Geology and Ground-Water Resources of the Lower South Platte River Valley Between Hardin Colorado, and Paxton Nebraska

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WATER-SUPPLY PAPER 1378

Prepared as part of the program of the Interior Department for development of the Missouri River basin



Geology and Ground-Water Resources of the Lower South Platte River Valley Between Hardin Colorado, and Paxton Nebraska

By L. J. BJORKLUND and R. F. BROWN

With a section on

CHEMICAL QUALITY OF THE GROUND WATER

By H. A. Swenson

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# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR FRED A. SEATON, Secretary

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Thomas B. Nolan, Director

### CONTENTS

At -44	Lag
Abstract	
Introduction	
Pilthose and scope of the investigation	
Location and extent of the area	
Previous investigations	
Methods of study.	
Well-numbering system.	
ACKNOWLEGEMENTS	Ţ
Geography	Ţ
Topography and drainage	Ţ
Climate	1.
Agriculture and population	1.
Industry	1.
Industry	1:
Geology	Į,
Geologic history	1
Paleozoic era	Ţ
Mesozoic era	1'
Cenozoic era	13
Geologic formations and their water-bearing properties	19
Cretaceous system	19
Pierre shale	19
Pierre shale Fox Hills sandstone.	2
Laramie tormation	23
Tertiary system	2
Oligocene series—White River group	2
Chadron formation	2
Brule formation	2'
Brule formation Pliocene series— Ogallala formation Quaternary system— Pleistocene and Recent series	28
Ouatemary system — Pleistocene and Recent series.	30
Alluvium	30
Dune sand	3:
Loess	3.
Ground water	3
Occurrence Hydrologic properties of water-bearing materials	3
Hydrologic properties of water-bearing materials	3.
Pumping tests	36
Behavior of ground water in the vicinity of discharging wells	30
The water table	40
Shape and slope of the water table	40
Fluctuations of the water table	4
Prospect Valley area Colorado	4
Hardin to Weldona Colo	4
Valleys of Riou and Kiowa Creeks Colorado	À
Fort Morgan area Colorado	- 30
Reguer Creek valley Colorado	50
Brish to Starling Colo	Š.
Fort Morgan area, Colorado	
Coloredo Nabraska State line to Dayton Nebr	ξ.
Cround-water recharge	<u> </u>
Compare from conclet recomplished and invigation	<u> </u>
Ground-water recharge Seepage from canals, reservoirs, and irrigation Precipitation	5
Streams	5
Subsurface inflow	ξ,
Oughtity of water in storage	5
Quantity of water in storage	5
Ground-water discharge	5
Transpiration and evaporation Streams, springs, and seeps	2
oreams, springs, and seeps	2
Wells	1:1111111111222222233333333444445555555555
Diffing methods	5
Irrigation wells	6
Construction methods	Ď.

		Page
Ground	water—Continued	68
Do	zation of ground water	68 68
Pui	blic supplies	69
H	Fort Morgan, Colo	69
i i	Brush, Colo	70
•	Merino, ColoSterling, Colo	70
Ì	lliff, Colo	71
		72
5	Sedgwick, Colo	72
Ç	UVIQ, COIO	73
ĭ	Sedgwick, Colo Dvid, Colo Dvid, Colo Big Springs, Nebr. Brule, Nebr.	74
Ī	Brule, Nebr	74
,	Oganiaia. Nebi	75
ļ	Päxton, Nebr Towns supplied by privately owned domestic wells	75
	Passible tuture development	76
Ind	lustrial supplies	77
Irri	igation supplies	77
I	dustrial supplies.  igation supplies.  History of development  Quantity of water pumped	77
1	Quantity of water pumped	/8 82
i	Pumping costs Estimates of future pumpage	83
Groun	nd-water conditions	84
Pro	ospect Valley area, Colorado	84
Ha	rdin to Weldona, Colo	86
ya Fo	rt Morgan area. Colorado	87
Be	Estimates of tuture pumpage nd-water conditions	. 88
Bn	ush to Sterling, Colo	89
Ste	erling, Colo., to Colorado-Nebraska State line	90
Chamia	lorado-Nebraska State line to Paxton, Nebr	97
Sourc	res of dissolved mineral substances	93
Co	mposition of the dissolved solids	9 <b>3</b>
Sol	luble substances in water from bedrock sources.	. 94
		95
Georg	ogy and its relation to chemical quality.  rephy and its relation to chemical quality.  r utilization and its relation to chemical quality.  f test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes  s of wells and springs.	100
Water	rutilization and its relation to chemical quality	100
Logs of	f test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes	103
Records	s of wells and springs	103
Conclus	sions	104
Append	sions	. 105
valle	w. Colorado and Nebraska	. 108
Append	ix B — Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower	100
South	Plate River valley, Colorado and Nebraska	168
Append	ly, Colorado and Nebraska	
Append	rado and Nebraskalix,D—Analyses of ground water in the lower South Platte River valley,	. 354
Color	rado and Nebraska	422
Index		422 429
	ILLUSTRATIONS	
	132001101111010	
	(433 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5	
	(All plates in box)	_
Plate	1 Geologic man of the lower South Diotte Diver valley between Hardin	Page
race	<ol> <li>Geologic map of the lower South Platte River valley between Hardin, Colo., and Paxton, Nebr., showing topography of the rocks beneath</li> </ol>	
	the Quaternary deposits.	
	7. Geologic sections across the South Platte Diver valley and tributary	
	valleys with index map showing locations.	
	Payton Nebr showing location of wells and springs, death to water	n,
	valleys with index map showing locations.  Map of lower South Platte River valley between Hardin, Colo., and Paxto. Paxton, Nebr., showing location of wells and springs, depth to water below land-surface datum and water-table contours.	
	4. Map of lower South Platte River valley between Hardin, Colo., and	
	Paxton, Nebr., showing the thickness of the saturated part of the	
T31	alluvium.	
Figure	1. Map of the Missouri River basin showing areas in which ground-water	
	studies have been made under the program for development of the Missouri River basin	4
	2. A, Map of South Platte River basin showing area included in this report:	7
	<ol> <li>A, Map of South Platte River basin showing area included in this report;</li> <li>B, Idealized profile of the South Platte River between Hardin, Colo.,</li> </ol>	_
	and Paxton. Nebr	

CONTENTS

		, P	age 9
Figure	3. 4.	Annual precipitation and cumulative departure from normal precipitation	
	5.	at Fort Morgan, Colo., 1931-50	13
	6	pumped Map and cross section of an area near Fort Morgan, Colo., showing the	36
		changes in the shape and slope of the water table due to changes in	42
	7.	the permeability of the water-bearing material	-
	8.	recovery of the water level after pumping	43
	9.	pressure, February 19–24, 1948	45
	10.	hydrologic conditions are relatively uniform	47
	10.	Platte River valley project area.  View of the Kiowa Creek bed showing change in size in the 45-mile	48
	11.	reach of the creek from $(A)$ Bennett, Colo., to $(B)$ 2 miles north of	
	12.	Wiggins, Colo	<b>5</b> 6 <b>6</b> 5
	13.	Cumulative number of irrigation wells constructed in the lower South	78
	14.	Platte River valley project area, 1910-50	97
	15.	valley	
	16.	Hardness-distribution curve for ground water in the alluvium	98 99
	17.	Classification of normal-type ground water for irrigation use	101
		TABLES	
		IADLES	
- 11		P	age
Table		Average climatic data for five stations in the lower South Platte River valley	12 37
	2. 3.	Ground-water inflow into the South Platte River valley project area	37
		through the alluvium of the South Platte River valley and its thou-	58
	4.	tary valleysQuantity of ground water in storage in the alluvium of the South	_
	5.	Platte River valley Estimated quantity of water pumped from irrigation wells and acreage	59
	6.	irrigated in the lower South Platte River valley	80
	7.	lower South Platte River valley	81
	••	pumping plants at irrigation wells in selected areas in Colorado.	83
		1949	03



#### GEOLOGY AND GROUND-WATER RESOURCES OF THE

# LOWER SOUTH PLATTE RIVER VALLEY BETWEEN HARDIN, COLORADO, AND PAXTON, NEBRASKA

#### By L. J. Bjorklund and R. F. Brown

#### ABSTRACT

The study of the geology and ground-water resources of the lower South Platte River valley was made by the Ground Water Branch of the U. S. Geological Survey at the request of the U. S. Bureau of Reclamation and with the endorsement of the Colorado Water Conservation Board. The area includes parts of Colorado and Nebraska, covers about 3,200 square miles, and ranges in altitude from about 3,000 to 5,000 feet above sea level. The average annual precipitation in the area is about 16 inches and is sufficient to support grasses and some grains. Irrigation utilizing water diverted from the river and pumped from wells is extensively developed in the valleys of the South Platte River and its tributaries. The principal agricultural products are corn, sugar beets, alfalfa, beans, wheat, barley, and livestock.

The rocks exposed in the area are sedimentary and range in age from Late Cretaceous to Recent. The Pierre shale underlies the entire area. The Fox Hills sandstone and the Laramie formation underlie the western part and the Chadron, Brule, and Ogaliala formations underlie the eastern part. Pleistocene and Recent alluvium underlies the valleys of the South Platte River and its tributaries. The Pierre shale ranges in thickness from about 2,500 feet near Paxton, Nebr., to about 6,500 feet near Hardin, Colo., and yields water in small quantities to wells in the vicinity of Sterling, Colo. Within the area, both the Fox Hills sandstone and the Laramie formation range in thickness from a featheredge to nearly 200 feet and yield small quantities of water to stock and domestic wells. Although a test hole near Proctor, Colo., was drilled 102 feet into the Chadron formation. the total thickness of the formation was not ascertained; no wells within the area covered by this investigation are known to derive water from the formation. The Brule formation ranges in thickness from a featheredge to more than 500 feet and yields water to wells from fractured or porous zones. The Ogallala formation ranges in thickness from a featheredge near Sedgwick, Colo., to about 350 feet near Paxton, Nebr., and yields large quantities of water to wells. The alluvium ranges in thickness from a featheredge at the edges of valleys to about 300 feet in some places in the valleys. The alluvium occursin two physiographic forms-Pleistocene and Recent terrace deposits and Recent floodplain deposits-and yields abundant water to irrigation, public-supply, and other wells. Dune-sand deposits cover part of the area, range in thickness from a featheredge to about 100 feet, and yield water in small quantities to stock and domestic wells. Loess deposits cover much of the area and range in thickness from a featheredge to about 50 feet. Generally the loess is above the water table and is not known to yield water to wells.

The principal source of ground water in the area is the alluvium of the South Platte River valley and of the tributary valleys of Lost, Kiowa, Bijou, Sand Arroyo, Badger, Beaver, Wildcat, Pawnee, and Lodgepole Creeks. The water table in the tributary valleys slopes downvalley toward the river; its gradient is similar to that of the valleys. The water table in the South Platte River valley slopes diagonally downstream toward the river. Where the alluvium is bordered by the moderately permeable Fox Hills sandstone or the Laramie or Ogallala formations, the water table generally extends into the bedrock formations without any significant change of slope or shape.

In areas where irrigation water from the river is supplemented by pumping from wells, the water levels generally neither rose nor declined during the period 1940-50. However, in the areas where irrigation supplies are obtained wholly from wells, the water levels declined steadily. The decline in the Bijou and Kiowa Creeks area was about 8 feet, of which about 2 feet occurred in 1950. The average decline in parts of the Beaver Creek valley was about 4 feet, of which about 1 foot occurred in 1950. The decline of the water table is most critical in the Beaver Creek valley, owing to a relatively thin saturated thickness of the water-bearing material. The most critical decline in the Beaver Creek valley is in the vicinity of Gary, Colo., where water levels declined 2 feet during 1950 and 10 feet during 1940-50.

Recharge to the ground-water reservoir is effected by seepage from canals, reservoirs, and irrigated land, by precipitation in local and adjacent areas, by seepage from streams, and by subsurface inflow of ground water. Discharge of ground water is effected by evaporation and transpiration, seepage into streams, outflow as springs, and subsurface underflow out of the area, and by pumping of wells. About 12,700,000 acre-feet of water is stored in the alluvium in the project area. Under present conditions, a gain or a loss of about 175,000 acre-feet of water is represented by each foot of rise or decline of the water table.

It is estimated that about 1,380 irrigation wells were in operation by the end of 1950. The pumps on about 71 percent of these were powered by electricity, about 17 percent were powered by tractors, and about 12 percent were powered by stationary combustion engines. Total pumpage during the 1946-50 period ranged from about 123,000 acre-feet in 1947 to about 281,000 acre-feet in 1950.

Municipal water-supply systems at Fort Morgan, Brush, Merino, Sterling, Iliff, Crook, Sedgwick, Ovid, and Julesburg, Colo., and Big Springs, Brule, Ogallala, and Paxton, Nebr., all derive their water from wells. Domestic and stock water supplies throughout the area are derived from wells.

Chemical analyses were made of 123 ground-water samples that were taken from the alluvium, dune sand, and bedrock formations. Water from the Pierre shale generally is soft, sodium and bicarbonate being the principal constituents, but the dissolved solids are high. Water from the Fox Hills sandstone is soft and has a moderately high content of dissolved solids. The Ogallala formation yields moderately soft calcium bicarbonate water that has a dissolved solids content ranging from 152 to 396 ppm (parts per million). The dune sand contributes moderate amounts of soluble minerals, and the water generally is soft. The alluvium of the South Platte River valley yields water in which calcium and sulfate compose much of the dissolved solids and which generally is hard. The ground water in tributary valleys to the South Platte River valley is similar in chemical quality to that in the main valley. Diverted river water used for irrigation tends to increase the mineral content of the ground water.

Wells that would yield 500 to 1,000 gpm (gallons per minute) can be developed in most places in the alluvial deposits that underlie the valleys of the South Platte River and its tributaries, and wells that yield as much as 2,000 gpm probably could be developed in the thick saturated sections of alluvium in the valley of the South Platte River. A balanced surface- and ground-water irrigation system could be established by pumping water for irrigation from wells in seep areas, thus reducing the amount of surface water needed. Where the ground-water reservoir is replenished by recharge from the South Platte River and from adjacent areas during the nonirrigation season, large quantities of water could be pumped from the ground-water reservoir into canals and reservoirs during the irrigation season. Hydrologic studies should be continued in the lower South Platte River valley.

#### INTRODUCTION

### PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THE INVESTIGATION

This investigation is one of several being made by the U. S. Geological Survey as part of the program of the Department of the Interior for the control, conservation, development, and use of the water resources of the Missouri River basin. The study of the geology and ground-water resources of the lower South Platte River valley was made by the U. S. Geological Survey at the request of the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation and with the endorsement of the Colorado Water Conservation Board. The study was intended to aid in the formulation of plans for future development of the area, including the effective utilization of water from the Colorado-Big Thompson and other transmountain diversions. The investigation was made in order to determine the character, thickness, and extent of the water-bearing formations, and the origin, quality, quantity, movement, availability, and use of ground water in the area. This report includes data collected during the investigation, from April 1947 through December 1950, and earlier data taken from reports on water levels in Colorado and Nebraska.

#### LOCATION AND EXTENT OF THE AREA

The area investigated includes the South Platte River valley from Hardin, Colo., to Paxton, Nebr., a distance of about 200 miles, and parts of tributary valleys. (See figs. 1 and 2 A.) The area includes parts of Adams, Logan, Morgan, Sedgwick, Washington, and Weld Counties in Colorado and parts of Deuel and Keith Counties in Nebraska, and covers about 3,200 square miles. About one-third of the area is in the tributary valleys in and south of Morgan and Weld Counties.

#### PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

Several studies have been made concerning the geology or groundwater resources of all or part of the area under consideration.

Meek and Hayden (1862), Hague and Emmons (1877), King (1878), White (1878 and 1879), and Eldridge (1889) mentioned the geology of this area in general reports that described large areas of west-central United States. Darton (1905) made a reconnaissance

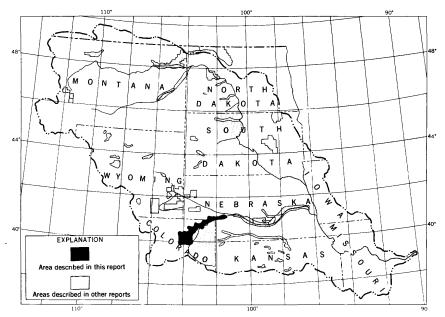


Figure 1.—Map of Missouri River basin showing area in which ground-water studies have been made under the program from development of the Missouri River basin.

the geology and ground-water resources of the central Great Plains, including the South Platte River valley. and Wolff (1906) prepared a report on the amount of underflow in the South Platte River valley between Sterling, Colo., and the confluence of the North and South Platte Rivers. Meinzer (1919) made a ground-water investigation of Lodgepole Creek valley in Wyoming and Nebraska. Henderson (1920a, b) discussed the geology of the drainage areas that are tributary to the South Platte River. His reports emphasize paleontology but include brief discussions on lithology and stratigraphy. Cretaceous stratigraphy and structure are discussed in a report by Mather, Gilluly, and Lusk (1928). Dobbin and Reeside (1929) described the contact of the Fox Hills sandstone and the Laramie formation, and Lovering and others (1932) redefined the Fox Hills sandstone and placed the lower limit at a mappable horizon. Several reports, notably those by Rankin (1933), Dane and Pierce (1936), and Van Tuyl and others (1938), describe petroleum investigations in northeastern Colorado. Bryan and Ray (1940) gave detailed descriptions of terrace deposits in the South Platte River valley west of the area covered by this investigation and discussed the Pleistocene and Recent history of the region. A report on the geology and ground-water resources of Keith County, Nebr., by Wenzel and Waite (1941) was used extensively in the preparation of the part of this report

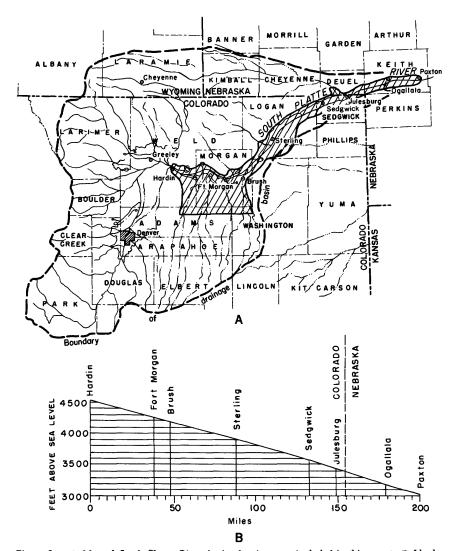


Figure 2. — A, Map of South Platte River basin showing area included in this report; B, Idealized profile of the South Platte River between Hardin, Colo., and Paxton, Nebr.

that pertains to Keith County. Several reports by Condra and others (1940, 1943, 1947) on the geology of Nebraska are applicable to this area. Two publications by Code (1943, 1945), which deal with the use of ground water for irrigation in parts of the area in Colorado, have been of particular value in the current study. A bulletin covering the geology and ground-water resources of parts of Lincoln, Elbert, and El Paso Counties, Colo., by McLaughlin (1946) treats comparable ground-water problems in similar geologic units.

#### METHODS OF STUDY

The investigation was started in April 1947 under the general supervision of A. N. Sayre, chief of the Division of Ground Water (now called the Ground Water Branch) of the U. S. Geological Survey, and of G. H. Taylor, regional engineer in charge of ground-water investigations in the Missouri River basin, and under the immediate supervision of S. W. Lohman, district geologist, Denver, Colo. A field office, staffed by L. J. Bjorklund, engineer, and R. T. Littleton, geologist, was established at Fort Morgan, Colo. N. M. MacNeill was employed in June 1947 to assist in the engineering work. H. F. Haworth, geologist, was detailed to the project in July. J. A. Tavelli, geologist, succeeded Mr. Haworth in November 1947 and he in turn was succeeded in September 1948 by R. F. Brown, geologist. H. M. Babcock, district engineer, Cheyenne, Wyo., critically reviewed the report and supervised its final compilation.

The quality-of-water studies were under the general direction of S. K. Love, chief of the Quality of Water Branch of the U. S. Geological Survey, and under the immediate supervision of P. C. Benedict, regional engineer in charge of the quality-of-water investigations in the Missouri River basin. Analyses of water samples were made in the laboratory of the U. S. Geological Survey at Lincoln, Nebr.

A network of 189 observation wells was established early in the investigation. This included 62 wells in the Colorado part of the area in which water levels formerly were measured by W.E.Code of the Colorado Agricultural Experiment Station, Colorado State College, Fort Collins, Colo., and 18 wells in the Nebraska part of the area in which water levels had been measured by the Lincoln, Nebr., office of the U.S. Geological Survey. Water levels were measured monthly from the beginning of the investigation through June 1949 and bimonthly thereafter through December 1950. In addition, 4 wells in Morgan County, Colo., were equipped with water-stage recording gages. Additional records were obtained from recording gages in Morgan and Weld Counties, Colo., and from 2 recording gages in Keith County, Nebr.; the former were operated by Mr. Code and the latter were operated by W. A. Doolittle of the Platte Valley Public Power and Irrigation District. Waterlevel records for 161 wells in Colorado and 28 wells in Nebraska are given in appendix C.

Records were obtained of 1,767 wells in the area, including 1,266 wells of large discharge used for irrigation, public supply, or industry, and 436 wells of small discharge used for domestic or stock supply, and 65 unused wells. Well owners, users, and

drillers were interviewed in order to obtain pertinent information about the wells and about the nature and thickness of the waterbearing formations that are tapped by the wells. All available logs of wells were collected. An attempt was made to include all wells of large discharge in the inventory. Well records previously obtained in Colorado by W. E. Code and in Nebraska by L. K. Wenzel and H. A. Waite were studied and the wells were revisited. The location of wells was determined by automobile odometer measurements from nearby section corners or other landmarks. A summary of the inventoried wells is shown below. Measurements of the depth to water and total depth of wells were made with a steel tape, and measurements of pump yields were made with a Hoff current meter. These measurements and other pertinent information about the wells are included in appendix C at the end of this report. Reported data are listed for those wells that could not be measured.

Number of wells, according to pertinent data, included in the inventory of the lower South Platte River valley between Hardin, Colo., and Paxton, Nebr.

	Number of wells							
State and County	U:	se of water		347 +	Altitude			
State and County	Irrigation, public-supply, and industrial	Domestic, stock, and others	Total wells	Water level measured	established by spirit leveling			
Colorado:								
Adams	34	5	39	34	27			
Logan	164	123	287	226	237			
Morgan	585	208	793	643	644			
Sedwick	56	44	100	82	89			
Washington	33	14	47	32	40			
Weld	162	41	203	159	164			
Nebraska:								
Deuel	77	16	93	74	76			
Keith	155	50	205	160	171			
Total	1, 266	501	1,767	1,410	1,448			

A study of the geologic formations in the area, with emphasis on the Quaternary water-bearing materials, was carried on successively by geologists Littleton, Haworth, Tavelli, and Brown. Aerial photographs and State highway maps were used in mapping the formations. The drilling of 226 test holes (total footage, 27,749) was supervised by geologists of the U. S. Geological Survey who also logged the test holes. (See table on p. 8.) Logs of 640 wells were collected from well drillers, farmers, and land owners and a careful selection was made for inclusion in this report. An additional 375 logs of seismograph shot holes were collected; these included surface and bedrock altitudes. Information from the logs of these test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes was used in drawing on plate 1 the lines showing the contour of the pre-Quaternary surface.

Test drilling in the project area supervised and logged by geologists of the U.S.
Geological Survey

Driller	Year	Supervisor	Number of holes	Feet of drilling
Canfield Drilling Co., Fort Morgan, Colo. Contract with U. S. Geol. Survey.	1947	H. F. Haworth	55	5, 000
Do	1948	J. A. Tavelli	54	4,820
Canfield Drilling Co., Fort Morgan, Colo. Contract with town of Julesburg, Colo.	1948	T. G. McLaughlin	8	860
Ellithorpe and Putman, Ogallala, Nebr. Contract with U. S. Geol, Survey,	1949	R. F. Brown	55	5, 774
Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska. Cooper- ative arrangement with U. S. Geol, Survey.	1949	J. L. Deffenbaugh	39	9, 739
Adams Well Works, Brush, Colo. Contract with town of Brush, Colo.	1949	R. F. Brown	15	1,556
Total		••••••	226	27,749

The altitude of the measuring point of 1,448 wells and of the land surface at 226 test holes was established by F. F. Busch, R. L. Morgan, and L. R. Reed. Temporary bench marks were set at or near section corners to aid future leveling work.

Samples of water were collected from 123 wells and chemical analyses of the samples were made in the laboratory of the U. S. Geological Survey at Lincoln, Nebr.

Pumping tests were made at six sites to determine the hydrologic properties of the water-bearing materials. Two of these tests were made in cooperation with the U. S. Bureau of Reclamation to determine the possibility of seepage at proposed dam sites.

Detailed studies were made in the vicinity of Julesburg and of Brush, Colo. Two reports, one by T. G. McLaughlin (1948) and the other by R. F. Brown (1950), were prepared by the U. S. Geological Survey and published by the Colorado Water Conservation Board. Data collected during those studies are included in this report.

#### WELL-NUMBERING SYSTEM

Well numbers in this report are based on the Bureau of Land Management's system of land subdivision. The well number shows the location of the well by township, range, section, and position within the section. A graphical illustration of this method of well numbering is shown in figure 3. The first letter (capital) of a well

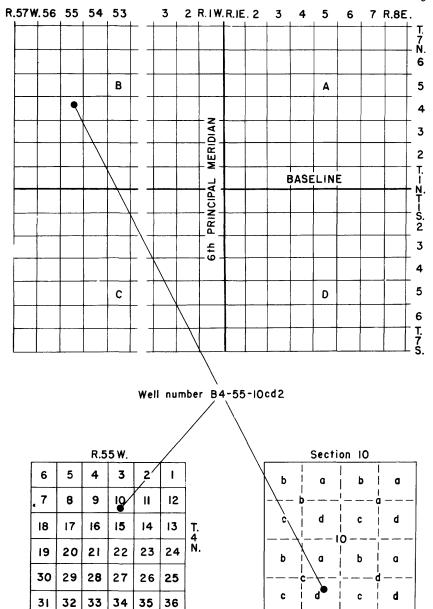


Figure 3. - Well-numbering system.

number gives the quadrant of the meridian and baseline system in which the well is located; the quadrants are lettered beginning in the northeast quadrant (with A) and proceeding counterclockwise. All wells in this area lie in the northwest (B) or southwest (C) quadrants of the sixth principal meridian and baseline system. The first numeral of a well number indicates the township, the second the range, and the third the section in which the well is located. The lowercase letters following the section number locate the well within the section. The first letter denotes the quarter section, and the second letter the quarter-quarter section. The letters are assigned in a counterclockwise direction beginning with (a) in the northeast quarter of the section or of the quarterquarter section. If more than one well is in a quarter-quarter section consecutive numbers, beginning with 1, are added to the well numbers. For example, the well number B1-55-30bd indicates a location in the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of sec. 30, T. 1 N., R. 55 W.

#### **ACKNOWL EDGMENTS**

Many residents in the area gave information about their wells and permitted measurements to be made in their wells. Information regarding public-supply wells was given by city and town officials of Fort Morgan, Brush, Merino, Sterling, Iliff, Crook, Sedgwick, Ovid, and Julesburg, Colo., and Big Springs, Ogallala, and Paxton, Nebr. W. E. Code of the Colorado Agricultural Experiment Station, Colorado State College, Fort Collins, Colo., made data available from his previous ground-water investigations within the area. Appreciation is expressed to personnel of the U. S. Bureau of Reclamation for their cooperation in supplying engineering data. H. W. Bigler, president, M. M. Wilson, manager, and other members of the board of the Morgan County Rural Electric Association supplied free power for pumping tests and furnished power data of irrigation pumps. Well drillers or drilling companies (including Canfield Drilling Co., Fort Morgan, Colo.; Adams Well Works, Brush, Colo.; Seth Harshman, Wiggins, Colo.; Oliver Well Works, Greeley, Colo.; Holden and Holden, Hudson, Colo.; A. E. Crandall and sons, Hoyt, Colo.; Ellithorpe & Putman, Ogallala, Nebr.; Haggard Drilling. Co., Ogallala, Nebr.; John Linglebach, Ogallala, Nebr.; Stewart Drilling Co., Sterling, Colo.; and Sharp Drillers, Sidney, Nebr.) contributed logs of wells and test holes and supplied general information regarding depths to water and bedrock. E.C. Reed. J. L. Deffenbaugh. and V. H. Dreeszen of the Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska gave valuable advice and assistance in connection with the geologic investigation in Deuel and Keith Counties, Nebr.

#### **GEOGRAPHY**

#### TOPOGRAPHY AND DRAINAGE

The area covered by this investigation lies entirely within the lower valley of the South Platte River and is drained by that stream and its tributaries. The valley lies in the Denver basin region of the Colorado Piedmont and High Plains sections of the Great Plains physiographic province.

The altitude of the highest part of the area, in the vicinity of Prospect Valley, Colo., is about 5,000 feet, and that of the lowest point, at Paxton, Nebr., is 3,057 feet; the total relief, therefore, is about 2,000 feet.

The river is about 1,500 feet lower than the South Platte-Arkansas divide, to the south, and more than 1,000 feet lower than the South Platte-North Platte divide in Wyoming. In the divide areas, the Tertiary rocks are still intact. The surface between the divide areas, which is essentially in the old age stage of the erosion cycle, is formed, for the most part, on the uniformly weak Pierre shale with promontories that are capped by the more resistant Fox Hills sandstone and the rocks of the White River group. Downstream from Sedgwick, Colo., the Tertiary rocks crop out in belts parallel to the river and form a broad, flat, upland plain, which is broken only by short, steep, tributary valleys.

Six terrace surfaces are present in many places in the South Platte River valley, and at least two pediment surfaces lie above the terraces (Bryan and Ray, 1940). Three distinct stages of downcutting by streams into the underlying bedrock are shown on the cross sections (pl. 2, sections O, P, Q, R). These successive stages of downcutting are reflected imperfectly in the major tributary drainages. The South Platte River, which is a throughflowing stream from mountains that are in a region of high precipitation, caused more rapid erosion than its tributaries which originate on the plains. Because little rain falls on the plains and because the Tertiary mantle is highly permeable, erosion has been extensive only where gradients were steep, as in Beaver and Bijou Creeks. Tributary drainages, therefore, did not adjust completely to each change in grade of the South Platte River.

The South Platte River is a consequent stream that resulted from the uplift of the Rocky Mountains, and its gradient is comparatively uniform. (See fig. 2B.) Tributary streams west of the Morgan County line may be in part subsequent—that is, the upturned edges of the underlying Cretaceous sediments may have determined the course of the streams. Drainage throughout the

remainder of the area covered by this investigation is typically dendritic.

The South Platte River and Lodgepole Creek are perennial throughout the area, although their flow is subject to marked seasonal variation. The remaining stream valleys have a continuous underflow, but surface runoff occurs only after precipitation.

#### CLIMATE

The area considered in this report is semiarid and has an average annual rainfall of about 16 inches. This precipitation is insufficient for many kinds of crops but, when uniformly distributed throughout the growing season, it will support grasses and some grains. Most of the summer rainfall results from thundershowers but, owing to the erratic distribution of the showers, each year some areas have extended rainless periods. For these reasons, irrigation has become an increasingly important part of the agricultural economy of the lower South Platte River valley.

The average climatic data for five stations in the lower South Platte River valley are given in table 1, and the annual precipita-

Table 1.—Average climatic data for five stations in the lower South Platte River valley

[Data from records of the U. S. Weather Bureau]

	Annual precipi-	Tempe	Length of growing				
Station	tation (inches)	Maximum	Minimum	Average July	Average January		
Colorado:							
Greeley, Weld County	12,60	107	-45	72.2	24.9	148	
Fort Morgan, Morgan County.	13.43	109	-36	72.8	23.5	145	
Sterling, Logan County		105	-33	72.4	23.8	146	
Julesburg, Sedgwick County	17.14	108	-38	74.7	25.4	140	
Nebraska:							
Ogallala, Keith County	19,49	111	-29	77.0	24.6	150	

tion and cumulative departure from normal precipitation at Fort Morgan, Colo., are shown in figure 4. The prevailing direction of the wind throughout the area is from north to northwest during the winter and from south to southeast during the summer. Wind velocities are highest during the spring and diminish to a minimum in late summer. In the eastern part of the lower South Platte River valley, tornadoes sometimes cause local damage to crops; however, the most severe weather damage to crops results from hail.

GEOGRAPHY 13

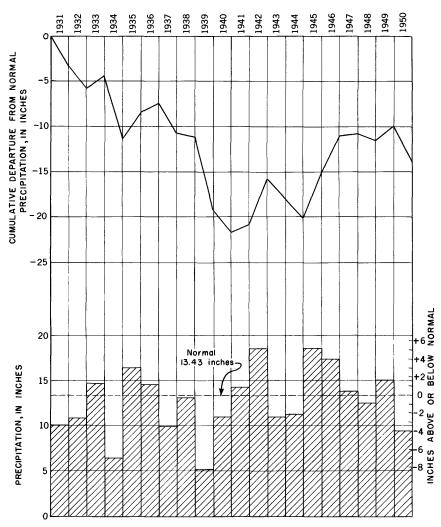


Figure 4. — Annual precipitation and cumulative departure from normal precipitation at Fort Morgan, Colo., 1931-50.

#### AGRICULTURE AND POPULATION

The limits of the area covered by the investigation are arbitrarily defined and do not conform to established geographical boundaries. For this reason, statistics relative to agriculture and population within the limits of the area are not readily available; hence, the figures presented are estimates, based on data for entire counties for the years 1939-47. The amount of irrigated land has increased appreciably since 1939.

Eighty-five percent of Morgan County, Colo., is included within the area of study. Because the remaining 15 percent is sparsely populated and is not irrigated, the total county statistics are used. The types of crops produced in Morgan County (see table below)

Acreage of dry and irrigated crops in Morgan County, Colo., 1947

[Data supplied by Jack French, County Agent for Morgan County]

_	Acreage cultivated			Acreage cultivated	
Crop	lrrigated	Dry	Crop	Irrigated	Dry
Corn	31,000 25,000 20,000 18,000 16,000 5,000	0 0 0 18,000 0 51,000	Oats	2,500 2,400 500 0	2,500 0 425,000 17,500 5,000
Vegetables	5,000	01,000	Total	125, 400	519,000

are representative of those that are produced throughout the lower South Platte River valley. To obtain a comparison between Morgan County and other counties in the lower South Platte River valley, estimates were made (see table below) from data given in Year Book of the State of Colorado for 1939-40; the population and cultivated acreage were apportioned according to the percentage

Estimated population and cultivated acreage of the lower South Platte River valley, by counties, 1939-40

	Area, i	n square miles		Acreage cultivated		
County	Total	Part included in investigation	Population	Irrigated	Dry	
Colorado:						
Weld	4,020	590	8,700	40,000	400,000	
Morgan	1,285	1,098	17, 180	70,000	600,000	
Washington	2,520	20	500	5,000	3,000	
Logan	1,820	800	8,000	75,000	450,000	
Sedgwick	530	324	4,000	19,000	180,000	
Nebraska:					ĺ	
Deuel	440	250	4,000	10,000	100,000	
Keith	1,085	400	3,000	20,000	150,000	
Total	11,700	3,482	45, 380	239,000	1,883, <b>0</b> 00	

of the county included in the area. Population estimates may be considerably in error, as they are based on the assumption that the population is evenly distributed throughout the counties.

#### INDUSTRY

The major industries in the area are those that process agricultural products. Sugar refineries are located in Ovid, Sterling, Brush, and Fort Morgan, Colo., and grain mills are located in many of the cities. Small manufacturing concerns operate in several of the cities.

#### TRANSPORTATION

The area is served by two major railroads. The main line of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad crosses the southern part of the area through Brush, Fort Morgan, Wiggins, and Roggen, Colo., and a branch line of this railroad extends north from the main line at Brush, Colo. The main line of the Union Pacific Railroad parallels the South Platte River from Paxton, Nebr., west to Julesburg, Colo., then turns northward and parallels Lodgepole Creek. A branch line of the Union Pacific Railroad parallels the South Platte River from Julesburg, Colo., west to beyond the edge of the project area. Short branch lines of both railroads serve as sugar-beet collection points throughout the area.

U. S. Highways 6, 34, 138, and 30 traverse parts of the area, and several State highways and graded county roads connect with the U. S. highways.

#### **GEOLOGY**

The rocks that crop out in the lower South Platte River area are sedimentary and range in age from Late Cretaceous to Recent. The areas of outcrop of these formations are shown on plate 1. The oldest rocks, which are of Late Cretaceous age, are the Pierre shale, the Fox Hills sandstone, and the Laramie formation. Tertiary rocks in the area include the Chadron, Brule, and Ogallala formations. Most of the major valleys contain Quaternary deposits of alluvium, terrace deposits, and dune sand.

A generalized section of the geologic formations that are exposed in the area is given on page 16. A brief account of the geologic history of the area and descriptions of the geologic formations and their water-bearing properties are given on the following pages.

Generalized section of the geologic formations exposed in the lower South Platte River valley

System	Series	Subdivision	Thickness (feet)	Physical character	Water supply
	Pleistocene	Dune sand Unconformity	0-100	Sand, silt, and clay; compacted slightly.	Lies mostly above water table and yields only small supply of water locally, but serves as an infiltration area for recharge.
Quaternary	and Re- cent	Alluvium Unconformity	0-293+	Gravel, sand, silt, and clay; unconsolidated, lenticular.	Supplies large quantites of water to imigation wells and public-supply wells throughout the lower South Platte River valley.
	Pliocene	Ogallala formation Inconformity	0-350+	Gravel, sand, silt, and clay beds interlayered with hard calcareous sandstone and limestone (caliche).	An important source of water in Keith and Deuel Counties, Nebr. Yields large quantities of water to irrigation wells.
Tertiary		River Brule formation	0-500+	Silt, containing fine sand and clay, light tan to pink; contains channel deposits of gravel and sand.	Generally not a good aquifer, but yields a moderate supply locally from porous and jointed zones.
	Oligocene	Chadron  From Comation  The formation	0-102+	Pink, blue, and green clay and channel deposits,	Small quantities of water may be available locally from channel deposits,
		Laramie formation	0-200+	Sandy clay, shale, and sandstone; carbonaceous; contains coal,	Yields moderate quantities of water to stock and domestic wells,
Cretaceous	Upper Creta-	Fox Hills sandstone	0-200	Largely grayish-brown shaly sandstone and beds of massive white sandstone; contains large concretions,	Yields water underartesian pressure to domestic and stock wells, locally supplies springs.
	en co	Pierre shale	2, 500- 6, 500	Dark shale and silt. Contains a few large limestone concretions and sandstone lenses throughout.	Yields moderate quantities of water to stock and domestic wells in some areas.

#### GEOLOGIC HISTORY

The oldest formation exposed in the area is the Pierre shale of Late Cretaceous age. Rocks of Paleozoic age and of Mesozoic age that are older than the Pierre shale do not crop out in the portion of the South Platte River valley included in this study, but they are exposed along the east front of the Rocky Mountains about 50 miles west of the area. Statements concerning the possible presence of these rocks beneath the area are based in part on observations made where the rocks crop out and in part upon data from several deep oil tests that were drilled in and near the area. The following discussion of Paleozoic and Mesozoic history is adapted from a report by McLaughlin (1946, p. 21-24) of a nearby area of similar lithology and is applicable to this report.

#### PALEOZOIC ERA

The Paleozoic history of the region began with the erosion of the pre-Cambrian basement rocks that lie beneath the Paleozoic sediments in this region. After the long period of erosion, thick deposits of marine limestone and shale were laid down by shallow seas that covered the area. The seas withdrew in later Paleozoic time and a thick sequence of red beds was laid down in an arid region, as is indicated by the deposits of evaporites such as anhydrite and gypsum.

#### MESOZOIC ERA

Arid conditions continued in this region during the first part of the Mesozoic era, as indicated by the Triassic red beds exposed along the eastern border of the Colorado Front Range.

During the Jurassic period the shale and sandstone of the Morrison formation were laid down by streams. The continental origin of this formation is shown by the abundance of fossil remains of dinosaurs and other land animals in these deposits in the Rocky Mountain region.

The Cretaceous period began with erosion, which lasted until near the end of Early Cretaceous time. The sandstone in the lower part of the Purgatoire formation was then deposited in this area either by shallow seas or by streams (Twenhofel, 1924, p. 19). A sea then covered the area and deposited the Kiowa shale member of the Purgatoire formation. The overlying Dakota sandstone, which marks the top of the Lower Cretaceous series and the bottom of the Upper Cretaceous series, was laid down under conditions

similar to those during early Purgatoire time; that is, the sea retreated and continental deposits of sand and clay were laid down.

During much of Late Cretaceous time there were widespread invasions of the sea, which deposited several thousand feet of marine shale, chalk, limestone, and sandstone that constitute the the Graneros shale, Greenhorn limestone, Carlile shale, Niobrara shale, Pierre shale, and Fox Hills sandstone. Near the close of the Cretaceous period the area now occupied by the Rocky Mountains began to rise, the sea withdrew, and the sandstone, shale, and coal of the Laramie formation and lower part of the Dawson arkose were deposited mainly by streams but probably in part under nearshore conditions. The rise of the Rocky Mountains created increased gradients in the streams, causing deposition of beds of sandstone that now constitute the principal water-bearing deposits in these formations.

#### CENOZOIC ERA

Early Tertiary time was a period of uplift and severe erosion and during this time a great thickness of Cretaceous sediments, including most of the Laramie and Fox Hills formations, was removed from the area. This was followed by several periods of deposition. From Oligocene through Pliocene time, considerable clastic material, which was derived from the Rocky Mountains to the west, was laid down by streams or in lakes. The White River group, composed of the Chadron and Brule formations, consists of thick clay and silt deposited in many shallow lakes and of channel sand deposited by streams of slight to moderate declivity. Stream gradients gradually steepened until the end of Pliocene time. The increase in grain size toward the top of the Ogallala formation reflects this change in grade. The lenticular character of the materials in the Ogallala formation indicates that they were deposited by braided streams.

The multiple glaciations in the Rocky Mountains during the Pleistocene epoch were reflected in the South Platte River valley by successive stages of degradation and aggradation. During the early part of this epoch, the South Platte River and its large tributaries incised deep channels, which nearly conform to present drainage patterns. However, these pre-Quaternary channels, for the most part, are much straighter than the present stream channels, probably because the rapid downcutting of the streams prevented lateral erosion. However, at the mouth of both Bijou and Lodgepole Creeks, the river apparently has occupied several channels. The approximate location, size, and areal extent of these pre-Quaternary channels are shown on plate 1 by contour

lines drawn on the pre-Quaternary surface. The locations of the contours are based on depths to the pre-Quaternary formations obtained from logs of test holes and wells (appendix B) and on information obtained from well owners (appendix C). Twenty-five geologic cross sections were constructed to show the shape of these channels. These cross sections and their location in the project area are shown on plate 2.

The pre-Quaternary channels were filled to a depth of as much as 500 feet. Later Pleistocene glaciations caused more cycles of erosion and aggradation, which resulted in six terraces representing six levels to which the river was aggraded. Each of these terrace levels has been correlated with a substage of the Wisconsin glaciation (Bryan and Ray, 1940, p. 48). At the present time, the South Platte River is flowing nearly at grade—that is, erosion and deposition are approximately equal; however, the tributaries are not yet completely adjusted to the South Platte River and still are actively eroding.

The large deposits of dune sand and loess within the area were deposited mainly during late Pleistocene time, although in places the dunes are actively migrating. These eolian deposits were derived from the wide flood plains of the South Platte River and its larger tributaries and from deflation of the Ogallala and Laramie formations, the Fox Hills sandstone, and the Pierre shale. The prevailing winds probably were from the northwest, as shown by the alinement and topography of the dunes, and caused local southeastward migration of dune sand over terrace deposits.

## GEOLOGIC FORMATIONS AND THEIR WATER-BEARING PROPERTIES CRETACEOUS SYSTEM

#### PIERRE SHALE

Character and thickness.—The Pierre shale consists of bluish-black marine shale and silt and interbedded tan to yellowish-brown sand and sandy shale in the upper part, or transition zone. Many beds of bentonite and large bluish-gray limestone concretions are present throughout the formation. Some sandy beds in the transition zone are partially cemented by calcium carbonate. Weathering and contact with the highly calcareous rocks that overlie the Pierre shale in most of this area have altered the color of the upper part of the formation to yellowish brown (Rankin, 1930, p. 112). Many test holes in the Pierre shale were drilled through several feet of yellowish-brown shale before reaching bluish-black shale. Most of the Pierre shale is of uniform lithology. In the vicinity

of Fort Morgan, Colo., the upper 2,600 feet of the Pierre shale consists of gray to bluish-black slightly silty and sandy clay shale that contains thin lenses of sand. From 2,600 to 4,100 feet below the top of the formation is the Hygiene sandstone member of the Pierre shale which consists of white to light-gray or light-brown angular to subangular slightly calcareous sand interbedded with dark-gray sandy calcareous shale. Underlying the Hygiene sandstone member is an additional 980 feet of dark shale (Blair, 1951).

The thickness of the Pierre shale in the area ranges from an estimated 6,500 feet near Hardin, Colo., to 2,500 feet near Paxton, Nebr.

Distribution and surface form.— The Pierre shale underlies most of eastern Colorado, northwestern Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, and North Dakota, and parts of New Mexico, Wyoming, Montana, and Minnesota. It underlies the entire area covered by this report but crops out only in Morgan County and in Logan County on the north side of the South Platte River as far east as Illif. Because it lacks resistant beds the Pierre shale erodes, for the most part, into gentle slopes, which generally are overlain by thin deposits of loess. Good exposures are found only where severe gullying has taken place or in excavations.

Age and correlation.—The Pierre shale is of Late Cretaceous age and rests conformably on the Niobrara formation. It grades upward into the Fox Hills sandstone in western and northern Morgan County. East of Morgan County, in eastern Colorado and Nebraska, the Chadron formation, which is the lower unit of the White River group of Tertiary age, rests uncomformably on the Pierre shale. The contacts between the Pierre shale and those formations overlying it enclose an area that is approximately diamond shaped. One apex lies near Masters, Colo., and the opposite apex lies between Proctor and Iliff, Colo. The Fox Hills sandstone borders the west half of the diamond and the Chadron formation borders the east half.

Water supply.—The Pierre shale is usually considered to be a poor source of water. In some areas, however, artesian water may be obtained from lenses of sand within the shale. These lenses do not seem to follow any pattern as to either depth or areal extent, although wells obtaining water from the Pierre shale are most numerous in the vicinity of Sterling, Colo., where the water is found at depths ranging from 250 to 350 feet. Wells obtaining water from these lenses usually do not produce more than 10 gpm (gallons per minute) and larger quantities cannot be expected. The artesian pressure in the wells near Sterling has steadily

declined; here, as in other places (McLaughlin, 1946, p. 77), part of the small amount of water in storage is discharged by pumping, and is recharged only very slowly. Recharge by infiltration of surface water is negligible, because pore spaces between the grains of clay, silt, and very fine sand in the Pierre shale are very minute.

Sand lenses deep in the Pierre shale, such as the Hygiene sandstone member, might yield small quantities of water, but the cost of deep drilling and the likelihood that the water would be too highly mineralized for domestic use eliminate these lower lenses as a source of water at this time. No water wells are known to have been drilled into the sands.

Water in quantities sufficient for irrigation, public-supply, or industrial use is not available from the Pierre shale. Except for the localized sand lenses and the deep-lying Hygiene sandstone member, the Pierre shale is relatively impermeable and little or water can be obtained from it. Many stock wells are drilled into the Pierre shale where it is overlain by permeable dune sand. The water from the overlying deposits is too small in quantity to be pumped from the sand, but it flows into the hole drilled in the shale, which serves as a reservoir. This water then is pumped from the reservoir when needed.

Because the Pierre shale is so thick throughout the area, drilling to aquifers below it is not considered practicable. Moreover, oil-well tests indicate that water in the formations beneath the Pierre shale is saline and therefore not suitable for general use.

#### FOX HILLS SANDSTONE

Character and thickness.—The Fox Hills sandstone consists predominantly of medium-grained buff to yellowish-brown poorly consolidated calcareous sandstone interbedded with dark-gray to black gritty shale and some massive white sandstone. Lovering and others (1932, p. 702-703) state—

The base of the Fox Hills shall be considered as the horizon below which the section is predominantly gray marine shales and sandy shales of Pierre age, and above which the section changes rapidly to a buff to brown sandstone containing numerous large gray to brown hard, sandy concretions. This lower concretionary member is commonly overlain by a series of light gray to brown sandstones and sandy shales.

The lower part of the formation is well exposed in  $\sec$ . 3, T. 5 N., R. 60 W., where it consists of sandy shale interbedded with sandstone. The upper boundary of the Fox Hills sandstone is

distinguished by a large number of poorly consolidated calcareous sandstone beds. Lovering and others (1932) state—

The top of the Fox Hills formation shall be considered as the horizon above which the section is composed predominantly of fresh and brackish water deposits accompanied by coals and lignitic shales, and below which it is predominantly marine.

The formation ranges in thickness from a featheredge to nearly 200 feet in the area covered by this investigation.

Distribution and surface torm.—The Fox Hills sandstone underlies parts of Wyoming, Colorado, Nebraska, and South Dakota. Within the area described by this report, it underlies parts of Weld and Morgan Counties, Colo. It crops out in Weld County on both sides of the South Platte Valley and is well exposed north of the South Platte River in Morgan County. The formation dips westward at the rate of about 6 feet to the mile and then rises abruptly and crops out in the foothills east of the Front Range. Its extent eastward is shown by the line of contact of the Fox Hills sandstone and Pierre formation on plate 1.

In most exposures, the formation is eroded into gently rounded slopes characterized by isolated mounds capped by resistant concretions. In northwestern Morgan County the more resistant beds form a protective capping on a line of promontories, a striking topographic feature in this part of the area. On the south side of the river in Morgan and Weld Counties the Fox Hills sandstone is mantled by deposits of Pleistocene gravel and eolian material; its areal extent in this area was determined by test drilling.

Age and correlation.—The Fox Hills sandstone of Late Cretaceous age conformably overlies the Pierre shale and is conformable with the overlying Laramie formation. Both upper and lower boundaries are indefinite. In northeastern Morgan County the Chadron formation unconformably overlies the Fox Hills sandstone in small areas where the Laramie formation is absent.

The Fox Hills sandstone in northwestern Morgan County has been correlated (Mather, Gilluly, and Lusk, 1928, p. 93-99) with outcrops of the Fox Hills sandstone in the foothills along the Front Range; fossils have been found in the latter locality.

Water supply.—The Fox Hills sandstone yields small quantities of water to stock and domestic wells and to springs. No known efforts have been made to obtain large quantities of water from the formation in this area; however, at Denver, Colo., and in the vicinity of Deer Trail, Colo., wells in the Fox Hills sandstone are reported to produce as much as several hundred gallons per minute.

Water enters the Fox Hills sandstone largely in the region of the foothills east of the Front Range. Eastward from the foothills, the water is confined between the relatively impermeable Pierre shale and Laramie formation. In the parts of this area that are underlain by the Fox Hills sandstone, the water is under hydrostatic head and rises above the level at which it is first reached in wells. Well B2-62-6ca, in Weld County, flows 1.3 gpm from the Fox Hills sandstone. This well has flowed continuously for 30 years. It is probable that other flowing wells could be developed in the Fox Hills sandstone on low ground.

Within the outcrop area (pl. 1, sheets 1 and 2), water may be obtained at relatively shallow depths. Westward, the depth of wells in the Fox Hills sandstone increases sharply with the progressive thickening of the overlying Laramie formation.

#### LARAMIE FORMATION

Character and thickness .- The Laramie formation consists of gray to yellowish-brown sand, dark clay and shale, and coal, interstratified with irregularly bedded gray to cream or buff sandstone. Concretions composed of limonitic and calcareous materials also are present. The clay generally is poorly bedded, is gray to bluish gray, and contains carbonaceous material, especially in the lower part of the formation. The shale is thinly laminated, is usually gray to bluish gray, and in places is highly carbonaceous. The beds of coal and sandstone are most abundant in the lower The coal is lignitic, usually in beds 1 to part of the formation. 2 feet thick. The interbedded sand and sandstone range from partially indurated material to quartzitic sandstone. The lower part of the formation was deposited in shallow brackish water; the upper part is largely terrestrial. Thin beds in the lower part of the formation contain mollusca.

The thickness of the Laramie formation ranges from a featheredge to nearly 200 feet within the area described by this report but probably reaches 1,000 feet west of this area.

Distribution and surface form.—The Laramie formation underlies most of northeastern Colorado east of the Front Range; its area of distribution is similar to that of the Fox Hills sandstone although it is slightly smaller. Like the Fox Hills sandstone, the Laramie formation crops out at the foothills near the Front Range, where its dip is toward the east. Eastward from the mountains, its dip is reversed, and at the west edge of the mapped area, its dip is about 6 feet to the mile toward the west.

The Laramie formation is poorly exposed in the area covered by this report. Thin remnants occur in northern Morgan County and north of Riverside Reservoir in Weld County. The formation underlies the divide between Bijou and Kiowa Creeks near the south edge of the area and forms the divide between Kiowa and Lost Creeks. It also underlies most of the Prospect Valley area and most of the areas west of R. 62 W. that was included in this investigation. in the divide areas, as well as in the Prospect Valley area, the formation is covered with eolian deposits and thick gravel deposits. The only known exposure of the Laramie formation south of the South Platte River is in the northwest corner of sec. 9, T. 1 N., R. 60 W. The exposure, dark-gray shale interbedded with beds of carbonaceous material, represents the lower part of the Laramie formation; in the creek bottom poorly cemented light-gray sand-stone below the shale probably is the Fox Hills sandstone.

The Laramie formation consists predominantly of nonresistant rocks that weather to smooth, rounded slopes which have a moderately good soil cover. Eolian deposits mantling this surface have modified the slight initial relief.

Age and correlation.— The Laramie formation of Late Cretaceous age conformably overlies the Fox Hills sandstone and, in the area described by this report, is overlain unconformably by Pleistocene and Recent sediments. The formation has been traced directly to the Front Range; fossils collected from that area and from northern Morgan County have been described (Mather, Gilluly, and Lusk, 1928, p. 100). The term Laramie formation is assigned by the U. S. Geological Survey only to beds of Laramie age in the Denver basin region, although beds of equivalent age are distributed widely in the Rocky Mountain and Great Plains regions.

Water supply.—Because the Laramie formation is overlain by saturated eolian or alluvial material, it generally is not necessary to drill into it to obtain water. As only two wells in this area derive water from it, little is known about the depth to or the quality and quantity of the water in this aquifer. The Laramie formation dips about as much and in about the same direction as the Fox Hills sandstone—that is, in the foothills east of the Front Range the Laramie formation dips steeply eastward, then reverses and rises gently toward the east. The water-bearing beds in the Laramie formation contain water under artesian pressure where they are overlain and underlain by impermeable beds. However, the water was not under sufficient hydrostatic pressure to flow at the surface in any wells in the area covered by this investigation. According to McLaughlin (1946, p. 81), most of the water-bearing beds are in the lower part of the formation.

#### TERTIARY SYSTEM

#### OLIGOCENE SERIES - WHITE RIVER GROUP

The White River group of Oligocene age consists of two formations—the Chadron and the Brule. Because of similarity in lithology and because of poor exposures, the two formations have not been differentiated on the geologic map (pl. 1). The Brule and Chadron formations were identified in most of the test holes that were drilled into the White River group. Much of the discussion that follows is based on the logs of these test holes.

The White River group (White River formation where the Chadron and Brule cannot be distinguished) underlies parts of Nebraska, South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, and Colorado. Because the eastward dip of the White River group is greater than the gradient of the South Platte River, the area enclosed by the contact between the White River group and the underlying Pierre shale and between the White River group and the overlying Ogallala formation is roughly V-shaped with the apex downstream. South of the river, these contacts are mantled by dune-sand deposits, but north of the river they are well exposed locally.

#### CHADRON FORMATION

The Chadron formation consists predominantly of pink and blue blocky clay, which, near the upper boundary of the formation, grades upward into light greenish-gray and light-gray clay with increasing quantities of silt. Near the contact with the underlying Pierre shale in sec. 36, T. 8 N., R. 55 W., the Chadron formation consists of white to light-gray silty clay that is overlain by medium-grained to very coarse grained siliceous sandstone. In other places, the pink and blue clay lies directly on the Pierre shale. A mechanical analysis of a clay sample from the Chadron formation showed that it is a well-sorted deposit containing less than 20 percent by weight of silt and coarser particles, and a microscopic examination revealed that it consisted almost wholly of decomposed volcanic ash (Wenzel, Cady, and Waite, 1946, p. 61). The Chadron formation contains many channel deposits of sand and gravel, which are present at all horizons within the formation but are more abundant near its upper and lower boundaries. They range widely in lithology but consist chiefly of coarse to very coarse sand and very fine to medium gravel. They generally are well indurated with a siliceous cement.

The top of the Pierre shale on which the Chadron formation rests and the top of the Chadron formation are both erosional

surfaces; as a result, there is wide range in the thickness of the formation. It is 102 feet thick north of Proctor where test holes for the U. S. Geological Survey were drilled through it, but elsewhere it probably is much thicker. The channel deposits of sand and gravel generally are about 20 feet thick; one such deposit is known to be about 60 feet thick.

The Chadron underlies the flood plain of the South Platte River from near Proctor, Colo., eastward to Sedgwick, Colo. Exposures are abundant north of the river from Sterling, Colo., east to Proctor, Colo. Channel deposits of the Chadron formation form resistant mounds that stand above dune-sand deposits and crop out south of the river near Proctor.

The clay in the Chadron formation weathers to smoothly rounded slopes covered with a moderately thick soil. The channel sands are very resistant to erosion and form prominent ledges above Pawnee Creek in sec. 30, T. 8 N., R. 54 W., and secs. 25 and 36, T. 8 N., R. 55 W. They are prominent as isolated mounds in many other places.

The Chadron formation is the lower unit of the White River group and is the oldest Tertiary formation that is exposed in the area. Fragments of a titanothere skeleton were collected from the channel sands in sec. 11, T. 9 N., R. 53 W., and were considered by C. Lewis Gazin to be of Chadron age. The Chadron formation was tentatively identified in Keith County, Nebr., by Wenzel and Waite (1941, p. 33-34) and was correlated with exposures in Colorado.

The Chadron formation rests unconformably on the Pierre shale within the area covered by this investigation and lithologically grades upward into the Brule formation, which is conformable with it.

The Chadron formation, so far as is known, yields no water to wells within the area described by this report. The clay is relatively impermeable and water probably could not be obtained from it; however, the channel deposits probably would yield small quantities of water to wells. Meinzer (1919, p. 63) reported that an artesian flow of 1 gpm was obtained by the city of Julesburg from a 4-inch sandstone layer that is thought to be a part of the Chadron formation. The location and extent of the channel deposits could be determined only by test drilling.

#### BRULE FORMATION

The Brule formation is predominantly silt but contains small quantities of clay and fine sand. The results of a mechanical analysis (Wenzel, Cady, and Waite, 1946, p. 67) of a sample of the formation collected from an exposure near Scotts Bluff Monument in Nebraska are given below.

Grain size (diameter in millimeters)	Percent by weight
Greater than 0.125 (coarser than very fine sand)	

Samples from test holes drilled in the Brule formation in the South Platte River valley were of similar composition. The formation predominantly is reddish buff to tan, but in some localities the color ranges through shades of pink and red. The weathered surface generally is a very light tan but is slightly reddish where the underlying fresh surface is red to pink. Near the base, the formation contains beds of pale-green silt and locally prominent channel deposits. The latter contain sand and gravel as well as calcareous silt and clay balls derived by weathering of other parts of the formation.

The thickness of the Brule formation ranges from a featheredge to more than 500 feet. Channel deposits within the Brule formation are as much as 70 feet thick.

In the South Platte River valley the Brule formation crops out in Logan and Sedgwick Counties, Colo., and underlies parts of Sedgwick County, Colo., and Keith and Deuel Counties, Nebr. West of Sedgwick, Colo., the Brule formation has been removed from the South Platte River bottom by erosion. North of the South Platte River, the Brule formation is exposed in T. 11 N., Rs. 53 and 54 W., as a series of bluffs that rise about 200 feet above the plains.

The Brule formation is of middle to late Oligocene age. Darton (1905) correlated the Brule formation in northeastern Colorado with exposures in Wyoming and South Dakota. Wenzel and Waite (1941, p. 32-33) described exposures of the formation in Keith County, Nebr. In the area covered by this investigation, the Brule formation is underlain by the Chadron formation and is conformable with it. The Ogallala formation of Pliocene age lies unconformably on the Brule formation.

In most places the Brule formation is relatively impermeable and wells drilled into the formation yield very little water. However, the formation fractures readily into blocky fragments, and in some areas water sufficient for stock and domestic use is obtained from the fractured zones. In eastern Wyoming and in western Nebraska, wells tapping these fractured zones yield as much as 2,000 gpm. However, in the area covered by this investigation, no wells in the Brule formation yield sufficient water for irrigation.

In the lower part of the Lodgepole Creek valley, the Brule formation contains what locally is known as the porous zone. The zone generally is 10 to 15 feet thick and, according to McLaughlin (1948, p. 13)—

... consists of moderately well-rounded pebbles of reworked Brule formation, the pebbles ranging in diameter from less than half an inch to more than 2 inches.

Inasmuch as the so called "porous" zone is actually a deposit of coarse gravel that is confined to the zone underlying the alluvium, it perhaps should be considered as part of the alluvium.

Water in quantities sufficient for stock and domestic use may be obtained from this porous zone. The town of Ovid, Colo., obtains its municipal supply of water from well B12-45-29ad, which taps this zone; however, a chemical analysis of water from this well (appendix D) indicates that part of the water is derived from the overlying alluvial deposits.

#### PLIOCENE SERIES — OGALLALA FORMATION

Character and thickness.—The Ogallala formation consists of alternating hard and soft layers of sandstone, in part cemented with calcium carbonate, interbedded and intermixed with buff to gray or pinkish structureless clay, silt, and fine sand. Coarse gravel and pebbles are present throughout the formation but are most common in the middle part. Calcified plant roots are abundant at the type locality of the formation in the vicinity of Ogallala, Nebr. Some beds of sand and gravel are solidly cemented by calcium carbonate, are very resistant to erosion, and, in places, form ledges. According to Wenzel and Waite (1941, p. 28), the formation was laid down by desert-type streams that aggraded their channels, spilled over into new channels, and left a series of braided sand and gravel deposits and many temporary lakes in which silt and clay were deposited.

The easterly dip of the Ogallala formation is depositional at least in part and it may be partly deformational. The dip is greater

than the gradient of the river; therefore, the width of the outcrop area decreases downstream. The formation ranges in thickness from a featheredge near Sedgwick to 350 feet or more near Paxton.

Distribution and surface form.—The Ogallala formation underlies parts of western Nebraska, eastern Colorado, southeastern Wyoming, western and central Kansas, western Oklahoma, northwestern Texas, and eastern New Mexico. In the area covered by this investigation, it crops out in eastern Logan County and underlies all of Sedgwick County, Colo., and Keith and Deuel Counties, Nebr. It underlies the alluvial fill in the South Platte River valley downstream from Julesburg, Colo., to Paxton, Nebr.

The clay, silt, sand, and gravel are easily eroded except where sod has preserved the surface or where resistant cemented layers are present. Such resistant layers form prominent ledges on both sides of the river east of Julesburg, Colo. In general, the Ogallala formation is eroded into steep slopes near the South Platte River and is preserved as a broad upland plain where tributary streams have not dissected it. On the uplands, it normally is mantled with loess, which modifies the initial relief.

Age and correlation.— The Ogallala formation is of Pliocene age. The type locality of the formation is near Ogallala, Nebr.; Wenzel and Waite (1941, p. 25-32) described the formation in Keith County, Nebr.

The Ogallala formation rests unconformably on the Brule formation and is unconformably overlain by loess and alluvium of Pleistocene and Recent age.

Water supply.—The Ogallala formation yields sufficient water for stock and domestic wells throughout most of Keith and Deuel Counties, Nebr., and in the northern part of Sedgwick County, Colo. In the upland area, the formation yields sufficient water for irrigation in some places, although the depth to water is as much as 200 feet. Large supplies of water could be obtained from the Ogallala where it underlies the alluvium in the South Platte River valley; however, because adequate supplies generally are available from the alluvium, no effort has been made to obtain large yields from the Ogallala formation. The lower part of the formation is mostly silt and fine sand, and only small quantities of water are derived from it. The middle part of the formation consists of interbedded sand and gravel and yields moderate to large quantities of water to wells.

# QUATERNARY SYSTEM—PLEISTOCENE AND RECENT SERIES

#### **ALLUVIUM**

Character and thickness.—The alluvium in the South Platte River valley consists mainly of heterogeneous mixtures of clay, sand, and gravel, or lenses of these materials. Pebbles, cobbles, and boulders occur as erratics. The particles generally are well rounded to subrounded and range from well sorted to poorly sorted. Extensive lenses of clay are present within the alluvium. These are most prevalent in the tributary valleys and probably represent shallow-lake deposits. The lenses of silt, sand, and gravel were deposited by braided streams as they aggraded their channels. The materials in the South Platte River valley generally are coarser than those in the tributary valleys and contain fewer clay lenses. (See pl. 2 and appendix B.)

The thickness of the alluvium ranges from less than a foot at the edges of the valleys to 293 feet in test hole B10-48-11ac.

The lines showing the configuration of the pre-Quaternary erosional surface (pl. 1) indicate the location of the channels that are filled with alluvium. The approximate thickness of the alluvium can be determined by subtracting the altitude of the pre-Quaternary surface from the altitude of the land surface except where eolian material mantles the alluvial deposits.

Distribution and surface torm.— Alluvium is present in the South Platte River valley both as Pleistocene and Recent terrace deposits and as Recent flood-plain deposits. Terrace deposits form the major portion of the alluvium in the South Platte River valley and its tributaries. In the area covered by this investigation, the terraces are present throughout the South Platte River valley on both sides of the river and in all the major tributary valleys. Six terrace levels in the South Platte River valley have been described by Bryan and Ray (1940) and remnants of these have been found in many places throughout the valley. No attempt was made to map the terraces, but certain terraces are so well preserved over large areas as to require specific mention.

Between Hardin and Brush, Colo., one such terrace is about 40 feet above the present level of the South Platte River. This terrace is continuous upstream along Lost, Kiowa, Bijou, Antelope, Badger, and Beaver Creeks; the unconsolidated material underlying this terrace is the major aquifer in these areas.

Another terrace is 10 to 20 feet above the level of the South Platte River. This terrace covers a major part of the South Platte

GEOLOGY 31

River valley east from R. 55 W. to the east edge of the area described by this report; remnants of the terrace are present between Rs. 59 and 62 W.

Lower terraces also are present near the South Platte River, but they are so nearly the same height above the river as the present flood plain that they appear to be a part of it. Higher terraces are present in many places, but generally the underlying unconsolidated materials are thin and do not contain water. North and west of Sterling, Colo., however, a terrace about 80 feet above the level of the South Platte River is underlain in places by thick saturated deposits. (See pl. 1, sheet 3.)

Extensive terrace deposits are presumed to be present in Keith County, Nebr., and northeastern Sedgwick County, Colo., but the deposits are so similar to the underlying Ogallala formation that their boundaries are indistinguishable in surface exposures. The terraces are shown on the cross sections (pl. 2).

The terraces are relatively flat. In many places they are separated from the flood plains by relatively steep slopes, but because of erosion and eolian deposition the break between adjacent terrace surfaces locally is so modified that adjacent terraces appear to grade into each other. Some terraces extend unbroken for many miles, but other terraces are much dissected and only isolated terrace deposits remain on the valley sides.

Recent alluvium underlies the South Platte River valley and each of its tributary valleys. The depth, thickness, and areal extent of the alluvium are not determinable, because the alluvium grades into the lithologically similar terrace deposits. The Recent alluvium and the terrace deposits are shown as alluvium on the areal geologic map (pl. 1).

Age and correlation.—The alluvium ranges in age from early Pleistocene through Recent. Bryan and Ray (1940) correlated the terraces west of the area covered by this investigation with substages of the Wisconsin stage of glaciation. Detailed data on topography are lacking and direct correlation of terrace surfaces in the area with the terraces described by Bryan and Ray is impossible because of erosion and eolian deposition; however, the terrace about 40 feet above the present flood plain of the South Platte River is believed to correlate with the Kersey terrace described by Bryan and Ray, and the terrace about 20 feet above the South Platte River probably correlates with the Kuner terrace. The high terrace north and west of Sterling, Colo., probably is equivalent to the Pleasant Valley surface described by Bryan and Ray.

Water supply.—The alluvium contains the major available supply of ground water in the area covered by this investigation. Throughout the South Platte River valley and its tributary valleys these deposits form an almost continuous aquifer. The extent of this aquifer is shown on the areal geologic map (pl. 1), and the amount of saturated material is shown on the saturated-thickness map (pl. 4). Because of its high permeability, the alluvium yields large quantities of water to wells in many parts of the area. Most of the inventoried irrigation wells obtain their entire yield from the alluvium.

Because lateral and vertical gradation of the alluvial material causes yields from wells in these deposits to range widely, test holes should be drilled before constructing wells from which large supplies are required. For a detailed discussion of the occurrence of water in the alluvium see pages 34-92.

## DUNE SAND

Character and thickness.—Dune sand covers a large part of the area included in this investigation. It consists predominantly of very fine to medium sand and includes some coarse sand, but it also contains some silt and clay.

The thickness of the dune-sand deposits ranges from a featheredge to more than 100 feet; where the dunes are actively migrating the thickness may differ considerably in a few years.

Distribution, and surface torm.—Dune sand mantles older deposits throughout much of the area covered by this investigation. South of the South Platte River from near Brush, Colo., east to Sedgwick, Colo., an unbroken line of dunes has a youthful topography with a maximum relief of about 100 feet. The divides between the northward-flowing tributaries to the South Platte River in Weld, Morgan, Adams, and Washington Counties, Colo., also are mantled with youthful sand dunes. North of the South Platte River between Jackson Lake Reservoir and the west edge of the area covered by this investigation is a large area of dune sand that is actively migrating in a few places but which elsewhere has a sparse vegetative cover. Downstream from Jackson Lake Reservoir the sand dunes are thin and spotty, but northeast of Fort Morgan, Colo., they are thicker and more persistent and are prominent as far east as Sterling, Colo.

Throughout the remainder of this area, isolated patches of dune sand overlie the alluvium. (See pl. 1.)

The dunes have been elongated N. 35° W. by prevailing winds.

GEOLOGY 33

Age.—The dune sand accumulated largely during Pleistocene time. However, in areas of youthful dunes the present forms are of Recent age. The extensive dune-sand deposits that overlie the 40-foot and higher terraces indicate that these dunes are younger than the terraces.

Water supply.—In general the areas of dune-sand deposits are good infiltration areas for recharge to the underlying alluvial material. However, the few wells in dune-sand areas are mostly stock wells that yield only small quantities of water. In areas where a small saturated thickness of dune sand is underlain by impervious material, a few wells have been drilled through the sand into the impervious material, thus providing a small reservoir for the accumulation of water.

#### LOESS

Character and thickness.— Loess consists predominantly of silt and contains little material that is coarser than very fine sand. It generally is slightly calcareous and brownish yellow or almost white. The deposit is very uniform in texture, is compact, and is relatively soft. In many places an accumulation of particles of white calcium carbonate gives the material a splotched appearance. A few streaks of sand and buried soil zones are present in the loess.

The loess ranges in thickness from a featheredge to 60 feet. However, in most places it is not more than 5 or 10 feet thick.

Distribution and surface form.— Loess mantles much of the area covered by this investigation. It mantles most of the alluvial deposits, but its thickness is greatest on the divide areas and on gently sloping valley sides. In general, no loess is present on steep slopes and on the river flood plains; in areas mantled with sand dunes it generally grades in the coarser dune material.

The distribution of loess is not shown on the areal geologic map (pl. 1).

Age.—The loess is of Pleistocene and Recent age. Wenzel and Waite (1941, p. 25) believe the loess in Keith County, Nebr., was deposited largely during the Peorian stage of the Pleistocene epoch, although some of it was deposited in Recent time.

Water supply.—The loess lies above the water table in most places and is not known to yield water to wells in the area covered by this investigation.

# **GROUND WATER**

# OCCURRENCE

The fundamental principles governing the occurrence and movement of ground water have been set forth in detail by Meinzer (1923a, p. 2-102); the reader is referred to his report for a detailed discussion of the subject. Only a few of the essential statements will be made here.

Ground water is the water in the zone of saturation beneath the land surface. It exists in many openings, which are called voids, pores, or interstices, in the rock or material it occupies, and is the source of supply for wells and springs. Ground water is derived chiefly from water that falls as rain or snow. A part of this water runs off directly into streams, a part evaporates, a part is used by plants, and a part passes through pore spaces in the soil and underlying rocks to the water table, later to discharge into streams or to be dissipated by evaporation and transpiration. The porous rocks below the water table as a rule are saturated. In the more permeable rocks, such as sand and gravel and some of the sandstones, the individual pores are interconnected and are large enough so that the water moves through them with relative ease under the influence of gravity, but in less permeable rocks, such as the shales and the fine-grained sandstones, the pores are so small that water moves through them very slowly. Gravel is superior to any other material in its capacity to store and yield water. Coarse clean well-sorted sand or gravel absorbs water readily, stores it in large quantites, and yields it freely to wells. Fine sand, silt, and clay, on the other hand, store much water but will not readily yield it to wells.

If the ground water is confined under pressure by an overlying impervious stratum, the water is said to be confined or artesian. If it is not confined, the water is said to be underwater-table conditions, and the water table is defined as the upper surface of the zone of saturation. A moist but not fully saturated zone just above the water table is called the capillary fringe. The capillary fringe ranges in thickness from a fraction of an inch in coarse sand or gravel to several feet in clay or silt.

The principal source of ground water in the project area is the alluvium in the valleys of the South Platte River and its tributaries—Lost, Kiowa, Bijou, Sand Arroyo, Badger, Beaver, Wildcat, Pawnee, and Lodgepole Creeks. In addition to its occurrence in the alluvium, ground water is present also in small or moderate quantities in the dune-sand deposits that flank the valleys and in the bedrock formations that flank or underlie the valleys.

# HYDROLOGIC PROPERTIES OF WATER-BEARING MATERIALS

The quantity of water that a water-bearing material will yield to wells depends principally upon the thickness, permeability, and coefficient of storage of the material. The permeability and coefficient of storage vary with differences in the size, shape, number of the interstices and their degree of interconnection.

The permeability of a water-bearing material is its capacity for transmitting water under pressure. The coefficient of permeability used in this report is called the field coefficient of permeability and is defined as the number of gallons of water per day that percolates, at the prevailing temperature of the water, through each mile of the water-bearing bed (measured at right angles to the direction of flow) for each foot of thickness of the bed and for each foot per mile of hydraulic gradient (Wenzel, 1942, p. 7-11). The coefficient of transmissibility may be expressed as the number of gallons of water per day, at the prevailing temperature, transmitted through each mile strip of the saturated thickness of the aquifer under a hydraulic gradient of 1 foot to the mile; hence, it is the average coefficient of permeability, as defined above, multiplied by the saturated thickness of the aquifer in feet.

The quantity of water that can be removed from storage in a saturated material depends upon the coefficient of storage of the material. The coefficient of storage is defined as the unit volume of water yielded from a vertical prism of the aquifer of unit cross section when the head declines a unit distance. Under artesian conditions the coefficient of storage is a small value, generally  $10^{-3}$  to  $10^{-5}$ , representing water derived by compaction of finegrained materials, and by expansion of the water itself, as the head declines. Under water-table conditions the coefficient includes this small amount plus the generally much larger amount represented by the water that drains by gravity out of the uppermost material as the water table declines. This larger amount, called the specific yield, is defined as the ratio of the volume of water that a saturated aquifer will yield by gravity to the volume of the aquifer. Not all water contained in the interstices of a material, however, will be drained by gravity, because some will be retained by capillary action. The volume of retained water, expressed as the ratio of the total volume of the material, is called the specific retention of the material. The specific yield and specific retention are together equal to the porosity, which is the percent of void space contained in a material. Thus, if 100 cubic feet of a saturated formation will yield 8 cubic feet and retain 13 cubic feet of water, when drained by gravity, the specific yield is 0.08 or 8 percent, the specific retention is 0.13 or 13 percent, and the porosity is 0.21 or 21 percent.

## PUMPING TESTS

The coefficient of transmissibility and the coefficient of storage of the alluvial deposits were determined by pumping tests at six sites. During each pumping test the changes in water level were measured in observation wells located at different distances from a pumped well. (See fig. 5.) From the data gathered during the

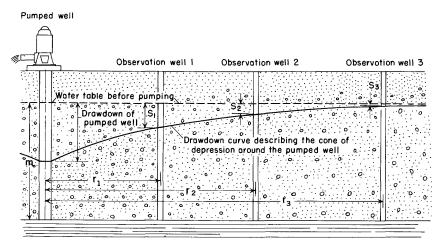


Figure 5. - Diagrammatic section of the water table near a well that is being pumped.

tests, the coefficients of transmissibility and storage were computed by the Thiem method. At the completion of several of the tests, the coefficient of transmissibility was computed by the Theis recovery method (Theis, 1935, p. 519-524) as a check on the Thiem method. The results of these computations are given in table 2.

The Thlem method of determining the transmissibility of a water-bearing material involves the analysis of the decline in water level during the pumping period in two or more observation wells near a pumped well. The method is based on the assumptions that water percolates toward the pumped well equally from all directions, that the same quantity of water percolates toward the well through each of the series of concentric cylindrical sections around the pumped well, and that, with a constant rate of pumping, approximate equilibrium is established and very little water is removed from storage close to the well. The derivation of the general Thiem formula has been discussed by Wenzel

Table 2.—Results of pumping tests

			Well no.	no.		
	B3-58-3ba	B4-59-13dc	B2-62-19cd	B2-56-12da3	B1-59-19bb	B3-56-26bb
Date of test.	Feb. 1948	May 1948	Nov. 1948	Oct, 1949	May 1950	Nov. 1950
Pump discharge (gallons per minute)	898, 5	1,257	968	713	1,360	635
Drawdown at pumped well (feet)	4,89	13.21	21.95	13, 55		.70. 49
per foot of drawdown) Saturated thickness of formation (feet)	184	95	41	53 48	68	31 87
Coefficient of transmissibility (gallons per day per foot).	290,000	142,000	92,000	136,000	44,000	57,000
Average overlicient of permeability (gamons per day per square foot).	3,160	2,360	1, 915	2,840	490	654
neoreneai rauns or innuence at end or test (feet). Storage coefficient.	1,025 0,179	745	745	1,520 0,055	1,975 0,00139	25,000
Transmissibility by Theis recovery method	339,000			184, 500		56,000

(1942, p. 81), and a graphical solution of the Thiem formula has been discussed by  $Jacob^{1}$ .

The Thiem formula may be written:

$$T = \frac{527.7Q \log_{10} r_2/r_1}{s'_1 - s'_2}$$

in which T = coefficient of transmissibility in gallons per day per foot (as defined on p. 35);

Q = discharge of pumped well, in gallons per minute;

r = distance of observation wells from the pumped well, in feet;

s = observed drawdown of water level in the observation wells, in feet;

s' = adjusted drawdown of water level in the observation wells, in feet, and is equal to  $s - \frac{s^2}{2m}$ ;

and m =saturated thickness of the aquifer, in feet.

In the above equation, let  $\Delta s'$  be that value of  $s'_1 - s'_2$  for which the value of  $\log_{10} r_2/r_1$  is unity (that is,  $\Delta s'$  corresponds to one log cycle of  $r_2/r_1$ ). The equation then becomes

$$T = \frac{527.7Q}{\Delta s'}$$

The value  $\Delta s'$  is determined from a plot of the adjusted draw-downs at a given time, against the logarithm of the corresponding distances from the test well.

The specific yield is computed by using the following formulas2:

$$S = \frac{0.3 Tt}{r_e^2}; S' = S \left\{ \frac{(m-s)}{m} \right\}$$

in which S = apparent coefficient of storage;

S' = specific yield (as defined on p. 35);

s = observed drawdown at the geometric mean distance, in feet;

m = saturated thickness of the aquifer, in feet;

t =time since pump started, in days;

and r<sub>e=</sub> maximum extent of cone of depression at time (t), in feet.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Jacob. C. E., 1944, Notes on determining permeability by pumping tests under water-table conditions; U. S. Geol. Survey mimeographed memorandum.

<sup>2</sup>Idem.

The coefficients of transmissibility and storage determined by the tests, although locally representative, are not necessarily indicative of the values throughout the entire project area, as they differ considerably with differences in composition and thickness of the aquifer. Therefore, where computations of underflow were made, the values of permeability that were thought to be most representative of the particular area were used.

The storage coefficients shown in table 2 represent minimum values, because a storage coefficient increases with time as additional water drains from that part of the aquifer within the cone of depression created by pumping. The average storage coefficient of the alluvium in the project area was assumed to be about 20 percent, and that value was used in estimating the quantity of water stored in the alluvium.

## BEHAVIOR OF GROUND WATER IN THE VICINITY OF DISCHARGING WELLS

Under water-table conditions, as soon as a pump begins discharging water from a well, the water table in the vicinity of the well is lowered and a hydraulic gradient toward the well is established. The water table assumes the form of an inverted cone, the apex of which is at the well. At first, most of the water pumped from the well is derived from the saturated material surrounding the well, but as pumping continues, this material is gradually dewatered and water is transmitted to the well from an ever-increasing distance. Thus, the extent of the cone of depression becomes greater and the water table within the cone declines gradually. The shape of the cone is altered if water is added to the formation by natural or artificial recharge.

After pumping is stopped, water continues to percolate toward the well so long as the hydraulic gradient is in that direction; the water gradually refills both the well and the adjacent material dewatered by pumping. As the material near the well is refilled, the hydraulic gradient decreases and the recovery of the water level in the well is correspondingly slower. A general equalization of water levels eventually takes place over the affected area; the water table tends to assume its original form, although in the absence of recharge it may remain temporarily or permanently lower than before water was withdrawn. In areas where irrigation wells are closely spaced, pumping lifts are increased greatly by the combined effects of pumping.

In artesian aquifers, the coefficient of storage is dependent on the compressibility of the aquifer and the adjacent confining beds, and of the water itself; it generally is less than a hundredth as large as the coefficient of storage of the same material under watertable conditions. The cone of depression expands many times as fast as it does under water-table conditions. Therefore, mutual interference between wells occurs sooner and is more extensive under artesian conditions than under water-table conditions.

# THE WATER TABLE

The water table is defined as the upper surface of the zone of saturation except where that surface is formed by an impermeable body (Meinzer 1923b, p. 32). The piezometric surface of an artesian aquifer is an imaginary surface that everywhere coincides with the static level of the water in the aquifer (Meinzer 1923b, p. 38). The water level in a well coincides with the water table under water-table conditions and with the piezometric surface under artesian conditions. If the piezometric surface is above the land surface, water will flow from wells that tap the aquifer. Owing to the random arrangement of lenticular beds of sand, gravel, and clay, both water-table and artesian conditions exist in the alluvial deposits in the area. However, the water table and piezometric surface generally either coincide or are continuous with each other.

## SHAPE AND SLOPE OF THE WATER TABLE

The water table, in general, is not level or uniform but is a warped, sloping surface. Many irregularities in the slope and in the direction of slope are caused by differences in thickness or in permeability of the aquifer or by unequal additions or withdrawals of water. Ground water moves in the direction of greatest slope of the water table or piezometric surface, and the rate of movement, assuming a uniform cross section, is proportional to that slope (hydraulic gradient) and to the permeability of the water-bearing material. The direction of movement is shown by contour lines on the water table. A contour on the water table is a line along which all points have the same altitude. During November and December 1949 the depth to water was measured in wells whose altitudes had been established for the purpose of constructing a water-table contour map. (See pl. 3.)

In the South Platte River valley the water table generally slopes diagonally downstream and toward the river. Ground water, therefore, discharges into the river, making it a gaining stream. During periods of low flow, all or almost all the water in the river is derived from the ground-water reservoir. The slope of the water table in the direction of river flow is about the same as the gradient of the river, which loses 1,500 feet in altitude between Hardin, Colo.,

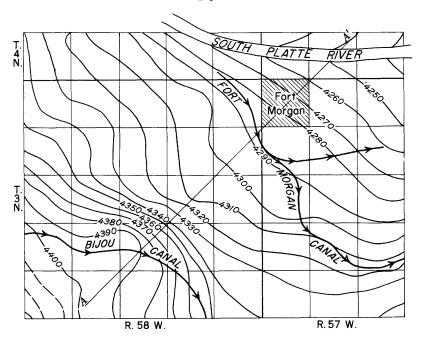
and Paxton, Nebr., a distance of about 200 miles (not including meanders in the river)—that is, the average slope is about 7.5 feet to the mile. This is not the slope of the water table toward the river but is the downstream component of that slope.

In the valleys of the tributary creeks, the water table slopes in a general downvalley direction and where the tributary valleys merge with the valley of the river, the movement of ground water gradually changes into a diagonal downriver direction.

The water-table gradients in several tributary valley areas were determined from the water-table contour map and are as follows: (1) In the Prospect Valley area (Lost Creek valley south of Roggen, Colo.), the gradient ranges from 7 to 20 feet to the mile and the water table loses 180 feet of altitude in 13 miles, or an average of 13.8 feet to the mile; (2) in the Bijou and Kiowa Creeks area, the gradient ranges from 7 to 30 feet to the mile and the water table loses 480 feet in 31 miles, or an average of 15.5 feet to the mile; (3) in the Badger Creek valley, the gradient ranges from 6 to 25 feet to the mile and the water table loses 140 feet in 12 miles, or an average of 11.7 feet to the mile; and (4) in Beaver Creek valley, the gradient ranges from 7 to 15 feet per mile and the water table loses 260 feet in 22 miles, or an average of 11.8 feet to the mile.

The character and thickness of the water-bearing materials and of the underlying bedrock affect the shape and slope of the water table. In areas where moderately permeable dune sand, loess, or sandy soil are underlain by the relatively impermeable Laramie formation, Pierre shale, Chadron formation, or Brule formation the water table tends to follow the configuration of the bedrock surface and slopes toward the valleys at gradients that are as much as 100 feet to the mile. In areas underlain by the moderately permeable Fox Hills sandstone and Ogallala formation, the water table generally extends from the alluvium into the bedrock formations without any significant change of shape or slope.

The lack of uniformity in the texture and permeability of the alluvium is in many places reflected in the shape and slope of the water table. Near Fort Morgan, Colo., where the Bijou canal flows through an area that is underlain by about 100 feet of fine sand, the recharge from canal seepage and infiltrating irrigation water has raised the water table to within a few feet of the land surface. The water table slopes northeastward at a gradient of 40 to 60 feet to the mile for a distance of about 1.5 miles to an area that is underlain by permeable sand and gravel where it flattens out to a slope of about 10 feet to the mile. (See fig. 6.) The seepage loss from the Fort Morgan canal, where it flows over



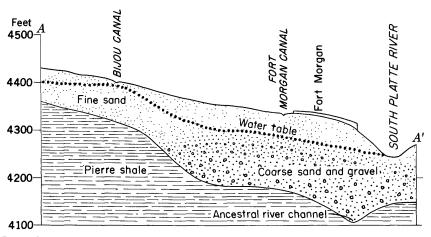


Figure 6.—Map and cross section (A-A') of an area near Fort Morgan, Colo., showing the changes in the shape and slope of the water table due to changes in the permeability of the water-bearing material.

the area underlain by the permeable sand and gravel, has not appreciably altered the shape and slope of the water table. In the area where the water-table gradient is steep, irrigation wells have not been successful regardless of the abundance of ground water, whereas, in the area with a slight water-table gradient, irrigation wells have been successful.

## FLUCTUATIONS OF THE WATER TABLE

The water table is not a stationary surface but rises or falls when water is added to or withdrawn from the underground reservoir. In areas where large quantities of water are pumped for irrigation, such as in the Prospect Valley area and in the valleys of Bijou, Badger, and Beaver Creeks, the water table is lowered during the pumping season and gradually recovers between pumping seasons. (See fig. 7.) If ground-water discharge exceeds recharge over a period of years, a general decline of ground-water levels in the area will result. In areas that are irrigated chiefly with canal water, such as the South Platte River valley near Goodrich and Weldona, Colo., and between Brush and Sterling, Colo., the water table rises during the irrigation season and declines during the nonirrigation season. Periods of high precipitation cause the

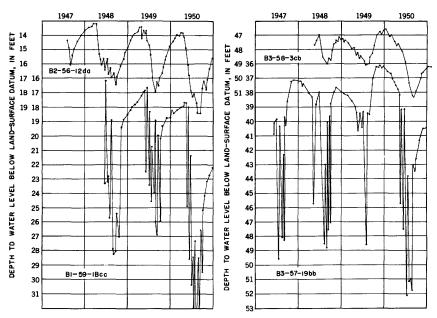


Figure 7. — Fluctuations of water levels in wells caused by irrigation pumping and recovery of the water level after pumping.

water table to rise whereas long dry periods generally cause it to decline. Periodic water-level measurements were made at 189 observation wells from 1947 through 1950; earlier measurements at 80 of the wells were obtained from Colorado and Nebraska water-level reports and files. (See appendix A.)

The water level in some wells may fluctuate also in response to other factors, such as the tidal attraction of the moon and changes in atmospheric pressure. The hydrographs shown in figure 8 were obtained for the same period of time from water-level recording gages on two wells 13 miles apart; an inverted barograph chart for this period was prepared from data furnished by the U. S. Weather Bureau of Stapleton Airport, Denver, Colo., and was plotted with the two hydrographs. The similarity between the two hydrographs and the barograph indicates that the water levels in the two wells, like the barometer, fluctuates with the changing air pressure.

The water levels in wells may be affected also by the pumping of nearby wells. Under water-table conditions the cone of depression around a pumped well expands relatively slowly. The water-level fluctuations in the vicinity of well B3-58-3ba are characteristic of those that occur under water-table conditions. When the well was pumped at a rate of 900 gpm the drawdown in a well 400 feet away was only 0.12 foot after an hour of pumping and was 0.65 foot after 51 hours of pumping; the radius of influence after 51 hours of pumping was computed to be about 1,035 feet. Most of the water in the alluvial deposits in the area is under water-table conditions.

Under artesian conditions, the cone of depression around a pumped well expands rapidly and causes prompt lowering of the water level in nearby wells. The charts from the water-level recording gage on well B3-57-19bb show that the water level began to decline 55 seconds after a well 420 feet away began pumping at a rate of 770 gpm or 20 minutes after a well 2,700 feet away began pumping at a rate of 1,160 gpm. The total decline after about 10 hours of pumping the nearer well was about 9 feet and the decline after pumping the farther well for the same length of time was about 1 foot. The rapidity with which the water level was affected at these distances indicates that the water is confined beneath a relatively impervious stratum and, hence, is under slight artesian head. Investigation showed that a 9-foot layer of clay overlies the water-bearing sand and gravel in the vicinity of the observation well.

The hydrologic conditions affecting the fluctuations of the water table vary in different parts of the South Platte River valley project

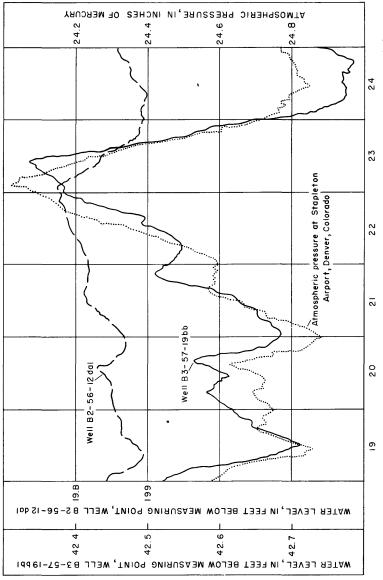


Figure 8. - Fluctuations of water levels in wells caused by changes in atmospheric pressure, February 19-24, 1948.

area. The project area was divided into eight areas within each of which the hydrologic conditions were thought to be relatively uniform. These areas are shown in figure 9. Fluctuations of the water table within the eight areas are discussed below. Selected hydrographs made for wells in some of the areas are shown in figure 10. If the reader wishes to examine a more complete and detailed record of the water-table fluctuations, he is referred to appendix A.

## PROSPECT VALLEY AREA, COLORADO

Water levels declined steadily in the Prospect Valley area between 1934 and 1942. In 1942 the trend was reversed and water levels in the area rose an average of about 10 feet during the next 8 years. The hydrograph for well B2-63-32aa (fig. 10) shows water-level changes that are typical of the general ground-water trend in the area.

The general rise of the water table in the Prospect Valley area since 1942 is believed to be the result of the above-normal precipitation since about that time. Surface water is available for irrigation during the early part of the growing season but, as the area has a low priority for surface water, the supply usually is depleted before the first of July. Although irrigation water during the remainder of the growing season is obtained by pumping ground water, recharge by seepage from reservoirs, canals, and applied irrigation water has exceeded withdrawals from the groundwater reservoir. During the dry period that preceded 1942, very little surface water was available and most of the irrigation water was pumped from the ground-water reservoir. This heavy pumping caused the water table to fall. If another prolonged dry period should occur and the surface-water supply should be reduced, the water table probably will decline again.

# HARDIN TO WELDONA, COLO.

Several canals and reservoirs flank the valley between Hardin and Weldona and irrigation is largely by surface water. Groundwater levels generally are high at the end of the irrigation season, owing to recharge from seepage. A few irrigation wells supplement the surface-water supply. Water-level data collected during 1947 through 1950 indicate no general upward or downward trend of the water table; however, water levels undoubtedly have risen since the construction of the surface-water irrigation systems during the period 1900-10.

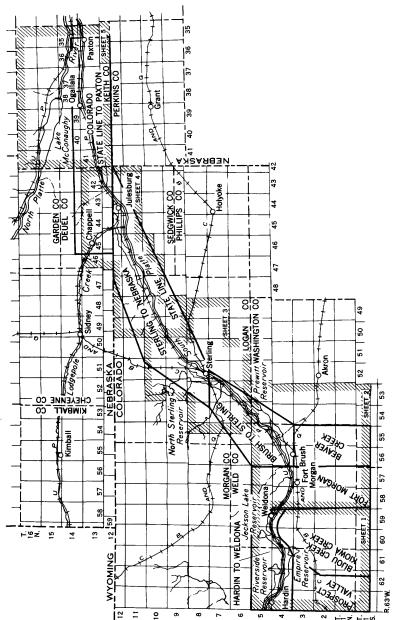


Figure 9. – Map of lower South Platte River valley showing areas in which hydrologic conditions are relatively uniform.

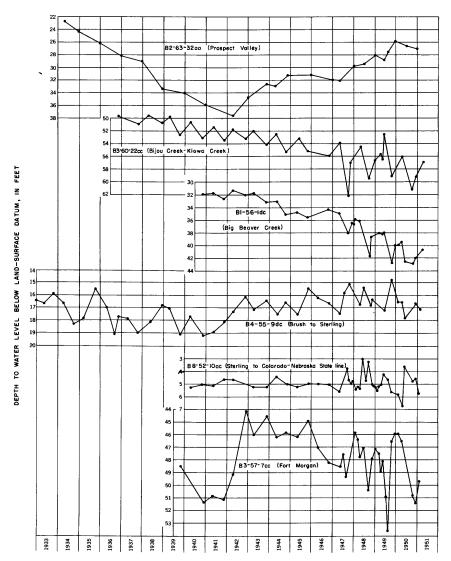


Figure 10.—Water-table fluctuations in representative areas in the lower South Platte River valley project area.

# VALLEYS OF BIJOU AND KIOWA CREEKS, COLORADO

Water levels in the Bijou and Kiowa Creeks area have been declining for several years as a result of heavy pumping. drograph of well B3-60-22cc (fig. 10) shows changes in water levels that are typical of most of the wells in the area. Water-level measurements indicate that the average decline of the water table during the 11-year period 1940-50 was about 8 feet, of which about 2 feet occurred during 1950. The large decline of the water table during 1950 was due largely to heavy pumping during the unusually dry growing season. The area of water-level decline is within Tps. 1-4 N., 1 and 2 S., and Rs. 59 and 60 W., and includes about 130 square miles. It extends southward about 30 miles from near the South Platte River to about 7 miles south of the Morgan-Adams County line. Irrigated land in this area is entirely dependent on wells for water. More than 250 irrigation wells supply water to about 37,000 acres. Most of the wells have been installed during the past 15 years.

An estimate of the rate of depletion of ground water in the Bijou and Kiowa Creeks area for the 4-year period 1947-50 was determined by computing the ratio of the average decline of the water table during that period to the average saturated thickness of the aquifer at the beginning of the period. About 4 percent of the ground water in storage was removed during these 4 years; the maximum rate of depletion of 7.1 percent occurred in T. 2 N., Rs. 59 and 60 W. (See table below.)

Data relating to occurrence of ground water in the valleys of Bijou and Kiowa Creeks

	Rs. 59 and 60 W.				
1	T. 1 S.	T. 1 N.	T. 2 N.	T. 3 N.	T. 4 N.
Range in thickness of alluvium, in feet	80-130	72-140	80-185	90-230	110-240
Average thickness of alluvium, in feet	106	104	132	150	194
Range of depths to water level, in feet	16-44	15-43	27-66	26-76	40-82
Average depth to water level, in feet	27	28	46	55	7:
Average drawdown of water level in pumped wells, in feet	33	32	27	27	15
Average saturated thickness of the aquifer, in feet	75	76	86	95	123
Average water-table decline 1947–50, in feet	2,1	3,6	<b>6.</b> 0	4.0	4.
Average percent of depletion of the water stored in the aquifer 1947-50	2.8	4.7	7.1	4.2	3.

Not all the ground water in the aquifer is available for pumping because movement of water into a well is possible only when sufficient water remains in the aquifer to create a hydraulic gradient toward the well. When a declining water table nears the bottom of an aquifer, the yield of wells decreases to the extent that pumping for irrigation becomes economically infeasible.

# FORT MORGAN AREA, COLORADO

Water levels during the past 10 years have not changed appreciably in the part of the Fort Morgan area (Tps. 3 and 4 N., Rs. 57 and 58 W.) that is irrigated both by water diverted from the river and by ground water. Water levels in the area, however, generally fluctuate considerably from season to season. The hydrograph of well B3-57-7cc (fig. 10) shows the magnitude of the seasonal fluctuation of the water level in a well in the area.

After the construction of the Bijou Creek and Fort Morgan irrigation systems, the southern part of T. 3 N., R. 57 and 58 W., became waterlogged and several water-table lakes were formed. The pumping of irrigation wells subsequently installed lowered the water table and the lakes and waterlogged area disappeared.

A general decline of the water table has occurred in the part of the Fort Morgan area that is totally dependent on wells for irrigation water (about 12 square miles in T. 2 N., R. 57 W.). The average decline of the water levels in three observation wells for the 3-year period (1948-50) was 3.9 feet, of which 2.2 feet occurred during 1950. The approximate depletion of the aquifer during the 3-year period was about 6.7 percent of the water in storage. Depletion is believed to be most serious at the southern end of the area where the saturated thickness of the aquifer is only about 25 feet.

# BEAVER CREEK VALLEY, COLORADO

The water table in the part of Beaver Creek valley in Tps. 1 S. and 1 and 2 N., Rs. 55 and 56 W., has been declining steadily for several years. The hydrograph of well B1-56-1dc (fig. 10) shows water-level fluctuations believed to be typical of the area. area of water-level decline covers about 30 square miles and contains 108 irrigation wells, which supply water to about 10,000 acres of land. The greatest decline is in the vicinity of Gary, Colo., where the water level in well B1-56-1dc declined 10.07 feet in 10 years; 2.05 feet of this decline occurred during 1950. average decline of the water table in the area for the period 1947-50 was 3.8 feet, of which 1.1 feet occurred during 1950. cline of the water table is more critical in the Beaver Creek valley than in any other part of the South Platte River valley project area, because the water-bearing materials are thin in comparison to those in other parts of the project area. A few irrigation wells in the vicinity of Gary are reported to be "sucking air," a condition that occurs when the drawdown of the water level in a pumped well reaches the pump intake. To remedy such a condition either the pump intake must be set lower in the well or the rate of pumping must be decreased. Many of the pumps already are set near the

bottom of the wells. The estimated depletion of ground water in part of the Beaver Creek valley is given in the table below.

Data relating to occurrence of groun	d water in part of the Beaver Creek valley	7
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	Rs. 55 and 56 W	
	T. 1 N.	T. 2 N.
Range in thickness of alluvium, in feet	16-55 35 16 29 5.0	32-80 60 8-30 18 18 42 2,7 6,4

The water table appears to be rising slightly in that part of Beaver Creek valley in T. 3 N., R. 56 W.; a rise of water level of about 1 foot in 20 years is indicated by the record of well B3-56-24bb. As there are only a few irrigation wells in the area, not much water is pumped from the ground-water reservoir.

# BRUSH TO STERLING, COLO.

In the South Platte River valley between Brush and Sterling, Colo., the water table usually rises during the irrigation season and declines between seasons. Most of the farm land is irrigated by water diverted from the South Platte River; ground water generally is pumped only to supplement the surface-water supply. Water-level data collected in this area indicate that the water table has been rising since about 1940; this has been a period of abovenormal precipitation and of surplus river-water supply for the area. The hydrograph of well B4-55-9dc (fig. 10) shows water-level fluctuations typical of the area. A continued rise of the water table may cause waterlogging in the parts of the area where the water table is near the surface. The water table is less than 10 feet below the land surface in much of the area. (See pl. 3.)

# STERLING, COLO., TO COLORADO-NEBRASKA STATE LINE

In the South Platte River valley between Sterling, Colo., and the Colorado-Nebraska State line no general upward or downward trend of the water table during recent years has been noted. The water-level fluctuations shown in the hydrograph of well B8-52-10ac (fig. 10) are believed to be typical of water-table fluctuations throughout the area. Only a few irrigation wells are in the area and they generally are pumped only to supplement the surface-water

supply. The water table usually rises during the irrigation season and declines during the nonirrigation season.

# COLORADO-NEBRASKA STATE LINE TO PAXTON, NEBR.

The position of the water table in this area has not changed appreciably since 1935. A comparison of the data collected during this investigation with data collected during a study of the ground-water resources of Keith County, Nebr., (Wenzel and Waite, 1941) shows that the depth to water and the shape of the water-table contours have remained essentially constant since 1935. Water levels in areas that are irrigated with surface water rise during the irrigation season and decline during the nonirrigation season, whereas, water levels in areas that are irrigated entirely by ground water decline during the irrigation season and rise during the nonirrigation season.

# GROUND-WATER RECHARGE

Recharge is the addition of water to the ground-water reservoir. It may result directly from precipitation and indirectly as seepage from streams, canals, reservoirs, and applied irrigation water and as underflow of ground water into the area from adjacent areas. All these types of recharge are important in the South Platte River valley; the order of their importance depends upon local conditions.

# SEEPAGE FROM CANALS, RESERVOIRS, AND IRRIGATION

Before this area was irrigated, the South Platte River reportedly was an intermittent stream and generally was dry during the summer. Now, however, the ground-water reservoir is recharged by seepage from the many reservoirs and canals, and the South Platte River is a perennial stream. Bijou Creek has become a perennial stream below the place where it is crossed by the Fort Morgan canal, and Pawnee Creek has changed from an intermittent to a perennial stream below the place where it is crossed by the North Sterling canal. Local authorities estimate that less than a third of the water that is diverted from the South Platte River is delivered to the farmers for irrigation; the balance is lost by seepage and by evaporation. According to studies made by Parshall (1922, p. 50-52) on seepage losses from canals, the Jackson Lake inlet canal lost about 1 cfs (cubic foot per second) per mile while flowing at a rate of about 145 cfs and the Empire intake canal lost about 1 cfs per mile while flowing at a rate of about 250 cfs.

According to J. C. Howell, superintendent of the Bijou Irrigation Co., and C. J. Osborne, superintendent of the Riverside Irrigation Co., this loss of water from canals and reservoirs helps make possible irrigation from the river because flow in the river is thus assured when the water is needed.

The Empire Reservoir, which is about 5 miles northwest of Wiggins, Colo., covers an area of 2.842 acres when full. Mr. Howell reports that 90 cfs of water is required to maintain a full reservoir at the beginning of the irrigation season when no water is being withdrawn. If the intake supply is stopped, the reservoir surface subsides at a rate about 0.05 foot per day. If the reservoir previously had been standing dry for some time and mud cracks had formed, the rate of decline is about twice the normal rate, or about 0.10 foot per day. As the water has no visible escape and as the loss of water by evaporation normally would account for a decline of only about 0.02 foot per day, the balance of about 0.03 foot per day is seeping into the ground and into the ground-water reservoir. The Bijou Reservoir, which is about 5 miles northeast of Wiggins, Colo., loses water even faster than the Empire Reservoir. According to Mr. Howell, the greater rate of loss from this reservoir is due to the fact that it is filled and emptied intermittently and the bottom dries out between fillings.

Mr. Osborne reported the following information about seepage from the Riverside Reservoir. During March 1948 the reservoir, which covers an area of 3,800 acres, was covered with ice which reduced evaporation to a negligible amount. The outlets of the reservoir were closed and enough water was admitted at the intake to maintain a constant gage reading throughout the month. quantity of water amounted to 4,120 acre-feet; hence, that amount apparently was lost by seepage during the 31 days. This seepage is equivalent to a loss at the rate of 67 cfs and is the equivalent of a decline of the water surface of 0.035 foot per day. Mr. Osborne also reported that about 5,000 acre-feet per month is needed to maintain a constant gage reading, with no withdrawals, during the summer when water evaporates more rapidly. On the basis of a 30-day month, this amounts to a loss of about 84 cfs due to the combined effects of seepage and evaporation; about 17 cfs is due to evaporation alone. Therefore, about 80 percent of the loss from the reservoir was due to seepage and about 20 percent of the loss was due to evaporation.

The Olds Reservoir, which is near the south end of the Prospect Valley area, was constructed to store about 250 acre-feet of water, but it was soon abandoned because of high seepage losses. These losses are reported (Code, 1945, p. 11) to range from about 17 acre-feet per day at a stage of 75 acre-feet to about 50 acre-feet per day at full stage. Surplus surface water is sometimes

discharged into the reservoir; this causes a water-level rise in nearby wells. Between March 17 and April 26, 1948, 2, 378 acrefeet was discharged into the reservoir and caused a water-level rise of about 2 feet in well B1-63-28ab and about 1 foot in well B1-63-27dc, which are 1,000 feet and 3,000 feet, respectively, from the reservoir. Seepage from Lord Reservoir, which is on the west side of the area, also contributes to ground-water storage; loss from evaporation and seepage is reported to be about 0.05 foot per day (Code, 1945, p. 12) of which about 0.03 foot per day is estimated to be seepage loss.

## PRECIPITATION

The average annual precipitation in the lower South Platte River valley area ranges from about 12.6 inches at Greeley, Colo., to about 19.5 inches at Ogallala, Nebr. (See table 1.) The amount of precipitation that reaches the ground-water reservoir depends on the amount and distribution of rainfall, the composition and physical character of the soil and underlying materials, the vegetation, the proximity of the water table to the land surface, and the shape and slope of the land surface. Water infiltrates more readily in areas mantled by permeable materials, such as dune sand or sandy soil, than in areas mantled by less permeable materials, such as soils derived from loess, silt, clay, or shale. Much of the area that flanks the valley and tributary valleys is covered with dune sand. (See pl. 1.) The accumulation of ground water resulting from the infiltration of local precipitation in such areas generally causes the water table to stand at a higher altitude than in adjacent areas.

## **STREAMS**

Perennial streams, such as the South Platte River, which lie below the general level of the water table and thus receive water from the underground reservoir, commonly are called gaining, or effluent, streams. During periods of high flow, water is stored temporarily in the sand and gravel that flank the river. This water drains back into the stream after the flood flow has passed.

Normally, the movement of ground water is from the alluvium toward the river; however, in some places where wells near the river are pumped heavily, the direction of flow is reversed and water moves from the river toward the well. In this way, the river becomes a source of recharge to the ground-water reservoir.

Intermittent streams, such as Bijou, Kiowa, Badger, and Beaver Creeks, which lie above the water table and which, hence,

lose water to the ground-water reservoir, commonly are called losing, or influent, streams. The wide sandy beds of these intermittent creeks are dry most of the time, but during periods of heavy rainfall they carry large quantities of water, much of which percolates through the permeable creek beds to the water table. The amount of water that percolates downward to the water table depends on the size and duration of the flood, the amount and type of sediment carried by the flood, and the condition and gradient of the creek bed.

Several floods were observed on Bijou Creek during the investigation and water samples were collected for sediment studies by the Quality of Water Branch of the U.S. Geological Survey, but the complete data on these are not included in this report. The samples collected had a wide range of sediment content and contained as much as 15 percent of sediment by weight. The sediment carried by the water during most of the floods consisted of very fine silt, which retarded downward percolation of water. However, some recharge to the ground-water reservoir occurred; the water level in well B1-15-18cc, about 1,000 feet from Bijou Creek, rose after a week of flooding along the creek. Large floods generally carry a considerable amount of coarse materials and scour the creek bed by turbulence and abrasion and thus increase the rate of recharge. Floods that originate in areas underlain by sand and gravel carry a coarser bed load and have a greater recharge rate than floods that originate in areas underlain by fine-grained materials such as loess and shale.

According to farmers residing in the Beaver Creek valley, the creek has flowed only once in the past several years, whereas previously it flowed several times a year. They attribute the present condition to the many stock ponds that have been constructed in the upper part of the drainage area. Precipitation that would otherwise cause the creek to flow and thus be a source of recharge to the alluvium of the valley now is retained near the place where it falls and is lost, in part, by evaporation. These ponds probably do not contribute much water to the ground-water reservoir; they generally are constructed in areas where the bedrock is at or near the land surface and where the soil is relatively impermeable.

Seepage from flooding along Kiowa Creek probably contributes much water to the ground-water reservoir. Residents in the area report a large downstream decrease in surface flow during floods. This is also indicated by the downstream decrease in the size of the stream bed. At Bennett, Colo., the channel is about 100 feet wide, whereas the channel about 45 miles downstream near Wiggins, Colo., is only a few feet wide. (See fig. 11.) Most of the flood water that passes Bennett is lost to the ground-water reservoir before it reaches Wiggins.





Figure 11. - View of the Kiowa Creek bed showing change in size in the 45-mile reach of the creek from (A) Bennett, Colo. to (B) 2 miles north of Wiggins, Colo. The decrease in size of the stream channel indicates a large loss of flow due to seepage between the two points.

# SUBSURFACE INFLOW

A considerable quantity of ground water moves through the alluvium of the South Platte River valley and of tributary valleys in downvalley directions and enters the project area at the upstream boundaries. Also, a large amount of ground water moves into the alluvium from bordering deposits of dune sand and from the Ogallala formation. Other formations bordering the valley also contribute water to the alluvium but, because of their low permeability, the quantity is small. The total recharge by subsurface inflow is small in comparison to recharge by seepage from irrigation systems.

An estimate of the amount of ground water entering the project area by underflow through the alluvium of the South Platte River valley and of tributary valleys was made by the application of Darcy's law:

$$O = PIA$$

in which q = quantity of water in gallons per day passing a valley cross section;

- P = coefficient of permeability in gallons per day per square foot;
- I = hydraulic gradient of the water table infeet per mile;
- and A = cross-sectional area of the saturated part of the alluvium.

The cross-sectional area of the valleys of Lost, Kiowa, Bijou, Sand Arroyo, Badger, and Beaver Creeks was determined by test drilling along a line 5 miles north of the 40th parallel; that of the valleys of Wildcat and Pawnee Creeks from test drilling along lines crossing the valleys near where they enter the South Platte River valley; and that of the Lodgepole Creek valley from test drilling along the Colorado-Nebraska State line. The results of these computations are given in table 3 along with an estimate of underflow through the alluvium of the South Platte River at Hardin, Colo.

The quantity of ground water that moves into the alluvium from bordering dune-sand deposits is believed to be large. The average saturated thickness of the dune sand through which the water percolates is small; however, the deposits cover a large area and are capable of transmitting much water.

The Ogallala formation borders the alluvium of the South Platte River valley on both sides of the valley for about 50 miles upstream from Paxton, Nebr. The formation has a relatively high

Table 3 Ground-water inflow into the South I	Hatte River valley project area through the
alluvium of the South Platte River ve	

Valley	Cross-sectional area of the saturated part of the alluvium, in mile-feet	Approximate ratio of sand and gravel to the saturated part of the alluvium	Approximate average coefficient of permeability of the sand and gravel, in gallons per day per square foot.	Downvalley gradient of the water table, in feet per mile	Ground-water inflow, in cubic feet per second
Lost Creek	203 64 401 37 45 196 31 26 20	0.90 .90 .80 .50 .60 .90 .50 .80 .95	2,090 2,000 1,040 1,000 1,000 2,900 1,000 2,000	18 25 18 10 20 15 28 20 14	10.7 4.5 9.3 .3 .8 11.9 .7 .6 .8
Total		••••••			49.6

permeability and a considerable saturated thickness; it probably transmits a large quantity of ground water to the alluvium of the valley.

# QUANTITY OF WATER IN STORAGE

Most of the recoverable ground water that is stored in the South Platte River valley project area is in the alluvial deposits of the valley fill. Practically all the ground water that is available for irrigation is in these deposits.

The approximate quantity of ground water in storage in the alluvium was determined by multiplying the volume of material saturated by an assumed coefficient of storage of 0.20. The volume of saturated material in most of the project area was computed from the saturated-thickness map (pl. 4); that of a part of the South Platte River valley between Hardin and Weldona, Colo., was estimated because sufficient data were not available to construct a saturated-thickness map of that part of the area.

An estimate of the quantity of ground water that is represented by each foot of rise or decline of the water table was computed on the basis of the present position of the water table. These computations and the computations of the amount of water in storage are given in table 4. For convenience in computing the data, the South Platte River valley project area was divided into eight subareas. (See fig. 9.)

The estimated quantity of ground water in storage, shown in table 4, does not include all the ground water in storage within the project area but is intended to give only the following information: (1) The approximate quantity of ground water in storage in the valley fill that could be removed by pumping if all the alluvium in the area could be drained by gravity into wells, and (2) the approximate quantity of ground water represented by each foot of rise or decline of the water table under present hydrologic conditions.

Table 4.—Quantity of ground water in storage in the alluvium of the South Platte River valley.

[Based on the estimated area and volume of the saturated part of the alluvium and an estimated storage coefficient of 0.20]

Area	Quantity of ground water represented by 1 foot rise or decline of the water table, in acre-feet	Quantity of ground water in storage that could be drained out under ideal conditions, in acre-feet
Prospect Valley area, Colorado	16, 400 18, 800 34, 600 15, 000 13, 400 25, 100 29, 700	940,000 1,420,000 2,884,000 1,029,000 584,000 2,063,000 2,197,000
Total for area within Colorado	153,000 21,600	11, 117, 000 1, 596, 000
Total for project area in Colorado and Nebraska	174, 600	12,713,000

## GROUND-WATER DISCHARGE

Ground-water discharge is the withdrawal or loss of water from the ground-water reservoir. Water may be removed by transpiration and evaporation, by flow into streams, springs, and seeps, by underflow that leaves the area, and by pumping from wells. These methods of discharge operate singly or in combination in all parts of the area. Over a period of years, the quantity of ground-water discharge is approximately equal to the quantity of recharge to the ground-water reservoir. The quantity of water that leaves the area by underflow is approximately equal to the amount that enters by underflow through the alluvium of the South Platte River valley at Hardin, Colo., or about 10 cfs. (See table 3.)

## TRANSPIRATION AND EVAPORATION

Water taken into the roots of plants directly from the zone of saturation or from the capillary fringe above it is discharged by transpiration. Water that is brought to the land surface by capillary action is discharged by evaporation. The depths from which plants lift ground water differ greatly with the plant species, with the types of soil, and with the conditions of water supply. Investigations show that certain kinds of plants lift ground water from depths of 50 feet or even more (Meinzer, 1923b, p. 48). No attempt has been made to estimate the quantity of ground water discharged by transpiration and evaporation in the project area, but it is believed to be large.

In a large part of the South Platte River valley project area, the water table is less than 20 feet below the land surface. (See pl. 3.) Most of the discharge of ground water by transpiration occurs in this part of the area. Grasses are the principal users of ground water in waterlogged areas, and cottonwood and willow trees are the chief users in those parts of the river and creek bottoms that are not waterlogged.

Where ground water is discharged from the land surface by evaporation, a residue of mineral matter generally is left at the land surface. The depth from which water may be brought to the land surface by capillarity depends upon the character of the material above the water table—the finer the material, the greater the distance the water will rise. Probably very little water is drawn to the land surface by soil capillarity where the depth to water is more than 10 feet.

Evaporation of ground water from the land surface occurs mostly in the low, flat areas that are adjacent to the river and in areas that are near reservoirs and canals. The accumulation of alkali on the land surface at many places in the valley, especially in the vicinity of Iliff, Proctor, Crook, and Sedgwick, Colo., indicates waterlogging and the consequent discharge of ground water from the land surface by evaporation.

# STREAMS, SPRINGS, AND SEEPS

Streamflow at low stages in the South Platte River, in Lodgepole Creek, and in the lower reaches of Bijou, Beaver, Wildcat, and Pawnee Creeks, is maintained by ground-water discharge. Water is discharged into these streams mainly through springs and seeps along the stream channels. Trees and other vegetation along the stream courses intercept much of the water that otherwise would

be discharged into the streams but, if the supply of ground water is greater than the amount required by these plants, the excess contributes to the flow of the streams.

Much ground water also is discharged into land drains that have been constructed in waterlogged areas, especially on the valley floor north of the South Platte River between Sterling and Ovid, Colo. Water flows continually in most of these drains but the flow is greater during and after the irrigation season. The flow in these drains contributes to the flow in the South Platte River.

The ground water discharged into the South Platte River generally is called return flow by local engineers, on the assumption that most of it is derived from seepage from canals, reservoirs, and irrigated land. Parshall (1922, p. 26) stated—

. . .it is thought that the South Platte River, especially in the valley between the mouth of the Cache la Poudre River and the Nebraska State line, accumulates more return water than any other stream in Colorado. This return flow to the river at the time when irrigation was first practiced in the late sixties must have been small, and not sufficient to attract the attention of irrigators. Prior to about 1885, the return flow to the South Platte River had assumed such proportions as to cause comment, and was of sufficient importance that new canals were constructed to take advantage of this interesting condition. After the passage of the Irrigation District Law in 1901, a number of projects were proposed for the Platte Valley, and during the period of promotion many experienced engineers looked upon these schemes with considerable apprehension as to the possible water supply. Since their construction it now becomes apparent, however, that in average years there is an ample supply during the growing season.

Parshall (1922, p. 45-72) determined the return flow to the South Platte River between Kersey, Colo., and the Colorado-Nebraska State line for several periods of time. The return flow for the period 1890-94 was 195 cfs; for the period 1910-14, 700 cfs; and for the period 1919-20, 750 cfs. The increase in return flow between 1890 and 1920 was due to an increase in the development of irrigation in the area. The amount of return flow to the South Platte River for the period 1919-20 ranged from 2 to 8.5 cfs per mile for different sections of the river and averaged 5.25 cfs per mile. The discharge of ground water into the river at the present time probably is about the same as that in 1920, as the irrigated area has not increased appreciably since then.

In addition to the springs and seeps along the stream channels, a few other gravity springs are present along the edge of the valley. Although the quantity of water discharged from these springs and seeps is small in comparison to that discharged from springs and seeps along stream and drain channels, it is sufficient for the watering of livestock. Most of the springs are near the contacts between the relatively impermeable Pierre shale and the overlying sandstone, alluvium, or dune sand. Most of the springs and seeps

are below canals; this indicates that the water is derived from canal and irrigation seepage losses, although some of the springs and seeps may have existed before the canals were constructed.

#### WELLS

In the South Platte River valley project area, ground water is pumped for irrigation, municipal, stock, domestic, and industrial uses—listed in what is believed to be the order of quantity pumped. More water is pumped for irrigation than for all other uses combined. The quantity of water pumped for each of the different uses, insofar as known, is given on pages 68-52, and the effect of pumping on the position of the water table is discussed on pages 43-52.

When water is pumped from a well, the water level in the well is lowered, and the amount of depression is called the drawdown of the well. The rate of pumping in gallons per minute per foot of drawdown is called the specific capacity of the well. Under watertable conditions, the specific capacity is constant only when the drawdown is a small fraction of the saturated thickness of the aquifer; the specific capacity varies also with differences in the construction and development of wells. However, a comparison of specific capacities is useful in the estimation of the relative efficiency of wells and of the permeability of formations. In this area, drawdowns of irrigation wells that yield about 1,000 gpm range from about 4 to 40 feet; their specific capacities, therefore, range from 250 to 25. The drawdown is also inversely proportional to the permeability of the water-bearing material; hence, the drawdown generally is small in wells that obtain water from well-sorted gravel and coarse sand and it is much greater in wells in less permeable materials such as fine sand, silt, or clay.

When a well is pumped, the water table in the vicinity of the well declines and takes a form similar to that of an inverted cone; this is called the cone of depression. The pumping level in the well is at the apex of the cone, and the slope of the cone is greatest near the well and is increasingly less at greater distances from the well. The distance to the point where the drawdown is imperceptible is called the radius of influence and the circular area described by this radius is called the area of influence of the well. If the discharge of the well is increased, the drawdown and area of influence also are increased.

Most of the wells in the South Platte Rivervalley project area are drilled wells that range in diameter from 4 to 48 inches and are cased with steel casing. A few dug wells, ranging from 4 to 10 feet in diameter and cased with concrete, brick, or wood curbing,

have been constructed for domestic and stock use. A few small-diameter driven wells, ranging from about 1 to 2 inches in diameter, have been installed for stock and domestic use at places where the water table is near the land surface.

## DRILLING METHODS

Most of the wells in the South Platte River valley were drilled by either the cable-tool, standard hydraulic-rotary, or reverserotary method. Both small- and large-diameter wells and test holes are drilled by the cable-tool method, whereas the standard hydraulic-rotary method generally is limited to small-diameter wells and test holes, and the reverse-rotary method is limited to large-diameter wells.

Cable-tool method.—The cable-tool method of drilling (sometimes referred to as the percussion or churn-drill method) is done by means of a string of solid drilling tools operated in the drill hole on the end of a cable that is lifted and dropped regularly to produce a cutting or drilling action at the bottom of the hole. The material is removed from the bottom of the hole by means of a bailer or a sand bucket. Generally, a casing is forced into the hole as the drilling proceeds and the bailer or sand bucket is lowered and withdrawn through the casing.

In drilling large-diameter wells, such as irrigation, public-supply, or industrial wells, by the cable-tool method, a temporary steel casing about 48 inches in diameter is used. The material above the water table is excavated by hand or by an orange-peel bucket. When the water table is reached, the sand bucket is used to drill the remainder of the well. The temporary casing, weighted by sand bags, is forced into the hole. When the drilling is complete, a perforated casing is placed within the temporary casing, the annular space between the casings is packed with gravel, and the temporary casing is removed.

Standard hydraulic-rotary method. — Most of the small-diameter wells in the South Platte River valley have been drilled by the standard hydraulic-rotary method (sometimes called the standard-rotary method). Holes ranging from 4 to 14 inches in diameter are drilled by this method. Drilling is done by rotating the drilling bit at the bottom of the drill stem. During the process of drilling, water is circulated from a pump downward through the slowly revolving drill stem and bit into the bottom of the hole and then upward to the land surface into a sump pit, where the water is taken by the pump and recirculated. Materials drilled from the bottom of the hole are carried to the surface by the circulating water. Mud,

clay, or some manufactured product is sometimes added to the water to increase its viscosity and material-lifting capacity and also to seal the hole to prevent caving and to prevent the loss of drilling water by seepage into permeable materials. In the area described in this report all the water wells drilled by the standard hydraulic-rotary method are less than 400 feet deep, although much greater depths have been reached in test drilling for oil.

Reverse-rotary method. —The standard hydraulic-rotary method of drilling generally is limited to holes of small diameter, because of the difficulty of providing enough discharge water in the drill hole to maintain sufficient velocity to carry the drill cuttings to the land surface. This disadvantage has been overcome in the reverse-rotary method of drilling by reversing the direction of the circulating water—hence, the name "reverse rotary." In the reverse-rotary method, the water is pumped up the hollow drill stem and discharged into a settling pit where the drill cuttings remain. The water runs back to the drill hole by gravity. Enough water is provided to keep the drill hole full at all times so that the hydrostatic pressure will prevent caving. A slowly revolving bit at the lower end of the drill stem cuts the material loose and the circulating water carries it through the pump to the settling pit. Holes that range from 18 to 60 inches in diameter and that are as much as 250 feet deep have been drilled by this method in the South Platte River valley. Mud, clay, or a manufactured product is sometimes added to the circulating water to add to its viscosity and to seal the hole to prevent caving and the loss of drilling water by seepage. Figure 12 shows a 32-inch drilling bit.

Most of the reverse-rotary drilling rigs that are used in the South Platte River valley were made from automobile trucks and engines and from parts that were designed and made in the different drillers' machine shops.

## **IRRIGATION WELLS**

# CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Irrigation wells were first constructed in Beaver Creek valley in 1910; in the South Platte River valley, near Hillrose, Colo., in 1913; and in Bijou Creek valley in 1915. The early irrigation well consisted of a reinforced pit that was constructed to the water table and a hole of small diameter that extended below the bottom of the pit. A centrifugal pump was placed in the pit above the water table. As this type of well would not operate when the drawdown became too great for the suction lift of the pump, several other wells were drilled nearby and were connected to the pumped

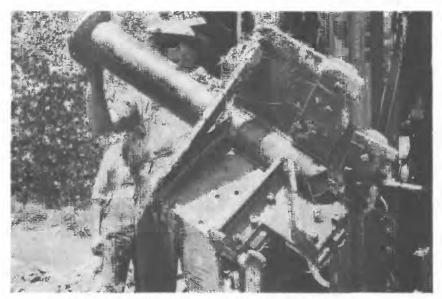


Figure 12. - A 32-inch drilling bit used in reverse-rotary drilling.

well by buried siphons, thereby reducing the drawdown and increasing the water supply. The pit type of well was successful in the South Platte River valley where the depth to water generally was less than 25 feet, but was unsuccessful in Bijou Creek valley where depths to water generally were more than 50 feet. Many of these early wells are still in operation.

Since about 1935, most of the irrigation wells have been constructed by drilling into or through the water-bearing formation, lowering a perforated metal casing (generally 18 inches in diameter) into the hole, and packing the annular space around the casing with clean screened gravel. Such a well is called a gravelpacked well. The perforated parts of the casing generally are placed below the water table at positions that correspond to the more permeable zones in the water-bearing formation, and care is taken to omit perforations and gravel packing in zones of silt and fine sand. The gravel used in packing wells generally is uniform in size and is slightly larger than the casing perforations, which generally are of the "eyelid" type. Where the water-bearing materials are relatively fine, the wells are packed with a fine gravel or a coarse sand. A concrete pumphouse foundation and floor generally are constructed level with the top of the well casing. A 6-inch hole through the concrete floor at the side of the casing is sometimes provided so that the well owner can add to

the gravel pack in case it settles as a result of pumping finegrained material from the aquifer.

Upon completion, the well is tested to determine the yield and the drawdown and a pump is then installed with its intake at a reasonable distance below the point of drawdown. If in later years, the water table declines so that the drawdown reaches the pump intake and the well "pumps air," the pump intake is lowered.

### METHODS OF LIFT

Pumps.—Two types of pumps, turbine and centrifugal, are used on irrigation wells in the South Platte River valley; most, including nearly all those installed since 1935, are turbine pumps. The impellers of the turbine pump are submerged below the water table and, hence, do not require priming before operation. A torsion shaft, held by bearings within the water column of the pump, connects the impellers directly to the electric motor, gear head, or pulley at the top of the pump. When the shaft and impellers are rotated, water is pumped directly up the water column and into the discharge pipe. Some pumps are lubricated with oil, others with water. Turbine pumps used in the area range in size (diameter of the water column) from 4 to 12 inches, although most of the pumps are 6, 8, or 10 inches. Measured discharges of turbine pumps in the area range from about 200 to 1,700 gpm.

Centrifugal pumps are used in most of the older wells in Beaver Creek valley and in the South Platte River valley between Brush, Colo., and Ogallala, Nebr., where the depth to water generally is not more than 25 feet. The pumps are set in pits; water is taken into the pumps through an intake suction pipe and pumped out of the pits to the land surface through a discharge pipe. The pumps sometimes require priming before operation and fail to operate if drawdowns exceed the suction lifts of the pumps. Most of the centrifugal pumps in the area are of the horizontal-shaft type, although a few vertical-shaft centrifugal pumps are in operation.

Power.—Pumps in irrigation wells in the area are driven by electric motors or internal-combustion engines that use diesel oil, gasoline, or butane gas for fuel. The power needed for pumping water from a well is proportional to the rate of pumping and to the height that the water is lifted to the point of discharge.

About 71 percent of all the irrigation wells in the area are equipped with electric motors. Electric power is supplied by the Morgan County Rural Electric Association, the Highline Rural Electric Association, the Public Service Company of Colorado,

and the Public Power Districts of Nebraska. Power is transmitted at moderately high voltage to a bank of transformers near each pumping plant where it is stepped down to 220 volts for use. Practically all pump motors use 3-phase alternating current, although a few use single-phase current. The size of the motor used depends on the pumping lift and the rate of discharge of the pump. In parts of the area where the depth to water is about 20 feet, electric motors of 10 to 25 hp (horsepower) are employed. Near Fort Morgan, Colo., where the depth to water is about 45 feet, 30- and 40-hp motors are used; north of Wiggins, Colo., where the depth to water is about 75 feet, 50-, 60-, and 75-hp motors are used.

The power input of some pumping plants was measured by timing the rotating disk in the watt-hour meter with a stopwatch. The power input was determined by the equation:

$$H = \frac{3,600 \ N \times Kh}{746 \ t}$$

in which H = power input, in horsepower;

Kh = a constant for each watt-hour meter (generally stamped on the name plate of the instrument) giving the number of watt-hours represented by one revolution of the rotating disc in the meter;

and t = time required, in seconds, for the rotating disc to make N revolutions.

Data on the amount of the power input of 650 pumping plants in the area were furnished by the Morgan County Rural Electric Association. Estimates of the quantity of water pumped (tables 5 and 6) and of the average efficiency of pumping plants (table 7) in selected areas were made on the basis of these data.

Stationary diesel and gasoline engines are used for 12 percent of the irrigation wells in the area. Compared to electric motors, these engines have both advantages and disadvantages. The advantages are (1) greater power may be applied for pumping when additional water is needed, (2) the engine will not be shut off by nearby lightning nor is it subject to electric-power failure, and (3) the engine can be used in places where electric power is not available. The disadvantages are (1) the initial cost of the engine is greater, and (2) the operation and maintenance costs are greater. The power costs for diesel engines and electric motors are reported by well owners to be about the same. Power costs for gasoline engines are reported to be greater. A few stationary engines in the area use butane (bottled) gas, but no data regarding their cost of operation were obtained.

Tractor engines are used for power to pump water from about 17 percent of the irrigation wells in the project area; the power is transmitted from the tractor to the pump by means of a belt drive. The tractor has the same advantages and disadvantages as the stationary engine but has the additional advantage that it can be used for other purposes.

#### UTILIZATION OF GROUND WATER

All known irrigation, public-supply, and industrial wells in the area, totaling 1,266, were visited and all available data concerning them were obtained. No attempt was made to inventory all the domestic, stock, and unused wells, but data were collected on some of them in areas where information was needed for the study. Pertinent data on the 1,767 wells that were inventoried during the investigation are given in Appendix C, and locations of the wells are shown on plate 3.

### DOMESTIC AND STOCK SUPPLIES

Most of the residents of rural areas and small towns derive their supplies of domestic and stock water from small-diameter drilled wells, which are equipped with cylinder pumps operated either by windmill or by hand. Some domestic wells, where electric power is available, are equipped with cylinder or jet pumps that pump water into pressure systems. Water for domestic and stock use is obtained from the alluvial deposits of the stream valleys, from dune-sand deposits, and from the Ogallala, Brule, Chadron, Laramie formations, Fox Hills sandstone, and Pierre shale. Most of the domestic and stock wells are in the alluvial deposits, dune-sand deposits, and the Ogallala formation.

Most of the domestic and stock wells were drilled only deep enough into the water-bearing formations to obtain a sufficient supply of satisfactory water. For this reason and because logs of such wells generally are not available, no attempt was made to inventory all the domestic and stock wells in the area. Records of domestic and stock wells were obtained only for localities where few or no irrigation wells were present and where additional information was needed on the position of the water table or the boundaries of the ground-water reservoir.

The ground water in the area differs greatly in chemical character but generally is satisfactory for domestic use. Water obtained from dune-sand deposits, the Ogallala formation, and the

Pierre shale generally is softer than water obtained from the alluvium.

#### PUBLIC SUPPLIES

Thirteen municipalities in the South Platte River valley project area obtain water from wells. The average daily consumption of these 13 communities aggregates about 4,000,000 gallons. The public-supply systems are described below in downstream order from Fort Morgan, Colo., to Paxton, Nebr.

# FORT MORGAN, COLO.

Fort Morgan (population 5,296) is supplied from six gravelpacked drilled wells (B3-57-6ac, B3-57-6bd, B3-57-6cd, B3-57-6db, B3-58-1da1, and B3-58-1da2) within the city limits. The wells range in depth from 175 to 250 feet and are reported to be drilled to, or nearly to, the Pierre shale. The wells tap the alluvium of the South Platte River valley and their yields are reported to range from 900 to 1,300 gpm and their drawdowns from 9 to 14 The wells are equipped with electrically driven turbine pumps that pump water directly into the mains and force reserve water into a 235,000-gallon steel standpipe, which maintains an average operating pressure of 40 psi (pounds per square inch) at the base of the standpipe and an average pressure of 36 psi at service outlets. The annual consumption in 1950 was 688, 483, 000 gallons, which is equivalent to about 1,350 gpm. Water is sold to the local sugar-refining plant during October, November, and December of each year for use in the production of sugar from locally grown sugar beets. Water is sold also to several smaller industries, including an ice plant and two creameries. The water is hard, as is indicated by the results of the analysis of a water sample from well B3-57-6bd (appendix D), but is not treated.

### BRUSH, COLO.

Brush (population 2,429) is supplied from three gravel-packed drilled wells (B3-56-3aa, B3-56-3ad, and B3-56-3da) within the city limits; the wells are equipped with electrically driven turbine pumps and yield about 500 gpm each. The wells, which range in depth from 85 to 99.5 feet, obtain water from the sand and gravel of the alluvium. The water is pumped from the wells directly into the mains and is forced into a 100,000-gallon elevated steel tank. An average pressure of 42 psi is maintained. The maximum

recorded consumption of water was 23,918,000 gallons during July and the minimum was 8,266,000 during January. The average monthly consumption is about 15,000,000 gallons. The daily use of water during the peak month averaged 771,500 gallons which is equivalent to about 535 gpm. The water is hard but is not treated. The results of an analysis of a sample of the water from well B3-56-3da is shown in appendix D.

At the present time (1951) a new well field for the city of Brush is being developed and is scheduled for use this summer. It is 4 miles south of Brush and will be connected by pipeline to the present city water-distribution and pressure system. Water will be obtained from sand and gravel in alluvium that is overlain by dune sand. One gravel-packed drilled well (B3-56-26bb), 112 feet deep, has been completed and another is scheduled for immediate construction. The results of an analysis of a sample of the water from well B3-56-26bb are shown in appendix D.

An area that included the proposed well field was investigated by the U. S. Geological Survey as part of the South Platte River valley project study. A report on the quantity and quality of water available in the area was prepared by the Geological Survey and published by the Colorado Water Conservation Board (Brown, 1950),

### MERINO, COLO.

Merino (population about 300) has been supplied since 1919 from a gravel-packed drilled well (B6-54-13da) within the town limits. The well is 70 feet deep and obtains water from sand and gravel of the alluvium. It is equipped with an electrically driven centrifugal pump that pumps water directly into the mains and into a 35,000-gallon elevated steel tank directly above the well. The well is reported to yield 400 gpm with a drawdown of 3 feet. The water is hard (see results of the analysis of water from well B6-54-13da in appendix D) but is not treated.

### STERLING, COLO.

Sterling (population 7,470) is supplied from eight gravel-packed drilled wells (B8-52-27dc, B8-52-34ab, B8-52-34ac, B8-52-34ca, B8-52-34cb2, B8-52-34bd1, B8-52-34cc1, and B8-52-34cc2) in a sand-hill area across the South Platte River from the city. The wells are drilled to shale and range in depth from 71 to 114 feet. Two more city wells are scheduled for construction in the well-field area. Water is derived from alluvium overlain by dune sand.

Each of the wells is reported to yield about 400 gpm with a drawdown of about 15 feet. Electrically driven turbine pumps force the water directly into a supply line that transmits the water into the city. Two 250,000-gallon elevated steel storage tanks, which are at opposite sides of the city, are connected to the city mains. An average pressure of 50 psi is maintained in the water-distribution system. Daily consumption ranges from 900,000 gallons during January to 2,500,000 gallons during August. Water is sold to the local sugar refinery during October, November, and December of each year for use in the local beet-sugar factory. The results of an analysis of a sample of water from well B8-52-34ac are shown in appendix D. Water in the city system is chlorinated.

Between 1920 and 1941 Sterling obtained its water supply from a battery of 28 closely spaced wells (B8-52-34b) in the sand hills about 1,000 feet southeast of the South Platte River. Water was derived from alluvium overlain by dune sand and was pumped from a siphon system that connected the 28 wells. At first, the water was soft because its natural movement had been from the dune-sand area toward the river. Pumping, however, lowered the water table in the vicinity of the battery of wells and reversed the direction of ground-water movement between the wells and the river. The movement of water of poor quality from the river towards the well field caused the city supply to become progressively harder. Regular use of the well field was discontinued in 1941 (it is now reserved for emergency use) when the present field was developed. The eight wells now in regular use are about 2,000 to 4,000 feet from the river. Pumping has caused the water in these wells also to become progressively harder, but to a lesser degree than in the older field. On the water-table contour map of the area (pl. 3), an area of depression that is lower than the altitude of the adjacent river surface indicates that water is moving from the river toward the wells.

### ILIFF, COLO.

Iliff (population about 350) is supplied from a gravel-packed drilled well (B9-51-16ab1) within the town limits. The well is 70 feet deep, is drilled to the Pierre shale, and obtains water from sand and gravel in the alluvium of the South Platte River valley. An electrically driven turbine pump at the well discharges water directly into the distribution system at a rate of 100 to 150 gpm. A 35,000-gallon elevated steel tank directly above the well is used for storage. The water table in the vicinity of the well is only 5 feet below the land surface. The water is very hard and of poor quality (see results of the analysis of a sample of water from well

B9-51-16abl in appendix D) and is not treated. Some of the town residents obtain a soft but somewhat highly mineralized water (see results of the analysis of a sample of water from well B9-51-16ab2 in appendix D) from deep wells in the Pierre shale.

#### CROOK, COLO.

Crook (population about 225) is supplied from a gravel-packed drilled well (B10-49-11cb) within the town limits. The well is 55 feet deep and obtains water from sand and gravel in the alluvium of the South Platte River valley. An electrically driven turbine pump at the well pumps water directly into the distribution mains. A 52,000-gallon elevated steel storage tank connected to the distribution system near the well stores reserve water and helps to maintain an average operating pressure of 60 psi. The average daily consumption is about 75,000 gallons. The depth to the water table in the vicinity of the well is less than 5 feet. The water is hard (see the results of the analysis of a water sample from well B10-49-11cb in appendix D) but is not treated other than by chlorination.

#### SEDGWICK, COLO.

Sedgwick (population about 500) is supplied from a battery of seven closely spaced dug and drilled wells (B11-46-20cb) in the sand hills south of the South Platte River. Water is derived from alluvium overlain by dune sand. The seven wells are connected by a siphon and the water is pumped from the center well by means of an electrically driven centrifugal pump. Reserve water is stored in a 50,000-gallon elevated steel tank within the town limits, and an average operating pressure of 55 psi is maintained. Monthly consumption ranges from 900,000 gallons during January to 2,700,000 gallons during August. Annual residential consumption is about 19,000,000 gallons; an additional 7,000,000 gallons a year is sold to the Union Pacific Railroad Co. for use in locomotive boilers. The water is relatively soft, as is indicated by the analysis of water from well B11-46-20cb shown in appendix D, largely because the recharge is from local precipitation in the sand hills south of the wells. A previously used battery of three wells within the town limits (B11-46-18ba2) obtains hard water from sand and gravel in the alluvium of the river valley and is now reserved for emergency use only.

### OVID, COLO.

Ovid (population about 690) is supplied from a battery of four drilled wells (B12-45-29ad) that are 2 miles north of the town. The wells are 100 feet deep and are drilled through about 36 feet of the alluvium of Lodgepole Creek valley and about 64 feet of the underlying Brule formation. The Brule formation is reported to be fractured or porous and to yield water in moderate to large quantities. The wells derive water from both the alluvium and the fractured Brule formation. The water table is about 11 feet below the land surface. Water is pumped by an electrically driven centrifugal pump from a siphon pipe, which is common to the four wells, into a pipeline connected to the town water system. Reserve water is stored in a 50,000-gallon elevated steel tank within the town limits and an operating pressure of 55 psi is maintained. The average monthly residential consumption is about 3,000,000 gallons. About 250,000 gallons a month is sold to the local sugar refinery during October, November, and December of each year, and as much as 60,000 gallons a month is delivered to stock yards in the town. The water, though moderately hard, is soft in comparison to that generally found in the alluvium of the South Platte River valley. The results of the analysis of a sample of water from well B12-45-29ad are given in appendix D. The water is not treated.

# JULESBURG, COLO.

Julesburg (population 1, 983) is supplied from three drilled wells (B12-45-26ab1, B12-45-26ab2, and B12-45-26bd) about 3 miles northwest of the city. The wells range in depth from 81 to 85 feet and water is derived from the dune-sand covered alluvium of the South Platte River valley. The yield of the wells ranges from 200 to 240 gpm and the drawdowns from 4 to 10 feet. Each well is equipped with an electrically driven turbine pump that pumps the water directly into a pipeline to the city. A reserve supply of water is forced into a 140,000-gallon steel standpipe at the well field and an average operating pressure of 50 psi is maintained. The monthly consumption of water ranges from about 8,000,000 gallons in January to about 17,000,000 gallons in August and averages about 10,000,000 gallons, which includes 5,000,000 gallons sold to the Union Pacific Railroad Co. for use in locomotives. A well within the city limits (B12-44-28ca), formerly used for municipal supply, now is reserved for emergency use.

The water is relatively hard but is not treated except by the railroad company for use in locomotives. The results of an

analysis of a sample of water from well B12-45-26ab1 are given in appendix D.

Prior to 1935, Julesburg was supplied from wells that were within the city limits. The water, derived from the alluvium of the South Platte River valley, was very hard. The present well field was developed between 1935 and 1939 in an area where the alluvium contained softer water (about 180 ppm). Since the development of the well field, the withdrawal of ground water has created a water-table depression deep enough to cause ground water to move into the well field from the main body of alluvium in the South Platte River valley; as a result, the hardness of the water in the city supply has increased to 336 ppm. An investigation of the general area was made by the U.S. Geological Survey early in 1948, and a report on the quantity and quality of ground water in the area (McLaughlin, 1948) was prepared by the Geological Survey and published by the Colorado Water Conservation Board. Data collected during McLaughlin's investigation have been incorporated in this report.

#### BIG SPRINGS, NEBR.

Big Springs (population 530) is supplied from two drilled wells within the town limits. These wells are only 25 feet apart and, therefore, are numbered as a single well (B13-42-25dd1) in this report. Both are 29 feet deep and derive water from the alluvium of the South Platte River valley and the Ogallala formation. The wells are equipped with electrically driven turbine pumps. Reserve water is pumped into a 52,000-gallon elevated steel tank that is connected to the distribution system and an operating pressure of 50 to 60 psi is maintained. No record of water consumption is available. The water is soft, as is indicated by the results of the analysis of water from well B13-42-25dd1 given in appendix D.

# BRULE, NEBR.

Brule (population 320) is supplied from a gravel-packed drilled well (B13-40-15db) within the town limits. The well is 125 feet deep and derives water from the alluvium. The well is equipped with a turbine pump driven by a 15-hp electric motor; it yields 220 gpm and the drawdown is 8 feet. Water is pumped directly into the town mains and a reserve supply is forced into a 30,000-gallon elevated steel tank; an operating pressure ranging from 50 to 60 psi is maintained. Monthly consumption of water ranges from 200,000 gallons in midwinter to 600,000 gallons in midsummer

and the average monthly consumption is about 400,000 gallons. The well and water-distribution system were constructed during 1950 but were not used until late that year. The system was not completed at the time samples of water from municipal water systems were collected. The water is reported to be moderately soft and is believed to be similar to the water from well B13-40-22aa, an irrigation well about 1,500 feet southeast of the Brule well. The relative softness, compared to that of most of the ground water from the alluvium of the South Platte River valley, is believed to be due to ground-water inflow from the adjacent Ogallala formation. The water is not treated.

#### OGALLALA, NEBR.

Ogallala (population 3,440) is supplied with water from two drilled wells (B13-38-6ca2 and B13-38-6da) within the city limits. Both wells are 187 feet deep, are drilled to the Brule formation, and obtain water from both the alluvium of the South Platte River valley and the Ogallala formation. Each well is equipped with an electrically driven turbine pump; the yield of each is reported to be 800 gpm and the drawdown about 25 feet. Water is pumped directly into the city mains and a reserve supply is forced into two steel tanks situated on a hill north of the city. The tanks have a combined storage capacity of 200,000 gallons, and an average operating pressure of 60 psi is maintained. Some of the water is used in railroad locomotives. The water is relatively soft in comparison to most of the water in the alluvium of the South Platte River valley; this is probably due to the admixture of water from the Ogallala formation. The results of an analysis of a sample of water from well B13-38-6ca2 are shown in appendix D.

### PAXTON, NEBR.

Paxton (population 610) is supplied from two drilled wells within the town limits. As these wells are only 50 feet apart, they are numbered as a single well (B13-35-5ca) in this report. The wells are 109 feet deep and tap both the alluvium of the South Platte River valley and the Ogallala formation. The Ogallala formation is recharged by inflow from the overlying alluvium, and the alluvium in the vicinity of the wells is recharged by seepage from the South Platte River. (See water-table contour data, pl. 3.) The wells are equipped with electrically driven turbine pumps that force water into the mains at the rate of about 350 gpm. A reserve supply of water is forced into a 50,000-gallon elevated steel tank and an average operating pressure of 55 psi is maintained. No record of water consumption is available. The water

from the wells is hard, as is indicated by the results of the analysis of a sample of water from well B13-35-5ca in appendix D, but is not treated.

### TOWNS SUPPLIED BY PRIVATELY OWNED DOMESTIC WELLS

Many of the small towns in the lower South Platte River valley between Hardin, Colo., and Paxton, Nebr., are supplied by privately owned domestic wells. The wells generally are drilled by the standard hydraulic-rotary method and cased with perforated steel casing. Some of the wells are equipped with hand-operated cylinder pumps and some—those connected to domestic pressure systems—are equipped with electrically driven cylinder or jet pumps.

In downvalley sequence from Hardin, Colo., to Paxton, Nebr., the principal towns supplied by privately owned domestic systems are Hardin, Roggen, and Masters in Weld County, Colo.; Hillrose and Snyder in Morgan County, Colo.; Atwood and Proctor in Logan County, Colo.; and Roscoe in Keith County, Nebr. These towns, with the exception of Roggen and Roscoe, obtain all their water from wells tapping the alluvium of the South Platte River valley. Most of the wells in Roggen tap the alluvium, but one small flowing well (B2-62-6ca) in Roggen yields soft water derived from the underlying Fox Hills sandstone. The residents of Roscoe obtain water from wells tapping either or both the alluvium and the Ogallala formation. Water derived from the alluvium is hard compared to water derived from the Ogallala formation.

# POSSIBLE FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

Any of the towns or cities that obtain water from the alluvium of the South Platte River valley could enlarge their supply substantially without seriously depleting the quantity of available water. In some places, however, the quality of ground water may be affected if withdrawals are increased substantially. Water derived from dune-sand covered alluvium, such as at the new Brush well field and at Sterling, Sedgwick, and Julesburg, Colo., is moderately soft; however, if pumping is heavy, the water may become harder because of induced inflow of ground water from the main body of alluvium in the South Platte River valley or its tributary valleys. This situation has occurred to a limited extent at Sterling and Julesburg, but is less likely to happen at Brush owing to the greater quantity of soft ground water in storage in the well-field area and the greater distance to the areas of hard water.

The towns of Iliff and Crook, Colo., probably could obtain softer water by installing wells south of the South Platte River where the alluvium is recharged by precipitation on dune-sand areas.

Paxton, Nebr., probably could obtain a potable supply of water that is softer than its present supply by drilling wells into the Ogallala formation south of the South Platte River. As the natural movement of ground water in this area is northward toward the North Platte River, most of the water yielded by town wells between the South Platte and the North Platte Rivers is of poor quality because it is derived from the South Platte River. Wells in the Ogallala formation south of the South Platte River would supply water of good quality; the water in the Ogallala in this area is derived mainly from recharge by precipitation to the south. Water similar to that obtained from wells B13-36-16bb and B13-36-20ad (see appendix D) probably could be obtained.

#### INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES

Ground water is used by several industries in the lower South Platte River valley. Sugar factories at Fort Morgan, Brush, Sterling, and Ovid, Colo., obtain water from the respective municipal supplies for use in refining sugar. Water for washing beets is diverted from streams but is generally supplemented from The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Co. owns and operates wells at Roggen, Brush, and Sterling, Colo. The Union Pacific Railroad Co. pumps water from a well at Sterling and obtains water from the municipalities of Sedgwick and Julesburg, Colo., and Big Springs and Ogallala. Nebr. All the ground water used by railroads is treated to reduce hardness and scale-forming minerals before use in locomotive boilers. Steam plants generating electric power at Fort Morgan and Sterling use ground water to cool the condensers. Ground water is used also by dairies, laundries, and other small industries.

### IRRIGATION SUPPLIES

#### HISTORY OF DEVELOPMENT

The first irrigation wells in the South Platte River valley project area were drilled about 1910. Fourteen irrigation wells in Morgan County and two in Logan County, Colo., are reported by Code (1943) to have been constructed by 1912. Also by that time, some irrigation wells reportedly had been drilled in Weld and Adams Counties, Colo., but it is not known how many of them were in the area covered by this investigation. In Bijou Creek valley,

where the first irrigation wells were drilled in 1915, Code (1943) reported 3.7 wells in 1940, whereas the present investigation shows 188 wells in 1946 and 200 wells in 1947. In Beaver Creek valley, where the first irrigation well was constructed in 1910, Code (1943) reported 53 wells in 1940, and the present investigation shows 109 wells in 1946 and 116 wells in 1947. Of the many additional irrigation wells constructed during recent years, some replaced old wells that had caved, clogged, or become obsolete, but most of them were drilled at new locations.

The cumulative number of irrigation wells in the area from 1910 through 1947, based on reported construction dates of wells, is shown graphically in figure 13. Until about 1930 only a few

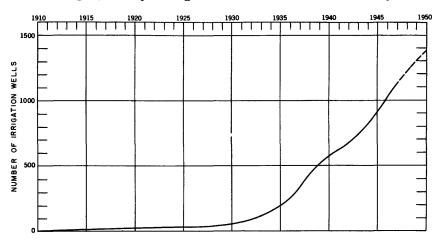


Figure 13.—Cumulative number of irrigation wells constructed in the lower South Platte River valley project area, 1910-50.

irrigation wells had been drilled, and most of these were in the South Platte River valley in areas already being irrigated with river water. Use of ground water for irrigation in the tributary valleys was begun in the early 1930's. At the end of 1947, 1,138 irrigation wells had been drilled. An extrapolation of the curve in figure 13 indicates that about 1,380 irrigation wells were in use by the end of 1950. Not all of these wells are listed in the inventory of wells (appendix C), because the well inventory was completed in 1949. The decrease in well-drilling activity during the period 1940–43 was caused by a shortage of construction materials.

#### QUANTITY OF WATER PUMPED

The annual pumpage of water in the area was calculated for the period 1946-50 from power-consumption and horsepower-rating records supplied by the Morgan County Rural Electric Association

and from rates of well discharge that were measured during the investigation. Discharge measurements were made with a Hoff current meter, which was inserted into the discharge pipe of each pumping plant and while being timed with a stopwatch was moved about in a definite horizontal, vertical, and circular pattern in order to obtain an integrated average velocity of the discharging water. The rate of discharge was then computed by applying the empirically derived formula (Rohwer, 1942, p. 3-40):

$$D = (419 A - 5) V$$

in which D = discharge of the pump, in gallons per minute;

A = cross-sectional area of the discharge pipe, in square feet;

and V = average integrated velocity of the discharging water, in feet per second.

The billed horsepower supplied by the Morgan County Rural Electric Association was 10 percent less than the rated horsepower that had been determined in the field at each plant by measuring power consumption during measured times of operation. The total hours of pumping was calculated for each plant by using the equation:

$$H = \frac{1.207 \ KWH}{BHP}$$

in which H = hours pumped;

KWH = kilowatt-hours consumed per year;

and BHP = billed horsepower, which is 10 percent less than rated horsepower.

The quantity of water pumped from wells for which billed horsepower, power consumption, and pump-discharge data were available was computed by using the equation:

$$A = \frac{HD}{5,430}$$

in which A = water pumped from well during year, in acre-feet,

H = hours pumped:

and D = pump discharge in gallons per minute, as measured or reported.

The results of the computations described above, grouped under eight areas having relatively uniform hydrologic conditions (see fig. 9) and extrapolated to include all the irrigation wells within the areas, are given in table 5 and summarized in table 6.

Table 5.— Estimated quantity of water pumped from irrigation wells and acreage irrigated in the lower South Platte River valley, 1946-50

Year	Number of wells for which computations were made	Acre-feet pumped from these wells	Average quantity pumped per well, in acre-feet	Approximate total number of irrigation wells pumped	Estimated quantity pumped in area, in acre-feet	Number of wells for which irrigated acreage was reported	Total irrigated acreage reported	Average irrigated acreage per well	Estimated imigated acreage based on total number of wells	Estimated pumpage, in acre-feet per acre
			P	rospect \	Valley ar	ea, Colo	rado			
1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	78 81 92 88 77	16,717 12,449 21,391 13,330 21,194	214.32 153.69 232.51 151.48 275.25	111 115 118 120 121	23, 790 17, 674 27, 436 18, 178 33, 305	107 107 107 107 107	12, 286 12, 286 12, 286 12, 286 12, 286	114.9 114.9 114.9 114.9 114.9	12,754 13,213 13,558 13,788 13,903	1.87 1.34 2.02 1.32 2.40
				Hardin t	o Weldo	na, Colo	•			
1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	6 6 9 8 11	770 625 1,166 900 2,098	128.33 104.17 129.56 112.50 190.73	22 28 29 30 31	2,823 2,917 3,757 3,375 5,913	20 20 20 20 20 20	2,340 2,340 2,340 2,340 2,340	117.0 117.0 117.0 117.0 117.0	2,574 3,276 3,393 3,510 3,627	1.10 .89 1.11 .96 1.63
			Valleys	of Bijou	and Kiov	va Creek	s, Colora	.do		
1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	141 154 185 179 148	26,752 28,721 42,588 32,992 38,622	189.73 186.50 230.21 184.31 260.96	233 250 267 272 280	44, 207 46, 625 61, 466 50, 132 73, 069	219 219 219 219 219	30,408 30,408 30,408 30,408 30,408	138.8 138.8 138.8 138.8 138.8	32,340 34,700 37,060 37,754 38,864	1.37 1.34 1.66 1.33 1.88
				Fort Mor	gan area	, Colora	do			
1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	38 42 47 46 34	9, 234 4, 820 7, 924 6, 247 9, 930	243.00 114.76 168.60 135.80 292.06	116 130 140 145 150	28, 188 14, 919 23, 604 19, 691 43, 809	115 115 115 115 115	19,350 19,350 19,350 19,350 19,350	168.3 168.3 168.3 168.3 168.3	19, 518 21, 879 23, 562 24, 404 25, 245	1.44 .68 1.00 .81 1.74
Beaver Creek valley, Colorado										
1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	54 60 69 68 60	5,670 6,197 10,501 8,572 10,583	105.00 103.28 147.84 126.06 176.40	121 129 133 135 138	12,705 13,323 19,663 17,018 24,343	99 99 99 99 99	9, 247 9, 247 9, 247 9, 247 9, 247	93.5 93.5 93.5 93.5 93.5	10, 191 10, 939 11, 313 12, 623 12, 903	1.25 1.22 1.74 1.35 1.89
				Brush t	o Sterlin	g, Colo.				
1946 1947 1948	60 62 59	9,769 3,645 7,047	162,82 58,79 119,44	149 156 158	24, 260 9, 171 18, 872	141	17,460 17,460 17,460	123.8 123.8 123.8	18,446 19,313 19,568	1.32 .48 .96

Table 5.—Estimated quantity of water pumped from irrigation wells and acreage irrigated in the lower South Platte River valley, 1946-50—Continued

Number of wells for which computations were made	Acre-feet pumped from these wells	Average quantity pumped per well, in acre-feet	Approximate total number of ini- gation wells pumped	Stimated quantity pumped in area, in acre-feet	Number of wells for which irrigated acreage was reported	Total irrigated acreage reported	Average irrigated acreage per well	Estimated irrigated acreage based on total number of wells	Estimated pumpage, in acre-feet per acre
A A C T Colo.—Continued									
52 43	3,409 8,604	65.56 200.09	160 161	10,490 32,215	141 141	17,460 17,460	123.8 123.8	19,808 19,932	.53 1.62
Sterling, Colo., to Colorado-Nebraska State line									
	••••••	162.82 58.79 119.44 65.56 200.09	95 106 108 108 108	12,900 7,080	•••••••			••••••	
	Number of wells for which	Number of wells for which co tations were made tations were made as a Acre-feet pumped from these	Number of wells for which co wells for which co humber of wells for which co wells for which co were made tations were made to the set of the s	Number of wells for which co well to which co well to which co well to which co well with company to well with the well	Number of wells for which co of well of the control of the co	Number of wells for which irri  Sterling, Colo., to Colorado-Nebras  Sterling, Colo., to Colorado-Nebras	Number of wells for which irigated acreage was reported   Number of wells for which continued   Number of wells for which continued   Number of wells for which irigated quantity pumped from these   Number of wells for which irigated quantity pumped of wells for which irigated acreage was reported   Number of wells for which irigated acreage was reported   Number of wells for which irigated acreage report   Number of wells for which irigated acreage report   Number of wells for which irigated acreage was reported   Number of wells for which irigated acreage report   Number of wells for which irigated acreage   Number of wells   Numbe	Number of wells for which irigated acreage report    Number of wells for which conditions were freet pumped from these rations were made from the serious was reported from these in acreage was reported in acreage was reported in acreage was reported in acreage was reported in acreage report   100,490	Number of wells for which category   Number of wells for which cations were made trained on total number of wells for which category

#### Colorado-Nebraska State line to Paxton, Nebr.

1946		 162,82	185	30, 121					
1947	•••••	 58,79	211	12,405					•••••
1948			229	27,352	********				
1949		 65.56	232	15,210					
1950		 200.09	232	46,421		l. <b>.</b>	l	l	

Table 6.—Estimated total quantity of water, in acre-feet, pumped from irrigation wells in the lower South Platte River valley, 1946-50

	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950
Pumpage in area between Hardin, Colo., and Colorado-Nebraska State line.	151,441	110,861	167,698	125, 964	234, 264
Pumpage in area between Colorado-Nebraska State line and Paxton, Nebr.	30, 121	12,405	27,352	15, 210	46, 421
Total pumpage	181, 562	123, 266	195,050	141, 174	280,685

Because field data were insufficient for specific computations for the whole area, the quantity of water pumped in the areas Sterling, Colo., to Colorado-Nebraska State line and Colorado-Nebraska State line to Paxton, Nebr., was estimated by multiplying the number of irrigation wells in these areas by the average quantity of water that was pumped per well in the area from Brush to Sterling.

The estimates given in tables 5 and 6 are only approximate, because several factors affect their accuracy: (1) some well owners overestimate the yield of their wells; (2) the yield of most of the irrigation wells in the area decreases during the pumping season, owing to seasonal drawdown and decline of the water table (discharge measurements made early and late in the pumping season may differ as much as 20 percent); (3) the yields of wells that were measured by Code in 1940 and 1941 may have changed as a result of natural causes, although the discharge of many of the wells remeasured in 1948 was about the same as that indicated by Code (wells in areas of declining water table, such as in the valleys of Beaver and Bijou Creeks, generally showed a decrease in yield, whereas many wells in an area of rising water table, such as the Prospect Valley area, showed an increase in yield); (4) some of the figures on irrigated acreage may be too large, because for some farms the same acreage may have been reported for each of several wells that discharge into a common irrigation system; (5) some farmers may have reported the possible maximum acreage that a well can irrigate rather than the actual acreage that was irrigated; and (6) some farmers may have included an entire subdivision of land though only parts of it actually received water.

#### PUMPING COSTS

The cost of pumping water from wells depends upon the cost of the fuel or power, the cost of drilling the well and installing the pump, and the cost of maintenance and operation. The only costs determined during the investigation were the power costs.

The cost of electric power required to pump 1 acre-foot of water, the amount of power required to pump 1 acre-foot of water, the amount of power required to lift 1 acre-foot of water a distance of 1 foot, and the over-all efficiency of pumping plants were computed for individual wells from electrical and cost data furnished by the Morgan County Rural Electric Association and from field data collected during this investigation. The results of these computations are shown in table 7.

The initial power payment charged by the Morgan County Rural Electric Association each irrigation season is \$7.50 for each billed horsepower and this payment must be used for purchase of power or be forfeited. For example, if a motor is billed for 10 hp, the initial power payment is \$75.00. The power rates for each billed horsepower are as follows: 5 cents a kilowatt-hour (kwhr) for the first 100 kwhr, 3 cents a kilowatt-hour for the second 100 kwhr, 2 cents a kilowatt-hour for the third 100 kwhr, 1.25 cents for the next 200 kwhr, and 1 cent a kilowatt-hour for all additional

Table 7.— Electric power costs, consumption of power, and efficiencies of pumping plants at irrigation wells in selected areas in Colorado, 1949

[Based on data supplied by Morgan County Rural Electric Association. The number of pumping plants used in determining the average is shown in parentheses]

Area	Average cost per acre-foot		Average kilowatt- hours consumed per acre-foot		Average kilowatt- hours consumed per acre-foot per foot of lift		Average overall efficiency of pumping plant, in percent	
Prospect Valley area	\$3,54	(88)	151.6	(88)	2,15	(60)	47.5	(60)
Hardin to Weldona	3.34	(8)	99.2	(8)	2,88	(4)	35.7	(4)
Valleys of Bijou and Kiowa Creeks.	3.41	(178)	120.0	(178)	2.48	(97)	41.2	(97)
Fort Morgan area	2,97	(46)	106.1	(46)	2,01	(21)	50.7	(21)
Beaver Creek valley	2.73	(68)	119.5	(68)	2,60	(44)	39.2	(44)
Brush to Sterling	4.35	(53)	74.3	<b>(</b> 53)	2,43	(32)	42.0	(32)

power used. Thus, the more water pumped in an irrigation season, the lower the unit pumping cost.

The cost of power for pumping an acre-foot of water in 1949 ranged from \$2.73 in the Beaver Creek valley to \$4.35 in the South Platte River valley between Brush and Sterling. The reason for the relatively high unit pumping cost in the area between Brush and Sterling is that many well owners did not use enough power to take advantage of the lower power rates. The supply of irrigation water diverted from the South Platte River was ample and thus little ground water was needed.

The electric power required to pump an acre-foot of water in 1949 ranged from 74.3 kwhr in the area between Brush and Sterling to 151.6 kwhr in the Prospect Valley area. The average kilowatthours consumed per acre-foot of water pumped depends, in general, upon the average distance the water is lifted. The average kilowatt-hours consumed per acre-foot pumped per foot of lift ranged from 2.01 in the Fort Morgan area to 2.88 in the South Platte River valley between Hardin and Weldona, Colo. The overall efficiencies of pumping plants, expressed in percent, ranged from 35.7 for the area between Hardin and Weldona, Colo., to 50.7 in the Fort Morgan area. No explanation is offered for the greater efficiency of the pumping plants in the Fort Morgan area, but many factors are involved, including the age of pumps and motors, the condition of pump impellers, the design, and the general care and upkeep of the plants.

#### ESTIMATES OF FUTURE PUMPAGE

An estimate of the amount of water pumped by electric power for any year can be made by dividing the total amount of electric power used for pumping by the average amount of power required to pump an acre-foot of water. The average amount of power required to pump an acre-foot of water in the area supplied by the Morgan County Rural Electric Association is about 119 kwhr and a similar amount presumably is required throughout the project area. An estimate of the total ground water pumped can be made by assuming that the average amount of water pumped from each well is the same for both electrically and nonelectrically powered pumps; that is, the amount of water pumped from the electrically powered wells (which constitute 71 percent of all the irrigation wells) can be used as a basis for estimating the total amount of water pumped in the area.

A more convenient and accurate estimate of pumpage in the part of the area between Hardin and Sterling, Colo., including the tributary valleys, can be made from the total power that was sold for irrigation pumping for any particular year by the Morgan County Rural Electric Association. For each acre-foot of water pumped by both electrically and nonelectrically powered pumps, the number of kilowatt hours sold for pumping during the period 1947—50 was as follows: 90.2, 94.5, 97.3, and 92.8, or an average of 93.7 for the 4-year period. Therefore, if the ratio of electrically to non-electrically powered pumps remains about the same, the approximate total pumpage in acre-feet for any year can be determined by dividing 93.7 into the total annual number of kilowatt-hours sold for irrigation pumping by the Morgan County Rural Electric Association.

### GROUND-WATER CONDITIONS

Ground-water conditions within the eight areas into which the South Platte River valley project area has been subdivided (fig. 9) are discussed below. The discussion of each area will have special reference to that part of the area underlain by alluvial deposits, although in many instances the area has been expanded in order to form common boundaries with adjacent areas. For more detailed information regarding ground-water conditions within these areas, the reader is referred to appendixes A, B, C, and D, and the illustrations.

# PROSPECT VALLEY AREA, COLORADO

The principal aquifer, or water-bearing formation, is the alluvium underlying the valley of Lost Creek. The width of the aquifer ranges from about 1 to about 5 miles and the thickness from a featheredge to about 200 feet. (See pls. 1 and 4.) Water for domestic, stock, and irrigation use is obtained from wells tapping the alluvium; many wells of large discharge have been constructed

in the area. The alluvium is very permeable and transmits water readily to wells. A pumping test at well B2-62-19cd indicated that the coefficient of permeability of the water-bearing material is 2,090 gpd per square foot. The area contains about 123 irrigation wells, most of which have been drilled to the underlying bedrock. The yields of irrigation wells range from about 200 gpm to more than 1,400 gpm and the drawdowns from 6 to 39 feet. The yields of wells near the center of the alluvium-filled channel, where the saturated thickness is greatest, are greater than those of wells near the edges of the channel. Well B1-63-4dd, near the center of the channel, has a specific capacity of 167 gpm per foot of drawdown, whereas B2-63-28bc1, which is reported to be near the edge of the channel, has a specific capacity of only 13 gpm per foot of drawdown. The average specific capacity of 73 wells is 63 gpm per foot of drawdown. The discharge and drawdown of many of the wells are given in appendix C.

In this area, water for irrigation is diverted from the South Platte River and also is pumped from wells. Generally the flow of river water is sufficient for all requirements until late June or early July, but thereafter water is limited to only those irrigators who have high priority. The other irrigators then must rely on ground water, and pumping is heavy until the end of the growing season. In 1950 about 33,000 acre-feet of water was pumped, amounting to about 2.40 acre-feet per irrigated acre. (See table 5.) The amount of ground water stored in the area is estimated to be about 940,000 acre-feet. The depth to water below the land surface in the part of the area underlain by alluvium ranges from less than 1 foot north of Roggen to about 107 feet near the south end of the area. In other parts of the area, the depth to water is greater and, in places, is more than 200 feet. South of the vicinity of Roggen the northeastward gradient of the water table is about 14 feet per mile; north of that vicinity the gradient increases to about 22 feet per mile, or about the slope of the land surface, Recharge to the ground-water reservoir in the area is from precipitation in local and bordering areas and from seepage from canals, reservoirs, and irrigated fields. During the decade 1940-50 a general rise of the water table indicated that recharge exceeded discharge. (See hydrograph B2-63-32aa in fig. 10.) Discharge of ground water is effected largely by pumping from wells and by evaporation and transpiration in the meadowlands north of Roggen. Water from wells tapping the alluvium generally is much harder than water from wells tapping the underlying bedrock. The results of several analyses of ground water from wells in the Prospect Valley area are given in appendix D.

### HARDIN TO WELDONA, COLO.

The Hardin to Weldona area includes the area underlain by alluvium in the South Platte River valley from near Hardin to near Weldona, Colo., but does not include the tributary valleys. The principal source of ground water in the area is the alluvium of the South Platte River valley. Because of the lack of test-hole data, the thickness of the alluvium was not determined accurately but is believed to be more than 200 feet in some parts of the area.

Water diverted from the river for irrigation is supplemented by ground water pumped from wells. About 30 irrigation wells, some of which are drilled to bedrock, are in this area. Ground water is abundant and wells of large discharge can be drilled. The specific capacity of such wells generally is high and of some is as much as 100 gpm per foot of drawdown. The water table is within a few feet of the land surface in much of the area, but the depth to water is as much as 40 feet on alluvial terraces. (See depth-towater data, pl. 3.) No general change in water level during recent years is apparent, although the water level generally rises during each irrigation season. In most of the area the water table slopes almost directly toward the river; the gradient ranges from about 15 to about 70 feet to the mile. (See water-table contour data, pl. 3.) The ground-water reservoir is recharged principally by seepage from canals and reservoirs and partly by precipitation on the sand-hill areas that flank both sides of the valley. Water is discharged from the ground-water reservoir through wells, by evaporation and transpiration in the bottom land, and by seepage into the South Platte River. The ground water in the area is hard, (See results of analyses in appendix D.)

# VALLEYS OF BIJOU AND KIOWA CREEKS, COLORADO

The valleys of Bijou and Kiowa Creeks are considered in this report as a single area because wells are the only source of water for irrigation in both valleys, and the water-bearing formations in the two valleys merge and form a common aquifer in the lower reach of the streams.

The principal aquifer is the alluvial fill of the ancestral valleys of Bijou and Kiowa Creeks. This deposit, which consists of beds of sand, gravel, and clay, is 5 to 10 miles wide in Bijou Creek valley and 1 to 3 miles wide in Kiowa Creek valley. Bijou Creek valley is widest at its upper, or south, end, whereas Kiowa Creek valley is widest where it merges with the valley of Bijou Creek, about 8 miles from the South Platte River. The creeks, however, have independent channels to the river. In Kiowa Creek valley the

average thickness of the alluvium is about 85 feet, the average depth to water is about 25 feet, and the downvalley slope of the water table is about 18 feet to the mile. In Bijou Creek valley, the alluvium at the southern end of the area is about 100 feet thick and the depth to water about 20 feet whereas north of Wiggins the alluvium is about 240 feet thick and the depth to water about 80 feet. The average downvalley slope of the water table is 15.5 feet to the mile. It is estimated that 2,884,000 acre-feet of ground water is stored in the area. (See table 4.)

During recent years, pumping for irrigation has been heavy in the valleys of Bijou and Kiowa Creeks. About 73,000 acre-feet of water was pumped from 280 wells in 1950. The yields of the wells range from 400 to 1,600 gpm and the drawdowns from 10 to 40 feet. The yield of wells north of Wiggins, where several wells have a specific capacity of more than 90 gpm per foot of drawdown, generally is greater than that from wells south of Wiggins. The larger yields are due in part to the greater saturated thickness of the aquifer north of Wiggins and probably in part to a greater permeability of the alluvium, which seems to contain less clay and more sand and gravel near the river than in the parts of the tributary valleys remote from the river. Except in Kiowa Creek valley above its junction with Bijou Creek valley, water levels have been declining throughout both valleys during the past decade.

Recharge to the ground-water reservoir is effected by the flooding of Bijou and Kiowa Creeks and by precipitation in local and adjacent areas. A small part of the area, in T. 4 N., is recharged partly by seepage from the Empire Reservoir and from the Bijou canal. Ground water is discharged from the area by pumping, by evaporation and transpiration in Bijou Creek bottom lands in Tps. 1 and 2 N., and 1 S., and as underflow toward the South Platte River valley. Ground water obtained from alluvium in the area is hard. (See results of analyses of samples in appendix D.)

### FORT MORGAN AREA, COLORADO

Most of the irrigation wells in the Fort Morgan area are pumped to supplement the supply diverted from the South Platte River, although in about 12 square miles of irrigated land in T. 2 N., R. 57 W., all the water used for irrigation is obtained from wells. The principal aquifer in the area is the alluvium underlying the valleys of the South Platte River and Badger Creek. It ranges in thickness from about 50 feet in Badger Creek valley in the vicinity of the Morgan-Adams County line to about 280 feet near the city

of Fort Morgan and consists of beds of gravel, sand, and clay. Near the county line the alluvium underlying the valley of Badger Creek is about a mile wide but downstream it is wider and is several miles wide at its junction with the valley of the South Platte River.

Ground-water storage in the area is estimated at 1,029,000 acre-feet (see table 4), most of which is in the alluvium of the South Platte River valley. The water supply for the city of Fort Morgan and the water pumped from about 147 irrigation wells is obtained from this aquifer. Most of the irrigation and publicsupply wells in the area are drilled through the alluvium to the underlying Pierre shale. The yields of irrigation wells range from 400 to 1,600 gpm and the drawdowns from 5 to 50 feet. Yields are greatest in those parts of the area not more than 2 or 3 miles from the South Platte River; the specific capacity of several wells near the river is more than 100 gpm per foot of drawdown. Although an exact figure could not be obtained, the pumping test of well B3-58-3ba indicated that the water-bearing materials in the vicinity of the well are highly permeable. Generally pumping is heavy in dry years and moderate in wet years. About 44,000 acre-feet of water, or about 1.74 acre-feet per irrigated acre, was pumped in 1950, whereas about 15,000 acrefeet, or 0.68 acre-feet per irrigated acre, was pumped in 1947. Water levels did not decline significantly in most of the area from 1940 through 1949, but in 1950, which was a year of heavy pumping, water levels dropped sharply. In T. 2 N., R. 57 W., where ground water is used exclusively for irrigation, water levels declined steadily during recent years. The gradient of the water table is northeast toward the river and ranges from 12 to 20 feet to the mile. The ground-water reservoir is recharged chiefly by infiltrating precipitation on local and adjacent areas and by seepage of irrigation water. Ground water is discharged chiefly by pumped wells, by springs and seeps along the South Platte River, and by evaporation and transpiration in the heavily vegetated bottom lands.

### BEAVER CREEK VALLEY, COLORADO

The principal source of ground water in the Beaver Creek valley is alluvium, which consists of beds of gravel, sand, and clay. The thickness ranges from a negligible amount at the sides of the valley to about 55 feet in the center of the valley at the south end of the area and to about 120 feet in the valley near the north end of the area. The alluvium ranges in width from 4 to 5 miles throughout most of the valley but near the Morgan-Washington County line it is about 3 miles wide. Ground-water storage in the

aquifer is estimated to be 584,000 acre-feet. Most of the irrigation wells in the area were drilled through the alluvium to the underlying Pierre shale. The discharge of the irrigation wells ranges from about 200 to 1,200 gpm; the drawdown ranges from 11 to 26 feet and averages about 17 feet. The specific capacity of most of the wells, therefore, ranges from about 10 to about 65 gpm per foot of drawdown. The permeability of the water-bearing materials is comparatively high; this is indicated by the results of pumping tests of wells B2-56-12da3 and B3-56-26bb. (See table 2.) About 24,000 acre-feet of water, which is about 1.89 acre-feet per irrigated acre, was pumped in 1950 from 138 irrigation wells. The depth to water in the area ranges from about 7 feet to about 45 feet. Water levels in wells in Tps. 1 and 2 N. have been declining steadily for several years, especially in the vicinity of Gary, Colo. The decline of the water table in this particular area is more serious than in any other part of the project area because the zone of saturation in the alluvium is relatively thin (about 30 feet on the average). The gradient of the water table is northward down the valley and ranges from 7 to 15 feet to the mile. The ground-water reservoir is recharged by the flooding of Beaver Creek, by precipitation on this and adjacent areas, and by underflow from adjacent areas. Ground water is discharged by pumped wells, by evaporation and transpiration from meadowlands in T. 3 N., and by ground-water underflow out of the area. Ground water in the area generally is hard; however, the water is relatively soft in those parts of the area mantled by dune sand. The results of analyses of ground water from wells in the area are given in appendix D.

# BRUSH TO STERLING, COLO.

The Brush to Sterling area includes the South Platte River valley between Brush and Sterling and also the Pawnee Creek valley. The alluvium in the valleys of the South Platte River and Pawnee Creek is the principal aquifer in the area. The thickness of the alluvium ranges from a negligible amount at the edges of the valleys to about 220 feet in deep channels beneath the South Platte River valley. The alluvium of the Pawnee Creek valley is about a mile wide and 33 feet thick about 5 miles upstream from the junction of the valleys, but it is wider and thicker downstream. The width of the alluvium in the South Platte River valley ranges from about 4 to about 8 miles. The amount of ground water stored in the alluvium in the area is estimated to be 2,063,000 acre-feet. The amount of ground water pumped for irrigation depends on the amount of water needed to supplement the supply available by diversion from the South Platte River. In 1950, a year of heavy pumping, about 32,000 acre-feet of water was pumped from 161

wells, or about 1.62 acre-feet of ground water for each acre irrigated; in 1947, a year of light pumping, only about 9,000 acrefeet was pumped, or about 0.48 acre-feet of ground water for each acre irrigated. The depth to water in the alluvium ranges from less than a foot to about 40 feet. No appreciable change in water levels in the area has occurred in recent years; however, the water-level measurements indicate a seasonal rise and decline of the water table. The slope of the water table and the movement of ground water in the area are diagonally downstream toward the South Platte River. The ground-water reservoir is recharged by seepage of irrigation water, by precipitation on local and adjacent areas, and by inflow of ground water from adjacent areas. Ground water is discharged by pumping by evaporation and transpiration in waterlogged and vegetated areas bordering the South Platte River, by seepage into the river, and by subsurface flow into the adjacent downvalley area. Dune-sand deposits and the Pierre shale also yield water, generally in small quantities, to wells in the area. Results of analyses of ground water taken from wells in the area are given in appendix D.

# STERLING, COLO., TO COLORADO-NEBRASKA STATE LINE

The principal source of ground water in the area between Sterling, Colo., and the Colorado-Nebraska State line is the alluvium of the South Platte River valley. The alluvium ranges in width from about 3 to about 5 miles, and in thickness from a negligible amount at the edges to about 300 feet beneath terraces and dunes on the south side of the valley near Crook, Colo. The amount of ground water stored in the alluvium in the area is estimated to be 2,197,000 acre-feet. The quantity of water pumped from about 106 irrigation wells in 1950, which was a year of heavy pumping, amounted to about 21,000 acre-feet. Yields from wells generally are high; drawdowns range from 6 to 30 feet. Several wells have a specific capacity in excess of 100 gpm per foot of drawdown. Water is pumped from wells to supplement that diverted from the South Platte River, and the amount of pumping depends largely on the amount of available water in the river. The depth to water ranges from less than a foot in some waterlogged areas in the valley bottoms to about 50 feet in alluvial terraces at the edge of the valley. In several waterlogged areas in the vicinity of Iliff, Proctor, Crook, and Sedgwick, Colo., alkali has accumulated on the land surface. No apparent change in depths to water has occurred during recent years, although water levels generally rise during the irrigation season and decline during the nonirrigation season. The water table slopes diagonally downvalley toward the South Platte River and the movement of ground water is in that direction. The ground-water reservoir is recharged

by seepage of irrigation water, by precipitation on local and adjacent areas, and by subsurface inflow from the adjacent upstream area and from the Ogallala formation. Ground water is discharged by pumping from wells, by evaporation and transpiration in waterlogged areas and in vegetated areas that border the river, by seepage into the South Platte River, and by subsurface flow into the adjacent downvalley area. Other aquifers yielding water to wells in the area are the Ogallala formation, dune-sand deposits, the Pierre shale, and the Brule formation. Water from these aquifers generally is softer than water from the valley alluvium. Results of analyses of ground water collected from wells in the area are given in appendix D.

### COLORADO-NEBRASKA STATE LINE TO PAXTON, NEBR.

The area includes part of both the South Platte River valley and Lodgepole Creek valley and lies entirely within Nebraska. principal water-bearing formation is the alluvium of the valleys. The alluvium in Lodgepole Creek valley is about a mile wide and ranges in thickness from a featheredge at the sides to about 40 feet in the valley. Part of the underlying Brule formation, however, may consist of reworked fragments of the formation and actually may be part of the alluvium (McLaughlin, 1948, p. 13). The alluvium of the South Platte River valley within the area ranges from about 2 to about 5 miles in width; its edges are not definite because the flanking Ogallala formation also contains beds of sand and gravel that are difficult to distinguish from the alluvium. The alluvium ranges in thickness from a featheredge at the valley sides to about 200 feet near the center of the valley. Ground-water storage in the alluvium in the area is estimated to be 1,596,000 acre-feet. The 223 irrigation wells in the area are used mainly to supplement water diverted from the South Platte River. The annual pumpage for irrigation depends, to a large extent, on the amount of available water in the river. The depth to water in the alluvium ranges from less than a foot in waterlogged areas to about 75 feet in terrace deposits that border the valley and exceeds 200 feet in the Ogallala formation which flanks the river valley. The water table slopes diagonally downstream toward the river, except on the north side of the river in the vicinity of Paxton where it slopes diagonally downstream away from the South Platte River and toward the North Platte River. In this part of the area, no appreciable change occurs in the magnitude and direction of slope of the water table as the ground water moves from the alluvium of the South Platte River valley through the Ogallala formation into the alluvium of the North Platte River valley. No general rise or decline of water levels has taken place in recent years. The water table generally rises during the

irrigation season in that part of the area where water is diverted from the South Platte River but declines during the irrigation season in that part of the area where water for irrigation is pumped entirely from wells. The ground-water reservoir is recharged by seepage from canals and irrigated land, by precipitation on local and adjacent areas, and by inflow of ground water from the Ogallala formation and from the alluvium in the upstream area. Ground water is discharged by pumping, by evaporation and transpiration in waterlogged and vegetated areas along the river, and by outflow of ground water into the adjacent downstream area.

Other aquifers that supply water to wells in the area are the Ogallala and Brule formations and the dune-sand deposits. The Ogallala formation is the most important of these and is the principal source of ground water in areas that flank the valleys of the South Platte River and Lodgepole Creek. Some of the wells near the valley edges derive water from both the alluvium and the Ogallala formation. Water from the Ogallala formation generally is softer than water from the alluvium, except in areas where outflow from the Ogallala formation is the principal source of recharge to the alluvium. Results of analyses of ground-water samples collected in the area are given in appendix D.

### CHEMICAL QUALITY OF THE GROUND WATER

### By Herbert A. Swenson

The general study of the ground-water resources in the lower South Platte River valley included a comprehensive investigation of the chemical quality of the water. Facts obtained in this investigation were used to define the character of the water in bedrock aquifers and in unconsolidated deposits and to provide a basis for rating the suitability of the water for irrigation and domestic use. Furthermore, the occurrence and areal distribution of the different classes of water were established from knowledge of their chemical quality.

Between 1947 and 1950, samples of ground water were collected and analyzed, and 123 of these analyses are tabulated in appendix D. Nearly three-fourths of the samples represent water from the alluvium. The classification of the 123 water samples as to origin is summarized below.

Origin of sample	Number
Bedrock formations Surficial deposits (alluvium, dune sand) Mixed sources	97
Total	123

The mineral analyses of these samples included the determination of silica, iron, calcium, magnesium, sodium, potassium, bicarbonate, sulfate, chloride, fluoride, nitrate, boron, and dissolved solids. Total hardness, noncarbonate hardness, and percent sodium were computed. The physical properties pH and specific conductance were measured and reported.

The samples were analyzed according to methods regularly used by the Geological Survey. These methods are essentially the same or are modifications of methods described in recognized authoritative publications for the mineral analysis of water samples (Collins, 1928; Am. Public Health Assoc., 1946).

Earlier reports on the chemical character of ground water in the South Platte River valley were based on a relatively small number of samples. Slichter and Wolff (1906, p. 12-15) reported chemical analyses for several samples of water from wells in the valley between Sterling, Colo., and North Platte, Nebr. Wenzel and Waite (1941, p. 45-48) briefly discussed the quality of the ground water in that part of the valley lying in Keith County, Nebr. Code (1943, p. 5-6) showed approximate ranges in the mineral content of water from wells in an area that extended from west of Fort Collins to the vicinity of Julesburg, Colo. These ranges were established on the basis of the analyses of a few selected samples of water from widely distributed wells and also of samples that had been submitted by farmers in the region. Later, Code (1945, p. 10) listed the analyses of water from three wells in a discussion of the ground-water supply of Prospect Valley, Colo.

### SOURCES OF DISSOLVED MINERAL SUBSTANCES

### COMPOSITION OF THE DISSOLVED SOLIDS

Ground water is an aqueous solution of certain mineral solids. These solids consist chiefly of the bicarbonates, sulfates, and chlorides of the alkaline earths and the alkali metals. Most natural water contains calcium, magnesium, sodium, bicarbonate, sulfate, and chloride in appreciable amounts. Both the amount and the composition of the dissolved mineral substance are influenced considerably by the nature of the rocks or soils through which the water has passed and by the length of time the water has been in contact with these rocks or soils. Underground water usually is more highly concentrated than direct surface runoff as it remains in contact with the rocks and soils for much longer periods.

The mineral substance dissolved in a water is not a composite of unrelated amounts of the different constituents. The quantities of the bases—calcium, magnesium, sodium, and potassium—are together chemically equivalent to the sum of the acids—bicarbonate, sulfate, chloride, and nitrate. These constituents are in chemical equilibrium with each other; however, certain other constituents, such as aluminum, silica, and possibly iron, usually occur in minor amounts and generally are considered to be present in the colloidal state as oxides.

### SOLUBLE SUBSTANCES IN WATER FROM BEDROCK SOURCES

An examination of several samples of ground water from the Pierre shale revealed that the water is soft, that the principal constituents are sodium and bicarbonate, that chloride is present in appreciable concentrations, and that sulfate is found only in small amounts. These conclusions are summarized in the table below.

Analyses of water from the Pierre shale
[In parts per million]

Well no.	Well depth (feet)	Total hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	Sodium (Na)	Bicarbonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	Chloride (Cl)	Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	Dissolved solids
B9-51-16ab2	220	27	590	785	478	22	1,500
B7-53-27ca	230	36	432	810	235	2.4	1, 110
B9-51-29ab	310	57	669	710	658	15	1,740
B5-54-2bc	330	38	484	710	167	256	1, 290
B10-50-24cd1	385	26	428	564	362	.0	1,090
B8-52-21ac2	435	26	676	798	598	5.0	1,700
B7-52-5bb	435	128	239	444	127	103	778
B2-63-31aa	6 <b>5</b> 0	19	290	673	60	6.0	708

The relatively small amounts of calcium and magnesium in the water, as indicated by the low hardness, suggest that cationexchange reactions have taken place whereby the calcium and magnesium originally present in the water have been replaced by alkalies in the bedrock material. This reasoning seems plausible when it is recalled that bentonite, a micaceous clay mineral capable of readily exchanging its bases, is present in the Pierre shale. This mineral, containing several percent of alkalies, is a highly absorbent variety of clay and is used commercially in the purification and softening of water. The phenomenon of ion exchange in water from the Pierre shale is noted in samples from eight deep wells that range in depth from 220 to 650 feet. The analysis of a sample from a shallow well 43.5 feet deep (B4-57-19db, in Morgan County), shows a hardness of 999 ppm (parts per million) although this well is drilled into the Pierre shale. However, water in this well is recharged by hard gypsiferous water

from a nearby irrigation canal; also, the high hardness of water in this shallow well may be indirectly caused by the absence of bentonitic layers in the upper strata of the Pierre shale.

The shales and sandstones composing the Fox Hills sandstone yield soluble materials to ground water that reaches these strata. One water sample is reported from this formation and was collected from well B2-62-6ca (Weld County), more than 100 feet deep. This water is soft, and its sodium bicarbonate character resembles that of the water from the Pierre shale, although the sample from the Fox Hills sandstone is lower in mineral content.

The soluble mineral substances in water from the Laramie formation are tentatively identified on the basis of one sample of water from this aquifer. Well B1-62-5aa (Weld County), 190 feet deep, produces a brackish water of high mineral content, a considerable amount of which is sodium chloride. The fact that the lower part of the Laramie formation is of marine origin may explain the saline character of this water. It has been suggested that water rising along a deep-seated fault may be the source of the sodium chloride.

The Ogallala formation, which contains much calcium carbonate cementing material, yields a calcium bicarbonate water, as shown by analyses of 6 samples from wells that range in depth from 60 to 225 feet. This water dissolves moderate quantities of minerals; the range in concentration of dissolved solids for 6 samples was from 152 to 396 ppm.

### SOLUBLE SUBSTANCES IN WATER FROM SURFICIAL DEPOSITS

The unconsolidated gravels, sands, silts, and clays in the alluvial fill yield water in which calcium and sulfate compose much of the dissolved solids. The gypsiferous character of the water appears to be due to the pressure in the aquifer of material derived from gypsiferous shales. Gypsum (CaSO<sub>4</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O) is present in small amounts in the Pierre shale, which underlies the entire area. Elias (1931, p. 47–48) in his study of the geology of Wallace County, Kans., pointed out that the Pierre shale of eastern Colorado does not differ much in composition from that in western Kansas. He stated—

Pyrite or marcasite, chiefly in the form of minute casts of Foraminifera or in the form of a crust associated with other organic remains, is fairly uniformly scattered through the whole formation and can be found in every piece of fresh shale. These minerals, however, rapidly decompose near the surface and are replaced by iron hydroxide and by flakes or larger crystals of gypsum.

The iron content of the Pierre shale of eastern Colorado has been determined by Butler (1914, p. 342) who reported 4.41 and 9.48 percent ferric oxide (Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) for two samples.

The dune sands in the lower South Platte River valley, because of their quartzitic character, contribute only moderate amounts of soluble minerals to water that passes through these deposits. Brown (1950, p. 13) reports that the sand-dune area south of the South Platte River valley and west of Beaver Creek valley contains relatively soft water (average hardness, 80 ppm) that has no objectionable concentrations of mineral constituents.

### GEOLOGY AND ITS RELATION TO CHEMICAL QUALITY

It has been shown that the lithological or mineralogical character of the water-bearing material determines to a large extent the chemical quality of the ground water. In figure 14 the results of the analyses of different types of water are shown graphically; only the principal mineral constituents are plotted. The following paragraphs describe the chemical quality of the water in the several aquifers. Chemical analyses of water samples are given in appendix D.

Pierre shale.—Of 8 water samples from the Pierre shale, 6 have concentrations of dissolved solids in excess of 1,000 ppm. The low hardness, which characterizes water from this formation, may be the result of a cation-exchange reaction. The water is of the sodium bicarbonate type and may contain several hundred parts per million of chloride. Several of the samples were obtained from wells in Logan County where the Pierre shale crops out along the flanks of the river valley.

Fox Hills sandstone.—The single sample representing water from the Fox Hills sandstone was obtained from well B2-62-6ca in Weld County. This water, although less mineralized, is very similar in chemical character to water from the Pierre shale. The contact of the Fox Hills sandstone with the underlying Pierre shale, where it is exposed in Morgan and Weld Counties, is gradational; the sample from well B2-62-6ca probably represents water from the transition zone.

Laramie formation.—The water from the Laramie formation from well B1-62-5aa in Weld County is salty. Almost one-half by weight of the dissolved solids (2,150 ppm) in the water was chloride. The owner of the well stated that the water is unfit for drinking.

Ogallala formation. — Moderate concentrations of dissolved solids, most of which is calcium bicarbonate, characterize water from

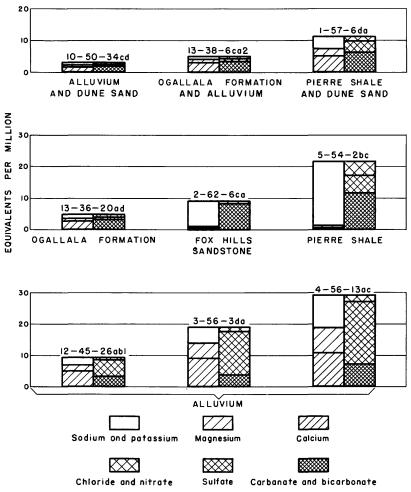


Figure 14. —Analyses of ground water from aquifers in the lower South Platte River valley.

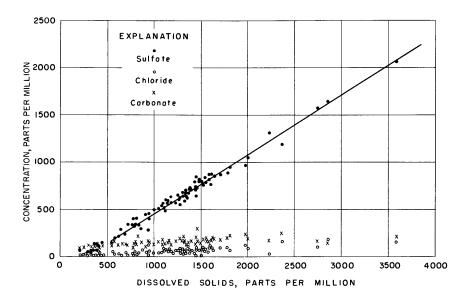
the Ogallala formation. The table below summarizes the chemical quality of water from this aquifer.

Analyses of water from Ogallala formation

# [In parts per million]

Well no.	Depth (feet)	Dissolved solids	Total hardness
B11-45-18aa B11-46-30bb B12-40-17aa B13-36-20ad B13-38-31ab	60 140	396 344 152 314 228	193 181 106 179 139
B14-37-34ac	183	296	170

Surficial deposits.—The chemical quality of water in the alluvium is established on the basis of analyses of 89 water samples from this source. The concentration of dissolved solids ranges from 212 to 3,580 ppm and averages 1,170. The average composition of the bases (calcium, magnesium, sodium, and potassium) is roughly 70 percent alkaline earths (calcium and magnesium) and 30 percent alkalies (sodium and potassium), calculated as equivalents per million. Of the acids, sulfate is the predominant constituent in the water. This statement is best illustrated by figure 15 where concentrations of three acidic ions in the water are



Dissolved solids -----212 to 3,580

Figure 15. —Relation of sulfate, carbonate, and chloride to dissolved solids in ground water from the alluvium.

plotted against dissolved solids; all concentrations are expressed in parts per million. Figure 15 shows that the concentration of sulfate increases in almost direct proportion to that of the dissolved solids, whereas carbonate (computed from bicarbonate) and chloride do not show this relationship to the total mineral content.

Ground water from the alluvial deposits is hard. The hardness of the water is little affected by depth or location of well. More than 90 percent of the samples had hardness in excess of 200 ppm,

and 50 percent had in excess of 600 ppm. A hardness-distribution curve for ground water in the alluvium is shown in figure 16.

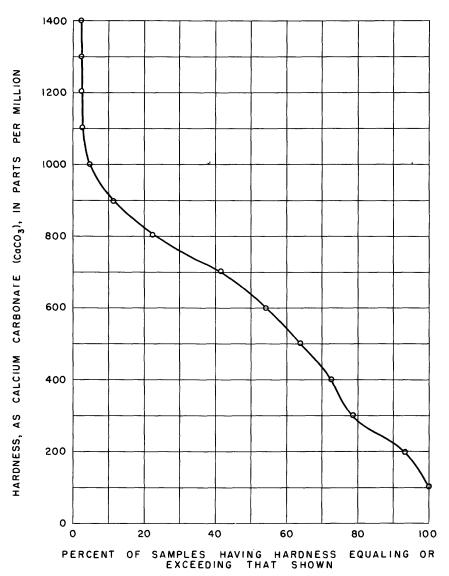


Figure 16. -Hardness-distribution curve for ground water in the alluvium.

The chemical quality of water in the alluvium that is overlain by dune sand is represented by analyses of seven samples. The water in five of the samples was of the calcium bicarbonate type and contained moderate concentrations of dissolved solids. Water from wells B1-56-5dc and B8-52-34ac, however, was more highly mineralized and was of the calcium sulfate type.

One analysis of a water sample from well B7-52-9dc represents water from the dune sand only.

### GEOGRAPHY AND ITS RELATION TO CHEMICAL QUALITY

The alluvium is the most important aquifer in the lower South Platte River valley. Because of the widespread occurrence of this water-bearing material, the quality of its water is discussed in relation to the geography of the area.

Main valley.— Ground water in the heavily irrigated areas in the main valley is progressively more mineralized downstream because return flows to the South Platte River of underground drainage water from irrigated lands are used and reused downstream. These return flows are highly mineralized as the result of the relatively slow movement of the water through the interstices of the unconsolidated alluvial materials and of evaporation of ground water near the surface. The river water is used and reused in subsequent diversions to irrigation canals and ditches. Records of the quality of the water from the South Platte River and Bijou Creek are published in annual reports of the U. S. Geological Survey (1950, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955). The downvalley trend in increased mineral content of ground water for seven wells and one spring in Morgan County is shown below.

Well or spring (downstream order)	Dissolved solids (parts per million)	Well or spring (downstream order)	Dissolved solids (psrts per million)
B4-60-6cc	1.090	B4-56-33bb	
B4-60-2aa		B4-56-26cc	
B4-59-13aa	1.150	B4-56-13ac	1.810
B4-57-31bb	1,550	В4-55-6сь2	

Tributary valleys.— The ground water invalleys tributary to the South Platte River is similar in chemical quality to that in the main valley except where recharge to the water table is largely from flood flows. Wells along the lower reaches of Bijou, Kiowa, and Beaver Creeks produce water of moderate hardness and concentrations of dissolved solids. The ground water in these lower reaches is of better quality than water in the upper reaches or in the main valley.

### WATER UTILIZATION AND ITS RELATION TO CHEMICAL QUALITY

Irrigation supplies.—Wilcox (1948, p. 25-27) has classified the quality of water for irrigation use on the basis of specific conductance (a

measure of the dissolved solids), percent sodium, and the concentration of boron. As boron is rarely found in critical concentrations in irrigation water in the lower South Platte River valley, it will not be further considered in this section. The classification of irrigation supplies on the basis of specific conductance and percent sodium is easily seen by a diagram in which the percent sodium is shown in an inverse curvilinear relationship to the specific conductance. (See fig. 17.) All water samples from bedrock and

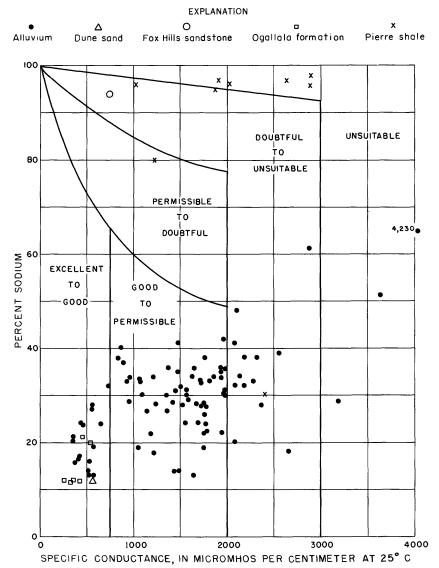


Figure 17. - Classification of normal-type ground water for irrigation use.

surficial deposits have been classified; a few samples of mixed origin were not classified.

Water from the Ogallala formation and from the dune sand has an "excellent to good" rating. (See fig. 17.) Most of the wells in the alluvial deposits produce water of "good to permissible" classification. Water from the Pierre shale and Fox Hills sandstone is of poor quality for irrigation.

Irrigation wells in the valley derive water from the alluvial deposits and this water is, as a general rule, of satisfactory quality.

Domestic supplies.—The source of most domestic supplies in the area is the alluvium, which yields hard water of moderate to high mineral content. If available, water from the Ogallala formation or from the alluvium overlain by dune sand is preferred because of lower concentrations of dissolved solids and lower hardness. The water from the alluvium is usually palatable and, except for hardness, is satisfactory for general use.

Public supplies.—The drinking-water standards of the U. S. Public Health Service (1946, p. 12-14) place definite limitations on water supplies and water-supply systems that are used by interstate carriers subject to Federal regulations. These standards are of general interest because they define an acceptable water and can be used as a basis for comparing water supplies. The standards pertaining to chemical characteristics appear in abridged form below.

Constituent (	Not to exceed (parts per million)	
Iron and manganese together	0.3	
Magnesium	125	
Chlori de	250	
Sulfate	250	
Fluoride	1.5	
Dissolved solids.		
	permitted)	

The concentrations of these constituents in ground-water supplies of towns in the lower South Platte River valley are shown below.

Analy ses	of public water supplies
[In	parts per million]

Town	Well no.	Iron	Magne- sium	Sulfate	Chlo- ride	Fluo- ride	Dis- solved solids
Colorado: Fort MorganBrush	B3-57-6bd B3-56-26bb	0.10 a.06	51	586	46	0 <b>.</b> 5	1, 120 152
Merino Sterling. Iliff.	B6-54-13da	.25 .10 .02	55 24 90	646 446 2,070	50 31 153	.7 .3 1.0	1, 260 934 3, 580

Town	Well no.	Iron	Magne- sium	Sulfate	Chlo- ride	Fluo- ride	Dis- solved solids
Colorado-Continued							
Crook	B10-49-11cb	0.09	41	712	87	0.6	1,440
Sedgwick	B11-46-20cb	.13	9.5	30	13	.4	298
Ovid	B12-45-29ad	.55	12	70	11	.8	354
Julesburg	B12-45-26ab1	a.14	16	248	27	.4	696
Nebraska:			Ì				
Big Springs	B13-42-25dd1	.62	7.3	29	10	.6	248
Ogallala	B13-38-6ca2	.16	12	60	11	.5	340
Paxton	B13-35-5ca	.04	33	452	43	.3	916

### Analyses of public water supplies -- Continued

## LOGS OF TEST HOLES, WELLS, AND SEISMOGRAPH SHOT HOLES

Listed in appendix B are 648 logs of wells, test holes, and seismograph shot holes drilled in the lower South Platte River valley between Hardin, Colo., and Paxton, Nebr. Included are the logs of 187 test holes drilled under the supervision of the U. S. Geological Survey and 39 test holes drilled in cooperation with the Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska. The locations of test holes and wells used in constructing the cross sections and pre-Quaternary topography are shown on plate 1.

Logs entitled "samples log" are those for which the well cuttings were collected and studied by geologists of the U. S. Geological Survey. The "drillers' logs" are logs obtained from drillers' records or from other sources. Geologic interpretations of "drillers' logs" were made by geologists of the U. S. Geological Survey. Some of these logs are of test holes drilled for favorable locations for irrigation wells. Some of the domestic and stock wells for which logs are given are not included in the table of well records. The logs are arranged in numerical order according to counties, first in Colorado and then in Nebraska.

#### RECORDS OF WELLS AND SPRINGS

Records of 1,767 wells and springs in the area were obtained. The locations of these are shown on plate 3. The available pertinent data for all the wells and springs shown on the map are given in appendix C. It was not possible to obtain measurements of the well depth or of the water level in some of the wells and the data given in the table for these wells were reported by the owner or driller of the well. The wells are grouped first according to the State and then to county within the State, and are arranged in numerical order within each county.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Iron and manganese.

#### CONCLUSIONS

Ground water in sufficient quantities for irrigation and other supplies is contained in the alluvial deposits that underlie the valleys of the South Platte River and its tributaries. An estimated 12,700,000 acre-feet of water is stored in the alluvium within the project area. Wells that would yield 500 to 1,000 gpm could be developed in the alluvium in most places and wells that would yield as much as 2,000 gpm probably could be developed in the thick saturated sections of the alluvium in the valley of the South Platte River.

The alluvium is recharged chiefly by infiltration from irrigation systems and by precipitation on local and adjacent areas. Water is discharged from the alluvium chiefly by seepage into the South Platte River, by evaporation and transpiration, and by pumping.

Recharge to the ground-water reservoir from infiltrating irrigation water has raised the water table and caused seeps in some low-lying areas bordering the South Platte River. These seeps could be drained by lowering the water table a few feet, either by decreasing the recharge or increasing the discharge of ground water in the area. The amount of recharge could be decreased by lining the canals or by decreasing the amount of water that is applied to the land; the discharge of ground water could be increased by installing drains and by pumping additional water from the gound-water reservoir. If the pumped water were used for irrigation, the amount of surface water that is needed for this purpose would by reduced. Consequently, a balanced surface- and ground-water irrigation system could be established. In parts of the area where the ground-water reservoir is replenished by recharge from the South Platte River and from adjacent areas during the nonirrigation season, large quantities of water could be pumped from the ground-water reservoir into canals and reservoirs during the irrigation season.

Discharge of ground water by pumping in areas that depend entirely on ground water for irrigation has lowered the water levels in the valleys of Bijou and Kiowa Creeks and in parts of the Fort Morgan area and Beaver Creek valley. This condition is most serious in the vicinity of Gary, Colo., where the alluvium is relatively thin.

Surficial deposits in the valley yield water of acceptable quality for most purposes. The alluvial deposits yield hard water of moderate to high concentrations of dissolved solids, much of which is calcium sulfate. This water is of satisfactory quality, as a rule, for irrigation and domestic uses. Ground water from the alluvium overlain by dune sand and from the Ogallala formation is softer and is preferred, when available in sufficient quantities, to water

from the alluvium. The bedrock deposits, except the Ogallala formation, generally yield water of poor quality for irrigation or other uses.

It is anticipated that there will be future hydrologic problems in the project area because the number of irrigation wells draining water from a limited aquifer is steadily increasing, the water table in parts of the area is declining at an accelerating rate, and the mineralization of ground water in irrigated areas is increasing. Therefore, hydrologic studies should be continued in the lower South Platte River valley. The periodic measurement of water levels in observation wells should be continued, the annual pumpage of ground water for irrigation should be estimated, and the chemical quality of water in selected wells should be determined at intervals. Additional pumping tests should be made to obtain more information regarding the hydrologic properties of the waterbearing materials.

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## APPENDIX A

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska

### [In feet below land-surface datum]

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level			
			ADAMS COUN	ry. colo.					
			C1-60-	-					
Nov. May Nov. Apr. Nov. May Oct. May Oct. Apr. Oct.	29, 1940 5, 1941 4 18, 1942 19 1, 1943 18 1, 1944 26 3, 1945 31 24, 1946 30	18.0 18.1 19.7 18.6 19.2 18.8 20.2 20.25 22.09 20.27 22.08 22.38 23.16	Aug. 26, 1947 Oct. 8 Nov. 4 Dec. 3 Jan. 8, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 3 Apr. 13 Oct. 4 Nov. 4 Nov. 4 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 7	27.10 23.80 23.47 23.14 23.02 22.84 22.70 22.40 26.83 26.34 24.96 24.62 24.35	Mar. 15, 1949 Apr. 14 May 4 June 17 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 10 May 22 Oct. 17 Dec. 14	24.17 24.28 23.84 23.59 27.44 25.37 24.76 24.31 24.01 23.72 26.30 25.77			
C1-60-17dc									
Nov. Apr. Nov. May Oct. May Oct. Apr. Oct. Oct.	19, 1942 1, 1943 18 1, 1944 26 3, 1945 31 24, 1946 30 8, 1947 4	25.09 25.15 25.74 25.61 28.35 26.40 27.32 26.70 29.10 30.85 29.77	Dec. 3, 1947 Jan. 8, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 3 Apr. 13 June 30 Sept. 1 Nov. 4 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949	28.81 28.47 28.09 28.35 28.00 30.82 35.33 30.85 29.77 29.09	Feb. 7, 1949 Mar. 15 Apr. 14 May 4 June 17 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 10 Dec. 14	29.05 28.88 28.86 28.65 28.40 33.13 30.50 29.72 29.39 31.70			
			C1-60-2	9cb1					
Jan. May Nov. Apr. Nov. Apr. Nov. May Oct. May Oct. Oct.	23, 1934 5, 1941 4 18, 1942 19 1, 1943 18 1, 1944 26 3, 1945 31 30, 1946	29,50 30,75 31,96 30,81 30,78 29,80 29,42 29,90 32,00 30,15 32,65 33,29	Oct. 8, 1947 Nov. 4 Dec. 3 Jan. 8, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 3 Apr. 13 June 30 Oct. 4 Nov. 4 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949	33.55 32.55 31.14 30.68 30.36 30.34 30.20 32.06 34.88 33.28 32.90 32.17	Feb. 7, 1949 Mar. 15 Apr. 14 May 4 June 17 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 10 Oct. 17 Dec. 14	30.78 31.05 31.00 31.52 32.90 34.09 33.08 31.45 31.74 34.43 32.70			
			C2-60-1	19bc					
Sept. Nov. May Nov. Apr. Nov. Apr. Nov. May Oct. May	4, 1930 30, 1940 5, 1941 8 18, 1942 19 1, 1943 18 1, 1944 26 3, 1945 31	14,50 18,00 18,00 18,02 17,88 17,64 17,56 17,51 17,56 17,56 17,56	Apr. 24, 1946 Oct. 30 Aug. 26, 1947 Oct. 8 Nov. 4 Apr. 13, 1948 June 4 Aug. 4 Sept. 1 Oct. 4 Nov. 4 Dec. 6	17.48 17.55 17.73 17.58 17.57 17.40 17.42 17.59 17.56 17.58 17.58	Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 7 May 4 June 17 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Apr. 10, 1950 May 22 Aug. 2 Oct. 17	18.85 18.93 17.55 17.55 17.35 18.02 17.55 17.40 18.02 16.68 17.07			

109

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
			LOGAN COUNTY	, colo.		
			B6-53-16dd			
Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June	22, 1947 12 6 4 10 2, 1948 6 8 16 7	22.80 22.10 22.10 22.52 •22.58 23.32 23.64 23.74 23.70 22.71	July 12, 1948 Aug. 6 Sept. 10 Oct. 7 Nov. 1 Dec. 6 Mar. 3, 1949 Apr. 8 May 4 May 31	22.25 21.79 21.15 20.82 21.63 22.36 23.40 23.68 23.77 24.50	July 8, 1949 Aug. 10 Oct. 19 Dec. 1 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 12 May 26 Aug. 4 Oct. 20 Dec. 7	22.97 22.18 21.84 22.85 23.05 23.74 22.54 21.67 22.22 23.37
			B6-53-30bc			
Aug. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June Aug.	21, 1947 6 4 10 2, 1948 6 8 16 7 6	12.20 12.48 12.74 13.08 13.07 12.69 12.57 12.83 11.51 13.27	Sept. 10, 1948 Oct. 7 Nov. 1 Dec. 6 Jan. 20, 1949 Feb. 8 Mar. 3 Apr. 8 May 4 May 31	11.97 12.00 12.77 13.27 12.94 13.09 13.35 13.33 12.38 12.57	July 8, 1949 Aug. 10 Oct. 19 Dec. 1 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 12 May 26 Aug. 4 Oct. 20 Dec. 7	11.47 11.76 12.48 13.26 13.58 13.36 12.55 12.19 12.73 13.55
			B6-54-24bc			
Aug. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June July	19, 1947 6 4 10 2, 1948 6 8 16 7	9,70 11,47 12,45 11,52 13,35 13,40 12,83 12,40 11,09 10,55	Aug. 2, 1948 Sept. 10 Oct. 7 Nov. 1 Dec. 6 Apr. 8, 1949 May 4 June 6 July 8	11.20 11.55 11.20 11.90 12.98 14.00 12.10 11.16 10.33	Aug. 10, 1949 Oct. 19 Dec. 1 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 13 May 26 Aug. 4 Oct. 18 Dec. 7	10.44 11.49 12.89 13.63 13.13 11.39 11.05 12.57 13.44
			B6-54-32ba			
Sept.	4, 1947	61,50	Oct. 6, 1947	61.62	Nov. 4, 1947	61.90
			B7-52-7ac			
May Oct. May Nov. Apr. Oct.	3, 1944 24 1, 1945 1 25, 1946 29	14.93 12.75 15.33 13.60 14.58 13.86	May 1, 1947 Sept. 8 Oct. 6 June 7, 1948 July 12 Aug. 6	15.29 11.65 11.32 11.20 11.13 10.60	Sept. 10, 1948 Oct. 8 Nov. 1 May 31, 1949 July 8	10.48 10.38 10.80 11.25 12.00
			B7-53-18bd			
Dec. May Sept. Nov. Dec. Feb.	11, 1947 5, 1948 10 1 6 8, 1949	16.53 16.75 21.52 18.32 18.04 17.90	Mar. 2, 1949 Apr. 7 May 4 May 31 July 8 Oct. 13	17.77 17.28 17.10 17.08 16.79 17.71	Dec. 1, 1949 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 12 May 26 Oct. 18 Dec. 2	17.58 16.80 17.27 18.87 19.97 18.88

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

		<sub>1</sub>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	<del></del>		
Date	:	Water level		Date	Water level		Date	Water level	
		L	OGAN C	OUNTY, CO	OLO. —Conti	nued			
B7-53-21bc									
Nov. 19 May 3, Oct. 24 May 1, Nov. 1	1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	14.98 13.59 14.33 13.69 14.53 13.82 14.88 13.92 14.86 17.15	Nov. Dec. Dec. Feb. Apr. July Sept. Oct. Nov. Mar. Apr.	4, 1947 11 30 6, 1948 16 12 10 8 1 2, 1949	13.50 14.58 14.69 14.88 15.20 15.09 16.05 14.48 13.86 13.32	May May July Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Oct. Dec.	4, 1949 31 8 13 1, 7, 1950 12 26 18 2	13.82 13.52 11.88 13.31 13.17 13.84 14.17 13.95 14.32 13.52	
				B7-53-23b	ь				
May 6, Nov. 5 Apr. 17, Nov. 20 Apr. 2, Nov. 19 May 3, Oct. 24 May 1, Nov. 1 Apr. 25, Oct. 29	1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	31.7 33.6 31.34 32.45 29.22 33.47 26.45 30.95 26.10 31.10 29.25 31.86 28.85 32.27 28.05	Oct. Nov. Dec. Dec. Feb. Mar. Apr. Jume July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan.	6, 1947 4 11 30 6, 1948 12 16 7 12 2 2 10 8 1 1 6, 1949	27.61 28.10 29.15 29.36 30.00 30.55 30.98 29.02 28.15 28.40 25.71 24.39 24.50 25.54 27.05	Feb. Mar. Apr. May May July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Aug. Oct. Dec.	8, 1949 2 7 4 31 8 10 14 6 7, 1950 12 26 4 20 17	27,67 28,29 28,70 29,11 28,26 27,39 25,40 24,35 26,24 28,60 30,09 29,44 26,10 25,67 26,94	
			_	B7-53-25d					
Sept. 12, Oct. 6 Nov. 4 Dec. 10 Jan. 2, Feb. 6 Mar. 8 Apr. 16 June 7 July 12 Aug. 6	1947	8.24 9.00 9.70 10.25 10.54 10.22 9.55 9.73 8.63 7.82 8.02	Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May	10, 1948 10 1 6 20, 1949 8 3 8 4 31	7.54 7.80 9.32 10.04 10.08 9.79 9.97 10.21 9.54 9.79	July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Aug. Oct. Dec.	8, 1949 10 13 1, 7, 1950 12 26 4 20	7,97 7,69 9,33 10,45 10,78 10,39 9,32 7,88 9,76 10,23	
				B7-53-25d	d				
Sept. 12,	1947	8,80	Oct.	6, 1947	9.47	Nov.	4, 1947	a10.25	
				B7-53-26a	ь				
	1928 1929 1935 1940	8.50 8.75 8.63 8.85 9.85 10.26	Nov. May Nov. Apr. Nov. Apr.	1, 1940 6, 1941 5 17, 1942 20 2, 1943	10.32 10.55 10.39 9.86 9.75 9.91	Nov. May Oct. May Nov. Apr.	19, 1943 3, 1944 24 1, 1945 1 25, 1946	9,10 9,36 8,98 10,22 9,65 10,25	

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

			Oate Water Date		Date	Water lev <b>e</b> l
		LC	XGAN COUNTY, CO	LO. —Contin	ued	
			B7-53-26abC	ontinued		
Oct. May Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	29, 1946 1, 1947 8 6 4 11	9.79 10.26 8.65 9.40 8.95 9.30	July 12, 1948 Aug. 6 Sept. 10 Oct. 8 Nov. 1 Dec. 6	8.89 9.52 8.67 8.45 8.72 9.04	Aug. 10, 1949 Oct. 13 Dec. 6 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 12 May 26	8.45 8.60 9.40 9.80 9.93 10.25
Jan. Feb. Apr. June	2, 1948 6 16 7	9,39 8,69 9,60 8,93	Mar. 3, 1949 May 4 May 31 July 8	9,65 10,09 10,10 8,43	Aug. 4 Oct. 20 Dec. 7	8.97 9.36 4.79
			B7-54-128	ос		
Oct. May Nov. Apr. Nov. Apr. Nov. Oct.	28, 1940 6, 1941 5 17, 1942 20 2, 1943 19 24, 1944	12.51 10.92 11.48 9.46 10.48 10.40 11.30	May 1, 1945 Nov. 1 Apr. 25, 1946 Oct. 29 Sept. 8, 1947 Oct. 6 Nov. 4	10.55 10.74 10.15 11.17 10.95 9.18 11.15	Dec. 11, 1947 Dec. 30 Feb. 6, 1948 Mar. 12 Apr. 16 June 7 July 12	10.88 11.10 10.88 11.40 10.80 11.16 b10.55
			B7-54-12d	eb		
Feb. Apr.	7, 1950 12	c <sub>11.47</sub> 11.11	May 26, 1950 Aug. 4	13.27 11.85	Oct. 18, 1950 Dec. 2	12.19 11.88
			B8-51-6a	d		
July Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June	29, 1947 12 6 5 10 2, 1948 6 12 20 7	19.80 20.05 19.80 20.30 20.98 21.18 21.42 21.31 21.05 19.53	July 12, 1948 Aug. 2 Sept. 14 Oct. 8 Nov. 8 Dec. 6 Jan. 17, 1949 Feb. 10 Mar. 2 Apr. 7	19.48 19.53 19.58 21.95 20.32 20.68 21.03 21.03 21.00 21.28	May 4, 1949 Aug. 10 Oct. 12 Dec. 6 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 12 Aug. 4 Oct. 20 Dec. 7	20,47 19,65 19,75 20,74 21,63 21,16 19,65 20,55
			B8-51-6b	d		
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June	12, 1947 6 5 10 2, 1948 6 12 20 7	11.14 11.05 11.74 11.22 12.30 11.77 11.55 11.40 10.89	July 12, 1948 Aug. 2 Sept. 14 Oct. 8 Nov. 8 Dec. 6 Feb. 10, 1949 Mar. 2 Apr. 7	11.58 10.54 11.04 11.25 11.57 11.88 11.86 11.82	May 4, 1949 June 1 July 8 Aug. 10 Oct. 13 Dec. 6 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 12 May 31	11,60 11,42 10,74 10,55 11,12 12,00 12,49 11,99 d <sub>11,06</sub>

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

Date		Water level		Date	Water level	Date		Water level		
		ro	GAN CC	OUNTY, CO	LO, —Continu	ed				
				B8-52-10a	:					
Apr. 24, Oct. 30 May 6, Nov. 5 Apr. 17, Apr. 2, Nov. 18 May 3, Oct. 25 May 2, Nov. 1	1929 1930 1935 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945	2.3 3.2 4.7 3.2 4.8 5.25 5.00 5.10 4.60 4.62 5.20 4.41 4.99 5.20 4.95	Oct. May Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	29, 1946 1, 1947 9 6 4 10 2, 1948 6 12 16 7 2 14 8 8 6	4.97 5.55 3.76 4.65 4.95 4.70 4.92 5.40 5.20 5.30 2.99 4.71 3.20 3.99 5.00 5.13	Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Aug. Oct. Dec.	17, 1949 10 2 7 4 1 1 8 10 13 6 7, 1950 12 31 4 20 7	5.24 5.55 5.15 4.99 4.48 4.18 4.32 4.59 5.54 5.81 5.67 3.53 4.07 4.76 4.75		
	B8-52-17cb									
Nov. 5 Apr. 17, Apr. 2, Nov. 19 May 3, Oct. 25 May 2, Nov. 1 Apr. 25, Oct. 29	1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	19.66 20.40 17.95 20.06 20.19 16.97 19.37 16.15 19.53 17.77 19.88 17.20 19.94 18.50 16.88	Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan.	6, 1947 4 10 2, 1948 6 12 16 7 12 2 14 8 1 6 17, 1949	16.50 17.30 18.04 18.54 19.07 19.60 19.75 18.48 17.82 17.95 16.78 15.91 16.37 17.43 18.32	Feb. Mar. Apr. May May July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Aug. Oct. Dec.	10, 1949 2 7 4 31 8 10 13 1 7, 1950 12 31 4 20 7	18.76 18.90 19.32 19.61 18.80 17.93 16.85 15.91 17.52 18.79 19.25 18.01 17.05 16.55 17.70		
				B9-51-16at	01					
Sept. 9, Oct. 6 Nov. 5 Dec. 13 Jan. 2, Feb. 10 Apr. 20 Aug. 2	1947 1948	4.50 5.80 6.40 6.70 6.85 6.79 6.50 5.49	Oct. Dec. Jan. Mar. Apr. May June July	8, 1948 7 17, 1949 2 7 4 1	5.42 6.49 6.46 6.07 6.36 6.47 6.84 4.94	Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Oct.	12, 1949 7 6 8, 1950 12 31 20	5.13 5.86 7.18 7.34 7.32 5.82 6.32		
				В9-51-31ы	)					
Sept. 12 Oct. 6 Nov. 5 Dec. 10	1947 1948	3.79 5.85 2.89 4.94 4.93 5.08 4.78 4.52 4.15 4.12 4.61	Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June	2, 1948 14 8 8 6 17, 1949 10 2 7 4	4.89 4.60 3.95 4.23 4.75 4.60 4.09 4.45 4.58 4.68 4.14	July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Aug. Oct. Dec.	8, 1949 10 13 6 7, 1950 12 31 4 20 7	3.83 4.50 4.20 5.23 5.26 5.03 6.41 5.16 5.14		

APPENDIX A 113

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
	LC	GAN COUNTY, CO	LO. —Continu	ıed	
		B9-52-35a	c		
Sept. 9, 1947 Oct. 6 Nov. 5 Dec. 10 Jan 2, 1948 Feb. 6 Mar. 12 Apr. 20 June 7 July 12 Aug. 2	10,58 10,69 11,35 11,63 11,81 11,91 11,90 11,90 10,57 10,96 11,04	Sept. 14, 1948 Oct. 8 Nov. 8 Dec. 6 Jan. 17, 1949 Feb. 10 Mar. 2 Apr. 7 May 4 June 1	10.88 10.45 11.23 11.65 11.58 11.81 11.86 11.88 11.62 11.65	July 8, 1949 Aug. 10 Oct. 13 Dec. 6 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 12 May 31 Aug. 4 Oct. 20 Dec. 7	11,01 11,03 10,35 11,84 12,05 12,02 11,09 10,88 11,35 11,65
		B10-48-4bc			
June 24, 1948 Aug. 2 Sept. 14 Oct. 8 Nov. 8 Dec. 7 Jan. 17, 1949 Feb. 10	6.03 7.77 8.22 8.35 7.72 8.07 7.85 7.90	Mar. 2, 1949 Apr. 7 May 5 June 1 July 5 Aug. 11 Oct. 7	7.11 6.28 7.28 5.53 5.70 8.55 8.67	Dec. 14, 1949 Feb. 8, 1950 Apr. 12 June 1 Aug. 8 Oct. 19 Dec. 2	8.86 9.00 8.34 8.39 8.50 6.40 8.28
		B10-49-2cb			
Sept. 16, 1947 Oct. 7 Nov. 5 Dec. 13 Jan. 3, 1948 Feb. 10 Mar. 12 Apr. 20 June 8 July 8 Aug. 2	5.62 5.72 5.15 5.32 5.35 5.70 5.45 5.45 5.16 5.20 4.29	Sept. 14, 1948 Oct. 8 Nov. 8 Dec. 7 Jan. 17, 1949 Feb. 10 Mar. 2 Apr. 7 May 4 June 1	5.73 5.61 5.30 5.31 5.34 5.54 5.04 4.38 5.18 4.48	July 7, 1949 Aug. 11 Oct. 7 Dec. 14 Feb. 8, 1950 Apr. 12 June 1 Aug. 8 Oct. 20 Dec. 2	5,29 5,12 5,43 5,32 5,60 5,15 4,98 4,17 5,18 5,00
		B10-49-8cc	:		
Jan. 3, 1948 Feb. 10 Mar. 12 Apr. 13 June 8 July 8 Aug. 2 Sept. 14 Oct. 8	15,20 15,71 15,90 16,00 12,30 11,87 11,39 12,48 12,46	Nov. 8, 1948 Dec. 7 Jan. 17, 1949 Feb. 10 Mar. 2 Apr. 7 May 4 June 1 July 7	13.85 14.16 14.40 12.64 11.89 13.63 13.92 14.25 13.05	Aug. 11, 1949 Oct. 7 Dec. 14 Feb. 8, 1950 Apr. 12 June 1 Aug. 8 Oct. 20 Dec. 2	10.97 12.56 14.45 15.25 15.35 14.50 10.26 12.38 13.05
		B10-49-9cc	:		
Dec. 12, 1947 Jan. 3, 1948 Feb. 10 Mar. 12 Apr. 20	4.99 5.22 5.22 5.19 4.20	July 8, 1948 Aug. 2 Sept. 14 Oct. 8 Nov. 8	3.88 2.31 2.82 4.07 4.07	Dec. 7, 1948 Mar. 2, 1949 Apr. 7 May 4 June 1	4.82 4.28 3.62 4.17 4.13

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	···	<b>1</b>							
Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level				
	1.	OGAN COUNTY, CO		nued					
July 7, 1949 Aug. 11 Oct. 7	4.14 3.06 4.61	Dec. 14, 1949 Feb. 8, 1950 Apr. 12	5.46 6.65 4.49	June 1, 1950 Aug. 8 Oct. 20	3.82 2.80 4.35				
B10-50-28cd									
Sept. 16, 1947 Oct. 7 Nov. 5 Dec. 13 Jan. 3, 1948 Feb. 10 Mar. 12	4.64 4.84 4.50 4.95 5.04 4.84 4.70	Apr. 20, 1948 June 8 July 9 Aug. 2 Sept. 14 Oct. 8	4.65 4.22 4.39 4.50 4.82 4.65	Dec. 7, 1948 Mar. 2, 1949 Apr. 7 June 1 July 7 Aug. 11	4.25 3.89 2.46 3.63 3.37 44.53				
		B10-51-24aa	ı						
Sept. 9, 1947 Oct. 7 Nov. 5 Dec. 13 Jan. 3, 1948 Feb. 10 Mar. 12 Apr. 20	12,92 14,13 16,99 19,35 20,32 21,70 22,55 19,40	June 8, 1948 July 9 Aug. 2 Sept. 14 Oct. 8 Nov. 8 Dec. 7 Jan. 17, 1949	22.07 21.58 17.91 17.35 16.58 18.59 20.02 21.55	Feb. 10, 1949 Mar. 2 Apr. 7 May 4 June 1 July 8 Aug. 11	22.27 22.39 23.09 23.46 24.03 20.89 a14.64				
		MORGAN COU	•						
Nov. 27, 1940 May 6, 1941 Nov. 5 Apr. 17, 1942 Nov. 20 Apr. 2, 1943 Nov. 19 May 4, 1944 Oct. 24 May 1, 1945 Nov. 1 Apr. 25, 1946 Oct. 29 May 1, 1947	34.60 34.39 35.62 33.16 34.49 34.09 36.42 35.60 38.66 37.42 37.45 37.15 37.19	Aug. 6, 1947 Oct. 2 Nov. 3 Dec. 9 Dec. 31 Feb. 3, 1948 Mar. 8 Apr. 14 June 2 July 5 Sept. 1 Oct. 7 Nov. 2 Dec. 8	38.00 39.15 38.92 38.22 38.38 37.94 37.80 39.77 40.60 41.16 41.28 40.95 40.47	Apr. 11, 1949 May 3 May 30 July 4 Aug. 4 Oct. 11 Dec. 5 Feb. 6, 1950 Apr. 6 May 31 Aug. 7 Oct. 16 Dec. 4	39.68 39.69 40.10 39.67 41.96 42.18 41.91 41.36 41.00 42.30 44.50 44.23 43.41				
		B1-55-19	ad						
Mar. 30, 1948 May 14 June 2 July 5 Aug. 2 Sept. 1 Oct. 7	32.85 33.35 32.95 33.57 34.22 34.42 35.33	Nov. 2, 1948 Dec. 8 Jan 19, 1949 Feb. 7 Mar. 8 Apr. 11	34.60 34.40 34.10 34.08 34.80 34.35	May 3, 1949 May 30 July 4 Aug. 4 Oct. 11 Dec. 1	33.28 34.08 34.09 34.00 37.30 d <sub>34.30</sub>				

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date		Water level		Date	:	Water level		Date	Water level
			MOI	RGAN (	COUN	TY, C	OLO, —Contir	ued		
					В1	-55-31	da			
Nov. Nov. Apr. Nov. Apr. Nov. Oct. May Nov. Oct. May	17, 1 20 2, 1 19 24, 1	1941 1942 1943 1944 1945	33.87 33.62 30.91 31.34 31.29 33.85 34.62 34.01 33.30 32.90 33.70	Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug.	8, 2 31 3, 8 14 14 2 5	1947 1948	37.20 33.22 32.86 33.91 34.29 33.60 35.83 36.76 38.89	Sept. Oct. Dec. Mar. May Oct. Dec. Feb. Dec.	1, 1948 7 8 8, 1949 3 30 11 1 6, 1950	38,61 38,01 36,74 35,90 36,30 37,69 36,63 36,63 36,00 36,70
	B1-56-1cd2									
Mar. May Aug.	30, 1 14 2	1948	35.60 36.40 37.99	Mar. May July	8, 30 .4	1949	37.78 37.62 37.65	Aug. Aug.	4, 1949 7, 1950	37 <b>.</b> 35 40 <b>.</b> 85
	B1-56-1dc									
Nov. May Nov. Apr. Nov. Apr. Nov. May Oct. May Nov. Apr. Oct.	27, 1 6, 1 5 17, 1 20 2, 1 19 4, 1 24 1, 1 1 25, 1	1941 1942 1943 1944 1945	31,84 31,70 32,59 31,30 31,95 31,64 33,10 32,97 35,07 34,63 35,57 35,02 34,40	May Oct. Nov. Dec. Dec. Feb. Mar. Apr. July Sept. Oct. Nov.	1, 2 3, 9 31 2, 8 14 5 1 8	1947 1948	34.82 38.00 36.86 36.45 36.64 35.83 36.19 36.00 38.54 40.59 41.69 39.68	Dec. Jan. Feb. Apr. Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Oct. Dec.	8, 1948 19, 1949 7 11 4 11 5 6, 1950 6 31 16	38,78 38,37 38,19 38,28 40,82 42,75 39,86 39,86 39,35 42,39 42,80 41,91
					В1-	-56 <b>-</b> 13c	:c			
Aug. Mar. May June Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	14, 1 30, 1 14 2 1 7 2 8	1947 1948	42.55 42.40 42.61 43.66 43.88 43.57 44.82	Feb. Mar. Apr. May May July Aug. Oct.	7, 8 11 3 30 4 4 11	1949	42.60 45.27 43.54 43.26 43.40 43.69 43.89 44.66	Dec. Feb. Apr. May Aug. Oct. Dec.	1, 1949 6, 1950 6 31 17 16 4	45.17 44.31 44.11 44.83 45.85 46.16 46.14
	B1-59-4dc									
Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar.	16, 1 4 3 8, 1 3	1	53.55 54.23 54.10 54.20 54.06 54.23	Apr. June June Sept. Oct. Nov.	13, 4 30 8 4 4	1948	54.20 54.07 54.06 53.33 53.99 54.11	Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May	6, 1948 14, 1949 14 15 18 4	54.07 53.96 54.05 54.08 54.07 54.05

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level				
MORGAN COUNTY, COLO.—Continued									
B1-59-4dc—Continued									
June 6, 1949 July 11	54.10 54.05	Aug. 1, 1949 Oct. 17	54.08 53.94	Dec. 12, 1949	d <sub>54</sub> ,16				
B1-59-18cc									
Nov. 25, 1947 Apr. 30, 1948 June 21 June 23 June 30 July 7 July 14 July 21 July 28 Aug. 4 Aug. 11 Aug. 18 Aug. 25 Sept. 1 Sept. 8 Sept. 15 Sept. 22 Sept. 29 Oct. 6 Oct. 13 Oct. 20 Oct. 13 Oct. 20 Oct. 13 Oct. 20 Nov. 10 Nov. 17 Nov. 24 Dec. 1 Dec. 8 Dec. 15 Dec. 22 Dec. 29 Jan. 6, 1949 Jan. 12 Jan. 19 Jan. 24 Jan. 19 Jan. 24 Jan. 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28 Mar. 7 Mar. 14 Mar. 14 Mar. 14 Mar. 21	15.80 14.45 e23.34 16.58 16.09 16.46 e23.16 e22.02 e25.72 19.17 18.88 e24.65 e26.95 e27.84 e28.17 e27.93 e25.28 e26.08 e25.37 e27.11 e27.11 20.03 19.41 19.26 19.07 18.89 18.83 18.70 18.60 18.55 18.47 18.35 18.28 18.19 18.03 18.03 18.07 18.03 17.75	B1-59-18cc  Apr. 18, 1949  Apr. 25  May 2  May 9  May 16  May 23  May 30  June 6  June 13  June 27  July 4  July 11  July 18  July 25  Aug. 15  Aug. 8  Aug. 15  Aug. 8  Aug. 15  Aug. 22  Aug. 29  Sept. 5  Sept. 12  Sept. 19  Sept. 19  Sept. 26  Oct. 30  Oct. 10  Oct. 17  Oct. 24  Oct. 31  Nov. 21  Nov. 21  Nov. 28  Dec. 19  Dec. 19  Dec. 19  Dec. 19  Dec. 26  Jan. 2, 1950  Jan. 9  Jan. 30  Feb. 6	17.37 17.26 17.23 17.05 16.91 16.84 16.84 e22.54 f16.64 e21.64 e23.34 18.30 e24.60 e20.75 e23.15 e23.15 e23.95 18.93 e26.02 e26.56 e26.92 19.90 20.34 e26.00 20.15 19.83 19.65 19.31 19.22 19.11 19.02 18.87 18.72 18.74 18.68 18.59 18.50 18.50 18.19 18.50 18.19 18.37 18.50 18.19	Feb. 27, 1950 Mar. 6 Mar. 13 Mar. 20 Mar. 27 Apr. 3 Apr. 10 Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 May 29 June 5 June 19 June 19 June 26 July 3 July 10 July 17 July 24 July 31 Aug. 7 Aug. 14 Aug. 28 Sept. 4 Sept. 11 Sept. 18 Sept. 25 Oct. 2 Oct. 9 Oct. 17 Oct. 23 Oct. 30 Nov. 6 Nov. 13 Nov. 20 Nov. 27 Dec. 4 Dec. 11 Dec. 11 Dec. 18	18.16 18.04 18.10 18.07 18.01 17.99 17.99 17.93 17.92 17.75 17.75 17.75 24.92 17.98 e25.39 e28.65 e28.59 21.35 e30.41 e28.45 e32.23 e27.40 e27.29 e33.47 e33.93 e24.36 e34.99 e28.45 e37.66 e34.84 20.57 e29.53 25.19 24.30 24.12 23.76 22.3.76 22.3.76 22.3.76 22.3.79 22.47 22.67 22.67 22.44				

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		мо	RGAN COUNTY, CO	LO, —Con	tinued	
			B1-60-2de	d		
July Aug. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	17, 1947 26 3 4 4 8, 1948 3 3 13	37.74 38.80 38.80 37.80 37.12 36.90 36.74 36.54 36.47	June 4, 1948 Sept. 8 Oct. 4 Nov. 4 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 14 Apr. 14	39.41 41.89 40.13 39.97 39.29 38.84 37.73 38.69	June 6, 1949 Aug. 3 Oct. 12 Dec. 12 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 10 Aug. 2 Dec. 14	38.70 39.39 42.14 39.74 39.18 39.08 41.32 42.25
			B1-60-12d	ec		
Oct. Apr. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	30, 1946 30, 1947 3 4 3 8, 1948 3 3 13	33.07 30.16 37.50 34.27 33.12 32.41 31.92 31.64 31.15	July 2, 1948 Aug. 13 Oct. 4 Nov. 4 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 7 Mar. 15 Apr. 14	35.84 41.99 42.03 37.47 36.21 35.03 34.63 34.15 33.89	May 2, 1949 June 6 Oct. 18 Dec. 12 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 10 May 22 Dec. 14	33,60 34,97 39,48 36,58 35,27 34,39 37,30 39,89
			B1-60-23bc	2		
Apr. Nov. Apr. Nov. May Oct. May Oct. Oct. Apr. Nov.	18, 1942 19 1, 1943 18 1, 1944 26 3, 1945 31 30, 1946 30, 1947 4	14.50 15.83 14.29 18.34 15.13 20.15 15.94 18.31 18.57 15.83 19.50	Dec. 3, 1947 Jan. 8, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 3 Apr. 13 Aug. 4 Sept. 1 Oct. 4 Nov. 4 Dec. 6 Mar. 15, 1949	18.24 17.38 16.95 16.77 16.51 21.57 20.51 19.12 18.35 17.79 16.83	Apr. 14, 1949 May 4 June 17 July 11 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 10 Oct. 17 Dec. 14	16.98 17.22 16.89 18.83 20.43 18.82 17.54 17.07 16.98 22.32 19.90
			B1-60-26cc			
Nov. May Nov. Apr. Nov.	29, 1940 7, 1941 4 18, 1942 19	18.2 21.3 18.6 17.8 17.9	Apr. 1, 1943 Nov. 18 May 1, 1944 May 3, 1945	17.3 18.4 17.7 18.5	Oct. 31, 1945 Oct. 30, 1946 Apr. 30, 1947 Oct. 3	19.18 22.05 18.37 22.45
			B1-60-27dd			
Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Nov.	4, 1947 3 8, 1948 3 3 13 4	\$20,44 19,17 19,03 19,98 19,92 19,79 21,56	Dec. 6, 1948 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 7 Mar. 15 Apr. 14 May 4	21.14 20.93 20.85 20.87 20.79 h32.50	June 17, 1949 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 10 Dec. 14	20.54 21.69 20.99 20.83 20.83 21.94

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level				
	MORGAN COUNTY, COLO.—Continued B1-60-34cc									
Oct. Nov. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June June	8, 1947 4 28 3 8, 1948 3 13 4 30	27.03 26.06 25.98 25.83 25.63 25.69 25.66 25.80 29.60 28.06	Oct. 4, 1948 Nov. 4 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 7 Mar. 15 Apr. 14 May 4 June 17 July 11	27.78 26.52 26.40 26.52 26.71 26.83 26.89 27.00 26.63 29.58	Oct. 17, 1949 Dec. 12 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 10 May 22 Aug. 2 Oct. 17 Dec. 14	28.79 27.98 27.67 27.46 29.10 33.79 30.51 28.99				
			B2-55-30bc1							
Oct. May Nov. Apr. Oct. May Aug. Oct. Nov. Dec. Dec. Feb.	24, 1944 1, 1945 1 25, 1946 29 1, 1947 6 2 3 9 31 2, 1948	22.57 21.13 21.18 20.40 21.44 20.52 25.00 23.37 22.84 21.99 21.82 22.00	Mar. 8, 1948 Apr. 14 May 14 June 2 July 5 Aug. 2 Sept. 1 Oct. 7 Nov. 2 Dec. 8 Jan. 19, 1949 Feb. 7	21.85 21.58 23.90 25.04 25.32 26.80 27.72 26.09 25.05 24.55 24.14 23.99	Mar. 8, 1949 Apr. 11 May 3 May 30 Aug. 4 Oct. 11 Dec. 5 Feb. 6, 1950 Apr. 6 May 31 Oct. 16 Dec. 4	24.42 22.69 23.55 130.10 25.87 24.30 23.39 22.91 22.61 24.06 25.95 25.17				
			B2-56-1dd3							
Sept. Nov. Apr. Oct. May Dec. Apr. Oct. Apr. Nov. May Nov. Apr. Nov. May Nov. May	10, 1936 12 29, 1937 29 3, 1938 9 26, 1939 26 24, 1940 27 6, 1941 5 17, 1942 20 2, 1943 19 4, 1944	16.9 16.2 15.08 16.57 15.45 14.19 15.81 14.80 15.03 14.51 15.21 13.84 14.91 14.60 15.28 14.56	Oct. 24, 1944 May 1, 1945 Nov. 1 Apr. 25, 1946 Oct. 29 May 1, 1947 Aug. 6 Oct. 2 Nov. 3 Dec. 9 Dec. 31 Feb. 2, 1948 Mar. 14 May 14 June 2	15.63 14.65 14.75 14.41 14.62 14.35 15.04 15.44 15.15 15.07 14.63 14.62 14.53 14.60 16.20 14.54	July 7, 1948 Aug. 2 Sept. 1 Oct. 7 Nov. 2 Dec. 8 Mar. 8, 1949 Apr. 11 May 3 May 30 July 4 Aug. 4 Oct. 11 Dec. 5 Feb. 6, 1950 Apr. 6	15,29 15,49 16,51 15,68 15,07 14,28 14,08 13,87 13,78 15,36 14,53 16,32 14,48 d14,25				
			B2-56-12da1							
July July Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Sept. Sept.	18, 1947 31 6 13 20 27 3 10	14,25 14,45 14,41 14,84 15,75 16,04 15,91 15,63	Sept. 17, 1947 Sept. 24 Oct. 1 Oct. 8 Oct. 15 Oct. 22 Oct. 29 Nov. 5	15.38 15.13 14.91 14.88 14.79 14.70 14.54 14.36	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31	14.23 14.17 14.01 13.97 13.87 13.77 13.73 13.65				

119 APPENDIX A

### Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska- Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level			
		МС	ORGAN COUNTY, C	OLO. —Cor	ntinued				
			B2-56-12da1C	ontinued					
Jan. Jan. Jan. Jan. Feb. Feb. Mar. Mar. Mar. Mar. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. June June Juny July July July July July July July Jul	7, 1948 14 21 28 4 11 18 25 3 10 17 24 31 7 14 21 28 5 12 26 2 9 16 23 30 7 14 21 28 4 11 18 25 1 28 4 11 18 25 1 20 20 27 3 10 17 24 1 8 15 22 29 6 13 20 27 3 10 17 24 1 8 15 22 29	13.63 13.57 13.50 13.42 13.42 13.41 13.33 13.37 13.37 13.17 13.17 13.17 13.18 13.21 13.11 15.30 15.30 15.30 15.68 16.61 16.62 16.62 16.62 16.62 16.62 16.62 16.62 16.77 17.42 17.01 16.98 16.99 16.67 16.88 16.68 16.77 17.42 17.01 16.99 15.58 16.99 16.58 16.99 16.593 15.80 15.93 15.93 15.93 15.93 15.93 15.93 15.80 15.90 15.39 15.39	Jan. 12, 1949 Jan. 19 Jan. 24 Jan. 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28 Mar. 7 Mar. 14 Mar. 21 Mar. 28 Apr. 4 Apr. 11 Apr. 18 Apr. 25 May 2 May 9 May 16 May 23 May 30 June 6 June 13 June 20 June 27 July 4 July 11 July 18 July 25 Aug. 1 Aug. 8 Aug. 15 Aug. 22 Aug. 29 Sept. 5 Sept. 19 Sept. 19 Sept. 26 Oct. 3 Oct. 10 Oct. 17 Oct. 24 Oct. 31 Nov. 7 Nov. 14 Nov. 21 Nov. 28 Dec. 5 Dec. 19 Dec. 19 Dec. 19 Dec. 26	14.61 14.47 14.44 14.30 14.12 14.08 13.99 13.88 13.79 13.82 13.79 13.82 13.79 13.66 13.45 13.40 14.24 14.41 13.77 13.65 13.90 15.01 14.06 14.35 14.97 17.01 16.86 17.55 17.47 17.01 16.86 17.55 17.47 17.01 16.86 17.55 17.47 17.01 16.86 17.55 17.47 17.01 16.86 17.55 17.47 17.01 16.86 17.55 17.47 17.01 16.86 17.55 17.47 17.01 16.86 17.55 17.47 17.01 16.86 17.55 17.47 17.01 16.86 17.55 17.47 17.90 18.00 17.40 17.29 17.54 17.01 16.64 16.24 16.06 15.84 15.65 15.45 15.29 15.17	Jan. 16, 1950 Jan. 23 Jan. 30 Feb. 6 Feb. 13 Feb. 20 Feb. 27 Mar. 6 Mar. 13 Mar. 20 Mar. 27 Apr. 3 Apr. 10 Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 May 29 June 5 June 12 June 19 June 25 July 3 July 17 July 24 July 31 Aug. 21 Aug. 21 Aug. 24 July 31 Aug. 7 Apr. 14 Aug. 21 Aug. 24 Sept. 4 Sept. 11 Sept. 19 Sept. 25 Oct. 2 Oct. 9 Oct. 17 Oct. 23 Oct. 30 Nov. 6 Nov. 13 Nov. 20 Nov. 27 Dec. 4 Dec. 11 Dec. 18 Dec. 25 Jan. 1, 1951	14,53 14,42 14,39 14,22 14,22 14,22 14,27 13,98 13,91 13,96 13,95 14,00 13,80 13,92 13,83 14,08 14,12 14,79 15,69 15,82 16,84 17,04 17,22 17,72 18,00 18,15 18,33 18,17 18,43 18,60 17,38 19,39 19,48 19,52 18,71 18,60 17,38 19,39 19,48 19,52 18,71 18,60 17,38 17,17 17,47 17,47 17,47 17,47 17,47 17,47 17,58 16,69 16,43 16,19 16,03 15,88 15,64			
Dec. Jan.	29 5, 1949	14.98 14.74	Jan. 2, 1950 Jan. 9	14.74 14.60					
			B2-56-13aa1						
Sept. Apr. Aug. Oct.	23, 1928 29, 1929 6 16	7.92 4.28 7.50 6.37	May 19, 1930 July 31 Oct. 24 Nov. 15, 1932	3.99 6.08 4.88 4.55	May 26, 1933 Oct. 11 Apr. 24, 1934 Oct. 1	4.05 5.32 4.47 5.48			

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
	мс	DRGAN COUNTY, C	OLO. —Cor	tinued	
		B2-56-13aa1	Continued		
Mar. 28, 1935 Oct. 15 Apr. 22, 1936 Sept. 10 Nov. 22	4.40 3.85 3.83 6.70 5.51	Apr. 17, 1942 Nov. 20 Apr. 2, 1943 Nov. 19 May 4, 1944	3.42 5.00 4.32 6.09 4.59	Dec. 31, 1947 Feb. 3, 1948 Mar. 8 Apr. 14 May 14	5.76 5.49 5.15 6.00 j9.20
Apr. 29, 1937 Oct. 29 May 3, 1938 Dec. 9 Apr. 26, 1939	4.55 5.92 4.85 3.95 3.18	Oct. 24 May 1, 1945 Nov. 1 Apr. 25, 1946 Oct. 29	6.90 4.99 5.18 4.84 5.80	June 2 July 5 Aug. 2 Sept. 1 Oct. 7	<sup>j</sup> 11.16 7.88 8.95 9.02 9.06
Oct. 26 Apr. 24, 1940 Nov. 27 May 6, 1941 Nov. 5	6.52 4.86 5.80 4.67 6.05	May 1, 1947 July 23 Oct. 2 Nov. 3 Dec. 9	4.55 4.10 7.07 6.50 5.90	Dec. 8 Feb. 7, 1949 Apr. 11 May 30 July 4	7.67 6.58 3.45 6.05 k3.91
		<b>B</b> 2 <b>-</b> 56 <b>-</b> 13a:	12		
Aug. 4, 1949 Oct. 11 Dec. 5	1 <sub>12.05</sub> 13.46 10.85	Feb. 6, 1950 Apr. 6 May 31	8.89 9.54 11.04	Aug. 7, 1950 Oct. 16 Dec. 4	14.55 13.23 12.14
		B2-56-24ca	12		
Mar. 29, 1948 May 14 June 2 July 7 Aug. 2	18,20 19,65 m <sub>25,20</sub> 20,21 m <sub>25,86</sub>	Nov. 2, 1948 Dec. 8 Feb. 7, 1949 Mar. 8 May 3	20.45 20.27 19.74 19.77 19.41	Oct. 11, 1949 Dec. 5 Feb. 6, 1950 Apr. 6	m26,56 20,90 19,98 20,37
		<b>B</b> 2-56-24do	12		
Apr. 29, 1929 Aug. 6 Oct. 16 May 19, 1930 July 31 Oct. 24	13.77 15.98 15.81 12.79 14.83 13.59	Apr. 26, 1939 Oct. 26 Apr. 24, 1940 July 14 Nov. 27 May 6, 1941	11.50 15.75 14.38 16.35 15.48 14.49	May 14, 1948 June 2 July 5 Aug. 2 Nov. 2 Dec. 8	16.80 n33.89 19.44 20.19 19.91 19.65
Nov. 15, 1932 May 26, 1933 Oct. 11 Apr. 24, 1934 Oct. 1 Apr. 28, 1935	13.48 12.78 14.33 13.58 14.33 13.56	Nov. 5 Apr. 7, 1942 Nov. 20 Apr. 2, 1943 Nov. 19 May 4, 1944	15.65 12.12 14.57 13.87 16.18 15.05	Jan. 19, 1949 Feb. 7 Mar. 8 Apr. 11 July 4 Oct. 11	19.32 19.91 18.93 18.68 18.89 21.25
Oct. 15 Apr. 22, 1936 Sept. 10 Nov. 12 Oct. 29, 1937 May 3, 1938	11.86 11.75 14.94 14.45 15.30 14.32	Oct. 24 May 1, 1945 Nov. 1 Apr. 25, 1946 Oct. 29 July 25, 1947	17.29 15.92 15.66 14.96 16.05	Dec. 5 Feb. 6, 1950 Apr. 6 May 31 Aug. 7 Oct. 16	20.39 19.87 19.46 20.54 22.05 22.39
Dec. 9	12.70	Mar. 30, 1948  B2-57-6d	16.00	Dec. 4	21.69
June 9, 1947 Oct, 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 2 See footnotes at e	21.71 23.06 22.17 21.85 end of table	Jan. 5, 1948 Feb. 5 Mar. 3 Apr. 13	21.68 21.60 21.53 20.40	May 17, 1948 June 1 Aug. 9 Sept. 10	22.25 21.90 n45.90 24.02

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level			
MORGAN COUNTY, COLO.—Continued								
		B2-57-6dcC	ontinued					
Oct. 1, 1948 Nov. 4 Dec. 2 Mar. 15, 1949 Apr. 13	24.25 23.10 22.71 22.17 21.94	June 17, 1949 July 12 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 12	22.41 23.50 26.19 23.69 22.45	Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 7 May 25 Dec. 14	22.18 21.99 22.99 24.60			
		B2-57-29a	d					
July 14, 1947 Aug. 18 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 2 Jan. 5, 1948 Feb. 5 Mar. 3 Apr. 13 May 17	46,21 47,18 48,00 45,87 45,28 45,04 44,99 44,75 44,54 44,75	June 1, 1948 July 2 Aug. 9 Sept. 9 Oct. 1 Nov. 4 Dec. 2 Mar. 15, 1949 May 3 June 17	45.82 46.65 48.81 47.75 47.57 46.78 46.44 45.66 45.97 45.95	July 12, 1949 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 7 May 25 Aug. 1 Oct. 16 Dec. 14	49.06 49.98 48.69 47.75 47.04 46.59 48.48 51.19 50.60 49.95			
		B2-57-30d	a					
May 26, 1947 July 14 Aug. 18 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 2 Jan. 5, 1948 Feb. 5 Apr. 13 June 1	49.30 49.10 49.36 49.77 49.99 49.91 49.84 49.75 49.71	July 2, 1948 Aug. 9 Sept. 10 Oct. 1 Nov. 4 Dec. 2 Jan. 13, 1949 Mar. 15 Apr. 13 May 3	49.94 50.11 50.34 50.52 50.73 50.79 50.70 50.19 50.30	June 17, 1949 July 12 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 7 May 25 Aug. 1 Dec. 14	50.57 50.68 50.95 51.70 51.90 51.88 50.83 51.73 52.40 54.14			
		B2-57-32d	a					
June 5, 1947 July 14 Aug. 18 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 2 Jan. 5, 1948 Feb. 5 Mar. 3 Apr. 13 May 17	42,98 47,10 41,70 43,65 45,59 44,50 43,68 43,67 43,56 44,55 45,10	June 1, 1948 July 2 Aug. 9 Sept. 9 Oct. 1 Nov. 4 Feb. 11, 1949 Mar. 15 Apr. 13 May 3	43,58 44,02 46,50 45,23 45,33 45,63 45,25 44,43 44,89 44,52	June 17, 1949 July 12 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 7 May 25 Aug. 1 Oct. 16	44.76 45.09 47.45 45.82 45.15 45.35 46.19 45.58 47.00 54.25			
		B2-60-4dd	l					
May 1, 1944 Oct, 26 Apr. 30, 1945 Oct, 31 Oct, 28, 1946 Apr. 30, 1947 Aug. 26 Nov. 4	53,28 54,32 53,74 54,39 54,94 54,59 58,47 56,09	Dec. 4, 1947 Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 10 Apr. 13 June 3 July 2 Sept. 15	55.59 55.42 55.22 55.25 55.20 56.29 56.44 59.25	Oct. 4, 1948 Nov. 4 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 14 Mar. 15 Apr. 14 May 4	58.37 57.09 56.65 56.30 56.38 55.78 55.87 59.61			

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
	МО	RGAN COUNTY, C	OLO. —Cont	inued	
		B2-60-4ddC	ontinued		
June 6, 1949 July 11 Oct, 12	56.25 60.10 58.45	Dec. 9, 1949 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 10	57 <b>.</b> 07 56 <b>.</b> 79 56 <b>.</b> 70	May 22, 1950 Oct. 14 Dec. 9	55.60 59.26 58.25
		<b>B</b> 2-60-10c	c <b>1</b>		
Aug. 26, 1947 Sept. 19 Oct. 3 Nov. 4 Dec. 4 Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 10 Apr. 13	57.68 57.16 58.07 55.47 56.32 55.53 55.35 55.25 55.20	June 3, 1948 July 2 Aug. 13 Sept. 1 Oct. 4 Nov. 4 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 14	56.15 57.31 °62.45 °63.59 57.86 57.14 56.74 56.35 56.90	Mar. 15, 1949 Apr. 14 May 4 June 6 Aug. 2 Oct. 12 Dec. 9 Feb. 1, 1950	56.28 56.37 55.62 56.10 66.00 58.23 57.37 P57.05
		B2-60-13d	d		
Apr. 25, 1940 Nov. 29 May 27, 1941 Nov. 4 Apr. 18, 1942 Nov. 19 Apr. 1, 1943 Nov. 18 May 1, 1944 Oct. 26 May 3, 1945 Oct. 31 Apr. 24, 1946 Oct. 30 Apr. 4, 1947	44.47 45.45 44.80 46.57 45.30 46.25 45.30 46.84 45.68 47.87 45.96 46.78 46.78 46.32 47.92 46.83	Oct. 2, 1947 Nov. 4 Dec. 4 Jan. 8, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 3 Apr. 13 June 4 July 2 Aug. 13 Sept. 15 Oct. 4 Nov. 4 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949	50.55 49.48 48.91 49.46 48.35 48.17 48.02 49.35 50.36 52.39 53.73 52.14 51.23 50.75 49.18	Feb. 14, 1949 Mar. 14 Apr. 14 May 2 June 6 July 11 Aug. 2 Oct. 10 Dec. 12 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 10 May 22 Oct. 17 Dec. 14	49.95 49.88 50.69 49.69 49.88 51.28 53.02 52.97 51.10 50.54 50.17 50.92 54.84 53.08
		B2-60-21a	ıd		
Mar. 18, 1948 June 3 July 2 Aug. 13 Sept. 1 Oct. 4 Nov. 4 Dec. 6	62.48 62.69 62.79 62.85 61.50 62.83 62.89 62.97	Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 14 Mar. 15 Apr. 14 May 4 June 6 July 11 Aug. 2	62.84 62.98 63.06 63.22 63.05 63.09 63.80 63.24	Oct. 12, 1949 Dec. 9 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 10 May 22 Aug. 2 Oct. 17 Dec. 14	63.17 63.14 63.32 63.50 63.35 63.49 63.58 63.58
		<b>B2</b> -60-25d	la		
July 17, 1947 Aug. 21 Oct. 3 Nov. 4 Dec. 4 Jan. 8, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 3 See footnotes at	44.99 45.70 44.60 46.48 46.40 46.30 46.15 46.00 end of table	Apr. 13, 1948 June 4 July 2 Aug. 13 Sept. 1 Oct. 4 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949	46.00 46.18 46.88 48.25 48.75 49.01 48.91 48.80	Feb. 14, 1949 Mar. 15 Apr. 14 May 2 June 6 July 11 Aug. 3 Oct. 10	48,44 48,34 48,08 48,23 47,94 48,69 49,76 51,27

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Dat	e	Water level		Date	Water level
		MOI	RGAN COU	INTY,- CC	LO. —Cont	inued		
			<b>B2-</b> 6	0-25da	Continued			
Dec. Feb. Apr.	12, 1949 1, 1950 10	50.40 49.87 49.40		2, 1950 2	49 <b>.</b> 05 52 <b>.</b> 79	Oct. Dec.	17, 1950 14	54.52 53.77
			В	2 <b>-</b> 60-26dd				
Apr.	25, 1940	50,35	Oct. 3	0, 1946	57.8	Feb.	14, 1949	61.90
Nov. May	29 7, 1941	51.46 50.32	Apr. 3	0, 1947 3	54.88 66.68	Mar. Apr.	15 14	60.30 60.43
Nov.	4	52,80		4	60.99	May	2	60,07
Apr.	18, 1942	51,00		4	59,29	June	6 11	60.28
Nov <sub>e</sub>	19 1, 1943	52.69 51.33		8, 1948 3	58.83 58.22	July Oct.	10	61.43 66.80
Nov.	18	54.47		3	57.96	Dec.	12	63.83
May Oct.	1, 1944 26	52,12 55,90	Apr. 1	3 4	57 <b>.</b> 35 58 <b>.</b> 96	Feb. Apr.	1, 1950 10	62.69 62.73
May	3, 1945	52.98	July	2	60.22	May	22	61.53
Oct. Apr.	31 24, 1946	55,10 53,49		<b>4</b> 6	64.49 63.10	Oct. Dec.	17 14	68.68 67.22
Tipi.	24, 1040	03,40	Bec.		03.10	Dec.		0.000
			В	3-56-7cb				
Nov.	26, 1940	31.46		2, 1947	24.25	Feb.	11, 1949	27.47
May Nov.	7, 1941 5	32.35 28.93	Nov. Dec. 1	7 5	23.90 24.56	Mar. Apr.	8 12	27.97 29.79
Apr.	7, 1942	30,90	Jan.	6, 1948	25.09	May	6	29,60
Nov. Apr.	20 2, 1943	27.62 28.72	Feb. Mar. 1	3	24.33 26.10	May July	30 11	28,98 28,44
Nov.	19	24.73	Apr. 1		26.75	Aug.	2	27.60
May	4, 1944 24	27.27	May 1	7 2	27,00	Oct.	14 12	24.92 25.00
Oct. May	1, 1945	25.75 28.07		2	26.66 26.64	Dec. Feb.	1, 1950	25.00
Nov.	1	25.53		9	27.79	Apr.	18	27.23
Apr. Oct.	25, 1946 29	27.96 27.73		2 7	26.44 26.06	June Oct.	6 16	27.75 27.76
May	1, 1947	29.52	Nov.	3	26,05	Dec.	9	27.64
July	15	29,40	Dec.	9	26.49			
			В	3-56-15dd				
Mar.	30, 1948	12,02		9, 1949	12.56	Oct.	11, 1949	12.01
May June	14 2	11.70 12.42		7 8	12.84	Dec.	5 6, 1950	11.74 12.10
July	2	12.42	Mar. Apr. 1		12.45 11.72	Feb. Apr.	6, 1950	12.10
Aug.	2	12.98	May :	3	11.46	May	31	11.35
Sept.	1 7	14.34 13.19	May 3	0 4	11.05 10.63	Aug. Oct.	7 16	13.64 12.74
Nov. Dec.	2	12.46 12.67		4	11.87	Dec.	4	12.35
	-		<u> </u>	0.56_04\\	L	ı		L
	00 1000	T 7.0		3-56-24bb			00 1000	
Sept. Apr.	28, 1928 29, 1929	7.6 5.6	May 1 July 3	8, 1930 1	6 <b>.</b> 3 7 <b>.</b> 7	Apr. Oct.	26, 1933 11	5.8 7.10
Aug.	6	7.5	Oct. 2	4	6.7	Apr.	24, 1934	6.47
Oct.	16	7.0	Nov. 1	5, 1932	6.7	Oct.	1	7.10

## Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
	16 4 61		16461		10701

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### B3-56-24bb-Continued

Mar.	28, 1935	6.63	Oct.	24, 1944	7.11	Oct.	7, 1948	7.56
Oct.	25	7.08	May	1, 1945	6.29	Nov.	3	6.17
Apr.	22, 1936	6.36	Nov.	1	5.40	Dec.	8	5.82
Nov.	12	7,35	Apr.	25, 1946	5,32	Jan.	19, 1949	5.83
Apr.	29, 1937	7.10	Oct.	29	5,72	Feb.	7	5.91
Oct.	29	6.38	May	1, 1947	4.72	Mar.	8	5.05
May	3, 1938	6.20	July	18	7.00	Apr.	11	4,90
Dec.	9	6,60	Oct.	2	6.05	May	3	5.10
Apr.	26, 1939	6,40	Nov.	3	5,65	May	30	5.00
Oct.	26	7.48	Dec.	9	5.40	July	4	4.60
Apr.	24, 1940	6.98	Dec.	31	5.40	Aug.	4	5.80
Nov.	28	6.68	Feb.	3, 1948	5.30	Oct.	11	5.40
May	6, 1941	6.30	Mar.	8	5.08	Dec.	5	4.50
Nov.	5	6,34	Apr.	14	5.40	Feb.	6, 1950	4,60
Apr.	17, 1942	6.09	May	14	5.40	Apr.	6	4.70
Nov.	20	6.22	June	2	5.90	May	31	4.90
May	2, 1943	6.43	July	7	5,77	Aug.	7	7.86
Nov.	19	6.62	Aug.	2	6.82	Oct.	16	7.00
May	4, 1944	5.6	Sept.	1	7.40	Dec.	4	6.05

#### B3-57-6dc

[Weekly data based on daily record of automatic recorder published in Geological Survey Water-Supply Papers 1027 and 1075 and subsequent Colorado water-level reports]

Nov.	7, 1940	47.71	June	26, 1941	47.00	Feb. 12, 1942	45,65
Nov.	14	47.55	July	3	46.94	Feb. 19	45.71
Nov.	21	47.40	July	10	46.87	Feb. 26	45.79
Nov.	28	47.28	July	17	46.81	Mar. 5	45.83
Dec.	6	47.12	July	24	46.78	Mar. 12	45.91
Dec.	13	47.07	July	31	46.71	Mar. 19	45.97
Dec.	20	47.03	Aug.	7,	46.80	Mar. 26	46.03
Dec.	27	47.00	Aug.	14	46.95	Apr. 3	46.08
Jan.	3, 1941	47.00	Aug.	21	47.03	Apr. 10	46.16
lan.	10	47.00	Aug.	28	46.97	Apr. 17	46,25
Jan.	17	46.98	Sept.	4	46,94	Apr. 24	46.33
Jan.	24	47.00	Sept.	11	46.84	May 1	46.40
Jan.	31	47.04	Sept.	18	46.81	May 8	46.43
Feb.	7	47.10	Sept.	25	46.75	May 15	46,49
Feb.	14	47.16	Oct.	2	46,65	May 22	46.56
Feb.	21	47.23	Oct.	9	46.55	May 29	46.63
Feb.	28	47.29	Oct.	16	46,49	June 5	46.45
Mar.	7	47.35	Oct.	23	46,41	June 12	46.25
Mar.	14	47.41	Oct.	30	46.25	June 19	46.15
Mar.	21	47.50	Nov.	6 ·	46,07	June 26	46.03
Mar.	28	47.55	Nov.	13	45.88	July 3	45,98
Apr.	4	47.62	Nov.	20	45.74	July 10	45.94
Apr.	11	47.70	Nov.	27	45.62	July 17	45.82
Apr.	18	47.70	Dec.	4	45.52	July 24	45.65
Apr.	25	47.63	Dec.	11	45.46	July 31	45.46
May	2	47.54	Dec.	18	45.43	Aug. 7	45.31
May	9	47.46	Dec.	25	45.39	Aug. 14	45.14
May	16	47.38	Jan.	1, 1942	45.36	Aug. 21	44.82
May	23	47.26	Jan.	8	45,41	Aug. 28	44.62
May	30	47.20	Jan.	15	45.43	Sept. 4	44.41
June	5	47.14	Jan.	22	45.49	Sept. 11	44.17
June	12	47.00	Jan.	29	45.52	Sept. 18	44.05
June	19	46.96	Feb.	5	45,59	Sept. 25	43.92

125

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

		<del></del>		·	
Date	Wa <b>te</b> r level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO.—Continued B3-57-6dc—Continued

			ВЗ	-01-0ac -c	Ontinuca				
Oct.	2, 1942	43.78	Dec.	1, 1943	41.79	May	26,	1945	44.40
Oct.	2, 1942 9	43.78 43.70	Dec.	8	41.79 41.76	June	2	1	44.26
Oct.	16	43.57	Dec.	15	41.73	June	9		44.18
Oct.	23	43,34	Dec.	22	41.71	June	16		44.08
Oct.	30	43.12	Dec.	29	41.72	June	23		44.12
Nov.	6	42.92	Jan.	5, 19 <del>44</del>	41.81	June	30		44.12
Nov.	13	42,76	Jan.	12	41.93	July	7		44.22
Nov.	20	42,62	Jan.	19	42,00	July	14		44.30
Nov.	27	42.52	Jan.	26	42.10	July	21		44.39
Dec.	4	42.47	Feb.	2	42,22	July	28		44.39
Dec.	11	42.42	Feb.	9	42.31	Aug.	4	- 1	44.34
Dec.	18	42,42	Feb.	16	42.45	Aug.	11	- 1	44.10
Dec.	25	42,38	Feb.	23	42.55	Aug.	18		44.09
Jan.	1, 1943	42,39	Mar.	1	42.69	Aug.	25	- 1	43.98
Jan.	8	42.45	Mar.	8	42.80	Sept.	1		43.90
Jan.	15	42,44	Mar.	15	42.92	Sept.	8		43.84
Jan.	22	42,60	Mar.	22	43.04	Sept.	15		43.70
Jan.	29	42,67	Mar.	29	43.14	Sept.	22		43.54
Feb.	5	42,72	Apr.	5	43.24	Sept.	29		43.39
Feb.	12	42.84	Apr.	12	43.39	Oct.	6		43.17
Feb.	19	42,92	Apr.	29	43.65	Oct.	13		43.07
Feb.	26	43.03	May	6	43.75	Oct.	20		42.93
Mar.	5	43.12	May	13	43.91	Oct.	26		42.82
Mar.	12	43.22	May	20	44.10	Nov.	2	- 1	42.68
Mar.	19	43.33	May	27	44.16	Nov.	9		42.57
Mar.	26	43.42	June	3	44.01	Nov.	16		42.47
Apr.	2	43.56	June	10	43.91	Nov.	22		42.41
Apr.	9	43.68	June	17	43.89	Nov.	29		42.34
Apr.	16	43.77	June	24	43.88	Dec.	5		42.30
Apr.	23	43.94	July	1	43.81	Dec.	11	1040	42.31
Apr.	30	44,10	July	8	43.71	Apr.		1946	$\overset{44.03}{q_{44.4}}$
May	7	44.20	July	17	43.59	May	14 21		44.4
May	14	44.12	July	24	43.44	May	28		44.4
May	21	44.02	Aug.	1	43.31	May June	4 4		44.3
May	28	44.02	Aug.	16	43.40 43.50	June	11		44.4
June	4	44.02	Aug.	23 30	43.57	Tune	18		44.5
June	11 18	44.02	Aug.	6	43.70	June	25		44.6
June	25	43.91 43.94	Sept.	13	43.79	July	2		44.7
June	25	43.86	Sept.	20	43.86	July	9		44.8
July	9	43.65	Sept.	27	43.93	July	16		44.7
July	16	43.45	Oct.	4	43.74	July	23		45.0
July July	23	43.34	Oct.	11	43.63	July	30		45.1
July	30	43.18	Oct.	18	43.48	Aug.	6		45.40
Aug.	6	43.06	Oct.	25	43.34	Aug.	13		45.63
Aug.	13	43.05	Nov.	1	43.21	Aug.	20		45.69
Aug.	20	43.03	Nov.	8	43.06	Aug.	27		45.82
Aug.	27	43.09	Nov.	15	42.90	Sept.	3		45,75
Sept.	3	43.17	Nov.	22	42.72	Sept.	10		45,65
Sept.	10	43.22	Dec.	7	42.47	Sept.	17		45.55
Sept.	17	43.25	Dec.	14	42.43	Sept.	24		45,47
Sept.	24	43,25	Jan.	6, 1945	42.45	Oct.	1		45.42
Oct.	1	43.28	Jan.	13	42.52	Oct.	8		45.34
Oct.	8	43.20	Apr.	7	43.71	Oct.	15		45.21
Oct.	20	42,92	Apr.	14	43.85	Oct.	22		45.10
Oct.	27	42.72	Apr.	21	43.97	Oct.	29		45.00
Nov.	3	42,48	Apr.	28	44.06	Nov.	5		44.90
Nov.	10	42.27	May	5	44.19	Nov.	12		44.85
Nov.	17	42,07	May	12	44.30	Nov.	19		44.82
Nov.	24	41.90	May	19	44,39	Nov.	26		44.81

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—— Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
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### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

				DO.	-	 1					
Dec.	3,	1946	44.80	Mar.	15,	1948	ntinued 44.18	July	15,	1949	45.78
Dec.	10	1010	44.80	Mar.	22	1040	44.24	July	22	1010	45.75
Dec.	17		44.82	Mar.	29		44.33	July	29		45.76
Dec.	24		44,82	Apr.	5		44,44	Aug.	5		45,65
Dec.	31		44.86	Apr	12		44.59	Aug.	12		45.71
Jan.	13,	1947	44.85	Apr.	21		44.80	Aug.	19		45,80
Jan.	20		44.90	Apr.	28		44.90	Aug.	26		45.80
Jan. Feb.	$\begin{array}{c} 27 \\ 3 \end{array}$		44.90 44.96	May	5		44.99	Sept.	1 8		45.65
Feb.	10		45.00	June June	10 17		45.12 45.20	Sept.	15		45.41 45.23
Feb.	17		45.06	June	24		45.20 45.00	Sept.	22		45.19
Feb.	24		45.12	July	1		44.92	Sept.	29		45.08
Mar.	3		45.18	July	8		45.06	Oct.	6		44.88
Mar.	10		45.26	July	15		45.24	Oct.	13		44.69
Mar.	17		45,32	July	22		45,25	Oct.	20		44.51
Mar.	25		45.43	July	29		45,34	Oct.	27	•	44.31
Apr.	1		45,53	Aug.	5		45.44	Nov.	3		44.13
Apr.	8		45.63	Aug.	12		45.40	Nov.	10		43.98
Apr.	15 22		45.72 45.83	Aug.	19 26		45.55	Nov.	$\frac{17}{24}$		43.82
Apr. Apr.	29		45.91	Aug. Sept.	20		45.64 45.70	Nov.	1		43.61 43.54
May	6		46.08	Sept.	9		45.72	Dec.	8		43.42
May	13		46.11	Sept.	16		45.88	Dec.	15		43.37
May	20		45.97	Sept.	23		45,90	Dec.	22		43.35
May	27		45.92	Sept.	30		45,90	Dec.	29		43.35
June	23		45.80	Oct.	. 7		45.70	Jan.		1950	43,40
June	30 7		45.90	Oct.	14		45.61	Jan.	12		43.44
July July	14		45.90 45.80	Oct.	$\frac{21}{28}$		45.50 45.35	Jan.	$\frac{19}{26}$		43.52
July	21		45.66	Nov.	4		45.21	Jan. Feb.	20		43.59 43.68
July	28		45.42	Nov.	11		45.10	Feb.	9		43.77
Aug.	4		45.43	Nov.	24		44.93	Feb.	16		43.85
Aug.	11		45,54	Dec.	1		44.90	Feb.	23		43.93
Aug.	25		45,55	Dec.	8		44.90	Mar.	2		44.05
Sept.	6		45.34	Dec.	15		44.90	Mar.	9		44.14
Sept.	$\frac{13}{20}$		45.13	Dec.	22 29		44.91	Mar.	16		44.20
Sept. Sept.	27		44.99 44.83	Dec. Jan.		1949	44.95 45.01	Mar.	23 30		44.33
Oct.	6		44.58	Jan.	5, 12	1949	45.09	Mar. Apr.	6		44.44 44.57
Oct.	13		44.41	Jan.	19		45.12	Apr.	13		44.77
Oct.	20		44.24	Jan.	26		45,22	Apr.	20		44.89
Oct.	30		44.12	Feb.	2		45.27	Apr.	27		45.10
Nov.	6		43,91	Feb.	9		45,34	May	4		45.19
Nov.	13 20		43.74	Feb.	16		45.41	May	11		45.05
Nov. Nov.	27		43.60 43.53	Feb. Mar.	$\frac{23}{2}$		45.48 45.53	May	18 25		45.19
Dec.	4		43.44	Mar.	9		45.61	May June	25 1		45.27 45.22
Dec.	11		43.43	Mar.	16		45.68	June	8		45.47
Dec.	18		43.41	Mar.	23		45.75	June	15		45.70
Dec.	25		43.45	Mar,	30		45.80	June	22		45.51
Ja <b>n.</b>	1,	1948	43,45	Apr.	6		45.86	June	29		45,63
Jan.	8		43.51	Apr.	13		45,95	July	6		45,55
Jan.	15		43.53	Apr.	20		46.09	July	13		45.75
Ja <b>n.</b> Jan.	$\frac{24}{31}$		43.61 43.65	Apr.	27	İ	46,17	July	20		46.00
Feb.	31 7		43.65 43.71	May May	4 11		46.32 46.22	July	$\frac{27}{3}$		46.21
Feb.	14		43.78	May	18		46.10	Aug. Aug.	10		46.33 46.53
Feb.	21		43.88	May	29		46.14	Aug.	17		46.78
Feb.	28		43.96	June	5		46.14	Aug.	24		47.00
Mar.	7		43.06	July	8		46.04	Aug.	31		47.15
							. "				•

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		MOD	CAN COUNTY (	OLO Comti		
		MOR	GAN COUNTY, C B3-57-6dc—C		nuea	
Sept.	7, 1950	47.51	Oct. 18, 1950	47.13	Nov. 22, 1950	45.99
Sept.	14	47.48	Oct. 25	46.94	Nov. 29	45.83
Sept. Sept.	21 28	47.54 47.46	Nov. 1 Nov. 8	46.74 46.40	Dec. 26 Dec. 31	45.60 45.66
Oct.	5	47.27	Nov. 15	46.13		<u> </u>
			B3-57-7c	c		
Oct.	26, 1939	48.52	July 8, 1947	47.50	Nov. 3, 1948	49.09
Nov.	26, 1940 7, 1941	51.28 50.75	Aug. 18 Oct. 1	49.26 47.97	Dec. 2 Jan. 13, 1949	47.12 47.02
May Nov.	6	51.10	Nov. 3	46.72	Feb. 11	45.60
Apr.	17, 1942	49.10	Dec. 2	46.42	Mar. 15	47.52
Nov. Apr.	19 2, 1943	44.15 46.03	Jan. 5, 1948 Feb. 5	45.80 46.15	Apr. 13 May 2	48.85 48.08
Nov.	19	44.55	Mar. 3	46.40	July 12	50.95
May	4, 1944	46,20	Apr. 15	46.75	Aug. 3	53.58
Oct. May	23 2, 1945	45.80 46.33	May 17 June 1	47.60 46.98	Oct. 24 Dec. 12	46.47 45.85
Nov.	2, 1340	44.87	July 2	47.14	Feb. 2, 1950	45.94
Apr.	24, 1946	47.04	Aug. 9 Sept. 9	48.27	Apr. 7	46.52
Oct. May	28 8, 1947	48.25 48.60	Sept. 9 Oct. 1	48.75 48.39	Oct. 16 Dec. 14	50.75 51.35
			B3-57-16	 aa		<u> </u>
June	16, 1947	40.00	Aug. 25, 1947	d <sub>37.99</sub>		
			B3-57-19			
				hh		
		[Weekly n	neasurements in se		atic recorder]	
May	20, 1947	,	neasurements in se	vicing autom		38.29
Juné	20, 1947 4	40.50 40.10	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19	37.15 37.06	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5	38,29
Juné June	4 11	40.50 40.10 40.12	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26	37.15 37.06 37.10	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12	38.29 r45.7
Juné June June	4 11 18	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21	38.29 *45.71 39.80
Juné June June June July	4 11 18 25 2	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04 39.87 39.79	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04 37.09 37.09	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2	38.29 *45.77 39.80 38.60 39.00
Juné June June June July July	4 11 18 25 2 9	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04 39.87 39.79 40.60	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04 37.09 37.03 37.19	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9	38.29 r45.71 39.80 38.60 39.00 38.50
June June June June July July July	4 11 18 25 2	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04 39.87 39.79 40.60 r49.49	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04 37.09 37.03 37.19 37.13	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9 June 16	38,2: r45,7: 39,86: 38,66: 39,00: 38,5: 38,3:
Juné June June June July July July July July	4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04 39.87 39.79 40.60 r49.49 40.38 41.25	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31 Jan. 7, 1948 Jan. 14	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04 37.09 37.03 37.19 37.13	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9 June 16 June 23 June 30	38.29 *45.73 39.86 38.66 39.00 38.56 38.33 38.22 37.93
June June June June July July July July July Aug.	4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30 6	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04 39.87 39.79 40.60 49.49 40.38 41.25 41.66	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31 Jan. 7, 1948 Jan. 14 Jan. 21	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04 37.09 37.03 37.19 37.13 37.15 37.13	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9 June 16 June 23 June 30 Juny 7	38.2: *45.7: 39.8: 38.6: 39.0: 38.5: 38.3: 37.9: 38.7:
June June June June July July July July July Aug. Aug.	4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04 39.87 39.79 40.60 r49.49 40.38 41.25	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31 Jan. 7, 1948 Jan. 14	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04 37.09 37.03 37.19 37.13	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9 June 16 June 23 June 30	38.21 r45.7 39.86 38.66 39.00 38.55 38.33 38.22 37.9 38.74 r46.34
June June June June July July July July July Aug Aug Aug	4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30 6 13 20 27	40,50 40,10 40,12 40,04 39,87 39,79 40,60 40,38 41,25 41,66 43,02 42,31	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31 Jan. 7, 1948 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28 Feb. 4 Feb. 11	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04 37.09 37.03 37.19 37.13 37.15 37.18 37.19 37.46 37.53	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9 June 16 June 23 June 30 July 7 July 7 July 15 July 21 July 28	38.24 r45.7: 39.86 39.00 38.56 38.3: 38.2: 37.9: 38.74 46.34 40.3:
June June June June July July July July July Aug Aug Aug Aug Sept	4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30 6 13 20 27 3	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04 39.87 39.79 40.60 *49.49 40.38 41.25 41.66 43.02 *48.50 42.31 *48.34	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31 Jan. 7, 1948 Jan. 21 Jan. 221 Jan. 28 Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04 37.09 37.03 37.13 37.15 37.13 37.15 37.18 37.18 37.46	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9 June 16 June 23 June 30 July 7 July 15 July 21 July 28 Aug. 4	38.25 45.77 39.86 38.66 39.00 38.57 38.22 37.97 38.74 40.34 42.36 42.36 44.36
May June June June July July July July July Aug. Aug. Aug. Sept. Sept.	4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30 6 13 20 27 3 10	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04 39.87 39.79 40.60 49.49 40.38 41.25 41.66 43.02 48.50 42.31 48.34 39.70 40.37	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31 Jan. 7, 1948 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28 Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25 Mar. 3	37.15 37.06 37.04 37.09 37.09 37.09 37.19 37.13 37.15 37.13 37.15 37.13 37.16 37.16 37.60	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9 June 16 June 30 July 7 July 7 July 15 July 21 July 21 July 28 Aug. 4 Aug. 11 Aug. 18	38.24 r45.77 39.88 38.66 39.00 38.56 38.33 38.22 37.99 38.77 r46.34 40.34 42.31 r48.34 r48.44 r49.77
June June June June July July July July Aug, Aug, Aug, Sept, Sept, Sept,	4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30 6 13 20 27 3 10 17 24	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04 39.87 39.79 40.60 49.49 40.38 41.25 41.66 43.02 48.50 42.31 48.34 39.70 40.37 39.84	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31 Jan. 7, 1948 Jan. 21 Jan. 28 Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25 Mar. 3 Mar. 10	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04 37.09 37.03 37.13 37.15 37.13 37.15 37.18 37.16 37.60 37.60	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9 June 16 June 23 June 30 July 7 July 15 July 21 July 28 Aug. 4 Aug. 11 Aug. 18 Aug. 25	38.24 745.77 39.88 38.66 39.00 38.56 38.32 37.93 38.77 746.34 40.33 42.33 748.44 748.44 749.77 42.91
June June June June July July July July Aug, Aug, Aug, Sept, Sept,	4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30 6 13 20 27 3 10	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04 39.87 39.79 40.60 49.49 40.38 41.25 41.66 43.02 **48.50 42.31 **148.34 39.70 40.37 39.84 38.56	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31 Jan. 7, 1948 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28 Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25 Mar. 3	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04 37.09 37.03 37.13 37.15 37.13 37.15 37.15 37.16 37.46 37.53 37.46 37.60 37.60	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9 June 16 June 23 June 30 July 7 July 15 July 21 July 28 Aug. 4 Aug. 11 Aug. 18 Aug. 25 Sept. 1	38.22 38.25 45.71 39.86 39.00 38.56 38.32 38.32 37.91 38.74 46.34 40.34 42.36 748.34 748.43 748.43 748.43 748.43 748.43 748.71 42.96 748.71 40.07
June June June June July July July July July Aug, Aug, Sept, Sept, Oct, Oct,	4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30 6 13 20 27 3 10 17 24 1 8	40.50 40,10 40,12 40,04 39.87 39,79 40.60 49.49 40.38 41.25 41.66 43.02 48.50 42.31 48.34 39.70 40.37 39.84 38.56 38.07 37.64	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31 Jan. 7, 1948 Jan. 21 Jan. 28 Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25 Mar. 3 Mar. 10 Mar. 17 Mar. 24 Mar. 31	37.15 37.06 37.10 37.04 37.09 37.03 37.13 37.15 37.13 37.15 37.18 37.19 37.46 37.53 37.46 37.60 37.67 37.80 37.74 37.79	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9 June 16 June 23 June 30 July 7 July 15 July 21 July 28 Aug. 4 Aug. 11 Aug. 18 Aug. 25 Sept. 1 Sept. 8 Sept. 15	38.22 "45.71 39.88 38.66 39.00 38.53 38.22 37.91 38.74 "46.34 40.34 42.36 "48.43
June June June June June Juny July July July July Aug, Aug, Sept, Sept, Scept, Oct,	4 11 18 25 2 9 16 23 30 6 13 20 27 3 10 17 24 1 8	40.50 40.10 40.12 40.04 39.87 39.79 40.60 49.49 40.38 41.25 41.66 43.02 48.50 42.31 48.34 39.70 40.37 39.84 39.87	Nov. 12, 1947 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31 Jan. 7, 1948 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28 Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25 Mar. 3 Mar. 10 Mar. 17 Mar. 24	37.15 37.06 37.04 37.09 37.09 37.09 37.19 37.13 37.15 37.18 37.18 37.19 37.46 37.53 37.46 37.60 37.67	Apr. 28, 1948 May 5 May 12 May 21 May 28 June 2 June 9 June 16 June 23 June 30 July 7 July 7 July 15 July 21 July 21 July 28 Aug. 4 Aug. 11 Aug. 18 Aug. 25 Sept. 8	38.24 745.77 39.88 38.66 39.00 38.56 38.33 38.22 37.9 38.77 746.33 40.34 42.34 748.44 748.44 749.77 42.94 748.77 40.07

See footnotes at end of table.

#### Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska--- Continued

			Nebrask	a C	ontinued			
	Date	Water level	Date		Water level		Date	Water level
		MOI	RGAN COUNT			inued		
			B3-57-19	bb—C	ontinued			
Oct. Oct. Nov. Nov. Nov. Dec. Dec. Dec. Jan. Jan. Jan. Jan. Feb. Feb. Mar. Mar. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Ap	13, 1948 20 27 3 10 17 24 1 8 15 22 29 5, 1949 12 19 24 31 7 14 21 28 7 14 21 28 4 11 18 25 29 31 31 4 21 28 4 11 11 28 4 11 11 28 4 11 11 28 4 11 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	38.51 38.29 38.03 37.87 37.60 37.71 37.79 37.79 37.90 37.84 37.83 37.95 38.05 38.05 38.05 38.25 38.25 38.58 38.57 38.58 38.57 38.90 39.06 39.09 39.18 39.00 39.70 39.70 39.70 39.70 39.36 40.44 40.30	July 18 July 25 Aug. 1 Aug. 8 Aug. 15 Aug. 22 Aug. 29 Sept. 5 Sept. 19 Sept. 26 Oct. 3 Oct. 10 Oct. 24 Oct. 31 Nov. 14 Nov. 21 Nov. 21 Nov. 28 Dec. 5 Dec. 19 Dec. 26	1949	39.37 40.24 48.13 48.54 41.58 41.58 39.37 39.44 39.08 37.80 37.80 36.25 36.13 36.21 36.23 36.10 35.96 36.23 36.10 35.96 36.23 36.10 35.96 36.23 36.13 36.22 36.23 36.10 35.96 36.23 36.38 36.23 36.38 36.23 36.23 36.23 36.38 36.23 37.80	Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. May May May May May May June June June June July July July Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. Dec. Dec. Dec. Jan.	10, 1950 17 24 1 8 15 22 29 5 12 19 26 3 10 17 24 31 7 14 21 22 28 4 11 18 25 2 9 17 23 4 11 18 25 27 4 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	37,43 37,46 37,50 37,87 37,90 38,29 r45,71 40,25 r43,49 r47,48 39,62 39,20 r53,83 r49,56 r49,69 43,77 r49,65 r51,11 r51,17 r50,93 r51,78 r51,23 43,01 43,48 43,30 42,31 41,87 41,63 41,32 41,27 40,90 40,68 40,63 40,52 40,45 40,44 40,44 40,44
			В3-	-57-301	bb			
Nov. May Nov. Apr. Nov. May Oct. May Nov. Apr. Oct.	29, 1940 7, 1941 6 17, 1942 19 2, 1943 18 4, 1944 23 2, 1945 2 24, 1946 28	17,10 17,20 18,51 18,03 12,72 14,01 13,70 15,19 14,68 14,79 10,35 12,19 14,91	May 20 July 8 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 3	1947 1948	14.20 13.95 12.24 13.10 11.95 12.60 12.22 12.72 13.30 12.40 11.55 11.54 15.40	Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Oct. Dec.	1, 1948 9 23, 1949 11 15 13 2 17 12 3 24 16, 1950	14.11 12.89 12.92 13.10 13.39 13.49 13.79 13.60 13.27 12.99 13.05 10.60 15.86

APPENDIX A 129

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

	34/	1	347-4	1	Water
Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	level
	1				

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

**B3-**58-3cb

[Data based on weekly measurements in servicing automatic recorder]

	[Data 0	ased on wee	.KIY IIICa	saremens in	Jarvicing a	utomau	c recorder]	
Dec.	4, 1947	46.75	Apr.	4, 1949	47.93	Feb.	20, 1950	46,92
May	3, 1948	47.7	Apr.	11	47.89	Feb.	27	46,99
May	27	47.64	Apr.	18	47.71	Mar.	6	47.09
June	2	47.37	Apr.	25	47.99	Mar.	13	47.19
June	9	47.40	May	2	48.20	Mar.	20	47.29
June	16	47.27	May	9	48.38	Mar.	27	47.25
June	23	47.17	May	16	48.25	Apr.	3	47.41
June	30	46.97	May	23	48,30	Apr.	10	47.68
July	7	47.42	May	30	48,60	Apr.	17	47.53
July	14	47.88	June	6	48,55	Apr.	24	47.65
July	21	48.14	June	13	48.53	May	1	47.58
July	28	48.48	June	20	48.45	May	8	47.73
Aug.	4	48.50	June	27	48.53	May	15	47.72
Aug.	11	48.58	July	4	48.71	May	22	48.03
Aug.	18	48.69	July	11	48.81	May	29	48.10
Aug.	25	48,79	July	18	48.80	June	5	48.09
Sept.	1	49.03	July	25	48.99	June	12	48.51
Sept.	8	48.88	Aug.	1	49.10	June	19	48.57
Sept.	15	48.69	Aug.	8	49.11	June	26	48.66
Sept.	22	48,60	Aug.	15	49.16	July	3	49.09
Sept.	29	48.74	Aug.	22	49.12	July	10	49.20
Oct.	6	48.48	Aug.	29	49.06	July	17	49.75
Oct.	13	48.10	Sept.	5	48.75	July	24	50.11
Oct.	20	48.08	Sept.	12	48.58	July	31	50.33
Oct.	27	47.70	Sept.	19	48.25	Aug.	7	50.65
Nov.	3	47.51	Sept.	26	48.33	Aug.	14	50.89
Nov.	10	47.52	Oct.	3	48.00	Aug.	21	51.00
Nov.	17	47.33	Oct.	10	47.80	Aug.	28	51.13
Nov.	24	47.28	Oct.	17	47.42	Sept.	4	51.32
Dec.	1	47.31	Oct.	24	47.20	Sept.	11	51.24
Dec.	8	47.33	Oct.	31	47.02	Sept.	18	51.03
Dec.	15	47.26	Nov.	7	46.98	Sept.	25	50.83
Dec.	22	47.10	Nov.	14	46,98	Oct.	2	50.93
Dec.	29	47.37	Nov.	21	46,92	Oct.	9	50.60
Jan.	5, 1949	47.30	Nov.	28	46,84	Oct.	16	50.38
Jan.	12	47.23	Dec.	5	46,63	Oct.	23	50.24
Jan.	19	47.37	Dec.	12	46.89	Oct.	30	50.07
Jan.	24	47.43	Dec.	19	46,74	Nov.	6	49.99
Jan.	31	47.40	Dec.	26	46,76	Nov.	13	49.73
Feb.	7	47.38	Jan.	2, 1950	46,69	Nov.	20	49.70
Feb.	14	47.44	Jan.	9	46,60	Nov.	27	49.61
Feb.	21	47.60	Jan.	17	46.83	Dec.	4	49.56
Feb.	28	47.52	Jan.	23	46.70	Dec.	11	49.50
Mar.	7	47.56	Jan.	30	46.89	Dec.	18	49.39
Mar.	14	47.80	Feb.	6	46,93	Dec.	25	49,33
Mar.	21	47.77	Feb.	14	47.08	Jan.	1, 1951	49.28
Mar.	28	47.88	٠ -				•	
		<u> </u>	U			L		·
				Do co o i				
				B3-58-8cl				
37	96 1040	55.96	Oot	99 1044	49.42	Oat	1 1047	10.69

Nov. May Nov. Apr. Nov.	26, 1940 7, 1941 6 18, 1942 19	55.08 50.62	Oct. May Nov. Apr. Oct.	23, 1944 3, 1945 2 24, 1946 28	49.25 51.99 51.69	Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb.	1, 1947 3 2 6, 1948 3	49.68 48.79 49.56 50.14 50.66
Nov.	19	50.62	Oct.	28	51.69	Feb.	3	50.66
Apr.	1, 1943	52.77	Apr.	30, 1947	53.05	Mar.	10	51.39
Nov.	18	51.44	July	9	50.78	Apr.	12	51.90
May	5, 1944	53.36	Aug.	18	50.37	May	13	51.00

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
	МО	RGAN COUNTY, C		inued	
June 1, 1948 July 2 Aug. 11 Sept. 8 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 3	50.36 49.03 48.65 48.15 48.52 48.33 48.96	Feb. 11, 1949 Mar. 11 Apr. 18 May 2 June 6 Aug. 3 Oct. 14	50,30 50,88 51,34 51,51 51,47 48,30 47,08	Dec. 9, 1949 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 10 May 24 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 9	48,14 49,35 50,79 51,43 50,98 51,25 51,49
		B3-58-11bc			
Oct. 26, 1939 Nov. 26, 1940 May 7, 1941 Nov. 6 Apr. 18, 1942 Nov. 19 Apr. 1, 1943 Nov. 18 May 4, 1944 Oct. 23 May 3, 1945 Nov. 2 Apr. 24, 1946 Oct. 28	56.62 58.77 57.95 58.00 56.45 51.85 52.94 53.00 53.51 54.39 53.35 52.88 53.78 57.29	Apr. 30, 1947 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 2 Jan. 7, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 3 Apr. 15 May 13 June 1 Aug. 11 Sept. 2 Oct. 1 Nov. 3	56,21 56,90 54,47 53,76 53,54 53,24 53,70 54,00 54,65 54,39 57,42 57,59 57,15 55,82	Dec. 3, 1948 Jan. 13, 1949 Feb. 11 Mar. 18 June 6 Aug. 3 Oct. 10 Dec. 12 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 10 Oct. 16 Dec. 9	54.37 54.09 54.55 54.88 54.74 55.76 57.38 55.84 53.85 53.74 54.35 59.69 57.69
		B3-58-12cd2			
May 9, 1947 May 20 July 9 Aug. 18 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 2 Jan. 5, 1948 Feb. 5 Mar. 3 Apr. 15	51.51 51.73 52.44 53.34 52.19 50.34 49.44 48.94 48.84 49.02 49.40	May 13, 1948 June 1 July 2 Aug. 9 Sept. 9 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 2 Jan. 13, 1949 Feb. 11	49.75 49.91 50.21 56.10 53.09 52.56 50.80 50.15 49.58 49.55	Mar. 15, 1949 Apr. 13 May 2 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 7 Oct. 16 Dec. 14	49,83 50,24 50,52 53,29 50,04 48,63 48,39 48,96 54,94 53,14
		B3-58-13cb2			
Aug. 20, 1947 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 2 Jan. 5, 1948 Feb. 5 Mar. 3 Apr. 13 May 17 June 1	55.00 50.10 48.32 48.60 47.37 47.28 47.34 47.75 47.70 47.72	Aug. 9, 1948 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 2 Jan. 13, 1949 Feb. 11 Mar. 15 Apr. 13 May 2	52.09 51.09 48.45 47.93 47.55 47.49 47.97 48.22 48.47	June 6, 1949 July 12 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 7 May 25 Oct. 16 Dec. 14	51.55 50.05 47.17 46.32 45.33 46.89 \$52.16 53.05 51.55
		B3-59-10ad			
July 9, 1947 Aug. 18 Oct. 1 See footnotes at	31.22 32.25 26.50 end of table	Nov. 3, 1947 Dec. 2 Jan. 6, 1948	25.89 26.37 26.86	Feb. 3, 1948 Mar. 2 Apr. 13	27.15 27.57 28.00

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		МС	ORGAN COUNTY,	COLO, —Cor	tinued	
			B3-59-10adC	Continued		
June July	13, 1948 1 14 11 8 1 3	29.10 30.35 33.08 31.29 29.02 29.26 27.01 26.95	Jan. 13, 1949 Feb. 11 Mar. 11 Apr. 14 May 2 June 6 July 13 Aug. 3	27.28 27.67 28.01 28.18 29.50 28.79 29.37 29.61	Oct, 14, 1949 Dec. 9 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 10 May 24 Aug. 3 Oct. 12 Dec. 9	25.63 26.25 27.00 27.86 32.03 36.45 29.00 27.70
			B3-60-3cc			
May Dec. Apr. Oct. Nov. Nov. Apr.	29, 1937 11, 1938 8 25, 1939 25 6, 1940 6, 1941 18, 1942	57,42 55,77 57,48 55,78 59,36 59,71 60,03 58,03 59,64	Apr. 1, 1943 Nov. 18 May 1, 1944 Oct. 23 May 30, 1945 Oct. 31 Oct. 28, 1946 Apr. 30, 1947	57.89 60.60 58.01 61.77 58.60 61.35 61.90 58.45	Sept. 23, 1947 Oct. 13 Nov. 4 Dec. 8 Jan. 6, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 2 Apr. 15	66.70 63.52 63.13 62.04 61.50 60.76 61.30
			B3-60-4dc			
	9, 1948 4 5 6 14, 1949	<sup>u</sup> 66.87 66.65 65.50 64.99 64.25 63.76	Mar. 11, 1949 Apr. 14 May 4 June 16 July 13 Oct. 14	63.56 64.39 63.18 63.10 64.68 66.04	Dec. 12, 1949 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 5 Oct. 12 Dec. 9	64.89 64.38 63.29 67.67 66.08
			<b>B</b> 3-60-8d	c		
Sept. Soct. Jan. Feb. Mar.	17, 1947 22 3 9, 1948 2 10 12 3	43.19 43.87 43.81 43.83 43.74 43.70 43.60 43.78 43.94	Aug. 5, 1948 Sept. 13 Oct. 4 Nov. 8 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 11 Apr. 14	46.10 46.29 44.94 44.95 44.60 44.42 44.45 44.54	May 5, 1949 Oct. 18 Dec. 9 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 5 May 23 Oct. 14 Dec. 9	45,40 44,73 44,57 44,80 45,36 44,32 45,65 45,65
			B3-60-13cd			
Apr. 3	30, 1946 30, 1947 24 8 4 4 8, 1948 3	55,22 54,93 57,92 56,34 55,74 55,45 55,33 55,20 55,28	Apr. 13, 1948 June 3 Sept. 8 Oct. 4 Nov. 4 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 14 Mar. 14	55.20 56.00 57.31 56.63 56.47 56.50 56.32 56.43 56.47	Apr. 14, 1949 May 2 June 6 Oct. 12 Dec. 12 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 11 Oct. 17 Dec. 14	56,54 56,44 57,11 58,37 57,15 56,84 56,83 59,63 58,43

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		МОР	RGAN COUNTY, C	OLO, —Conti	inued	
			B3-60-22cc			
Nov. Oct. Apr. Dec. Apr. Oct.	11, 1936 29, 1937 11, 1938 9 25, 1939 25 25, 1940	49.6 50.91 49.44 50.65 49.65 52.71 50.67	Oct. 26, 1944 May 30, 1945 Oct. 31 Oct. 28, 1946 Apr. 30, 1947 Oct. 3 Nov. 4	55.24 53.13 55.05 55.93 53.79 62.33 56.84	Nov. 4, 1948 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 14 May 4	57.80 57.06 56.32 56.10 55.78 55.54 56.52
Apr. Nov. May Nov. Apr. Nov. Apr. Nov. May	6 7, 1941 4 18, 1942 19 1, 1943 18 1, 1944	53,08 51,32 53,31 51,69 53,07 51,94 54,17 52,45	Dec. 4 Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 10 Apr. 13 June 3 Sept. 15	56.14 55.54 55.24 54.84 54.50 55.54 59.39	June 6 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 10 Oct. 14 Dec. 9	54.59 59.15 57.45 56.44 55.98 61.15 59.08
<u>-</u>			B3-60-32	b		
Nov. May Nov. Apr. Nov. Apr. Oct. May Oct. Apr.	29, 1940 7, 1941 4 18, 1942 19 1, 1943 18 1, 1944 26 30, 1945 31 24, 1946	40,12 40,23 40,52 40,02 39,76 39,90 40,48 40,47 41,46 41,15 41,52 41,49	Oct. 28, 1946 Apr. 30, 1947 Nov. 4 Dec. 4 Jan. 8, 1948 Feb. 2 Mar. 10 Apr. 12 June 30 Oct. 4 Nov. 4 Dec. 7	41.76 41.81 42.44 42.30 42.37 42.27 42.25 42.03 41.66 44.08 43.42 42.97	Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 15 June 6 Oct. 17 Dec. 12 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 10 Oct. 14 Dec. 9	42.85 42.82 42.81 42.82 42.83 43.37 43.27 43.20 43.26 44.19 43.95
			B4-55-31	ю		
Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June July Aug.	3, 1947 9 2, 1948 4 8 14 7 13 6	11.10 11.24 11.15 10.54 10.90 10.78 10.52 11.39 11.41	Sept. 10, 1948 Oct. 7 Nov. 1 Dec. 6 Mar. 8, 1949 Apr. 8 May 3 June 6 July 8	11.35 11.24 11.15 11.35 11.24 11.25 11.48 11.58	Aug. 4, 1949 Oct. 19 Dec. 6 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 6 May 26 Aug. 4 Oct. 18 Dec. 7	11.05 11.19 10.72 11.15 11.62 11.54 12.12 11.50 11.46
			B4-55-4d	lc		
Oct. Apr. Oct. Nov. May Oct. Apr. Oct. Mar. Oct. Nov.	5, 1928 28, 1929 16 15, 1932 26, 1933 11 24, 1934 2 28, 1935 15 12, 1936	11.48 11.30 11.32 11.41 11.47 11.75 12.08 13.75 12.51 12.41 12.55	Apr. 29, 1937 Oct. 29 May 3, 1938 Dec. 9 Apr. 26, 1939 Oct. 26 Apr. 24, 1940 Nov. 8 May 6, 1941 Nov. 5	12.61 12.93 12.66 11.88 11.04 12.80 12.31 12.54 12.32 11.91	Apr. 17, 1942 Nov. 20 Apr. 2, 1943 Nov. 19 Oct. 24, 1944 May 1, 1945 Nov. 1 Apr. 25, 1946 Oct. 29 May 1, 1947	11.13 11.70 12.00 11.85 11.83 11.72 10.95 11.24 11.07 d11.45

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—— Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
	мс	RGAN COUNTY,	COLO. —Con	tinued	
		B4-55-6c	<b>b</b> 2		
Nov. 3, 1947 Dec. 9 Dec. 30 Feb. 3, 1948 Mar. 8 Apr. 14 May 14 June 7	27.34 27.74 28.08 28.14 28.22 28.25 27.50 27.78	July 13, 1948 Sept. 10 Oct. 7 Nov. 2 Dec. 6 Feb. 8, 1949 Mar. 8	27.41 26.99 27.24 28.66 27.95 28.32 28.48	Apr. 11, 1949 Apr. 30 May 31 July 8 Aug. 4 Oct. 19 Dec. 6	28.59 28.63 28.27 28.10 26.86 26.72 27.59
		<b>B4-55-</b> 9	de		
Aug. 23, 1930 Nov. 15, 1932 May 26, 1933 Oct. 11 Apr. 24, 1934 Oct. 2 Mar. 28, 1935 Oct. 15 Apr. 22, 1936 Sept. 10 Nov. 10 Apr. 29, 1937 Oct. 29 May 3, 1938 Dec. 9 Apr. 26, 1939 Oct. 26 Apr. 24, 1940 Nov. 28 May 6, 1941	15.13 16.38 16.64 15.90 16.64 18.26 17.85 16.47 17.06 19.10 17.70 17.85 19.00 18.14 16.77 17.07 19.10 17.67 19.12 19.22 18.88	Nov. 5, 1941 Apr. 17, 1942 Nov. 20 Apr. 2, 1943 Nov. 19 May 4, 1944 Oct. 24 May 1, 1945 Nov. 1 Apr. 25, 1946 Oct. 29 May 1, 1947 July 11 Aug. 28 Oct. 6 Nov. 3 Dec. 9 Jan. 2, 1948 Feb. 4 Mar. 8	18,12 17,23 16,15 17,24 16,40 17,50 16,47 17,44 15,40 16,23 16,60 17,37 15,80 15,30 15,15 15,35 15,81 15,97 16,25 16,43	Apr. 14, 1948 June 7 Aug. 6 Sept. 10 Oct. 7 Nov. 1 Dec. 8 Mar. 8, 1949 Apr. 8 May 3 June 6 Aug. 4 Oct. 19 Dec. 1 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 6 May 26 Oct. 18 Dec. 7	16.70 15.36 16.04 16.52 16.91 16.23 16.35 16.84 16.92 16.89 17.27 16.14 14.75 15.69 17.82 16.86
		B4-55-16c	c		
July 11, 1947 Sept. 12 Oct. 6 Nov. 3 Dec. 9 Jan. 2, 1948 Feb. 4 Mar. 8 Apr. 14	18.50 17.83 17.53 17.88 18.59 18.97 19.14 19.64 19.54	June 7, 1948 Aug. 6 Oct. 7 Nov. 1 Dec. 7 Jan. 19, 1949 Feb. 8 Mar. 8 Apr. 8	18.71 v33.64 18.87 18.87 18.84 19.37 18.79 19.11 19.64	June 6, 1949 Oct. 19 Dec. 1 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 6 May 26 Oct. 18 Dec. 7	20.13 17.57 18.21 19.02 18.54 20.13 19.65 19.49
		B4-55-18	cc		
Apr. 26, 1939 Oct. 26 Nov. 8, 1940 May 6, 1941 Nov. 5 Apr. 17, 1942 Nov. 20 Apr. 2, 1943 Nov. 19 May 4, 1944 Oct 24 May 1, 1945 See footnotes a	20.23 21.42 21.75 21.78 20.65 20.71 19.10 20.25 19.48 20.48 19.51 20.69	Nov. 1, 1945 Apr. 25, 1946 Oct. 29 May 1, 1947 July 14 Aug. 28 Oct. 6 Nov. 3 Dec. 9 Jan. 2, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 8	19,24 20,41 20,17 21,00 19,60 19,40 17,95 18,62 19,15 19,48 19,70	Apr. 14, 1948 May 14 June 7 Aug. 6 Sept. 10 Oct. 7 Nov. 1 Dec. 8 Jan. 19, 1949 Feb. 8 Mar. 8 Apr. 11	19,90 19,70 19,19 19,14 19,12 19,98 18,55 19,06 19,42 19,49 19,70 19,92

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level		
MORGAN COUNTY, COLO.—Continued							
		B4-55-18cc-	Continued				
May 3, 194 May 31 Aug. 4	9 21.00 20.17 19.19	Oct. 19, 1949 Dec. 6 Feb. 6, 1950	17.53 18.79 19.54	Apr. 6, 1950 Aug. 4 Oct. 18	19.85 19.88 20.05		
		B4-56-23d	c				
May 26, 193 Oct. 11 Apr. 24, 193 Oct. 2 Mar. 28, 193 Oct. 15 May 6, 194 Nov. 5 Apr. 17, 194 Nov. 20 Apr. 2, 194 Nov. 19 May 2, 194 Oct. 24 May 1, 194 Nov. 1 Apr. 25, 194 Oct. 29	17.93 19.44 19.66 5 19.85 18.46 1 20.87 20.33 2 21.01 18.83 3 20.21 18.62 4 20.48 18.75 5 20.64 18.38	May 1, 1947 June 30 Aug. 28 Oct. 6 Nov. 3 Dec. 9 Jan. 2, 1948 Feb. 3 Mar. 8 Apr. 14 May 14 June 7 July 13 Aug. 6 Sept. 10 Oct. 7 Nov. 2	20.35 19.80 18.40 17.99 18.29 18.86 19.25 19.92 20.10 19.30 18.83 18.80 18.63 18.63 18.22 18.40	Dec. 8, 1948 Jan. 19, 1949 Feb. 8 Mar. 8 Apr. 11 May 3 May 31 July 8 Aug. 4 Oct. 19 Dec. 6 Feb. 6, 1950 Apr. 6 May 26 Aug. 4 Oct. 18 Dec. 7	19,00 19,49 19,64 19,83 19,95 19,65 19,33 18,27 18,40 17,14 18,29 18,33 19,84 20,32 19,39 18,44 19,04		
		<b>B4-</b> 57-19d	ь				
Sept. 9, 194 Oct. 13 Nov. 3 Dec. 2 Jan. 5, 194 Feb. 4 Mar. 2 Apr. 15 May 13 June 1	47.50 49.80 44.72	July 6, 1948 Aug. 9 Sept. 9 Oct. 1 Nov. 5 Dec. 2 Mar. 15, 1949 Apr. 6 May 3	48.21 48.02 44.55 47.86 40.30 41.34 45.26 45.93 46.83	June 14, 1949 July 13 Aug. 3 Oct. 20 Dec. 15 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 7 May 25 Aug. 3	47.20 45.60 46.18 43.33 43.52 44.90 46.92 47.86 49.96		
		B4-57-28b	d				
May 31, 194 July 11 Aug. 18 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 2 Jan. 5, 194 Feb. 4 Mar. 2 May 13 June 1	26.02 24.53 23.92 24.15 24.70	Aug. 9, 1948 Sept. 9 Oct. 1 Nov. 5 Dec. 2 Jan. 13, 1949 Feb. 8 Mar. 15 Apr. 6 May 3 June 14	25,22 25,38 25,55 25,95 26,35 26,80 27,06 27,45 27,74 27,97 27,31	July 13, 1949 Aug. 3 Oct. 20 Dec. 15 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 7 May 24 Aug. 2 Oct. 16 Dec. 16	25,91 25,34 23,62 24,57 25,00 26,94 27,61 27,22 29,60 28,91		
B4-57-31db1							
July 11, 194 Aug. 18 Oct. 1 See footnotes	7   W8.14   W18.01   15.08   at end of table.	Nov. 3, 1947 Dec. 2 Jan. 5, 1948	15.54 15.80 16.53	Feb. 4, 1948 Mar. 2 Apr. 15	8.30 7.00 16.50		

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		мс	RGAN COUNT	Y, COLO.—Cor	ntinued	
			B4-57-31db	1—Continued		
May June July Aug. Sept. Oct.	13, 1948 1 6 9 9	7.50 7.47 9.23 9.20 9.95 10.19	Dec. 2	948 8.95 9.30 949 13.50 13.48 12.80 10.15	May 3, 1949 June 14 July 13 Oct. 20 Feb. 2, 1950	6,95 5,02 8,96 9,99 10,35
			<b>B4-5</b> 8	3-7ca		
Sept. Oct.	10, 1947 13	17.00 ×18.90	Nov. 3, 1 Dec. 6	947 ×20.76 ×23.56	Jan. 5, 1948 Feb. 4	x <sub>24.90</sub> xy <sub>26.99</sub>
			<b>B4-</b> 58	3–7cb		
Mar. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	2, 1948 13 3 6 11 9 1 5	26.16 6.50 7.08 6.07 5.29 5.38 5.22 5.61 5.93	Jan. 13, 1 Feb. 11 Mar. 11 Apr. 6 May 4 June 14 July 13 Aug. 2	949 6.17 6.22 6.15 6.07 6.39 5.65 4.69 4.75	Oct. 14, 1949 Dec. 8 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 10 May 24 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 15	5.75 5.87 6.23 7.05 8.48 5.18 5.59 5.82
			<b>B4-</b> 58-	·18aa <sup>aa</sup>		
July	13, 1949	Dry	Oct. 14, 1	949 Dry	Oct. 17, 1950	Dry
			<b>B4-5</b> 8-	·18dc <sup>aa</sup>		
June July Aug. Oct.	3, 1949 13 2 12	40.50 39.86 39.69 39.23	Dec. 8, 1 Feb. 2, 1 Apr. 11 May 24		Aug. 1, 1950 Oct. 12 Dec. 15	40.56 41.20 40.90
			<b>B4-5</b> 8-	·19bc <sup>aa</sup>		
June Oct. Dec.	13, 1949 12 8	49.50 47.52 47.48	Feb. 2, 1 Apr. 11	950 47.79 47.49	Oct. 12, 1950 Dec. 15	50.66 49.22
			<b>B4-</b> 58	3-22ba		
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. May June July	9, 1947 13 3 2 5, 1948 4 2 13 1 6	15.30 15.58 15.48 15.39 15.30 15.20 14.90 15.10 15.10	Sept. 10 Oct. 1 Nov. 5 Dec. 2	948 15,16 15,18 15,15 15,08 15,11 15,10 15,10 15,23 15,21 15,23	July 13, 1949 Aug. 3 Oct. 20 Dec. 15 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 7 May 24 Aug. 2 Oct. 16 Dec. 15	15,43 15,55 15,63 15,15 15,45 15,78 15,21 16,12 16,45 16,57

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		мо	RGAN COUNTY, C		tinued	
Mar. Apr. May June July	8, 1949 18 4 17 13	bb <sub>35.45</sub> 34.79 33.41 32.42 32.08	Aug. 2, 1949 Oct. 10 Dec. 8 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 11	32.16 32.09 34.40 34.98 34.49	May 24, 1950 Aug. 1 Oct. 12 Dec. 15	32.80 33.05 33.88 34.25
			B4-58-32b	ob		
Sept. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July	30, 1947 3 10 6, 1948 3 2 15 13 1 6	65.80 61.00 60.84 61.30 62.98 62.19 62.57 62.30 61.37 61.98	Aug. 11, 1948 Sept. 8 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 3 Feb. 11, 1949 Mar. 11 Apr. 18 May 4 June 17	62,94 62,35 61,78 61,06 61,05 61,74 62,25 62,42 62,64 62,73	July 13, 1949 Oct. 12 Dec. 8 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 11 May 24 Aug. 1 Oct. 12 Dec. 9	63.58 61.46 61.38 61.94 62.61 63.97 66.10 67.10 63.43
			B4-59-31	oc		
July Sept. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May	10, 1947 29 4 8 5, 1948 3 2 15	73.95 76.80 76.17 75.47 76.22 74.97 74.40 74.40 74.45	June 3, 1948 July 7 Sept. 8 Oct. 4 Nov. 5 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 14 Mar. 11	74.76 74.86 77.73 77.41 76.78 76.39 75.95 75.71 75.72	Apr. 6, 1949 May 4 June 16 Oct. 14 Dec. 12 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 11 May 24 Dec. 9	75,39 75,33 75,15 77,33 76,65 76,09 75,64 75,76 78,64
			<b>B4-</b> 59-366	ce		
Sept. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May	29, 1947 3 4 6, 1948 3 2 15 13	66.10 64.94 65.20 65.43 65.42 65.83 65.77 66.55	June 1, 1948 July 6 Aug. 11 Oct. 1 Nov. 3 Dec. 3 Jan. 13, 1949 Feb. 11	65,59 65,91 66,63 65,59 65,31 65,11 65,34 65,61	Mar. 11, 1949 Apr. 18 June 17 Dec. 8 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 11 Dec. 9	65,89 66,03 65,85 65,00 65,69 67,50 67,15
			B4-60-2aa	1		
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July	15, 1947 9 3 6 5, 1948 4 2 15 13 3 7	7.50 7.18 7.77 8.33 8.44 8.45 8.15 8.52 7.90 7.76 8.01	Aug. 12, 1948 Sept. 9 Oct. 1 Nov. 5 Dec. 6 Feb. 11, 1949 Mar. 11 Apr. 6 May 4 June 14	7.77 7.91 7.69 8.39 8.84 9.09 9.20 8.98 9.02 5.89	July 13, 1949 Aug. 1 Oct. 14 Dec. 8 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 10 May 24 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 15	6,50 7,50 8,09 8,72 9,23 9,42 8,76 7,87 8,52 9,18

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		мс	DRGAN COUNTY,	COLO. —Co	ntinued	
			B4-60-			
Oct. Nov. Dec. Ian.	9, 1947 3 6 6, 1948	3.22 3.90 4.37 4.72	Aug. 11, 1948 Sept. 9 Oct. 1 Nov. 5	2.07 2.75 3.21 3.14	May 4, 1949 June 14 July 13 Aug, 1	2.93 1.23 2.24 2.20
Feb. Mar. Apr.	4 2 15 3	5.00 4.68 4.00 2.72	Dec. 6 Jan. 13, 1949 Feb. 11 Mar. 11	3.90 4.00 3.59 2.85	Oct. 14 Dec. 8 Feb. 3, 1950	3.23 2.15 4.00 d4.20
June July	7	2.74	Apr. 6	2.70	Apr. 10	4,20
			B4-60-6cc	2		
Apr. Nov. Dec. Feb.	11, 1948 5 6 11, 1949	41.82 43.74 44.86 42.84	Mar. 11, 1949 Apr. 6 Aug. 1 Oct. 14	41.82 41.58 42.89 42.02	Dec. 8, 1949 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 10 Dec. 15	42.18 42.15 43.34 43.24
		l. ————	B4-60-9al	b	<u> </u>	
Sept.	15, 1947 9 3	8.70 9.65	Sept. 9, 1948 Oct. 1 Nov. 5	7.39 9.35 9.84	July 13, 1949 Aug. 1 Oct. 14	7.89 7.30 7.94
Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb.	6 6, 1948 4	9.94 10.20 10.36 10.60	Dec. 6 Jan. 13, 1949 Feb. 11	10.32 10.34 10.74	Dec. 8 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 10	8.10 10.76 11.09
Mar. Apr. June July	2 15 3 7	10.52 11.70 7.30 6.63	Mar. 11 Apr. 6 May 4 June 14	10.60 9.91 10.05 7.86	May 24 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 15	8.85 8.20 10.12 10.99
Aug.	11	7.73	74 00 10			
Oct.	3, 1947	68,80	B4-60-12d July 7, 1948	69 <b>.</b> 67	Mar. 11, 1949	69,97
Nov. Dec. Jan.	4 8 5, 1948	67.91 68.19 68.49	Aug. 11 Sept. 8 Oct. 4	70.63 69.43 68.77	Apr. 6 May 4 June 16	69.29 70.61 70.28
Feb. Mar. Apr.	4 2 15	68,78 69,02 69,50	Nov. 5 Dec. 6 Jan. 13, 1949	68.59 68.69 69.16	Dec. 12 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 11	70.22 69.49 69.82
May June	13 3	69.60 70.10	Feb. 14	69,50	Dec. 9	70.71
			B4-60-23	cd		
Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar.	3, 1947 4 8 6, 1948 4 2	78.64 75.77 74.69 73.56 73.92 73.61	Nov. 5, 1948 Dec. 6 Jan. 14, 1949 Feb. 14 Mar. 11 Apr. 6	77.12 75.57 74.75 74.29 74.41 74.19	Oct. 14, 1949 Dec. 12 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 11 Aug. 1 Oct. 12	79.76 75.69 74.67 74.22 85.59 81.90
Apr. Aug.	15 11	72.65 cc93.30	June 16	75,26	Dec. 9	77.95

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—— Continued

Da	te	Water level	Γ	ate	Water level	I	Date	Water level
		мс	RGAN C	COUNTY.	COLO. —Co	ntinued		
				B4-60-32				
Sept. 23 Oct. 13 Nov. 4 Jan. 6 Feb. 3 Mar. 10 June 3 July 7 Aug. 11	, 1948	48.80 48.43 49.78 47.50 46.70 48.50 49.38 49.22 49.05	Sept. Oct. Dec. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June	9, 1948 4 6 15, 1949 11 14 2 1	49.45 49.91 dd <sub>50.90</sub> 50.78 49.99 50.00 49.34 49.83	July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Dec.	4, 1949 1 14 12 3, 1950 5 24 9	49,32 50,97 51,09 50,35 50,48 49,65 50,53 50,10
				B4-60-34	ec			
Dec. 8 Apr. 25 Oct. 25	, 1938 , 1939 , 1940	64.45 64.29 63.60 66.04 64.20	Nov. May Nov. Apr. Nov.	6, 1940 7, 1941 6 18, 1942 19	67.10 65.31 67.90 65.80 67.28	Apr. Nov. May Oct. Apr.	1, 1943 18 1, 1944 23 30, 1945	65.44 67.72 65.42 69.62 ee66.18
				B4-60-34	dc			
Oct. 28 Apr. 30 Aug. 18 Oct. 3 Nov. 4 Dec. 8	, 1947 , 1948	ff <sub>6</sub> 7.16 71.13 67.40 74.44 73.55 71.96 70.65 69.98 69.25 68.72	Apr. June Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar.	18, 1948 3 11 8 4 5 6 14, 1949 14	67.88 69.26 88.84.90 75.85 75.61 73.14 71.90 70.68 70.02 69.60	Apr. May June Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. Oct. Dec.	14, 1949 4 16 2 14 12 3, 1950 11 12 9	69.09 68.75 68.36 75.65 74.86 71.99 70.42 69.10 78.08 78.55
				B5-55-28	с			
Nov. 5. Dec. 9 Jan. 2. Feb. 4 Mar. 8 Apr. 14 May 14 June 7 July 13 Aug. 6	<b>, 194</b> 8	36.10 36.40 36.90 37.51 38.21 38.90 37.61 36.81 35.79	Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May July	10, 1948 7 1 6 19, 1949 8 8 30 31 8	35,72 36,29 36,30 36,50 38,95 39,20 39,55 39,81 38,95 36,84	Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Aug. Oct. Dec.	4, 1949 19 6 7, 1950 6 26 4 18	36.05 33.59 34.65 36.55 38.20 37.79 37.85 38.02 38.69
				B5-55-35d	ld			
Apr. 22, Nov. 12 Apr. 29, Nov. 29 May 3 Dec. 9 Apr. 26, Nov. 26 Apr. 24, Nov. 8	, 1937 , 1938 , 1939 , 1940	18.82 19.29 19.80 19.80 18.48 19.81 18.89 18.80 20.15 19.80 20.60	Nov. May Oct. May Nov. Apr. Oct. May July Aug. Jan.	19, 1943 4, 1944 24 1, 1945 1 25, 1946 29 1, 1947 9 28 2, 1948	18.80 20.10 18.84 19.51 18.12 19.44 17.70 17.70 17.70 17.97 18.16	Feb. Mar. Apr. June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan.	4, 1948 8 16 7 12 6 10 7 1 1 7 19, 1949	18,26 18,30 18,42 17,73 17,54 18,49 17,61 17,34 17,10 17,72 18,09

APPENDIX A 139

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	e	Water level		Date	Water level
		M	ORGAN CO	UNTY,	COLO. —Cor	ntinued		
			B5-5	5-35dd	Continued			
Feb. Mar. Apr. June July	8, 1949 8 8 6 8	18,22 18,23 18,46 18,42 17,87	Oct. 19 Dec. 6	, 1950	17.56 16.35 17.67 18.41 18.42	May Aug. Oct. Dec.	31, 1950 8 20 7	18,50 18,72 18,49 18,20
			В	5-59-30	cd			
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	15, 1947 10 3 6 5, 1948 4 2 18	4.20 4.33 4.57 4.86 4.96 4.80 5.10 5.25	May 13 June 3 July 7 Aug. 12 Sept. 9 Oct. 1 Nov. 5 Dec. 3		4.70 4.24 4.84 4.18 4.20 4.38 4.74 4.98	Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Oct. Dec.	11, 1949 6 4 14 13 1 14 8	4.97 4.64 4.94 4.08 2.63 3.65 4.32 24.87
			В	5-59-34	ed			
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July	10, 1947 10 3 6 5, 1948 4 2 18 13 3 7	7.35 9.10 9.91 11.92 12.73 13.45 14.06 14.85 14.80 12.94 11.84	Aug. 12 Sept. 9 Oct. 1 Nov. 5 Dec. 3 Feb. 11 Mar. 11 Apr. 6 May 4 June 14	, 1949	8.76 7.16 7.52 9.57 11.21 13.64 13.56 13.98 14.33 13.99	July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Aug. Oct. Dec.	13, 1949 1 14 8 3, 1950 10 24 3 17 15	10.69 9.68 9.85 12.05 13.54 14.91 13.68 8.08 8.94 11.19
			В	5-60-120	lc			
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June	15, 1947 13 3 6 5, 1948 4 2 15 13 3	11.80 10.18 12.06 11.90 11.96 11.94 11.87 12.85 11.90 11.81	July 7 Aug. 12 Sept. 9 Oct. 1 Nov. 5 Dec. 6 Mar. 11 Apr. 6 May 4 June 14	, 1949	11.79 11.65 11.69 11.65 11.62 11.55 11.57 11.42 9.11 11.10	July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Aug. Oct. Dec.	13, 1949  1 14 8 3, 1950 10 24 3 17 15	10.92 10.94 12.17 11.05 11.10 11.44 11.35 11.70 11.72 11.76
			SEDGWI	CK COL	INTY, COL	٥.		
				B11-45-	•			
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June	17, 1947 7 5 13 3, 1948 10 15 19 8 footnotes at officers	11.88 11.85 12.60 12.24 14.25 14.41 14.70 14.66 13.06	Oct. 8 Jan. 17 Feb. 9 Mar. 4 Apr. 12 May 5 June 8 Aug. 11	, 1949	12.48 13.75 14.23 14.17 14.02 14.52 13.82 13.62	Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. June Aug. Oct. Dec.	7, 1949 14 9, 1950 13 1 8 19	11.23 13.15 14.09 14.51 13.52 13.72 13.38 13.68

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
	s	EDGWICK COUNTY	•	Continued	
Dec. 13, 194 Jan. 4, 194 Feb. 10 Mar. 12 Apr. 19 July 8 Aug. 2 Sept. 14 Oct. 8,		B11-46-  Nov. 8, 1948 Dec. 7 Feb. 10, 1949 Mar. 2 Apr. 12 May 5 June 1 July 5	7.19 7.08 5.61 6.49 6.72 7.54 6.73 5.85	Oct. 7, 1949 Dec. 13 Feb. 8, 1950 Apr. 12 June 1 Aug. 8 Oct. 19 Dec. 1	6.49 7.12 7.02 7.45 8.03 7.74 8.28 7.48
		B11-47-	-28ьь		
June 24, 194; Aug. 2 Sept. 14 Oct. 8 Nov. 8 Dec. 7 Jan. 17, 194;	hh <sub>16.48</sub> 5.03 4.73 4.10 4.28	Feb. 10, 1949 Mar. 2 Apr. 7 May 5 July 5 Aug. 11 Oct. 7	4.06 3.68 3.41 4.65 4.22 4.53 4.86	Dec. 14, 1949 Feb. 8, 1950 Apr. 12 Aug. 8 Oct. 19 Dec. 2	4,21 4,66 4,45 2,84 4,39 4,00
		B12-44-	-27bc		
Sept. 17, 194' Oct. 7 Nov. 5 Dec. 13 Jan. 4, 194: Feb. 10 Mar. 16 Apr. 19 June 8 July 9	3.65 3.70 3.80	Aug. 5, 1948 Sept. 14 Oct. 9 Nov. 10 Nov. 29 Feb. 9, 1949 Mar. 5 Apr. 12 May 5 June 8	3.78 3.96 3.92 3.93 3.77 3.64 3.38 3.22 3.75 2.66	July 7, 1949 Aug. 12 Oct. 7 Dec. 13 Feb. 9, 1950 Apr. 14 June 1 Aug. 8 Oct. 20 Dec. 2	3.08 3.79 2.76 3.44 3.56 3.48 3.83 2.86 3.19 3.53
		B12-44-31	ba		
Sept. 16, 194' Oct. 7 Nov. 5 Dec. 14 Jan. 4, 194: Feb. 10 Mar. 15 Apr. 19 June 8 July 9	22.32 23.30 23.34	Aug. 4, 1948 Sept. 13 Oct. 8 Nov. 8 Nov. 29 Jan. 17, 1949 Feb. 9 Mar. 4 Apr. 12 May 5	23.42 22.66 22.91 23.21 23.49 24.08 24.30 24.15 24.19 24.42	June 8, 1949 Aug. 11 Oct. 6 Dec. 13 Feb. 9, 1950 Apr. 13 June 1 Aug. 8 Oct. 19 Dec. 1	24.06 21.83 20.59 22.87 23.56 24.19 24.04 23.65 23.14 23.64
	,	WASHINGTON COU	NTY, COLO	•	
		B5-54-2bd			
Aug. 28, 194' Oct. 6 Nov. 4 Dec. 10 Jan. 2, 194' Feb. 6	14.83 12.40 12.89	Mar. 8, 1948 Apr. 16 July 12 Aug. 6 Sept. 10 Oct. 7	12.30 12.64 10.15 10.85 13.99 16.25	Nov. 1, 1948 Dec. 6 Jan. 20, 1949 Feb. 8 Mar. 3 Apr. 8	15,95 15,86 15,43 15,19 14,94 12,39

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
	W	ASHINGTON COU	NTY, COLO.		
May 4, 1949 June 6 Oct. 19	12.07 11.25 15.31	Dec. 1, 1949 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 12	15.66	May 31, 1950 Oct. 18 Dec. 7	13,92 17,67 17,25
		B5-54	-20bc		
Nov. 8, 1940 May 6, 1941 Nov. 5 Apr. 17, 1942 Nov. 20 Apr. 2, 1943 Nov. 19 May 4, 1944 Oct. 24 May 1, 1945 Nov. 1 Apr. 25, 1946 Oct. 29 May 1, 1947 Aug. 21	18,67 18,02 16,42 16,48 14,35 15,42 14,57 15,75 15,05 16,21 14,72 15,56 15,88 16,51 14,70	Oct. 6, 1947 Nov. 3 Dec. 9 Jan. 2, 1948 Feb. 4 Mar. 8 Apr. 16 June 7 July 12 Aug. 6 Sept. 10 Oct. 7 Nov. 1 Dec. 6	13.80 14.30	Feb. 8, 1949 Mar. 8 Apr. 8 May 3 May 31 July 8 Aug. 4 Oct. 19 Dec. 1 Feb. 6, 1950 Apr. 6 May 26 Oct. 18 Dec. 7	14.50 14.99 15.11 16.21 11.36 14.07 13.80 12.95 13.28 14.27 14.54 14.80
		B5-54-	-21ca	•	
Aug. 26, 1947 Oct. 6 Nov. 3 Dec. 9 Jan. 2, 1948 Feb. 4 Mar. 8 Apr. 16 June 7 July 12 Aug. 6	12.90 10.58 11.40 11.77 11.92 12.83 12.85 13.73 11.99 11.15 ii 36.66	Sept. 10, 1948 Oct. 7 Nov. 1 Dec. 6 Jan. 20, 1949 Feb. 8 Mar. 8 Apr. 8 May 3 June 6	10,52 11,25 11,80	July 8, 1949 Aug. 4 Oct. 19 Dec. 1 Feb. 7, 1950 Apr. 12 May 31 Aug. 4 Oct. 20 Dec. 7	11.05 10.70 10.75 11.15 11.37 13.05 11.69 11.88 11.84 12.39
		B5-54-	-30cb		
Aug. 21, 1947 Nov. 3 Dec. 9 Jan. 2, 1948 Feb. 4 Mar. 8 Apr. 16 June 7 July 12	21.00 15.70 16.35 16.62 16.69 16.79 17.10 16.32 15.69	Sept. 10, 1948 Oct. 7 Nov. 1 Dec. 6 Jan. 19, 1949 Feb. 8 Mar. 8 Apr. 8 May 3	16.24 16.23 16.56	Aug. 4, 1949 Oct. 19 Dec. 1 Feb. 6, 1950 Apr. 6 May 26 Oct. 18 Dec. 7	16,20 14,55 15,59 15,85 16,88 18,49 16,82 18,77
		C1-55-	21bd1		
Aug. 14, 1947 Oct. 29 Dec. 9 Dec. 31 Feb. 3, 1948 Mar. 8	12.20 11.98 11.83 11.93 11.84 11.98	Apr. 14, 1948 May 14 July 5 Aug. 2 Sept. 1 Oct. 7	11.89 jj23.20 12.33 12.21 12.42 12.42	Nov. 2, 1948 Dec. 8 Mar. 8, 1949 Apr. 11 May 30 July 4	12.23 12.28 12.12 11.95 12.50 11.97

# Water-level measurement in wells in the lower South Platte Rivervalley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		WAS	HINGTON COUNT	r, colo.—c	Continued	
			C1-55-21bd1-	-Continued		
Aug. Oct. Dec.	4, 1949 11 1	12.25 12.39 12.24	Feb. 6, 1950 Apr. 6 May 31	12.19 12.11 12.71	Aug. 7 Oct. 16 Dec. 4	12.83 12.82 12.59
			WELD COUNT	Y, COLO.		
			B1-61-7	cd		
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	19, 1947 7 5 4 8, 1948 2 11 12	20.70 20.85 20.66 20.52 20.55 20.55 20.04 19.10	June 4, 1948 June 30 Aug. 4 Oct. 4 Nov. 3 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 14	19.13 19.45 19.92 20.01 20.12 19.78 19.04 19.07	Mar. 14, 1949 Apr. 15 May 9 June 16 July 12 Aug. 2 Oct. 17	19,59 19,48 19,32 18,80 18,44 18,65 kk <sub>1</sub> 8,29
			B1-62-8	bb		
Oct. Nov. Dec. Feb. Mar. Apr. June July Aug. Sept.	21, 1947 5 8 2, 1948 11 12 4 1 13 13	32.99 33.00 33.70 33.14 33.58 33.12 33.07 33.09 33.17 33.19	Oct. 5, 1948 Nov. 8 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 15 May 9 July 12	33,14 33,30 33,14 33,25 33,32 33,35 33,20 33,31 30,69	Aug. 2, 1949 Oct. 18 Dec. 9 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5 May 23 Aug. 3 Oct. 13 Dec. 10	30.65 31.02 31.66 31.94 32.40 32.46 32.67 32.48 32.72
			B1-62-13	ad		
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Mar. Apr. Aug.	19, 1947 8 5 4 8, 1948 11 12 4 16	23.07 22.23 21.65 21.44 21.32 20.98 20.46 20.94 134.79	Sept. 14, 1948 Oct. 4 Nov. 3 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 14 Mar. 15 June 16 July 12	20,53 20,47 20,34 20,34 20,28 20,28 20,22 19,59 19,32	Aug. 2, 1949 Oct. 17 Dec. 7 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 10 Aug. 3 Oct. 14 Dec. 10	19.68 20.14 18.65 19.50 19.48 20.88 20.43 20.02
			B1-63-2	cc		
Apr. May May May May June June June June June June June June	27, 1944 4 12 19 26 2 9 16 23 30 7	60,71 60,72 60,56 60,55 60,34 60,18 60,10 60,83 60,79 61,28 61,57 61,49	July 21, 1944 July 28 Aug. 4 Aug. 11 Aug. 18 Aug. 25 Sept. 1 Sept. 8 Sept. 15 Sept. 22 Sept. 29 Oct. 6	61,77 62,09 63,13 63,25 63,12 63,31 63,23 63,55 63,07 63,37 63,23 63,32	Oct. 13, 1944 Oct. 20 Oct. 27 Nov. 3 Nov. 10 Nov. 17 Nov. 24 Dec. 1 Dec. 8 Dec. 15 Dec. 22 Dec. 29	63,04 62,83 62,73 62,45 62,32 62,12 61,92 61,79 61,64 61,49 61,36

143

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

Date   Water   Date   Water   Date   Water   Date   Level   Date   Date	Date	Water level Date	Water level	Date	Water level
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# WELD COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### B1-63-2cc-Continued

				BT~09	3-200	Continued			
Jan.	5, 1945	61,07	Mar.	28.	1946	60,87	Aug.	29, 194	62,45
Jan.	12	60.97	Apr.	5		61.65	Sept.	5	62.54
Jan.	19	60.87	Apr.	12		61.55	Sept.	12	62,41
Jan.	26	60.71	Apr.	19		61.81	Sept.	19	61.81
Feb.	2	60,61	Apr.	26		62.16	Sept.	26	61.36
Feb.	9	60.56	May	3		62.69	Oct.	3	60.98
Feb.	16	60.42	May	12		62.9	Oct.	10	60,68
Feb.	23	60.33	May	19		63,06	Oct.	29	59,87
Mar.	2	60.21	May	26		63.00	Nov.	5	59,67
Mar	9	60.13	June	2		63.56	Nov.	12	59.46
Mar.	16	60.09	June	9		64.10	Nov.	19	59,22
Mar.	23	60.18	June	16		64.74	Nov.	26	59.03
Mar.	30	60.38	June	23		64.64	Dec.	3	58.83
Apr.	6	60.00	June	30		65.12	Dec.	10	58,67
Apr.	13	60.30	July	8		65.47	Dec.	17	58.45
Apr.	20	59.86	July	15		66.11	Dec.	24	58.30
Apr.	27	59.75	July	22		65.49	Dec.	31	58.12
May	4	59.86	July	29		66.08	Jan.	7, 194	
May	11	59.95	Aug.	5		66,61	Jan.	14	57.77
May	18	60.21	Aug.	12		67.26	Jan.	21	57.63
May	25	60.24	Aug.	19		67.29	Jan.	28	57.50
June	ĭ	60.53	Aug.	26		67.51	Feb.	15	57.14
June	8	60.82	Sept.	2		67.17	Feb.	22	57.01
June	15	60.20	Sept.	10		66.94	Feb.	29	56.89
June	22	60.15	Sept.	27		66.44	Mar.	7	56.80
June	29	61.80	Oct.	-8		66.01	Mar.	14	56.63
July	17	63.34	Oct.	15		65.77	Mar.	21	56.56
July	24	63.80	Oct.	22		65.51	Mar.	28	56.45
July	31	64.62	Oct.	29		65.29	Apr.	8	56.31
Aug.	7	64.98	Nov.	5		65.08	Apr.	15	56.17
Aug.	14	65.40	Nov.	15		64.75	Apr.	23	56.24
Aug.	21	65,92	Nov.	22		64.58	Apr.	30	56.00
Aug.	28	65.93	Dec.	4		64.23	May	7	56.10
Sept.	6	66,42	Dec.	11		64,01	May	14	55.68
Sept.	13	68.09	Dec.	18		63.85	May	21	55.73
Sept.	20	65,71	Jan.	10,	1947	63,20	May	28	55.63
Sept.	28	65.20	Jan.	22		62,95	June	4	56.04
Oct.	5	64.70	Jan.	29		62,80	June	11	56.07
Oct.	12	64.31	Feb.	5		62,64	June	18	57.16
Oct.	19	64.01	Feb.	12		62.55	June	25	56,63
Oct.	26	63,74	Feb.	19		62,44	July	3	56.40
Nov.	2	63,50	Feb.	26		62,29	July	10	57.29
Nov.	9	63.24	Mar.	5		62.22	July	17	57.25
Nov.	16	63.01	Mar.	12		62,12	Aug.	2	58,75
Nov.	23	62.80	Mar.	19		61.95	Aug.	9	59.08
Nov.	30	62,63	Mar.	26		61.88	Aug.	16	59.17
Dec.	7	62,51	Apr.	5		61,75	Aug.	23	59.48
Dec.	14	62.39	Apr.	24		61.49	Aug.	30	60.15
Dec.	21	62,22	May	1		61,67	Sept.	5	60.62
Dec.	28	62,07	May	14		61,08	Sept.	13	61.57
Jan.	4, 1946	61.94	May	21		60,88	Sept.	20	61.30
Jan.	13	61.74	May	28		60.60	Sept.	27	60.79
Jan.	20	61.70	June	4		60.43	Oct.	4	60,60
Jan.	27	61.62	June	11		60.32	Oct.	11	60.29
Feb.	7	61.50	June	21		60.07	Nov.	10	59.03
Feb.	14	61.36	July	1		59.66	Nov.	17	58.80
Feb.	21	61,26	July	9		59.70	Nov.	24	58,58
Feb.	28	61.20	July	19		60.42	Nov.	30	58.40
Mar.	7	61.19	July	29		60.90	Dec.	17	57.87
Mar.	14	61.02	Aug.	11		62.5	Dec.	24	57.71
Mar.	21	60,92	Aug.	21		62.54	Dec.	31	57 <b>.5</b> 5

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

			Nebraska	Continued		
	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		W	ELD COUNTY, CC	_	nued	
Jan. Jan. Jan. Jan. Jan. Feb. Feb. Mar. Mar. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. May May May June June June July July July July July July July July	7, 1949 14 21 28 4 11 18 25 4 11 18 25 1 8 15 22 29 6 13 20 27 3 10 17 24 1 8 15 22 29 5 12 19 26 4	57.34 57.17 57.00 56.89 56.67 56.50 56.37 56.25 56.10 55.98 55.73 55.61 55.542 55.19 55.19 55.42 55.55 55.42 55.54 55.50 54.87 54.86 55.27 54.86 55.27 55.48 55.61 55.64 56.97 56.81 56.90 56.90	Sept. 11, 1949 Sept. 18 Sept. 25 Oct. 2 Oct. 9 Oct. 16 Oct. 23 Oct. 30 Nov. 6 Nov. 13 Nov. 20 Nov. 27 Dec. 4 Dec. 11 Dec. 18 Dec. 25 Jan. 1, 1950 Jan. 22 Jan. 29 Jan. 29 Feb. 5 Feb. 12 Feb. 12 Feb. 19 Feb. 26 Mar. 5 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 26 Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Apr. 30 May 7	56.62 56.50 56.63 56.40 56.19 55.92 55.73 55.50 55.23 55.00 54.78 54.47 53.86 53.72 53.51 53.32 53.01 52.92 52.74 52.63 52.50 52.40 52.25 52.18 52.10 51.83 51.77 52.02 51.74 51.78 52.06	May 14, 1950 May 21 May 28 Jume 4 Jume 11 Jume 18 Jume 25 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 9 Aug. 27 Sept. 3 Sept. 10 Sept. 17 Sept. 24 Oct. 1 Cot. 8 Oct. 15 Oct. 22 Oct. 29 Nov. 5 Nov. 12 Nov. 19 Nov. 26 Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31	51,87 51,81 52,50 53,09 52,92 53,90 54,02 54,61 55,55 56,20 56,82 57,45 58,36 61,43 60,69 61,43 61,69 60,44 59,87 59,52 58,66 58,43 58,21 58,96 58,43 58,21 57,95 57,76 57,56 57,76 57,56
			B1-63-2	ld1		
May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Apr. Nov. Apr. Mov. Apr. Mov.	15, 1942 8 7 4 4 4 6 19 1, 1943 5 1 9 4 4 2 2 6 16 25, 1944 8 3, 1945 31	50.27 49.76 49.35 49.05 48.86 48.71 48.75 48.73 48.69 48.53 48.00 47.51 47.00 47.02 47.42 45.79 46.32 45.03	Apr. 24, 1946 Oct. 30 Apr. 30, 1947 Sept. 19 Oct. 8 Oct. 29 Nov. 5 Dec. 8 Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 2 Mar. 11 Apr. 12 Apr. 23 Apr. 23 Jume 4 July 1 Aug. 13 Sept. 13 Oct. 5	46.15 44.20 45.81 43.67 43.60 43.20 43.17 43.56 43.64 43.69 43.38 43.43 43.18 42.64 41.95 41.41 41.02	Nov. 8, 1948 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 14 Apr. 15 May 9 June 16 July 12 Aug. 2 Oct. 18 Dec. 9 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5 May 23 Aug. 3 Oct. 13 Dec. 10	41.18 41.34 41.43 41.56 41.74 42.02 41.83 41.35 41.11 40.70 38.97 38.86 39.10 39.70 39.30 38.64 38.15 39.29

APPENDIX A 145

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Wate level		Date	Water level			
		TA	TID COUNTY		mei mu a d					
		VV	ELD COUNTY		onunuea					
			В1	-63-3cc						
May	14, 1942	60.36		1945 55.		13, 1948	52.11			
June July	8 7	59 <b>.</b> 47 58 <b>.</b> 22	May 16, 1 Oct. 30	1946 53. 56.		5 8	51.62 49.15			
Aug.	5	58,07		1947 52.	00 Dec.	7	48,14			
Sept.	2	57.19	Sept. 19	52.		15, 1949	47.47			
Oct. Nov.	5 18	55.70 54.25	Oct. 8 Oct. 29	51. 49.		15 14	47.02 45.80			
Mar.	31, 1943	51,62	Nov. 5	49.	33   Apr.	15	45.57			
May	5 1	51.57	Dec. 8	48. 1948 47.		9 16	45.85 45.34			
June Sept.	2	50.60 54.10	Jan. 9, . Feb. 2	1948 47. 46.		12	46,69			
Oct.	6	54,54	Mar. 11	46.	22   Oct.	18	46.08			
Nov.	17 25. 1944	53,18 51,11	Apr. 12 Apr. 23	46. 45.	82 Dec. 70 Feb.	9 1 <b>,</b> 1950	43.98 43.97			
Apr. Nov.	8	52.90	Apr. 23 June 5	46.	74 Apr.	5	45.04			
May	3, 1945	50.25	July 1	45.	33 Oct.	13	51,88			
	B1-63-9dd									
May	14, 1942	63,08	Apr. 30,	1947 56.		8, 1948	50,57			
June	9	62.29	Sept. 19	54.	04 Dec.	7	50.06			
Aug. Oct.	5 6	60 <b>.</b> 17 58 <b>.</b> 92	Oct. 8	53. 52.	37 Feb.	15, 1949 14	49.68 48.55			
Nov.	18	57.90	Nov. 5	51.	81 Apr.	15	48,14			
Mar.	31, 1943	55.88	Dec. 8	51.		9	48,50			
June Oct.	3 5	55 <b>.</b> 39 57 <b>.</b> 75	Jan. 9, 1 Feb. 2	19 <b>4</b> 8 51.		16 18	48.13 48.44			
Nov.	18	56,90	Mar. 11	49.	66 Dec.	9	47.65			
Apr. Nov.	25, 1944 8	55.23 56.37	Apr. 12 Apr. 23	49. 48.		1, 1950 5	46.44 45.85			
May	3, 1945	54.54	June 4	48.		13	52,53			
Oct.	31	58.24	Oct. 5	51.		10	52,34			
Oct.	30, 1946	59,31	l		1					
			B1-	63-10cd						
Apr.	25, 1934	51.3		1942 65.		2, 1948	54.70			
Oct. Nov.	21 11	59 57	Oct. 5 Nov. 18	64. 62.	42 Mar. 58 Apr.	11 12	54.07 53.70			
Apr.	16, 1935	55.2		1943 60.		23	53.34			
Oct.	16	59.7	May 5	60.	22 June	4	54.31			
Feb. Nov.	15, 1936 13	55.3 61.7	June 2 July 5	60. 62.		1 13	54.38 59.43			
Apr.	29, 1937	60.1	Oct. 5	65.		5	58.65			
Oct.	30	65.2	Nov. 18	62.		8 7	56.34			
May Dec.	11, 1938 9	63.10 64.12	Apr. 25, 3	1944   59. 61.	80 Dec. 59 Jan.	15, 1949	55.16 54.10			
Apr.	26, 1939	62.89	May 3,	1945   59.	03    Feb.	15	53,55			
Oct.	26 25, 1940	67.25 63.75	Oct. 31	63. 1946 62.		14 15	53.19 53.62			
Apr. Nov.	25, 1940 30	67.55	Apr. 24, 30	1946   62. 64.	08   Apr. 40   May	9	52,81			
May	5, 1941	65,61	Apr. 30,	1947 60.	62 June	16	52.90			
Nov. Apr.	4 16, 1942	70.35 67.41	Sept. 19 Oct. 8	59. 58.		18 9	53.57 51.08			
May	14	67.10	Oct. 29	57.		5 <b>,</b> 1950	50.95			
June	9	66,48	Nov. 5	57.	08 May	23	52,85			
July Aug.	6 5	65.60 65.36	Dec. 8 Jan. 9, 1	56. 1948 55.		13 10	58,98 56,28			
Aug.		00.00	June 9, .	20 10	20   2000.		1 00,20			

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		,	WELD COUNTY, O	COLO. —Conti	nued	
			B1-63-1			
May	5, 1943	84,88	May 3, 1945		Nov. 5, 1947	79.02
June	3	84 <b>.</b> 23 89 <b>.</b> 70	Oct. 31	90.65 90.48	Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 2	77 <b>.</b> 90 77 <b>.</b> 45
Sept. Oct.	1 4	88.60	Oct. 30, 1946 Apr. 30, 1947		Mar. 11	77.30
Nov.	18	86.81	Oct. 8	81.75	Apr. 12	76.75
Apr. Nov.	25, 1944 8	8 <b>4.</b> 56 86 <b>.</b> 98	Oct. 29	79.54	July 1	a76.98
			B1-63-2	22dd		
Nov.	30, 1940	94.54	Oct. 31, 1945	91,80	Dec. 7, 1948	80.05
May	5, 1941	93,53	Oct. 30, 1946	90.95	Jan. 15, 1949	79,23
Nov.	4 16, 1942	97 <b>.</b> 22 95 <b>.</b> 03	Apr. 30, 1947 Sept. 19	83.01 85.05	Feb. 15 Mar. 14	79.08 78.97
Apr. May	16, 1942 14	92.86	Sept. 19   Oct. 8	81.66	Apr. 15	78,84
June	9	90.74	Oct. 29	80,60	May 9	78.69
July Nov.	6 18	89 <b>.</b> 25 88 <b>.</b> 24	Nov. 5 Dec. 8	80.40 79.47	June 16 July 12	79 <b>.</b> 39 79 <b>.</b> 80
Mar.	30, 1943	86.68	Feb. 2, 1948	79.07	Oct. 18	82.39
May	5	86.34	Mar. 11	79.14	Dec. 9	80.93
June Sept.	$\frac{3}{1}$	86,62 90,25	Apr. 12 Apr. 23	78 <b>.4</b> 9 78 <b>.</b> 11	Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5	79 <b>.</b> 37
Nov.	18	88.41	June 4	75.41	May 23	79.98
Apr.	25, 1944 8	87 <b>.</b> 20 88 <b>.</b> 49	July 1 Nov. 8,	75.84 80.63	Oct. 13 Dec. 10	86.99 84.89
Nov. May	3, 1945	86.85	NOV. 6,	00,03	Dec. 10	04,00
			B1~63~	27dc		
May	15, 1942	105.10	Oct. 30, 1946	99,50	Dec. 7, 1948	91.45
July	6	100.76	Apr. 30, 1947	93.10	Jan. 15, 1949	90.99
Sept. Oct.	3 6	101.20 99.80	Oct. 8	94 <b>,</b> 23 92 <b>,</b> 45	Feb. 15 Mar. 14	92.25 91.10
Nov.	18	98,67	Nov. 5	92,23	Apr. 15	90.72
Apr.	30, 1943 5	97.58 97.42	Dec. 8	91.87	May 9 June 16	90.56
May June	3	97.13	Jan. 9, 1948 Apr. 12	91.67 91.20	Oct. 18	90.39 91.72
Oct.	4	99,34	Apr. 23	90.98	Dec. 9	90,91
Nov. Apr.	18 25, 1944	98.13 97.26	June 4 July 1	90.74 90.42	Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5	90.58 90.50
Nov.	8	97.63	Sept. 13	97.66	May 23	91.03
May	3, 1945	96.88	Oct. 5	93.67	Oct. 13	96.39
Oct. Apr.	31 24, 1946	100.53 99.22	Nov. 8	91.75	Dec. 10	94.50
			B1-63-2	28ab		
May	15, 1942	82,90	July 5, 1948		Oct. 30, 1946	84,41
June	9 <sup>*</sup> 6	80.42	Aug. 3	81.03	Apr. 30, 1947	70.36 72.79
July Aug.	6 5	81.25 81.10	Sept. 1 Oct. 4	81.60 82.52	Sept. 22 Oct. 8	72.79
Sept.	3	82,05	Nov. 18	83.86	Nov. 5	72,20
Oct.	6 18	82 <b>.</b> 94 83 <b>.</b> 57	Apr. 25, 1944 Nov. 8	84.81 84.05	Dec. 8 Jan. 9, 1948	73.54 74.60
Nov. Apr	30, 1943	83.65	Nov. 8 May 3, 1948		Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 2	76.85
May	5	81.17	Oct. 31	84.44	Mar. 11	75,60
June	3	81,40	Apr. 24, 1946	78,82	Apr. 12	mm71.72
See	footnotes at	end of table	U ₽•	i	11	1

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—— Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
	,	WELD COUNTY, Co		nued	
June 4, 1948 July 1 Aug. 13 Sept. 13 Oct. 5 Nov. 8 Dec. 7	67.19 68.62 69.33 70.33 71.60 75.18 75.00	Jan. 15, 1949 Apr. 15 May 9 July 12 Aug. 2 Oct. 18 Dec. 9	75,30 76,20 76,45 75,55 73,33 73,72 75,25	Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5 May 23 Aug. 3 Oct. 13 Dec. 10	76.04 76.59 76.69 76.83 77.95 77.62
		B2-61-11c	d	•	
Nov. 5, 1947 Dec. 4 Jan. 8, 1948 Feb. 2 Mar. 10 Apr. 12 June 4 June 30 Aug. 4 Sept. 1	26,30	Oct. 4, 1948 Nov. 4 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 15 May 9 June 6 July 12	27.08 27.89 26.62 26.43 26.44 26.56 26.25 26.20 26.00 25.89	Aug. 2, 1949 Oct. 17 Dec. 7 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 10 May 23 Aug. 3 Oct. 14 Dec. 10	26,09 26,36 25,69 25,40 25,36 24,80 26,68 26,48
		B2-61-32c	c		
Sept. 19, 1947 Oct. 7 Nov. 5 Dec. 4 Jan. 8, 1948 Feb. 2 Mar. 11 Apr. 12	20,95 20,79 20,61 20,54 20,53 20,45 20,33 20,10	June 30, 1948 Sept. 14 Oct. 4 Nov. 3 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 14 Mar. 14	19.74 21.24 21.24 20.87 20.64 20.48 19.40 20.38	Apr. 15, 1949 May 9 June 16 Oct. 17 Dec. 7 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 10 Oct. 14	20.26 20.08 19.77 19.99 19.79 19.61 19.48 21.19
		B2-62-6cb	1		
Nov. 6, 1947 Dec. 8 Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 2 Mar. 11 Apr. 12 June 5 July 1 Aug. 5 Sept. 13	11.98 11.95 11.80 11.96 11.92 11.79 12.29 12.97 13.08	Oct. 5, 1948 Nov. 4 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 14 Apr. 15 May 9 June 6	13.12 12.90 12.44 12.37 12.73 12.19 11.99 11.94 10.92	July 12, 1949 Oct. 18 Dec. 9 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5 May 23 Aug. 3 Oct. 13 Dec. 10	nn8.94 11.09 10.48 10.68 10.72 10.48 11.94 12.04 12.02
	•	<b>B</b> 2-62-7c	c		
Sept. 23, 1947 Oct. 9 Nov. 5 Dec. 8 Apr. 12, 1948 June 5 Aug. 5 Sept. 13 Oct. 5	19.50 19.00 19.12 19.20 18.98 19.08 20.01 20.27 20.07	Nov. 4, 1948 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 15 May 9 June 13 July 12	20.17 20.07 19.57 20.10 19.99 19.99 19.82 18.97 17.25	Aug. 2, 1949 Oct. 18 Dec. 9 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5 May 23 Oct. 13 Dec. 10	17.48 18.23 18.30 18.36 18.36 18.09 19.72 19.59

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	ı	Date	Water level	i 	Date	Water level
		W	ÆLD CC	OUNTY, CO	LO. —Contin	ued		
				B2-62-18				
Apr.	23, 1936	17.9	Oct.	10, 1945	25.4	Oct.	14, 1948	25.65
Sept. Nov.	9 12	19.0 19.1	Apr. Oct.	23, 1946 31	25,06 24,40	Nov. Dec.	4 7	25.67 25.68
Apr.	29, 1937	19.4	Apr.	29, 1947	24.30	Jan.	15, 1949	25.78
June	11	19.6	Sept.	23	25.08	Feb.	15	25.75
Oct.	29 11, 1938	20.6 20.6	Oct.	9	24.94	Mar.	15	25.52
May Dec.	9	21.8	Oct. Nov.	29 <b>5</b>	2 <b>4.43</b> 2 <b>4.</b> 75	Apr. May	15 9	25.49 25.48
Apr.	26, 1939	20.9	Dec.	8	24.60	June	13	24.86
Oct.	26	22.1	Jan.	9, 1948	24.74	July	12	23.47
Apr. Oct.	25, 1940 30	22.4 23.4	Feb. Mar.	$\frac{2}{11}$	24.63 24.48	Oct. Dec.	18 9	24.04 23.87
May	5, 1941	23.6	Apr.	12	24.47	Feb.	1, 1950	23.78
Nov.	4	24.1	Apr.	23	24.15	Apr.	5	23.54
Apr.	15, 1942	24.3	July	1	24.94	May	23 13	23.38
Mar. Nov.	31, 1943 16	23.1 24.3	Aug. Sept.	5 13	25.63 25.53	Oct. Dec.	10	25.29 25.15
May	3, 1945	24.7			20.00			20.10
				B2-62-19d	:d			
July	30, 1930	27.7	May	21, 1942	34,46	Nov.	5, 1947	37.15
June	3, 1933	25.0	June	9	34.90	Dec.	8	36.57
Oct. Apr.	11 24, 1934	24.9 24.9	July Aug.	7 4	34.97 35.36	Jan. Feb.	9, 1948 2	36.30 36.12
Aug.	7	25.8	Sept.	4	35.42	Mar.	11	35.92
Oct.	2	25.3	Oct.	9	34.56	Apr.	12	35.38
Apr.	16, 1935 16	26.5	Nov.	17 31, 1943	34.24 33.83	Apr.	23 5	35.21 38.28
Oct. Apr.	23, 1936	25.7 25.8	Mar. May	31, 1943 4	33,03	June July	1	37.56
July	2	26.1	June	1	33.77	Oct.	5	40.11
Sept.	9	26.5	Aug.	5	37.00	Nov.	1	38,15
Nov. Apr.	12 29, 1937	27.12 27.39	Sept.	2 6	36 <b>.</b> 98 35 <b>.</b> 90	Dec. Jan.	7 15, 1949	35.63 37.25
Oct.	29	28.85	Nov.	16	35.64	Feb.	15	37.06
May	11, 1938	29 <b>.7</b> 0	Apr.	26, 1944	35.03	June	16	35.58
Dec.	9 26, 1939	31.00	Nov.	29	35.93	Aug. Oct.	2 18	38.35 37.35
Apr. Oct.	26, 1939 26	30.67 31.50	May Oct.	3, 1945 30	35.33 37.12	Dec.	9	35,55
Apr.	<b>25,</b> 1940	31.90	Apr.	23, 1946	36.03	Feb.	1, 1950	35.56
Nov.	30	32,95	Oct.	31	36,16	Apr.	5	35.47
May Nov.	2, 1941 4	34.52 35.37	Apr. Sept.	29, 1947 23	35.27 0038,65	Oct. Dec.	13 10	39.23 37.97
Apr.	15, 1942	34.60	Oct.	29	36.98	Dec.		0,
				B2-63-15d	c			
May	5, 1941	21.05	Oct.	30, 1945	22,38	Dec.	7, 1948	22.59
Nov. Apr.	4 15, 1942	22.30 21.82	Apr. Oct.	23, 1946 31	22.80 23.00	Jan. Feb.	15, 1949 15	21.47 21.49
May	21	19,30	Apr.	29, 1947	21.02	Mar.	15	21.40
Aug.	4	19.96	Oct.	9	26.32	Apr.	15	21.13
Oct.	8 17	19.03 18.80	Oct.	29	21.30 21.03	May	9 16	20.66 16.48
Nov. Mar.	31, 1943	19.10	Nov. Dec.	5 8	21.03 20.55	June July	16 12	23.48
June	2	19,66	Jan.	9, 1948	20.36	Oct.	18	19,20
July	8	22,49	Feb.	2	20.19	Dec.	9	18,98
Oct.	5 17	22.24 21.47	Mar.	11	19.92	Feb.	1, 1950	18.56 18.08
Nov. Apr.	27, 1944	20.21	Apr. Apr.	12. 23	19.70 22.76	Apr. May	5 23	PP22.95
Nov.	10	21.45	Oct.	5	28.48	Oct.	13	21.80
May	3, 1945	20,68	Nov.	4	27.08	Dec.	10	20.83

APPENDIX A 149

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		V	WELD COUNTY, CO	LO. —Contir	nued	
			B2-63-22cc	2		
May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Mar. May July Aug. Sept. Nov. Apr. Nov. May	22, 1942 10 7 5 4 8 17 31, 1943 4 8 4 2 17 26, 1944 10 3, 1945	34,38 32,86 30,96 32,77 33,87 33,08 32,11 31,48 31,37 34,45 36,13 37,33 35,30 32,98 34,66 32,30	Oct. 30, 1945 Oct. 31, 1946 Apr. 29, 1947 Sept. 23 Oct. 8 Oct. 29 Nov. 5 Dec. 8 Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 2 Mar. 11 Apr. 12 July 1 Sept. 13 Oct. 5	35,96 37,51 33,47 35,40 34,36 33,02 32,70 31,80 31,40 30,97 30,75 30,35 32,79 38,38 37,57	Nov. 4, 1948 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 15 May 9 June 16 Oct. 18 Dec. 9 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5 May 23 Oct. 13 Dec. 10	34,96 33,72 32,92 32,28 31,73 31,65 31,70 30,38 32,82 29,69 28,87 28,56 30,20 35,65 33,39
			B2-63-22d	lc		
Jume Oct. Apr. Apr. Oct. Nov. May Nov. Apr. Apr. May Jume July Oct. Nov. Mar Oct.	2, 1933 11 24, 1934 24, 1936 26, 1939 4, 1940 1, 1941 10 15, 1942 22 10 7 8 8 17 31, 1943 4 5	22,84 25,03 24,0 29,0 36,2 38,7 37,40 40,59 38,7 37,5 36,15 34,69 36,62 35,10 34,68 34,57 42,43	Nov. 17, 1943 Apr. 26, 1944 Nov. 10 May 3, 1945 Nov. 30 Apr. 23, 1946 Oct. 31 Apr. 29, 1947 Sept. 23 Oct. 9 Oct. 29 Nov. 5 Dec. 8 Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 2 Mar. 11 Apr. 12	38,65 36,00 37,96 35,50 39,43 39,65 41,16 36,30 41,54 39,00 36,60 36,20 35,09 34,67 34,38 33,91 33,66	Apr. 23, 1948 July 1 Oct. 5 Nov. 4 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 15 May 9 June 16 Oct. 18 Dec. 9 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5 Dec. 10	34,58 37,55 43,53 39,11 37,77 36,58 36,02 35,58 35,59 35,54 34,11 35,39 33,07 32,32 32,50 36,96
			B2-63-23d	c		
Apr. Nov. May Oct. Oct. Apr. Sept. Oct. Oct. Dec. Jan.	26, 1944 10 3, 1945 30 31, 1946 29, 1947 22 9 29 5 8 9, 1948	46,89 47,85 46,65 49,32 49,72 47,16 47,60 46,61 46,63 45,52 45,31	Feb. 2, 1948 Mar. 11 June 5 July 1 Aug. 23 Sept. 13 Oct. 5 Nov. 4 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15	44.95 44.60 44.28 45.46 48.04 48.60 50.15 49.43 48.51 47.66 48.18	Mar. 15, 1949 Apr. 15 May 9 June 16 Aug. 2 Dec. 9 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5 May 23 Oct. 13 Dec. 10	46,75 46,29 45,99 45,57 47,55 43,78 43,80 43,28 44,40 48,72 47,39
			B2-63-28d	d		
May Sept. Oct. Nov.	19, 1942 2 7 17	44.29 44.77 41.78 40.69	Apr. 30, 1943 May 3 June 3 Oct. 5	38.83 38.35 38.61 44.92	Nov. 17, 1943 Dec. 21 Apr. 27, 1944 Nov. 9	42.63 41.68 39.44 41.83

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
	v	WELD COUNTY, CO	LO, —Contir	nued	
		B2-63-28dd	Continued		
May 3, 1945 Oct. 31, 1946 Apr. 29, 1947 Sept. 22 Oct. 9 Oct. 29 Nov. 5 Dec. 8 Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 2	39.25 42.24 44.73 40.18 40.92 39.97 38.72 38.40 37.54 36.91 36.44	Mar. 11, 1948 Apr. 12 Apr. 23 June 5 Oct. 5 Nov. 8 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 15	35.92 35.47 35.27 38.27 42.92 40.55 39.33 38.25 37.55 37.14 36.61	May 9, 1949 June 16 Aug. 2 Oct. 18 Dec. 9 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5 Aug. 3 Oct. 13 Dec. 10	36.35 35.29 39.72 37.68 34.95 33.68 33.68 43.61 42.79 39.78
		B2-63-32a	a		
Apr. 25, 1934 June 19 Oct. 3 Apr. 16, 1935 Oct. 16 Apr. 23, 1936 July 2 Sept. 9 Nov. 13 Apr. 29, 1937 June 11 Oct. 30 May 11, 1938 Dec. 9 Apr. 26, 1939 Oct. 26 Apr. 25 Oct. 9 Nov. 30, 1940 May 5, 1941 Nov. 4 Apr. 16, 1942 May 16 June 9 July 6	22.71 23.05 24.04 24.83 25.68 26.91 27.28 27.70 27.90 28.88 29.08 30.41 32.02 33.36 33.03 3.65 34.65 35.20 36.80 37.43 37.43 37.43 37.35 37.17 36.85	Aug. 3, 1942 Sept. 2 Oct. 8 Nov. 17 Apr. 31, 1943 May 3 July 7 Aug. 5 Sept. 2 Oct. 5 Nov. 17 Apr. 27, 1944 Nov. 8 May 3, 1945 Oct. 31 Apr. 24, 1946 Oct. 31 Apr. 29, 1947 Sept. 22 Oct. 9 Oct. 29 Nov. 5 Dec. 8 Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 2	36,52 36,09 35,46 34,90 34,23 34,08 33,75 33,53 33,04 32,69 32,57 32,85 31,18 31,25 30,89 31,38 31,38 31,38 31,38 31,90 32,97 30,92 30,45 29,79 30,13 29,78 29,78 29,78	Mar. 11, 1948 Apr. 12 Apr. 23 June 5 July 1 Sept. 13 Oct. 5 Nov. 8 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 15 May 9 June 16 July 12 Aug. 2 Oct. 18 Dec. 9 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 5 May 23 Aug. 3 Oct. 13 Dec. 10	29.70 29.60 29.09 29.51 29.26 28.57 28.32 28.17 28.03 28.19 28.69 28.67 28.51 27.63 27.37 25.79 26.06 26.19 26.45 26.49 26.80
		B2-63-34c	:c		
May 11, 1938 Dec. 9 Apr. 26, 1939 Oct. 26 Apr. 25, 1940 Nov. 30 May 5, 1941 Nov. 4 Apr. 16, 1942 May 15 June 8 July 7 Aug. 5 Sept. 2 Oct. 8 Nov. 18	58,54 58,99 57,31 41,95 59,30 64,11 62,61 66,14 64,05 63,64 63,02 65,67 60,55 61,81 60,17 58,62	Mar. 31, 1943 June 3 Aug. 5 Oct. 5 Dec. 21 Apr. 27, 1944 Nov. 9 May 3, 1945 Oct. 31 May 16, 1946 Oct. 30 Apr. 29, 1947 Oct. 9 Oct. 29 Nov. 5 Dec. 8	55.80 55.01 58.65 59.41 56.88 55.42 57.52 54.48 59.22 58.30 60.75 56.46 55.74 54.65 54.32 53.19	Jan. 9, 1948 Feb. 2 Mar. 11 Apr. 12 Apr. 23 June 5 July 1 Aug. 13 Sept. 13 Cot. 5 Nov. 8 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 15	52,97 52,39 51,81 50,87 50,66 51,72 53,20 57,70 9470,49 57,70 55,59 54,28 53,12 52,33 51,93 51,36

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

	Date	Water level		Date	Water level		Date	Water level
		V	VELD CO	OUNTY, CO	LO. —Contii	nued		
			В2	-63-34cc(	Continued			
May June	9, 1949 16	51.19 51.17	Dec. Feb.	9, 1949 1, 1950	49.82 48.69	May Oct.	23, 1950 13	50.48 56.82
July	12	51,23	Apr.	5	47.29	Dec.	10	54.60
Oct.	18	51.85				L		
				B2-63-35d	с			
Apr.	25, 1934 3	35.76 40.77	Nov. Apr.	17, 1942 1, 1943	53.41 51.10	Mar. Apr.	11, 1948 12	47.03 46.40
Apr.	16, 1935	39.81	May	4	50.68	Apr.	23	46.20
Oct.	16	43,20	June	1	50.76	July	1	46.49
Apr. Sept.	24, 1936 9	42.55 48.25	Oct. Nov.	6 17	53.48 52.31	Nov. Dec.	8 7	48.69 47.94
Nov.	12	47.39	Apr.	26, 1944	50.21	Jan.	15, 1949	47.15
Apr. June	29, 1937 11	46.22 48.03	Nov. May	9 3, 1945	51.33 48.95	Feb. Mar.	15 15	46.85 46.50
Oct.	29	51.70	Oct.	31	50.80	Apr.	15	46.32
May	11, 1938	50.02	Apr.	23, 1946	48.94 50.74	May	9 16	45.93 45.31
Dec. Apr.	9 26, 1939	52 <b>.</b> 00 50 <b>.</b> 54	Oct. Apr.	31 29, 1947	48.83	June July	12	45.06
Oct.	26	55,40	Oct.	9	50,75	Oct.	18	45.16
Apr. Nov.	25, 1940 30	52 <b>.</b> 40 54 <b>.</b> 75	Oct. Nov.	28 5	48.95 48.76	Dec. Feb.	9 1, 1950	44.28 43.55
May	5, 1941	53,60	Dec.	8	48.02	Apr.	5	43.25
Nov.	4 16, 1942	56.73	Jan. Feb.	9, 1948 2	47.65	Oct.	13 10	47.05 45.98
May Oct.	16, 1942 6	54.37 54.75	reo.		47.29	Dec.	10	40,90
				<b>B</b> 2-63-36b	c			
Apr.	29, 1937	41.27	June	1, 1943	51.00	Apr.	12, 1948	46,30
June	11	45.37	Sept.	3	56,01	Apr.	23	45,92
Oct. May	29 11, 1938	47.98 45.78	Oct. Nov.	6 16	54.17 52.65	June July	5 1	46.60 46.74
Dec.	9	47.81	Apr.	26, 1944	50.75	Oct.	5	50.14
Apr.	26, 1939	46.76	Nov.	9	51.63	Nov.	8 7	48.98
Oct. Apr.	26 25, 1940	50.57 49.28	May Oct.	3, 1945 30	49 <b>.</b> 40 51 <b>.</b> 45	Dec. Jan.	15, 1949	48.46 47.75
Nov.	30	52,93	Apr.	23, 1946	50.50	Feb.	15	47,36
May Nov.	5, 1941 4	52.06 54.65	Oct. Apr.	31 29, 1947	50.50 48.55	Mar. Apr.	15 15	47.07 46.62
Apr.	16, 1942	53,60	Sept.	22	50.88	May	9	46.37
May	20	53.35	Oct.	9	49,94	June	16 18	45,79
June July	9 7	53 <b>.</b> 22 52 <b>.</b> 93	Oct. Nov.	29 5	49.10 49.02	Oct. Dec.	9	47 <b>.</b> 32 45 <b>.</b> 45
Oct.	7	53,48	Dec.	8	48.49	Feb.	1, 1950	44.34
Nov.	17 1, 1943	52.65 50.95	Jan. Feb.	9, 1948 2	47.85 47.42	Apr. Oct.	5 13	43.36 48.45
Apr. May	4	51.20	Mar.	11 .	47.00	Dec.	10	46.85
				B3-61-14b	d			
Apr.	20, 1947	57.25	Mar.	10, 1948	53.52	Oct.	4, 1948	53,39
Sept.	22 3	53,35 53,50	Apr. June	12 3	53.42 53.37	Nov. Dec.	8 6	53.54 53.87
Oct. Nov.	3 4	55.04	July	1	53.40	Jan.	14, 1949	53.31
Dec.	4	54.20	Aug.	5	53,44	Mar.	11	53.70
Jan.	7, 1948	53,40	Sept.	13	53,59	Apr.	14	53.64

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		v	VELD COUNTY, C	OLO. —Conti	nued	
			B3-61-14bd-	-Continued		
May June July Aug.	4, 1949 7 17 2	53.43 53.56 53.94 53.59	Oct. 18, 1949 Dec. 9 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 5	53.52 52.43 53.69 53.60	May 23, 1950 Aug. 3 Oct. 14 Dec. 10	53,10 52,53 53,55 53,68
			B3-61-36	bc		
Dec. Feb. Mar. Apr. June June Aug. Sept.	23, 1947 3, 1948 10 12 4 30 18	35.30 35.30 34.95 34.87 34.87 36.08 37.49 38.37	Oct. 4, 1948 Nov. 4 Dec. 7 Jan. 15, 1949 Feb. 13 Mar. 15 Apr. 15 May 9	39,92 36,90 36,33 35,42 35,55 35,39 35,34 34,88	June 6, 1949 Oct. 17 Dec. 7 Feb. 1, 1950 Apr. 10 May 23 Oct. 14 Dec. 9	34,81 37,73 35,80 34,75 34,78 36,39 38,51 36,89
			<b>B4</b> -61-1b	<b>b</b> 1		
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June July	15, 1947 9 3 6 3, 1948 4 2 15 3	7.50 7.00 7.52 7.67 7.81 8.04 7.73 7.75 6.98 6.45	Aug. 11, 1948 Sept. 9 Oct. 1 Nov. 5 Dec. 6 Mar. 11, 1949 Apr. 6 May 4 July 13	6.09 7.25 6.78 7.53 7.75 7.65 6.90 7.02 5.85	Aug. 1, 1949 Oct. 14 Dec. 8 Feb. 3, 1950 Apr. 10 May 24 Aug. 3 Oct. 17 Dec. 15	5.70 6.52 7.27 7.90 7.78 7.98 6.94 8.72 9.15
			B4-61-28	bb		
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June July	18, 1947 9 6 6 7, 1948 3 2 15 5	22.45 21.60 23.73 26.22 28.64 30.22 30.30 32.17 29.32 23.94	Aug. 11, 1948 Sept. 9 Oct. 5 Nov. 5 Dec. 7 Jan. 16, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 11 Apr. 18 May 2	r44,70 23,75 23,13 23,92 26,50 29,20 30,78 31,97 32,87 32,22	June 1, 1949 July 4 Aug. 1 Oct. 14 Dec. 8 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 5 May 24 Oct. 17 Dec. 15	29.76 25.75 24.97 21.65 26.62 30.27 30.78 28.84 23.92 27.14
			B4-61-30	ab		
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. July Aug.	19, 1947 9 6 6 7, 1948 3 2 15 1	28.05 28.00 28.36 29.55 30.40 29.97 29.85 28.94 28.11	Sept. 9, 1948 Oct. 5 Nov. 5 Dec. 7 Jan. 16, 1949 Feb. 15 Mar. 11 Apr. 18 May 2 June 1	28.15 28.32 29.62 30.53 30.90 31.33 31.94 29.80 28.45	July 4, 1949 Aug. 2 Oct. 14 Dec. 8 Feb. 2, 1950 Apr. 5 May 24 Aug. 2 Oct. 17 Dec. 15	27,82 26,89 26,66 28,52 29,95 27,46 27,24 27,15 26,39 28,82

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Г	)ate	Water level		Date	Water level
		v	VELD CO	OUNTY, CO	DLO. —Conti	nued		
				B4-62-20				
Sept.	20, 1947	20.90	Oct.	9, 1947	20.65	Nov.	6, 1947	d <sub>20.50</sub>
				B4-63-9	2cb			
Mar. Apr. June July	19, 1947 9 6 6 7, 1948 30 2 15 5 1	1.45 2.24 2.07 2.12 2.26 2.52 1.53 2.20 1.76 1.79	Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June	9, 1948 5 5 7 16, 1949 15 11 18 2	3.20 2.59 2.61 2.78 2.05 1.80 1.57 2.19 2.32 2.13	July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Aug. Oct. Dec.	4, 1949 1 14 8 2, 1950 5 24 2 17 15	1.50 4.73 .97 2.67 3.02 3.35 3.82 4.03 2.14 2.84
Aug.	11	3,61				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
				B4-63-4a				
Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Jan. Mar.	19, 1947 9 6 6 7, 1948 30 2 15 5	31.70 31.50 31.74 31.44 32.18 31.91 32.30 32.68 32.24	Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May	11, 1948 9 5 5 7 16, 1949 15 11 18	ss 46.00 31.75 32.02 31.61 32.18 31.65 31.02 31.28 31.47 32.42	June July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Oct. Dec.	1, 1949 4 1 14 8 2, 1950 5 24 17 15	32.12 31.97 30.75 29.03 31.04 31.55 32.39 33.99 26.62 32.70
				B5-63-32	2bc	·		
Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Jan. Mar. Apr. June July	20, 1947 9 6 6 7, 1948 30 2 15 5 1	27.71 27.38 28,10 27.76 29,33 29,25 30,14 30,40 29,69 29,04 28,59	Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June	9, 1948 5 5 7 16, 1949 15 11 18 2 1	27.64 27.74 28.18 28.97 29.51 29.62 29.68 30.09 30.25 28.93	July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. May Aug. Oct. Dec.	4, 1949 1 14 8 2, 1950 5 24 2 17 15	27.60 27.00 26.64 28.00 28.59 30.19 30.20 29.02 28.44 29.28
			DEUE	L COUNTY	, NEBR.			
				B12-42-9cc				
Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar.	17, 1947 7 6 14 3, 1948 9 15 19	31.95 30.94 31.70 32.04 32.26 32.49 32.80 32.35 30.62	Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Nov. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	4, 1948 13 8 8 29 21, 1949 9 4	30.59 31.28 31.68 31.82 32.00 32.36 32.42 32.22 32.05	May June July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb. Apr. June	5, 1949 8 5 11 6 13 9, 1950 13	32.15 31.60 31.10 31.11 30.35 31.42 31.96 31.86 31.10

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
			DEUEL COUNTY, 1	VEBR. —Cont	tinued	
			B12-43-	-21ab		
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb.	17, 1947 7 5 13 4, 1948 10	6.30 6.11 5.84 6.08 6.12 6.00	Mar. 16, 1948 Apr. 19 June 8 July 9 Sept. 14 Oct. 9	5.76 6.15 6.09 5.79 6.04 6.13	Nov. 8, 1948 Nov. 29 Jan. 21, 1949 Feb. 9 Mar. 5 Apr. 12	6.22 6.17 5.71 5.75 5.75 a6.50
			B12-43-	-24bb		
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June July	17, 1947 7 6 14 3, 1948 9 15 19 8 8	23.08 23.05 23.22 22.48 22.29 22.20 21.82 21.50 22.98 22.52	Aug. 4, 1948 Sept. 13 Oct. 8 Nov. 8 Nov. 29 Jan. 21, 1949 Feb. 9 Mar. 2 Apr. 12	23.03 23.55 23.43 23.13 22.87 22.30 22.13 21.93 22.35	May 5, 1949 June 8 Oct. 6 Dec. 13 Feb. 9, 1950 Apr. 13 Aug. 9 Oct. 19 Dec. 1	22.20 22.50 22.78 22.65 22.30 22.55 23.38 23.37 23.02
			B13-41-3	lcd1		
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June July Aug.	17, 1947 12 6 14 3, 1948 9 15 19 8 8	9.88 9.36 8.70 8.24 8.03 7.85 7.45 7.70 9.54 8.96 9.99	Sept. 13, 1948 Oct. 8 Nov. 8 Nov. 29 Jan. 21, 1949 Feb. 9 Mar. 4 Apr. 12 May 5 June 8	10.08 8.97 8.52 8.17 7.87 7.74 7.06 6.19 7.19 6.87	July 5, 1949 Aug. 12 Oct. 6 Dec. 13 Feb. 9, 1950 Apr. 13 June 1 Aug. 9 Oct. 19 Dec. 1	7,55 11,03 9,35 8,22 7,79 7,72 8,39 7,90 8,38 8,05
			B13-42-35	icc		
Oct. Nov. Dec.	1, 1947 5 13	7.52 5.35 6.22	Jan. 4, 1948 Feb. 10	6.05 6.00	Mar. 15, 1948 June 8	5.08 tt7.46
			B13-42-36	Scb		
Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Sept. Oct.	5, 1947 13 4, 1948 10 15 19 14	6.31 4.69 4.63 3.51 2.29 3.80 6.43 5.77	Nov. 8, 1948 Nov. 29 Jan. 21, 1949 Feb. 9 Mar. 5 Apr. 12 May 5	5.52 5.08 5.85 4.15 3.74 3.34 4.48	June 8, 1949 July 7 Oct. 7 Feb. 9, 1950 Apr. 14 Aug. 8 Dec. 2	4.89 3.45 5.48 4.29 4.63 6.30 5.39
			KEITH COUNTY,	NEBR.		
			B13-35-6dd1	1		T 255
Dec. Feb.	31, 1938 5, 1939	7.72 7.31	Mar. 1, 1939 Apr. 7	7.09 6.70	May 3, 1939 June 3	6.78 7.31

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level		Date	Water level		Date	Water level
		K	ЕІТН С	OUNTY, N	EBR. —Conti	nued		
			B13-	-35-6dd1C	Continued			
July	6, 1939	7.66	Oct.	1, 1941	9.26	Sept.	16, 1944	8,42
Aug.	$rac{2}{1}$	8.19 8.58	Oct. Nov.	22 4	9.09 9.00	Oct.	9	8.71
Sept. Oct.	4	8.89	Dec.	1	8.83	Jan. Feb.	10, 1945 13	8.61 8.46
Nov.	Ĝ	9.03	Feb.	2, 1942	8.30	Mar.	10	8.40
Dec.	4	9,05	Mar.	2	8.12	Apr.	12	8.39
Jan.	2, 1940 31	9 <b>.</b> 07 8 <b>.</b> 77	Apr.	7 8	7.53 5.90	Aug.	2 19	8.45 8.41
Jan. Mar.	5	8.45	May Aug.	8	7.49	Oct.	3	8.27
Apr.	2	8.30	Sept.	7	8.08	Jan.	31, 1946	7.68
May	27	8,53	Oct.	5	8.49	Apr.	15	7.60
June	28	8 <b>.</b> 35 8 <b>.</b> 72	Nov.	13	8.57	May	8 4	7.74
July Aug.	26 30	9,07	Dec. Jan.	15 28, 1943	8.55 8.18	June July	18	7.82 8.30
Sept.	27	9.21	Mar.	19	7.96	Aug.	6	8.40
Oct.	30	9.24	May	18	8.01	Nov.	23	8.00
Nov.	6 2	9,23	June	12	7.99	July	9, 1948	8.90 9.22
Dec. Dec.	30	9 <b>.</b> 17 8 <b>.</b> 99	July Aug.	9 2	7.79 7.54	Aug. Sept.	5 13	9.22
Feb.	3, 1941	8.85	Sept.	15	8.60	Oct.	9	9.21
Feb.	28	8,77	Oct.	4	8.81	Nov.	8	9,29
Apr.	12 6	8,29	Nov.	6 9	9.03	Dec.	2	9.17 9.24
May June	6	8,60 8,75	Dec. Jan.	15, 1944	8.99 8.26	Feb. Mar.	9, 1949 4	8.73
July	ĭ	8.75	June	8	7.44	Apr.	$1\overline{2}$	9.61
Aug.	5	8,91	July	12	7.95	May	5	uu7.49
Sept.	3	9.11	Aug.	11	8,34			<u> </u>
				B13-35-6d	ld2			
July	20, 1949	vv <sub>10,34</sub>	Feb.	9, 1950	12,23	Aug.	9, 1950	11.94
Aug.	12	11,02	Apr.	13	12.32	Oct.	20	12.29
Oct.	6 13	11.56	June	1	12.07	Dec.	2	12.52
Dec.	13	11,98	L			L		<u> </u>
				B13-36-3	cb			
Oct.	3, 1938	8,30	June	28, 1940	9,24	Aug.	12, 1942	8,36
Nov.	4	9.02	July	26	9.79	Sept.	10	8,51
Dec.	3 31	8,92	Aug.	30	10.16	Oct.	8 13	8.31 8.02
Dec. Feb.	5, 1939	8.12 7.13	Sept.	27 30	10.25 10.06	Nov. Dec.	15	7,93
Mar.	1	7.02	Dec.	30	9.24	Jan.	28, 1943	7.38
Apr.	7	7.06	Feb.	3, 1941	9.15	Mar.	19	7.69
May June	3 3	7 <b>.</b> 50 8 <b>.</b> 70	Feb. Apr.	28 12	8.94 9.21	May June	18 12	8.61 7.79
July	6	9,17	May	7	8.70	July	9	8.53
Aug.	2	9.70	June	6	9,30	Aug.	2	8,98
Sept.	1	9,98	July	1	9.17	Sept.	15	9,68
Oct. Nov.	<b>4</b> 6	10.12 10.02	Aug. Sept.	5 2	9.64 9.94	Oct. Nov.	6 6	9.82 9.19
Dec.	4	9.97	Oct.	1	9.82	Dec.	9	9.03
Jan.	2, 1940	9.79	Nov.	4	9.23	Jan.	15, 1944	8,03
Jan.	31	9.10	Dec.	4	8.78	June	8	8,31
Mar. Apr.	5 2	8 <b>.</b> 77 8 <b>.</b> 77	Feb. Mar.	2, 1942   2	8.45 8.27	July Aug.	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 11 \end{array}$	8.80 9.26
May	1	9.22	Apr.	7	7.76	Sept.	16	9.51
May	27	9.22	May	8	4,61	Oct.	9	9.71
\$	faatmataa -t	and of salit	_	•				

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

	Date	Water level		Date	Water level		Date	Water level
		I	кеттн с	COUNTY, N	EBR. —Conti	inued		
			B1	3-36-3cb	Continued			
Jan.	10, 1945 13	8.93 8.52	Aug.	6, 1946	9.70 9.10	Apr.	12, 1949	9,04 8,98
Feb. Mar.	10	8.49	Nov. June	23 25, 1947	7.70	May June	5 8	9.33
Apr.	12 2	8.63 9.17	Dec.	3	10,10	July	7 12	7.33
Aug. Oct.	19	8,43	July Aug.	9, 1948 5	10.01 10.10	Aug. Oct.	6	8.91 9.15
Dec.	3	8,30	Sept.	13	10.04	Dec.	13 9, 1950	9.08
Jan. Apr.	31, 1946 15	8 <b>.</b> 33 8 <b>.</b> 30	Oct. Nov.	9 8	10 <b>.</b> 03 9 <b>.</b> 99	Feb.	9, 1950 13	9.81 9.56
May	8	8,82	Dec.	2	9.82	June	1	9.37
June July	4 18	8.98 9.48	Feb. Mar.	9, 1949 4	9 <b>.</b> 53 8 <b>.</b> 97	Aug. Oct.	9 20	9.67 9.30
				B13-36-5d	lb			
Nov. Dec.	6, 1947 13	22.10 21.96	Feb. Mar.	10, 1948 15	22.35 21.98	June July	8, 1948 9	21.76 ww <sub>23.58</sub>
Jan.	4, 1948	21.50	Apr.	19	22.77	Oct.	9	22,63
				B13-36-6b	c			
Dec. Jan.	2, 1936 4, 1937	5.58 5.36	May May	1, 1940 27	5,38 5,53	Dec. Jan.	9, 1943 15, 1944	5,86 5,23
Feb.	2	4.64	June	28	5,54	June	8	5.04
Mar. Apr.	3 1	4.42 4.68	July	26 30	5.85 6.09	July Aug.	12 11	5.48 5.78
May	5	5.34	Aug. Sept.	27	6.16	Sept.	16	6.04
June July	3 6	5.46 5.68	Oct. Dec.	30 30	5.99 5.43	Oct. Jan.	9 10, 1945	6.10 5.24
Aug.	2	5,93	Feb.	3, 1941	5,33	Feb.	13	5.06
Nov. Dec.	2 3	5.89 5.54	Feb.	28 12	5.12	Mar. Apr.	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 12 \end{array}$	5.08 5.28
Dec.	31	6.15	Apr. May	7	5.38 5.25	Apr. Aug.	2	5,59
Feb.	2, 1938	3.90 4.58	June	6	5.45	Oct.	19	4.76 4.60
Mar. Apr.	2 2	5.30	July Aug.	4	5.39 5.58	Dec. Jan.	3 31, 1946	4.11
May	6	4.92	Sept.	2	5.95	Apr.	15	4.49
June July	2 2	4.44 4.95	Oct. Nov.	1 4	5.85 5.34	May June	8 4	4.97 5.10
Sept.	1	5.78	Dec.	1	4.94	July	18	5.71
Oct. Nov.	3 4	4.72 4.91	Feb. Mar.	2, 1942 2	4.45 4.20	Aug. Nov.	6 23	5 <b>.</b> 90 4 <b>.</b> 80
Dec.	3	4.72	Apr.	7	4.18	June	25, 1947	2,80
Dec. Feb.	31 5, 1939	4.40 3.92	May Aug.	8 12	2.03 5.61	Dec. July	3 9, 1948	4.50 3.91
Mar.	1	3,60	Sept.	10	5,73	Aug.	5	4,60
Apr. May	5 4	3.28 4.00	Oct. Nov.	8 13	5.70 5.27	Sept. Oct.	13 9	5,36 5,33
June	3	4.87	Dec.	15	5 <b>.</b> 08	Nov.	8	4.92
July Aug.	6 2	5.39 5.75	Jan. Mar.	28, 1943 19	4.10 4.39	Dec. Feb.	2 9, 1949	4.11 2.96
Sept.	1	5.97	May	18	5.38	Mar.	4	3.74
Oct.	4	5.92 5.68	June	12 9	4.44 5.40	Apr.	12 5	3.32 4.23
Dec. Jan.	2, 1940	5,56	July Aug.	2	5.40	May June	8	3,57
Jan. Mar.	31 5	5.15 4.89	Sept. Oct.	15 6	6.26 6.32	July	7 12	2.69 5.32
	.,	4.591	OCT.	n 1	0.32 1	Aug.	12	0.32

157

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

#### B13-36-6bc-Continued

Dec. Feb. Apr.	13, 1949 9, 1950 13	4.39 3.68 4.27	June Aug.	1, 1950 9		Oct. Dec.	20, 1950 2	4.80 4.27
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B13-36-8cc

# [Weekly readings taken from daily recorder data]

Feb.	7, 1946	3.78	Feb.	14, 1947	3,83	Feb.	16, 1948	3.43
Feb.	14	3.91	Feb.	21	3.54	Feb.	24	2,95
Feb.	21	4.04	Feb.	28	3,75	Mar.	2	2,94
Feb.	28	4.10	Mar.	7	3.70	Mar.	9	2,72
Mar.	7	4.14	Mar.	14	3,63	Mar.	18	2.46
Mar.	14	3.98	Mar.	21	3.72	Mar.	25	2.73
Mar.	21	3.79	Mar.	28	3.44	Apr.	16	2,96
Mar.	28	3,69	Apr.	4	3.30	Apr.	23	3,20
Apr.	4	3.91	Apr.	11	3.24	May	3	3,57
Apr.	11	3.90	Apr.	18	3.46	May	10	3.47
Apr.	18	4.05	Apr.	25	3.75	May	17	3.72
Apr.	25	4.30	May	2	4.03	May	24	4.06
May	2	4.36		9	4.24	May	31	4.17
May	9	4.45	May	16	4.41	June	7	3,55
May	16	4.55	May	23	4.48	June	14	3,95
May	23	4.68	June	2	3.64		21	3,73
May	30	4.58		9	3.13	Tune	28	3.24
lune	6	4.57	June	16	2.99	July	5	3,65
June	13	4.89	June	23	2,62	July	12	3.92
June	20	5.09	June	30	2.48	July	19	4.01
June	27	5.25	July	1	2,44	July	26	4.27
July	4	5.41	July	8	2.76	Aug.	2	4,44
Juyy	11	5.44	July	15	3,03	Aug.	9	4.50
July	18	5,52	July	22	3.03 3.18	'Aug.	16	4.66
July	25	5,60	July	29	3.08	Aug.	23	4.85
Aug.	2	5.67	Aug.	5	3,57	Aug.	30	4.81
Aug.	13	5.75	Aug.	12	4.04	Sept.	6	4.91
Aug.	20	5.79	Aug.	19	4.12	Sept.	13	4.86
Aug.	27	5.53		25	4.46	Sept.	20	4.96
Sept.	3	5.49	Sept.	2	4.71	Sept.	27	4.97
Sept.	10	5.20	Sept.	9	4.85	Oct.	4	4.91
Sept.	17	4.91	Sept.	15	4.72	Oct.	11	4.71
Sept.	26	4.99	Sept.	29	4.65	Oct.	18	4.18
Oct.	3	5.07	Oct.	6	4.72	Oct.	25	4.14
Oct.	10	4.90	Oct.	13	4.63	Nov.	1	4.02
Oct.	17	4.81	Oct.	20	4.46	Nov.	8	3.90
Oct.	24	4.75	Oct.	27	3.74	Nov.	15	3,85
Oct.	31	4.74	Nov.	3	3,67	Nov.	22	3.71
Nov.	7	4.69	Nov.	10	3.70	Nov.	29	3,66
Nov.	14	4,65	Nov.	17	3.63	Dec.	6	3,60
Nov.	21	4.34	Nov.	24	3.50	.Dec.	13	3.59
Nov.	28	4.23	Dec.	1	3.49	Dec.	20	3.62
Dec.	5	4.12	Dec.	8	3.31	Dec.	27	3,66
Dec.	12	4.09	Dec.	15	3.30	Feb.	9, 1949	3,12
Dec.	19	4.00	Dec.	22 ´	3.25	Feb.	16	3.01
Dec.	26	3.86		29	3,29	Feb.	23	2,40
Jan.	3, 1947	4.17	Jan.	5, 1948	3,32	Mar.	3	2.44
Jan.	10	3.91	Jan.	12	3,32 3,30	Mar.	10	2,76
Jan.	17	3,98	Jan.	19	3.38	Mar.	17	2,84
Jan.	24	3,94	Jan.	26	3.24	Mar.	24	2,94
Jan.	31	3.85	Feb.	2	3.44	May	3	3,12
Feb.	.7	3.71	Feb.	9	3.33	May	10	2.29

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

Date Water level Date Water level Water level	Date I	Date		Date	l
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## KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. -Continued

#### B13-36-8cc-Continued

May	17, 1949	2,40	Aug.	10, 1949	4,04	Nov.	4, 1949	3,46
May	24	2,25	Aug.	17	4.18	Nov.	11	3.42
May	31	2.84	Aug.	24	4.32	Nov.	18	3.40
June	7	2.48	Aug.	31	4.35	Nov.	25	3,34
June	14	1,66	Sept.	8	4,20	Dec.	12	3.35
June	21	2.07	Sept.	15	4,19	Jan.	5, 1950	3,50
June	28	2,42	Sept.	22	4.25	Jan.	18	3.44
July	6	2,81	Sept.	29	4.22	Jan.	30	3,42
July	13	3.02	Oct.	6	3.92	Feb.	6	3,30
July	20	3,33	Oct.	13	3.82	Feb.	13	3.08
July	27	3.68	Oct.	20	3,63	Feb.	21	2,98
Aug.	3	3,73	Oct.	27	3,50	l _		

B13-36-9ad
[Weekly readings taken from daily recorder data]

Feb.	7, 1946	0.86	Dec.	2, 1946	2.08	Sept.	23, 1947	2,86
Feb.	14	.86	Dec.	9	1.95	Sept.	30	2,85
Feb.	21	.59	Dec.	16	1.87	Oct.	8	2,86
Feb.	28	.72	Dec.	23	1.83 [	Oct.	15	2,62
Mar.	4	.83	Dec.	30	1.84 1.88	Oct.	22	2,59
Mar.	11	.24	Jan.	6, 1947	1.88	Oct.	30	2-25
Mar.	18	.18	Jan.	13	1.67	Nov.	6	2.12 1.94 1.81
Mar.	25	.56	Jan.	20	1.73	Nov.	13	1.94
Apr.	1	.89	Jan.	27	1.52	Nov.	20	1.81
Apr.	8	1,03	Feb.	3	1.45	Nov.	27	1.71
Apr.	15	.97	Feb.	10	1.60	Dec.	4	1.67
Apr.	22	1.47	Feb.	17	1.30 1.21	Dec.	11	1,63
Apr.	29	1.85	Feb.	24	1,21	Dec.	18	1.61
May	6	.90	Mar.	4	1.40	Dec.	25	1.30
May	13	1.54	Mar.	11	1.18	Jan.	1, 1948	1.35
May	20	1.95	Mar.	18	1.03	Jan.	8	1.28
May	27	1.52	Mar.	25	ା ଦହା	Jan.	15	1.36
June	3	1.35	Mar.	31	.96	Jan.	22	1.46
June	10	2.20	Apr.	8	.42	Jan.	29	1.61
June	17	2,60	Apr.	15	.96 .42 .84 1.12 1.22 1.67	Feb.	9	1.63 1.73
June	24	2.56	Apr.	22	1.12	Feb.	16	1.73
July	1	2.91	Apr.	29	1.22	Feb.	24	1.06
July	8	3.01	May	8	1.67	Mar.	2	.70
July	15	3.20	May	15	1.80	Mar.	9	.67
July	22	3.38	May	22	2.03	Mar.	18	.18
July	29	3,39	May	29	2.11	Mar.	25	.47
Aug.	5	3,60	June	5	1.44	Apr.	16	1.17
Aug.	13	3.55	June	12	.55	Apr.	22	1.28
Aug.	20	3.74	June	19	1.15	May	3	1.46
Aug.	27	3,33	June	26	1.18	May	10	1.63
Sept.	3	3,03	July	3	1.06	May	17	1.63 1.92 2.35
Sept.	10	2.93	July	10	1.41	May	24	2.35
Sept.	17	2,94	July	17	1.50 1.39 1.88	May	31	2,28
Sept.	26	2,93	July	24	1.39	June	7	2.23
Oct.	3	2,97	July	31	1,88	June	14	2,59
Oct.	10	2.77	Aug.	6	2.29	June	21	2.33
Oct.	21	2.75	Aug.	13	2,60	June	28	1.94
Oct.	28	2.75	Aug.	20	2.73	July	5	2,46
Nov.	4	2,73	Aug.	27	2.95	July	16	2.32
Nov.	11	2,60	Sept.	3	3,08	July	23	2.66
Nov.	18	2.28	Sept.	9	3.14 2.81	July	30	2.92
Nov.	25	2.16	Sept.	16	2.81	Aug.	6	2.88

APPENDIX A 159

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska——Continued

Da	te	Water level		Date	Water level		Date	Water level
		K	ЕІТН С	OUNTY, N	EBR. —Conti	nued		
			В	13 <b>-</b> 36-9ad-	-Continued			
Aug. 20 Aug. 27 Sept. 3 Sept. 10 Sept. 17 Sept. 24 Oct. 4 Oct. 18 Oct. 25 Nov. 1 Nov. 8 Nov. 15 Nov. 22 Nov. 29 Dec. 6 Dec. 13 Dec. 20	1948	3.16 3.37 3.27 3.39 3.16 3.25 3.26 3.18 3.08 2.76 2.57 2.52 2.50 2.31 2.19 2.18 2.09 2.18	Feb. Feb. Mar. Mar. Mar. May May May May June June June July July July Aug. Aug.	22, 1949 28 7 17 24 3 10 17 24 31 6 6 14 21 28 6 13 20 27 3 10	0.28 .10 .39 .52 .58 1.17 .64 .18 .30 1.05 .24 .14 1.02 1.31 1.35 1.48 2.34 2.59 2.84	Aug. Aug. Aug. Sept. Sept. Sept. Oct. Oct. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. Jan. Jan.	17, 1949 24 31 8 15 22 29 6 13 20 27 3 10 17 24 12 5, 1950 18 30	2.87 2.94 2.83 2.64 2.57 2.64 2.36 2.36 2.31 2.07 2.00 1.89 1.75 1.68 1.60 1.98
				B13-36-20	)ad	<b></b>		
Dec. 14	1947 1948	96,30 92,20 93,24 94,40 95,19 94,80 92,23 93,55	Sept. Oct. Nov. Feb. Mar. Apr. May	13, 1948 9 8 9, 1949 4 12 5	91.40 92.45 93.20 94.30 92.27 92.85 93.32	Dec. Feb. Apr. June Aug. Oct. Dec.	13, 1949 9, 1950 13 1 9 19	84.55 92.75 93.96 94.36 92.14 92.30 92.05
				B13-37-3	<b>a</b> b			
Aug. 15, Aug. 26 Sept. 26 Sept. 16 Sept. 23 Oct. 7 Oct. 25 Jan. 1, Jan. 21 Mar. 30 Aug. 6 Sept. 17 Apr. 5, June 26 June 12, Dec. 5 May 27, June 28 July 26 Aug. 30 Sept. 27 Oct. 30	1936 1937 1938 1939	13.80 14.02 14.12 14.26 14.35 14.51 14.59 14.19 13.86 13.92 14.85 14.98 13.95 14.53 14.99 12.52 13.67 13.13 15.12 14.34 15.62 15.01 15.19 15.22	Nov. Dec. Dec. Feb. Feb. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Feb. May Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Mar.	17, 1940 2 30 3, 1941 28 7 6 1 4 2 1 22 18 1 2, 1942 7 8 12 10 8 13 15 28, 1943 19	15.31 15.08 14.95 14.79 14.65 14.42 14.61 14.54 13.14 13.24 14.49 13.76 13.84 14.45 13.60 12.63 10.55 13.09 13.42 13.88 13.88 13.88 13.89 13.88 13.89 13.89 13.89 13.89	July Sept. Jan. Nov. July Aug. Oct. Jan. Feb. Mar. Jan. Apr. Jan. Apr. Jume July Aug. Nov. Oct. Jan. Apr. Jan. Apr. Jume July	9, 1943 15, 1944 18 12 11, 9 10, 1945 13 10 12 31, 1946 15, 8 4 18, 6 23 2, 1947 6 13 4, 1948 15 19 8	13.03 14.61 13.91 14.65 13.68 13.75 14.62 14.30 13.86 12.68 12.96 12.96 13.24 13.00 15.43 15.55 14.00 15.43 15.80 14.95 15.04 12.23 13.90 14.12

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

Date V		]	Date	Water level		Date	Water level
	KEI	тн со	JNTY, NEB	R. —Continu	ed		
		B13	-37-3abC	ontinued			
9, 1948	14.40	Dec.	2, 1948	14.86 13.40	July	7, 1949	12.14 13,58
13	15.39	Apr.	12	13.96	Oct.	6	14-60
9 8	15 <b>.</b> 12 15 <b>.</b> 09	May June	5 8	13.79 13.96	Dec.	13	××13.94
			B13-37-5a	d			
2, 1936	12.86	July	26, 1940	13.09	Aug.	8, 1944	12.34
	12.57			13.26			12.67 12.73
	11.60						12.12
1	12.07	Nov.	29	12.94	Feb.	13	11.97
							12.97 12.11
6	12.97	Feb.	28	12.53	Aug.	2	12,71
2		Apr.	12	12.80	Oct.		12.00 11.86
				12.70			11.28
31	12,39	July	1	12.75	Apr.	15	11.57
2, 1938			4				11.89 12.00
		Oct.	1	12.95	July	18	12.27
6	12.42	Nov.	4	12.51	Aug.		13,00
2				13.06			12.00 9.70
ĭ	12.52	Mar.	2	12.06	Dec.	3	11.80
3	11.56	Apr.		11.09	July		11.85 12.18
							12.10
31	11.78	Sept.	10	12,22	Oct.	9	13.06
							12.39 12.10
5	10.35	Dec.	15		Mar.	4, 1949	10.75
4	10.72	Jan.	28, 1943	11.13	Apr.	12	11.47
	11.86						11.55 11.76
2	13.85	June	12	11,22	July	7	10,29
		July					12.59 12.53
	13,20						12.34
5, 1940	12.93	Oct.	6	12,86	Feb.	9, 1950	11.97
	12,64			12.53			12.26 12.68
2	12.30	Jan.	15, 1944	11.74	Aug.	9	12.12
1	12.80	June	.8	11.45	Oct.	20	12.20
27 28	13,00 13,04	July 	12	12,03	Dec.	2	12,07
			B13-37-16	ab			
9, 1935	58 <b>.</b> 37	Oct.	25, 1935	58.69	Sept.	17, 1936	59.28
	58.42 58.47						59 <b>.</b> 38 59 <b>.</b> 11
4	58,47	Jan.	21	58.68	June	23	59,25
16	58.52	Mar.	30	58,65	Aug.	11	59.42
23 7	58.58 58.64	june Aug.	6	58.78 59.11	Oct. June	18 26, 1938	59 <b>.</b> 32 59 <b>.</b> 05
	5 13 9 8 8 2, 1936 4, 1937 2 3 1 5 3 6 6 2 2 2 2 3 3 1 2, 1938 2 2 2 2 1 3 4 4 1 3 1 2, 1939 1 5 4 4 5, 1940 3 1 5 1 6 6 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	9, 1948	9, 1948	Sept. 27   Sept. 20   Sept. 20   Sept. 27   Sept. 20   Sept. 20   Sept. 21   Sept. 22   Sept. 21   Sept. 22   Sept. 21   Sept. 22   Sept. 22   Sept. 23   Sept. 24   Sept. 25   Sept. 26   Sept. 27   Sept. 28   Sept. 29   Sept. 29   Sept. 20   Sept. 20	9, 1948	14.40	Sept.   Sept

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—— Continued

	T T				
	Water	i	Water		Water
Date	level	Date	level	Date	level
	10,01		10,01		10.01

KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. -Continued

# B13-37-16ab—Continued

	00 1000	50.15		00 1041	50.CO	C	10 1040	50.00
Oct.	26, 1938	59.15	Oct.	22, 1941	59,62	Sept.	13, 1948	59.08
June	12, 1939	58.75	Nov.	4	59,65	Oct.	9	59.26
Dec.	5	59,40	Dec.	1	59,60	Nov.	8	59.17
Apr.	4, 1940	59.24	Feb.	2, 1942	59,30	Dec.	2	59.17
June	28	59,24	Mar.	2	59,33	Feb.	9, 1949	58,85
July	26	59.42	Apr.	7	59,21	Mar.	4	58.76
Aug.	30	59.49	May	8	58,90	Apr.	12	58.55
Sept.	27	59,59	Aug.	12	58,55	May	5	58.46
Oct.	30	59.57	Oct.	2, 1947	58,96	June	8	58,53
Nov.	7	59,29	Nov.	6	59,05	July	5	58.15
Dec.	2	59,59	Dec.	14	58,98	Aug.	12	58.37
Dec.	30	59.56	Jan.	3, 1948	58,87	Dec.	13	58.74
Feb.	3, 1941	59,51	Feb.	10	58,77	Feb.	9 <b>, 1950</b>	58,70
Feb.	28	65.14	Mar.	15	58,62	Apr.	13	58.54
Apr.	12	59,43	Apr.	19	58,77	June	1	58,65
May	7	59.41	June	8	58,75	Aug.	9	58.86
Aug.	4	59,55	July	8	58,83	Oct.	19	58,50
Sept.	2	59.55	Aug.	4	58,87	Dec.	1	58.59
Oct.	1	59.43			_			

#### B13-38-3bb

				D13-30-3	00			
Dec.	2, 1936	14.43	lune	28, 1940	14,57	July	12, 1944	14,38
Jan.	4, 1937	13.77	July	26	15,29	Aug.	8	14.60
Feb.	2	12.70	Aug.	30	14,93	Sept.	16	15.15
Mar.	4	13.05	Sept.	27	15,30	Oct.	9	15.18
Apr.	1	13.27	Oct.	30	15.04	Jan.	10, 1945	14.12
May	5	13.98	Nov.	<b>2</b> 9	14,72	Feb.	13	13.84
June	3 6	14.34	Dec.	30	14.49	Mar.	10	14.86
July	6	14.87	Feb.	3, 1941	14.27	Apr.	12	13.97
Aug.	2 2	15,12	Feb.	28	14.06	Aug.	2	14.65
Nov.	2	14.90	Арг.	12	14.04	Oct.	19	14,02
Dec.	3	14,69	May	6	13,81	Dec.	3	13,85
Dec.	31	13.99	June	6	14.36	Jan.	31, 1946	13.54
Feb.	2, 1938	13.87	July	1	14,66	Apr.	15	13,44
Mar.	2	12,80	Aug.	4	15.10	May	8	13.52
Apr.	2 6	14.02	Sept.	2 1	15,38	June	4	13.14
May	6	13,62	Oct.	1	14.75	July	18	14.65
June	1	12,68	Nov.	4	14.44	Aug.	6	15.05
July	2 1	13,50	Dec.	1	14.15	Nov.	23	14.00
Sept.	1	15.04	Feb.	2, 1942	13.43	June	25, 1947	11.50
Oct.	3	13,30	Feb.	26	13.63	Dec.	3	13.80
Nov.	2	13.80	Apr.	7	12.89	Aug.	5, 1948	14.15
Dec.	1	13.85	May	8	9.27	Oct.	29	14.44
Dec.	31	13.23	Aug.	12	13.85	Dec.	2	13.95
Feb.	2, 1939	12.82	Sept.	10	14.66	Feb.	9, 1949	13,00
Mar.	1	12.45	Oct.	8	14.83	Mar.	5	12.62
Apr.	5 3 2	12.26	Nov.	13	12,30	Apr.	12	12.59
May	3	12.71	Dec.	15	12,12	May	5	13.02
June		13.60	Jan.	28, 1943	12.55	June	8	12.68
July	1	14.30	Mar.	19	13.11	July	7	12,04
Sept.	1	15.18	May	18	13.79	Aug.	12	13.84
Sept.	30	15.23	June	11	13.49	Oct.	6	14.16
Nov.	8	14.89	July	9	14.23	Dec.	13	13.57
Dec.	2	14.77	Aug.	2	15.79	Feb.	9, 1950	12.76
Jan.	7, 1940	14.00	Sept.	15	15.38	Apr.	13	12.96
Jan.	31	14.02	Oct.	6	15.40	June	1	13.66
Mar.	5	13,80	Nov.	6	15.10	Aug.	9	12.84
Apr.	2	13.81	Dec.	9	14.81	Oct.	20	13.78
May	1	14.09	Jan.	15, 1944	14.16	Dec.	2	13.69
May	27	14,37	June	8	12.60	L		L

# Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		К	EITH COUNTY, Ni B13-38-6ca		nued	
Dec. Jan. Feb. May June July Aug. Nov. Dec. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Feb. May June June July June July June June June June June June June June	3, 1936 4, 1937 1 2 1 5 4 7 7 2 2 3 31 2, 1938 2 1 5 1 1 2 3 4 30 31 6, 1939 6 4 9 16 30 1 31 30 6 1 8, 1940 2 2 9 9 30 24	13,29 13,02 11,72 12,51 12,44 12,80 13,17 13,45 13,91 14,38 13,16 12,93 13,12 12,99 12,80 12,55 12,59 13,81 12,58 12,72 12,06 12,25 11,61 11,30 10,73 11,11 12,31 12,74 13,68 14,08 14,21 11,70 13,72 13,53 13,16 12,98 12,91 13,17 13,53	June 28, 1940 July 25 Aug. 29 Oct. 1 Oct. 31 Jan. 3, 1941 Feb. 5 Mar. 3 Apr. 12 May 5 June 6 July 1 Aug. 4 Sept. 2 Oct. 1 Nov. 4 Dec. 1 Feb. 2, 1942 Feb. 26 Apr. 7 May 8 Aug. 12 Sept. 10 Oct. 8 Nov. 13 Dec. 15 Jan. 27, 1943 Mar. 19 May 18 June 11 July 9 Aug. 2 Sept. 15 Oct. 6 Nov. 5 Dec. 9 Jan. 15, 1944 June 8 July 10 Aug. 11	13,91 14,46 14,57 14,45 14,12 13,49 13,26 13,10 13,14 13,13 13,38 13,55 14,11 14,57 14,37 13,73 13,25 12,90 12,71 11,96 9,94 13,37 13,64 12,84 12,79 12,60 12,51 12,58 12,46 12,98 13,93 14,47 14,59 14,20 13,84 13,33 12,48 13,36 13,80	Sept. 16, 1944 Oct. 14 Jan. 10, 1945 Feb. 13 Mar. 10 Apr. 12 Aug. 2 Oct. 19 Dec. 3 Jan. 31, 1946 Apr. 15 May 8 June 4 July 18 Aug. 6 Nov. 22 June 26, 1947 Dec. 3 July 9, 1948 Aug. 5 Sept. 13 Oct. 9 Nov. 8 Nov. 29 Jan. 21, 1949 Feb. 9 Mar. 5 Apr. 12 May 5 June 8 July 7 Aug. 12 May 5 June 8 July 7 Aug. 12 Oct. 6 Dec. 14 Feb. 9, 1950 Apr. 13 June 1 Aug. 9 Oct. 20 Dec. 2	14.63 14.53 13.57 13.37 13.35 13.49 14.35 13.70 12.84 13.10 13.28 13.16 14.43 14.75 14.20 13.00 13.70 13.98 14.25 14.88 14.90 14.44 14.01 13.59 13.20 12.68 12.59 12.79 11.69 14.52 14.80 14.16 13.96 13.96 13.96 14.29 15.28 14.79 14.37
			B13-38-9b	c		
Aug. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June July Aug.	13, 1935 6, 1947 14 3, 1948 10 15 19 8 8	20.95 23.20 23.03 23.04 22.56 22.05 22.20 22.23 22.39 22.52	Sept. 13, 1948 Oct. 9 Nov. 8 Nov. 30 Jan. 21, 1949 Feb. 9 Mar. 4 Apr. 12 May 5 June 8	23.12 23.27 23.03 23.19 22.90 22.60 22.42 22.43 22.76 22.53	July 5, 1949 Aug. 12 Oct. 6 Dec. 13 Feb. 9, 1950 Apr. 13 June 1 Aug. 9 Oct. 19 Dec. 1	24.92 22.49 23.09 23.35 22.76 22.82 23.30 22.85 23.14 22.88
			B13-39-9c	2		
July July July	17, 1935 22 29	4.59 4.98 5.01	Sept. 23, 1935 Oct. 7 Oct. 27	6.46 6.00 5.84	Nov. 30, 1935 Jan. 3, 1936 Jan. 23	5.55 5.21 4.90

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
<u> </u>		к	EITH COUNTY, N		nued	
Apr. Jume Dec. Apr. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	1, 1936 11 4 8, 1937 2, 1947 5 13 4, 1948 10 15	5,04 5,40 5,89 5,11 6,32 5,21 5,67 4,65 4,20 2,86 3,75	June 8, 1948 July 9 Aug. 5 Sept. 14 Nov. 8 Nov. 29 Jan. 21, 1949 Feb. 9 Mar. 5 Apr. 12 May 5	6,07 5,98 5,65 9,70 5,89 5,34 4,45 4,09 4,11 3,94 4,73	June 8, 1949 July 7 Oct. 6 Dec. 14 Feb. 9, 1950 Apr. 14 June 1 Aug. 8 Oct. 20 Dec. 2	4.20 3.07 6.24 5.35 4.58 4.87 6.04 7.09 5.95 5.69
			B13-39-1	5cd		
Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June July Aug.	6, 1947 14 3, 1948 9 15 19 8 8	23.70 23.29 23.37 23.15 22.86 22.90 23.58 23.44 23.75	Oct. 9, 1948 Nov. 8 Jan. 21, 1949 Feb. 9 Mar. 4 Apr. 12 May 5 June 8 July 5	23,65 23,47 23,30 23,13 23,08 23,08 23,09 22,94 22,74	Oct. 6, 1949 Dec. 13 Feb. 9, 1950 Apr. 13 June 1 Aug. 9 Oct. 19 Dec. 1	23,63 23,79 23,50 23,46 23,73 23,95 23,75 23,58
			B13-39-1	9cd		
July July July Aug. Aug. Aug. Sept. Sept. Oct. Nov. Jan. Jume Aug. Apr. Jume Jume Jume	10, 1935 22 29 5 12 19 26 4 16 23 7 27 30 3, 1936 23 1 11 31 5 8, 1937	41,62 41,72 41,78 41,86 41,81 41,68 41,76 41,76 41,87 41,97 41,97 41,99 39,96 40,40 40,85 41,06 41,69 41,67 42,20 41,84 42,11 42,15	Aug. 12, 1937 Oct. 19 June 28, 1938 Oct. 28 June 14, 1939 Dec. 7 Apr. 6, 1940 July 29 Nov. 9 Oct. 25, 1941 Nov. 17, 1944 Oct. 2, 1947 Nov. 6 Dec. 14 Jan. 3, 1948 Feb. 9 Mar. 15 Apr. 19 June 8 July 8	41,29 42,44 41,95 42,35 41,94 42,97 42,99 43,04 43,11 43,37 43,25 43,16 43,05 43,13 43,15 43,12 43,00 42,90 42,41 42,66	Aug. 4, 1948 Sept. 13 Oct. 9 Nov. 8 Dec. 1 Feb. 9, 1949 Mar. 4 Apr. 12 May 5 June 8 July 5 Aug. 12 Oct. 6 Dec. 13 Feb. 9, 1950 Apr. 13 June 1 Aug. 9 Oct. 19 Dec. 1	42,89 43,78 43,62 43,18 43,02 43,15 42,70 42,69 42,74 42,99 42,68 42,97 42,90 42,38 43,57 43,83 43,85
			B13-39-3	4dd		
July July July Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Sept.	15, 1935 22 29 5 12 19 26	167.35 167.14 167.22 167.06 167.31 167.28 167.35	Sept. 16, 1935 Sept. 23 Oct. 7 Oct. 27 Nov. 30 Jan. 3, 1936 Jan. 23 Aug. 31	167.23 167.20 167.27 167.16 167.17 166.79 167.05	Dec. 5, 1936 Apr. 9, 1937 June 25 Aug. 13 June 28, 1938 Oct. 28 June 14, 1939 Dec. 9	166,99 167,24 167,22 167,24 167,16 167,04 166,69 166,88

Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

	Date	Water level	Dat	e	Water level		Date	Water level
		I	EITH COUN		BR. —Conti -Continued	nued		
			D10-08	-34dd	-Conunuea			,
Apr. July Oct. Nov. Oct. Nov.	8, 1940 29 26, 1941 19, 1942 2, 1947 6	166.97 167.21 167.26 167.47 167.29 168.45	Dec. 14 Jan. 3 Feb. 9 Aug. 4 Sept. 13		168.36 170.82 171.90 167.44 168.00	Oct. Dec. Apr. Oct. Apr.	9, 1948 2 12, 1949 6 13, 1950	167.26 167.05 166.69 166.07 167.03
			B13-	-40-22bl	01			
Jan. Feb. Apr. Aug. Aug. Sept. Oct. Jan. Feb. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr	31, 1939 28 4 2 1 30 1 31 30 30 1 7, 1940 2 29 1 30 24 27 25 29 1 31 2, 1941 4 3 10 5 6	6.28 6.40 5.44 5.94 7.55 8.02 8.50 8.74 8.87 8.71 8.63 8.49 8.40 8.03 7.95 8.34 8.47 8.92 9.07 8.86 8.56 8.56 8.56 8.56 8.56 8.56 8.56	Oct. 1, Nov. 4 Dec. 1 Feb. 26 Apr. 7 May 8 Aug. 12 Sept. 9 Oct. 8 Nov. 13 Dec. 15 Jan. 27 Mar. 19 May 13 June 11 July 9 Aug. 2 Sept. 15 Oct. 6 Nov. 5 Dec. 9 Jan. 15 June 8 July 10 Aug. 11 Sept. 11 Sept. 12 Oct. 9	, 1942 , 1943	8.60 8.21 7.77 7.33 7.18 6.63 2.64 7.96 8.35 7.31 6.90 6.82 7.68 6.88 7.56 8.33 8.97 9.24 8.74 8.36 8.40 7.75 8.60 8.60	Apr. Aug. Oct. Jan. Apr. May June July Aug. Nov. June Dec. July Aug. Sept. Nov. Mar. May June July Aug. Feb.	10, 1945 2 16 3 31, 1946 15 8 4 18 6 22 26, 1947 3 9, 1948 5 14 9 8 8 29 5, 1949 12 5 8 7 14 9, 1950	7.74 8.22 7.85 7.47 7.11 6.67 7.58 7.85 8.21 8.42 7.70 6.30 7.28 7.62 8.39 8.41 7.74 7.03 6.14 6.94 6.59 6.59 6.59 6.59 6.59
July Aug. Sept.	$egin{array}{c} 1 \ 4 \ 2 \end{array}$	8.44 8.76 8.87	Jan. 10, Feb. 13 Mar. 8	1945	7.39 7.40 7.48	Apr. June	14	6.49 d8.01
			B13	-40-22c	d			
July July July Aug. Aug. Aug. Sept. Sept. Oct. Oct. Nov. Jan. Apr.	8, 1935 22 29 5 12 19 26 4 16 23 7 27 30 3, 1936 23 1	6,45 7,19 7,51 7,70 7,92 8,08 7,97 8,06 8,21 8,26 8,17 7,78 7,13 7,00 6,98 6,99	June 11, Aug. 8 Aug. 31 Dec. 4 Apr. 24 Aug. 12 Oct. 19 Oct. 2, Nov. 6 Dec. 14 Jan. 3, Feb. 9 Mar. 15 Apr. 19 June 8	1936 1947 1948	6.35 7.45 7.58 7.21 7.26 8.10 5.50 6.40 7.06 7.90 7.36 7.54 7.45 8.10 7.40 5.18	July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jume July Aug. Oct. Dec. Feb.	8, 1948 4 13 9 8 1 1 9, 1949 4 12 5 8 5 12 6 13 9, 1950	6.61 6.60 7.49 7.54 7.29 7.55 7.30 6.54 6.19 6.63 7.13 7.07 6.80 8.02 8.28 48.17

13

13

1

9

19

1

9, 1950

Dec.

Feb.

Apr.

Tune Aug.

Oct.

Dec.

20.93

20.86

21.09

20.62

20.22

20.50

20.34

20,08

20,47

20,64

20.52

19,50

19,92 19.64

### Water-level measurements in wells in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska-Continued

	Date		Date	Water level	Date	Water level
		К	EITH COUNTY, NEI B13-41-24	-	nued	
July Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. June July Aug.	25, 1935 5, 1947 13 4, 1948 10 15 19 8 9	60.58 59.30 59.15 59.15 59.09 58.85 57.70 58.96 58.91 58.98	Sept. 14, 1948 Oct. 9 Nov. 8 Nov. 29 Jan. 21, 1949 Feb. 9 Mar. 5 Apr. 12 May 5 June 8	59.19 59.30 59.26 59.23 58.98 58.76 58.73 58.62 59.64 58.68	July 7, 1949 Aug. 12 Oct. 7 Dec. 14 Feb. 9, 1950 Apr. 13 June 1 Aug. 8 Oct. 20 Dec. 2	58,20 58,44 58,84 58,07 58,84 58,83 58,96 59,32 59,32 59,29
			B13-41-34	ed	-	
July Oct. Nov.	8, 1935 2, 1947 6	18.77 20.73 20.85	Sept. 13, 1948 Oct. 8 Nov. 8	20.55 20.82 20.90	July 5, 1949 Aug. 11 Oct. 6	21.37 19.87 19.89 20.08

- a Well inaccessible for measurement after this date.

Nov.

Jan.

Feb.

Mar.

Apr.

May

lune

b Well destroyed after this date. Replaced by well B7-54-12cb.

Well B7-54-12cb replaced well B7-54-12bc as an observation well on this date.

29

21,

9

4

12

5 8

1949

d Well destroyed after this date.

Dec.

Jan.

Feb.

Mar.

Tune

July

Aug.

14

3,

9

8

8

4

15

1948

20.90

20.95

21.24

21.28

21.04

20.97

19.84

- e Well 864 feet south being pumped at 1,320 gpm. f Affected by floodwater in Bijou Creek about 1,000 feet east.
- g Well B1-60-27dd replaced well B1-60-26cc as an observation well on this date.
- h Well B1-60-26cc 400 feet east being pumped; air blowing in well B1-60-27dd.
- i Center well of battery being pumped.
- Well B2-56-13aa2 about 20 feet east being pumped.
   Well destroyed after this date; replaced by well B2-56-13aa2.
- $^{
  m l}$  Well B2-56-13aa2 replaced well B2-56-13aa1 as an observation well on this date. The landsurface datum at well B2-56-13aa2 is 3.2 feet higher than it is at well B2-56-13aa1, although the altitude of the water table is essentially equal at the two wells.
  - m Well B2-56-24cal 150 feet north being pumped.
  - n Well being pumped.
  - O Well B2-60-10cc2 245 feet east being pumped.
  - P Well sealed after this date.
- q Because of two changes in pen setting by observer, record between May 14 and August 4, 1946, may be in error as much as 0.25 foot.
  - Well B3-57-18cc about 420 feet away being pumped at 770 gpm.
  - S Pumping at nearby well.
  - t Well inaccessible for measurement after this date. Replaced by well B3-60-4dc.
  - u Well B3-60-4dc replaced well B3-60-3cc as an observation well on this date.
- V Well being pumped at 1, 390 gpm. W All readings at well B4-57-31db1 probably are affected to some extent by pumping of condenser cooling wells at nearby powerhouse.
- X Decline of water table caused by the absence of water in a nearby irrigation canal during the nonirrigation season.
  - y Well inaccessible for measurements after this date. Replaced by well B4-58-7cb.
  - Well B4-58-7cb replaced well B4-58-7ca as an observation well on this date.
- aa Observation well established to indicate the probable effect the proposed Narrows Dam res-
- ervoir will have on the water table.

  bb Special additional observation well to indicate the probable effect the proposed Narrows Dam reservoir will have on the water table.
  - cc Well being pumped at 1,000 gpm.

dd High wind, windmill pumping rapidly.

ee Well inaccessible for measurement after this date; replaced by well B4-60-34dc.

ff Well B4-60-34dc replaced well B4-60-34cc as an observation well on this date.

88 Well being pumped at 1, 150 gpm. hh Well being pumped at 760 gpm.

ii Well being pumped at 1, 280 gpm.

jj Well being pumped at about 250 gpm.
kk Measurements discontinued; strawstack covering well.

11 Well being pumped at 1, 325 gpm.

mm Waste canal water flowing into abandoned Olds Reservoir about 1,000 feet northeast,

nn Flooded fields from broken levee at Lord Reservoir; well not inundated.

00 Old well destroyed before this date; measurements continued at well constructed at the site in 1942. PP Well B2-63-22aa about 800 feet east being pumped at 1,000 gpm.

99 Well being pumped at 928 gpm.

T Well being pumped at 1,330 gpm.

ss Well being pumped at 1, 100 gpm.

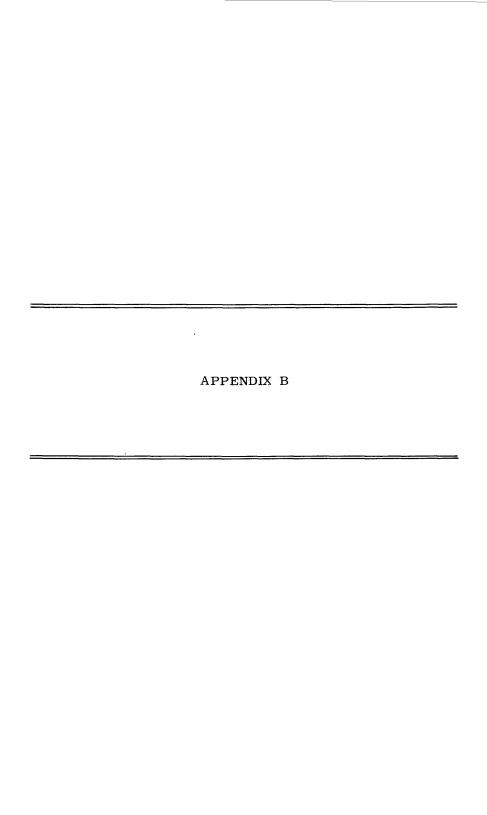
tt Measurements discontinued after this date.

uu Well destroyed after this date; replaced by well B13-35-6dd2.

VV Well B13-35-6dd2 replaced well B13-35-6dd1 as an observation well on this date.

ww Windmill pumping.

XX Well temporarily inaccessible after this date.



Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska

## ADAMS COUNTY, COLO.

#### C1-60-3bc

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Gravel	16	22
Clay and fine sand		30
Clay	25	55
Clay; contains strips of sand	15	70
Clay and gravel	5	75
Clay		85
Clay and sand	1 7	92
Clay and gravel		110
Gravel and fine sand		125
Gravel, fine	1	133

#### C1-60-4bd

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil.	18	18
Sand, coarse	22	40
Sand, fine		50
Sand, coarse		60
Sand, coarse and fine		75
Sand, coarse		80
Gravel, fine		85
Gravel, coarse		92
Clay and sand		100
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale	4	104

# C1-60-9ac

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Gravel		20
Sand and fine gravel		40
Clay		44
Clay; contains strips of sand	8	52
Gravel	6	58
Clay and sand		80
Sand, fine	10	90
Clay and sand		93
Gravel	29	122
Clay	1	123
Gravel	7	130
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale	1	131

### C1-60-12cc

[Driller's log of seismograph shot hole 1,000 feet east of the southwest corner of the section. Surface altitude, 4,793 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Clay, sandy	20	20
Fox Hills sandstone: Sand	1	122
Shale	28	150

APPENDIX B 169

# Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## ADAMS COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### C1-60-17ca

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil.	12	12
Sand	7	19
Clay		21
Gravel		58
Gravel, coarse		70
Gravel	18	88
Laramie(?) formation:		_
Shale	4	92

#### C1-60-19cd

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

6	6
4	10
2	12
3	15
6	21
27	48
20	68
10	78
	20

#### C1-60-20cc

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Clay and sand	17	20
Gravel and fine sand	20	40
Sand and gravel		50
Gravel and fine sand	22	72
Gravel and clay balls		80
Gravel		86

#### C1-60-20db

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Sand	10	16
Clay		22
Gravel	8	30
Sand		36
Gravel		40
Gravel, coarse,		50
Gravel and sand	9	59
Gravel		90
Laramie formation:	,	
Coal, shale, and mud	10	100

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## ADAMS COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### C1-60-23ca

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil		3
Clay and sand	5	12 17 30
SandClav	25 4	55 59
Clay; contains strips of sand	17	80 97 99
Gravel	11 7	110 117 127

#### C1-60-23dc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Clay	32	35
Sand	11	46
Gravel, fine	4	50
Clay	2	52
Sand and clay	8	60
Sand; contains strips of clay	13	73
Gravel, fine	13	86
Gravel, coarse	7	93
Gravel	5	98
Clay	3	101
Gravel, red	17	118
Gravel	9	127

# C1-60-24db

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Sand	18	21
Clay		41
Sand, fine	11	52
Clay		55
Gravel; contains strips of clay	6	61
Sand; contains strips of clay	16	77
Gravel and sand	13	90
Gravel		97
Gravel and sand		109
Gravel	4	113
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale	4	117

APPENDIX B 171

# Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## ADAMS COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### C1-60-25cb

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		6
Clay Sand Clay	7	38 45 65
Clay; contains strips of sand	20	85 92
Clay Gravel, cemented	11	93 104 120
Gravel; contains strips of clay	4	124

#### C1-60-26bd

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	7	7
Sand	2	9
Clay	1	10
Sand, fine	8	18
Clay	12	30
Sand	6	36
Gravel and sand	2	38
Gravel, fine		66
Clay	2	68
Clay and sand	8	76
Gravel, coarse	14	90
Gravel	1 7	97
Clay, blue	2	99
Gravel, coarse	16	115
Gravel	4	119

#### C1-60-26dd

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	12	12
Sand	12	24
Clay		28
Sand		35
Clay	2	37
Sand		55
Clay		56
Sand	4	60
Clay	10	70
Sand; contains strips of clay		88
Clay	2	90
Gravel	ă l	94
Clay	1 1	95
Clay Gravel	10	105
Graver	10	100

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

#### ADAMS COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### C1-60-29bc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil.	2	2
Clay, sandy	16	18
Sand	12	30
Sand, coarse	20	50
Sand, fine, yellow	.o 5.5	50.5 56
Sand; contains strips of clay.	3.3	59
Laramie formation:		
Shale	1	60

#### C1-60-31cc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		_
Soil.	3	3
Clay	4	7
Sand		18
Clay		20
Gravel		37
Clay	2	39
Sand,	31	70
Gravel	15	85
Laramie formation:		i
Shale	15	100

#### C1-60-35ac

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	8	8
Sand	4	12
Sand and clay		15
Clay	11	26
Sand and coarse gravel	14	40
Gravel	10	50
Clay		58
Gravel; contains strips of clay	12	70
Gravel	13	83
Gravel, cemented	1	84
Gravel: contains strips of clav	11	95
Gravel and rock	4	99
Clay	1	100
Gravel	3	103
Laramie formaion:	1	_
Shale	2	105

### C2-60-6cc

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay	5	9
Sand and clay	6	15

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## ADAMS COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### C2-60-6cc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (fect)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Sand and gravel	7	22
Gravel	14	36
Gravel and blue clay		43
Gravel; contains strips of clay	13	56
Gravel	6	62
Gravel, coarse	19	81
Gravel and sand	11	92
Laramie formation:		1
Shale,	8	100

#### C2-61-34cc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. ]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	6	6
Clay	11	17
Sand	4	21
Clay, sandy	12	33
Sand	7	40
Gravel	10	50
Clay strips, interbedded with gravel	7	57
Clay		70
Gravel	4	74
Pierre shale:	-	
Shale	6	80

#### C3-60-7cc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay	7	12
Clay, sandy	3	15
Clay	5	20
Sand and gravel	20	40
Sand, fine, and gravel	8	48
Gravel; contains strips of clay	8	56
Sand and coarse gravel	4	60
Clay	8	68
Gravel	10	78
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale	2	80

### C3-61-3ca

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	5	5
Gravel	15	20
Clay	10	30
Gravel	20	50
Clay		58
Sand	10	68

# ADAMS COUNTY, COLO, --Continued

# C3-61-3ca-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel	10	78
Clay		80
SandGravel		90 106
Gravel		112

## C3-61-3cc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay	5	10
Sand and gravel		17
Clay	6	23
Clay, sandy	7	30
Gravel		40
Sand, fine		43
Gravel; contains strips of clay		50
Clay, sandy	4	54
Clay	6	60
Sand, fine; contains strips of clay	5	65
Clay		80
Sand		93
Gravel		100
Pierre shale(?):		ł
Shale	10	110

# C3-61-3dc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil.	5	5
Clay		12
Sand		15
Clay		17
Sand		20
Clay		40
Clay, sandy	36	76
Sand	·4	80
Sand; contains strips of clay	20	100
Gravel	16	116
Pierre shale:		
Shale	4	120

# C3-61-10dd

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	15	15
Clay	19	34
Sand	8 <b>i</b>	42
Clay	8	50
Gravel	4	<b>54</b>
Sand	2	56
Gravel	13	69

# ADAMS COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

# C3-61-10dd-- Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay		78
Gravel		84
Clay and gravel		106
Clay	6	112

# C3-61-21bd

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Sand	Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	8	8
Pierre shale(?):	ClaySand		17 30
Shele I Ol 60		20	65

## C3-61-24ac

# [Driller's Iog of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay, sandy	18	23
Gravel, sandy		30
Clay and sand	5	35
Clay		48
Clay, sandy		52
Gravel	6	58
Sand	6	64
Clay	6	70
Gravel and clay balls	10	80
Sand and gravel	15	95
Gravel, coarse	8	103
Pierre shale(?):	_	
Shale	9	112

# C3-61-24dd

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil.	5	5
Clay	40	45
Clay, sandy		54
Sand	6	60
Gravel	8	<b>6</b> 8
Gravel, coarse		80
Clay, sandy	3	83
Gravel, coarse		97
Pierre shale(?):		
Shale	3	100

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO.

#### B6-53-2bb

[Sample log of test hole 230 feet east and 15 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 3, 997 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		Γ
Loam, silty, dark-gray	5	5
Gravel, fine, and medium sand; tan to brown	12	17
Sand, very coarse, tan to gray		40
Gravel, medium; contains pebbles and coarse sand; tan to brown		96
Pierre shale:	l	Ì
Shale, laminar, brown	3	99
Shale, brittle, gray to black	1	100

## B6-53-2dc

[Sample log of test hole 60 feet east and 345 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,008 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		$\overline{}$
Frestocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, medium; contains silt; gray to black	3	1 3
Caliche, sandy, brittle, light-gray	7	10
Clay, sandy, black	5	15
Sand, medium to coarse, gray	25	40
Gravel, fine to medium, sandy, tan to gray	27	67
Pierre shale:		
Shale, platy, tan	1	68
Shale, brittle, black	2	70

# B6-53-10dc

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Hessler Bros. Surface altitude, 4,026.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil and silt	17	17
Sand	36	53
Gravel, medium	20	73

## B6-53-14aa

[Sample log of test hole 55 feet west and 720 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,070 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium, light-tan	26	26
Clay, tan to brown	1 3 1	29
Sand, fine to medium; contains silt; tan	27	56
Clay, sandy, green to brown	3	59
Gravel, fine to medium, and coarse sand; pink to tan	11	70
Pierre shale:		
Shale, platy, tan to brown	6	76
Shale, platy, brittle, black	4	80

# B6-53-19cd

[Sample log of test hole in southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,046 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Silt, dark-gray.	6	6
Sand, medium to coarse; contains clay; tan	3	9

APPENDIX B 177

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## B6-53-19cd-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel, fine to medium, and medium to coarse sand; tan to gray Sand, fine to coarse; contains fine to coarse gravel and pebbles; buff Sand, medium to coarse, tan	28 16 15	91 119 135 150 190
Sandstone, medium-grained, well-cemented, calcareous, blue to gray	2	192

#### B6-53-31ad

[Sample log of test hole 390 feet west of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,061 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium, tan to gray	30	30
Sand, fine to coarse, and fine gravel; tan to gray	28	58
Gravel, fine to medium, sandy, tan to brown	14	72
Pierre shale:		
Shale, sandy, brittle, black	5	77

## B6-54-11ad

[Sample log of test hole 15 feet west and 200 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4, 129 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, medium; contains silt; dark-brown	6	6
Sand, medium to fine; contains silt; tan	4	10
Caliche, gritty, soft, light-buff	9	19
Gravel, very coarse; contains sand and calcareous clay; pink to tan	4	23
Caliche, sandy, buff		27
Clay, sandy, thin-bedded, slightly calcareous, tan	3	30
Gravel, coarse to fine, and medium to coarse-sand, pink to tan		58
Gravel, coarse to very coarse, and pebbles, brown to gray	32	90
Cobbles, and coarse gravel, brown; contains fragments of shale	1	91
Pierre shale:		
Shale, sandy, brown	1	92
Shale, brittle, black	4	96

## B6-54-13ac

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,051 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	
Sand, medium, tan to gray	17
Gravel, medium; contains some coarse gravel and coarse sand; brown 13	30
Sand, coarse, and medium gravel, light-gray	38
Gravel, fine to medium, and coarse sand; tan to brown	48
Clay, sandy, light-blue to gray4	52
Gravel, coarse to medium; contains minor amounts of sand and clay; tan,	60
Clay, blue to gray	63
Gravel, coarse to fine; contains coarse sand and pebbles; tan	79
Pierre shale:	ł
Shale, tan to brown	82
Shale, thin-bedded, brittle, blue to black	88

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. --Continued

#### B6-54-23cc2

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 4,060 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Sand	2	5
Clay	3	8
Sand	9	17
Gravel	14	31
Gravel and sand	5	36
Gravel		43
Clay	1 4	47
Gravel and rocks	l 8	55
Clay	3	58
Gravel and rocks	1 11	69
Pierre shale:		"
Shale	4	73

## B6-54-24ad

[Sample log of testhole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,032 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Gravel, medium to fine, and coarse sand, brown	3	3
Gravel, fine to medium, and coarse sand, calcareous, black to gray	3	6
Gravel, medium to fine; contains medium and coarse sand; tan to gray	14	20
Sand, medium to coarse, tan to gray	14	34
Gravel, fine to medium, and coarse sand, brown	26	60
Sand, medium to coarse, brown	6	66
Gravel, fine to coarse, tan to brown	23	89
Sand, fine to medium; contains some coarse sand and fine gravel; gray	6	95
Gravel, fine, and coarse sand, tan to gray	10	105
Gravel, medium, tan to brown	2	107
Pierre shale:		
Shale, soft, brown	11	118
Shale, brittle, gritty, black	8	126

### B7-52-3bb

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1941]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	57	57
Gravel, fine	17	74
Sand, fine	16	90
Gravel, coarse	8	98
Pierre shale:		
Shale	2	100

## B7-52-11da

[Sample log of test hole 800 feet west and 500 feet south of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,145 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine to medium, tan to gray	35 5 25 25 40	35 40 65 90 130
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# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

# B7-52-11da-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pierre shale: Shale, platy, brittle, green to brown	4	134
Shale, black	1	135

## B7-53-1cc

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Stewart Drilling Co., 1936. Surface altitude, 3,974.3 feet]

34	34
6	40
16	56
31	87
5	92
	6 16

## B7-53-6dd

[Sample log of test hole 25 feet west and 140 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4, 181 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Gravel, fine to coarse; contains silt and sand; dark-brown Caliche, hard, sandy, buff to tan	6 4 11	6 10 21
Pierre shale: Shale, platy, brittle, sandy, tan to gray Shale, brittle, black	5 4	26 30

# B7-53-17bd

[Sample log of test hole 500 feet west and 60 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,061 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine to medium, silty, brown	10 9 16	10 19 35
Pierre shale: Shale, sandy, tan to grayShale, brittle, black	2 3	37 40

## B7-53-19ad

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		f
Soil.	4	4
Sand and clay	29	33
Gravel	23	56
Clay	4	60
Gravel, interbedded with clay	15	75
Sand, fine, and clay		79
Gravel	6	85
Pierre shale:	_	
Shale	10	95

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B7-53-21bb

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Hessler Bros., 1939. Surface altitude, 4,046.7 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil and sandy silt.	20	20
Gravel	30	50 53
Gravel, medium and coarse	25	78
Shale	1	79

#### B7-53-22ab

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Stewart Drilling Co., 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay, sandy	23	23
Sand, very fine and fine. Gravel.	1 7	30 45
Pierre shale; Shale		46

## B7-53-23bb

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Stewart Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,012.1 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil and sandy silt	31	31
Sand, fine	10	41
Gravel	9	50
Clay	18	68
Gravel	34	102

## B7-53-27bc

[Sample log of test hole 25 feet east and 70 feet north of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,008 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Silt and fine sand, dark-brown	3	3
Clay, sandy, tan; contains calcareous concretions	12	15
Clay, plastic, blue	2	17
Sand, very coarse, and fine gravel, dark-blue to gray	6	23
Gravel, fine to medium, and coarse sand, dark-gray	17	40
Clay, sandy, laminar, soft, blue to gray	12	52
Gravel, coarse to medium, and coarse to medium sand, gray to brown	26	78
Pierre shale:		ļ
Shale, tan	1	79
Shale, laminar, black	1	80

## B7-53-27db

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Stewart Drilling Co., 1937. Surface altitude, 4,006.9 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Gravel	30	30
Clay	12	42
Gravel	48	90

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## B7-53-27db-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pierre shale: Shale.	1	91

## B7-53-34bd

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 3, 995 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, dark-brown	3	3
Gravel, fine; contains medium and coarse sand; tan to gray	36	39
Clay, blue to gray	2	41
Gravel, fine to medium; contains medium and coarse sand; tan to gray	59	100
Sand, fine to coarse; contains fine gravel and pebbles; tan to gray	12	112
Gravel, fine to medium; contains fine to coarse sand and pebbles; tan to brown.	26	138
Sand, medium to coarse, and clay, tan	2	140
Sand, medium, tan to gray	6	146
Sand, coarse to very coarse, and fine gravel, tan to gray	16	162
Sand, medium to coarse, tan; contains a few pebbles of green shale	Ĩ7 [	179
Sand, medium to coarse, gray	44	223
Gravel, fine; contains coarse sand and pebbles; blue to gray	iil	234
Gravel, coarse, blue to gray	~2 l	236
Pierre shale:	- 1	200
Shale, sandy, thin-bedded, brittle, blue to black	11	247

## B7-54-35cd

[Sample log of test hole 1,040 feet west and 20 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,240 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine to medium, and silt, brown	3	3
Sand, fine to medium, tan to brown	22	25
Clay, soft, calcareous, and fine sand, buff to gray	2	27
Sand, fine to medium, and clay, tan	8	35
Caliche, gritty, buff	7	42
Pierre shale:	1	
Shale, thin-bedded, platy, brittle, green to brown	11	53

# В8-49-10ьь

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Vance, 1920. Surface altitude, 4,233.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Top soil	4	4
Sand and clay	21	25
Clay	75	100
Gravel	10	110
Shale	65	175
Gravel	10	185

#### B8-49-21aa

[Driller's log of domestic and stock well. Surface altitude, 4,285.4 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	4	4
Sand and clay	21	25

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

# B8-49-21aa-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Ogallala formation(?):		
Caliche	10	35
Gravel	15	50
Clay, yellow	50	100
Clay, black	5	105
Clay, yellow	95	200
Gravel	15	215
Pierre shale(?):		
Shale	185	400

# B8-50-3dd

# [Driller's log of domestic well. Surface altitude, 4, 369.4 feet]

Recent deposits: Soil.	3	3
Ogallala formation(?): Sand	22 10	25 35
Pierre shale: Clay	135	170
Shale	117	287

## B8-50-16dd

# [Driller's log of domestic and stock well. Surface altitude, 4,361.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits(?), undifferentiated, and Ogallala formation(?):		
Sand	60	60
White River group(?):		
Clay	116	176
Sand	4	180
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue	90	270
Rock, hard, porous	5	275
Shale, blue	25	300
Rock, hard, porous	10	310

# B8-52-4bb

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Sand	4	10
Clay	4	14
Sand, fine	16	30
Clay	11	41
Sand	14	55
Clay	9	64
Gravel	13	77
Clay	5	82
Gravel	11	93
Clay	1	94
Pierre shale:	-	١ ٠٠
Shale	6	100

## LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### B8-52-17cb

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Stewart Drilling Co., 1939. Surface altitude, 3,984.9 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil, silt, and sand	22 29	22 51
Clay Sand,	10 10	61 71
Pierre shale: Shale	1	72

## B8-52-18bb

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Butler-Western Drilling Co., 1935. Surface altitude, 4,013,2 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Sand and silt	45	45
Sand, line, and clay	20	65
Gravel, coarse	10	75

## B8-52-20ad

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,922.5 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, silty, brown	2	2
Clay, silty, calcareous, brown	9	11
Clay, firm, lignitic, green to black	7	18
Gravel, medium: contains clay: brown	20	38
Clay, plastic, calcareous, gray	4	42
Gravel, coarse, brown	11	53
Clay, lignitic, gray to black	4	57
Gravel, medium, sandy, yellow to brown	23	80
Clay, green, gray to brown	1	81
Gravel, medium, sandy, tan	34	115
Gravel, fine, green to gray	5	120
Sand, coarse, green to gray	<b>2</b> 5	145
Clay, sandy, gray	15	160

## B8-52-20ba

[Sample log of test hole 10 feet west and 45 feet south of northeast of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,925 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		Į.
Silt, dark-brown	6	6
Clay, gritty, tan	5	11
Clay, calcareous, gray, brown and blue	7	18
Gravel, medium, sandy, gray	14	32
Clay, calcareous, tan	15	47
Gravel, medium, and coarse sand, tan to brown	38	85
Sand, medium to coarse, and fine gravel, gray	4	89
Clay, blue; contains coarse gravel	6	95
Gravel, very fine; contains medium and coarse sand; green to gray	45	140
Gravel, medium to coarse, and coarse sand, blue to gray		192
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue	6	198
Shale, gritty, thin-bedded, gray	7	205

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## B8-52-21cc

## [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled in 1929]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil and clay	9	9
Sand, and some gravelGravel	31	40 90
Graver,	30	

## B8-52-27dc

# [Driller's log of public supply well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1941. Surface altitude, 3,964.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	32	32
Clay, sandy		37
Sand, fine	4	41
Gravel, fine		54
Gravel, medium	17	71
Clay	4	75
Clay and gravel	12	87

#### B8-52-27dd

# [Driller's log of test hole 300 feet north of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium	38	38
Sand, medium to coarse	7	45
Gravel, fine		60
Sand, clean		65
Gravel, clean, coarse	16	81
Pierre shale:		
Shale, weathered	3	84
Shale, blue	1	85

## B8-52-28db

# [Sample log of test hole 15 feet west and 20 feet south of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,923 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, sandy, light-gray	2	2
Gravel, medium, and coarse sand, gray to brown	8	10
Gravel, fine; contains medium and coarse sand; gray to brown	30	40
Gravel, medium to coarse, tan to brown	17	57
Clay, sandy, green to brown	4	61
Gravel, fine; contains medium and coarse sand	16	77
Pierre shale:		1
Shale, platy, brown	2	79
Shale, blue to black	1	80

## B8-52-34bc

# [Sample log of test hole 150 feet east and 160 feet north of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,929 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	i I	
Loam, sandy, dark-brown	4	4
Gravel, very fine and fine, and coarse sand, tan to brown	l 34 l	38

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

# B8-52-34bc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel, fine to medium, and fine to coarse sand, tan to brown Pierre shale: Shale brown to green		45 46
Shale, brown to green	4	50

## B8-52-34cc1

[Driller's log of public-supply well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1948. Surface altitude, 3,956.0 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	31	31
Sand, interbedded with thin layers of clay		35
Sand, coarse	6	41
Sand, fine, and gravel	3	44
Sand, coarse, and gravel	18	62
Gravel, coarse	8	70
Pierre shale:		İ
Shale	1	71

# B8-52-34cc2

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1948. Surface altitude, 3, 968.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	34	34
Sand, fine, interbedded with thin layers of clay	14	48
Sand, coarse, and gravel	6	54
Sand, fine	7	61
Sand, coarse	13	74
Gravel, coarse	8	82
Pierre shale:		
Shale.	2	84

# B8-52-34cd

[Driller's log of test hole 700 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1941]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	19	19
Clay	2	21
Sand, fine	13	34
Clay		35
Sand, fine	33	68
Gravel, fine	11	79
Gravel and cobbles	3	82
Sand, fine, cemented	8	90
Sand, interbedded with layers of clay	6	96
Gravel, fine	3	99
Clay	2	101
Gravel.	7	108
Pierre shale:	•	
Shale	8	116

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## В8-52-35ьь

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1941]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	31	31
Clay and sand	23	54
Sand	16	70
Gravel, fine	6	76
Gravel, fine to medium	7	83
Shale	3	86

#### B8-53-1dd

[Sample log of test hole 545 feet west and 150 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,011 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, coarse; contains silt and clay; dark-brown	3	3
Gravel, medium, and fine to coarse sand, brown	3	6
Clay, sandy, calcareous, tan to buff	6	12
Pierre shale:	i i	
Shale, thin-bedded, brittle, yellow to tan	8	20

## B8-53-24dd

# [Driller's log of test hole. Surface altitude, 4,003.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
SoilSand and clay	5 30	5 35
Gravel	25	60

# B9-50-4da

[Sample log of test hole in northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 812 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay and hard sand, brown	7.5	7.5
Sand, fine to medium, light-brown	13.5	21
Gravel, medium, sandy, pink to tan	2	23
Gravel, medium; contains fine sand and clay; tan to pink-tan	20	43
Gravel, fine to medium; contains fine to coarse sand; pink to tan	20	63
Gravel, medium to coarse, and medium sand; pink to tan	40	103
Gravel, very fine to medium; contains coarse to medium sand; stained		
yellowish brown with iron oxide	9	112
Gravel, fine to medium, and reworked tan Brule siltstone	11	123
Clay; contains medium to fine sand; buff to yellow	5	128
Gravel, medium and coarse, and coarse sand, pink to tan	5	133
Clay, and fine sand, light-gray to buff	3	136
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	7	143
Sand, medium to fine; contains 20 percent fine to very fine gravel; pink		
to tan	10	153
Sand, medium to fine; contains 30 percent fine to medium gravel; pink		
to tan	10	163
Gravel, coarse to medium, pink to tan; contains tan fine sand	15.4	178.4
Pierre shale:	1	
Clay and shale; yellow to brown	1.6	180
Shale, blue to black	3	183

APPENDIX B 187

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

# B9-50-4dd

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,852 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium, brown	23	23
Sand, fine to medium; contains fine gravel and silty clay; brown	10	33
Sand, medium; contains some fine sand and fine gravel; brown	10	43
Sand, medium; contains some fine sand; brown	20	63
Sand, fine to medium; contains clay; buff to tan	10	73
Sand, very fine, light-brown		80
Sand, coarse, and very fine gravel; pink to tan		93
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	10	103
Gravel, fine to coarse, pink to tan; contains tan to buff layers of clay at		
116.5 and 119.4 feet	33	136
Clay, tan to buff	1.5	137.5
Gravel, fine to coarse, pink to tan		138
Clay, tan to buff		139
Gravel, fine to coarse, pink to tan		143
Clay, sandy, tan to buff	34	177
Gravel, fine to medium; contains sandy clay, reworked pink and blue	1	
Chadron clay, and tan Brule siltstone.	68	245
Gravel, medium to coarse; contains sandy clay, reworked pink and blue	1	
Chadron clay, and tan Brule siltstone	31	276
Pierre shale:	1	
Shale, black, hard	4	280

## B9-50-10bc

[Sample log of test hole in southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,863 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine to medium, brown	100 3 8	100 103 111
Pierre shale: Shale, blue to black	12	123

## B9-51-16cd

[Sample log of test hole 8 feet west and 431 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,833 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Gravel, medium to coarse	13	13
Gravel, medium to coarse, intermixed with sandy clay	10	23
Gravel, fine to coarse, pink to tan	35.2	58.2
Clay, sandy, tough, tan	5.8	64
Grayel, fine to medium, pink to tan,	9	73
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan; contains 10 percent yellow to tan		
clay	10	83
Sand, medium and coarse; contains 30 percent fine to medium gravel;		
brown	10	93
Sand, coarse, and fine gravel; pink to tan	10	103
Sand, medium to coarse, and fine to medium gravel, pink to tan	10	113
Gravel, medium to coarse; contains 10 percent medium sand; pink to		
tan	10	123
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	10	133
Gravel, medium to coarse; contains reworked pink and blue Chadron		
Clay	10.5	143.5
Pierre shale:	10.0	
Shale, blue to black	6.5	150
Onate, one to oraclassississississississississississississi	U.0.0	

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### B9-51-16db

[Sample log of test hole 10 feet east and 60 feet south of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,834 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		$\Box$
Clay, sandy, dark-brown	4	4
Clay, very sandy, yellow to brown	4	8
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	5	13
Gravel, fine to very coarse, pink to tan	10	23
Gravel, coarse and medium; contains 5 percent pebbles; pink to tan	20	43
Clay, light-tan, sandy; contains interbedded coarse and medium gravel	10	53
Gravel, coarse and medium; contains 5 percent pebbles; pink to tan	.6	53.6
Pierre shale:		l
Shale, tough, blue to black	6.4	60

#### B9-51-17aa

[Sample log of test hole 28 feet west and 22 feet south of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,838 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay, tough, upper part slightly sandy, light-brown	2 3	8 10 13 26
Pierre shale: Shale, blue to black	ł	33

## B9-51-21ad

[Sample log of test hole 30 feet west of bridge and 15 feet north of private road, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 836 feet]

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	•	
Clay, black to dark-brown	3	3
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan; contains 30 percent medium sand	16.5	19.5
Clay, slightly sandy, light-gray	2.4	21.9
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	1.1	23
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	82	105
Clay, yellow to brown, interbedded with layers of sand	7	112
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	1	113
Gravel, coarse, and pebbles, pink to tan	12.5	125.5
Pierre shale:		
Clay, dark-gray and yellow to brown	17.5	143

## B9-51-22cc

[Sample log of test hole 12 feet east and 465 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 878 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, medium to very coarse, brown		33 43
Gravel, fine to coarse; contains 30 percent medium to coarse sand; pink		"
to tan	10	53
Gravel, fine to coarse	10	63
Gravel, fine to medium; contains 70 percent coarse gravel	10	73
Gravel, medium and coarse	20	93
Gravel, fine to medium; contains 10 percent coarse sand		103
Pierre shale:		
Clay, yellow and yellow to brown	10	113
Clay, mottled dark-gray and yellow	10	123

## LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

# B9-51-28da

[Sample log of test hole 8 feet west and 15 feet south of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,869 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine to coarse	30	23 33 43 73 89,5

# B9-51-33dd

[Sample log of test hole 35 feet west and 14 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,992 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		4= 0
Sand, very fine to coarse, light-tan	45.3	45.3
Sand, very fine to very coarse, and fine gravel, pink to tan	17.7	63
Sand, very fine to very coarse; contains fine gravel, reworked pink and		
blue Chadron clay, and tan Brule siltstone	20	83
Gravel, fine and medium pink to tan; contains reworked tan Brule		
siltstone	24	107
Sand, fine, tan to brown	- 5	107.5
Gravel, fine and medium, pink to tan; contains reworked tan Brule	••	10110
siltstone	12.5	120
	14,0	120
Pierre shale:		i .
Shale, black to bluish-black	3	123

# B9-51-34bb

[Sample log of test hole 10 feet east and 10 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 904 feet]

Distance of December 1997		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium, light-tan	43	43
Sand, medium to coarse, light-tan	10	53
Gravel, fine to medium; contains 30 percent medium sand; light-tan	10	63
Gravel, fine to medium, interbedded with layers of clay, tan	10	73
Gravel, fine to coarse, pink to tan	21	94
Pierre shale:		
Clay, sandy, cemented, very hard, light-gray	.5	94.5
Shale, black to bluish-black	8.5	103

# **B**9-51-34bc

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 941 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	-	
Sand, very fine to medium; contains 10 percent coarse sand; light-		1
brown	50	50
Sand, very fine to coarse; contains 20 percent fine gravel; pink to tan	3	53
Gravel, fine to medium, and tan clay	10	63
Gravel, fine to coarse	20	83
Sand, very fine and fine	10	93
Gravel, medium and coarse, pink to tan	10	103
Gravel, medium and coarse; contains 30 percent very fine sand	10	113
Gravel, medium and coarse, pink to tan	3.5	116.5
Clay, tan	1	117.5
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

### B9-51-34bc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel, medium and coarse, pink to tan	9,5	127
Pierre shale: Shale, black to bluish-black	5	132

## B10-48-1cc

[Sample log of test hole 64 feet east and 64 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 669 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine, and clay, tan	5	5
Clay, light-tan	.5	5.5
Sand, fine to medium, brown	21	26.5
Sand, medium, interbedded with coarse gravel, pink to tan	11	37.5
Sand, medium, and fine to coarse gravel; contains interbedded clay	41.5	79
Chadron formation:	i	ł
Clay, tan to yellow	4	83
Clay, tan to yellow and pink	20	103

#### B10-48-2aa

[Sample log of test hole in center of road at south end of abandoned bridge in southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 648 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Gravel, medium to coarse, and pebbles, pink to tan	13 20 13	13 33 46
Chadron formation: Clay, white to light-gray with streaks of dark gray Clay, mottled blue, pink, and green	7 10	53 63

## B10-48-2da

[Sample log of test hole 51 feet south and 207 feet west of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,657 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine to medium, brown	21.5	11.5 33 54
Clay, sandy, mottled pink and blue-gray	9	63

## B10-48-11ac

[Sample log of test hole 1,000 feet south and 270 feet west of northeast corner of quarterquarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,716 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, medium and fine, and fine gravel; cemented from 2.5 to 3 feet	30.5	30.5
Gravel, fine to medium, and fine sand, tan	12.5	43
Sand, medium to coarse, and fine gravel; pink to tan	28.5	71.5
Clay, very slightly sandy, white to light-gray	3.5	75
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	58	133
Gravel, very fine to fine; contains 30 percent medium to coarse sand		143
		l

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## B10-48-11ac-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Gravel, medium and coarse to very fine; contains medium to coarse sand		
and reworked tan Brule siltstone	10	153
Gravel, fine to coarse; contains medium to coarse sand interbedded with	İ	
layers of clay	10	163
Gravel, fine to medium and fine to coarse sand, pink to tan	30	193
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan		203
Sand, very fine to fine, and medium gravel, tan	20	223
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	21	244
Gravel, coarse to very coarse, pink to tan	49	293
Pierre shale:	[	
Clay, yellow to brown	3	296

#### B10-48-14ba

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,793 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		Τ
Sand, coarse to medium, brown	13	13
Sand, fine to coarse	10	23
Sand, coarse, and fine gravel, light-tan	25	48
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan.	15	63
Gravel, fine to very coarse, and medium sand	22	85
Chadron formation:		
Clay, tan to light greenish-gray	8	93
Clay, light greenish-gray	12	105

#### B10-49-10aa

[Sample log of test hole 53 feet west and 57 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,709 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay, dark-brown to black	4.5	4.5
Clay; contains silt and fine sand; light-brown		6
Sand, fine to medium, yellow to brown	2,5	8.5
Clay, black	1.5	10
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	28,5	38.5
Chadron formation:		
Clay, greenish-blue	4.5	43

## B10-49-11cb

[Sample log of test hole 105 feet east and 22 feet north of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 709 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay, black	4 6 13 2.5	4 6 10 12 13 17 23 36 38.5 40
Chadron formation: Clay, blue to gray	3	53

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## B10-49-14bb

[Sample log of test hole 73 feet east and 11 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,710 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, black	2	2
Clay and silt, light-gray	2.5	4.5
Sand, medium to coarse, yellow to brown, and tan clay	1.5	4.5 6
Gravel, fine, and coarse sand, light-gray	4	10
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	3	13
Sand, very fine, and silt, brown	7	20
Gravel, coarse to very coarse; contains some medium gravel; pink to tan	3	23
Gravel, coarse to very coarse, and pebbles, pink to tan	10	33
Gravel, medium to coarse	8.5	41.5
Chadron formation:	1	l
Clay, silty and sandy, light-gray to yellowish-brown	1.5	43

## B10-49-15da

[Sample log of test hole 110 feet west of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 710 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, medium and coarse, light-brown	8.2 33	8.2 41.2
Chadron formation: Clay, sandy and silty, green to gray Clay, sandy and silt, silty, green to gray; contains some intermixed light-blue		43
clayclay	10	53

## B10-49-23bb

[Sample log of test hole 22 feet east and 300 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,711 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	l	1
Soil	3.5	3.5
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	9.5	13
Gravel, medium to very coarse, pink to tan (cemented 47-49 feet)	40	53
Gravel, medium to very coarse, and pebbles, pink to tan,	10	63
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan		73
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan; contains reworked pink and blue		
Chadron clay and fine to medium sand	15	88
Chadron formation:		
Clay and silt, pink and gray to blue and green	5	93

## B10-49-23bc

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,744 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, very fine to medium, light-brown to tan	13	13
Silt and very fine sand, tan to brown	10	23
Silt and very fine to coarse sand	10	33
Sand, medium to coarse and fine gravel, pink to tan	10.5	43.5
Gravel, medium to coarse	19.5	63
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	6	69
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	18.5	87.5
Clay, sandy, light-tan	25.5	113
Silt and sand, green to greenish-brown	3	116
Gravel, medium pink to tan	28.5	144.5
•		1

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## B10-49-23bc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Chadron formation: Silt and clay, blue and light-gray	8,5	153

#### B10-49-23cb

[Sample log of test hole 600 feet south and 25 feet east of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,745 feet]

		$\overline{}$
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine to medium, light- to medium-brown: Sand, fine to medium, light- to medium-brown; contains yellow to brown		23
clay		34.5
Gravel, fine to medium, gray to pink to tan	8.5	43
Gravel, medium to coarse, gray to pink to tan	46.2	89.2
Chadron formation:	ļ	
Clay, pink	3.8	93
Clay, pink and blue	10	103

# B10-49-23cc

[Sample log of test hole 18 feet east and 10 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 765 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium, brown	58	58
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	50	108
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	1.5	109.5
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	13.5	123
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan; contains reworked tan Brule		
siltstone	20	143
Gravel, fine, pink to tan, and brown, coarse sand and clay	10	153
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan, interbedded with light-tan clay	10	163
Sand, fine and very fine, and tan clay	7	170
Clay, sandy, blue	3	173
Clay, blue to blue-gray	17	190
Gravel, medium to coarse; contains chips of blue clay	18	208
Pierre shale:		[
Shale, black to bluish-black	6	214

#### B10-49-26bc

[Sample log of test hole 25 feet east of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,802 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium, brown	8 5	8
Clay, sandy, brown	5	13
Sand, medium to fine, and dark-brown clay	10	23
Clay, interbedded with fine to coarse gravel and fine to coarse sand,		1
light-tan	20	43
Sand, very fine to fine, interbedded with clay, tan to brown	40	83
Sand, very fine to coarse, and fine gravel, interbedded with light-tan		
clay	20	103
Sand, very fine to coarse, interbedded with tan clay	12.5	115.5
Clay, sandy, white to light-tan		119.2
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	10.8	130
Clay, sandy, tan		133
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	20	153
Gravel, very fine to fine, and coarse sand	30	183
Gravel, fine to coarse	51.5	234.5

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## B10-49-26bc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pierre shale: Clay, yellow to brown with dark-gray streaks	9.5	244
Shale, blue to black	6	250

#### B10-49-26cc

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 875 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Sand, fine to medium; contains clay; light-brown	_			
Sand, fine to coarse; contains clay; tan		Į		Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:
Sand, fine to coarse; contains clay; tan		33	33	Sand, fine to medium; contains clay; light-brown
Sand, coarse, and very fine to fine gravel, pink to tan		63	30	Sand, fine to coarse; contains clay; tan.
Sand, fine to medium; contains some coarse sand; tan		73	10	Sand, coarse, and very fine to fine grayel, pink to tan
Gravel, fine to medium, and sand; tan		103	30	Sand, fine to medium; contains some coarse sand; tan
Sand, medium to coarse, and very fine gravel		143	40	Gravel, fine to medium, and sand: tan
Sand, fine to coarse, tan		163	20	Sand, medium to coarse, and very fine gravel
Gravel, fine to medium, interbedded with light-tan to buff clay		173		
		189	16	Gravel, fine to medium, interbedded with light-tan to buff clay
Clay, sandy, light-tan to buff		208		Clay, sandy, light-tan to buff
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan		214	6	Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan.
Pierre shale:			1	Pierre shale:
Shale, blue to black		223	9	

## B10-50-16cc

[Sample log of test hole 20 feet east and 20 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,845 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		[
Sand, fine to medium, cemented, very hard	3	3
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	4	7
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan; contains reworked green clay	3	10
Chadron formation:		l
Clay and siltstone, green	23	33
Clay and siltstone, green; contains some very fine to medium grained		1
pink to tan gravel	12.5	45.5
Clay, light-blue	7.5	53

## B10-50-28bd

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 778 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, dark-brown	4	4
Clay, light-tan	4.5	8.5
Sand, medium to coarse, gray to pink to tan	4.5	13
Gravel, fine to medium, light-gray	3.5	16.5
Gravel, medium, pink to tan	8.5	25
Gravel, fine to very fine, and coarse to medium sand, pink to tan	8	33
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	10.7	43.7
Pierre shale:	•	-
Shale, black; contains some fine- to medium-grained, light-brown sand	6.3	50

#### B10-50-29aa

[Sample log of test hole 64 feet west and 356 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,821 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to very fine, light-brown	4	4
Gravel, medium, pink to tan	11.5	15.5
	1	

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## B10-50-29aa-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay	0.8	16.3
Gravel, coarse, pink to tan	3.7	20
Chadron formation: Clay, white to light-gray	4	24
Clay, yellow to brown and mottled pink and blue	13	37
Clay, mottled pink and blue	9 42	46 88
Pierre shale:	]	
Shale, blue to black	5	93

# B10-50-33ab

[Sample log of test hole 500 feet south of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 778 feet]

Plaistagens and Decemb demosits, and differentiated	r	
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, tough, black	2	2
Clay, tan	4	6
Clay, black	2	8
Sand, medium to coarse, and fine gravel, pink to tan	4	12
Clay, interbedded with gravel, gray to tan	4	16
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink-tan to gray	24	40
Sand, very fine to fine, and medium to coarse gravel, tan	1.5	41.5
Gravel, medium, pink to tan	6.5	48
Sand, fine to medium; contains some coarse sand (cemented 48-48.5	1	
feet)	3	51
Pierre shale:		
Shale, black	2	53
Limestone, dark-gray to black	3	56
Shale, sandy, black	4	60

## B10-50-33bd

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surfacealtitude, 3,778 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, medium to coarse, light-brown	3.5	3.5
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	13 (	16.5
Sand, medium to coarse, pink to tan to light-gray	3 <b>.</b> 5	20
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	3	23
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	10	33
Gravel, very fine to medium, pink to tan	17.5	50.5
Clay, silt, and very fine sand, greenish-gray	2.5	53
Chadron formation(?):	•	
Clay, blue,	10	63
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue to black	10	73

# B10-50-33dc

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 782 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:  Sand, fine to medium, brown to pink	3.5 22 10 19.5	4 7.5 29.5 39.5 59 63
Gravel, very coarse, and peobles, pink to tan	4	63

# LOGAN COUNTY, COLO, -Continued

#### B10-50-33dc--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay, sandy, light-gray, interbedded with pink to tan medium gravel	8.5	71.5
Pierre shale: Shale, black	1.5	73

## B11-48-26da

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 645 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay and silt, black	2	1 2
Clay and silt, tan,	2	4
Clay and silt, black	3	7
Clay and silt, light grading to dark-blue	2	9
Clay and silt, black	2	11
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to gray	8	19
Brule formation:		
Clay, silty, tan to light-brown	4	23

## B11-48-36bb

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 648 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay and silt, tough, black	1 4 2	2 3 7 9
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	11.9	20.9
Brule formation: Clay, silty, tan to light-brown	7.1	28

# B11-48-36cc

[Sample log of test hole 375 feet south of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geolgocial Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,650 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, medium, and silt, yellow to brown to black	7	1 7
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to brown	2	9
Clay, silty, blue to gray	4	13
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan to light-gray	5	18
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	15	33
Gravel, fine, and medium to coarse sand, light-brown to pink to tan	6	39
Brule formation:		1
Clay, silty, tan	20	59
Clay, silty, light-gray to green	4	63

## B11-49-34dd

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 721 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, black	2	2
Silt, tan	12	14
Gravel, medium	1	15
Clay, reworked, intermixed with gravel, green to blue	1	16
Chadron formation:		
Clay, green to blue	7	23

APPENDIX B 197

# Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO.

## B1-55-5dc

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil, hard.	7	7
Soil, sandySand, fine	4	11 23
Gravel	5	28 28.5
Clay Gravel	3.5	32
ClayGravel.		36 41
Clay	1	42

## B1-55-6dd

[Sample log of test hole 69 feet north and 16 feet west of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 374 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Sand and clay		18
Clay and sand	8	26
Gravel	33	59
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental	1	60
Shale, blue		65

# B1-55-8cb

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, hard, sandy	7	7
Soil, hard, black		12
Clay	4	16
Soil, sandy, yellow	2	18
Clay	2	20
Sand, fine, yellow	2	22
Gravel and clay	20	42
Gravel, coarse	4	46
Clay	2	48
Gravel, medium	8	56
Clay	.5	56.5
Gravel	4.5	61
Clay	1 1	62
Gravel, coarse	4	66
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	67

# B1-55-9bb

[Sample log of test hole 54 feet east and 22 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 375 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	5	5
Sand	6	11
Clay and sand	7	18
Sand	8	26
Gravel		35

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## B1-55-9bb--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pierre shale: Sandstone	1	36
Shale, fragmental	2	38 40
Shale, blue	4	40

## B1-55-10bb

[Sample log of test hole 110 feet east and 21 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,412 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	1	
Soil, sandy	6	6
Sand		16
Clay		21
Sand		27
Clay		45
Clay and gravel		49
Pierre shale:	!	1
Shale, fragmental	5	54
Shale, blue	6	60
	4	I

## B1-55-11ba

[Sample log of test hole 268 feet east and 25 feet south of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,423 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay	10	15
Sand, fine	4	19
Gravel, sand, and clay	14	33
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental	5	38
Shale, gray	3	41
Shale, blue	4	45

### B1-55-12bb

[Sample log of test hole 188 feet east and 18 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 446 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		1
Soil, sandy	7	7
Sand, fine	7	14
Clay	14	28
Gravel	3	31
Gravel, interbedded with strips of clay		37
Pierre shale:		ľ
Shale, fragmental	2	39
Shale, blue	1	40

# B1-55-17dc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	14	14
Gravel	16	30
Clay	3	33

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO, -Continued

## B1-55-17dc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel; contains strips of clay	15 4	48 52
Pierre shale: Shale	4	56

## B1-55-30cd1

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1937]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	25	25
Gravel, fine, and clay	45	70

## B1-55-31aa

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	25	25
Gravel	13	38
Clay	2	40
Gravel	4	44
Clay	2	46
Gravel	4	50
Clay	2	52
Gravel	4	56
Clay	2	58
Gravel	8	66
Pierre shale:	i	
Shale	1	67
***************************************	1	ı

# B1-55-31ca

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949, Surface altitude, 4, 438.4 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil.	24	24
Gravel	12	36
Gravel, coarse	4	40
Clay	1	41
Gravel, coarse	8	49
Gravel and silt.	2	51
Clay	.5	51.5
Gravel	3.5	55
Clay	1	56
Gravel	2	58
Gravel, coarse	4	62
Clay	2	64
~14 y c		

## B1-55-31dc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1925]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		l
Soil	14	14
Gravel, fine to medium	15	29
Clay		30

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

# B1-55-31dc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Gravel	15 10	45 55
Clay, hard	4	59

#### B1-56-1ac

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1930. Surface altitude, 4,368.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	24	24
Gravel and fine sand	12	36
Gravel and clay	3	39
Gravel	3	42
Clay and gravel:	6	48
Sand, fine, and clay	3	51
Gravel and sand	3	54
Clay and gravel	3	57
Gravel and streaks of sand.	6	63
Gravel, fine	5	68

## B1-56-1dc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works. Surface altitude, 4, 375 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	14	14
Gravel	6	20
Clay	10	30
Gravel	7	37
Clay	2	39
Gravel	3	42
Clay		60
Gravel	9	69
Clay	ĭ	70
Pierre shale:	1	,,,
Shale	1	71

# B1-56-1dd

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,373.6 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	27	27
Gravel		38
Gravel, coarse	6	44
Clay	1	45
Gravel	1 .	46
Clay	6	52
Gravel, medium	12	64
Clay		66
	1	

## B1-56-2dd

[Sample log of test hole 195 feet west and 29 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for]
U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 370 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	7	7

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B1-56-2dd-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Sand	10	17
Clay	13	30
Gravel	24	54
Gravel and clay	3	57
Gravel	14	71
Shale, fragmental	4	75
Shale, blue	5	80

#### B1-56-3dd

[Sample log of test hole 590 feet west and 21 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 363 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	10	10
Clay	11	21
Clay and fine sand	8	29
Gravel, fine, and clay	8	37
Gravel and sand.	6	43
Gravel	8	51
Clay and strips of gravel.	6	57
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue	3	60
	1	ı

## B1-56-4dc

[Sample log of test hole 76 feet east and 17 feet north of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,388 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	6	6
Sand	15	21
Sand; contains some clay	7	28
Clay	14	42
Sand	1	43
Clay	8	51
Clay; contains trace of gravel	17	68
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental, yellow	6	74
Shale, fragmental, gray	2	76
Shale, blue	4	80
•		

# B1-56-8bb

[Sample log of test hole 43 feet south and 27 feet east of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,463 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	_	_
Soil, sandy		7
Sand and clay	12	19
Clay	16	35
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental	23	58
Sandstone(?)	1	59
Shale, yellow	30	89
Shale, gray	3	92
Shale, blue	8	100

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## B1-56-11ab

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Woberman, 1935. Surface altitude, 4, 379 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	4	4
Sand and gravel	24	28
Gravel		56
Pierre shale: Shale	1	57

# B1-56-12dd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1939. Surface altitude, 4,387 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	15	15
Clay	23	38
Gravel	2	40
Clay	7	47
Gravel	1	48
Clay	2	50
Gravel	6	56
Clay	1	57
Gravel	9	66
Sand, cemented	. 1	67

## B1-56-13ad

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1936. Surface altitude, 4, 394.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	25	25
Gravel	6	31
Clay	1	32
Gravel	<u>ā</u>	35
Clay	2	37
Gravel	5	42
Clay	4	46
Gravel	5	51
Clay	1	52
Gravel	4	56
Clay	5	61
Gravel	3	64
Pierre shale:	- 1	
Shale	1	65

# B1-56-31a

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1936]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	28	28
Gravel		33
Clay, blue		40
Gravel	4	44
Clay		49
Gravel		51
Clay		53
Clay and gravel	4	57
Gravel		60

APPENDIX B 203

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-56-31a--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay and gravel.	4	64
Pierre shale: Shale	1	65

# B1-57-4bb

[Driller's log of domestic and stock well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,432.2 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	20	20
Sand and clay	18	38
Gravel	22	60

#### B1-57-4cc

[Sample log of test hole 22 feet east and 30 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,453 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	6	6
Sand	10	16
Clay	3	19
Clay and sand	12	31
Clay	19	50
Clay; contains trace of gravel	4	54
Gravel	3	57
Pierre shale:	-	
Shale, blue	8	65

## B1-57-11aa

[Sample log of test hole 10 feet south and 10 feet west of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,535 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	8	8
Clay	1	9
Sand and clay	15	24
Clay	15	39
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental, yellow	19	58
Shale, blue	7	65

## B1-57-15cc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	62	62
Gravel	4	66
Gravel and clay	12	78
Pierre shale:	į	
Shale	2	80
	_	1

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-58-1dd

[Sample log of test hole 40 feet north and 20 feet west of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,500 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		İ
Soil	4	4
Sand and clay	13	17
Clay		49
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental	1 7	56
Shale, gray	1 3	59
Sandstone	i	60
Shale, gray and yellow	12	72
Shale, blue	8	80

## B1-58-2cc

[Sample log of test hole 12 feet east and 55 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,604 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil.	6	6
Loam, heavy	8	14
Clay	15	29
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental	19	48
Shale, fragmental; contains gypsum	3	51
Shale, gray	25	76
Shale, blue	4	80

## B1-58-4cc

[Sample log of test hole 22 feet east and 40 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,638 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay and sand	4	8
Clay, black	5	13
Sand	3	16
Sand and clay	. 3	19
Sand	10	29
Sand and clav	3	32
Gravel, sand, and clay balls	7	39
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue	11	50

# B1-58-9cc

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,653.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	4 15 9	5 9 24 33 38
Pierre shale; Shale	2	40

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### B1-58-18ca

[Driller's log of seismograph shot hole drilled by Carter Oil Co., 1949. Surface altitude, 4,774 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand		30
Clay, sandy	j	70
Shale	20	90

## B1-58-29cc

[Driller's log of seismograph shot hole drilled by Carter Oil Co., 1949. Surface altitude, 4,693 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay, sandy	30	30
Sand and gravel	8	38
Pierre shale: Shale		80
~*************************************	42	, 30

#### B1-58-30cc

[Driller's log of seismograph shot hole drilled by Carter Oil Co., 1949. Surface altitude, 4, 754 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay, sandy	25	25
Clay Pierre shale:	40	65
Shale	15	80

# B1-59-1dd

[Sample log of test hole 32 feet west and 22 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,745 feet]

6	6
10	16
22	38
6	44
3	47
_	
30	77
10	87
13	100
	6 3 30 10

#### B1-59-4cc

[Sample log of test hole 620 feet east and 24 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,663 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Sand	14	19
Sand and clay	5	24
Clay	9	33
Clay and sand	31	64

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

# B1-59-4cc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel.	3	67
Gravel, cemented Gravel and cobbles	2	69 99
Sand, cemented		100
Pierre shale: Shale, blue	5	105

## B1-59-5cc

[Sample log of test hole 135 feet east and 17 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 675 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	6	6
Sand	6	12
Clay and sand	8	20
Gravel	11	31
Sand and clay	7	38
Gravel, sand, and clay	3	41
Clay and fine sand	l š	44
Clay, blue	15	59
Clay and some sand	8	67
Gravel and fine sand	7	74
Clay and sand,	15	89
Gravel, sand, and some clay	12	101
Gravel, fine	13	114
Gravel	1 4	123
Pierre shale:	١	120
	3	126
Shale, yellow	3	135
Shale, blue	9	130

## B1-59-6cb

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 687.0 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		_
Soil	2	2
Sand	23	25
Gravel and sand	13	38
Gravel	10	48
Clay	11	59
Gravel, sand, and clay	81	67
Gravel and sand	9	76
Gravel and clay	4	80
Gravel	30	110
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale	6	116

## B1-59-7bc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,697.6 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;	5	5
Soil, sandy	10	15
SandSand, coarse,		35 42
Sand	18	60 72
Clay and sand	12	72

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B1-59-7bc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel and clay	11	83
Gravel	17	100
Gravel, iron-stained	14	114
Pierre shale: Shale	6	120

#### B1-59-7cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,698 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	8	8
Clay	8	16
Sand	4	20
Clay and strips of sand	50	70
Clay and gravel	10	80
Gravel, fine	8	88
Gravel and sand	24	112
Pierre shale:		
Shale	3	115

# B1-59-8ca

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947]

Soil			Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentaited:
Gravel.       13         Gravel and sand.       8         Clay and gravel       19         Gravel.       3         Clay, black, and gravel       28         Gravel and clay       15         Clay.       6         Clay and gravel       24	6	6	Soil
Gravel       13         Gravel and sand       8         Clay and gravel       19         Gravel       3         Clay, black, and gravel       28         Gravel and clay       15         Clay       6         Clay and gravel       24	11	5	Clay, black.
Clay and gravel       19         Gravel       3         Clay, black, and gravel       28         Gravel and clay       15         Clay       6         Clay and gravel       24	24	13	Gravel.
Clay and gravel       19         Gravel       3         Clay, black, and gravel       28         Gravel and clay       15         Clay       6         Clay and gravel       24	32	8	Gravel and sand
Gravel       3         Clay, black, and gravel       28         Gravel and clay       15         Clay       6         Clay and gravel       24	51	19	
Clay, black, and gravel       28         Gravel and clay       15         Clay       6         Clay and gravel       24	54	3	
Gravel and clay       15         Clay       6         Clay and gravel       24	82	28	
Clay	97	15	
Clayand gravel	103	-6	
	127	24	Clay and gravel
Gravel	129	2	Gravel
Clay and sand	132	3	

# B1-59-10aa

[Sample log of test hole 18 feet west and 55 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,771 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	6	6
Sand and clay	7	13
Clay	51	64
Clay and sand		68
Gravel and clay	2	70
Gravel	6	76
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale, yellow	18	94
Shale, sandy, blue	6	<b>10</b> 0

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B1-59-17bd

## [Driller's log of test hole]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Soil	1 10	20 21 31 32 99 101

## B1-59-18cc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,708 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	8	8
Clay.	6	14
Sand	16	30
Clay and sand	12	42
Sand, fine	15	57
Clay and fine sand	13	70
Gravel, fine	10	80
Clay	3	83
Sand, fine	10	93
Gravel, fine	7	100
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale	100	200

## B1-59-19dd

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,721.9 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	
Soil	7
Clay4	11
Sand. 2	13
Gravel 34	47
Clay	48
Gravel 4	52
Sand. 18	70
Clay8	78
Grayel 21	99
Pierre shale:	
Clay 1	100
Shale,	102

## B1-59-20cc

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,715.2 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
SoilClay		11
Sand	2	13
Gravel		47
Gravel		52

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B1-59-20cc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand.	18	70
Clay	8	78
GravelClay		99 100

# B1-59-21a

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled in 1935]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	12	12
Sand	25	37
Clay, soft	2	39
Sand	$2\overline{1}$	60
Clay		95
Sand	š	98
Sand and clay, cemented	7	105
Sand	i	106
Clay, blue	3	109
Clay, yellow	4	113
Gravel	$\hat{4}$	117
Pierre shale:	7	111
Shale,	2	119

# B1-59-30ba

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,726.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand and clay	8	12
Sand and gravel	9	21
Sand, gravel, and clay	85	106
Gravel	10	116
Pierre shale:		
Shale	24	140

## B1-59-32

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1930]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	l	
Soil	6	6
Sand	40	46
Clay	4	50
Sand, fine	1	51
Clay	11	62
Sand, fine	8	70
Clay	10	80
Clay and gravel	7 (	87
Gravel	7	94
Clay, blue	6	100

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-60-1da

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1948]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Soil.	9	9
GravelClay, blue		38 49
Gravel and sand		57
Gravel and clayGravel	5 49	62 111
Pierre shale: Shale	1	112

#### B1-60-2cc

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1935. Surface altitude, 4, 700.6 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil.	12	12
Sand, dirty		25
Clay		27
Sand		35
Gravel		50
Clay		54
Sand and silt	4	58
Sand.	12	70
Gravel	2	72
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale	8	80

#### B1-60-3dd

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 4,701 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	1	1
Gumbo,	5	6
Sand and clay	11	17
Gravel, sand, and clay	11	28
Gravel	6	34
Gravel and clay	10	44
Gravel, sand, and clay	10	54
Gravel, sand, and silt	7	61
Gravel, coarse, and silt	7	68
Fox Hills sandstone:	1	
Shale	6	74

### B1-60-4a

### [Driller's log of stock well drilled in 1920]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	54	6 60 90
Fox Hills sandstone: Shale; contains clam and snail shells		300

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-60-4dd

[Sample log of test hole 85 feet west and 21 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,793 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	_	
Soil	5	5
Clay	16	21
Laramie formation:		
Shale, light-blue	5	26
Shale, yellow and gray	7	33
Fox Hills sandstone:	1	ĺ
Oyster shells	8	41
Shale, gray		51
Sandstone, brown	27	78
Shale, gray	7	85

#### B1-60-6dd

[Sample log of test hole 55 feet west and 23 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 753 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	_	
Soil		5
Clay and sand	30	35
Clay and gravel	2	37
Gravel	2	39
Clay		47
Clay, gravel, and sand.	11	58
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Sand and sandstone	6	64
Shale	6	70

#### B1-60-8aa

[Sample log of test hole 40 feet west and 26 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,710 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay and sand	30	30
Fox Hills sandstone:	-	
Oyster shells	5	35
Shale, blue	5	40

#### B1-60-11aa

[Sample log of test hole 538 feet west and 95 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 693 feet]

D1.:		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil		-4
Gravel and sand		50
Clay and sand		56
Clay and gravel	7	63
Gravel, coarse, and sand and clay	25	88
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue	7	95

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B1-60-11ad

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,700.6 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay		9
Gravel and sand	12	21
Gravel, sand, and clay	18	39
Gravel	16	55
Gravel and coarse sand	17	72
Gravel	. 8	80
Clay and fine sand	10	90
Gravel and some clay	. 4	94
Gravel and cobbles	12	106
Pierre shale:		
Shale	7	113

#### B1-60-11cd

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1945. Surface altitude, 4,709.7 feet]

leistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	1	
Soil	10	10
Sand	8	1
Clay	3 1	2
Sand	7	2
Clay	4	3
Sand	18	5
Gravel	35	8
Sandstone(?)	2	8
Gravel	3	90

#### B1-60-12bc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1943. Surface altitude, 4, 706.9 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		T
Soil	5	5
Sand		65
Gravel, coarse		79
Sand, cobbles, and clay		80
Sand and clay	15	95
Sand, gravel, and cobbles	17	112
Pierre shale:		1
Shale	8	120

### B1-60-13bc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,721 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Sand	9	14
Clay	1	15
Sand	15	30
Gravel	10	40
Clay and sand	27	67
Gravel	13	80
Clay and sand	10	90
Gravel	10	100

213

# Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-60-13bc -- Continued

	Depth (feet)
4	104
13	117
5	122 134

#### B1-60-13cd

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4, 723.5 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		_
Soil	3	1 3
Sand and silt	37	40
Sand and clay	16	56
Gravel and sand	8	64
Sand and clay	28	92
Gravel and clay	6	98
Gravel	20	118
Pierre shale:		
Shale	2	120

#### B1-60-15cc

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	14	14
Sand, coarse	26	40
Sand, fine	10	50
Gravel, corase, and sand	39	89
Conglomerate(?).	13	102
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale	38	140

### B1-60-22dc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1945. Surface altitude, 4,741.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		ĺ
Soil	2	2
Soil, heavy		12
Sand and gravel	8	20
Sand, fine	25	45
Sand, fine, and silt	15	60
Sand	12	72
Gravel; contains carbonaceous material.	8	80
Clay, gravel, and sand	10	90
Fox Hills sandstone:		j
Shale	1	91

#### B1-60-23cc

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1938. Surface altitude, 4,744.0 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
5and,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1 12	16
Clay	2	18

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B1-60-23cc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, fine	7	25
Sand, coarse	15	40
Clay		60 75
Sand, silt, and carbonaceous wood	3	78 90
Gravel and cobbles.		95
Fox Hills sandstone: Shale	5	100

#### B1-60-27db

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,760.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Soil	4	4
Sand	6	10
Sand and gravel		36
Clay and fine sand		49
Clay and coarse dirty sand	12	61
Gravel, coarse	15	76
Gravel, coarse, and some clay		79
Sand, coarse, and some clay		84
Gravel		95
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale	20	115

#### B1-60-27dc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1943. Surface altitude, 4,763.4 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		}
Soil	4	4
Sand and silt		12
Clay		15
Sand and silt		32
Clay, sandy	42	74
Sand and silt	4	78
Clay	6	84
Sand and silt		98

#### B1-60-28dc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,768.5 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	2	2
Clay	12 13	14 27
Sand and gravelGravel	33	60
Sand and coalGravel	15	65 80

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-60-33ac

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 4,772.4 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	15	15
Sand	5	20
Gravel, fineGravel		40 60
Gravel: contains fine sand and silt,		70
Gravel	19	89

#### B1-60-33bd

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	4	4
Clay	9	13
Sand	17	30
Gravel	50	80
Laramie formation: Shale	10	90

#### B1-60-33dc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1944. Surface altitude, 4,787.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		Γ
Soil	7	7
Sand, blue		10
Sand, blue, and clay	8	18
Clay and sand	19	37
Gravel, fine	11	48
Clay, blue, and gravel	22	70
Sand, blue		76
Gravel	24	100

#### B1-60-34cd

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfild Drilling Co., 1940]

Soil	Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Sand, fine     10     20       Sand     10     30	Soil	7	7
Sand	Sand	3	10
Sand			20
			30
Graver	Gravel		37
Clay: contains strips of sand. 23 60			60
Sand. fine. 5 65			65
Gravel 20 85	Gravel	20	85
Gravel and silt 10 95	Gravel and silt.	10	95
Fox Hills sandstone:	Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale	Shale	5	100

#### B1-60-35

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Hoyt, 1936]

DI 1		į.
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4.1	4
Soil		

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-60-35-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued	32	36
Clay Sand and gravel	2	38 43
Clay Gravel	26	69 100

#### B2-55-3ab

### [Driller's log of stock well drilled in 1916. Surface altitude, 4,475 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		l
Soil	3	3
Clay	5	8
Sand	17	25
Caliche	2	27
Clay, yellow	3	30
Gravel	15	45

#### B2-55-6dc

### [Sample log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1948. Surface altitude, 4, 378 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine and very fine, and silt	28	28
Pierre shale:		
Clay, massive, tan to green	13	41
Shale, silty, tan to brown to blue	9	50

#### B2-55-8db

### [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Adams Well Works, 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	5	5
Sand, fine, white	3	8
Clay, soft	1	9
Sand, yellow	10	19
Sand, fine, dirty	4	23
Clay	13.5	36.5

#### B2-55-11cd

### [Driller's log of domestic well drilled in 1915. Surface altitude, 4, 500 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Clay	5	8
Sand	17	25
Caliche	2	27
Clay, yellow.	2	29
Gravel	16	45

#### B2-55-12

### [Driller's log of stock well drilled in 1918]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	İ	l
Soil	3	3

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-55-12-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, fine to medium	11	14
Sand, coarse	16	30 45

#### B2-55-16

### [Driller's log of stock well drilled in 1918]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		_
Soil	3	3
Clay		8
Sand		25
Caliche		26
Clay, yellow		29
Gravel		45
		L

#### B2-55-18ac

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	17	17
Gravel, coarse	14	31
Clay	2	33
Gravel, coarse	13	46
•	l	

#### B2-55-19db

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Adams Well Works, 1943. Surface altitude, 4,334.0 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		1
Gumbo and clay	4	4
Clay and gravel	3	7
Gravel and layers of clay	28	35

### B2-55-21ba

### [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 270 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand and clay	18	18
ClayClay and fine sand	8	26 31
Clay and gravel	4	35
Shale, fragmental	9 2	44 46

### В2-55-24ы

### [Driller's log of domestic well drilled in 1916. Surface altitude, 4,505 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Sand, white	17	20
Clay, yellow	11	31
Sand, coarse	14	45

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### B2-55-24bb-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue	5	50
Shale,	70	120

#### B2-55-30bc3

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1929. Surface altitude, 4, 343.4 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil.	17	17
Sand, fine	8	25 39
Clay Gravel	4	43 57.5
U10.7 C1 00000000000000000000000000000000000	11,0	

#### B2-55-31ca

#### [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Adams Well Works, 1948]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, gravel, and clay	69	69

#### B2-56-1dd

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled in 1930. Surface altitude, 4,297.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	10	10
Sand, fine	3	13
Gravel	43	56

#### B2-56-2bb

### [Sample log of testhole drilled for Town of Brush, 1949. Surface altitude, 4, 294 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, medium and coarse, tan	30	30
Gravel, medium and fine, and some cobbles, pink to tan	5	35
Clay, tough, mottled black and tan		45
Silt, some fine sand, gray and tan		51
Clay, tough, tan		51.5
Gravel, medium, pink	16.5	68
Silt, clay, and fine sand, yellow to tan	4 2	72
Silt and fine sand, light-tan	2	74
Pierre shale:		
Shale, tough, sandy, black	2	76

#### B2-56-6cc

#### [Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,456 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, very fine, well-sorted, calcareous, tan	43	43
Clay; contains fine sand; plastic, calcareous, mottled yellow to gray		47
Pierre shale:		1
Siltstone, indurated, calcareous, brown	3	50
Sandstone, fine, indurated, calcareous, tan to gray		52
Shale, sandy, calcareous, yellow; contains gypsum in lower part		88
Shale, laminated, firm, blue		90

219

APPENDIX B Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—— Continued

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-56-10ab

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,304 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, silty, fine to medium, tan to gray	26	26
Clay, sandy, plastic, tan to brown		36
Gravel, coarse to fine; contains fine sand; tan to brown	52	88
Clay, calcareous, orange to tan	4	92
Pierre shale:	1	
Shale, laminated, firm, blue to gray; contains fine sand	3	95

#### B2-56-11dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works. Surface altitude, 4,310 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	8	8
Soil and fine sand	4	12
Sand, fine	6	18
Clay, tough	12	30
Clay, blue	ī	31
Gravel, coarse	î	32
Gravel, rusty	7	39
Clay	,	41
Gravel, coarse, clean	13	54
	10	55
Clay	1	
Gravel, medium	4	59
Clay	1	60
Gravel, coarse	6	66
Clay	1	67

#### B2-56-12bb

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,303.4 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, black	10	10
Clay and fine sand	14	24
Clay and silt	5	29
Gravel	9	38
Clay	4.5	42.5
Gravel	12.5	55
Clay	1	56
Gravel	5	61
Clay	4	65
Clay and silt, blue	3	68
Sand, fine,	6	74
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	75

#### B2-56-12cd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1941. Surface altitude, 4,308.4 feet]

Soil, yellow	Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil.	5	5
	Soil, yellow	5	10
	Gravel and silt	3	16
	ClayGravel and silt.	2 9	18 27

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-56-12cd-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Gravel, coarse, and silt	5	32
Gravel, medium	1 7	39
Gravel and silt		41
Gravel, coarse		47
Gravel and silt	1 3	50
Clay, tough	l i	51
Gravel	11	62

#### B2-56-13bb

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1943. Surface altitude, 4,320 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		1
Soil, black	4	4
Soil, light	4	8
Soil, black	5	13
Soil, sandy	4	17
Sand, fine	5	22
Sand	15	37
Gravel, coarse	10	47
Clay, yellow	Ťi	48
Sand, fine	ñ	54
Gravel, coarse	ĕ	60
Clay	ĭ	61
Clay	5	66
Gravel and clay	1	67
Clay, tough	1	71
	4	( '*
Clay	1	72

#### B2-56-18

#### [Driller's log of stock well drilled in 1912]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		[
Soil	4	4
Clay, yellow	10	14
Gravel	31	45

#### B2-56-24ca1

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4, 329,4 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	15	15
Sand	15	30
Clay	6	36
Gravel	1	37
Clay,	1	38
Gravel	12	50
Clay	2	52
Gravel	8	60
Pierre shale:	_	
Shale, weathered	2	62
Shale	1	63

APPENDIX B 221

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-56-24dd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Woberman, 1933. Surface altitude, 4,331.5 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil.	12	12
Gravel, fine; contains thin strips of clay		63

#### B2-57-5bc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude 4,360 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Sand, fine	24	30
Sand, medium	1 8	38
Clay and strips of sand	12	50
Sand	5	55
Clay	7	62
Sand	i á l	65
Gravel	9	74
Clay	l il	75
Gravel	2	77
Clay	2	79
Clay and strips of gravel	11	90
Gravel	5	95
Clay	1 1	96
Carral	6	102
Gravel	l °	102
Pierre shale:	6	100
Shale	6	108

#### B2-57-6ba

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4, 360 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil.	10	10
Sand	4	14
Clay	4	18
Clay and strips of sand	22	40
Sand	15	55
Clay	4	59
Sand	3	62
Sand and silt	33	95
Clay and sand	6	101
Clay	3	104
Gravel	īl	105
Clay	īl	106
Gravel	12	118

### B2-57-6dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4, 370.9 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	4	4
Sand		20
Clay		50
Sand, interbedded with clay	4	54
Gravel and fine sand	4	58
Clay		61
Gravel	15	76
	, ,	

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-57-6dc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay	2	78
Gravel	. 17	95
ClayGravel	1 14	96 110

#### B2-57-7ba

## [Driller's log of domestic well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4, 377 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	7	7
Clay	8	15
Sand and clay	37	52
Gravel, coarse	11	63
Gravel and clay balls	12	75
Gravel, coarse	22	97
Pierre shale:		
Shale	3	100

#### B2-57-8cc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1939. Surface altitude, 4, 382.1feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand	3	7
Clay	2	9
Sand	11	20
Clay	15	35
Sand, fine	4	39
Clay	1 1	40
Cond	2	42
Sand	10	52
Clay		70
Gravel		
Clay	2	72
Gravel	6	78
Clay	2	80
Gravel	15	95
Clay	2	97
Gravel	8	105
Pierre shale:	. ŭ	_00
Shale	3	108
JIMITE	ı °	100

### B2-57-20bd

### [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,400 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	13	13
Sand, fine		19
Clay		21
Sand, fine	24	45
Clay	3	48
Clay and gravel	4	52
Gravel, coarse	18	70
Clay	4	74
Sand	2	76
Gravel		86
		1

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River

# valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued MORGAN COUNTY, COLO.—Continued

#### B2-57-20bd-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		00
Clay	3	89 90
Clay	2	92

#### B2-57-20dc

### [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Adams Well Works, 1948]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	6	
Soil	8	14
Sand	0	
Clay	3	17
Sand	•5	17.5
Clay	.5	18
Silt, yellow		19
Clay	2	21
Clay, sandy, yellow	13	34
Clay	13	47
Gravel, coarse	3	50
Clay	1	51
Gravel	11	62
Gravel, silty		66
Gravel	4	70
Cobbles	8	78
Gravel, cemented	.5	78.5
Gravel	2.5	81

#### В2-57-28ь

### [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Mr. Callon, 1926]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	12	12
SandClay	30	42 44
Sand Clay	10	54 55
Gravel	$\hat{7}$	62

#### B2-57-29ac

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947, Surface altitude, 4,415.6 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, tough.	14	14
Sand	2	16
Clay	33	49
Gravel	14	63
Gravel and clay	9	72
Sand, fine, and gravel		78
Clay and gravel		81
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental.	4	85
Shale, blue	2	87

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-57-29dd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drillling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,421 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Sand		14
Sand and clay		34
Clay	11	45
Gravel	- 9	54
Clay and gravel	3	57
Gravel	13	70
Sand and rock(?)		71
Pierre shale:	_	'-
Clay (weathered shale)	3	74
Shale	ĭ	75

#### В2-57-30Ъ

#### [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Mr. Callon, 1926]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand,	1	23 24 28
Pierre shale: Shale		30

#### B2-57-30c

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Callon, 1926]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	2	2
Sand	22	24
Clay	2	26

#### B2-57-32ca

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1944. Surface altitude, 4,426.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Clay	17	19
Sand, fine		25
Clay	12	37
Clay and some gravel	-6	43
Gravel and silt	2	45
Clay	6	51
Gravel and silt.	8	59
Pierre shale:	-	
Shale, fragmental	5	64
Shale	i	65
	_	

### B2-58-6bd

### [Driller's log of domestic well drilled in 1930]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand	8	12

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-58-6bd--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, coarse	28	40
Gravel, coarse	10	50

#### B2-58-16b

### [Driller's log of stock well drilled in 1922]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay	19	23
Sand	17	40
Clay and fine sand	15	55
Sand	20	75
Gravel		78
Clay		79

#### B2-58-21d

### [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Mr. Clark, 1914]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Sand, fine	14	20
Sand, coarse	10	30
Gravel	15	45

#### B2-58-34cc1

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	5	5 52
Clay Pierre shale: Shale		60

### B2-59-1ab

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1947]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy, yellow	8	8
Soil, sandy, black	4	12
Sand, fine	3	15
Clay	2.5	17.5
Sand, fine	2.5	20
Clay	49	69
Sand, fine	1	70
Gravel and silt	4	74
Gravel, coarse	4	78
Gravel, very coarse	7	85
Clay	.5	85.5
Gravel, medium to coarse	1.5	87
Pierre shale:	•	
Shale	1	88

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-59-1ad

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1948]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, hard, sandy	5	5
Sand, fine		8
Clay	3	11
Sand, fine	3	14
Clay, tough		17
Clay	3	20
Sand, fine	5	25
Sand, fine, and silt	23	48
Clay and fine sand	7	55
Gravel, coarse	3	<b>5</b> 8
Gravel, medium	4	62
Gravel, coarse	4	66
Clay, tough	2	68
Sand, fine, and silt	2	70
Gravel, medium	1	71
Gravel, coarse	7	78
Pierre shale:		l
Shale,	1	79

#### B2-59-1d

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled in 1934]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	16	16
Clay	3	19 20
Sand, coarse	39	<b>5</b> 9
ClayGravel	6 7	65 72
Clay	3	75

#### B2-59-5dc

[Sample log of test hole 20 feet east and 30 feet north of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,588 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		İ
Sand, coarse to fine, brown.	5	5
Sand, medium, and fine gravel; tan to gray	20	25
Sand, fine to medium, tan to brown	5	30
Clay, plastic, calcareous, tan to yellow	45	75
Silt: contains fine sand; yellow to brown	9	84
Sand, fine, well-sorted, calcareous	11	95
Gravel, coarse to fine; contains coarse to medium sand, calcareous; tan		
to gray	14	109
Sand, fine to coarse, slightly calcareous; contains some clay; brown,	4	113
Gravel, fine to coarse; contains coarse to medium sand; pink to tan,		122
Pierre shale:		
Shale, compact, yellow to brown	8	130
Shale, laminar, soft, blue to gray	3	133
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#### B2-59-6bd

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	0 1	· ·

### APPENDIX B

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-59-6bd-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued	15	
SandGravel and sand	15 25	20 45
Sand and clay stripsGravel and sand	16 20	61 81
Sand and carbonaceous material	8	89
ClayGravel and sand	16 9	105 114
Gravel	5 11	119 130
Clay	2	132
Gravel	12	144

B2-59-7bc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,616 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand		12
Sand and gravel	17	29
Gravel and clay	15	44
Clay, fine sand, and silt	30	74
Clay and coarse sand	5	79
Gravel, silt, sand, and clay	10	89
Clay	<b>i</b> 6	95
Gravel, sand, and clay	14	109
Clay	4	113
Clay and coarse sand	3	116
Clay	21	137
Gravel, sand, and silt	4	141
Gravel	16	157
Pierre shale:	_~	
Shale	10	167

#### B2-59-7da

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Clay	12	14
Sand, fine	3	17
Sand	6	23
Clay	12	35
Gravel	9	44
Clay	2	46
Gravel	20	66
Gravel, coarse	6	72
Clay	5	77
Sand	13	90
Gravel	5	95
Clay	3	98
Rock(?)	1	99
Clay		125
Sand	7	132
Gravel, coarse	10	142
ATA ACT CATACONS 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 40	10	172

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-59-7dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1937. Surface altitude, 4,608 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Disistence and Descent demosits, and ifferentiated		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	2	2
Soil	10	12
ClaySand		19
Clay		20
Sand and silt.	10	30
Sand, coarse	42	72
Sand, fine	20	92
Gravel and sand	6	98
Gravel	2	100
Clay and gravel	32	132
Pierre shale:		
Shale	13	145

#### B2-59-9aa

[Sample log of test hole 30 feet west of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,608 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium, tan to brown	43	43
Sand, fine, and clay; yellow to tan	18	61
Gravel, medium to coarse; contains sand, medium and coarse; tan to brown.	12	73
Clay, plastic; contains silt, yellow to brown	22	95
Pierre shale:		
Shale, laminar, soft, blue to gray	5	100

#### B2-59-12aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surfacealtitude, 4,495 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Silt, semiplastic, brown	9	9
Clay; contains silt, calcareous; tan to brown	10	19
Sand; contains silt and clay; tan to brown	8	27
Sand, fine to medium, tan	5	32
Clay; contains silt, plastic; gray to tan	35	67
Gravel, coarse to medium; contains coarse sand; tan to brown	9	76
Clay, tan to gray		82
Pierre shale:		
Shale, laminar, blue to gray	8	90

#### B2-59-17bd

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Clay	14	20
Sand	2	22
Clay	8	30
Sand and silt	8	38
Clay	7	45
Sand	7	52
Clay, sandy	68	120
Gravel	8	128
Pierre shale:	-	
Shale	7	135

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B2-59-18bc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Harshman, 1940. Surface altitude, 4,619.2 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	37 26 6 18 1	15 52 78 84 102 103

#### B2-59-19bd

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,634 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	12	12
Clay		14
Sand, fine		16
Clay		17
Sand, fine to coarse		60
Clay		62
Sand, fine		70
Sand		72
Sandstone boulders		93
Sand		97
Sand, coarse	1 4	101
Pierre shale	1	101
Shale	1	102

#### B2-59-20cd

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 4,640.5 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand and clay	25	29
Clay and gravel	9	38
Clay and fine sand	13	51
Gravel, fine, and clay	12	63
Clay and sand	8	71
Clay	6	77
Sand	10	87
Clay	3	90
Gravel and rocks	16	106
Gravel, cemented	1	107
Gravel	2	109
Gravel, cemented	2	111
Gravel	2	113
Rock	1	114
Pierre shale:	-	114
		110
Shale, fragmental	2	116
Shale	9	125

### B2-59-20db

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	11	11

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B2-59-20db-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay	9 2 4 12 3 1 6 8 7	20 22 26 30 42 45 46 52 60 67 80 85 96 108
Gravel, cemented	4	112

#### B2-59-21cc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Sand and silt	18	20
Sand, fine	15	35
Clay	20	55
Clay and gravel	18	73
Clay and strips of sand	17	90
Sand	6	96
Gravel	12	108
Sand and gravel, cemented	2	110
Gravel	$\bar{2}$	112
Sand and gravel, cemented	ī	113
Gravel	14	127
Pierre shale:		
Shale	3	130

### B2-59-29bc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,649.1 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand	14	18
Gravel	27	45
Clay	2	47
Gravel and clay	2	49
Sand	5	54
Clay	9	56
Gravel, fine	17	73
Sand and clay	19	92
Gravel	1	98
Clay	12	110
Sand	18	128
Odillassessessessessessessessessessessessesse		134
Gravel and silt	0	134
Gravel and sand, cemented	2	130
Pierre shale:	-,	
Shale	7	143

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B2-59-29dd

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Sand, silty	6	11
Clay	5	16
Sand and gravel; contains silt	16	32
Sand, fine, and clay	9	41
Sand and strips of clay	18	59
Sand	5	64
Sand, silt, and clay	7	71
Clay	13	84
Clay and sand	10	94
Gravel	7	101
Gravel and sand, cemented	4	105

#### B2-59-30dc

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1944. Surface altitude, 4,658.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	7	7
Sand	7	14
Clay	5	19
Sand	16	35
Sand, coarse	8	43
Gravel and silt	12	55
Gravel, medium	30	85
Gravel, coarse	5	90
Clay, yellow	6	96
Gravel and fine sand	14	110
Sand, fine	4	114
Gravel, coarse	16	130
Gravel and cemented sand and gravel	7	137
Clay	1	138
Pierre shale:		
Shale	2	140

#### **B**2-59-31dc

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4, 673 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Gravel and silt	22	28
Gravel	11	39
Clay and gravel	20	59
Sand and clay	5	64
Sand	4	68
Clay and sand	22	90
Boulders, sandstone	10	100
Clay and gravel	12	112
Gravel	8	120
Gravel and silt	6	126
Gravel	13	139
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	140

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO, -- Continued

#### B2-59-32cc1

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,669.7 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Sand, clay, and silt	2	8
Clay	2	10
Sand and strips of clay; contains silt	13	23
Sand and strips of clay	14	37
Clay	5	42
Sand and strips of clay; contains silt	26	68
Sand, coarse	4	72
Sand and strips of clay	53	125
Gravel	5	130
Gravel, coarse		138
Pierre shale:	•	l
Shale, weathered	1	139
Shale, blue	.5	139.5

#### B2-60-1bd1

[Driller's log of imigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1945. Surface altitude, 4,603.4 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		1
Soil	6	6
Sand, coarse		35
Clay and sand		47
Clay and strips of sand	28	75
Sand and clay balls(?)	10	85
Sand, compact, and clay	25	110
Clay and sand	5	115
Gravel and clay	l š	118
Clay	20	138
Gravel, coarse, clean	10	148
Clay	l 4	152
Gravel, coarse, clean	20	172

#### B2-60-1dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,610.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Clay	2	5
Sand	24	29
Sand, fine	26	55
Clay and sand	13	68
Gravel, dirty	4	72
Sand and clay	6	78
Gravel and sand	13	91
Sand	4	95
Gravel, fine	5	100
Sand, fine	14	114
Gravel	27	141
Gravel and strips of clay	6	147
Gravel and rocks	21	168
Pierre shale:		
Shale	2	170

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-60-2dd

[Sample log of test hole 154 feet west and 14 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,609 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil,	4	4
Sand and clay	7	11
Sand	16	27
Clay	15	42
Clay and sand	11	53
Gravel, sand, and clay	10	63
Gravel and sand	12	75
Gravel, sand, and clay	15	90
Clay	11	101
Gravel, sand, and clay	10	111
Gravel and cobbles	44	155
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue	5	160

#### B2-60-4dd

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1944. Surface altitude, 4,603.4 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	1	
Soil	6 1	6
Sand	24	30
Gravel	15	45
Sand, fine	25	70
Gravel	10	80

#### B2-60-6bb

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Holden and Holden, 1941, Surface altitude, 4,614,3 feet]

,		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand	42	42
Sand, fine		50
Gravel	l 9	59
Clay	1	60
Gravel	6	66

#### B2-60-7aa

[Sample log of test hole 66 feet west and 60 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,619 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine, and silt; dark-brown	6	6
Sand, fine, and clay; calcareous, tan to brown	3	9
Sand, fine; contains silt; tan to brown	14	23
Clay; contains silt and fine sand; tan	3	26
Gravel, coarse to medium; contains some clay, tan to gray	9	35
Pierre shale:	1	
Sandstone, hard, coarse; contains concretions; orange, brown	2	37
Shale, silty, soft, brown	7	44
Shale, firm, blue to gray	6	50

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-60-10dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Holden, 1937. Surface altitude, 4,615.7 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:  Soil	5 6 2 40 12 13 1 9 6 5	5 11 13 53 65 78 79 88 94
Shale	1	100

#### B2-60-11dc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	11	11
Clay	4	15
Sand and clay	15	30
Sand	18	48
Sand, dirty	17	65
Gravel	9	74
Sand	7	81
Gravel	5	86
Clay	7	93
Gravel and clay	3	96
Cobbles	13	109
	5	114
Clay Pierre shale:	i "	114
	2	116
Shale	2	110

### B2-60-12bc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,620 feet]

4	4
16	20
15	35
12	47
12	59
2	61
37	98
14	112
	15 12 12 2 2 37

#### B2-60-12dc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,620.2 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	1 0	ı ə
Sand and silt	20	25
Sand	23	48
Gravel	6	54
Clay	6	60
Sand	10	70

235

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-60-12dc--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued	10	- 00
Sand, coarse, and siltGravel	15	80 95
Clay Sand, cemented		108 110
Clay and cemented sandGravel	8	118 130
Gravel and pebbles		152 153
Cobbles	_	
Shale	7	160

#### B2-60-13cd

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 4,631 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand	15	19
Gravel and sand	18	37
Gravel		46
Sand		57
Gravel and sand		62
Gravel		100
Gravel and sand.		114
Gravel and clay		127
Pierre shale:		
Shale	8	135

#### B2-60-13dc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand and silt	49	49
Clay	20	69
Clay, soft, black	2	71
Sand and silt.	24	95
Sand, coarse	10	105
Gravel		109
Sand, cemented		110
Sand, medium and coarse; contains silt		120
Sand	9	129
Gravel	7	136
Clay, blue	4	140
Gravel and clay		146

### B2-60-15dc

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	3	3
Clay		20
Sand	5	25
Clay		31
Sand and clay; contains silt		40
Sand and clay	7	47
Gravel and sand	15	62
Gravel	41	103
		1

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B2-60-15dc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pierre shale: Shale	7	110
B2-60-16da		
[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Harshman]		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	27 15 11 5 3 10 1	33 30 45 56 61 64 67 77 78 81 87 90
B2-60-16dd		
[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Harshman]		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	3	3

#### B2-60-22cd

1 6

33

10

6 5 10 43 53

59

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

Clay.....Sand, fine to medium.....

Sand, fine to coarse.....

Clay.....

Sand; contains 10 percent clay.....

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay	12	16
Sand		30
Clay, sandy		35
Clay	10	45
Sand and silt	13	58
Gravel		68
Sand and silt; contains layers of clay		72
Clay, white	1	73
Sand and silt	3	76
Sand and gravel	4	80
Clay and sand	3	83
Sand	10	93
Clay and sand	4	97
Gravel	9	106

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B2-60-22dd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 4,643 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;  Soil	23 12 21 12 37 1	2 25 37 58 70 107 108 110

#### B2-60-24dc

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Sand		23
Clay and sand		32
Clay		50
Sand	5	55
Clay		65
Gravel and clay	10	75
Gravel and silt		80
Gravel		<b>13</b> 0
Pebbles and cobbles		133
Gravel and pebbles		135

#### B2-60-25dc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,665.0 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay	4	9
Sand	2	11
	8	19
Gravel	2	21
Clay	2	
Gravel	7	28
Clay	2	30
Gravel	8	38
Gravel, coarse		43
Clay	2	45
Gravel	$2 ilde{4}$	69
Class and and	14	83
Clay and sand		
Gravel	13	96
Sandstone	1	97
Gravel	6	103
Clay	1	104
Gravel	14	118
Clay	ī	119
Creared cities	1	120
Gravel, silty		
Gravel	22	142
Pierre shale:		
Shale	3	145
		L

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B2-60-26bd

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,656,1 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil.	4	4
Sand and clay; contains silt	16	20
Sand		24
Clay		37
Sand, fine		70
Gravel and fine sand	35	105
Gravel, coarse	10	115

#### B2-60-27cd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,660 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	12	12
Sand	3	15
Clay	4	19
Sand and silt	10	29
Sand	9	38
Clay	2	40
Sand and silt	8	48
Clay	2	50
Sand and gravel, clean	16	66
Pierre shale:		
Shale	71	137

#### B2-60-33aa

#### [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Mr. Mitchell, 1912]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	10	10
Clay	10	20
Sand	30	50
Clay	20	70
Fox Hills sandstone:	İ	
Clay and sandstone	30	100
Clay, yellow	30	130
Slate(?)	1	131
Coal	1	132
Pierre shale(?):	_	
Slate and soft rock	13	145
Clay, dark, hard	35	180
Sand, white		218

#### B2-60-34aa

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,674 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Sand, fine		8
Clay	2	10
Sand and clay	30	40
Sand	4	44
Clay and sand	6	50
Gravel, fine	10	60
Clay and gravel	4	64
Gravel	8	72

#### APPENDIX B

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-60-34aa-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Clay and gravel	5	77
Gravel	7	84
Clay	8	92
Sand	9	101

#### B2-60-35cd

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,681 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	10	10
Sand, fine, and clay	20	30
Sand and gravel, fine	20	50
Clay	2	52
Gravel	38	90

#### B3-55-7dd

### [Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,391 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Sand, silty, fine to medium, and clay, tan	14	14
Clay, massive, uniform, tan to brown	4	18
Sand, very fine to medium, tan to brown	11	29
Clay, calcareous; contains very fine sand; cream to tan	8	37
Clay, calcareous, sandy, gray to brown	2	39
Pierre shale:		
Shale, weathered, uniformly bedded, tan, and brittle laminar blue		
shale	41	80

#### B3-56-2aa

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay	10	15
Sand and clay	8	23
Gravel and clay	7	30
Gravel	7	37
Clay	11	48
Sand and clay, fine	4	52
Gravel	1	53
Clay	1	54
Gravel.	2	56
Pierre shale:		
Shale	4	60

### B3-56-3da

### [Driller's log of public-supply well drilled for City of Brush. Surface altitude, 4, 231.9 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to coarse	20	20
Sand, fine	40	60
Gravel, medium	15	85

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-56-5bc

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. Woberman, 1933. Surface altitude, 4, 258,1 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil.	22	22
Sand, coarseGravel, coarse	43	65 85
	l <b>-</b> °	- 00

#### B3-56-6cb

[Sample log of test hole 21 feet east and 95 feet south of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,265 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay	5	9
Clay and sand		17
Gravel and sand	54	71
Gravel and sand; contains clay		76
Gravel and pebbles		113
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue	7	120

#### B3-56-8bc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1936. Surface altitude, 4,259.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		l
Soil	8	8
Clay	10	18
Sand		20
Clay	5	25
Sand, coarse	25	50
Clay	2	52
Sand,	4	56
Clay		58
Sand	2	60
Clay	2	62
Sand	18	80
Silt, black	1	81
Gravel	8	89
Pierre shale:		1
Shale	2	91

#### B3-56-11cd

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1948]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
		1
Soil, hard	6	6
Soil, sandy	6	12
Sand		20
Clay	1	21
Gravel, fine	12	33
Gravel; contains silt	3	36
Gravel, medium	2	38
Gravel, coarse		48
Clay		48.5
Gravel, coarse	7.5	56
Clay	1	57
Gravel, coarse		58
	1	1

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO, - Continued

#### B3-56-11cd-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay	1	59
Gravel; contains silt	2	61 90
Pierre shale: Shale	i	91

#### B3-56-17ac

[Driller's log of test hole 200 feet south of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	4	4
Clay; contains strips of sand	18	22
Sand		28
Sand, fine		33
Clay		34
Gravel		43
Clay		44
Sand, fine		52
Clay		54
Sand, fine	_	56
Clay		59
Gravel and sand	4	63
Clay		64
Gravel	3	67
Limestone		69
Sand, fine		71
Clay		80
Clay Sand; contains strips of clay		100
	19	119
Clay, sandy		123
Gravel; contains strips of clay	4	123

### B3-56-18cc

[Sample log of test hole 25 feet east and 85 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,389 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	4	4
Sand and clay	7	1 11
Clay, hard	3	14
Clay and sand	2	16
Clay, hard	21	37
Pierre shale:		1
Sandstone	2	39
Shale, yellow		60
Shale, blue		97

#### B3-56-21cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,315 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		ĺ
Sand, medium and fine	38	38
Sand, coarse		44
Sand, coarse; contains fine gravel	5	49
Sand, medium	5	54
Sand, fine and medium	5	59

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-56-21cc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand. coarse and medium.	25	84
Sand, fine		89
Pierre shale(?): Clay	5	94

#### B3-56-22ab

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,264 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	12	12
Sand, fine; contains silt		18
Sand, fine		40
Clay		52
Gravel		61
Clay		65
Gravel .		83
Clay	2	85
Pierre shale:	_	
Shale, yellow	1	86

#### B3-56-22cc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4,314 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, medium; contains some coarse sand,	75	75
Clay		130

#### B3-56-22cd1

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4, 289 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine and medium	46	46
Clay		47
Sand, medium		48
Clay		65
Gravel		69
Clay.		70
Gravel		89
Clay		90

#### B3-56-22cd2

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4,285 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, medium. Gravel, fine to coarse.	55 <b>3</b> 5	55 90
Pierre shale: Shale, blue to black		95

#### B3-56-22dc

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4,282 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, medium	14	14

APPENDIX B 243

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—— Continued

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-56-22dc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, medium and coarse Clay. Gravel, fine and medium. Gravel, medium and coarse Pierre shale:	30 5	35 65 70 77
Shale, blue to black	.5	77.5

#### B3-56-22dd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4, 276 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, medium	14	14
Sand, medium and coarse	21	35
Clay	30	65
Gravel, fine and medium		70
Gravel, medium and coarse	7	77
Pierre shale:	_	
Shale, blue to black	.5	77.5

#### B3-56-24bd

### [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Adams Well Works, 1948]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	11	11
Clay		22
Sand, fine		24
Clay		27
Sand, fine	10	37
Gravel		40.5
Clay		41
Gravel, coarse and medium	7	48

### B3-56-27aa

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4,300 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		l
Sand, fine and medium.	28	28
Sand, medium; contains 20 percent silt; black	22	50
Clay	22	72
Gravel, medium and coarse; contains thin layers of clay	30	102
Clay, blue and yellow	1	103
Gravel, coarse and medium	9	112
Pierre shale:	l	l
Shale, blue to black	<b>.</b> 5	112.5

#### B3-56-27ab1

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4,316 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine and medium	72 16 .5 1.5	72 88 88.5 90
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#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

### B3-56-27ab1-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel, fine and medium, Clay	1	91 92 100
Gravel, medium	2 1	102 103
Clay Gravel, medium and coarse Clay	1.5 2.5	104.5 107 112
Gravel	2 1	114 115 118
Pierre shale: Clay	19	137

#### B3-56-27ab2

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4, 293 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	_
Sand, medium and fine	8
Sand, medium and fine; contains 20 percent silt and clay	55
Clay; contains 30 percent fine sand	63
Gravel, medium and coarse	73
Clay 2	75
Gravel, fine to medium	85
Clay	96
Gravel, fine to medium; contains 30 percent silt	98
Pierre shale:	
Shale, blue to black 8	106

#### B3-56-27ac1

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4, 313 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium	56	56
Clay	19	75
Clay, compact, tough	2	77
Gravel, coarse	$\bar{2}$	79
Clay	3	82
Gravel, fine and medium	3	85
Gravel, coarse	11	96
Gravel, medium	2	98
Clay	8	106
Gravel, coarse	6	112
Pierre shale(?):		
Clay, yellow	•5	112.5

#### B3-56-27ac2

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4,305 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium	51	51
Clay	20	71
Sand, fine and medium, and clay	3	74
Gravel, fine to medium.	6	80
Clay	•5	80.5
Gravel, fine to medium	3.5	84
		1

### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-56-27ac2-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depti (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Clay	1	85
Gravel, medium; contains 20 percent silt and clay	1	86
Gravel, medium to coarse		92
Clay	13	105
Gravel, coarse		107
Clay	2	109
Gravel, fine to medium	3	112
Clay		113
Gravel, medium	1	114
Clay		116
Gravel, coarse.		118
Pierre shale:		
Clay	1	119

#### B3-56-27ad

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4,304 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Sand, medium to fine		45
Clay	11	56
Sand, fine	6	62
Clay		66
Sand, fine	2	68
Gravel, fine to medium		69
Clay	3	72
Sand, fine	6	78
Clay		80
Gravel, coarse	6	86
Clay	5	91
Gravel, coarse	š	94
Clay.	14	108
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue	.5	108.5
~~~~~;	••	1

#### B3-56-27dd

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4,290 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		İ
Sand, medium to coarse	33	33
Clay		54
Gravel, fine and medium	9	63
Clay and silt	5	68
Gravel, fine to medium	12	80
Silt		90
Gravel, medium to fine	14	104
Pierre shale:		l
Shale, blue to black	.5	104.5

### B3-56-28cc

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1949. Surface altitude, 4, 325 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to coarse	115	115
Clay	1	116

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B3-56-30bd

[Driller's log of stock well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,405.5 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand	27	27
Sand and clay	9	36
Clay	[ 4	40
Sand and clay	21	61
Clay	41	102
Rocks		103
Clay	8	111
Pierre shale:		
Shale	29	140

#### B3-57-2db

[Driller's log of domestic well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,277.0 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	8	8
Sand, fine to coarse		50
Clay		52
Sand, fine	5	57
Clay		60
Sand, fine, interbedded with strips of clay		95
Clay, hard, blue		109
Gravel, fine, clean	11	120
Clay, yellow		121

#### B3-57-3cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1935. Surface altitude, 4, 296,2 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		İ
Soil	15	15
Sand, fine, and fine gravel	70	85
Gravel, coarse	24	109

#### B3-57-4bd

#### [Driller's log of well drilled by Mr. Woberman, 1912]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	16	16
Sand and gravel	34	50
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles	60	110

## B3-57-7ba

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for City of Fort Morgan by Canfield Drilling Co., 1948]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay		11
Sand		26
Gravel and sand	32	58
Gravel, sand, and clay	11	69
Gravel and sand	22	91
Gravel, sand, and lignite	8	99
Gravel and cobbles	12	111
		i

## APPENDIX B

# Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-57-7ba-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel, cobbles, and clay	8	119
Gravel and cobbles		135.5
Clay		136
Gravel	1	137
Clay		139
Gravel		140
Clay		140.5
Gravel, cobbles, and clay	18.5	159
Gravel and cobbles	20	179
Pierre shale:	[	ļ
Sandstone, brown to gray	3	182
Sandstone, blue, and silt	18	200

#### B3-57-12aa

[Sample log of test hole 67 feet west and 17 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 265 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay	6	11
Sand and clay	8	19
Gravel and sand	20	39
Sand	8	47
Gravel and sand	19	66
Gravel, red	12	78
Gravel, red, and cobbles.	26	104
Pierre shale:		l
Shale, yellow	3	107
Shale, blue	2	109

## B3-57-12cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,284 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	8	8
Sand.	7	15
Clay, sandy	21	36
Sand	4	40
Sand, fine	10	50
Gravel, brown	2	52
Sand, fine	16	68
Gravel	4	72
Sand. fine	19	91
Gravel	7	98
Clay	2	100
Pierre shale:	_	
Shale	10	110

#### B3-57-13aa

[Sample log of test hole 54 feet west and 16 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,274 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	6	6
Sand	5	11
Sand and clay	10	21

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B3-57-13aa-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand	9	30
Sand, coarse, and clay	8	38
Shale, yellow	8	46 48
Shale, blue	1	49

## B3-57-14bb

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4, 299 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	8	8
Sand.	4	12
Clay	13	25
Sand.	35	60
Clay.	5	65
Sand	30	95
Clay	1	96
Gravel		105
Pierre shale:	ì	
Shale	.5	105.5

#### B3-57-15cc

# [Driller's log of test hole 500 feet north of the southwest corner of section, drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	15	15
Sand, fine	20	35
Sand, coarse	5	40
Clay	2	42
Sand, fine	8	50
Sand, coarse	14	64
Clay	3	67
Sand, fine	8	75
Clay	3	78
Sand	7	85
Clay	3	88
Sand	7	95
Cobbles	.5	95.5
Sand, fine	2.5	98
Clay and rocks	5	103
Sand, fine	5	108
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental	5	113
Shale, blue	3	116

## B3-57-17ab

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,321.6 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Soil, sandy	10 20 10 5 15	10 30 40 45 60 70
----------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------	----------------------------------

APPENDIX B 249

# Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—— Continued

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B3-57-18cd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,333 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Sand		13
Clay	3	16
Sand, coarse		23
Clay		24
Sand		27
Sand, cemented		29
Clay and strips of sand		70
Sand		73
Clay	1	75
Sand		80
Sand and gravel		86
		88
Clay	7	97
Sand and gravel		98
		103
Gravel, interbedded with strips of clay		117
Sand, cemented		
Sand and gravel		130
Gravel, interbedded with strips of clay	10	140
Pierre shale:	_	
Shale	3	143

#### B3-57-19db

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,338.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;	1	
Soil	4	4
Sand	13	17
Sand and clay	40	57
Sand, fine, and clay		74
Clay and gravel		79
Gravel		80
Clay		87
Gravel		90
Clay		93
Gravel		100
Sand, fine		103
Gravel		118
Gravel and clay		120
Gravel		123
		128
Gravel and clay	20	148
Gravel	20	140
Pierre shale:	_ ا	1
Shale, weathered	2	150
Shale	5	155

## B3-57-20bb

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1939. Surface altitude, 4,333.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil.	8	8
Sand, fine, and strips of clay	42	50
Clay, yellowSand.		58 68
Clay, brown	11	79
Sand, fine, blue		100 103

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-57-20bb-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, medium to coarse	1	109 110 128
Shale	.5	128.5

## B3-57-20db

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1939]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	8	8
Sand	11	19
Clay	4	23
Sand, fine to coarse	5	28
Clay	2	30
Sand	8	38
Clay	3	41
Sand	13	54
Clay	2	56
Sand, fine	4	60
Clay	2	62
Sand	2	64
Clay	1	65
Sand	3	68
Clay	2	70
Sand, coarse	5	75
Clay	1	76
Sand	4	80
Clay	1	81
Sand, clean	17	98
Clay	3	101
Gravel	2	103
Pierre shale:	_	
Shale	2	105
		L

## B3-57-29bc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,339.5 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand, interbedded with strips of clay	46	50
Sand, fine	8	58
Clay	6	64
Gravel, fine	21	85
Clay, sandy	4	89
Gravel	7	96
Pierre shale:		Į.
Shale	7	103

## В3-57-29сс

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1935. Surface altitude, 4,344.1 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
SoilClay	5	5 10
Sand, fine	3	13
Clay	5	18

APPENDIX B 251

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B3-57-29cc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand. fine.	47	65
Gravel	24	89 94
Pierre shale:		"
Shale	.5	94.

#### B3-57-34a

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Callon, 1931]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;	2	2
Sand, fine	48	50
Sand and streaks of clay		85 87
Pierre shale:		88
Shale, blue to gray	1	_ 88

#### B3-58-1da2

## [Driller's log of public-supply well drilled for City of Fort Morgan by Mr. Woberman, 1932]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Sand	130	130
Clay	10	40
Gravel	102	242

## B3-58-3ba

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,369.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine, and silt	45	45
Sand, fine to coarse, and silt	35	80
Sand, fine, and silt	30	110
Sand, coarse	20	130
Pierre shale:	İ	
Shale	17	147

## B3-58-3bb

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by U. S. Bureau of Reclamation. Surface altitude, 4,369 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine, and clay	20 123	20 143
Pierre shale: Shale, blue	10	153

#### B3-58-4cb

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,386 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	6	6
Sand, fine; contains some clay	64	70

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-58-4cb-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, coarse		192 199
Pierre shale: Shale, brown Shale, blue	3 9	202 211

#### B3-58-8cb

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1937. Surface altitude, 4,407.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Clay and sand	12	15
Sand, coarse		38
Clay and sand		60
Sand, fine, dirty		110
Clay		130
Gravel, coarse, red		150
Clay		152
Gravel, coarse, red		163
Pierre shale:	**	ا ت
Shale	1	164

#### B3-58-10cb

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1944. Surface altitude,  $4,383.5\,\,\mathrm{feet}$ ]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	7	7
Clay	3	10
Sand		12
Gravel	34	46
Sand	11	57
Clay	4	61
Sand	1 7	68
Gravel	1 2	70
Sand	l 6	76
Clay		88
Gravel	9	97
Clay, blue	l š	105
Gravel	25	130
Gravel and pebbles	70	200

#### B3-58-12cd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1932. Surface altitude, 4,352.3 feet]

leistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Sand, medium and coarse	39	44
Sand, fine	15	59
Sand, coarse	16	75
Clay	2	77
Sand, fine, blue	6	83
Sand, medium and coarse	22	105
Gravel, fine	41	146

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-58-13ac

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1937. Surface altitude, 4,348.6 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	10	10
Clay and sand	20	30
Sand, fine	20	50
Clav	1 7	57
Sand	13	70
Sand and strips of clay	10	80
Sand, fine to coarse, and fine gravel	20	100
Gravel and pebbles	20	120

#### B3-58-15bb

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	18	18
Clay	2	20
Clay, sandy		25
Sand		36
Clay and sand		40
Sand, fine to coarse		60
Sand, fine	20	80
Sand, fine, and clay	20	100
Sand, fine		112
Sand, coarse	11	123
Clay	5	128
Gravel	6	134
Clay, interbedded with strips of gravel		146
Gravel	17	163
Pierre shale:	11	103
	~	170
Shale	1	170

#### B3-58-15dd

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,375 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	8	8
Sand	6	14
Clay	9	23
Sand, fine to coarse	4	27
Sand, fine		50
Clay	5	55
Sand, fine	15	70
Clay	20	90
Sand	-9	99
Clay	6	105
Sand		107
Clay	7	114
Gravel, fine	3	117
Sand, cemented	3	120
Clay and sand	4	124
Sand	Ŕ	132
Pierre shale:	Ū	202
Shale	11	143

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B3-58-18bc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	5	5
Sand	4	9
Clay	2	11
Sand, fine to medium		34
Sand, coarse		43
Sand, fine		56
Clay		60
Sand, fine		73
Clay		79
Sand		95
Clay and sand		100
Clay, sandy		125
Clay	15	140
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	141

#### B3-58-18cc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand	16	20
Clay, sandy	12	32
Sand, medium and coarse		42
Sand, fine		53
Clay		60
Sand, fine		80
Clay, blue		83
Sand, fine		86
Clay		90
Sand to gravel		114
Clay, sand, gravel, and pebbles		130
Gravel		136
Clay		138
Gravel	13	151
Pierre shale:	]	
Shale	1	152

## B3-58-19ab

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,424.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		1
Soil	16	16
Sand. fine	18	34
Clay, sandy	6	40
Sand	5	45
Clay	13	58
Sand	2	60
Clay	30	90
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	91

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-58-21bc

[Driller's log of stock well drilled by Mr. Ambrose, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,402.2 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	10	10
Sand, fine	20	30 32
Sand, fine	28 2	60 62
Sand, fineLimestone	18	80 82
Sand, fine	18	100
Shale, clayey	5 1	105 106

#### B3-58-23cb

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,374.1 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	7	7
Sand	39	46
Clay and sand	6	52
Sand, fine	12	64
Clay	6	70
Pebbles and cobbles	1	71
Pierre shale:		l
Shale, weathered	19	90

#### B3-58-24bb

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand and strips of clay	108	108
Gravel	17	125
Clay	2	127
Pebbles and gravel	19	146
Clay	10	156
Gravel		158
Clay	$_{2^{^{\prime}}}^{2}$	160
Gravel, pebbles, and clay	25	185
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue	1	186

#### B3-58-24dd

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	12	12
Sand	8	20
Clay		25
Sand	5	30
Clay	3	33
Sand and strips of clay	57	90
Sand	9	99
Pebbles and clay	2	101
Gravel	2	103
Clay	5	108
Sand	3	111

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

## B3-58-24dd--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued	R	117
ClayGravel	3	120
Clay Gravel	2	122 127
Pierre shale:	٥	
Shale, blue and yellow	8	135

#### B3-58-26aa

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil.	6	6
Sand. fine	4	10
Clay	5	15
Sand, fine	10	25
Clay	2	27
Sand. fine	4	31
Clay	7	38
Sand	8	46
Clay	18	64
Sand, fine	4	68
Clay	4	72
Sand, fine	9	81
Clay	17	98
Pierre shale:		
Shale	2	100

## B3-58-31a

## [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Mr. Dodge, 1918]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	3	3
Sand. fine to medium		40
Sand, coarse		65
Gravel	12	77
Clay		95
Gravel	4	99
Clay		103
Gravel	17	120

#### B3-58-35da

[Sample log of test hole 108 feet west of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section and 300 feet north of irrigation ditch, drilled for U.S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,365 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine; contains silt; calcareous, tan to brown	3	3
Sand, medium to coarse, and clay, tan to gray		9
Sand, fine to medium; contains silt, some clay; light tan		17
Clay, sandy, tan to brown	<b>2</b> 8	45
Sand, fine to medium; contains silt; yellow to tan	18	63
Pierre shale:		ļ
Shale; contains fine sand, calcareous, gray	3	66
Shale, calcareous, yellow to tan	6	72
Shale, laminar, firm, blue	3	75

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-58-36ad

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,350.1 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Clav		9
Sand		17
Clay	2	19
Sand		22
Clay and fine sand		36
Sand, fine		56
Clay	1	61
Clay and fine sand		71
Gravel and clav	15	86
Pierre shale:	1	00
Shale, fragmental	2	88

#### B3-59-9ab

[Sample log of test hole 60 feet west and 144 feet south of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for the U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,461 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil. sandy	5	5
Sand	6	11
Gravel and sand, dirty	20	31
Gravel, dirty; contains some clay		41
Sand, fine		59
Sand, very fine	29	88
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental	13	101
Shale, blue	9	110

## В3-59-16ъь

[Sample log of test hole 98 feet south and 18 feet east of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,528 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil, sandy	4	4
Sand	13	17
Sand; contains some clay	4	21
Gravel and fine sand		31
Sand, fine, and clay, hard	4	35
Pebbles, gravel, sand, and clay		62
Pierre shale:	į	ŀ
Shale, yellow and gray	5	67
Shale, black	3	70

#### B3-60-1cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 4,524.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil		3
Sand, fine, and clay		57
Gravel and sandGravel, sand, and clay	18	75 82
Graver, sand, and cray	,	02

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-60-1cc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Gravel, fine, and sand		104
Gravel, sand, and clay	30	134
Gravel, red	30	164
Pierre shale:	l	1
Shale, fragmental	5	169
Shale	11	180

#### B3-60-2ad

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Harshman. Surface altitude, 4,521 feet]

The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand and clay	61	61
Sand, medium	8	69
Clay	1	70
Sand, fine to medium		76
Sand, medium		97
Clay, and layers of sand		101
Sand, medium		106
Clay		108
Sand, medium		111
Clay		113
Sand, medium		128
Clay		129
Sand, medium		151
Cobbles and clay		153
Sand, fine to coarse; contains pebbles and cobbles		160
Cobbles	3	163
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	164

#### B3-60-2cc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4, 534 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		T
Soil, sandy	60	60
Gravel	45	105
Clay	4	109
Sand, fine	4	113
Clay	2	115
Gravel	2	117
Clay	2	119
Clay, sandy, and strips of fine sand	13	132
Sand, fine	29	161
Gravel	15	176
Clay	4	180
Gravel, fine to medium	20	200
Gravel, coarse	11	211
Pierre shale:		
Shale	4	215

#### B3-60-3cc

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. Harshman 1936. Surface altitude, 4, 531.2 feet]

	····	
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		l
Soil	15	15
Sand	20	35
	,,	,

APPENDIX B 259

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued.

#### B3-60-3cc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Clay and sand	13	48
Sand, coarse	32	80
Clay	2	82
Sand, fine to coarse	45	127
Clay		130
Gravel, cemented	18	148
Gravel	7	155

## B3-60-4ad

## [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. White, 1936. Surface altitude, 4,526.9 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	7	7
Sand		60
Clay		61
Sand		67
Clay		68
	<u> </u>	75
Sand and silt		
Clay		78
Sand and silt		94
Sand, very fine to fine		104
Clay	1	105
Sand and silt	10	115
Sand and gravel	7	122
Clay	i	123
Sand and fine gravel	6	129
Clay, hard	8	137
Gravel	2	139
Clay	1	140
Gravel	10	150
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	151

## B3-60-5dc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4, 528.4 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	10	10
Gravel		16
Sand	24	40
Gravel and sand	14	54
Clay and fine sand	12	66
Sand and silt		78
Sand		84
Gravel	49	133
Pierre shale:		
Shale	7	140

#### B3-60-8dc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,542.1 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand and strips of clay	11	11
Sand and gravel	23	34
Gravel and sand	15	49
Gravel sand and silt	4	53

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B3-60-8dc--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Gravel	4	57
Clay and fine sand	27	84
Gravel and clay	4	88
Gravel	14	102
Sand and gravel		111
Gravel and clay		118
Gravel and sand		126
Gravel		139
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	140

#### B3-60-9ca

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Sand, fine, and silt	23	25
Sand	41	66
Clay, sandy	9	75
Sand, fine, silty		83
Gravel		87
Clay	6	93
Sand and strips of clay	19	112
Sand and gravel	25	137
Pierre shale:		1
Clay, yellow	2	139
Shale		144

## B3-60-9dd

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. White, 1936. Surface altitude, 4,543.2 feet]

leistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Clay	30	30
Sand	28	<b>5</b> 8
Clay	1	59
Gravel, coarse	13	72
Clay, hard	4	76
Sand and clay	22	98
Clay, hard	14	112
Sand, coarse	19	131
Sand, fine	7	138
Gravel	16	154

## B3-60-10ac

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,535.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		İ
Soil	4	4
Sand	17	21
Sand and clay	15	36
Sand and gravel	8	44
Gravel, fine to medium	31	75
Gravel, coarse	31	106
Gravel and sand	11	117
Gravel, sand, and cobbles	51	168
Gravel, sand, and clay	12	180

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO, -- Continued

## B3-60-11ac

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,530 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	2	2
Sand, fine to coarse	28	30
Clay		32
Sand, fine to medium		50
Sand, coarse		60
Gravel, fine to medium		88
Gravel, coarse	14	102
Gravel, fine		108
Sand, fine		122
Sand and silt		135
Clay		136
Gravel	11	147
Pierre shale:		į i
Shale	7	154

## B3-60-13cd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by CanfieldDrilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 4,557.7 feet]

eistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	8	8
Sand	12	20
Clay	2	22
Sand, fine		70
Clay		73
Sand, fine		80
Gravel, fine	8	88
Sand, fine	2	90
Gravel		108
Sand, fine		110
Gravel, fine	15	125
Clay and gravel	5	130
Gravel and silt	5	135
Gravel	6	141
Gravel, cemented		142
Gravel		145
Gravel, cemented	3	148
Gravel	4	152

#### B3-60-13dc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	3	3
Sand and silt		70
Clay		73
Sand, coarse		80
Sand, fine	15	95
Gravel, fine	13	108
Sand, fine		110
Gravel, fine, and silt		120
Sand, fine	10	130
Gravel and cobbles		150
Gravel	8	158
Pierre shale:		
Shale	2	160

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-60-15cd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,554 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	4	4
Sand		30
Gravel and sand		35
Clay		40
Gravel, sand, and clay		62
Clay		66
Clay and sand		83
Sand		90
Sand and clay.		97
Gravel, sand, and clay		108
Clay	10	118
Sand. clean	10	127
	"	135
Gravel	°	130
Pierre shale:	5	140
Shale	Э	140

## B3-60-16cc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clav	3	8
Sand		23
Clay	5	28
Sand, coarse		32
Clay		34
Sand, coarse		45
Sand, fine to coarse		72
Clay		73
Sand, fine		90
Sand, fine to coarse, and fine to coarse gravel		142
Pierre shale:		1
Shale	1	143

## B3-60-18db

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Holden, 1935]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	1 2
Sand, fine to medium	27	29
Sand, coarse	9	38
Sand, coarse, and gravel		48
Sand, fine		71
Clav. hard	12	83
Sand	4	87
Clay, hard	16	103
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	104

#### B3-60-20dc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,571 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	1	ĺ
	1 -	
Soil, sandy	1 8	1 8
Clay	1 4	19
~Lay ************************************	• •	1 12

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B3-60-20dc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, coarse, rusty	19 25 1 15 24	16 35 60 61 76 100 130

#### B3-60-22ac

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1937. Surface altitude, 4,561.7 feet]

eistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	· ·	1
Soil	6	6
Sand	50	56
Clay, soft	2	58
Gravel and silt	7	65
Sand and gravel	10	75
Clay	7	82
Sand and gravel	8	90
Clay	3	93
Gravel	4	97
Clay and sand	5	102
Sand and gravel	13	115
Clav. hard	6	121
Gravel	9	130
Clay, soft	2	132
Gravel	$1\overline{4}$	146

## B3-60-24cd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,572.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand	14	18
Sand and gravel	45	63
Gravel. fine		84
Sand, coarse		98
Gravel		104
Clay		114
Sand, fine	20	134
Sand, fine to coarse	20	154
Clav		156
Gravel	20	176
Clay	2	178

## B3-60-24dd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,565 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	30	30
Clay and sand	10	40
Sand and clay		44
Gravel, fine; contains sand and silt	6	50
Clay and sand		72
Gravel, iron-stained		76

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-60-24dd-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Gravel	12	88
Sand, fine	20	108
Gravel, fine		114
Clay and gravel	4	118
Gravel and clay balls		123
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles	5	128
Pierre shale:	ŀ	
Shale, fragmental	12	140
Shale, fragmental	20	160

#### B3-60-25cd

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,583.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Sand	9	14
Clay	4	18
Sand and clay		24
Sand		35
Clay and sand		45
Clay		50
Sand, fine, and clay		60
Sand and clay		72
Gravel and sand	16	88
Sand, fine		100
Sand, medium to coarse		110
Gravel, fine		132
Clay		140
Clay and fine sand		156
Gravel	6	162
Sand, fine	ĭ	163
Gravel	11	174

#### B3-60-28ad

## [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. White, 1934. Surface altitude, 4,576.1 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	50	50
Sand, fine		90
Clay		92
Sand, coarse, and gravel	10	102
Clay	6	108
Gravel	4	112

#### B3-60-29ac

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Harshman, 1946. Surface altitude, 4,580.0 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	1	1
Silt, clayey, black	6	1 7
Sand, fine to coarse		63
Clay	3	66
Sand, fine to medium, and pebbles		78
Sand, medium; contains layers of clay		85
Sand, fine to medium		93
Clay and cobbles	1	94

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B3-60-29ac-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, fine to medium	19	113
Pierre shale: Shale	1	114

#### B3-60-31cb

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,617.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	17	17
Sand and strips of clay	26	43
Clay	2	45
Clay Gravel and sand	7	52
Clay		54
Sand	2	56
Clay	4	60
Gravel		70
Clay	3	73
Gravel and fine sand		90
Clay	1	91
Gravel and cobbles		97
Clay		98
Gravel	4	102
Pierre shale: Shale	1	103

## B3-60-33dd

## [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. Holden, 1936. Surface altitude, 4, 588.2 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	47	47
Gravel	6	53
Sand with some cementation	8	61
Sand, fine	13	74
Sand, coarse	13	87
Clay	2	89
Gravel, cemented	8	97

#### B3-60-36dc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,598.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	6	6
Sand and gravel	11 '	17
Clay		22
Sand	12	34
Clay	-6	40
Sand, fine, and silt		56
Clay and sand		65
Sand		70
Gravel, fine	_	80
Sand, fine		88
	~	98
Gravel, fine		
Clay	2	100
Gravel, fine, and strips of clay		125
Clay and sand		146
Gravel and pebbles	14	160
Cobbles	1	161

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B3-60-36dc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel and rock.	11	172
Pierre shale: Shale	1	173

#### B4-55-1da

## [Driller's log of domestic well]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	14	14
SoilSand, very fine to fine	40	54
Gravel	33	87

#### B4-55-6cb

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1936. Surface altitude, 4, 197.0 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	6 20 28 4	14 20 40 68 72 96
Pierre shale: Shale	1	97

## B4-55-9bc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works. Surface altitude, 4,171 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil, hard	2	2
Soil, sandy	5	1 7
Clay		8
Sand, silty		10
Clay	5	15
Gravel	4	19
Sand, fine	5	24
Gravel, fine to medium	36	l 60
Sand, fine	3	63
Gravel, coarse	4	67
Pierre shale:	_	
Shale, clayey	6	73
Shale	ĺi	74
		I

## B4-55-10bc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4, 166 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Clay	14	16
Sand.	2	18
Sand and silt	12	30
Sand	4	34
Sand and silt	4	38
Sand	12	50
Clay	-ī	51

267

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska——Continued

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO, - Continued

#### B4-55-10bc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued	5	56
Sand and silt		58
SandGravel. coarse		63 88
Pierre shale:		"
Shale, yellowShale, blue	2 2	90 92

#### B4-55-15cc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil black	6	6
Sand and silt		15
Sand. fine	20	35
Sand, fine, and clay	27	62
Sand, coarse	6	68
Gravel, fine	10	78
Gravel, coarse	2	80
Pierre shale:		1
Shale, blue	1	81

#### B4-55-16cc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4, 187 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil and silty sand	20	20
Sand		45
Sand, fine, and silt		50
Silt. blue		52
Sand. clean		65
Clay and sand	5	70
Sand		75
Gravel	10	85
Pierre shale:		
Shale	3	88

## B4-55-18ac

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1936. Surface altitude, 4,187.1 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		1
Soil	10	10
Sand	10	20
Sand, coarse		50
Sand, fine		55
Gravel	10	65
Cobbles	1	66
Gravel		122
	1	

#### B4-55-20bc

## [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. Woberman, 1930. Surfacealtitude, 4, 195 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil and silty sand	17	17

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

## B4-55-20bc--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, medium	58	75
Gravel, coarse	10	85

## B4-55-20cc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. ]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand, fine	16	10
Clay		15
Sand, fine		29
Sand, medium to coarse		35
Clay		37
Sand and silt		41
Clay		42
Sand and silt		54
Gravel		63
Pierre shale:	ı *	"
Shale	5	68

#### B4-55-21ba

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1945. Surface altitude, 4,186.1 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	į	
Soil	2	2
Clay	12	14
Sand, medium and coarse		20
Sand, fine		32
Clay and sand		38
Sand, coarse	5	43
Sand, fine	13	56
Gravel, fine		58
Sand, fine		62
Gravel, fine		70
Gravel, coarse		80
Pierre shale:		
Shale	3	83

## B4-56-5c

## [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Mr. Weimer, 1918]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Loam, sandy	13	18
Sand, fine		26
Gravel		68
Clay		69
Gravel		110

## B4-56-11cb

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Woberman, 1934. Surface altitude, 4, 205.1 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		i
Sand	40	40
Gravel	40	80

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B4-56-14bb

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4, 214 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Silt and fine sand, light-tan	11	11
Gravel, coarse, and sand, tan to gray	63	74
Gravel, medium to coarse; contains cobbles, brown		134
Sand and coarse gravel, tan to brown	29	163
Sand, coarse to fine, and silt, tan		181
Pierre shale:	ſ	(
Shale, green to gray	7	188
Shale, laminar, blue to gray		190

#### B4-56-18bb

[Sample log of test hole 19 feet east and 502 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,287 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay	7	11
Gravel, sand, and clay		17
Clay	1	l 18
Gravel and sand		21
Gravel, sand, and clay	17	38
Clav		55
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles		58
Pierre shale:	J .	
Shale, vellow	11	69
Shale, blue		75

#### B4-56-23bc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1930. Surface altitude, 4,206.5 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	17	17
Sand and gravel	72	89
Pierre shale:		90
Shale	1	30

#### B4-56-26aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,206 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay, silty, and fine sand, buff to brown	62 1	6 68 69
Gravel; contains coarse to fine sand and cobbles; pink to tan	27	96
Pierre shale: Shale, laminar, bluish-black,	4	100

#### B4-56-30bb

[Sample log of test hole 18 feet east and 85 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 225 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B4-56-30bb--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay and sand	6	10
Gravel and sand	20	30
Pierre shale:		51
Shale, blue	9	60

#### B4-56-30cb

[Sample log of test hole 13 feet east and 671 feet south of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,223 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	ĺ	1
Soil	2	2
Gravel and sand	52	54
Gravel and pebbles	22	76
Pierre shale:		<b>\</b>
Shale, yellow	2	78
Shale, blue		90
		}

#### В4-56-31ьь

[Sample log of test hole 41 feet east and 18 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 234 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	6	6
Gravel and sand	45	51
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles	32	83
Clay, yellow	12	95
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles, red	21	116
Gravel, pebbles, cobbles, and clay	5	121
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles, red	13	134
Pierre shale:	1	
Shale	5	139

#### B4-56-31bc

[Sample log of test hole 20 feet east and 76 feet north of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,245 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		l
Soil	4	4
Sand and clay		11
Gravel and sand	53	64
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles; red		211
Pierre shale:		
Shale, yellow	3	214
Shale, blue	6	220
	Ū	1 220

#### B4-56-31cc

[Sample log of test hole 42 feet east and 53 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 263 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand	5	9
Clay		17
Sand	9	26
Suna.	,	. 20

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B4-56-31cc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Gravel and sand	51	77
Gravel, sand, and clay	4	81
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles, red		138
Gravel, pebbles, cobbles, and clay		143
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles, red		164
Pierre shale:	١	l
Shale, vellow	1	165
Shale, blue	5	170

## B4-56-34d

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Burrows, 1936]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	8	8
Sand, fine to medium	10	18
Sand, fine		38
Sand, coarse	32	70
Clay		71
Gravel		80

#### B4-57-1aa

[Sample log of test hole 16 feet west and 140 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,420 feet]

Soil, sandy	A 1	
		4
Sand and clay	7	11
Gravel, sand, and clay	12	23
Clay	3	26
Gravel, rocks, and clay	5	31
Clay	5	36
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles	5	41
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles; contains some clay	32	73
Pierre shale:		
Sandstone	1	74
Shale, yellow	5	79
Shale, black	11	90

## B4-57-3dc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled in 1934]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Sand		38
Sand, coarse		48
Gravel and cobbles		102

#### B4-57-5bb

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay	15	20
Sand	2	22
~ <b></b>	_	

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B4-57-5bb--Continued

Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
22	44
23	67 68

#### B4-57-6cd

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay and sand		22
Clay		41
Sand and clay	4	45
Clay	2	47
Pierre shale:		
Shale	13	60

#### B4-57-11da

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Sand and clay	5	11
Clay, soft		38
Gravel, fine sand, and clay	6	44
Gravel and fine sand	6	50
Clay	5	55
Clay and fine sand	6	61
Clay	3	64
Pierre shale:		
Concretion	2	66
Clay		69
Shale	11	80
		1

## B4-57-12ad

## [Driller's log of stock well drilled in 1930. Surface altitude, 4,344 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand		20
Clay		30
Pierre shale:		
Shale	210	240

#### B4-57-24db

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Adams Well Works, 1946. Surface altitude, 4,254.1 feet]

*		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	4	_
		4
Silt and very fine sand	4	8
Sand, fine	9	17
Sand, very fine to fine		31
Gravel and silt	3	34
Sand, fine		38
		I

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B4-57-24db--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		41
GravelGravel, coarse, and cobbles		41 58

#### B4-57-27ac

#### [Driller's log of test hole. Surface altitude, 4,264 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;	4	4
Sand, coarse Gravel	22 20	26 46
Clay, blue	1	47
Sand and gravelGravel, fine to medium	31 7	78 85

#### B4-57-29dc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1941. Surface altitude, 4, 285 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	. 6	6
Sand	6	12
Clay	3	15
Sand and clay	5	20
Clay	4	24
Clay, sandy	10	34
Gravel	12	46
Clay and gravel	6	52
Clay	28	80

## B4-57-30dd

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	_	
Soil		5
Clay		8
Sand		17
Gravel, sand, and cobbles	29	46
Pierre shale:	i	_
Shale	4	50

## В4-57-31ьь

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield DrillingCo., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,272.5 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay		10
Gravel	8	18
Clay	17	35
Sand		42
Gravel and sand	9	51
Gravel	29	80

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### В4-57-33ь

## [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Mr. Callon, 1932]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	q	3
Clay	32	35
GravelGravel and clay	3 12	38 50
Gravel and boulders	16	66
Pierre shale: Shale	1	67

#### B4-57-36ad

[Sample log of test hole 75 feet west and 284 feet south of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 243 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay and sand		11
Gravel and sand		64
Gravel and cobbles	28	92
Clay	4	96
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles		174
Pierre shale:		}
Shale	6	180

#### B4-58-1c

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled in 1935]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Sand	7	10
Gravel	5	15
Clay, yellow	10	25
Gravel	15	40
Clay, blue	10	50
Sand, coarse	10	60
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	61

#### B4-58-5cd

[Sample log of test hole 1, 183 feet west and 28 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 472 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		T .
Soil, sandy	4	4
Sand	5	9
Sand and some clay	5	14
Clay and sand	4	18
Clay	2	20
Pierre shale:		ł
Shale, silty, and gypsum	38	58
Shale, blue	2	60

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B4-58-7ad

[Sample log of test hole 23 feet west and 78 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,439 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	4	4
Clay	2	6
Clay, sand, and gravel	8	14
Silt, shale, and gypsum	41	55
Shale, blue	5	60

#### B4-58-7da

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1943. Surface altitude, 4,433 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, sandy, and silt	3.5	3.5
Silt calcareous.	6.5	10
Silt. sandv	5	15
Sand and gravel	4	19
Pierre shale(?):		
Clay, weathered	3	22
Clay, hard, buff	23	45
Silt, olive-gray	25	70

#### B4-58-11c

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled in 1930]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	4	4
Clay and sand	52	56
Pierre shale: Shale		72

#### B4-58-18ba1

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation. Surface altitude, 4,326 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Loam, sandy, brown Clay, brown to dark-brown	3 4	3
Clay, silty, yellow-brown	3	10
Siltstone, weathered, yellow to brown		15 59

#### B4-58-18ba2

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1943. Surface altitude, 4,311 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		i
Gravel and sand	9	9
Pierre shale:		
Siltstone, weathered, green to gray	2	11
Siltstone, thin-bedded, green	23	34

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B4-58-18ba2-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pierre shale—Continued Clay, massive, dark-green	3	37
Siltstone, friable, and fine gravel; firm, green to gray		60

#### B4-58-18bc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1943. Surface altitude, 4, 345 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy, clayey	2.5	2.5
Loam, sandy	2.5	5
Sand, coarse	12.5	17.5
Pierre shale:		
Siltstone, weathered, soft, yellow to brown	2.5	20
Siltstone, massive, dark-gray	50	70

#### B4-58-18bd1

[Driller's log of test hole 500 feet east and 50 feet south of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1943. Surface altitude, 4,316 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand and gravel	5	5
Loam, sandy, and clayGravel and sand	2.5	7.5 10.5
Pierre shale: Siltstone, weathered	1	1 <b>1.</b> 5
Siltstone, massive, argillaceous, dark-gray	51 <b>.5</b>	63

#### B4-58-18bd2

[Driller's log of test hole 40 feet east and 400 feet south of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1943. Surface altitude, 4,344 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		ł
Soil, sandy	2	2
Gravel, sandy	3	5
Gravel and sand	5	10
Sand, coarse	5.9	15.9
Pierre shale:		l
Shale, weathered, brown	1.1	17
Siltstone, massive, dark		18
Siltstone, calcareous, hard	2	20
Siltstone, massive, hard and soft layers, gray to green	5	25
Siltstone, clayey, dark-green	42	67

#### B4-58-18cb

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1943. Surface altitude, 4, 395 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy, yellow to brown	2	2
Loam, sandy	14	16
Loam, sandy, and coarse sand	4	20
Sand, medium to fine, and silt	5	25
Sand, silt, and clay, light-yellow to brown	10	35
Sand and silt, light-gray to black	5	40
Sand, coarse, brown to gray	15	55

#### APPENDIX B

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B4-58-18cb-- Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, silty to coarse, brown	21	76
Shale, weathered		78 130

#### B4-58-21d

#### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Dodge, 1936]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		ł
Soil	4	4
Sand and clay	18	22
Sand		25
Clay, soft		60
Sand		66
Clav.		67
Sand		69
Clav		70
Sand		80
Clav		82
Sand		90
Gravel	22	112

#### B4-58-25ca

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	12	12
Clay	4	16
Sand		18
Clay	5	23
Pierre shale:		i
Shale, fragmental	7	30
Shale	5	35

#### B4-58-26cb

[Driller's log of test hole 200 feet east and 200 feet north of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1948. Surface altitude, 4, 287 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine	2	9 14
Pierre shale: Shale		36

## B4-58-28dd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 318 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine	16	16
Sand, coarse		50
	<u> </u>	

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. --- Continued

#### B4-58-29cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 4,399 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	1	4
Sand	18	22
Sand, silty; contains interbedded clay	39	61
Gravel and fine sand	22	83
Gravel and sand	37	120
Gravel, red	38	158
Pierre shale:		
Shale	2	160

## B4-58-30dc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1948]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	1	
Soil	4	4
Sand, fine, and silt	9	13
Sand, medium to coarse, and silt	9	22
Sand, fine to coarse	7	29
Sand, fine, and silt	12	41
Gravel and silt	5	46
Clay	5	51
Sand and clay	5	56
Gravel	14	70
Sand and clay	14	84
Sand, coarse, and silt	5	89
Gravel and sand	6	95
Carbonaceous wood	1 1	96
Gravel and sand	18	104
Gravel	26	130
Gravel and rocks	26	156
Pierre shale:	1	
Shale	1	157
	L	<u> </u>

#### B4-58-31cc

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. , 1947. Surface altitude, 4,417.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand and clay	27	31
Sand, fine		64
Gravel, fine, and sand		81
Clay and fine sand		104
Clav	l 21 l	125
Clay and sand	17	142
Gravel and clay	9	151
Gravel	55	206
Gravel and fragments of shale		212
Gravel	7	219
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	220

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B4-58-34da

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,359 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	12	12
Sand, fine	38	50
Sand, coarse		120
Clay, soft, yellow	10	130

#### В4-58-35ы

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,328 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, sandy	10	10
Sand, fine	20	30
Sand, coarse, and cobbles	5	35
Sand, coarse	6	41
Clay, yellow		45
Pierre shale:		
Shale	10	55

## B4-59-6cd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,440 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine	9	9
Clay, yellow; contains some sand		14
Sand, fine		70
Sand, coarse		77

#### B4-59-13dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,407 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	7	7
Sand and clay		26
Sand, coarse	5	31
Clay	5	36
Sand, coarse	13	49
Sand, fine to medium		87
Gravel	30	117
Pierre shale:		1
Shale	3	120

## B4-59-23a

## [Driller's log of domestic well drilled in 1909]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Gravel and clay	4	7
Sand	33	40
Clay	1	41
Sand	19	60

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

## B4-59-23a—Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay	2	62
Gravel		86
Clay, blue		90
Gravel	17	107

#### B4-59-24aa

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1943. Surface altitude, 4,398 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, medium, and silt, brown to gray	4	4
Loam, sandy	2	6
Sand, medium, silty, yellow to brown	4	10
Loam, sandy, yellow to brown	7	17
Sand, medium to coarse	3	20
Sand and clay	1	21
Sand, very fine to coarse, and silt; contains calcium carbonate	39	60
Sand and gravel	10	70
Sand, coarse, light- to dark-yellow	18	88
Sand and gravel	23	111
Pierre shale:	- 1	
Shale, very soft	2	113
Shale, clayey, green to gray	39	152
Shale, sandy	10	162

#### B4-59-24cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1943. Surface altitude, 4,435 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, sandy, dark-brown	15	15
Sand, medium to coarse, silty, brown to gray		55
Sand, coarse, and silt, dark-yellow to brown	20	75
Sand, fine to coarse, silty		85
Sand, silty, and gravel		96
Sand, very fine to fine, and silt, yellow to brown		111
Sand, medium to coarse, and silt, brown		134
Sand, medium, and silt, brown		140
Gravel and coarse sand, brown to gray		167
Sand, fine	2	169
Sand, gravel, and weathered shale		175
Pierre shale:		
Shale, weathered, buff	2	177
Shale, sandy, dark-gray		206

#### B4-59-29ac

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	10	10
Sand and silt		40
Sand	20	60
Clay and sand	18	78
Sand, medium and coarse	12	90
Grayel, clean		101
Clay	4	105
Sand		108

APPENDIX B 281

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B4-59-29ac-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Gravel	12	120
Sand. fine	16	136
Gravel	14	150
• Clay	4	154
Silt	12	166
Gravel, red	84	250
Cobbles		256

#### B4-59-31bc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,502.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		İ
Soil	15	15
Sand	55	70
Sand, coarse	15	85
Gravel	18	103
Sand. fine	42	145
Clay and sand	38	183
Clay, sand, and pebbles	27	210
Gravel	4	214
Pierre shale:		l
Shale	6	220

#### B4-59-34dc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1944. Surface altitude, 4,418 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		1
Loam, sandy, yellow to brown	5	5
Sand, medium to coarse, and clay		15
Sand, medium to coarse, brown		45
Clay and sand; contains some silt		75
Sand, coarse to medium, gray		99
Clay, dark-brown		102
Sand, light-brown		116
Sand and coarse gravel; brown		124
Sand, medium		128
Gravel and coarse sand. brown		145
Sand, silty		150
Sand and coarse gravel		161
Sand. fine	2	163
Pierre shale:	_	
Shale, weathered, brown	2	165
Shale, massive, green to gray		213

#### B4-59-35ac

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,439.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	}	
Soil	5 I	5
Sand	33	38
Clav	2	40
Sand.	38	78
Clav	22	100
Sand	45	145
Gravel, coarse	63	208

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B4-59-35ac---Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Sandstone	2	210
Gravel, coarse	8	218
Pierre shale:		1
Shale	2	220 *

#### B4-60-2da

[Sample log of test hole 948 feet west and 600 feet south of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 391 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	6	6
Sand	5	11
Clay	2	13
Gravel, coarse, red	42	55
Clay	8	63
Gravel	18	81
Clay and fine sand	10	91
Clay and silt	32	123
Pierre shale:	-	
Shale, blue	7	130

### B4-60-7bc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1945]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	3	3
Sand	34	37
Gravel		99
Clay		113
Gravel		114
Pierre shale:	_	
Shale	2	116

### B4-60-11ad

[Sample log of test hole 22 feet west and 97 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,459 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Sand and clay	17	23
Sand, fine, and silt	34	57
Gravel, fine, and sand	5	62
Sand, very fine to fine	4	66
Gravel and sand	10	76
Clay and quicksand	13	89
Sand, silt, and clay	17	106
Gravel, fine, and silty sand	6	112
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles	24	136
Pierre shale:		
Shale, yellow	1	137
Shale, yellow	3	140

APPENDIX B 283

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B4-60-12bc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. , 1948. Surface altitude, 4,462.0 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	8	8
Clay	8	16
Sand and clay	6	22
Sand. fine		41
Sand, coarse		59
Sand, fine to medium	5	64
Gravel, fine		78
Clay		82
Sand and clay		100
Gravel		110
Sand and clay		118
Gravel, red		138
Pierre shale:		
Shale	2	140

#### B4-60-12cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1942. Surface altitude, 4, 466.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand and clay	14	18
Clay	13	31
Sand.		44
Sand, silty	4	48
Gravel, fine		54
Sand and clay; contains some silt		58
Gravel		72
Clay		87
Gravel, fine, and silt		93
Gravel, clean, coarse		94
Clay and sand		107
Gravel, silty		112
Clay, blue		115
Gravel, silty		128
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles, red	38	166
Pierre shale:	30	100
Shale	11	177
SH21C	11	711

## B4-60-13cb

[Sample log of test hole 74 feet east and 9 feet south of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,476 feet]

<del></del>		·
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand	7	11
Clay	8	19
Sand, fine		42
Clay and fine sand	4	46
Sand, fine		55
Gravel and sand	22	77
Sand and clay	14	91
Sand and silt; contains some gravel	6	97
Clay, gravel, and sand; contains some silt	6	103
Sand, very fine to fine, and clay		123
Sand	8	131

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO, -- Continued

#### B4-60-13cb-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel	. 9	140
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles, red	21	161
Shale, yellow	1 8	162 170

#### B4-60-14cb

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, sandy	10	10
Sand	10	20
Clay and sand streaks	30	50
Sand, coarse		55
Sand, fine		60
Clay and sand		64
Sand, fine		78
Clay and sand	27	105
Sand, fine		110
Clay and sand		119
Sand, silty	18	130
Gravel, yellow iron stains		135
Gravel	31	166
Pierre shale:	31	100
		1770
Shale	4	170

#### B4-60-15ac

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1948]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand and silt	4	4
Sand	15	19
Sand and clay	27	46
Sand and gravel	15	61
Gravel	- 8	69
Clay	5	74
Sand, fine, and gravel	10	84
Gravel, sandy	14	98
Clay	1	99
Gravel and sand	37	136
Gravel and cobbles	21	157
Pierre shale:		
Shale, black	10	167
Shale, interbedded with sandstone	905	1,072

## B4-60-24bb

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1942. Surface altitude, 4,479.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil and sand	20	20
Clay and sand	35	55
Sand, fine	20	75
Gravel and silt	5	80
Gravel	14	94
Clay, blue, and fine sand	46	140
Gravel, coarse; contains pebbles and cobbles	23	163
Pierre shale:		
Shale	. 7	170

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B4-60-24cc

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1937. Surface altitude, 4,488.6 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand and clay	75	75
Sand and gravel		225

## B4-60-25dc2

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,499.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Sand and silt	17	20
Sand. coarse	30	50
Sand, coarse and very coarse	8	58
Sand and silt		75
Gravel, fine		105
Sand, fine, and silt		122
Sand		155
Gravel, fine:contains pebbles and cobbles		160
Sand		174
Clay and sand		180
Gravel and cobbles	20	200
Gravel		210
Sand, fine		215
Gravel		217
Sand, slightly cemented		238
Sand, fine	2	240

## B4-60-26bd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 4,498 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		İ
Soil	5	5
Sand	7	12
Clay	2	14
Sand		17
Clay	3	20
Clay, sandy	5	25
Sand and clay		60
Gravel and silt		70
Clay		75
Sand and clay		84
Sand, stained yellow brown by iron		105
Sand		125
Clay		128
Gravel and silt		140
Clay		145
Clay, sandy	19	164
Gravel		170
	-	180
Clay, interbedded with gravel		205
Gravel, coarse; contains pebbles and cobbles	20 5	
Sand	•	210
Gravel		214
Clay and sand		226
Gravel		235
Gravel, pebbles, and cobbles	5	240

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B4-60-27cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,508 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	6
Clay, interbedded with sand		70
Gravel, coarse	11	81
Clay, interbedded with sand		102
Sand and gravel	18	120
Sand		133
Clay and sand		138
Pebbles and cobbles	15	153
Clay		156
Gravel		173
Clay	2	175
Gravel	43	218
Clay, blocky	5	223
Gravel, very coarse	10	233

#### B4-60-32ad

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 4,506.3 feet]

eistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		Ì
Soil	5	5
Gravel	5	10
Clay	9	19
Sand	13	32
Gravel, fine	23	5.5
Sand and clay	22	77
Clay	3	1 80
Sand	12	92
Gravel	88	180

### B4-60-33dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Harshman, 1945. Surface altitude, 4,528 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	1	1 1
Clay	3	4
Sand, interbedded with clay	46	50
Sand, fine to medium	13	63
Sand, fine to coarse	12	l 75
Clay; contains 25 percent sand	17	92
Sand, fine; contains 20 percent clay	16	108
Sand, fine to medium	7	115
Sand, fine to coarse	42	157
ierre shale:		
Shale	1	158

#### B4-60-35ad

[Sample log of test hole 19 feet west and 3 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,502 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand and clay	10	14
Clay	4	18
Sand	13	31
Clay	7	38

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B4-60-35ad-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Sand and clay	. 13	51
Gravel, sand, and clay		64
Gravel and sand		102
Sand, fine	10	112
Clay and very fine sand		126
Gravel and sand		138
Gravel, coarse, pebbles, and cobbles, red		169
Shale, yellow	. 5	174
Shale, blue		180

#### B5-55-27dc

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1936. Surface altitude, 4,134.1 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;	5	5
Sand, fine		8
Sand, coarse		50
Gravel	28	78

#### B5-55-28aa

# [Sample log of test hole 1,056 feet west and 12 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,172 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Sand, very fine to fine, and silt, tan to brown	10	10
Sand, fine, and silt, light-tan	22	32
Silt, brown		46
Clay, tan to gray		50
Gravel, medium to fine, and coarse sand		52
Sand, medium to fine, and fine gravel, tan to buff		58
Pierre shale:		
Shale, laminar, blue	2	60

## B5-55-28ca

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1937. Surface altitude, 4,163.3 feet]

District the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second sec		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, sandy	4	4
Clay and sand	14	18
Sand, fine	17	35
Clay	1	36
Gravel and fine sand		50
Gravel	5	55
Clay	5	60
Pierre shale:		
Shale, yellow	10	70
· ·		

#### B5-55-34ab

# [Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4, 136 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to very fine tan	5	5

## MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B5-55-34ab-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel, coarse to fine, sandy, tan to gray	73 36	78 <b>114</b>
Pierre shale: Shale, weathered, sandy, brown	2 4	116 120

#### B5-55-35cd

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. Woberman, 1937. Surface altitude, 4,147.2 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil and silt	40	21 61 88
Sand and gravel		00

#### B5-55-36bb

## [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1939]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	20	20
Sand, very fine to fine		34
Gravel	56	90
	L	L

#### B5-56-28dd

## [Driller's log of domestic well drilled by Mr. Williams, 1911]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay		25
Gra vel		60
Pierre shale:		
Shale	556	616

## B5-56-34cc

[Sample log of test hole 1, 100 feet east and 18 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,260 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine to medium, and silt, light-brown.	8	8
Gravel, coarse to fine, and coarse and medium sand		26
Pierre shale: Shale, sandy, laminar, buff to tan	3	29
Shale, sandy, calcareous, concretionary		55

#### B5-57-21c

## [Driller's log of stock well drilled in 1917]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Clay, yellow	21	24
Clay, blue	17	41
Sand.		42
Clay, blue	48	90

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B5-57-21c--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pierre shale: Shale	50	140

## B5-57-30bd

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	8	8
Clay, yellow	12	20
Sand and clay	3	23
Clay		44
Sand and gravel; contains clay balls and strips of clay	19	63
Pierre shale:		
Shale	17	80

#### B5-57-30cd

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1946]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Soil		5
Sand and clay	5	16 24
Pierre shale; Shale, fragmentalShale, blue	28 8	52 60

## B5-57-33da

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay, sandy	12	16
Sand, fine	2	18
Gravel	5	23
Limestone		26
Sand and clay		44
Sand and gravel		50
Clay, sandy		55
Clay		65
Sand		70
Magnesia		73
Sand, fine		76
Sand, coarse	3	80
	4	
Sand; contains pebbles and cobbles	5	85
Pierre shale:		_
Shale, fragmental	5	90
Shale	1	91

## B5-58-21ca

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1946]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	3	3
Clay	3	6
Clay, hard	4	10

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B5-58-21ca-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Rock	1	11
Clay	15	26
Pierre shale: Shale	21	47

## B5-59-20ba

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,460 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	2	2
Pierre shale:		
Shale, brown	13	15

#### B5-59-29ba

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,416 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	1	1
Clay, sandy		18
Sand, coarse		20
Clay, yellow	12	32
Shale, blue	12	44

#### B5-59-30dd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,369 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Soil		1
Silt and fine sand	_	5 10
Sand, coarse		14
Shale	12	26

#### B5-59-31db

[Driller's log of test hole drilled for U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1947. Surfacealtitude, 4, 363 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Sand, coarse	16	16
Pierre shale:		
Shale	10	26
Shale	10	26

#### B5-60-14aa

[Sample log of test hole 77 feet west and 14 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,463 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	4	4
Clay	3	7

APPENDIX B 291

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

# MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B5-60-14aa-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay and sand	4 6	16 20 26
Shale, gray	4 19	30 49
Shale, blue	6	55

#### B5-60-23da

[Sample log of test hole 13 feet west and 337 feet south of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,420 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil.	2	2
Clay and sand	3	5
Clay	4	9
Gravel, fine, and sand		21
Sand. fine. and silt	14	35
Clay	7	42
Clay and some sand		53
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental	12	65
Shale, blue	15	80

## B5-60-26ad

[Sample log of test hole 71 feet west and 19 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 384 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay and sand	3	7
Gravel and sand	18	25
Clay and sand	4	29
Clay	17	46
Clay and sand	14	60
Clay and sand	1 6	66
Clay	l š	72
Clay, gravel, and sand	ğ	81
Clay		87
Pierre shale:	١	١ ٠٠
	١,,	100
Shale, blue	13	100

## B5-60-33ab

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated	4	4
Clay and sand		9
Clay and very fine sand		29
Sand, coarse	2	31
Sand, fine, and silt	4	<b>3</b> 5
Sand, fine	3	<b>3</b> 8
Clay	2	40
Pierre shale:	i	
Shale	6	46

#### MORGAN COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### B5-60-35ad

[Sample log of test hole 24 feet west and 414 feet south of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 375 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	2	2
Gravel and sand		19
Clay, yellow	37	56
Clay, blue	7	63
Sand and clay	7	70
Sand and gravel, interbedded with clay	15	85
Pierre shale:	}	1
Shale, blue	15	100

## SEDGWICK COUNTY, COLO.

#### B11-45-5aa

[Sample log of test noie 250 feet east and 16 feet south of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,539 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, black; contains fine silt and clay		4.2
Silt; contains gravel and clay; black		5.5
Sand, medium to coarse, tan		11
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	2	13
Gravel, medium, and coarse sand, pink to tan		19
Clay, silty, tan; contains pink to tan gravel	2.8	21.8
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	11.2	33
Sand, coarse, and medium gravel, light-brown	6	39
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan; interbedded with clay	3	42
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan		47.8
Gravel, medium to coarse, tan to brown	6.2	54
Gravel, medium to coarse, cemented, tan	3.4	57.4
Clay, yellow to brown; contains light-brown fine sand and silt	3.6	61
Gravel, fine, and coarse sand, pink to tan	2	63
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan; contains tan clay		73
Sand, very fine, and silt, interbedded with clay		92
Gravel, fine to medium, and fine to coarse sand; pink to tan	1	93
Sand, very fine to fine, and silt, light-brown	6	99
Gravel, medium, pink to tan		103
Gravel, medium to coarse		113
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan		123
Gravel, fine to medium, and coarse sand, brown		126
Gravel, medium, pink to tan		148.5
Brule formation:		1
Clay, silty, light-tan	5.5	154

## B11-45-5db

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 526 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Clay, interbedded with gravel, tan Clay, light-gray, interbedded with pink to tan sand and gravel Clay, blue to black Sand, medium to coarse, tan to brown Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan Brule formation; Clay and siltstone, tan to light-brown	4.5 4.5 7 4.6 30.4	4.5 9 16 20.6 51
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------	------------------------------

## SEDGWICK COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

#### B11-46-8aa

[Sample log of test hole 123 feet west and 32 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 521 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, black to tan; contains some pink to tan medium gravel	2.8	2.8
Gravel, very coarse to medium, pink to tan	10.2	13
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	10	23
Gravel, medium, pink to tan		27.8
Gravel, cemented with silica		53
Gravel, medium to coarse, brown to pink to tan		64
Gravel, medium to coarse, cemented with calcium carbonate, brown to		
pink to tan	19.5	83.5
Brule formation:		
Clay and silt; tan to light-brown	6.5	90

#### B11-45-8dd

[Sample of test hole 32 feet east and 780 feet north of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,550 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy, black; contains fine to medium gravel	6	6
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan		13
Gravel, coarse, pink to tan		14
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	19	33
Clay, light-brown to black; contains silt		41.6
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	2.3	43.9
Brule formation:		l
Clay and siltstone, light-tan	9.1	53

## B11-45-17dc

[Sample log of test hole 20 feet west and 256 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,677 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sand, and gravel, black to tan	5.5	5.5
Sand and gravel, tan to light-brown	11.5	17
Silt and fine sand, gray	6	23
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan		35
Gravel, medium, pink to tan	8	43
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	10	53
Gravel, medium, interbedded with tan sand and clay	7	60
Clay and silt, light-tan to gray	7.5	67.5
Gravel, fine to coarse	9	76.5
Clay and silt, light-gray to brown	8	84.5
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	17.5	102
Silt; contains very fine sand, pink to tan	17	119
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	4	123
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan, with calcareous cement	6.2	129.2
Brule formation:		
Silt; contains very fine sand and clay, light-gray to tan	<b>23.</b> 8	153

### B11-46-8bb

[Sample log of test hole 85 feet east and 5 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U.S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,606 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine, and silt, light-brown to tan	9,9	9.9
Sand, fine, and silt, tan; contains very fine pink to tan gravel	1.3	11.2
Gravel, medium; contains fine to coarse sand	7.7	18.9

## SEDGWICK COUNTY, COLO. -Continued

## B11-46-8bb-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Gravel, medium to coarse; contains sharp chips broken from cobbles; pink to tan	2.1	21
Gravel, fine; contains medium and coarse sand; pink to tan		23
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan		27
Sand, fine to coarse; contains medium gravel; pink to tan		31 33
Gravel, medium to coarse; contains chips of quartz broken from cobbles;	-	50
pink to tan	1.5	34.5
Brule formation:	0.5	40
Siltstone and clay, medium-tan	8.5	43

#### B11-46-8bc

[Sample log of test hole 75 feet east of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,592 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay; contains fine sand and silt; light-brown	11.2	11.2
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	2.8	14
Sand, medium and coarse; contains fine gravel; brown to pink to tan	2.5	16.5
Sand, medium; contains trace of fine gravel; brown to pink to tan	2	18.5
Gravel, fine to medium; contains coarse sand; pink to tan	4.5	23
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	7.8	30.8
Gravel, medium, pink to tan	14.2	45
Brule formation:		
Siltstone, light-tan	3	48

#### B11-46-8cc

[Sample log of test hole 117 feet east and 30 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,576 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated		
Soil and road fill	3.6	3.6
Clay, tough, plastic, light-gray	3.4	7
Clay, tough, green to greenish-blue	3	10
Clay, tough, plastic, interbedded with pink to tan gravel, black to		İ
dark-gray	3	13
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	2.9	15.9
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	13.6	29.5
Gravel, fine to medium; contains coarse sand; pink to tan	1	30.5
Brule formation:		
Clay, silty, light-tan	12.5	43

#### B11-46-17bc

[Sample log of test hole 98 feet east of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,577 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, silty, black	7.5	7.5
Clay, silty, green	4	11.5
Clay; contains sand and gravel; green to tan		13
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan	2	15
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan		16.5
Gravel, medium; contains coarse sand; pink to tan	6.5	23
Gravel, medium, pink to tan	20.4	43.4
Gravel, fine to coarse; contains 15 percent coarse sand; pink to tan		53.4
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan		63.4
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan		75.4
Gravel, fine to medium; contains 30 percent coarse sand; pink to tan		83.4

#### APPENDIX B

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

# SEDGWICK COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B11-46-17bc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, medium to coarse, tan	3.5	86.9
Brule formation: Siltstone, clayey, medium to light-tan	2.5	89.4

#### B11-46-19aa

[Sample log of test hole 16 feet west and 67 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,582 feet]

	J	
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Road fill	8.9	8.9
Gravel, medium and coarse, pink to tan		13
Silt; contains medium to coarse sand; tan to brown		21
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan to light-gray		28
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan		33
Gravel, medium; contains coarse sand; pink to tan		41.6
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan		49
Clay, interbedded with silt and fine sand, tan to light-brown		56.5
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan, interbedded with tan clay		63.4
Sand, fine to medium; contains silt and clay; tan to light-brown		88.9
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan		93.4
Sand, medium, tan to light-brown; cemented with calcium carbonate		103.4
Sand, fine to medium. and silt; tan		107.4
Gravel, medium, pink to tan	11	118.4
Sand, medium to coarse; contains fine to medium gravel; cemented with		
calcium carbonate, pink to tan	5	123.4
Gravel, fine to medium, cemented with calcium carbonate	10	133.4
Gravel, fine to medium; contains medium to coarse sand; cemented with		
calcium carbonate, pink to brown	19.6	153
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to brown		161
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to brown	6	167
Sand, medium to coarse, light-tan; contains calcareous nodules		171
Siltstone, pink to tan		173
Gravel, medium, pink to tan		175.5
Sand, coarse, and fine gravel; pink to tan to brown	4.3	179.8
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to brown		185.3
Gravel, medium to coarse, cemented with silica, pink to tan		215

## B11-46-19ad

[Sample log of test hole 126 feet west and 12 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,583 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil, silty, black; contains some gravel	4.5	4.5
Clay, gray, with iron stains		10.5
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan		17.2
Brule formation:		
Siltstone; contains some clay; gray to tan	25.8	43
Siltstone, sandy, slightly clayey, gray to tan	40	83
Chadron formation(?):		i
Clay, light-gray to light-green	10	93
Clay, light-gray to light-green; contains trace of tan siltstone	20	113
Clay, light-gray to white	23	136
Pierre shale:		Ì
Clay, yellow to brown; contains concretions	17	153
Shale, hard, laminar, black	10	163

## SEDGWICK COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B11-46-19dd

[Sample log of test hole 35 feet west and 600 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 628 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Silt, black; contains fine to coarse sand and medium gravel		8.5 12
Brule formation: Siltstone, tan to light-brown	İ	23

#### B11-47-4ac

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled in 1936]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	17	17
Gravel		23
Clay		35
Gravel		45
		1

#### B12-45-20ca

[Sample log of test hole drilled for the Town of Julesburg, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,572 feet]

Alluvium; Soil and clay	9	9
Gravel, fine to coarse, containing coarse sand, tan		37
Clay, silty to fine sandy, blocky, tan to pinkish-buff	63	100

#### B12-45-20cb

[Sample log of test hole drilled for the Town of Julesburg, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,587 feet]

Road fill	4	4
Alluvium:	_	_
Clay, blocky, gray-green	7	11
Gravel, fine to coarse, contains coarse sand, tan	35	46
Brule formation:		
Clay, silty, blocky, tan	4	50

#### B12-45-20da1

[Sample log of test hole drilled for the Town of Julesburg, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,568 feet]

Alluvium:		1
Soil and clay, dark-gray to black	9	9
Gravel and fine to coarse sand	3	12
Gravel, coarse (large pebbles or cobbles indicated by clatter of drill stem)	23	35
Brule formation:		1
Clay, fine sandy to silty, hard, blocky, tan	5	40
Clay, hard, brittle, blocky, pinkish-buff	30	70
Clay, soft, light grayish-tan	8	78
Clay, blocky, light-gray	42	120

## SEDGWICK COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B12-45-20da2

[Sample log of test hole drilled for the Town of Julesburg, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,571 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Alluvium:		
Soil and sandy clay, dark-gray	6	6
Sand, fine to coarse	4	10
Gravel, fine to coarse, containing coarse sand (thin layer of clay at 23	1	
feet)	15	25
Sand, fine to coarse, containing fine gravel	3 2	28
Gravel, fine to coarse, containing coarse sand	2	30
Brule formation:		ĺ
Clay, soft, plastic, light-tan	5	35
Clay, moderately hard, blocky, tan, alternating with tan plastic clay		50
Gravel, coarse; consists of large subangular to subrounded pebbles of hard		1
blocky tan clay (porous zone)	9	59
Clay, hard, blocky, pinkish-buff		75
Clay, soft, plastic, light grayish-tan		83
Clay, blocky, moderately hard, light-gray to tan	1 ~	245
Clay, soft, plastic, light-gray to white	102	252
Chert, hard, brittle, brown, white, pink, and green, containing hard	1 '	202
brown fine-grained sandstone	1 7	259
		263
Chert, hard, brittle, light-green to dark green		293
Clay, sandy, plastic, light-gray	30	203
Sand, fine to medium, light-gray, interbedded with thin layers of light-	7	200
gray plastic sandy clay	1 7	300

## B12-45-20db

[Sample log of test hole drilled for the Town of Julesburg, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,571 feet]

Road fill	7	7
Alluvium:		
Gravel, fine to medium, and coarse sand, containing a little coarse		
gravel	11	18
Gravel, medium to coarse, containing fine gravel and a little coarse		07
sand	9	27
Gravel, fine to medium, containing a little sand		30 35
Gravel, fine to coarse, containing sand	2	37
Brule formation:	-	37
Clay, sandy, tan and buff; a few fragments water-worn	13	50
Clay, hard, brittle, pinkish-tan		100

### B12-45-21ca

[Sample log of test hole drilled for the Town of Julesburg, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,575 feet]

Alluvium:		
Soil and sand, fine to coarse, dark-gray	5 11	5
Gravel, fine to coarse, containing fine to coarse sand	11	16
Brule formation:		1
Clay, silty to fine sandy, blocky, buff to light-tan	34	50
Clay, blocky, gray to tan		70
Clay, laminated, pinkish-buff		78
Clay, fine sandy, blocky, pinkish-buff		88
Clay, sandy, plastic, gray		100

# B12-45-21cb1

[Sample log of test hole drilled for the Town of Julesburg, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,570 feet]

			-
Alluvium:	i	l l	
		E .	
Soil and sand, fine to medium, dark-gray			
son and sand, time to medium, dark-gray		, ,	

## SEDGWICK COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

#### B12-45-21cb1-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Alluvium—Continued		
Gravel, fine to coarse, containing fine to coarse sand	5	10
Gravel, coarse, containing fine to medium gravel		24
Brule formation:		
Clay, silty to fine sandy, hard, blocky, light-tan to buff	2	26
Clay, silty to fine sandy, soft, plastic, light-gray to buff		30

#### B12-45-21cb2

[Sample log of test hole drilled for the Town of Julesburg, 1948. Surface altitude, 3,569 feet]

Alluvium: Soil and sand, fine to coarse, dark-gray		8 17
Brule formation: Clay, silty to fine sandy, blocky, light-tan	43	60

#### B12-45-28cc

[Sample log of test hole 91 feet east and 23 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,550 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay, very tough, blocky, black	6.8 13.2 3 10 5	6.8 20 23 33 38
Brule formation: Siltstone, pink Siltstone and clay, tan to light-brown	5 10	43 53

### B12-45-32ad

[Sample log of test hole 37 feet west of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,546 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil, silty, black	10.5	6.5 17 58
Brule formation: Clay, silty, light-tan	5	63

#### WASHINGTON COUNTY, COLO.

#### B1-54-7aa

[Sample log of test hole 50 feet west and 20 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,503 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil, sandy	4	4
Clay	2	6
Pierre shale: Shale, hard, yellow	32	38
Shale, gray		42
Shale, blue		46

299

APPENDIX B Logs of test holes, wells, and seismogtaph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## WASHINGTON COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-54-7bb

[Sample log of test hole 75 feet east and 20 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,491 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil. sandy.	7	7
Sand		18
Sand and clay		21 31
SandClay.		44
Clay, sandy		55
Gravel	1	56
Pierre shale: Shale, fragmentalShale, blue	3 1	59 60

#### B3-53-25ab

[Driller's log of test hole 100 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled by the State of Colorado, 1906]

eistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand and gravel	85	85
erre shale:		İ
Shale	70	155
Lime	2	157
Shale	148	305
Lime	3	308
Shale	192	500
Shale, light-gray		523
Lime		525
Shale		777
Shale, light-gray		902
Lime		904
Shale	242	1.146

## B5-54-2bd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Woberman, 1930. Surface altitude, 4,085.2 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		ı
Soil	14	14
Gravel		90
Of@4.CT++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	10	

#### B5-54-5aa

[Driller's log of domestic well drilled by Mr. Vanes. Surface altitude, 4,087.9 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand and clay	17 6	5 22 28 52
Pierre shale: Shale	100	152

#### B5-54-5cc

[Sample of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface a	ltitude,	4,09	90 feet]
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		$\Box$	
Sand, fine to medium, black	]	3 I	3

## WASHINGTON COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B5-54-5cc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	15	18
Sand, medium to coarse, light-tan	15 5	23
Sand, coarse to very coarse, and fine to medium gravel, pink to tan		33
Sand, medium light-tan	10	43
Gravel, medium, pink to tan	2	45
Shale, black to bluish-black	18	63

#### B5-54-8bd

[Sample log of test hole 30 feet west and 60 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 4,086 feet]

D1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Γ
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		ľ
Sand, fine to medium; contains clay; black to dark-brown	2	! 2
Sand, medium and coarse, brown	4	6
Gravel, fine to coarse, pink to tan	17	23
Gravel, fine to medium; contains 20 percent sand; pink to tan	20	43
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	35.5	78.5
Pierre shale:		i
Clay, yellow to brown to gray	4.5	83
Clay, blue-gray to gray with yellow-brown streaks	10	93

#### B5-54-16bd

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1949. Surface altitude, 4,102 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, tough, black	. 3	3
Clay, very tough, tan		10
Sand, fine; contains medium gravel; pink to tan		65
Clay, tan		70
Sand, fine; contains medium gravel; pink to tan	5 53	123
Clay, tough, light-tan	10	133
Clay, mottled light-tan and dark-gray	10	143
Clay, dark-gray	8	151
Gravel, coarse, interbedded with clay	2	153
Gravel, fine to coarse, interbedded with clay	99	252
Pierre shale:		
Shale, blue to black	8	260

#### B5-54-17aa

[Sample log of test hole 5 feet west and 250 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1942. Surface altitude, 4, 102 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		1
Sand, medium, light-tan	4	4
Sand, coarse; contains fine to medium gravel	3	7
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	6	13
Gravel, fine; contains 20 percent coarse to very coarse sand; tan	10	23
Gravel, fine to medium; contains 10 percent coarse gravel; pink to tan	10	33
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	20	53
Gravel, medium to coarse; contains 10 percent very coarse gravel and		1
pebbles; pink to tan	10	63
Gravel, fine to medium; contains 15 percent coarse sand; pink to tan	10	73
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan	20	93
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan; contains reworked tan clay	10	103
Gravel, fine to medium, and coarse sand, pink to tan	10	113

9

88

15

103

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska— Continued

## WASHINGTON COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B5-54-17aa--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Gravel, fine to coarse, pink to tan	7	120
Clay, sandy, light-gray	5	125
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan		133
Gravel, fine to medium, pink to tan; contains light-gray sandy clay		143
Clay, yellow to brown; contains some gravel		156
Clay, blue to black	7	163
B5-54-19da	1165 foot	
[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Woberman. Surface altitude, 4,	116.5 feet]	İ
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		

## B5-54-28cb

Gravel, coarse, and sand.....

Gravel.....

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Adams Well Works, 1944]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine	58	58
Gravel		70
Pierre shale: Shale		71

#### B5-54-29cb

## [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled in 1937. Surface altitude, 4, 126.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand and silt	20	20
Sand, fine	42	62
Gravel		72

#### B5-54-30db

## [Driller's log of test hole]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil and silt	16	16
Gravel, medium and coarse	19	35
Sand, very fine to fine	5	40
Gravel		84
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	85

#### WELD COUNTY, COLO.

### B1-61-5cc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled in 1935. Surface altitude, 4,783 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil and clay	21	21
Gravel	54	75
_		

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-61-5dc

[Sample log of test hole 50 feet west and 52 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,773 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay	1 7	11
Clay and sand	7	18
Gravel, clay, and sand	5	23
Clay	7	30
Laramie formation:		i
Shale, fragmental, gray	4	34
Shale, blue: contains fragments of coal		40

#### B1-61-11bb

[Sample log of test hole 13 feet east and 16 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,844 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	6	0
Clay	15	21
Sand, fine, and clay	12	33
Clay	8	41
Clay and sand.		56
Gravel, sand, and clay	3	59
Laramie formation:		l
Shale, gray and yellow	28	87
Shale, blue; contains streaks of coal	7	94
Shale, black	6	100

#### B1-61-19c

## [Driller's log of domestic well drilled in 1919]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Silt, sand, and clay	50	50
Laramie formation: Shale	212	262

### B1-61-26c

## [Driller's log of domestic well drilled by Mr. Oberquell, 1921]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil and sand.	50	50
Laramie formation:		_
Shale, jointed, blue	175	225
Sand blue		255
Shale, jointed, blue	55	310
Sand blue		340
Shale	8	348
Sand. blue	33	381
Shale	2	383

### B1-61-27c

## [Driller's log of well drilled by Mr. Oberquell, 1915]

Pleistocene an Soil, sand,		erentiated:	 	50	50

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-61-27c-Continued

B1-61-27c—Continued		
	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Laramie formation: Shale, blueSand, blueShale, blueShale, blue	150 18 1	200 218 219
B1-61-30c		
[Driller log of stock well drilled by Mr. Oberquell, 1927]		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Soil, clay, and sand	50	50
Shale, blue	100 7 124	150 157 281
	127	1 201
B1-61-35a [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Mr. Oberquell, 191	51	
	.0]	
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand and gravel	50	50
Clay and shale; blue	175 <b>2</b> 5	225 250
B1-62-1cc		
[Sample log of test hole 22 feet east and 30 feet north of southwest corner for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4, 921 fe	of section, et]	drilled
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		Γ
Sand		4 15
Loam	4	19
Shale, lignitic, gray		40
Shale, yellowShale, gray	4 73	44 117
Shale, blue	23	140
B1-62-1d		
[Driller's log of stock well drilled by Mr. Oberquell, 19	16]	
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Soil, sand, and gravel	1	60
Shale, blue		100
SandstoneShale, blue	7 58	107 165
,	, ,,	

B1-62-5aa

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Holden and Holden, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,840.6 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	24	24
Rock	2	26

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

### B1-62-5aa-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel.	2	28
ClayLaramie formation:	52	80
Shale		176
Sandstone	22	198

#### B1-62-7aa

[Sample log of test hole 200 feet west and 80 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,798 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Clay and sand	9	13
Sand: contains some clay		17
Gravel		22
Clay	3	25
Gravel	8	33
Gravel and clay		38
Laramie formation:	_	
Shale, carbonaceous	22	60

## В1-62-10ьь

[Sample log of test hole 17 feet east and 73 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,940 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil		
Clay		18
Laramie formation: Shale, fragmental, yellow		22
Shale, fragmental, gray	11	33
SandstoneShale, gray and yellow	2 10	35 45
Shale, gray; contains streaks of coal	15	60

## B1-63-2cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933. Surface altitude, 4,846 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Clay, sandy	8	10
Sand, fine	5	15
Gravel, sandy		21
Clay	9	30
Sand, fine	8	38
Sand, coarse, and gravel		42
Clay	1	43
Sand and graval	8	51
Sand and gravel	0	52
Clay	1	
Sand, coarse	11	63
Clay	1	64
Sand and gravel	1	65
Clay	12	77
Sand and gravel	1	78
Clay	3	81
Sand and gravel	4	85
Sand, fine	5	90
Clay	8	98

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-63-2dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933. Surface altitude, 4,832 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	6 7 5 5	2 8 15 20 25 62
Clay		69

#### B1-63-3bc

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1936. Surface altitude, 4,840.5 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		1
Soil	45	45
Sand.	11	56
Clay, sandy		66
Gravel, fine	5	71
Clay	10	81
Gravel and clay		90
Clay, sandy	5	95
Sand, dirty	10	105
Gravel	23	128

## B1-63-3cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933. Surface altitude, 4,844.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		i
Soil	2	2
Sand	4	6
Sand and silt	42	48
Sand, fine	2	50
Sand and gravel	2	52
Sand		55
Sand and gravel	16	71
Clay	5	76
Sand, coarse	5	81
Sand and gravel	9	90
Clay	8	98
Sand and gravel	7	105
Sand	10	115
Sand and gravel	5	120
Sand, coarse	2	122
Clay, black	ī	123
Sand	ĩ	124
Laramie formation:	-	1
Shale	1	125

## B1-63-3dd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Claycomb, 1943. Surface altitude, 4,841.4 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand and clay	40	40
Sand and fine gravel	30	70
Clay	4	74
Gravel, medium	6	80

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-63-3dd--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay	1	81
Sand, fine, gravel, and clay	14	81 95 96
Sand, fine		102

## B1-63-6aa

[Sample log of test hole 20 feet west and 35 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,842 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:  Loam, sandy, brown	3	3 6
Laramie formation: Shale, weathered, plastic, and cohesive, mottled blue and brown		20

#### B1-63-8ab

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1937. Surface altitude, 4,864 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	1 2
Clay, sandy	23	25
Sand	5	30
Sand and gravel	8	38
Laramie formation:		
Shale	5	43

## B1-63-9ba

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Clay, sandy	28	30
Sand, coarse	2	32
Sand and gravel	6	38
Sand, coarse	7	45
Sand and gravel	30	75
Sand, coarse	10	85
Sand and gravel	8	93
Clay	1 1	94
Sand and gravel	$\bar{2}$	96
Clav	. <u>2</u>	98
Sand and gravel	. <u>5</u>	103
Laramie formation:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Shale	7	110

#### B1-63-9ad1

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1937. Surface altitude, 4,852.7 feet]

Distance of December 1 and 1 and 1		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, hard	30	30
Clay, soft	10	40
Clay, hard	10	50
Clay	11	61
Sand, coarse		70

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B1-63-9ad1-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Clay, soft	1	71
Sand, coarse	3	74
Clay, soft	3	77
Sand, fine		80
Clay		83
Sand		88
Clay		89
Sand		93
Clay		98
Sand, hard		105
Sand	1 6	111
Clay	4	115
Sand	13	128

#### B1-63-9dd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1935. Surface altitude, 4,862.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	45	45
Sand, fine	13	58
Clay, hard	4	62
Gravel and cobbles		65
Clav. hard	_	74
Sand. fine		80
Clay		84
Sand. fine		102
Clay, hard		104
Sand. fine		111
Clay		113
Gravel. coarse		118
,		

### B1-63-10cd

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1933. Surface altitude, 4,865.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Clay, sandy	2 3 65	29 31 34 99 101
ClaySand, coarse, and gravel		139

## B1-63-12ab

[Sample log of test hole 4 feet east and 26 feet north of southwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U S. Geological Survey, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,836 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	7	7
Sand	6	13
Gravel and sand		23
Laramie formation:		
Shale, gray	17	40
	1	

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-63-12c

## [Driller's log of domestic well drilled by Mr. Williams]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	2	2
Clay, sandy	28	30
Laramie formation: Shale	70	100

#### B1-63-15cc

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. Johnstown, 1933. Surface altitude, 4,901.6 feet]

Sand, and clay	25 28 30 32
Sand, and clay	8
Sand, coarse, and gravel.       16       4         Sand, coarse, gravel, and boulders.       2       5         Sand, coarse, and gravel.       2       5         Clay.       4       5         Sand, coarse, and clay.       3       5         Sand, coarse, and fine gravel       22       8	0
Sand, coarse, gravel, and boulders	
Sand, coarse, and gravel.       2       5         Clay.       4       5         Sand, coarse, and clay.       3       5         Sand, coarse, and fine gravel.       22       8	2
Clay       4       5         Sand, coarse, and clay       3       5         Sand, coarse, and fine gravel       22       8	
Sand, coarse, and clay	6
Sand, coarse, and fine gravel	9
	31
Clay, Sandy I	32
Sand, coarse, and gravel	3
	7
Sand, coarse 19 11	.6
Sand, coarse, and gravel	0:
Sand, gravel, and boulders	6
Sand, coarse	.7

## B1-63-15dc1

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1944. Surface altitude, 4,906.6 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil and clay	42	42
Gravel	4	46
Clay	56	102
Gravel		115
Clay		135
Gravel, dirty	21	156
Laramie formation:		
Shale	1	157

#### B1-63-16ad

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Holden and Holden, 1940. Surface altitude, 4,886.9 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		ł
Sand, fine	14	14
Clay, sandy	11	25
Clay		35
Clay, sandy		43
Sand		72
Gravel		76
Clay, hard		79
Sand		93
Clay, soft		94
Gravel	47	141

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B1-63-16ad—Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay	1	142
Laramie formation: Shale	1	143

#### B1-63-19b

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled in 1934]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Soil	10	15 25 28
Clay, sandy, yellow		38
Laramie formation: Shale	2	40

## B1-63-20dd

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works. Surface altitude, 4,918 feet]

16	16
2	18
37	55
8	63
28	91
6	97
14	111
	2 37 8 28 6

#### B1-63-22ac2

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. Holden, 1944. Surface altitude, 4,909.9 feet]

<del></del>		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	1 1	
rieistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;	, ,	
Course 1	165	165
Gravel	100	100

#### B1-63-23cc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	4	4
Clay, sandy	13	17
Sand. coarse		22
Sand, coarse, and gravel		47
Clay		51
Sand, coarse, and gravel		56
Clay.	30	86
Sand and gravel		94
Clay		97
Sand, coarse, and gravel		104
Clay		130
Sand. coarse	2	132
Clay	16	148

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-63-27cb

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. Voght, 1933. Surface altitude, 4,948.3 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil and sand.	95	95
Gravel.		103
Clay		104
Gravel	55	159

#### B1-63-28aa

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, sandy	32	32
Sand, fine.	2	34
Sand, coarse, and gravel		40
Sand, fine		56
Sand, coarse, and gravel		65
Sand, fine		67
Sand, coarse, and gravel		78
Sand, coarse, and clay balls		84
Sand, coarse, and gravel		130
Sand, fine		132
Sand, coarse, gravel, and cobbles		146

#### B1-63-30aa

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, sandy	10	10
Sand, medium.	4	14
Sand, coarse, and gravel	3	17
Sand, coarse, and clay balls	3	20
Sand, coarse, and gravel	11	31
Clay and gravel	16	47
Sand, coarse	7	54
Clay	2	56
Sand and clay	4	60
Sand, coarse, and gravel	4	64

## B1-63-30ba

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	5	5
Sand, fine		16
Clay, sandy		22
Sand, coarse		26
Sand and clay		27
Sand, coarse, and gravel		40
Clay		60
Laramie formation:	]	"
Clay, blue	10	70
V		

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B1-64-25ab

### [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay, sandy	19	19
Sand, fine	7	26
Gypsum(?), hard	26	52
Shale, blue	24	76

#### B1-64-25bb

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	l	
Clay, sandy	12	12
Clay, hard, sandy, blue		32
Sand, fine		40
Sand, medium		56
Laramie formation:		l
Shale, blue	2	58

#### B1-64-25cb

## [Driller's log of well drilled by Holden and Holden]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, sandy	4	4
Clay	8	12
Clay, sandy	5	17
Gravel	7	24
Sand, fine	11	35
Clay, hard	1	36
Sand, fine	1	37

### B2-61-2ac

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Holden, 1938. Surface altitude, 4,635.5 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	1 3
Sand, fine		34
Gravel, fine		50
Clay		52
Clay, sandy	8	60
Sand, coarse	12	72

## В2-61-8ьь

# [Sample log of test hole 147 feet east and 33 feet south of northwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, very fine, and silt, reddish-tan	7	7
Sand, fine, calcareous, tan to yellow		28
Sand, very fine; contains clay and silt; calcareous, tan	10	38
Silt and clay, calcareous, blue	27	65
Clay and silt; contains concretions; mottled yellow and gray	10	75
Laramie formation:	l	l
Shale, soft, blue to gray	5	80

# WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-61-11bd

## [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled in 1935]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand	4	8
Clay, yellow	11	19
Sand, fine		25
Sand, coarse		30
Gravel	18	48
Clay		49
Gravel		63
Sand, black		85

#### B2-62-4cd

[Sample log of test hole 10 feet north of southeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, medium to coarse, brown.	4	4
Clay; contains fine sand; brown		6
Sand, medium, and clay, tan		9
Clay; contains fine sand; tan		12
Sand, fine to medium, buff		27
Clay: contains medium to fine sand		44
Laramie formation:		
Shale, weathered; contains iron concretion, buff to brown becoming blue	1	
to black. Seam of lignite found at 50 feet	6	50

#### B2-62-18ab

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1944. Surface altitude, 4,731.1 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	15	15
Clay	2	17
Sand	4	21
Clay	17	38
Sand	5	43
Gravel	39	82

#### B2-62-30cb

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1937. Surface altitude, 4,776.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	31	31
Gravel	4	35
Clay	9	44
Gravel	9	53
Clay	2	55
Gravel	4	59
Clay	13	72
Gravel, fine	7	79
Laramie formation:		
Sandstone, friable	1	80

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-62-31bb

## [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Holden and Holden]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clav	87	87
Laramie formation:		
Shale	5	92
Rock	-	93
Shale, soft		146
Rock		147
Shale		190
Shale, hard		205
		220
Shale, soft		
Rock		221
Shale, hard		233
Rock		234
Shale, hard		242
Rock		243
Shale, hard		254
Rock	1	255
Shale, soft	20	275
Shale, hard	25	300
Shale, soft		310
Rock		311
Shale, soft	5	316

## B2-63-12aa

## [Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,715 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, sandy, dark-brown	4	4
Clay and fine sand, tan	4	8
Sand, medium to coarse, brown		22
Clay; contains fine and medium sand; brown		42
Gravel, coarse to medium		44
Clay; contains fine sand and calcareous nodules; brown		52
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan; contains yellow clay		56
Clay, sandy, calcareous, brown		<b>5</b> 8
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to tan		81
Clay, sandy, brown		100
Gravel, medium to coarse, pink to gray		105
Gravel; contains clay and pebbles of chert as large as 2 inches		115
Fox Hills sandstone:	10	110
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Sandstone, hard, thin-bedded, medium to fine-grained; contains iron		
concretions; gray to brown	2	117

## B2-63-15dc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by the Denver Pump Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4,760.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	477	477
Soil, silt, and fine sand	47	47
Sand and gravel	29	76
Clay	1	77
Sand	2	79
Clay, sandy	5	84
Laramie formation:		
Shale	4	88

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B2-63-18dd

[Sample log of test hole 20 feet west and 5 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,870 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Loam, sandy; contains silt and clay; brown	13	13
Laramie formation: Shale, mottled tan and brown	7	20

#### B2-63-21dd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works. Surface altitude, 4,768 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Soil	25 25 13	10 35 60 73 79
Laramie formation: Shale	2	81

#### B2-63-22dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. McArthur, 1933. Surface altitude, 4,783.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	i	
Soil	23	23
Clay	20	43
Sand	8	51
Clay	3	54
Sand		60
Clay	ĭ	61
Sand, coarse	6	67
Clay		68
Gravel	18	86
Clay		91
Sand, hard, blue	3	94
Gravel medium	8	102
Laramie formation:	0	102
Shale	2	104
SHRIE	Z	104

### B2-63-23dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933. Surface altitude, 4,786 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Clay	5	7
Clay, sandy	11	18
Sand, fine	7	25
Clay	13	38
Sand and gravel	10	48
Sand, coarse	3	51
Clay	3	54
Sand	ă	58
Sand and gravel	12	70
Clay	- 5	75
Sand	3	78
	6	84
Clay Sand, fine, and gravel	6	90
	13	103
ClayJ	13 (	103

APPENDIX B 315

# Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B2-63-23dc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, fine		118 124
Fox Hills sandstone: Shale	1	125

#### B2-63-25ab1

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co., 1940. Surface altitude, 4, 776 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	i	l
Soil	8	l g
		1
Sand	10	18
Clay	5	23
Gravel	15	38
Clay	2	40
Gravel	29	69
Laramie formation:		
Shale	6	75

#### B2-63-25dc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1936]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	12	12
Sand	8	20
Sand and clay		36
Clay	3	<b>3</b> 9
Gravel		46
Clay	2	48
Gravel	4	52
Clay	2	54
Laramie formation:	_	
Shale	6	60

#### B2-63-26ad1

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Holden and Holden, 1941. Surface altitude, 4,788.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	34	34
Sand	10	44
Clay, soft	1	45
Sand	16	61
Clay, hard	1	62
Grayel	14	76
Clay	1	77
Gravel, medium	9	86
Clay	16	102
Clay, sandy	20	122

## B2-63-26cd

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933. Surface altitude, 4, 804 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

#### B2-63-26cd—Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Clay, sandy	9 2 54 2 5 12 2 5	29 138 40 94 96 101 113 115 120
Shale	11	129

#### B2-63-27ad

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by the Denver Pump Co., 1934. Surface altitude, 4,792.0 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	37	37
Sand and clay, yellow		42
Sandstone		81
Clay, sandy		86
Gravel, medium and coarse	10	96
Sand, white	6	102
Laramie formation:		
Clay and shale, dark-blue	4	106

## B2-63-27dc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Layne-Western Co., 1933. Surface altitude, 4,809 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	2	2
Clay and fine sand	18	20
Clav		46
Sand, coarse	12	58
Clay	12	70
Sand and clay	3	73
Sand.		75
Sand and clay	1	76
Sand, coarse, and gravel	12	88
Laramie formation:		
Li mestone	1	89

#### B2-63-28dc

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Herring and Repp, 1933. Surface altitude, 4,805.7 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	26	26
Sand	5	31
Clay, sandy	2	33
Sand	3	36
Clay	2	38
Sand	3	41
Clay	2	43
Sand	6	49
Clay	1 (	50
Sand	2	52

APPENDIX B 317

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B2-63-28dc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Clay	1	53
Sand		54
Clay	1	55
Sand		58
Clay		64
Sand		68
Gravel	2	70
Clay	1	71
Sand		78
Laramie formation:		
Shale	2	80

#### B2-63-33dd1

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1935. Surface altitude, 4,836.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay, hard	12 5 21	35 47 52 73 86
Clay	1	87
Sand, coarse	3	90

## B2-63-34cc

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Holden and Holden, 1937. Surface altitude, 4,830.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	46	46
Sand	1	47
Clay	10	57
Gravel	6	63
Clay	1	64
Gravel		86
Clay	1	87
Gravel	6	93
Clay	3	96
Sand and silt		98
Gravel	7	105
Clay	3	108
Laramie formation:		
Shale	1	109

## B2-63-35ac

## [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Holden and Holden, 1945. Surface altitude, 4,806.4 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	18	18
Sand	9	27
Clay, hard.	6	33
Gravel	20	53
Clay, hard	3	56
Gravel	16	72
Clay, hard	2	74
Gravel	5	79
Clay, soft	14	93

# WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B2-63-35cc2

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Holden and Holden, 1939. Surface altitude, 4,824.8 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay		46
Sand	19	65
Clay, hard	2	67
Clay, sandy		74
Clay, hard		83
Clay, sandy	7	90
Gravel	18	108
Clay		114

## B2-63-35dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Holden and Holden, 1940. Surface altitude, 4,814.3 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil and clay	34	34
Sand and clay		39
Sand		41
Sand, coarse	6	47
Clav	2	49
Sand, coarse, and gravel	9	58
Clay		58.5
Sand. coarse	2.5	61
Clay	2.5	63.5
Sand and gravel	3.5	67
Clay and fine sand	12	79
Sand, fine, and clay	33	112
Laramie formation:		
Shale	7	119_

## B2-63-36cc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Holden and Holden, 1936]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	20	20
Sand	10	30
Clay	2	32
Gravel		41
Clay	1	42
Gravel, sand, and silt	20	62
Clay	5	67
Laramie formation:		
Shale, soft	23	90
Shale, adhesive		130
Rock	1	131
Shale, light-blue	13	144
Rock, hard	1	145
Shale, sticky, dark		207
Shale, hard, sandy		219
Rock	1	220
Shale, soft	1	221
Rock	1	222
Shale, sandy, gray	12	234
Shale, adhesive	6	240

# WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B3-61-16ab

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4, 650 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, fine to medium, brown	6	68 7 <b>4</b>
Shale, weathered, silty, calcareous, brown	24 2	98 100

## B3-61-36bc

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. Holden, 1937. Surface altitude, 4,628.6 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium	2	l 2
Sand and clay	3	5
Sand and silt	18	23
Gravel	85	108

#### B3-62-15ac

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4, 611 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay and fine sand; calcareous, brown	5	5
Sand, fine, iron-oxide stains, brown	5	10
Sand, fine to medium, and fine to medium gravel; calcareous, brown	7	17
Sand, fine, and clay and silt; tan	10	27
Sand, fine to medium, and gravel; brown	3	30
Sand, clayey, blue to brown	20	50
Clay; contains 30 percent fine and medium sand; brown	3	53
Clay, sandy, blue	11	64
Sand, medium to coarse; contains clay and gravel; brown	19	83
Sand, medium to fine, brown	7	90
Sand, medium to coarse, tan to brown	28	118
Gravel, fine to coarse; contains medium and coarse sand and some clay;		
brown	14	132
Pierre shale:		
Shale,sandy, blue to gray	6	138

# B3-62-29ac

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,680 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, sandy, brown to black	2	2
Sand, medium to coarse, tan	25	27
Clay, blue to gray; contains layers of sand	7	34
Sand, medium to coarse, clayey, tan	13	47
Clay; contains fine sand; blue to gray	15	62
Gravel, medium to coarse; contains sand and pellets of clay; tan to gray	<b>2</b> 2	84
Gravel, coarse, red to gray	27	111
Gravel, coarse; contains pellets of clay and cobbles; gray	14	125
Fox Hills sandstone:	1	
Shale, tan to brown to bluish-gray; contains interbedded sandstone	. 5	130

#### WELD COUNTY. COLO. - Continued

## B3-63-15aa

[Sample log of test hole 50 feet west and 395 feet south of northeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,787 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, medium to coarse, tan	5	13 18 20
Shale; contains sandy layers; brown		30 35

## B3-63-18cb

[Sample log of test hole 400 feet east and 20 feet south of northwest corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,765 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, medium to coarse, tan	28 41
Laramie formation: Shale, brittle, thin-bedded, sandy, mottled tan and brown Shale, lignitic, brown and black	51 52

## B3-63-22dd

[Sample log of test hole 100 feet west and 290 feet north of southeast corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,740 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Sand, medium to coarse, gray	26	40 66 78
Shale, weathered; contains fragments of calcareous shale and lignite; blue to black	8	86

## B3-63-30db

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,840 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Sand, medium to coarse, gray to brown	12	12
Clay and sand, calcareous, tan to brown	11	23
Clay, sandy, buff	11	34
Laramie formation:		
Shale, thin-bedded, tan	12	46
Shale, lignitic, brown to black	4	50
Shale, limonite-stained, mottled light- and dark-brown	10	60

#### B4-61-7dd

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,489 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium, buff to brown	3	3
Gravel, medium to coarse, tan to gray	15	18
Sand, very fine, calcareous, brown	19	37
Sand, fine to coarse, and fine gravel, buff to brown	28	65
Gravel, fine to coarse, tan; contains black clay	7	72
Sand, fine to medium, tan to brown; contains blue to gray clay	6 1	78

APPENDIX B 321

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—— Continued

# WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B4-61-7dd-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Gravel, fine to medium, and fine sand, tan to brown	27	87 114 • 118

# B4-61-20cc

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. Harshman, 1947. Surface altitude, 4,490 feet]

Soil	3 32 18	3 35
		<b>3</b> 5
	10	
	19 1	5 <b>3</b>
Sand, medium to coarse	1	54
Sand, fine, and clay	8	62
Sand. fine	6	68
Sand, fine to medium	7	75
Sand, fine to coarse	3	78
Sand; contains pebbles and cobbles	7	85
Gravel, interbedded with clay	5i	136

## B4-62-6a

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Mr. Hay, 1934]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil and clay	25	25
Clay		39
Sand and clay		47
Sand, slightly cemented		54
Gravel, fine		56
Clay, yellow	4	60
Pierre shale:		
Shale, very sandy	16	76

## B4-62-25bd

# [Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,508 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium, tan to brown	4	4
Sand, fine to medium, gray	14	18
Sand, fine to medium, yellow to brown		25
Sand, fine to medium, and clay, blue to gray	36	61
Sand, fine to medium, buff	16	77
Sand, medium to coarse, and fine gravel, brown	4	81
Sand, fine to medium, tan to brown		97
Gravel, fine to coarse, sandy, brown	12	109
Gravel, fine to medium, tan to gray	6	115
Pierre shale(?):		
Sandstone, fine-grained, brown	1	116

## B4-62-35cd

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,566 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium, tan to brown	25	<b>2</b> 5

# WELD COUNTY, COLO. -- Continued

# B4-62-35cd---Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Sand, fine to medium, gray	8	33
Sand, fine to medium, light-tan	40	73
Sand, coarse, light-tan	31	104
Gravel, fine to medium, and clay, brown	10	114
Pierre shale:		
Sandstone, friable, tan to gray	. 2	116

# B4-63-4dd

# [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Mr. Hay, 1934]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil and clay	36	36
Sand, fineGravel, fine, and sand	20	56 88
Fox Hills sandstone: Shale		89

## B4-63-6cc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Oliver Well Works, 1946. Surface altitude, 4,608 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	16	16
Sand	4	20
Clay	4	24
Sand		32
Clay	10	42
Sand		48
Clay		5 <b>2</b>
Sand		54
Clay		56
Sand		64
Sand, coarse		70
Cobbles		72
Sand		80
Fox Hills sandstone:		
Shale	1	81

# B4-63-14ad

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Holden and Holden, 1941]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Sand	26	26
Clay	1	27
Sand	1	28
Clay		36
Fox Hills sandstone:	ľ	"
Sandstone	18	54
Pierre shale:		1
Shale	96	150
Shale, sandy, gray	41	191
Concretion, gray		192
Shale, blue	43	235
onate, ozac	1 40	200

# WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B4-63-14cc

[Sample log of test hole 35 feet east and 40 feet north of southwest corner of section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4, 695 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Dept!ı (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, coarse to medium, and fine sand and silt, dark-brown	5	5
Sand, coarse to fine; contains fragments of silt and clay; tan		10
Clay, sandy, calcareous, buff	7	17
Gravel, coarse; contains pebbles of sandstone and chert; brown to tan	10	27
Fox Hills sandstone:		1
Clay, dark-gray	. 2	29
Clay; contains fine to medium sand and limonite; brown		32
Clay, sandy, light-blue; contains lignite	. 5	37
Shale, soft, thin-bedded, blue to black	13	50
Sandstone, fine to medium-grained, thin-bedded, tan to gray	10	60

# B4-63-34da

[Sample log of test hole 190 feet west and 1,000 feet south of northeast corner of quarter-quarter section, drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,775 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Sand, medium to coarse, brown	52	52
Clay and medium sand, tan	23	75
Laramie formation:		1
Shale, sandy, lignitic, tan	7	82
Lignite, clayey, soft, dark-brown	1	8 <b>3</b>
Shale, sandy, tan to brown		85

# B4-64-2cc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Holden and Holden]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Sand, fine to medium	11	14
Sand, fine	11	25
Sand, coarse	21	46
Clay	1	47
Sand		58
Clay and gravel	4	62
Sand and gravel		70

## B4-64-13bc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Holden and Holden]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, sandy	13	13
Sand, silty	12	25
Clay		45
Sand		47
Clay	9	56
Sand, fine to coarse		60
Sand, fine	10	70
Gravel		84

# WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

## B5-61-7ba

# [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil	4	1
Sand	4	8
Sand and clay	16	24
Clay, hard, sandy Fox Hills sandstone:	15	39
Sandstone	1	40

## B5-61-10ab

# [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		l
Sand	8	8
Clay and sand	13	21
Sand, cemented, and clay	6	27
Sand and tough clay	2	29
Fox Hills sandstone:		ĺ
Shale, sandy, fragmental	5	34
Shale, fragmental, gray	20	54
Shale, blue	6	60

## B5-61-16cc

# [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	5	5
Clay, tough, and sand	21	26 66
Pierre shale:		
Shale, fragmental	7	73 80

## B5-61-20cd

# [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	5	5
Clay, tough, and sand	23	28
Pierre shale:	1	1
Shale, fragmental	16	44
Shale, blue	16	60

# B5-61-22ac

# [Driller's log of stock well drilled by Canfield Drilling Co.]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand	9	9
Clay and sand	4	13
Clay, hard, and sand	13	26
Pierre shale:		
Shale, sandy, fragmental	12	38
Shale, blue	7	45

## WELD COUNTY, COLO. - Continued

# B5-61-32ad

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,543 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine to medium, and silt; dark-brown	16	16
Sand, fine to medium, and calcareous clay, yellow to brown	5	21
Silt and clay, calcareous, yellow to tan		26
Clay, tan to brown	5	31
Pierre shale:	1	
Sandstone, fine-grained, silty, concretionary, tan to yellow	4	35

## B5-63-19ab

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. McMillan, 1940. Surface altitude, 4,554.8 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Gravel	35	37

#### B5-63-31cc

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Mr. McMillan, 1934. Surface altitude, 4,577 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay	6	6
Sand, fine	54	60
Clay	12	72
Pierre shale:		
Shale	1	73

## B5-63-34aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,535 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, very fine; contains some coarse sand; dark-brown	6	6
Gravel, fine to medium, and coarse sand; tan to brown	16	22
Sand, fine to medium, tan		30
Gravel, fine to very coarse, and sand, tan to gray		56
Sand, very fine, calcareous, limonite-stained, yellow to brown	34	90
Sand, very fine, and medium gravel; calcareous, red to tan	7	97
Sand, very fine, and clay, calcareous, mottled red to brown and blue	4	101
Pierre shale:		
Shale, calcareous, blue to gray	9	110

## B5-63-35cc

[Sample log of test hole drilled for U. S. Geological Survey, 1948. Surface altitude, 4,522 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand, fine, silty, dark-brown	2	2
Sand, coarse, and fine gravel, pink to tan	42	44
Sand, medium to coarse, and silt, brown	29	73
Sand, fine to medium, tan to brown		80
Gravel, medium to coarse, and coarse sand, tan to gray	21	101
Sand, fine to medium, calcareous, tan to gray	2	103
Sand, fine to medium, and clay, blue to brown	5	108
Pierre shale:		
Shale, silty, blue to gray	4	112

# DEUEL COUNTY, NEBR.

## B12-42-2aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,369 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Silt, sandy, dark-brown to black	3	3
Clay, very light-green to gray	l 4	7
Sand, very fine to very coarse, and gravel; contains some pebbles; brown	1 -	
to pink to tan	19.5	26.5
Silt, slightly sandy, light-brown to buff	3.5	30
Sandstone, very fine- to very coarse-grained, pink to tan to brown	4.3	34.3
Sand, fine to coarse and fine gravel; contains interbedded silt; buff		40
Ogallala formation:		
Silt, slightly sandy, buff to tan	2	42
Silt, slightly clayey, gray to brown		45
Silt, slightly sandy, calcareous, light-gray to brown		46.5
Silt, sandy, light-brown to buff		50
Sand, silty, light-brown; contains caliche	2	52
Sand and silt; brown to buff to tan	6.5	58.5
Silt, slightly sandy, light-gray to brown		60
Silt, slightly sandy, reddish-brown to gray		64
Clay, light olive-green	$\bar{4}$	68
Clay, slightly silty, light-brown to buff; contains caliche		70
Brule formation:	_	, ,
Silt, slightly sandy, blocky, reddish-brown	3.5	73.5
Silt, slightly sandy, gray to brown		75
Silt, slightly clayey and sandy, brown	10	85
Silt, slightly clayey		90

## B12-42-2ab

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 3,380 feet]

Soil	2 8 14 5 9 2	2 10 24 29 38 40
Sand and gravel	8 14 5 9 2	24 29 38 40
Sand and gravel	14 5 9 2	29 38 40
ClaySand and gravel	5 9 2	38 40
Sand and gravel	9 2	40
Clay	2	40
Gravel	2	1 76
		43
Clay	7	50
Gravel	á	53
Clay	3	56
Sand and gravel	6	62
Clay	5	67
Sand and gravel	5	72
Clay	4	76
Sand	2	78
rule formation(?);	2	1 '6
Clay	11	89

# B12-42-2ac

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1946]

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		l
Soil, sandy	8	8
Sand and gravel	23	31
Clay	2	33
Sand and gravel	8	41
Sand, fine	7	48
Clay, hard, and caliche	15	63

## DEUEL COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

## B12-42-2ac-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Sand and silt.	5	68
Sand, coarse	2	70
Clav	4	74
Sand	3	77
Caliche		80
Brule formation(?):		
Clay	45	125

#### B12-42-2cb

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Haggard Drilling Co. , 1946. Surface altitude, 3,386 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	] 3
Clay	8	11
Silt, black	2	13
Gravel	27	40
Clay	4	44
Gravel: contains lenses of clay	10	54
Gravel	15	69

## B12-42-2cd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1945. Surface altitude, 3,390 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		_
Soil		2
Sand.	9	11
Gravel	31	42
Sand and clay, hard	18	60
Gravel	3	63
Clav	2	65
Sand and gravel	15	80
Brule formation(?):		1
Clay	7	87

## B12-42-2dd

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1945. Surface altitude, 3,385 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil.	S.	g
Gravel	40	48
Sand	10	58
Sand and clay	2	60

## B12-42-7cc

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 3,416 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Clay		7
Sand		8
Clay	5	13
Sand and gravel		37

## DEUEL COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

# B12-42-7cc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Sand, cemented	5	42
Sand and gravel	50	92

#### B12-42-8dc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 3,416 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	3	3
Clay	17	20
Gravel		38
Clay and caliche	43	81
Sand and gravel	13	94
Caliche, clay, and gravel	4	98
Sand and gravel		109
Brule formation:		İ
Clay	9	118

## B12-42-9cc

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1946. Surface altitude, 3,428 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil		3
Sand	8	11
Clay	4	15
Sand and gravel		50
Sand and clay, hard	15	65
Clay		68
Sand and clay, hard		102
Sand and gravel; contains silt		106
Gravel, uniform, coarse	9	115
Sand, fine	12	127
Clay	9	136
Sand and gravel	20	156
Brule formation(?):	_	
Clay	11	167

## B12-42-9cd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1944. Surface altitude, 3,432.2 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		l
Soil, sandy	2	2
Sand and gravel	18	20
Clay	7	27
Gravel	53	80
Sandstone	3	83

## B12-42-11aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,384 feet]

Road fill	0.5	0.5
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:	1	
Silt, clayey, dark-brown to black.	2	2.5
Silt, sandy, black	1	3.5
Silt, clayey, gray to brown	4	7.5

# DEUEL COUNTY, NEBR. -- Continued

# B12-42-11aa-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Sand, fine to very coarse; contains gravel; brown to pink to tan Sand and gravel, brown to pink to tan and yellow. Sand, fine to very coarse; contains some very fine gravel. Clay, slightly silty, light olive-green. Clay, blue to green, interbedded with light olive-green clay. Sand and gravel, yellow to brown to pink to tan. Sand, very fine to very coarse; contains trace of fine gravel. Brule formation; Clay, silty, light-brown to buff.	50 21.5 8.5 20 20	10 60 81.5 90 110 130 156

## B12-42-12bd

[Driller's	log of test ho	le drilled	by Ha	ggard	Drilling	Co.,	1945.	Surface	altitude,	3,403	feet]
DI.	T-1				** **				1	1	

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		i
Soil	.1 3	3
Clay, sandy		8
Sand and gravel, hard; contains silt		30
Gravel, coarse		63
Clay		70
Gravel		106

# B12-42-13cc

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co]

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil		3
Clay	15	18
Sand and gravel	60	78
Brule formation(?):	1	l
Clay	4	82

## B12-42-14aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,446 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Sand and silt, brown to black		1
Gravel; contains some coarse sand; tan	4	5
Sand, very fine to very coarse, interbedded with silt, brown	9.5	14.5
Ogallala formation:		
Silt, sandy; contains caliche; brown to gray	55.5	70
Silt, slightly sandy, white to buff	12.5	82.5
Silt, calcareous, gray to white	2.5	85
Silt, slightly sandy, light-brown to gray	10	95
Silt, calcareous, slightly sandy, brown to gray to white	10	105
Silt, slightly sandy, buff to light-gray		126
Sand, fine to coarse; contains caliche; gray to yellow to brown	4	130
Silt, gray to brown	13	143
Sand, very fine to coarse, yellow to brown to pink to tan	12.5	155.5
Silt, light-brown to buff	4.5	160
Brule formation:		
Clay, slightly silty, red to brown	20	180

# DEUEL COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

## B12-42-16cd

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1945]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil	3	3
Sand and gravel	25	28
Gravel, silty, interbedded with caliche	9	37
Sandstone(?)	13	50
Clay and caliche		115
Sand, fine, silty	2	117
Sand and gravel		151
Clay		155
Gravel	10	165
Brule formation:	1	-00
Clay; contains caliche	31	196

## B12-42-17ca

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 3,434.3 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay and sandy clay	25	25
Gravel		37
Clay		43
Gravel		74
Clay	<b>2</b>	76

# B12-42-18ac

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Haggard Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 3,434.6 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, sandy	10	10
Sand and gravel		15
Sand, fine		23
Gravel		43
Limestone and clay		46
Brule formation(?);		1
Clay	2	48

## B12-42-19aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,494 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Loam, sandy, silty, and road fill	1	1
Silt, dark-gray to tan; contains some coarse sand		10
Silt, sandy, red to white; contains a few pebbles	3	13
Ogallala formation:		
Silt, slightly sandy, calcareous, white to red	9	22
Silt, slightly clayey and sandy, reddish-brown		25
Silt, slightly clayey and sandy, reddish-brown; contains calcareous	_	l
nodules	2	27
Clay, sandy and silty, brown	3	30
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, reddish-brown; contains caliche	5	35
brown	6.5	41.5
Clay, slightly sandy, light-brown to tan		45
Silt, slightly clayey, light-brown to buff		50

# DEUEL COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

# B12-42-19aa--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Ogallala formation—Continued		
Clay, slightly silty, light reddish-brown; contains caliche	4	54
Silt, light-brown; contains calcareous nodules	6	60
Silt slightly sandy light-brown to tan	7.5	67.5
Silt, slightly sandy and clayey, light-brown; contains caliche	2.5	70
Sand fine to very coarse brown pink to tan contains caliche	17.5	87.5
Clay, greenish-brown	2.5	90
Clay, greenish-brown		"
to tan	26.5	116.5
Silt, light-brown to tan	1	117.5
Silt, calcareous, slightly sandy, green to white	7.5	125
Silt, slightly sandy, green to brown	5	130
Silt, light-gray	5.5	135.5
Silt to siltstone; contains some coarse gravel; tan to brown to gray		149
Brule formation:	10.0	140
Clay, blocky, brown	6	155
	75	230
Clay, slightly silty, reddish-brown		237
Clay, slightly silty, sandy, reddish-tan	13	250
Clay, slightly silty, blocky, mottled reddish-brown and olive-green		
Clay, very silty, light-tan to gray	5	255
Clay, slightly silty, blocky, light reddish-brown	5	260
Clay, slightly silty, pale olive-green	20	280
Clay, silty, blocky, light-tan to green	10	290
Clay, slightly silty, blocky, reddish-brown	3	293
Clay, sandy, silty, dark-green	5	298
Clay, sandy, silty, dark-green	2	300
Caliche, sandy	3.5	303.5
Silt, sandy, pale-green	1.5	305
Clay, slightly silty, pale- to dark-green	5	310
Clay, slightly silty, blocky, reddish-brown	10	320
Chadron formation(?):	1	
Clay, slightly silty, green to brown	5	325
Clay, slightly silry, green to brown	5	330
Clay, slightly silty, olive-green	5	335
Clay, silty, pale-green	10	345
Clay, slightly silty, olive-green	5	350
Clay, silty, pale-green		360
Clay, sandy, silty, blocky, green	30	390
Clay, slightly silty, pale-green		410
Clay, slightly silty, blocky; contains volcanic ash; light-brown to green.		415
Sand, medium to coarse, silica cement	10	425
Sand, fine to coarse, green	25	450
Silt, very fine sand, light-green		460
Pierre shale:	1 10	400
Clay, dark-gray	20	480
		<u> </u>

# B12-42-21bb

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,498 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil and fine sand, silty, gray to black	2.5	2.5
Silt, brown to gray	2	4.5
Sand, very fine to very coarse, interbedded with silt, tan to brown	15.5	20
Silt, reddish-brown; contains some sand	5	25
Silt, grayish-brown; contains some sand	2.5	27.5
Silt, sandy, light-brown	2.5	30
Sand, silty, buff to light-brown	5	35
Ogallala formation:		
Sand, silty, tan; contains calcareous zones	5	40
Silt, slightly sandy, light-tan to reddish-brown; contains hard calcareous		
zones	20	60

# DEUEL COUNTY, NEBR. -- Continued

## B12-42-21bb--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Ogallala formation—Continued		
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, light-brown to red	10	70
Sand, very fine, to silt, light-brown to tan; contains partly cemented	1	
zones	10	80
Silt, slightly sandy, greenish-gray	10	90
Clay, slightly silty, light olive-green	1	91
Silt, slightly sandy, whitish-gray	4	95
Silt, slightly sandy, white to reddish-brown; contains cemented zones		110
Siltstone, reddish-brown, to sandstone, fine to coarse		120
Clay, light-brown to buff	1	121
Sand, medium to very coarse; contains some calcareous nodules		130
Sand, fine to coarse, pink to tan; contains calcareous nodules		160
Sand, fine to very coarse, brown to pinkish-tan		170
Sand, fine to very coarse; contains calcareous layers	15	185
Silt, slightly clayey, tan to light-brown; contains hard calcareous layers		200
Brule formation:		
Clay, slightly silty, blocky, greenish-brown	20	220
Clay, slightly silty, blocky, brown	15	235
Clay, slightly silty, blocky, reddish-brown		240

# B12-42-24bb

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,537 feet]

Nebraska, 1945. Surface aftitude, 5, 557 feet]		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Silt, slightly sandy, light reddish-brown.	2.5	2.5
Sand, fine to very coarse, very fine to medium gravel, and some pebbles,		2.0
brown to pink to tan	37.5	40
Sand, fine to very coarse; contains some gravel; pink to tan; contains		
calcareous nodules	7.5	47.5
Ogallala formation:	0.5	50
Clay, pale olive-green	2.5	50
Clay, silty, pale olive-green	2.5	52.5 56
Silt, slightly clayey and sandy, reddish-white to brown		60
Silt, slightly clayey, light-brown to tan; contains calcareous nodules		70
Silt, slightly clayey, red to tan to brown		75
Silt, slightly clayey, light olive-green; contains caliche		82.5
Silt, brown		85
Silt, brown; contains calcareous nodules	5	90
Silt, slightly sandy, tan to buff; contains calcareous nodules		93.5
Clay, slightly sandy and silty, light reddish-brown		114
Sand, fine to very coarse, and fine to medium gravel, brown to tan		123
Sand, very fine, very slightly silty, tan to buff		132
Sand, very fine to very coarse, brown to pink to tan; contains calcareous		140
Sand, fine to very coarse, and fine to medium gravel, brown to pink to	8	140
tan	18.5	158.5
Clay, silty, light-tan to buff		160.5
Silt, sandy, tan to light-brown; contains caliche		190
Sand, fine, and silt; calcareous, white to gray		210
Brule formation;		
Clay, sandy, silty, blocky, reddish-brown	20	230

# B12-43-19aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,494 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Clay, brown to black	2.5	2.5

APPENDIX B 333

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

# DEUEL COUNTY, NEBR. -- Continued

## B12-43-19aa-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued Silt, slightly clayey, dark-brown	2.5 4 11 15 9.5 5.5 20 20 10	5 9 20 35 44.5 50 70 90 100 135
Brule formation: Clay, slightly silty, light-brown	5 10	140 150

## B12-43-21bb

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,462 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, silty, and road fill	2	2
Silt, interbedded with gravel, dark-brown	8	10
Silt, interbedded with gravel, dark-brown; contains calcareous nodules  Sand, fine to very coarse; contains trace of gravel and pebbles; brown to	10	20
tan	10	30
Sand and gravel, brown to pink to tan	10	40
Sand, very fine to very coarse, trace of gravel, brown to pink to tan Brule formation:	8	48
Clay, silty, light-tan to buff	2	50
Clay, silty, light-brown to red	20	70

# В12-43-22ьь

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,441 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Loam, slightly sandy, brown to black	1.5	1 2.5
Sand, fine to coarse; contains trace of gravel; pink to tan		30 30
tan	20	50

# B12-43-23ba

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,448 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		Γ
Loam, sandy, silty, brown to black	3	3
Sand, very fine to very coarse; contains gravel; brown to pink to tan	7	10
Silt, brown to black, interbedded with pink to yellow gravel		19
Sand, very fine to coarse, brown to pink to tan	11	30

# DEUEL COUNTY, NEBR. -- Continued

## B12-43-23ba-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Sand, very fine to very coarse, and fine to very coarse gravel; contains pebbles; brown to pink to tan	10	40
Sand, very fine to very coarse; contains trace of gravel; brown to pink to tan	10	50
Sand, very fine to very coarse, and very fine to medium gravel, yellow to pink to tan	5	55
Sand, very fine to coarse; contains some gravel; pink to tan		90
tains pebbles; brown to pink to tan	95	185
Brule formation: Clay, slightly silty, light-gray	15	200
Clay, silty, light-tan to reddish-brown	20	220

# B12-43-24ab

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,450 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Silt, slightly sandy, road fill; brown to black	1	1
Silt, black to brown	4	5
Silt, slightly sandy, brown to gray	3	8
Sand, very fine, silty, light-brown to tan		10
Sand, very fine to coarse, brown to pink to tan	10	20
Sand, very fine to very coarse, interbedded with silt; light-brown to tan	10	30
Sand, gravel, and pebbles; pink to tan.	20	50
Sand, very fine to coarse, trace of gravel; pink to tan	4	54
Ogallala formation:		
Silt, calcareous, sandy	1	55
Silt; contains some very fine sand; buff to tan	1 5	60
Silt, slightly sandy, interbedded with caliche, light-brown	5.5	65.5
Silt, slightly sandy; contains calcareous nodules; light-brown to red	34.5	100
Brule formation:		
Clay, slightly silty, blocky, light reddish-brown	20	120

# B12-44-24aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,518 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, sandy, brown to black, and road fill	1	1
Silt, clayey, slightly sandy, black to brown	5	6
Sand, very fine to very coarse; contains trace of gravel; contains		
weathered calcareous nodules	6	12
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, buff to tan	8	20
Silt, and very fine sand, light-brown to buff; contains calcareous zones	12.5	32.5
Silt; contains very fine sand; tan to light-brown	7.5	40
Silt, brown to light-brown; contains calcareous zones	5	45
Silt; contains very fine sand; brown to light-brown	5	50
Silt, calcareous, slightly sandy, gray to white	10	60
Sand, very fine to very coarse; contains some gravel; brown to pink to tan		74
Silt, slightly clayey and sandy, buff	2	76
Sand, very fine to very coarse; contains fine to medium gravel; brown to		
pink to tan	2	78
Silt, slightly clayey and sandy, buff	2	80
Clay, slightly sandy and silty, gray to brown	20	100
Sand, very fine to medium, and fine gravel	10	110
Ogallala formation:		
Sand, very fine; contains fragments of clay	10	120
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

# DEUEL COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

## B12-44-24aa-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Ogallala formation—Continued		
Silt; contains some very fine to very coarse sand; buff to gray to white Sand, fine to medium, interbedded with siltstone; light-brown; contains	50	170
calcareous nodules	36	206
Silt, slightly sandy, light-brown	4	210
Clay, slightly silty, red	5	215
Clay, slightly silty, blocky	15	230

## B12-44-24bb

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude,  $3.551~{\rm feet}$ ]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Silt, slightly sandy, and road fill	2.5	2.5
Silt, brown, tan	3	5.5
Sand, very fine to coarse, brown to pink to tan; contains calcareous		
nodules	4.5	10
Sand, very fine, silty, buff to tan	4.5	14.5
Silt, slightly sandy, light-brown to buff	2.5	17
Silt, slightly sandy, very calcareous	3	20
Sand, fine to very coarse; contains gravel; pink to tan	10	30
Brule formation:		
Clay, silty, blocky, red to brown	20	50
Clay, slightly sandy and silty, brown to reddish-brown		60
Clay, slightly silty, green to light-brown	2.5	62.5
Clay, slightly silty, red to brown	7.5	70

# B13-41-31bb

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,366 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Silt, sandy, dark-brown to black	0.5	0.5
Sand, fine to medium, brown to pink to tan	.5	1
Silt, slightly clayey, black	2	3
Sand, fine to coarse, brown to pink to tan	2	5
Sand, fine to coarse; contains pebbles and coarse gravel; brown to pink to		1
tan	5	10
Sand and gravel, brown to pink to tan	5	15
Gravel, fine to coarse, interbedded with silt; brown	5	20
Ogallala formation:		l
Silt, sandy, light-brown; contains caliche	15	35
Brule formation:		
Clay, slightly sandy and silty, blocky, reddish-brown	35	70

## B13-42-25aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,471 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Loam, silty, sandy, light-tan to brown	5 2.5 2 11	0.5 5.5 8 10 21
Silt, slightly sandy, gray to brown	7.5	28.5

# DEUEL COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

# B13-42-25aa-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Sand, fine to very coarse; contains some fine gravel; light-tan; contains		
blocky clayblocky clay	6	34.5
Silt, clayey, gray to brown to green	7	41.5
Sand and gravel, pink to tan to gray to black		54.5
Ogallala formation:		1
Silt, slightly clayey, pink to brown	3	57.5
Silt, slightly sandy, light-brown; contains calcareous zones	2.5	60
Silt, very sandy, light-brown to buff		70
Sand, very fine to coarse, brown to pink to tan		76.5
Silt, slightly sandy, brown to buff		80
Sand, fine to coarse		84.5
Sand, medium to very coarse; contains fine gravel; brown to tan	5.5	90
Sand, interbedded with silt and calcareous zones, light-tan to gray		100
Silt, slightly sandy, gray to white		104.5
Caliche, slightly sandy		106.5
Silt, very slightly sandy, olive-green; contains caliche		125
Silt, slightly clayey and sandy, light-brown; contains calcareous zones		130
Silt, slightly sandy, gray to white to green; contains caliche		150
Brule formation:		
Clay, slightly silty, red to brown	40	190
Clay, slightly sandy and silty, red to brown		253
Silt, slightly sandy, light-brown		280

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR.

## B12-36-5bb

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,322 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, slightly sandy and silty, grayish-brown		0.5
Silt, clayey, gray	3	3.5
Ogallala formation:		
Silt; contains calcareous nodules; grayish-white	5	8.5
Silt; contains very fine to fine sand, and calcareous nodules; light-brown		
to tan	12.5	21
Silt, sandy, clayey, grayish-white	5	26
Sandstone, very fine to fine-grained, silty, slightly clayey, brown to	i	
white; contains white calcareous nodules	11	37
Silt, calcareous; contains very fine to fine sand; white	3	40
Silt, calcareous; contains very fine to fine sand, reddish-brown		46
Sand, very fine to coarse, silty, red to gray; contains white calcareous	1	
nodules	17.5	63.5
Sand, medium to very coarse, pink to tan		66
Silt, sandy, gravish-tan		76.5
Sand, very fine to coarse, pinkish-tan		86
Silt; contains very fine to medium sand, and caliche; grayish-white to		
brownish-white	19.5	105.5
Sand, very fine to very coarse, pinkish-tan		125
Sand, very fine to very coarse, pinkish-tan; contains fine gravel		130
Sand, silty, very fine to medium, red to brown		154
Sand, very fine to very coarse, brown to pink to tan		185
Silt, sandy, gray to brown to white		196
Sand, fine to very coarse, cemented with calcareous material		200
Sandstone, very fine grained to medium-grained, light-tan		205
Sandstone, calcareous, silty, grayish-white		207.5
Clay, red to brown; contains calcareous zones		210
Sandstone, very fine grained to fine-grained, silty; contains caliche;	2.0	210
reddish-brown	45	255
Sand, very fine to medium; contains some coarse sand (red to brown), and		400
white calcareous layers		270
wittle Carcareous tayers	1 10 1	410

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

## B12-36-5bb--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Ogallala formation—Continued		
Sand, very fine to very coarse; red to brown	10	280
Sand, very fine to very coarse; contains fine gravel; pink to tan	10	290
Sand, very fine to coarse, pink to brown to tan		300
Sand, very fine to medium, and siltstone; light-tan to brown	10	310
brown	90	400
Silt; contains very fine sand; reddish-brown	3	403
Clay, slightly silty, reddish-brown		410
Sandstone, slightly clayey, slightly silty, reddish-brown	10	420
reddish-brown	10	430
Clay, slightly silty, blocky; contains calcareous zones; red to brown	20	450

B12-36-18dd

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,313 feet]

Total curious assurance, e, other receip		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil, slightly sandy and silty, black	3	3
Ogallala formation:	· -	
Silt, slightly sandy and clayey, brown, gray to black	7	10
Clay, slightly silty, gray to olive-green		15
Silt, slightly clayey and sandy; contains calcareous nodules; brick-red		20
Silt to very fine sand, calcareous, gravish-white	1	21
Silt to very fine sand, gray to red	4	25
Silt to very fine sand, calcareous, grayish-white	1	26
Silt to very fine sand, gray to red to green; contains zones of caliche		40
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, calcareous, gray to white	5	45
Sand, very fine to fine, reddish-tan		50
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, reddish-tan; contains calcareous layers.	7.5	57.5
Sand, very fine to coarse, brownish-tan		70
Sand and fine to medium gravel; pink to tan	33.5	103.5
Silt, slightly sandy, grayish-red to brown		116
Sand, very fine to coarse, silty, calcareous, tan to green	9	125
Silt, slightly sandy, reddish light-brown; contains calcareous rootlets and		
zones of caliche	25	150
Sand, very fine to very coarse, brown, pink to tan	20	170
Sand, fine to coarse, and fine gravel, pink to tan		182
Sand, very fine to medium; contains some coarse silty slightly cemented		
sand and calcareous nodules	18	200
Silt, sandy, reddish-tan; contains layers of caliche	8.5	208.5
Silt to very fine sand, light-brown; contains layers of caliche		215
Sand, very fine to medium, gray to green; contains layers of caliche		223
Sand, very fine to very coarse, pink to tan	12	235
Sand, very fine to fine, silty, red to brown; contains layers of caliche	23	258
Sand, very fine to medium, tan to light-brown	2	260
Sand, very fine to coarse, pinkish-tan	10	270
Sand, fine to very coarse, slightly silty; contains reworked clay; tan		280
Silt, sandy, grayish-tan		284
Sand, very fine to very coarse, pinkish-tan	6	290
Silt, sandy, gray to white; contains layers of caliche		295
Sand, very fine to medium, tan to light-brown		300
Sand, very fine to coarse, brown to tan	10	310
Sand, very fine to coarse, silty, tan to light-brown	50	360
Silt, slightly sandy, gray to white	3	363
Sand, very fine to medium, tan to light-gray	22	385
Silt, sandy, grayish-white		390
Silt, slightly sandy, calcareous, grayish-white	5	395
Silt, sandy, slightly clayey, grayish-white to green	5	400
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# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

# B12-36-18dd--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Ogallala formation—Continued Siltstone, very slightly sandy, brown to olive-green; contains layers of caliche	10	410
Clay, silty, red to brown	20 25	430 455
Clay, green		480

## B12-39-2dd

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,455 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, slightly clayey, very dark-brown to gray	3	3
Ogallala formation:		
Silt, very fine sand; buff to gray with yellow tinge	6.5	9.5
Sandstone, very fine grained to fine-grained; contains some coarse grains,		
silty, buff to gray; contains calcareous rootlets	18	27.5
Clay, silty, slightly sandy, red to tan	10	37.5
Sand, very fine to coarse, light-brown to pink to tan	2.5	40
Sand, medium to very coarse, and fine gravel; brown to pink to tan	10	50
Sand, very fine to very coarse, and silty, pink to tan to red, brown, and	10	60
graySand, very coarse, and fine gravel, brown to gray	10	70
Gravel, medium, and sand, brown to gray		79
Clay, very slightly sandy and silty, light-buff to gray	1.5	80.5
Silt, clayey, slightly sandy, red to tan to gray	16.5	97
Silt, slightly clayey and sandy, light olive-green to gray		100
Silt, slightly clayey; contains very coarse sand and thin zones of caliche;		
tan	10	110
Silt, marly, sandy, white to gray	2.5	112.5
Silt; contains fine to coarse sand; brown to tan	2	114.5
Sand, fine to very coarse; contains some fine gravel; brown, gray and		
pink	3.5	118
Silt; contains fine to coarse sand, clayey, tan	10	128
Sand, fine to very coarse, light-brown to pink to tan	2	130
Silt, slightly sandy and clayey, light olive-green	9.5	139.5
Silt, calcareous, slightly clayey, tan to gray		140
Silt, clayey, slightly sandy, tan to gray	10	150
Marl, very fine sand, and silt, tan to gray	4.5	154.5
Silt, clayey, slightly sandy, gray to white and olive-green	3.5	158 160
Silt, clayey, slightly sandy, light-brownSilt, slightly sandy and clayey, red to tan	2 13	173
Sand, very fine to medium; contains trace of coarse sand; brown to tan		175
Sandstone, very fine grained to fine-grained; contains trace of medium		170
sandstone; gray to green	35	210
Silt, slightly clayey; contains very fine to fine sand; light-gray to green	10	220
Sand, very fine to very coarse, silty, gray to tan	5	225
Sand, fine to very coarse, and fine gravel: light-brown to pink to tan		267.5
Silt, clayey, tan to gray to white	7.5	275
Sand, fine to medium, silty, clacareous, white to gray		285
Sand, very fine to medium, and silt, tan to gray	30	315
Marl, clayey, slightly silty, green to white	7	322
Silt, clayey, slightly sandy, light olive-green	4	326
Marl, slightly sandy and clayey, gray to white	4	330
Sand, very fine to coarse, pink to tan		385
Silt; contains very fine sand and clay; tan to brown to gray	15	400

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. -- Continued

## B12-40-8dd

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude,  $3,531~{\rm feet}$ ]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		-
Road fill, clayey, silty, dark-brown	0.5	0.5
Sand and silt, brown	2.5	3
Sand, fine to very coarse; contains silt; gray to white	1.5	4.5
Sand, very fine to very coarse, brown to pink to tan	5.5	10
Sand, very fine to coarse, and medium gravel, brown to pink to tan		18
Ogallala formation:		
Sandstone, fine-grained, slightly silty, buff to brown		20
Silt, slightly clayey and sandy, red to brown to light-tan	6	26
Sand, fine to medium, and fine gravel	4	30
Sand, fine to medium, and fine gravel	01.5	F 1 F
of silt; tan	21.5	51.5
Silt, sandy, red to light-brown	8.5	60
Sand, fine to medium, and fine gravel; brown to pink to tan	8	68
Silt, sandy, light reddish-brown	4.5	72.5
Sand, fine to medium, and fine to medium gravel, tan to brown		75
Silt, sandy, light reddish-brown	1	76
Sand, fine to medium, and fine to medium gravel, brown to tan	4	80
Silt, sandy, gray to red to brown		82.5
Sand, very fine to medium, brown to pink to tan		85
Silt, sandy, reddish-brown	19	104
Sand, fine to very coarse, and very fine to very coarse gravel, brown to		
pink to tan	6.8	110.8
Silt, sandy, light-brown to tan	1.7	112.5
Sand, fine to very coarse, and very fine to very coarse gravel, brown to		
pink to tan	10	122.5
Silt, slightly sandy, gray to reddish-brown		145
Sand, very fine to very coarse, brown to pink to tan	31	176
Silt, slightly clayey, light-brown to tan	4	180
Silt, slightly clayey and slightly sandy, light-brown to tan; contains layers of caliche	20	200
Sand, very fine to very coarse, brown to pink to tan	20	
Sand, very line to very coarse, brown to pink to tan	33.5	233.5
Silt, sandy, brown to tan; contains calcareous nodules	6.5	240
Sand, very fine to very coarse, slightly silty, brown to pink to tan	10	250
to tan	30	280
Silt; contains very fine to very coarse sand; brown, yellow, and pink		290
Silt calcareous contains caliche and to brown	10	300
Silt, calcareous; contains caliche; red to brown	10	310
Silt, sandy, white to brown	5	315
Sand, fine to coarse, yellow to pink to tan	5	320
Sand, slightly silty, calcareous, green to white		335
Silt, sandy, gray to white to brown	10	345
Sand, very fine to coarse, brown to pink to tan		361.5
Sand, very line to coarse, brown to pink to tan	8.5	361.5
Brule formation:	0.0	310
Clay, silty, reddish-brown	5	375
Sand, fine to coarse	10	385
Silt, sandy, white to gray	5	390
Old, Jana, Hill W Blay		- JP0

## B12-41-2bc

[Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1947. Surface altitude, 3,389 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Clay	10	12
Sand and gravel	4	16
Sand and gravel; contains silt	<b>3</b> 8	54

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

## B12-41-2bc-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated—Continued		
Sand and caliche	50	104
Gravel	10	114
Gravel and caliche	5	119
Sand and gravel	7	126
Clav		128
Sand and gravel		151

## B12-41-2bd

# [Driller's log of irrigation well drilled by Haggard Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 3,391 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	4	4
Sand and gravel	50	54
Gravel, coarse	3	57
Sandstone and caliche	53	110
Gravel	9	119
Clay, sandy	3	122
Gravel	3	125
Clay and caliche	6	131
Gravel	17	148
Brule formation(?):		
Clay	1	149

## B12-41-3db

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co. Surface altitude, 3,390 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil, sandy	6	6
Sand and gravel	30	l 36
Sand, cemented; contains silt		44
Clay		52
Sand and gravel		56
Clay and caliche		82
Sand and gravel	2	84
Clay		106
Sand and gravel		115
Clay and caliche		127
Sand and gravel		156
Caliche		166

## B12-41-6dc2

# [Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1948. Surface altitude, 3,395 feet]

Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Soil	2	2
Sand and silt	14	16
Gravel	28	44
Clay	25	69
Grayel	9	78
Clay	8	86
Sand and gravel	24	110
Clay and caliche	7	117

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

# B12-41-7ba

[Driller's log of test hole drilled by Haggard Drilling Co., 1945. Surface altitude, 3,398 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pliocene, Pleistocene, and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil		3
Sand	7	15 23
ClaySand and gravel	13	36 54
ClaySand and gravel	6	60 66
Clay Sand and gravel		78 108 113

## B13-36-5cb

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1944. Surface altitude, 3, 109 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated; Silt, clayey, calcareous, dark-gray	2 2	2 4
some pebbles	21	25
Ogallala formation: Sandstone, silty, soft, friable, light-pink to tan Sand, fine, to coarse gravel, cemented, pink to gray		47.5 59

# B13-36-8ba

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1944. Surface altitude, 3, 107 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Sand, light-brown to gray	2	2
Sand, silty, calcareous		4
Sand, medium, to medium gravel, red to brown	6	10
Sand, fine, to coarse gravel, red to brown	13	23
Ogallala formation:		ł
Clay, silty, calcareous, red to brown to gray to white	7	30
Sand, silty, pink to tan; contains calcareous cemented layers		60
Sand, fine, to coarse gravel; contains calcareous cemented layers		70
Sand, clayey, cemented, red to brown		77
Sand, silty, pink to tan		90
Sand and fine gravel, cemented	13	103
Sand, silty, pink to tan to gray; contains calcareous cemented layers		110
Limestone, sandy, tan to light-gray		117
Sand, silty, gray to tan; contains calcareous cemented layers	73	190
Sand, cemented, micaceous	6	196
Sand, fine, and silt; green to gray to brown; contains calcareous ce-		
mented layers	63	259
Sand, fine to coarse, brown, and limestone		264
Brule formation:	-	
Clay, silty, pink to tan	7	271
Clay, silty, green to gray	1	277
Sand, fine; contains calcareous cemented layers		320
Limestone, clayey, white to green to gray		330

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

## B13-36-8bd

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1944. Surface altitude, 3, 110 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Soil, very sandy, light-brown	2	2
Clay, light-tan		1 4
Gravel, medium to coarse; contains some sand		10
Gravel, fine to coarse, and medium to coarse sand, pink and orange		20
Gravel, fine to medium; contains some sand; light-orange		29.5
Ogallala formation:	0.0	
Silt and clay, cemented with calcium carbonate	3	32.5
Sand, cemented, light-brown		47.5
Sand, fine, and clay, brown		50
Gravel, fine to medium, orange and pink		56
Silt, sandy, calcareous, orange		61
Sand, fine, to medium gravel; red to brown	-	80
Sand, calcareous, pink		84
Gravel and sand, orange	_	90
Sand, silty, calcareous, tan to brown	•	160
Sand, fine, to medium gravel, orange		170.5
Clay, silty, red to brown		177
Sand, fine, to fine gravel, red to tan	7.00	206
Sandstone, fine-grained, red to tan		210
Limestone and silt, red to tan		220.5
Sand, fine to coarse, clayey, calcareous, gray to white		246
Clay, sandy, silty, and limestone		256
Brule formation:	10	200
Silt, sandy, brown to tan	4	260
Sand, sality, pink to tan		268
Clay, silty, pink to tan	_	280

## B13-36-8dc

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1944. Surface altitude, 3, 108 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		İ
Soil, sandy, light-brown		2
Clay, sandy, brown to gray	3	5
Gravel, red to brown, and brown sand	2 8	7
Sand, fine, to coarse grayel	8	15
Gravel, medium, and coarse sand, red to brown	7	22
Sand, silty, brown to tan		30
Sand, fine, to medium gravel; red to brown		37.5
Sand, fine, silty, pink to tan		57.5
Sand, slightly cemented, tan	2.5	60
Sand, fine, to medium gravel, red to brown		80
Ogallala formation:		
Silt, sandy, brown to tan	18	98
Sand, fine, to coarse gravel, light-gray; contains cemented layers		150
Sand, fine to medium, brown to gray	46.5	196.5
Sand, calcareous, gray to tan	3.5	200
Silt, light-tan		205
Sand, calcareous, brown	44.5	249.5
Brule formation:	22.0	1
Clay, silty, tan to brown	8.5	258
Silt, sandy, brown		260
Clay, silty, brown to tan		279
Clay, gray to light-gray		300
	41	

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

# B13-36-17dd

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 151 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Road fill	0.5	0.5
Soil, silty, clayey, brown to black		8
Ogallala formation:		Ů
Silt, and very fine to medium sand, light-tan to brown	2	10
Silt, and very fine to medium sand, gray		18
Sand, fine to very coarse, pink to tan	-	25
Sand, silty, fine to medium; contains many gray to white calcareous		
nodules	5	30
Sand, fine to coarse, brown to pink to tan		35
Sand, medium to very coarse; contains very fine to fine gravel; gray		45
Clay, light olive-green to gray	_	50
Sand, medium to very coarse, pinkish-gray		55
Sand, medium to very coarse, pinkish-gray	5	60
Clay, sandy, silty, reddish-brown		80
Sandstone, very fine grained to fine-grained, silty, reddish-brown	20	00
Sandstone, very fine grained to fine-grained, silty, calcareous, gray to	30	110
tan		120
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, calcareous, brown to tan		170
Sand, very fine to very coarse, brown to pink to tan; contains caliche	อบ	170
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, calcareous, gray to brown; contains		100
fragments of red to brown clay		190
Sand, silty, green to white to brown		202
Silt, sandy, clayey, reddish-brown	18	220
Sand, fine to very coarse, calcareous; contains very fine gravel; pink to		
tan	10	230
Sand, very fine to medium, silty; contains some fragments of clay; green		
to brown	20	250
Brule formation;		
Silt, clayey, blocky, brownish-red	23	273
Sand, clayey, slightly silty, brown to reddish-tan; contains calcareous		
nodul es	22	295
Clay, slightly silty, blocky, reddish-brown	15	310
Clay, silty, greenish-gray	20	330
, ,, ,	L	

## B13-38-6ab

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,231 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Sand, gravel, and silt, brown to gray	5	5
Silt, loamy; contains sand and gravel, brown to buff		16.5
Silt, very fine sand, and clay, dark-brown to gray		18
Silt; contains very fine to fine sand, and clay; buff to gray to brown	12	30
Silt, and very fine sand; buff to gray to yellow		32
Sand, fine to coarse, and very fine gravel; brown	9.5	41.5
Ogallala formation:	'	
Sandstone, calcareous, silty, dark-gray	8.5	50
Sandstone, fine- to medium-grained, calcareous, light-tan	10	60
Sand, fine to coarse; contains fine to medium gravel; brown to gray		110
Sand, very fine to medium, light-brown		116
Brule formation(?):		
Silt, clayey, white to gray to green	4	120

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

## B13-38-6dc

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebras-ka, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,214 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Loam, silty, sandy; contains fine gravel; light- to dark-gray	4.5	4.5
Sand, medium to coarse; contains fine to medium gravel; light-brown to		
pink to tan	18.5	23
Sand, fine to very coarse; contains some fine to medium gravel; yellow		l
to light-tan	4	27
Ogallala formation:		
Sandstone, very fine grained; contains some caliche; light-gray to tan		49.5
Sand, silty, slightly cemented, brown to tan		60
Sandstone, fine- to medium-grained, calcareous, white to gray		64.5
Sand, silty, light-gray to green	2.5	67
Sandstone, very fine grained to medium-grained; contains some coarse-	-00	
grained sandstone; light-brown to gray	22	89
Silt, sandy, clayey, interbedded with very fine grained sandstone, green to brown	7	96
		125.5
Sandstone, very fine- to medium-grained, light-brown; contains caliche  Sand and soft sandstone, tan to light-brown	4.5	130
Sand, very fine to medium; contains some coarse silty sand; tan to light-	4.0	130
brownbrown	20	150
Sand, silty, light-tan, interbedded with caliche		158
Silt, clayey, light-tan		166
Sand, very fine, silty, light-brown		170
Sand, fine to very coarse, pink to tan		186
Silt, clayey, clacareous, brown to tan		196
Sand, fine to very coarse; contains very fine to fine gravel; pink to tan		206
Brule formation:		
Clay, silty, brown to pink to tan	6	212
Clay, pale-green		221.5
Clay, medium-gray	9.3	230.8
Siltstone, siliceous, light-gray	.7	231.5

# B13-38-7db

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,211 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		ļ
Loam, clayey, and silt, dark-brown to black	2	2
Silt, light-buff to gray	1.5	3.5
Sand, fine, silty; contains medium gravel; yellow	3	6.5
Sand, medium, and fine to medium gravel; pink to gray	15.5	22
Silt, sandy, light-tan to brown	1.5	23.5
Sand; contains fine to medium gravel	3.5	27
Ogallala formation:	_	
Silt; contains very fine to fine sand, and clay; tan to light-gray	8	35
Sand, very fine to fine; contains silt; brown	3.5	38.5
Silt, calcareous, slightly sandy, white to gray	2	40.5
Sand, very fine to fine, and silt, brown to gray; contains caliche layers		
and calcareous rootlets	3.5	44
Sandstone, very fine grained to fine-grained, calcareous, gray to white	12	56
Sandstone, fine- to medium-grained, interbedded with caliche and cal-		
careous rootlets, green to brown	14	70
Sand, very fine to medium, slightly cemented with calcium carbonate,		
gray to brown	20	90
Sand, very fine to medium, light-tan	3	93
Sand, very fine to medium, and silt; tan to gray to brown; contains frag-	Ū	
ments of green clay	5.5	98.5
Sandstone, very fine grained to fine-grained, calcareous, white to gray	1	99.5
Sand, very fine to fine, tan to brown	10.5	110
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# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

#### B13-38-7db--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Ogaliala formation—Continued Sand, calcareous, fine to coarse, silty, gray to tan Sandstone, fine- to medium-grained, silty, gray to white		121.5 130

## B13-38-18ab

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 241 feet]

1949. Surface altitude, 3, 241 feet]		
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Loam, sandy, very light-brown	0.5	0.5
Silt, sandy, very fine to very coarse, light-brown	6.5	7
Sand, medium to very coarse; contains clayey silt; gray to brown to pink.	13	20
Sand, medium, and medium to coarse gravel, brown to gray to pink		29
Silt; contains medium sand; dark-brown and gray to light-yellow		31
Sand, coarse, and coarse gravel, light-pink to gray		40
Silt, sandy, pink to tan; contains yellow to brown iron stain	2	42
Gravel, very coarse, and coarse sand, pink to tan		55
Sand and silt; contains fine gravel and caliche; pink to gray	15	70
Ogallala formation:		l
Sandstone, very fine grained to medium-grained, light-gray to yellow to brown; contains caliche and calcareous rootlets; contains some silt and		
very coarse sand	45	115
Sand, very fine to medium, and silt; light-tan to gray	5	120
Sandstone, very fine grained to medium-grained; contains some coarse		
sandstone; very light-tan to gray	18.5	138.5
Sand, fine to medium; contains some coarse sand, silty; gray to white to		
olive	1.5	140
Silt; contains very fine to medium sand; light-olive to gray; contains		
caliche	17	157
Sand, medium to very coarse, and fine gravel; contains silt; pink to tan		
to gray	8	165
Silt, clayey to sandy, pink to tan to gray		183
Silt; contains very fine sand; dark-brown to tan	11	194
Sand, medium to very coarse; contains some fine gravel; brown to gray		
with pink and green	6	200
Silt, clayey and sandy, very light greenish-gray		216
Caliche, sandy, white		217.3
Sand, fine to very coarse, brown to gray, with pink and green		220
Silt, clayey, light-green to gray		224
Sand, fine to very coarse, brown to gray, with pink and green		238
Clay, light-green		243
Sand, fine to medium		246.5
Clay, light-green, interbedded with siltstone		253.7
Siltstone, siliceous	.3	254

# B13-38-30ba

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,398 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Clay and fine to medium sand, loamy, light-brown	1.5	1.5
' Silt and very fine to medium sand, gray to white	1	2.5
Ogallala formation;		
Sand, very fine to coarse, gray to pink to tan	7.5	10
Sand, fine to very coarse, and fine to medium gravel, pink to tan	19	29
Silt; contains fine to coarse sand; pink to tan	2	31
Sand, medium, and coarse gravel, brown to pink to gray	8.5	39.5
Clay, silty, tan to gray	13.5	53
Sand, very fine to coarse, brown to tan to gray	7	60
Silt, clayey to slightly sandy, calcareous, brown to tan to gray	29.5	89 <b>.5</b>

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. -- Continued

# B13-38-30ba-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Ogallala formation—Continued		
Sand, medium, and fine gravel, brown to pink to gray	10	99.5
Silt, clayey to sandy, light-brown to tan	17	116.5
Sand, very fine to very coarse, and fine gravel, brown to pink to gray	4	120.5
Sandstone, fine- to coarse-grained, silty, calcareous, gray to white		122
Silt; contains fine to coarse sand; light-buff to gray; contains calcareous	ł	
nodules	8	130
Sandstone, brown to gray; contains calcareous cement	4	134
Sand, fine, to very coarse, brown to gray		137.5
Silt, clayey and sandy, light-green to gray		170.5
Sand, fine to very coarse, and fine gravel; brown to pink to gray		174.5
Silt, slightly clayey and sandy, tan to gray to reddish-tan	5.5	180
Sand, very fine to coarse; contains silt; brown to tan	15	195
Sand, fine to coarse, and caliche		221.5
Silt, sandy, pink to tan	2.5	224
Caliche, sandy, gray; contains some volcanic ash	2	226
Sandstone, fine- to medium-grained; contains some coarse sandstone;		
brown to gray	7	233
Sandstone, fine- to medium-grained; contains silt; light-tan to gray	7	240
Sand, very fine to coarse, pink to tan to brown		260
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, gray to white		270
Sandstone, calcareous, very fine- to coarse-grained, gray to white to		
green	<b>3</b> 0	300
Sandstone, very fine grained to medium-grained, silty, light-brown to		
tan; contains caliche	30	330
Sand, very fine to medium, light-tan to brown	3	333
Sandstone, very fine to medium grained, slightly silty, light-brown to		
green	2	335
Siltstone, slightly clayey and calcareous, white to gray	5	340
Brule formation:		
Silt, clayey, slightly sandy, light-gray to brown	50	390

# B13-40-16aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,336 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Clay, slightly sandy and silt, light-brown	0.5	0.5
Silt, very slightly clayey, gray to black	5.5	6
Sand, very fine to coarse, slightly silty, pink to tan	4	10
Gravel, fine to medium, brown to pink to tan	3	13
Silt, brown to black	17	30
Silt, buff to light-brown	7	37
Sand, very fine to fine, brown to pink to tan	3	40
Sand, fine to very coarse, and very fine to coarse gravel, interbedded	_	_
with caliche	16.5	56.5
Silt, slightly sandy, gray to white	8	64.5
Sand, very fine to medium; contains caliche; brown to pink to tan	5.5	70
Sand, fine to very coarse, and coarse gravel, yellow to pink to tan; con-		
tains caliche	10	80
Sand, medium to very coarse, and medium gravel, yellow to pink to tan,	_	
and caliche	10	90
Sand, very fine to very coarse, brown to pink to tan	12.5	102.5
Ogallala formation:		
Silt, sandy, gray to white	17.5	120

APPENDIX B 347

Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

## KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. -- Continued

#### B13-40-16dd

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,300 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Silt, slightly sandy, tan	2.5 1 5 26.5 3.5 10	1.5 4 5 10 36.5 40 50

# B13-40-28aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3, 298 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Road fill, and sandy silt; brown	1	1
Sand, fine to very coarse; contains some gravel, brown to pink to tan  Sand, very fine to medium, and fine to medium gravel, brown to pink to	19	20
tan	10	30
Ogallala formation:		۔ ۔ ۔
Clay, reddish-tan; contains calcareous fragments	3.5	33.5
Caliche, slightly sandy, gray to white	2.5	36
Silt, slightly sandy, brown to buff	4	40
Silt, slightly sandy, brown to buff; contains calcareous fragments	5	45
Sand, very fine to very coarse; contains calcareous nodules; brown to pink	-	
to tan	13.5	58.5
Caliche	1.5	60
Silt, slightly sandy; contains calcareous zones; light-brown	7	67
Silt, slightly sandy, light-brown	13	80
Sand, very fine to coarse, and silt, brown to gray; contains calcareous		
zones	10	90
Sand and gravel, brown to pink to tan	10	100

## B13-40-28dd

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,303 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated;		
Road fill	2.5	2.5
Silt, dark-brown	4.5	7
Sand, fine to very coarse, brown to pink to tan	3	10
Sand, fine to very coarse, and gravel, brown to pink to tan	10	20
Sand and fine to coarse gravel, pink to tan	11.5	31.5
Silt, tan to gray	11.5	43
Sand, very fine to medium, brown to pink to tan	17	60
Sand, fine to coarse, and fine to medium gravel, brown to pink to tan	60	120
Sand, very fine to very coarse, brown to pink to tan	10	130
Sand and gravel, brown to pink to tan	10	140
Sand, very fine to very coarse	10	150
Sand and gravel, pink to tan; contains calcareous nodules	10	160
Sand, very fine to very coarse, gray to brown	10	170

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

# B13-40-34bc

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,340 feet]

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Road fill and sandy silt, brown	5	5
Silt, and very fine to medium sand, light-brown		10
Sand, very fine to very coarse, interbedded with silt, brown to tan Sand, very fine to medium, and gravel, interbedded with silt, brown to		20
tan	16	36
nodules	4	40
Sand and gravel, brown to pink to tan; contains calcareous rootlets  Sand, fine to very coarse, brown to pink to tan; contains calcareous	30	70
rootlets	10	80
Sand and gravel, pink to tan; contains caliche	10	90
Sand, very fine to very coarse; contains trace of gravel; brown to pink to		1
tan	4	94
Silt, slightly sandy	5	99
Silt, slightly sandy, very calcareous, white to gray	11	110
nodules	7.5	117.5
Silt, slightly sandy, gray to white; contains caliche	7.5	125
Sand, fine to coarse, brown to pink to tan	9.5	134.5
Silt, slightly sandy, gray to white	3	137.5
Sand, fine to coarse, brown to pink to tan		139
Silt, slightly sandy, gray to white		140
Sand, fine to very coarse; contains gravel; brown to pink to tan		160
Sand, fine to very coarse, brown to pink to tan		194
Silt, sandy, light-brown to buff		195
Sand, fine to medium, brown to pink to tan		200
Silt, clayey, brown	8	208
Silt, sandy, light-brown to tan		210
Silt, slightly sandy, white	1	211
Silt, clayey, light-brown	4	215
Clay, silty, blocky, reddish-brown		222.5
Sand, fine to medium, brown to tan		226
Silt, slightly sandy, white to gray to tan		230
Silt, slightly clayey to slightly sandy; contains volcanic ash; olive-green.		245
Silt, slightly clayey, green to tan	5	250

## B14-36-31ba

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,303 feet]

Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated: Soil and fine sand, silty, gray to black	3	3
Ogallala formation:		
Silt, clayey, tan to brown	4.5	7.5
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, pink to tan	2.5	10
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, pink to tan; contains calcareous		
nodules	10	20
Sand, very fine to coarse, pink to tan	5	25
Sand, very fine to very coarse, and fine to medium gravel, pink to tan	10.5	35.5
Silt, clayey; contains some very fine sand; light-brown to tan	6.5	42
Sand, very fine to very coarse, and fine gravel, pink to tan	8	50
Sand, medium to very coarse, and fine to medium gravel; pink to gray	15	65
Sand, coarse, and coarse gravel, pink to gray; contains yellow iron stain	<b>1</b> 5	80
Sand, fine to very coarse, and fine to medium gravel, pink to gray	28.5	108.5
Silt, clayey; contains fine to medium sand; pink to tan	1.5	110

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. - Continued

# B14-36-31ba-Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Ogallala formation—Continued		
Clay, silty to slightly sandy, pink to tan to gray	8	118
Caliche, sandy, silty, slightly clayey, gray to white	2	120
Sandstone, calcareous, silty, gray to white		130
Sand, silty, gray to tan	5	135
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, gray to tan; contains caliche	19.5	154.5
Silt, sandy, very fine to medium, pink to brown		155
Caliche, slightly sandy and silty, gray to white		156
Sand, very fine to very coarse, silty, calcareous, gray to white; contains		100
caliche	74	230
Sandstone, very fine grained to medium-grained, silty, calcareous, gray		200
to white	2	232
Sand, fine to very coarse, very calcareous, pink to tan		280
Sandstone, very fine grained to medium-grained, gray to brown; contains		200
calcareous rootlets and calichegray to brown; contains		284
	4 76	360
Sand, very fine to medium, brown to gray; contains some silt	10	300
Sandstone, very fine grained to fine-grained, calcareous, silty, gray to	1.5	0.77
white; contains caliche		377
Silt, sandy, calcareous, gray to white		378.5
Sand, very fine to medium, light-brown to tan; contains caliche	7.5	386
Brule formation:		
Siltstone, clayey, granular, brown to tan	44	430

# B14-38-19ab

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,459 feet]

Ogallala formation:		
Sand, very fine to fine, very silty, brown to gray	6 <b>2</b>	62
Sand, fine, and fine gravel, brown to gray	2	64
Clay, very tough, slightly silty, and sand; gray to tan		7 <b>6.</b> 5
Gravel, fine to medium, and coarse sand; pink to gray	23.5	100
Silt, clayey and sandy, pink to tan	28.5	128.5
Clay, silty, calcareous, gray; contains calcareous nodules	1.5	130
Silt, clayey and slightly sandy, white to gray	8.5	138.5
Silt, and fine to very coarse sand; tan; contains calcareous nodules		194.8
Sand, fine to coarse, brown to tan	2.2	197
Silt, sandy, light-brown to gray	1.5	198.5
Sand, fine to medium, and medium gravel, tan	20.5	219
Silt, very sandy, brown to gray	11	230
Sand, very fine to coarse, and fine gravel, silty, brown to gray	41.5	271.5
Silt, slightly sandy, brown to gray to white	48.5	320
Sand, fine to medium, and siltstone, olive to gray		335
Sand, very silty, tan to gray		384.5
Silt, clayey, brown to tan		<b>386</b>
Sand, silty, brown to pink	19.5	405.5
Brule formation:		
Clay and siltstone, brown to pink to tan, becoming reddish	44.5	450

# B14-38-30dc

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,380 feet]

Silt, sandy; contains fine gravel; buff to gray	very coarse, and fine gravel, pink to brown
-------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. -- Continued

# B14-38-30dc--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Ogallala formation—Continued		
Sandstone, calcareous, silty, light-buff to gray	5	40
Silt; contains very fine to coarse sand; light-buff	3	43
Sandstone, very fine grained, calcareous, light-buff to gray	1.5	44.5
Sand, very fine, and silt; light-green to gray	8.5	53
gray		62
Silt; contains very fine sand; buff to gray	30	92
to tan	13	105
pink	2.5	107.5
Sand, very fine to fine; contains silt and very red clay	7.5	115
Sand, medium to coarse; contains fine gravel; pink to tan		117
Sandstone, fine- to coarse-grained, silty, tan to buff		120
Sandstone, very fine, silty, clayey, calcareous, gray to white		129
Sand, very fine to fine; contains some medium sand; brown to tan		135
Sand, medium to coarse; contains fine gravel; brown	5	140
Sandstone, fine- to medium-grained, silty, clayey, red	5.5	145.5
Sand, silty, fine to coarse, partly cemented, tan		153
Sandstone, fine to coarse, calcareous, white to tan	1.5	154.5
Sand, very fine to medium, silty, red to brown		157.5
Sandstone, fine to coarse, calcareous, white to tan	6	163.5
white to tan	66.5	230
green clay fragments	5	235
Sand, very fine to medium, calcareous, dark-green to light-brown	41	276
Volcanic ash, gray to white	4.5	280.5
Siltstone, sandy, light-brown to green	7	287.5
Sandstone, very fine grained, silty, calcareous, light-brown to white	3	290.5
Sand, very fine to medium; contains fragments of clay; light-tan to gray.		322
Clay, silty, very light-tan	3	325
coarse gravel	25	350
Sandstone, very fine grained, light-brown to pink	7.5	357.5
clay Brule formation:	2	359.5
Clay, silty, pink to tan grading to gray	30.5	390

## B14-40-21aa

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,665 feet]

Road fill	3	3
Ogallala formation:	_	
Silt, gray to black to brown	4.2	7.2
Silt, slightly clayey; contains some sand; light-green to brown	2.8	10
Silt; contains very fine sand; buff to brown	20	30
Sand, very fine to slightly silty, buff to brown to green	98	128
Sand, very fine; contains some coarse to very coarse sand; silty, brown to		
pink to tan; contains caliche	23.8	151.8
Silt, slightly sandy; contains caliche	5.7	157.5
Sand, very coarse; contains some silt; pink to tan	2.5	160
Sand, very coarse; contains some fine gravel; pink to tan	10	170
Sand, very coarse, and fine gravel; pink to tan; contains caliche	10	180
Sand, very fine to very coarse, gray to brown	11.5	191.5
Silt, slightly sandy to clayey, reddish-brown	4.5	196
Silt, slightly sandy; contains calcareous layers; white to brown		210
Sand, medium to very coarse, pink to brown to tan	20	230

# KEITH COUNTY, NEBR. -- Continued

# B14-40-21aa-Continued

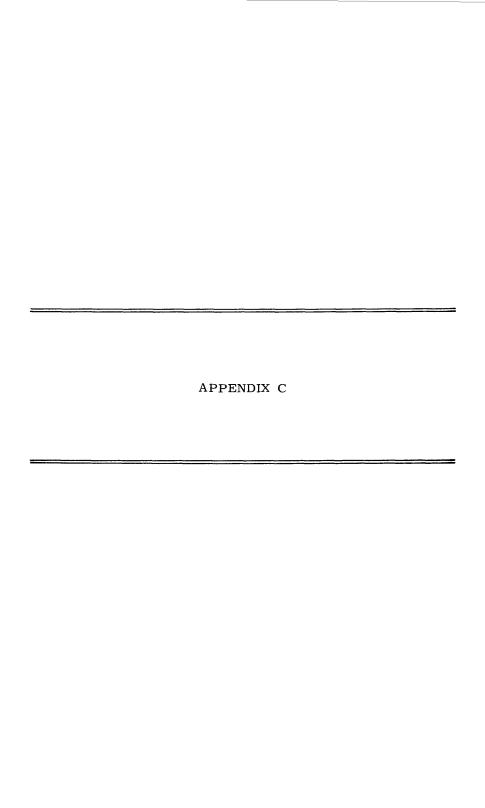
	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Ogallala formation—Continued		
Silt, greenish-brown; contains caliche	15	245
Silt, slightly sandy and clayey, reddish-brown; contains caliche	30	275
Silt, sandy, dark-buff to pink to brown; contains caliche		295
caliche	12	307
Sand, very fine to very coarse, and silt; tan to brown; contains caliche Sand, very fine to very coarse, and fine gravel, pink to tan; contains		330
caliche	10	340
Silt, calcareous, sandy, pink to brown to tan	40	380
white calcareous rootlets	40	420
Sand, fine to coarse, yellow to tan to brown; contains white calcareous rootlets	18.5	438.5
Brule formation: Clay, silty, blocky, red to brown	21.5	460

# B14-40-33dd

[Sample log of test hole drilled by Conservation and Survey Division of the University of Nebraska, 1949. Surface altitude, 3,611 feet]

1949. Surface attitude, 5,011 feetj		
Road fill	1.5	1.5
Pleistocene and Recent deposits, undifferentiated:		
Clay, loamy, silty, gray to black	1.5	3
Ogallala formation:		
Silt, slightly clayey, light-brown	4	7
Sand, very fine, and silt; light-tan to brown	3	10
Silt, buff to reddish-brown	107	117
Sand, very fine to medium, greenish-brown to pink		120
Sand, silty, calcareous, green to white to brown		135
Sand, very fine to very coarse, brown; contains calcareous nodules		140
Sand, fine to coarse, and fine gravel; brown to pink to tan		150
Sand, very fine to coarse, gray to brown	2	152
Silt, dark-brown		155
Silt, sandy, brown to buff		160
Sand, fine to coarse, and fine gravel; yellow to pink to tan		203
Silt, sandy, brown to buff		212.5
Silt, slightly sandy, calcareous, gray to white		214
Silt, sandy; contains caliche		217.5
Sand, very fine to coarse, green to tan		227.5
Silt, very slightly clayey, red to brown		230
Silt, red to brown		240
Silt, sandy, brown to light-brown		247.5
Sand, very fine to medium, green to brown to tan		251.5
Silt, slightly sandy, light-brown to reddish-brown		280
Silt; contains fine to medium sand; gray to white		290
Sand, very fine to very coarse, and fine gravel; yellow to pink to tan;		
calcareous	15	305
Sand, very fine to coarse, silty, light-brown to tan	25	330
Sand, very fine to medium, slightly silty, light-brown; contains cal-	20	000
careous nodules	23.8	353.8
Sand, very fine to coarse, white to green to gray	15.7	369.5
Silt, sandy, clayey, calcareous, gray to white to brown; contains caliche.	60.5	430
Brule formation:		
Clay, silty, blocky, red to brown	20,	450
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## Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska

[ype of well: DD, dug and drilled well; Dn, driven well; Dr, drilled well; Well number: See text for description of well-numbering system,

Type of casing: C, concrete (brick, tile, or pipe); N, none; P, iron orsteel Depth of well: Measured depths are given in feet and tenths below measuring point; reported depths are given in feet below land-surface datum. Du, dug well; J, jetted well; Sp, spring.

pipe; T, clay tile; W, wood.

Character of material: C, clay or sandy clay; G, gravel; R, rock, undiffer-

entiated; S, sand; Sh, shale; Ss, sandstone, Geologic source: A, alluvium; B, Brule formation; D, dune sand; F, Fox Hills sandstone; L, Laramie formation; O, Ogallala formation; P, Pierre shale; R. residual soil.

Method of lift and type of power (first letter): C, cylinder; F, natural flow; H, horizontal centrifugal; J, jet; N, none; P, pitcher pump; T, turbine; V, vertical centrifugal. (Second and third letter): D, diesel engine; E, electric motor; G, gasoline engine; H, hand operated; T, tractor, W, windmill.

Measuring point: Bpb, bottom of pump base; Bt, bolt in tree root at edge of pond; Cic, center of iron cap on casing 20 feet north of pump; Ds, pumphouse doorsill: Fs. floor surface: Hc. hole in casing: Hbb. hole in nump Use of water: D, domestic: I, irrigation: In, industrial; N, none: O, observation; P, public supply; S, stock.

Depth to water: Measured depths to water level are given in feet, tenths, and base; Hwc, hole in well cover, Idp, invert of discharge pipe; Ls, land surface; Tc, top of casing; Tcc, top of casing of center well; Tce, Top Yield; M, measured; R, reported, Remarks: Alt, altitude obtained by altimeter; Ari, automatic recorder installed; Bf-30, Brule formation at 30 feet (or depth shown); Bw-2, battery flowing well; Pt, pumping test made at well; S-90, shale at 90 feet (or depth shown); Sam, south of area included in project maps; Sca, sample of casing of east well; Ten, top of casing of northwell; Tdp, top of discharge pipe; Ifb, top of flange of pump base; Imc, top of manhole col of 2 wells (or number shown); Cow, constructed as observation well; Eob, collected for analysis; Ssu, sprinkling system used; Tdtw, tile drains tap lar; Tol, top of oil line; Tpc, top of pit curb; Tph, top of pump head; Tpp, top of pump platform; Tvp, Top of vent pipe; Twc, top of well log of well given in Appendix B; Nwp, nearby well pumping; Ofw, once a ends on bedrock; EoBf, ends on Brule formation; Eos, ends on shale; L, aquifer and bring water to well; Tw, trench or pit well; U-2, unused 2 hundredths; reported depths are given in feet, years (or number shown). cover.

	Kemarks						
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	(ətnui	Yield (gallons per m					
	Date of measurement						
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asuring	yow (te	Distance above or be (-)					
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		Use of water					
		Method of lift					
pal	-1.8	Geologic source					
Princi	water- bearing bed	Character of material					
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	-	Depth of well (feet)					
		Type of well					
	Year drilled						
	Owner or user						
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Adams County, Colo.

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26.75 24.15 26.67	24.51 24.30 35.74 26.99 30	24.60 27.04 22.75 21.50	28.65 27.11 32.15 31.15 32.50	34.38 34.13 37.81 40.59 36.74	37.80	36.08 46.69 35.15 32.42 27.90	: :	43.42 117	19,68
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Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska -- Continued

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Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska -- Continued

	GEO	LOGY AND GROUND				
Kemarks						
	Acres irrigated					
		Drawdown (feet)				
	Yield (gallon per minute)					
		Date of measurement				
	set <b>)</b> sejom	Depth to water level l measuring point (fo				
g point	Height above mean sea level (feet)					
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	84.50 July 26, 1949 93.00 do do 1949 187.10 July 27, 1949 98.50 do do 1948	July 27, 1949 July 19, 1949 R230 18	1949 1949 1950 R1,000	12, 1948 80	R250 74
	1949	27, 1949 19, 1949	13, 1949 2, 1949 11, 1950	1948	8, 1947 12, 1948 13, 1948
,	uly 26 uly 27, do	11/4 12/4		•	12.05 Sept. 8, 1947 27.25 Jan. 12, 1948 R250 27 13.15 Jan. 13, 1948 R1, 300
	84.50 J 93.00 187.10 J 98.50 48.80	50 130.10 J 41.65 J 168 80	8.12 May 8.01 June 1.78 May	12,47	12.05 Sept. 27.25 Jan. 1 27.15 Jan. 1
pen	4, 370,39 4, 417,45 4, 449,12 4, 478,39 4, 360,51	2 4, 209.3 50 pp 6 4, 481.05133.10 ju pp 2.0 4, 309.62 41.65 ju ps s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s	3,940.22 3,940.57	3, 961.93	.4 3,964.16 0 .7 3,968.44
ontin	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2.0	1.0	0	4.0
Logan County, ColoContinued	Трр Трр Трр Тс Трр	Ls Tpp Tpp Ls Ls	Tc Tc Tpc	Ls Tpc	Tpc Tc Ls Tpc
ty, Co	S S D D	C, W C, W S C, W S T, E In	" Z G	ΩI	0 Z 1 1
Coun	>>>> 0'0'0'0'0'	,,,,,,, , , , , , , , , , , , ,	H N H	С, Е Н, Т	H, T I, O N N N N H, T II, O H, T II II
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	4	<u> </u>	요 요 요	ᅀᅀ	A A A A
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	300 340 105.0	147.0 46.0 190 100		435 70	84 95 105
	ជំជំជំជំ	<u>កំត់កំតំ</u>	D D D	Dr DD	0 0 0 0 0
		1923	1949	1934	1939 1920 1942 1939
	B7-50-3ab M. Monroe	Carl Sherwin August Frank A. E. Kellogg Union Pacific RR 1923	Great Western Sugar 1905 DD.	P. Bowie 1934 Henry Schaffer 1934	City of Sterling 1939 City of Sterling 1920 do
	B7-50-3ab -4cc -30bb B7-51-1dc -2cb	-8ac -12bd -20ad -24aa B7-52-3bb	-4ac1 -4ac2 -5ba	-5bb -7ab	-7ac -7ba1 -7ba2 -7bc

			U-3.		Sca.	<b>ن</b> .	
Sca.	ن	Bw-4. Bw-3.	U-4. Eos,	Eos. Bw-3 Eos. Eos. Eos.	Eos,	Eos. Eos, L S-77.	L. Eos.
100	138 72 119	80 200 145 67 140	888	150	100	100 65	70
				14 40 23	25	20 19	
R1,800	R1, 100 R1, 500 R600	R1, 200 R1, 600 R1, 575	R1,000 R800 R1,300 R1,600	R938 R500 M680 R1,800 M1,100	M680	R1,000 M800 M610	R1,100
1949 1949 1950	1948 1949 1949	1947 1947 1948	1947 1947	Dec. 11, 1947	1949 1949 1947 1949	1949 1947	1947 1948 1948
23, 10,	13, 22, 12,	29, 30, 13,		11,	8, 31, 11,	23, 28,	8, 19,
Nov. 23, May 10, do May 16,	Jan. 13, do Nov. 22, May 12,	Dec. Jan.	Dec. 30, Dec. 30,	Dec. 11, dododo	Apr. May Dec. Dec.	do. 23, Nov. 23, Aug. 28,	Sept. Jan. Jan.
12.25 14.80 13.15 30.52	16.42 11.60 11 79.23 33.41	18 16.79 13.93 13.00	17.30 31 27.10 34	18 17 17.20 18.41 21.70	14.38 30.44 18.73 18.16	16.28 24.78 18 20 17.15	29.45 30.61 15.75
3, 971.52 3, 953.6 3, 956.84 3, 967.32 4, 248.00	3, 975,83 3, 970,38 3, 968,1 4, 181,61 4, 053,55	3, 983.06 3, 979.95 3, 975.92	3, 985,93 4, 002,9 3, 999,42 4, 006,3	4,046.2 4,067.78 4,053.86 4,089.10	4,087.52 4,101.76 4,085.77	4,073.51 4,053.3 4,046.7 4,041.90	4,013,45 4,013,93 3,986,68
0 1.0	1.5 0 0 0	0 1.0	5 2	1.0	2.0 0 2.2 1.0	0.5	1.0
Tpc Ls Tc Tpp	Hc Tpc Ls Tc	Ls Tpc Tpc Tpc Ls	Tpc Ls Tc Ls	Ls Ls Hpb Tc	Tc Tpp Hpb Tc	Tc Tc Ls Ls Hpb	Hc Tc Tpc
H H S S S	нннин	ped less less less less			1121 0	1,0	I, O
ŭ H ≯ ≯ ≯	++, +, +, +, +, +, +, +, +, +, +, +, +,	, H, H, H, H, G, G, H, G, G, H, G, G, H, G, G, H, G, G, H, G, G, H	ה, ה, ה ה, ה, ה ה, ה	1,1,1,1 1,1,1,1 1,1,1,1,1	H. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T.	HHHHH HHHHH	т, т т, т н, с
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12 14 6 6	110 112 118 118	12 12 18	14 12 16 18	14 18 18 18	188	18 18 18 16	16 18 12
80 55 35	92 87 117 120.0 93	96 100 78 80	60 68 99 102	78 46 69 60	48 65 84 84	84 66 69 78	102 100 81
<u> </u>	ជំងឺងដ	66666	ក្នុក្ខ	مُمْمُمُمُ	<u> </u>	۵۵۵۵۵	866
1939	1936 1936 1936 1941	1940 1936 1934 1938 1938	1936 1939 1940 1939	1938 1946 1946 1947	1948 1949 1949 1947 1947	1949 1947 1946 1939 1939	1940 1935 1940
John Amen	Edward Fritzler	Glen Morrisdojohn Reilly	Carl Millerdo	Jake Amen. A. R. Long. do Paul Lebsock Dr. J. Price.	dodododododododo.	J. Amen	William Nisson C. Mabe
-7cc -8dd -9dc -20aa -24cc	B7-53-1cc -1dc -1dd -6dd -10cc	-11dd -12cc -13ac -13ad -13bc	-13ca -13cb -13cc	-16cc -17bc1 -17bc2 -17dc -18ba	-18bb1 -18b2 -18bc -18bd -18cd	-18cb2 -19aa -20ab -21bb	-23bb -23bc -24aa

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

	GEC	LOG I	AND	GROUND		
				Кетаткя		
			gated	irri sərəA		
		(	issi) r	Iwobws1 <sup>Q</sup>		
	(əşnt	im 190	l suo[[	Yield (ga		
		juəmə	16as ur	n de of n		
	et) pejow	level er) jai	vater og gai	Depth to measur		
g point	æa	(3; (3)	es) (se	Height ab wəl		
asuring				Distance (-) land		
M			uc	Descriptio		
	Use of water					
			ijiį j	Method o		
ipal	d ing	а	some	Geologic		
Princ	bearing bed			Characteria siratem		
		·	guise	Type of c		
	(səų:	oni) II:	w io	Diameter		
		(1993	well (	Depth of		
			ll 9w	Type of		
			pəŢ	Year dril		
		Owner or user				
		Well no.				

		·	Sca. Eos, L, U-4.	
		S-69.		Eos.
	50 100	60 157 160	80	187
			50	
	17.53 Jan. 13, 1948 R300 70 15.23 Jan. 13, 1948 R300 70 8.74 Sept. 12, 1947	9.30 dodo 1947 R1,200 60 15.71 Nov. 4, 1947 R1,200 60 19 R1,300 157	14, 1948 R1, 400 80 11, 1949 11, 1949 R800 47	19, 1948 R1, 400 . 9, 1949 R450
	1948 1948 1947	1947 1947	1948 1949 1949 1949	1948 1949 1947
٠	13, 13,	α <sub>.</sub> 4.	14, 11, 23, 11,	19, 12,
	lan. Sept.	Sept. Nov.	fan. May Nov. May	Jan. May Dec.
	- :		15.90 Jan. 14, 48.75 May 11, 53.44 Nov. 23, 20.10 May 11,	6.00 21.80 8.77 10.27
ned	Tpc 2.5 3,988.38 Tc 1.5 3,989.46 Ls Tc5 3,986.96	Tc .5 3,988.92 Tc -5,4 3,992.03 Tpc .5 4,000,66 Ls	Tc 1.0 4,007,89 15,90 Jan. 14, 1948 Tpp .5 4,882,22 20,10 May 11, 1949 Tpp .5 4,082,22 20,10 May 11, 1949	6 4, 111.70 5 4, 110.73
ontin	2.5 3 1.5 3	5 4 6 4 6	100	2.1 6.0 6.44
Logan County, Colo.—Continued	Tpc Tc Ls Tc	Tr. Tr. si	Тс Трр Трр Трр	Tpp Tpp Tc Hpb
Ŋ,	0	0 1 0	D, S, S, S, S, S, S, S, S, S, S, S, S, S,	I S I I
n Coun	H, G H, T T, E T, E	Z HHHH OOOH	in o ≥ ≥ ≥ ⊢	H,O,H H,O,H H,E E ¥
Loga	4444	4444	PPPP	ADAA
	, v, v, v, o, o, o, o, o, o, o, o, o, o, o, o, o,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	S, G R R S, G	8,0 8,0 9,0
		4444	44444	<u> </u>
	. 18 12 18 18 18	6 12 14 14 14	6 6 12 12	6 18 18
	87 93 90 25	Dr 22.0 DD 78 DD 90 Dr 90	230 6 90 18 6 35.0 6 70 12	60 32 32
	88444	48884	ដីជំជំជំជំ	ក្នុក្ខ
	1940 1936 1947 1944	1942 1946 1936	1937	1946 1946
	B7-53-24ac       Mr. Kellogg	David Hammil  Ben Fish	-27ca C. J. Kaufman 1937 -23db Mr. Pomroy30ab R. Amen31cd George Stairs33aa David Wagner 1935	-34ac A. Weatherall -36dd Mr. Logan
	<b>B</b> 7-53-24ac -24ad -24bc -24bc -24cc -24cc	-25dd -26ab -26bb -27ab -27ab	-27ca -27db -29ac -30ab -31cd	-34ac -36dd B7-54-11bb -11bd

						u-3. 1, u-3.
Bw-3, Bw-3, Eos,	j.	i	ئ	Bw-2.	Bw-3.	Eos, U-3. Bw-3,U-3. L. Bw-2.
130				300	85 90	80 90 132 75
88 8	22			12.8	12	12
R1, 400 R500	R50			R2, 200 R2, 200	R800 R1, 150	R1,000 R1,130 R600 R900
1947 1950 1947 1949 1949	1949 1949 1949	1949 1950 1949	1949	1950 1947 1947	1949 1950 1947	1947 1947 1947 1948
8, 7, 11, 24, 23, 26,	26, 15, 26,	22, lo 17, lo 22,	26, do	16, 29,	13, 16, 28,	29. 28. 5.
Sept. Feb. Dec. May Nov. July					<u> </u>	July Sept. July May
10.95 12.97 21.89 18.25 100.90	168 144.50 174.78 32.30 158.30	125.50 150.10 97.82 113.20 95.10	171.40 190+ 181.50 141.50 65	172,40 145,10 19,80 11,50	22.70 107.20 320 3.10 40.51	30.40 32 5.36 18.90 48.21
4, 102.81 4, 101.76 4, 088.64 4, 163.56 4, 227.21	4, 233.8 4, 274.42 4, 285.43 4, 224.16 4, 283.33	4, 235.96 4, 369.66 4, 126.95 4, 280.48 4, 254.30	4, 306,12 4, 347,41 4, 362,30 4, 308,02 4, 378,6	4, 419.68 4, 447.60 3, 889.31 3, 884.31 3, 883.58	3,900.69 4,167.95 4,150.4 4,054.77 4,002.11	3, 978,87 3, 975.1 3, 905.60 3, 985.27 4, 013.24
1.5	0 0 0 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	v. w. c. c.	1.0		0 0 0 2.5	.5 1.6 0
Tpc Hpb Tpb Tc	Ls Tpp Tpp Tpp	Tpp Tpp Tc Tc	Tpp Tpp Tc Tc	Hpb Tc Hpb Tpc Tpp	Tpp Tc Ls Tc	Hpb Ls Tpc Hpb Hpb
00 200	D, S	SSSDD	D, S	S I, O I, O	SSSII	1,0 1,0 1,0
C, E, E, H, H, E, E, H, H, E, E, H, H, H, E, E, H, H, H, H, H, H, H, H, H, H, H, H, H,	FOOOO	<b>≥≥≥≥</b> 000000	<b>₹</b> ₹₹₹ 0000000	ÇÇ,H,ÇÇ NG D ≪ ≪	ÇÇÇŢĻ	
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%,%,%, 0 0 0 0 <sup>K</sup> K	环民民民民	<b>KKKK</b>	<b>KKKK</b>	ππ.ς.ς. Ω.ς.ς.	S, G 8, G 8, G	ა,ა,ა,ა, ი ი ი ი ი
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112 124 128 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 13	9 9 9	99999	9 999	9 18 9	6 6 1 1 1 8 1	16 12 18 24
40 40 80 131.0	190 400 165.0	160 287 102 122	310 150.0 98	230 82 86 35	118 400 30 90	76 69 90 72 70
ជិតិតិតិតិ	ចំចំចំចំ	កំត់តំតំ	កំត់តំតំតំ	<u> </u>	ដង់ដង់ដ	దిద్దిదేద
1916 1949 1940	1920			1943 1938	1935 1936	1936 1916 1939 1935
John Amendodo Paul Reiboldt Howard Kershner Clyde Saylor	Town of Flemming.	Mr. Cool	H. J. Fetzer E. Miles. Harris Ranch	Victor Ramey J. W. Held	Harvey L. Harris do. C. Knudson John Ills	F. Millelstadt Mrs. Harfield G. A. Henderson Joseph Willson A. J. Bartholomew.
-12bc -12cb -13dc -24aa -24dd B8-49-9da	-10bb -18aa -21aa -27bb	B8-50-3aa -3dd -5ba -7ad -9db	-13ba -14dd -16dd -17bd -19aa	-29bc -31dc -88-51-6ad -6bc -6bd	-7bc -12cd -24ca B8-52-6aa -7ab	-8aa -9bb -10ac -17cb -18bb

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska-Continued

	GEO	LOGY AND GROUND							
		Кетаткѕ							
Г		Acres irrigated							
	Drawdown (feet)								
	nute)	Yield (gallons per min							
	Date of measurement								
	Depth to water level below measuring point (feet)								
point	BS	Reight above mean se							
asuring	wol (3	Distance above or belo (-) land surface (feet							
Me	Oescription								
		Use of water							
		Method of lift							
ipal	er- ing d	Geologic source							
Princ	wate bearii bed	Character of material							
		Type of casing							
	(səq:	Diameter of well (inc							
		Depth of well (feet)							
		Type of well							
		Year drilled							
	Owner or user								
		Well no.							

	Bw-3. Sca. Bw-3. Bw-3, L.	Eos. Eos. U-2.		S-72. 35 U-3. 110 Bw-2. Eos. Sca. Bw-28.
			15 93	35 110
		20	15 8	18 16 15 15
	Jan. 21, 1948 39	R700 R700 R600	Jan. 21, 1948 R1, 500 Nov. 21, 1949 R400 Jan. 21, 1948 R1, 280do	15.36 Nov. 23, 1949 R1, 200 16 44 16.19 Nov. 21, 1949 R400 15 75.83 Nov. 17, 1949 R400 15 8.48 May 15, 1950 R2, 000 3
	1948	May 13, 1949 May 11, 1950 do., 1948	1948 1949 1948 1950	1949 1949 1949 1950
	21,	13, 11,	21, 1 21, 1 21, 1 10, 11, 1	23, 21, 17, 15,
	Jan.		4.05 Jan. 9.26 Nov. 0.98 Jan. 9.80do	5.36 Nov. 4 6.19 Nov. 5.83 Nov. 8.48 May
	8 10.22 10 9		-4-	
pen	3, 922.1 0 3, 918.75 3, 924.3	3,919.27	3, 927.89 3, 960.80 3, 927.56 3, 930.41	3,967.89
Logan County, Colo.—Continued		0.00	2. 4. 2. 2. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
lo.	Ls Hpb Ls Ls	Трр Връ Трс	Hpb Hpb Tpc Tc	Tc Hpb Ls Hpb Hpb Tmc
ιγ, Co	-0	SHEI	<u>-</u>	21-7-7
Count	1, E 1, G 1, T 1, E	S, G A, D C, W S, G A, D T, E S, G A, D T, E S, G A H, G		でではででば
ogan	4444	A,D A,D A	4 4 4 A	A A A A A A A A D D D D D
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	4444	4	4444	~~~~~
	12 12 12 12 12	122 12 8	18 18 18 12 36	488 112 118 118 110
	80 435 80.0 100 90	72 78 50.0	64 87 70.0 82 60	60 90 70 89 114 47-
	88558	មុំក្នុងមួ	<u> គំគំគំគំ</u>	តិត់តិត់តិ
	1940 1948 1937 1915 1929	1949 1949	1945 1941 1940 1937 1937	1940 1938 1915 1941 1942 1920
	H. W. Wagnerdo L. Padroni H. W. Wagner	C. B. & Q RR. Co 1949 do	Earl Hemy	c. Luft
į	B8-52-21ac1 -21ac2 -21ad -21ad -21bd	-23ca -26bb -27ad -27cc	-27db -27dc -28ab -28ca1 -28ca2	-28ca3 -31bd -33ba -34ab -34ac -34b

				Sca.		Ofw, Sca. Bw-4.
Eos. Eos.	ŗ	Alt.		Eos, Sca, Bw-		Ofw. S Bw-4.
16					100	80 160 160
15 15	15 15			14	က	6 17 17 14
R400 R400 R400	R400 R400			R2, 000 R150 R50	R1, 300 3 R2, 000	1947 1947 1948 1947 R1, 500
1949 1949 1948 1948 1949	dododododododo.	1949 1949	20, 1949 19, 1949 12, 1949	1949 1947 1949 1947	1949 1949 1949	
21, 13, 21, 21,	do. 12, do.	3, 16,		8 9 8 20 29 29	16, 13,	Sept. 21, July 29, May 10, July 28,
Nov. May Nov. Jan. Nov.	dodo May 12,	Aug. May	May May May	June Sept. May July	May May May	Sept.
39.83 41.90 40.62 8.74 23.86	31,16 42,57 20,10 18,5 25	188 216 72.60 59.10	120 130 11.12 May 50.25 May 29.10 May	20.40 5.50 6 7.60 2.20	24 9 28.26 May 42.40 May 27.60 May	25.17 8.20 5.21 5.21 26.18
3,954.98 3,960.56 3,956.53 3,930.01 3,942.09	3,951.00 3,963.72 4,004.74 3,980.6	4, 245.5 4, 244.4 3, 830	4, 267.7 3, 823.73 3, 886.08	3,826,60 3,835,21 3,858,95 3,835,09	3,863.1 3,834.1 3,845,32 3,880,51 3,867,91	3, 874,91 3, 866,95 3, 863,78 3, 866,71 3, 892,27
-3.0 0 -3.0 -4.0	-5.0 -5.0 1.0	1.0	2.0 1.0	1.5 1.0 .7	2.0 1.0	0.5
Hpb Tpp Hpb Tc Hpb	Hpb Tpp Ls	22 75 75 15	Ls Trb Trp	THPb Ls TPP TT	al TgT TgT	Bpb Hpb Tc Tpc Hpb
d S d H d	44 NX4	ONZNN	s S D, S	P, O D, S I	I S D,S D,S	O I I O I
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S, G A, D S, G A, D S, G A, D S, G A, D S, G A, D	A A A D	S, R D, O S, G D, A S, G D, A D A	DDAAA	44444	A A D A A	9 4 4 4 4 4
8,8,8,8,8,8 0,0,0,0,0,0,0	%,%,%, 0000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	8,5,5 0,0,0	, v, v, v, v, v, v, v, v, v, v, v, v, v,	°, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °	A 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
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78 78 50 65	71 80 48 30	191	144 51.0 80.0	70 220	100	310 80 10 <b>6</b> 90 106 82
ចុច់ចុច្	ជុំជុំជុំជុំ	ក់ក់ក់ក់ក	ជុំជុំជុំជុំជុំជុំជុំជុំជុំជុំជុំជុំជុំជ	<u> </u>	និងគឺគុំគុំ	فَقَفَقَفَة
1942 1945 1939 1945	1948			1946 1946 1939	1910 1946	1949 1941 1947 1920 1946 1945
City of Sterling G. W. Miller	do	C. H. Stephans Dr. dodo	do	H. Elliot	F. E. Garfield Dr. McHue. G. Elliot Ivan Baren	Frank Manuello Edgar Dorn James De Soto ando Frank Manuello
-34bdl -34bd2 -34ca -34cbl -34cb2	-34cc1 -34cc2 B8-53-24dd -25dc -36da	B9-49-28bc -29da B9-50-1ba -18bc -21cc	-30ab -33dc -32cb -4ad -9bb	-14ad -16ab1 -16ab2 -19bd -21ca	-21cc -22bc -23ac -28ad -28bd	-29ab -29dd -30cc -30cd -31bb

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska--Continued

GEOL	OGY AND GROUND								
	Kemarks								
	Acres irrigated								
	Drawdown (feet)								
(əżnai	Yield (gallons per minute)								
1	Date of measuremen								
	Depth to water level 1) saint gniruseam								
point	Height above mean s level (feet)								
low suring	Vistance above or below (-) land surface (feet)								
Mea	Description								
<del> </del>	Use of water								
	Method of lift								
ipal er- ng	Geologic source								
Principal water- bearing bed	Character of material								
	Type of casing								
(səya	Diameter of well (inc								
	Depth of well (feet)								
	Type of well								
	Year drilled								
	Owner or user								
	Well no.								

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•	Logan County,

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	Eos. U-3. Sca, S	Sca.	U-3. U-4. S-29	
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	6, 1948 R2, 000 Eos. 13, 1949 R1, 200 65 U-3, 12, 1949 R1, 200 12, 1949 S24,	R1, 250 20 65 R1, 250 300	R700	
	Feb. 6,1948 R2,000 Eos. May 13,1949 R1,200 Eos. May 12,1949 May 12,1949 May 12,1949 May 12,1949 Eos. Eos. Eos. Eos. Eos. Eos. Eos. Eos.	9, 1947 29, 1947 28, 1947 24, 1948 16, 1948	June 15, 1949 R700 200 U-3. June 16, 1948 R700 60 U-4.  Mar. 22, 1950 82,000 8300 8-298.	May 24, 1949 May 20, 1949
	Feb. May May May May	Sept. July July June June	June June de	May de May
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	3, 881.04 3, 889.37 3, 890.75 3, 917.01 3, 896.51 3, 923.49	.4 3,882.25 .6 3,871.00 1.5 3,676.05 0 3,676.17	.5 3,691,80 1.0 3,691,28 0 3,685,77 1.0 3,686,63	1.0 3, 683.85 0 3, 705.10 0 3, 718.86
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	1947 1920	1942	1936 1933 1942	
	B9-51-32ab A. Padroni	-35ac Miss L. Johnson Dr -36db Mrs. L. Johnson 1942 Dr -36dc J. A. Lambert Dr B10-48-4bc John Apts Dr -4cc S. P. Rosenbaum Dr	-6cb M. Huss 1936 D -7da George Waltz 1933 D -8ba J. M. Frank 1942 D -11ac Sprague brothers	-11bb V. Sprague -16db Tamarack Ranch
	B9-51-32ab -32bc B9-52-13aa -13da -27dd -33dd	-35ac -36db -36dc -36dc B10-48-4bc -4cc	-6cb -7bd -7da -8ba -11ac	-11bb -16db -19cb

4, Eos.	Sca.		Eos, U-4.		U-2.	
Sca. Bw-4,	Eos,	Sca. 3 U-3. 6 Do. Eos, U-3.	Eos,	S-75. Eos. Sca.	Eos, Ofw, Sca.	Sca
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3,712,70 3,719,5 3,742,54 3,802,50 3,770,29	3, 754,36 3, 755,58 3, 730,88 3, 715,22	က် ကြိုက်ကြိ	3, 704.17 3, 721.84 3, 730.82		3,865.42 3,800.91 3,851.37 3,769.80 3,750.0	3,775.33 3,778.04 3,801.2 3,789.63 3,805.30
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-2cb G. E. Henry	-8ca dodododododododo.	-10dcz/Merle Kosen11cb Town of Crook11dc Carl Waltz12cb A. J. Kaiser12cc Fred Weimer	1-14ab G. Forner	17 de William Dick	10cd John McDonnel 12cd	-27cc D. B. Carwin -28cd L. A. Lamb -31cc C. Schott -32ca R. E. Hielscher -34cd G. Condon Ranch
B10-49-2cb -3dc -4ac -5cc -7da	ፕፕኖ <del>ተ</del>	7 7777	7777 -	77779	810-50-10cd -12cd -20dc -23ac -23ac -24cd -24cd	77777

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

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	Acres irrigated									
		Drawdown (feet)								
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point	ses meam evoda thgiel level (feet)									
suring	Vistance above or below (-) land surface (feet)									
Mea		Description								
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ipal	er- ing	Geologic source								
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		Type of casing								
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		Depth of well (feet)								
		Type of well								
		Year drilled								
Owner or user										
		Well no.								

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	14,12	58,30	48.80	37,30	26,30		1.60		23,05	24.02	25,90		5,80	6,32	42	0 65	20.4
	3,907,19 14,12	3,856,59	3,869,32	3,861,59	3,694.17		3,646,53	3,673,06	3,684,63	3,690,21	3,714,55		3, 703,51	3,663,25		2 790 49	OF 0071 60
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	B10-51-24aa School district	-25dd Mr. Bright	-26dd J. McBride	-34aa John Marteica, Jr	B11-48-24ad D. Kruger	;	-Zocc Clair Saylor	-26ad E. Billingsley	-26bc A. Kaskey	-27ac	-28cd Mrs. Eichenberger		-31cc	-34dc John Apts 1929 Dr	-26cc   Mr. Karg	-35cc	
	B10-51				B11−48									,	B11-49		

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	R1, 000 R1, 200 M710	R1, 150 M390 M700 M400 R1, 000	M260 M500 M430	M400	M450 M450 R800 M400	M400 M400	:	M300
Oct. 29, 1947	Oct. 2, 1947 Aug. 12, 1947 Aug. 4, 1947 Aug. 1, 1947	Aug. 5, 1947 Aug. 14, 1947 Oct. 2, 1947 Sept. 17, 1947 Oct. 2, 1947	Sept. 17, 1947 Aug. 5, 1947 Nov. 16, 1949 Aug. 5, 1947	Oct. 29, 1947 dodo.	Oct. 2, 1947 Aug. 6, 1947 Oct. 2, 1947	Aug. 6, 1947 Nov. 2, 1948 Oct. 2, 1947	ф	op
14 16.20 C	23.89 C 22.10 A 30.05 A 29.40 A	35.30 A 30.30 A 32.97 C 54.50 S	42.20 S 34.65 A 38.02 N 20 20 32.10 A	30 27.75 38.60 12 38.80	41.71 C 32.15 A 55.20 31.90 C	60 39.50 A 43.08 N 42.46 C	42.17	44.29
4, 425.12 4, 391.53	4,366.39 4,366.21 4,367.05 4,364.00	4,374.90 4,370.37 4,377.68 4,393.58	4,389.89 4,383.73 4,385.02	4, 396.1 4, 402.25 4, 452.25 4, 435.1 4, 404.80	4,394,43 4,385,82 4,416,25 4,393,9 4,394,09	4, 403.2 4, 397.77 4, 403.50	4,402,98	4,407.36
1.5	0 1.6 0	1.5 0 1.0 0	2.0	1.8 1.0	1.0	1.5 1.5	2.0	5
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20 20 43.0	48 42 42 56 63	67 56 56	71 43 51	59 36.0 45.0 22	57 46 83 50	70 68	:	65
ភ្និក្ខ	គ្និក្ខិត្តិ	<u>កំក់តំកំក</u> ់	ចំចំចំចំ	<u>ក់តីគីគីគ</u>	<u>កំត់កំត</u> ់	<u>កំដក់</u>	ቯ	ቯቯ
	1946 1949 1934 1934	1947 1944 1946 1944 1943	1938 1944 1949 1939 1938	1946	1940 1940 1947	1937 1948 1938	1938	1942 1940
Cook brothers	H. E. Shawcross F. R. Shawcross Ray Peed Bud Sandoz	J. Williams. F. Stoopsdo. J. Williamsdo.	John Albers	do	Glen Scottdojack FindeisH. Bolingerdodo	Courad Hallihan R. Awmillerdo. Mitchell & Hender-	7do	H. V. Tuttle
-3db -3dd -4cc	-5cd -5cd -5dc -6ad -6bc	-6cc -6dc -7ac -7bb	-7cc -7dc -8bc -8bd -8bd	-8dc -9ab -10ad -11aa -16cc	-17aa -17ab -17cc -17db -17dd	-18ab -18bc1 -18bc2 -18cc1	-18cc2	-18dd -19ac

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

	Кетаткs			
Acres irrigated				
	Drawdown (feet)			
	Yield (gallons per minute)			
	Date of measurement			
	Depth to water level below measuring point (feet)			
point	Height above mean sea level (feet)			
asuring	Distance above or below (-)			
Me	Description			
	Use of water			
	Method of lift			
la l	Geologic source			
rincip	Character of Grind			
Д.	Type of casing			
	Diameter of well (inches)			
	Depth of well (feet)			
	Type of well			
	Year drilled			
	us e <b>r</b>			
	Owner or user			
	Well no.			

		L. S-70. Eos, L.	Sca. Eos.	Eos. Do.
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	M400 20 M350 20	M330 M610 M300	M294 22 M200 17	2, 1947 8 8 4, 1947 4, 1947 M740 18 120
	30, 1948 2, 1947 2, 1948 3, 1947 17, 1947	2, 1947 30, 1948 30, 1948 8, 1948	Nov. 3,1947 M294 22 Dec. 8,1948 M200 17 Nov. 3,1947 22 Aug. 8,1947	Oct. 2, 1947 8
	Mar. Oct. Nov. Oct. Sept.	Oct. Mar. Mar. Dec.	Nov. Dec. Nov. Aug.	Oct. Aug. Oct.
	33.95 40.34 40.00 42.13 44.10	38.64 41.05 37.75 35.53	30.43 32.51 30.59 37.20 35	33.45 54 39.20 39.70
ק	1.1 4,401.90 1.0 4,409.90 1.5 4,413.35 5 4,418.15	1.5 4,422.13 41.05 0 37.75 1.0 4,438,40 35.53	0 4,438.45 1.3 4,438.79 0 4,438.62 0 4,437.92	0 4, 440.44 4, 441.8 .8 4, 369.52 .8 4, 373.07
Morgan County, Colo, -Continued	1.1	1.5 0 1.0	0 0 0	0 8 8
Š	고 <sup>무</sup> 한 무한 무한 변화	Hpb Hpb Lpc Tpc Hob	Tpp Hpb Tpp Tpc Ls	Tpc Ls Hpb Hpb
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County	CHHHH HEEEE	HHHHH HEHHHH	H.H.H.H. mmmmm	HHHHH HHHH
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Mo	% % % % % % % %	%%%% 000000	C, P S, G 18 P S, G 12 C, P S, G 72 C, P S, G	<u> </u>
		48 C, P S, 48 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S, 18 C, P S,	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	0 4 4 A A
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	B1-55-19ad -19ca -19cc -19db -20cc	-30bd1 -30bd2 -30cd1 -30cd2 -31ca	-31cc -31cd1 -31cd2 -31da -31da	-31dd -32ca -32cc B1-56-1ac -1cd1

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4, 374, 65 4, 374, 35 4, 372.07 4, 368.80	4, 426.5 4, 414.2 4, 360.31 4, 370.68	4, 382,28 4, 384,25 4, 387,15 4, 390,9 4, 394,25	4, 395,47 4, 404,07 4, 408,09 4, 408,27	4, 413,86 4, 425,82 4, 433,01 4, 442,40	4, 446.58 4, 432.69 4, 447.90 4, 448.04 4, 486.50	4,464.80 4,493.91 4,462.90 4,459.21	4,479.72
8.0.1.2.5.5.5	0 1.0 1.5 2.0	2.2 .6 .5	1.0 .5 1.2	1.5 0 0	8. 5. 5.	2.9 .6 2.0 1.0	0.1
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-1cd2 -1dc -1dd -2dd -3cc	-4aa -5dc -8ad -10aa	-12bd -12da -12dd -13aa -13ad	-13bd -13cc -13dc -13dd -23dd	-24dd -25dd -26ad -26cc -36ba	B1-57-4ac -4bb -4bd -4cc -6cd	-6da -7cb -8da -9cc -11bc	B1-58-1aa -2ca

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

	у Бетат <sup>к</sup> s			
	Acres imigated			
		Drawdown (feet)		
	(ətnui	Yield (gallons per m		
Date of measurement				
^	belov feet <b>)</b>	Depth to water level ) triog gnirusasm		
point	Height above mean sea level (feet)			
suring	wole	Distance above or be		
Mes		Description		
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	14.76 15.50 8.62 200 54.55 29.25	38.90 37.04 37.70 34.50	25.90 15 80.00 15	16
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	1947	1946 1947 1946 1947	1941 1937 1941	1945
	George Glenn	A. Neilson 1946 Dr. Carl Norgen 1947 Dr. Carl Norgen 1947 Dr. Rosener brothers 1947 Dr. E. Rosener Drothers 1947 Dr. 2018 Sept. 1947 Dr. 3018 Sept. 1947 Dr. 3018 Sept. 1947 Dr. 3018 Sept. 1947 Dr. 3018 Sept. 1947 Dr. 3018 Sept. 1948 Dr. 3018 Dr. 3	Mr. Haggerty 1941 E. Rosener 1937 Rosener brothers 1941	op
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20.77 15.38 18.42 43.80	65.90 37.90 38. 39.10 38.74 66.50	83.30 36.22 38.90 39.68 37.14	39.95 30 34.07 36.20	30.12 36.72 26.15 29.69 20.45	14.65 20.20 22 24.98 22.95	21.57 22.13 21.85 22 20.94	24.65
4,722.89 4,716.23 4,726.27	4,689.94 4,691.86 4,701.20 4,697.11 4,754.59	4,782.54 4,702.22 4,717.51 4,711.18 4,711.66	4,705.98 4,712.26 4,711.60 4,720.9	4,724.50 4,725.02 4,722.48 4,744.45	4,742.91 4,731.72 4,744.0 4,760.69	4,757.69 4,761.72 4,763.41 4,762.8 4,762.06	4,769.46
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Mr. Van Meter Con Schaefer Mr. Van Meter Ben McConnell	Wade Brooks	do	L. Templin. J. E. Murphy. Anna Hogan. do. Jacob Rhon.	dodo	R. W. Clark Louis Westhoff M. R. Brown Rufus Klein D. Baumgardner	Rosencr brothers H. Baumgardner Baumgardner bros do	M. R. Brown. F. A. Babcock
-19dd -20cc -30ba	-1bb -1dd1 -1dd2 -2cc -2dd -6dd	-7ba -11ad -11cc -11cd	-12bc -12ca -12cc -12cd -13bc	-13cd -13db -14ac -14bc -22bc	-22dc -23bc -23cc -24ab -26cc	-27bc -27db -27dc1 -27dc2	-28dc -32cc

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Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska -- Continued

2		GEOL	OGY AND	GROUND			
i				Kemarks			
			igated	Acres irr			
į		Drawdown (feet)					
		(ətnu i	Ilons per m	Yield (ga			
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	M		water level Ting point				
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		(səųɔ	ni) lləw 10	Diameter			
			well (feet)	Depth of			
	)		Iləv	Type of			
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İ			Well no.				

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	28	340	160 160 80 80 43	35	
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	Dec. 24, 1947 Dec. 10, 1948 No.: 28, 1947	° ° °	Nov. 28, 1947 Nov. 26, 1947 do do Cct. 8, 1947	Nov. 28, 1947 R1,250 35 150 Nov. 26, 1947 Aug. 12, 1947 Aug. 40.	Aug. 14, 1947 July 23, 1947 July 25, 1947
	19.50 22.36	28.69 28.30	27 27.00 26.83 29.78 28.03	20.10 13.06 15.85 24.10 20.60	26.30 20.15 11.75 17.60 20.30
	4,772.87	4, 786,36	Ls 4, 768.1 Hpb 0 4, 772.07 Tc 0 4, 776.56 Tc .8 4, 776.56 Hpb 1.0 4, 784.56	4,713,37 4,736,33 4,384,92 4,319,40 4,528,84	4,439,00 4,315,41 4,318,16 4,320,36 4,335,76
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Morgan County, Colo Continued				m v Z v v	SHHH
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	1946 1948	1947 1944	1942 1942 1944 1942	1944	1944 1910 1944 1943
	1-60-33ac Roy Ray	-33dd E. Watson 1947	-34c M. Johnson 1942 I34c E. Walls 1942 I34c E. Walson 1942 I34c E. Watson	-34dd G. Baker	-17cc Mr. Akerson

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4, 1947 12, 1947 1, 1947 13, 1947 23, 1948	Mar. 29, 1948 Aug. 4, 1947do	4, 1947 18, 1947 6, 1947 18, 1947 9, 1948 18, 1947	do July 25, 1947 July 18, 1947	18, 1947 1, 1949 18, 1947	uly 23, 1947 do do 18, 1947 uly 25, 1947	30, 1948 22, 1949 17, 1947 1, 1947
Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. July	Mar. 29, Aug. 4, dodo.	Aug. July Aug. July Jan. July	July July	Eçt.	July July July July	Mar. Apr. Sept. Aug.
29.50 26.30 26.55 26.55 12.85 30.31	27.90 28.80 29.55 21.10 15 38.00	18.65 19.00 16.04 14.00 9.78 17.65	18,80 12 18,20 20 15,40	17.45 21.04 18.75 17.35	1,60 8,28 23,20 10,20	1.10 14 19.80 14 16.55 16.22
4,347,16 4,344,45 4,349,82 4,350,9 4,339,47	4, 359,89 4, 357,95 4, 355,41 4, 362,4 4, 426,53	4,301.03 4,300.67 4,297.69 4,305.07 4,306.89	4, 310.82 4, 311.11 4, 303.39 4, 309.41	4, 311,48 4, 312,21 4, 309,10 4, 309,62 4, 311,36	4,300.53 4,307.45 4,321.22 4,315.13	4, 368.7 4, 327.63 4, 329.40
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-30bc1 -30bc2 -30cc1 -30cc2 -30dd	-31ca -31cc2 -31cc2 -31dd -32cd	B2-56-1dd1 -1dd2 -1dd3 -2cd -3dd	-11db -11dc -12bb -12bd	-12cd2 -12da1 -12da2 -12da3 -12da3	-13aa1 -13aa2 -13bb -13db	-13dc2 -13dd -17aa -24aa -24bc -24bc

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska ---Continued

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		Kemarks			
	Acres irrigated				
		Drawdown (feet)			
(	Yield (gallons per minute)				
	Date of measurement				
	Depth to water level below measuring point (feet)				
point	Height above mean sea Jevel (feet)				
leasuring poir	istance above or below (-) land surface (feet)				
Me		Description			
	Use of water				
		Method of lift			
cipal	ing	Geologic source			
Princ	bearin bed	Character of material			
		Type of casing			
L	(ѕәұэт	Diameter of well (ii			
		Depth of well (feet)			
		Type of well			
		Year drilled			
	Owner or user				
		Well no.			

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	B2-56-24ca2	-24dd2	-25da	-25dd	-5.6dd	-36qc	B2-57-5ba	၁၀ - ၁၀ -	-5dd		-6bd	-/ab -7bc			-16bb	-17ab	-18ad	-1 odd

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Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

		уетarks						
	leres irrigated							
Drawdown (feet)								
	(əşnu	Yield (gallons per mi						
Date of measwement								
		Depth to water level measuring point (f						
point	દક	Height above mean s level (feet)						
Measuring point		Distance above or be						
Me		Description						
		Use of water						
		Method of lift						
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Prin wat	bea.	Character of material						
		Type of casing						
	(səyə	Diameter of well (inc						
		Depth of well (feet)						
		Type of well						
		Year drilled						
Owner or user								
		Well no.						

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	B2-59-18cd C. A. Bresnahan 1-19bc W. E. Richardson 1-19cc C. A. Segalke 1-20cd1 W. E. Richardson. 1	-20cd2do21cc Harry Shoemaker220cc Dale Richardson29cc James Patterson30cc Mr. Van Meter30dc	-31ac G. Kammerzell 1-31dc1 H. Kammerzell 1-31dc2 George Kammerzell 1-32cc1 F. Otteson 1-32cc2	-32cc3do 1942 -34cc B2-60-1bd1 John Meyers 1942 -1bd2do 1945
	B2-59-18cd -19bc -19cc -20ac	-20cd -21cc -29bc -29bc -30cc	-31ac -31dc -31dc -32cc -32cc	-32cc -34cc -3-cc -3-cc -3-cc

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APPENDIX C

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska -- Continued

		Кетагка					
Acres irrigated							
		Drawdown (feet)					
	nute)	Yield (gallons per mi					
	:	Date of measurement					
	eet) pejow	Depth to water level 1) sning point					
point	89	s nsəm əvods 11gisH (1991) (1901)					
leasuring point	you (3:	Distance above or be (-) land surface (fee					
Me		Description					
		Use of water					
		Method of lift					
ipal	Bu H	Geologic source					
Principa water-	beari be	Character of material					
		Type of casing					
	(səq:	Diameter of well (inc					
		Depth of well (feet)					
		Type of well					
		Year drilled					
Owner or user							
		Well no.					

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	B2-60-35ac P. A. Wells Dr	Mr. Adler	Mr. Hackley	Cecil Osborn	Col hideon	مام	Ri rlen & Harshman	-36dc dodo	B3-55-8ac John Fries			-30cc Max Peterson	-30dc   Mr. Bass	Mr. Campbell	Great Western	Sugar Co.	Lloyd Mitchell	Town of Brush	,	T+2T	1do Dr
	B2-60-35ac	-35bd1	-35pq5	-32cd	2625	-36bc	-36ch	-36dc	B3-55-8ac	1724	7 7 7	<b>-</b> 30cc	-30dc	B3-56-1ad	2aa		-2cc	<b>-</b> 3aa	7	-3au	-3da

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L. Eos.	Eos.	Sca. Eos,	Eos. Sca,	Sca. Eos. L.	S-46. Eos. Sca. Pt. Eos.	• <b>°</b> 00 <u>1</u>	Eos.
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July July	July July Mar.	May Oct.	July Mar. Mar. Sept.	Sept. Mar. Oct. July Mar.	Nov.	Mar. Mar. Aug. July	Ţme
27 31.30 30 29.40 19.30	20.20 7.35 11.15 12.15	45 33.64 16.50 14.53	11.65 12.82 15.52 13.56	6.00 3.42 16.50 0 14.84	12.79 9.55 14.30 25.96	58.00 59.70 35.15 19.50 15.80	16 34.20
4, 258.1 4, 267.91 4, 270.3 4, 274.06 4, 259.27	4, 262,39 4, 238,32 4, 252,5	4, 290.2 4, 354.03 4, 258.34 4, 262.64	4,290,00 4,264.15	4, 266.90 4, 272.02 4, 247.30	4, 273,28 4, 277,90 4, 279,11 4, 301,3	4,362.0 4,406.45 4,429.50 4,314.38 4,288.78	4, 288,3 4, 269,90
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<u> </u>	<u>កំដក់ដ</u> ក់	កំកំកំ កំ	<u>គំគំគំ</u> គំ	ដដដដដ	ក់ក់កំក	<u> </u>	ក្ក
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Carl Johnson Harold Stitt C. M. Stitt Jacob Lenhart Harvy Bollinger	Peter Peterson E. D. Ray C. Schweikhardt M. M. Mitchell	I. Christensen Brush Golf Club Mitchell & Needham. Emil Bruchez	C. Henry	C.B. & Q RR, Co. George Twombly Crismer brothers C. Henry	O. G. Lewis. C. Kast. J. S. Livingston Town of Brush	Max Peterson Lee brothers Max Petersondodo.	Lindell & Oswald
-5bc -6cb -7bc -7cb	-8db -10dc -11ba -11dc	-12bc -12da -14ba	-14dc -15dd -21cc -22ab	-22da -22dc -23ac -24bb -24bb	-24cc -25db -26ad -26bb	-30ab -30bc -31bb -36ad -36dc	-36dd B3-57-1ad

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

,	GEOL	OGY AND GROUND	١							
		Remarks								
		Acres irrigated	1							
	Drawdown (feet)									
(	Yield (gallons per minute)									
	Date of measurement									
	(199J	) taiog gairinssem	1							
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seasuring point	res	Height above mean:								
asurin	wole (19	Distance above or be								
Me		nescription								
		Use of water	1							
		Method of lift								
ipal er-	ing	Geologic source								
Princ wat	bearing bed	Character of material								
		Type of casing								
	(sәųэ	Diameter of well (in								
		Depth of well (feet)	]							
		Type of well								
		Year drilled								
		Owner or user								
		Well no.								

				-226	Eos.
					Ari, J
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	1949 1947 1947 1947	18, 1947 23, 1947		1948	1948 1947 1947
	20, 18,	June 18, 1947 June 23, 1947		Feb. 20, 1948	20°, 8°, 13°,
	Nov. June June June			Feb.	Feb. Nov. May June
	33.261 34.30 J 38.34.70 J 36.80 J	38.60 40 45.40 30 45	44 44	46 46.74 Feb. 48	47.53 Feb. 38.60 Nov 49.40 May 43.38 June
	4, 276.88 4, 285.86 4, 284.07	.7 4,295.00 4 4,296.2 4 4,285.82		4,320.0	4, 323,09 4, 320,58 4, 340,89 4, 325,66
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	B3-57-1cc J. C. Parker	-3ccl Philip Schwindt	-5cc Mrs. W. E. Warner -5da Barkley, Work, &	-6ac City of Fort Morgan, 1-6bddo	-6dc do do do do do do do do do do do do do
	B3-51				

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	80		320	10	89 65	50	45	8 196
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1947	1947	1947 1947 1947	1947 1948 1947	1947 1947 1947 1947	1947 1947 1947 1947	1947 1947 1947 1947	1947	1947 1947
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June 16, 1947	June	June 16, 1947 Nov. 18, 1947 June 19, 1947	dodododododododo.	June Aug. June June May	May May Apr. May May	May May May Dec.	May 19, 1947	June June
39.25 37.30	36.00 June	43.80 June 16, 29.21 Nov. 18, 30.20 June 19, 33.20	14.35 34.10 38.30 June 30.60 Apr. 40.00 June	32,65 June 40,10 Aug. 39,45 June 34,65 June 45,10 May	50.42 41.30 45.50 37.69 26.00	42.00 25.90 22.37 18.54	30.63 13.60	23.60 June 17 15 39.60 June 9
4, 307,86	4, 295,53	4,309.80 4,276.63 4,284.00	4,323.30 4,300.21 4,304.50 4,311.57	4, 320.75 4, 321.6 4, 324.67 4, 332.00	4, 343.83 4, 343.37 4, 332.8 4, 334.65 4, 339.16	4,345,17 4,343,02 4,344,3 4,340,76 4,339,12	4,334,64 4,335,41	4,315.51
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<u>ក្</u> ពុ	ď	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ក្នុក្ខុក្	<u> </u>	ğğ	<u> </u>
1936	1935	1938 1937 1933 1940 1940	1940 1936	1939 1947 1941 1940	1944 1947 1946 1937	1938 1944 1941 1937 1937	1939 1935	1939
-9bc Edward Selander	-10ba Duncan & Bauer	-10cc J. O. Ireland -11ab Mr. Stump -11ac O. G. Graham -12ac J. H. Roediger -12cc Jacob Bath	-13ca John Lee	-16cc lapp & Chase -17ab J. H. Roediger -17acdodo17dc Vern Young18ab Kammerer Estate	-18bc George I. Neal -18cc H. J. Schluntz. -18cd M. do -18dc Joseph Weber. -19ac W. J. Peyton	19bb Weisbart & Co 19ca H. Weisbart 19cc Fred Weimer 19dbilj. Barkley	-20cc Barkley, Scheidt,	-20db Kemmerer Estate -21aa Henry Schwindt, Sr -21ad J. L. Fuqua
9-6-	-10	77777	1511	77777		77766	$\ddot{\approx}\ddot{\approx}$	\$\$\$\$\$\$\$

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

`	JLOLC	OI AND GROUND
		Kemarks
		bətagirri sərəA
		Drawdown (feet)
	ətunin	Yield (gallons per n
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point	rəs	Height above mean level (feet)
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Mea		Description
		Use of water
		Method of lift
ipal er-	ing d	Geologic source
Princ	bearing bed	Character of material
		Type of casing
	(sәцэт	Diameter of well (in
		Depth of well (feet)
		Type of well
		Year drilled
		Owner or user
		Well no.

Morgan County, Colo.—Confinued    R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Tc   -1,0	Morgan County, Colo. — Continued  P. S.G. A. T., E. I. Tr. — 1.0 4, 345.13 9,40  P. S.G. A. T., E. I. Tr. — 1.0 4, 342.5 9,38  P. S.G. A. T., E. I. Tr. — 1.0 4, 342.5 9,50  P. S.G. A. T., E. I. Hpb. 1.5 4, 347.02 15.45  P. S.G. A. T., E. I. Tr. — 3, 4, 347.02 15.45  P. S.G. A. T., E. I. Tr. — 3, 4, 347.02 15.45  P. S.G. A. T., E. I. Tr. — 3, 4, 347.39 48.62  P. S.G. A. T., E. I. Tr. — 1.0 4, 347.93 48.62  P. S.G. A. T., E. I. Tr. — 1.0 4, 347.93 48.62  P. S.G. A. T., E. P. Ls. — 44.68  P. S.G. A. T., E. P. Ls. — 4, 338.3 50  P. S.G. A. T., E. I. Hpb. 1.0 4, 350.50 47.27  P. S.G. A. T., E. I. Hpb. 1.0 4, 350.50 47.27		220 Eos.	R950 46 160 DO.	000	120	M800 35 160 Eos, Sca.		2007	207	:	_	7		R900 12 S-254.		10	1,257 60	Sca. S-238.		20 153	R1,200 150   Sca.	
Morgan County, Colo. — Continued    R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Fc   1.0   4,345.13     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Tc   1.0   4,345.13     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Tc   1.0   4,345.13     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.5   4,332.50     R   P   S,G   A   T,E   I   Fs   1.0   4,347.02     R   P   S,G   A   T,E   I   Tc   1.3   4,357.10     R   P   S,G   A   T,E   I   Tc   1.0   4,347.33     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Tc   1.0   4,347.33     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Tc   1.0   4,347.33     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Is   1.0   4,347.33     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Is   1.0   4,345.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Is   1.0   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.0   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.0   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.0   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   A   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   R   T,E   I   Hpb   1.2   4,350.50     R   S,G   S   S,G   S   S,G   S   S,G   S,G   S,G     R   S,G   S   S,G   S   S,G   S,	Morgan County, Colo.—Continued  85 18 P S,G A T,E I Tc -1.0 4,345.13  100 16 P S,G A T,E I Tc -1.0 4,345.13  146 18 P S,G A T,E I Tc -1.0 4,345.59  121 18 P S,G A T,E I Hpb 5 4,335.50  122 2 P S,G A T,E I F		9.40 June 17, 1947 RJ	9.38 May 10, 1947 K		May 19, 1947	May 20, 1947	2001 20 2000	May 11, 1941	120 May 21, 13±1	4.7	46.64 Oct. 14, 1947	48.62 Dec. 4, 1947		44.68 Feb. 20, 1948		***************************************		_		17.27 Dec. 2, 1947	15.77   Nov. 3, 1947	
Morgan County, Colo. L. 18 P S, G A T, E I TC I TC I S, G A T, E I TC I TC I S, G A T, E I TC I TC I S, G A T, E I TC I Hpb I S, G A T, E I I Hpb I S, G A T, E I I TC I I Hpb I S, G A T, E I I TC I I TC I I I TC I I I TC I I I TC I I I TC I I I I	Morgan County, Colo.—C. 186 18 P S,G A T,E 1 TC 100 16 P S,G A T,E 1 TC 125 12 P S,G A T,E 1 TC 125 12 P S,G A T,E 1 Phb 121 18 P S,G A T,E 1 Phb 122 18 P S,G A T,E 1 TC 138 16 P S,G A T,E 1 TC 138 16 P S,G A T,E 1 TC 149 18 P S,G A T,E 1 TC 140 18 P S,G A T,E 1 TC 140 18 P S,G A T,E 1 LS 113 14 P S,G A T,E 1 LS 113 14 P S,G A T,E 1 LS 113 14 P S,G A T,E 1 Hpb 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	ontinued	-1.0	10 4 345 13	4 342.5	5 4 339 59	1.5 4,347.02	7	0 4 04041	OT. 100 # 0.	•		1,0 4,347,93					4, 338,3			1.0 4, 350,50	1.2 4, 355,59	
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1947 1944 1935 1939 1938 1940 1940 1940 1945 1932 1932 1932 1934			John Guenther	Arthur Rehkop	Tobn Togan	H. W. Clatworthy	Gelroth & Hama.		Harry Lunks	Galassini & Moore	I. B. Park	L. E. Keagy	Hutchinson &	Work.	City of Fort	Morgan,		Thomas Cooper	L. L. Canfield		MacCreary Estate	R. M. Hough	
	John Guenther Arthur Rehkop Henry Grezfeld John Logan H. W. Clatworthy, Gelroth & Hama, Harry Luhrs, Galassini & Moore I., B. Park I., E. Keagy, Hutchinson & Work, City of Fort Morgan Thomas Cooper I. L. Canfield MacCreary Estate R. M., Hough		П			-30ab							-1cc		-1da1		-1da2	-1dc	-1dd		-2ac	-2bc1	

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4,370.69	4, 368,48 4, 364,75 4, 388,82 4, 371,86	4, 407.81 4, 388.92 4, 397.9 4, 378.42	4,384,52 4,376,19 4,361,83 4,367,03 4,369,34	4, 344,42 4, 349,39 4, 352,28 4, 352,40 4, 349,63	4,356.70 4,360.13 4,360.13 4,362.50 4,362.50	4,381,79 4,376,19 4,410,85 4,401,90
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1935 1942	1940 1942 1945 1940	1937 1940 1947 1938 1941	1944 1936 1943 1943	1947 1917 1935 1937	1947 1945 1945 1945 1945	1941 1947 1927
Thomas Cooper., 1935 L. H. Dierdorff, 1942	R. B. Graham Alex Winter Henry Brandt H. G. Sagel M. R. Harris	H. W. Clatworthy. R. B. Graham, Jr., S. B. Stephens Evelyn Knight J. A. M. Crouch	Jacob Kosman L. C. Solt Thomas Cooper Alix Stark Dan Sheppard	Fred Sussex,  Elmer Hein  J. P. Curry  do	H. J. Amen Henry Gritzfeld dodo John Kroskob Oliver De Long	Carl Bauer H. Lauck George Ostwald., C. E. Freudiger
-2dc -3ba	3cb -3dc -4db -6dd	-8cb -9ab -9bb -9dc	-10cb -10dc -11bb -11bc -11cc	-12ac -12bb -12cd1 -12cd2 -13ac	-13bc -13cb1 -13cb2 -14ac	-15ac -15dd -17bb -17da

Records of wells and sptings in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska -- Continued

	GLOL	OGT AND GROUND
		Remarks
		Acres irrigated
		Drawdown (feet)
	(ətnui	Yield (gallons per m
	3	Date of measuremen
		Depth to water level measuring point (
point	rea:	Height above mean s
easuring point		Distance above or be
Me		Describtion
		Use of water
		Method of lift
ipal er-	e in g	Geologic source
Princ	bearin , bed	Character of material
		Type of casing
	ср сг	Diameter of well (in
		Depth of well (feet)
		Type of well
		Year drilled
		Owner or user
		Well no.

	Eos.	S-90. Eos. L, Sca.	S-150. S-185. Eos.	Sca, Eos.	ī.
			80 160 160	160	30 120 200
	i		34 33 11		45
	17.09 Dec. 11,1947	14. 00 Nov. 18, 1947 Ess. 1. 05 Sept. 2, 1947 Ess. 8. 24 Aug. 27, 1947	44.87 dodo	25.40 do do do do do do do do do do do do do	R800 500 2,000
	11, 1947	18, 1947 2, 1947 27, 1947	44, 87 do 8, 28 33, 50 Oct., 15, 1948 28, 10 July 8, 1947 15, 40	25.40 dodo11.66 do17,1948 39.15 Dec. 17,1948	20, 1947 12, 1947 R1 22, 1948 R2
	Dec.	Nov. Sept. Aug.	d Oct. July	d Dec. Nov.	May May Apr.
	17,09		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	25.40 5.50 11.66 39.15 30.98	1.56 May 2 8.10 May 1 52.96 Apr. 2
	1.0 4,425.73	0 4,418.1 3.0 4,406.44 1.5 4,403.74 2.0 4,404.58 1.0 4,387.03	4, 363. 73 4, 375. 07 4, 362. 12 4, 353. 02	. 5 4, 363, 46 1.0 4, 351, 94 1.0 4, 349, 32 1 0 4, 412, 70 3 1.8 4, 433, 58 3	1.3 4,346.35 1.0 4,422.68
ntinued	1.0 4	3.0 1.5 1.0 1.0	2.000	1.8	1.0
Morgan County, Colo, -Continued	Тс	Ls Tc Tpp Tpp	Hpb Tpp Hpb Hpb Hpb	Idp Tpp Tpp Ls	Btr Hpb Tpp
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ount	z	Z,O,O,U, S,⊗⊗⊠	ี พ≽ต่อกู	FOFOO HHHH>≯	A H,T
gan C	A	44444	4444	A A A A A D, A	
Mor	S	N N N N N	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Р 8, 8, 6 8, 8, 8	000 000
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	Ωr	66666	<u> </u>	ក់កីក់កីក	•
	•••••	1946 1947 1942	1944 1942 1947 1940 1938	1940	1947 1938
	B3-58-19ab H. Clatworthy	-20bc Henry Brandt 15-20da W. E. Ambrose 15-22bc Ralph Soft 15-22bd J. H. Hoffman 15	-23aa Jacob Knaub 1944 -23cb George Ostwald 1942 -24bb Riney Temple 1947 -24cc A. Mortenson 1940 -25ac Henry Lauck 1988	-25bb L. C. Solt	-36ac J. G. Hoffman 1947 -36ad H. F. Fuerst 1938
	B3-5				B3-5

		Sca, S-183. S-185.			ó	ó		11.
	Eos.	Sca, S-18	Eos.	Fos.	Eos. Do.	58. 1. D	L. Eos.	<b>S-</b> 131,
			160 154 72 250	115	90 95 200 200	160 160 295 193	90 65 200 160	202 150 60 160
		42 34	18		25 19	28 14 9	15 18 15 24 20	40
		R1,250 R1,300	R1,300 R800 R730 R1,250	R1,100	M1, 290 R1, 200 M1, 110 M1, 090	M735 R1,000 M1,190 R1,300	M1, 090 M920 R1, 600 M885 R1, 500	R1, 000 R1, 200 M1, 140 M840 M675
15, 1949 23, 1948	10, 1947 21, 1949	9, 1947 17, 1947 lo	lo. 16, 1947	15, 1947 11, 1947 15, 1947 16, 1947 17, 1947	Dec. 19, 1947 Mar. 21, 1949 Oct. 3, 1947do	dododododo	22, 1947 M1, 090 23, 1947 M920 19, 1947 R1, 600 21, 1948 M885 17, 1947 R1, 500	Nov. 13, 1947 Nov. 13, 1947
Apr. Mar.		July Dec.	Dec.	Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec.		d Sept. Oct.	Sept. Sept. Apr. Oct. Apr.	Nov. Nov.
39,35 39,53	35.00 51.40		42.12 26.49 25 24	20.60 23.83 17.06 15.78 37.53	39.59 18.00 70.55 76.90 75	68.86 74.46 67.20 72.91	64.88 66.60 42.74 50.75 44.19	60 51.60 49 66.41 64.42
4,429.84	4,457,17	4,433.28 4,452.71 4,446.18	4,456.06 4,438.80 4,448.4 4,434.4	4, 435, 30 4, 426, 35 4, 439, 29 4, 432, 10 4, 455, 73	4,459.86 4,546.82 4,517.21 4,524.76 4,534.40	4, 521. 67 4, 528. 12 4, 525. 2 4, 531. 73 4, 534. 59	4,527.91 4,535.78 4,529.10 4,540.61 4,543.07	4,538,96 4,543.2 4,536.63 4,536.78
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Tc	TPP Tc	Tc Tc	Hpb Fs Ls	Tpp Tc Tc Tpp Hpb	Tc Tc Tc Hpb Ls	Fs Bpb Ls Tvp Hpb	Fs Tc Hpb Hpb Hpb	21 444 444 4464
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40.0	110 55.0	100 156 182.5	196 168 150 140	60.0 60.0 77.0 37.0	41.0 22 214 180 208 176	146 195 190 155 198	151 129.1 135 135.8	195 90.0 151 205 178
<u>ក្</u> ពុ	<u></u> ይይ	ದಿದಿದ	ద్దిదేద	ជំជំជំជំជំ	ក់គីក់គំគំ	<u>កំ</u> ត់តំតំតំ	<u>កំដក់</u> ដក់	<u> </u>
	1930	$\begin{array}{c} 1945 \\ 1947 \end{array}$	1937 1940 1935 1937	1925 1900 1932	1947 1938 1946 1939 1936	1938 1944 1948 1936 1945	1936 1946 1948 1947	1945 1936 1947 1937
ф	Bert Ross	John Salter. B. H. McConnell Ross & Trewet	George Nukaya A. H. Dennis J. H. Roediger	dodo	Mr. Weimer. Mr. Leonard. H. D. Pugh. R. Stout. H. Walker.	H. E. Kress. J. E. Nelson. H. A. Frank. do. William Brethauer	Conrad Laupham, Carl Brethauer, H. Bigler, Robert H. Bigler	Mrs. Thomas Mate F. A. Trinkle do. A. Axelson J. Schlagel
-2aa -3aa	-4da	-10ad -10bc -10cb	-10dc -11cb -11cc -11dc	-11dd -13aa -13bb -14ab -15aa	-15bd -20cd -60 -1ab -1cc -2cb	-2dc -3ac -3bc -3cc -3dc	-4ad -4dc -5dc -8ac	-9ad -9cd -9dd -10ac

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Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

		уетarks
		Acres irrigated
		Drawdown (feet)
(	omuic	Yield (gallons per n
	ţ	Date of measuremen
A		Depth to water leve ) taiog gaimzsəm
point	ses	Height above mean (1991) [9v9]
easuring poin		Distance above or be
Mea		Description
		Use of water
		Method of lift
ipal	gu ]	Geologic source
Princ	bearing bed	Character of material
		Type of casing
	(sәцәі	Diameter of well (in
		Depth of well (feet)
		Type of well
		Year drilled
		Owner or user
		Well no.

	Eos.		ca.	<b>.</b> 80		Eos.	Eos.	Eos.		Eos.		Eos.	
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		R300		R400 Eos.			2, 1947 R1,200	M1,400	***************************************	R1,100	R800	R800	R1,000
	Oct. 31, 1947 R1,250	do R900	Sca.	8, 1947 28, 1949		24, 1950	31, 1947 2, 1949	M1 400	Nov. 13, 1947	Nov 14 1947 R1 400	····op····	0	Apr. 19,1947 Nov. 15,1947 R1,000 25 160
	Oct.	P		Oct. Feb.		July	Š č		Nov.	Nov	0	Ġ	Apr.
	65 65 <b>.</b> 35	66 <u>,</u> 10 60	09	57.54 62.39		65,93	59.40	54	58.58	45	47.27	51,85	54.23
ed	4,544.2 65 0.6 4,545.02 65.35	1.0 66.10	09	4,558,91 57,54 4,546,33 62,39		65.93	4,555,18 59,40	4,551,8	.5 4,559,00 58,58	4 558 34 50 20	4,566.15 47.27	.8 4,571,36 51.85	4, 564.34 54.23
Morgan County, ColoContinued	0.6	1.0	•	0			0.1		Z,		10.	φ,	٥.
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	$\frac{1937}{1939}$	1945	:	1946 1943		1950	1938	1945	1939	1936	1937	1942	
	Walter BushR. C. Gilland	Mrs. N. Rosener H. Bigler	John L. Wirth	-13cd Kroh brothers 1946 Dr -14bb Wiggins Potato 1943 Dr	Growers Association,	Riley Howell	W. Dusn. Adam Weimer	op	C. Johnson	Harry James	L. A. English	ф.	H. Bigler  Dr
	B3-60-10cc -10cd	-11ac -11ca	-11cc	-13cd -14bb				-15dc				-20dc	-21bc -21bd

	. <b>.</b>	Eos. Eos.	8 88	L. Eos. Do	Eos. Do. Sca. L.	Eob Eos. L. Eos.	Eos.	Sca.
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25 45	25	28 25 38 45	31	23 22 12	23	34	3 16 10	
M600 M600	M1,240	M980 M630 M950 M770 R1,000	M675 R1,200	M730 M295 R1,100 M1,000 R800	R1,000 R1,000 M380 M670	R1,050 R1,000	R1,800 R1,500 R1,300 R1,360 R1,360	R2,000 R1,250
op	Nov. 13, 1947	Nov. 15, 1947 Oct. 3, 1947 Nov. 19, 1947	Nov. 19, 1947 May 29, 1950 Aug. 26, 1947 Nov. 13, 1947	Nov. 15, 1947 Nov. 14, 1947 dodododododododo	Aug. 31, 1948 Apr. 27, 1948 Apr. 30, 1947 Mar. 18, 1948	Nov. 19, 1947 Aug. 27, 1947 July 9, 1947 Nov. 3, 1947	July 9, 1947 dodo.	July 5, 1947 Nov. 3, 1947
58.08 58.85	58,10	58.35 62.53 56.75 50	54.18 58.34 60.29 39.58	50 56.74 53.53 50.45 52.10	55.42 41.65 41.81 35.49 53.05	55.13 18.00 14 15.80 11.60	13 10.95 4.95 3.45	11.50 28 28.84
4,571.32 4,570.36	4, 562,71	4, 562,84 4, 568,56 4, 572,32 4, 565,7	4,584.83	4,576,1 4,584,72 4,580,13 4,579,22 4,588,15	4, 618,84 4, 599,55 4, 591.03 4, 589,47	4,599.25 4,162.36 4,153.55 4,153.71	4, 168,5 4, 153,19 4, 152,36	4, 167,21 4, 197.0 4, 193,28
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1942 1937	1937	1937 1935 1943 1941	1947 1950 1947	1934 1946 1935 1946 1946	1948 1940 1937 1936	1946 1934	1943 1939 1935 1934	1935
op	William Kennish	Adam Weimer B. A. Holden C. Willers A. H. Nix T. Harshman	A. K. Hepperley Gilbert Graff M. Harshman William Kennish, Sr.	I. D. Jensen H. Hanson do	L, A. Wathen L, W. Elstun H, Herbst.	Mr. Howell R. C. Rasmussen M. Joppa R. C. Rasmussen Trowel Ranch	Alex Nuss Owen Mengal Hickman & Overs. Carl Walker	O. H. Grauel C. W. Beery
-21cd -21dc	-22ac	-22bc -22cc -24cd -24dc -25ac	-25cd -26ac -27bc	-28ad -28cd -29ad1 -29ad2	-29dd2 -31cb -32cb -33ca	-36dc B4-55-1cd -1da -2dd -3bc	-3cd -4ad -4bd -6ac	-6ad -6cb1 -6cb2

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska -- Continued

		Remarks
		Acres irrigated
		Drawdown (feet)
	(əạnu	Yield (gallons per mi:
		Date of measurement
^		Depth to water level is negative.
point	ee	Height above mean se level (feet)
seasuring poin	MO	Distance above or bel (-)land surface (feet
Me		Description
		Use of water
		Method of lift
ipal er-	ing 1	Geologic source
Principal water-	bear be	Oharacter of material
		Type of casing
	(səų	Diameter of well (inc
		Depth of well (feet)
		Type of well
		Year drilled
		ms et
		Owner or user
		Well no.

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Colo.
County,
Morgan

						F		3		Eos.		Š.		30	Eos.		Eos.	480		160 Eos.	•
	38	160	240	55	83	,	140			115 Eos.		130		30	45	200	8	480			
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	5, 1947	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	:		R800	200	M1, 390	M1, 500	K1, 300	9.1947 M1,410		M1, 190		M540	R1,350		8,1947 M940	11, 1947 M1, 390		10, 1947 R1, 350	1000 571
	5, 1947	······································	11, 1947	10,1947	R800		121 M1, 390 12	11, 1347				M1, 190		July 11, 1947 M540	dodo		8, 1947	11, 1947	,	10, 1947	1107 677
	July	p	July	July	Ď	•	Ď	July	ð	July				July	D		Sept.	July		E P	, m
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פר	1,2 4,181,42	4,169.20	4, 185, 18	:	1,2 4, 182,16 20,10		4, 171,76 20,80	4,173,0	4, ITT.20	1.2 4, 161,38		4,166,0 17		.5 4, 172,11 12,50	4, 174,08	4, 173,95	5 4, 178,63	1,4 4, 188,35		2.9 24.05 1.5 4 199.98 90.90	19 10 20 20
morgan county, coro, —continued	1.2	0	۲.	9	1.2	c	×.		O. N	1.2		:		ů.	1.0		ιů	1.4		2,0	
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	1935	1911	1944	1934	1932	0,0	1340	130	1251	1930		1940		1929	1939	1940	1946	1939		1935 1940	
	Nicholas Dimitroff 1935	Mr. Gardner	J. Boxer	Carl Walker	J. Pederson 1932		William Pyle 1340	D. J. J.	Schoolev.	William	Hauserman,	Prairie Investment 1940	ပိ	-10cd H. W. Schlater 1929	Gus Wahlert	Alonzo Petteys	G. G. Pabst	Stratton sisters		Soren Bach 1935	and Jack man agent
	B4-55-6cc			-8ac		ŧ	200-	200	one-	-10ab		-10bc		-10cd	-10dc	-15aa	-15bc	-16cc		-17ad -17cd	i

	3 Eos. 0 L. Eos. Do.	Sca.	S-80.	Sca.		.06-S	Eos.
160 82 160	153 180 400 130		200 43 187 10 85	50 247 65 160	166 109 154	145 80 160	160 133 300 520
12 19	19		25	30			15
RI, 150 M620 M500	M1, 450 R1, 500 R1, 150 R800	R300	R1, 070 R1, 200 R1, 350	R1, 500 R1, 000 R1, 100	R1, 100 R1, 800 R1, 500	R2,000 R1,000 R1,350 R1,100	M975 R1,600 R1,200 R1,400
July 14, 1947 dodo.	dododododododo	do	do., 1947 July 3, 1947 July 2, 1947	July 1, 1947 July 2, 1947 July 1, 1947 Apr. 27, 1948	Aug. 13, 1948 July 2, 1947 June 27, 1947 June 30, 1947	do 1, 1947 July 1, 1947	June 30, 1947 July 1, 1947
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4, 188,57 4, 190,22 4, 196,24	4, 194,32 4, 201,38 4, 196,49 4, 196,16 4, 187,53	4, 191.68 4, 318.0 4, 253.00	4, 205,37 4, 179,60 4, 196,97 4, 179,43 4, 174,0	4, 178.40 4, 207.72 4, 189.32 4, 198.88	4, 194,20 4, 295,60 4, 257,91 4, 231,87 4, 212,65	4, 208,63 4, 206.5	4, 210,32 4, 208,38 4, 205,37
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<u> </u>	<b>~~~~~</b>	ፈፈል≱ፈ	A C A C C	~~~~~	<b>~~~~~</b>	다 다 다 다	<u> </u>
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ដិតីត	ក់ក់ក់ក់ក <u>់</u> ក	<u>ក់ត់ត់ត</u> ិត់	ភ្នំដឹង	පිස්ස්සිසි	ក់ក់ក់ក់ក <u>់</u>	ង់ដីដីង	ក្នុ មួន
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ac Henry Hansen bd Woodrow Loest cc Henry Baumgardner,	dc Hemy Louckbc A. C. Lusbybc George Whiteaa Hans Petersonba	ab F. Colwella G. Lebsock, Sr c E. Erickson d R. E. Timberman	cb J. M. Needham ab P. W. Boughman ba C. W. Beery ca James Louis db C. Hall	bb J.M. Needham cd E. Chartier dc O. Christensen cc Mr. Reed	cd debit school	bc Levit and Averchac J. Rudolphac Hansen brothers	ਸ਼ੌਜ਼ੈ≯≼
-18ac -18bd -18cc	-18dc -19bc -20bc -21aa -21ba	-22bb -29ab B4-56-1ca -7cc -8cd	-11cb -12ab -12ba -12ca -12ca	-13ac -14bb -14cd -14cd -14dc	-15cd -18ab -19bb -20bc -20db	-21bc -22ac -23ac -23bc	-23dc -23dd -24ac -25db

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

•		OL.	SLOGI AND GROOM						
			Kemarks						
			Acres irrigated						
			Drawdown (feet)						
	ld (gallons per minute)								
		310	Date of measureme						
	M	(feet)	Depth to water leve measuring point						
	point	rəs	Height above mean level (feet)						
	asuring	elow elow	Distance above or b						
	Me		Description						
			Use of water						
			Method of lift						
	ipat	ing d	Geologic source						
	Princ	bear be	Character of material						
	L.,	'eavan	Type of casing						
	'		Diameter of well (i						
			Depth of well (feet)						
			Type of well						
			Year drilled						
			Owner or user						
			Well no.						

	240 S-90.	Sca. Eos. Do.	Sca, Tw. Sca. Eos.	S-29. Eos, Ssu. Eos. Do. Sca.	L. Do. Eos.
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	:	12 5	10	7	က
	••••	M1, 250 R2, 100	R1, 500 R1, 000 M1, 100 R1, 400	R400 R750 R680 M1, 290	R600 R1,200 R1,400 R1,800
	1947	July 1, 1947 June 30, 1947	2, 1947 30, 1947 2, 1947	Aug. 27, 1947 July 25, 1950 June 25, 1947 do	Sept. 9, 1947 lme 25, 1947 lme 26, 1947 lme 25, 1947 lme 26, 1947 do.
	ı			27, 25, 25, 16	25, 25, 25, 25,
	June	July June	E SE	Aug July June	
	21.60	24.00 24.10 24.20	20 26.80 5.00 23.40 19	26.25 Aug. 14.00 July 30.80 June 26.40 do 18.30 do 25	41.05 19.00 5.70 14.60 8.10 24.25
ned	4, 217,32	4, 224.36 4, 223.09 4, 218.68	4, 239,77 4, 222,2 4, 236,57 4, 230,3	4, 230.62 4, 305.00 4, 303.00 4, 287.21 4, 273.0	4, 407,04 4, 255,89 4, 231,15 4, 239,06 4, 264,19
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rgan	V	444	4444	DAAAAA	7 A A A A A
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	1940	1940 1946 1946	940	1947 1932 1932 1937 1940 1940	1946 1936 1946 1937 1938
	B4-56-26bc Danielson, Koehler, & 1940 Dr. Mohr.	ph & Rediess Friehauf	-28db F. Fries	-36da H, C. Kjeldgaard 19 B4-57-3bc E, Pumphry 19 -12ca I, V. Yearous 19 -12cado	H, W, Clatworthy Fred Dedrick John Robinson St. B. Lortez Peyton & Hays M, N. Wagner
	B4-56-26bc	-26cc -26dc -27ac	-28db -29bd -30bc -33bb -35cc	-36da B4-57-3bc - -12ca -12cd -13ab -13da	-19db -24db -25bb -25dd -26dd -27ac

Do. Eos. Do.	Eos. Eos. Sca. Eos. Do. Eos, Sca.	Do. Eos. Do. Do.	Eos.	Cow. Do. Cow, Eos.	Cow.	Eos.
72 237 120 151	260 120 80	400	240	220	80	147 140 240 100'
6 13 12 12	13 22 10	10 3 12 16	9	36		7
R1, 300 R1, 450 M1, 050 R1, 200	M1, 510 R1, 200 R1, 200 R600 R1, 000 R1, 200	R1, 200 R500 R1, 800 R1, 500	R1,280	R1,000		R1, 200 R1, 600 R1, 600
1948 3, 1947	3, 1947 3, 1947 7, 1949	3, 1947 1, 1947	10, 1947 2, 1948 9, 1947	14, 1949 3, 1949 8, 1949 13, 1949	9, 1947 8, 1949	6, 1948 9, 1947 9, 1947
do. 1, June 26, do. May 31.	une 23, do do June 23, Mar. 17, July 11,	une 26, June 20,	do Sept. 10 Mar. Sept. Sept.	Oct. Mar. Iune	Sept. S	Jan. 6, Sept. 29, Sept. 29,
26.40 25.20 24. 25.85 26.90 28.18	29.10J 27.95. 29.44 J 9.44 J 8 8	8 8 12 7.45 33.65	33.05 17.00 8.66 N 128.30 20.10	Dry 42.50 J 8.95 J 49.50 J	15.30 16 36.45	61.27 59.55 60 60 60.70
4, 270,39 4, 270,83 4, 264,38 4, 275,39 4, 278,28	4, 280.48 4, 286.83 4, 285.0 4, 273.99 4, 268.41	4,253.90	4,371.70 4,348.60	4,340,40 4,384,74 4,343,40 4,395,71	4,462,11 4,318,0 4,355,41	4,399,61 4,404.73 4,414,05
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<b>60000</b>		# # # # # #	<b>8-8-8-8-8</b>	<b>a</b> . a. <b>a</b> .	***	
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74 83 104 105 33.0	885 48 4 48 84 8 84 84 8 84	48 48 51 90 100	112 29.0 12.0 300.0+ 25	17.0 60.0 116	18.0 43	159 135 175 154 154 180
<u> </u>		<u> គំគំគំគំ</u>	ក៏កំកុំកំក្	<u> គំគំគំ</u>	<u> </u>	<u>ជំជំជំជំជំ</u>
1945 1936 1943 1940	1940 1936 1941 1947 1937 1943	1933 1932 1948 1947	1935	1949 1949 1938	1947	1947 1942 1946 1948 1948
I L. H. Dierdorf	do	-31db4do.	A. E. Zittle	Nathan Swartz Angelo Covellido	H, Adler	W. E. Moore, Sr L. Platt. C. Koehler William Christ A. V. Benson
-27cb1 L. -27cb2 L. -27cc N. -27db T. -28dd J.	-28cc -29db -29dc -31bb -31db1 -31db2 -31db3	-31db/ -31db/ -31db/ -33ac -36cb	-36cc B4-58-7ca -7cb -11dd -12cd	-18aa -18dc -18dd -19bc	-19dc -22ba -27cc -29ac	-29cc -29dc -30ac -30dc -31ba -31bb

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

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	Kemarks		L. Eos. Eos.	Eos. Sca, Eos. Eos, Sca,	Ŧ.	Eos. Do.	Eos.	s-239.																					
	Acres irrigated		300	100		80	160	202																					
	Drawdown (feet)	1	10	13	-	18	18	3 :																					
(ətnaiı	Yield (gallons per m		R1, 400	R800 R35		M990 M830	M690	R1,400																					
jt.	Date of measwemer		Feb. 9, 1948 Sept. 30, 1947 Dec. 11, 1947 Sept. 10, 1947	Mar. 28, 1948 May 18, 1948		Oct. 3,1947 Apr. 18,1949 Mar. 23,1948	July 10, 1947 Apr. 18, 1949 May 13, 1948	67																					
	Depth to water leve ) taiog gairussem		61.63 66.80 11.12 35 2.80	60 4.65 60.85	48	77.48 67.90 70 37.75	20 74.95 35.10 49.80	61.																					
Measuring point elow	Height above mean level (feet)	penu	4,418,19 4,401,24 4,332,12 4,328,0 4,378,36	4,422.0 4,344.79 4,407.80		4,466.25 4,470.37 4,459.24	4, 503,80 4,460,08 4,440,31																						
elow in in	Distance above or b (-) land surface (fe	Colo. —Continued	0.5 0 0 6.2	.5	:	0 .5 .5	1.0	-:																					
Me	Description	olo.	고 다 기 기 기	Ls Tc Bpb	Ls	Hpb Tc Ls Tpp Ls	L TPP Bpb Bpb	L S																					
	Use of water	ł	) U	Ouzu	Ω	I I D, S D, S	S. 0. 1. 0.	<u>,</u>																					
	Method of lift	County,	HUZZZ	C, K	ر, 0	H Y Y Y Y Y X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Ω, L, Ω, L, L ≱ U ≽ m r																						
r- ng	Geologic source	Morgan	44444	<b>4444</b>	∢	<b>4444</b>	<b>4444</b>	. ∢																					
Principa water- bearing bed	Character of material	Mo	00000	0,0,0,0,0 0,0,0,0	S, G	0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,	00000																						
	Type of casing																							~~~~	요요 :요	٩	~~~~	다 다 다 다 다	. д.
(səųэ	Diameter of well (in		18 18 4	18 18	63	18 18 6 2	188	18																					
	Depth of well (feet)		220 165 25 45 17	85 33 120	87	157 163 90 87	50 210 45.5 218	ig ig																					
	Type of well		<u>កំ</u> ត់កំត់កំ	<u> </u>	ሷ	<u> </u>	<u>គំគំគំគំ</u>																						
	Year drilled		1948	1944 1940	1948	1943 1948	1 <b>944</b> 1941 1941	1948																					
	Омпет от цвет		P. C. Bown. Mr. Quinn. Rollie Reed R. Lamborn	W. J. Woods C. Schaefer A. W. Gabriel J. D. Crouch	C. M. Work	A. P. Pricedo Mr. Dean. Bijou Irr. Co Chester Moore	J. W. Challis. Marion Pugh. Bruno Elder. Dr. H. F. Fuerst.	ор																					
	Well no.	:	B4-58-31cc -32bb -33ca -34aa B4-59-2aa	-9dd -10ba -13aa -13dc	-14cc	-18cc -19aa -21aa -21cc -22bc	-28cd -31bc -33ca -35ca -35ca	-36cd																					

Sca. Eos. Eos, Sca.	S-113. Eos.	Eos.	Eos. Sca., L.	Eos. Do. Eos.	ن	Eos. Do.	
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20	12	11 01	15 9	16	25 15 15	18	
R900 M1, 320	R1, 700 R1, 200 R1, 200 M1, 070 M750	M1, 030 R1, 400	M1,000 M1,000 M1,060 R1,200 M1,620	M1, 540 M1, 290 R1, 200 M760	M1, 130 M800 M685 M910 M1, 110	R1, 200 R1, 000 M1, 190	M1,000 M715
15, 1947 18, 1949 9, 1947 11, 1948	16, 1947 15, 1947 3, 1947	26, 1947 20, 1949 26, 1947	3, 1947 25, 1947 22, 1948 25, 1947	3,1947 25,1947 29,1947 10,1947	25, 1947 22, 1948	3, 1947 22, 1947 21, 1949 23, 1947 3, 1947	
Sept. Apr. Oct. Apr.	Sept. Sept. Oct.	Sept. June Sept.	Oct. Sept. Apr. Sept.	Oct. Sept. Sept. July	Sept. Apr.	Oct. Sept. Mar. Sept. Oct.	
7.50 5.15 30 4.22 42.82	47 13.15 8.70 50 69.80	65.95 70.21 71.60 70	75 79.14 80.15 70.31 78.30	78.23 80.70 84.82 82.15	80 83.35 79.44 69	76.98 74.45 47.83 49.80 68.00	69
4,380,43 4,390,80 4,405,07 4,456,05	4,421.39 4,399.14 4,462.0 4,467.34	4,453.95 4,471.85 4,497.9	4,494.66 4,492.98 4,480.30	4,488.68 4,494.31 4,500.70 4,499.79	4,499.8 4,498.45 4,506.57 4,508.6	4,506.63 4,504.64 4,491.22 4,507.27	4,516.5
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বৰবৰ	বৰবৰ	বৰবৰৰ	4444	4444	বৰবৰৰ	বৰবৰৰ	∢ ∢
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18.0 69 95	102 90 141 180	180 158 180 80 217	205 212 165 225	243 180 235	240 220 233	180 115 212 157	219
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>កំត់កំត់</u> កំ	<u>កំ</u> ត់កំត់ក់	<u>កំត់តំ</u> កំ	ក់ក់ក់ក់ក	<u>កំក់កំក</u> ់ក	<u>ద్ద</u>
1945	1945 1948 1942	1945 1949 1944 1948 1944	1944 1937 1942 1942 1937	1945 1943 1946 1937	1945 1944 1946 1945 1940	1944 1944 1937 1945	1938
Mr. Ward  Roy Madsen.  Alex Johnson	T. E. McSay	A. P. Price. H. H. Alder F. Martins. J. E. Moran.	George Burnhardt	29cb T, A. Hudson	H. Stroh, Sr. Elizabeth Alles. H. Stroh. T. M. Dille	S. Harshman Asa T. Jones William Van Pelt C, W. Demsey Conrad Laubhan	Ida HarshmanSeth Harshman
B4-60-2aa -3dd -5cc -5cd -6cc	-7bc -7db -9ab -12bc	-12dd -13cc -14bb -15bb	-23ac -23cd -23dc -24bb -24cc	-24dc -25cb -25cd -25dc1	-25dc2 -26ac -26bd -26dc -27cc	-27dc -28ad -30bb -32ad -33dd	-34ac -34bc

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska --- Continued

		Кетагкs
		Acres irrigated
		Drawdown (feet)
(	əmuit	Yield (gallons per n
	ņ	Date of measureme
мс	l belo	Depth to water leve measuring point
g point	ъəs	Height above mean level (feet)
easurin	elow elow	Distance above or b
M		Description
		Use of water
		Method of lift
ipal	ring	Geologic source
Princ	bea	Character of material
		Type of casing
(	(ѕәұси	Diameter of well (in
		Depth of well (feet)
		Type of well
		Year drilled
		Owner or user
		Well no.

Continued	
Colo	
County,	
Morgan	

Sca	Eos.								Eos.			S-80.	Ļ				Eos.	Ď.
		389	140	:	160	8	149	8	320	3 8	<u>8</u>	96			:	140	150	150
15.			:	Ī	9	:		16	15	:	:	10	က	∞	:	15	00	00
M885	M1, 150	R400			R1,000	M640	K1, 350	M1, 190	M1, 720	Trong	K1,000	R2, 000	R1,000	M650		R800		R1,200
	18, 1947		•	4, 1947	Apr. 28, 1948	16	18, 1947	19.20 dodo	do 1047	9, 1947	op			7, 1947			7, 1947	
Anr	Aug.			16.00 Sept. 4,	Apr.		Aug.	ф	op	) and	ор	July	July	July	Nov.	Apr.	Tulv	ę P
67.49	75.04	75	:	16,00	17.00	_	7.488		18,50	0.4°	6.50	4.90	7,10	3.40	37,30	25,30	22,60	
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R4-60-34cc	-34dc	-36ba	-36dc	B5-55-23bd	-24dc	-24dd	-25ac	-25dc	-25dd	-2002	-26cd	-27db	-27 dc	-27dd	-28bc	-28ca	-28cc	-28db

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-32bc -33aa -33ad -35cd -35cd	-36ac -36bb -36cd B5-56-35cc B5-59-30cd -34cd	B5-60-1dd -12dc -23cd -23da -23da

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Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

		Кетаrks					
Acres irrigated							
Orawdown (feet)							
Yield (gallons per minute)							
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point	ટક્ક	nsəm əvods ingiəH (təət) İsvəl					
easuring poin	Vistance above or below (-) land surface (feet)						
Me		Description					
		Use of water					
		Method of lift					
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Princip water	bearin bed	To ratacter of material					
		Type of casing					
	(sәүэт	oi) Ilew to retembiO					
		Depth of well (feet)					
		Type of well					
		Year drilled					
Owner or user							
		Well no.					

	EoBf.	Sca.	Ş	EoBf.	EoBf.	Bw-3. EoBf. Sca.	Bw-7,
		140	80	80 65	30	5 120 46	120
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		1947	1940		1946	1934 1946 1943	
	E. E. Adams A. Dieschliman.	-12bd M. Dieschliman -18aa John Burgess B11-46-1ba Gus Hereford 1947	K. Otsuka Mr. Museev	Froyd Utter Erwin H. Schulz	J. Jankovsky	18ba 1 Will Bogenhagen 18ba 2 Town of Sedgwick 18bb Tony Manuello 18db W. R. Bennison 1	Fred Gibson
	B11-45-10cd -14bb	-15bd -18aa B11-46-1ba	-3ad -3ba -3cb -5ad	-5cd -7aa	-9ab -9dc -12cc	-18ba1 -18ba2 -18bb	-196c -20cb

Sca.	EoBf.		EoBf. EoBf. EoBf, EoBf, Sca. EoBf, Do.			Bw-2. Bw-3. EoBf.		Sca.
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3, 621.5 3, 670.78 3, 712.3 3, 612.4	3, 612.53 3, 594.69 3, 671.86 3, 607.72	3,640,42 3,625,93 3,681,37 3,634,4 3,652,16	3,602.5 3,604.0 3,602.5 3,608.95	3, 637.24 3, 621.53 3, 624.42	3,620.8 3,622.17	3, 631.02 3, 632.56 3, 640.81	3,447.19	3,542,54 3,467,44 3,456,35 3,452,41 3,461,12
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-30bb B11-47-1cc -1dd -8dd -13ab	-13ba -13cb -14ac -15aa -15dd	-16cd -16dd -20bc -21ab	-21db -24ab -24bc -24cc -24cd	-27 <i>dd</i> -28ab -28bb	-28bc -28cb	-29cb -30aa -81bb1 -81bb2	B12-43-19ca	B12-44-19da -25aa -26ad -27bc -28ca

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		Acres irrigated							
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GEOLOGY AND GROUND WATER, SOUTH PLATTE RIVER VALLEY

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-32ab J. R. Mason	-35bb Jack Widmer
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	4,471,78 4,085,23 4,087,85	4,095,99 4,092,4 4,110,81 4,115,95 4,122,12	4, 117.54 4, 111.94 4, 116.04 4, 118.95	4, 113.86 4, 112.91 4, 104.18	4, 127,10 4, 126,81 4, 123,22 4, 127,30 4, 131,78
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	1940	1937 1920 1944	1945 1934 1942	1929 1946 1944 1937	1937 1937 1934
	Ernest Reppdodo	Ted Gill	Marie Beneke Z. M. Snodgrass Mr. Palmer. F. W. Segelke	H. E. Reickers C. Dailey D. W. Rumney Fred Norton	W. B. Jefferies  Marie Beneke  F. L. Ericson  J. Roediger.
	B1-54-7ab B5-54-2bc -2bd -5aa -5bd	-10cc -17bc -17cc -19ac	-19da -20ac -20bc -20cc -20cc	-21bc -21ca -22bb -28cb -29bc	-29cb -29dc -30ab -30bb -20cb

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

		Кетаткs						
		Acres irrigated						
	Drawdown (feet)							
(	əjnuji	Tield (gallons per m						
	jt.	Date of measuremen						
M	olad I (taat)	Depth to water leve ) taiog gairussem						
point	rəs	Height above mean level (feet)						
suring	elow et)	Distance above or b						
Mea		Description						
		Use of water						
		Method of lift						
pal	ng	Geologic source						
Princ	beari bed	Character of material						
		Type of casing						
	(sә цос	Diameter of well (in						
		Depth of well (feet)						
		Type of well						
		Year drilled						
		Owner or user						
		Well no.						

	Eos.	88888	Eos. Eos. Do.	68. 158.	Eos.
	80 110	80 100 60 45 45			•
	24	22			<u> </u>
	R1, 358 80 M1, 360 110 R1, 000 24	M590 R950 R600 R600 M390	R800 80		:
	14, 1947 20, 1947 29, 1947 9, 1949 11, 1948	Aug. 8, 1947 do. Sept. 17, 1947	14, 1947 8, 1947 14, 1947 do	Aug. 14, 1947 Do. Oct. 29, 1947 Do. Oct. 29, 1947 Co. Do. Do. Oct. San.	Eos.
	9 Oct. 8 Aug. Aug. 0 May 0 Dec.			0 Au	<u>:</u>
	14.49 17.88 18 13.20 28.90	29 28.10 26.59 24 25.03	27.02 23 68.10 18.49	22.50 15.20 15.25 36	20
per	0 4, 132.05 .5 4, 138.14 .5 4, 132.31 1.0 4, 445.89	4,451.1 4,459.21 4,466.75 4,463.3 4,465.48	.8 4,476.43 4,468.9 1.0 4,518.14 1.0 4,478.54 4,475.9	1.0 4,478.67 3.0 4,484.62 3.0 4,484.73	4,475,4
ColoContinued	0.5	00 0	1.0	3.0	i
lo. —	FS Bpb LC TC Hpb	Ls Tc Ls Tc	77. 27. 28. 27. 28.	Hpb Tc Bpb Ls	្ប
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	82 87 30 60	53 54 50 50	38.5 46 75.0 35 35	40.0 41.0 30 41	10
	ದರದರದ	<u> </u>	ద్దిద్దిద	ద్దిద్ద	₫
	1937 DD 1939 Dr Dr 1946 Dr	1942 1945 1946 1945 1939	1940		:
	A. J. Higby R. B. Graham. Mr. Wickham Mr. Brunkhart P. Merrill	Bert McFall. J. Cable. L. Larsen.	9cc J. Blake	-20aa3do Dr. -21bd1do Dr. -21bd2do Dr. -30ad H. Morgan Dr.	C1-56-1aa   Clyde Gamble   Dr
	B5-54-30dc -31bc -31cc -32aa C1-55-5cb	-6dd -7ad -7dd -8cd1	-9cc -17cb -18cc -20aa1	-20aa3 -21bd1 -21bd2 -30ad	C1-56-1aa

B					. <b></b>	v				
		Eos.	Eos. Do.	Sca.		Eos.	<u> </u>			Eos.
		160 105	60 100 96		300		160 160 80	100		8
				50	12		41			<u>:</u>
			R1, 200	R30	M1, 325	R310	R1, 120 R1, 000 M1, 080	R1, 000 R1, 000	R800	M727
1947		Oct. 20, 1947 do Oct. 21, 1947	Oct. 21, 1947 Sept. 19, 1947 Dec. 16, 1948	Dec. 9, 1949 Oct. 21, 1947	Sept. 19, 1947	1948	Sept. 19, 1947 Aug. 17, 1948 Aug. 31, 1948 Sept. 19, 1947	1948	1948	
14,		20, lo. 21,	21, 19, 16,	9, 21,		31,	19, 17, 31, 10,	31, lo	17,	
Aug		Oct. 20, do. Oct. 21,	Oct. Sept. Dec.	Oct.	Sept. 19,	Aug. 31,	Sept. Aug. Aug. Sept.	Aug. 31,	Aug.	
50 48.50		132,15 78,50 69,50 21,75 24	21.70 Oct. 21.20 Sept. 23.26 Dec. 23	37 184 249.25 90 33.19	186 186 26 <b>.</b> 07	55 60,32	44,47 42,79 56,81 62,49 53,82	57.43 Aug. 31, 65.22do	57.09 Aug.	09
4,488,4 4,520,28		4,861,19 4,789,24 4,802.86 4,782.77 4,773.3	4,789.62 4,806.78 4,789.2	4,893.8 4,907.9 4,921.49 4,840.6 4,801.73	4,824.09	4,832.5 4,846.06	4,832,29 4,832,53 4,833,27 4,842,45 4,844,79	4,841.62 4,851.94	4,833,07	•
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I.S.	Colo.	고 <sup>T</sup> PP HPP 시	Tr Tr dq 1 1	11 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Ls Hpb	Ls	Tc Tc Tc	Врь Нрь	Tc	រា
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9 9		98	21 18 18	6 6 10	6	44	24.8 4.8 1.8 1.8 1.8	18	24	18
70 51.5		150 85.0 79.0 71.0	56 35 76 96 70	38 400 320 190 49.5	400 242 76	808	53 80 130 128 128	116	129	128
ច្ច		<u>កំតត់តំត</u> ់	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ក្នុក្	<u> </u>	ចំចំចំចំ	ភ្នំភ្នំ	ŭ	Ď
		1940	1927 1935 1947	1947	1944	1933	1945 1937 1936 1942	1941 1948	1944	1938
Henry Niemuth		Mr. Halligan Lyle Cooksey Charles Had	G. F. Conroy. C. M. Roark. W. Wahl. Ray Sheldon.	Mr. Petersondo	H. H. Duff. John Roark. C. M. Roark	C. F. Chambers Mrs. Marie Trupp	H. Scheiddo	Mrs. Marie Trupp Charles	Leonard	Fred Huwa
-1dd -24dd		B1-61-2cc -3bb -4cd -5cc -5cc	-7aa -7cd -7dc -8bc	B1-62-2ac -2cd -3cc -5aa -8bb	-11cb -12aa -13ad	B1-63-2bc -2cc	-2dd1 -2dd2 -3ac -3bc	-3cd1 -3cd2	-3da	-3qc

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska -- Continued

		Kemarks		S-102. Eos.	L. Eos.	Eos. Do.	L. Eos. Sca.
		Acres irrigated		60 80 80 110 70 150 E	200 80 80 80 200 E	160 80 80 80 80	100 L 320 E 160 I 160 S
	Drawdown (feet)			15	16 6 36 13	10 17 10 10 10	16 15
(	əanain	Yield (gallons per r		R500 R290 R700 R900	R1,710 M1,003 R900 M1,270 M1,300	M1, 025 M1, 025 M985 M935 M1, 016	M1, 060 R1, 100 R1, 200 M1, 370
	Date of measurement			Aug. 31, 1948 Aug. 17, 1948 Gept. 16, 1948	Oct. 26, 1948 Aug 31, 1948 Sept. 16, 1948 Sept. 16, 1948	Sept. 19, 1947 Sept. 20, 1948 Oct. 26, 1948 Sept. 21, 1948	Sept. 19, 1947 Sept. 20, 1948 Oct. 26, 1948 Aug. 13, 1948 Oct. 26, 1948
M		Depth to water leve measuring point		60 60.10 43.35 52.69 57.70	56.64 62.81 53.21 54.59	54.84 65.15 69.80 79.17 62.14	60.70 58.46 59.20 60.17 25.40
point	Height above mean sea level (feet)		ed	4,842.42 4,836.71 4,838.70 4,851.98	4, 847.60 4, 847.39 4, 852.68 4, 861.09	4,863.08 4,855.86 4,862.02 4,867.81 4,857.72	4,866.34 4,852.62 4,863.30 4,865.78 4,885.78
Measuring point		Distance above or b	Colo, -Continued	2.0	1.0	2.0 1.5 1.0	0.000.00
Me		Description		LS TC TC Hpb	Hpb Tc Tc	Tc Bpb Bpb Hpb Hpb	Hpb Bbb Tc
	Use of water					1,0	0,1 1 1 1 1 S
		Method of lift	Weld County,	H.H.H.H.	HHHHH	Unann Unann	Uninition Uninition
pal .	1 8g	Geologic source	J PI	4444	4444	4444	<<<<<<<
Principa	bearing bed	Character of material	We	00000 00000	იიიიი იიიიი	0,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,0	လွှတ်တွဲတွဲတွဲ လူတွဲတွဲတွဲတွဲတွဲတွဲတွဲတွ
		Type of casing		~~~~	<b>6</b> 6 6 6 6	~~~~	
	səyou	Diameter of well (i		28222	48444	18 18 18 18 24	22 18 18 18 26
	(	Depth of well (feet		110 97 85 106 110	127 126 128 120 120	120 147 147 152 130	139 141 143 115 40•5
		Type of well		ចំចំចំចំ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> កំ</u> ត់តំតំតំ
	Year drilled			1938 1943 1942 1938	1938 1943 1937 1939 1944	1935 1944 1945 1946 1946	1933 1943 1938 1933
	Owner or user			Mrs. Marie Trupp Florence Bowles Merle Dunham W. M. Kuhrt George Anderson	Roy Quimby J. W. Baumgardner. A lex Baumgardner David Baumgardner Anderson & Pluss	-9dd O. B. Shacklee -10aa J. C. Wagner -10ba1do -10ba2 Alex Baumgardner	Lee Alden. H, J. Vogel. C, Radoner. C, Klausner.
	Well no.			B1-63-3dd1 -3dd2 -4ac -4ad -4ca	-4db -4dd -9ad1 -9ad2 -9ca	-9dd -10aa -10ba1 -10ba2	-10cd -10db -10dc1 -10dc2 -13cc

Eos, L. Eos. L.	Eos. Eos. Do. Eos, L.	Eos. Eos. Eos. L.	Eos.	Sca. Eos. Eos.	Do. Do. S-78. Eos.	Do. Eos.		Sca.
180 E 160 E 143 L 142	120 E 100 E 240 E 190 E	240 110 E 160 320 E	150 E	100 E	145 80 80 80 100 E	60 160 E	100	
12 16	15 16 23 22 17	13	39	12 18	19 26 15	6		
R1, 300 R920 M755 M958	M957 M684 M1, 045 M1, 100 R1, 400	R1, 300 R1, 000 M1, 140 R900	R1,000 M1,043	R1, 080 R1, 150	R1,000 R1,300 M810 M1,120 M780	R360	R1, 200	M1.3
Sept. 27, 1948 do., 8, 1947	Sept. 21, 1948 Sept. 27, 1948 Oct. 26, 1948 Sept. 28, 1948	Sept. 28, 1948 Sept. 19, 1947 Sept. 28, 1948	ор	Oct. 8, 1947 Sept. 22, 1947 Sept. 13, 1948	Dec. 22, 1947	Apr. 29, 1948 Apr. 12, 1948 Sept. 19, 1947	Dec. 16, 1948 Sept. 19, 1947 May 17, 1949	dodoAug. 31, 1948
76.08 74.19 82.35 68	69.13 62.78 73.56 77.14 81.43	90 83. 81 86.15 84.20 98.47	96.37	95.53 73.09 107.24	26.60 24.70 23.65 21.80 23.09	27.94 47.86 25.39 20.60	22.38 1 164.52 58.70 1 17.00	7.15
4, 901,60 4, 896,67 4, 907,20 4, 883.0	4,887.46 4,881.88 4,900.89 4,905.95 4,910.35	4, 914.02 4, 925.34 4, 939.93 4, 949.80	4,948,16 4,945,80	4,946,15 4,927,11 4,971,24	4, 636.48 4, 639.00 4, 669.59	4, 671,48 4, 701,09 4, 677,98 4, 762,82 4, 760,78	4,760.01 4,847.69 4,723.50 4,699.42	4,691.05
1.0 2.0 .6	1000	1.5 1.5 1.5	2.0	1 2 5 5	1.0 2.0 1.5 1.0	1.5 0.2 5.5	0 1.0	0
Hpb Hpb Bpb Ls	Hwc Hpb Tc Hpb	Ls Hpb Hpb Tc Tc	Hpb Tc	Tc Tc Hpb	Te Hpb Tc Tc Tc	Tc Tc Tpp	Byb Tc Tc	Tc
		11 0 0 1		0,1		S, O D, S I D D, I	LZSS	S
HHHHH HHHHHH	HHHHH HHHHH	FFFOF EEEE	T,T	HZH.	H.H.H.H. H.H.H.H.H.H.H.H.H.H.H.H.H.H.H.	TOTO HOTE HEXE	r vv vv V× ×× Vv Vv	ې. ¥۳
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147 157 157 108	140 103 148 172 165	169 147 176 103 159	185 172	173 153	88 88 88 89 89	63.0 84 47 55	50	104+
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1933 1944 1941 1933 1933	1940 1947 1943 1944 1944	1940 1944 1937 1948 1946	1947 1937	1936 1948	1938 1946 1940 1947 1938	1946 1942 1934	1930	1918
c Fred Huwa	16ad J. M. Alden	ddo	d J. Jacksonb	c W. C. Vogtb Hudson Gardens Co.	-2ac F. Otteson	d Edward Epple a S. Neal d Mr. McCoad	c Caroline Wahl	<u>:</u> ¿
-15cc -15cd -15dc1 -15dc1 -16ac	-16ad -16bd -16dd -22ac1	-22ad -22bc -22dd -26cb	-27cd -27db	-27dc -28ab -34bb	B2-61-2ac -2cc -11bd1 -11bd2 -11cc	-11cd -14bc -15aa -31dd -32cc	-32dc -36cc B2-62-1aa -4bd1	-4bd2 -6ca

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

ŧ	GE	OLOGY AND GROUP								
		Kemarks								
	, <b></b>	Acres irrigated								
		Drawdown (feet)								
(=	min	Yield (gallons per 1								
	ŋu	Date of measureme								
Type of well Depth of well (inches)  Type of casing Character of well (inches)  Type of casing Character of material Description Description  Height above mean seal level (feet)  Depth to water level below measuring point (feet)  Tyeld (gallons per minute)  Drawdown (feet)  Tyeld (gallons per minute)										
ng point	res	Height above mean								
easuring	velow eet)	Distance above or b								
ŭ		Description								
		Use of water								
		Method of lift								
ipal er-	ing d	Geologic source								
Princ	bear be									
		Type of casing								
Type of casing										
		Depth of well (feet)								
		Type of well								
		Year drilled								
	Owner or user									
		Well no.								

		Sca.		.i	500	Sca, Pt.		U-1.	;	U-1, L.	Eos, Sca.	į	EOS.	Eos.	8	<u>.</u>
	1	65	:	200	85	140	6	3	99	:	140	9	700	:		160
		17	:	16	G	77	Ġ	70	24	:	30	•	77	23	27	30
	1947	R1, 200	•	M1, 350 M622	R1, 100	\$401AI	34476	0.14.N	M415	R800	M905	0000	M 132	R1,000	<u>~</u>	M970
	1947	1947	1240	1948	op		1948				1948	1948		1948	op	op
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	Nov.	Sept.	) mr	Aug. 5, Sept. 23.							Aug.		_	S t	_	_
	12,78 Nov.	21.00	10.14	19.20 25.28	28.50	02.60	30,14	42,39	46.47	48,25	15.37	13.21	77 01	25.99	31,55	32,45
	4, 712,06	4,715.0	¥, 100,02	4, 731,28		4, 100,44	4, 756,89	4, 768.09	4, 771,91	4, 776,77	4, 731,77	4, 751,56	4, 762,12	4, 762,76		4,721,91
inued	8.0	1.5	2	લંલ				ڻ د		0	1.3		4.			rδ
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olo.	D,S, 1,0	D, S 1, O	,	0		<u>.</u>	s.			_	-	ν,		າ <b>⊢</b>	_	<del></del>
Weld County, ColoContinued	H,G	Ç E,E,ξ	<u>ځ</u>	н Н	H.F	4	Ω.t	-i⊢	T.E			, Σ	¥ <u>د</u> ز	Ή	T,E	T, E
Con	4	<b>44</b>	ξ	∢ ∢	< <	<	∢ <							₹ ₹	_	٧
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	1945	1947		1944 1935		7461	• '	1945			1944		1940	1944	1936	1939
	B2-62-6cb1 Oliver Warden	Painter Hereford Co. Damon Harmon	n. rreston	Sadie M. Knox	Damon Harmon	M. A. Snoeneman	-19dd State of Colorado	Stanley Daniberg	-30bc	Fred Gunzelman	John Zimbleman	op	Mrs. Sadie Knox		Henry Zimbleman	qo
	B2-62-6cb1	-6cb2 -7cc	2011	-18ab -18cb	-18cc	-racu	-19dd	-30ba1 -30ba9	-30pq	-30cb	B2-63-2cc	-15bb	-15dc	-22aa	-22ac	-22ad

Eos.	L. Sca. Eos, Sca.	Eos. Do. Do. Eos, L.	Ecs. Do.	Eos.	Eos. Los.	Sca. S-18. Eos.
40 100 160 200	160 80 80 40	30 80 20 90 70 125	135 189 78 82 160	70 80 80 125 80	80 80 80 80 80	280 70 60 80
17	23 23 15	10 6 6 13	15 5 15	16 16 15 11	11 13 16 10	21 13 11 17
M880 R1,500 M1,095 M947	M1,010 M500 M795 M1,045 M432	R275 M596 M143 R400 R300 M840	R420 M886 M600 M933 M970	M665 M866 R800 M853 R700	M865 M880 M207 M300 M665	M1,402 M735 M558 M874
23, 1947 23, 1948 23, 1947 26, 1948	22, 1947 26, 1948 5, 1948	5, 1948 26, 1948 0.	27, 1948 6, 1948 lo	15, 1948 6, 1948 15, 1948	op op op	22, 1947 22, 1947 6, 1948 13, 1948 26, 1948
Sept. July Sept. Oct.	Sept. July Aug.	Aug. Oct.	July Aug.	Oct. Aug. Oct.	op op	Sept. Sept. Aug. Oct.
36.10 37.56 42.54 41.20	41 49,10 40,40 43,10 50,64	50 52.76 50 43.34 43.15	50.33 64.31 59.89 60	48.93 45.71 41.92 43.90	53.33 53.74 25.92 24.94 46.40	42.22 100 31.42 15 40.34 55.05
4, 784,48 4, 780,92 4, 785,73 4, 781,90	4,780.23 4,787.78 4,776.19 4,791.07	4, 791.5 4, 790.90 4, 778.70 4, 777.65 4, 789.50	4,789.08 4,794.72 4,805.49 4,805.16 4,802.9	4, 793.32 4, 792.46 4, 791.80 4, 800.67	4,809,43 4,809,11 4,790,93 4,789,17 4,807,67	4,801,73 4,802,88 4,811,57 4,821,08 4,829,94
1.0	1.0 1.5 0.5	1.0 1.5 1.5	1.0 1.0	6 1.5 1.5	0 0 0 0 0 0	1 3 2 0 3 0
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F.F.F. F. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E. E.	<b>HHHH</b> EEEE	HHHHHH EEEE	HHHHH Dmmmm	HHHHH HHHHH	HHHHH HHHHH	FTN TFFF
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요 요 요 요				~~~~~	~~~~~	
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<u> </u>	ስስስስስ ስ	ក្នុក្ខក្នុ	ក់ក់ក់ក់ក	ក់ក់ក់ក់ក	ក់ក់ក់ក់ក	កំ កំ កំ កំ កំ កំ កំ
1936 1944 1933 1940	1947 1944 1940 1945 1937	1940 1945 1940 1941	1933 1935 1944 1945 1945	1940 1944 1934 1938 1935	1935 1935 1947 1933	1936 1920 1934 1947 1937 1935
cc H. O. Milcapdc William M. Hoffdc John Zimbleman	-23cd Peter Zimbleman -23dc E. Weickum25abl C. Eckhardt	-25cc3 dodo -25cc3 do -25cd1 Herman Scheid -25db2 do -26d2 F. F. Cuykendall	28ad2do	dd E. L. Keller	-27cd Ana Harms -27dc A. Hofferber -28bc1 George Hilt -28bc2 dodo	aa William Hoffaa Tony Batelliad Merle Dunhamad K. E. Crowad Roy Iwanagaad Roy Iwanagaad Channual Schwartzdc
-22cc -22cd -22dc -23cc	-23cd -23dc -25ab1 -25ab2 -25cc1	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	-26ad5 -26bd -26cd1 -26cd2 -26cd5	-26dd -27ac -27ad -27bc -27cc	-27cd -27dc -28bc1 -28bc2	-28dd -31aa -32aa -32da -33ac -33ac -33ad

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

		Remarks		L. Sca. U-1, Eos.	S-108.	Eo.	Eos, L.	S-119. Eos. Do.
		Acres irrigated		35 125 160 76 80	160 120 200 100	110 40 40 160	100	110 80 80 80
		Drawdown (feet)		12	15 20 27 8	9	∞	20
(ə	maim	Yield (gallons per		M428 R950 M1, 155 R400 R1, 000	M860 M928 R900 M841 R500	M525 R405 M1,040	R770	M660 M464 R340
	<b>ju</b> a	Date of measureme		July 30, 1948 Aug. 6, 1948 Oct. 26, 1948	Oct. 9, 1947 Oct. 26, 1948 Oct. 26, 1948	dug. 16, 1948	Aug. 16, 1948	Oct. 9, 1947 Oct. 26, 1948 do. Sept. 22, 1947 Mar. 10, 1948
		Depth to water lev measuring point		62.74 49.03 45.54	51 56.24 55.54 56.30	50.58 51.05 50.62 61.55	61.50	51.45 50.80 49.64 51.78 58.22
Measuring point	eəs i	Height above mear level (feet)		4,837,80	4,830.79 4,827.35 4,806.70	4,804,03 4,803,10 4,801,98 4,815,39	4,825.28	4, 814,95 4, 797,59 4, 795,30 4, 798,30 4, 680,97
ısurin		Distance above or (-)	inued	1.0 2.5 2.0	1.0	1.5 1.0 0.6	5	1.00
Mea	⊼ nobdirosə		Weld County, Colo, —Continued	Hp Tc Tc	Ls Tc Hpb	Hpb Hpb Hpb Tc	Hwc	The Hop
	L	Use of water	olo.	ннынн	0,111			0,1100
		Method of lift	nty, O	H.H.H.H. HHHHUO HHHHOO			T, E	HHHH HHHH
ipal r-	ng	Geologic source	Com	44444	44444	4444	44	44440
Principa water-	bearing bed	Character of material		00000	იიიიი იიიიი	ა.ა.ა.ა. ი ი ი ი	s, c	0,0,0,0,0 0,0,0,0,0
		Type of casing					2.2	
	səų ou	Diameter of well (i		44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	18 24 18 18 24	18 24 18 24	24 24	4444 4
	(	Depth of well (feet		90 87 128 80 91	125 105 105 115 95	90 71 71 102	115 114	91 83 83 76 90.8
		Type of well		ក្នុក្ខិ	ភិភិភិភិភិ	ចំតុំតុំតំ	ភ្នំ	<u> </u>
		Year drilled		1935 1944 1946 1933 1939	1936 1937 1948 1933 1937	1945 1941 1946 1939	1939 1939	1940 1940 1943 1936
Owner or user				H. W. YoungdoTrupp, SrWalter Williamsdo.	Henry Trupp, Sr R. L. Martindododo.	ບ ≥	Weicker Farms Co	William Carlson Martin Scheid do Mr. Kingsbury
		Well no.		B2-63-33dd1 -33dd2 -34ac -34bc1 -34bc2	-34bd -34cc -34dc -34dd -35ac1	-35ac2 -35ad1 -35ad2 -35bc	-35cc1 -35cc2	-35dc -36bb1 -36bb2 -36bc -36bc B3-61-14bd

ý	L. Sca. Well dis- charges into rench	leet ueep.	м. ч.	Eos. Do.	ý ý	Sca, Eos.	
Eos	H &	· · · · ·	<u>ਜ਼ੂ ਨੂਜ਼੍ਹ</u>				0 :0
140 140	240 200 100		105 140	150 100 155	340 60 100	135	240 120
	35 35		α	22		41	
R1, 200 R1, 200 R900 R1, 400	R1, 000 R1, 000 R1, 200		M1,390 R1,200 R900 R1,000	R600 R1,100 M1,330	R1,200 R700 R1,000	R1,200 M1,100 R880	R750
9, 1949 22, 1947 29, 1948 1, 1949	23, 1947	Sept. 15, 1947	Sept. 16, 1947 Sept. 18, 1947	Sept. 18, 1947 dodododododododo.	Sept. 20, 1947 May 16, 1949 Sept. 19, 1947 do	Sept. 19, 1947	Sept. 20, 1947 Sept. 20, 1947
Aug. Dec. Apr. Nov.	Dec.	Sept.		Sept.		Sept.	Sept.
86.52 38.20 36.98 40.54	35.60 5.84	9.50	48 4.00 30.15 25	26.85 10.00 25.05 23.25 28.05	20.90 25.30 12.45 2.75 32.85	3 32.10	5.90 21 12.80
4,709.85 4,621.09 4,622.55	4, 628.90 4, 628.9	4,465,29	4,420,55 4,490,35	4,484,49 4,482,28 4,492,70	4,543,97 4,550,86 4,472,94 4,521,00 4,554,30	4,563.08	4,608.07 5.90 21 4,621.40 12.80
00 w.v.	1.0	2.0	ထ တ	1.0 1.4 0.8	0 1.5 1.3	4	0
Tpp Fs Bpb Tpp	Bpb Ls Bpb	Tc Ls	Ls Hpb Tc Ls	Bpb Bpb Fs Hpb Hpb	Tpp Tc Tc Tpp Hwc	Ls Tc	Tc sign
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O.H.H.H. ≱ฅฅฅฅ	д, н г, с г, с	H,G J, E	11111 11111	HHHHH HHHHH	A H H H H	H.H.H. H.H.H.H	н н н ы ы ы
Deede	444	∢ ∢	4444	বৰবৰ	DAAAAA	<u> </u>	<b>⋖ ⋖ ⋖</b>
<sup>8</sup>	ა.ა.ა. იიი	ა, ი ი	0,0,0,0,0,0 0,0,0,0,0,0	8,8,8,8,8 00000	<sup>8</sup> 8,8,8,8,8,8 6,6,6,6,6	ა.ა.ა. ი.ი.ი	8,8 9,8 9,9
<u> </u>	ድ ል &	ᅀᅀ		<u> </u>	ਰਾ≯⊢ਾਰ	요요요	<u> </u>
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93	108 100 84	39.5 20	105 79 100 136 110	80 104 92 86.0	27.0 110 10.0 37 63	85 63	60.0 100 104
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	គ្គ	<u> </u>	ភ្នំភ្នំភ្នំ	<u> គំគំគំគំ</u> គំគំ	ចំចំចំ	<u>គឺគិគ</u> ី
1942 1949 1941 1949	1937 1937 1932	1947 1943	1948 1947 1947 1947 1940	1940 1940 1947 1947	1939 1940 1940	1940 1942 1940	1946 1947 1937
David Bemhardtdodododo	R. Loose	C. G. Kreigerdododo	C. L. Kreiger John Smith. F. A. Oliver Jack Kingsbury. M. M. Gardner	J. H. Kinkade R. M. Warner J. T. Warren K. Mori Olson & Wheeler	Mr. Littler	Archie Parks. Mrs. Gertrude	Dengston. Dr. Hafley. F. Duell.
-15ab -36ab1 -36ab2 -36ac1 -36ac1	-36bc -36cb B3-62-15ba	B4-61-1bb1 -1bb2	-12aa -13db -19dc -20cc -20cd	-20dc -22dd -26bc -28bb -30ab	B4-62-20bd -22bd -24bd B4-63-2cb -2cd -3ca	-3db -4ab -6bc	-6cc -7cc1 -7cc2

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska --- Continued

•		O.	CLOCI AND GRO	0111			
			Кетагка				
	_		Acres irrigated				
			Drawdown (feet)				
	Depth to water level below measuring point (feet) Date of measurement Yield (gallons per minute)						
point	•	rəs	Height above mean level (feet)				
easuring point	)	Distance above or below (-) land surface (feet)					
Ž			Description				
			Use of water	1			
L			Method of lift				
ipal	er-	ing d	Geologic source				
Principa	wai	bearing bed	Character of material	17/12			
			Type of casing				
	1	(sәц эс	Diameter of well (i)				
			Depth of well (feet)				
			Type of well				
			Year drilled				
	Owner or user						
			Well no.				

	0 4,554.78 5.10 Sept. 27, 1940 25 L. 1.8 4.584.84 11.7 4.584.84 30.60 do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do. do.	1947
	Sept. 27, Sept. 12, Sept. 20, dodo	47.0 24 P S,G A T,T I,O Tc 1.0 4,578,16 28.71 Sept. 20, 1947
	5.10 16.50 11.50 31.47 30.60	28,71
	4,554,78 4,559,09 4,584,84 4,584,12 4,577	4,578,16
weld County, ColoContinued	0 1.8 0 1.0	1.0
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nty, C	S,G D,A'C,W S Tc 1.85 S,G D,A'C,W S Tc 1.85 S,G A T,E I Dpc 1.65 S,G A T,E I Bpb 1.65 S,G A T,E I Bpb 1.65 S,G A T,E I Bpb 1.65	T, T
S	A D, A A A A A	Α
Weld	8,6 8,6 8,6 8,6 8,6 8,6	S,G
	<u> </u>	Ъ
	6 18 24 16 24	24
	37 61.0 6 68 18 70 24 65 16	47.0
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	1940 1936 1934	
	B5-63-19ab A. M. Christensen 1940 DD -26bd "70" Cattle Ranch	-32bc George Hart Dr   47.
	B5-63-19ab -26bd -30ad -30bc -30bc -30cb	-32pc

		EoBf. L. EoBf. L. EoBf. L. EoBf. L. EoBf.
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	8 R700 8 R1,200 8 R1,000	10.16   Nov. 2, 1948   R500   L9   EoBf.   E
	27, 1948 27, 1948 26, 1948	1948 1948 1948 1948
	27. 27. 10. 26.	26, 10, 28, 10, 28,
	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	St. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.
	8.40 11.74 22.54 11.14	10.39 8.60 12.00 10.16
	0 3,370,64 8.40 Oct 27, 1948 .5 3,383,16 11.74 Oct 27, 1948 1.0 3,389,52 22.54 Oct 26, 1948	3,379,62 10.39 Oct. 26, 1948 R1,000 B EoB 3,389,61 12.00 Oct. 28, 1948 R1,200 B EoB 3,384,90 10.16 EoB 10.
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Deuel County, Nebr.		HP5 HP5 HP5 TPc
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	24 74 36 10 60 72	78 69 60 60 62
	مُ مُفَقَمً	844446
	1936 1937 1928 1930	1945 1945 1946 1945 1941
	B12-42-1bb Coil McGreer 1936 Dr1bcdo	E. Caskey
	B12-42-1bb -1bc -1cc -1dd -2ab	-254 -254 -264 -264 -364 -364 -364

	Bw-3, EoBf.	Bw-2,	EoBf. L.	EoBf.	EoBf. Do.	EoBf. Do.	EoBf.	i. Bo.
•		:						
I		:		18	14			20 12 12
R900	R1,100 R900 R700 R900		R1,170 R1,600 R800 R700 R1,300	R800 R400 R1,450 R800 R1,650	R1,000 R1,500 R900 R900	R1,200 R1,200 R1,200	R1,400 R1,400 R1,400	R800 R500 R1,500 R500
ор	Oct. 26, 1948 dodo.	фо	do. 25, 1948 Oct. 26, 1948 Oct. 27, 1948	Oct. 26, 1948 Oct. 27, 1948 Sept. 17, 1947 Oct. 27, 1948	Oct. 26, 1948 do. Oct. 28, 1948	dodo	Oct. 28, 1948 June 17, 1949 .do.	Oct, 25, 1948 Gct, 26, 1948 Oct, 25, 1948
9.17	9 4.61 8.65 7.20	6.24	6.62 8.75 9.65 5.25 17.25	14,14 11,45 32,25 37,25 19,08	11.62 19.75 19.81 18.40	17.47 14.51 25	29.03 72.10 34.40 80	11.45 24.40 31.12 26.41
3, 391,36	3, 389.5 3, 396.09 3, 395.71	3, 398,82	3, 398,72 3, 415,62 3, 410,81 3, 401,41 3, 415,95	3,403,46 3,427,68 3,432,16	3, 395,84 3,410,09 3,410,77 3,393,87	3, 394.55	3, 402.82 3, 455.41 3, 422.74	3,417,46 3,431,12 3,434,28 3,434,58
ιν̈́	0 5	9	0.1 0.0 1.5	0 0 1.0	1.5 1.0 5	0 1.0	0 1.5 0	1100
Tpc	Ls Tc Tc	Tc	Bob Hob To Hob	Tc Tc Hpb Hpb Tc	Tc Tc Tc Tpp	Tc Tpc Ls	Hpb Tpp Tpp Tpp Ls	Tc Hwc Hpb Tc
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V,T	1,1,1 1,1,1	z	T,T T,T T,T T,T	HHHHH HHHHHH	HHHHH mininini	T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,	T,T,C,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T,T	F.F.F.F.
¥	दददद	4	4444	4444	4444	4444	44004	4444
S,G	0,8 0,8 0,8	S,G	0,0,0,0,0 0,0,0,0,0	ა ა ა ა ა ა ი ი ი ი ი ი	0,0,0,0,0,0 0,0,0,0,0	0,0,0,0,0 0,0,0,0,0	ôô <sup>ĸ</sup> ĸô	0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
Д,	a O a a	Δ,	a. a. a. O a.	๛๛๛๛≯	<b>a</b> , <b>a</b> , <b>a</b> , <b>a</b> ,	<b>a</b> a a a a	<u> </u>	~~~
72,	30 75 75		18 18 18 18	24 48 18 18 72	118 24 24	36 18 24	6 18 18	18 36 18 24
20	75 48 30 21	30	29 92 50 30 111	60 160 80 77	69 80 50	50 71 71	80 107 165	40 47 48 48
QQ	ដង់ដង	Ď	مُهُمُّمُهُمُّ	مُفَمْمُهُ	مُفَمُمُمُ	គុំដំគូដំគុំ	ងុំគំងុំងំ	ជុំជុំជុំជុំ
1920	1941 1920 1935 1947	1938	1939 1946 1925 1946	1930 1946 1944 1938	1940 1928 1928	1940 1938	1945 1945	1930
-3dc T. Reimers	-3dddo	-5dcdo	-5dddo	-9ac Mrs. Boganhagen9bd John Mentor9cc W. H. Palzer9cddo	-10ac A. W. Peterson -10bbdodo	-11ab2do	-12bc M. Stewart	-17bcl A. Neilson

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

	GEC	DLOGT AND GROU	יי עמ	VATER, SOUT	H PLAITE R	IVER VALLE	EoBf, Sca. EoBf. Bw-3.
		Remarks		EoBf.			EoBf, S EoBf. Bw-3, Bw-2,
		Acres irrigated			160		80
	Drawdown (feet)				22 22		
(	ətunin	Yield (gallons per n		R800	R800 R800 R1,000	22	R1,100 R1,100 R1,100
	Date of measurement			Oct. 25, 1948 June 29, 1949 do June 29, 1949 Oct. 25, 1948	June 17, 1949 Jan. 23, 1948 Jan. 23, 1948	Jan. 23, 1948 dodo	Sept. 17, 1947 Jan. 16, 1948 June 29, 1949 Dec. 14, 1949
M		Depth to water leve ) taiog gairussem		12,15 25,35 46,10 16 4,18 12,00	17.75 39.08 32 51.03 50	15.52 58.74 35.05 11.80	23.58 13.55 47.45 11.85
Measuring point	res	Height above mean level (feet)	p	3,419,62 3,452,06 3,557,15 3,452,3 3,425,69 3,421,81	3,429,61 3,487,81 3,481,1 3,507,10 3,502,5	3,465,50 3,524,28 3,452,11	3, 442,23 3, 597,82 3, 585,12 3, 590,66
suring		Distance above or b (-) land surface (fe	-Continued	1.0	.3 1.0	2.0 1.5 .3 5.5	.5 1.0 1.5 0
Me	Description		ပို	77.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7	Tpp Hpb Ls Hpb Ls	Tc Tc	Hob Tc Tpp Hob
		Use of water	Deuel County, Nebr.	L N D N I	D,S I I I I	HIZOO,	1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0
		Method of lift		H X X X Y H	THTTO	T Z Z Z	T, T H, E C, W
ipal	ng I	Geologic source		<b>44044</b>	44444	44044	A A A O A.
Principa]	bearing bed	Oharacter of material		ა.გ. ა.გ.გ. იი " იიი	လွှဲလွှဲလွှဲလွှဲ လူလွှဲလွှဲလွှဲလွှဲ	ა.გ. გ.გ. იი <sup>ო</sup> იი	ა.ა.ა. ი ი ი <sup>ო</sup> ი
		Type of casing			~~~~~	Owwww	പെ≥പപ
	исрез)	Diameter of well (in		9 21 88 81	9 4 8 1 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	24 6 12 2 2 2	18 18 18 18
		Depth of well (feet)		38 60 50	40 65 68 157 110	62 157 80 25	52 78 26 92
		Type of well		ದಿದಿದಿದಿದಿದ	<u> </u>	កិត់កំតត់	ក្នុងមួយ
	Year drilled			1945 1946 1935	1940 1945 1947 1938	1930 1946 1943	1935 1946 1943 1948
	Well no. Owner or user			B12-42-18ba Lyle Dobson	-13addo	-17da H. G. Alexander18aci Wesley Johnson18ac2Malcom Carlson20bb E. Smith	-24bb Peter Jensen
				B12-42-18ba B12-43-1ca -7dd -10cc -11cd -13ab	-13ad -16bb -16bc -17cb	-17da -18ac1 -18ac2 -20bb -21ab	-24ba -24bb B12-44-7cb -13ad -18bb

Bw-2, EoBf, Sca.

	4				٠.
EoBf.	EoBf. EoBf, Sca. EoBf. Do.	Sca. Do. Bf-62. Bw-2, Free	Sca. EoBf. EoBf.	Bf-30,	
	EoBi EoBi EoBi Do	Sca. Do. Bf-62. Bw-2, For	20	-	
50			15 5 10	8	15 10 30
R750 R850 R1,000 R950 R500	R850 R1,300	R1,250	M380 R600 R1,000 R600	R1,400	R600 R800 R1,000 R1,462
an. 16, 1948 do. Dec. 14, 1949	29, 1949 26, 1948 17, 1947 27, 1948	June 29, 1949 Do Oct. 1, 1947 R1,250 EBW-6	13, 1947 22, 1948 4, 1949 14, 1949	15, 1948	do do Mar 14, 1950
Jan. 16, do. Dec. 14,	June Oct. Oct.	June Oct.	Dec. Jan. Dec. Dec.	Jan.	do do Mar 14,
18 8.42 20.40 9.60	63.66 5.70 11.38 9	9.09 38.45 13.36 8.32	5.59 28.01 13.60 45.65	13,85	15.70 10.31 9.44 6.70
3,579.6 3,621.06 3,617.28 3,598.00 3,591.3	3,442,89 3,370,77 3,372,49 3,370,3 3,369,13	3, 432,56 3, 390,24 3, 386,47	3, 374,91 3, 695,23 3, 697,28 3, 698,00 3, 668,8	3, 667,24	3,668,04 3,645,43 3,659,29 3,657,04
1.0 0 1.0	3.0 7. 1.5	2.5 0 .5 .8	0.0 1.0 .5	1.0	0.0
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-18cd H. H. Reese	B13-41-30bd	B13-42-25ddl Town of Big Springs25dd234cc Martin Zeigler35ca Gilbert Grapes	-36cbdo	-23cb2do	-23dddo
-18cd B12-45-2ac -11aa -12db -13aa	B13-41-30bd -31cc -31cdl -31cdl -31cd2	B13-42-25ddl -25dd2 -34cc -35ca -35ca	-36cb B13-45-15cc -16dc -23ab	-23cb2	-23dd -25ca -26ac1 -26ac2

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	91.50 100+ 51.12 53.22 46.50	47.55 45.62 46.50 63.50
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Keith County, Nebr.	,,,,,, ,, ,,+,+,€,€	7,1 7,1 0,4
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Central Nebr. Pub- 1939 lic Power & Irrigation District.

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William Stierlem.

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Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska—Continued

1 2		Gi	COLOGI AND GRO	MON	עו	W.A	IEK,	SO	OIH			e Kiv	/EF																	
		-	ye marks	ı		FoRf	Sca,	EoBf. EoBf.		Sca,	EoBf.	Cow.																		
		Acres irrigated					88	100																						
			(1991) nwobwar	I				14				•																		
	(;	əmuin	rield (gallons per n			R475	R1,200 M735	R1,000		R350		Cow.																		
	Date of measurement					Nov. 9, 1948	10. 28.	ор	June 23, 1949	<b>,</b>	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	July 9, 1948																		
	M		evel retsw ot digeC ) taiog gaimesem	ı		34.50	34,48 33,63	32,29	87.20	45	16+	9.90																		
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	Mea		noitqirəsəC	7	Keith County, NebrContinued	Hp	축축	Hpb	S, C	ដ	រុ	Tc																		
			Use of water					_	۵۷	, գ	_	0																		
			Method of lift	1	ty, Z		T, T	T, E	ۆ.≼ ك`ن		V, T	z																		
	ipal er-	ing 1	eoruos oigoloe		Coum	Ą	<b>4</b> 4	٧	∢C		٧	A																		
l	Principa water-	bearing bed	Character of material		Seith (		ა ი ი	s, G	S, G	S, G	S, G	S, G																		
			Type of casing	]		ď	ፈ ፈ	Δ.	Δ, Δ	. α.	ď	Δ.																		
	(	səyou	i) llaw to ratamsiO																					18	18		12	i	63	
			Depth of well (feet)			85	110	100		109	•	14,8																		
			Type of well			ក្ន	ក់ កំ	<u></u>	ជ័ជ	ሷ	ជ័	۵																		
	Year drilled					•••••	1948 1945	1947		1925		1939																		
	Well no. Owner or user						I. Gerhke	-7bb A. C. Eiker		Town of Paxton		1 1	gation District.																	
						B12-41-6dc1	-64c2 -7ba	-7bb	-9bb	B13-35-5ca	-ecc	-6dd1	9																	

Cow.	Ari. Do. Sca.	Sca. Sca.	Cow.		Sca.	Ssu. Cow.	Sca.
					40		
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		R1,100	R1,000 R1,000	R1,100	R1,400 R1,100 R1,500	R950	R900
1948	1949 1946 1949	1947 1949 1947 1949	1949 1948	1948	1949 1949 1949 1949	1949 1949 1948	1949 1949 1948
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July	eb.	do. Nov. July 2 Oct. July 2	do. July 2 July	Dec.	SEL SEL	June July Aug.	July July July
4.31	6.10 4.78 1.76 11.10 36.50	34.80 98.90 40.45 16.83	10,15 11,05 12,65	25.20	12.08 22.63 7.35 34.02 59.66	50.10 220 50.10 18 16.25	5.91 6 67.20 16.28
3, 117,77	118.58 112.83 094.68 1111.77	145.16 200.29 159.29 146.47 150.75	152.10 157.34 158.28	3, 185,17	145.77 160.58 135.06 170.15	3, 211, 79 3, 214, 98 3, 199, 68	3, 190.55 3, 268.09 3, 220.14
4.	11.0	2.2.1.1.2.6.6.8.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	0 0 0 8 0 3 3 3	- E	0,000 F.	1.5 1.3 2.1 2.1 3.3	20 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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1939	1945 1945	1946	1944 1940 1940	1948	1947 1948 1938 1930	1949 1939	1949 1939
Central Nebr. Pub- 1939 lic Power & Irri-	gation District, U. S. Geol, Survey, do	Frank Sedlack J. C. Graham Mr. Paddock Mr. Thalken	Jack Armstrong Central Nebr, Public Power & Irri-		Robert Geisert Sidney Franklin C. Ruhel.	Edward Sibal R. Nelson F. H. Lute Central Nebr. Pub- lic Power & Irri- gation District,	E. Geisert
-6bc	-6db -8cc -9ad -16bb	-18ad -20ad B13-37-1bc -3ab -4bc	-4bd -5ac -5ad	-7bd -9bc	-10ab -10cd -11db -15ab -16ab	-18ab -29ac B13-38-1ba -2aa -3bb	-3cd -4dd -5ba -6ca1

Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska -- Continued

4		GE	OLOGY A	IND GRO				
				Remarks				
			bətsg	irri sərəA				
			(1991 <b>)</b> (	Drawdowr				
	(ә	mim	Ilons per	Yield (gal				
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	water level below measuring point (feet)							
	point	१ ३६ इ	ove mear (feet)	ds tagisH evel				
	suring		surface (f	Distance a				
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	(	səyəu	i) llsw to	Diameter				
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			Well no.					

	Sca, FoRf	EoBf. Do. Do.	Bf-119.	EoBf. Sca. Ssu, Sca.	EoBf.
		100 100 100 80	28	90 $12\frac{1}{2}$ 20	7 80
	23	2888		22	7
	R800	R1,180 R1,180 R800 R1,180 R1,000	58	R900	R1, 100 R900 R900
	•••••••••	13.65         Oct.         26, 1949         R800           20.62         Nov.         29, 1948         R1,180           37.55         Good         R1,180           40.68         Good         R1,180           38.72         Good         R1,000	Nov. 30, 1948 28 28 July 15, 1949 31 29 July 5, 1949 31 29 June 22, 1949 31 32 32, 1949 31 32 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34	56.20 Nov. 30, 1948 51.07do 000 37.92 Sept. 15, 1949 11.98 July 6, 1949	May 6, 1949 R1, 100 doR900
	15	13.65 20.62 37.55 40.68 38.72	24.69 11.37 13.81 52.50 26.20	C/I	45.25 52.25 47.50 66.20
		3, 232, 80 3, 245, 10 3, 246, 74 3, 242, 35	3, 219, 17 3, 202, 92 3, 198, 51 3, 222, 75 3, 240, 26	3, 263,84 3, 263,39 3, 254,80 3, 228,48	3, 245.96 3, 270.54 3, 279.94 3, 290.00 3, 323.84
tinued	3.0	4.0.1.0.0.1.0.0.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	1.5	1.5 2.0 0	0 1.5 1.5
Keith County, Nebr Continued	Hpb	선수 선수 선수 선수 선수 선수	Tc Tpb Tpp Bpb	도 왕 고 당 당	H H Tc Tc H
Nebr	Ъ	4	S I I	Z I D I Z	ппппп
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Keitk	S,G	,,,,,,,, 0,0,0,0,0	%,%,%,%, 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	လွှဲလွှဲလွှဲလွှဲလွှဲ လွှဲလွှဲလွှဲလွှဲလွှဲ	0,0,0,0,0,0 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
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	187	187 120 166 236 237	68 121 55.0 40	250 196 225 140 108	214 153 195
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	1941	1939 1945 1944 1946 1948	1931	1948 1936 1911 1939 1948	1945 1946 1946
	B13-38-6ca2 City of Ogallala	Charles MuellerdodoHans Eichner	Joseph Paloucek 1931 Combryman Dale School district Harry Goold	Charles Mueller John Koenig H. Frerichs City of Ogallala Mr. Archer	H. C. Meyers 1945 Dr D. P. Brown 1946 Dr Antonia Washa Dr School district Dr H. Frerichs 1944 Dr
	B13-38-6ca2	-6da -7cc -7cd -7dd	-9bc -9da -10bd -14aa -15bb	-18ac -18bc -31ab B13-39-1bc -1ca	-1cb -2cb -3db -4cc -7bd

EoBf.			Sca,	EoBf,			EoBf.	Ssu.
		20 20 15 30	75	60		83		105
	27 20 20	50 12 20	24	27 22	16	19	12	20
R1,000 13	R1,300 20	R1,020 R800 R450 R450 R450	R1,390	R1,600 27	R600 16 R900 R900	R1,300 19	R1,360 12 R1,400	R800
dodo	July 6, 1949 R1,300 Oct. 2, 1947 July 6, 1949	do., 30, 1948 Nov. 30, 1948 do. Nov. 29, 1948	52.02 Nov. 30, 1948	do 1949 June 23, 1949 June 23, 1949	Nov. 6, 1947 June 23, 1949 July 6, 1949 Dec. 2, 1948	July 6, 1949 Oct. 2, 1947 Dec. 1, 1948	dodododododododo.	Oct. 2, 1947
52.80 45.20 37.91	50.10 15.40 13.38 5.32 31.30	21.92 7.06 15.37 17.05 17.22	52.02	54.05 54.11 40.59 40 17.95	24.72 23.75 26.30 3.88 11.63	31.20 46.86 59 60.45	53.15 34.50 83.10 65.33	200 168.29
3, 310,07 3, 302,05 3, 280,83	3, 284,67 3, 257,96 3, 249,36 3, 248,80 3, 259,85	3, 250,96 3, 239,81 3, 239,45 3, 238,28	3, 268,41	3, 270,78 3, 275,80 3, 266,86 3, 264,3 3, 262,91	3, 264,32 3, 263,20 3, 260,42 3, 249,27 3, 262,15	3, 293,55 3, 314,61 3, 321,7 3, 325,72	3, 315,83 3, 288,27 3, 340,32 3, 334,96 3, 352,1	200 168.29 Oct.
1.0 0.7	8 -1.0 1.0	1.0 2.0 0 0	ಬ್	0 0 1.0	1.0 1.0 0 1.5	3.7 1.0	1.5	1.0
T. Hpb	H 라 다 다 다	구 나라 나라	Bpb	HAPP IPP	H T C T 단	사 고 나 바	H H H H H H	I Ls S,O Hc
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138	122 139 39.2	110 60 42 42 45	216	208 289 162	129 131	122 53.7 246	211 196 100	400 199.3
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ចំចំចំចំ	ă	ក់ក់ក់កំក	<u> គំគំគំគំ</u>	ក្នុក្	<u> </u>	ជុំជ្
1949 1949 1947 1938	1944 1948 1942	1946 1938 1938 1929	1937	1944 1942 1945 1943	1943 1940 1940	1948	1948	1947
Henry Sass	G. A. McVay 1948 Searles brothers 1948 A. Searle 1948 do Antonio Washo 1942	Searles brothers Dan Spanglerdodo	Rene J. Martin	John J. Vasa C. C. Goodrich Ao. W. Peterson	John Washododo	Ray Hughes George McGinley dodo.	A. Jimenez, Mr. Eberhart, Hubert Beale, G. A. Hull,	Mr. Sheiborne1947 George Peters Estate
-7db1 -7db2 -8ca -8db	-9ba -9ca -9cb -9cc -10aa	-10ad -11db -11dc -11dd -12cc	-13ac	-13ad -13cb -14ac -14bd -15cc	-15cd -15dc -15dd -16ba -17dd	-18bb -19cd -19dc -19dd1	-19dd2 -20aa -29ab -30bc -30da	-33cc -34dd

Remarks Acres irrigated Drawdown (feet) Yield (gallons per minute) Date of measurement measuring point (feet) Depth to water level below Height above mean sea level (feet) Measuring point (-) land surface (feet) Distance above or below Description Use of water Method of lift Principal water-bearing bed eomos oigolos D material Character of Type of casing Diameter of well (inches) Depth of well (feet) Lype of well Year drilled Owner or user Well no.

	EoBf. Do.	Sca.	EoBf. Do.	Sca.
	200	20	12	22
	40 40 7 10 45	40 24	8 12	19
	R450 R900 R1,000 R1,000 R900	R700 R750	R220 R1,000 R1,000	R1,500 R810 19
	1949	dojune 30, 1949	1949 1949 1949 1949	1949 1949 1948 1949
	30,	90, 30,	29, 27, 29,	30°, 30°, 10°,
	June d June	June	June July June Oct,	June June Nov.
	61,50 55,40 21 22 39,10	52.70do	32.67 12.83 65.51 40.11 32.18	18.90 23.30 12.76 5.15
	3, 328,45 3, 320,44 3, 284,71 3, 290,96 3, 315,92	3, 330,00 3, 284,3 3, 309,79 3, 551,59	3, 320,55 3, 358,60 3, 330,22 3, 323,64	3, 322,74 3, 319,78 3, 308,36 3, 286,93
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Keith County, Nebr Continued	Нрь Крь 12 13 Трр	HP ST HP HP HP	Нрь Нрь Нрь Нрь	고도
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Keith	% % % % % % % % % % % % % %	0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ი, ი, ი, ი, ი ი ი ი
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	130 118 80 54 127	124	145 125 154 111	116 150 61
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	1948 1944 1944 1938 1938	1948 1945	1950 1941 1944 1938	1947 1946
	B13-40-12bc H. Dressler -12bddo -13bd A. Smith -13bb fra Comey	-14bbdo	-15cb Van Velsen	-19aa Noman Frates 1947 -21cc Clyde Ryan 1947 -22aa Charles Anderson 1946
	B13-40-121 -121 -131 -131 -131 -131 -131	14. 14. 15. 15.	1155 1155 1164 1164	-19. -21. -21.

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R1,200 Bf-20 R500 Bf-20 R1,000 15 Bobb, R1,400 15 Bobb, R1,700 160 Bf-18 R1,230 16 Bobb, R1,700 160 Bf-18 R1,280 80 Bf-18 R1,280 80 R1,800 R1,600 R1,600	R1,269 Bw-2, EoB, R800 D2 Bob, R1,268 EoB, R1,268 EoB, EoB, R800 EoB, EoB, EoB, EoB, EoB, EoB, EoB, EoB,
15	R1,300 R1,100 R1,100 R1,263 R1,263
	R1,300 R800 R1,100 R800 R800 R1,263
July 9, 1948 Nov. 30, 1948 Oct. 2, 1947 Dec. 1, 1948 Occ. 1, 1948 Dec. 1, 1948 Nov. 30, 1948 Nov. 30, 1948 Nov. 30, 1948 Nov. 10, 1948 Nov. 10, 1948	Nov. 29, 1948 Nov. 30, 1948 Nov. 10, 1948
July 9, 1948 Nov. 30, 1949 Oct. 2, 1947 Oct. 2, 1948 Oct. 1, 1948 Occ. 1, 1948 Occ. 1, 1948 Occ. 1, 1948 Occ. 30, 1948 Nov. 30, 1948 Nov. 30, 1948	29 30 10
8.18 8.35 7.36 7.36 8.35 8.35 8.47 8.25 8.00	16,50 10,45 29,02 14 43
3, 293,04 3, 293,72 3, 293,72 3, 295,83 3, 295,83 3, 295,83 3, 295,07 3, 325,07 3, 321,30 3, 321,30 3, 301,88 3, 301,88 3, 311,70 3, 311,70 3, 313,3 3, 318,37 3, 318,33	1.0 3, 320,61 0 3, 320,17 1.0 3, 343,97 3, 364,4
6. 08. 00.0 0. 00. 00. 00. 00. 00. 00. 00	1.0
다 한국는 고등등다 한 다고고 등등등등을 고등고고는 고등등록 다	Ls Hpb Tc Hpb Ls
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HO HERE FEFFE FEFFE FEFFE HEFFE	<b>1.1.1.</b> 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
	<b>4 4444</b>
2 880 88188 884448 888888 8 8 8 8488888 8 84888 8 8 8	18 30 24
12.0 132 13.0 13.0 13.0 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 11.0 17.1	45 155 44 118 65 151
	<u> </u>
1939 1947 1940 1945 1946 1945 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946	1932 1944 1937 1947 1928
-22bb   Central Nebr, Public   1939           Power & Irrigation   District,   122c   O'ville Beale	

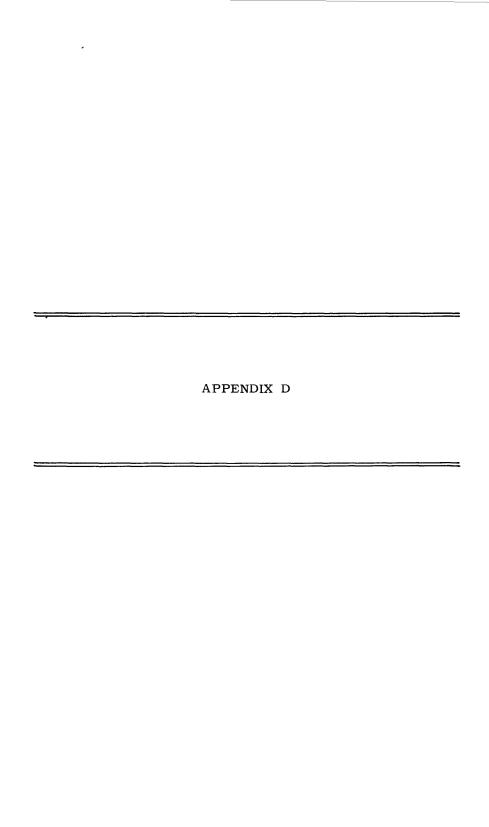
Records of wells and springs in the lower South Platte River valley, Colorado and Nebraska — Continued

8		GE	OLOGY AND GROU							
			<b>К</b> етат <i>k</i> s							
		bətagirri sər								
	(feet) (rwobwa									
	(=	eld (gallons per minute)								
		de of measwement								
	Mc		) spirit by the second of the							
	M	164 [	Depth to water leve							
	point	rəs	Height above mean (1991) level							
	suring	elow elow	Distance above or be							
	Mea		Description							
			Use of water							
	thod of lift									
	pal er-	ang H	Geologic source							
	Princi	beari bed	Character of material							
			Type of casing							
	_ '	(səųəı	Diameter of well (in							
			Depth of well (feet)							
			Type of well							
			Year drilled							
	Owner or user									
			Well no.							

	EoBf. EoBf. Do.	Sca. EoBf Do. U-3. Bf-220.	Sca.	EoBf. Bf-44.
	45	Sca. Sca. Sca. Sca. Sca. Sca. Sca. Sca.		50 25
	45			16
	R300 45 EoBr. R1,700 EoBr. R1,000 EoBr.	R800 Sca. R1,200 Db. D-10-3.		R650 R700 R1,000
	44,61 Oct. 26, 1949 R800 33.81 Nov. 29, 1948 R1,700 85.72doR1,000 58.26 Nov. 29, 1948	65 R8.00 R8.00 R1,000 R	Nov. 5, 1947 June 29, 1949 Nov. 5, 1947	Oct. 28, 1948 R650 F700 F700 F700 F700 F700 F700 F700 F7
	44.61 C 33.81 N 35.72	63.65 N 70.70 N	63.52 L 49.22 N 37.81 J 59.90 N	5.65 6.09 6.42
	1.0 3, 366.62 1.0 3, 344.92 1.0 3, 344.88 1.5 3, 370.6	3, 375,7 5 3, 371,24 0 3, 366,11	3, 355,66 3, 403,37 3, 344,07 3, 372,19 3, 350,7	3, 356,55 3, 357,00 3, 354,18 3, 357,63 3, 359,67
inued	1.0 1.0 1.0	.5 0	11.0 0.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	100
Keith County, NebrContinued	TC 在 TC SI Hp	: ::	Tc Tc Tc Ls	Tc Bpb Tc Tc Tdp
Nebr.			I S O D	
mty,	PEFFF ODOMO	H11111	PNOOO	<u> </u>
Con	44444	<b>44444</b>	4 4 4 0 0 4 4 F 0 0 0 0	44444
Keit	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	7 4 4 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	70 4 4 4 00000
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	153 18 150 18 165 18 165 18	195 18 125 18 176 18 232 110 18	90 18 74.9 3 124 6	49 24 35 60 6 27 24 20 48-
	កំដក់ដក់ កំដក់ដក់	ក់ក់ក់ក់កំ	<u>កំ</u> ត់កំត់កំ	58558
	1938 1946 1945	1937 1938 1947 1940 1938	1938	1948 1932 1948 1948
	B13-40-31dc P. Brown	-32dc F. P. Soper	O. Beale	-32ac do do do do do do do do do do do do do
	B13-40-31dc -32bc -32bd -32bd -32cc	-32dc -33ac -33cc -33dd1 -33dd2 -34db	-35bc B13-41-13cc -22cc -24aa -24cb	-32ab -32ac -32ad -32bc1 -32bc2

u-3.	Bf-62. Sca.	EoBf. Do.	Do. Sca.
25 40 60		11 21	
12		11	
R700 R250 R750 R900 R800	R1,200 R800 R1,050	R550 R800 R870 R1,200 R1,150	R1,230
op op op	Nov. 9, 1948 June 23, 1949 Nov. 9, 1948 Oct. 2, 1947	10.85 Nov. 9, 1948 24.40 22 32.25 Nov. 9, 1948 39	Nov. 10, 1948 R1,230
5.28 6.37 5.93 6.98	6.24 12.38 7.60 8.30 21.23	10.85 24.40 22 32.25 39.25	32.19 165
3, 359,74 3, 365,01 3, 359,88 3, 361,79	3,358.56 3,362.05 3,347.80 3,351.11 3,367.37	1.0 3, 354.79 .6 3, 359.24 3, 356.6 1.0 3, 362.42 3, 366.2	3, 358,20
10 10 10 0	0 1 0	1.0 6 1.0	1.0
5 <sup>T</sup> 5 5 <sup>T</sup> 2	Hpb Hpb Tpp Tc	FS 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	Hpb Ls
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<u> </u>	H, C, H, H H, C, H, H	44444	T, E C, ≪
<u> </u>	4444	4 4 4 4 4 4	∢0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	% % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %	<u>% %%%%%</u> 0 00 0 0 0	P S, C P
		24 24 18	$3\frac{1}{2}$
20 40 24 45 57 24 27 24	67 18 50 18 24.5 24 43.6 24	42 66 87 123 128	132
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	مُ مُمُمُّمُ مُ	ՃՃ
1927 1926 1928 1932	1948 Dr 1926 Dr Dr 1935 Dr	1938 1939 1932 1948 1948	1935 1908
-32bc3do	-33cc2do	-34dc C. Kjeldgaard 1 -35dc Oscar Peterson 1 -35db E. Reimers 1 -36cd do 1 -36dcdo 1	sn
-32bc3 -32cc -32dc -32dd -32dd	-33cc2 -33dd -34bb -34bc -34cd	-34dc -35dc -35dd -36db -36cd -36cd	-36dd dododo





Depth

Analyses of ground water in the lower South Platte

[Geologic source: A, Alluvium; B, Brule formation; D, dune sand; F, Fox Hills sandstone; per million un-

Specific

conduct-

Well no.	Date of collection	of well (feet)	Geologic	pН	ance (micro- mhos/cm at 25°C)	Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )		Calcium (Ca)	Magne- sium (Mg)
Logan County									
B6-53-30bc	Sept. 21, 1949	110	Α	7.7	1,970	39	0.18		74
B6-54-13da	Nov. 21, 1949	70	Α	8.3	1,720	25	.25	183	55
29ьс	Sept. 20, 1949	280	Α	7.7	1,390	40	7.9	118	36
B7-52-5bb	Sept. 16, 1949	435	P	7.8	1,220	20	.40	33	11
9dc	Sept. 29, 1949	35	D	7.5	556	48	1.2	70	17
B7-53-18bd	Aug. 3, 1948	48	A	7.5	1,550	54	.20	176	44
27ca	Aug. 18, 1948	230	P	8.2	1,880	15	.30	6.0	5.2
B8-52-21ac2	Sept. 16, 1949	435	P	8.0	2,900	15	.44		2.7
34ac	Nov. 17, 1949	114	A.D	7.6	1,230	44	.10	151	24
B9-51-16ab1	Oct. 7, 1947	70	A	7.9	4,230	31	.02	223	90
10.10	. ,			١					
16ab2	do	220	P	8.6	2,620	18	.02	5.0	3.5
29ab <b>B</b> 9-52 <b>-</b> 33dd	Sept. 21, 1949	310 48	P	8.0	2,890	15	2.1	16 210	4.0 52
B10-48-4bc	Sept. 20, 1949 Sept. 23, 1949	38.0	A	7.6	1,680 3,610	46 28	.46 .52	260	90
610-49-2cb	do	32	A A	7.0 7.3	2, 150	52	1.9	206	48
010-40-200	••••••	02	A	1.0	2,130	32	1.5	200	🕶
8cc	Sept. 22, 1949	52	A	7.3	1,580	54	.40	210	28
11cb	Nov. 8, 1949	55	Ä	7.5	1,910	39	.09	214	41
35ЬЬ	Sept. 22, 1949		D, A	7.9	319	41	.04	50	4.8
B10-50-24cd1	do	385	P	8.0	1,900	10	.33	8.0	1.4
24cd2	do	30	Α	7.4	2,890	19	.04	190	51
		0.1	<b>.</b>	۔ ۔	05-				
34cd B10-51-24aa	Sept. 21, 1949	31	D, A	7.7	271	53	.06	38 200	3.3
D10-01-24aa	Sept. 20, 1949	28.0	Α	7.3	1,830	48	.79	200	40

## Morgan County,

Magne-

B1-55-5cd	Oct. 20, 1947		Α	7.7	1,740	36	0.05	154	64
31d <b>a</b>	Nov. 30, 1947		Α	7.8	1,730	27	.02	226	83
<b>B1-</b> 56 <b>-</b> 2dd	Oct. 30, 1947	40.8	Α	8.0	2,080	27	.02	282	92
5dc	Oct. 20, 1947	39.0	D, A	7.3	2,910	45	.20	29 <b>4</b>	156
12d <b>a</b>	July 28, 1948	70	Á	7.4	2,620	22	.05	394	102
		1	1		·				
B1-57-6da	Oct. 21, 1947	24.5	D, P	8.4	961	51	.02	89	36
B1-59-19bb	July 28, 1948		A	7.5	1,030	47	.02	145	24
B1-60-2dd	Oct. 16, 1947		Ā	7.6	912	24	.20	103	17
B2-57-6dc	Aug. 9, 1948		Â	7.8	1,110	31	.32	109	39
20dc	Oct. 1, 1948		A	7.6	1,550	26	.10	174	73
2040	1, 1010	"	A .	'•°	1,000	20	•0	111	l '°
-29dd1	Aug. 9, 1948	73	١.	۱.,	1 040	0.5	0.4	152	53
B2-59-32cc2			A	7.4	1,640	35	.24		27
32cc3	Nov. 18, 1947		A	7.9	1,050	20	1.1	104	
	do		Α	7.7	1,090	23	1.1	112	33
B3-56-3da	Nov. 25, 1949		Α	7.7	1,540	16	3.1	188	56
12bc	Nov. 5, 1947		Α	7.4	1,230	17	.02	104	58
14cc	July 28, 1948	92	A	7.8	325	22	.05	41	7.5
22 <b>a</b> b	Sept. 8, 1948	85	A, D	7.6	186	4.8	1.0	21	8.7
22da	Sept. 7, 1948	83	A, D	7.9	180	22	.14	23	7.0
26ьь	Nov. 30, 1950	112	A, D		216		.01	*******	L
B3-57-6bd	Nov. 25, 1949	175	A	7.6	1,480	28	.10	213	51
30ьь	Aug. 9, 1948	121	A	7.5	1,750	35	.14	220	53
B3-58-1dd	Oct. 15, 1947		Â	7.7	1,930	30	.20	297	56
Can' factor at		,		ı			ı		

See footnotes at end of table.

River valley, between Hardin, Colo., and Paxton, Nebr.

L. Laramie formation; O, Ogallala formation; P, Pierre shale. Analytical results in parts less otherwise stated]

ress our	erwise s	tateuj									
Sodium	Potas- sium	Bicar- bonate	Sulfate	Chloride	Fluo- ride	Ni- trate	Boron	Dis- solved	Hard as C	lness aCO3	Percent
(Na)	(K)	(HCO <sub>3</sub> )	(SO <sub>4</sub> )	(Cl)	(F)	(NO <sub>3</sub> )	(B)	solids	Total	Noncar- bonate	sodium
Colo.			l	<u> </u>	l	<u> </u>	1			<u> </u>	
164	23	500	1 000	40	0.0	140	ı	1 450	700	0.00	00
125	12	a <sub>310</sub>	630 646	48 50	2.6 .7	4.9 6.1	••••••	1,450 1,260	799 683	363 429	30 28
120 239	12 3.4	286 444	298 103	128 127	1.0 1.0	.7	••••••	928 778	443 128	208 0	36 80
16	12	244	39	18	•4	34	•••••	382	245	45	12
128 432	6.8 9.6	326 b <sub>810</sub>	556 2.4	39 235	.5 2.8	12 .0	•••••	1, 180 1, 110	620 36	353 0	31 95
676 91	2.4	798 230	5.0 446	598	1.2	3.0		1,700 934	26 475	0 286	98 29
804	4.0 5.6		2,070	31 153	.3 1.0	1.8	1.6	3,580	926	591	65
590	6.4	c <sub>785</sub>	22	478	1.0	1.9	.60	1,500	27	0	97
669 134	8.0 18	710 334	15 680	658 54	.8 .6	.5 4.6		1,740 1,360	57 738	0 464	96 28
506 212	14 23	302 334	1,640 763	174 113	.8 .8	.9 18	••••••	2,860 1,600	1,020 712	772 438	51 38
126	17	312	565	63	.4	14	.40	1,230	639	383	29
180 10	10 5.1	300 172	712 8.0	87 5 <b>.</b> 0	.6 .4	4.9 20	.30	1,440 250	703 145	457 4	35 13
428 510	5.6 18	564	1, 190	362 157	.4 1.2	.6 1.9	.40 .40	1,090 2,370	26 684	0 304	97 61
11	7.2	146	6.0	2.0	.4	9,5	.30	206	109	0	17
164	20	272	710	57°	1.2	4.2	.30	1,380	664	441	34
Colo.											
187	2.4	412	584	57	0.5	24	0.41	1,320	647	310	38
100 126	.4 5.2	262 276	843 790	13 14	.4	20 21	.27 .33	1,440 1,500	905 1,080	691 854	19 20
282	2.0	322	1,490	78	2.0	69	.78	2,580	1,380	1,120	31
146	12	330	1,300	26	.4	64	.36	2,230	1,400	1,130	18
83	3.6	$d_{432}$	135	24	.3	42	.01	690	370	16	33
51 75	4.4 .0	244 235	344 282	6.8 11	.6 .9	1.0 .4	.07	770 655	.460 327	260 134	19 33
74 151	3.6 14	280 200	328 796	20 25	1.0 .7	13 11	.32	796 1,380	432 734	202 570	27 30
101	**	200	100	20	•"	**	.02	1,000	101	010	
158 86	7.2 7.2	210 180	692 398	21	.5	12	10	1,240 774	597 370	425 222	36
84	7.2	222	409	8.0 5.0	1.2 1.2	1.0 1.4		793	415	233	33 30
103 92	3.6 4.8	242 432	644 329	43 10	.4 .8	1.1	.20 .30	1, 180 829	700 498	502 144	24 28
16	4.0	120	58	5.5	.5	.7	.10	212	133	35	20
10 8•7	2.0 1.6	105 96	17 20	3.4 2.0	.6 .4	.0	.08	$122 \\ 134$	88 8 <b>6</b>	2 7	19 18
58	5.2	245	586	46	.5	9.6		152 1,120	102 741	540	14
112	9.2	316	676	43	.8	99		1,330	767	508	24
128	.4	304	863	56	.4	4.4	.26	1,590	971		22

## Analyses of ground water in the lower South Platte River

Well no.	Date of collection	Depth of well (feet)		pН	Specific conduct- ance (micro- mhos/cm at 25°C)	Silica (SiO2)	Iron (Fe)	Calcium (Ca)	Magne- sium (Mg)	
	Morgan County,									
B3-58-2bc1 3ba 21bc	Oct. 31, 1947 July 28, 1948 Nov. 23, 1948	120 147 106	A A A	7.3 7.3 7.9	1,690 1,350 557	28 31 24	0.02 .14 1.8	262 174 71	39 28 16	
27da B3-59-10bc B3-60-11cc 32cb B4-55-6cb2	Dec. 17, 1948 Oct. 20, 1948 Nov. 4, 1947 Oct. 3, 1947 Sept. 20, 1949	46.0 156 84 39.0	A A A A	7.4 7.4 7.9 7.8 7.4	1,620 1,430 1,180 852 2,350	26 37 23 29 47	.60 .20 .02 .02 .80	186 276 178 69 296	60 46 26 24 59	
22bb B4-56-13ac 26cc 30bc 33bb	Nov. 5, 1947 Sept. 20, 1949 July 28, 1948 Oct. 30, 1947 Aug. 18, 1948	35 90 10 128	A A A A	7.4 7.3 7.8 7.6 7.4	1,740 2,260 1,980 1,930 2,180	37 28 26 26 24	.05 .48 .05 .20	220 214 210 175 202	67 99 74 70 83	
B4-57-13da 19db 31bb 31db3-4 B4-59-13aa	Aug. 13, 1948 Sept. 28, 1949 Nov. 3, 1947 Oct. 24, 1947 Nov. 3, 1947	60 43.5 84 48 Spring	A P A A	7.3 7.2 7.3 7.7 7.8	3, 160 2, 400 1, 980 1, 750 1, 500	54 37 38 23 30	.02 .20 .02 .30 .02	433 298 210 239 167	99 62 69 45 47	
13dc B4-60-2aa 6cc 24cc 34cc	July 28, 1948 Sept. 27, 1949 Aug. 11, 1948 Oct. 29, 1947 Oct. 3, 1947	120 18.0 95 225 150	A A A A	7.1 7.8 7.4 7.6 7.8	1,410 1,920 1,480 985 707	31 25 28 23 23	.40 .68 .16 .05	190 180 108 121 73	24 75 55 18 15	
								Sedgwick	County,	
B11-45-5ba 18aa B11-46-5bc 18db 20cb	Aug. 4, 1948 Sept. 23, 1949 do Nov. 3, 1949	52 60 67	A O D, B A A	7.5 7.6 7.5 7.5 7.4	2,120 522 2,000 2,300 416	27 59 56 52 38	0.08 .08 .03 .03 .13	249 61 207 279 51	64 10 44 46 9.5	
30bb B11-47-28bb B12-44-27bc B12-45-26ab1 29ad 33ba	Sept. 23, 1949 Aug. 3, 1948 Sept. 16, 1949 Nov. 3, 1949 do	60 52 30 85 100 41	O A A A A,B A	7.7 7.4 7.9 7.4 7.6 7.5	479 2,090 1,950 932 513 1,810	46 54 17 45 42 43	.09 .02 .17 .08 .55	58 248 174 108 59 224	8.7 44 33 16 12 48	
				<b>-</b>			W	/ashington	County,	
B5-54-2bc 30ab	Aug. 19, 1948 July 29, 1948	330 104	P A	8.4 7.7	2,010 1,720	11 32	0.08 .07	10 180	3.2 68	
				•		-		Weld	County,	
	Oct. 20, 1947 Aug. 16, 1948 Oct. 26, 1948 Sept. 13, 1948 Aug. 31, 1948	190 76 40.5 172 104+	L(?) A A A F	8.6 7.5 7.9 7.6 8.5	3,780 566 806 548 737	9.3 54 17 26 12	0.95 .02 2.1 .02 .02	49 76 76 76 5.0	11 12 16 13 3.9	

valley, between Hardin, Colo., and Paxton, Nebr. -- Continued

Sodium	Potas-	Bicar-	Sulfate	Chloride	Fluo-	Ni-	Boron	Dis-		dness CaCO <sub>3</sub>	Percent
(Na)	sium (K)	bonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	(SO4)	(C1)	ride (F)	trate (NO <sub>3</sub> )	(B)	solved solids	Total	Noncar- bonate	sodium
Colo. —	-Contin	ued									
119 93 17	1.2 4.8 8.8	308 244 186	716 484 112	44 38 17	0.8 .9 1.2	10 16 4.3	0.18 .09	1,370 992 394	814 549 243	561 349 90	24 27 13
50 69 73 83 180	11 7.6 .0 2.0 17	338 264 238 278 398	50 716 457 190 885	146 28 13 18 87	.7 .3 1.0 1.1 1.0	388 58 16 14 9•2	.12 .10 .09 .25	1,090 1,370 930 579 1,780	711 878 551 271 981	434 662 356 43 655	13 14 22 40 28
108 222 163 193 187	6.8 23 12 4.8 12	378 424 348 276 400	634 945 784 812 852	55 71 62 58 64	.6 1.2 .7 1.2 1.0	20 .7 6.1 5.4 2.8	.16 .41 .35 .29	1,340 1,810 1,510 1,480 1,630	824 941 828 724 845	514 593 543 498 517	22 33 30 36 32
289 200 170 131 132	18 17 8.4 11	324 384 290 324 276	1,570 1,070 828 721 590	106 44 62 52 44	.6 1.0 1.0 .7 1.2	22 10 18 12 5.1	.57 .36 .27 .17	2,750 1,930 1,550 1,400 1,150	1,490 999 808 781 610	1,220 684 570 515 384	29 30 31 26 32
109 180 159 90 55	6.8 7.2 3.2 4.0 4.4	272 380 236 232 252	500 730 564 340 134	39 56 43 6.0 9.0	1.1 1.4 3.2 .9 1.1	8.0 10 6.6 7.6 24	.21 .18	1,040 1,450 1,090 724 451	573 758 496 376 244	350 446 302 186 37	29 34 41 34 32
Colo.											
213 23 221 261 16	2.8 7.9 28 28 5.6	314 182 280 372 188	892 17 850 1,050 30	79 48 81 91 13	0.5 .4 .4 .4	14 25 4.8 14 15	0.35 .40 .40 .40	1,700 396 1,630 2,000 298	884 193 698 885 166	627 44 468 585 12	34 20 40 38 17
23 178 212 66 32 175	7.0 7.6 55 6.4 7.2 22	194 275 316 209 216 360	27 816 703 248 70 750	20 94 83 27 11 70	.4 .6 .4 .8 .4	32 3.4 12 9.8 7.6 19	.43 .50 .30	344 1,580 1,450 696 354 1,530	181 800 570 336 197 757	22 574 311 165 20 462	21 32 42 29 25 33
Colo,											
484 132	1.6 15	e <sub>710</sub> 385	256 612	167 43	1.6 .6	0.1 2.1	3.6 .35	1, 290 1, 280	38 729	0 413	96 28
Colo.											
764 26 74 42 196	6.0 4.0 8.0 4.4	c <sub>360</sub> 210 262 216 c <sub>510</sub>	56 89 136 135	1,060 11 38 17 25	0.7 .4 1.6 .4 1.4	13 22 10 6.9 1.9	0.20 .18 .08 .16 .41	2, 150 390 568 422 510	168 239 256 243 29	0 67 41 66 0	90 19 38 27 94

## Analyses of ground water in the lower South Platte River

Well no.	Date of collection	Depth of well (feet)	Geologic source	pН	Specific conduct- ance (micro- mhos/cm at 25°C)	Silica (SiO2)		Calcium (Ca)	Magne- sium (Mg)
Weld County,									
B2-62-6cb2 19cd B2-63-2cc 25ab2 25cc1	Nov. 6, 1947 Nov. 5, 1948 July 27, 1948 July 26, 1948 do	87 81 80 74	A A A A	7.6 7.8 7.6 7.4 7.6	544 1,510 882 1,760 1,690	25 17 25 28 26	0.02 .16 .02 .03 .05	66 200 83 260 231	15 31 22 39 38
31aa 33dd2 B3-62-15ba B4-61-1bb2 B4-63-4ab	Aug. 31, 1948 July 30, 1948 Aug. 30, 1948 Dec. 6, 1948 Aug. 11, 1948	650 87 84 20 85	P A A A	8.0 7.9 7.5 7.4 7.2	1,020 1,200 462 2,090 2,520	12 24 21 32 40	.10 .05 .02 .16	3.5 137 60 146 257	2.6 28 13 61 72
Deuel County,									
B12-43-24ba B12-44-18bb B13-41-31cd1 B13-42-25dd1 25dd2	Sept. 16, 1949 do		A A, B A O, A O, A	7.4 7.3 7.5 7.5 7.2	620 473 1,060 361 266	39 54 19 34 42	0.24 .40 .06 .62 .09	68 58 106 47 38	14 9.6 24 7.3 4.5
B13-45-23cb2	36cb Aug. 5, 1948 26 A 7.7 1,970 27 .05 196 52 B13-45-23cb2 Sept. 16, 1949 100 A, B 7.3 571 53 .16 54 14								
B12-40-17aa B12-41-7ba B13-35-5ca 7bb 8bd	Sept. 15, 1949 Aug. 11, 1949 Oct. 25, 1949 Sept. 14, 1949	140 108 109 72 12	O A A A	7.4 7.8 7.7 7.4 7.0	227 1,310 1,200 1,700 1,440	15 34 30 12 26	5.3 .06 .04 .08	30 131 161 176 165	7.5 32 33 53 53
B13-36-16bb 20ad B13-37-3ab 10cd B13-38-4dd	do	90 12	A O A A	7.6 7.3 7.2 7.4 7.2	366 399 1,700 329 2,080	24 22 13 41 24	.06 1.1 .04 .10	49 56 179 40 188	7.6 9.5 56 7.5 58
6ca2 31ab B13-39-1bc 13ac B13-40-14bb	Oct. 26, 1949 Sept. 14, 1949 Sept. 15, 1949 Sept. 14, 1949 Sept. 15, 1949	187 225 140 216 124	A, O O A A A	7.4 7.6 7.4 7.2 7.3	482 301 411 516 511	45 41 26 38 23	.16 12 .08 .06 2.0	54 41 53 70 72	12 8.8 8.5 14 9.8
22aa 27bb 32dc B13-41-13cc 34cd B14-37-34ac	dodo	195 43.6 183	A A A,O A O	7.3 7.4 7.2 7.7 7.6 7.3	432 517 1,490 242 1,620 392	48 30 36 45 47 18	.14 .09 .44 .07 .20 .50	60 67 162 29 180 55	8.8 13 35 5.7 35 7.8

a Includes equivalent of 12 ppm of carbonate (CO3).
b Includes equivalent of 14 ppm of carbonate (CO3).
C Includes equivalent of 20 ppm of carbonate (CO3).
d Includes equivalent of 15 ppm of carbonate (CO3).
e Includes equivalent of 24 ppm of carbonate (CO3).

valley, between Hardin, Colo., and Paxton, Nebr. -- Continued

Sodium	Potas- sium (K)	Bicar- bonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	Chloride (C1)	Fluo- ride (F)	Ni- trate (NOs)	Boron (B)	Dis- solved solids	Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>		Percent
(Na)									Total	Noncar- bonate	sodium
Colo	Colo. —Continued										
40 113 82 103 135	0.0 9.2 2.0 4.0 6.0	183 234 219 307 326	126 516 252 612 548	7.0 90 20 108 90	0.6 1.6 .8 .2 .2	9.4 21 13 32 32	0.15 .12 .12 .30 .50	375 1, 120 618 1, 340 1, 270	226 626 298 809 733	76 434 118 557 466	28 28 37 22 28
290 107 31 268 277	3.2 3.2 4.0 7.2	673 297 182 374 478	6.0 300 99 774 964	60 70 6.0 73 108	1.6 .4 .6 1.5	2.5 9.1 10 .7 20	.00 .42 .00 .17	708 870 382 1,550 1,980	19 457 203 615 937	0 213 54 308 545	96 34 24 48 39
Nebr.											
36 25 86 14 8•2	14 9.4 19 6.8 12	236 246 240 154 152	75 28 315 29 12	18 7.6 41 10 4.0	0.4 .6 .4 .6 .8	21 14 18 16 3.7	0.20 .50	410 342 800 248 201	227 184 363 148 114	. 33 0 166 22 0	24 22 33 16 12
182 48	8.8 13	249 320	808 35	66 12	1.0 .8	5.8 4.0	.57 .30	1,470 404	703 193	499 0	36 33
Nebr.											
7.6 93 53 155 119	8.0 8.8 3.2 14 22	135 263 178 268 226	9.8 392 452 680 533	3.6 39 43 69 68	0.6 .5 .3 .8 .4	3.2 5.8 5.4 6.6 5.1	0.20 .09 .40 .20	152 940 916 1,300 1,080	106 459 537 657 547	0 243 391 437 362	12 30 18 33 31
15 12 158 17 229	16 16 20 7.2 14	197 191 320 182 315	26 28 648 18 872	9.8 21 47 5.0 73	.6 1.4 .4 1.0	7.4 6.0 30 5.6 1.8	.20 .10 .60 .20 .30	314 314 1,310 242 1,620	154 179 677 131 708	0 22 415 0 450	16 12 33 21 41
26 9.4 18 17 18	8.0 7.2 15 7.8 18	210 173 202 180 196	60 11 37 92 57	11 3.2 10 21 20	.5 .6 .6 .4 .4	4.9 5.4 7.6 6.2 28	.20 .20 .20 .20	340 228 320 404 382	184 139 168 232 220	12 0 2 84 59	23 12 17 13 14
28 20 144 6.4 150	8.8 6.6 19 9.6 27 11	213 144 276 132 306 154	57 110 563 4.0 595 62	12 15 50 1.0 58 12	.6 .4 1.2 .4 .6	7.4 17 3.8 4.9 13 2.8	.20 .20 .30 .30	346 394 1, 150 176 1, 260 296	158 221 548 96 593 170	0 103 322 0 342 44	24 16 35 11 34 12



## INDEX

A Page	Page
Acknowledgments	Chemical quality of ground water—Continued dune sand
distribution and surface form27 water supply28	
Brush, Colo., public water supply 69-70 Brush to Sterling, Colo., ground-water	specific parts of area.  Domestic water supplies, chemical
conditions89-90	quality 102
water-table fluctuations 51  C	source
Cable-tool method of well drilling	reverse-rotary method
alluvium	E Elias M K anotad 05
domesue suppites102	Elias, M. K., quoted95

F	Page	Page
Fort Morgan, Colo., public water supply  Fort Morgan area, Colo., ground conditions water-table fluctuations		Logs of test holes, wells, and seismograph shot holes103, 167-35. Lovering, T. S. and others, quoted21, 25
Fox Hills sandstone, age and corr character and thickness chemical quality of the water distribution and surface form	95, 96, 97, 102	McLaughlin, T. G., quoted       22         Merino, Colo., public water supply       70         Mesozoic history       17-11         Methods of study       6-8, 92-93
water supply		Moon, tidal effect on water level in wells4
G		Movement of ground water, direction of4 toward discharging wells
Geologic formations, generalized section water-bearing properties	16 19-33 17-19 92-103 rea84-92	O Occurrence of ground water
Н		distribution and surface form
Hardin to Weldona, Colo., groun conditions		transmission of underflow
materials	35-40	Paleozoic history1
I	#1 #O	Parshall, R. L., quoted
Iliff, Colo., public water supply. Industrial water supplies Industry Investigations, previous		Permeability, coefficient of, alluvial deposits
Irrigation water supplies, chemics quality	100-102 77-78 83-84 82-83 78-82	character and thickness
specific parts of area. Irrigation wells, construction met methods of lift		definition
J		Pliocene rocks. See Ogallala formation.  Population of area14-19  Power used for pumps on irrigation
Julesburg, Colo., public water supply	73-74	wells
К		effect on water table43-44, 54 Prospect Valley area, Colo., ground- water conditions84-85
Kiowa Creek valley, Colo., grou conditionswater-table fluctuations	86-87	water-table fluctuations
L		Brule Nebr
Laramie formation, age and corre character and thickness chemical quality of the water distribution and surface form water supply	23 95, 96 23-24 24	Crook, Colo
Location of the area	33 33 33	Merino, Colo

431

Page	T Page
Public water supplies—Continued small towns	Temperature
R	Water in storage, quantity58-59
Recent deposits. See Alluvium; Dune sand; Loess. Recharge of ground water, definition	Water level measurements