



**EXPLANATION**

TRANSMISSIVITY OF THE STRATIFIED-DRIFT AQUIFER

Uncolored areas are either fill and bedrock or unsaturated stratified drift.

To convert values given in feet squared per day to gallons per day per foot, multiply by 7.48.

| Feet squared per day | Meters squared per day |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| 0-2500               | 0-230                  |
| 2500-5000            | 230-460                |
| 5000-8000            | 460-740                |
| >8000                | >740                   |

40

LINE OF EQUAL SATURATED THICKNESS

Dashed where control points are sparse

Interval 20 feet

● S

Well at which transmissivity estimated from specific capacity data

● L

Well or boring at which transmissivity estimated from lithologic log

● R

Well with continuous water-level recorder

● Nsm 310

Well and U.S. Geological Survey town number referred to in report

▲ 1-1115

Continuous record gaging station and identification number

Area where fill is 40 feet (12 m) or more thick

Area where fill is 40 feet (12 m) or more thick and reportedly underlain by stratified sand and gravel

BOUNDARY OF MODEL AQUIFER

SUBBASIN BOUNDARY

BASIN BOUNDARY

SCALE 1:24,000

1 MILE

1 KILOMETER

CONTOUR INTERVAL 10 FEET

DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL

POTENTIAL YIELDS<sup>1</sup> OF WELLS FOR INDICATED COMBINATIONS OF SATURATED THICKNESS AND TRANSMISSIVITY (See page v for metric conversion factors.)

| SATURATED THICKNESS IN FEET | TRANSMISSIVITY, IN FEET SQUARED PER DAY |           |           |           |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                             | 0-2500                                  | 2500-5000 | 5000-8000 | >8000     |
| 0 - 20                      | 0 - 50                                  | 0 - 100   | ---       | ---       |
| 20 - 40                     | 0 - 75                                  | 50 - 200  | 75 - 300  | 150 - 400 |
| 40 - 60                     | 0 - 100                                 | 75 - 300  | 100 - 400 | 300 - 600 |
| 60 - 80                     | ---                                     | 100 - 400 | 300 - 500 | 400 - 700 |
| 80 - 100                    | ---                                     | ---       | 400 - 700 | 500 - 900 |

<sup>1</sup>Calculated for a pumping period of 200 days assuming (1) withdrawal is entirely from storage in an aquifer of infinite areal extent, (2) specific yield of the aquifer is 0.2, (3) well diameter is 1 foot, (4) available drawdown is three-fourths of the saturated thickness, and (5) well is carefully constructed and developed. Computed drawdowns for indicated pumping rates. Included adjustments for effects of aquifer dewatering, partial penetration of the aquifer by the well screen, and well entrance losses.

MAP VALUES OF SATURATED THICKNESS AND TRANSMISSIVITY MAY BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH ABOVE TABLE TO ESTIMATE RANGE OF POTENTIAL YIELDS OBTAINABLE FROM A WELL AT A PROPOSED SITE. THE TABLE IS INTENDED ONLY AS A GUIDE AND SHOULD NOT BE USED AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR EXPLORATORY TEST DRILLING.

Base from U.S. Geological Survey 1:24,000  
Blackstone, 1953; Oxford, 1953; Uxbridge,  
1955; Georgetown, 1954; Chepachet, 1955;  
Clayville, 1955; and Thompson, 1955.

GEOHYDROLOGIC MAP OF THE BRANCH RIVER BASIN, RHODE ISLAND