu-ksa, adj cut off at the waist: so the proper name, Mato ću-wiyuksa, yrizzly bear cut off at the waist (or from the waist up). ćuwi-yuksa ogle, a vest.

E.

e-će'-la, adv. T. i. q. ećedan. e-će'-la-kel, adv. T. itself alone; without help.

e-han'-tu-ķe, adv. just then; then, indeed.

G.

glo-gle'-ska and glo-glo'-ska,
n. T. the windpipe, the trachea:
not the gullet, which is winapée. It
will be seen that these do not correspond with hdohdeska and dohdeska, as is supposed in the text,
page 120.

gna-śka', n.
q. hnaśka.
gnu-gnu'-śl
black grasshop
the house-crie
gnugnuśka.

g n a - \pm k a', n. T. a frog, frogs; i. q. hna \pm ka.

gnu-gnu'-śka-sa-pa, n. T. the black grasshopper, or out-door cricket: the house-cricket is tiyoślola. See gnugnuśka.

H.

han'-te-ya, adv. T. wearily: hanteya se ia.

ha'-yu-hpu, v. n. T. to be scabbed.

ha'-yu-hpu-hpu, v. red. of hayuhpu.

h e' - e - ć a - ś k a, adv. T. still, nevertheless.

h e'-e-ća-tu-ka, adv T. nevertheless: heećatuka ito miś wowaźukta, nevertheless I will plant.

he-i'-ća-kaŋ, n. T. a fine comb; a louse comb. See heya and ipakćasbudaŋ.

wearily: | hi - na', T. intj. of surprise; i. q. ina!

to be hi-na'-hi-na'-hi-na', T. red. of hina!

hi-nob'-u ye, n. T. a twoyear-old colt. See hitobtobuye and makićimala.

hi-nu', T. intj. of gladness and surprise, as when one meets a friend.

hi-nu'-hi-nu-hi-nu', T. intj. red. of hinu!

hin-yans'-e-la or hin-yan'se-la, adv. of hinyanza; T badly, wickedly. hin-yan'-ze-ka, adj. T. i. q. hu-i'-na-keh-ye, n. hinyanzeća, it storms. wagon-brake: huinakehye

hiŋ-yaŋ'-ze-ća, v. n. T. it storms violently; i. q. ośićića.

hiŋ-źi'-la, adj. T. downy; i. q hiŋ źidaŋ.

hi-sto'-la, adv. T. without barbs. hi-sto'-la, n. T. an arrow without barbs.

hi-tob'-tob-u-ye, n. T. a four-year-old colt.

ho-ha'-pa, adj. T. i. q. hoġata. hoh'-e-ćeś, T. intj. of disbelief: i. q. hoećahi.

ho-kśi'-hi-yu-ya, v. T. to have an abortion.

ho-kśi'-hi-yu-ye-ki-ya, v. a. to cause an abortion.

ho-źi'-la, intj. T. how beautiful! splendid!

hu-i'-na-keh-ye, n. T. a wagon-brake: huinakehye ećel iću, to put on the brake.

hun'-pe, n. T. a stick with a crotch in one end, used for bracing tent-poles in the inside.

hun'-pe-ple-će-la, n. T. a picket-pin.

hu-pa', n. a travois; tent-poles tied together to pack on.

hu-ti'-na-ću-te, n. T. a rib of an ox or cow cut short, polished smooth and ornamented—to throw on the ice or snow. See hutanakute and hutinacute.

hu-ti'-ya-hde-ya, n. (huta and iyahde) a peninsula

hu-wo'-ġa, adj. T. i. q. huboġa, bandy-legged.

Ħ.

han-tkan'-o-yu-ze, n. T. an hpe'-la, adj. armlet; elastic bands for holding up the shirt-sleeves. hingla, to become diverted from.

h do'-ka, adj. hollow, decayed; hiwićahdoka, decayed teeth. h p e' - l a , adj. T. weak: hpela hingla, to become discouraged; to be diverted from.

I.

- i'-bo-śo and i'-wo-śo, n. To pouting lips.
- i'-bo-śo-ka, adj. T. pouting, mouth pushed out.
- i'-bo-śo-ki-ya, v. T. to push out the lips; to pout—ibośowakiya.
- i ć a' h ć i , v. of kahći. T. to pull out of; to break out from. See inahći and iyuhći.
- i ć a' k ś a, v. of kakśa. See under payata.
- $\mathbf{i} \mathbf{\acute{e}} \, \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{\dot{k}} \, \mathbf{o} \mathbf{\dot{g}} \, \mathbf{e}$, n. T. a scraper.
- i-ća'-ķos, cont. of ićaķoza.
- i ć a' k o z a, v. n. T. to be made bare by: tate na ićakos iyaya, the wind blew and it became bare.
- i-ća y'-te-ni-ća, v. n. T. to have no heart for; to be controlled by habit so that the will power is gone.
- i é a' s l o h e , n. T. a stick which is made to slide along on snow or ice: the game of billiards; iéaslo eéon, to play billiards.
- i-će'-te, n. T. the rim or lip of a kettle. See ćehiha and tete.
- i é i' h a k t a y a, adv. of ihakta; following each other.
- i 6 i' h m i ŋ y a ŋ , adv. T. crookedly, incorrectly, confusedly; ićihminyan nahon, to hear incorrectly.
- $\mathbf{i} \mathbf{\acute{e}} \, \mathbf{i'} \mathbf{o} \, \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{b} \, , \, \, adv. \quad T. \quad i. \, q. \, \, i\acute{e}$ uŋom.
- i é i' o ŋ b y a, adv. T. i. q. iéuŋomya.

- T. | i 6 i' 0 n p a t a n h a n, adv. T.

 i. q. ićunon patanhan.
 - i ć i' ţ e y a, adv. T. very close together; crowding each other badly; ićiteya yankapi.
 - i'-ći-ya-ki-gle, adv. T. one by one, one after another; i. q. kićihdeya.
 - i'-ći-ya-ki-gle-gle, adv. red. of ićiyakigle.
 - i ć u' h ć i n, adv T. the very one, the only one: wanzila ićuhćin au yo, bring it even if but one.
 - i'-e-ća-daŋ, adv. near to, soon, soon after. See ećadaŋ.
 - i-gla'-ṭa, v. T. to have convulsions; i. q. ihdaṭa: hohpiglaṭa (of hohpa and iglaṭa), to cough convulsively.
 - i-glu'-ta, v. T. pos. of iyuta.
 - i g l u' t a n, v. T. i. q. ihdutan.
 - i-ka'-mna, v. T. to rip; ogle iwakamna, I ripped my coat. See kamna.
 - i k o' k a b, adv. T. i. q. itokam.
 - i-ku'-źa, v. n. T. to be sick or indisposed on account of. See kuźa.
 - i-leh'-ya-uŋ-pa-pi, n. T. cigars, cigarettes.
 - i m a'- h e \acute{e} a, adj. T. inner, occult; i. q. imahen.
 - i m d e' z a, v. n. to be enlightened about—iwamdeza and imamdeza.

- i-mna'-mna-he-ća, n. T. the fourth | i-ton'-pa, v. or *smallest manyple* of animals.
- the game of hide and seek.
- $\mathbf{i} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{a'} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{g} \mathbf{a}, v.$ T. to mash by stepping on.
- i-na'-ki-kśin, v. to take shelter in or behind; to make a shelter of, as of a tree.
- i-ni'-ti-yu-ktan, v. to bend willows over for a booth. See initi and yuktan.
- i-pa'-hlal-ya, adv. T. in a row facing one way, in line, as soldiers in platoon.
- T. i - p a' - h o, v. to brush up, as hair from the forehead, to brush into a curl—iwapaho.
- i-pa'-śki-ća, v. T. of paśkića; to rub, as clothes, on a wash-board.
- i-pa'-ta-pi, n. T. embroidery, ornamental work; i. q. wipatapi.
- $i p a' w a \dot{g} a$, v. T. to rub, scrub, or scour, as a floor—iwapawaga.
- i-śin'-héin, adv. T. crossly, angrily; isinhéin ia.
- i-śkan'-ka-pin, v. T. to be lazy by reason of. See kapin.
- i-śta'-i-yo-ta-wa-pa, v. to look in the direction that some one else is looking See tawapa.
- i t a n' a n o g, adv. cont. of itananokatanhan.
- i-te'-o-yus, cont. of iteoyuze.
- i-te'-o-yus-ya, adv. T. pleasantly.
- i-te'-o-yu-ze, n. T. a look, cast of countenance, appearance: oyuze waśte, a pleasant face.

- T. to be surprised, astonished; to wonder.
- i-na'-hme-ki-ći-ya-pi, n. T. li-tu'-ma-ko-skan, adv. T. in vain; to no purpose.
 - $i t u' \pm i k a$, adv T. by all means, nevertheless.
 - i'-wi-ća-mde-za, n. of imdeza; enlightenment.
 - i-wi'-ća-mna, adj. T. of imna; satisfying, furnishing much nourishment.
 - i w o' ć o, n. T. a churn: i. q.iboćo.
 - i-wo'-hta-ke, n. T. a billiard stick or cue.
 - i w o' ź u, n. of woźu; something to plant or sow; garden seeds, seed of any kind.
 - i y a' g l u h a, v. pos. of iyayuha; to follow after, as a colt its mother.
 - i-ya'-na-źi-ća, v. T. to run away with, as a horse with a wagon. See nazića.
 - i y o' h o p, intj. T. used in playing hide and seek.
 - i-yo'-kal, adv. cont. T. iyokal śpanyan, to toast or roast by holding to the fire.
 - i-yo'-kal-ya, *adv*. T. by the heat.
 - i-yo'-ko-gna, adv. T. between one place and another: i. q. okitahepi.
 - i-yu'-ho-mni, n. of yuhomni; something to turn with, as a doorknob.
 - | i-yu'-pah, adv. T. together, in abunch: iyupali naung au, they come together on a gallop.

K.

k a - b l a ś', adj. cont. T. spread apart; i. q. kamdaś.

ka-gbu', v. T. to make a noise, as persons in water.

ka-gla'-gla, adv. red. of kagla: alongside of.

ka-ġe'-ġe, v. red. of kaġe. T. to take out by handfuls: i. q. yuġeġe.

ka-gi', v. T. to hold in esteem, to respect, honor, reverence, or fear, on account of dignity.

ka-ġi'-śni, adv. T. without respect or consideration: kaġiśni ohan, to do without restraint.

ka - ha y l', adv. T: i. q. kahan.

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a}$ - $\mathbf{h} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b}'$, cont. T. i. q. \mathbf{kaham} .

 $\mathbf{k} \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{i}' - \acute{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{o} - \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$, v. i. q. $i\acute{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{o} \dot{\mathbf{g}} \mathbf{a}$.

ka-la'-la, adj. T. ragged: v. i. q. kadada.

kaŋ-haŋ'-haŋ, adj. T. tattered. ka-ti'-ća, v. a. to stir or mix up. See katiktića.

kée'-ya, v. T. to cook by hanging over the fire: hence the side or ribs of an animal are called wakéeyapi. See péeya.

spread | ki-ći'-kte-pi, n. T. murder.

ki-lian', v. T. i. q. kihansića; it storms: i. q. lila osićeća and hinyanzeća.

ki-nil' and kin-nil', adv. T. fully, completely: oyasin kinnil, every one

kin-śle'-la, adv. T. whizzing, as a bullet.

ki-śle'-ya, v. T. to hold and feel, to force, to commit rape. See wikiśleya.

k o'-k ta-śi-ća, adj. T. a million; i. q. woyawa tanka.

ko-śka', v. T. i. q. to be affected with the venereal disease: i. q. će lili—komaśka.

ko-śka'-la-ka, n. T. a young man.

kpan'-yan, v. a. to tan, to dress, as a skin. See tpanyan.

k p e - y e' - l a, adv. T. resounding; kpeyela ap'a, to strike and make resound.

kuś, cont. of kuźa; inactive, feeble; kuś amayan, I am growing feeble.

L.

le-hanl', adv. T. i.q. dehan. le-han'-yank or le-han'-yag, adv. T. i. q. tokan: ti lehanyank, at some other house.

M.

- auger to dig post holes.
- ma-ka'-i-yu-pte, n. T. a breaking plow; the wheel, or cutter of a breaker.
- $ma-ka'-sin-te-pe-\acute{z}i$, n. T. akind of grass, skunk-tail grass, which grows in bunches, and heads like timothy.
- m a k i' ć i m a l a, n. T. a two year old. See hinobuye.
- ma-ko'-bla-ye, n. T. i. q. makomdaye.
- m a k u' n a s n u z a, n.T. the lower extremity of the breast bone.
- ma-ku'-pin-kpa, n. T. the end of the breast, the part just above the navel.
- mas-i'-ba-pte, n. T. a spade; i. q. maza ibapte.
- ma-śte'-ćan-han-pa, n. T. slippers; warm-weather shoes.
- $ma-\dot{s}ti\eta'-sa-pe-la$, n. T. the common rabbit.

- ma-ka'-i-yu-hlo-ke, n. T. $an \mid ma-stin'-ska$, n. T. the hare, or jack rabbit.
 - ma-to'-éin-éa-la, n. T. a bear's cub; i. q. waćinćadan.
 - ma-to'-ha, n. T. a bear's skin. See waha.
 - ma-ya'-śle, n. T. a small species of wolf, the jackal.
 - ma'-za-i-ba-pte, n. T. a spade.
 - T. bridle bits. m a z - i' - y u - w i , n.
 - m d a s k a', adj broad and flat, as in pasumdaska. See mdaska.
 - m d i h e' ć a, v. n. Ih. i. q. miniheća, etc.
 - m d i h e' y a, adv. Ih. $i. q. \min$ heya.
 - mi'-ni-hu-ha-ma-za-ska-i $i - \acute{c} u$, n. T. a bank check.
 - mi'-ni-sa'-pa-i-pa-pu-ze, n. T. an ink blotter.
 - $M n i k a p' y e w o \acute{z} u$, n. p. i. q. Minikanyewoźu, also Mni-ko-o-źu.

Ο.

- o'-ge-ya, adv. T. just as it is, | o-ka'-wa-ton-yan, adv. withwhole, all together: ogeya iću, take it as it is.
- $o' \acute{e}o \dot{g}a$ and $o' \dot{i} \dot{e}o \dot{g}a$, i. q. ićoga.
- o k a' s o l, cont. T. of okasota.
- o-ka'-so-ta, v. to use up, destroy.
- out hindrance, unobstructedly.
- o-ka'-wa-ton-ya-kel, adv. without hindrance, unobstructedly.
- on'-ton-ya, v. See next.
- on'-ton-i-ći-ya, v. refl. jure one's self.

P.

pa'-mnu-mnu-ga, n. T. the gristle or cartilage in the end of the nose; the end of the nose

S.

slo-he'-se and slo-han'-se, adv. T. slowly, as if crawling along.

\mathbf{W} .

wa-ya'-wa-ćin-hin-yan-za,

v. This differs from wayawahinyanza as "to bite" differs from "to

backbite." the latter refers to wayawaćinhinyanza, to make one cross by talking against him.—A. L. R.

Y.

yu-ble'-za, v. a. T. to make clear.