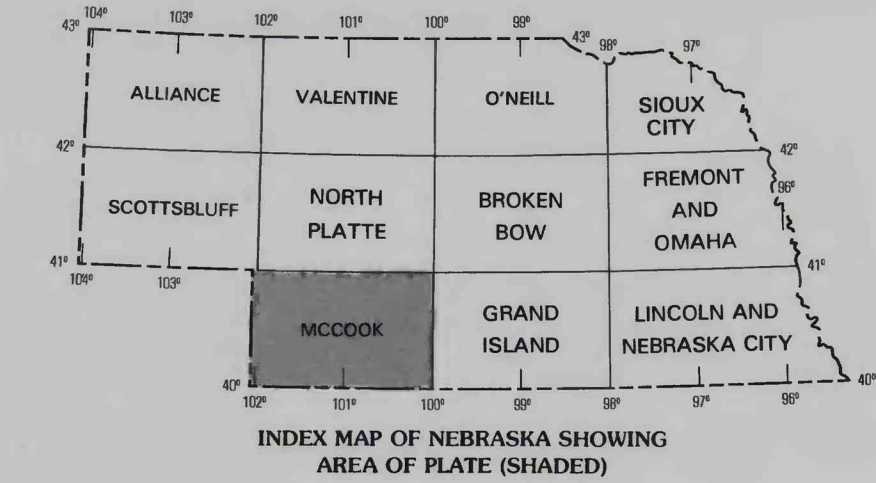




- DESCRIPTIONS OF THE SOIL GROUPS**
- 212** Silty clay loams to silt with (a) permeabilities from 1.0 to 2.0 inches per hour, (b) nearly level to very gentle slopes (maximum slopes 1 to 3 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table exceeding 6 feet. These soils are present on well-drained terraces and uplands in the central part of the State and are represented by the Hord-Hall and Holdrege-Hall associations.
- 222** Silty clay loams to silt loams with (a) permeabilities from 1.0 to 2.0 inches per hour, (b) nearly level to strong slopes (maximum slopes 3 to 10 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table exceeding 6 feet. These soils are widely distributed throughout the State and are represented by the Holdrege and Keith-Alliance-Rosebud associations.
- 232** Silty clay loams to loams with (a) permeabilities from 1.0 to 2.0 inches per hour, (b) very gentle to moderately steep slopes (maximum slopes 10 to 20 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table exceeding 6 feet. These soils are widely distributed and significant within the State and are represented by the Holdrege-Coly-Uly and Ulysses-Keith-Coly associations.
- 242** Silty clay loams to loams with (a) permeabilities from 1.0 to 2.0 inches per hour, (b) gentle to steep slopes (maximum slopes 20 to 30 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table exceeding 6 feet. These soils are widely distributed within the State and are represented by the Coly-Uly-Holdrege and Monona-Ira associations.
- 252** Silty clay loams to loams with (a) permeabilities from 1.0 to 2.0 inches per hour, (b) gentle to very steep slopes (maximum slopes that exceed 30 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table exceeding 6 feet. These soils are common in central and southwestern portions of the State and are represented by the Coly-Ulysses and Coly-Uly associations.
- 311** Silt loams to fine sandy loams with (a) permeabilities from 2.0 to 5.0 inches per hour, (b) nearly level to very gentle slopes (maximum slopes 1 to 3 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table less than 6 feet. These soils are present in the Platte and Missouri River flood plains and are represented by the Gibbon-Wann and Lawet-Wann-Lex associations.
- 312** Silt loams to fine silty loams with (a) permeabilities from 1.5 to 5.0 inches per hour, (b) gentle to steep slopes (maximum slopes 2 to 5 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table exceeding 6 feet. These soils are found in many parts of the State on well-drained bottomlands and terraces and differ from those in group 212 because of slightly higher permeabilities and lower topographic position. The Haverson-Tripp-Glenberg and Hobbs-Hord-Cozad are representative associations.
- 322** Silt loams to fine sandy loams with (a) permeabilities from 2.0 to 5.0 inches per hour, (b) nearly level to strong slopes (maximum slopes 3 to 10 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table exceeding 6 feet. These soils are common in transitional areas between the sandhills and silty uplands and are represented by the Moody-Bazile-Trent and Jayem-Haxton-Rosebud associations.
- 412** Fine sandy loams to fine sands with (a) permeabilities from 5.0 to 10.0 inches per hour, (b) nearly level to very gentle slopes (maximum slopes 1 to 3 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table exceeding 6 feet. These soils are on flood plains, differing from the 411 soils only in the depths to water table, and are represented by the Cass-Inavale and Glenberg-Bankard-Yockey associations.
- 422** Fine sandy loams to fine sands with (a) permeabilities from 5.0 to 10.0 inches per hour, (b) nearly level to strong slopes (maximum slopes 3 to 10 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table exceeding 6 feet. These soils occur on uplands, terraces, and footslopes in transitional areas between sandy and silty soils and are represented by the Bazile-Paka-Thurman and Jayem-Sarben-Valent associations.
- 511** Fine sandy loams to fine sands with (a) permeabilities exceeding 10.0 inches per hour, (b) nearly level to very gentle slopes (maximum slopes 1 to 3 percent), and (c) shallow water tables with depths to seasonal high water table less than 6 feet. These soils are on flood plains and in Sand Hills valleys and are represented by the Gothenburg-Platte and Loup-Elsmere-Dunday associations.
- 521** Loamy fine sands to fine sands with (a) permeabilities exceeding 10 inches per hour, (b) nearly level to strong slopes (maximum slopes 3 to 10 percent), and (c) shallow water tables with depths to seasonal high water table less than 6 feet. These soils occupy extensive subirrigated valleys within the Sand Hills region and are represented by the Els-Valentine-Ipaga and Elsmere-Dalley associations.
- 522** Loamy fine sands to fine sands with (a) permeabilities exceeding 10.0 inches per hour, (b) nearly level to very steep slopes (maximum slopes 20 to 30 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table exceeding 6 feet. These soils are principally found in the Sand Hills uplands and are represented by the Valentine-Tassel and Valentine-Simeon associations.
- 531** Loamy fine sands to fine sands with (a) permeabilities exceeding 10.0 inches per hour, (b) gentle to very steep slopes (maximum slopes exceeding 30 percent), and (c) depths to seasonal high water table exceeding 6 feet. These soils are the most prevalent upland soils of the Sand Hills and are represented by the Valentine and Valentine, hilly and rolling associations.

**HYDROLOGIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SOIL GROUPS**

Soil group	Average permeability of 60-inch soil profile (inches per hour)	Average permeability of least permeable horizon (inches per hour)	Average available water capacity (inches per inch)	Average maximum soil slope (percent)	Depth to seasonal high water table (feet)
212	1.23	1.14	.20	3	>6
222	1.23	1.09	.20	5	>6
232	1.28	1.21	.19	15	>6
242	1.37	1.31	.20	23	>6
252	1.31	1.27	.21	48	>6
311	3.61	.93	.16	2	<6
312	1.73	1.36	.18	3	>6
322	2.91	2.02	.16	3	>6
412	7.52	3.05	.12	2	>6
422	6.85	4.15	.13	8	>6
511	12.90	3.99	.09	3	<6
521	12.86	10.53	.07	8	<6
542	12.20	7.57	.08	27	>6
552	12.38	10.67	.07	50	>6



**HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS IN THE  
MC COOK QUADRANGLE, NEBRASKA**

Map based on "General Soil Map of McCook area, Nebraska," U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service and Conservation and Survey Division, University of Nebraska-Lincoln, 1978-82. Hydrologic characteristics derived from soil properties data (U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service, 1978).