The surficial unconsolidated sediments are predominantly a mat of lake-bottom deposits, variously described as mud, silt, sand, or gravel, with some materials of glacial origin. The sediments on the lakes and streams are generally less than 10 feet thick, except on the larger lakes and streams where they may be as much as 30 feet thick. The sediments in the smaller lakes and streams are generally less than 10 feet thick, except on the larger lakes and streams where they may be as much as 30 feet thick.

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GROUNDF-WATER AVAILABILITY IN THE CENTRAL PART OF LAKE ONTARIO BASIN, NEW YORK

By T. S. Miller and M. L. Krebs

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Shore Lake Ontario Geology