



SOURCES OF DATA FOR EVALUATION OF

SELECTED GEOTHERMAL AREAS IN NORTHERN

AND CENTRAL NEVADA

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

- Water Resources Binsian

Meyada. The areas were selected on the basis of geologic, geoghysical,

Water-Resources Investigations 44-73

march

JAN 23 1975



BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA SHEET	1. Report No.		2.	3. Recipient's Accession No.
4. Title and Subtitle				5. Report Date
SOURCES OF DAT	August 1973			
AREAS IN NORTH	6.			
	ed, P.A. Glancy, J.H anDenburgh	R. Harrill,	F.E. Rush,	8. Performing Organization Rept. No. WRI 44-73
9. Performing Organization Name and Address			10. Project/Task/Work Unit No.	
U.S. Geolo				
Water Resources Division			11. Contract/Grant No.	
345 Middle				
Menlo Park				
12. Sponsoring Organization Name and Address			13. Type of Report & Period Covered	
U.S. Geological Survey				
Water Resc	The state of the s			
345 Middle	14.			
Menlo Parl				
15 Supplementary Notes				

16. Abstracts

Published and unpublished data required to define geothermal reservoir parameters, fluid and temperature parameters, and sources and rates of input and output of heat and fluid are listed for 19 areas in northern and central Nevada. The areas were selected on the basis of geologic, geophysical, geochemical, and heat-flow evidence as being the most promising for the development of geothermal resources.

17. Key Words and Document Analysis. 17a. Descriptors

*Geothermal studies, *Thermal water, *Nevada, Ground-water basins, Hydrogeology, Publications, Information retrieval.

17b. Identifiers Open-Inded Terms

Hydrothermal systems, northern Nevada, Data compilation

17c. COSATI Field/Group

. Availability Statement	19. Security Class (This Report)	21. No. of Pages
No restriction on distribution	UNCLASSIFIED	10
	20. Security Class (This Page	22. Price

(200) no. 44-73,

SOURCES OF DATA FOR EVALUATION OF

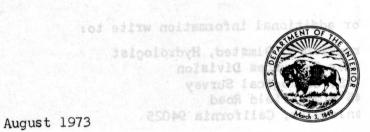
SELECTED GEOTHERMAL AREAS IN NORTHERN

AND CENTRAL NEVADA

By F.H. Olmsted, P.A. Glancy, J.R. Harrill, F.E. Rush, and A.S. Van Denburgh

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Water-Resources Investigations 44-73 Northern Sig Smoky valley -- ----



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Rogers C. B. Morton, Secretary

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Vincent E. McKelvey, Director

For additional information write to:

Franklin H. Olmsted, Hydrologist Water Resources Division U. S. Geological Survey 345 Middlefield Road Menlo Park, California 94025

meaningment of centingrant resources.

Contents

	Page
Introduction	1
Black Rock Desert area	5
Carson Desert	10
Brady's Hot Springs area	14
Ruby Valley	16
Crescent Valley-Whirlwind Valley area	18
Washoe area	25
Pueblo Valley-Continental Lake region	27
Grass Valley 200 des 124 and mesta-rice evidence as 06 log 325 and 105	29
Dixie-Fairview Valley area	32
Ruffalo Valley and lower Deece Piver Valley	35
Northern Big Smoky valley	38
Smith Creek Valley	41
Rawhide Flats	43
Railroad Valley-Hot Creek Valley area	45
Winnemucca segment	48
Monitor ValleyBuena Vista Valley	51
Buena Vista Valley	53
Elko segment	55 57
Kererences	51

SOURCES OF DATA FOR EVALUATION OF

SELECTED GEOTHERMAL AREAS IN NORTHERN AND CENTRAL NEVADA

By F.H. Olmsted, P.A. Glancy, J.R. Harrill,
F.E. Rush, and A.S. VanDenburgh

Introduction

This report lists sources of published and unpublished data for areas in northern and central Nevada selected on the basis of geologic, geophysical, geochemical, and heat-flow evidence as being the most promising for the development of geothermal resources. Each geothermal areas consists of one or more hydrographic areas, as defined by the office of the Nevada State Engineer and the U.S. Geological Survey (Scott and others, 1971, table 1, fig. 5) (see map), and contains one or more major hydrothermal discharge outlets. Not all place names in the report are shown on the map; those not shown may be found in the references cited.

The data categories are those required to define the geothermal reservoir parameters (boundaries, effective porosity, intrinsic permeability, specific storage, chemical and mineralogical composition of rocks), fluid and temperature parameters, and sources and rates of input and output of heat and fluid. The cited references are listed alphabetically by author at the end of the report. In addition to the listed published and unpublished reports, files of unpublished data may be consulted at the addresses given below.

The data categories; and a brief explanation of each, are as follows:

Department of Agriculture Renewable and Natural Resources University of Nevada Reno, Nevada 89507

Department of Agriculture University of Nevada Reno, Nevada 89507

Desert Research Institute 705 North Plaza Street
Center for Water Resources Research
Water Resources Building
University of Nevada
Reno, Nevada 89507

Environmental Research Laboratory
2769 South Highland Drive
Las Vegas, Nevada 89102

Nevada Bureau of Environmental Health
N.I.C. Building
Carson City, Nevada 89701

Nevada Oil and Gas Conservation Commission
Mackay School of Mines
University of Nevada
Reno, Nevada 89507

Sierra Pacific Power Company 100 East Moana Lane Reno, Nevada 89502

State Engineer
Department of Water Resources
201 S. Fall Street
Carson City, Nevada 89701

U.S. Bureau of Land Management Federal Building 300 Booth Street Reno, Nevada 89502

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation Mid-Pacific Regional Office 2800 Cottage Way Sacramento, California 95825

The data categories; and a brief explanation of each, are as follows:

U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service P.O. Box 4850 Reno, Nevada 89502

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office Room 229 Federal Building 705 North Plaza Street Carson City, Nevada 89701 Hydrographic areas: Name and number [San Emidio Desert (22)] of State hydrographic areas included. (See Scott and others, 1971, table 1, fig. 5).

Geothermal land classification: Known geothermal resources areas (KGRA's) within area; also lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources within area.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data: County or State geologic maps; geologic quadrangle maps; other detailed maps or reports; soil maps; radiometric dates of rocks; general geologic information.

Hydrogeologic maps: Maps showing hydrogeologic units, faults having hydrologic significance, phreatophyte areas, and areas of groundwater recharge and discharge.

Subsurface geologic data: Drillers' logs and geologists' logs; cores and other sample data; structure contour maps and structure sections; isopachous maps; lithofacies maps.

Temperature and heat-flow data: Discharge temperatures of wells and springs; temperature profiles or logs of wells; temperature or temperature-gradient maps; heat-flow maps or point data.

Surface or airborne geophysical data: Gravity maps; airborne or surface magnetic maps; electrical-resistivity soundings, profiles, or maps; spontaneous-potential maps or profiles; magneto-telluric maps; reflection-seismic profiles or soundings; refraction-seismic profiles; airborne-gamma maps or profiles; miscellaneous surface or airborne geophysical data.

Passive seismic data: Microseismic records; microearthquake records.

Borehole geophysical data: Electric logs (induction, resistivity, or spontaneous-potential logs); temperature logs; fluid-resistivity (or fluid-conductivity) logs; gamma logs; acoustic logs; gamma-gamma logs; neutron-epithermal neutron logs; neutron-gamma logs; fluid-flow logs; miscellaneous borehole geophysical logs.

Geochemical data: Standard inorganic chemical analyses of spring or well waters, streamflow, or precipitation; organic chemical analyses; microbiological analyses; trace-element analyses; stable or unstable isotope analyses.

Meteorological data: Precipitation records, graphs, or maps; temperature records, graphs, or maps; miscellaneous meteorological data.

Botanical data: Phreatophyte maps; other vegetation maps.

Hydraulic data: Water-level contour maps or point data; well discharges; spring discharges; streamflow records; pumping-test or specific-capacity data; soil-moisture data.

Water-budget data: Estimates of ground-water recharge, subsurface of flow, ground-water storage, ground-water discharge, or perennial ground-water yield.

sutron-spithermal neutron logs; neutron-gamma logs; fiuldiffew weggy 10 new 10

well waters, styeanflow, or precipitation; organic chemical analyses;

- Hydrographic areas: San Emidio Desert (22); Hualapai Flat (24); Mud Meadow (26); Summit Lake Valley (27); Black Rock Desert (28); Pine Forest Valley (29).
- Geothermal land classification: Fly Ranch KGRA (in Hualapai Flat);
 Gerlach Hot Springs KGRA (in Black Rock and San Emidio Deserts);
 Double Hot Springs KGRA (in Black Rock Desert). All hydrographic areas contain some lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Bonham, 1969, pl. 1, Washoe County, 1:250,000, fig. 29, San Emidio Prospect.

Bradberry & Associates, 1964, p. 1-11, Gerlach Hot Springs

Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map

Hague and Emmons, 1877, Fly Ranch, Pinto Mountains, Double Hot Springs Overton, 1947, Gerlach Hot Springs area

Russell, 1885, Gerlach Hot Springs (Mud Springs), Fly Ranch

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Willden, 1963, pl. 1, Jackson Mountains, 1:250,000 1964, pl. 1, Humboldt County, 1:250,000

Willden and Mabey, 1961, giant dessiccation fissures on Black Rock and Smoke Creek Deserts.

Hydrogeologic maps:

- Glancy and Rush, 1968, pl. 1, Smoke Creek and San Emidio Deserts, showing consolidated rocks, older and younger alluviums, playa, phreatophytes, wells, springs, and streamflow measuring sites, 1:250,000.
- Harrill, 1969, pl. 1, Hualapai Flat, showing 5 geologic units, 2 hydrologic units, 4 categories of phreatophytes, playa, faults in alluvium, and water-level contours.
- Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water recharge, discharge, and flow direction.
- Sinclair, 1962a, pl. 1, Pine Forest Valley, showing bedrock, older and younger alluviums, wells, springs, distribution of phreatophytes, and water-level contours, 1:250,000.
- 1962b, pl. 1, Hualapai Flat, showing bedrock, alluvium, playa lake, distribution of phreatophytes, wells, and springs, 1:125,000.

 1963a, pl. 1, Black Rock Desert area (hydrographic areas 26, 27, and 28), showing bedrock, alluvium, lake deposits, wells, auger holes, springs, depth to water, and chemical quality of selected water samples, 1:250,000.

Borehole geophysical data: None available

Subsurface geologic data:

Glancy and Rush, 1968, table 18, drillers' logs of 10 wells in Smoke Creek and San Emidio Deserts.

Harrill, 1969, table 20, drillers' logs of 15 wells in Hualapai Flat; table 21, geologists' logs of 11 test holes in Hualapai Flat.

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished drillers' logs of water wells
Sinclair, 1962b, table 4, drillers' logs of 14 wells in Hualapai Flat

1963a, table 4, drillers' logs of 19 wells in Black Rock

Desert area.

Temperature and heat-flow data: 60 , 15-1 , q , dd01 , sats to d12 & y y redbata

Glancy and Rush, 1968, table 16, discharge temperatures of 21 wells and springs in Smoke Creek and San Emidio Deserts.

Harrill, 1969, table 11, discharge temperatures of 19 wells and springs in Hualapai Flat.

Sinclair, 1962a, table 3, discharge temperatures of 15 wells and springs in Pine Forest Valley.

1962b, table 2, discharge temperatures of 4 springs in Hualapai Flat; table 3, discharge temperatures of 5 springs and wells in Hualapai Flat.

1963a, table 3, discharge temperatures of 8 springs in Black Rock Desert.

Surface or airborne geophysical data:

McGinnis and Dudley, 1964, p. 25-27, information on depth of fill between Hualapai Flat and Black Rock Desert.

U.S. Geological Survey, 1972a, aeromagnetic map, 1:250,000

Passive seismic data: garanda garant sessot seis il

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, 1:1,000,000 map showing epicenters of earthquakes.

Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, fig. 3, p. 529, one earthquake of magnitude 4.0 to 4.9 occurred near Double Hot Springs during 1932-60.

Borehole geophysical data: None available

Geochemical data:

- Clarke, 1914, chemical analyses of hot springs at Fly Ranch and Gerlach (Hot Spring Station).
- Clarke and Chatard, 1884, chemical analyses of hot springs at Fly Ranch and Gerlach.
- Desert Research Institute, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples from springs and wells.
- Droste, 1961, description of clay-mineral composition of playa deposits of Smoke Creek and Black Rock Deserts.
- Glancy and Rush, 1968, table 16, field chemical analyses of 22 samples of ground water and surface water in San Emidio and Smoke Creek Deserts.
- Harrill, 1969, table 11, chemical analyses of 25 samples of ground water and surface water in Hualapai Flat.
- Sinclair, 1962a, table 3, chemical analyses of 16 samples of water in Pine Forest Valley.
- _____1962b, table 3, chemical analyses of 9 samples of ground water and surface water in Hualapai Flat.
- 1963a, table 5, chemical analyses of 16 samples of ground water in Black Rock Desert.

Meteorological data: Mast yallaw 8 you withsen a plantage ban yarabwawa

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes
Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities

- Glancy and Rush, 1968, table 2, freeze data for 5 stations; table 3, summary precipitation data for 16 stations; table 4, monthly and annual precipitation at 6 stations; all in Smoke Creek and San Emidio Deserts region.
- Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada
- Harrill, 1969, table 1, freeze data for 4 stations in or near Hualapai
- Sinclair, 1962a, fig. 2, temperature and precipitation at Quinn River Crossing.
- 1962b, fig. 2, temperature and precipitation at Gerlach
 1963a, fig. 2, temperature and precipitation at 4 stations
 in Black Rock Desert area.
- U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation data

Botanical data:

Glancy and Rush, 1968, pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes; table 11, acreage of phreatophyte species; both for Smoke Creek and San Emidio Deserts.

Harrill, 1969. pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes; table 9, acreage of phreatophyte species; both for Hualapai Flat.

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

Sinclair, 1962a, pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes in Pine Forest Valley.

1962b, pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes; p. 11, acreage of phreatophytes; both for Hualapai Flat.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Hydraulic data: sefumes Af To seeviens leciments it afdor es Mi . The Isnie Desert Research Institute, unpublished water-level data for Hualapai

Glancy and Rush, 1968, table 5, measurements and estimates of streamflow; table 7, estimated average annual runoff; table 12, discharge records of selected springs; table 13, water-level data for 23 wells, yield and drawdown data for 7 wells; all in Smoke Creek and San Emidio Deserts.

water and surface water

Harrill, 1969, pl. 1, fig. 10, water-level contour maps; table 19, water-level and specific-capacity data; fig. 5, tables 7 and 8, streamflow data; all for Hualapai Flat.

Sinclair, 1962a, pl. 1, water-level contour map; table 1, yield, drawdown, and specific capacity for 8 wells; table 2, water-

level data for wells; all for Pine Forest Valley.

1962b, table 1, depth to water in 23 wells; table 2, records of springs and 4 discharge estimates; all for Hualapai Flat. 1963a, pl. 1, table 2, depth to water in 28 wells; table 3, discharges of 10 springs; both for Black Rock Desert area.

U.S. Geological Survey, 1960, 1963, and 1970, streamflow data unpublished records of streamflow and miscellaneous measurements of stream discharge.

Waring and others, 1965, p. 32-33, references to 16 springs

Water-budget data:

Glancy and Rush, 1968, table 9, subsurface flow; table 10, estimated recharge; table 11, estimated discharge; p. 46, perennial groundwater yield; p. 49, ground-water storage; all in Smoke Creek and Emidio Deserts.

Harrill, 1969, table 4, estimated recharge; table 9, estimated discharge; table 10, ground-water storage; p. 29, subsurface flow; p. 54, perennial ground-water yield; all in Hualapai Flat.

Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

Sinclair, 1962a, p. 10, estimated recharge; p. 11-13, estimated discharge; p. 14, ground-water storage and perennial ground-

water yield; all for Pine Forest Valley.

p. 9, subsurface flow; p. 12, ground-water storage; p. 11, perennial ground-water yield; Hualapai Flat.

University of Maveda and others, 1962 VBC Com Wils 19 1800 12 2021 11

1963a, table 1, estimated recharge; p. 14, subsurface flow; p. 17, ground-water storage; p. 16, perennial ground-water yield.

Hydrographic areas: Carson Desert (101)

Geothermal land classification: Stillwater-Soda Lake KGRA;
most of remaining area classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Axelrod, 1956, fig. 7, Red Mountain area, 1:14,800

Banaszak, 1968, southern Sard Springs Range
Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map

Gale, 1913, potash deposits

1914, potash and other saline deposits

Hague and Emmons, 1877, early description of geology

Hance, 1914, potash deposits

Jones, 1914, Lake Lahontan

Morrison, 1959, soil profiles

1964, pl. 3, Carson Lake quadrangle, 1:31,680; pls. 4, 5, and 6, Stillwater, Fallon, and Soda Lake quadrangles, respectively, 1:48,000.

1965, Quaternary geology
Morrison and Frye, 1965, regional Quaternary correlations
Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and

U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1971, soils Nickle, 1968, southern Buena Vista Hills Page, 1965, part of Stillwater Range, 1:125,000 Reeves and Kral, 1955, Buena Vista Hills Russell, 1885, Lake Lahontan

Schilling, 1965, isotope ages of 6 rocks in peripheral mountains Schrader, 1947, Carson Sink area

Silberling and Roberts, 1962, pre-Tertiary stratigraphy Silberman and McKee, 1972, isotope ages of several rocks

Slemmons, 1956, geologic setting of earthquakes

______1957, geologic effects of earthquakes Southern Pacific Co., 1964, general mapping; economic mineral deposits.

Speed, 1962a, gabbro in West Humboldt Range 1962b. do.

1966, Mesozoic orogeny
Speed and Armstrong, 1971, isotope ages of several rocks
Tatlock, 1969, Pershing County, 1:200,000
University of Nevada and others, 1962, pl. 4, 1:31,680

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Vanderburg, 1940, mining districts in Churchill County Wallace and others, 1970, Unionville quadrangle, 1:62,500 Wallace and Silberling, 1964, Mesozoic tectonic events Willden and Speed, 1968a, pl. 1, Churchill County, 1:200,000 Young, 1963, part of Stillwater Range Hydrogeologic maps:

Clyde-Criddle-Woodward, Inc., 1971, p. 45, depth to water table, 1:125,000.

Glancy and Katzer, 1973, pl. 1, wells, phreatophytes, and chemical sampling sites.

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water recharge, discharge, and flow direction.

Rush, 1972, bathymetry of Soda Lakes

Stabler, 1904, depth to water, 1:125,000

University of Nevada and others, 1962, pl. 9, 1:63,360

Subsurface geologic data:

Garside and Schilling, 1967, 1:1,000,000 map showing locations of oil and gas test wells.

Glancy and Katzer, 1973, numerous drillers! logs of wells; some stratigraphic interpretations.

Kingman, 1965, logs of test holes on U.S. Navy property near Fallon, Nev.

Lintz, 1957, locations of oil and gas test wells

Morrison, 1959, drillers' logs of numerous shallow and deep wells; stratigraphic interpretations.

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished well logs

University of Nevada and others, 1962, appendixes A and B, drillers' logs of 2 wells; descriptions of bedrock cores from Sand Springs Range.

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation Region II, Sacramento, Calif., unpublished well logs.

Schilling and Garside, 1968, oil and gas well data, 1953-67.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Breese, 1968, report of thermal-spring discharge near center of Big Soda Lake.

Glancy and Katzer, 1973, discharge temperatures of several wells Kingman, 1965, p. 19, discharge temperatures of 2 wells

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished discharge temperatures of wells reported by drillers.

Sass and others, 1971, table 8, heat flow at 5 drill-hole sites in Sand Springs area.

University of Nevada and others, 1962, table 5, discharge temperatures of 17 wells; discussion of temperature gradient in 1 well.

Waring and others, 1965, p. 34, discharge temperature of Borax Spring, 3 miles east of South Carson Lake.

Carson City, Nov., unpublished themical analyses of water namples

Surface or airborne geophysical data:

U.S. Geological Survey, 1972a, aeromagnetic map, 1:250,000
Wahl, 1965, gravity map, 1:250,000

Passive seismic data:

Byerly, 1956, Fallon-Stillwater earthquakes of July 6 and August 23, 1954.

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, 1:1,000,000 map shows about 20 earthquake epicenters in area.

Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, fig. 3, minor historical earthquakes Tocher, 1956, Rainbow Mountain fault movement

Borehole geophysical data:

University of Nevada and others, 1962, p. 113-117, gamma and neutron logs of a test well 480 feet deep in Sard Springs Range.

Geochemical data:

Desert Research Institute, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Glancy and Katzer, 1973, numerous analyses of major ions in water samples.

Kingman, 1959, table VII, p. 19, comparison of chemical analyses of waters from U.S. Navy test hole 3 and City of Fallon No. 1 or No. 2 well.

Miller, Hardman, and Mason, 1953, p. 30-35, chemical analyses of 133 samples of irrigation water.

Nevada Bureau of Environmental Health, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Nevada Bureau of Mines, unpublished chemical analyses of water from 3 wells and from Borax Spring.

Stabler, 1904, table 2, chemical analyses of 12 samples of ground water; table 3, "partial analyses" of several hundred samples of ground water; several "iso-ionic" interpretive maps of ground-water chemistry.

Stearns and others, 1937, several spring waters described, with references to chemical analyses by Peale (1886).

University of Nevada, Department of Agriculture, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

University of Nevada, Renewable Resources Department, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Waring and others, 1965, p. 34 and 35, mineralogical data for 3 spring waters.

Meteorological data:

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities Glancy and Katzer, 1973, summary of basinwide precipitation and estimates of precipitation for various altitude zones.

Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada

Kohler, Nordenson, and Baker, 1959, evaporation maps U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation

Botanical data:

Glancy and Katzer, 1973, 1:250,000 map showing distribution of phreatophytes and estimated rates of natural discharge by evapotranspiration.

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps
U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office,
Carson City, Nev., unpublished phreatophyte maps, 1:62,500.

Hydraulic data:

Desert Research Institute, unpublished data

Glancy and Katzer, 1973, water levels in wells, discharges of wells and springs; streamflow records.

Stabler, 1904, 1:125,000 map of southern Carson Desert showing depth to water.

U.S. Geological Survey, 1960, 1963, and 1970, streamflow data 1953-73, water levels in observation wells.

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished ground-water hydraulic data; unpublished records of streamflow and miscellaneous measurements of stream discharge.

Water-budget data:

Glancy and Katzer, 1973, tables of estimated recharge, discharge, and subsurface flow, ground-water storage in upper 100 feet of deposits, and perennial ground-water yield.

Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

Brady's Hot Springs area

Hydrographic areas: Bradys Hot Springs area (75); Fireball Valley (77)

Geothermal land classification: Bradys Hot Springs KGRA; part of area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Anctil and others, 1960, 1:24,000 map of Brady Hot Springs and vicinity showing geology and locations of test wells.

Anctil and Schafer, 1957, geology of area in T. 23 N., Rs. 27 and 28 E., MDBM.

1962, appraisal of geothermal resources of Brady Hot Springs Axelrod, 1956, fig. 5, Desert Peak area, 1:19,200

Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map

Moore, 1969, pl. 1, Lyon, Douglas, and Ormsby Counties, 1:250,000

Oesterling, 1962, Brady Hot Springs

Oesterling and Anctil, 1960, Brady Hot Springs

Schilling, 1965, p. 56, isotope age of 1 rock sample from Hot Springs Mountains (andesite tuff, 13.9 million years).

Southern Pacific Co., 1964, geologic map, economic mineral deposits, 1:24,000.

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Willden and Speed, 1968a, pl. 1, Churchill County, 1:200,000 1968b, text

Hydrogeologic maps:

Harrill, 1970, pl. 1, 1:250,000

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water flow direction, ground-water recharge and discharge.

Subsurface geologic data:

Harrill, 1970, table 12, drillers' log of 1 well in area
U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office,
Carson City, Nev., unpublished drillers' logs of 9 test wells and
2 auger test wells.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Anctil and Schafer, 1962 Oesterling, 1962 Oesterling and Anctil, 1960

Waring and others, 1965, p. 34, discharge temperatures of Brady's (Fernley) Hot Springs.

Surface or airborne geophysical data:

U.S. Geological Survey, 1972a, aeromagnetic map, 1:250,000 Wahl, 1965, gravity map, 1:250,000

Passive seismic data:

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, 1:1,000,000 map showing epicenters of earthquakes.

Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, data on historical earthquakes

Geochemical data:

Clarke and Chatard, 1884, chemical analysis of sample from Brady's Hot Springs.

Harrill, 1970, table 9, chemical analyses of 6 water samples from wells; analysis of sample from steam well includes SiO2, Na, K, Li, F, NO, PO, B, As. Sharp, 1939a, structure of Ruby Mountains and Eas

Meteorological data: Bull bus an Markurd volum to vaciodoromosa Ogles

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada 1965. do.

Harrill, 1970, table 2, precipitation at 13 stations in west-central Nevada; table 3, freeze data at 4 stations in west-central Nevada; pl. 1 (inset map), locations of weather stations.

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-1972, temperature and precipitation records

Botanical data:

Harrill, 1970, pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada. U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Hydraulic data:

Harrill, 1970, pl. 1, water-level altitudes in 7 wells Waring and others, 1965, discharge of Brady's Hot Springs U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office

Water-budget data:
Harrill, 1970, table 6, ground-water recharge; table 7, ground-water evapotranspiration; table 5, average annual runoff; table 10, groundwater storage.

Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and groundwater flows between hydrographic areas; estimates of annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

Globs, Willden, and Carlson, 1966, gravity maps

Hydrographic areas: Ruby Valley (176); Clover Valley (177)

Geothermal land classification: Part of Ruby Valley is classified as extractly lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Collinson, 1966, Medicine Range Eakin and Maxey, 1951, p. 75-78, discussion of general geology Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map

Granger and others, 1967, pl. 1, Elko County, 1:250,000

Hope, 1970, Elko County, 1:200,000

Hose and Blake, 1970, White Pine County, 1:150,000

Howard, 1971, northern Ruby Mountains

Rigby, 1960, fig. 4, Buck Mountain area, 1:125,000; fig. 5, Bald Mountain area, 1:125,000.

Sharp, 1939a, structure of Ruby Mountains and East Humboldt Range 19hO, geomorphology of Ruby Mountains and East Humboldt Range Schilling, 1965, isotope ages of rocks in peripheral mountains Thorman, 1970, Wood Hills and Pequop Mountains

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Willden, Thomas, and Stern, 1968, Jiggs Quadrangle, 1:62,500 Willden and Kistler, 1967, early Paleozoic deformation in Ruby Mountains.

1969, Jiggs Quadrangle, 1:62,500

Hydrogeologic maps:

Eakin and Maxey, 1951, pl. 2, Ruby Valley 1:125,000 Horton, 1964, locations of three hot springs in valley Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water recharge, discharge, and flow direction.

Subsurface geologic data:

Eakin and Maxey, 1951, table 6, logs of one well Nevada State Engineer, unpublished well logs U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished well logs.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Eakin and Maxey, 1951, p. 84, brief description of Sulphur Hot Springs Nevada State Engineer, unpublished well and spring-discharge temperature

Waring and others, 1965, p. 33, discharge temperatures of two hot springs.

Surface or airborne geophysical data: Gibbs, Willden, and Carlson, 1968, gravity maps

Passive seismic data: Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Borehole geophysical data: None available.

Geochemical data:

Eakin and Maxey, 1951, table 5, chemical analyses of three water samples.

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Meteorological data:

Eakin and Maxey, 1951, table 1, precipitation at four stations; table 2, snowfall at 16 stations.

Kohler, Nordenson, and Baker, 1959, evaporation maps
U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records

Botanical data:

Eakin and Maxey, 1951, table 4, evapotranspiration by phreatophytes Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Hydraulic data:

Desert Research Institute, unpublished data for springs Eakin and Maxey, 1951, table 7, records for 23 wells Snyder, 1963, table 4, records for 7 springs and 3 wells

Water-budget data:

Eakin and Maxey, 1951, discussion of ground-water-budget items
Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and
ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual
runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of
ground-water reservoir.

Rinchart, 1958, fig. 1, map of Browawe gayser area

Hydrographic areas: Crescent Valley (54); Whirlwind Valley (60)

Geothermal land classification: Beowawe KGRA; adjacent area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Edwards and McLaughlin, 1972, p. 4, isotope ages of 2 rocks in peripheral mountains.

Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map

Gilluly and Gates, 1965, pl. 1, northern Shoshone Range, 1:31,680 Gilluly and Masursky, 1965, pl. 1, Cortez Quadrangle, 1:62,500

McKee and Silberman, 1971, p. 29, 32, 40, isotope ages of 16 rocks in peripheral mountains.

Muffler, 1964, pl. 1, Frenchie Creek Quadrangle, 1:62,500

Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and U.S.

Department of Agriculture, 1964a, soils map of Whirlwind Valley.

1964b, soils map of Crescent Valley

Nolan and Anderson, 1934, description of geologic setting and deposits related to geothermal activity.

Roberts, Montgomery, and Lehner, 1967, pl. 3, Eureka County, 1:25,000 Schilling, 1965, p. 36, 37, 62

Shawe, Reeves, and Kral, 1962, pl. 15, 1:125,000

Silberman and McKee, 1971, p. 23-24, isotope ages of 8 rocks in peripheral mountains.

Southern Pacific Co., 1964, files include 1:24,000 maps for part of area.

Stewart and Carlson, 1972, north-central Nevada

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, unpublished detailed soils maps for area north of T. 30 N.

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

White, D.E., and others, unpublished maps of Beowawe and vicinity on file in U.S. Geological Survey Western Region office in Menlo Park, Calif.

Hydrogeologic maps:

Eakin and Lamke, 1966, pl. 1, 1:500,000; pl. 1A, 1:1,000,000 Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water flow direction, ground-water recharge and discharge.

Nolan and Anderson, 1934, fig. 2, map of Beowawe geyser area Rinehart, 1968, fig. 1, map of Beowawe geyser area Zones, 1961, pl. 1, Crescent Valley, 1:250,000; fig. 6, well yields Subsurface geologic data:

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished drillers' logs of wells in Hot Springs Point area of Crescent Valley.

Zones, 1916, table 5, drillers' logs of 18 water wells; fig. 3, grain size of fill in Crescent Valley.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Nevada Bureau of Mines, unpublished temperature records and fluid production rates for Magma Power Co. test wells at Beowawe.

Nolan and Anderson, 1934, fig. 2 and p. 218-226, temperature data Rinehart, 1968, p. 7704-7705, temperatures at Beowawe, including change in temperature with time.

Sass and others, 1971, table 8, heat flow for 3 test holes ("Lander." "Tenabo, " and "Gold Acres").

Waring and others, 1965, p. 35, discharge temperatures of Beowawe geysers and 2 other hot springs in area.

Zones, 1961, table 1, discharge temperatures of 3 wells and 2 springs in Crescent Valley. Programme Langue Company and the supposed showed

Surface or airborne geophysical data: Mabey, 1964, gravity map of Eureka County and adjoining areas

Passive seismic data: myolar has been S and Market most been not be

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Rinehart, 1968, p. 7704-7705, seismic "signatures" of the geysers Slemmons and others, 1965, data on earthquakes

Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, one earthquake epicenter (5.0-5.9 magnitude) within area during 1854-1960.

Borehole geophysical data: None available

Geochemical data:

Desert Research Institute, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Eakin and Lamke, 1966, table 11, chemical analyses of 8 samples of Humboldt River water.

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished chemical analyses of 9 samples of well and spring water. sellow; p. 21, evapotranapiration; p. 22-23, ground-water outflow

Meteorological data:

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes
Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities
Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada

1965, precipitation map of Nevada

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records for stations at Battle Mountain, Beowawe, Emigrant Pass Highway Station, Rand Ranch Palisade, and Cortez Gold Mine.

Zones, 1961, p. 6, 7, fig. 2, description of climate; fig. 4, monthly precipitation at Beowawe (?), 1949-57.

Botanical data:

Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and U.S.

Department of Agriculture, 1964a, map showing irrigated and phreatophyte areas in Whirlwind Valley; table 2, ground-water use.

1964b, map showing irrigated and phreatophyte areas in Crescent Valley; table 3, ground-water use.

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000

vegetation map of Nevada.

Zones, 1961, pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes in Crescent Valley

Hydraulic data:

Nolan and Anderson, 1934, fig. 2 and text, information on flow and geysering at Beowawe.

U.S. Geological Survey, 1960, 1963, 1970, streamflow data , 1953-73 water levels in observation wells

Zones, 1961, table 3, water levels and discharge data for 35 wells; table 4, water levels in 12 observation wells; fig. 4, water-level hydrographs for 5 wells; table 2, single discharge measurements for several streams.

Water-budget data:

Eakin and Lamke, 1966, table 12, water budgets for Crescent and Whirlwind Valleys included with those for several other hydrographic areas.

Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

Zones, 1961, (Crescent Valley only), p. 20, recharge and surface inflow; p. 21, evapotranspiration; p. 22-23, ground-water outflow

and pumpage; p. 23-24, water budget.

Hydrographic areas: Truckee Meadows (87); Pleasant Valley (88)

Geothermal land classification: Steamboat Springs KGRA; Moana Springs KGRA. Both hydrographic areas classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Bonham and Papke, 1969, pl. 1, Washoe and Storey Counties, 1:250,000 Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map

Hill, 1915, pl. 19, mining districts, 1:125,000

Silberman and McKee, 1972, p. 11, isotope age of one rock sample Thompson and White, 1964, pls. 1 and 2, Steamboat Springs area, 1:62,500.

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

White, 1967, fig. 5, map of Lower Terrace near Geyser well

1968, pl. 3, geology, wells, springs, drill and auger holes,

1 in. = 100 ft.

White, Thompson, and Sandberg, 1964, pl. 1, Steamboat Springs thermal area, 1:3,600.

Hydrogeologic maps:

Cohen and Loeltz, 1964, pls. 1 and 2, Truckee Meadows Area, showing 3 alluvial and 1 Pliocene units, bleached and unbleached consolidated rocks, wells, springs, test-boring sites, and water-level contours; 1:62,500.

Guyton & Associates, 1970, fig. 5, Truckee Meadows, showing irrigated acreage and ditches; about 1 in. = 1½ mi.

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water flow direction, ground-water recharge and discharge.

VanDenburgh, Lamke, and Hughes, 1973, pl. 1, Truckee River basin, showing 2 alluvial units, bedrock, phreatophytes and irrigated areas, wells, and springs.

White, 1967, fig. 5, Lower Terrace area of Steamboat Springs

1968, pl. 3, Steamboat Springs area, showing geology, wells,
springs, drill and auger holes.

White, Thompson, and Sandberg, 1964, pl. 1, Steamboat Springs thermal area, showing detailed geology, wells, springs, drill and auger holes, 1:3,600.

Subsurface geologic data:

Guyton & Associates, 1970, figs. 2 and 3, geologic sections across Truckee Meadows.

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished well logs

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished logs of wells and test holes. VanDenburgh, Lamke, and Hughes, 1973, table 22, logs of 26 wells

White, Thompson, and Sandberg, 1964, table 3, logs of 27 wells and drill holes; pl. 2, geologic sections.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Cohen and Loeltz, 1964, table 5, discharge temperatures of 66 wells; p. 47 and 56, discussions of temperature.

Guyton & Associates, 1970, table 3, temperature of water from different zones in 6 wells; see also fig. 26 and p. 28-29.

Sass and others, 1971, heat flow for several drill holes in nearby areas Sierra Pacific Power Co., unpublished temperature data for company wells and test holes.

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., temperature log of one well.

VanDenburgh, Lamke, and Hughes, 1973, table 18, discharge temperatures of 17 wells.

Waring and others, 1965, p. 34, discharge temperatures of Moana Springs, Steamboat Springs, and several other hot springs in the area.

White, 1967, temperature data for Geyser well

1968, table 4, discharge temperatures of 71 springs; tables 18-24, discharge temperatures of 8 wells; tables 27-34, discharge temperatures of 8 drill holes; table 37, discharge temperatures of 21 springs; table 39, discharge temperatures of many wells; some duplication of Cohen and Loeltz (1964) data.

Surface or airborne geophysical data:

Thompson and Sandberg, 1958, structural significance of regional gravity surveys.

U.S. Geological Survey, 1972a, aeromagnetic map of part of area, 1:250,000.

White, Thompson, and Sandberg, 1964, pls. 3-5, magnetic, electrical-resistivity, natural-potential, and gravity profiles of Steamboat Springs area.

Passive seismic data:

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, shows many earthquake epicenters of magnitude < 6 between 1854 and 1960.

Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, data on historical earthquakes

Borehole geophysical data:

Sierra Pacific Power Co., unpublished logs of company test holes U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished logs.

VanDenburgh, Larke, and Hughes, 1973, table 22, logs of 26 wells

Mevada State Engineer, unpublished well logs

Geochemical data: Manage Taller Taller

Cohen, 1962a, sulfate in ground water of Truckee Meadows Cohen and Loeltz, 1964, table 5, chemical analyses of waters from 91 wells, 8 springs, and 14 stream sites.

Desert Research Institute, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Guyton & Associates, 1970, tables 3 and 4, chemical analyses of water samples from 25 wells, including samples from different zones in 6 wells.

Nevada Bureau of Environmental Health, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples from several stream sites.

VanDenburgh, Lamke, and Hughes, 1973, table 18, chemical analyses of waters from 27 wells and 9 stream sites.

White, 1968, tables 18-21, 27-39, numerous partial chemical analyses of water samples from Steamboat Springs area.

in 5 observation wells; table 21, discharge of 8 springs; tables

White, Hem, and Waring, 1963, p. 11, 12, 40, 47, 53, chemical analyses of water samples and discussion of results.

Meteorological data: and wavid solvent to wolftmeette Living V has a

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada do. 1965. adjacent geveer and vents.

Kohler, Nordenson, and Baker, 1959, evaporation maps U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records VanDenburgh, Lamke, and Hughes, 1973, table 4, average annual precipitation at stations in and near study area: table 12, precipitation by altitude; text, lake-surface evaporation. White, 1968, p. 20-42, figs. 10-23, tables 6-16, effects of barometric pressure and precipitation on thermal activity at Steamboat Springs.

Botanical data: Januares passes of software assessed and the second Guyton & Associates, 1970, fig. 5, irrigated areas in Truckee Meadows Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

VanDenburgh, Lamke, and Hughes, 1973, pl. 1, irrigated and phreatophyte areas. Olima motew-homory ill aldsi segrandom lacinetoc Borehole Wiggue, aidalisys bog rates boundy berets .00 aidat bus rest Hydraulic data: mustbeel essent to retay broom at stallus .sidel .medeo

Cohen and Loeltz, 1964, table 4, pumping-test data for 14 wells; figs. 1 and 2, water-level hydrographs for 6 wells.

Desert Research Institute, unpublished data

Guyton & Associates, 1970, table 1, specific capacity and transmissivity; table 2, monthly pumpage, 1960-69; figs. 6-25, monthly pumpage and water levels in wells; all in Truckee Meadows.

Sierra Pacific Power Co., unpublished water-level data for 24 observation wells.

U.S. Geological Survey, 1960, 1963, 1970, streamflow data for Truckee River, Hunter Creek, Peavine Creek, Galena Creek, and Steamboat Creek.

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office,

Carson City, Nev., unpublished water-level data.

VanDenburgh, Lamke, and Hughes, 1973, table 21, water-level and discharge data for 38 wells; table 23 and fig. 2, water levels in 5 observation wells; table 24, discharge of 8 springs; tables 6 and 7, annual streamflow of Truckee River and tributaries; table 14, ground-water pumpage for Sierra Pacific Co. wells; text, ground-water pumpage for smaller public-supply and industrial wells.

White, 1967, water-level and discharge data for Geyser well and

adjacent geyser and vents.

1968, tables 3-5, 13-21, 27-34, 36-40, figs. 10-22, 42-47, discharge and water-level data for springs and wells in Steamboat Springs area.

Water-budget data:

Cohen and Loeltz, 1964, budget estimates, for the most part superseded by those of VanDenburgh, Lamke, and Hughes (1973).

Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of

ground-water reservoir.

VanDenburgh, Lamke, and Hughes, 1973, tables 16, 17, and text, budgets; table 11, surface-water inflow and outflow; table 12, potential recharge; table 13, ground-water inflow and outflow; text and table 20, stored ground water and available supply of ground water.

Pueblo Valley-Continental Lake region

Hydrographic areas: Pueblo Valley (1); Continental Lake Valley (2)

Geothermal land classification: Part of area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Blake, 1873, diatoms in a hot spring in Pueblo Valley Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map Peale, 1886, lists and analyses of mineral springs U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Wendell, 1970, structure and stratigraphy of Virgin Valley-McGee Mountains area.

Willden, 1964, Humboldt County, pl. 1, 1:250,000

Hydrogeologic maps: Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water flow direction, ground-water recharge and discharge. Sinclair, 1963b, pl. 1, 1:250,000

Subsurface geologic data:

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished drillers' logs of wells drilled since 1963. Sinclair, 1963b, table 4, drillers' logs of 14 wells.

and water-level contours, 1:125.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Sinclair, 1963b, table 5, discharge temperatures of 2 wells and 1 spring. Waring and others, 1965, p. 32, discharge temperatures of 2 springs

Surface or airborne geophysical data: None available

Passive seismic data: None available crillers logs of is wells, fig. 1, impach

Borehole geophysical data: None available

Geochemical data:

Sinclair, 1963b, table 5, chemical analyses of water samples from three wells and from Bog Hot Springs (Si, Ca, Mg, Na, and K).

Meteorological data:

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada

1965, precipitation map of Nevada

Sinclair, 1963b, fig. 2, temperature and precipitation at Virgin Valley and Denio.

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation

Botanical data:

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

Sinclair, 1963b, pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Hydraulic data:

Sinclair, 1963b, table 3, records of wells, depth to water in 17 wells. of warray, descriptions valuable to a mi smotary of the value of the contract of the

Water-budget data:

r-budget data:
Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

Sinclair, 1963b, table 1, ground-water recharge; table 2, groundwater discharge; p. 17, ground-water storage and perennial

ground-water remage for portain applies system for the legicine of wells

White, 1967, water -Lavel and albumanago descripting Gerger Jeografiants

ground-water yield. MITTING TESSET 1913 DOUGLOUS MENTING TO THE WIND WATER THOM STREET ON

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation

Mason Valley

Hydrographic areas: Mason Valley (108)

Geothermal land classification: Wabuska KGRA in northern part of valley; most of surrounding area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Bingler, 1972, isotope ages of 4 rocks in or near the valley Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map

Hill, 1915, mining districts

Knopf, 1918, Yerington District

Moore, 1969, pl. 1, Lyon, Douglas, and Ormsby Counties, 1:200,000 Reeves, Shawe, and Kral, 1958, pl. 11, Minnesota Mine, 1:4,800

Ross, D.C., 1961, Mineral County

Schilling, 1965, isotope age of a rock near the valley

Silberman and McKee, 1972, isotope ages of 3 rocks in or near the valley.

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, fig. 3, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Hydrogeologic maps:

Horton, 1964, 1:1,000,000 map showing location of one spring in valley.

Huxel, 1969, pl. 1, seven lithologic units and faults, 1:62,500; pl. 2, wells, springs, and water-level contours, 1:125,000; pl. 3, distribution of phreatophytes, cropland, and pasture, 1:125,000; fig. 4, transmissivity map of valley-fill reservoir

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water recharge, discharge, and flow direction.

Subsurface geologic data:

Garside and Schilling, 1967, map shows location of one oil test well in area.

Huxel, 1969, table 26, drillers' logs of 13 wells; fig. 3, isopach map of sand and gravel in upper 100 feet of saturated alluvium. Lintz, 1957, p. 44, log of a 262-ft test well

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished well logs

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished well logs.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Huxel, 1969, table 20, discharge temperatures for 28 wells and springs Nevada State Engineer, unpublished temperature data Sass and others, 1971, table 8, heat flow for 3 drill holes near

Yerington.

Waring and others, 1965, p. 34, discharge temperature of springs at Wabuska.

Surface or airborne geophysical data: U.S. Air Force, 1968, Bouguer gravity map

Passive seismic data:

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of all known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, map shows two epicenters of earthquakes in valley.

Borehole geophysical data: Nevada Oil and Gas Commission, unpublished data on one oil test well in valley.

Geochemical data:

Huxel, 1969, table 20, chemical analyses for 18 water samples; table 21, chemical analyses for 20 water samples; table 22; chemical analyses for 21 water samples.

Nevada Division of Health, unpublished data

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished chemical analyses of well and spring waters.

Meteorological data:

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada

1965, precipitation map of Nevada Huxel, 1969, table 2, monthly temperature at Yerington; fig. 2,

precipitation at Yerington.

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records

Botanical data:

Huxel, 1969, pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Hydraulic data:

Desert Research Institute, unpublished data Huxel, 1969, fig. 5, depth to ground water map; fig. 7, average monthly flow into Mason Valley table 7, surface-water inflow, outflow, and water loss; table 8, miscellaneous streamflow measurements; table 9, surface-water flow; table 25, records for about 270 wells.

Waring and others, 1965, p. 34, discharge of springs at Wabuska

Water-budget data:

Huxel, 1969, water budgets Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

Hydrographic areas: Grass Valley (71)

Geothermal land classification: Leach Hot Springs KGRA; entire valley is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Dreyer, 1940, figs. 3 and 5, Goldbanks Mining District Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map

Ferguson, Muller, and Roberts, 1951, Winnemucca quadrangle, 1:125,000

Gilluly, 1967, Winnemucca quadrangle, 1:62,500

Hawley and Wilson, 1965, pls. 1 and 2, Quaternary geology of Winnemucca area.

Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1965, soils maps.

Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, detailed soils mapping in progress. Data at SCS Winnemucca field office as of December 1972.

Nichols, 1972, part of Tobin Range

Roberts, 1943, Rose Creek tungsten mine, pl. 1, 1:24,000

Silberman and McKee, 1971, p. 28, one isotope age of a granite

Southern Pacific Co., 1964, geologic maps, economic mineral deposits, 1:24,000.

Tatlock, 1969, Pershing County, 1:200,000

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Willden, 1964, pl. 1, Humboldt County, 1:250,000

Hydrogeologic maps:

Cohen, 1964a, pl. 1, bedrock-alluvial contact, three alluvial units, wells and springs, phreatophytes, water-level contours, 1:250,000; p. 4, reference to several reports that describe the hydrogeologic aspects of the far northern part of the valley.

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water flow direction,

ground-water recharge and discharge.

Subsurface geologic data:

Cohen, 1964a, table 9, logs of 26 wells and U.S. Geological Survey auger holes, all but 3 of which are in or north of north part of valley.

Hawley and Wilson, 1965, pl. 3, geologic cross sections Nevada State Engineer, unpublished drillers' logs of 22 wells south of T. 35 N. since Cohen's (1964a) tabulation. Temperature and heat-flow data:

Cohen, 1964a, table 7, discharge temperatures of 33 wells and 4 springs, all in or north of north part of valley; table 8, discharge temperatures of 4 additional wells, all but one of which are as above.

Dreyer, 1940, fig. 9, discharge temperatures of 15 orifices in the Leach Hot Springs group.

Sass and others, 1971, table 8, heat flow for 3 drill holes Waring and others, 1965, p. 34, discharge temperatures of Leach's Hot Springs and Nelson (Guthrie) Springs.

Surface or airborne geophysical data:

Wilson, 1970, aeromagnetic map of area that includes north half of valley, 1:62,500.

Passive seismic data:

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, data on earthquakes

Borehole geophysical data: None available

Geochemical data:

Cohen, 1964a, table 7, chemical analyses of water from 36 wells, 4 springs, all in or north of north part of valley.

Dreyer, 1940, p. 23, chemical analysis of Leach Hot Springs

Miller, Hardman, and Mason, 1953, p. 44, chemical analyses of water from 4 wells and 1 hot spring.

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished chemical analyses of many samples from Humboldt River, several ground-water analyses.

Meteorological data:

Cohen, 1964a, p. 5, table 1, climate; table 5, precipitation by altitude zones.

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada

1965, precipitation map of Nevada

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, records of precipitation and temperature at Winnemucca, Buffalo Ranch, Paris Ranch, Golconda, Rye Patch Dam, and Imlay stations; precipitation storage gages at Pole Creek, Clear Creek Canyon, Sheep Ranch Canyon, Spaulding Canyon, Dun Glen; other data at now-abandoned stations also may be available.

Botanical data: Beth velley we was a series

Cohen, 1964a, pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes

Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and U.S.

Department of Agriculture, 1965, map shows irrigated and phreatophyte lands, scale 1 in = 6 mi; table 2, groundwater use by phreatophytes.

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000

vegetation map of Nevada.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Hydraulic data:

Cohen, 1964a, pl. 1, water-level contours; table 8, water-level and discharge data for 61 wells in or north of Grass Valley; p. 22, discharge of springs.

Desert Research Institute, unpublished hydraulic data

U.S. Geological Survey, 1953-73, water levels for several observation wells.

Water-budget data: 002 SBYIT SIRMS BAND ENDAMES MINEW . VORI . VILLIAND

Cohen, 1964a, p. 23, water budget; p. 19 and table 5, ground-water recharge; p. 20, ground-water outflow; p. 21 and table 6, evapotranspiration; p. 22, spring discharges and pumpage; p. 23, perennial yield.

Eakin and Lamke, 1966, table 12, fig. 33, water budgets
Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and
ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of
annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper
100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

- Hydrographic areas: Fairview Valley (124); Stingaree Valley (125);
 Cowlick Valley (126); Eastgate Valley (127); Dixie Valley (128);
 Pleasant Valley (130); Jersey Valley (132).
- Geothermal land classification: Part of area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Axelrod, 1956, fig. 10, 1:30,000

Burke, 1967, Holocene faults in Dixie Valley

Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map

Ferguson and others, 1951, Mt. Moses quadrangle, 1:125,000

Ferguson, Muller, and Roberts, 1951, Winnemucca quadrangle, 1:125,000.

Gilluly, 1967, Winnemucca quadrangle, 1:62,500

Moore, 1962, isotope ages of rocks

Muller, Ferguson, and Roberts, 1951, Mt. Tobin quadrangle, 1:125,000 Nevada Bureau of Mines and Desert Research Institute, 1963, pl. 3.

1:31,680.

Page. 1965, part of Stillwater Range, 1:125,000

Roberts, 1965a, Paleozoic and Mesozoic facies, 1:200,000

Southern Pacific Co., 1964, geologic maps, economic mineral deposits, 1:24,000.

Speed and Jones, 1969, fig. 2, Boyer Ranch Formation, 1:250,000

Staatz and Bauer, 1954, radioactive deposits

Tatlock, 1969, Pershing County, 1:250,000

Thorstenson, 1968, Chalk Mountain

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Willden, and Speed, 1968a, Churchill County, 1:200,000

Hydrogeologic maps:

Cohen and Everett, 1963, pl. 1, shows consolidated rocks, older alluvium, younger alluvium, phreatophytes, playa, generalized water-level contours, wells, flowing wells, and springs, 1:250,000.

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water flow direction, ground-water recharge and discharge.

University of Nevada and others, 1962, Sand Springs Range, Fairview Valley, and Four Mile Flat.

Zones, 1957, changes in hydrologic conditions in Dixie and Fairview Valleys after earthquake of December 16, 1954.

Subsurface geologic data:

Cohen and Everett, 1963, table 9, drillers' logs of 25 water wells Nevada State Engineer, unpublished drillers' logs

Nevada Bureau of Mines and Desert Research Institute, 1963, logs of wells in Sand Springs Range area.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Cohen and Everett, 1963, table 7, discharge temperatures of 39 water wells, with depths of wells; table 8, discharge temperatures of 6 springs.

Lawrence, 1971, Senators Fumaroles, Dixie Valley

Nevada Bureau of Mines, unpublished data for Devils Ranch Springs, hot springs on northwest side of Salt Marsh Valley, Hyden Hot Springs. Sou Hot Springs (also called "Gilberts Hot Springs"), hot springs in T. 27 N., R. 40 E., sec. 28, extinct hot springs 2-3 miles above Boyers Ranch, hot water in Dixie-Comstock Mine, and Dixie Hot Springs.

Surface or airborne geophysical data:

Mevada Bureau of Mines and Desert Research Institute, 1963, gravity, aeromagnetic, and refraction-seismic surveys of Atomic Energy Commission bomb test site in Sand Springs Range.

Thompson and others, 1967, Dixie Valley

U.S. Geological Survey, 1972a, aeromagnetic map, 1:250,000 Wahl, 1965, gravity map of part of area, 1:250,000

Passive seismic data:

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Ryall, 1972, seismic potential

Savage, 1972, microearthquakes near Fairview Peak Slemmons and others, 1965, earthquake epicenters

Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, records of numerous historic earthquakes.

Tocher, 1957, Dixie Valley-Fairview Peak earthquakes of December 16,

Borehole geophysical data:

University of Nevada and others, 1962, p. 118-125, gamma and neutron logs of a test well 935 feet deep in Fairview Valley.

Geochemical data:

Cohen and Everett, 1963, table 6, chemical analyses of water samples from 13 wells.

Desert Research Institute, unpublished chemical analyses of ground waters and surface waters.

Miller, Hardman, and Mason, 1953, p. 50, chemical analyses of 20 samples of irrigation water (major ions only).

Nevada Bureau of Environmental Health, unpublished chemical analyses of numerous samples of ground waters and surface waters (major ions only).

University of Nevada and others, 1962, appendix G, chemical analyses of about 20 water samples.

University of Nevada, Department of Agriculture, unpublished chemical analyses of ground waters and surface waters.

University of Nevada, Renewable Resources Department, unpublished chemical analyses of ground waters and surface waters.

Meteorological data:

Cohen and Everett, 1963, table 1, monthly and annual precipitation at Eastgate, Fallon, and Lovelock; table 3, estimated average annual precipitation and ground-water recharge; table 2, monthly and annual temperature at Eastgate, Fallon, and Lovelock.

Kohler, Nordenson, and Baker, 1959, evaporation maps

Botanical data:

Cohen and Everett, 1963, pl. 1, areal extent of phreatophytes Nevada Resources Action Council and others, 1973, vegetation map, 1:1,000,000.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Hydraulic data:

Cohen and Everett, 1963, pl. 1, generalized water-level contours; table 7, pressure heads or water levels in 66 wells, discharges of 45 wells; table 8, discharges of 10 springs (9 or 10 are thermal).

University of Nevada and others, 1962, p. 56-66, pumping-test data, summaries of transmissivity, permeability, and storage coefficient by pumping tests; estimates of ground-water velocity.

U.S. Geological Survey, 1960, 1963, 1970, streamflow data.

Zones, 1957, changes in hydrologic conditions after earthquake of December 16, 1954.

Water-budget data:

Cohen and Everett, 1963, table 3, ground-water recharge; table 4, ground-water discharge by wells, springs, and natural evapotranspiration; table 5, annual subsurface ground-water flow from valleys tributary to Dixie Valley; p. 24, ground-water storage; p. 24-25, perennial yield.

Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper

Mergala, Bureau, of Bourd mongraphial Hashir august Laned of chamical scould see

100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

Hydrographic areas: Lower Reese River Valley (59); Buffalo Valley (131)

Geothermal land classification: Part of area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data: Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map Gates, 1956, Shoshone Range Gilluly, 1954, Roberts Thrust 1960, Roberts Thrust Gilluly and Gates, 1965, pl. 1, 1:31,680; pl. 2, 1:15,840; both in northern Shoshone range. McKee, 1970, Fish Creek Mountains Roberts, 1949, Antler Peak quadrangle 1951, Antler Peak quadrangle 1965a, Paleozoic and Mesozoic facies map, 1:200,000 1965b, Antler Peak quadrangle, pl. 4, geologic map, 1:62,500; pl. 3, geologic map of southeastern part of quadrangle, 1:31,680 (pls. 4 and 6 reprinted as pls. 1 and 2 in U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 459-B). Roberts and Arnold, 1952, thrust faults in Antler Peak quadrangle Schilling, 1965, fig. 7, location of four sites where isotope ages of rocks were determined. 1971a, fig. 1, location of 15 sites where isotope ages of rocks were determined. 1971b, fig. 1, location of 13 sites where isotope ages of rocks were determined. Shawe, Reeves, and Kral, 1962, fig. 35, McCoy District, 1:43,000 Silberling and Roberts, 1962, pl. 2, Sonoma Range 1-degree quadrangle, 1:375,000. Southern Pacific Co., 1964, geologic maps, economic mineral deposits, 1:24,000. Stewart, 1969, Battle Mountain quadrangle and part of Dunphy quadrangle Stewart and Carlson, 1972, north-central Nevada Stewart and McKee, 1970, Lander County, 1:250,000 Tatlock, 1969, Pershing County, 1:200,000 Wallace and others, 1959, Buffalo Mountain quadrangle Willden, 1964, pl. 1, Humboldt County, 1:250,000; fig. 11, northern part of Battle Mountain, 1:125,000.

C.S. Weather Bureau, 1911-72, temperature and precipitation records

Hydrogeologic maps:

Eakin and Lamke, 1966, pl. 1, Humboldt River basin, 1:500,000, shows valley-fill deposits, consolidated rocks, area where annual runoff exceeds 5 inches, area where depth to water is 10 feet or less and where depth is 10 to 25 feet, and approximate water-level contours.

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water flow direction,

ground-water recharge and discharge.

Waring, 1918, pl. VIII, Reese River basin and adjacent parts of Humboldt River basin; shows generalized geology, locations of wells and springs, depth to water, irrigated areas, and areas where depth to water is less than 10 feet, 1:250,000.

Subsurface geologic data:

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished drillers' logs of most of wells in area.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Sass and others, 1971, table 6, fig. 10, locations and values of heat flows within the Battle Mountain heat-flow high.

Waring, 1918, p. 124-127, discharge temperatures of 7 wells and springs.

Surface or airborne geophysical data:

Erwin, 1967, gravity map of Battle Mountain and adjacent areas

Passive seismic data:

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, locations of six earthquake epicenters in area; also historic fault displacements.

Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, data on earthquakes.

Borehole geophysical data:

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished electric log of Hudson Oil Co. No. 1 well.

Geochemical data: What was a second with the control of the contro

Waring, 1918, p. 125 and 127, chemical analyses of about 20 water samples from wells and springs.

Meteorological data:

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada

1965, precipitation map of Nevada

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records for Battle Mountain.

Botanical data:

Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1964b, area no. 59, vegetation and phreatophyte maps.

Cara ... Astrea Asome Std Lieutalon

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps.

Hydraulic data:

Eakin and Lamke, 1966, pl. 1, approximate water-level contours Nevada State Engineer, unpublished water-level data and welldischarge data as reported on drillers' logs.

Waring, 1918, p. 124 and 126, data for about 50 wells, including water levels and yields.

Water-budget data: Water-budget data:

Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

Polee and Silberman, 1970, iso one ages of Pertiary temodes focus and delegant and Stewart, 1971, stratigraphy and develope area, of fertamy on

Silberman and McKee, 1971, isotope ages of 3 wormsmans 1991.

U.S. Goological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1961, 14c. 3.

Washburn, 1970, Paleovoic stratigraphy of Tolyabe Range, Sig. ?

Horton, 1964, 1:1,000,000 location of six springs in valley Metazer, 1915, 1:250,000 map

1917, pl. 1, bedrock, alluvium, and springs, 1:250,000; pl. 2, wells, contours of water depth, and water-use areas.
Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water recharge, discharge.

Rush and Schroer, 1970, pl. 1.250,000 map showing 7 rock units, a phrestophyle units, wells, springs; fig. h, map showing

The state of the search of the

Hydrographic area: Big Smoky Valley, northern part (137B)

Geothermal land classification: Darrough Hot Springs KGRA in southern part of valley; most of surrounding valley is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Edwards and McLaughlin, 1972, one isotope age of a rock in the area Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map

Ferguson and Cathcart, 1954, Round Mountain quadrangle

Kay and Crawford, 1964, pl. 1, Petes Summit and Market Peak sheets, 1:35,000; pl. 2, Northumberland sheet.

Kleinhampl and Ziony, 1967, northern Nye County, 1:200,000

Krueger and Schilling, 1971, isotope ages of 3 rocks in the valley

McKee, 1968a, Spencer Hot Springs quadrangle, 1:62,500

McKee and others, 1971, isotope ages of 13 rocks in or near the valley.

McKee and Ross, 1969, description of a window in Roberts Mountains Thrust at Petes Summit.

McKee and Silberman, 1970, isotope ages of Tertiary igneous rocks McKee and Stewart, 1971, stratigraphy and isotope ages of Tertiary volcanic rocks.

Means, 1962, pl. 1, central Toiyabe Range, 1:20,000

Ross, 1953, pl. 1, 1:24,000; pl. 2, 1:4,800, Reese River district

Sargent and McKee, 1970, Bates Mountain Tuff

Silberman and McKee, 1971, isotope ages of 3 rocks

1972, one isotope age of a rock

Stewart and McKee, 1968a, Mount Callaghan quadrangle, 1:62,500

1968b, southeastern part of Lander County

1970, Lander County, 1:250,000 Stewart and Palmer, 1967, Callaghan window

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, unpublished soils maps.

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, fig. 3, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Washburn, 1970, Paleozoic stratigraphy of Toiyabe Range, fig. 2, 1:100,000.

Hydrogeologic maps:

Horton, 1964, 1:1,000,000 location of six springs in valley Meinzer, 1915, 1:250,000 map

_____1917, pl. 1, bedrock, alluvium, and springs, 1:250,000; pl. 2, wells, contours of water depth, and water-use areas.

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water recharge, discharge, and flow direction.

Rush and Schroer, 1970, pl. 1, 1:250,000 map showing 7 rock units, 4 phreatophyte units, wells, springs; fig. 4, map showing transmissivity of valley alluvium.

Subsurface geologic data:

Elliott, 1966

Koschmann and Bergendahl, 1968

Kral, 1951

Meinzer, 1915

1917, p. 159, analyses of soil samples for grain size Nevada State Engineer, unpublished well logs Robinson, 1953

Rush and Schroer, 1970, table 30, logs of 16 wells; fig. 3, map showing thickness of alluvium.

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished well logs.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Meinzer, 1917, p. 153, discharge temperatures of 8 springs; p. 155, discharge temperature of 4 wells.

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished discharge temperatures of wells Rush and Schroer, 1970, table 29, discharge temperatures of 48 wells; fig. 2, map showing areas of warm ground water.

Surface or airborne geophysical data:

Davis and Stewart, 1970, aeromagnetic map of Austin area Healey, 1968, gravity map, 1:250,000 OH PARE WINDS

Robinson, 1970, relations between geologic structure and aeromagnetic anomalies.

U.S. Air Force, 1968, Bouguer gravity map

U.S. Geological Survey, 1967, aeromagnetic map of parts of Austin, Spencer Hot Springs, and Wildcat Peak quadrangles. 1971. aeromagnetic map, 1:250,000 Bush and Schroer, 1970, pl. 1, distribution of phreatchbytes

Passive seismic data:

Douglas, Ryall, and Williams, 1970, spectral characteristics of microearthquakes.

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records for all known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, four epicenters in valley

Borehole geophysical data: None available ni wollmastia gniweds darra all gil (wollmastra , V edda)

. lo serious reconstitues and water stored the post of the loss of the contract of the contrac Waring and others, 1965, ga To, discharge Arovisably ters below

Nevada State Company to discussive discussion of Designers and State Branch and Designers and State St Lauren to defendate teates anyologophi association to the troof Geochemical data:

Hardman and Miller, 1934, chemical analyses of water samples

Meinzer, 1915,

1917,

do.

do.

Miller, Hardman, and Mason, 1953, chemical analyses of irrigation waters.

Nevada Division of Health, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Rush and Schroer, 1970, table 32, chemical analyses of water samples U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Meteorological Data:

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes
Gifford and others, 1967, probability of precipitation
Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada
1965, do.

Rush and Schroer, 1970, fig. 13, table 8, fig. 14, summary of precipitation; table 15, growing-season data.

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Botanical data:

Meinzer, 1917, phreatophyte map

1927, description of some vegetation in valley

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000

vegetation map of Nevada.

Rush and Schroer, 1970, pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes

Hydraulic data:

Cooley, 1968, seepage from streams crossing alluvial fans
Desert Research Institute, unpublished data
Meinzer, 1917

Robinson, 1953

Rush and Schroer, 1970, fig. 5, map showing depth to ground water; table 7, streamflow; fig. 11, graph showing streamflow in basin area; table 28, streamflow data; table 29, well records.

Waring and others, 1965, p. 35 and 36, discharge data for 7 springs

Water-budget data:

Rush and Schroer, 1970, extensive discussion of budgets
Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and
ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual
runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of
ground-water reservoir.

Hydrographic area: Smith Creek Valley (134)

Geothermal land classification: Most of valley is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Bohham, 1970, part of Shoshone Mountains, 1:62,500 Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map Gilluly and Gates, 1965, northern Shoshone Range

Ketner, 1965, economic geology

Krueger and Schilling, 1971, isotope age of a rock in the valley
McKee and others, 1971, isotope ages of 17 rocks in or near the valley
McKee and Silberman, 1970, isotope ages of Tertiary igneous rocks in
or near the valley.

McKee and Stewart, 1971, isotope ages of Tertiary volcanic rocks in or near the valley.

Stewart and McKee, 1969, west-central Lander County
1970, Lander County, 1:250,000

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Hydrogeologic maps:

Everett and Rush, 1964, pl. 1, 1:250,000, shows three lithologic units, one phreatophyte unit, playa, wells, and springs.

Horton, 1964, 1:1,000,000 map shows location of two hot springs in valley.

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map shows areas of ground-water recharge and discharge and ground-water flow directions.

Subsurface geologic data:

Everett and Rush, 1964, table 7, drillers' logs of 5 wells
Nevada State Engineer, unpublished well logs
U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office,
Carson City, Nev., unpublished well logs.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Everett and Rush, 1964, p. 8, description of two warm-spring areas with temperatures given; p. 12, reference to hot springs, table 5, discharge temperatures of 8 wells and springs.

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished temperature data

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., two unpublished temperature profiles for a 150-ft test hole on playa.

Waring and others, 1965, p. 35, discharge temperatures of two springs

Surface or airborne geophysical data: Robinson, 1970, aeromagnetic map

Passive seismic data:

Douglas, Ryall, and Williams, 1970, spectral characteristics of microearthquakes.

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, 1:1,000,000 map shows three earthquake epicenters in valley.

Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, earthquake data

Borehole geophysical data: None available

Geochemical data: al sour a lo age equitori itel antilido bas reserva

Everett and Rush, 1964, table 5, chemical analyses of water samples from 11 wells.

Nevada Division of Health, unpublished chemical analyses
U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office,
Carson City, Nev., unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Meteorological data:

Everett and Rush, 1964, tables 1 and 2
Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes
Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities
Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada

1965, do.

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records

Botanical data:

Everett and Rush, 1964, table 4, acreage of phreatophytes; pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes.

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Hydraulic data: totalaki nolahvai saomosas tataw vavnis leekyofoad .2.0

Desert Research Institute, unpublished data
Everett and Rush, 1964, table 6, records for 18 wells, including water levels.

Water-Budget data: The of somewhere the id moving samutament high

Everett and Rush, 1964, ground-water budget
Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and
ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual
runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of
ground-water reservoir.

Rawhide Flats

Hydrographic area: Rawhide Flats (123)

Geothermal land classification: Part of area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map

Ross, 1961, pl. 2, Mineral County, 1:250,000

Schilling, 1965, isotope ages of four rocks in or near the valley Silberman and McKee, 1972, isotope ages of three rocks in or near the valley.

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, fig. 3, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Willden and Speed, 1968a, pl. 1, Churchill County, 1:200,000

Hydrogeologic maps:

Everett and Rush, 1967, pl. 1, two lithologic units, one phreatophyte unit, wells, springs, 1:250,000.

Horton, 1964, 1:1,000,000 map shows location of one spring (Lee Hot Spring) in valley.

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map shows ground-water recharge, discharge, and flow direction.

Subsurface geologic data: Nevada State Engineer, unpublished well logs

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Everett and Rush, 1967, table 8, discharge temperature of one well in valley.

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished data

Waring and others, 1965, p. 34, discharge temperature of Lee Hot Springs.

Surface or airborne geophysical data: None available

Passive seismic data:

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, 1:1,000,000 map showing earthquake epicenters Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, data on earthquakes

Borehole geophysical data: None available

Geochemical data:

Everett and Rush, 1967, table 8, chemical analysis of one groundwater sample.

Nevada Division of Health, unpublished data

Meteorological data:

Everett and Rush, 1967, table 1, precipitation at five stations near the area.

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada 1965, do.

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records

Botanical data:

Everett and Rush, 1967, table 5, water use by phreatophytes; pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes.

Nevada Resources Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Hydraulic data:

Desert Research Institute, unpublished data
Everett and Rush, 1967, table 9, records for two wells
Waring and others, 1965, p. 34, discharge of Lee Hot Springs

Water-budget data:

Everett and Rush, 1967, p. 28, water budget
Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and
ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of
annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper
100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

sidalizva enoW istab Lantavigoog slod

Hydrographic areas: Little Fish Lake Valley (150); Little Smoky Valley (155); Hot Creek Valley (156); Railroad Valley (173).

Geothermal land classification: A small part of the area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Cebull, 1970, southern Grant Range
Cook, 1966, southern Hot Creek Range
Cornwall, 1972, pl. 1, southern Nye County
Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map
Ferguson, 1933, Tybo District
Hose and Blake, 1970, White Pine County, 1:150,000
Hyde and Huttrer, 1970, Paleozoic rocks of central Grant Range
Kleinhampl and Ziony, 1967, northern Nye County, 1:200,000
Lowell, 1965, Ordovician rocks in Hot Creek and Monitor ranges
Quinlivan and Rogers, 1970, Tybo quadrangle
Schilling, 1965, isotope ages of 5 rocks in or near the area
Scott and Trask, 1972, Lunar Crater volcanic field
Snyder and others, 1969, Lunar Crater quadrangle
Summerfield and Peterson, 1971, two soil maps of Railroad Valley
area, 1:250,000.

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, fig. 3, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

VanDenburgh and Rush, 1973, pl. 1, Railroad Valley

Hydrogeologic maps:

Horton, 1964, 1:1,000,000 map shows location of 9 hot springs in valleys.

Maxey and Eakin, 1950, pls. 4 and 5, Railroad, Hot Creek, Reveille, Kawich, and Penoyer Valleys.

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map shows ground-water recharge, discharge, and flow direction.

VanDenburgh and Rush, 1973, pl. 1, Railroad and Penoyer Valleys, shows two alluvial units and consolidated rocks, wells and springs, phreatophyte areas, and playas.

Subsurface geologic data:

Eakin and others, 1951, table 9, drillers' logs of 29 wells in Railroad and Hot Creek Valleys.

Garside and Schilling, 1967, 1:1,000,000 map showing locations of oil and gas test wells

Lintz, 1957, p. 31, data for oil test well

Maxey and Eakin, 1950, table 9, drillers' logs of 36 wells

Nevada Oil & Gas Conservation Commission, unpublished logs of oil test wells.

Rush and Everett, 1966, table 15, drillers' logs of 7 wells Schilling and Garside, 1968, logs of oil test wells Temperature and heat-flow data: The Manual Control of the Control

Eakin and others, 1951, table 6, discharge temperatures of 17 springs; table 9, discharge temperatures of 9 wells.

Mifflin, 1968, discharge temperatures of 14 springs in Railroad and Little Smoky Valleys.

Nevada Oil & Gas Conservation Commission, unpublished temperature data for oil test wells.

Rush and Everett, 1966, table 13, discharge temperatures of 5 wells and 9 springs.

Sass and others, 1971, table 8, heat flow for 5 wells in Little Fish Lake Valley, Little Smoky Valley, and Hot Creek Valley.

VanDenburgh and Rush, 1973, discharge temperatures of about 25 wells and 30 springs; temperature log of a deep oil test well.

Surface or airborne geophysical data:

Ekren and others, 1971, pl. 1, gravity map includes south end of Railroad Valley.

Healey, 1968, reconnaissance gravity map U.S. Air Force, 1968, Bouguer gravity map

Passive seismic data:

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, 1:1,000,000 map show 9 epicenters within

Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, earthquake data

Borehole geophysical data:

Nevada Oil & Gas Conservation Commission, unpublished logs of oil test wells in Railroad Valley.

Schilling and Garside, 1968, logs of oil test wells in Railroad Valley

Geochemical data: On the theory and the party of the second

Maxey and Eakin, 1950, chemical analyses of 3 water samples Mifflin, 1968, appendix table 5, chemical analyses of waters from 14 springs in Railroad and Little Smoky Valleys (12 analyses include tritium).

Nevada Division of Health, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples Rush and Everett, 1966, table 13, chemical analyses of waters from 6 wells and 10 springs (including 4 in Railroad Valley).

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, slabelled Carson City, Nev., unpublished chemical analyses of water samples. VanDenburgh and Rush, 1973, chemical analyses of water from 34 wells and 20 springs, also 5 streams.

Meteorological data:

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada 1965.

Maxey and Eakin, 1950, table 1, precipitation data
U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records
VanDenburgh and Rush, 1973, average annual precipitation at
13 stations in and near the study area.

Botanical data:

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps VanDenburgh and Rush, 1973, p. 1, distribution of phreatophytes

Hydraulic data:

Garside and Schilling, 1967, 1:1,000,000 map shows 35 wells in Railroad Valley; data on these wells are generally available from the Nevada Oil and Gas Conservation Commission, Reno, Nev.

Maxey and Eakin, 1950, tables 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, discharge of streams and springs; table 9, records for 36 wells.

Mifflin, 1968, appendix table 4, discharge of 14 springs in Railroad and Little Smoky Valleys.

Snyder, 1963, table 4, records for 2 springs under the name "Sand Spring Valley" and records for 14 springs and 15 wells.

VanDenburgh and Rush, 1973, water-level and discharge data for 126 wells; discharge data for 34 springs in Hot Creek and Railroad Valleys.

Waring and others, 1965, p. 36, discharge data for springs in Hot Creek and Railroad Valleys.

Water-budget data:

Maxey and Eakin, 1950, ground-water budget estimates

Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surfaceand ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of
annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper
100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

Cohen, 1962b, East Range foult as a hydraulic barrier

VanDenburgh and Rush, 1973, budgets, recharge, inflow and outflow, discharge.

1963bylepscific yield and particle size of alluviu adding will and a size of alluviu 1964by fig. 19, thickness of medial gravel unit

Mevada Grate Engineer, unpublished drillers! logs of wells U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District offi

Hydrographic area: Winnemucca segment (70) Geothermal land classification: Part of area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources. Geologic maps and other surface geologic data: Bateman, 1953, Golconda tungsten deposit Cohen, 1961a, Humboldt River valley near Winnemucca 1962d, stratigraphy and origin of Lake Lahontan deposits 1963a, Humboldt River valley near Winnemucca 1964b, saged-ears do. Linguis , homeyears hard to be end .8.U Erickson and Marsh, 1972, Golconda and Iron Point quadrangles Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map Ferguson, Muller, and Roberts, 1951, Winnemucca quadrangle Ferguson, Roberts, and Muller, 1952, Golconda quadrangle Gilluly, 1967, Winnemucca quadrangle, 1:62,500 Hawley and Wilson, 1965, Quaternary geology Hotz and Willden, 1961, Osgood Mountains quadrangle, 1:48,000 do. Southern Pacific Co., 1964, geologic maps and economic mineral deposits, 1:24,000. U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, fig. 3, page-size geologic map of Nevada. Willden, 1964, Humboldt County, 1:250,000 Wilson, 1963, alluvial fans in Winnemucca area Hydrogeologic maps: Cohen, 1962b, East Range fault as a hydraulic barrier Eakin and Lamke, 1966, pl. 1, 1:500,000 Harrill and Moore, 1970, tributary area north of Winnemucca segment Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water recharge, discharge. and flow direction. Subsurface geologic data: Cohen, 1961c, specific yield of alluvium 1962c, specific yield and porosity of alluvium 1962d, geologic section of Humboldt River valley 1963a, pl. 6, thickness of medial gravel unit 1963b, specific yield and particle size of alluvium 1964b, fig. 8, specific yield 1964d, fig. 19, thickness of medial gravel unit Nevada State Engineer, unpublished drillers' logs of wells U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office,

in flood plain of Humboldt River.

Carson City, Nev., logs of about 160 shallow auger test holes

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Cohen, 1962b, thermal water in a well and several springs

1962e, table 1, temperatures of about 70 water samples Waring and others, 1965, p. 33, discharge temperature of Golconda Hot Springs.

Surface or airborne geophysical data:

Dudley and McGinnis, 1962, seismic refraction and earth resistivity McGinnis and Dudley, 1964, seismic studies Wilson, 1960, Humboldt River

1970, aeromagnetic map, 1:62,500

Passive seismic data:

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, 1:1,000,000 map shows an earthquake epicenter in the area.

epicenter in the area.
Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, data on earthquakes

Borehole geophysical data: None available

Geochemical data:
Cohen, 1962b, siliceous and calcareous deposits at springs 1962e, table 1, chemical analyses of 101 water samples from wells and springs.

Kerr, 1940, p. 2026, states that rock overlying the ore deposit at Golconda is of hot-spring origin.

Penrose, 1893, mentions the hot springs near Golconda and suggests a hot-spring origin for the manganese ore.

Morton, 1904, 1:1, 0:0,000 map nows becatten of two springs

Meteorological data:

Cohen, 1964d, fig. 3, precipitation map of Humboldt River valley near Winnemucca; fig. 4, average monthly temperature at and near Winnemucca; fig. 5, average monthly precipitation. Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada 1965, do.

Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources, U.S. Geological Survey, and U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1972, precipitation data for 5 storage gages in Sonoma Mountains.

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records for Winnemucca.

Botanical data:
Cohen, 1964d, fig. 6, vegetation map
Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and U.S.
Department of Agriculture, 1965, vegetation map and phreatophyte
map. springs to H
Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000
vegetation map of Nevada.
Hydraulic data:
Cohen, 1961b, relation of surface water to ground water along flood
plain of Humboldt River.
1961c, specific yield of alluvium
1962b, hydraulic-barrier effect of East Range fault of makes ow ha
1962c, specific yield and porosity of alluvium
1963b, specific yield and particle size of alluvium
1964b, fig. 8, specific yield; pl. 2
1964d, figs. 13 and 14
Water-budget data:
Cohen, 1963a, p. 93, water budget
1964d, table 13, do.
Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface and
ground-water flows between hydrographic areas; estimates of
annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet
of ground-water reservoir.
1

Hydrographic areas: Monitor Valley, northern part (140A); Monitor Valley, southern part (140B).

Geothermal land classification: A small part of the area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data: Edwards and McLaughlin, 1972, isotope age of one rock in area Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map Kay and Crawford, 1964, Toquima Range Kleinhampl and Ziony, 1967, northern Nye County, 1:200,000 Krueger and Schilling, 1971, isotope ages of two rocks in area Lowell, 1965, Ordovician rocks in Hot Creek and Monitor Ranges McKee, 1968a, Spencer Hot Springs quadrangle, 1:62,500 1968b, Ackerman Canyon quadrangle, 1:62,500 McKee and others, 1971, isotope ages of 14 rocks in the area McKee and Ross, 1969, northern Toquima Range McKee and Silberman, 1970, isotope ages of Tertiary igneous rocks Roberts, Montgomery, and Lehner, 1967, pl. 3, Eureka County, 1:250.000 Sargent and McKee, 1970, Bates Mountain Tuff Schilling, 1965, isotope ages of two rocks in the area Silberman and McKee, 1971, isotope ages of two rocks in area Stewart and McKee, 1968a, Mount Callaghan quadrangle, 1:62,500 1970, Lander County, 1:250,000 U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, fig. 3.

Hydrogeologic maps:

Horton, 1964, 1:1,000,000 map shows location of two springs
Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map shows ground-water recharge, discharge,
and flow direction.
Rush and Everett, 1964, pl. 1, three lithologic units, two phreatophyte
units, playas, wells, and springs, 1:250,000.

page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Subsurface geologic data:

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished well logs
Rush and Everett, 1964, table 11, drillers' logs of 15 wells
U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office,
Carson City, Nev., unpublished well logs.

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Nevada State Engineer, unpublished temperature data
Rush and Everett, 1964, table 9, discharge temperatures of 8 wells
and springs; table 10, discharge temperatures of 21 wells.

Sass and others, 1971, table 8, heat flow at one drill hole
Waring and others, 1965, p. 36, discharge temperatures of two springs

Surface or airborne geophysical data:

Healey, 1968, gravity map, Smoky Valley to Railroad Valley, 1:250,000 Robinson, 1970, aeromagnetic data

U.S. Air Force, 1968, gravity map

U.S. Geological Survey, 1971, aeromagnetic map, 1:250,000

Passive seismic data:

Douglas, Ryall, and Williams, 1970, spectral characteristics of microearthquakes.

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known

Borehole geophysical data: None available Armeger and Schilling visit, ideatops of the recks

Geochemical data:

Nevada Division of Health, unpublished chemical analyses of water

Rush and Everett, 1964, table 9, chemical analyses of water samples from 10 wells and springs.

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Meteorological data:

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes
Gifford and others, 1967, precipitation probabilities Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada

1965,

Rush and Everett, 1964, table 1, precipitation at 8 stations; table 2. temperature at 2 stations.

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records Rush and Everett, 1961, pl. 1, three lithologic units, two phreatophyte

Botanical data: 000,025 r. Banky

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

Rush and Everett, 1964, table 5, evapotranspiration by phreatophytes: pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes, 1:250,000.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Hydraulic data:

Desert Research Institute, unpublished data Rush and Everett, 1964, table 3, streamflow summary; table 10, records for 47 wells in three-valley hydrologic unit. Waring and others, 1965, p. 36, discharge of 2 springs Sass and others, 1971, table 8, heat flow at one drill hole

Water-budget data:

Rush and Everett, 1964, ground-water budget Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of ground-water reservoir.

Hydrographic area: Buena Vista Valley (129)

Geothermal land classification: Part of area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Cameron, 1939, northeastern Humboldt Range
Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map
Ferguson and others, 1951, Mt. Moses quadrangle, 1:125,000
Ferguson, Muller, and Roberts, 1951, Winnemucca quadrangle, 1:125,000
Jenney, 1935, central Humboldt Range
Loeltz and Phoenix, 1955, pl. 1, 1:156,000; text p. 17-23
Muller, Ferguson, and Roberts, 1951, Mt. Tobin quadrangle
Page, 1965, part of Stillwater Range, 1:125,000
Reeves and Kral, 1955, pl. 1, Buena Vista Hills, 1:48,000;
pl. 2, (geology and magnetic), southern Buena Vista Hills,
1:6,000; pl. 4, (geology and magnetic), northern Buena Vista
Hills; pl. 6, (geology and magnetic), northeastern Buena Vista
Hills.

Silberling and Wallace, 1967, Imlay quadrangle, 1:62,500 Southern Pacific Co., 1964

Tatlock, 1969, Pershing County, 1:250,000

U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, fig. 3, page-size geologic map of Nevada.

Wallace and others, 1959, Buffalo Mountain quadrangle, 1:48,000 1970. Unionville quadrangle 1:62,500

Willden and Speed, 1968b, fig. 4, part of Buena Vista District, 1:24,000; fig. 6, Copper Kettle District, 1:24,000.

Hydrogeologic maps:

Loeltz and Phoenix, 1955, phreatophytes, playa, locations of wells and springs.

Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map shows ground-water recharge, discharge, and flow direction.

Subsurface geologic data:

Loeltz and Phoenix, 1955, table 10, logs of 10 water wells Nevada State Engineer, unpublished well logs

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Loeltz and Phoenix, 1955, table 7, discharge temperature of Kyle Hot Springs, discharge temperatures of several cool wells.

Nevada Bureau of Mines, unpublished data

Waring and others, 1965, p. 34, discharge temperatures of Kyle Hot Springs and two other springs.

Surface of airborne geophysical data:
U.S. Geological Survey, 1972a, aeromagnetic map, 1:250,000

Passive seismic data:

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, epicenters of three or four earthquakes greater than 4.0 Richter magnitude.

Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, major and minor historic earthquakes.

Borehole geophysical data: None available

Geochemical data:

Desert Research Institute, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Loeltz and Phoenix, 1955, table 7, chemical analyses of 12 springs and well waters.

Miller, Hardman, and Mason, 1953, p. 30, chemical analyses of 15 samples of irrigation water.

Nevada Bureau of Environmental Health, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples (major ions only).

University of Nevada, Department of Agriculture, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples (major ions only).

University of Nevada, Renewable Resources Department, unpublished chemical analyses of water samples.

Meteorological data:

Fritts, 1965, tree-ring evidence for climatic changes
Gifford and others, 1967, probability of precipitation
Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada

1965, do.

Kohler, Nordenson, and Baker, 1959, evaporation maps
Loeltz and Phoenix, 1955, p. 12 and 13, precipitation at two nearby
stations.

Botanical data:

Loeltz and Phoenix, 1955, pl. 1, distribution of phreatophytes, 1:56,000; table 4, evapotranspiration by phreatophytes.

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, generalized vegetation map, 1:1,000,000.

U.S. Bureau of Land Management, unpublished range-forage maps

Hydraulic data:

Loeltz and Phoenix, 1955

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished data.

Water-budget data:

Scott and others, 1971, fig. 5, estimates of annual surface- and ground-water flows between hydrologic areas; estimates of annual runoff, perennial yield, and water stored in upper 100 feet of ground-water reservoir

Hydrographic area: Elko segment (49)

Geothermal land classification: Elko Hot Springs KGRA; most of the area is classified as lands valuable prospectively for geothermal resources.

Geologic maps and other surface geologic data:

Bradberry & Associates, 1964 Dott, 1955, Elko and northern Diamond Ranges Feray and others, 1968, highway geologic map Fredericks and Loeltz, 1951, fig. 2, 1:125,000 Granger and others, 1957, pl. 1, Elko County, 1:250,000 Hope, 1970, Elko County, 1:200,000

Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1964c, soils maps.

Regnier, 1960, Cenozoic geology near Carlin, pl. 1, 1:125,000 Sharp, 1939b, Humboldt Formation, fig. 9, 1:750,000; fig. 8, 1:48,000.

Smith and Ketner, 1972, Carlin quadrangle, 1:125,000 U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, fig. 3, page-size geologic map of Nevada. totas irum volumita apabalutante

Hydrogeologic maps: Eakin and Lamke, 1966, pl. 1, 1:500,000 Fredericks and Loeltz, 1951, fig. 2 Mifflin, 1968, 1:1,000,000 map showing ground-water recharge, discharge, and flow direction

Subsurface geologic data: Fredericks and Loeltz, 1951, table 3, drillers' logs of 12 wells Garside and Schilling, 1967, 1:1,000,000 map showing location of oil and gas test wells.

Lintz, 1957, locactions of oil and gas test wells Nevada State Engineer, unpublished drillers' logs (173) Schilling and Garside, 1968, oil and gas well data, 1953-67

Temperature and heat-flow data:

Fredericks and Loeltz, 1951, table 4, discharge temperatures of 5 wells: table 5. notes on discharge temperatures of 3 other wells; p. 49. discussion of temperatures of springs and wells.

Sass and others, 1971, table 8, heat-flow data at one drill-hole site (Swales Mountain).

Waring and others, 1965, p. 33, discharge temperatures of Elko Hot Springs and several other hot springs in adjacent hydrographic areas. Surface or airborne geophysical data:

Mabey, 1964, gravity map of Eureka County and adjacent areas

Passive seismic data:

Environmental Research Laboratories, unpublished records of known earthquakes.

Slemmons and others, 1965, three epicenters of earthquakes of magnitude less than 6.0 between 1854 and 1960.
Slemmons, Jones, and Gimlett, 1965, earthquake data

Geochemical data:

Eakin and Lamke, 1966, table 11, chemical analyses of water samples Fredericks and Loeltz, 1951, table 4, chemical analyses of water from 5 wells.

U.S. Geological Survey, 1960, 1963, 1970, chemical analyses of streamflow.

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished chemical analyses of water samples from 4 wells and 2 springs; also many analyses of surface waters.

Meteorological data:

Eakin and Lamke, 1966, p. 19-25, discussion of climate in Humboldt River basin.

Fredericks and Loeltz, 1951, p. 43, brief discussion of climate
Hardman, 1936, precipitation map of Nevada

1965.

do.

U.S. Weather Bureau, 1914-72, temperature and precipitation records

Botanical data:

Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and U.S.

Department of Agriculture, 1964c, map showing irrigated and phreatophyte lands; also see table 2, ground-water use.

Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, 1:1,000,000 vegetation map of Nevada.

Hydraulic data:

Desert Research Institute, unpublished data

Fredericks and Loeltz, 1951, table 5, water-level and discharge data for 12 wells; p. 41 and table 2, discharge and specific-capacity data for 7 wells; p. 50, pumping-test data for several wells.

U.S. Geological Survey, 1953-73, water levels in observation wells , 1960, 1963, 1970, streamflow data for Humboldt River (2 stations) and South Fork of Humboldt River (1 station).

U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Division District office, Carson City, Nev., unpublished water-level data for 5 wells.

Water-budget data: Water-budget data:

Eakin and Lamke, 1966, table 12, fig. 33, and p. 56

References

- Anctil, R.S., and others, 1960, Geology of the Brady Hot Springs and vicinity, Churchill County, Nevada: Southern Pacific Co. unpublished Mineral Resources Survey map.
- Anctil, R.S., and Schafer, M., 1957, Geology and mineral resources of T. 23 N., Rs 27 and 28E., Mt. Diablo Baseline and Meridian: Southern Pacific Co. unpublished rept.
- 1962, Geological and economic appraisal of geothermal steam resources at Bradys Hot Springs, Nevada, sec. 1, 12, and 13, T. 22 N., R. 26 E., Mt. Diablo Baseline and Meridian: Southern Pacific Co. unpublished rept.
- Axelrod, D.I., 1956, Mio-Pliocene floras from west central Nevada: Calif. Univ. Pub. Geol. Sci., v. 33, 322 p.
- Banaszak, Konrad, 1968, Geology of the southern Sand Springs Range, Churchill and Mineral Counties, Nevada: M.S. thesis, Northwestern Univ.
- Bateman, P.C., 1953, Geologic map of the Golconda Tungsten deposit, Humboldt County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map.
- Bingler, E.C., 1972, K-Ar dates from volcanic and plutonic rocks of the northern Wassuk Range, central-western Nevada: Isochron/West, no. 3 p. 31-32.
- Blake, W.P., 1873, Diatoms in a hot spring in Nevada: California Academy of Sciences Mtg. Aug. 21, 1871, Prov. v. 4, pt. 4, p. 183.
- Bonham, H.F., 1969, Geology and mineral deposits of Washoe and Storey Counties, Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 20, 140 p.
- 1970, Geologic map and sections of a part of the Shoshone Mountains, Lander and Nye Counties, Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Map 38, 1:62,500.
- Bonham, H.F., and Papke, K.G., 1969, Geology and mineral deposits of Washoe and Storey Counties, Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 70.
- Bradberry & Associates, 1964, Mineral inventory of lands bordering the Western Pacific Railroad Company: Los Altos, Calif., unpublished rept.
- Breese, C.R., Jr., 1968, A general limnological study of Big Soda Lake: M.S. thesis, unpublished, 83 p.

Natural Resources, Water Resources Bull. 19, 27 c.

- Burke, D.B., 1967, An aerial photograph survey of Dixie Valley, Nevada: Unpubl. M.S. thesis, Stanford Univ.
- Burke, D.B., 1973, Reinterpretation of the Tobin thrust: pre-Tertiary geology of the southern Tobin Range, Pershing County, Nevada: Unpub. Ph.D. thesis, Stanford Univ.
- Byerly, Perry, 1956, The Fallon-Stillwater earthquakes of July 6, 1954, and August 23, 1954: Historic introduction: Seismol. Soc. America Bull., v. 46, p. 1-40.

- Cameron, E.N., 1939, Geology and mineralization of the northeastern Humboldt Range, Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 50, p. 563-634.
- Cebull, S.E., 1970, Bedrock geology and orogenic succession in southern Grant Range, Nye County, Nevada: Am. Assoc. Petroleum Geol. Bull., v. 54, no. 10, p. 1828-1842.
- Clarke, F.W., 1914, Water analyses from the laboratory of the United States Geological Survey: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 364, 40 p.
- Clarke, F.W., and Chatard, T.M., 1884, A report of work done in the Washington laboratory during the fiscal year 1883-84: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 9, 40 p.
- Clyde-Criddle-Woodward, Inc., 1971, Final report on water-use improvement study of the Truckee-Carson River basin, prepared for Bureau of Reclamation, U.S. Department of Interior, Salt Lake City, Utah, Clyde-Criddle-Woodward, Inc., Consulting Engineers, 111 p.
- Cohen, Philip, 1961a, A preliminary evaluation of the ground-water hydrology of the valley of the Humboldt River, near Winnemucca, Nevada: a summary: Nevada Water Conf., 15th, Carson City 1961, Proc. p. 1-7.
- 1961b, Relation of surface water to ground water in the Humboldt River valley near Winnemucca, Nevada [abs.]: Geol. Soc. America Spec. Paper 68, p. 153-154.
- 1961c, Specific yield of sediments of the Humboldt River valley, Humboldt County, Nevada: Art. 164 in U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 424-C, p. C43-C45.
- 1962a, Source of sulfate in ground water of the Truckee Meadows area, Nevada, in Geological Survey research, 1962: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 450-C, p. C131-C132.
- 1962b, Hydrogeologic evidence of the extension of the East Range fault, Humboldt and Pershing Counties, Nevada, in Geological Survey research, 1962: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 450-B, p. B9-Bll.
- 1962c, Estimating porosity from specific gravity, in Geological
 Survey research, 1962: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 450-B, p. B41-B43.
- 1962d, Stratigraphy and origin of Lake Lahontan deposits of the Humboldt River valley near Winnemucca, Nevada, in Geological Research, 1962: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 450-C, p. C63-C65.
- 1962e, Preliminary results of hydrogeochemical studies in the Humboldt River valley near Winnemucca, Nevada: Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources, Water Resources Bull. 19, 27 p.

- Cohen, Philip, 1963a, An evaluation of the water resources of the Humboldt River valley near Winnemucca, Nevada: Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources, Water Resources Bull. 24.
- 1963b, Specific yield and particle-size relations of Quaternary alluvium, Humboldt River valley, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 1669-M.
- 1964a, A brief appraisal of the ground-water resources of the Grass Valley area, Humboldt and Pershing Counties, Nevada: Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources, Ground Water Resources-Reconnaissance Series Rept. 29, 40 p.
- 1964b, Preliminary results of hydrologic investigations in the valley of the Humboldt River near Winnemucca, Nevada: Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources, Water Resources Bull. 22.
- 1964c, Preliminary results of hydrogeologic investigations in the valley of the Humboldt River near Winnemucca, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 1754.
- 1964d, Water in the Humboldt River valley near Winnemucca, Nevada:
 Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources, Water Resources Bull. 27.
- Cohen, Philip, and Everett, D.E., 1963, A brief appraisal of the ground-water hydrology of the Dixie-Fairview Valley area, Nevada: Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources, Ground Water Resources-Reconnaissance Series Rept. 23, 38 p.
- Cohen, Philip, and Loeltz, O.J., 1964, Evaluation of hydrogeology and hydrogeochemistry of Truckee Meadows area, Washoe County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 1779-S, 63 p.
- Collinson, J.W., 1966, Permian and Triassic biostratigraphy of the Medicine Range, Elko County, Nevada: Unpubl. Ph.D. thesis, Stanford Univ.
- Cook, H.E., III, 1966, Geology of the southern part of the Hot Creek Range, Nevada: Unpubl. Ph.D. thesis, Univ. California, Berkeley.
- Cooley, R.L., 1968, The geohydrologic variables which control seepage from a stream crossing an alluvial fan: Unpubl. Ph.D. thesis, Pennsylvania State Univ., 343 p.
- Cornwall, H.R., 1972, Geology and mineral deposits of southern Nye County, Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 77, 49 p.
- Davis, W.E., and Stewart, J.H., 1970, Aeromagnetic and generalized geologic map of the Austin area, Lander County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Map GP-69
- Dott, R.H., Jr., 1955, Pennsylvanian stratigraphy of Elko and northern Diamond Ranges, northeastern Nevada: Am. Assoc. Petroleum Geologists Bull., v. 39, no. 11.

- Douglas, B.M., Ryall, Allan, and Williams, Ray, 1970, Spectral characteristics of central Nevada microearthquakes: Seismol. Soc. America Bull., v. 60, no. 5, p. 1547-1559.
- Dreyer, R.M., 1940, Goldbanks Mining District, Pershing County, Nevada: Univ. Nevada Bull., v. 34, no. 1, 38 p.
- Droste, J.B., 1961, Clay mineral composition of sediments in some desert lakes in Nevada, California, and Oregon: Science, v. 133, p. 1928.
- Dudley, W.W., and McGinnis, L.D., 1962, Seismic refraction and earth resistivity investigation of hydrogeologic problems in the Humboldt River basin, Nevada: Nevada Univ. Desert Research Inst. Tech. Rept. 1, 29 p.
- Eakin, T.E., and Lamke, R.D., 1966, Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Humboldt River basin, Nevada: Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources, Water Resources Bull. 32, 107 p.
- Eakin, T.E., and Maxey, G.B., 1951, Ground water in Ruby Valley, Elko and White Pine Counties, Nevada, in Eakin, T.E., and others, Contributions to the hydrology of eastern Nevada: Nevada State Engineers Office, Water Resources Bull. no. 12, p.
- Eakin, T.E., and others, 1951, Contributions to the hydrology of eastern Nevada: Nevada State Engineer Water Resources Bull. 12, 171 p.
- Edwards, George and McLaughlin, W.A., 1972, Shell list no. 1--K-Ar and Rb-Sr age determinations of California, Nevada, and Utah rocks and minerals: Isochron/West, no. 3, p. 1-7.
- Ekren, E.B., and others, 1971, Geology of northern Nellis Air Force Base Bombing and Gunnery Range, Nye County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 651, 91 p.
- Elliott, R.R., 1966, Nevada's twentieth-century mining boom: Reno, Nevada Univ. Press.
- Erickson, R.L., and Marsh, S.P., 1972, Geochemical, aeromagnetic, and generalized geologic maps showing distribution and abundance of molybdenum and zinc, Golconda and Iron Point quadrangles, Humboldt County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Misc. Field Studies Map MF-345.
- Erwin, J.W., 1967, Gravity map of Battle Mountain and adjacent areas, Lander, Pershing, and Humboldt Counties, Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Map 31.

- Everett, D.E., and Rush, F.E., 1964, Ground-water appraisal of Smith Creek and Ione Valleys, Lander and Nye Counties, Nevada: Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources, Ground-Water Resources Reconnaissance Series Rept. 28, 20 p.
- 1967, A brief appraisal of the water resources of the Walker Lake area, Mineral, Lyon, and Churchill Counties, Nevada: Nevada Department Conservation and Natural Resources, Water-Resources Reconnaissance Series Rept. 40, 44 p.
- Feray, D.E., and others, 1968, Geological highway map of the Pacific Southwest Region, California-Nevada: Am. Assoc. Petroleum Geol. Map no. 3.
- Ferguson, H.G., 1933, Geology of the Tybo District, Nevada: Univ. Nevada Bull. 3, 61 p.
- Ferguson, H.G., and Cathcart, S.H., 1954, Geology of the Round Mountain quadrangle, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. Quad. Map GQ-10.
- Ferguson, H.G., and others, 1951, Geology of the Mt. Moses quadrangle, Nev.: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. quadrangle GQ-12.
- Ferguson, H.G., Muller, S.W., and Roberts, R.J., 1951, Geology of the Winnemucca quadrangle, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. Quad. Map GQ-11.
- Ferguson, H.G., Roberts, R.J., and Muller, S.W., 1952, Geology of the Golconda quadrangle, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. Quad. Map GQ-15.
- Fredericks, J.C., and Loeltz, O.J., 1951, Ground water in the vicinity of Elko, Nevada: Nevada State Engineer Water Resources Bull. 12.
- Fritts, H.C., 1965, Tree-ring evidence for climatic changes in western North America: Monthly Weather Review, v. 93, no. 7, p. 421-443.
- Gale, H.S., 1913, The search for potash in the desert basin region: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 530, p. 295-312.
- 1914, Notes on the Quaternary lakes of the Great Basin, with special reference to the deposition of potash and other salines: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 540, p. 399-406.
- Garside, L.J., and Schilling, J.H., 1967, Well drilling for oil and gas in Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Map 34, 1:1,000,000.
- Gates, Olcott, 1956, Tertiary volcanism and brecciation in the Shoshone Range, Nevada: Unpublished Ph.D. thesis, Johns Hopkins Univ.
- Gibbs, J.F., Willden, Ronald, and Carlson, J. E., 1968, Gravity anomalies in the Ruby Mountains, northeastern Nevada in Geolological Survey Research, 1968: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 600-B, p. B88-B94.

- Gifford, R.O., and others, 1967, Probability of selected precipitation amounts in the western region of the United States--section for Nevada: Reno, Nevada Univ. Agr. Expt. Sta. Rept. T-8, 31 p.
- Gilluly, James, 1954, Further light on the Roberts Thrust, north-central Nevada: Science, v. 119, p. 423.
- 1960, A folded thrust in Nevada--inferences as to time relations between folding and faulting (northern Shoshone Range): Am. Jour. Sci. (Bradley Volume), v. 258-A, p. 68-79.
- 1967, Geologic map of the Winnemucca quadrangle, Pershing and Humboldt Counties., Nev.: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. Quad GQ-G56, 1:62.500.
- Gilluly, James, and Gates, Olcott, 1965, Tectonic and igneous geology of the northern Shoshone Range, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 465.
- Gilluly, James, and Masursky, Harold, 1965, Geology of the Cortez quadrangle, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1175.
- Glancy, P.A., and Katzer, T.L., 1973, Water-resources appraisal of the Carson River basin: Nevada Department Conservation and Natural Resources, Water Resources-Reconnaissance Series Rept. 58, in preparation.
- Glancy, P.A., and Rush, F.E., 1968, Water-resources appraisal of Smoke Creek-San Emidio Desert area, Nevada and California: Nevada Department Conservation and Natural Resources, Water Resources-Reconnaissance Series, Rept. 44, 57 p.
- Granger, A.E., and others, 1957, Geology and mineral resources of Elko County, Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 54.
- Guyton, W.F., & Associates, 1970, Report on ground-water conditions in Truckee Meadows, Washoe County, Nevada: Austin, Texas, Guyton & Assoc., Consulting Ground-Water Hydrol., 37 p.
- Hague, Arnold, and Emmons, S.F., 1877, Geologic reports: U.S. Geol. Explor. 40th Parallel (King) v. 2, 890 p.
- Hance, J.H., 1914, Potash in western saline deposits: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 540, p. 457-469.
- Hardman, George, 1936, Nevada precipitation and acreages of land by rainfall zones: Nevada, Univ. Agr. Exp. Sta. mimeo. rept. and map, 10 p.
- 1965, Nevada precipitation map, adapted from map prepared by George Hardman and others, 1936: Nevada Univ. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull. 183, 57 p.

- Hardman, George, and Miller, M.R., 1934, The quality of the waters of southeastern Nevada, drainage basins, and water resources: Reno, Nevada Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull. 136, 62 p.
- Harrill, J.R., 1969, Hydrologic response to irrigation pumping in Hualapai Flat, Washoe, Pershing, and Humboldt Counties, Nevada, 1960-1967: Nevada Department Conservation and Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources, Water Resources Bull. 37, 75 p.
- 1970, Water-resources appraisal of the Granite Springs Valley area, Pershing, Churchill, and Lyon Counties, Nevada: Nevada Department Conservation and Natural Resources, Water Resources-Reconnaissance Series Rept. 55, 36 p.
- Harrill, J.R., and Moore, D.O., 1970, Effects of ground-water development on the water regimen of Paradise Valley, Humboldt County, Nevada:
 Nevada Department Conservation and Natural Resources, Water Resources Bull. 39.
- Hawley, J.W., and Wilson, W.E., III, 1965, Quaternary geology of the Winnemucca area, Nevada: Desert Research Institute Tech. Rept. 5, 92 p.
- Healey, D.L., 1968, Reconnaissance gravity survey of central Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Tech. Letter: Central Nevada-4, 11 p.
- Hill, J.M., 1915, Some mining districts in northeastern California and northwestern Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 594.
- Hope, R.A., 1970, Preliminary geologic map of Elko County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map, 1:200,000.
- Horton, R.C., 1964, Hot springs, sinter deposits, and volcanic cinder cones in Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Map 25, 1:1,000,000.
- Hose, R.K., and Blake, M.C., Jr., 1970, Geologic map of White Pine County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map, 1:150,000.
- Hotz, P.E., and Willden, Ronald, 1961, Preliminary geologic map and sections of the Osgood Mountains quadrangle, Humboldt County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Mineral Inv. Field Studies Map MF-161, 1:48,000.
- 1964, Geology and mineral deposits of the Osgood Mountains quadrangle, Humboldt County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 431, 128 p.
- Howard, K.A., 1971, Paleozoic metasediments on the northern Ruby Mountains, Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 82, no. 1, p. 259-264.
- Huxel, C.J., Jr., 1969, Water resources and development in Mason Valley, Lyon and Mineral Counties, Nevada, 1948-65: Nevada Div. Water Resources Bull. 38, 77 p.

- Hyde, J.H. and Huttrer, G.W., 1970, Geology of central Grant Range, Nevada: Am. Assoc. Petroleum Geologists Bull. v. 54, no. 3, p. 503-521.
- Jenney, C.P., 1935, Geology of the central Humboldt Range, Nevada:
 Nevada Univ. Bull. v. 29, no. 6, p. 69-70.
- Jones, J.C., 1914, the geologic history of Lake Lahontan: Science, v. 40, p. 827-830.
- Kay, Marshall, and Crawford, J.P., 1964, Paleozoic facies from the miogeosynclinal to the eugeosynclinal belt in thrust slices, central Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 75, no. 5, p. 425-454.
- Kerr, P.F., 1940, Tungsten-bearing manganese deposit at Golconda, Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 51, no. 12, pt. 2, p. 2026.
- Ketner, K.B., 1965, Economic geology, in Gilluly, James and Gates, Olcott, Tectonic and igneous geology of the northern Shoshone Range, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 465.
- Kingman, D.S., 1959, Water supply investigation, Naval Auxiliary Air Station, Fallon, Nevada: Unpublished rept. to U.S. Navy, 44 p.
- 1965, Logs of test holes on U.S. Navy Auxiliary Air Station, Fallon, Nevada: Unpublished rept. to U.S. Navy.
- Kleinhampl, F.J., and Ziony, Joseph, 1967, Preliminary geologic map of northern Nye County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map, 1:200,000.
- Knopf, 1918, Geology and ore deposits of the Yerington District, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 114, 68 p.
- Kohler, M.A., Nordenson, T.J., and Baker, D.R., 1959, Evaporation maps for the United States: U.S. Weather Bur. Tech. Paper 37, 13 p.
- Koschmann, A.H., and Bergendahl, M.H., 1968, Principal gold-producing districts of the United States: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 610, 283 p.
- Kral, V.E., 1951, Mineral resources of Nye County, Nevada: Reno, Nevada Univ. Bull., v. 45, no. 3, 223 p.
- Krueger, H.W., and Schilling, J.H., 1971, Geochron/Nevada Bureau of Mines K/Ar age determinations--list 1: Isochron/West, no. 71-1, p. 9-14.

pocks in a window du Soberts Myuntaine Merust, northern Toonina Bange, contral Meyada: Am. Assoc. Petroleum Geologists Ball. v. 51, no. 2,

- Lawrence, E.F., 1971, Mercury mineralization at the Senators Fumaroles, Dixie Valley, Nev.: Abstract in Geol. Soc. of Am. Cordilleran Sect. annual meeting program for 1971 at Riverside, Calif., p. 147.
- Lintz, Joseph, Jr., 1957, Nevada oil and gas drilling data, 1906-1953: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 52, 80 p.
- Loeltz, O.J., and Phoenix, D.A., 1955, Geology and ground-water resources of Buena Vista Valley, Pershing County, Nevada: Nevada State Engineer, Water Resources Bull. no. 13, 51 p.
- Lowell, J.D., 1965, Lower and Middle Ordovician stratigraphy in the Hot Creek and Monitor Ranges, central Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 76, p. 259-266.
- Mabey, D.R., Gravity map of Eureka County and adjoining areas, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Geophys. Inv. Map GP-415.
- Maxey, G.B., and Eakin, T.E., 1950, Ground water in Railroad, Hot Creek, Reveille, Kawich, and Penyer Valleys, Nye, Lincoln, and White Pine Counties, Nevada, in Contributions to the hydrology of eastern Nevada (1951): Nevada State Engineer, Water Resources Bull. 12, p. 129-171.
- McGinnis, L.D., and Dudley, W.W., Jr., 1964, Seismic studies of three areas in northern Nevada, in Geophysical studies in Nevada relating to hydrogeology: Nevada Department Conservation and Natural Resources, Bull. 25, p. 25-37.
- McKee, E.H., 1968a, Geologic map of the Spencer Hot Springs quadrangle, Lander County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. Quad. Map GQ-770, 1:62,500.
- McKee, E.H., 1968b, Geologic map of the Ackerman Canyon quadrangle, Lander and Eureka Counties, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. Quad. Map GQ-861, 1:62,500.
- McKee, E.H., 1970, Fish Creek Mountains Tuff and volcanic center, Lander County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 681.
- McKee, E.H., and others, 1971, A summary of radiometric ages of Tertiary volcanic rocks in Nevada and eastern California, Part 1: Central Nevada: Isochron/West, no. 2, p. 21-42.
- McKee, E.H., and Ross, R.J., Jr., 1969, Stratigraphy of eastern assemblage rocks in a window in Roberts Mountains Thrust, northern Toquima Range, central Nevada: Am. Assoc. Petroleum Geologists Bull., v. 53, no. 2, p. 421-429.
- McKee, E.H., and Silberman, M.L., 1970, Geochronology of Tertiary igneous rocks in central Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 81, p. 2317-2328.
- 1971, A summary of radiometric ages of Tertiary volcanic rocks in Nevada and eastern California, Pt. 1: Central Nevada: Isochron/West, no. 2, p. 21-42.

66

- McKee, E.H., and Stewart, J.H., 1971, Stratigraphy and Potassium-argon ages of some Tertiary tuffs from Lander and Churchill Counties, central Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1311-B, 28 p.
- Means, W.P., 1962, Structure and stratigraphy in the central Toiyabe Range, Nevada: Calif. Univ. Pub. Geol. Sci., v. 42, no. 2. p. 71-110.
- Meinzer, O.E., 1915, Ground water in Big Smoky Valley, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 375-D, 31 p.
- 1917, Geology and water resources of Big Smoky, Clayton, and Alkali Springs Valleys, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 423, 167 p.
- ______1927, Plants as indicators of ground water: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 577, 95 p.
- Mifflin, M.D, 1968, Delineation of ground-water flow systems in Nevada:
 Desert Research Inst. Hydrol. and Water Res., Pub. no. 4, 111 p.
- Miller, R.M., Hardman, G., and Mason, H.G., 1953, Irrigation Waters of Nevada: Univ. of Nev., Agr. Expt. Sta. Bull. no. 187, 63 p.
- Moore, J.G., 1962, K/Na ratio of Cenozoic igneous rocks of the western United States: Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta, v. 26, p. 101-130.
- ______1969, Geology and mineral deposits of Lyon, Douglas, and Ormsby Counties, Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 75.
- Morrison, R.B., 1959, Stratigraphic sections, well logs, and soil-profile sections in the southern Carson Desert, near Fallon, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file rept., 294 p.
- 1964, Lake Lahontan: geology of the southern Carson Desert, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 401, 156 p.
- 1965, Quaternary geology of the Great Basin, in Wright, H.E., Jr., and Frey, D.G., eds., the Quaternary of the United States: Princeton Univ. Press, p. 265, 285.
- Morrison, R.B., and Frye, J.C., 1965, Correlation of the Middle and Late Quaternary successions of the Lake Lahontan, Lake Bonneville, Rocky Mountain, southern Great Plains, and eastern Midwest areas: Nevada Bur. Mines Rept. 9, 45 p.
- Muffler, L.J.P., 1964, Geology of the Frenchie Creek quadrangle, northcentral Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1179, 99 p.
- Muller, S.W., Ferguson, H.G., and Roberts, R.J., 1951, Geologic map of the Mt. Tobin Quad: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. Quad. GQ-7, 1:125,000.

- Nevada Bureau of Mines and Desert Research Institute, 1963, Geological geophysical, chemical and hydrological investigations of the Sand Springs Range, Fairview Valley and Fourmile Flat, Churchill County, Nevada: U.S. Atomic Energy Comm., Div. Tech. Inf., Vela Uniform Program., Proj. Schoal, Final Rept. VUF-1001.
- Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1964a, Water and related land resources, Humboldt River basin, Nevada; Battle Mountain sub-basin: U.S. Dept. Agr. Rept. 9, 95 p.
- 1964b, Water and related land resources, Humboldt River basin, Nevada;
 Reese River sub-basin: U.S. Dept. Agr., Rept. 8, 127 p.
- 1964c, Water and related land resources, Humboldt River basin, Nevada; Elko Reach: U.S. Dept. Agr., Rept. 7, 85 p. 1965.
- Mater and related land resources, Humboldt River basin, Nevada; Sonoma sub-basin: Nevada Dept. Conserv. and Nat. Resources and U.S. Dept. Agr., Rept. 10, 97 p.
- 1971, Water and related land resources, Central Lahontan basin; Carson River sub-basin, Nevada-California, App. 1, Soils: Nevada Dept. Conserv. and Nat. Resources and U.S. Dept. Agr., 91 p.
- Nevada Department of Conservation and Natural Resources, U.S. Geological Survey, and U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1972, Thirteenth Progress Report, Humboldt River Research Project.
- Nevada Resource Action Council and others, 1973, Nevada vegetative type map: Map at 1:1,000,000 and 7 p.
- Nichols, K.M., 1972, Triassic depositional history of China Mountain and vicinity, north-central Nevada: Unpubl. Ph.D. thesis, Stanford Univ.
- Nickle, N.L., 1968, Geology of the southern part of the Buena Vista Hills, Churchill County, Nevada: Unpubl. M.S. thesis, Univ. of California, Los Angeles.
- Nolan, T.B., and Anderson, G.H., 1934, The geyser area near Beowawe, Eureka County, Nevada: Am. Jour. Sci., v. 27, no. 159, p. 215-229.
- Oesterling, W. A., 1962, Geothermal power potential for northern Nevada: San Francisco, Southern Pacific Co., 12 p.
- Oesterling, W.A., and Anctil, R.J., 1960, Geological and economic appraisal of geothermal steam resources at Brady Hot Springs, Nevada: Southern Pacific Co., unpubl. rept.
- Overton, T.D., 1947, Mineral resources of Douglas, Ormsby, and Washoe Counties: Nevada Univ. Bull., v. 41, no. 9 (Geology and Mining Ser. 46), 91 p.

- Page, B.M., 1965, Preliminary geologic map of a part of the Stillwater Range, Churchill County, Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Map 28, 1:125,000.
- Peale, A.C., 1886, Lists and analyses of the mineral springs of the United States (a preliminary study): U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 32, 235 p.
- Penrose, R.A.F., Jr., 1893, A Pleistocene manganese deposit near Golconda, Nevada: Jour. Geology, v. 1, no. 3, p. 275-282.
- Quinlivan, W.D., and Rogers, C.L., 1970, Preliminary geologic map of the Tybo quadrangle, Nye County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file rept.
- Reeves, R.G., and Kral, V.E., 1955, Iron ore deposits of Nevada, Part A, Geology and iron ore deposits of the Buena Vista Hills, Churchill and Pershing Counties, Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 53, 37 p.
- Reeves, R.G., Shawe, F.R., and Kral, V.E., 1958, Iron ore deposits of Nevada, Part B, Iron ore deposits of west-central Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 53, p. 33-78.
- Regnier, Jerome, 1960, Cenozoic geology in the vicinity of Carlin, Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 71. p.
- Rigby, J.K., 1960, Geology of the Buck Mountain-Bald Mountain area, southern Ruby Mountains, White Pine County, Nevada, in Guidebook to the Geology of east-central Nevada: Inter-mountain Assoc. Petroleum Geol. and Eastern Nev. Geol. Soc., 11th Ann. Field Conf., p. 173-180.
- Rinehart, J.S., 1968, Geyser activity near Beowawe, Eureka County, Nevada: Jour. Geophys. Research, v. 73, no. 24, p. 7703-7706.
- Roberts, R.J., 1943, Rose Creek tungsten mine, Pershing County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 940-A, 14 p.
- 1949, Structure and stratigraphy of the Antler Peak quadrangle, north-central Nevada [abs.]: Geol. Soc. America Bull. v. 60, p. 1917.
- ______1951, Geology of the Antler Peak quadrangle, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. Quad. Map GQ_10.
- 1964, Stratigraphy and structure of the Antler Peak quadrangle, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 459-A, p. Al-A93.
- ______1965a, Generalized map of Paleozoic and Mesozoic facies in north-central Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map, 1:200,000.
- Roberts, R.J., and Arnold. D.C., 1952, Thrust faulting in the Antler Peak quadrangle, north-central Nevada [abs.]: Geol. Soc. America Bull. v. 63, p. 1369-1370.

- Roberts, R.J., Montgomery, K.M., and Lehner, R.E., 1967, Geology and mineral resources of Eureka County, Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 64.
- Robinson, E.S., 1970, Relations between geological structure and aeromagnetic anomalies in central Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 81, no. 7, p. 2045-2060.
- Robinson, T.W., 1953, Big Smoky Valley, Nevada, in Subsurface facilities of water management and patterns of supply—type area studies: U.S. Congress, House Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs, Phys. and Econ. Found. of Nat. Resources Rept. 4, p. 132-146.
- Ross, C.P., 1953, The geology and ore deposits of the Reese River district, Lander County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 997, 132 p.
- Ross, D.C., 1961, Geology and mineral deposits of Mineral County, Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 58, 98 p.
- Rush, F.E., 1972, Hydrologic reconnaissance of Big and Little Soda Lakes, Churchill County, Nevada: Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources Information Series Rept. 11.
- Rush, F.E., and Everett, D.E., 1964, Ground-water appraisal of Monitor, Antelope, and Kobeh Valleys, Nevada: Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources, Ground Water Resources-Reconnaissance Series Rept. 30, 42 p.
- _____1966, Water-resources appraisal of Little

 Fish Lake, Hot Creek, and Little Smoky Valleys, Nevada: Nevada Dept.

 Conservation and Natural Resources, Water-Resources Reconnaissance
 Series Rept. 38, 38 p.
- Rush, F.E., and Schroer, C.V., 1970, Water resources of Big Smoky Valley, Lander, Nye, and Esmeralda Counties, Nevada: Nevada Div. Water Resources, Water Resources Bull. 41, 84 p.
- Russell, I.C., 1885, Geological history of Lake Lahontan, a Quaternary lake of northwestern Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Mon. 11, 288 p.
- Ryall, Alan, 1972, Seismic potential in the western Great Basin and range/eastern Sierra Nevada region, Nevada and California: [abs.] in EOS, Transactions, American Geophysical Union, v. 63, no. 4, p. 442.

- Sargent, K. A., and McKee, E.H., 1970, the Bates Mountain Tuff in northern Nye County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1294-E, p. El-El2.
- Sass, J.H., and others, 1971, Heat flow in western United States: Jour. Geophys. Research, v. 76, no. 26, p. 6376-6413.
- Savage, W. U., 1972, Microearthquake clustering near Fairview Peak, Nev., and in the Nevada Seismix Zone: Jour. of Geophysical Research, v. 77, no. 35, p. 7049-7056.
- Schilling, J.H., 1965, Isotopic age determinations of Nevada rocks:

 Nevada Bur. Mines Rept. 10, Mackay School of Mines, Nevada Univ.

 Reno, Nev., 79 p.
- 1971a, Isochron West, A bulletin of isotopic geochronology: New Mexico State Bur. Mines and Mineral Resources, no. 2.
- 1971b, Isochron West, A bulletin of isotopic geochronology: New Mexico State Bur. Mines and Mineral Resources, no. 71-1.
- Schilling, J.H. and Garside, L.J., 1968, Oil and gas developments in Nevada, 1953-1967: Nevada Bur. Mines Rept. 18, 43 p.
- Schrader, F.C., 1947, Carson Sink area, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey openfile report, Mackay School of Mines, Univ. Nevada, Reno, 333 p.
- Scott, B.R., and others, 1971, Nevada's water resources: Nevada Water Planning Report 3, 87 p.
- Scott, D.H., and Trask, N.J., 1972, Geology of the Lunar Crater volcanic field, Nye County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 599-I.
- Sharp, R.P., 1939a, Basin-range structure of the Ruby-East Humboldt Range, northeastern Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 50, p. 881-920.
- 1939b, Miocene Humboldt formation in northeastern Nevada: Jour. Geology, v. 47, p. 133-160.
- 1940, Geomorphology of the Ruby-East Humboldt Range, Nevada:
 Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 51, p. 337-372.
- Shawe, F.R., Reeves, R.G., and Kral, V.E., 1962, Iron ore deposits of Nevada, Part C, Iron ore deposits of northern Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 53, pt. C, p. 79-128.
- Silberling, N.J., and Roberts, R.J., 1962, Pre-Tertiary stratigraphy and structure of northwestern Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Spec. Paper 72.
- Silberling, N.J., and Wallace, R.E., 1967, Geologic map of the Imlay quadrangle, Pershing County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Quad. Map GQ-666, 1:62,500.

- Silberman, M.L., and McKee, E.H., 1971, K-Ar ages of granitic plutons in north-central Nevada: Isochron/West, no. 1.
- 1972, A summary of radiometric age determinations on Tertiary volcanic rocks from Nevada and eastern California, Part II, Western Nevada, in Isochron West, no. 4, p. 7-28.
- Sinclair, W.C., 1962a, Ground-water resources of Pine Forest Valley, Humboldt County, Nevada: Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources, Ground-Water Resources-Reconnaissance Ser. Rept. 4, 22 p.
- 1962b, Ground-water resources Hualapai Flat, Washoe, Pershing, and Humboldt Counties, Nevada: Nevada Dept. Conservation and Natural Resources, Ground-water Resources-Reconnaissance Ser., Rept. 11, 16 p.
- 1963a, Ground-water appraisal of the Black Rock Desert area, northwestern Nevada: Nevada Department Conservation and Natural Resources, Ground-Water Resources-Reconnaissance Ser., Rept. 20, 32 p.
- 1963b, Ground-water appraisal of the Pueblo Valley-Continental Lake region, Humboldt County, Nevada: Nevada Department Conservation and Natural Resources, Ground-Water Resources Reconnaissance Ser., Rept. 22, 25 p.
- Slemmons, D.B., 1956, Geologic setting for the Fallon-Stillwater earthquakes of 1954: Seismol. Soc. America Bull., v. 46, no. 1, p. 4-9.
- 1957, Geological effects of the Dixie Valley-Fairview Peak, Nevada, earthquakes of December 16, 1954: Seismol. Soc. America Bull., v. 47, p. 353-375.
- Slemmons, D.B., and others, 1965, Earthquake epicenter map of Nevada: Nevada Bureau Mines Map 29.
- Slemmons, D.B., Jones, A.E., and Gimlett, J.I., 1965, Catalog of Nevada earthquakes: Seismol. Soc. America Bull., v. 55, no. 2, p. 519-565.
- Smith, J.F., and Ketner, K.B., 1972, Generalized geologic map of the Carlin, Dixie Flats, Pine Valley, and Robinson Mountain quadrangles, Elko and Eureka Counties, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Miscellaneous field studies map MF-481, 1:125,000.
- Snyder, C.T., 1963, Hydrology of stock-water development in the Ely Grazing District, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 1475-L, 58 p.
- Snyder, R.P., and others, 1969, Geologic map of the Lunar Crater quadrangle, Nye County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file rept.
- Southern Pacific Co., 1964, Minerals for industry, northern Nevada and northwestern Utah, summary of geological survey of 1955-1961, v. 1: Southern Pacific Co., Land Dept., San Francisco, Calif., 188 p.

- Speed, R.C., 1962a, Scapolitized gabbroic complex, West Humboldt Range, Nevada: Unpubl. Ph.D., thesis, Stanford Univ.
- 1962b, Layered picrite-anorthositic gabbro, West Humboldt Range, Nevada: Mineralog. Soc. America Spec. Paper 1.
- 1966, Time and geometry of Mesozoic orogeny, Dixie Valley-Carson Sink region, Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Spec. Paper 101.
- Speed, R.C., and Armstrong, R.L., 1971, Potassium-argon ages of some minerals from igneous rocks of western Nevada, in Isochron/West no. 71-1, p. 1-8.
- Speed, R.C., and Jones, T.A., 1969, Synorogenic quartz sandstone in the Jurassic mobile belt of western Nevada: Boyer Ranch Formation: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 80, p. 2551-2584.
- Staatz, M.H., and Bauer, H.L., Jr., 1954, Gamma group, in Radioactive deposits of Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1009-C, p. 76-77.
- Stabler, Herman, 1904, Report on ground waters of Carson Sink: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file rept., 49 p.
- Stearns, N.D., and others, 1937, Thermal springs in the United States: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 679B, 206 p.
- Stewart, J.H., 1969, Geologic map of the Battle Mountain and part of the Dunphy quadrangle, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map.
- Stewart, J.H., and Carlson, J.E., 1972, Geologic map of north-central Nevada mining region: U.S. Geol. Survey, unpubl. map.
- Stewart, J.H., and McKee, E.H., 1968a, Geologic map of the Mount Callaghan quadrangle, Lander County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. Quad. Map GQ-730, 1:62,500.
- 1968b, Geologic map of southeastern part of Lander County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map.
- 1969, Geologic map of west-central part of Lander County, Nevada (revised from 1968 map): U.S. Geol. Survey open-file rept.
- 1970, Geologic map of Lander County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map, 1:250,000.
- Stewart, J.H., and Palmer, A.R., 1967, Callaghan window--a newly discovered part of the Roberts Thrust, Toiyabe Range, Lander County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 575-D, p. D56-D63.
- Summerfield, H.B., and Peterson, F.F., 1971, Reconnaissance soil survey--Railroad Valley area, Nevada: Nevada Water Planning Rept., 49 p.

- Tatlock, D.B., 1969, Preliminary geologic map of Pershing County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map, 1:200,000.
- Thompson, G.A., and others, 1967, Geophysical study of Basin-Range structure Dixie Valley Region, Nevada: Geophysics Dept., Stanford Univ., Stanford, Calif., for U.S. Air Force, Cambridge Res. Laboratories, Bedford, Mass.
- Thompson, G.A., and Sandberg, C.H., 1958, Structural significance of gravity surveys in the Virginia City-Mount Rose area, Nevada and California: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 69, no. 10, p. 1269-1281.
- Thompson, G.A., and White, D.E., 1964, Regional geology of the Steamboat Springs area, Washoe County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 458-A, 52 p.
- Thorman, C.H., 1970, Metamorphosed and nonmetamorphosed Paleozoic rocks in the Wood Hills and Pequop Mountains, northeast Nevada: Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 81, no. 8, p. 2417-2448.
- Thorstenson, D.C., 1968, Geology of Chalk Mountain, Churchill County, Nevada: Unpublished Rept., Northwestern Univ.
- Tocher, Don, 1956, Movement on the Rainbow Mountain fault: Seismol. Soc. America Bull., v. 46, no. 1, p. 10-14.
- 1957, The Dixie Valley-Fairview Peak earthquake of December 16, 1954: Introduction: Seismol. Soc. America Bull., v. 47, p. 299-300.
- University of Nevada and others, 1962, Geological, geophysical and hydrological investigations of the Sand Springs Range, Fairview Valley, and Fourmile Flat, Churchill County Nevada: Nevada Univ. Pub., 1962, 128 p.
- U.S. Air Force, 1968, Transcontinental geophysical survey (35°-39° N)
 Bouguer gravity map from 112° W. longitude to the coast of California:
 U.S. Geol. Survey Misc. Geol. Inv. Map I-532-B.
- U.S. Geological Survey, 1953-73, Nevada section of southwestern States, Part 6, in Water levels and artesian pressures in observation wells in the United States, 1950-70: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Papers 1170, 1196, 1226, 1270, 1326, 1409, 1770, 1855, and 1881.
- 1960, The Great Basin, Part 10, in Compilation of records of surface water of the United States through September 1950: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 1314, 485 p.
- _____1963, The Great Basin, Part 10, in Compilation of records of surface water of the United States, October 1950 to September 1960: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 1734, 318 p.

- U.S. Geological Survey, 1967, Aeromagnetic map of parts of the Austin, Spencer Hot Springs, and Wildcat Peak quadrangles, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map.
- 1970, Surface water supply of the United States, 1961-65, Part 10--The Great Basin: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 1927, 978 p.
- 1971, Aeromagnetic map of parts of the Tonopah and Millet 1° by 2° quadrangles, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Map GP-752.
- 1972a, Aeromagnetic map of parts of the Lovelock, Reno, and Millett
 1° by 2° quadrangles, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map 1:250,000.
- 1972b, Aeromagnetic map of the Vya and part of the McDermitt 1° by 2° quadrangles, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map 1:250,000.
- U.S. Geological Survey and Nevada Bureau of Mines, 1964, Mineral and water resources of Nevada: Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 65, 314 p.
- U.S. Weather Bureau 1914-72, Climatological data: Nevada.
- VanDenburgh, A.S., Lamke, R.D., and Hughes, J.L., 1973, A brief waterresources appraisal of the Truckee River basin, western Nevada: Nevada Div. Water Resources Reconnaisssance Series Rept. 57, in preparation.

Bring, C.A. and others, 195. Thermal springs of the United States aper

design of the contract of the state of the contract of the con

hite. D. R. Thompson, O. A., and Sandberg, C. H., 1884, Rooks, structures:

1966, Branciogy, activity, and beat of our of the oblesaport Sarings , can

- VanDenburgh, A.S., and Rush, F.E., 1973, Water-resources appraisal of Railroad and Penoyer Valleys, east-central Nevada: Nevada Div. of Water Resources Reconnaissance series Rept., in preparation.
- Vanderburg, W.O., 1940, Reconnaiss ance of mining districts in Churchill County, Nevada: U.S. Bur. Mines Inf. Cir. 7093, 57 p.
- Wahl, R. E., 1965, An interprelation of gravity data from the Carson area, Nevada: Student Rept., Dept. Geophysics, Stanford Univ.
- Wallace, R.E., and others, 1959, Preliminary geologic map of the Buffalo Mtn. quadrangle Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Min. Inv. Field Study Map MF-220, 1:48,000.
- _____1970, Geologic map of the Unionville quadrangle, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. Quad. GQ-820, 1:62,500.
- Wallace, R.E., and Silberling, N.J., 1964, Westward tectonic overriding during Mesozoic time in north-central Nevada, in Geological Survey research 1964: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 501-C, p. C10-C13.
- Waring, G.A., 1918, Ground water in Reese River basin and adjacent parts of Humboldt River basin, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 424-D.
- Waring, G.A., and others, 1965, Thermal springs of the United States and other countries of the world--A summary: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 492, 383 p.
- Washburn, R.H., 1970, Paleozoic stratigraphy of Toiyabe Range, southern Lander County, Nevada: Am. Assoc. Petroleum Geologists Bull., v. 54, no. 2, p. 275-284.
- Wendell, W.G., 1970, The structure and stratigraphy of Virgin Valley-McGee Mountains area, Humboldt County, Nevada: Unpubl. M.S. thesis, Oregon State Univ.
- White, D.E., 1967, Some principles of geyser activity, mainly from steamboat Springs, Nevada: Am. Jour. Sci., v. 265, p. 641-684.
- 1968, Hydrology, activity, and heat flow of the Steamboat Springs thermal system, Washoe County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 458-C, 109 p.
- White, D.E., Hem, J.D., and Waring, G.A., 1963, Chemical composition of subsurface waters: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 440-F, 67 p.
- White, D.E., Thompson, G.A., and Sandberg, C.H., 1964, Rocks, structure, and geologic history of Steamboat Springs thermal area, Washoe County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 458-B, 63 p.

- Willden, Ronald, 1963, General geology of the Jackson Mountains, Humboldt County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Bull. 1140-D.
- 1964, Geology and mineral deposits of Humboldt County, Nevada:
 Nevada Bur. Mines Bull. 59, 154 p.
- Willden, Ronald, and Kistler, R.W., 1967, Ordovician tectonism in the Ruby Mountains, Elko County, Nevada, in Geological Survey Research 1967: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 575-D, p. D64-D75.
- 1969, Geologic map of the Jiggs quadrangle, Elko County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Geol. Quad. Map GQ-859.
- Willden, Ronald, and Mabey, D.R., 1961, Giant dessication fissures on the Black Rock and Smoke Creek Deserts, Nevada: Science, v. 133, p. 1359-1360.
- Willden, Ronald, and Speed, R.C., 1968a, Preliminary geologic map of Churchill County, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map, 1:200,000.
- 1968b, Geology and mineral deposits of Churchill County, Nevada:
 Nevada Bur. Mines open-file rept.
- Willden, Ronald, Thomas, H.H., and Stern, T.W., 1966, Oligocene or younger thrust faulting in the Ruby Mountains, Northeastern Nevada [abs.]: Geol. Soc. America Spec. Paper 87, p. 239.
- Northeastern Nevada: (Approved for publication by Geol. Soc. America)
 Geol. Soc. America Bull., v. 78, p. 1345-1358.
- Wilson, G.M., 1960, Geophysical investigations, Humboldt River, Humboldt County, Nevada, Unpublished Masters thesis, Nevada Univ.
- 1970, Aeromagnetic map of the Winnemucca area: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file map, 1:62,5000.
- Wilson, W.E., 1963, Geologic history of alluvial fans in the Winnemucca area, Nevada: Unpublished Ph.D. thesis, Illinois Univ.
- Young, Chapman, III, 1963, The geology north of White Cloud Canyon, Stillwater Range, Nevada: Unpublished M.S. thesis, Stanford Univ.
- Zones, C.P., 1957, Changes in hydrologic conditions in the Dixie Valley and Fairview Valley areas, Nevada, after the earthquake of December 16, 1954: Seismol. Soc. America Bull., v. 47, no. 4, p. 387-396.
- and Lander Counties, Nevada: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 1581, 50 p.

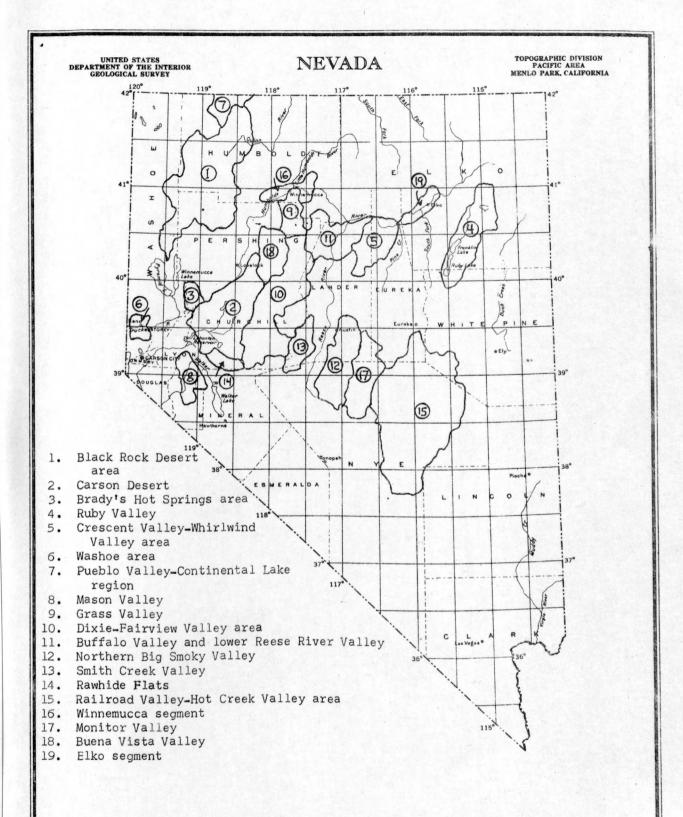
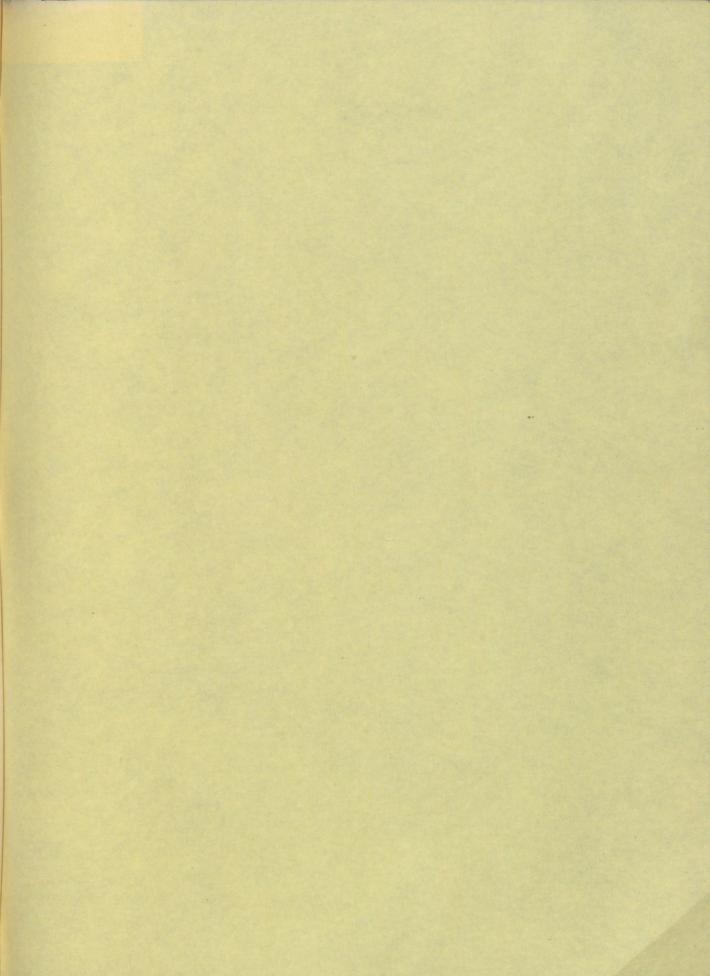


Figure 1.--Map of Nevada showing selected geothermal areas



3 1818 00029369 4

1