

Figure 4A. Location of surface-water-discharge and surface-water-quality data-collection stations.

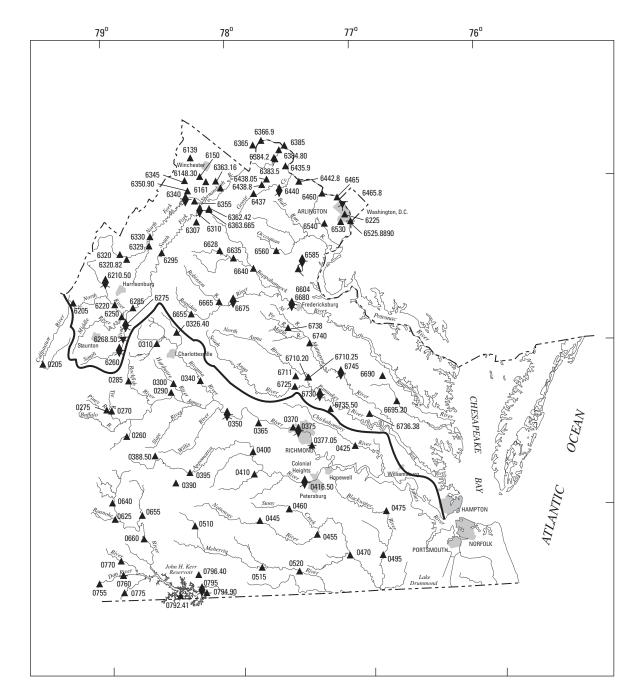


Figure 4B. Location of surface-water-discharge and surface-water-quality data-collection stations.

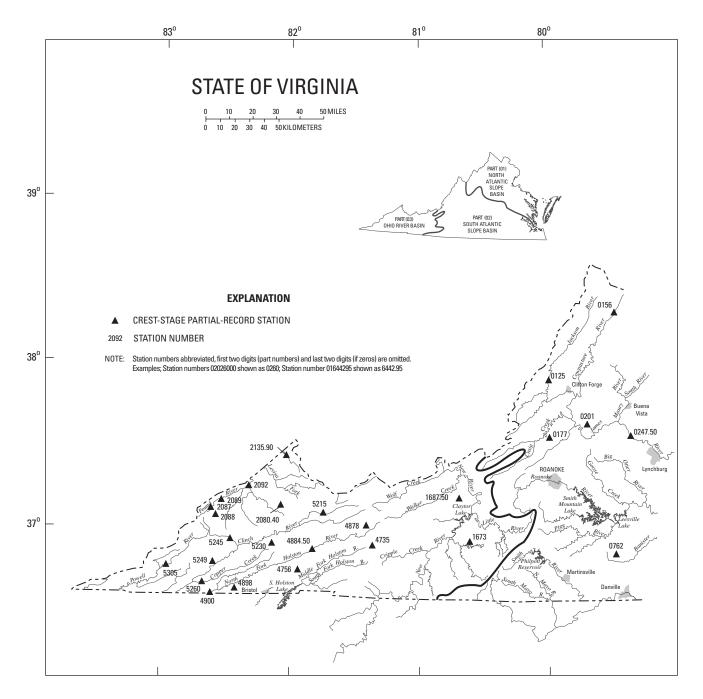


Figure 5A. Location of surface-water partial-record stations.

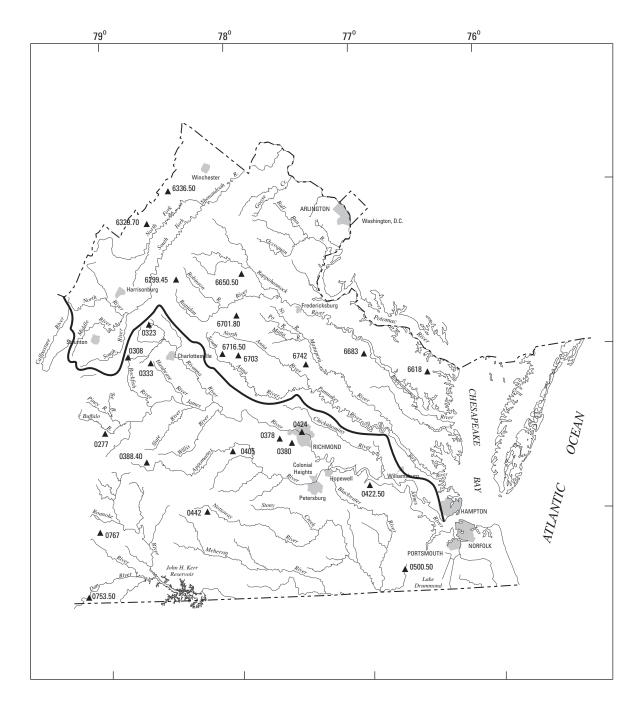


Figure 5B. Location of surface-water partial-record stations.

SURFACE-WATER-DISCHARGE AND SURFACE-WATER-QUALITY RECORDS

Remarks Codes

The following remark codes may appear with the water-quality data in this section:

PRINT OUTPUT	REMARK
E	Estimated value.
>	Actual value is known to be greater than the value shown.
<	Actual value is known to be less than the value shown.
K	Results based on colony count outside the acceptance range (non-ideal colony count).
L	Biological organism count less than 0.5 percent (organism may be observed rather than counted).
D	Biological organism count equal to or greater than 15 percent (dominant).
V	Analyte was detected in both the environmental sample and the associated blanks.
&	Biological organism estimated as dominant.

Dissolved Trace-Element Concentrations

NOTE.-- Traditionally, dissolved trace-element concentrations have been reported at the microgram per liter (ug/L) level. Recent evidence, mostly from large rivers, indicates that actual dissolved-phase concentrations for a number of trace elements are within the range of 10's to 100's of nanograms per liter (ng/L). Data above the ug/L level should be viewed with caution. Such data may actually represent elevated environmental concentrations from natural or human causes; however, these data could reflect contamination introduced during sampling, processing, or analysis. To confidently produce dissolved trace-element data with insignificant contamination, the U.S. Geological Survey began using new trace-element protocols at some stations in water year 1994.

Change in National Trends Network Procedures

NOTE.-- Sample handling procedures at all National Trends Network stations were changed substantially on January 11, 1994, in order to reduce contamination from the sample shipping container. The data for samples before and after that date are different and not directly comparable. A tabular summary of the differences based on a special intercomparison study, is available from the NADP/NTN Coordination Office, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO 80523 (Telephone: 303-491-5643).